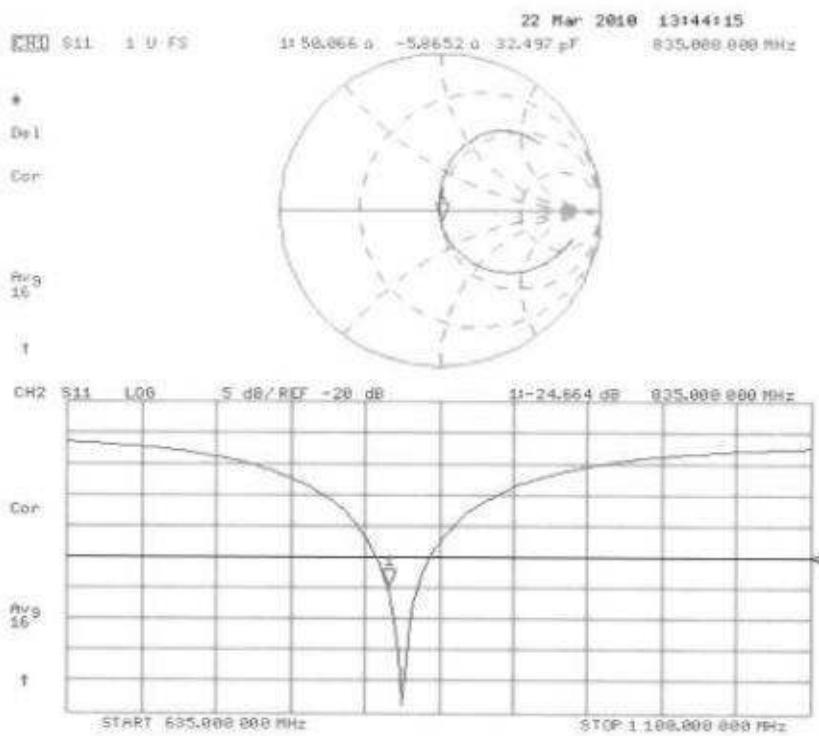




## Calibration Certificate of DASY

### Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





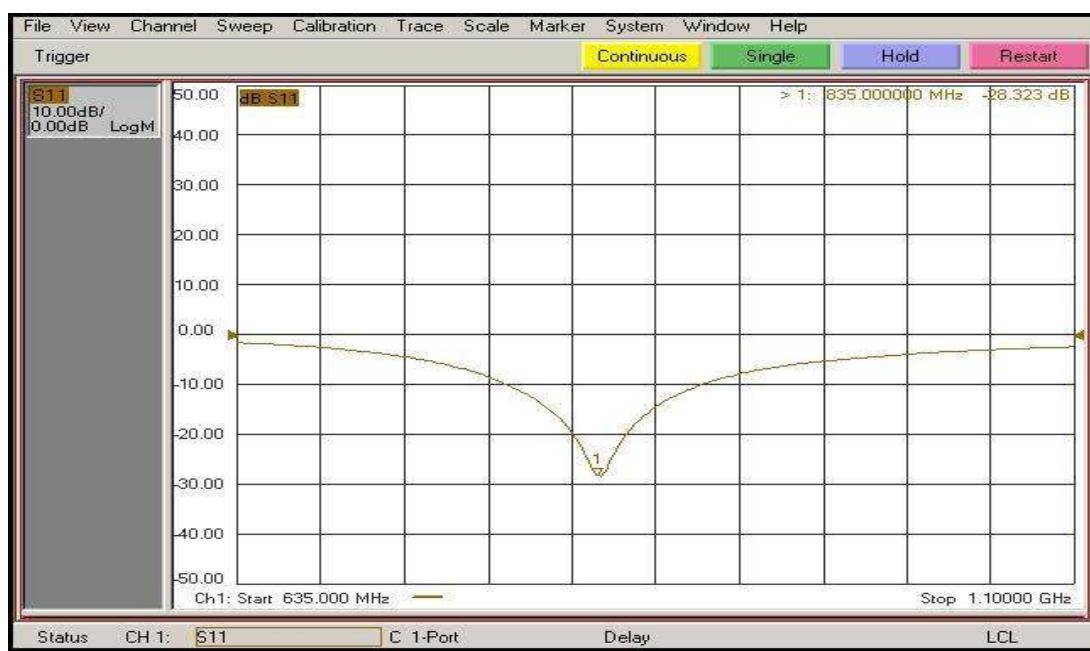
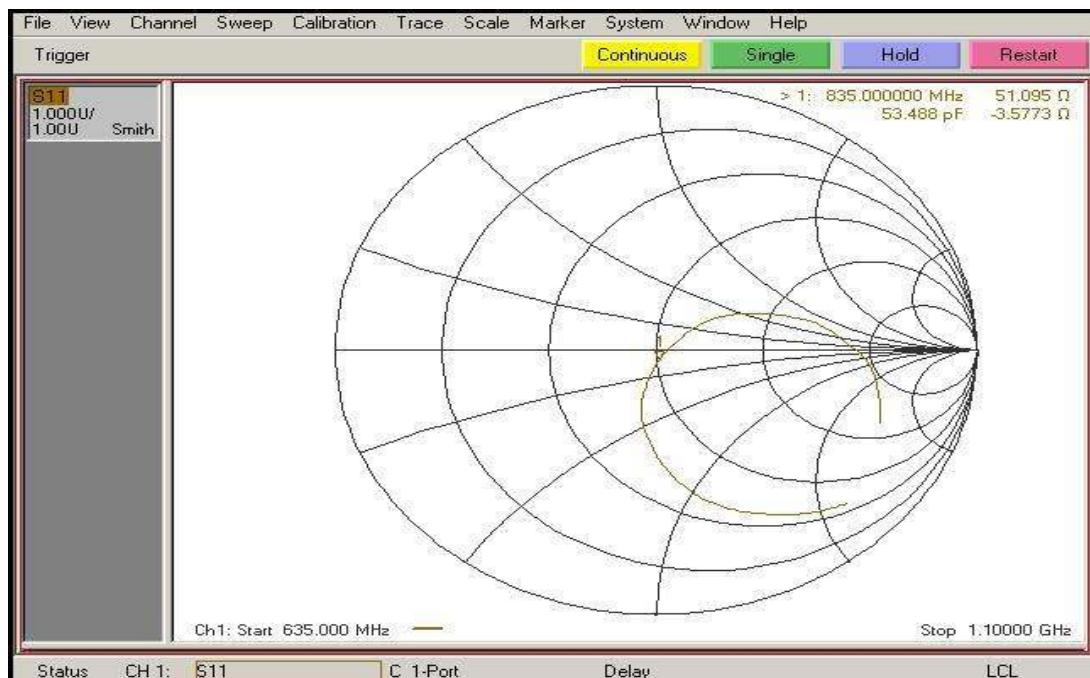
## FCC Test Report

### D835V2, serial no. 499 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 450824, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

#### <Dipole Verification Data> - D835 V2, serial no. 499

##### 835 MHz - Head



**SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.**

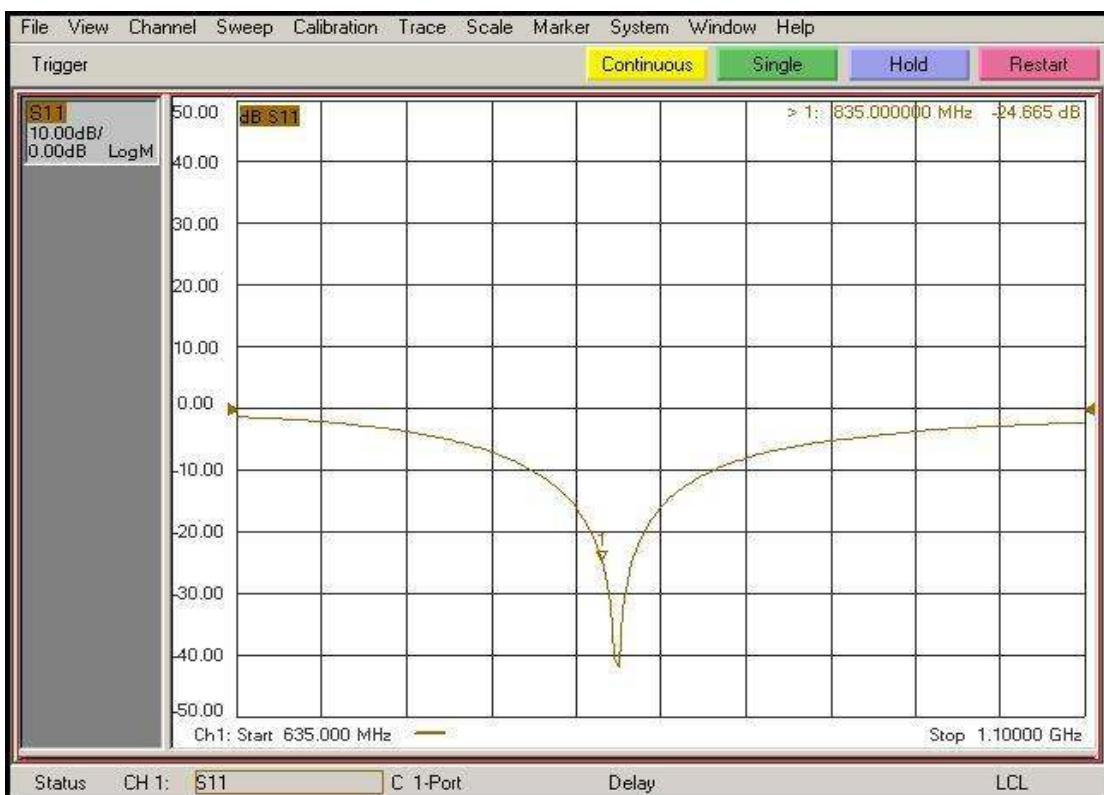
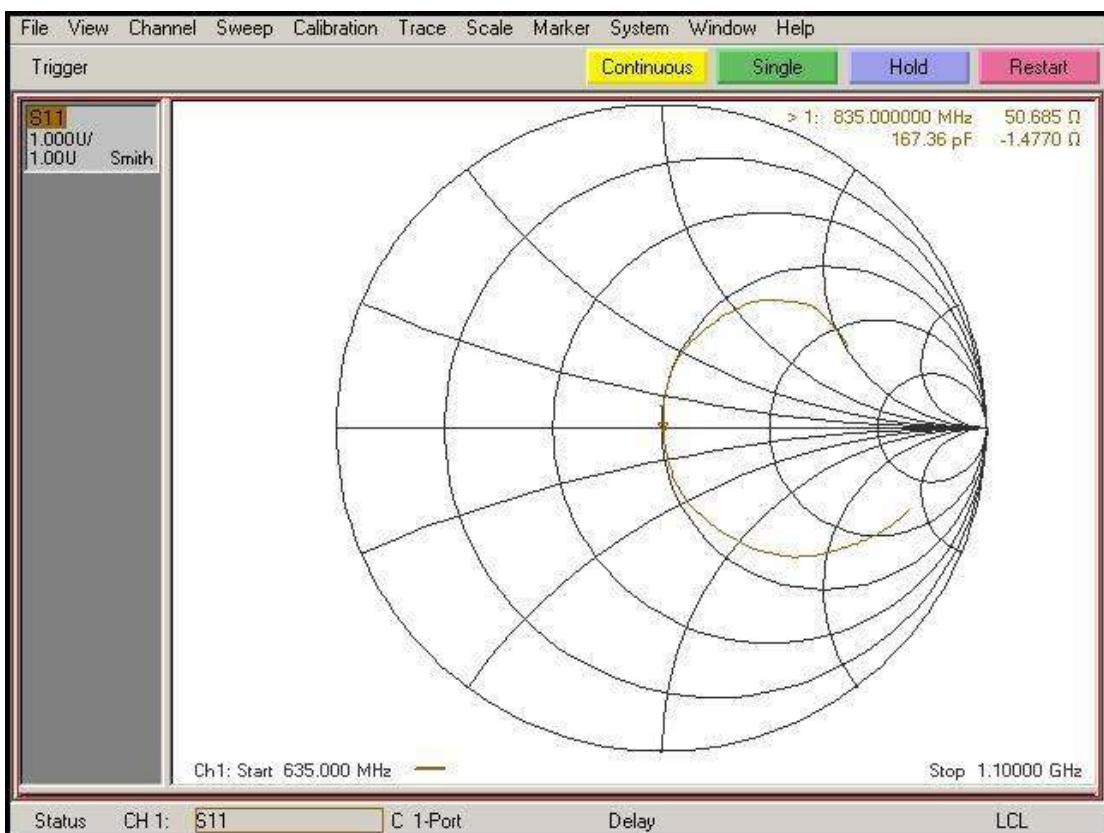
TEL : 886-3-327-3456

FAX : 886-3-328-4978



## FCC Test Report

### 835 MHz – Body



**SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.**

TEL : 886-3-327-3456

FAX : 886-3-328-4978



## FCC Test Report

### <Justification of the extended calibration>

D835V2 – serial no. 499												
Date of Measurement	835 Head						835 Body					
	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
3.22.2010	-28.352		52.17		-3.2461		-24.664		50.066		-5.8652	
3.22.2011	-28.323	0.102	51.095	1.075	-3.5773	0.331	-24.665	-0.004	50.685	-0.619	-1.477	-4.388

The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration.

Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

Auden

Certificate No: D1800V2-2d052 Jun11

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D1800V2 - SN: 2d052
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v8 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz
Calibration date:	June 16, 2011

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature ( $22 \pm 3$ )°C and humidity < 70%.

### Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367)	Apr-12
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01371)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	29-Apr-11 (No. ES3-3205_Apr11)	Apr-12
DAE4	SN: 601	8-Jun-11 (No. DAE4-601_Jun11)	Jun-12
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11

Calibrated by:	Name	Function	Signature
	Dimce Iliev	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: June 16, 2011

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

#### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

#### Additional Documentation:

- d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

<b>DASY Version</b>	DASY5	V52.6.2
<b>Extrapolation</b>	Advanced Extrapolation	
<b>Phantom</b>	Modular Flat Phantom	
<b>Distance Dipole Center - TSL</b>	10 mm	with Spacer
<b>Zoom Scan Resolution</b>	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
<b>Frequency</b>	1800 MHz ± 1 MHz	

## Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
<b>Nominal Head TSL parameters</b>	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
<b>Measured Head TSL parameters</b>	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.1 ± 6 %	1.35 mho/m ± 6 %
<b>Head TSL temperature change during test</b>	< 0.5 °C	---	---

## SAR result with Head TSL

<b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL</b>	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.24 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	37.6 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

<b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL</b>	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	4.88 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	19.7 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

## Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
<b>Nominal Body TSL parameters</b>	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
<b>Measured Body TSL parameters</b>	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.4 ± 6 %	1.48 mho/m ± 6 %
<b>Body TSL temperature change during test</b>	< 0.5 °C	---	---

## SAR result with Body TSL

<b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL</b>	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.33 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	37.8 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

<b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL</b>	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	4.93 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	19.8 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

## Appendix

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.6 $\Omega$ - 4.7 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 25.3 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	42.9 $\Omega$ - 4.9 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 20.6 dB

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.215 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	July 05, 2002

# DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 15.06.2011

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 - SN: 2d052**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1800 MHz

Medium: HSL U12 BB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1800 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.35 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 39.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.07, 5.07, 5.07); Calibrated: 29.04.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 08.06.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.6.2(482); SEMCAD X 14.4.5(3634)

## Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

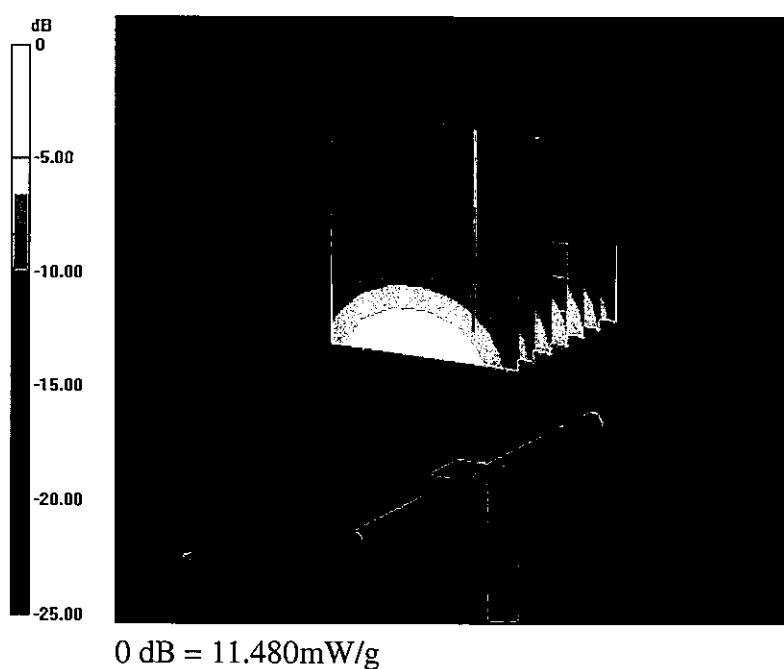
Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 96.194 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

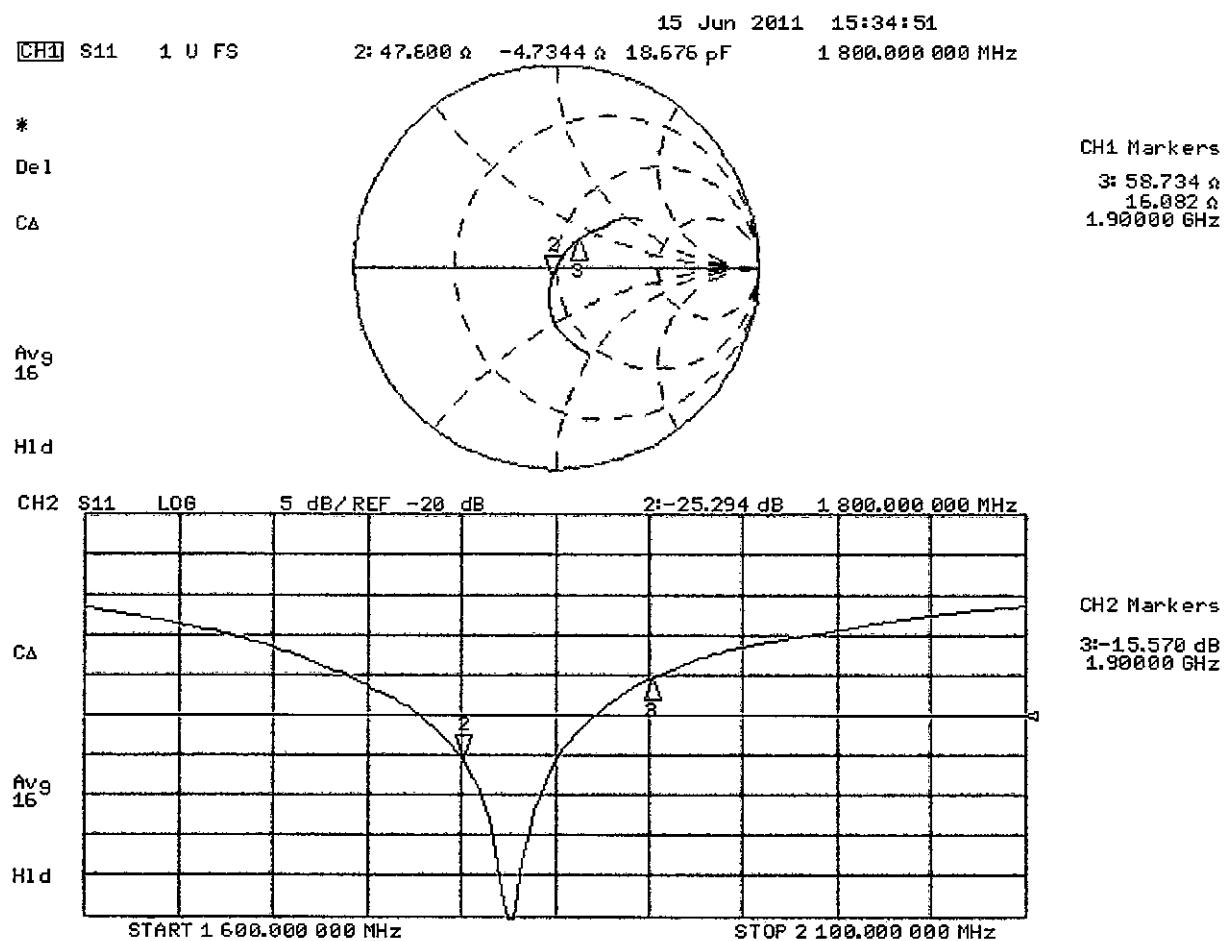
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.482 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.24 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.88 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.480 mW/g



## Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



# DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 16.06.2011

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 - SN: 2d052**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1800 MHz

Medium: MSL U12 BB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1800 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.48 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 52.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.74, 4.74, 4.74); Calibrated: 29.04.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 08.06.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.6.2(482); SEMCAD X 14.4.5(3634)

## Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

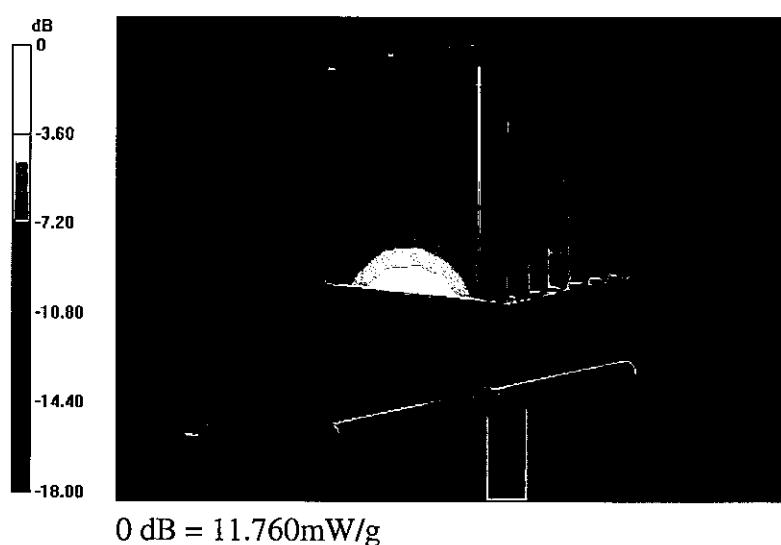
Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 93.030 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

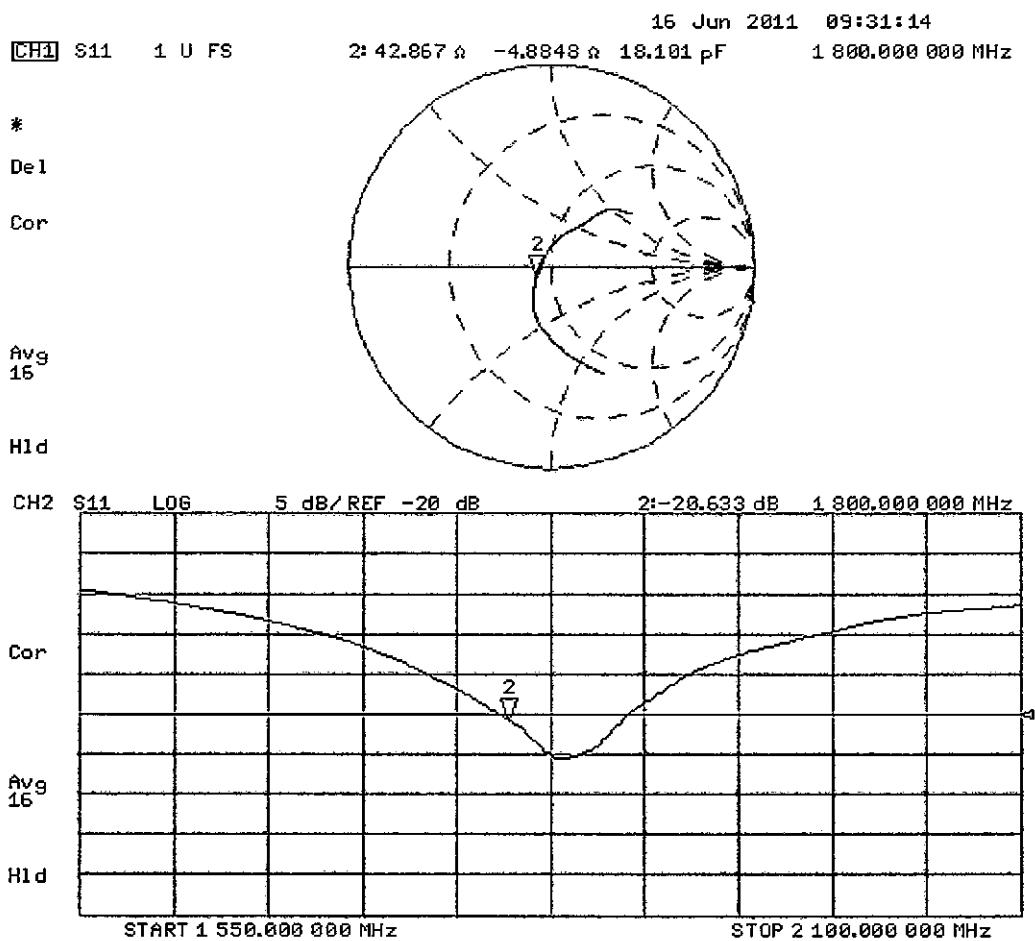
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.493 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 9.33 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.93 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.761 mW/g



## Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





## Calibration Certificate of DASY

Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
C Service suisse d'étalonnage  
S Servizio svizzero di taratura  
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client Sporton (Auden)

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d041\_Mar10

### CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D1900V2 - SN: 5d041

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v7  
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: March 23, 2010

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086)	Oct-10
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086)	Oct-10
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025)	Mar-10
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029)	Mar-10
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	26-Jun-09 (No. ES3-3205_Jun09)	Jun-10
DAE4	SN: 601	02-Mar-10 (No. DAE4-601_Mar10)	Mar-11

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-10

Calibrated by:	Name	Function	Signature
	Dimco Iliev	Laboratory Technician	

Approved by:	Name	Function	Signature
	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: March 23, 2010

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



## Calibration Certificate of DASY

**Calibration Laboratory of**  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
C Service suisse d'étalonnage  
S Servizio svizzero di taratura  
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

### Additional Documentation:

- d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.



## Calibration Certificate of DASY

### Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V5.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	$dx, dy, dz = 5 \text{ mm}$	
Frequency	$1900 \text{ MHz} \pm 1 \text{ MHz}$	

### Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	$22.0 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	40.0	$1.40 \text{ mho/m}$
Measured Head TSL parameters	$(22.0 \pm 0.2) \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	$41.1 \pm 6 \text{ \%}$	$1.45 \text{ mho/m} \pm 6 \text{ \%}$
Head TSL temperature during test	$(21.5 \pm 0.2) \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	----	----

### SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over $1 \text{ cm}^3$ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	$10.1 \text{ mW / g}$
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	$40.4 \text{ mW / g}$
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	$39.8 \text{ mW / g} \pm 17.0 \text{ \% (k=2)}$

SAR averaged over $10 \text{ cm}^3$ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	$5.25 \text{ mW / g}$
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	$21.0 \text{ mW / g}$
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	$20.9 \text{ mW / g} \pm 16.5 \text{ \% (k=2)}$



## Calibration Certificate of DASY

### Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22,0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22,0 ± 0,2) °C	54,9 ± 6 %	1,58 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(21,5 ± 0,2) °C	----	----

### SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.4 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	41.6 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	40.0 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.57 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	22.3 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.1 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)



## Calibration Certificate of DASY

### Appendix

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.9 $\Omega$ + 5.9 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 24.6 dB

#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.3 $\Omega$ + 5.7 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 23.1 dB

#### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.202 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	July 04, 2003



## Calibration Certificate of DASY

### DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 23.03.2010 12:03:30

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d041**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U11 BB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.45 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 41.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.09, 5.09, 5.09); Calibrated: 26.06.2009
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 02.03.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

**Pin=250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0:** Measurement

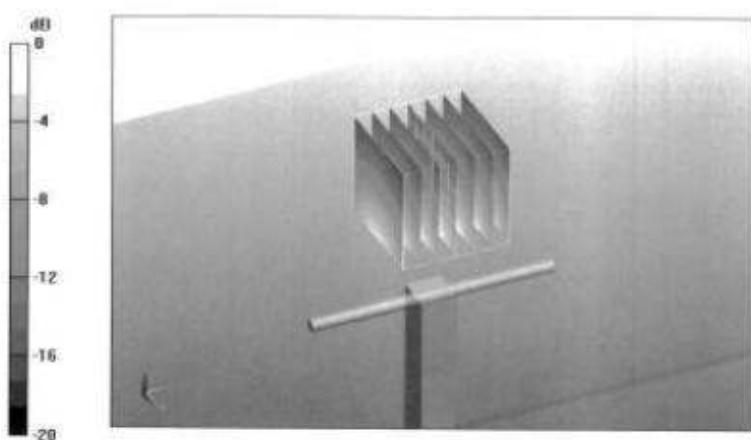
grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 96.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.040 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.4 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 10.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.25 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.7 mW/g

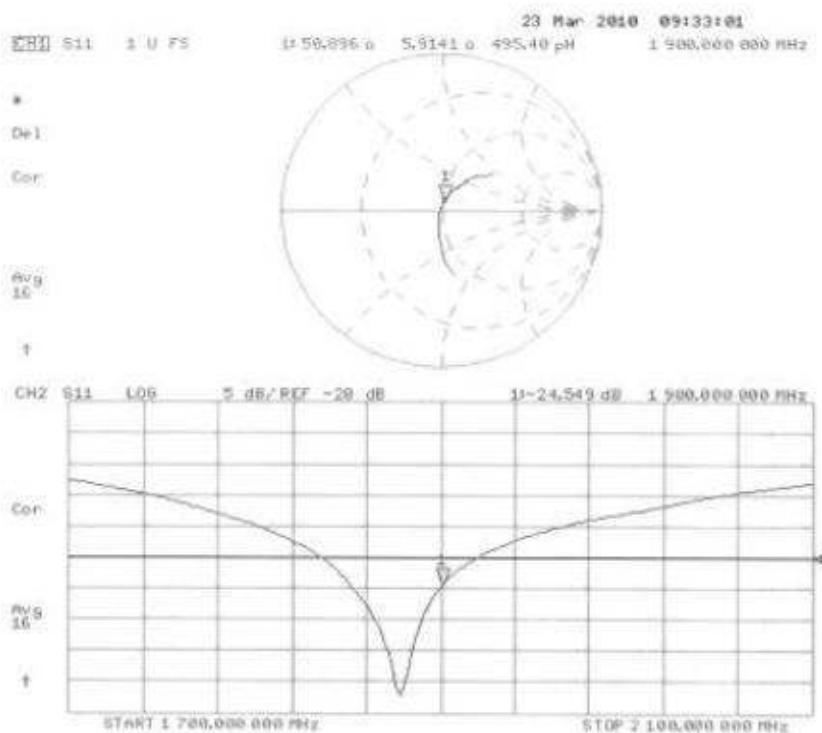


0 dB = 12.7mW/g



## Calibration Certificate of DASY

### Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





## Calibration Certificate of DASY

### DASY5 Validation Report for Body

Date/Time: 17.03.2010 12:43:32

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d041**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U11 BB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.58 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 55$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.59, 4.59, 4.59); Calibrated: 26.06.2009
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 02.03.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

**Pin250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0:** Measurement

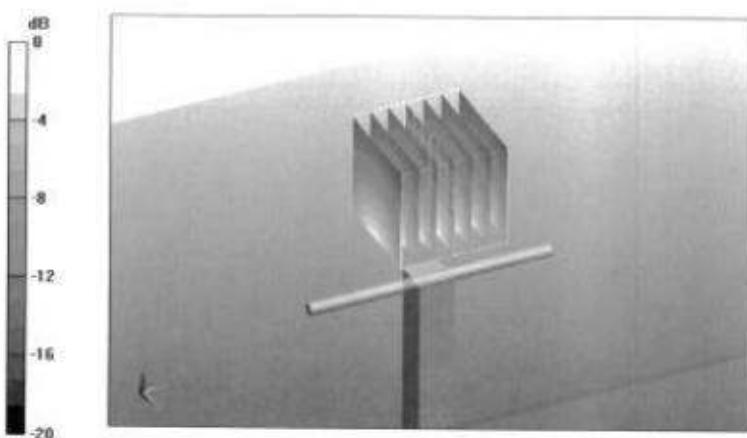
grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 96.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.017 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.57 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.1 mW/g

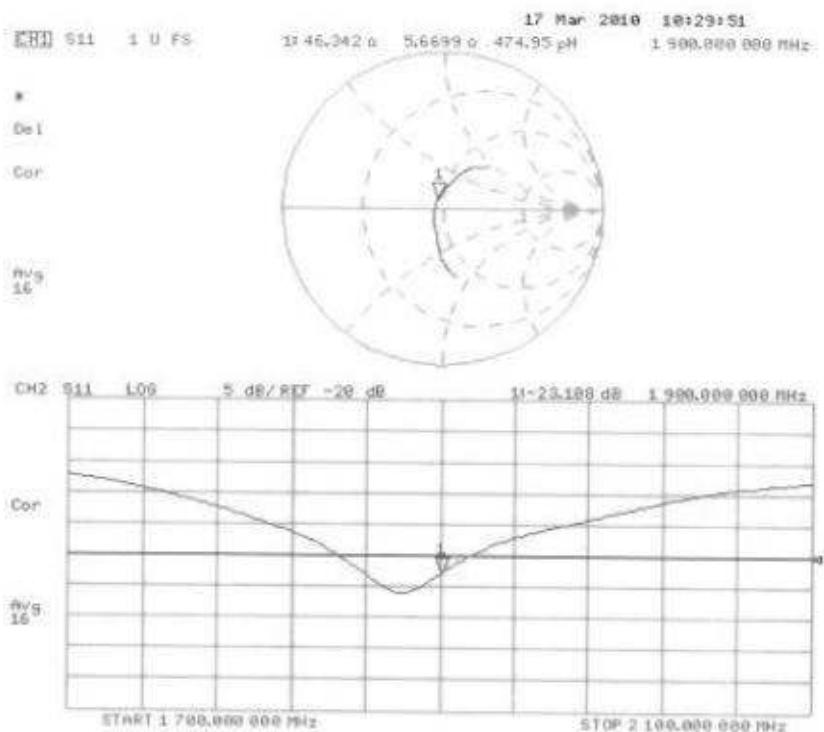


0 dB = 13.1mW/g



## Calibration Certificate of DASY

### Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





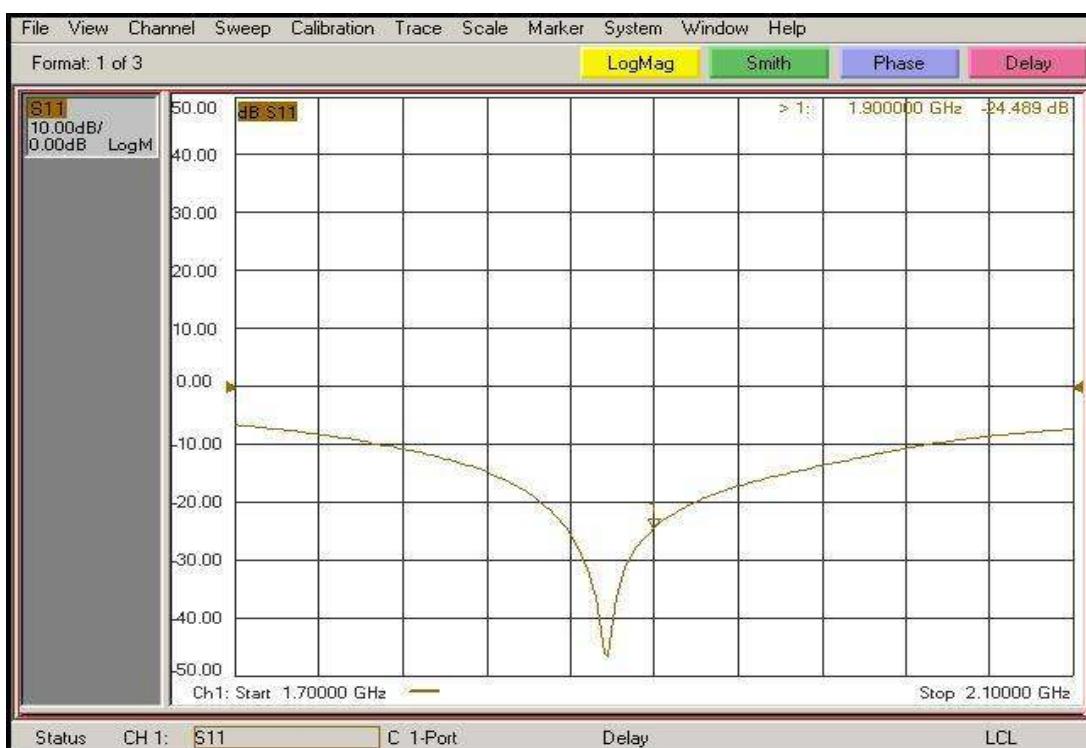
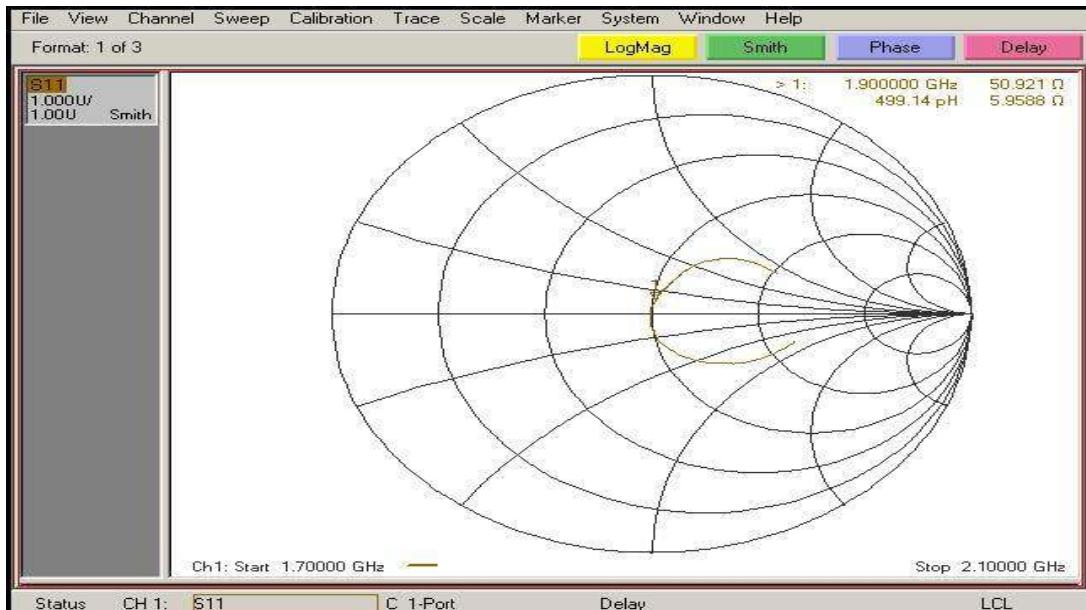
## FCC Test Report

### D1900V2, serial no. 5D041 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 450824, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

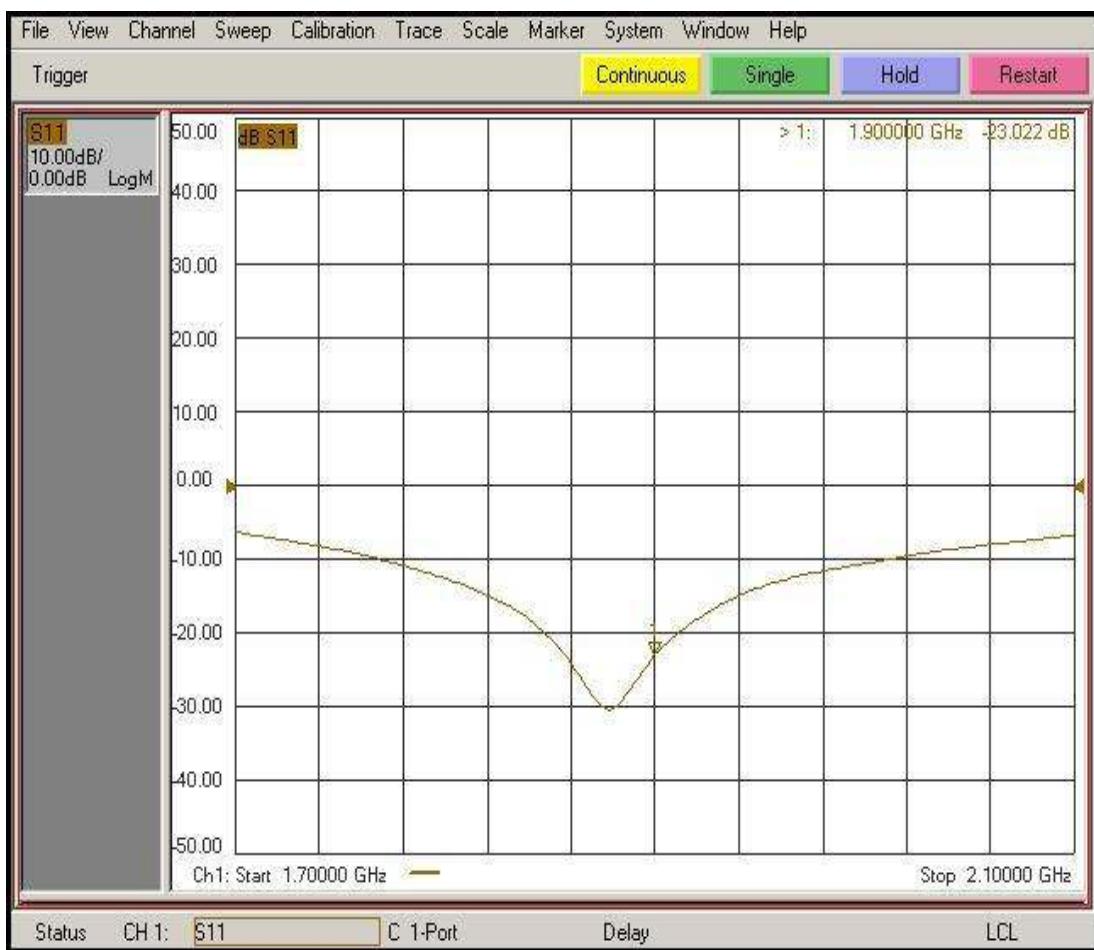
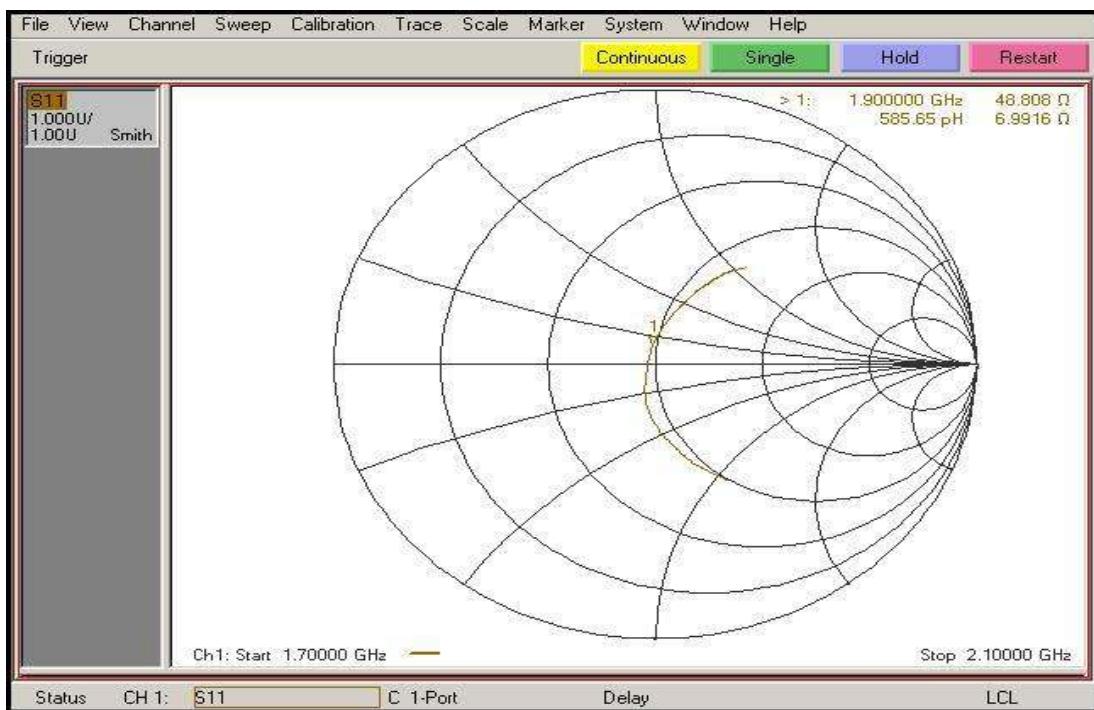
#### <Dipole Verification Data> - D1900 V2, serial no. 5D041

##### 1900 MHz – Head





## FCC Test Report



### 1900 MHz – Body

**SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.**

TEL : 886-3-327-3456

FAX : 886-3-328-4978



## FCC Test Report

### <Justification of the extended calibration>

D1900V2 – serial no. 5D041												
	1900 Head						1900 Body					
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
3.23.2010	-24.549		50.896		5.9141		-23.108		46.342		5.669	
3.23.2011	-24.489	0.244	50.921	-0.025	5.9588	-0.045	-23.022	0.372	48.808	-2.466	6.991	-1.322

The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration.

Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

**Auden**

Certificate No: **D2450V2-735\_Jun11**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	<b>D2450V2 - SN: 735</b>
Calibration procedure(s)	<b>QA CAL-05.v8</b> <b>Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz</b>
Calibration date:	<b>June 22, 2011</b>

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature ( $22 \pm 3$ )°C and humidity < 70%.

### Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367)	Apr-12
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01371)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	29-Apr-11 (No. ES3-3205_Apr11)	Apr-12
DAE4	SN: 601	8-Jun-11 (No. DAE4-601_Jun11)	Jun-12
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11

Calibrated by:	Name	Function	Signature
	<b>Claudio Leubler</b>	<b>Laboratory Technician</b>	
Approved by:	<b>Katja Pokovic</b>	<b>Technical Manager</b>	

Issued: June 22, 2011

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

#### Additional Documentation:

- d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

<b>DASY Version</b>	DASY5	V52.6.2
<b>Extrapolation</b>	Advanced Extrapolation	
<b>Phantom</b>	Modular Flat Phantom	
<b>Distance Dipole Center - TSL</b>	10 mm	with Spacer
<b>Zoom Scan Resolution</b>	$dx, dy, dz = 5 \text{ mm}$	
<b>Frequency</b>	$2450 \text{ MHz} \pm 1 \text{ MHz}$	

## Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
<b>Nominal Head TSL parameters</b>	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
<b>Measured Head TSL parameters</b>	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	38.4 ± 6 %	1.72 mho/m ± 6 %
<b>Head TSL temperature change during test</b>	< 0.5 °C	----	----

## SAR result with Head TSL

<b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL</b>	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.1 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	53.3 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

<b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL</b>	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.16 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.7 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

## Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
<b>Nominal Body TSL parameters</b>	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
<b>Measured Body TSL parameters</b>	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	51.7 ± 6 %	1.93 mho/m ± 6 %
<b>Body TSL temperature change during test</b>	< 0.5 °C	----	----

## SAR result with Body TSL

<b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL</b>	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	12.8 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	51.2 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

<b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL</b>	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.96 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.8 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

## Appendix

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$54.3 \Omega + 2.8 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 26.1 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$51.0 \Omega + 5.2 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 25.7 dB

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.153 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	May 07, 2003

# DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 22.06.2011

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

## D2450\_735\_H\_110622\_CL

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 735**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.72 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 38.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 29.04.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 08.06.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.6.2(482); SEMCAD X 14.4.5(3634)

### Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

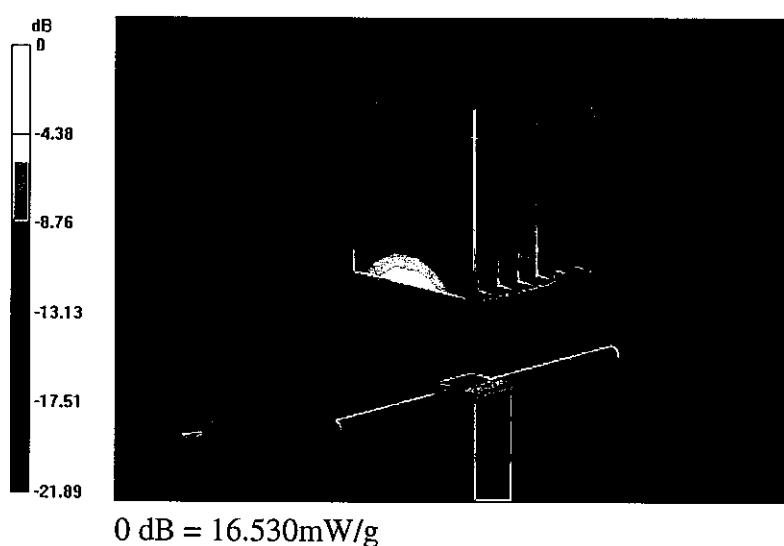
Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 101.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

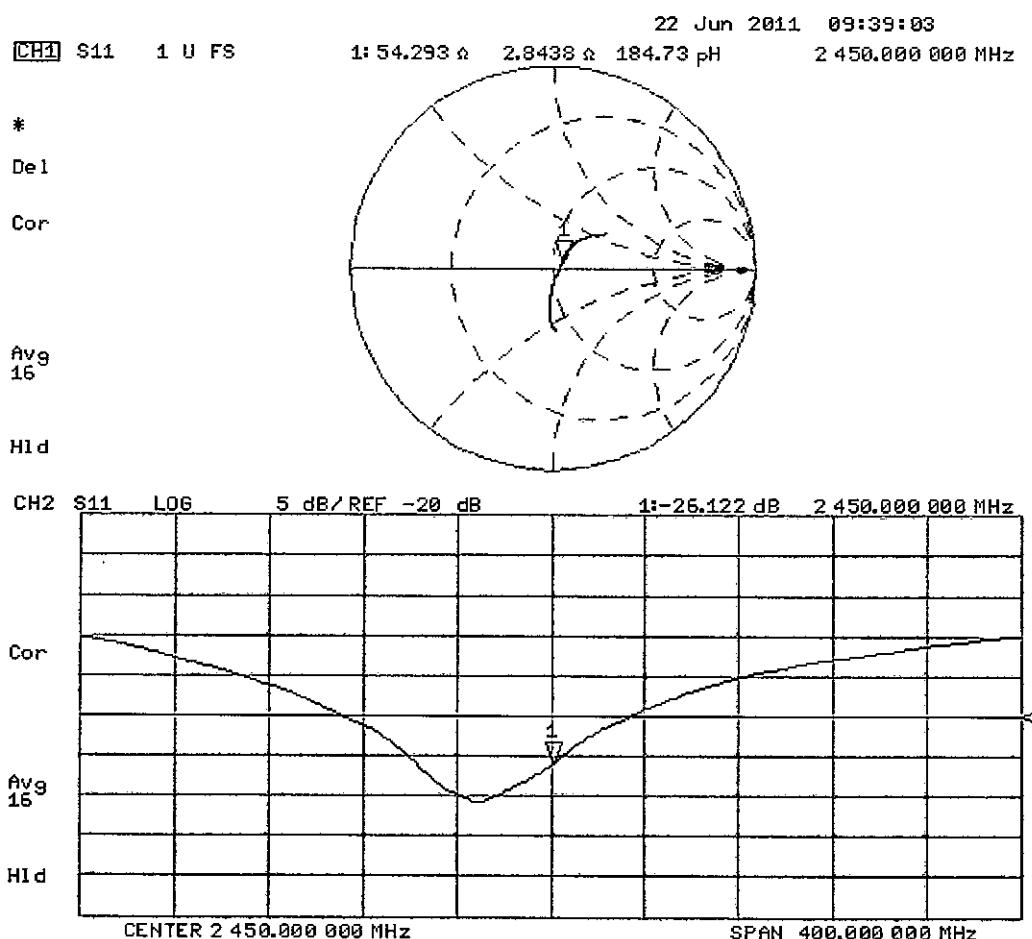
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.579 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 13.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.16 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.533 mW/g



## Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



# DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 22.06.2011

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

## D2450\_735\_M\_110622\_CL

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 735

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.93 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 51.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.26, 4.26, 4.26); Calibrated: 29.04.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 08.06.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.6.2(482); SEMCAD X 14.4.5(3634)

### Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

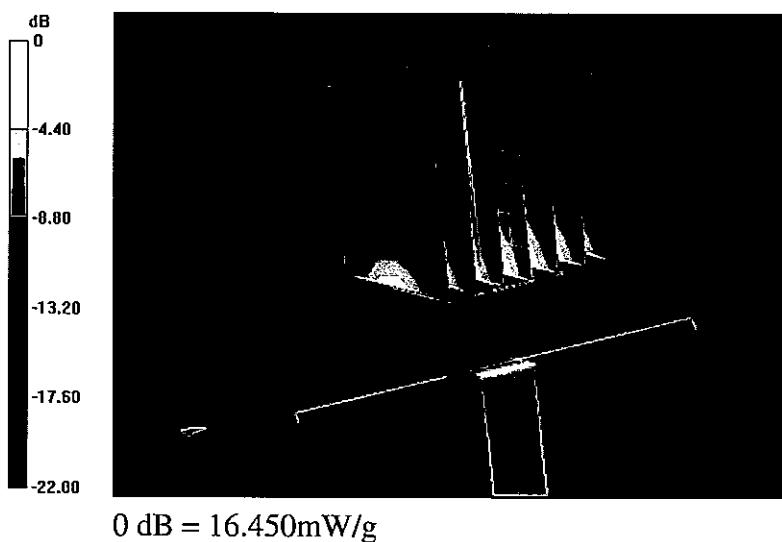
Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 96.438 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

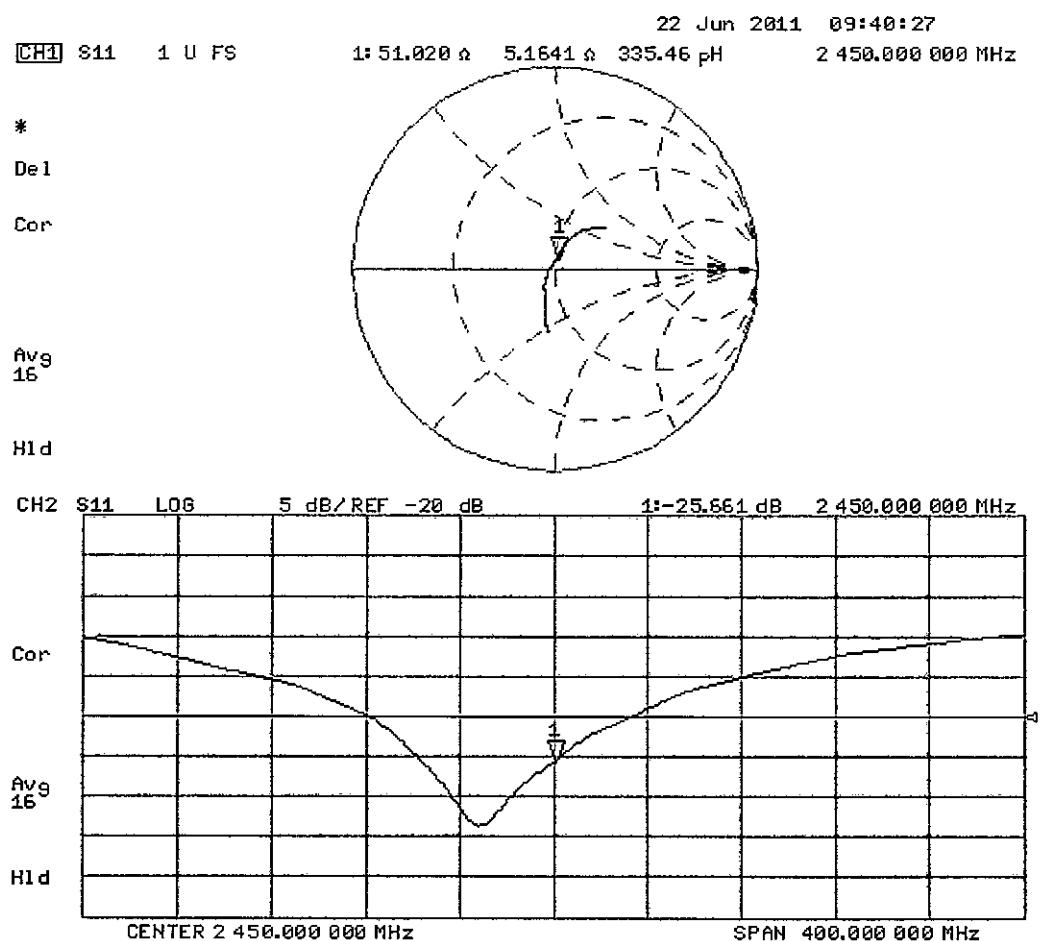
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.018 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.8 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.96 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.446 mW/g



## Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



**Calibration Laboratory of**  
**Schmid & Partner**  
**Engineering AG**  
**Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland**



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**C** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client

Certificate No: **D5GHz-1040\_Jun11**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	<b>D5GHzV2 - SN: 1040</b>																																																														
Calibration procedure(s)	<b>QA-CAL-22_v1</b> <b>Calibration procedure for dipole validation kit between 3-6 GHz</b>																																																														
Calibration date:	<b>June 21, 2011</b>																																																														
<p>This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.</p> <p>All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (<math>22 \pm 3</math>)°C and humidity &lt; 70%.</p> <p>Calibration Equipment used (M&amp;TE critical for calibration)</p>																																																															
<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Primary Standards</th><th>ID #</th><th>Cal Date (Certificate No.)</th><th>Scheduled Calibration</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Power meter EPM-442A</td><td>GB37480704</td><td>06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)</td><td>Oct-11</td></tr> <tr> <td>Power sensor HP 8481A</td><td>US37292783</td><td>06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)</td><td>Oct-11</td></tr> <tr> <td>Reference 20 dB Attenuator</td><td>SN: 5086 (20g)</td><td>29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01368)</td><td>Apr-12</td></tr> <tr> <td>Type-N mismatch combination</td><td>SN: 5047.2 / 06327</td><td>29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01371)</td><td>Apr-12</td></tr> <tr> <td>Reference Probe EX3DV4</td><td>SN: 3503</td><td>04-Mar-11 (No. EX3-3503_Mar11)</td><td>Mar-12</td></tr> <tr> <td>DAE4</td><td>SN: 601</td><td>8-Jun-11 (No. DAE4-601_Jun11)</td><td>Jun-12</td></tr> </tbody> </table> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Secondary Standards</th><th>ID #</th><th>Check Date (in house)</th><th>Scheduled Check</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Power sensor HP 8481A</td><td>MY41092317</td><td>18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)</td><td>In house check: Oct-11</td></tr> <tr> <td>RF generator R&amp;S SMT-06</td><td>100005</td><td>4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)</td><td>In house check: Oct-11</td></tr> <tr> <td>Network Analyzer HP 8753E</td><td>US37390585 S4206</td><td>18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)</td><td>In house check: Oct-11</td></tr> </tbody> </table> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Calibrated by:</th><th>Name</th><th>Function</th><th>Signature</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td></td><td>Dmitri Iliev</td><td>Laboratory Manager</td><td></td></tr> </tbody> </table> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Approved by:</th><th>Name</th><th>Function</th><th>Signature</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td></td><td>Klaus Prokopp</td><td>Technical Manager</td><td></td></tr> </tbody> </table>				Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration	Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11	Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11	Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01368)	Apr-12	Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01371)	Apr-12	Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 3503	04-Mar-11 (No. EX3-3503_Mar11)	Mar-12	DAE4	SN: 601	8-Jun-11 (No. DAE4-601_Jun11)	Jun-12	Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check	Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11	RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11	Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11	Calibrated by:	Name	Function	Signature		Dmitri Iliev	Laboratory Manager		Approved by:	Name	Function	Signature		Klaus Prokopp	Technical Manager	
Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration																																																												
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11																																																												
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11																																																												
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01368)	Apr-12																																																												
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01371)	Apr-12																																																												
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 3503	04-Mar-11 (No. EX3-3503_Mar11)	Mar-12																																																												
DAE4	SN: 601	8-Jun-11 (No. DAE4-601_Jun11)	Jun-12																																																												
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check																																																												
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11																																																												
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11																																																												
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11																																																												
Calibrated by:	Name	Function	Signature																																																												
	Dmitri Iliev	Laboratory Manager																																																													
Approved by:	Name	Function	Signature																																																												
	Klaus Prokopp	Technical Manager																																																													

Issued: June 21, 2011

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

#### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

#### Additional Documentation:

- d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

<b>DASY Version</b>	DASY5	V52.6.2
<b>Extrapolation</b>	Advanced Extrapolation	
<b>Phantom</b>	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
<b>Distance Dipole Center - TSL</b>	10 mm	with Spacer
<b>Zoom Scan Resolution</b>	$dx, dy = 4.0 \text{ mm}, dz = 1.4 \text{ mm}$	
<b>Frequency</b>	$5200 \text{ MHz} \pm 1 \text{ MHz}$ $5500 \text{ MHz} \pm 1 \text{ MHz}$ $5800 \text{ MHz} \pm 1 \text{ MHz}$	

## Head TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
<b>Nominal Head TSL parameters</b>	22.0 °C	36.0	4.66 mho/m
<b>Measured Head TSL parameters</b>	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.8 ± 6 %	4.50 mho/m ± 6 %
<b>Head TSL temperature change during test</b>	< 0.5 °C	---	---

## SAR result with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

<b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL</b>	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.13 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>81.2 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)</b>

<b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL</b>	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.32 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>23.1 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2)</b>

## Head TSL parameters at 5500 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
<b>Nominal Head TSL parameters</b>	22.0 °C	35.6	4.96 mho/m
<b>Measured Head TSL parameters</b>	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.2 ± 6 %	4.82 mho/m ± 6 %
<b>Head TSL temperature change during test</b>	< 0.5 °C	---	---

## SAR result with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

<b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL</b>	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.59 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>85.6 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)</b>

<b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL</b>	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.44 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>24.3 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)</b>

## Head TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.3	5.27 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.8 ± 6 %	5.08 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

## SAR result with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.93 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>78.9 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)</b>

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.25 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>22.4 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)</b>

## Body TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
<b>Nominal Body TSL parameters</b>	22.0 °C	49.0	5.30 mho/m
<b>Measured Body TSL parameters</b>	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	49.0 ± 6 %	5.41 mho/m ± 6 %
<b>Body TSL temperature change during test</b>	< 0.5 °C	----	----

## SAR result with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

<b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL</b>	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.60 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>76.0 mW / g ± 18.1 % (k=2)</b>

<b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL</b>	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.13 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>21.3 mW / g ± 17.6 % (k=2)</b>

## Body TSL parameters at 5500 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
<b>Nominal Body TSL parameters</b>	22.0 °C	48.6	5.65 mho/m
<b>Measured Body TSL parameters</b>	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	48.3 ± 6 %	5.86 mho/m ± 6 %
<b>Body TSL temperature change during test</b>	< 0.5 °C	----	----

## SAR result with Body TSL at 5500 MHz

<b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL</b>	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.18 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>81.7 mW / g ± 18.1 % (k=2)</b>

<b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL</b>	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.27 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>22.7 mW / g ± 17.6 % (k=2)</b>

## Body TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
<b>Nominal Body TSL parameters</b>	22.0 °C	48.2	6.00 mho/m
<b>Measured Body TSL parameters</b>	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	47.8 ± 6 %	6.21 mho/m ± 6 %
<b>Body TSL temperature change during test</b>	< 0.5 °C	----	----

