



TEST REPORT

KCTL Inc. 65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea TEL: 82-31-285-0894 FAX: 82-505-299-8311 www.kctl.co.kr	Report No.: KR19-SRF0189-C Page (1) of (60)	
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1. Client

- Name : HYUNDAI MOBIS CO., LTD.
- Address : 203, Teheran-ro, Gangnam-gu, Seoul, 06141, Korea
- Date of Receipt : 2019-07-26

2. Use of Report : -**3. Name of Product and Model** : DISPLAY CAR SYSTEM

FCC: ADB20THAN / IC: ADB20THKN

4. Manufacturer and Country of Origin : HYUNDAI MOBIS CO., LTD. / Korea**5. FCC ID** : TQ8-ADB20THAN**6. IC Certification** : 5074A-ADB20THKN**7. Date of Test** : 2019-08-12 to 2019-11-27**8. Test Standards** : FCC Part 15 Subpart C, 15.247
RSS-247 Issue 2 February 2017
RSS-Gen Issue 5 March 2019**9. Test Results** : Refer to the test result in the test report

Affirmation	Tested by Name : Myeongjun Kwon	Technical Manager Name : Jaehyong Lee
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2019-11-27

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**Report revision history**

Date	Revision	Page No
2019-11-15	Initial report	-
2019-11-21	Updated	5,11,54,56
2019-11-26	Updated	11
2019-11-27	Updated	36

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1. General information

Client : HYUNDAI MOBIS CO., LTD.
Address : 203, Teheran-ro, Gangnam-gu, Seoul, 06141, Korea
Manufacturer : HYUNDAI MOBIS CO., LTD.
Address : 95, Sayang 2-Gil, Munbaek-Myeon, Jincheon-Gun, Chungcheongbuk-Do 27862 Korea
Laboratory : KCTL Inc.
Address : 65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea
Accreditations : FCC Site Designation No: KR0040, FCC Site Registration No: 687132
VCCI Registration No. : R-20080, G-20078, C-20059, T-20056
Industry Canada Registration No. : 8035A
KOLAS No.: KT231

2. Device information

Equipment under test : DISPLAY CAR SYSTEM
Model : FCC: ADB20THAN / IC: ADB20THKN
Derivative model : FCC: ADB20THKN
Frequency range : 2 402 MHz ~ 2 480 MHz : Bluetooth(BDR/EDR)
UNII-1: 5 180 MHz ~ 5 240 MHz (802.11a/n_HT20/ac_VHT20)
UNII-1: 5 190 MHz ~ 5 230 MHz (802.11n_HT40/ac_VHT40)
UNII-1: 5 210 MHz (802.11ac_VHT80)
UNII-3: 5 745 MHz ~ 5 825 MHz (802.11a/n_HT20/ac_VHT20)
UNII-3: 5 755 MHz ~ 5 795 MHz (802.11n_HT40/ac_VHT40)
UNII-3: 5 775 MHz (802.11ac_VHT80)
Modulation technique : Bluetooth(BDR/EDR)_ GFSK, π/4DQPSK, 8DPSK
WIFI(802.11a/n20/n40/ac20/ac40/ac80)_OFDM
Number of channels : Bluetooth(BDR/EDR)_79ch
UNII-1: 4 ch (20 MHz), 2 ch (40 MHz), 1 ch (80 MHz)
UNII-3: 5 ch (20 MHz), 2 ch (40 MHz), 1 ch (80 MHz)
Power source : DC 14.4 V
Antenna specification : WIFI/Bluetooth(BDR/EDR)_Pattern Antenna
Antenna gain : Bluetooth(BDR/EDR) : -0.18 dBi
UNII-1 : -0.61 dBi, UNII-3 : -0.18 dBi
Software version : SP2.CAN.0000.076.000.190715
Hardware version : SP2.CAN.D-AUDIO_G2V.000.003
Test device serial No. : N/A
Operation temperature : -20 °C ~ 70 °C

2.1. Information about derivative model

The basic and derivative model are electrically identical.

The derivative models is only for the simplified derivation based on buyer's model name.

2.2. Frequency/channel operations

This device contains the following capabilities:

Bluetooth(BDR/EDR), 5 GHz band 802.11a/n(HT20/HT40)/ac(VHT/20/40/80)),

Ch.	Frequency (MHz)
00	2 402
.	.
39	2 441
.	.
78	2 480

Table 2.2.1. Bluetooth(BDR/EDR) mode

15.247 Requirements for Bluetooth transmitter:

- This Bluetooth module has been tested by a Bluetooth Qualification Lab, and we confirm the following:
 - 1) This system is hopping pseudo-randomly.
 - 2) Each frequency is used equally on the average by each transmitter.
 - 3) The receiver input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters
 - 4) The receiver shifts frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.
 - 15.247(g): The system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this Section 15.247 should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream.
 - 15.247(h): The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

2.3. Simultaneously transmission condition

Technology	Modulation	Test mode	Tested Chanel.
WLAN 5 GHz (802.11 n HT20)	OFDM	802.11n HT20 / UNII-3	165
Bluetooth	GFSK	BDR	78

3. Antenna requirement

Requirement of FCC part section 15.203:

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

Requirement of RSS-Gen Section 6.8:

The applicant for equipment certification shall provide a list of all antenna types that may be used with the transmitter, where applicable (i.e. for transmitters with detachable antenna), indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dB_i) and the required impedance for each antenna. The test report shall demonstrate the compliance of the transmitter with the limit for maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) specified in the applicable RSS, when the transmitter is equipped with any antenna type, selected from this list.

For expediting the testing, measurements may be performed using only the antenna with highest gain of each combination of transmitter and antenna type, with the transmitter output power set at the maximum level. However, the transmitter shall comply with the applicable requirements under all operational conditions and when in combination with any type of antenna from the list provided in the test report (and in the notice to be included in the user manual, provided below).

When measurements at the antenna port are used to determine the RF output power, the effective gain of the device's antenna shall be stated, based on a measurement or on data from the antenna's manufacturer.

The test report shall state the RF power, output power setting and spurious emission measurements with each antenna type that is used with the transmitter being tested.

Immediately following the above notice, the manufacturer shall provide a list of all antenna types which can be used with the transmitter, indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dB_i) and the required impedance for each antenna type.

- The transmitter has permanently attached Pattern Antenna (internal antenna) on board.
- The E.U.T Complies with the requirement of §15.203, §15.247.

