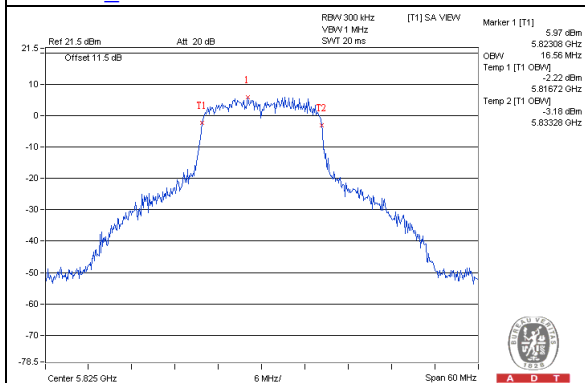
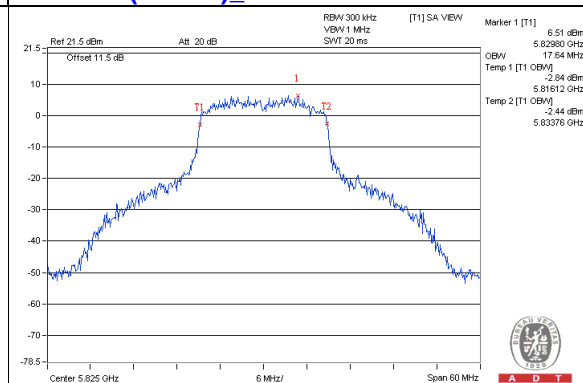


Spectrum Plot of Max Value

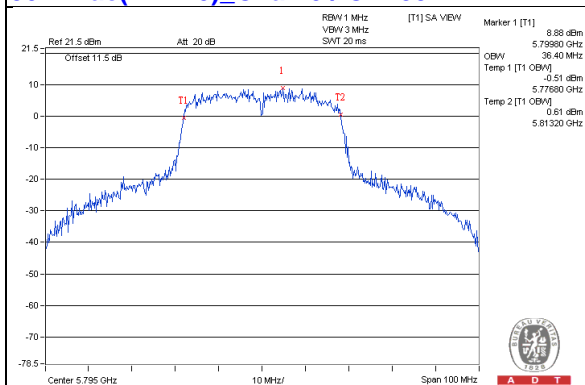
802.11a_Chain0 / CH165



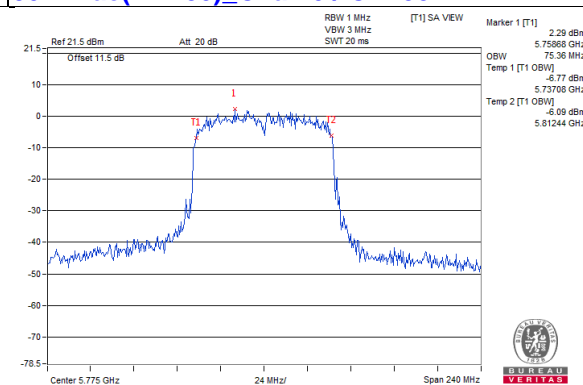
802.11ac (VHT20)_Chain0 / CH165



802.11ac(VHT40)_Chain0 / CH159

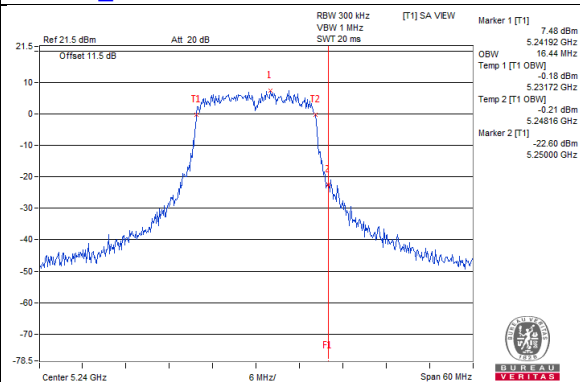


802.11ac(VHT80)_Chain0 / CH155

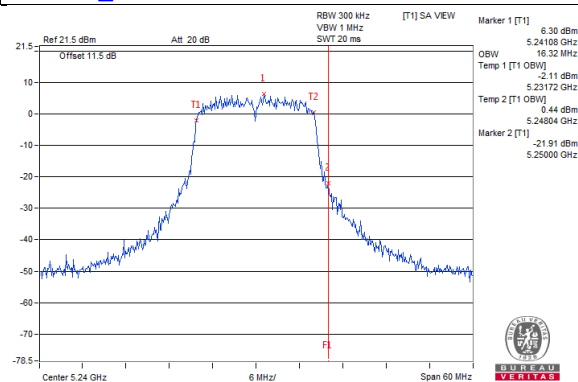


Spectrum Plot for near by DFS band (DFS is required, if 99% OCP straddle into U-NII-2A band)

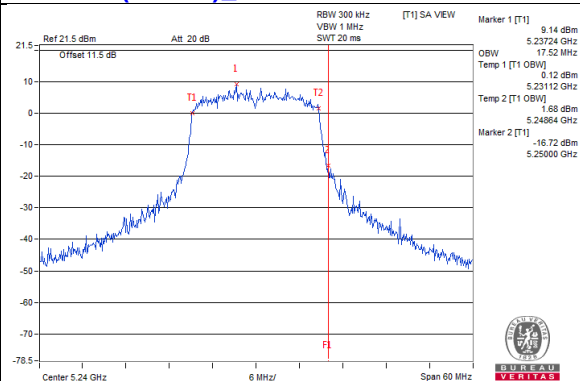
802.11a_Chain0 / CH48



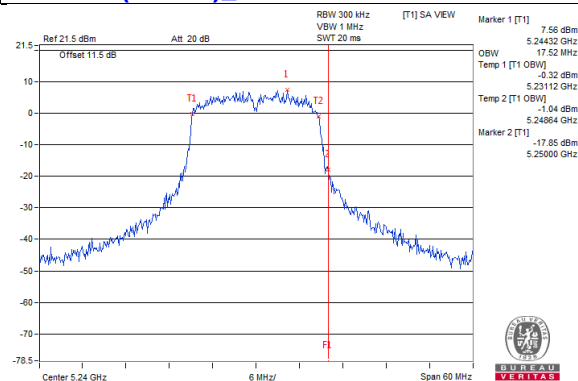
802.11a_Chain1 / CH48



802.11ac (VHT20)_Chain0 / CH48

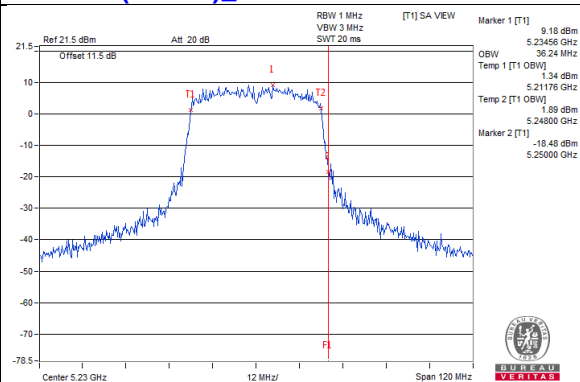


802.11ac (VHT20)_Chain1 / CH48

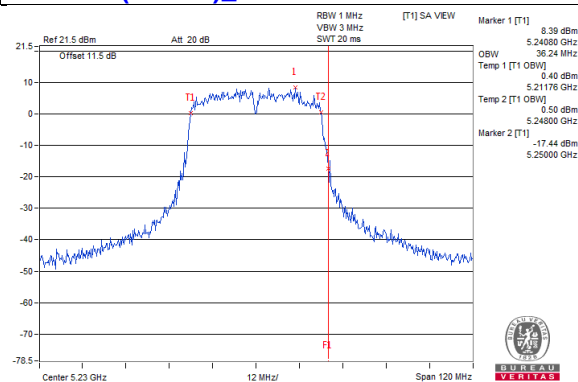


Spectrum Plot for near by DFS band
(DFS is required, if 99% OCP straddle into U-NII-2A band)

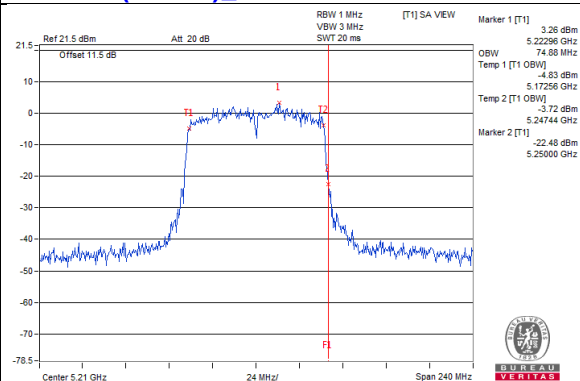
802.11ac (VHT40)_Chain0 / CH46



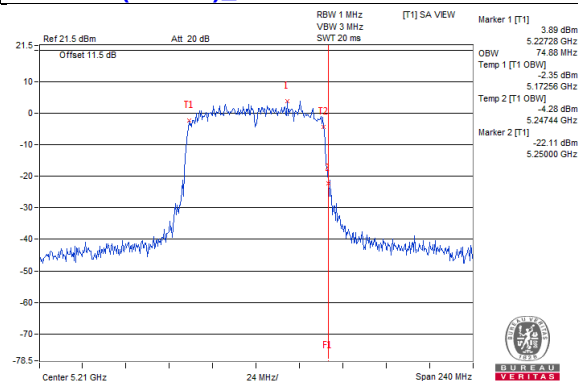
802.11ac (VHT40)_Chain1 / CH46



802.11ac (VHT80)_Chain0 / CH42

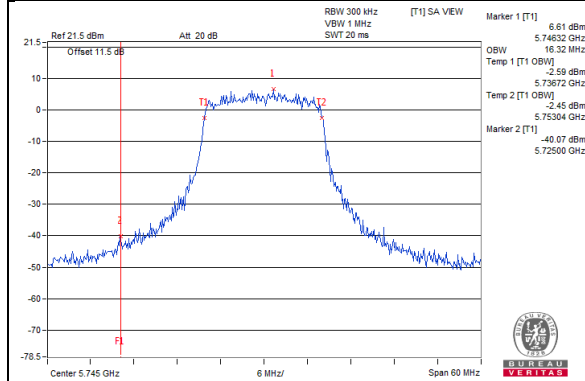


802.11ac (VHT80)_Chain1 / CH42

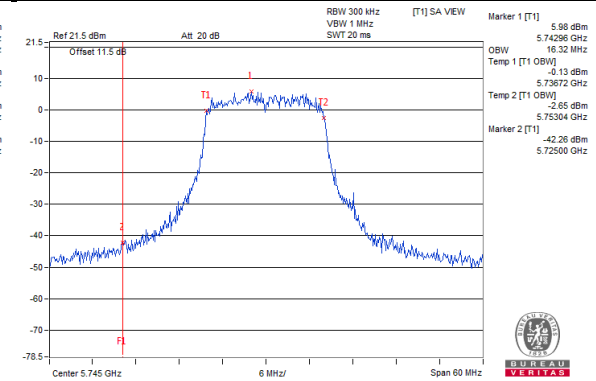


Spectrum Plot for near by DFS band
(DFS is required, if 99% OCP straddle into U-NII-2C band)

