



Appendix for the Report

Dosimetric Assessment of the Portable Device 3000B4 from DAP Technologies (FCC ID: T5M3000B4)

According to the FCC Requirements

SAR Distribution Plots

December 15, 2008

IMST GmbH Carl-Friedrich-Gauß-Str. 2 D-47475 Kamp-Lintfort

Customer

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The test results only relate to the items tested. This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of the testing laboratory.

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dasy_report_fcc_850_1900_plots_1.1.doc/04.07.2005/CH

1 SAR Distribution Plots, GPRS 850 Body

Test Laboratory: IMST GmbH, DASY Blue (I); File Name: DAP_847_bahm_1.da4

DUT: DAP; Type: CE3000BW; Serial: 352678014495847

Program Name: Body GPRS 850

Communication System: GPRS 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.99 mho/m; ε_r = 54.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6R - SN1579; ConvF(6.24, 6.24, 6.24); Calibrated: 23.01.2008

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn631; Calibrated: 17.09.2008
- Phantom: SAM Sugar 1059; Type: Speag; Serial: 1059
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Body Worn/Area Scan (8x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.196 mW/g

Body Worn/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.36 V/m; Power Drift = 0.018 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.773 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.256 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.114 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.289 mW/g

0.289

0.231

0.174

0.116

0.059

0.001

Fig. 1: SAR distribution for GPRS 850 (Class 12), channel 190, Position 1 (December 04, 2008; Ambient Temperature: 21.1°C; Liquid Temperature: 20.6°C).

Test Laboratory: IMST GmbH, DASY Blue (I); File Name: DAP 847 bahm 2.da4

DUT: DAP; Type: CE3000BW; Serial: 352678014495847

Program Name: Body GPRS 850

Communication System: GPRS 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.99 mho/m; ε_r = 54.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6R SN1579; ConvF(6.24, 6.24, 6.24); Calibrated: 23.01.2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn631; Calibrated: 17.09.2008
- Phantom: SAM Sugar 1059; Type: Speag; Serial: 1059
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Body Worn/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.025 mW/g

Body Worn/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.00 V/m; Power Drift = 0.025 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.030 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.023 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.017 mW/g

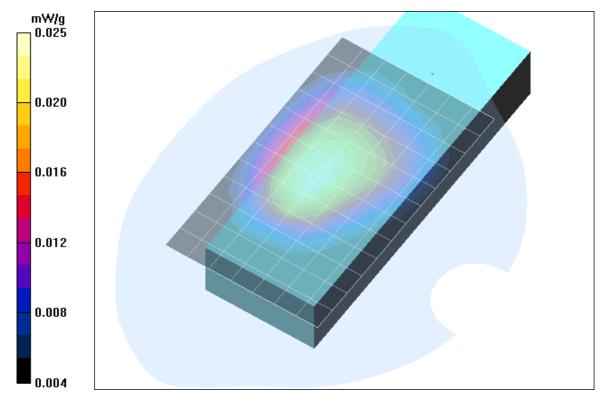


Fig. 2: SAR distribution for GPRS 850 (Class 12), channel 190, Position 2 (December 04, 2008; Ambient Temperature: 21.1°C; Liquid Temperature: 20.6°C).

Test Laboratory: IMST GmbH, DASY Blue (I); File Name: DAP_847_bahm_3.da4

DUT: DAP; Type: CE3000BW; Serial: 352678014495847

Program Name: Body GPRS 850

Communication System: GPRS 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2 Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6R SN1579; ConvF(6.24, 6.24, 6.24); Calibrated: 23.01.2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn631; Calibrated: 17.09.2008
- Phantom: SAM Sugar 1059; Type: Speag; Serial: 1059
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Body Worn/Area Scan (8x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.035 mW/g

Body Worn/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.41 V/m; Power Drift = -0.166 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.047 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.033 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.021 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.036 mW/g

Body Worn/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.41 V/m; Power Drift = -0.166 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.031 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.023 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.015 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.025 mW/g

