

## FCC TEST REPORT

For

Swift Info Technology Limited.

PC BOARD ASSY: WIFI MODULE

Model No.: 1002216-0000

Prepared for  
Address

: Swift Info Technology Limited.  
: R303, Building C, Future Plaza, No.6060, Qiaoxiang Road,  
NanshanDist, Shenzhen China 518053

Prepared by  
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Date of receipt of test sample : July 01, 2017

Number of tested samples : 1

Serial number : Prototype

Date of Test : July 01, 2017~ July 09, 2017

Date of Report : July 10, 2017

**FCC TEST REPORT**  
**FCC CFR 47 PART 15 E(15.407): 2015**

**Report Reference No.** ..... : **LCS170707142AE**

Date of Issue ..... : July 10, 2017

**Testing Laboratory Name** ..... : **Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.**

Address ..... : 1F., Xingyuan Industrial Park, Tongda Road, Bao'an Blvd.,  
Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

Testing Location/ Procedure ..... : Full application of Harmonised standards   
Partial application of Harmonised standards   
Other standard testing method

**Applicant's Name** ..... : **Swift Info Technology Limited.**

Address ..... : R303, Building C, Future Plaza, No.6060, Qiaoxiang Road,  
NanshanDist, Shenzhen China 518053

**Test Specification**

Standard ..... : FCC CFR 47 PART 15 E(15.407): 2016

**Test Report Form No.** ..... : LCSEMC-1.0

TRF Originator ..... : Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

Master TRF ..... : Dated 2011-03

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**EUT Description** ..... : **PC BOARD ASSY: WIFI MODULE**

Trade Mark ..... : Swift Info

Model/ Type reference ..... : 1002216-0000

Ratings ..... : DC USB 5.0V

Result ..... : **Positive**

**Compiled by:**

Chaz Liu

Chaz Liu / File administrators

**Supervised by:**

Dick Su

Dick Su / Technique principal

**Approved by:**

Gavin Liang

Gavin Liang/ Manager

## FCC -- TEST REPORT

<b>Test Report No. : LCS170707142AE</b>	<u>July 10, 2017</u> Date of issue
---	---------------------------------------

EUT..... : PC BOARD ASSY: WIFI MODULE

Type / Model..... : 1002216-0000

**Applicant..... : Swift Info Technology Limited.**

Address..... : R303, Building C, Future Plaza, No.6060, Qiaoxiang Road,  
NanshanDist, Shenzhen China 518053

Telephone..... : /

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**Manufacturer..... : Swift Info Technology Limited.**

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NanshanDist, Shenzhen China 518053

Telephone..... : /

Fax..... : /

<b>Test Result:</b>	<b>Positive</b>
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The test report merely corresponds to the test sample.

It is not permitted to copy extracts of these test result without the written permission of the test laboratory.

## Revision History

Revision	Issue Date	Revisions	Revised By
00	2017-07-10	Initial Issue	Gavin Liang

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## 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

### 1.1. Description of Device (EUT)

EUT	: PC BOARD ASSY: WIFI MODULE
Hardware Version	: VER10
Software Version	: VER1.0
Model Number	: 1002216-0000
Power Supply	: DC USB 5.0V
Frequency Range	: 2412.00~2462.00MHz/2422.00~2452.00MHz; 5745.00-5825.00MHz
Channel Number	: 11 Channels for WIFI 20MHz Bandwidth(802.11b/g/n-HT20) 7 Channels for WIFI 40MHz Bandwidth(802.11n-HT40) 5 Channels for 5745.00-5825.00MHz(802.11a/n-HT20) 2 Channels for 5755.00-5795.00MHz(802.11n-HT40)
Modulation Technology	: IEEE 802.11b: DSSS(CCK,DQPSK,DBPSK) IEEE 802.11g: OFDM(64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK) IEEE 802.11n: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM,QPSK,BPSK) IEEE 802.11a: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM,QPSK,BPSK)
Data Rates	: IEEE 802.11b: 1-11Mbps IEEE 802.11g: 6-54Mbps IEEE 802.11n: MCS0-MCS15 IEEE 802.11a: 6-54Mbps
Antenna Type And Gain	: 2.4G WLAN Antenna Chain0 Internal antenna, 2.00 dBi (Max.) Chain1 Internal antenna, 2.00 dBi (Max.) 5G WLAN Antenna Chain0 Internal antenna, 2.00 dBi (Max.) Chain1 Internal antenna, 2.00 dBi (Max.)

### 1.2. Host System Configuration List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Certificate
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### 1.3. External I/O Port

I/O Port Description	Quantity	Cable
USB Port	1	N/A

## 1.4. Description of Test Facility

CNAS Registration Number. is L4595.  
FCC Registration Number. is 899208.  
Industry Canada Registration Number. is 9642A-1.  
VCCI Registration Number. is C-4260 and R-3804.  
ESMD Registration Number. is ARCB0108.  
UL Registration Number. is 100571-492.  
TUV SUD Registration Number. is SCN1081.  
TUV RH Registration Number. is UA 50296516-001

The 3m-Semi anechoic test site fulfils CISPR 16-1-4 according to ANSI C63.4:2014 and CISPR 16-1-4:2010 SVSWR requirement for radiated emission above 1GHz.

## 1.5. Statement of the Measurement Uncertainty

The data and results referenced in this document are true and accurate. The reader is cautioned that there may be errors within the calibration limits of the equipment and facilities. The measurement uncertainty was calculated for all measurements listed in this test report acc. To CISPR 16 – 4 “Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 4: Uncertainty in EMC Measurements” and is documented in the LCS quality system acc. To DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. Furthermore, component and process variability of devices similar to that tested may result in additional deviation. The manufacturer has the sole responsibility of continued compliance of the device.

## 1.6. Measurement Uncertainty

Test Item	Frequency Range	Uncertainty	Note
Radiation Uncertainty	9KHz~30MHz	3.10dB	(1)
	30MHz~200MHz	2.96dB	(1)
	200MHz~1000MHz	3.10dB	(1)
	1GHz~26.5GHz	3.80dB	(1)
	26.5GHz~40GHz	3.90dB	(1)
Conduction Uncertainty	150kHz~30MHz	1.63dB	(1)
Power disturbance	30MHz~300MHz	1.60dB	(1)

(1). This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

## 1.7. Description of Test Modes

The EUT has been tested under operating condition.

This test was performed with EUT in X, Y, Z position and the worst case was found when EUT in X position.

Worst-case mode and channel used for 150 kHz-30 MHz power line conducted emissions was the mode and channel with the highest output power that was determined to be IEEE 802.11a mode (High Channel).

Worst-case mode and channel used for 9kHz-1000 MHz radiated emissions was the mode and channel with the highest output power, that was determined to be IEEE 802.11a mode (High Channel).

Worst-Case data rates were utilized from preliminary testing of the Chipset, worst-case data rates used during the testing are as follows:

IEEE 802.11a Mode : 6 Mbps, OFDM.

IEEE 802.11n HT20 Mode: MCS0, OFDM.

IEEE 802.11n HT40 Mode: MCS0, OFDM.

### Antenna & Bandwidth

Antenna	Single (Port.1)			Two (Port.1 + Port.2)		
	20MHz	40MHz	80MHz	20MHz	40MHz	80MHz
IEEE 802.11a	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
IEEE 802.11n	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
IEEE 802.11ac	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

## 2. TEST METHODOLOGY

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ANSI C63.10-2013, American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices.

The radiated testing was performed at an antenna-to-EUT distance of 3 meters. All radiated and conducted emissions measurement was performed at Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

### 2.1. EUT Configuration

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner that intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

### 2.2. EUT Exercise

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the TX frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements.

According to FCC's request, Test Procedure 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v01r02 and KDB 6622911 are required to be used for this kind of FCC 15.407 UII device.

According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the Section 15.203, 15.205, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.407 under the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart E

### 2.3. General Test Procedures

#### 2.3.1 Conducted Emissions

The EUT is placed on the turntable, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. According to the requirements in Section 6.2.1 of ANSI C63.10-2013 Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30MHz using Quasi-peak and average detector modes.

#### 2.3.2 Radiated Emissions

The EUT is placed on a turn table, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. The turntable shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the maximum emissions, exploratory radiated emission measurements were made according to the requirements in Section 6.3 of ANSI C63.10-2013

### 3. SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

#### 3.1. Justification

The system was configured for testing in a continuous transmits condition.

#### 3.2. EUT Exercise Software

The system was configured for testing in a continuous transmits condition and change test channels by software

(rtl8192DU\_linux\_v4.0.3\_10373.20140124\_MPart2\_ver\_4\_9\_844\_release \_WT200) provided by application.

#### 3.3. Special Accessories

No.	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Length	shielded/unshielded	Notes
1	PC	Lenovo	Ideapad	A131101550	/	/	DOC
2	Power adapter	Lenovo	CPA-A090	36200414	1.00m	unshielded	DOC

#### 3.4. Block Diagram/Schematics

Please refer to the related document

#### 3.5. Equipment Modifications

Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd. has not done any modification on the EUT.

#### 3.6. Test Setup

Please refer to the test setup photo.

## 4. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

Applied Standard: FCC Part 15 Subpart E		
FCC Rules	Description of Test	Result
§15.407(a)	Maximum Conducted Output Power	Compliant
§15.407(a)	Power Spectral Density	Compliant
§15.407(e)	6dB Bandwidth	Compliant
§15.407(b)	Radiated Emissions	Compliant
§15.407(b)	Band edge Emissions	Compliant
§15.407(g)	Frequency Stability	Note
§15.207(a)	Line Conducted Emissions	Compliant
§15.203	Antenna Requirements	Compliant
§2.1093	RF Exposure	Compliant

Note: The customer declared frequency stability is better than 20ppm which ensures that the signal remains in the allocated bands under all operational conditions stated in the user manual.

## 5. TEST RESULT

### 5.1. On Time and Duty Cycle

#### 5.1.1. Standard Applicable

None; for reporting purpose only.

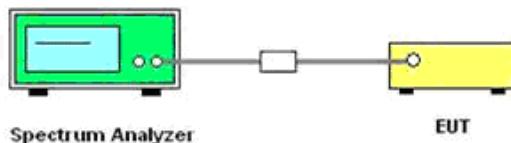
#### 5.1.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to section 6 of equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of the spectrum analyzer.

#### 5.1.3. Test Procedures

1. Set the Centre frequency of the spectrum analyzer to the transmitting frequency;
2. Set the span=0MHz, RBW=8MHz, VBW=50MHz, Sweep time=5ms;
3. Detector = peak;
4. Trace mode = Single hold.

#### 5.1.4. Test Setup Layout



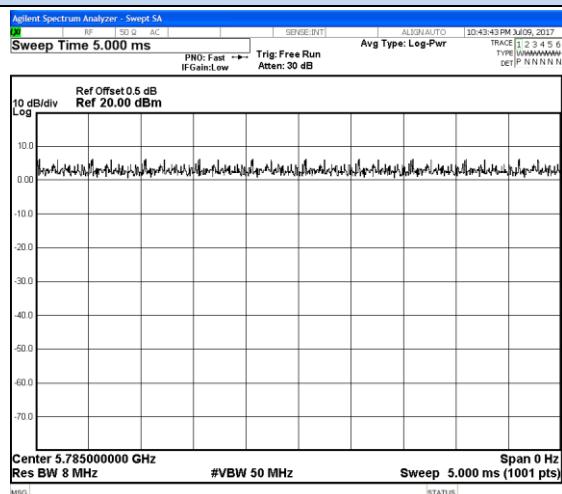
#### 5.1.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

#### 5.1.6. Test result

Mode	On Time B (ms)	Period (ms)	Duty Cycle x (Linear)	Duty Cycle (%)	Duty Cycle Correction Factor (dB)	1/B Minimum VBW(KHz)
IEEE 802.11a	5.000	5.000	1	100.00%	0	0.010
IEEE 802.11n HT20	5.000	5.000	1	100.00%	0	0.010
IEEE 802.11n HT40	5.000	5.000	1	100.00%	0	0.010

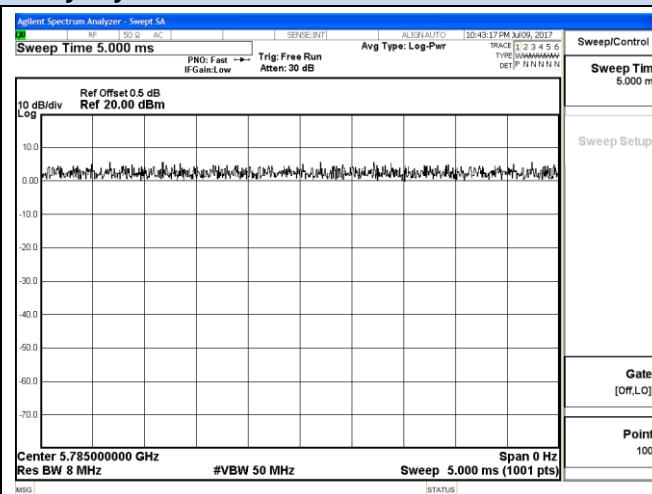
## On Time and Duty Cycle



SweepControl  
Sweep Time 5.000 ms

Sweep Setup ▶

Gate [Off, LO] ▶  
Points 1001

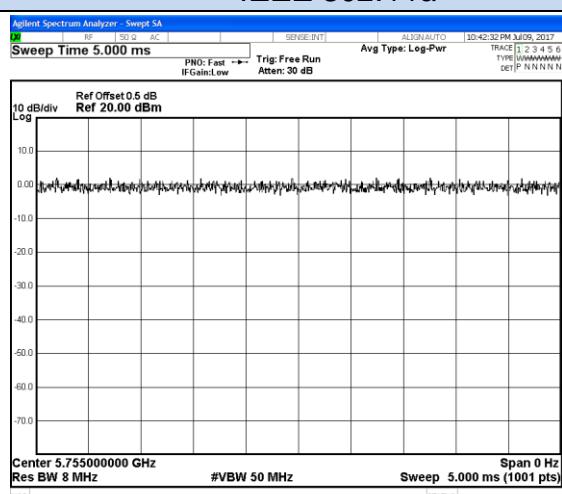


SweepControl  
Sweep Time 5.000 ms

Sweep Setup ▶

Gate [Off, LO] ▶  
Points 1001

## IEEE 802.11a

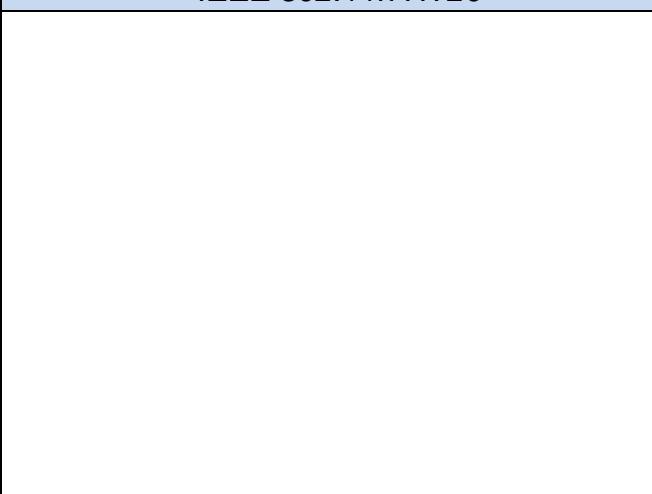


SweepControl  
Sweep Time 5.000 ms

Sweep Setup ▶

Gate [Off, LO] ▶  
Points 1001

## IEEE 802.11n HT20



SweepControl  
Sweep Time 5.000 ms

Sweep Setup ▶

Gate [Off, LO] ▶  
Points 1001

## IEEE 802.11n HT40

## 5.2. Maximum Conducted Output Power Measurement

### 5.2.1. Standard Applicable

#### For 5725~5850MHz

For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

### 5.2.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to section 6 of equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of the power meter.