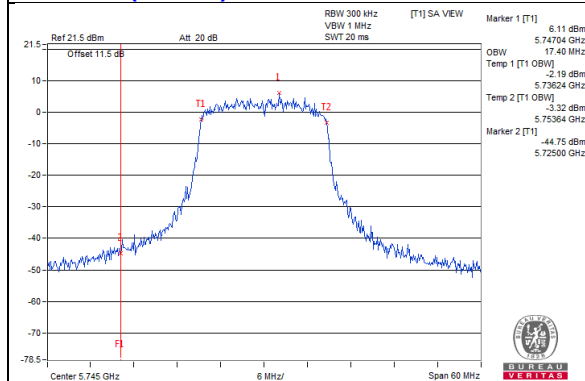
802.11a_Chain0 / CH149



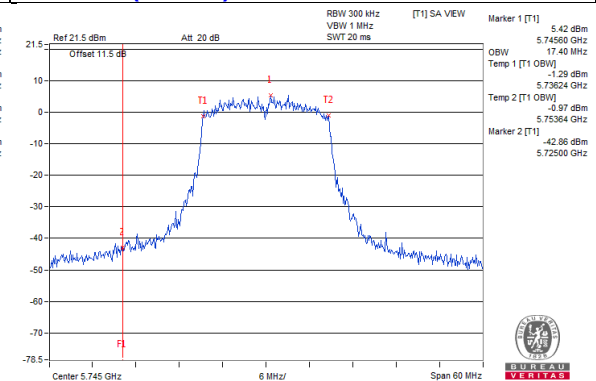
802.11a_Chain1 / CH149



802.11ac (VHT20)_Chain0 / CH149

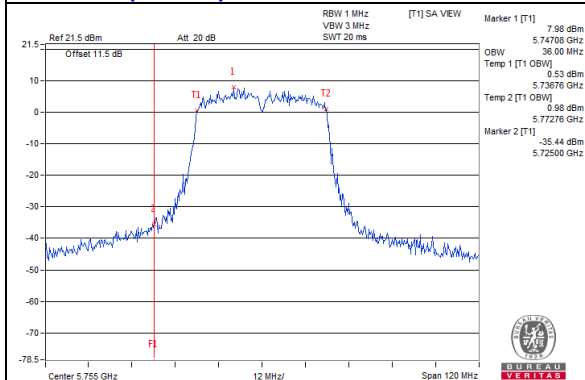


802.11ac (VHT20)_Chain1 / CH149

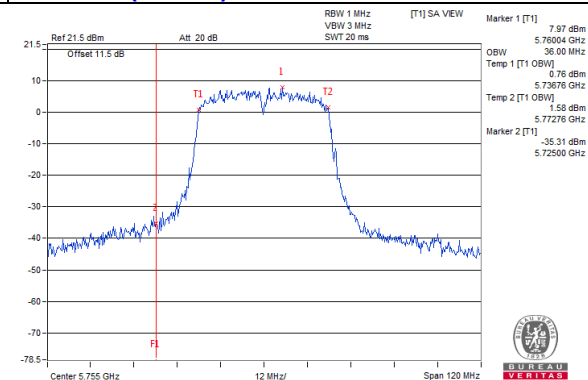


Spectrum Plot for near by DFS band
(DFS is required, if 99% OCP straddle into U-NII-2C band)

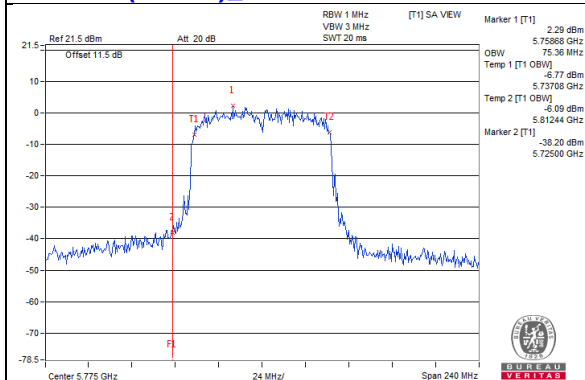
802.11ac (VHT40)_Chain0 / CH151



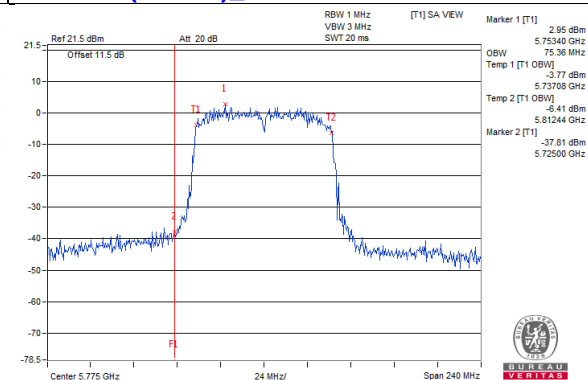
802.11ac (VHT40)_Chain1 / CH151



802.11ac (VHT80)_Chain0 / CH155



802.11ac (VHT80)_Chain1 / CH155

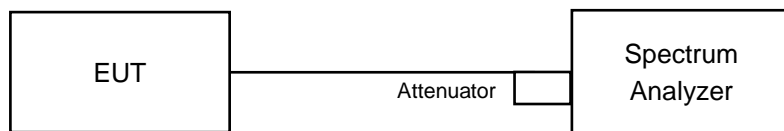


4.5 Peak Power Spectral Density Measurement

4.5.1 Limits of Peak Power Spectral Density Measurement

| Operation Band | EUT Category | | Limit |
|----------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|
| U-NII-1 | | Outdoor Access Point | 17dBm/ MHz |
| | | Fixed point-to-point Access Point | |
| | | Indoor Access Point | |
| | √ | Client device | 11dBm/ MHz |
| U-NII-2A | √ | | 11dBm/ MHz |
| U-NII-2C | √ | | 11dBm/ MHz |
| U-NII-3 | √ | | 30dBm/ 500kHz |

4.5.2 Test Setup



4.5.3 Test Instruments

Refer to section 4.1.2 to get information of above instrument.

4.5.4 Test Procedure

For U-NII-1, U-NII-2A, U-NII-2C band:

For 802.11a, 802.11ac (VHT20), 802.11ac (VHT40)

Using method SA-1

1. Set span to encompass the entire emission bandwidth (EBW) of the signal.
2. Set RBW = 1 MHz, Set VBW \geq 3 MHz, Detector = RMS
3. Sweep time = auto, trigger set to "free run".
4. Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging mode.
5. Record the max value

For 802.11ac (VHT80)

Using method SA-2

1. Set span to encompass the entire emission bandwidth (EBW) of the signal.
2. Set RBW = 1 MHz, Set VBW \geq 3 MHz, Detector = RMS
3. Sweep time = auto, trigger set to "free run".
4. Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging mode.
5. Record the max value and add 10 log (1/duty cycle)

For U-NII-3 band:

For 802.11a, 802.11ac (VHT20), 802.11ac (VHT40)

1. Set span to encompass the entire emission bandwidth (EBW) of the signal.
2. Set RBW = 300 kHz, Set VBW \geq 1 MHz, Detector = RMS
3. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum power level in any 300 kHz band segment within the fundamental EBW.
4. Scale the observed power level to an equivalent value in 500 kHz by adjusting (reducing) the measured power by a bandwidth correction factor (BWCF) where $BWCF = 10\log(500 \text{ kHz}/300\text{kHz})$
5. Sweep time = auto, trigger set to "free run".
6. Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging mode.
7. Record the max value

For 802.11ac (VHT80)

1. Set span to encompass the entire emission bandwidth (EBW) of the signal.
2. Set RBW = 300 kHz, Set VBW \geq 1 MHz, Detector = RMS
3. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum power level in any 300 kHz band segment within the fundamental EBW.
4. Scale the observed power level to an equivalent value in 500 kHz by adjusting (reducing) the measured power by a bandwidth correction factor (BWCF) where $BWCF = 10\log(500 \text{ kHz}/300\text{kHz})$
5. Sweep time = auto, trigger set to "free run".
6. Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging mode.
7. Record the max value and add 10 log (1/duty cycle)

4.5.5 Deviation from Test Standard

No deviation.

4.5.6 EUT Operating Condition

Same as Item 4.3.6.