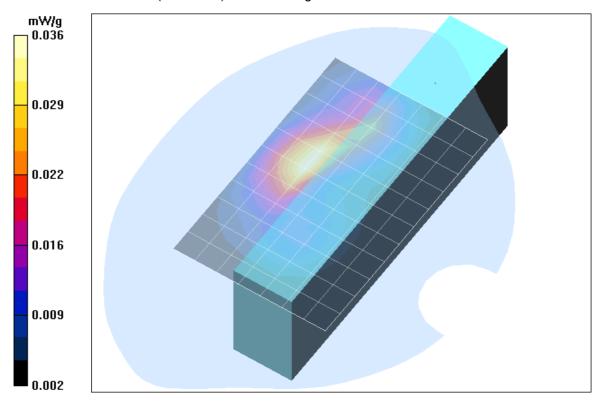


Fig. 3: SAR distribution for GPRS 850 (Class 12), channel 190, Position 3 (December 04, 2008; Ambient Temperature: 21.1°C; Liquid Temperature: 20.6°C).

Test Laboratory: IMST GmbH, DASY Blue (I); File Name: DAP 847 bahm 4.da4

DUT: DAP; Type: CE3000BW; Serial: 352678014495847

Program Name: Body GPRS 850

Communication System: GPRS 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.99 mho/m; ε_r = 54.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6R SN1579; ConvF(6.24, 6.24, 6.24); Calibrated: 23.01.2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn631; Calibrated: 17.09.2008
- Phantom: SAM Sugar 1059; Type: Speag; Serial: 1059
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Body Worn/Area Scan (8x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.076 mW/g

Body Worn/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.39 V/m; Power Drift = -0.139 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.126 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.082 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.052 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.090 mW/g

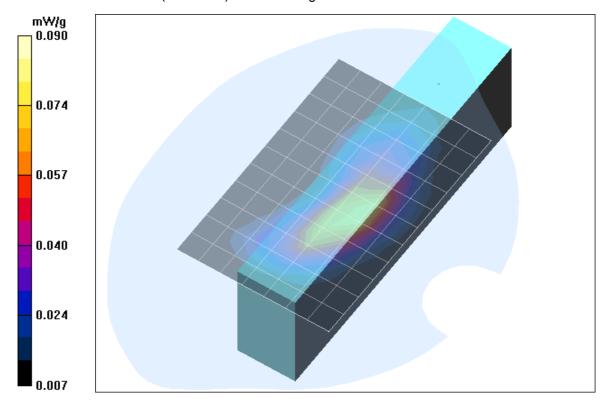


Fig. 4: SAR distribution for GPRS 850 (Class 12), channel 190, Position 4 (December 04, 2008; Ambient Temperature: 21.1°C; Liquid Temperature: 20.6°C).

dasy_report_fc_850_1900_plots_1.1.doc/04.07.2005/CH

Test Laboratory: IMST GmbH, DASY Blue (I); File Name: DAP_847_bahm_5.da4

DUT: DAP; Type: CE3000BW; Serial: 352678014495847

Program Name: Body GPRS 850

Communication System: GPRS 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2 Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6R SN1579; ConvF(6.24, 6.24, 6.24); Calibrated: 23.01.2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn631; Calibrated: 17.09.2008
- Phantom: SAM Sugar 1059; Type: Speag; Serial: 1059
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Body Worn/Area Scan (9x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.116 mW/g

Body Worn/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.29 V/m; Power Drift = -0.079 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.414 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.114 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.054 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.126 mW/g

Body Worn/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.29 V/m; Power Drift = -0.079 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.086 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.059 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.040 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.072 mW/g

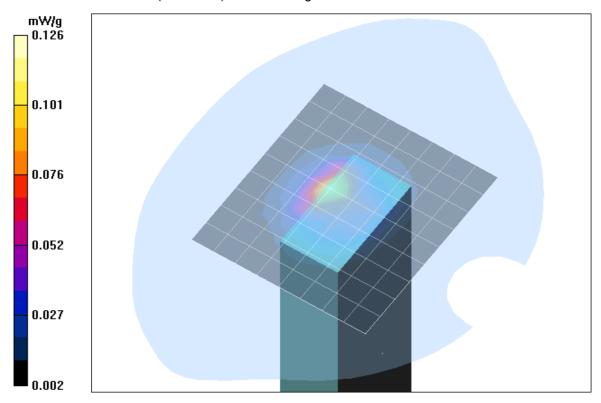


Fig. 5: SAR distribution for GPRS 850 (Class 12), channel 190, Position 5 (December 04, 2008; Ambient Temperature: 21.1°C; Liquid Temperature: 20.6°C).