## SAR result with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.55 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>75.4 mW / g ± 18.1 % (k=2)</b>

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.10 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>21.0 mW / g ± 17.6 % (k=2)</b>

## Appendix

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.8 $\Omega$ - 6.9 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 23.2 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.9 $\Omega$ - 4.3 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 26.8 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.6 $\Omega$ - 1.6 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 26.6 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.0 $\Omega$ - 5.6 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 25.0 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5500 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.1 $\Omega$ - 2.5 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 30.1 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	56.0 $\Omega$ + 0.5 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 24.9 dB

## General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.203 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

## Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	December 30, 2005

# DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 20.06.2011

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

## DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHz; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1040

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5500 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz

Medium: HSL 502 A

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5200 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 4.5 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 35.8$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ , Medium parameters used:  $f = 5500 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 4.82 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 35.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ , Medium parameters used:  $f = 5800 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 5.08 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 34.8$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3503; ConvF(5.41, 5.41, 5.41), ConvF(4.91, 4.91, 4.91), ConvF(4.81, 4.81, 4.81); Calibrated: 04.03.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 08.06.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.6.2(482); SEMCAD X 14.4.5(3634)

## Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 65.544 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.178 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.13 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.32 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.566 mW/g

## Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 65.669 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.025 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.59 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.44 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.159 mW/g

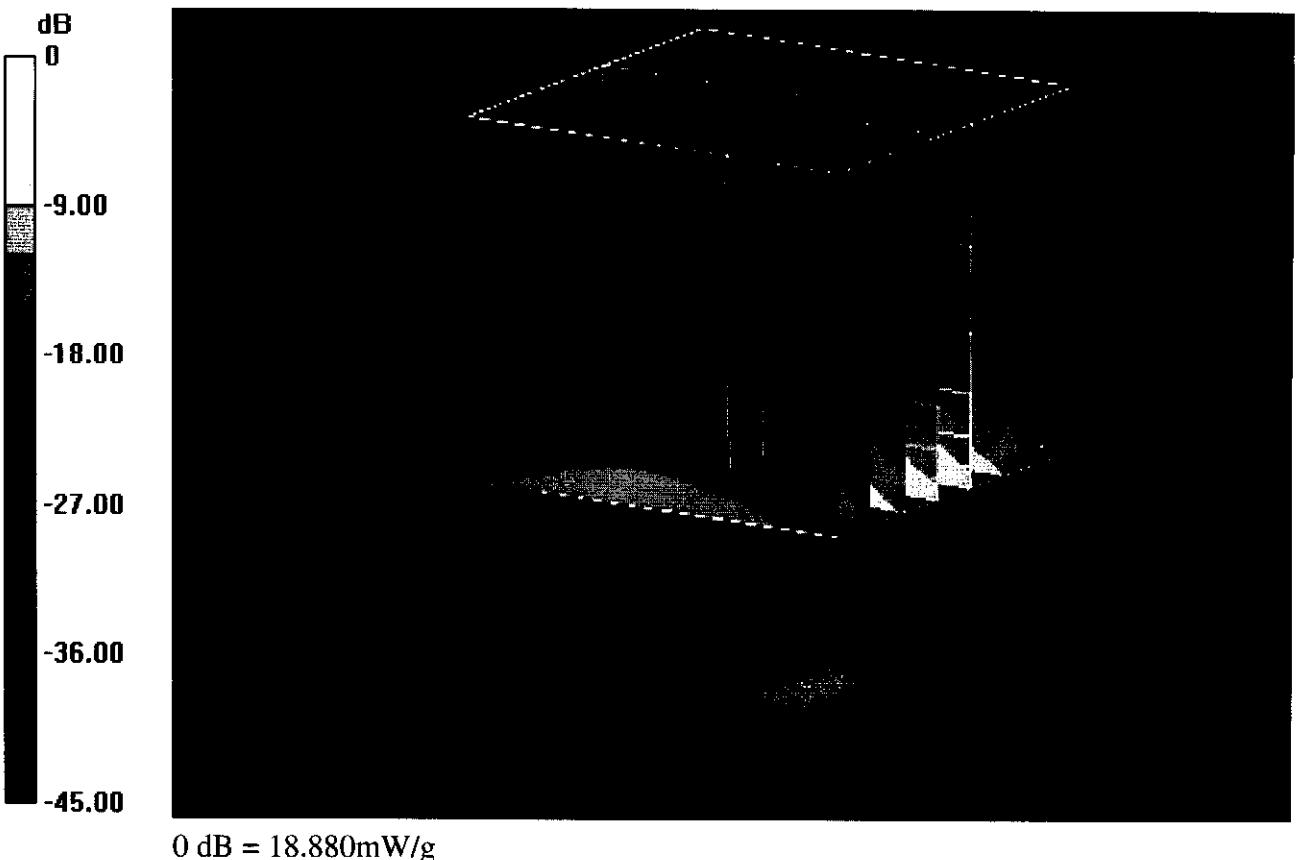
## Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 61.830 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.874 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.93 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.25 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.884 mW/g



0 dB = 18.880mW/g

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

20 Jun 2011 09:11:58  
CH1 S11 1 U FS 1: 49.848  $\Omega$  -6.8945  $\Delta$  4.4393 pF 5 200.000 000 MHz

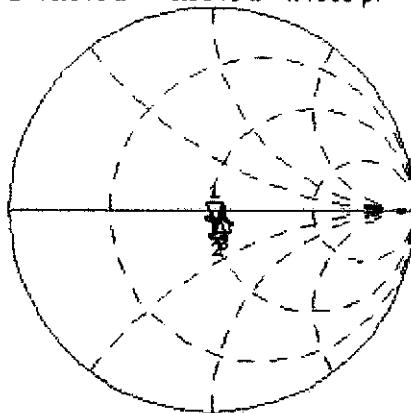
\*

Del

Cor

Avg  
16

H1d



CH1 Markers

2: 51.904  $\Omega$   
-4.2578  $\Delta$   
5.50000 GHz

3: 54.615  $\Omega$   
-1.5586  $\Delta$   
5.50000 GHz

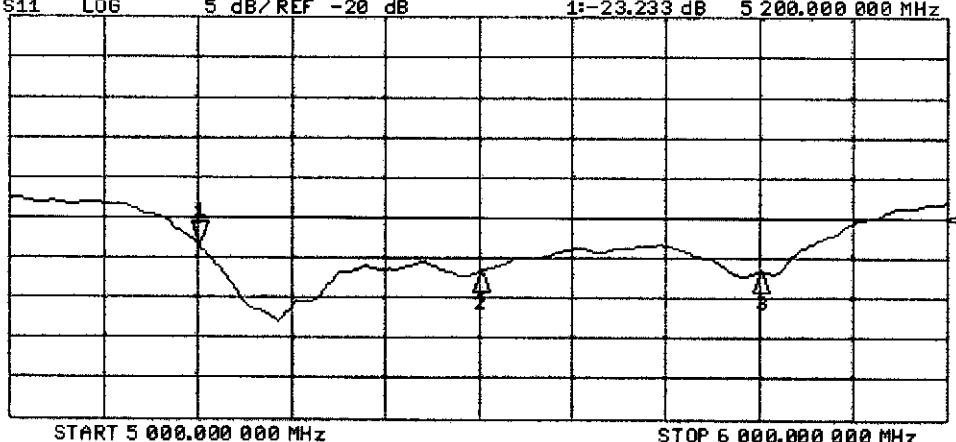
CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB

1: -23.233 dB 5 200.000 000 MHz

Cor

Avg  
16

H1d



CH2 Markers

2:-26.793 dB  
5.50000 GHz

3:-26.641 dB  
5.50000 GHz

## DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 21.06.2011

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

### DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHz; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1040

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5500 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz

Medium: MSL 501

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5200 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 5.41 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 49$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ , Medium parameters used:  $f = 5500 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 5.86 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 48.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ , Medium parameters used:  $f = 5800 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 6.21 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 47.8$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3503; ConvF(4.91, 4.91, 4.91), ConvF(4.43, 4.43, 4.43), ConvF(4.38, 4.38, 4.38); Calibrated: 04.03.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 08.06.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.6.2(482); SEMCAD X 14.4.5(3634)

### Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=1.4\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 58.999 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.005 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.6 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.13 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.369 mW/g

### Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=1.4\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 59.120 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.982 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.18 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.27 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.380 mW/g

### Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:

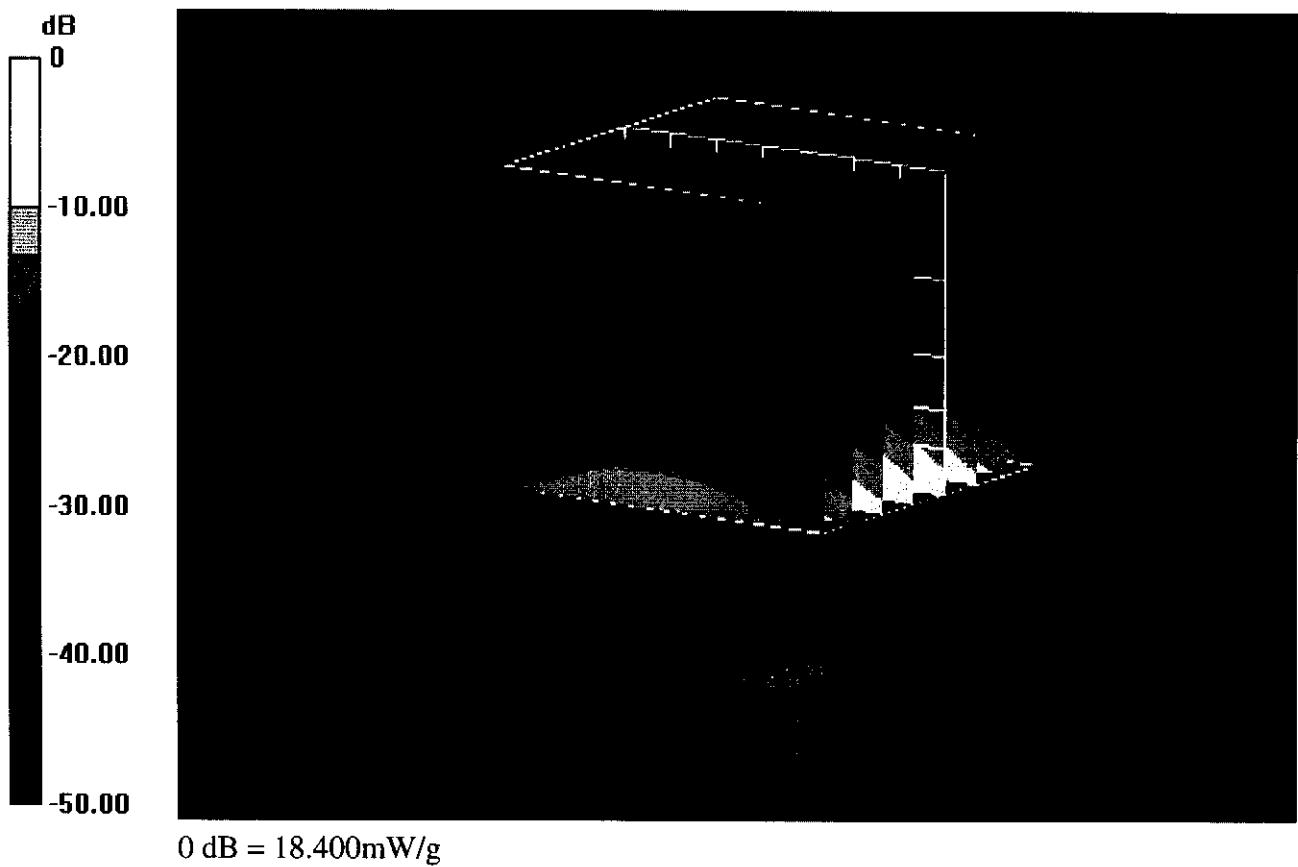
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=1.4\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 55.208 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

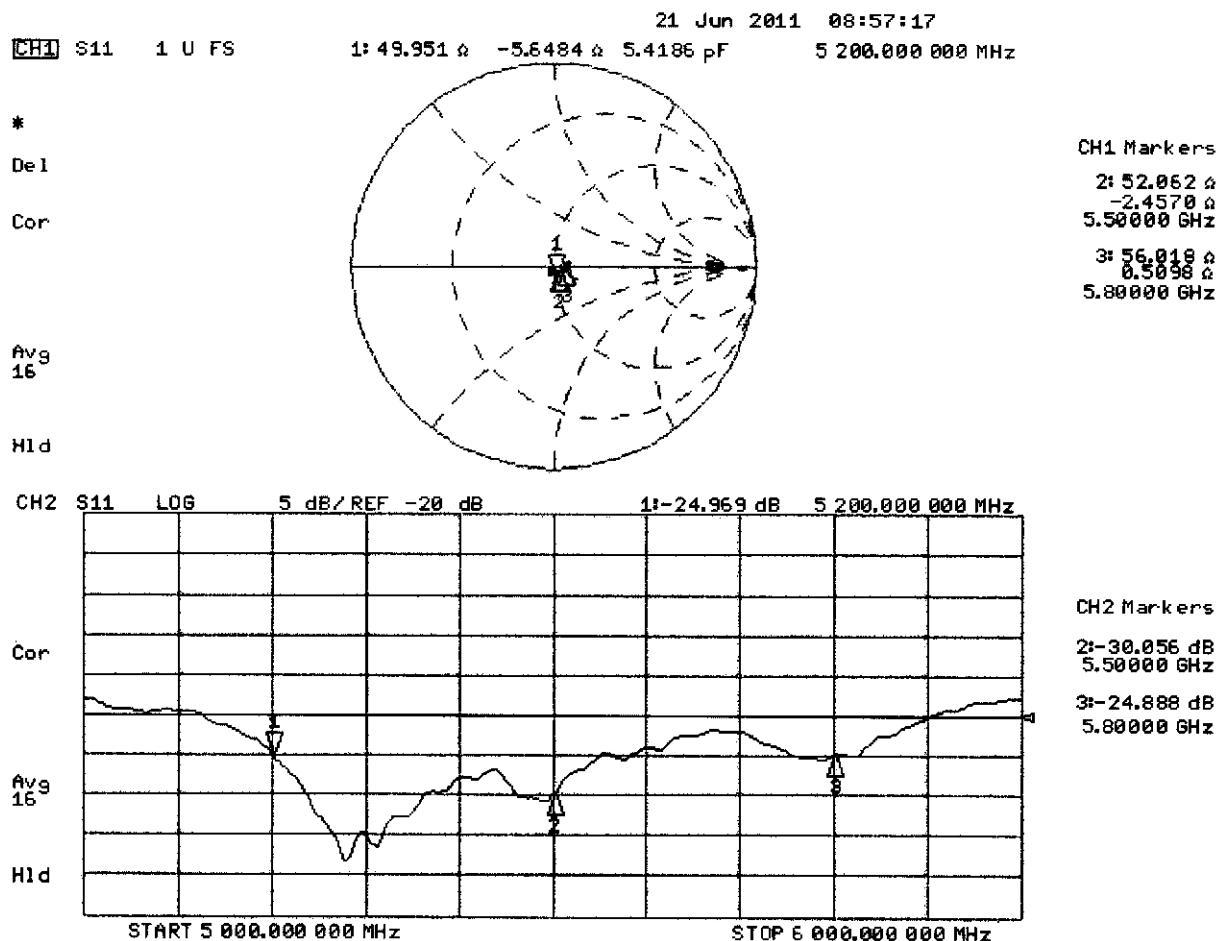
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.965 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.55 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.1 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.403 mW/g



## Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



**Calibration Laboratory of**  
**Schmid & Partner**  
**Engineering AG**  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client: **Amphenol CN (Auden)**

Certificate No: **DAE3-495\_Apr11**

## **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object: **DAE3 - SD 000 D03 AD - SN: 495**

Calibration procedure(s): **QA CAL-06.v22**  
Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)

Calibration date: **April 28, 2011**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature ( $22 \pm 3$ )°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	28-Sep-10 (No:10376)	Sep-11
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Calibrator Box VI.1	SE UMS 006 AB 1004	07-Jun-10 (in house check)	In house check: Jun-11

Calibrated by:	Name <b>Dominique Steffen</b>	Function <b>Technician</b>	Signature 
Approved by:	<b>Fin Bomholt</b>	R&D Director	

Issued: April 28, 2011

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

## Glossary

DAE	data acquisition electronics
Connector angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- *DC Voltage Measurement*: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle*: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - *DC Voltage Measurement Linearity*: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - *Common mode sensitivity*: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - *Channel separation*: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - *AD Converter Values with inputs shorted*: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - *Input Offset Measurement*: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - *Input Offset Current*: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - *Input resistance*: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - *Low Battery Alarm Voltage*: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - *Power consumption*: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

### DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB =  $6.1\mu V$ , full range =  $-100...+300 mV$

Low Range: 1LSB =  $61nV$ , full range =  $-1.....+3mV$

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	$404.324 \pm 0.1\% (k=2)$	$405.291 \pm 0.1\% (k=2)$	$405.622 \pm 0.1\% (k=2)$
Low Range	$3.95043 \pm 0.7\% (k=2)$	$3.97613 \pm 0.7\% (k=2)$	$3.95159 \pm 0.7\% (k=2)$

### Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	$227.5^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
---	---------------------------

## Appendix

### 1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range		Reading ( $\mu$ V)	Difference ( $\mu$ V)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	199993.1	-2.74	-0.00
Channel X	+ Input	20001.66	1.46	0.01
Channel X	- Input	-19994.94	5.16	-0.03
Channel Y	+ Input	200006.0	1.16	0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	20002.16	1.86	0.01
Channel Y	- Input	-19997.98	2.02	-0.01
Channel Z	+ Input	200005.6	1.57	0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	20003.05	3.05	0.02
Channel Z	- Input	-19998.31	1.59	-0.01

Low Range		Reading ( $\mu$ V)	Difference ( $\mu$ V)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	2000.3	0.26	0.01
Channel X	+ Input	199.66	-0.24	-0.12
Channel X	- Input	-200.28	-0.38	0.19
Channel Y	+ Input	2001.0	1.06	0.05
Channel Y	+ Input	200.75	0.85	0.42
Channel Y	- Input	-202.12	-2.12	1.06
Channel Z	+ Input	1999.0	-1.13	-0.06
Channel Z	+ Input	198.35	-1.65	-0.82
Channel Z	- Input	-200.94	-1.04	0.52

### 2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading ( $\mu$ V)	Low Range Average Reading ( $\mu$ V)
Channel X	200	2.91	1.12
	-200	0.15	-1.40
Channel Y	200	-0.69	-0.74
	-200	-0.12	-0.47
Channel Z	200	2.83	2.71
	-200	-4.22	-4.44

### 3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X ( $\mu$ V)	Channel Y ( $\mu$ V)	Channel Z ( $\mu$ V)
Channel X	200	-	2.33	0.36
Channel Y	200	2.17	-	4.08
Channel Z	200	3.22	-0.54	-

#### 4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

		High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X		15791	16416
Channel Y		15742	16582
Channel Z		15883	16533

#### 5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input 10MΩ

	Average ( $\mu$ V)	min. Offset ( $\mu$ V)	max. Offset ( $\mu$ V)	Std. Deviation ( $\mu$ V)
Channel X	-1.87	-3.03	-0.77	0.45
Channel Y	-1.74	-2.98	-0.06	0.56
Channel Z	-1.44	-2.79	-0.14	0.61

#### 6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

#### 7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

#### 8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

#### 9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland  
Phone +41 44 245 9700, Fax +41 44 245 9779  
info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

## **IMPORTANT NOTICE**

### **USAGE OF THE DAE 3**

The DAE unit is a delicate, high precision instrument and requires careful treatment by the user. There are no serviceable parts inside the DAE. Special attention shall be given to the following points:

**Battery Exchange:** The battery cover of the DAE3 unit is connected to a fragile 3-pin battery connector. Customer is responsible to apply outmost caution not to bend or damage the connector when changing batteries.

**Shipping of the DAE:** Before shipping the DAE to SPEAG for calibration the customer shall remove the batteries and pack the DAE in an antistatic bag. This antistatic bag shall then be packed into a larger box or container which protects the DAE from impacts transportation. The package shall be marked to indicate that a fragile instrument is inside.

**E-Stop Failures:** Touch detection may be malfunctioning due to broken magnets in the E-stop. Rough handling of the E-stop may lead to damage of these magnets. Touch and collision errors are often caused by dust and dirt accumulated in the E-stop. To prevent Estop failure, Customer shall always mount the probe to the DAE carefully and keep the DAE unit in a non-dusty environment if not used for measurements.

**Repair:** Minor repairs are performed at no extra cost during the annual calibration. However, SPEAG reserves the right to charge for any repair especially if rough unprofessional handling caused the defect.

**DASY Configuration Files:** Since the exact values of the DAE input resistances, as measured during the calibration procedure of a DAE unit, are not used by the DASY software, a nominal value of 200 MOhm is given in the corresponding configuration file.