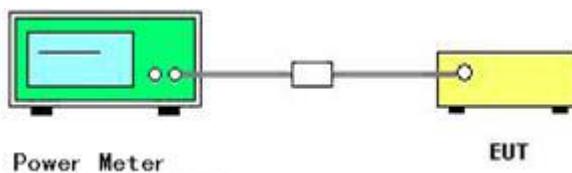
### 5.2.3. Test Procedures

The transmitter output (antenna port) was connected to the power meter.

According to KDB 789033 D02 Section 3 (a) Method PM (Measurement using an RF average power meter):

- (i) Measurements may be performed using a wideband RF power meter with a thermocouple detector or equivalent if all of the conditions listed below are satisfied.
  - The EUT is configured to transmit continuously or to transmit with a constant duty cycle.
  - At all times when the EUT is transmitting, it must be transmitting at its maximum power control level.
  - The integration period of the power meter exceeds the repetition period of the transmitted signal by at least a factor of five.
- (ii) If the transmitter does not transmit continuously, measure the duty cycle, x, of the transmitter output signal as described in section II.B.
- (iii) Measure the average power of the transmitter. This measurement is an average over both the on and off periods of the transmitter.
- (iv) Adjust the measurement in dBm by adding  $10 \log (1/x)$  where x is the duty cycle (e.g.,  $10 \log (1/0.25)$  if the duty cycle is 25%).

### 5.2.4. Test Setup Layout



### 5.2.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

### 5.2.6. Test Result of Maximum Conducted Output Power

Temperature			25°C			Humidity			60%		
Test Engineer			Chaz Liu			Configurations			IEEE 802.11a/n		
Test Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured Conducted Average Power (dBm)			Duty Cycle factor (dB)	Report Conducted Average Power (dBm)			Limits (dBm)	Verdict
			Antenna 0	Antenna 1	Sum		Antenna 0	Antenna 1	Sum		
IEEE 802.11a	149	5745	3.46	3.42	/	0.000	3.46	3.42	/	30.00	PASS
	157	5785	3.39	3.40	/	0.000	3.39	3.40	/		
	165	5825	3.41	3.38	/	0.000	3.41	3.38	/		
IEEE 802.11n HT20	149	5745	3.02	3.11	6.08	0.000	3.02	3.11	6.08	30.00	PASS
	157	5785	3.05	3.02	6.05	0.000	3.05	3.02	6.05		
	165	5825	3.12	3.06	6.10	0.000	3.12	3.06	6.10		
IEEE 802.11n HT40	151	5755	3.07	3.02	6.06	0.000	3.07	3.02	6.06	30.00	PASS
	159	5795	3.01	3.04	6.04	0.000	3.01	3.04	6.04		

**Remark:**

1. Measured output power at difference data rate for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode;
2. Test results including cable loss;
3. Worst case data at 6Mbps at IEEE 802.11a; MCS0 at IEEE 802.11n HT20, IEEE 802.11n HT40;
4. For MIMO with CCD technology device, The Directional Gain= Gain of individual transmit antennas (dBi) + Array gain;  
Array gain =  $10 \log (N_{ant})$ , where  $N_{ant}$  is the number of transmit antennas.
5. Directional Gain =  $2.00 + 10\log (2) = 5.01 \text{ dBi} < 6 \text{ dBi}$ ; no need reduce power limit;
6. Report conducted average power = measured conducted average power + Duty Cycle factor;

## 5.3. Power Spectral Density Measurement

### 5.3.1. Standard Applicable

#### For 5725~5850MHz

For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

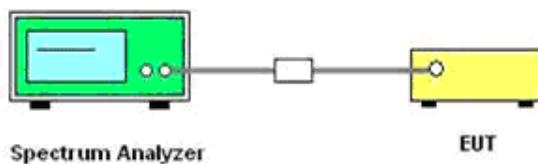
### 5.3.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to section 6 of equipments list in this report. The following table is the setting of Spectrum Analyzer.

### 5.3.3. Test Procedures

1. The transmitter was connected directly to a Spectrum Analyzer through a directional couple.
2. The power was monitored at the coupler port with a Spectrum Analyzer. The power level was set to the maximum level.
3. Set the RBW = 300 kHz.
4. Set the VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW
5. Span=Encompass the entire emissions bandwidth (EBW) of the signal
6. Detector = RMS.
7. Sweep time = auto couple.
8. Trace mode = max hold.
9. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
10. If measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 500 kHz, add  $10 \log(500 \text{ kHz}/\text{RBW})$  to the measured result, whereas RBW ( $< 500 \text{ kHz}$ ) is the reduced resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer set during measurement.
11. If measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 1 MHz, add  $10 \log(1\text{MHz}/\text{RBW})$  to the measured result, whereas RBW ( $< 1 \text{ MHz}$ ) is the reduced resolution bandwidth of spectrum analyzer set during measurement.
12. Care must be taken to ensure that the measurements are performed during a period of continuous transmission or are corrected upward for duty cycle.

### 5.3.4. Test Setup Layout



### 5.3.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

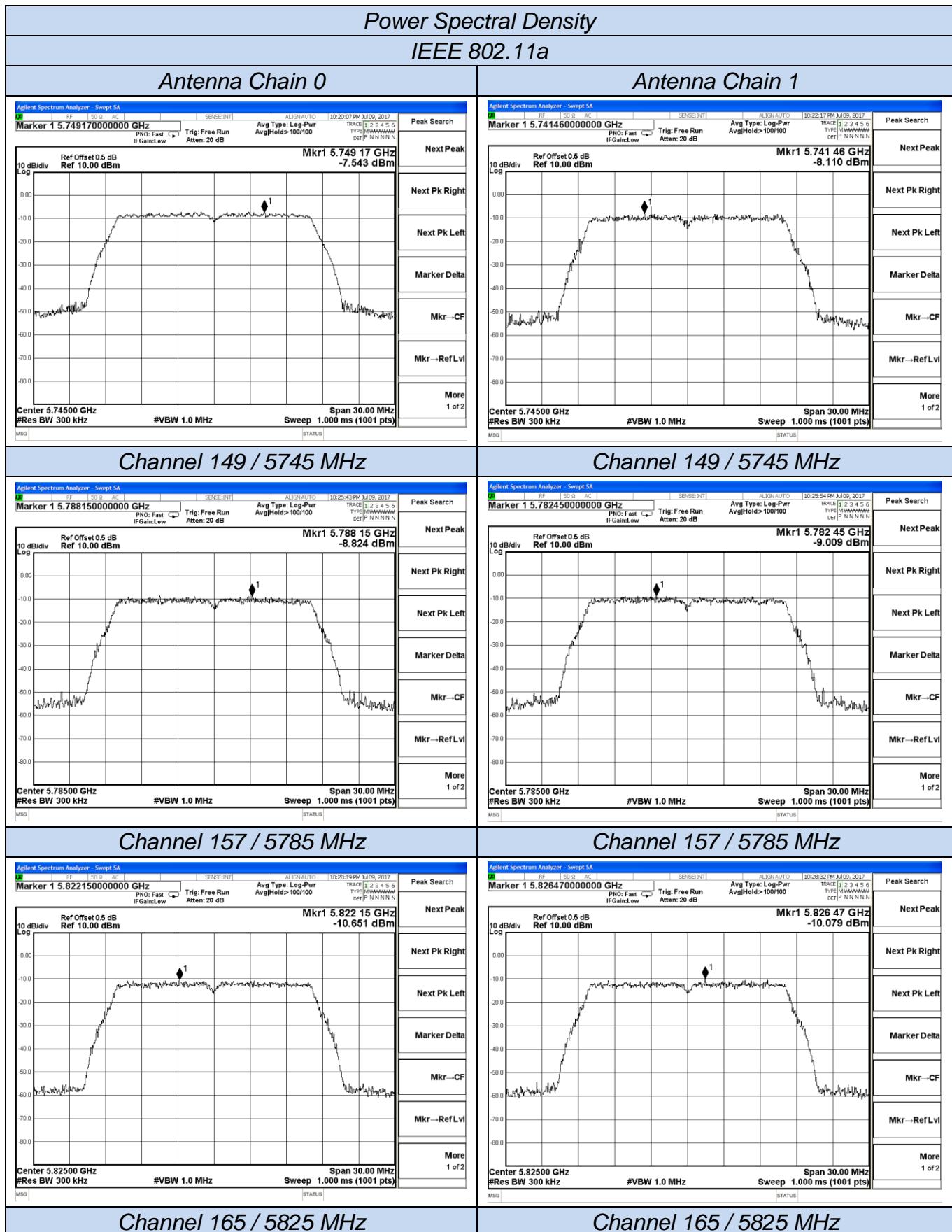
### 5.3.6. Test Result of Power Spectral Density

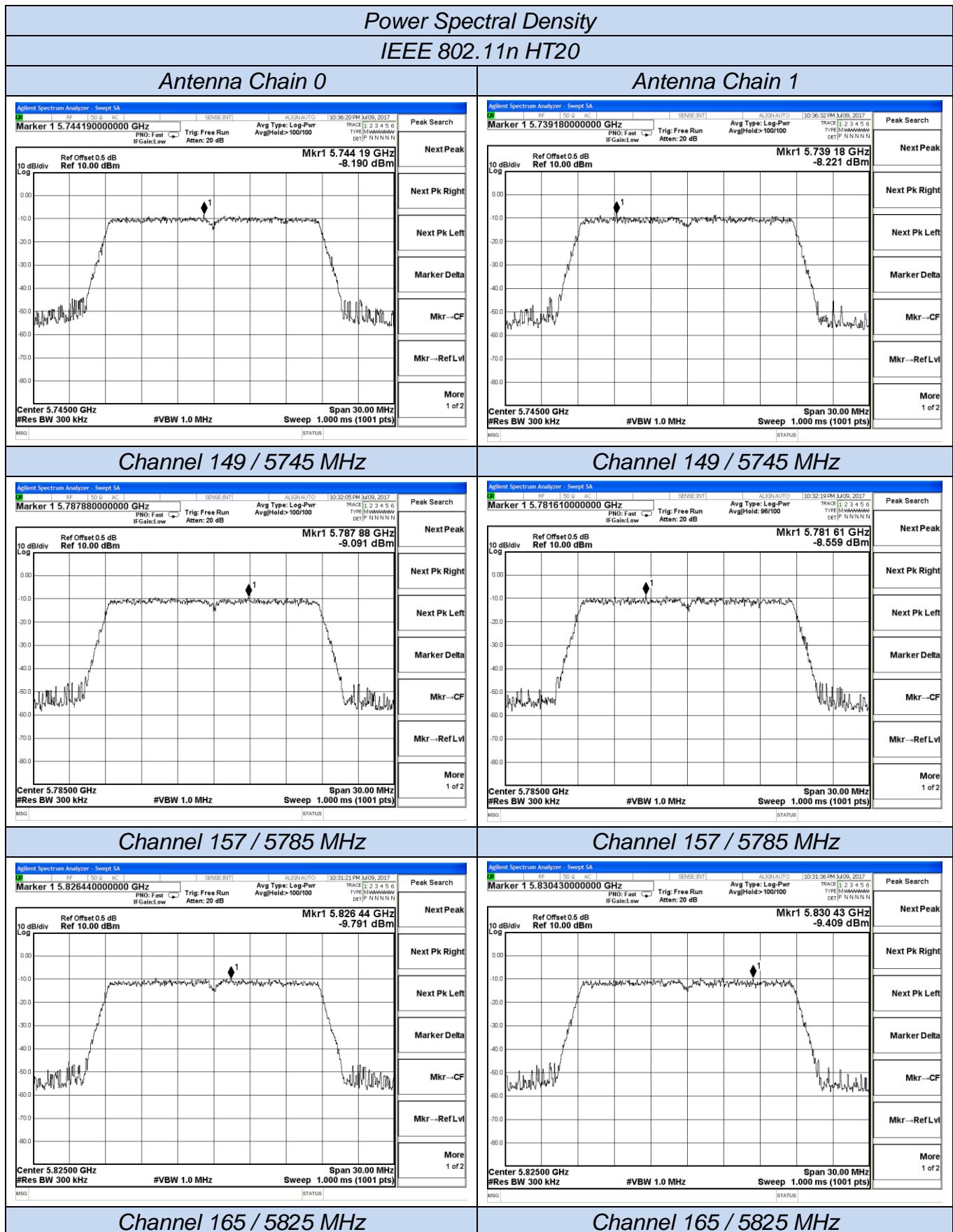
Temperature	25°C			Humidity			60%		
Test Engineer	Chaz Liu			Configurations			802.11a/n/ac		