4. Summary of tests

FCC Part section(s)	IC Rule	Parameter	Test results
15.247(b)(1),(4)	RSS-247, 5.4 (b)	Maximum peak output power	Pass
15.247(a)(1)	RSS-247, 5.1 (b)	Carrier frequency separation	Pass
15.247(a)(1)	RSS-247, 5.1 (a)	20dB channel bandwidth	Pass
-	RSS-Gen, 6.7	Occupied bandwidth	Pass
15.247(a)(iii) 15.247(b)(1)	RSS-247, 5.1(d)	Number of hopping channel	Pass
15.247(a) (iii)	RSS-247, 5.1 (d)	Time of occupancy(dwell time)	Pass
15.205(a), 15.209(a)	RSS-247, 5.5 RSS-Gen, 8.9, 8.10	Spurious emission	Pass
15.247(d)		Band-edge, restricted band	Pass
15.207(a)	RSS-Gen 8.8	Conducted Emissions	N/A(^{Note2})

Notes:

1. All modes of operation and data rates were investigated. The test results shown in the following sections represent the worst case emissions.
2. This test is not applicable because the EUT falls into the automotive device and it's not to be connected to the public utility(AC) power line.
3. According to exploratory test no any obvious emission were detected from 9 kHz to 30 MHz. Although these tests were performed other than open field site, adequate comparison measurements were confirmed against 30 m open field site. Therefore sufficient tests were made to demonstrate that the alternative site produces results that correlate with the ones of tests made in an open field based on KDB 414788.
4. The fundamental of the EUT was investigated in three orthogonal orientations X, Y and Z. It was determined that X orientation was worst-case orientation. Therefore, all final radiated testing was performed with the EUT in X orientation
5. The test procedure(s) in this report were performed in accordance as following.
 - ◆ ANSI C63.10-2013
 - ◆ KDB 558074 D01 v05r02

5. Measurement uncertainty

The measurement uncertainties shown below were calculated in accordance with the requirements of ANSI C63.10-2013.

All measurement uncertainty values are shown with a coverage factor of $k=2$ to indicated a 95 % level of confidence. The measurement data shown herein meets or exceeds the U_{CISPR} measurement uncertainty values specified in CISPR 16-4-2 and thus, can be compared directly to specified limits to determine compliance.

Parameter	Expanded uncertainty (\pm)	
Conducted RF power	1.76 dB	
Conducted spurious emissions	4.03 dB	
Radiated spurious emissions	9 kHz ~ 30 MHz	2.28 dB
	30 MHz ~ 300 MHz	4.98 dB
	300 MHz ~ 1 000 MHz	5.14 dB
	1 GHz ~ 6 GHz	6.70 dB
	Above 6 GHz	6.60 dB
Conducted emissions	9 kHz ~ 150 kHz	3.66 dB
	150 kHz ~ 30 MHz	3.26 dB



6. Measurement results explanation example

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss factor between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer.

With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.

Frequency (MHz)	Factor(dB)	Frequency (MHz)	Factor(dB)
30	5.96	9 000	8.23
50	5.95	10 000	8.61
100	6.00	11 000	8.47
200	6.05	12 000	8.54
300	6.18	13 000	9.15
400	6.18	14 000	9.86
500	6.24	15 000	9.51
600	6.27	16 000	9.71
700	6.35	17 000	9.89
800	6.38	18 000	10.17
900	6.45	19 000	9.94
1 000	6.46	20 000	10.04
2 000	6.76	21 000	10.17
3 000	6.95	22 000	10.70
4 000	7.21	23 000	11.58
5 000	7.54	24 000	10.64
6 000	7.83	25 000	11.48
7 000	7.99	26 000	10.66
8 000	8.28	26 500	10.58

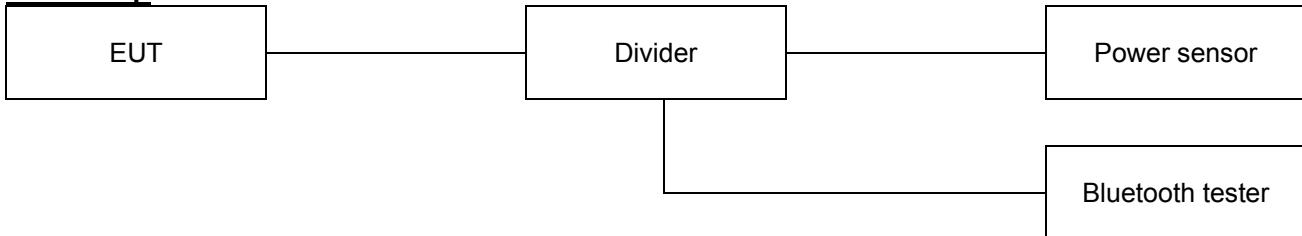
Note.

Offset(dB) = RF cable loss(dB) + Power Divider(dB)

7 Test results

7.1. Maximum peak output power

Test setup



Limit

FCC

According to §15.247(a)(1) Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2 400-2 483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

According to §15.247(b)(1), for frequency hopping systems operating in the 2 400-2 483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5 725-5 850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2 400-2 483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

According to §15.247(b)(4) The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

IC

According to RSS-247 5.4(b), for FHSs operating in the band 2400-2483.5 MHz, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1.0 W if the hopset uses 75 or more hopping channels; the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 0.125 W if the hopset uses less than 75 hopping channels.

The e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W, except as provided in section 5.4(e).

Test procedure

ANSI C63.10-2013 - Section 7.8.5

ANSI C63.10-2013 - Section 7.8.5

Test settings

The test follows ANSI C63.10-2013 – Section 7.8.5. Using the power sensor instead of a spectrum analyzer.

Notes:

A peak responding power sensor is used, where the power sensor system video bandwidth is greater than the occupied bandwidth of the EUT.

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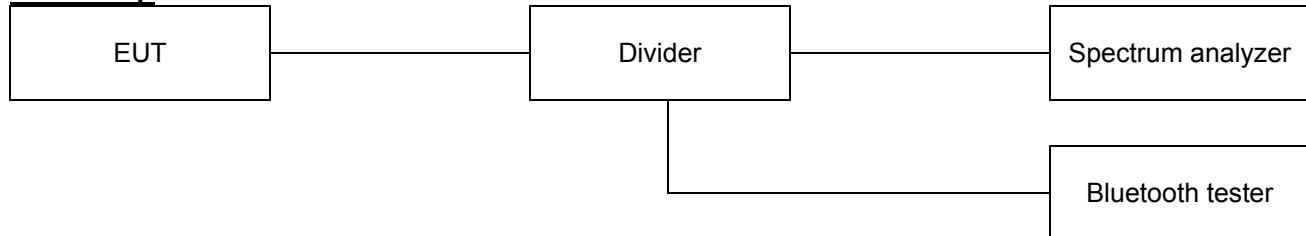
**Test results**