**Important Note:**

**Warranty and calibration is void if the DAE unit is disassembled partly or fully by the Customer.**

**Important Note:**

**Never attempt to grease or oil the E-stop assembly. Cleaning and readjusting of the E-stop assembly is allowed by certified SPEAG personnel only and is part of the annual calibration procedure.**

**Important Note:**

**To prevent damage of the DAE probe connector pins, use great care when installing the probe to the DAE. Carefully connect the probe with the connector notch oriented in the mating position. Avoid any rotational movement of the probe body versus the DAE while turning the locking nut of the connector. The same care shall be used when disconnecting the probe from the DAE.**



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client

**Sporton TW (Auden)**

Certificate No: **DAE3-577\_Jun11**

## **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object	<b>DAE3 - SD 000 D03 AA - SN: 577</b>
Calibration procedure(s)	<b>QA CAL-06.v23</b> Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)
Calibration date:	<b>June 20, 2011</b>

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature ( $22 \pm 3$ )°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	28-Sep-10 (No:10376)	Sep-11
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Calibrator Box V1.1	SE UMS 006 AB 1004	08-Jun-11 (in house check)	In house check: Jun-12

Calibrated by:	Name	Function	Signature
	Dominique Steffen	Technician	
Approved by:	Fin Bornholt	R&D Director	

Issued: June 20, 2011

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

## Glossary

DAE	data acquisition electronics
Connector angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- *DC Voltage Measurement:* Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle:* The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - *DC Voltage Measurement Linearity:* Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - *Common mode sensitivity:* Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - *Channel separation:* Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - *AD Converter Values with inputs shorted:* Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - *Input Offset Measurement:* Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - *Input Offset Current:* Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - *Input resistance:* Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - *Low Battery Alarm Voltage:* Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - *Power consumption:* Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

## DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB =  $6.1\mu V$ , full range = -100...+300 mV

Low Range: 1LSB =  $61nV$ , full range = -1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	$404.381 \pm 0.1\% (k=2)$	$403.844 \pm 0.1\% (k=2)$	$404.277 \pm 0.1\% (k=2)$
Low Range	$3.93296 \pm 0.7\% (k=2)$	$3.93560 \pm 0.7\% (k=2)$	$3.95800 \pm 0.7\% (k=2)$

## Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	$101.5^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
---	---------------------------

## Appendix

### 1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range		Reading ( $\mu$ V)	Difference ( $\mu$ V)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	199995.4	-2.24	-0.00
Channel X	+ Input	20003.13	3.03	0.02
Channel X	- Input	-19996.01	3.89	-0.02
Channel Y	+ Input	199996.5	-0.01	-0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	20000.48	0.58	0.00
Channel Y	- Input	-19998.50	2.10	-0.01
Channel Z	+ Input	199994.4	-1.15	-0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	20003.30	3.40	0.02
Channel Z	- Input	-19996.26	3.24	-0.02

Low Range		Reading ( $\mu$ V)	Difference ( $\mu$ V)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	2000.4	0.29	0.01
Channel X	+ Input	200.33	0.43	0.21
Channel X	- Input	-199.88	-0.08	0.04
Channel Y	+ Input	1999.9	-0.31	-0.02
Channel Y	+ Input	200.45	0.55	0.28
Channel Y	- Input	-200.38	-0.58	0.29
Channel Z	+ Input	1999.6	-0.23	-0.01
Channel Z	+ Input	199.26	-0.64	-0.32
Channel Z	- Input	-200.62	-0.82	0.41

### 2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading ( $\mu$ V)	Low Range Average Reading ( $\mu$ V)
Channel X	200	15.32	13.45
	-200	-13.16	-14.40
Channel Y	200	-5.58	-5.70
	-200	4.51	4.52
Channel Z	200	-1.42	-1.57
	-200	0.56	0.17

### 3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X ( $\mu$ V)	Channel Y ( $\mu$ V)	Channel Z ( $\mu$ V)
Channel X	200	-	0.73	-0.43
Channel Y	200	3.10	-	4.07
Channel Z	200	0.93	-1.25	-

#### 4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	15973	16638
Channel Y	15856	15275
Channel Z	16211	16876

#### 5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input  $10M\Omega$

	Average ( $\mu V$ )	min. Offset ( $\mu V$ )	max. Offset ( $\mu V$ )	Std. Deviation ( $\mu V$ )
Channel X	-0.94	-2.52	0.28	0.54
Channel Y	-1.05	-1.87	0.16	0.43
Channel Z	-0.85	-1.57	1.34	0.39

#### 6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

#### 7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

#### 8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

#### 9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9



## Calibration Certificate of DASY

Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
C Service suisse d'étalonnage  
S Servizio svizzero di taratura  
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client Sporton (Auden)

Certificate No: DAE4-778\_Oct10

### CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BJ - SN: 778

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-06.v22  
Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)

Calibration date: October 22, 2010

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature ( $22 \pm 3$ )°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	28-Sep-10 (No:10376)	Sep-11
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Calibrator Box V1.1	SE UMS 006 AB 1004	07-Jun-10 (in house check)	In house check: Jun-11

Calibrated by: Name Eric Hainfeld Function Technician Signature

Approved by: Name Fin Bomholt Function R&D Director Signature

Issued: October 22, 2010

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



## Calibration Certificate of DASY

Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
C Service suisse d'étalonnage  
S Servizio svizzero di taratura  
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

### Glossary

DAE	data acquisition electronics
Connector angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- *DC Voltage Measurement*: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle*: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - *DC Voltage Measurement Linearity*: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - *Common mode sensitivity*: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - *Channel separation*: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - *AD Converter Values with inputs shorted*: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - *Input Offset Measurement*: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - *Input Offset Current*: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - *Input resistance*: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - *Low Battery Alarm Voltage*: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - *Power consumption*: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.



## Calibration Certificate of DASY

### DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB =  $6.1\mu V$ , full range =  $-100...+300 mV$

Low Range: 1LSB =  $61nV$ , full range =  $-1.....+3mV$

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	$404.679 \pm 0.1\% (k=2)$	$403.480 \pm 0.1\% (k=2)$	$405.025 \pm 0.1\% (k=2)$
Low Range	$3.98633 \pm 0.7\% (k=2)$	$3.96375 \pm 0.7\% (k=2)$	$3.99940 \pm 0.7\% (k=2)$

### Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	$64.5^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
---	--------------------------



## Calibration Certificate of DASY

### Appendix

#### 1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range		Reading ( $\mu$ V)	Difference ( $\mu$ V)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	200004.4	1.89	0.00
Channel X	+ Input	20001.11	1.41	0.01
Channel X	- Input	-19998.36	1.54	-0.01
Channel Y	+ Input	199996.1	3.42	0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	19999.75	0.35	0.00
Channel Y	- Input	-19999.92	-0.12	0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	200002.7	1.29	0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	19996.85	-2.55	-0.01
Channel Z	- Input	-20004.31	-4.61	0.02

Low Range		Reading ( $\mu$ V)	Difference ( $\mu$ V)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	2000.0	0.09	0.00
Channel X	+ Input	200.02	0.02	0.01
Channel X	- Input	-198.62	1.48	-0.74
Channel Y	+ Input	1999.6	-0.58	-0.03
Channel Y	+ Input	199.13	-0.57	-0.29
Channel Y	- Input	-200.71	-0.61	0.31
Channel Z	+ Input	2000.1	-0.01	-0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	198.96	-1.14	-0.57
Channel Z	- Input	-200.98	-0.98	0.49

#### 2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading ( $\mu$ V)	Low Range Average Reading ( $\mu$ V)
Channel X	200	-5.28	-6.07
	-200	6.79	6.12
Channel Y	200	-1.80	-1.60
	-200	0.97	0.35
Channel Z	200	-9.76	-9.86
	-200	7.56	7.61

#### 3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X ( $\mu$ V)	Channel Y ( $\mu$ V)	Channel Z ( $\mu$ V)
Channel X	200	-	1.86	-0.66
Channel Y	200	2.28	-	2.89
Channel Z	200	1.68	-0.15	-



## Calibration Certificate of DASY

### 4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	16056	16950
Channel Y	16153	13741
Channel Z	16441	16066

### 5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input 10MΩ

	Average ( $\mu$ V)	min. Offset ( $\mu$ V)	max. Offset ( $\mu$ V)	Std. Deviation ( $\mu$ V)
Channel X	0.32	-2.35	2.08	0.55
Channel Y	-1.83	-2.96	-0.72	0.47
Channel Z	-1.93	-3.00	-0.90	0.45

### 6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

### 7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

### 8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

### 9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9

**Calibration Laboratory of**  
**Schmid & Partner**  
**Engineering AG**  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Sporton (Auden)**

Certificate No: **ET3-1787\_May11**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ET3DV6 - SN:1787**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v7, QA CAL-23.v4, QA CAL-25.v3**  
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: **May 20, 2011**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature ( $22 \pm 3$ )°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-12
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-12
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01369)	Apr-12
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367)	Apr-12
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01370)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	29-Dec-10 (No. ES3-3013_Dec10)	Dec-11
DAE4	SN: 654	3-May-11 (No. DAE4-654_May11)	May-12
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11

Calibrated by:	Name <b>Jeton Kastrati</b>	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Name <b>Katja Pokovic</b>	Function Technical Manager	Signature 

Issued: May 23, 2011

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

#### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM $x,y,z$	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM $x,y,z$
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization $\phi$	$\phi$ rotation around probe axis
Polarization $\theta$	$\theta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\theta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM $x,y,z$ : Assessed for E-field polarization  $\theta = 0$  ( $f \leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800$  MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM $x,y,z$  are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM $x,y,z$  does not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM( $f$ ) $x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency\_response$  (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP $x,y,z$ : DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z are numerical linearization parameters in dB assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media.
- VR: VR is the validity range of the calibration related to the average diode voltage or DAE voltage in mV.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \leq 800$  MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 800$  MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM $x,y,z * ConvF$  whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50$  MHz to  $\pm 100$  MHz.
- Spherical Isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): In a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

# Probe ET3DV6

**SN:1787**

Manufactured: May 28, 2003  
Calibrated: May 20, 2011

**Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems**  
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 - SN:1787

### Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V/m})^2$ ) <sup>A</sup>	1.56	1.79	2.09	$\pm 10.1 \%$
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	99.8	100.5	95.9	

### Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dB	C dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
10000	CW	0.00	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	131.5	$\pm 3.0 \%$
			Y	0.00	0.00	1.00	105.0	
			Z	0.00	0.00	1.00	114.9	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter, uncertainty not required.

<sup>C</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 - SN:1787

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>c</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>f</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>f</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	6.71	6.71	6.71	0.71	1.91	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	6.39	6.39	6.39	0.68	1.94	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	6.27	6.27	6.27	0.66	1.99	± 12.0 %
1450	40.5	1.20	5.58	5.58	5.58	0.51	2.57	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	5.28	5.28	5.28	0.55	2.32	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	5.03	5.03	5.03	0.51	2.44	± 12.0 %
2000	40.0	1.40	5.01	5.01	5.01	0.55	2.24	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	4.41	4.41	4.41	0.71	1.83	± 12.0 %

<sup>c</sup> Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

<sup>f</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6- SN:1787

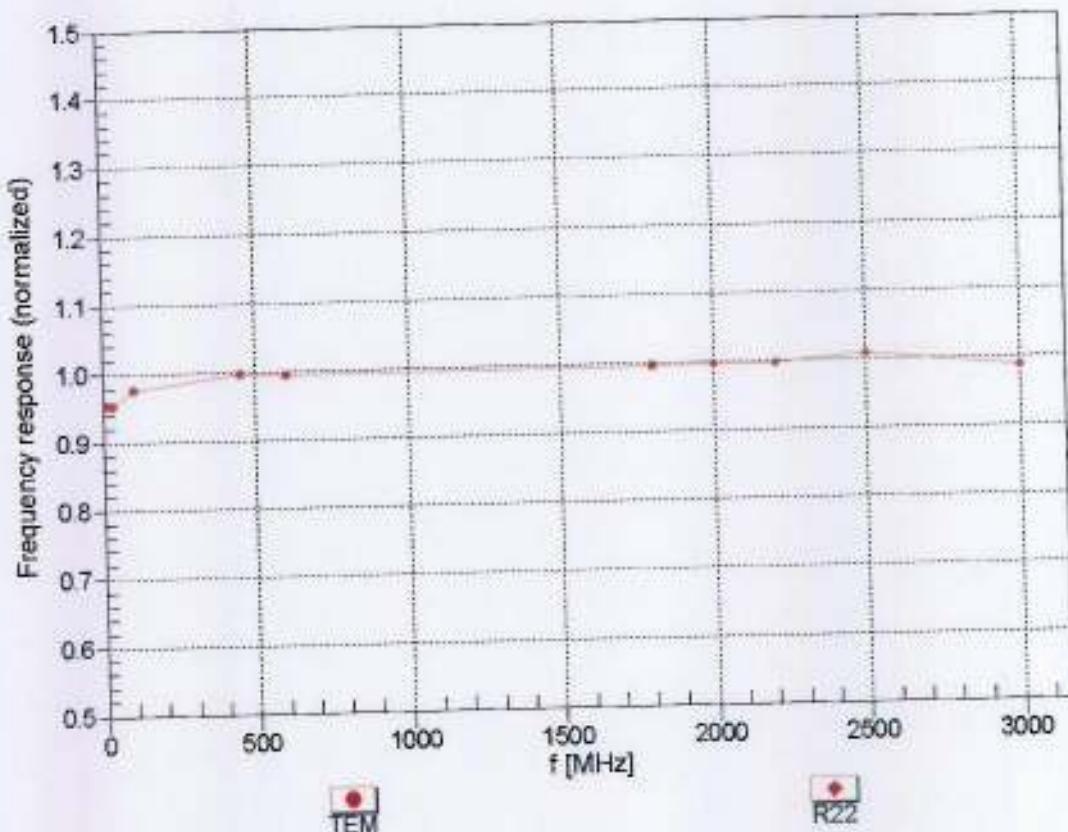
**Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media**

f (MHz) <sup>c</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>f</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>f</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	6.35	6.35	6.35	0.76	1.83	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	6.22	6.22	6.22	0.67	2.02	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	6.17	6.17	6.17	0.72	1.87	± 12.0 %
1450	54.0	1.30	5.35	5.35	5.35	0.57	2.35	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	4.74	4.74	4.74	0.56	2.86	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	4.48	4.48	4.48	0.56	2.76	± 12.0 %
2000	53.3	1.52	4.50	4.50	4.50	0.60	2.47	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	3.96	3.96	3.96	0.99	1.18	± 12.0 %

<sup>c</sup> Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

<sup>f</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\alpha$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\alpha$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

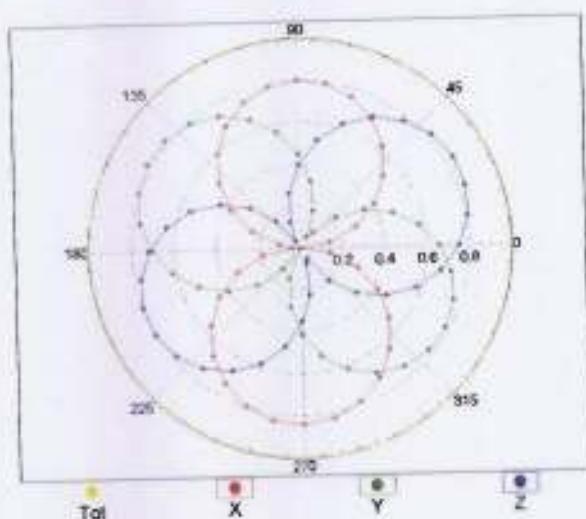
## Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



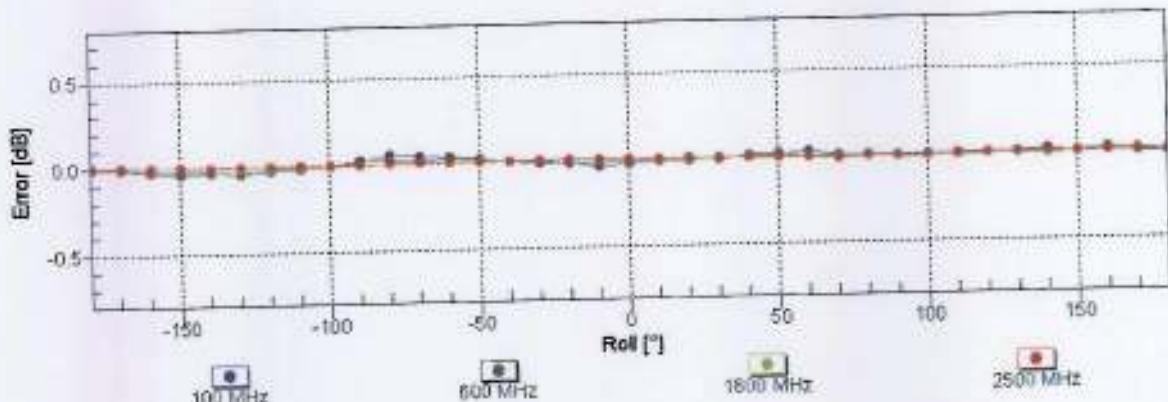
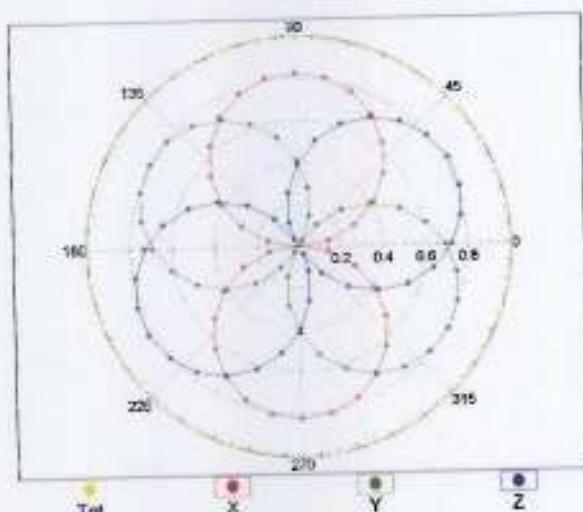
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\%$  ( $k=2$ )

## Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\theta = 0^\circ$

$f=600 \text{ MHz, TEM}$



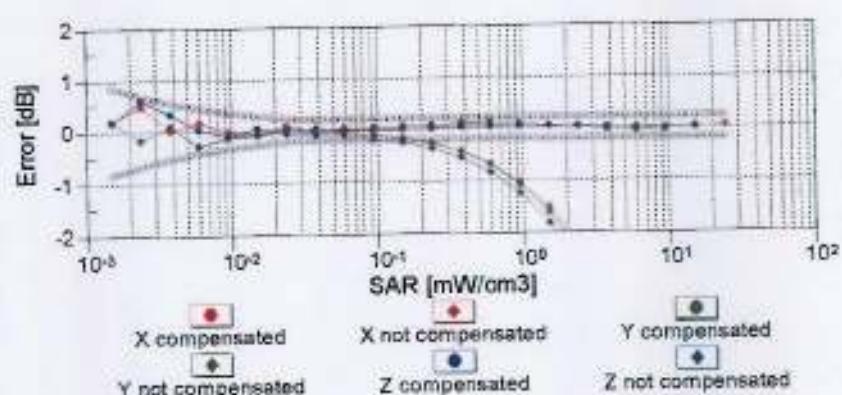
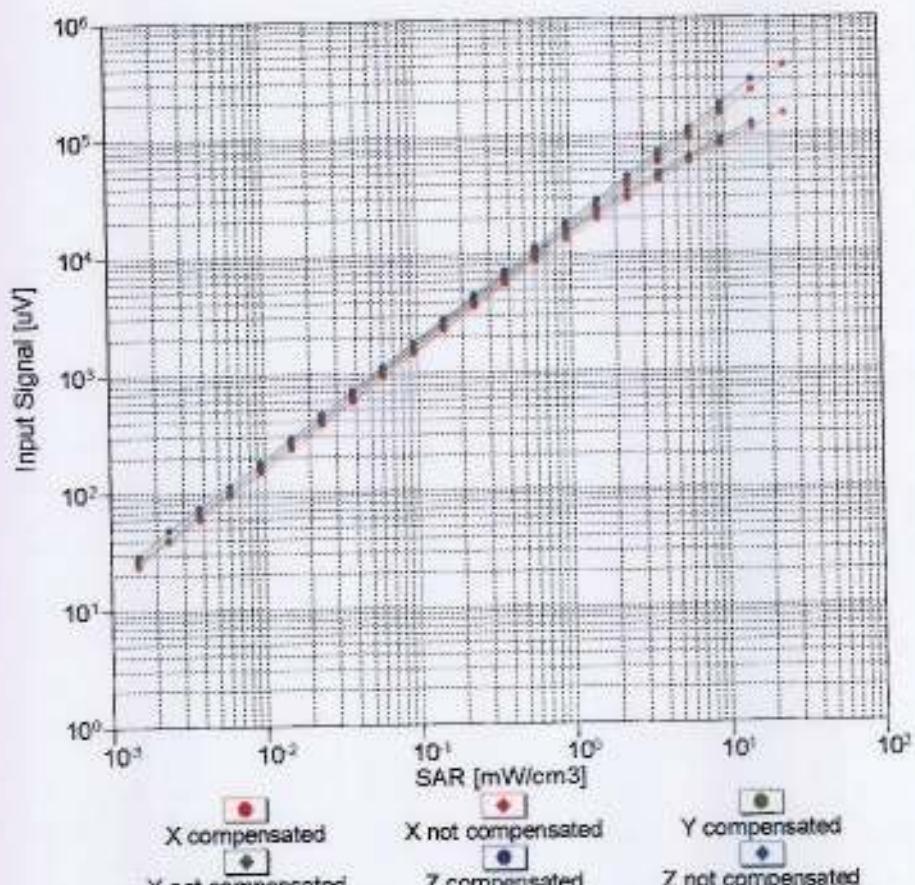
$f=1800 \text{ MHz, R22}$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  ( $k=2$ )