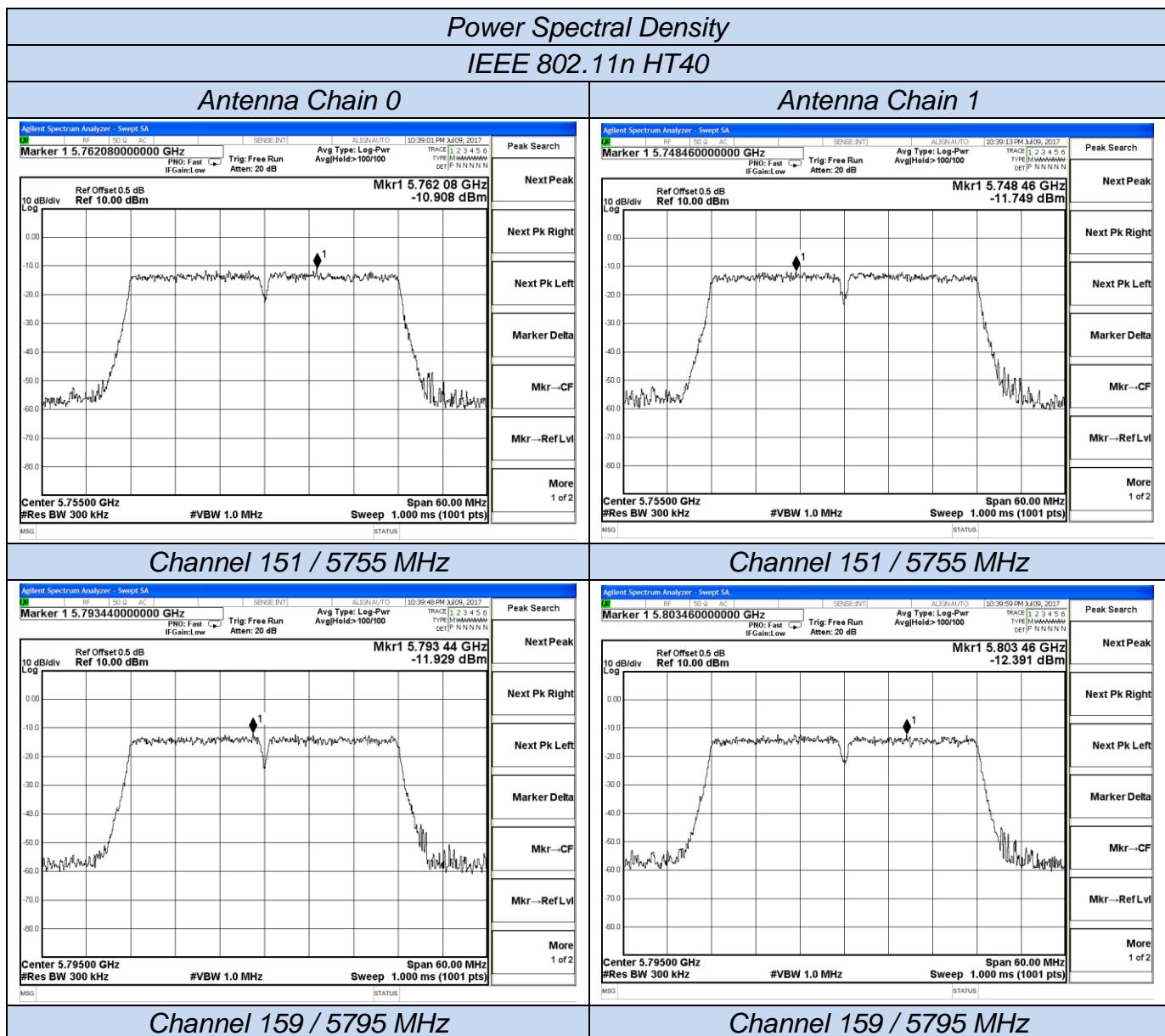
Test Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured Conducted PSD (dBm/300KHz)			Duty Cycle factor (dB)	RBW factor (dB)	Report Conducted PSD (dBm/500KHz)			Limits (dBm/500KHz)	Verdict
			Antenna 0	Antenna 1	Sum			Antenna 0	Antenna 1	Sum		
IEEE 802.11a	149	5745	-7.543	-8.110	/	0.000	2.218	-5.325	-5.892	/	30.00	PASS
	157	5785	-8.824	-9.009	/	0.000	2.218	-6.606	-6.791	/		
	165	5825	-10.651	-10.079	/	0.000	2.218	-8.433	-7.861	/		
IEEE 802.11n HT20	149	5745	-8.190	-8.221	-5.195	0.000	2.218	-5.972	-6.003	-2.977	30.00	PASS
	157	5785	-9.091	-8.559	-5.807	0.000	2.218	-6.873	-6.341	-3.589		
	165	5825	-9.791	-9.049	-6.394	0.000	2.218	-7.573	-6.831	-4.176		
IEEE 802.11n HT40	151	5755	-10.908	-11.749	-8.298	0.000	2.218	-8.69	-9.531	-6.080	30.00	PASS
	159	5795	-11.929	-12.391	-9.144	0.000	2.218	-9.711	-10.173	-6.926		

#### Remark:

1. Measured power spectrum density at difference data rate for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode.
2. Test results including cable loss;
3. Worst case data at 6Mbps at IEEE 802.11a; MCS0 at IEEE 802.11n HT20, IEEE 802.11n HT40;
4. For MIMO with CCD technology device, The Directional Gain= Gain of individual transmit antennas (dBi) + Array gain;  
Array gain =  $10 \log (N_{ant})$ , where  $N_{ant}$  is the number of transmit antennas.
5. Directional Gain =  $2.00 + 10\log (2) = 5.01 \text{ dBi} < 6 \text{ dBi}$ ; no need reduce power spectrum density limit;
6. Report conducted PSD = measured conducted PSD + Duty Cycle factor + RBW factor;
7. RBW factor =  $10 \log (500 \text{ KHz} / 300 \text{ KHz}) = 2.218 \text{ dB}$ ;
8. Please refer to following test plots;







## 5.4. 6dB Occupied Bandwidth Measurement

### 5.4.1. Standard Applicable

Within the 5.725-5.85 GHz band, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth of U-NII devices shall be at least 500 kHz.

### 5.4.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to section 6 of equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of the Spectrum Analyzer.

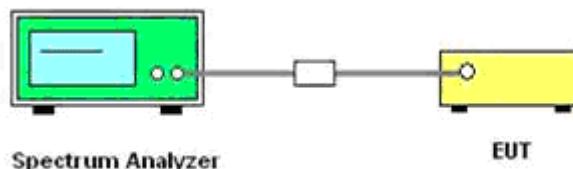
Spectrum Parameter	Setting
Attenuation	Auto
Span	> 26dB Bandwidth
Detector	Peak
Trace	Max Hold
Sweep Time	100ms

5

### 5.4.3. Test Procedures

1. The transmitter output (antenna port) was connected to the spectrum analyzer in peak hold mode.
2. The resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz and the video bandwidth of 300 kHz were used.
3. Measured the spectrum width with power higher than 6dB below carrier.

### 5.4.4. Test Setup Layout



### 5.4.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

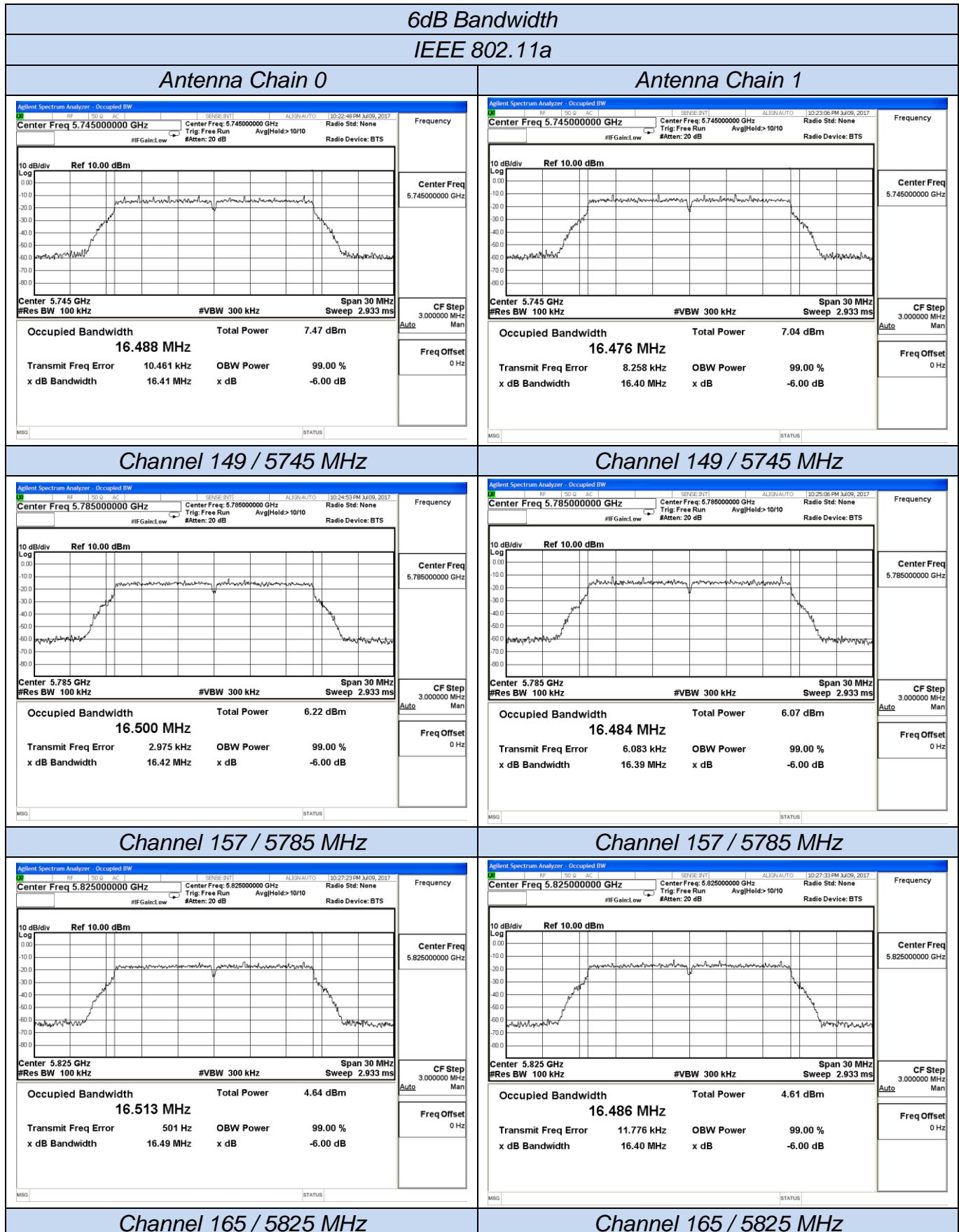
### 5.4.6. Test Result of 6dB Occupied Bandwidth

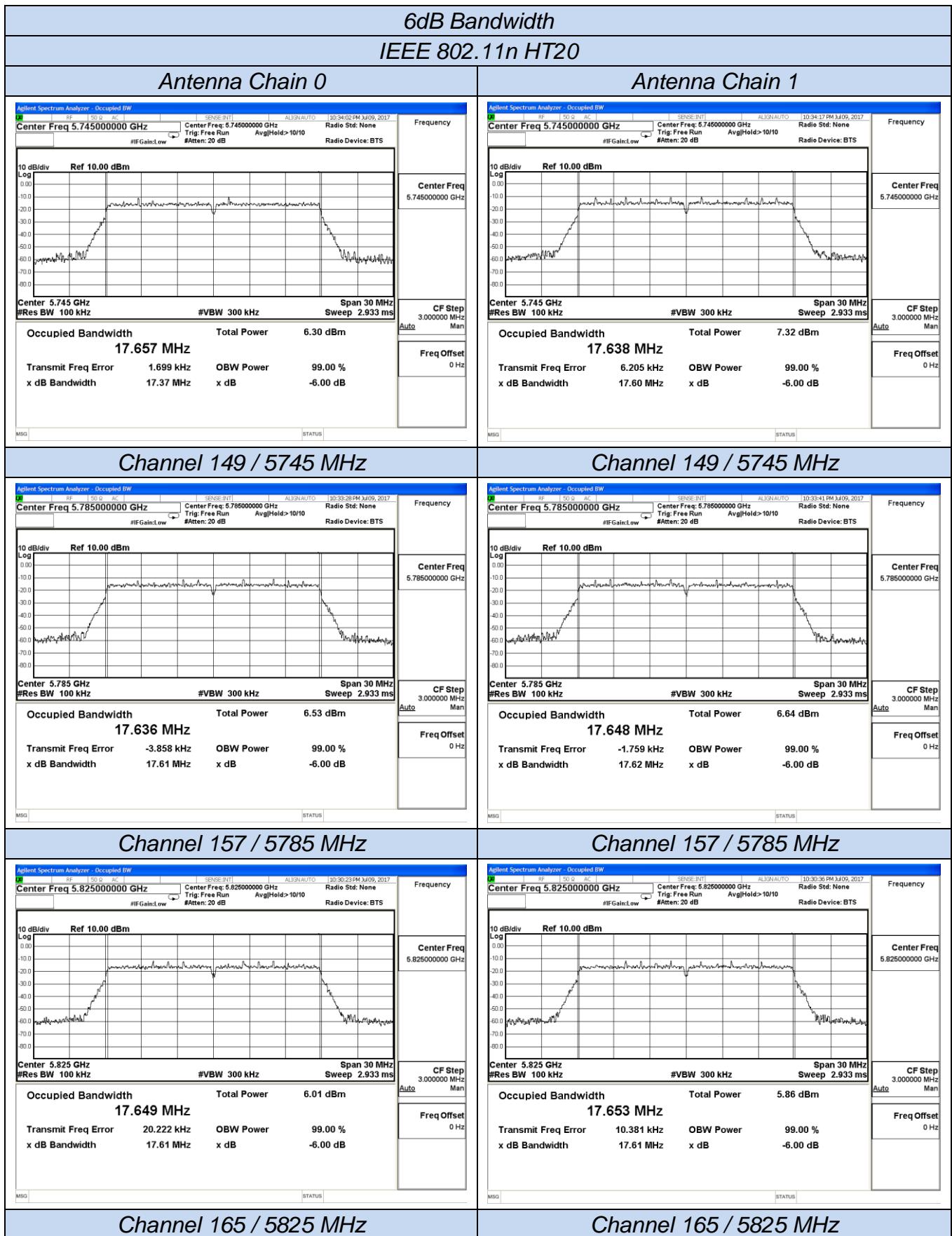
Temperature	25°C	Humidity	60%
Test Engineer	Chaz Liu	Configurations	IEEE 802.11a/n