4.5.7 Test Results

For U-NII-1, U-NII-2A & U-NII-2C:

802.11a

| Chan. | Chan. Freq. (MHz) | PSD (dBm/MHz) | | Total Power Density (dBm/MHz) | MAX. Limit (dBm/MHz) | Pass / Fail |
|-----------------------|----------------------|---------------|---------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| | | Chain 0 | Chain 1 | | | |
| 36 | 5180 | 2.62 | 1.69 | 5.19 | 10.91 | Pass |
| 40 | 5200 | 2.80 | 1.85 | 5.36 | 10.91 | Pass |
| 48 | 5240 | 2.65 | 1.80 | 5.26 | 10.91 | Pass |
| 52 | 5260 | 2.70 | 1.47 | 5.14 | 10.91 | Pass |
| 60 | 5300 | 2.49 | 1.70 | 5.12 | 10.91 | Pass |
| 64 | 5320 | 0.95 | 0.05 | 3.53 | 10.91 | Pass |
| 100 | 5500 | 0.83 | -0.46 | 3.24 | 9.23 | Pass |
| 116 | 5580 | 2.95 | 1.96 | 5.49 | 9.23 | Pass |
| 140 | 5700 | -0.01 | -0.73 | 2.66 | 9.23 | Pass |
| 144 (UNII-2c Band) | 5720 | 3.30 | 2.99 | 6.16 | 9.23 | Pass |

NOTE:

1. Method a) of power density measurement of KDB 662911 is using for calculating total power density. Total power density is summing entire spectra across corresponding frequency bins on the various outputs by computer.
2. 5150~5250MHz: Directional gain = $3.08\text{dBi} + 10\log(2) = 6.09\text{dBi} > 6\text{dBi}$, so the power density limit shall be reduced to $11-(6.09-6) = 10.91\text{dBm}$.
3. 5250~5350MHz: Directional gain = $3.08\text{dBi} + 10\log(2) = 6.09\text{dBi} > 6\text{dBi}$, so the power density limit shall be reduced to $11-(6.09-6) = 10.91\text{dBm}$.
4. 5470~5725MHz: Directional gain = $4.76\text{dBi} + 10\log(2) = 7.77\text{dBi} > 6\text{dB}$, so the power density limit shall be reduced to $11-(7.77-6) = 9.23\text{dBm}$.

802.11ac (VHT20)

| Chan. | Chan. Freq. (MHz) | PSD (dBm/MHz) | | Total Power Density (dBm/MHz) | MAX. Limit (dBm/MHz) | Pass / Fail |
|-----------------------|----------------------|---------------|---------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| | | Chain 0 | Chain 1 | | | |
| 36 | 5180 | 2.19 | 1.23 | 4.75 | 10.91 | Pass |
| 40 | 5200 | 3.23 | 2.35 | 5.82 | 10.91 | Pass |
| 48 | 5240 | 3.21 | 2.30 | 5.79 | 10.91 | Pass |
| 52 | 5260 | 2.89 | 2.15 | 5.55 | 10.91 | Pass |
| 60 | 5300 | 2.93 | 2.23 | 5.60 | 10.91 | Pass |
| 64 | 5320 | 0.53 | -0.34 | 3.13 | 10.91 | Pass |
| 100 | 5500 | 1.30 | 0.38 | 3.87 | 9.23 | Pass |
| 116 | 5580 | 2.54 | 1.68 | 5.14 | 9.23 | Pass |
| 140 | 5700 | -0.37 | -1.02 | 2.33 | 9.23 | Pass |
| 144 (UNII-2c Band) | 5720 | 2.94 | 2.72 | 5.84 | 9.23 | Pass |

NOTE:

1. Method a) of power density measurement of KDB 662911 is using for calculating total power density. Total power density is summing entire spectra across corresponding frequency bins on the various outputs by computer.
2. 5150~5250MHz: Directional gain = $3.08\text{dBi} + 10\log(2) = 6.09\text{dBi} > 6\text{dBi}$, so the power density limit shall be reduced to $11-(6.09-6) = 10.91\text{dBm}$.
3. 5250~5350MHz: Directional gain = $3.08\text{dBi} + 10\log(2) = 6.09\text{dBi} > 6\text{dBi}$, so the power density limit shall be reduced to $11-(6.09-6) = 10.91\text{dBm}$.
4. 5470~5725MHz: Directional gain = $4.76\text{dBi} + 10\log(2) = 7.77\text{dBi} > 6\text{dB}$, so the power density limit shall be reduced to $11-(7.77-6) = 9.23\text{dBm}$.

802.11ac (VHT40)

| Chan. | Chan. Freq. (MHz) | PSD (dBm/MHz) | | Total Power Density (dBm/MHz) | MAX. Limit (dBm/MHz) | Pass / Fail |
|-----------------------|----------------------|---------------|---------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| | | Chain 0 | Chain 1 | | | |
| 38 | 5190 | -3.59 | -4.86 | -1.17 | 10.91 | Pass |
| 46 | 5230 | -0.80 | -1.74 | 1.77 | 10.91 | Pass |
| 54 | 5270 | -0.93 | -2.00 | 1.58 | 10.91 | Pass |
| 62 | 5310 | -2.83 | -3.81 | -0.28 | 10.91 | Pass |
| 102 | 5510 | -2.72 | -3.82 | -0.22 | 9.23 | Pass |
| 110 | 5550 | -0.32 | -1.30 | 2.23 | 9.23 | Pass |
| 134 | 5670 | -1.21 | -1.61 | 1.60 | 9.23 | Pass |
| 142 (UNII-2c Band) | 5710 | -0.23 | -0.59 | 2.60 | 9.23 | Pass |

NOTE:

1. Method a) of power density measurement of KDB 662911 is using for calculating total power density. Total power density is summing entire spectra across corresponding frequency bins on the various outputs by computer.
2. 5150~5250MHz: Directional gain = $3.08\text{dBi} + 10\log(2) = 6.09\text{dBi} > 6\text{dBi}$, so the power density limit shall be reduced to $11-(6.09-6) = 10.91\text{dBm}$.
3. 5250~5350MHz: Directional gain = $3.08\text{dBi} + 10\log(2) = 6.09\text{dBi} > 6\text{dBi}$, so the power density limit shall be reduced to $11-(6.09-6) = 10.91\text{dBm}$.
4. 5470~5725MHz: Directional gain = $4.76\text{dBi} + 10\log(2) = 7.77\text{dBi} > 6\text{dB}$, so the power density limit shall be reduced to $11-(7.77-6) = 9.23\text{dBm}$.

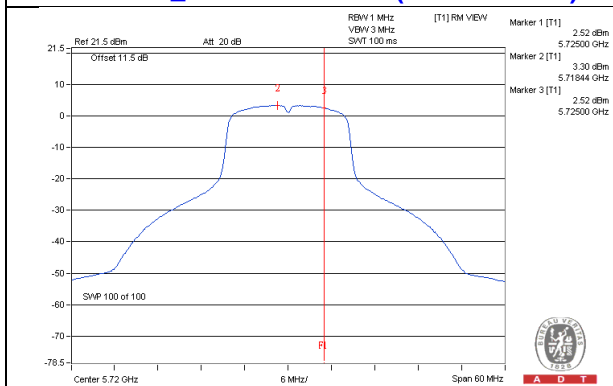
802.11ac (VHT80):

| Chan. | Chan. Freq. (MHz) | PSD W/O Duty Factor (dBm/MHz) | | Duty Factor (dB) | Total PSD With Duty Factor (dBm/MHz) | MAX. Limit (dBm/MHz) | Pass / Fail |
|--------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------------|---------|---------------------|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| | | Chain 0 | Chain 1 | | | | |
| 42 | 5210 | -7.72 | -8.71 | 0.14 | -5.04 | 10.91 | Pass |
| 58 | 5290 | -8.63 | -9.93 | 0.14 | -6.09 | 10.91 | Pass |
| 106 | 5530 | -8.15 | -9.11 | 0.14 | -5.46 | 9.23 | Pass |
| 122 | 5610 | -4.60 | -5.81 | 0.14 | -2.02 | 9.23 | Pass |
| 138 (UNII-2c Band) | 5690 | -5.16 | -5.73 | 0.14 | -2.29 | 9.23 | Pass |

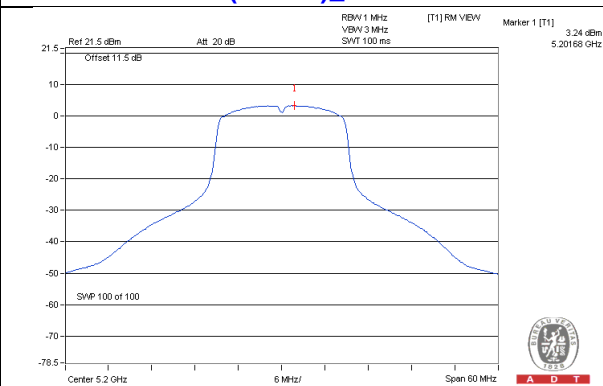
- NOTE:** 1. Method a) of power density measurement of KDB 662911 is using for calculating total power density. Total power density is summing entire spectra across corresponding frequency bins on the various outputs by computer.
2. 5150~5250MHz: Directional gain = $3.08\text{dBi} + 10\log(2) = 6.09\text{dBi} > 6\text{dBi}$, so the power density limit shall be reduced to $11-(6.09-6) = 10.91\text{dBm}$.
3. 5250~5350MHz: Directional gain = $3.08\text{dBi} + 10\log(2) = 6.09\text{dBi} > 6\text{dBi}$, so the power density limit shall be reduced to $11-(6.09-6) = 10.91\text{dBm}$.
4. 5470~5725MHz: Directional gain = $4.76\text{dBi} + 10\log(2) = 7.77\text{dBi} > 6\text{dB}$, so the power density limit shall be reduced to $11-(7.77-6) = 9.23\text{dBm}$.
5. Refer to section 3.3 for duty cycle spectrum plot.