Test Laboratory: IMST GmbH, DASY Yellow (II); File Name: DAP 847 bahm 1 CR.da4

DUT: DAP; Type: CE3000BW; Serial: 352678014495847

Program Name: Body GPRS 850

Communication System: GPRS 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2 Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6R SN1579; ConvF(6.24, 6.24, 6.24); Calibrated: 23.01.2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn631; Calibrated: 17.09.2008
- Phantom: SAM Sugar 1059; Type: Speag; Serial: 1059
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Body Worn/Area Scan (8x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.021 mW/g

Body Worn/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.82 V/m; Power Drift = -0.154 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.058 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.023 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.012 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.024 mW/g

Body Worn/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.82 V/m; Power Drift = -0.154 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.055 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.021 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.011 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.023 mW/g

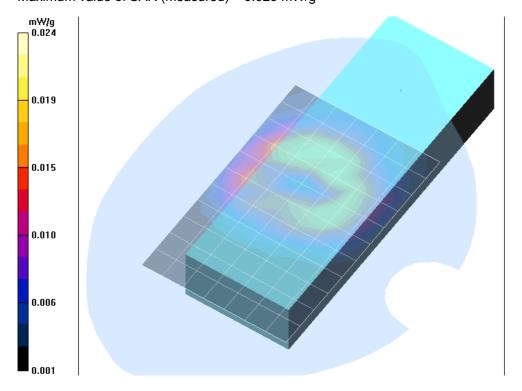


Fig. 6: SAR distribution for GPRS 850 (Class 12), channel 190, Position 1 with attached smart card reader (December 04, 2008; Ambient Temperature: 21.1°C; Liquid Temperature: 20.6°C).

dasy_report_fcc_850_1900_plots_1.1.doc/04.07.2005/CH

2 SAR Distribution Plots, GPRS 1900 Body

Test Laboratory: Imst GmbH, DASY Yellow (II); File Name: DAP_847_yphm_1.da4

DUT: DAP; Type: CE3000BW; Serial: 352678014495847

Program Name: Body GPRS 1900

Communication System: GPRS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.51$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6R SN1579; ConvF(4.91, 4.91, 4.91); Calibrated: 23.01.2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn631; Calibrated: 17.09.2008
- Phantom: SAM Glycol 1340; Type: QD 000 P40 CB; Serial: TP-1340
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Body Worn/Area Scan (8x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.226 mW/g

Body Worn/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.34 V/m; Power Drift = -0.069 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.409 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.251 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.134 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.283 mW/g

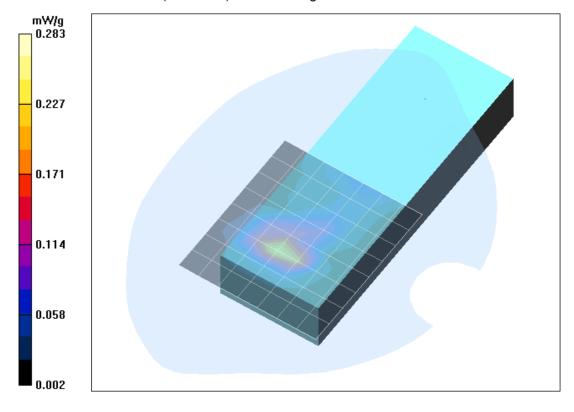


Fig. 7: SAR distribution for GPRS 1900 (Class 12), channel 661, Position 1 (November 27, 2008; Ambient Temperature: 21.4°C; Liquid Temperature: 20.6°C).