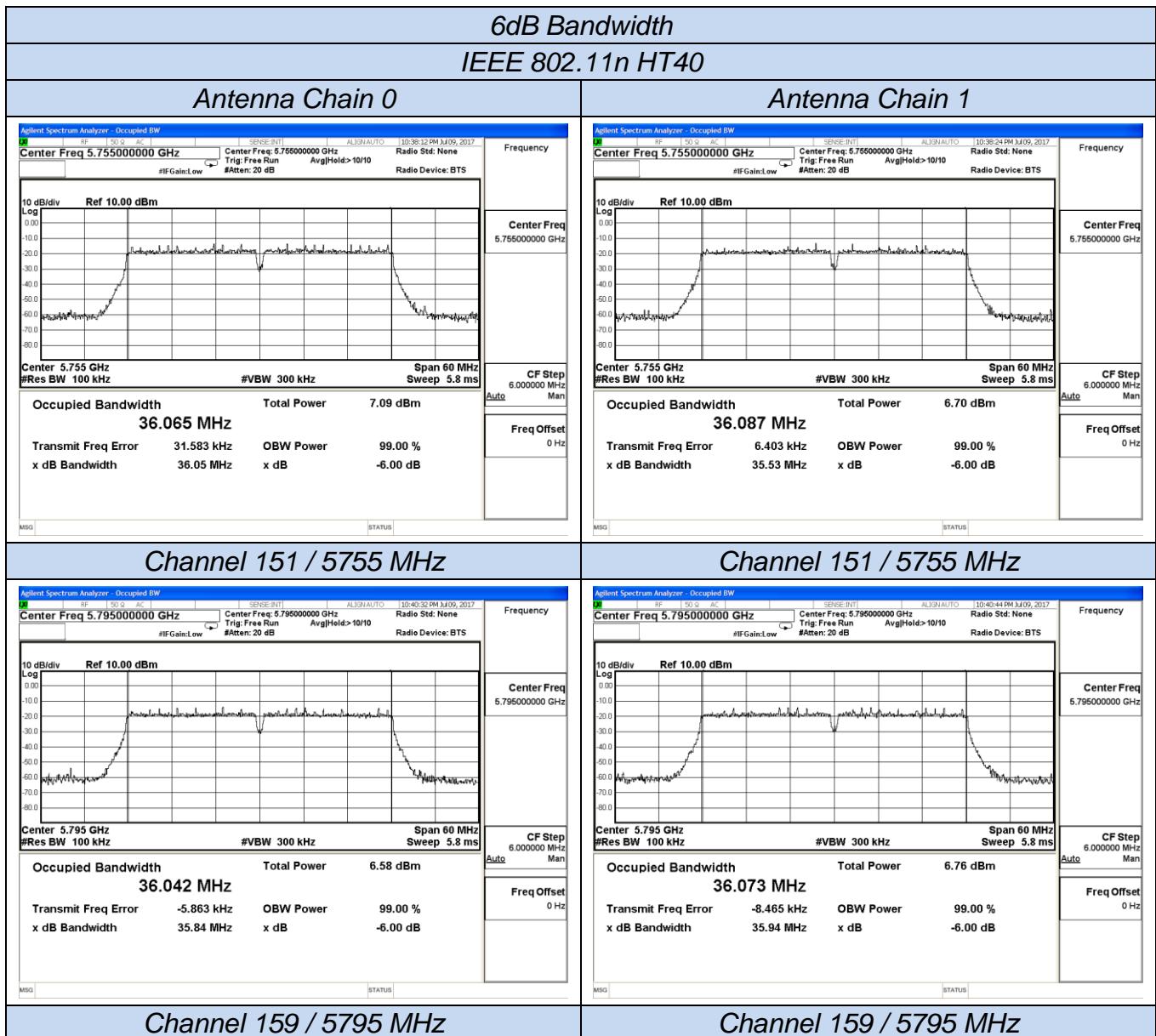
Test Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)		Limits (MHz)	Verdict
			Antenna 0	Antenna 1		
IEEE 802.11a	149	5745	16.410	16.400	≥0.500	PASS
	157	5785	16.420	16.390		
	163	5825	16.490	16.400		
IEEE 802.11n HT20	149	5745	17.370	17.600	≥0.500	PASS
	157	5785	17.610	17.620		
	163	5825	17.610	17.610		
IEEE 802.11n HT40	151	5755	36.050	35.530	≥0.500	PASS
	159	5795	35.840	35.940		

**Remark:**

1. Measured 6dB bandwidth at difference data rate for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode;
2. Test results including cable loss;
3. Worst case data at 6Mbps at IEEE 802.11a; MCS0 at IEEE 802.11n HT20, IEEE 802.11n HT40;
4. Please refer to following test plots;







## 5.5. Radiated Emissions Measurement

### 5.5.1. Standard Applicable

15.205 (a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090-0.110	16.42-16.423	399.9-410	4.5-5.15
\1\ 0.495-0.505	16.69475-16.69525	608-614	5.35-5.46
2.1735-2.1905	16.80425-16.80475	960-1240	7.25-7.75
4.125-4.128	25.5-25.67	1300-1427	8.025-8.5
4.17725-4.17775	37.5-38.25	1435-1626.5	9.0-9.2
4.20725-4.20775	73-74.6	1645.5-1646.5	9.3-9.5
6.215-6.218	74.8-75.2	1660-1710	10.6-12.7
6.26775-6.26825	108-121.94	1718.8-1722.2	13.25-13.4
6.31175-6.31225	123-138	2200-2300	14.47-14.5
8.291-8.294	149.9-150.05	2310-2390	15.35-16.2
8.362-8.366	156.52475-156.52525	2483.5-2500	17.7-21.4
8.37625-8.38675	156.7-156.9	2690-2900	22.01-23.12
8.41425-8.41475	162.0125-167.17	3260-3267	23.6-24.0
12.29-12.293.	167.72-173.2	3332-3339	31.2-31.8
12.51975-12.52025	240-285	3345.8-3358	36.43-36.5
12.57675-12.57725	322-335.4	3600-4400	(2\)
13.36-13.41			

\1\ Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.

\2\ Above 38.6

For transmitters operating in the 5.725-5.85 GHz band:

All emissions shall be limited to a level of -27 dBm/MHz(68.2dB<sub>UV</sub>/m at 3m) at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz(105.2dB<sub>UV</sub>/m at 3m) at 25 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 25 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 15.6(110.8dB<sub>UV</sub>/m at 3m) dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 5 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz(122.2dB<sub>UV</sub>/m at 3m) at the band edge.

In addition, In case the emission fall within the restricted band specified on 15.205(a), then the 15.209(a) limit in the table below has to be followed.

Frequencies (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009~0.490	2400/F(KHz)	300
0.490~1.705	24000/F(KHz)	30
1.705~30.0	30	30
30~88	100	3
88~216	150	3
216~960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

### 5.5.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to section 6 of equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of spectrum analyzer and receiver.

Spectrum Parameter	Setting
Attenuation	Auto
Start Frequency	1000 MHz
Stop Frequency	10 <sup>th</sup> carrier harmonic
RB / VB (Emission in restricted band)	1MHz / 1MHz for Peak, 1 MHz / 1/B kHz for Average
RB / VB (Emission in non-restricted band)	1MHz / 1MHz for Peak, 1 MHz / 1/B kHz for Average

Receiver Parameter	Setting
Attenuation	Auto
Start ~ Stop Frequency	9kHz~150kHz / RB/VB 200Hz/1KHz for QP/AVG
Start ~ Stop Frequency	150kHz~30MHz / RB/VB 9kHz/30KHz for QP/AVG
Start ~ Stop Frequency	30MHz~1000MHz / RB/VB 120kHz/1MHz for QP

### 5.5.3. Test Procedures

#### 1) Sequence of testing 9 kHz to 30 MHz

##### **Setup:**

- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a rotatable table with 0.8 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- The measurement distance is 3 meter.
- The EUT was set into operation.

##### **Premeasurement:**

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna height is 1.5 meter.
- At each turntable position the analyzer sweeps with peak detection to find the maximum of all emissions

##### **Final measurement:**

- Identified emissions during the premeasurement the software maximizes by rotating the turntable position (0° to 360°) and by rotating the elevation axes (0° to 360°).
- The final measurement will be done in the position (turntable and elevation) causing the highest emissions with QPK detector.
- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit will be stored.

## 2) Sequence of testing 30 MHz to 1 GHz

### Setup:

- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a table with 0.8 m height is used, which is placed on the ground plane.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- The measurement distance is 3 meter.
- The EUT was set into operation.

### Premeasurement:

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height changes from 1 to 3 meter.
- At each turntable position, antenna polarization and height the analyzer sweeps three times in peak to find the maximum of all emissions.

### Final measurement:

- The final measurement will be performed with minimum the six highest peaks.
- According to the maximum antenna and turntable positions of premeasurement the software maximize the peaks by changing turntable position ( $\pm 45^\circ$ ) and antenna movement between 1 and 4 meter.
- The final measurement will be done with QP detector with an EMI receiver.
- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, antenna height, antenna polarization, turntable angle, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final measurements and the limit will be stored.

### 3) Sequence of testing 1 GHz to 18 GHz

#### **Setup:**

- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a rotatable table with 1.5 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- The measurement distance is 3 meter.
- The EUT was set into operation.

#### **Premeasurement:**

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height scan range is 1 meter to 2.5 meter.
- At each turntable position and antenna polarization the analyzer sweeps with peak detection to find the maximum of all emissions.

#### **Final measurement:**

- The final measurement will be performed with minimum the six highest peaks.
- According to the maximum antenna and turntable positions of premeasurement the software maximize the peaks by changing turntable position ( $\pm 45^\circ$ ) and antenna movement between 1 and 4 meter. This procedure is repeated for both antenna polarizations.
- The final measurement will be done in the position (turntable, EUT-table and antenna polarization) causing the highest emissions with Peak and Average detector.
- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, EUT-table position, antenna polarization, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final measurements and the limit will be stored.

#### 4) Sequence of testing above 18 GHz

##### **Setup:**

- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a rotatable table with 1.5 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- The measurement distance is 1 meter.
- The EUT was set into operation.

##### **Premeasurement:**

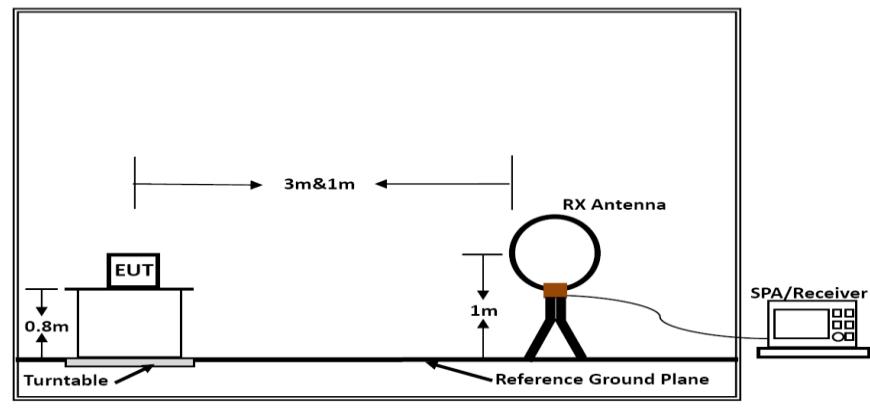
- The antenna is moved spherical over the EUT in different polarizations of the antenna.

##### **Final measurement:**

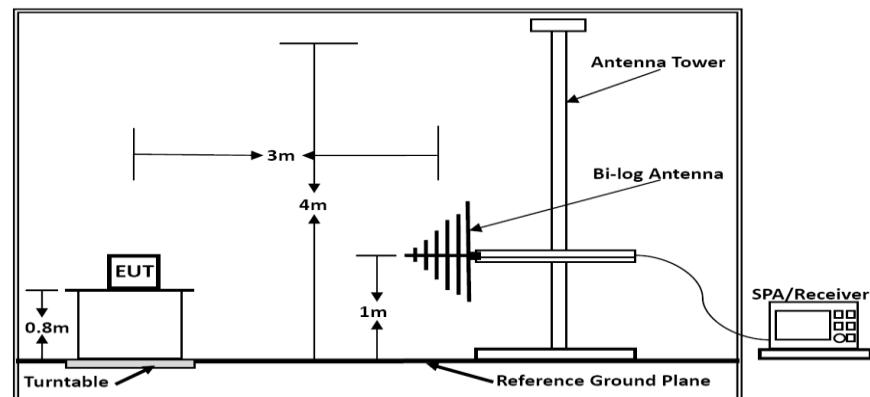
- The final measurement will be performed at the position and antenna orientation for all detected emissions that were found during the premeasurements with Peak and Average detector.
- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit will be stored.