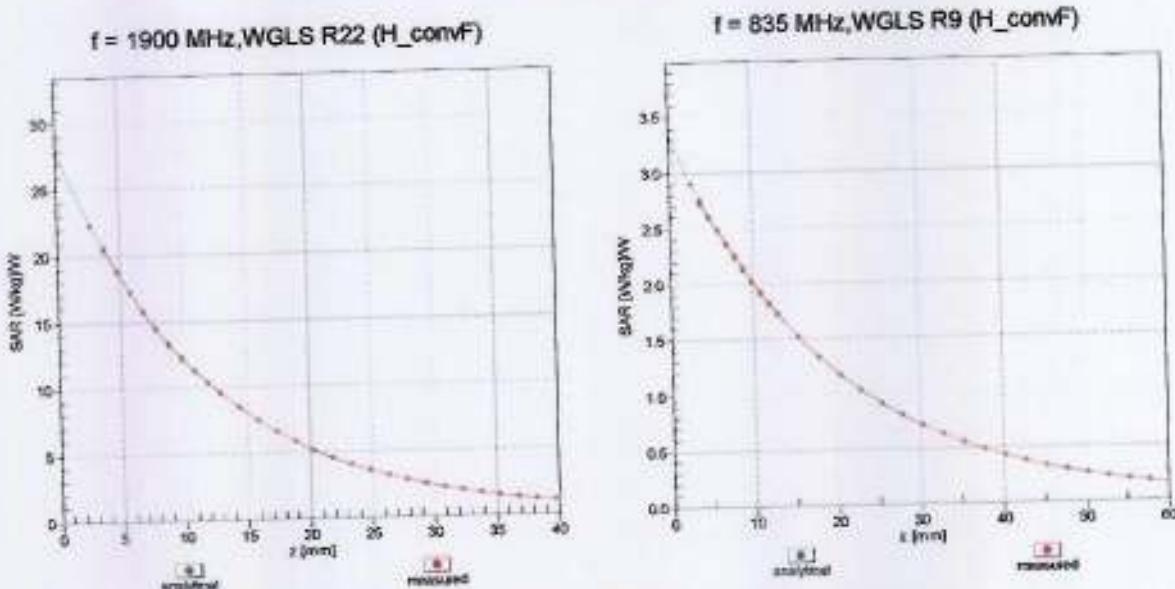
## Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>)

(TEM cell , f = 900 MHz)

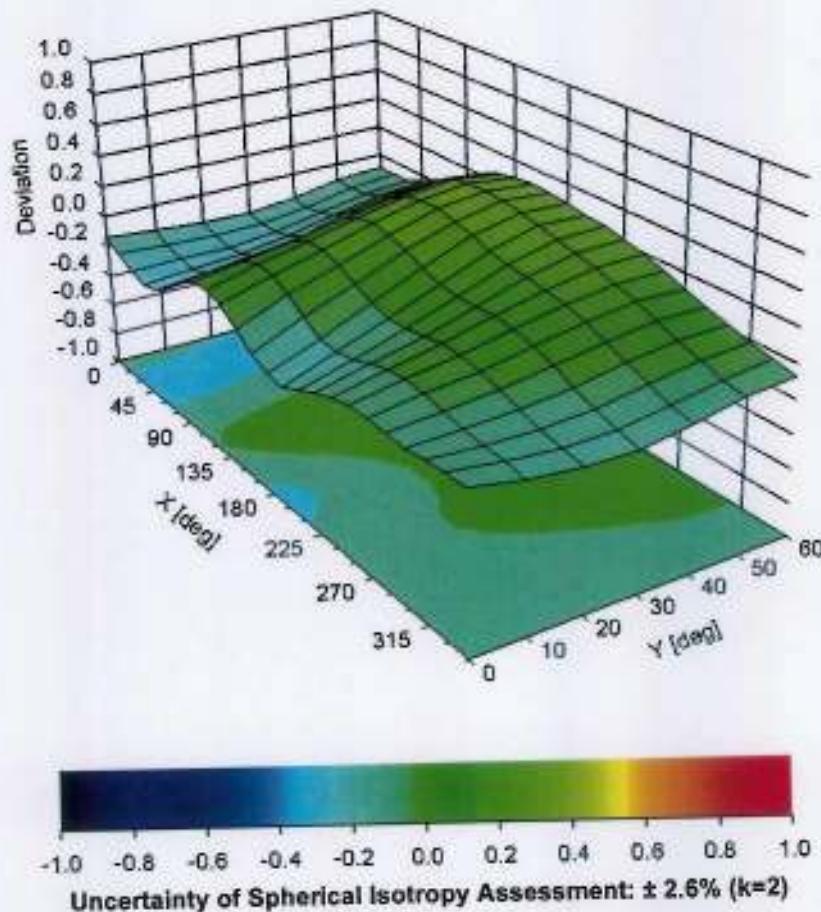


**Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)**

## Conversion Factor Assessment



## Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error ( $\phi, \theta$ ), $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$



**DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 - SN:1787****Other Probe Parameters**

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	Not applicable
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	6.8 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2.7 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2.7 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2.7 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	4 mm

**Calibration Laboratory of**  
**Schmid & Partner**  
**Engineering AG**  
**Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland**



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client

**Auden**

Certificate No: **EX3-3578\_Jun11**

## **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object **EX3DV4 - SN:3578**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v8, QA CAL-14.v3, QA CAL-23.v4, QA CAL-25.v4**  
**Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **June 21, 2011**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature ( $22 \pm 3$ )°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-12
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-12
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01369)	Apr-12
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367)	Apr-12
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01370)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	29-Dec-10 (No. ES3-3013_Dec10)	Dec-11
DAE4	SN: 654	3-May-11 (No. DAE4-654_May11)	May-12
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11

Calibrated by:	Name	Function	Signature
	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	
Approved by:	Niels Kuster	Quality Manager	

Issued: June 21, 2011

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization $\varphi$	$\varphi$ rotation around probe axis
Polarization $\theta$	$\theta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\theta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *NORMx,y,z*: Assessed for E-field polarization  $\theta = 0$  ( $f \leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800$  MHz: R22 waveguide). *NORMx,y,z* are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of *NORMx,y,z* does not affect the  $E^2$ -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- *NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- *DCPx,y,z*: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- *PAR*: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- *Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; VRx,y,z*: *A, B, C* are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. *VR* is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- *ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters*: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \leq 800$  MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 800$  MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to *NORMx,y,z \* ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50$  MHz to  $\pm 100$  MHz.
- *Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)*: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- *Sensor Offset*: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

# Probe EX3DV4

## SN:3578

Manufactured: November 4, 2005  
Calibrated: June 21, 2011

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems  
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3578

### Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ ) <sup>A</sup>	0.53	0.50	0.56	$\pm 10.1 \%$
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	101.0	99.8	100.5	

### Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dB	C dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
10000	CW	0.00	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	117.4	$\pm 1.7 \%$
			Y	0.00	0.00	1.00	116.2	
			Z	0.00	0.00	1.00	123.2	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3578

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>c</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>f</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>f</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	8.66	8.66	8.66	0.80	0.71	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	8.33	8.33	8.33	0.80	0.69	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	8.21	8.21	8.21	0.80	0.69	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	7.62	7.62	7.62	0.80	0.70	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	7.26	7.26	7.26	0.80	0.69	± 12.0 %
2000	40.0	1.40	7.21	7.21	7.21	0.80	0.68	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	6.42	6.42	6.42	0.80	0.68	± 12.0 %
5200	36.0	4.66	4.26	4.26	4.26	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5300	35.9	4.76	4.06	4.06	4.06	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	4.12	4.12	4.12	0.45	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	3.94	3.94	3.94	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	3.84	3.84	3.84	0.50	1.80	± 13.1 %

<sup>c</sup> Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

<sup>f</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4- SN:3578

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

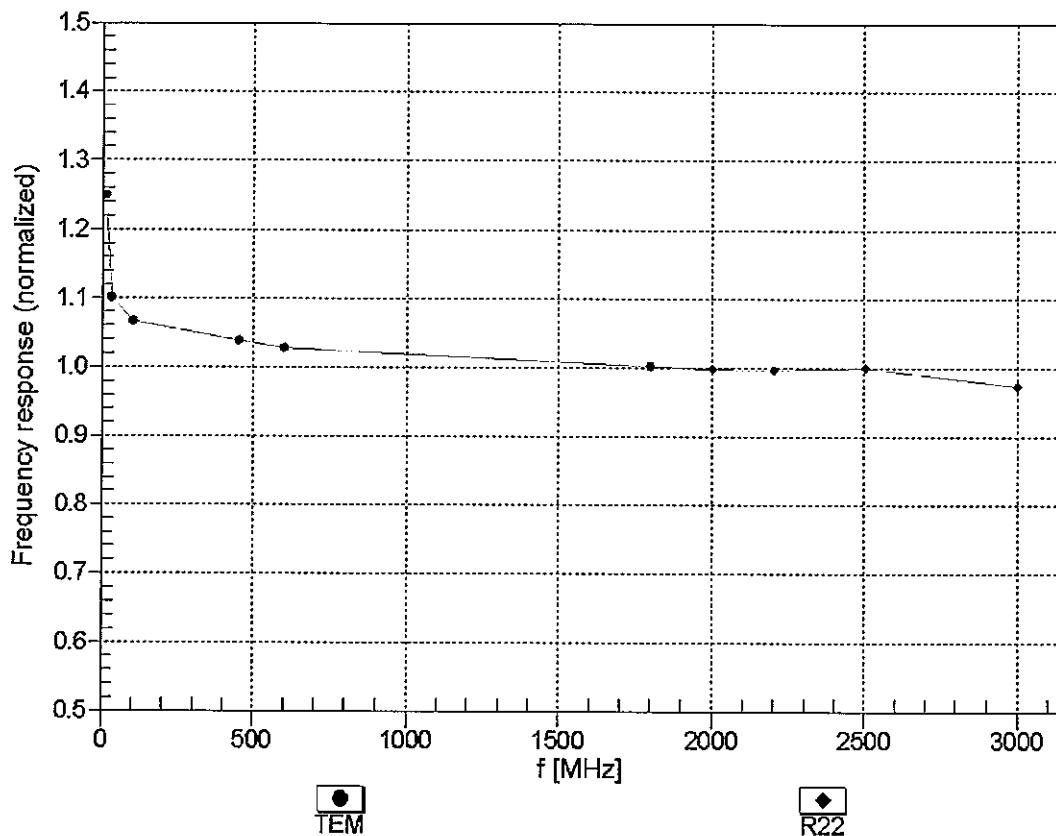
f (MHz) <sup>c</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>f</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>f</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	8.77	8.77	8.77	0.80	0.75	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	8.45	8.45	8.45	0.80	0.75	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	8.34	8.34	8.34	0.80	0.72	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	7.19	7.19	7.19	0.80	0.75	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	6.68	6.68	6.68	0.80	0.73	± 12.0 %
2000	53.3	1.52	6.68	6.68	6.68	0.80	0.73	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	6.18	6.18	6.18	0.80	0.50	± 12.0 %
5200	49.0	5.30	3.74	3.74	3.74	0.55	1.90	± 13.1 %
5300	48.9	5.42	3.49	3.49	3.49	0.55	1.90	± 13.1 %
5500	48.6	5.65	3.40	3.40	3.40	0.60	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	3.11	3.11	3.11	0.65	1.90	± 13.1 %
5800	48.2	6.00	3.23	3.23	3.23	0.65	1.90	± 13.1 %

<sup>c</sup> Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

<sup>f</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

## Frequency Response of E-Field

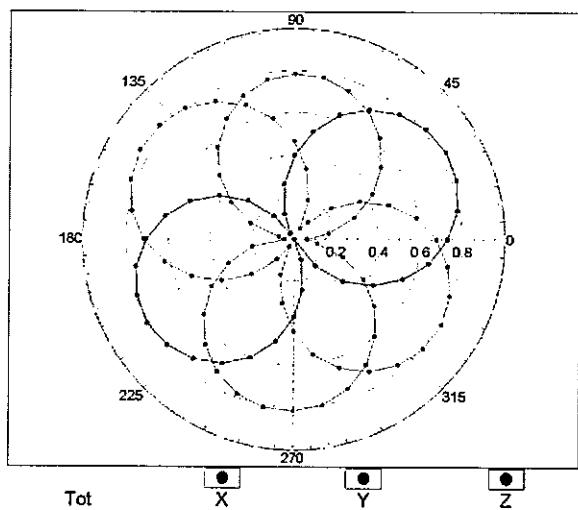
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



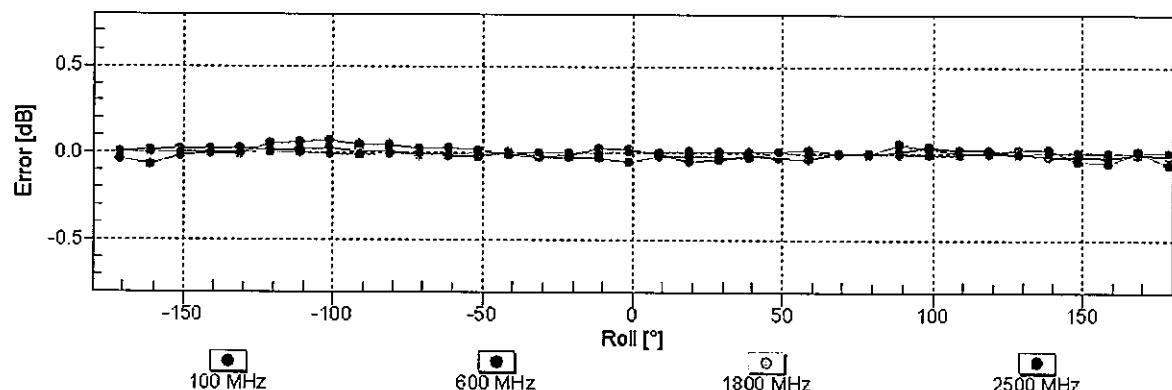
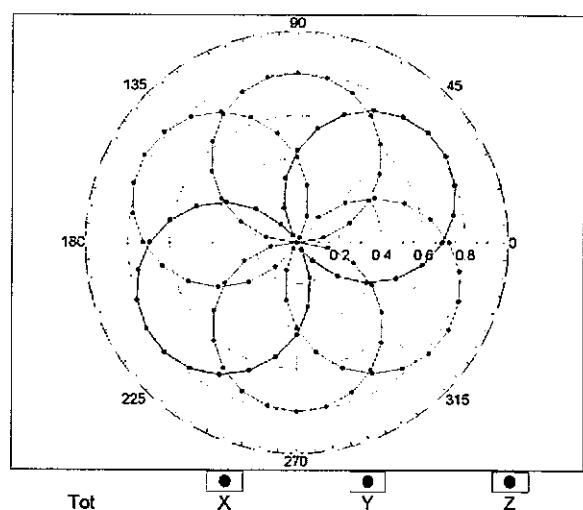
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\%$  ( $k=2$ )

## Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\theta = 0^\circ$

f=600 MHz, TEM

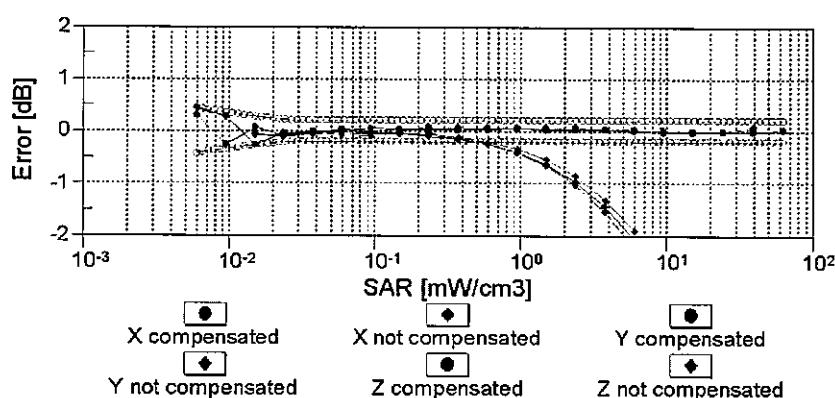
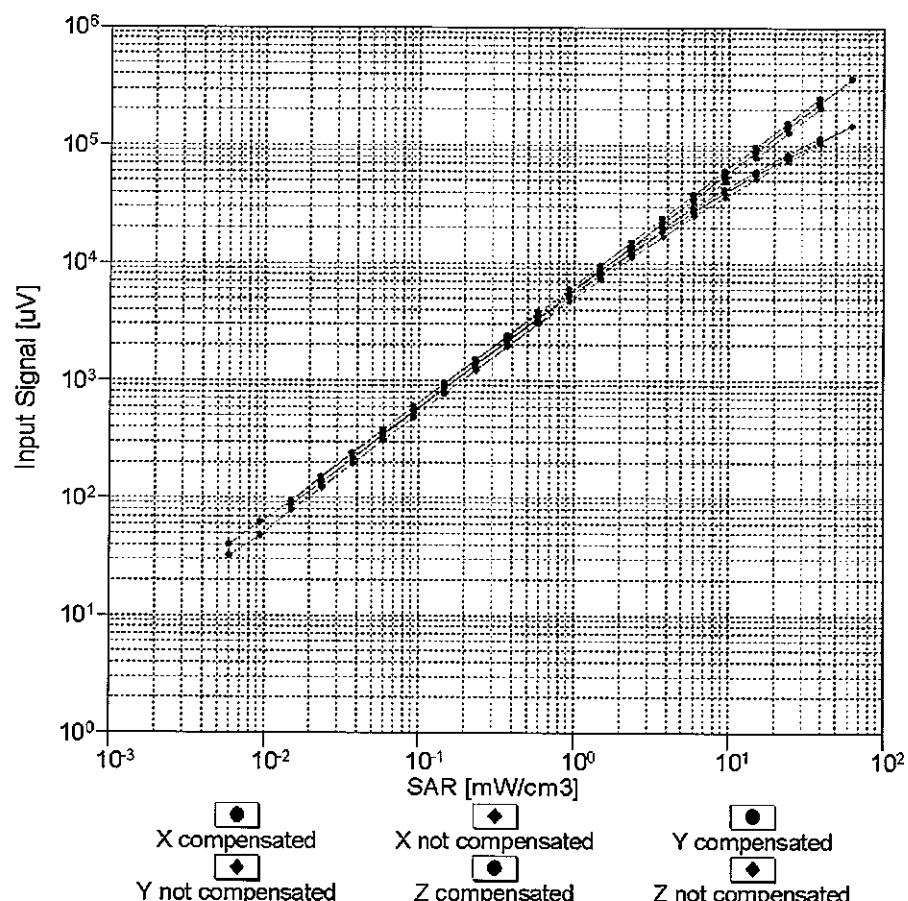


f=1800 MHz, R22

Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  (k=2)

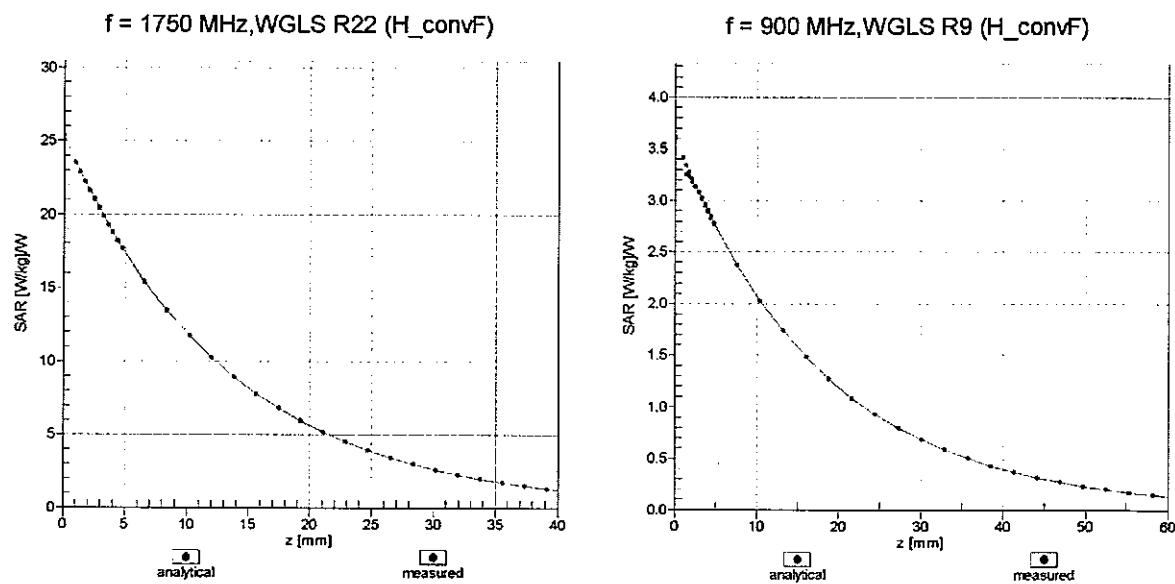
## Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>)

(TEM cell , f = 900 MHz)