Test Laboratory: Imst GmbH, DASY Yellow (II); File Name: DAP_847_yphm_2.da4

DUT: DAP; Type: CE3000BW; Serial: 352678014495847

Program Name: Body GPRS 1900

Communication System: GPRS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.51$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6R SN1579; ConvF(4.91, 4.91, 4.91); Calibrated: 23.01.2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn631; Calibrated: 17.09.2008
- Phantom: SAM Glycol 1340; Type: QD 000 P40 CB; Serial: TP-1340
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Body Worn/Area Scan (8x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.020 mW/g

Body Worn/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.29 V/m; Power Drift = 0.158 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.032 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.019 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.012 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.022 mW/g

Body Worn/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.29 V/m; Power Drift = 0.158 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.020 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.014 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00869 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.015 mW/g

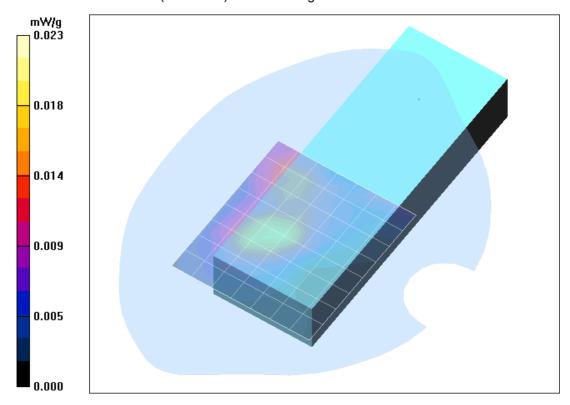


Fig. 8: SAR distribution for GPRS 1900 (Class 12), channel 661, Position 2 (November 27, 2008; Ambient Temperature: 21.4°C; Liquid Temperature: 20.6°C).

Test Laboratory: Imst GmbH, DASY Yellow (II); File Name: DAP 847 yphm 3.da4

DUT: DAP; Type: CE3000BW; Serial: 352678014495847

Program Name: Body GPRS 1900

Communication System: GPRS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.51$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 54.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6R SN1579; ConvF(4.91, 4.91, 4.91); Calibrated: 23.01.2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn631; Calibrated: 17.09.2008
- Phantom: SAM Glycol 1340; Type: QD 000 P40 CB; Serial: TP-1340
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Body Worn/Area Scan (8x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.087 mW/g

Body Worn/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.50 V/m; Power Drift = -0.055 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.128 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.083 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.051 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.091 mW/g

Body Worn/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.50 V/m; Power Drift = -0.055 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.125 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.081 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.048 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.089 mW/g

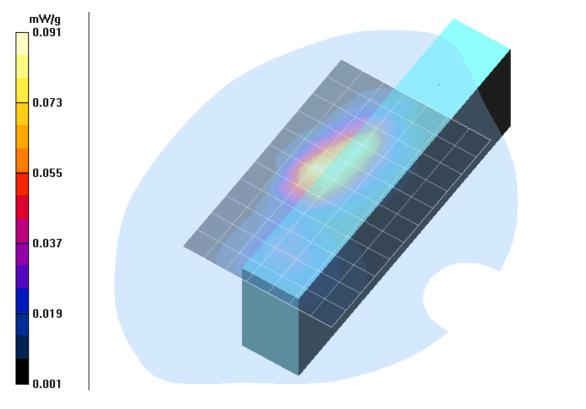


Fig. 9: SAR distribution for GPRS 1900 (Class 12), channel 661, Position 3 (November 27, 2008; Ambient Temperature: 21.4°C; Liquid Temperature: 20.6°C).

Test Laboratory: Imst GmbH, DASY Yellow (II); File Name: DAP 847 yphm 4.da4

DUT: DAP; Type: CE3000BW; Serial: 352678014495847

Program Name: Body GPRS 1900

Communication System: GPRS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.51 mho/m; ϵ_r = 54.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6R SN1579; ConvF(4.91, 4.91, 4.91); Calibrated: 23.01.2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn631; Calibrated: 17.09.2008
- Phantom: SAM Glycol 1340; Type: QD 000 P40 CB; Serial: TP-1340
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Body Worn/Area Scan (8x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.087 mW/g

Body Worn/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.23 V/m; Power Drift = -0.196 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.120 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.078 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.048 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.086 mW/g

Body Worn/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.23 V/m; Power Drift = -0.196 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.119 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.068 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.036 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.079 mW/g

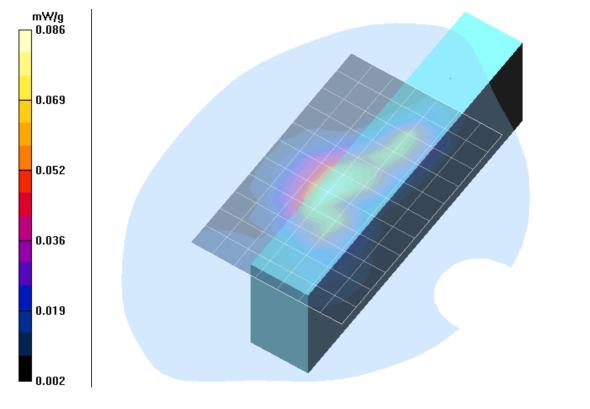


Fig. 10: SAR distribution for GPRS 1900 (Class 12), channel 661, Position 4 (November 27, 2008; Ambient Temperature: 21.4°C; Liquid Temperature: 20.6°C).