Spectrum Plot of Worst Value

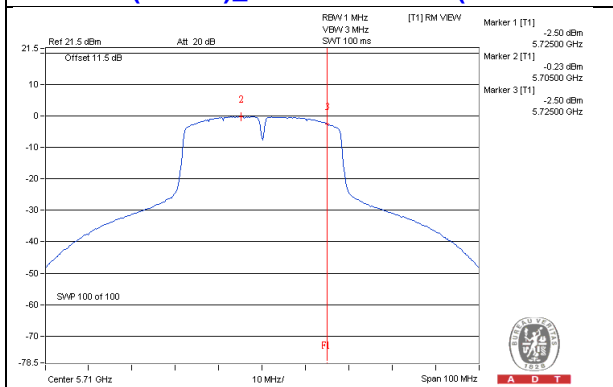
802.11a_Chain 0 / CH144 (UNII-2c Band)



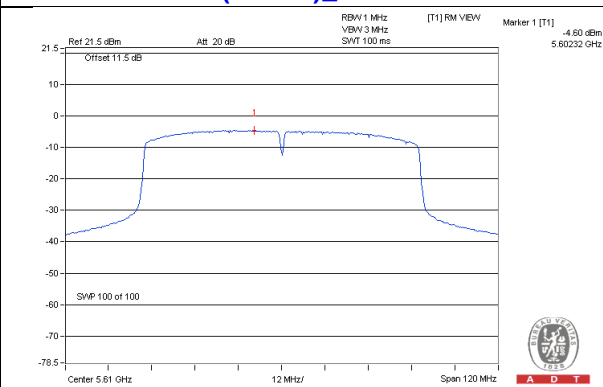
802.11ac (VHT20)_Chain 0 / CH40



802.11ac (VHT40)_Chain 0 / CH142 (UNII-2c Band)



802.11ac (VHT80)_Chain 0 / CH122



For U-NII-3:

802.11a

| TX chain | Chan. | Chan. Freq. (MHz) | PSD | | 10 log (N=2) dB | Total PSD (dBm/500kHz) | Limit (dBm/500kHz) | Pass /Fail |
|----------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------|--------------|-----------------|------------------------|--------------------|------------|
| | | | (dBm/300kHz) | (dBm/500kHz) | | | | |
| 0 | 144 (UNII-3 Band) | 5720 | -5.50 | -3.28 | 3.01 | -0.27 | 28.23 | Pass |
| | 149 | 5745 | -6.12 | -3.90 | 3.01 | -0.89 | 28.23 | Pass |
| | 157 | 5785 | -3.37 | -1.15 | 3.01 | 1.86 | 28.23 | Pass |
| | 165 | 5825 | -3.96 | -1.74 | 3.01 | 1.27 | 28.23 | Pass |
| 1 | 144 (UNII-3 Band) | 5720 | -5.86 | -3.64 | 3.01 | -0.63 | 28.23 | Pass |
| | 149 | 5745 | -5.79 | -3.57 | 3.01 | -0.56 | 28.23 | Pass |
| | 157 | 5785 | -3.32 | -1.10 | 3.01 | 1.91 | 28.23 | Pass |
| | 165 | 5825 | -3.26 | -1.04 | 3.01 | 1.97 | 28.23 | Pass |

NOTE: 1. 5725~5850MHz: Directional gain = 4.76dBi + 10log(2) = 7.77dBi > 6dB, so the power density limit shall be reduced to 30-(7.77-6) = 28.23dBm.

802.11ac (VHT20)

| TX chain | Chan. | Chan. Freq. (MHz) | PSD | | 10 log (N=2) dB | Total PSD (dBm/500kHz) | Limit (dBm/500kHz) | Pass /Fail |
|----------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------|--------------|-----------------|------------------------|--------------------|------------|
| | | | (dBm/300kHz) | (dBm/500kHz) | | | | |
| 0 | 144 (UNII-3 Band) | 5720 | -5.78 | -3.56 | 3.01 | -0.55 | 28.23 | Pass |
| | 149 | 5745 | -6.15 | -3.93 | 3.01 | -0.92 | 28.23 | Pass |
| | 157 | 5785 | -3.76 | -1.54 | 3.01 | 1.47 | 28.23 | Pass |
| | 165 | 5825 | -4.85 | -2.63 | 3.01 | 0.38 | 28.23 | Pass |
| 1 | 144 (UNII-3 Band) | 5720 | -5.85 | -3.63 | 3.01 | -0.62 | 28.23 | Pass |
| | 149 | 5745 | -6.06 | -3.84 | 3.01 | -0.83 | 28.23 | Pass |
| | 157 | 5785 | -3.70 | -1.48 | 3.01 | 1.53 | 28.23 | Pass |
| | 165 | 5825 | -4.14 | -1.92 | 3.01 | 1.09 | 28.23 | Pass |

NOTE: 1. 5725~5850MHz: Directional gain = 4.76dBi + 10log(2) = 7.77dBi > 6dB, so the power density limit shall be reduced to 30-(7.77-6) = 28.23dBm.

802.11ac (VHT40)

| TX chain | Chan. | Chan. Freq. (MHz) | PSD | | 10 log (N=2) dB | Total PSD (dBm/500kHz) | Limit (dBm/500kHz) | Pass /Fail |
|----------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------|--------------|-----------------|------------------------|--------------------|------------|
| | | | (dBm/300kHz) | (dBm/500kHz) | | | | |
| 0 | 142 (UNII-3 Band) | 5710 | -10.25 | -8.03 | 3.01 | -5.02 | 28.23 | Pass |
| | 151 | 5755 | -12.30 | -10.08 | 3.01 | -7.07 | 28.23 | Pass |
| | 159 | 5795 | -6.91 | -4.69 | 3.01 | -1.68 | 28.23 | Pass |
| 1 | 142 (UNII-3 Band) | 5710 | -10.65 | -8.43 | 3.01 | -5.42 | 28.23 | Pass |
| | 151 | 5755 | -12.16 | -9.94 | 3.01 | -6.93 | 28.23 | Pass |
| | 159 | 5795 | -6.73 | -4.51 | 3.01 | -1.50 | 28.23 | Pass |

NOTE: 1. 5725~5850MHz: Directional gain = 4.76dBi + 10log(2) = 7.77dBi > 6dB, so the power density limit shall be reduced to 30-(7.77-6) = 28.23dBm.

802.11ac (VHT80)

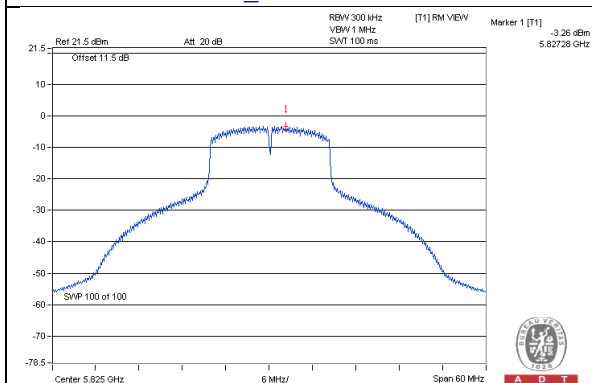
| TX chain | Chan. | Chan. Freq. (MHz) | PSD W/O Duty Factor | | 10 log (N=2) dB | Duty Factor (dB) | Total PSD With Duty Factor (dBm/500kHz) | Limit (dBm/500kHz) | Pass /Fail |
|----------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--------------|-----------------|------------------|---|--------------------|------------|
| | | | (dBm/300kHz) | (dBm/500kHz) | | | | | |
| 0 | 138 (UNII-3 Band) | 5690 | -16.79 | -14.57 | 3.01 | 0.14 | -11.42 | 28.23 | Pass |
| | 155 | 5775 | -16.52 | -14.30 | 3.01 | 0.14 | -11.15 | 28.23 | Pass |
| 1 | 138 (UNII-3 Band) | 5690 | -17.33 | -15.11 | 3.01 | 0.14 | -11.96 | 28.23 | Pass |
| | 155 | 5775 | -16.34 | -14.12 | 3.01 | 0.14 | -10.97 | 28.23 | Pass |

NOTE: 1. 5725~5850MHz: Directional gain = 4.76dBi + 10log(2) = 7.77dBi > 6dB, so the power density limit shall be reduced to 30-(7.77-6) = 28.23dBm.

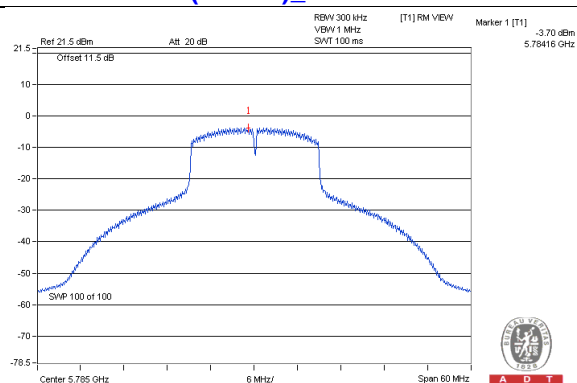
2. Refer to section 3.3 for duty cycle spectrum plot.

Spectrum Plot of Worst Value

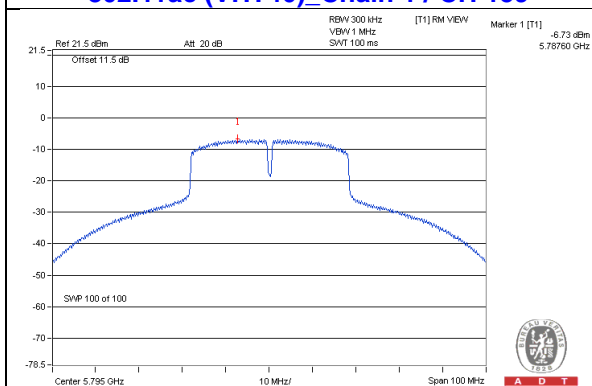
802.11a_Chain 1 / CH 165



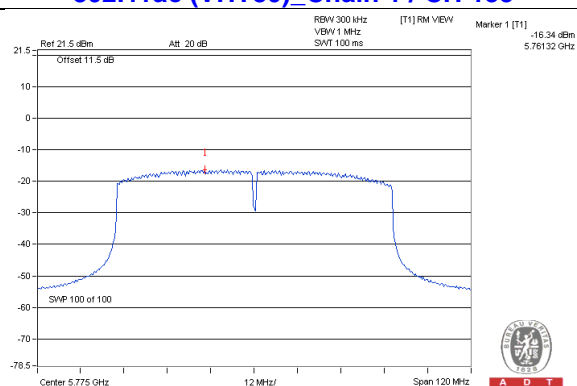
802.11ac (VHT20)_Chain 1 / CH 157



802.11ac (VHT40)_Chain 1 / CH 159



802.11ac (VHT80)_Chain 1 / CH 155

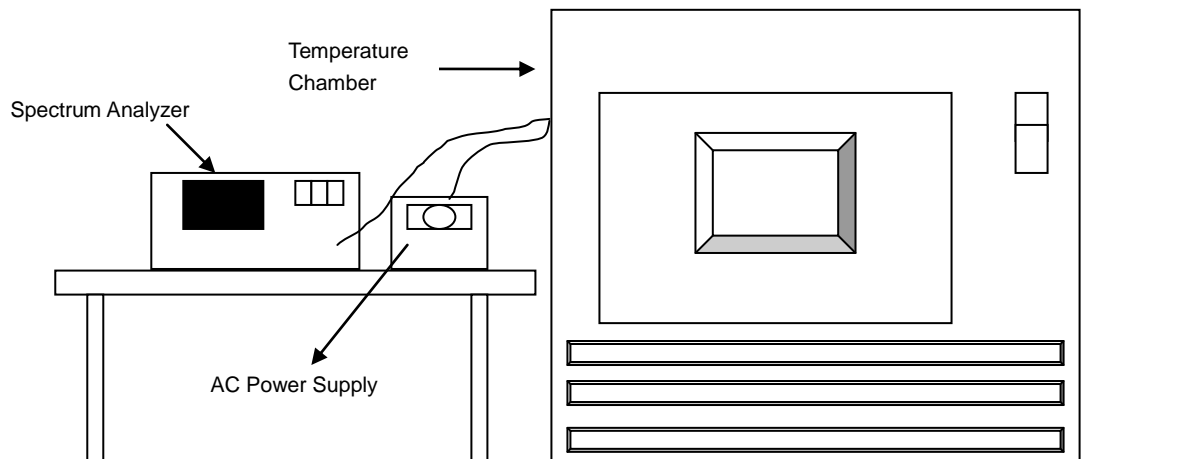


4.6 Frequency Stability Measurement

4.6.1 Limits of Frequency Stability Measurement

The frequency of the carrier signal shall be maintained within band of operation

4.6.2 Test Setup



4.6.3 Test Instruments

Refer to section 4.1.2 to get information of above instrument.