Frequency (MHz)	Data rate (Mbps)	Conducted output power (dBm)		Conducted Power Limit (dBm)	Ant. Gain (dBi)	Max. e.i.r.p. (dB m)		Max. e.i.r.p. Limit (dBm)
		Peak	Average			Peak	Average	
2 402	1	1.40	0.33	30.00	-0.18	1.22	0.15	36.00
2 441	1	2.43	1.50			2.25	1.32	
2 480	1	2.75	1.73			2.57	1.55	
2 402	2	-1.00	-5.22	30.00	-0.18	-1.18	-5.40	36.00
2 441	2	0.13	-3.65			-0.05	-3.83	
2 480	2	0.29	-3.17			0.11	-3.35	
2 402	3	-1.06	-5.20	30.00	-0.18	-1.24	-5.38	36.00
2 441	3	0.08	-3.64			-0.10	-3.82	
2 480	3	0.42	-3.16			0.24	-3.34	



7.2. Carrier frequency separation

Test setup



Limit

According to §15.247(a)(1), frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2 400-2 483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

Test procedure

ANSI C63.10-2013 - Section 7.8.2

Test settings

- a) Span: Wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels.
- b) RBW: Start with the RBW set to approximately 30 % of the channel spacing; adjust as necessary to best identify the center of each individual channel.
- c) Video (or average) bandwidth (VBW) \geq RBW.
- d) Sweep: Auto.
- e) Detector function: Peak.
- f) Trace: Max hold.
- g) Allow the trace to stabilize.

Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels.

Compliance of an EUT with the appropriate regulatory limit shall be determined. A plot of the data shall be included in the test report.

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**Test results**

Frequency(MHz)	Data rate(Mbps)	Carrier frequency separation(MHz)	Limit(MHz)
2 402	1	0.998	0.700
2 441	1	0.998	0.693
2 480	1	1.007	0.700
2 402	2	0.944	0.907
2 441	2	1.064	0.907
2 480	2	1.100	0.907
2 402	3	0.953	0.893
2 441	3	0.902	0.893
2 480	3	0.971	0.893



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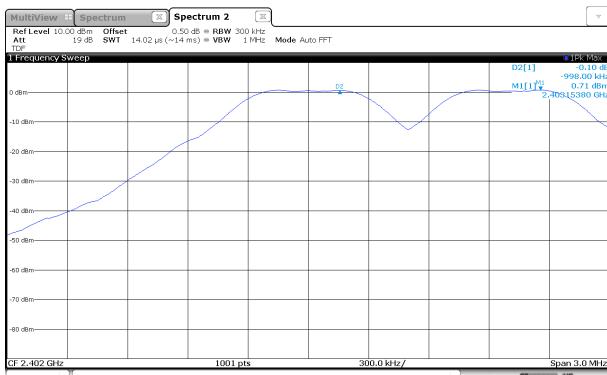
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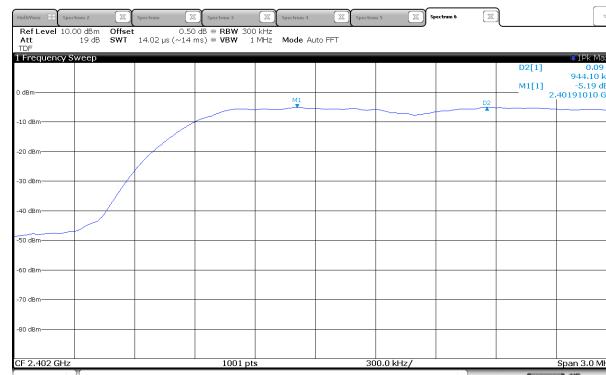
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GFSK / Low ch.



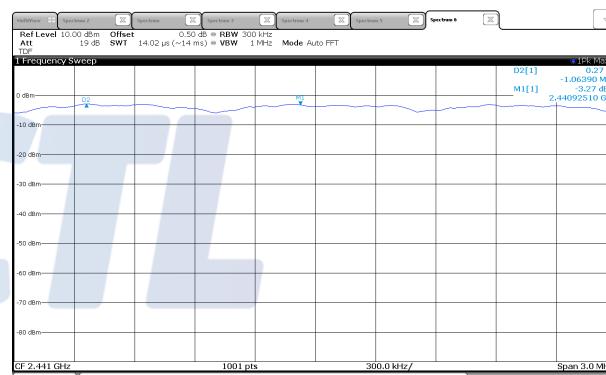
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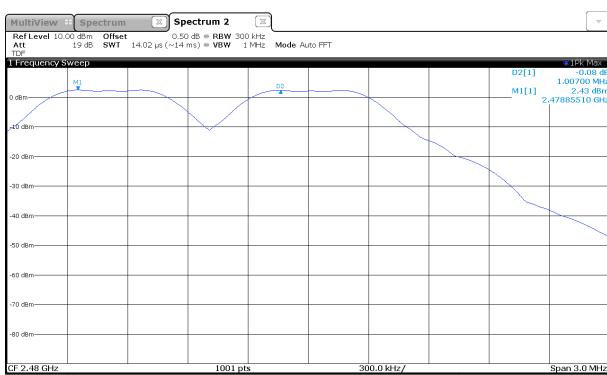
GFSK / Mid ch.



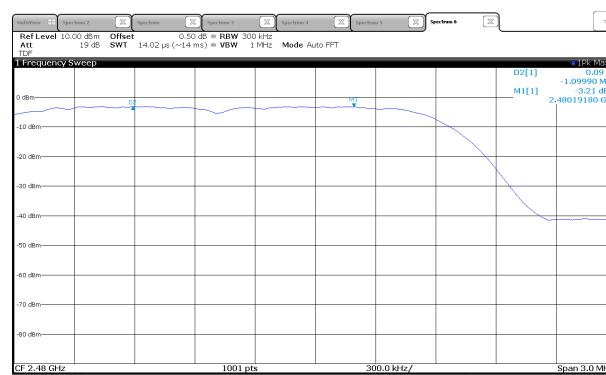
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GFSK / High ch.



$\pi/4$ DQPSK / High ch.



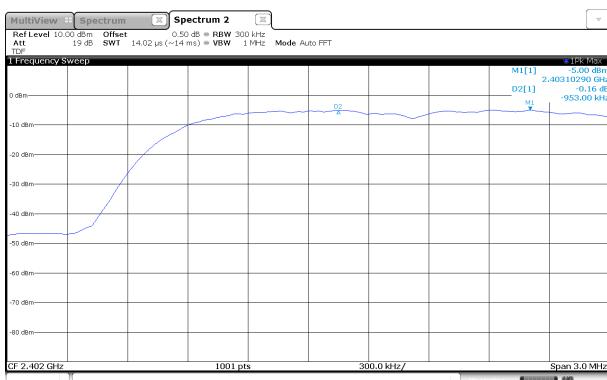
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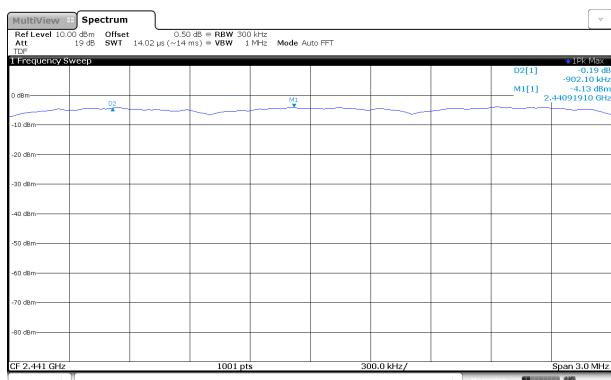
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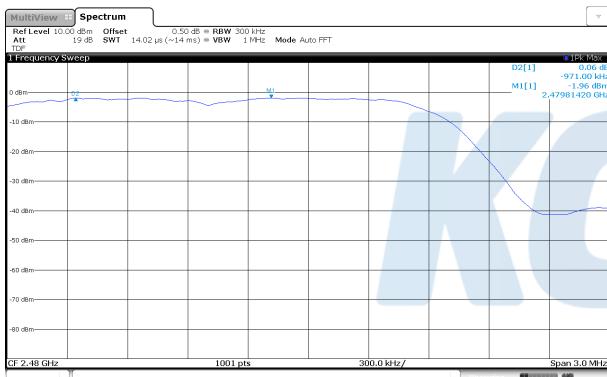
8DPSK / Low ch.