Test Laboratory: Imst GmbH, DASY Yellow (II); File Name: DAP 847 yphm 5.da4

DUT: DAP; Type: CE3000BW; Serial: 352678014495847

Program Name: Body GPRS 1900

Communication System: GPRS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.51$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6R SN1579; ConvF(4.91, 4.91, 4.91); Calibrated: 23.01.2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn631; Calibrated: 17.09.2008
- Phantom: SAM Glycol 1340; Type: QD 000 P40 CB; Serial: TP-1340
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Body Worn/Area Scan (9x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.290 mW/g

Body Worn/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.121 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.436 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.266 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.146 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.297 mW/g

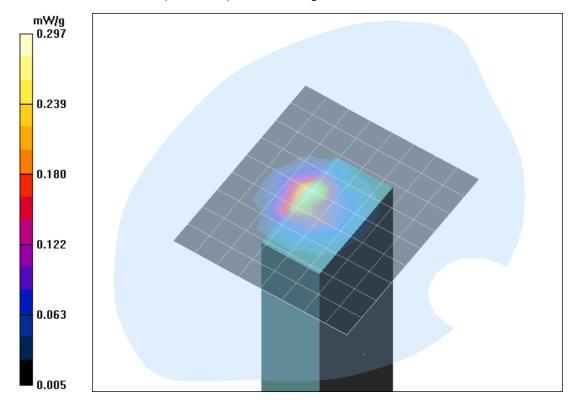


Fig. 11: SAR distribution for GPRS 1900 (Class 12), channel 661, Position 5 (November 27, 2008; Ambient Temperature: 21.4°C; Liquid Temperature: 20.6°C).

Test Laboratory: IMST GmbH, DASY Yellow (II); File Name: DAP 847 yphm 5 CR.da4

DUT: DAP; Type: CE3000BW; Serial: 352678014495847

Program Name: Body GPRS 1900

Communication System: GPRS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.51$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6R SN1579; ConvF(4.91, 4.91, 4.91); Calibrated: 23.01.2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn631; Calibrated: 17.09.2008
- Phantom: SAM Glycol 1340; Type: QD 000 P40 CB; Serial: TP-1340
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Body Worn/Area Scan (11x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.156 mW/g

Body Worn/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.49 V/m; Power Drift = -0.083 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.224 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.143 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.084 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.155 mW/g

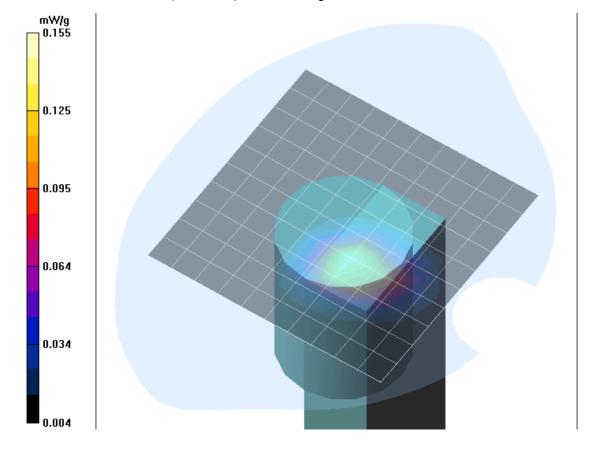


Fig. 12: SAR distribution for GPRS 1900 (Class 12), channel 661, Position 5 with attached smart card reader (November 27, 2008, 2008; Ambient Temperature: 21.2°C; Liquid Temperature: 20.4°C).