### 5.5.4. Test Setup Layout

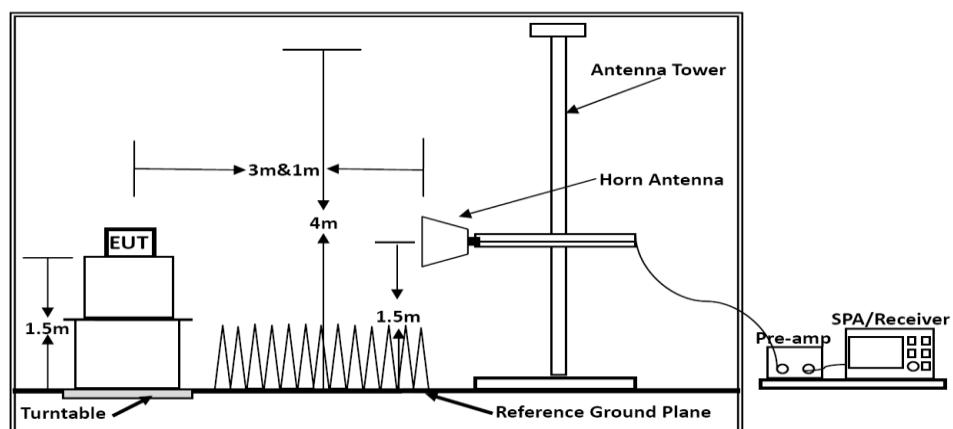
For radiated emissions below 30MHz



**Below 30MHz**



**Below 1GHz**



**Above 1GHz**

Above 18 GHz shall be extrapolated to the specified distance using an extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade from 3m to 1m.

Distance extrapolation factor =  $20 \log (\text{specific distanc [3m]} / \text{test distance [1.5m]})$  (dB);

Limit line = specific limits (dBuV) + distance extrapolation factor [6 dB].

### 5.5.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

### 5.5.6. Results of Radiated Emissions (9 KHz~30MHz)

Temperature	25°C	Humidity	60%
Test Engineer	Chaz Liu	Configurations	IEEE 802.11a/n

Freq. (MHz)	Level (dBuV)	Over Limit (dB)	Over Limit (dBuV)	Remark
-	-	-	-	See Note

Note:

The amplitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated by more than 20 dB below the permissible value has no need to be reported.

Distance extrapolation factor =  $40 \log (\text{specific distance} / \text{test distance})$  (dB);

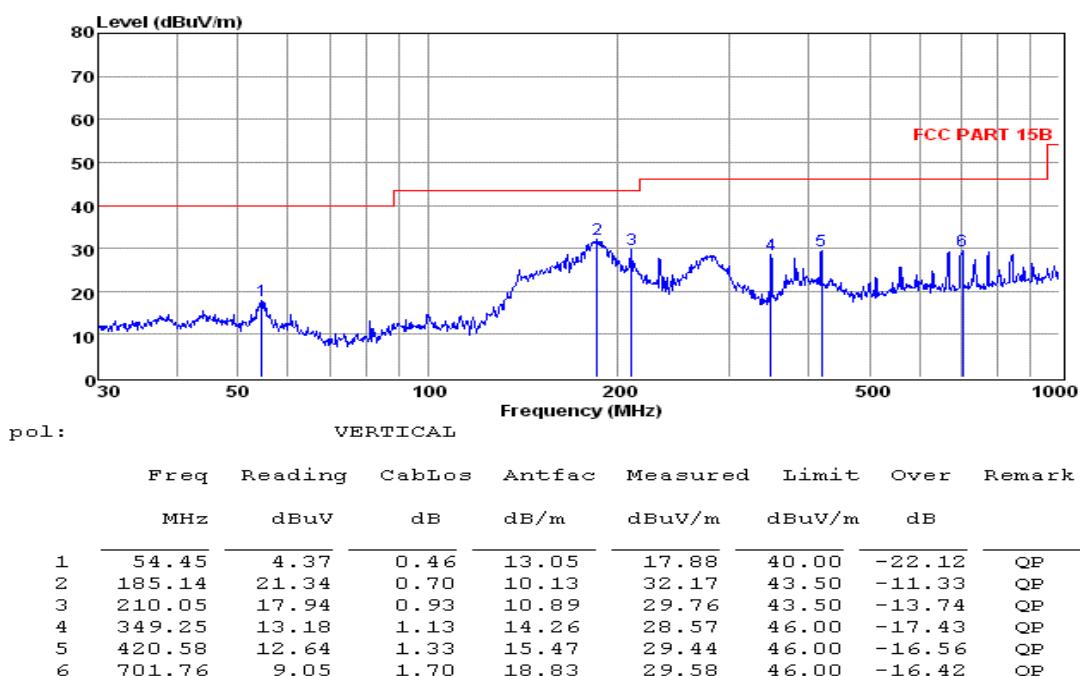
Limit line = specific limits (dBuV) + distance extrapolation factor.

### 5.5.7. Results of Radiated Emissions (30MHz~1GHz)

Temperature	25°C	Humidity	60%
Test Engineer	Chaz Liu	Configurations	IEEE 802.11a, 5240MHz

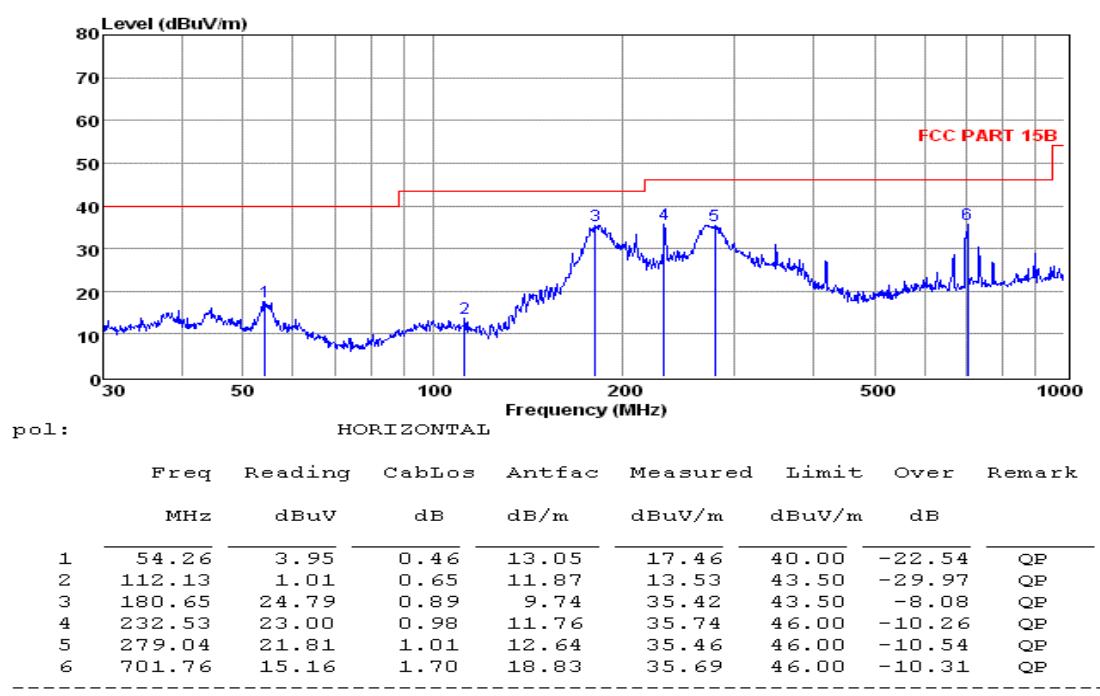
Worst result for IEEE 802.11a-5745MHz (Antenna 0)

Horizontal:



Note: 1. All readings are Quasi-peak values.  
2. Measured= Reading + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss  
3. The emission that ate 20db blow the official limit are not reported

**Vertical:**



Note: 1. All readings are Quasi-peak values.  
 2. Measured = Reading + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss  
 3. The emission that ate 20db blow the offficial limit are not reported

**Note:**

Pre-scan all modes and recorded the worst case results in this report (IEEE 802.11a-5745MHz).  
 Emission level (dBuV/m) = 20 log Emission level (uV/m).

Corrected Reading: Antenna Factor + Cable Loss + Read Level - Preamp Factor = Level.

### 5.5.8. Results for Radiated Emissions (Above 1GHz)

*Remark: Measured all modes and recorded worst case;*

*IEEE 802.11a/worst case for Antenna Chain 0*

*Channel 149 / 5745 MHz*

Freq GHz	Read Level dBuV	Ant. Fac dB/m	Pre. Fac dB	Cab.Los dB	Measured Level dBuV	Limit Line dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Remark	Pol/Phase
17.235	55.80	33.23	35.14	3.98	57.87	74.00	-16.13	Peak	Horizontal
17.235	39.97	33.23	35.14	3.98	42.04	54.00	-11.96	Average	Horizontal
17.235	59.43	33.23	35.14	3.98	61.50	74.00	-12.50	Peak	Vertical
17.235	42.32	33.23	35.14	3.98	44.39	54.00	-9.61	Average	Vertical

*Channel 157 / 5785 MHz*

Freq GHz	Read Level dBuV	Ant. Fac dB/m	Pre. Fac dB	Cab.Los dB	Measured Level dBuV	Limit Line dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Remark	Pol/Phase
17.355	54.37	33.27	35.14	3.98	56.48	74.00	-17.52	Peak	Horizontal
17.355	39.07	33.27	35.14	3.98	41.18	54.00	-12.82	Average	Horizontal
17.355	59.32	33.27	35.14	3.98	61.43	74.00	-12.57	Peak	Vertical
17.355	41.84	33.27	35.14	3.98	43.95	54.00	-10.05	Average	Vertical

*Channel 163 / 5825 MHz*

Freq GHz	Read Level dBuV	Ant. Fac dB/m	Pre. Fac dB	Cab.Los dB	Measured Level dBuV	Limit Line dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Remark	Pol/Phase
17.475	54.40	33.32	35.14	3.98	56.56	74.00	-17.44	Peak	Horizontal
17.475	39.25	33.32	35.14	3.98	41.41	54.00	-12.59	Average	Horizontal
17.475	59.83	33.32	35.14	3.98	61.99	74.00	-12.01	Peak	Vertical
17.475	42.71	33.32	35.14	3.98	44.87	54.00	-9.13	Average	Vertical

*IEEE 802.11n-HT20/Combined Antenna Chain 0 and Antenna Chain 1**Channel 149 / 5745 MHz*

Freq GHz	Read Level dBuV	Ant. Fac dB/m	Pre. Fac dB	Cab.Los dB	Measured Level dBuV	Limit Line dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Remark	Pol/Phase
17.235	55.07	33.23	35.14	3.98	57.14	74.00	-16.86	Peak	Horizontal
17.235	39.19	33.23	35.14	3.98	41.26	54.00	-12.74	Average	Horizontal
17.235	59.08	33.23	35.14	3.98	61.15	74.00	-12.85	Peak	Vertical
17.235	41.54	33.23	35.14	3.98	43.61	54.00	-10.39	Average	Vertical

*Channel 157 / 5785 MHz*

Freq GHz	Read Level dBuV	Ant. Fac dB/m	Pre. Fac dB	Cab.Los dB	Measured Level dBuV	Limit Line dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Remark	Pol/Phase
17.355	54.09	33.27	35.14	3.98	56.20	74.00	-17.80	Peak	Horizontal
17.355	38.99	33.27	35.14	3.98	41.10	54.00	-12.90	Average	Horizontal
17.355	59.05	33.27	35.14	3.98	61.16	74.00	-12.84	Peak	Vertical
17.355	42.54	33.27	35.14	3.98	44.65	54.00	-9.35	Average	Vertical

*Channel 163 / 5825 MHz*

Freq GHz	Read Level dBuV	Ant. Fac dB/m	Pre. Fac dB	Cab.Los dB	Measured Level dBuV	Limit Line dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Remark	Pol/Phase
17.475	55.06	33.32	35.14	3.98	57.22	74.00	-16.78	Peak	Horizontal
17.475	39.35	33.32	35.14	3.98	41.51	54.00	-12.49	Average	Horizontal
17.475	58.48	33.32	35.14	3.98	60.64	74.00	-13.36	Peak	Vertical
17.475	41.31	33.32	35.14	3.98	43.47	54.00	-10.53	Average	Vertical

*IEEE 802.11n HT40 / Antenna Chain 0 and Antenna Chain 1**Channel 151 / 5755 MHz*

Freq GHz	Read Level dBuV	Ant. Fac dB/m	Pre. Fac dB	Cab.Los dB	Measured Level dBuV	Limit Line dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Remark	Pol/Phase
17.265	55.17	33.23	35.14	3.98	57.24	74.00	-16.76	Peak	Horizontal
17.265	38.01	33.23	35.14	3.98	40.08	54.00	-13.92	Average	Horizontal
17.265	58.02	33.23	35.14	3.98	60.09	74.00	-13.91	Peak	Vertical
17.265	42.35	33.23	35.14	3.98	44.42	54.00	-9.58	Average	Vertical

*Channel 159 / 5795 MHz*

Freq GHz	Read Level dBuV	Ant. Fac dB/m	Pre. Fac dB	Cab.Los dB	Measured Level dBuV	Limit Line dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Remark	Pol/Phase
17.385	54.53	33.27	35.14	3.98	56.64	74.00	-17.36	Peak	Horizontal
17.385	39.73	33.27	35.14	3.98	41.84	54.00	-12.16	Average	Horizontal
17.385	58.89	33.27	35.14	3.98	61.00	74.00	-13.00	Peak	Vertical
17.385	41.69	33.27	35.14	3.98	43.80	54.00	-10.20	Average	Vertical