8DPSK / Mid ch.



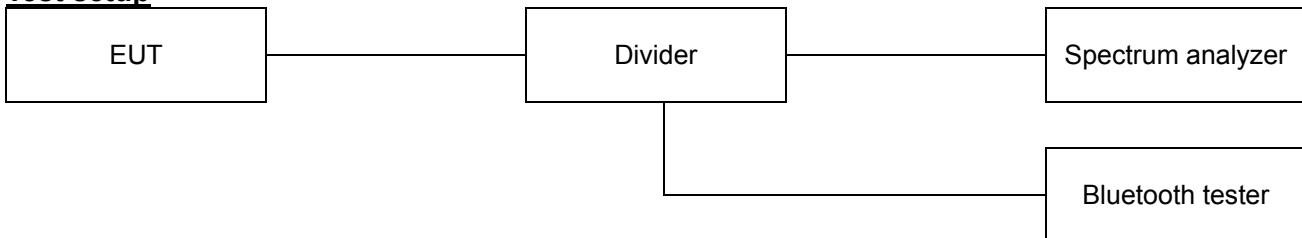
8DPSK / High ch.



Blank

7.3. 20dB channel bandwidth

Test setup



Limit

According to §15.247(a)(1) and RSS-247 5.1(a), frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2 400-2 483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

Test procedure

ANSI C63.10-2013 - Section 6.9.2

Test settings

20dB channel bandwidth and Occupied bandwidth

The occupied bandwidth is measured as the width of the spectral envelope of the modulated signal, at an amplitude level reduced from a reference value by a specified ratio (or in decibels, a specified number of dB down from the reference value). Typical ratios, expressed in dB, are -6 dB, -20 dB, and -26 dB, corresponding to 6 dB BW, 20 dB BW, and 26 dB BW, respectively. In this subclause, the ratio is designated by “-xx dB.” The reference value is either the level of the unmodulated carrier or the highest level of the spectral envelope of the modulated signal, as stated by the applicable requirement. Some requirements might specify a specific maximum or minimum value for the “-xx dB” bandwidth; other requirements might specify that the “-xx dB” bandwidth be entirely contained within the authorized or designated frequency band.

- a) The spectrum analyzer center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency.
- b) Span: Two times and five times the OBW.
- c) RBW = 1 % to 5 % of the OBW and VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW
- d) Set the reference level of the instrument as required, keeping the signal from exceeding the maximum input mixer level for linear operation.
- e) The dynamic range of the instrument at the selected RBW shall be more than 10 dB below the target “-xx dB down” requirement; that is, if the requirement calls for measuring the -20 dB OBW, the instrument noise floor at the selected RBW shall be at least 30 dB below the reference value.
- f) Detector: peak
- g) Trace mode: max hold.
- h) Allow the trace to stabilize.
- i) Determine the “-xx dB down amplitude” using ((reference value) - xx). Alternatively, this calculation may be made by using the marker-delta function of the instrument.
- j) If the reference value is determined by an unmodulated carrier, then turn the EUT modulation ON,

and either clear the existing trace or start a new trace on the spectrum analyzer and allow the new trace to stabilize. Otherwise, the trace from step g) shall be used for step j).

- k) Place two markers, one at the lowest frequency and the other at the highest frequency of the envelope of the spectral display, such that each marker is at or slightly below the “-xx dB down amplitude” determined in step h). If a marker is below this “-xx dB down amplitude” value, then it shall be as close as possible to this value. The occupied bandwidth is the frequency difference between the two markers. Alternatively, set a marker at the lowest frequency of the envelope of the spectral display, such that the marker is at or slightly below the “-xx dB down amplitude” determined in step h). Reset the marker-delta function and move the marker to the other side of the emission until the delta marker amplitude is at the same level as the reference marker amplitude. The marker-delta frequency reading at this point is the specified emission bandwidth.

Test results

20 dB Bandwidth

Frequency(MHz)	Data rate (Mbps)	20 dB Bandwidth (MHz)
2 402	1	1.050
2 441	1	1.040
2 480	1	1.050
2 402	2	1.360
2 441	2	1.360
2 480	2	1.360
2 402	3	1.340
2 441	3	1.340
2 480	3	1.340

99% Bandwidth

Frequency(MHz)	Data rate (Mbps)	99% bandwidth(MHz)
2 402	1	0.912
2 441	1	0.930
2 480	1	0.922
2 402	2	1.212
2 441	2	1.210
2 480	2	1.208
2 402	3	1.210
2 441	3	1.214
2 480	3	1.208