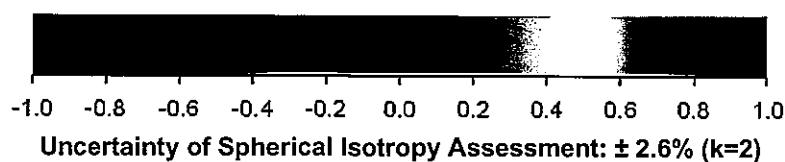
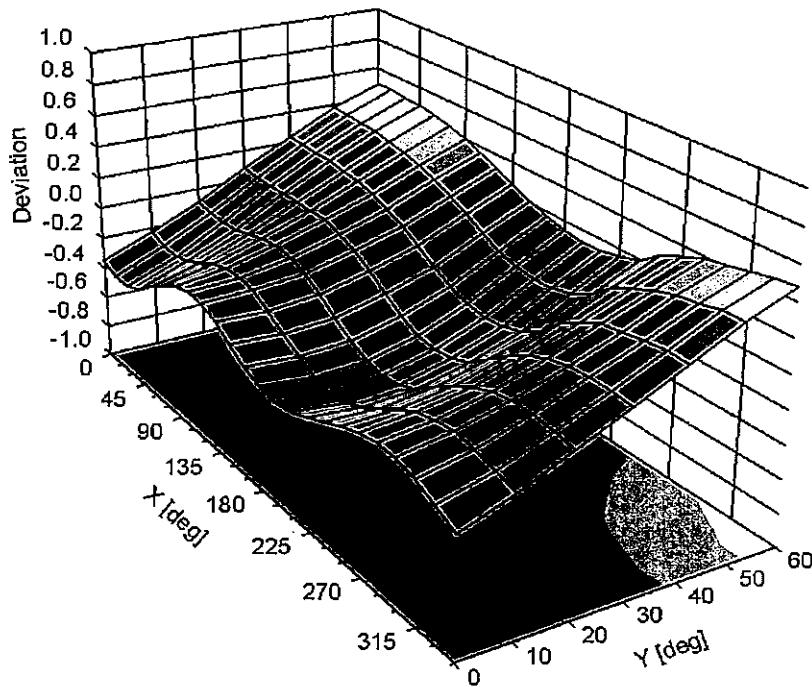


**Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)**

## Conversion Factor Assessment



## Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error ( $\phi, \theta$ ), $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$



## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3578

### Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	Not applicable
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	2 mm

**Calibration Laboratory of**  
**Schmid & Partner**  
**Engineering AG**  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client Sperton (Auden)

Certificate No: EX3-3792\_Jun11

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EX3DV4 - SN:3792

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v8, QA CAL-14.v3, QA CAL-23.v4, QA CAL-25.v4  
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: June 20, 2011

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature ( $22 \pm 3$ )°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-12
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-12
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01369)	Apr-12
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5066 (20b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367)	Apr-12
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01370)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	29-Dec-10 (No. ES3-3013_Dec10)	Dec-11
DAE4	SN: 654	3-May-11 (No. DAE4-654_May11)	May-12
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-09 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390565	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11

Calibrated by:	Name	Function	Signature
	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	
Approved by:	Niels Kuster	Quality Manager	

Issued: June 21, 2011

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization $\varphi$	$\varphi$ rotation around probe axis
Polarization $\theta$	$\theta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\theta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- $NORM_{x,y,z}$ : Assessed for E-field polarization  $\theta = 0$  ( $f \leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800$  MHz: R22 waveguide).  $NORM_{x,y,z}$  are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of  $NORM_{x,y,z}$  does not affect the  $E^2$ -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- $NORM(f)_{x,y,z} = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency\_response$  (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- $DCP_{x,y,z}$ : DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- $PAR$ : PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- $A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}; VR_{x,y,z}$ :  $A, B, C$  are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- *ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters*: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \leq 800$  MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 800$  MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to  $NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF$  whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50$  MHz to  $\pm 100$  MHz.
- *Spherical Isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)*: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- *Sensor Offset*: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

# Probe EX3DV4

## SN:3792

Manufactured: April 5, 2011  
Calibrated: June 20, 2011

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems  
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3792

### Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V/m})^2$ ) <sup>A</sup>	0.64	0.54	0.54	$\pm 10.1 \%$
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	97.9	98.9	99.8	

### Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dB	C dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
10000	CW	0.00	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	134.2	$\pm 2.7 \%$
			Y	0.00	0.00	1.00	123.8	
			Z	0.00	0.00	1.00	122.9	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3792

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>c</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>f</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>f</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
835	41.5	0.90	8.93	8.93	8.93	0.80	0.67	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	8.69	8.69	8.69	0.75	0.71	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.06	8.06	8.06	0.75	0.62	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	7.76	7.76	7.76	0.76	0.60	± 12.0 %
2000	40.0	1.40	7.68	7.68	7.68	0.80	0.57	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	7.27	7.27	7.27	0.73	0.61	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	6.92	6.92	6.92	0.70	0.62	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	6.85	6.85	6.85	0.62	0.68	± 12.0 %
3500	37.9	2.91	6.74	6.74	6.74	0.34	1.03	± 13.1 %
5200	36.0	4.66	4.95	4.95	4.95	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5300	35.9	4.76	4.71	4.71	4.71	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	4.66	4.66	4.66	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.23	4.23	4.23	0.45	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.42	4.42	4.42	0.43	1.80	± 13.1 %

<sup>c</sup> Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

<sup>f</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\alpha$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\alpha$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4- SN:3792

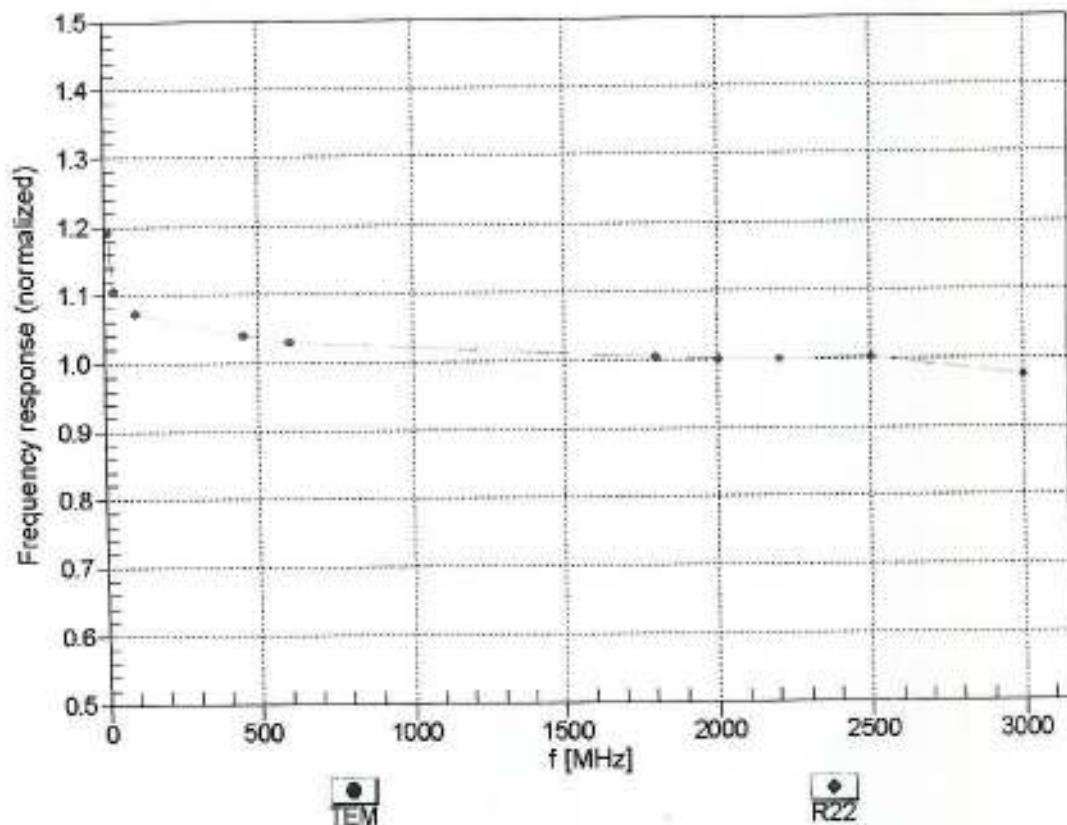
Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>c</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>f</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>f</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
835	55.2	0.97	9.02	9.02	9.02	0.80	0.72	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	8.91	8.91	8.91	0.80	0.71	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	7.62	7.62	7.62	0.80	0.69	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.17	7.17	7.17	0.80	0.64	± 12.0 %
2000	53.3	1.52	7.15	7.15	7.15	0.80	0.63	± 12.0 %
2300	52.9	1.81	6.90	6.90	6.90	0.80	0.61	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	6.67	6.67	6.67	0.80	0.59	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	6.53	6.53	6.53	0.80	0.60	± 12.0 %
3500	51.3	3.31	6.08	6.08	6.08	0.29	1.48	± 13.1 %
5200	49.0	5.30	4.22	4.22	4.22	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5300	48.9	5.42	3.93	3.93	3.93	0.55	1.90	± 13.1 %
5500	48.6	5.65	3.76	3.76	3.76	0.55	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	3.53	3.53	3.53	0.60	1.90	± 13.1 %
5800	48.2	6.00	3.78	3.78	3.78	0.60	1.90	± 13.1 %

<sup>c</sup> Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

<sup>f</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

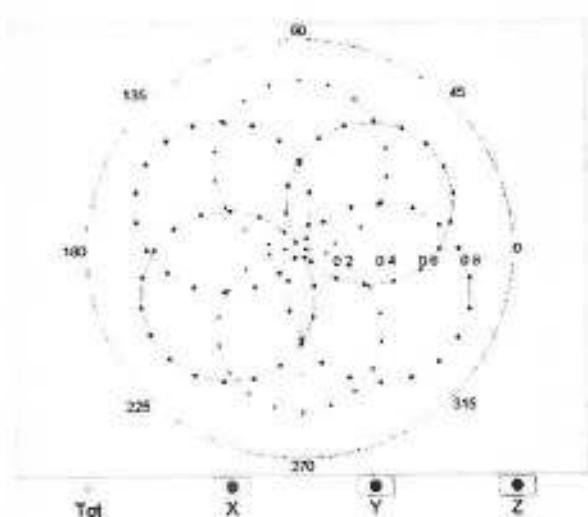
## Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



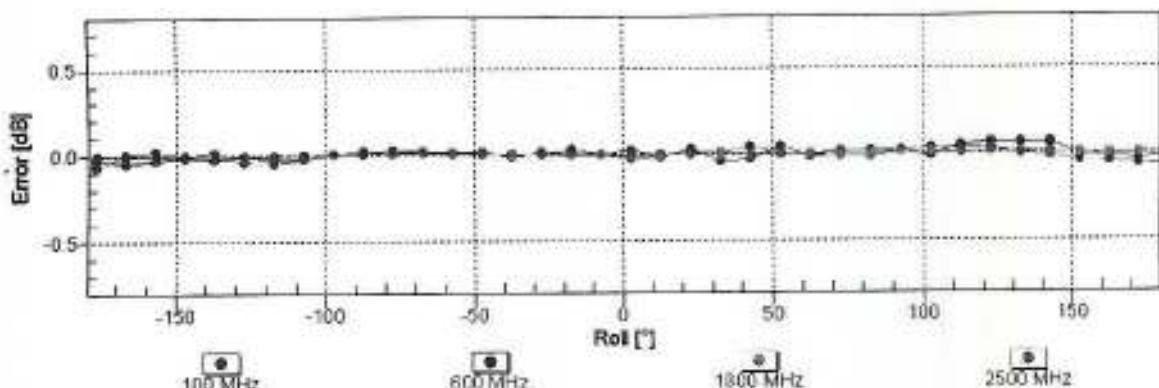
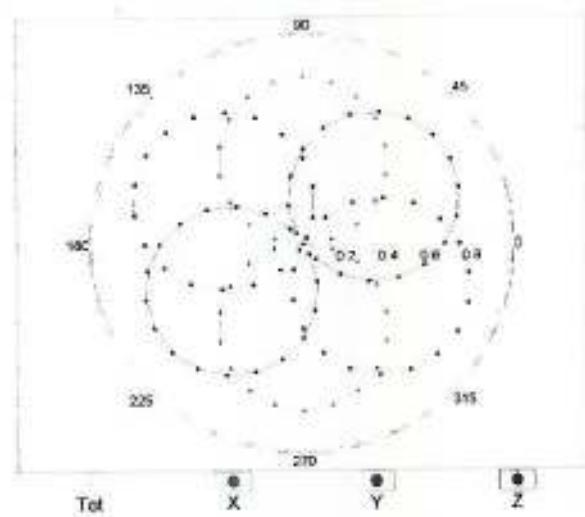
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\%$  ( $k=2$ )

## Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\theta = 0^\circ$

$f=600 \text{ MHz, TEM}$

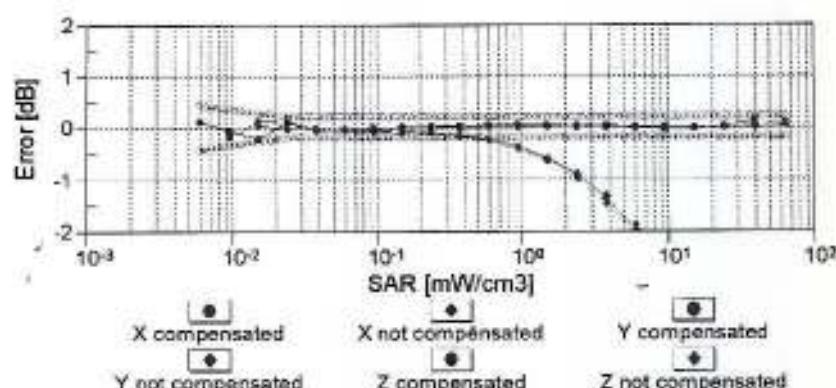
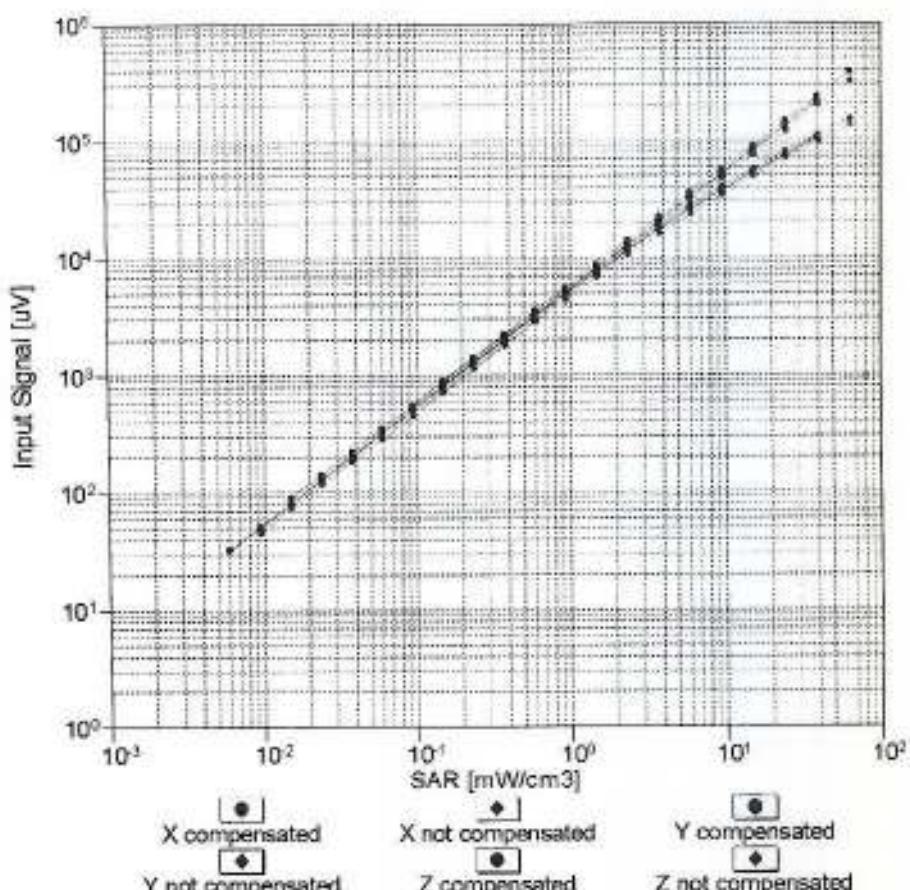


$f=1800 \text{ MHz, R22}$



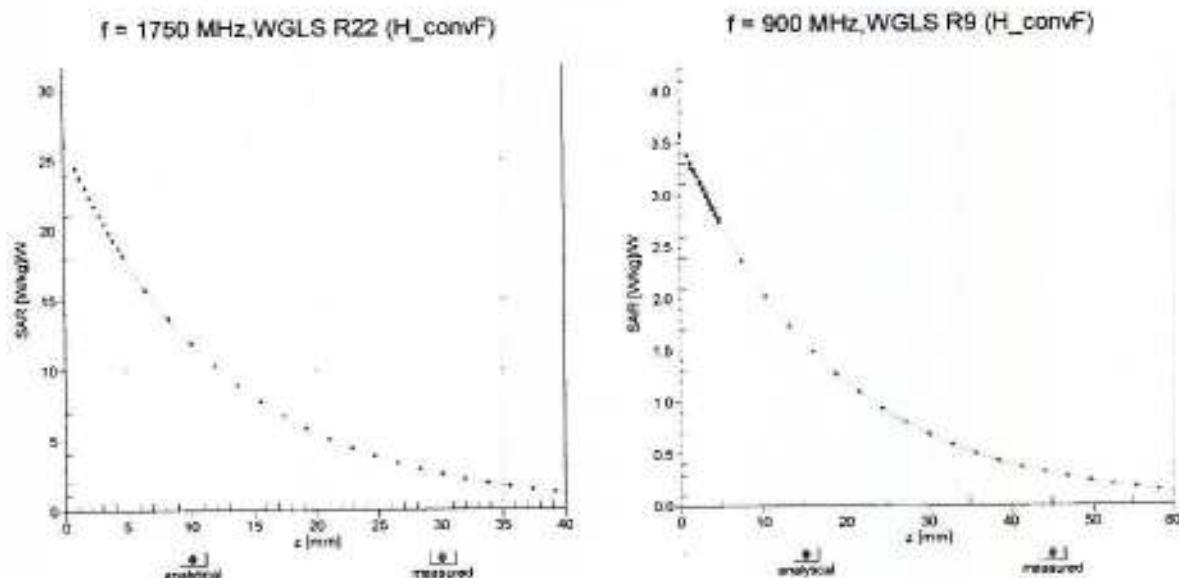
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  ( $k=2$ )

### Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell , f = 900 MHz)

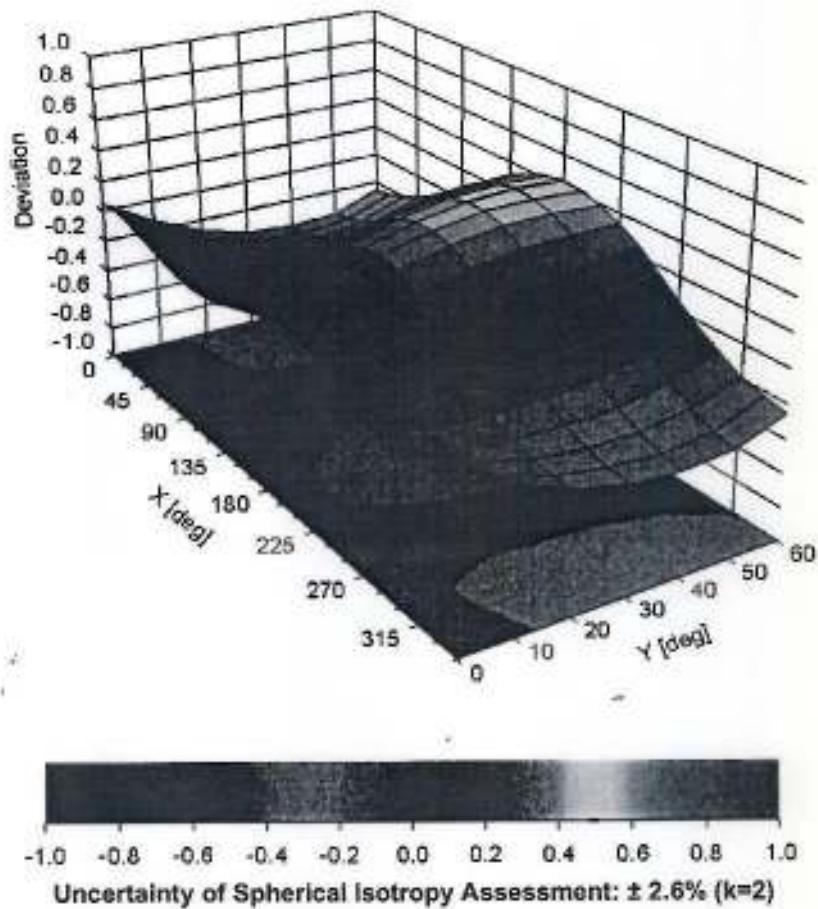


**Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment:  $\pm 0.6\%$  ( $k=2$ )**

## Conversion Factor Assessment



## Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error ( $\phi, \theta$ ), $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$

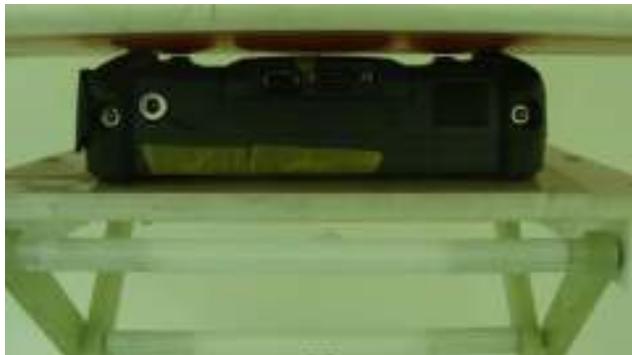


**DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3792****Other Probe Parameters**

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	Not applicable
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	2 mm