Test Laboratory: Imst GmbH, DASY Yellow (II); File Name: DAP_847_ywhm_b_CH6_1.da4

DUT: DAP; Type: CE3000BW; Serial: 352678014495847

Program Name: WLAN

Communication System: WLAN 2450; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.93$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3536; ConvF(7.39, 7.39, 7.39); Calibrated: 19.09.2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn335; Calibrated: 08.02.2008
- Phantom: SAM Glycol 1340; Type: QD 000 P40 CB; Serial: TP-1340
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Body Worn/Area Scan (12x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.001 mW/g

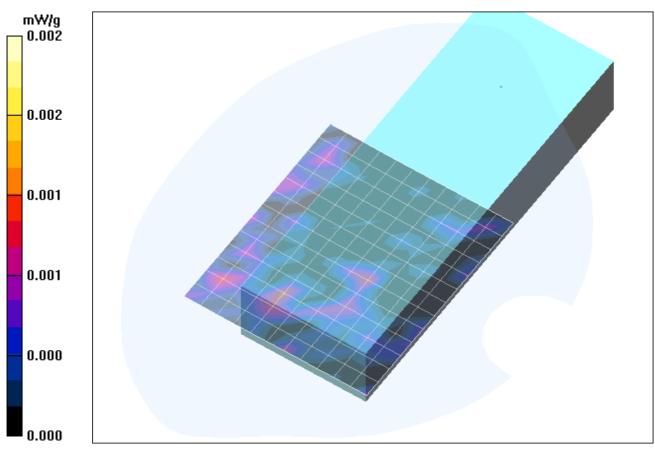


Fig. 13: SAR distribution for IEEE 802.11 b, channel 6, Position 1 (December 05, 2008; Ambient Temperature: 21.4°C; Liquid Temperature: 20.7°C).

Test Laboratory: Imst GmbH, DASY Yellow (II); File Name: DAP 847 ywhm b CH6 2.da4

DUT: DAP; Type: CE3000BW; Serial: 352678014495847

Program Name: WLAN

Communication System: WLAN 2450; Frequency: 2437 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.93$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3536; ConvF(7.39, 7.39, 7.39); Calibrated: 19.09.2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn335; Calibrated: 08.02.2008
- Phantom: SAM Glycol 1340; Type: QD 000 P40 CB; Serial: TP-1340
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Body Worn/Area Scan (12x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.001 mW/g

Body Worn/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0.000 V/m; Power Drift = 999.0 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.001 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.000131 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.33e-005 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.002 mW/g

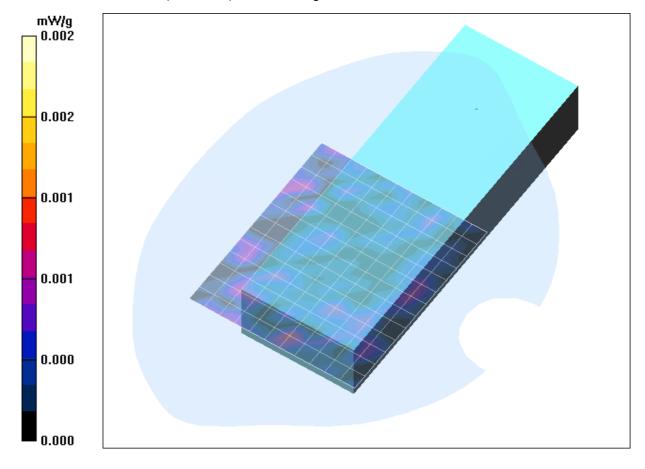


Fig. 14: SAR distribution for IEEE 802.11 b, channel 6, Position 2 (December 05, 2008; Ambient Temperature: 21.4°C; Liquid Temperature: 20.7°C).

DUT: DAP; Type: CE3000BW; Serial: 352678014495847

Program Name: WLAN

Communication System: WLAN 2450; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.93$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3536; ConvF(7.39, 7.39, 7.39); Calibrated: 19.09.2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn335; Calibrated: 08.02.2008
- Phantom: SAM Glycol 1340; Type: QD 000 P40 CB; Serial: TP-1340
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Body Worn/Area Scan (12x17x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.001 mW/g

0.002 0.002 0.001 0.001 0.000

Fig. 15: SAR distribution for IEEE 802.11 b, channel 6, Position 3 (December 05, 2008; Ambient Temperature: 21.4°C; Liquid Temperature: 20.7°C).