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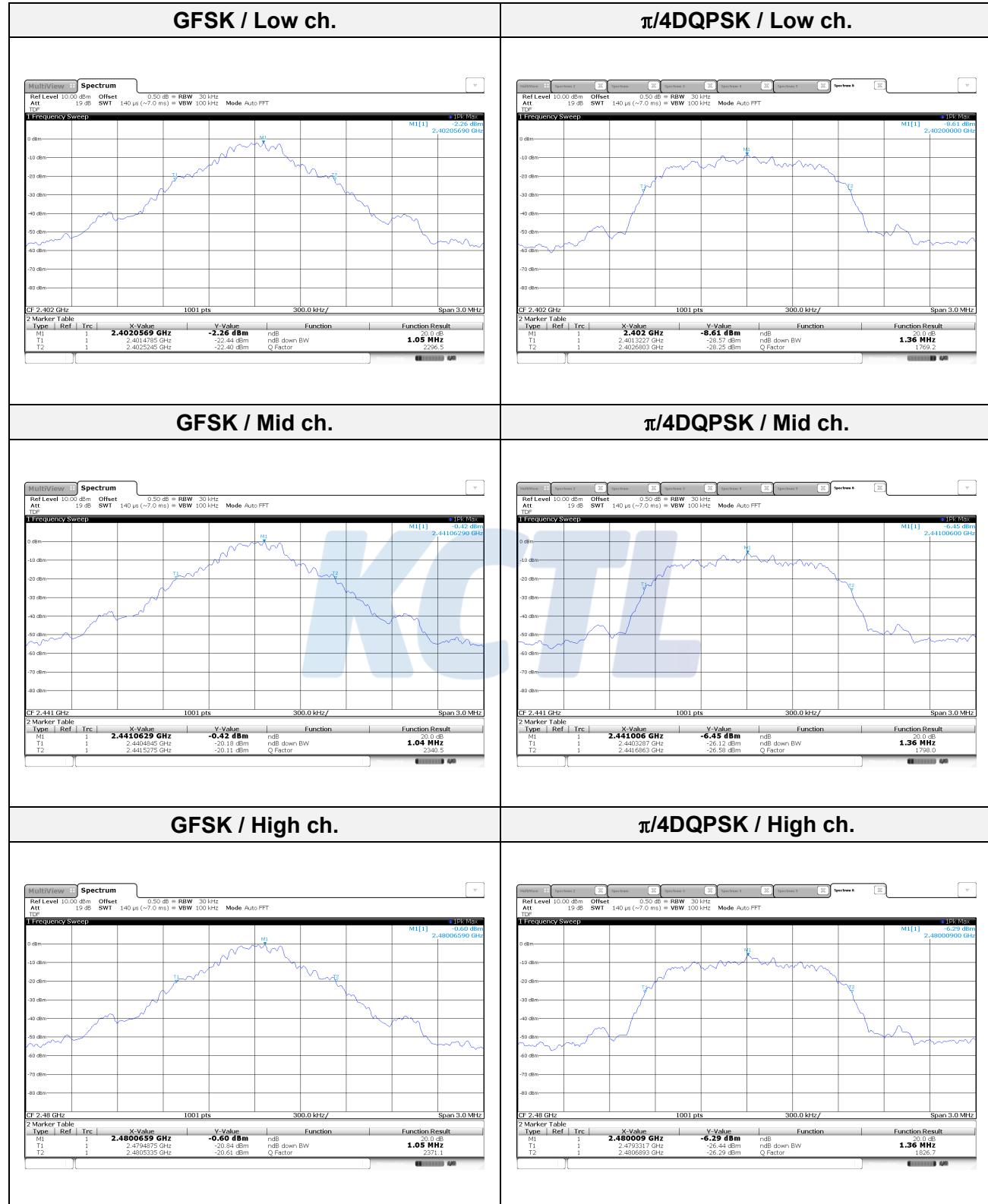
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20 dB bandwidth(MHz)



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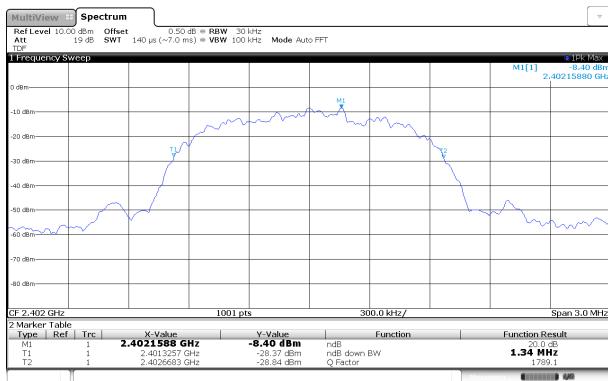
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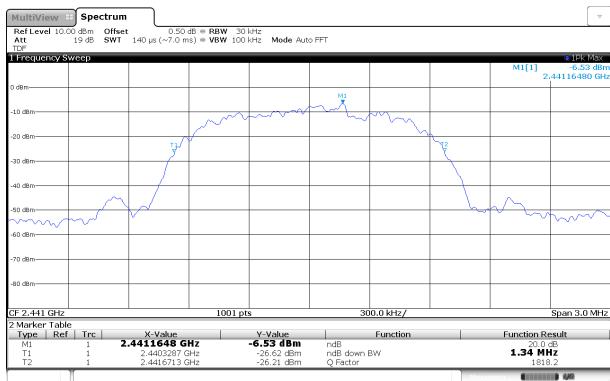
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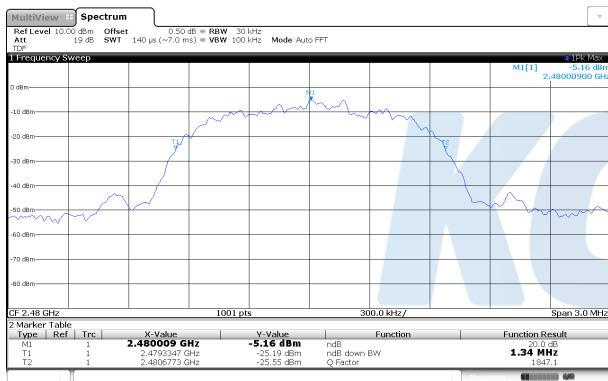
8DPSK / Low ch.



8DPSK / Mid ch.



8DPSK / High ch.