**Notes:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 9 KHz ~40 GHz, No emission found between lowest internal used/generated frequencies to 30MHz.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency range from 9 KHz ~40GHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode.
3. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown “---” in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
4. Worst case data at 6Mbps at IEEE 802.11a; MCS0 at IEEE 802.11n HT20, IEEE 802.11n HT40;

## 5.6. Power line conducted emissions

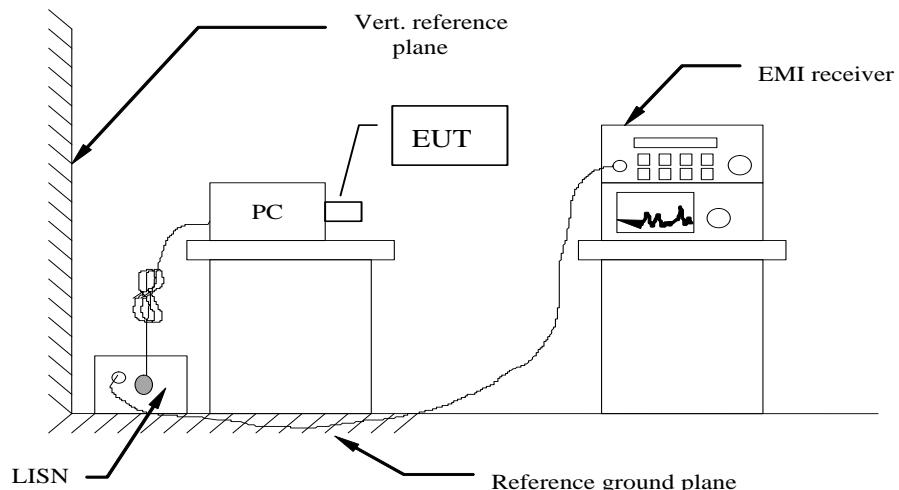
### 5.6.1 Standard Applicable

According to §15.207 (a): For an intentional radiator which is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed 250 microvolts (The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.50 MHz). The limits at specific frequency range are listed as follows:

Frequency Range (MHz)	Limits (dB $\mu$ V)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 to 0.50	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.50 to 5	56	46
5 to 30	60	50

\* Decreasing linearly with the logarithm of the frequency

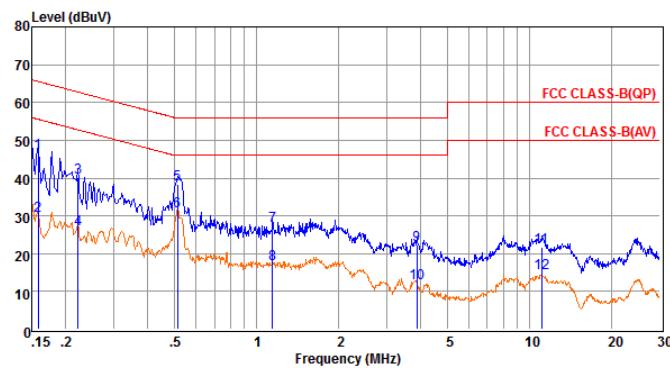
### 5.6.2 Block Diagram of Test Setup



### 5.6.3 Test Results

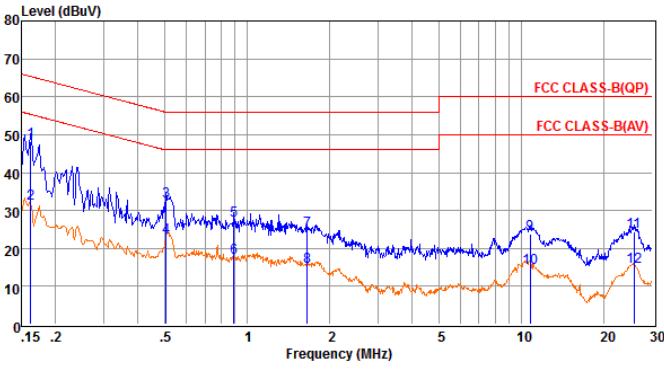
PASS.

The test data please refer to following page.

**AC Conducted Emission of power by adapter @ AC 120V/60Hz @ IEEE 802.11a (worst case)**

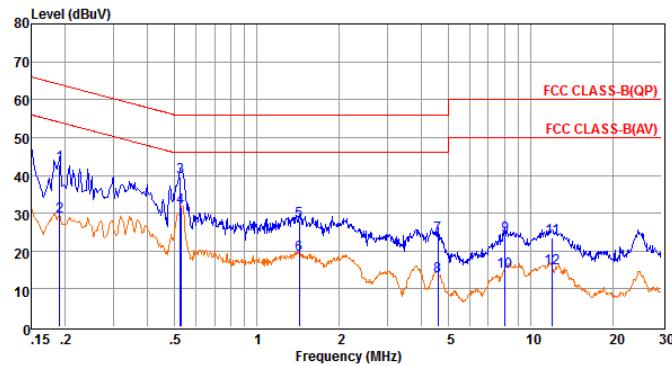
Freq	Reading	LISN	Fac	Cab	Los	Aux2	Fac	Measured	Limit	Over	Remark
MHz	dBuV	dB	dB	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dBuV	dBuV	dBuV		
1	0.16	27.06	9.68	0.02	10.00	46.76	65.56	-18.80	QP		
2	0.16	10.45	9.68	0.02	10.00	30.15	55.55	-25.40	Average		
3	0.22	20.56	9.59	0.03	10.00	40.18	62.74	-22.56	QP		
4	0.22	6.88	9.59	0.03	10.00	26.50	52.74	-26.24	Average		
5	0.51	18.76	9.62	0.04	10.00	38.42	56.00	-17.58	QP		
6	0.51	11.60	9.62	0.04	10.00	31.26	46.00	-14.74	Average		
7	1.14	7.56	9.63	0.05	10.00	27.24	56.00	-28.76	QP		
8	1.14	-2.33	9.63	0.05	10.00	17.35	46.00	-28.65	Average		
9	3.86	2.61	9.65	0.06	10.00	22.32	56.00	-33.68	QP		
10	3.86	-7.51	9.65	0.06	10.00	12.20	46.00	-33.80	Average		
11	11.08	1.87	9.73	0.09	10.00	21.69	60.00	-38.31	QP		
12	11.08	-5.01	9.73	0.09	10.00	14.81	50.00	-35.19	Average		

Remarks: 1. Measured = Reading +Cable Loss +Aux2 Fac.  
2. The emission levels that are 20dB below the official limit are not reported.



Freq	Reading	LISN	Fac	Cab	Los	Aux2	Fac	Measured	Limit	Over	Remark
MHz	dBuV	dB	dB	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dBuV	dBuV	dBuV		
1	0.16	28.62	9.59	0.02	10.00	48.23	65.34	-17.11	QP		
2	0.16	12.34	9.59	0.02	10.00	31.95	55.33	-23.38	Average		
3	0.50	12.87	9.62	0.04	10.00	32.53	56.00	-23.47	QP		
4	0.50	3.17	9.62	0.04	10.00	22.83	46.00	-23.17	Average		
5	0.89	7.64	9.63	0.05	10.00	27.32	56.00	-28.68	QP		
6	0.89	-1.99	9.63	0.05	10.00	17.69	46.00	-28.31	Average		
7	1.65	4.88	9.64	0.05	10.00	24.57	56.00	-31.43	QP		
8	1.65	-4.62	9.64	0.05	10.00	15.07	46.00	-30.93	Average		
9	10.73	4.06	9.69	0.08	10.00	23.83	60.00	-36.17	QP		
10	10.73	-4.86	9.69	0.08	10.00	14.91	50.00	-35.09	Average		
11	25.73	4.41	9.71	0.13	10.00	24.25	60.00	-35.75	QP		
12	25.73	-4.62	9.71	0.13	10.00	15.22	50.00	-34.78	Average		

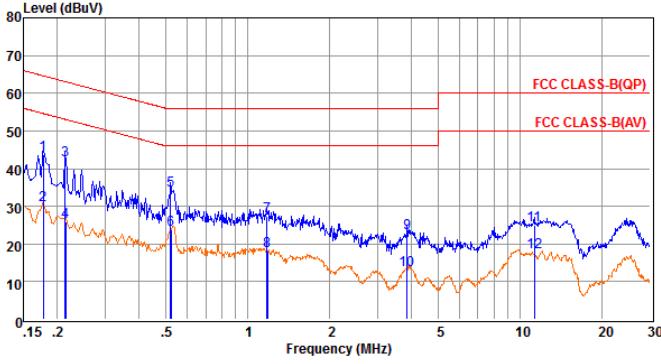
Remarks: 1. Measured = Reading +Cable Loss +Aux2 Fac.  
2. The emission levels that are 20dB below the official limit are not reported.

**AC Conducted Emission of power by adapter @ AC 240V/50Hz @ IEEE 802.11a (worst case)**

Env. Ins: 24\*/56%  
Pol: NEUTRAL

Freq	Reading	LISNFac	CabLos	Aux2Fac	Measured	Limit	Over	Remark
MHz		dBuV	dB	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dBuV	
1	0.19	23.18	9.61	0.02	10.00	42.81	64.02	-21.21 QP
2	0.19	9.52	9.61	0.02	10.00	29.15	54.02	-24.87 Average
3	0.53	19.87	9.62	0.04	10.00	39.53	56.00	-16.47 QP
4	0.53	11.81	9.62	0.04	10.00	31.47	46.00	-14.53 Average
5	1.43	8.23	9.63	0.05	10.00	27.91	56.00	-28.09 QP
6	1.43	-0.76	9.63	0.05	10.00	18.92	46.00	-27.08 Average
7	4.57	4.48	9.66	0.06	10.00	24.20	56.00	-31.80 QP
8	4.57	-6.27	9.66	0.06	10.00	13.45	46.00	-32.55 Average
9	8.06	4.20	9.70	0.07	10.00	23.97	60.00	-36.03 QP
10	8.06	-5.09	9.70	0.07	10.00	14.68	50.00	-35.32 Average
11	12.00	3.78	9.73	0.09	10.00	23.60	60.00	-36.40 QP
12	12.00	-4.44	9.73	0.09	10.00	15.38	50.00	-34.62 Average

Remarks: 1. Measured = Reading +Cable Loss +Aux2 Fac.  
2. The emission levels that are 20dB below the official limit are not reported.



Env. Ins: 24\*/56%  
Pol: LINE

Freq	Reading	LISNFac	CabLos	Aux2Fac	Measured	Limit	Over	Remark
MHz		dBuV	dB	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dBuV	
1	0.18	24.21	9.61	0.02	10.00	43.84	64.59	-20.75 QP
2	0.18	10.67	9.61	0.02	10.00	30.30	54.59	-24.29 Average
3	0.21	22.71	9.63	0.03	10.00	42.37	63.05	-20.68 QP
4	0.21	6.32	9.63	0.03	10.00	25.98	53.05	-27.07 Average
5	0.52	14.49	9.62	0.04	10.00	34.15	56.00	-21.85 QP
6	0.52	4.03	9.62	0.04	10.00	23.69	46.00	-22.31 Average
7	1.18	7.80	9.63	0.05	10.00	27.48	56.00	-28.52 QP
8	1.18	-1.62	9.63	0.05	10.00	18.06	46.00	-27.94 Average
9	3.84	3.33	9.65	0.06	10.00	23.04	56.00	-32.96 QP
10	3.84	-6.57	9.65	0.06	10.00	13.14	46.00	-32.86 Average
11	11.26	5.24	9.70	0.09	10.00	25.03	60.00	-34.97 QP
12	11.26	-2.09	9.70	0.09	10.00	17.70	50.00	-32.30 Average

Remarks: 1. Measured = Reading +Cable Loss +Aux2 Fac.  
2. The emission levels that are 20dB below the official limit are not reported.

\*\*\*Note: Pre-scan all modes and recorded the worst case results in this report (IEEE 802.11a).

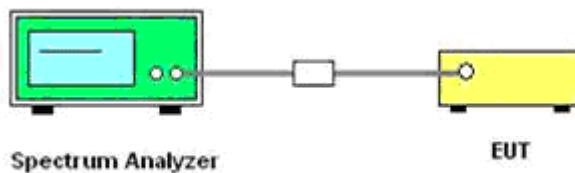
## 5.7 Undesirable Emissions Measurement

### 5.7.1 LIMIT

According to §15.407 (b) Undesirable emission limits. Except as shown in paragraph (b) (7) of this section, the maximum emissions outside of the frequency bands of operation shall be attenuated in accordance with the following limits:

- (a) For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.
- (b) For transmitters operating in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.
- (c) For transmitters operating in the 5.47-5.725 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.47-5.725 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.
- (d) For transmitters operating in the 5.725-5.85 GHz band:
  - (i) All emissions shall be limited to a level of -27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 25 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 5 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz at the band edge.
  - (ii) Devices certified before March 2, 2017 with antenna gain greater than 10 dBi may demonstrate compliance with the emission limits in §15.247(d), but manufacturing, marketing and importing of devices certified under this alternative must cease by March 2, 2018. Devices certified before March 2, 2018 with antenna gain of 10 dBi or less may demonstrate compliance with the emission limits in §15.247(d), but manufacturing, marketing and importing of devices certified under this alternative must cease before March 2, 2020.
  - (e) The emission measurements shall be performed using a minimum resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz. A lower resolution bandwidth may be employed near the band edge, when necessary, provided the measured energy is integrated to show the total power over 1 MHz.
  - (f) Unwanted emissions below 1 GHz must comply with the general field strength limits set forth in §15.209. Further, any U-NII devices using an AC power line are required to comply also with the conducted limits set forth in §15.207.
  - (g) The provisions of §15.205 apply to intentional radiators operating under this section.
  - (h) When measuring the emission limits, the nominal carrier frequency shall be adjusted as close to the upper and lower frequency band edges as the design of the equipment permits.