DUT: DAP; Type: CE3000BW; Serial: 352678014495847

Program Name: WLAN

Communication System: WLAN 2450; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; σ = 1.93 mho/m; ε_r = 53.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3536; ConvF(7.39, 7.39, 7.39); Calibrated: 19.09.2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn335; Calibrated: 08.02.2008
- Phantom: SAM Glycol 1340; Type: QD 000 P40 CB; Serial: TP-1340
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Body Worn/Area Scan (12x17x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.001 mW/g

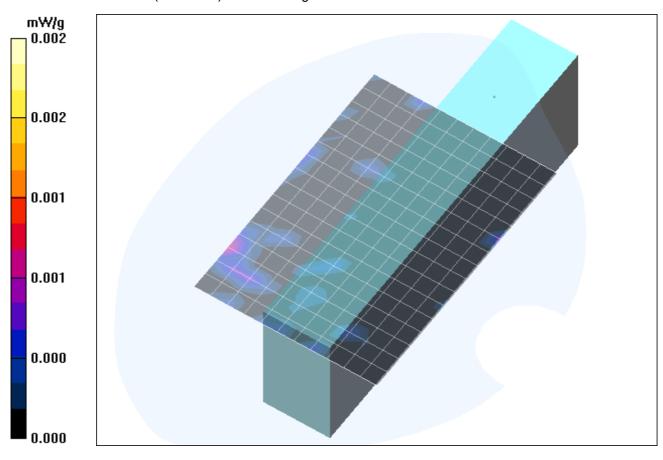


Fig. 16: SAR distribution for IEEE 802.11 b, channel 6, Position 4 (December 05, 2008; Ambient Temperature: 21.4°C; Liquid Temperature: 20.7°C).

DUT: DAP; Type: CE3000BW; Serial: 352678014495847

Program Name: WLAN

Communication System: WLAN 2450; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.93$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3536; ConvF(7.39, 7.39, 7.39); Calibrated: 19.09.2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn335; Calibrated: 08.02.2008
- Phantom: SAM Glycol 1340; Type: QD 000 P40 CB; Serial: TP-1340
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Body Worn/Area Scan (13x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.001 mW/g

Body Worn/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0.302 V/m; Power Drift = -0.057 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.001 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 6.03e-005 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.55e-005 mW/g

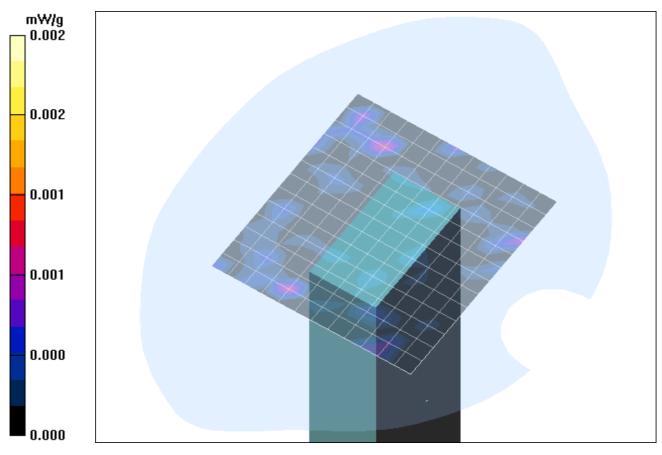


Fig. 17: SAR distribution for IEEE 802.11 b, channel 6, Position 5 (December 05, 2008; Ambient Temperature: 21.4°C; Liquid Temperature: 20.7°C).

4 SAR z-axis scans (Validation)

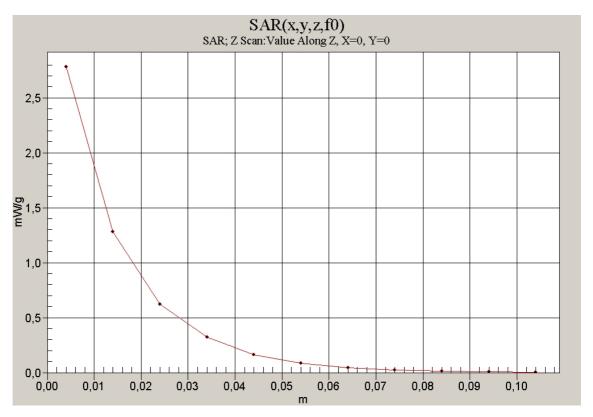


Fig. 18: SAR versus liquid depth, 835 MHz, body (December 04, 2008; Ambient Temperature: 21.0°C; Liquid Temperature: 20.6°C).