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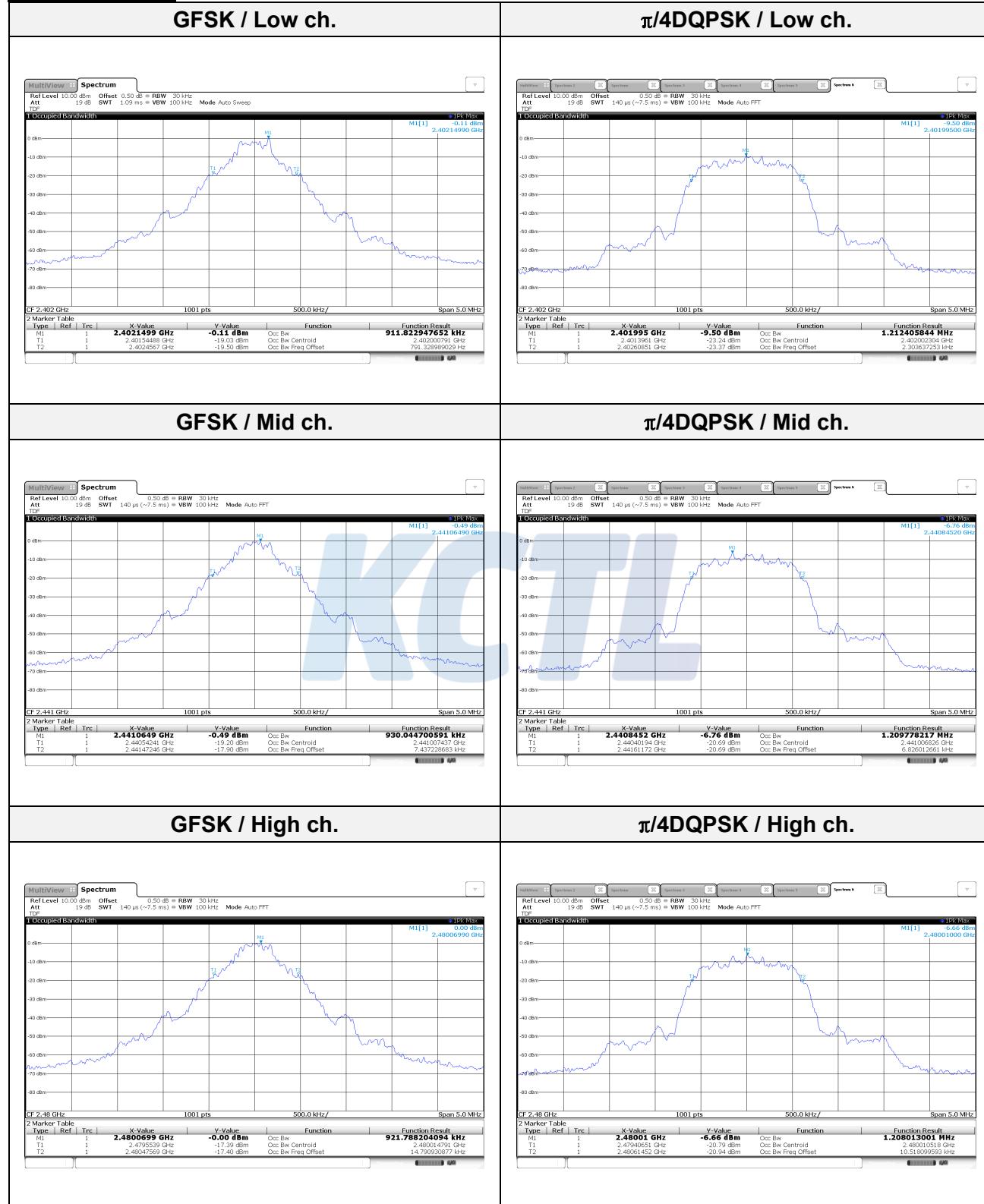
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99 % bandwidth



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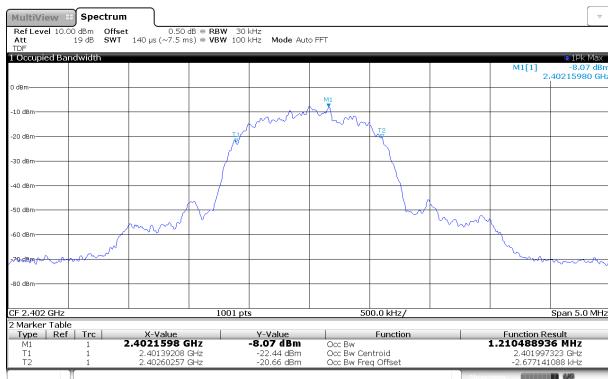
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8DPSK / Low ch.



8DPSK / Mid ch.



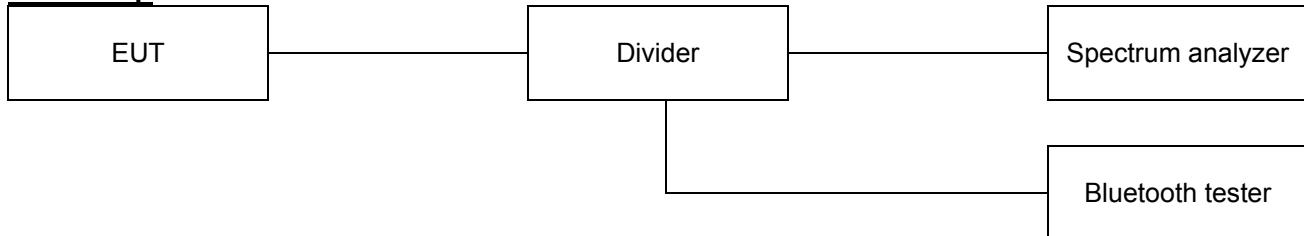
8DPSK / High ch.



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7.4. Number of hopping channels

Test setup



Limit

According to §15.247(a)(1)(iii) and RSS-247 5.1(d), frequency hopping systems in the 2 400-2 483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

Test procedure

ANSI C63.10-2013 - Section 7.8.3

Test settings

- a) Span: The frequency band of operation. Depending on the number of channels the device supports, it may be necessary to divide the frequency range of operation across multiple spans, to allow the individual channels to be clearly seen.
- b) RBW: To identify clearly the individual channels, set the RBW to less than 30 % of the channel spacing or the 20 dB bandwidth, whichever is smaller.
- c) VBW \geq RBW.
- d) Sweep: Auto.
- e) Detector function: Peak.
- f) Trace: Max hold.
- g) Allow the trace to stabilize.

It might prove necessary to break the span up into subranges to show clearly all of the hopping frequencies. Compliance of an EUT with the appropriate regulatory limit shall be determined for the number of hopping channels. A plot of the data shall be included in the test report.

Test results

Mode	Number of hopping channel	Limit
GFSK	79	\geq 15
π /4DQPSK	79	\geq 15
8DPSK	79	\geq 15

Note :

In case of AFH mode, minimum number of hopping channels is 20.s

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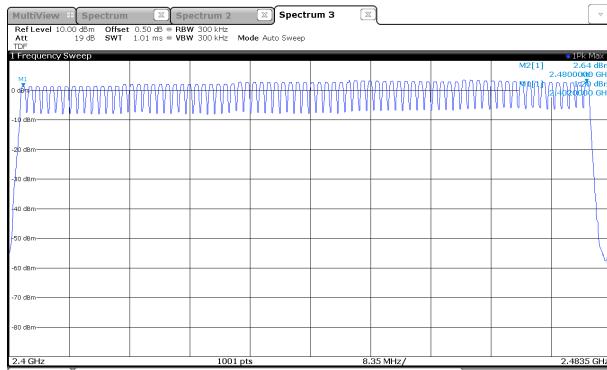
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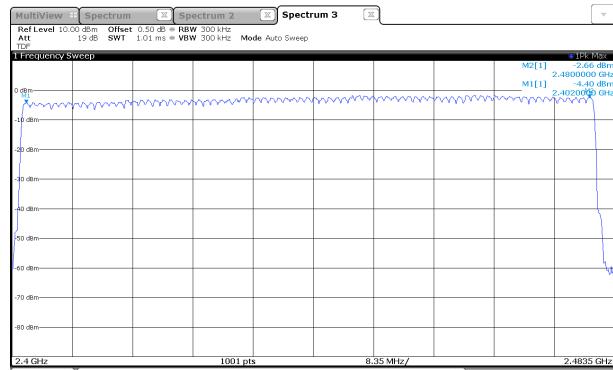
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GFSK