### 5.7.2 TEST CONFIGURATION



### 5.7.3 TEST PROCEDURE

1. The power was monitored at the coupler port with a Spectrum Analyzer. The power level was set to the maximum level.
2. Set the RBW = 1MHz.
3. Set the VBW  $\geq$  3MHz
4. Number of points in sweep  $\geq 2 \times \text{span} / \text{RBW}$ . (This ensures that bin-to-bin spacing is  $\leq \text{RBW}/2$ , so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.)
5. Manually set sweep time  $\geq 10 \times (\text{number of points in sweep}) \times (\text{total on/off period of the transmitted signal})$ .
6. Set detector = power averaging (rms).

7. Sweep time = auto couple.
8. Trace mode = max hold.
9. Allow trace to fully stabilize.

### 5. 7.4 Test Results

For Antenna Chain 0

<b>IEEE 802.11a</b>							
Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	EIRP (dBm/1MHz)	Detector	Limit (dBm/1MHz)	Over limit dB	Verdict
5650.000	-59.431	2.000	-57.431	Peak	-27.000	-30.431	PASS
5700.000	-57.024	2.000	-55.024	Peak	-27.000	-28.024	PASS
5720.000	-55.142	2.000	-53.142	Peak	-17.000	-36.142	PASS
5725.000	-53.648	2.000	-51.648	Peak	-17.000	-34.648	PASS
5850.000	-55.173	2.000	-53.173	Peak	-17.000	-36.173	PASS
5855.000	-55.742	2.000	-53.742	Peak	-17.000	-36.742	PASS
5875.000	-55.796	2.000	-53.796	Peak	-27.000	-26.796	PASS
5925.000	-57.693	2.000	-55.693	Peak	-27.000	-28.693	PASS

**IEEE 802.11n HT20**

Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	EIRP (dBm/1MHz)	Detector	Limit (dBm/1MHz)	Over limit dB	Verdict
5650.000	-58.122	2.000	-56.122	Peak	-27.000	-29.122	PASS
5700.000	-57.028	2.000	-55.028	Peak	-27.000	-28.028	PASS
5720.000	-55.122	2.000	-53.122	Peak	-17.000	-36.122	PASS
5725.000	-53.915	2.000	-51.915	Peak	-17.000	-34.915	PASS
5850.000	-57.150	2.000	-55.150	Peak	-17.000	-38.150	PASS
5855.000	-56.216	2.000	-54.216	Peak	-17.000	-37.216	PASS
5875.000	-57.872	2.000	-55.872	Peak	-27.000	-28.872	PASS
5925.000	-58.451	2.000	-56.451	Peak	-27.000	-29.451	PASS

**IEEE 802.11n HT40**

Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	EIRP (dBm/1MHz)	Detector	Limit (dBm/1MHz)	Over limit dB	Verdict
5650.000	-58.727	2.000	-56.727	Peak	-27.000	-29.727	PASS
5700.000	-56.473	2.000	-54.473	Peak	-27.000	-27.473	PASS
5720.000	-52.026	2.000	-50.026	Peak	-17.000	-33.026	PASS
5725.000	-52.635	2.000	-50.635	Peak	-17.000	-33.635	PASS
5850.000	-57.494	2.000	-55.494	Peak	-17.000	-38.494	PASS
5855.000	-58.168	2.000	-56.168	Peak	-17.000	-39.168	PASS
5875.000	-58.787	2.000	-56.787	Peak	-27.000	-29.787	PASS
5925.000	-60.258	2.000	-58.258	Peak	-27.000	-31.258	PASS

## For Antenna Chain 1

<b>IEEE 802.11a</b>							
Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	EIRP (dBm/1MHz)	Detector	Limit (dBm/1MHz)	Over limit dB	Verdict
5650.000	-58.822	2.000	-56.822	Peak	-27.000	-29.822	PASS
5700.000	-57.186	2.000	-55.186	Peak	-27.000	-28.186	PASS
5720.000	-55.521	2.000	-53.521	Peak	-17.000	-36.521	PASS
5725.000	-55.490	2.000	-53.490	Peak	-17.000	-36.490	PASS
5850.000	-57.047	2.000	-55.047	Peak	-17.000	-38.047	PASS
5855.000	-56.234	2.000	-54.234	Peak	-17.000	-37.234	PASS
5875.000	-55.579	2.000	-53.579	Peak	-27.000	-26.579	PASS
5925.000	-59.829	2.000	-57.829	Peak	-27.000	-30.829	PASS

<b>IEEE 802.11n HT20</b>							
Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	EIRP (dBm/1MHz)	Detector	Limit (dBm/1MHz)	Over limit dB	Verdict
5650.000	-58.138	2.000	-56.138	Peak	-27.000	-29.138	PASS
5700.000	-54.735	2.000	-52.735	Peak	-27.000	-25.735	PASS
5720.000	-54.739	2.000	-52.739	Peak	-17.000	-35.739	PASS
5725.000	-50.787	2.000	-48.787	Peak	-17.000	-31.787	PASS
5850.000	-55.363	2.000	-53.363	Peak	-17.000	-36.363	PASS
5855.000	-56.363	2.000	-54.363	Peak	-17.000	-37.363	PASS
5875.000	-56.349	2.000	-54.349	Peak	-27.000	-27.349	PASS
5925.000	-59.360	2.000	-57.360	Peak	-27.000	-30.360	PASS

<b>IEEE 802.11n HT40</b>							
Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	EIRP (dBm/1MHz)	Detector	Limit (dBm/1MHz)	Over limit dB	Verdict
5650.000	-59.159	2.000	-57.159	Peak	-27.000	-30.159	PASS
5700.000	-55.450	2.000	-53.450	Peak	-27.000	-26.450	PASS
5720.000	-53.369	2.000	-51.369	Peak	-17.000	-34.369	PASS
5725.000	-52.666	2.000	-50.666	Peak	-17.000	-33.666	PASS
5850.000	-57.475	2.000	-55.475	Peak	-17.000	-38.475	PASS
5855.000	-57.679	2.000	-55.679	Peak	-17.000	-38.679	PASS
5875.000	-58.647	2.000	-56.647	Peak	-27.000	-29.647	PASS
5925.000	-59.549	2.000	-57.549	Peak	-27.000	-30.549	PASS

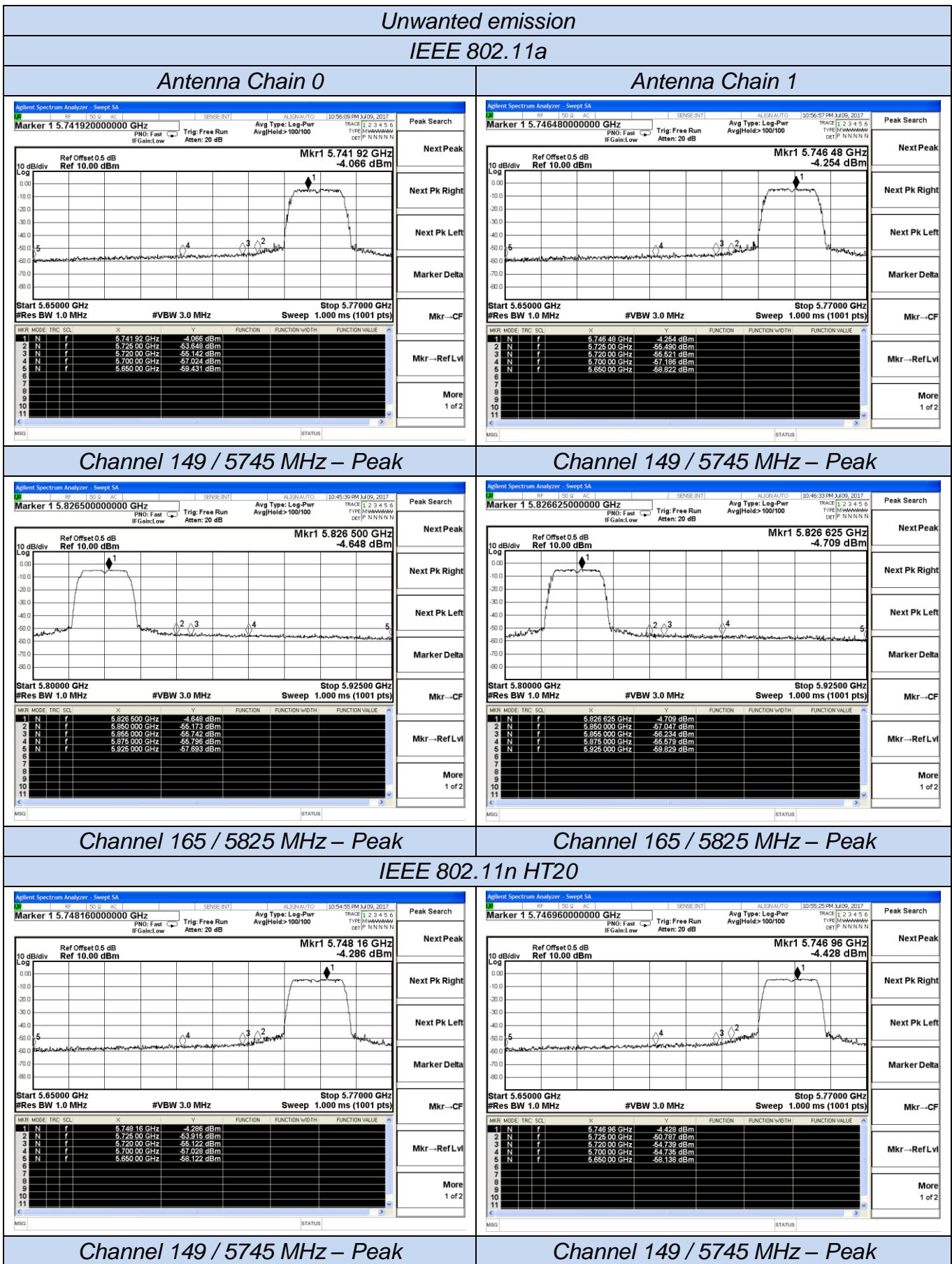
## For Combined Antenna Chain 0 and Antenna Chain 1