4.6.4 Test Procedure

- The EUT was placed inside the environmental test chamber and powered by nominal AC voltage.
- Turn the EUT on and couple its output to a spectrum analyzer.
- Turn the EUT off and set the chamber to the highest temperature specified.
- Allow sufficient time (approximately 30 min) for the temperature of the chamber to stabilize, turn the EUT on and measure the operating frequency after 2, 5, and 10 Minutes.
- Repeat step 2 and 3 with the temperature chamber set to the lowest temperature.
- The test chamber was allowed to stabilize at +20 degree C for a minimum of 30 Minutes. The supply voltage was then adjusted on the EUT from 85% to 115% and the frequency record.

4.6.5 Deviation from Test Standard

No deviation.

4.6.6 EUT Operating Condition

Set the EUT transmit at un-modulation mode to test frequency stability.

4.6.7 Test Results

| Frequency Stability Versus Temp. | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Operating Frequency: 5745 MHz | | | | | | | | | |
| TEMP. (°C) | Power Supply (Vac) | 0 Minute | | 2 Minutes | | 5 Minutes | | 10 Minutes | |
| | | Measured Frequency (MHz) | Frequency Drift (%) | Measured Frequency (MHz) | Frequency Drift (%) | Measured Frequency (MHz) | Frequency Drift (%) | Measured Frequency (MHz) | Frequency Drift (%) |
| 50 | 120 | 5745.0267 | 0.00046 | 5745.0239 | 0.00042 | 5745.029 | 0.00050 | 5745.0276 | 0.00048 |
| 40 | 120 | 5744.9738 | -0.00046 | 5744.9759 | -0.00042 | 5744.9731 | -0.00047 | 5744.9708 | -0.00051 |
| 30 | 120 | 5744.9789 | -0.00037 | 5744.9746 | -0.00044 | 5744.978 | -0.00038 | 5744.9746 | -0.00044 |
| 20 | 120 | 5745.0241 | 0.00042 | 5745.0249 | 0.00043 | 5745.0241 | 0.00042 | 5745.0244 | 0.00042 |
| 10 | 120 | 5744.9977 | -0.00004 | 5744.9959 | -0.00007 | 5744.9954 | -0.00008 | 5744.9958 | -0.00007 |
| 0 | 120 | 5744.9976 | -0.00004 | 5745.001 | 0.00002 | 5745.0022 | 0.00004 | 5744.9981 | -0.00003 |
| -10 | 120 | 5745.0171 | 0.00030 | 5745.0209 | 0.00036 | 5745.0195 | 0.00034 | 5745.0176 | 0.00031 |
| -20 | 120 | 5744.9739 | -0.00045 | 5744.9699 | -0.00052 | 5744.9699 | -0.00052 | 5744.9737 | -0.00046 |
| -30 | 120 | 5745.0055 | 0.00010 | 5745.0049 | 0.00009 | 5745.0005 | 0.00001 | 5745.0017 | 0.00003 |

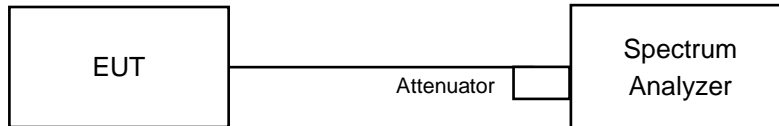
| Frequency Stability Versus Voltage | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Operating Frequency: 5745 MHz | | | | | | | | | |
| TEMP. (°C) | Power Supply (Vac) | 0 Minute | | 2 Minutes | | 5 Minutes | | 10 Minutes | |
| | | Measured Frequency (MHz) | Frequency Drift (%) | Measured Frequency (MHz) | Frequency Drift (%) | Measured Frequency (MHz) | Frequency Drift (%) | Measured Frequency (MHz) | Frequency Drift (%) |
| 20 | 138 | 5745.0251 | 0.00044 | 5745.0243 | 0.00042 | 5745.0241 | 0.00042 | 5745.0253 | 0.00044 |
| | 120 | 5745.0241 | 0.00042 | 5745.0249 | 0.00043 | 5745.0241 | 0.00042 | 5745.0244 | 0.00042 |
| | 102 | 5745.0239 | 0.00042 | 5745.0254 | 0.00044 | 5745.0242 | 0.00042 | 5745.024 | 0.00042 |

4.7 6dB Bandwidth Measurement

4.7.1 Limits of 6dB Bandwidth Measurement

The minimum of 6dB Bandwidth Measurement is 0.5MHz.

4.7.2 Test Setup



4.7.3 Test Instruments

Refer to section 4.1.2 to get information of above instrument.

4.7.4 Test Procedure

MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE REF

- Set resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 100kHz
- Set the video bandwidth (VBW) $\geq 3 \times$ RBW, Detector = Peak.
- Trace mode = max hold.
- Sweep = auto couple.
- Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two amplitude points (upper and lower) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission

4.7.5 Deviation from Test Standard

No deviation.

4.7.6 EUT Operating Condition

The software provided by client to enable the EUT under transmission condition continuously at lowest, middle and highest channel frequencies individually.

4.7.7 Test Results

802.11a

| Channel | Frequency (MHz) | 6dB Bandwidth (MHz) | | Minimum Limit (MHz) | Pass / Fail |
|-------------------|-----------------|---------------------|---------|---------------------|-------------|
| | | Chain 0 | Chain 1 | | |
| 144 (UNII-3 Band) | 5720 | 2.75 | 2.58 | 0.5 | Pass |
| 149 | 5745 | 15.34 | 15.19 | 0.5 | Pass |
| 157 | 5785 | 16.41 | 16.36 | 0.5 | Pass |
| 165 | 5825 | 15.09 | 16.07 | 0.5 | Pass |

802.11ac (VHT20)

| Channel | Frequency (MHz) | 6dB Bandwidth (MHz) | | Minimum Limit (MHz) | Pass / Fail |
|-------------------|-----------------|---------------------|---------|---------------------|-------------|
| | | Chain 0 | Chain 1 | | |
| 144 (UNII-3 Band) | 5720 | 2.55 | 2.56 | 0.5 | Pass |
| 149 | 5745 | 15.12 | 15.45 | 0.5 | Pass |
| 157 | 5785 | 16.32 | 15.74 | 0.5 | Pass |
| 165 | 5825 | 13.46 | 15.06 | 0.5 | Pass |

802.11ac (VHT40)

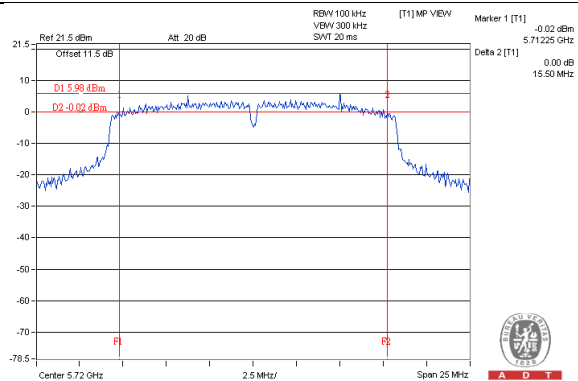
| Channel | Frequency (MHz) | 6dB Bandwidth (MHz) | | Minimum Limit (MHz) | Pass / Fail |
|-------------------|-----------------|---------------------|---------|---------------------|-------------|
| | | Chain 0 | Chain 1 | | |
| 142 (UNII-3 Band) | 5710 | 2.65 | 2.51 | 0.5 | Pass |
| 151 | 5755 | 35.10 | 33.80 | 0.5 | Pass |
| 159 | 5795 | 32.02 | 33.92 | 0.5 | Pass |

802.11ac (VHT80)

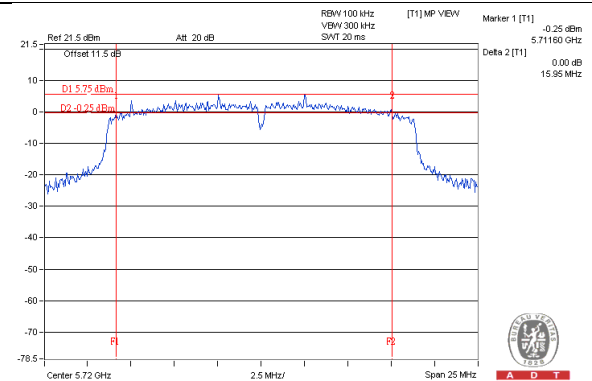
| Channel | Frequency (MHz) | 6dB Bandwidth (MHz) | | Minimum Limit (MHz) | Pass / Fail |
|-------------------|-----------------|---------------------|---------|---------------------|-------------|
| | | Chain 0 | Chain 1 | | |
| 138 (UNII-3 Band) | 5690 | 2.68 | 2.65 | 0.5 | Pass |
| 155 | 5775 | 74.37 | 72.94 | 0.5 | Pass |