$\pi/4$ DQPSK



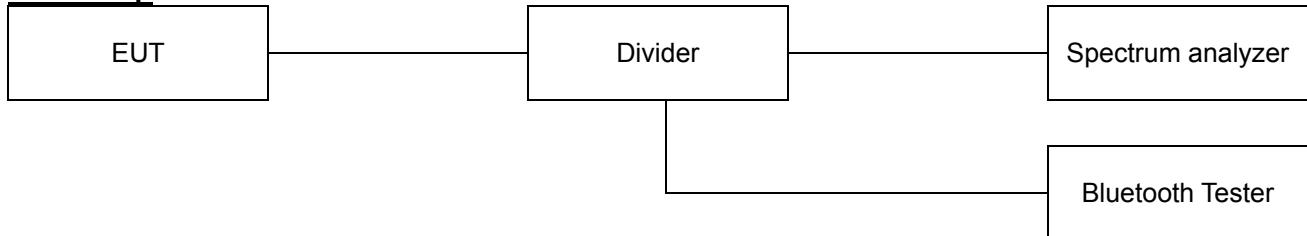
8DPSK



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7.5. Time of occupancy(Dwell time)

Test setup



Limit

According to §15.247(a)(1)(iii) and RSS-247 5.1(d), frequency hopping systems in the 2 400-2 483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

Test procedure

ANSI C63.10-2013 - Section 7.8.4

Test settings

- a) Span: Zero span, centered on a hopping channel.
- b) RBW \leq channel spacing and $\gg 1 / T$, where T is the expected dwell time per channel.
- c) Sweep: As necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel; where possible use a video trigger and trigger delay so that the transmitted signal starts a little to the right of the start of the plot. The trigger level might need slight adjustment to prevent triggering when the system hops on an adjacent channel; a second plot might be needed with a longer sweep time to show two successive hops on a channel.
- d) Detector function: Peak.
- e) Trace: Max hold.
- f) Use the marker-delta function to determine the transmit time per hop. If this value varies with different modes of operation (data rate, modulation format, number of hopping channels, etc.), then repeat this test for each variation in transmit time.

Test results**- Non-AFH**

Modulation	Frequency (MHz)	Pulse Width (ms)	Hopping rate (hop/s)	Number of Channels	Result (s)	Limit (s)
DH1	2 441	0.398	800.000	79	0.127	0.400
DH3	2 441	1.640	400.000	79	0.262	0.400
DH5	2 441	2.888	266.667	79	0.308	0.400
2-DH1	2 441	0.394	800.000	79	0.126	0.400
2-DH3	2 441	1.640	400.000	79	0.262	0.400
2-DH5	2 441	2.891	266.667	79	0.308	0.400
3-DH1	2 441	0.390	800.000	79	0.125	0.400
3-DH3	2 441	1.638	400.000	79	0.262	0.400
3-DH5	2 441	2.891	266.667	79	0.308	0.400

- AFH

Modulation	Frequency (MHz)	Pulse Width (ms)	Hopping rate (hop/s)	Number of Channels	Result (s)	Limit (s)
DH1	2 441	0.398	400.000	20	0.064	0.400
DH3	2 441	1.640	200.000	20	0.131	0.400
DH5	2 441	2.888	133.333	20	0.154	0.400
2-DH1	2 441	0.394	400.000	20	0.063	0.400
2-DH3	2 441	1.640	200.000	20	0.131	0.400
2-DH5	2 441	2.891	133.333	20	0.154	0.400
3-DH1	2 441	0.390	400.000	20	0.062	0.400
3-DH3	2 441	1.638	200.000	20	0.131	0.400
3-DH5	2 441	2.891	133.333	20	0.154	0.400

Notes:**1. Non-AFH**

- Period Time: 0.4 sec x 79 channels = 31.6 sec
- Result (s)= (Hopping rate (hop/s/slot) / 79 channels) x 31.6 sec x Pulse width (ms)

2. AFH

- Period Time: 0.4 sec x 20 channels = 8 sec
- Result (s)= (Hopping rate (hop/s/slot) / 20 channels) x 8 sec x Pulse width (ms)

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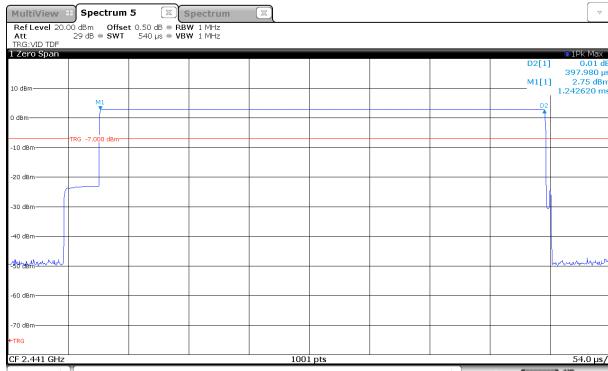
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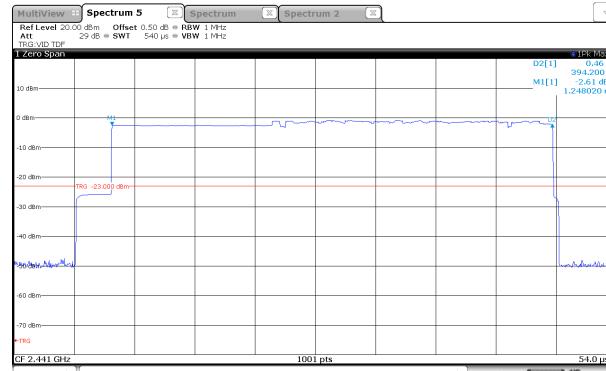
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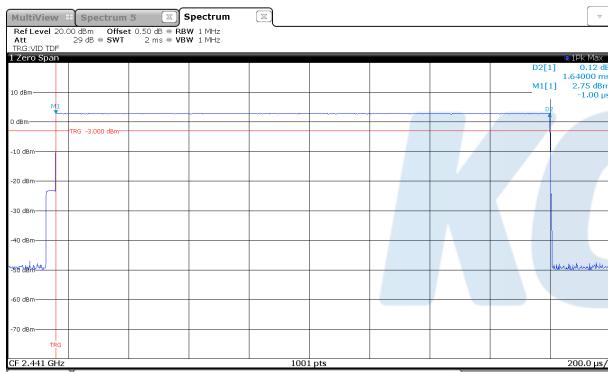
GFSK / DH1