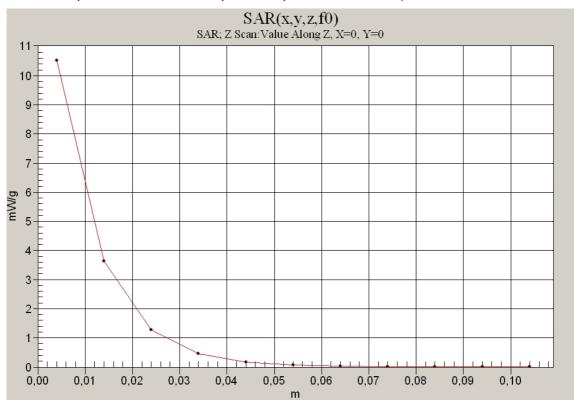


Fig. 19: SAR versus liquid depth, 1900 MHz, body (November 27, 2008; Ambient Temperature: 21.5°C; Liquid Temperature: 20.6°C).

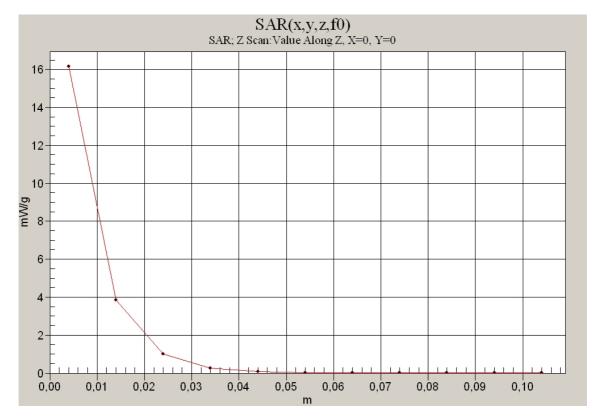


Fig. 20: SAR versus liquid depth, 2450 MHz, body (December 05, 2008; Ambient Temperature: 21.3°C; Liquid Temperature: 20.7°C).

5 SAR z-axis scans (Measurements)

The following pictures show the plots of SAR versus liquid depth for the worst case values.

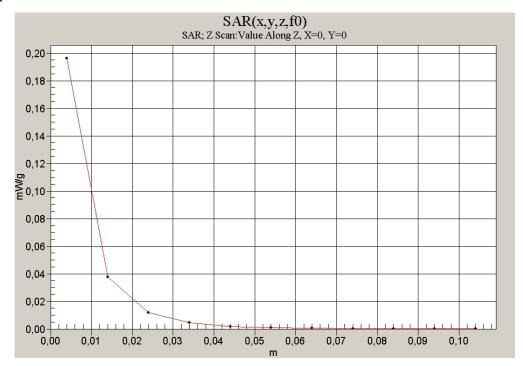


Fig. 21: SAR versus liquid depth, body: GPRS 850 (Class 12), channel 190, Position 1 without smart card reader (December 04, 2008; Ambient Temperature: 21.1°C; Liquid Temperature: 20.6°C).

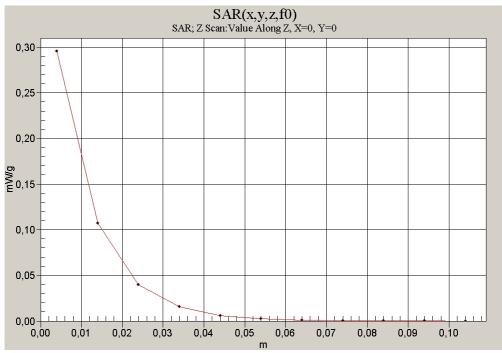


Fig. 22: SAR versus liquid depth, body: GPRS 1900 (Class 12), channel 661, Position 5 without smart card reader (November 27, 2008; Ambient Temperature: 21.4°C; Liquid Temperature: 20.6°C).