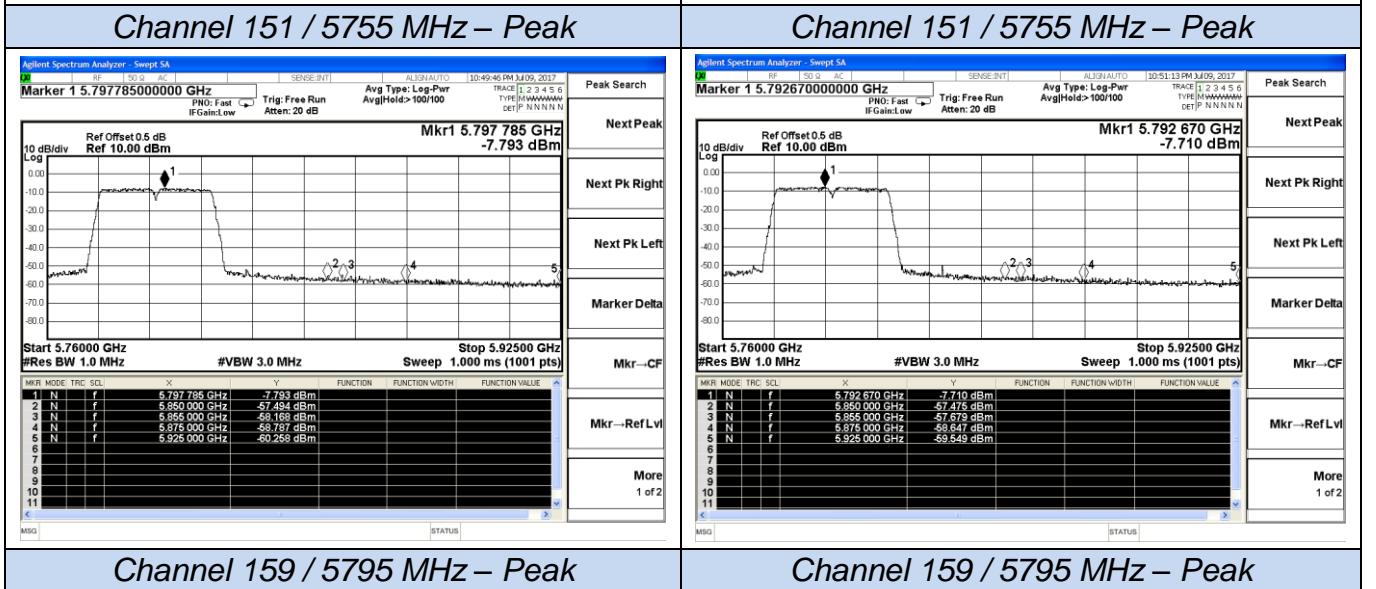
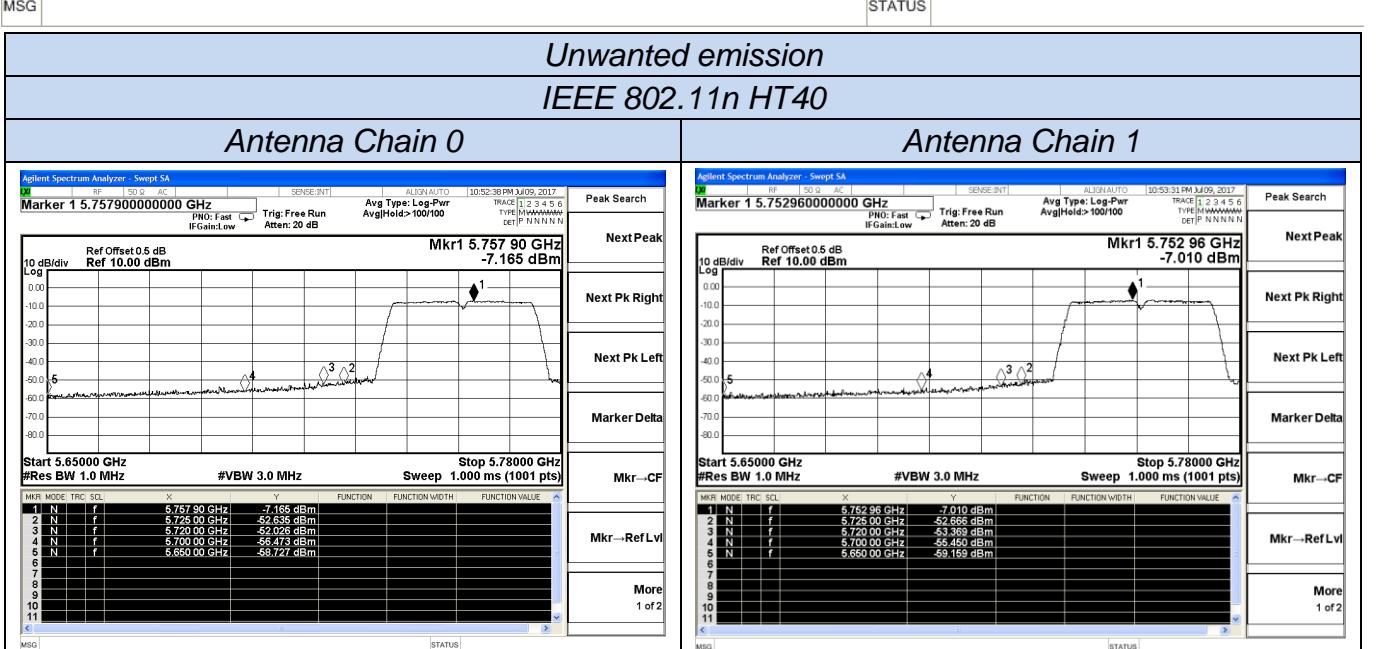
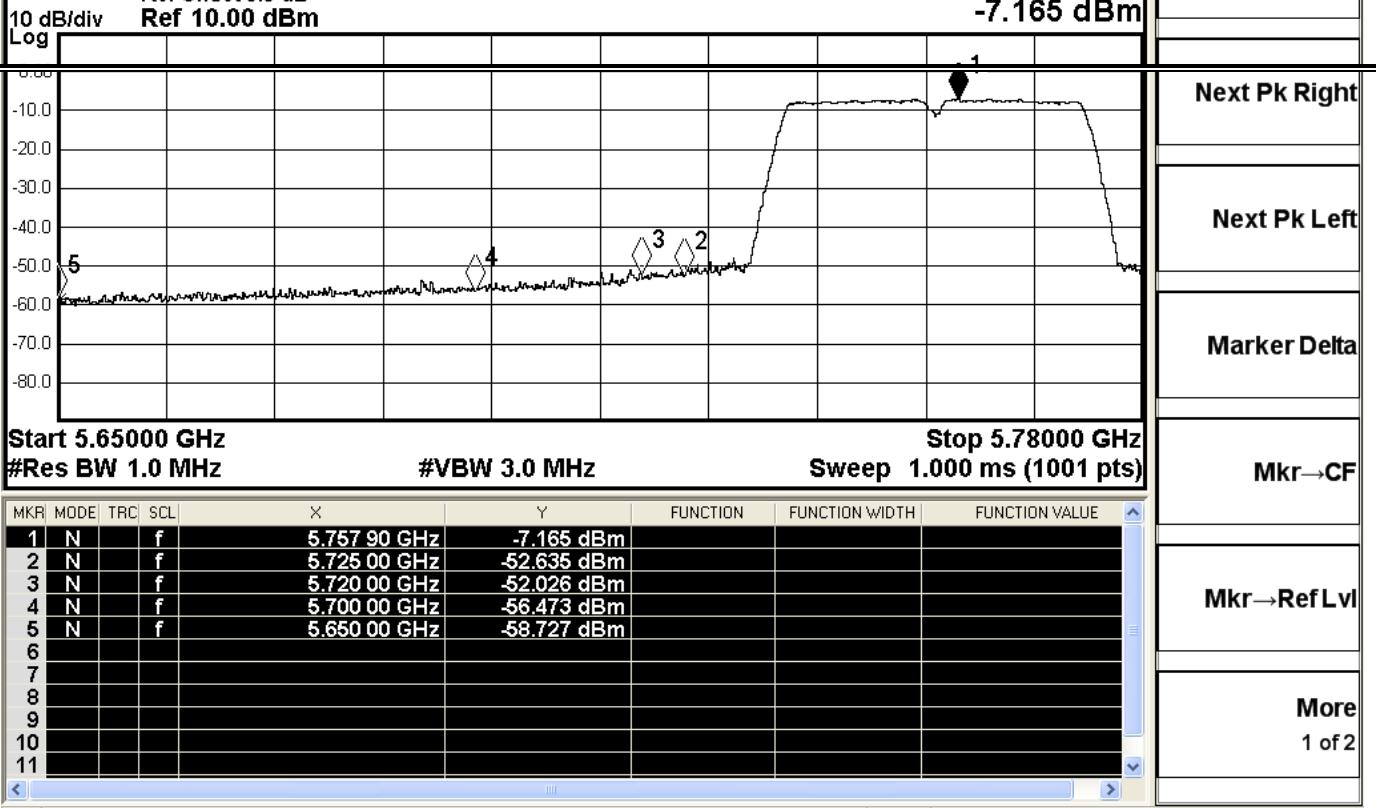
IEEE 802.11n HT20									
Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)			Directional Gain (dB)	EIRP (dBm/1MHz)	Detector	Limit (dBm/1MHz)	Over limit dB	Verdict
	Antenna 0	Antenna 1	Sum						
5650.000	-58.122	-58.138	-55.120	5.010*	-50.110	Peak	-27.000	-23.110	PASS
5700.000	-57.028	-54.735	-52.722	5.010*	-47.712	Peak	-27.000	-20.712	PASS
5720.000	-55.122	-54.739	-51.916	5.010*	-46.906	Peak	-17.000	-29.906	PASS
5725.000	-53.915	-50.787	-49.065	5.010*	-44.055	Peak	-17.000	-27.055	PASS
5850.000	-57.150	-55.363	-53.155	5.010*	-48.145	Peak	-17.000	-31.145	PASS
5855.000	-56.216	-56.363	-53.279	5.010*	-48.269	Peak	-17.000	-31.269	PASS
5875.000	-57.872	-56.349	-54.034	5.010*	-49.024	Peak	-27.000	-22.024	PASS
5925.000	-58.451	-59.360	-55.871	5.010*	-50.861	Peak	-27.000	-23.861	PASS

IEEE 802.11n HT40									
Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)			Directional Gain (dB)	EIRP (dBm/1MHz)	Detector	Limit (dBm/1MHz)	Over limit dB	Verdict
	Antenna 0	Antenna 1	Sum						
5650.000	-58.727	-59.159	-55.927	5.160*	-50.917	Peak	-27.000	-23.917	PASS
5700.000	-56.473	-55.450	-52.921	5.160*	-47.911	Peak	-27.000	-20.911	PASS
5720.000	-52.026	-53.369	-49.635	5.160*	-44.625	Peak	-17.000	-27.625	PASS
5725.000	-52.635	-52.666	-49.640	5.160*	-44.630	Peak	-17.000	-27.630	PASS
5850.000	-57.494	-57.475	-54.474	5.160*	-49.464	Peak	-17.000	-32.464	PASS
5855.000	-58.168	-57.679	-54.906	5.160*	-49.896	Peak	-17.000	-32.896	PASS
5875.000	-58.787	-58.647	-55.706	5.160*	-50.696	Peak	-27.000	-23.696	PASS
5925.000	-60.258	-59.549	-56.879	5.160*	-51.869	Peak	-27.000	-24.869	PASS

## Remark:

1. Measured unwanted emission at difference data rate for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode.
2. Test results including cable loss;
3. Worst case data at 6Mbps at IEEE 802.11a; MCS0 at IEEE 802.11n HT20, IEEE 802.11n HT40;
4. For MIMO with CCD technology device, The Directional Gain= Gain of individual transmit antennas (dBi) + Array gain;  
Array gain =  $10 \log (N_{ant})$ , where  $N_{ant}$  is the number of transmit antennas.
5. \*5.01=2.00+10\*log(2).
6. E.I.R.P = Conducted power + Directional Gain
7. Please refer to following test plots;





## 5.8. Antenna Requirements

### 5.8.1. Standard Applicable

#### For intentional device, according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.203:

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator, the manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

And according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.407 (a), if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

### 5.8.2. Antenna Connector Construction

The directional gains of antenna used for transmitting is 2.00dBi which is an Internal antenna and no consideration of replacement. Please see EUT photo for details.

### 5.8.3. Results: Compliance.

#### Measurement

The antenna gain of the complete system is calculated by the difference of radiated power in EIRP and the conducted power of the module.

Conducted power refers ANSI C63.10:2013 Output power test procedure for UNII devices.

Radiated power refers to ANSI C63.10:2013 Radiated emissions tests.

#### Measurement parameters

Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep Time:	Auto
Resolution bandwidth:	1MHz
Video bandwidth:	3MHz
Trace-Mode:	Max hold

Note: The antenna gain of the complete system is calculated by the difference of radiated power in EIRP and the conducted power of the module. For 5G WLAN devices, the IEEE 802.11a mode is used.

#### Limits

FCC	ISED
Antenna Gain	
6 dBi	

**Antenna Chain 0**

T <sub>nom</sub>	V <sub>nom</sub>	Lowest Channel 5745 MHz	Middle Channel 5785 MHz	Highest Channel 5825 MHz
Conducted power [dBm] Measured with OFDM modulation		3.460	3.390	3.410
Radiated power [dBm] Measured with OFDM modulation		5.210	5.192	5.104
Gain [dBi] Calculated		1.750	1.802	1.694
Measurement uncertainty			± 1.6 dB (cond.) / ± 3.8 dB (rad.)	

**Antenna Chain 1**

T <sub>nom</sub>	V <sub>nom</sub>	Lowest Channel 5745 MHz	Middle Channel 5785 MHz	Highest Channel 5825 MHz
Conducted power [dBm] Measured with OFDM modulation		3.42	3.40	3.380
Radiated power [dBm] Measured with OFDM modulation		5.237	5.166	5.141
Gain [dBi] Calculated		1.817	1.746	1.761
Measurement uncertainty			± 1.6 dB (cond.) / ± 3.8 dB (rad.)	

## 6. LIST OF MEASURING EQUIPMENTS

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Characteristics	Cal Date	Due Date
EMC Receiver	R&S	ESCS 30	100174	9kHz – 2.75GHz	June 18, 2017	June 17, 2018
Signal analyzer	Agilent	E4448A(External mixers to 40GHz)	US44300469	9kHz~40GHz	July 16, 2017	July 15, 2018
Signal analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY50510140	9kHz~26.5GHz	October 27, 2016	October 27, 2017
LISN	MESS Tec	NNB-2/16Z	99079	9KHz-30MHz	June 18, 2017	June 17, 2018
LISN (Support Unit)	EMCO	3819/2NM	9703-1839	9KHz-30MHz	June 18, 2017	June 17, 2018
RF Cable-CON	UTIFLEX	3102-26886-4	CB049	9KHz-30MHz	June 18, 2017	June 17, 2018
ISN	SCHAFFNER	ISN ST08	21653	9KHz-30MHz	June 18, 2017	June 17, 2018
3m Semi Anechoic Chamber	SIDT FRANKONIA	SAC-3M	03CH03-HY	30M-18GHz 3m	June 18, 2017	June 17, 2018
Amplifier	SCHAFFNER	COA9231A	18667	9kHz-2GHz	June 18, 2017	June 17, 2018
Amplifier	Agilent	8449B	3008A02120	1GHz-26.5GHz	July 16, 2017	July 15, 2018
Amplifier	MITEQ	AMF-6F-260400	9121372	26.5GHz-40GHz	July 16, 2017	July 15, 2018
Loop Antenna	R&S	HFH2-Z2	860004/001	9k-30MHz	June 18, 2017	June 17, 2018
By-log Antenna	SCHWARZBEC	VULB9163	9163-470	30MHz-1GHz	June 10, 2017	June 09, 2018
Horn Antenna	EMCO	3115	6741	1GHz-18GHz	June 10, 2017	June 09, 2018
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBEC	BBHA9170	BBHA9170154	15GHz-40GHz	June 10, 2017	June 09, 2018
RF Cable-R03m	Jye Bao	RG142	CB021	30MHz-1GHz	June 18, 2017	June 17, 2018
RF Cable-HIGH	SUHNER	SUCOFLEX 106	03CH03-HY	1GHz-40GHz	June 18, 2017	June 17, 2018
Power Meter	R&S	NRVS	100444	DC-40GHz	June 18, 2017	June 17, 2018
Power Sensor	R&S	NRV-Z51	100458	DC-30GHz	June 18, 2017	June 17, 2018
Power Sensor	R&S	NRV-Z32	10057	30MHz-6GHz	June 18, 2017	June 17, 2018
AC Power Source	HPC	HPA-500E	HPA-9100024	AC 0-300V	June 18, 2017	June 17, 2018
DC power source	GW	GPC-6030D	C671845	DC 1V-60V	June 18, 2017	June 17, 2018
Temp. and Humidify Chamber	Giant Force	GTH-225-20-S	MAB0103-00	N/A	June 18, 2017	June 17, 2018
RF CABLE-1m	JYE Bao	RG142	CB034-1m	20MHz-7GHz	June 18, 2017	June 17, 2018
RF CABLE-2m	JYE Bao	RG142	CB)35-2m	20MHz-1GHz	June 18, 2017	June 17, 2018
EMC Test software	Audix	E3	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Note: All equipment through GRGT EST calibration

-----THE END OF REPORT-----