Spectrum Plot of Worst Value

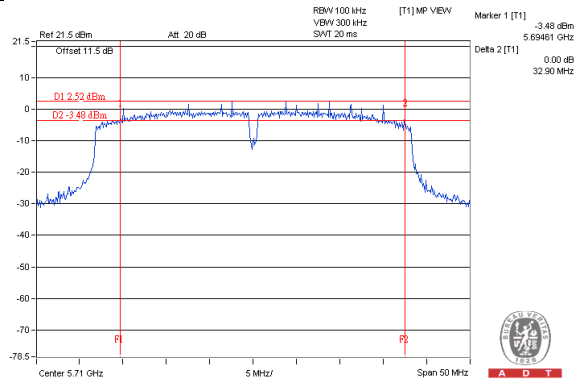
802.11a_Chain 0 / CH144 (UNII-3 Band)



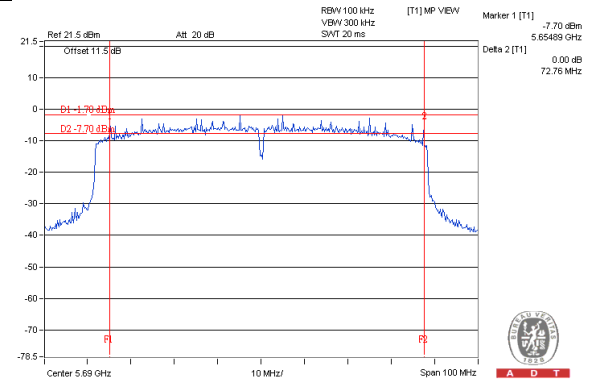
802.11ac (VHT20)_Chain 0 / CH144 (UNII-3 Band)



802.11ac (VHT40)_Chain 1 / CH142



802.11ac (VHT80)_Chain 1 / CH38



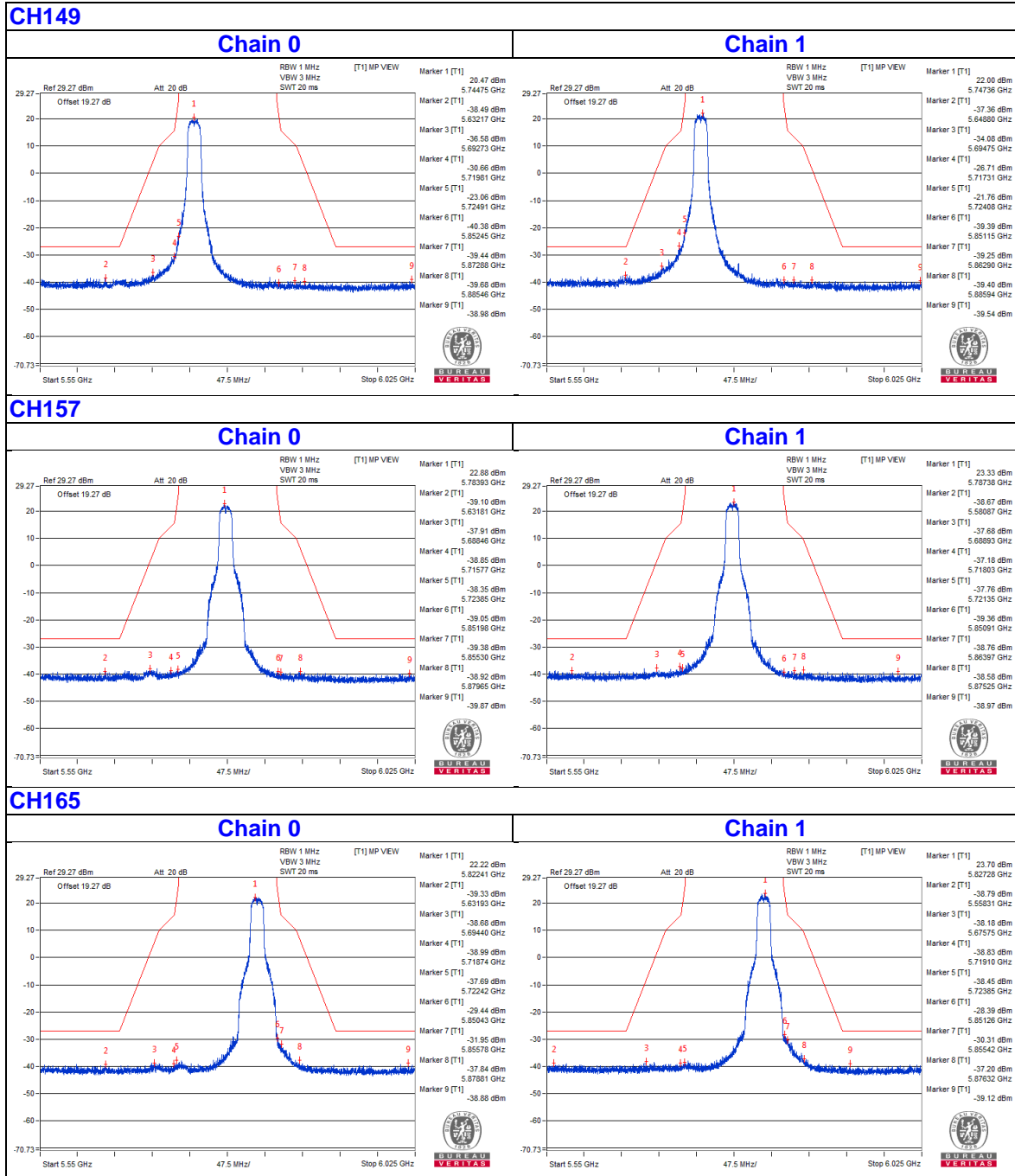
Note: The 6dB bandwidth above 5725MHz = Marker 1 + Delta 2 - 5725MHz

5 Pictures of Test Arrangements

Please refer to the attached file (Test Setup Photo).

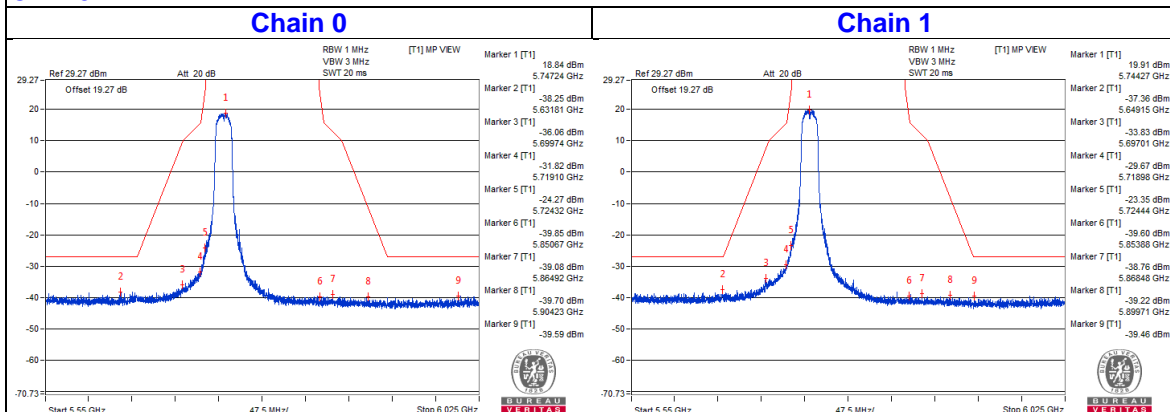
6 Annex A - Conducted Out of Band Emission (OOBE) Measurement (For U-NII-3 band)

802.11a

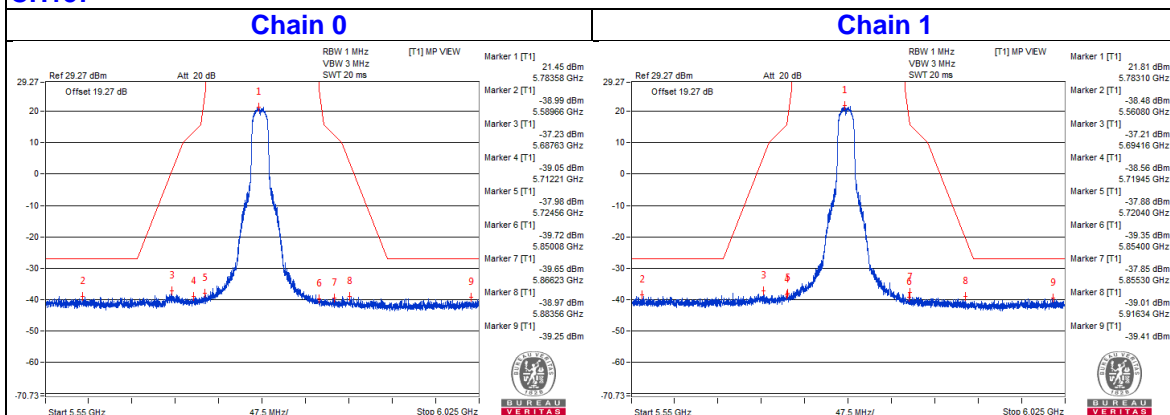


802.11ac (VHT20)