## Appendix D. Test Setup Photos



Bottom of Tablet



Secondary Landscape



## Appendix E. FCC 3G SAR Measurement Procedures

### Conducted Output Power:

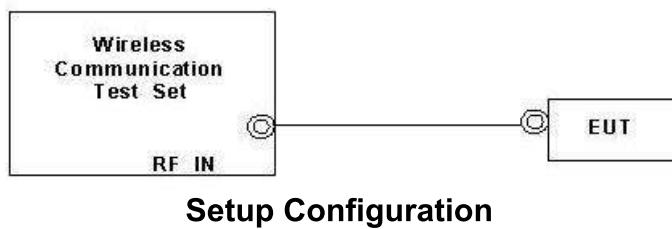
The EUT was tested according to the requirements of the FCC 3G procedures and the TS 34.121. The EUT's WCDMA and HSPA function is Release 6 version supporting HSDPA Category 10, and HSUPA Category 6. A detailed analysis of the output power for all WCDMA, HSPDA, and HSPA (HSUPA & HSDPA) modes is provided in the tables below. According to the FCC 3G procedures, handsets with both HSDPA and HSUPA should be tested according to Release 6 HSPA test procedures, and the function. Device was tested according to procedure KDB941225 - section Release 6 HSPA Data Devices as documented/evaluated in the following table. Power values for HSPA are configurations in WCDMA

WCDMA SAR Test mode - Conducted Power						
Mode	Setup	Cell band (850)			PCS band (1900)	
		CH4132	CH4182	CH4233	CH9262	CH9400
		826.4 (MHz)	836.4 (MHz)	846.6 (MHz)	1852.4 (MHz)	1880.0 (MHz)
WCDMA	RMC 12.2Kbps	23.42	23.71	23.26	23.53	23.58
HSDPA	Subtest 1	22.75	23.22	22.71	22.95	23.09
	Subtest 2	22.83	23.37	23.14	22.99	23.07
	Subtest 3	22.36	22.66	22.17	22.46	22.49
	Subtest 4	22.38	22.21	22.12	22.44	22.46
HSUPA	Subtest 1	22.48	22.25	22.55	23.05	22.61
	Subtest 2	21.28	21.25	21.29	21.56	21.77
	Subtest 3	21.46	21.64	20.91	21.41	21.99
	Subtest 4	21.85	21.48	22.21	22.56	22.25
	Subtest 5	22.32	22.27	22.54	22.87	23.01

WCDMA SAR Test mode - Conducted Power				
Mode	Setup	Cell band (850)		
		CH4132	CH4182	CH4233
		826.4(MHz)	836.4 (MHz)	846.6 (MHz)
WCDMA	RMC 12.2Kbps	23.33	23.35	23.19
HSDPA	Subtest 1	22.73	22.74	22.66
	Subtest 2	22.75	22.74	22.63
	Subtest 3	22.38	22.32	22.21
	Subtest 4	22.33	22.28	22.18
HSUPA	Subtest 1	21.67	21.54	21.43
	Subtest 2	21.74	21.67	21.56
	Subtest 3	20.90	21.19	20.99
	Subtest 4	21.57	21.34	21.18
	Subtest 5	20.75	20.70	20.64

**WCDMA Setup Configuration:**

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station referred to the drawing of Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting
  - i. Data rates: Varied from RMC 12.2Kbps
  - ii. RMC Test Loop = Loop Mode 1
  - iii. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.





## HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station referred to the drawing of Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
  - i. Set Gain Factors ( $\beta_c$  and  $\beta_d$ ) and parameters were set according to each
  - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
  - iii. Set RMC12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
  - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
  - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
  - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
  - vii. Set DeltaACK, DeltaNACK and DeltaCQI = 8
  - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
  - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
  - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
  - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

**Table C.10.1.4:  $\beta$  values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH**

Sub-test	$\beta_c$	$\beta_d$	$\beta_d$ (SF)	$\beta_c/\beta_d$	$\beta_{HS}$ (Note 1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note 1:  $\Delta_{ACK}, \Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$  with  $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$ .

Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA,  $\Delta_{ACK}$  and  $\Delta_{NACK} = 30/15$  with  $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$ , and  $\Delta_{CQI} = 24/15$  with  $\beta_{hs} = 24/15 * \beta_c$ .

Note 3: CM = 1 for  $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$ ,  $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$ . For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4: For subtest 2 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c = 11/15$  and  $\beta_d = 15/15$ .

## Setup Configuration



## HSPA (HSUPA & HSPDA) Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station referred to the drawing of Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting \* :
  - i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
  - ii. Set the Gain Factors ( $\beta_c$  and  $\beta_d$ ) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121
  - iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
  - iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
  - v. Set UE Target Power
  - vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
  - vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
  - viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3:  $\beta$  values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub-test	$\beta_c$	$\beta_d$	$\beta_d$ (SF)	$\beta_c/\beta_d$	$\beta_{HS}$ (Note 1)	$\beta_c$	$\beta_{ed}$ (Note 5) (Note 6)	$\beta_{ed}$ (SF)	$\beta_{ed}$ (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 6)	E-TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/2 25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed1}: 47/15$ $\beta_{ed2}: 47/15$	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	15/15 (Note 4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1:  $\Delta_{ACK}, \Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$  with  $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$ .

Note 2: CM = 1 for  $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$ ,  $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$ . For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c = 10/15$  and  $\beta_d = 15/15$ .

Note 4: For subtest 5 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c = 14/15$  and  $\beta_d = 15/15$ .

Note 5: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 6:  $\beta_{ed}$  can not be set directly, it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

## Setup Configuration

**Note:** For details settings in the Agilent 8960 test equipment, please refer to the user guide " HSUPA Measurement Guide with 8960 V7.5.0 Release 7 (2007-06) Ver.: v.02.18"



Call Setup Screen				
Call Control	Active Cell Operating Mode			CallParms
Channel (UARFCN) Info	UE Information			Cell Power -86.00 dBm/3.84 MHz
Cell Parameters	IMSI: IMEI: Power Class:			Channel Type 12.2k + HSPA
Generator Info	UE Expected Open Loop Transmit Power			Paging Service RB Test Mode
	Initial PRACH TX Power: -11.70 dBm Initial DPCCH TX Power: -0.56 dBm			
Uplink Parameters	Uplink Parameters		Value	HSPA Parameters
	PRACH Preambles	64		3G.121 Preset Call Configs
	PRACH Ramping Cycles(NMAX)	2		
	Available Subchannels (Bit Mask)	000000000001		
UE Rep Ileas	Uplink DPCH Scrambling Code	0		Channel (UARFCN) Params
	Uplink DPCH Bc/Bd Control	Manual		
	Manual Uplink DPCH Bc	11		1 of 3
	Manual Uplink DPCH Bd	15		
	Maximum Uplink Transmit Power Level	21 dBm		
			Active Cell Idle	Sys Type: UTRA FDD
			IntRef	
2 of 4		Offset		

Example for HSPA Subtest 1, and other subtests following table, C11.1.3  
(Gain Factors ( $\beta_c = 11$  and  $\beta_d = 15$ ))

Call Setup Screen				
Call Control	Active Cell Operating Mode			Serving Grant
Additional Screens	UE Information			AG Mode Single Shot
Cell Parameters	IMSI: IMEI: Power Class:			Single Shot AG 20: (119/15)^2
Generator Info	UE Expected Open Loop Transmit Power			Send Single Shot Absolute Grant
	Initial PRACH TX Power: -11.70 dBm Initial DPCCH TX Power: -0.56 dBm			
Uplink Parameters	Call Processing Status			Send Relative Grant Up
	Current Service Type: None R11 Status: Abs Single Shot AG GM1 State: Index 15: (67/15)^2 Current DPCH Index 16: (75/15)^2			Send Relative Grant Down
UE Rep Ileas	HSUPA Information			Return
Trig Output Setup	Index 17: (84/15)^2 UE Rep E-DCH Index 18: (95/15)^2 Last Received Throughput: Index 19: (106/15)^2 ACKs Transmitted: Index 20: (119/15)^2			
Sys Frame Clock	DSCH Cat: ----- Ratio: ----- % ----- kbps Transmitted: -----			
2 of 4	Active Cell Idle		Sys Type: UTRA FDD	1 of 2
	IntRef	Offset		

Example: AG – Index = 20 for HSPA subtest 1



Call Setup Screen												E-TFCI Record
Screen Ctrl	Recorded E-TFCI Information											E-TFCI Rec Count
Channel (UARFCN) Info	E-TFCI Recording State											15
HSPA Information	Idle											
E-TFCI Recording Information	Recorded E-TFCI Values											
Clear UE Info	1:	75	11:	75	21:	----	31:	----	41:	----		
	2:	75	12:	75	22:	----	32:	----	42:	----		
	3:	75	13:	75	23:	----	33:	----	43:	----		
	4:	75	14:	75	24:	----	34:	----	44:	----		
	5:	75	15:	75	25:	----	35:	----	45:	----		
	6:	75	16:	----	26:	----	36:	----	46:	----		
	7:	75	17:	----	27:	----	37:	----	47:	----		
	8:	75	18:	----	28:	----	38:	----	48:	----		
	9:	75	19:	----	29:	----	39:	----	49:	----		
	10:	75	20:	----	30:	----	40:	----	50:	----		
Return	15/15											
	Background	Active Cell Connected				Sys Type: UTRA FDD						
				IntRef	Offset							

Example: Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1



**Reference:**

- [1] 941225 D01 SAR test for 3G devices v02, SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices CDMA 2000/Ev-Do/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSPA Oct. 2007 Laboratory Division Office of Engineering and Technology Federal Communications Commission
- [2.] TS 34.121 Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); Terminal Conformance Specification, Radio Transmission and Reception (FDD)
- [3.] HSUPA Measurement Guide with 8960 V7.5.0 Release 7 (2007-06) Ver.: v.02.18



## Appendix F. FCC 3G SAR Measurement Procedures

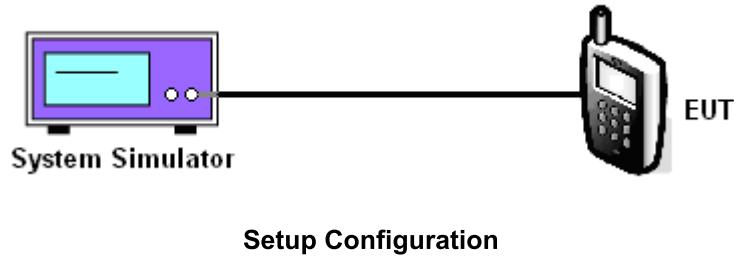
### Conducted Output Power:

The EUT was tested according to the requirements of the FCC 3G procedures and the 3.1.2.3.4.

A detailed analysis of the output power verification is provided as the table below:

Function Type	Reverse Traffic Channel	Test Mode	Radio Configuration		Service Option	Data Rates (kbps)	Power Control	Low Ch	Mid. Ch	High Ch
			Forward Traffic Channel (Fwd)	Reverse Traffic Channel (Rvs)						
CDMA2000 Cellular	FCH	1	1	1	55	Full	All Up	23.62	23.65	23.55
		3	3	3	55	Full	All Up	23.61	23.60	23.53
	+ F-SCH	3	3	3	32	FCH:Full,SCH 9.6	All Up	23.71	23.58	23.65
	+SCH	3	3	3	32	FCH:Full,SCH 9.6	All Up	23.64	23.58	23.71
	EVDO Rev.0*	Subtype:0				RTAP 153.6	All Up	23.88	23.97	23.90
	EVDO Rev.A*	Subtype:0				RETAP 4098	All Up	23.91	23.74	23.75

Function Type	Reverse Traffic Channel	Test Mode	Radio Configuration		Service Option	Data Rates (kbps)	Power Control	Low Ch	Mid. Ch	High Ch
			Forward Traffic Channel (Fwd)	Reverse Traffic Channel (Rvs)						
CDMA2000 PCS	FCH	1	1	1	55	Full	All Up	23.96	23.60	23.16
		3	3	3	55	Full	All Up	23.81	23.54	23.16
	+ F-SCH	3	3	3	32	FCH:Full,SCH 9.6	All Up	23.84	23.53	23.10
	+SCH	3	3	3	32	FCH:Full,SCH 9.6	All Up	23.76	23.46	23.17
	EVDO Rev.0*	Subtype:0				RTAP 153.6	All Up	23.98	23.90	23.68
	EVDO Rev.A*	Subtype:0				RETAP 4098	All Up	23.97	23.91	23.73

**CDMA2000 Setup Configuration:**

1. The EUT was connected to System Simulator, Agilent 8960. Refer to the drawing of Setup Configuration.
2. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
3. A call was established between EUT and System Simulator with following setting:
  - a. For 1xRTT, set the Radio Configuration and the Service Option
  - b. For 1xEV-DO, set the Protocol Release and Data Rate
  - c. Set the Power Control to All Up Bits
4. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Call Setup Screen			
Call Control	Active Cell Operating Mode		CallParms
<b>Close Menu</b>	<b>Mobile Station Information</b>		<b>Cell Power</b> -86.00 dBm/1.23 MHz
	ESN (Hex): ESN (Dec): IMC: IMC: IMSI: Slot Class: Slot Cycle Index: ---- Protocol Revision:		<b>Cell Band</b> US PCS
	<b>FCH Service Option Setup</b>		<b>Value</b>
	Service Option f	<b>Service Option</b>	S055 (Loopback)
	Service Option f	S09 (Loopback)	S09 (Loopback)
	Service Option f	S02 (Loopback)	S055 (Loopback)
	Service Option f	S03 (Voice)	S055 (Loopback)
	Service Option f	S06 (SNS)	S055 (Loopback)
		<b>S055 (Loopback)</b>	
		S068 (Voice)	
<b>Active Cell</b>		<b>Sys Type: IS-2000</b>	<b>Protocol Rev</b> 6 (IS-2000-0)
Idle		<b>Radio Config</b> (Fud1, Rus1)	<b>Channel</b> 1175
		S055 (Loopback)	<b>FCH Service Option Setup</b> ▾
			<b>1 of 4</b>

**1xRTT setting for Radio Configuration 1 with Service Option 55**



Call Setup Screen				
Call Control	Active Cell Operating Mode		CallParms	
<input type="button" value="Close"/> <input type="button" value="Menu"/>	<b>Mobile Station Information</b> ESN (Hex): ESN (Dec): MCC: MNC: MSIN: Slot Class: Slot Cycle Index: ---- Protocol Revision:		Cell Power: -86.00 dBm/1.23 MHz Cell Band: US PCS Channel: 1175 Protocol Rev: 6 (IS-2000-0) Radio Config: (Fud3, Rus3) FCH Service Option Setup	
	<b>FCH Service Option Setup</b> Service Option f1: S055 (Loopback) Service Option f2: S09 (Loopback) Service Option f3: S01 (Voice) <b>S02 (Loopback)</b> Service Option f5: S055 (Loopback) Service Option f6: S03 (Voice) Service Option f7: S06 (SMS) <b>S055 (Loopback)</b> Service Option f9: S055 (Loopback)		Value	
	<input type="button" value="Service Option f1"/> <input type="button" value="Service Option f2"/> <input type="button" value="Service Option f3"/> <input type="button" value="Service Option f5"/> <input type="button" value="Service Option f6"/> <input type="button" value="Service Option f7"/> <input type="button" value="Service Option f9"/>			
	<input type="button" value="Close"/> <input type="button" value="Menu"/>		Active Cell Idle Sys Type: IS-2000 <input type="button" value="IntRef"/> <input type="button" value="Offset"/>	1 of 4

1xRTT setting for Radio Configuration 3 with Service Option 55

Call Setup Screen				
Call Control	Active Cell Operating Mode		CallParms	
<input type="button" value="Close"/> <input type="button" value="Menu"/>	<b>Mobile Station Information</b> ESN (Hex): ESN (Dec): MCC: MNC: MSIN: Slot Class: Slot Cycle Index: ---- Protocol Revision:		Cell Power: -86.00 dBm/1.23 MHz Cell Band: US PCS Channel: 1175 Protocol Rev: 6 (IS-2000-0) Radio Config: (Fud3, Rus3) FCH Service Option Setup	
	<b>FCH Service Option Setup</b> Service Option f1: S055 (Loopback) Service Option f2: S09 (Loopback) <b>S02 (Loopback)</b> <b>S03 (Voice)</b> Service Option f5: S055 (Loopback) Service Option f6: S06 (SMS) Service Option f7: S055 (Loopback) <b>S032 (+ SCH)</b> Service Option f9: S055 (Loopback)		Value	
	<input type="button" value="Service Option f1"/> <input type="button" value="Service Option f2"/> <input type="button" value="Service Option f3"/> <input type="button" value="Service Option f5"/> <input type="button" value="Service Option f6"/> <input type="button" value="Service Option f7"/> <input type="button" value="Service Option f9"/>			
	<input type="button" value="Close"/> <input type="button" value="Menu"/>		Active Cell Idle Sys Type: IS-2000 <input type="button" value="IntRef"/> <input type="button" value="Offset"/>	1 of 4

1xRTT setting for Radio Configuration 3 with Service Option 32



Call Setup Screen				
<b>Call Control</b> Operating Mode <b>Active Cell</b>  <b>Start Data Connection</b>  <b>Close Session</b>  <b>Handoff Setup</b> ▼ <b>AT Max Power</b> 23 dBm/1.23MHz	<b>Active Cell Operating Mode</b>			
	<b>Access Terminal Information (AT Reported)</b>			
	Session Seed: Harduare ID Type (Hex): Harduare ID (Hex): Harduare ID (Decimal):			
	<b>Access Terminal Information (AN Assigned)</b>			
	UATI 024: ---- UATI Color Code: ---- IAC Index: ----			
	<b>Protocol Release</b>			
	Session App: Test Applica: Limited TAP: AT Directe: DRC Value Fi: ACK Channel	0 (1xEU-DO) A (1xEU-DO-A) B (1xEU-DO-B) % % %		
	<b>Application</b>			
	<b>Active Cell</b> <b>Idle</b>			
	Sys Type: IS-856			
<b>1 of 3</b>		<b>IntRef</b> <b>Offset</b>	<b>PLSub0</b> <b>RTAP</b>	<b>2 of 3</b>

1xEV-DO setting for Protocol Release (Rev.0 or Rev.A)

Call Setup Screen				
<b>Call Control</b> Operating Mode <b>Active Cell</b>  <b>Start Data Connection</b>  <b>Close Session</b>  <b>Handoff Setup</b> ▼ <b>AT Max Power</b> 23 dBm/1.23MHz	<b>Active Cell Operating Mode</b>			
	<b>Access Terminal Information (AT Reported)</b>			
	Session Seed: Harduare ID Type (Hex): Harduare ID (Hex): Harduare ID (Decimal):			
	<b>Access Terminal Information (AN Assigned)</b>			
	UATI 024: ---- UATI Color Code: ---- IAC Index: ----			
	<b>RTAP Rate</b>			
	Session App: Test Applica: Limited TAP: AT Directe: DRC Value Fi: ACK Channel	9.6 kbps 19.2 kbps 38.4 kbps 76.8 kbps 153.6 kbps %		
	<b>Application</b>			
	<b>Active Cell</b> <b>Idle</b>			
	Sys Type: IS-856			
<b>1 of 3</b>		<b>IntRef</b> <b>Offset</b>	<b>PLSub0</b> <b>RTAP</b>	<b>1 of 3</b>

1xEV-DO setting for RTAP data rate (153.6 kbps)



Call Setup Screen			
<b>Call Control</b> <b>Operating Mode</b> <b>Active Cell</b>  <b>Start Data Connection</b>  <b>Close Session</b>  <b>Handoff Setup</b> ▼ <b>AT Max Power</b> 23 dBm/1.23MHz  <b>1 of 3</b>	<b>Active Cell Operating Mode</b>		
	<b>Access Terminal Information (AT Reported)</b>		
	Session Seed: Hardware ID Type (Hex): Hardware ID (Hex): Hardware ID (Decimal):		
	<b>Access Terminal Information (AN Assigned)</b>		
	UATI 024: ---- UATI Color Code: ---- MAC Index: ----		
	<b>Application Configuration</b>		
	Session App	<b>R-Data Packet Size</b>	Application
	Enhanced T	128	ap
	AT Directed	256	z
	DRC Value F	512	;
ACK Channel	768	:	
Reverse Data	1024	Capacity	
Expected End	1536	kbps	
	<b>Active Cell</b>	Sys Type: IS-856	
	<b>Idle</b>		
	IntRef	Offset	
	PLSub0	RETAP	
	<b>1 of 3</b>		
<b>CallParms</b>			
Cell Power	-86.00		
dBm/1.23 MHz			
Cell Band	US PCS		
Channel	1175		
Application Config	▼		
F-Traffic Format	(4 (1024,2,128)) (307.2k, QPSK)		
R-Data Pkt Size	128		
	bits		
	1 of 3		

1xEV-DO setting for RETAP data rate (4096 kbps)



**Reference:**

- [1] SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices CDMA 2000/Ev-Do/WCDMA/HSDPA, June 2006  
Laboratory Division Office of Engineering and Technology Federal Communications Commission
- [2] 3.1.2.3.4 Maximum RF Output Power 3GPP2 C.S0033-0 Version 2.0, Date: 12 December 2003  
Recommended Minimum Performance Standards for cdma2000 High Rate Packet Data Access Terminal