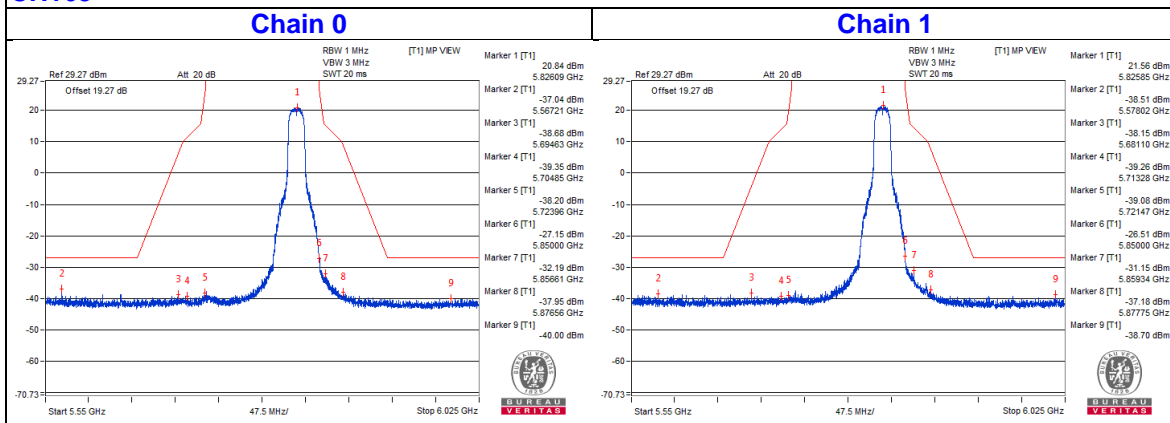
CH149



CH157

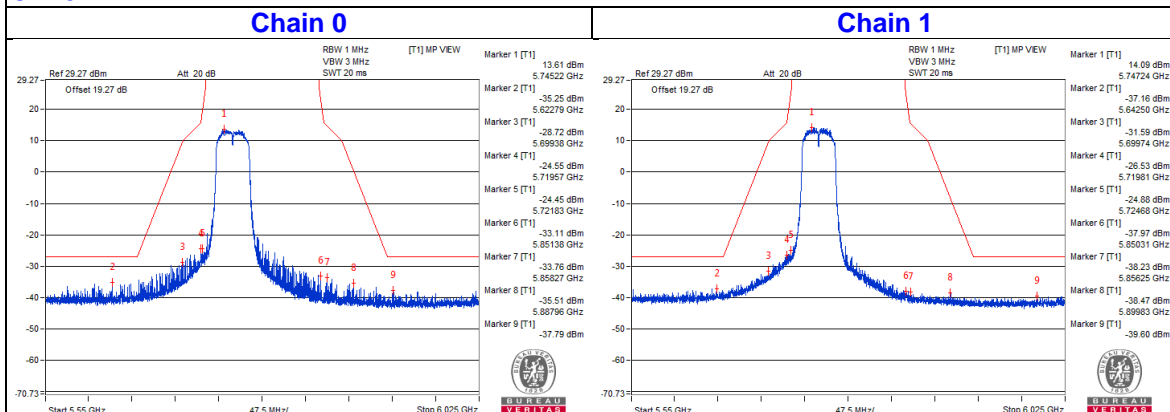


CH165

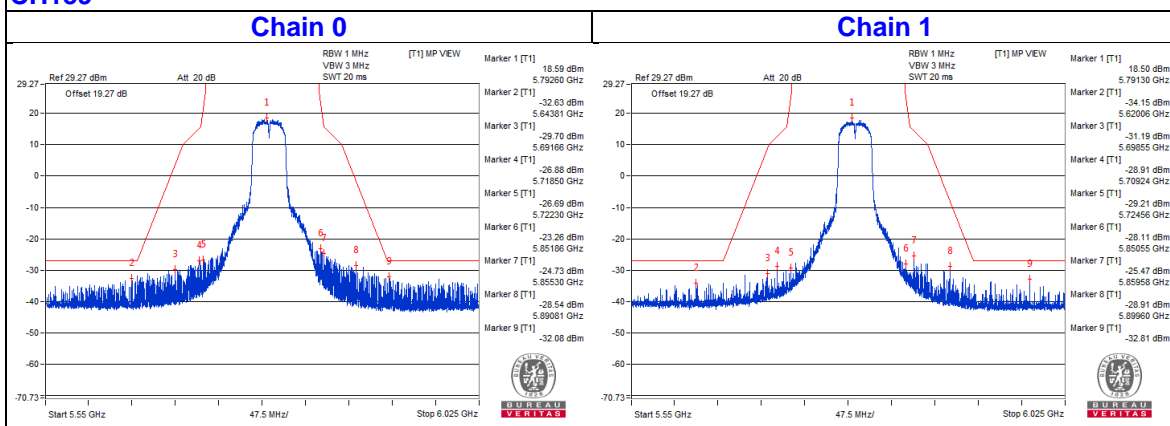


802.11ac (VHT40)

CH151

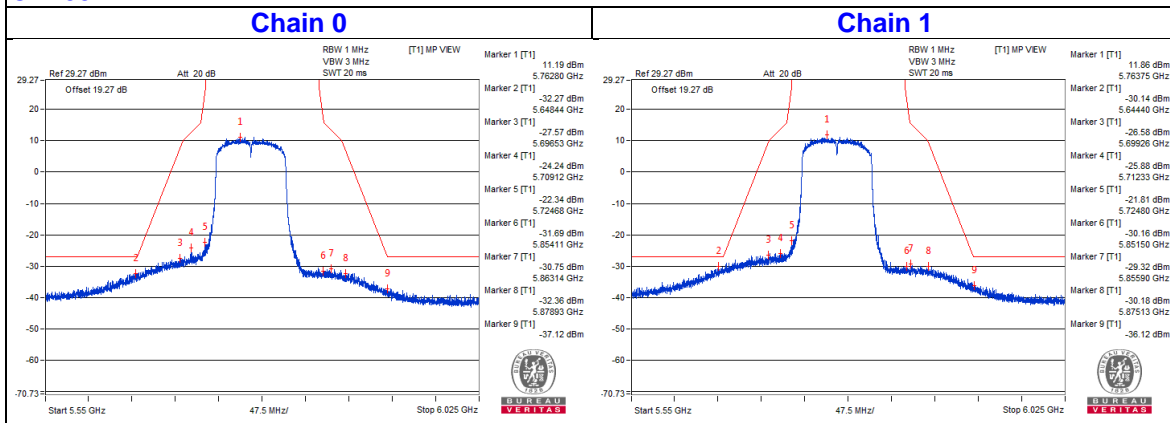


CH159



802.11ac (VHT80)

CH155



7 Appendix A – Radiated Emission Measurement

7.1 Limits of Radiated Emission Measurement

Radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands must comply with the radiated emission limits specified as below table.

| Frequencies (MHz) | Field Strength (microvolts/meter) | Measurement Distance (meters) |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 0.009 ~ 0.490 | 2400/F(kHz) | 300 |
| 0.490 ~ 1.705 | 24000/F(kHz) | 30 |
| 1.705 ~ 30.0 | 30 | 30 |
| 30 ~ 88 | 100 | 3 |
| 88 ~ 216 | 150 | 3 |
| 216 ~ 960 | 200 | 3 |
| Above 960 | 500 | 3 |

NOTE:

1. The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies.
2. Emission level (dBuV/m) = 20 log Emission level (uV/m).
3. For frequencies above 1000MHz, the field strength limits are based on average detector, however, the peak field strength of any emission shall not exceed the maximum permitted average limits, specified above by more than 20dB under any condition of modulation.

Limits of unwanted emission out of the restricted bands

| Applicable To | | Limit | |
|--|---|---|---|
| 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedure New Rules v02r01 | | Field Strength at 3m | |
| | | PK:74 (dBuV/m) | AV:54 (dBuV/m) |
| Frequency Band | Applicable To | EIRP Limit | Equivalent Field Strength at 3m |
| 5150~5250 MHz | 15.407(b)(1) | PK:-27 (dBm/MHz) | PK:68.2(dBuV/m) |
| 5250~5350 MHz | 15.407(b)(2) | | |
| 5470~5725 MHz | 15.407(b)(3) | | |
| 5725~5850 MHz | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 15.407(b)(4)(i) | PK:-27 (dBm/MHz) ^{*1} PK:10 (dBm/MHz) ^{*2} PK:15.6 (dBm/MHz) ^{*3} PK:27 (dBm/MHz) ^{*4} | PK: 68.2(dBuV/m) ^{*1} PK:105.2 (dBuV/m) ^{*2} PK: 110.8(dBuV/m) ^{*3} PK:122.2 (dBuV/m) ^{*4} |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> 15.407(b)(4)(ii) | Emission limits in section 15.247(d) | |
| ^{*1} beyond 75 MHz or more above of the band edge. | | ^{*2} below the band edge increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above. | |
| ^{*3} below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above. | | ^{*4} from 5 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz at the band edge. | |

Note:

The following formula is used to convert the equipment isotropic radiated power (eirp) to field strength:

$$E = \frac{1000000\sqrt{30P}}{3} \mu\text{V/m, where } P \text{ is the eirp (Watts).}$$

7.2 Test Instruments

For PIFA Antenna:

| DESCRIPTION & MANUFACTURER | MODEL NO. | SERIAL NO. | CALIBRATED DATE | CALIBRATED UNTIL |
|----------------------------------|-----------|---------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| MXE EMI Receiver Agilent | N9038A | MY51210105 | July 21, 2014 | July 20, 2015 |
| Horn_Antenna AISI | AIH.8018 | 0000320091110 | Aug. 27, 2014 | Aug. 26, 2015 |
| Pre-Amplifier Agilent | 8449B | 3008A02578 | June 24, 2014 | June 23, 2015 |
| RF Cable | NA | 131205 131214 SNMY23684/4 | Jan. 16, 2015 | Jan. 15, 2016 |
| Spectrum Analyzer R&S | FSV40 | 100964 | July 05, 2014 | July 04, 2015 |
| Pre-Amplifier EMCI | EMC184045 | 980143 | Jan. 16, 2015 | Jan. 15, 2016 |
| Horn_Antenna SCHWARZBECK | BBHA 9170 | 9170-424 | Aug. 26, 2014 | Aug. 25, 2015 |
| RF Cable | NA | RF104-121 RF104-204 | Dec. 11, 2014 | Dec. 10, 2015 |
| Antenna Tower & Turn Table CT | NA | NA | NA | NA |

Note:

1. The calibration interval of the above test instruments is 12 months and the calibrations are traceable to NML/ROC and NIST/USA.
2. The test was performed in 966 Chamber No. G.
- 3 The CANADA Site Registration No. is IC 7450H-2.
4. Tested Date: Feb. 06, 2015

For Dipole Antenna:

| DESCRIPTION & MANUFACTURER | MODEL NO. | SERIAL NO. | CALIBRATED DATE | CALIBRATED UNTIL |
|--|---|----------------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| Test Receiver Keysight | N9038A | MY54450088 | July 08, 2017 | July 07, 2018 |
| Horn_Antenna SCHWARZBECK | BBHA 9120D | 9120D-783 | Dec. 12, 2017 | Dec. 11, 2018 |
| Pre-Amplifier EMCI | EMC12630SE | 980385 | Jan. 29, 2018 | Jan. 28, 2019 |
| RF Cable | EMC104-SM-SM-1200 EMC104-SM-SM-2000 EMC104-SM-SM-5000 | 160923 150318 150321 | Jan. 29, 2018 | Jan. 28, 2019 |
| Pre-Amplifier EMCI | EMC184045S E | 980387 | Jan. 29, 2018 | Jan. 28, 2019 |
| Horn_Antenna SCHWARZBECK | BBHA 9170 | BBHA9170608 | Dec. 14, 2017 | Dec. 13, 2018 |
| RF Cable | EMC102-KM-KM-1200 | 160925 | Jan. 29, 2018 | Jan. 28, 2019 |
| Software | ADT_Radiated_V8.7.08 | NA | NA | NA |
| Antenna Tower & Turn Table Max-Full | MF-7802 | MF780208410 | NA | NA |
| Boresight Antenna Fixture | FBA-01 | FBA-SIP02 | NA | NA |

Note:

1. The calibration interval of the above test instruments is 12 months and the calibrations are traceable to NML/ROC and NIST/USA.
2. The test was performed in 966 Chamber No. 4.
3. The CANADA Site Registration No. is 20331-2
4. Tested Date: May 16 to 17, 2018

7.3 Test Procedures

- a. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 1.5 meters (for above 1GHz) above the ground at 3 meter chamber room for test. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- b. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
- c. The height of antenna is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- d. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- e. The test-receiver system was set to peak and average detects function and specified bandwidth with maximum hold mode when the test frequency is above 1 GHz. If the peak reading value also meets average limit, measurement with the average detector is unnecessary.

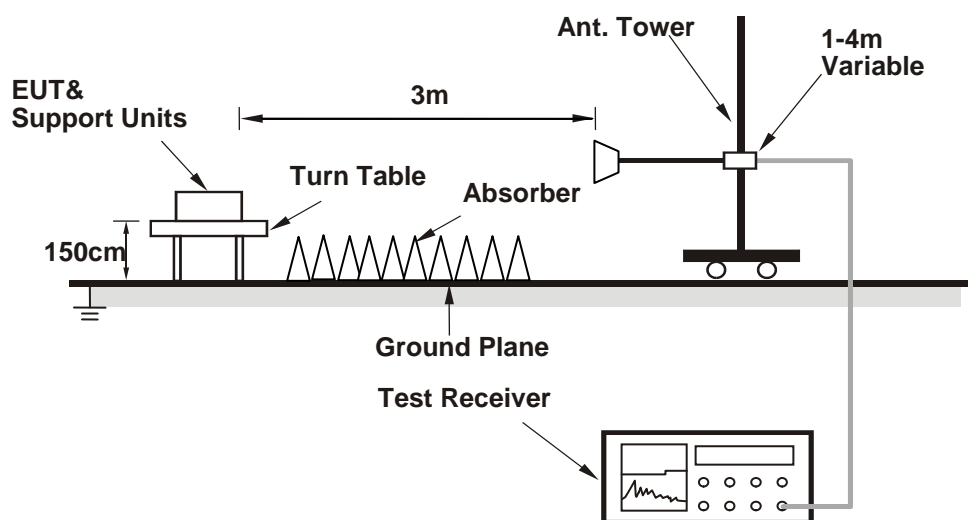
Note:

1. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz and the video bandwidth is 3 MHz for Peak detection (PK) at frequency above 1GHz.
2. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1MHz and the video bandwidth is $\geq 1/T$ (Duty cycle < 98%) or 10Hz (Duty cycle $\geq 98\%$) for Average detection (AV) at frequency above 1GHz.
3. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case emissions are reported.

7.4 Deviation from Test Standard

No deviation.

7.5 Test Setup



For the actual test configuration, please refer to the attached file (Test Setup Photo).

7.6 EUT Operating Conditions

Same as 4.1.6.

7.7 Test Results (PIFA Antenna)

The EUT's antenna had been pre-tested on the positioned of each 3 axis. The worst case was found when positioned on **Z-plane**.

802.11ac (VHT40)

| | | | |
|------------------------|----------------|--------------------------|--------------|
| CHANNEL | TX Channel 102 | DETECTOR FUNCTION | Peak (PK) |
| FREQUENCY RANGE | 1GHz ~ 40GHz | | Average (AV) |

| ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: HORIZONTAL AT 3 M | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------|-------------------------|----------------|-------------|--------------------|----------------------|------------------|--------------------------|
| NO. | FREQ. (MHz) | EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m) | LIMIT (dBuV/m) | MARGIN (dB) | ANTENNA HEIGHT (m) | TABLE ANGLE (Degree) | RAW VALUE (dBuV) | CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m) |
| 1 | #5470.00 | 63.2 PK | 74.0 | -10.8 | 1.02 H | 311 | 55.27 | 7.93 |
| 2 | #5470.00 | 48.4 AV | 54.0 | -5.6 | 1.02 H | 311 | 40.47 | 7.93 |
| ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: VERTICAL AT 3 M | | | | | | | | |
| NO. | FREQ. (MHz) | EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m) | LIMIT (dBuV/m) | MARGIN (dB) | ANTENNA HEIGHT (m) | TABLE ANGLE (Degree) | RAW VALUE (dBuV) | CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m) |
| 1 | #5470.00 | 64.9 PK | 74.0 | -9.1 | 1.05 V | 85 | 56.97 | 7.93 |
| 2 | #5470.00 | 51.0 AV | 54.0 | -3.0 | 1.05 V | 85 | 43.07 | 7.93 |

REMARKS:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

802.11ac (VHT80)

| | | | |
|------------------------|----------------|------------------------------|--------------|
| CHANNEL | TX Channel 106 | DETECTOR FUNCTION | Peak (PK) |
| FREQUENCY RANGE | 1GHz ~ 40GHz | | Average (AV) |

| ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: HORIZONTAL AT 3 M | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|----------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|
| NO. | FREQ. (MHz) | EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m) | LIMIT (dBuV/m) | MARGIN (dB) | ANTENNA HEIGHT (m) | TABLE ANGLE (Degree) | RAW VALUE (dBuV) | CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m) |
| 1 | #5470.00 | 59.3 PK | 74.0 | -14.7 | 1.02 H | 300 | 51.37 | 7.93 |
| 2 | #5470.00 | 46.5 AV | 54.0 | -7.5 | 1.02 H | 300 | 38.57 | 7.93 |
| ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: VERTICAL AT 3 M | | | | | | | | |
| NO. | FREQ. (MHz) | EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m) | LIMIT (dBuV/m) | MARGIN (dB) | ANTENNA HEIGHT (m) | TABLE ANGLE (Degree) | RAW VALUE (dBuV) | CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m) |
| 1 | #5470.00 | 60.7 PK | 74.0 | -13.3 | 1.05 V | 84 | 52.77 | 7.93 |
| 2 | #5470.00 | 47.7 AV | 54.0 | -6.3 | 1.05 V | 84 | 39.77 | 7.93 |

REMARKS:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

7.8 Test Results (Dipole Antenna)

802.11ac (VHT40)

| | | | |
|------------------------|----------------|------------------------------|--------------|
| CHANNEL | TX Channel 102 | DETECTOR FUNCTION | Peak (PK) |
| FREQUENCY RANGE | 1GHz ~ 40GHz | | Average (AV) |

| ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: HORIZONTAL AT 3 M | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|----------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|
| NO. | FREQ. (MHz) | EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m) | LIMIT (dBuV/m) | MARGIN (dB) | ANTENNA HEIGHT (m) | TABLE ANGLE (Degree) | RAW VALUE (dBuV) | CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m) |
| 1 | #5470.00 | 61.7 PK | 74.0 | -12.3 | 1.10 H | 91 | 58.8 | 2.9 |
| 2 | #5470.00 | 47.1 AV | 54.0 | -6.9 | 1.10 H | 91 | 44.2 | 2.9 |
| ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: VERTICAL AT 3 M | | | | | | | | |
| NO. | FREQ. (MHz) | EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m) | LIMIT (dBuV/m) | MARGIN (dB) | ANTENNA HEIGHT (m) | TABLE ANGLE (Degree) | RAW VALUE (dBuV) | CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m) |
| 1 | #5470.00 | 66.0 PK | 74.0 | -8.0 | 1.76 V | 199 | 63.1 | 2.9 |
| 2 | #5470.00 | 51.6 AV | 54.0 | -2.4 | 1.76 V | 199 | 48.7 | 2.9 |

REMARKS:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

802.11ac (VHT80)

| | | | |
|------------------------|----------------|------------------------------|--------------|
| CHANNEL | TX Channel 106 | DETECTOR FUNCTION | Peak (PK) |
| FREQUENCY RANGE | 1GHz ~ 40GHz | | Average (AV) |

| ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: HORIZONTAL AT 3 M | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|----------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|
| NO. | FREQ. (MHz) | EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m) | LIMIT (dBuV/m) | MARGIN (dB) | ANTENNA HEIGHT (m) | TABLE ANGLE (Degree) | RAW VALUE (dBuV) | CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m) |
| 1 | #5470.00 | 59.1 PK | 74.0 | -14.9 | 1.07 H | 100 | 56.2 | 2.9 |
| 2 | #5470.00 | 46.8 AV | 54.0 | -7.2 | 1.07 H | 100 | 43.9 | 2.9 |
| ANTENNA POLARITY & TEST DISTANCE: VERTICAL AT 3 M | | | | | | | | |
| NO. | FREQ. (MHz) | EMISSION LEVEL (dBuV/m) | LIMIT (dBuV/m) | MARGIN (dB) | ANTENNA HEIGHT (m) | TABLE ANGLE (Degree) | RAW VALUE (dBuV) | CORRECTION FACTOR (dB/m) |
| 1 | #5470.00 | 65.4 PK | 74.0 | -8.6 | 1.07 V | 113 | 62.5 | 2.9 |
| 2 | #5470.00 | 52.1 AV | 54.0 | -1.9 | 1.07 V | 113 | 49.2 | 2.9 |

REMARKS:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

8 Appendix B – Information on the Testing Laboratories

We, Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch, were founded in 1988 to provide our best service in EMC, Radio, Telecom and Safety consultation. Our laboratories are FCC recognized accredited test firms and accredited according to ISO/IEC 17025.

If you have any comments, please feel free to contact us at the following:

Linkou EMC/RF Lab

Tel: 886-2-26052180

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The address and road map of all our labs can be found in our web site also.

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