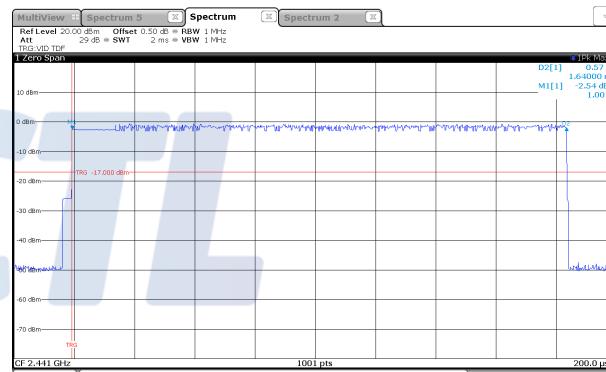
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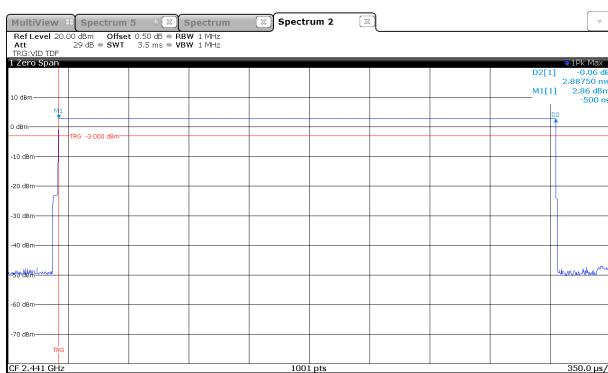
GFSK / DH3



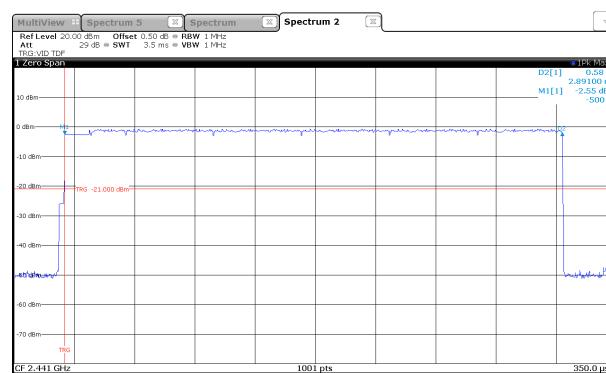
$\pi/4$ DQPSK / 2-DH3



GFSK / DH5



$\pi/4$ DQPSK / 2-DH5



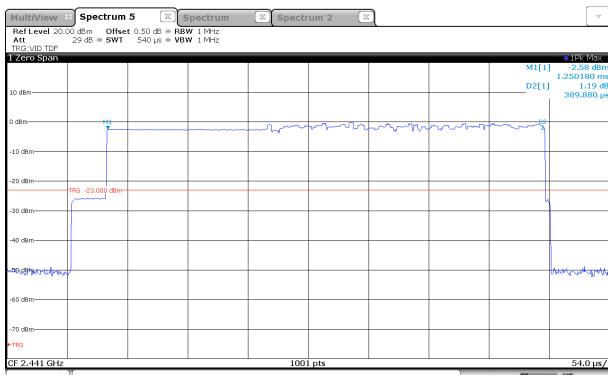
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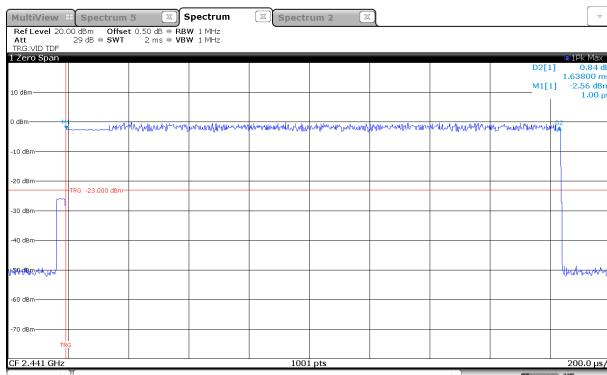
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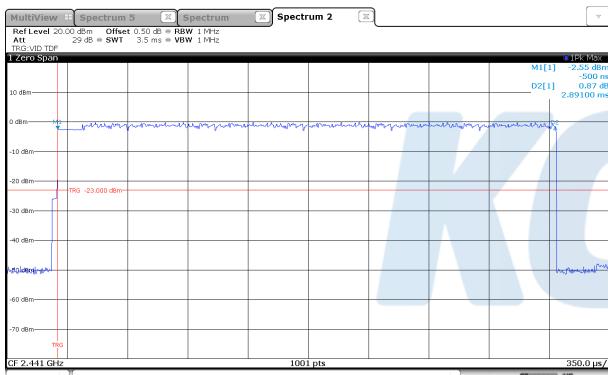
8DPSK / 3-DH1



8DPSK / 3-DH3



8DPSK / 3-DH5

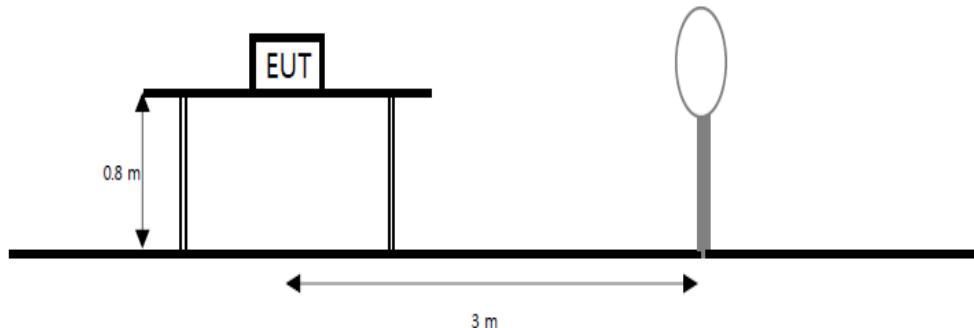


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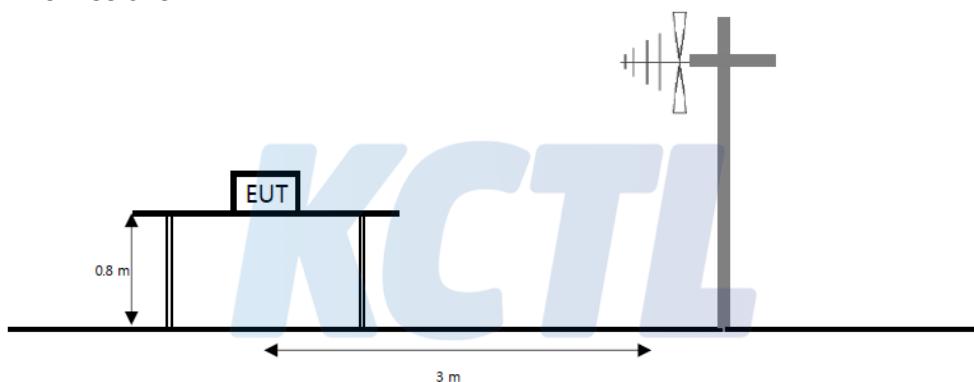
7.6. Radiated spurious emissions & band edge

Test setup

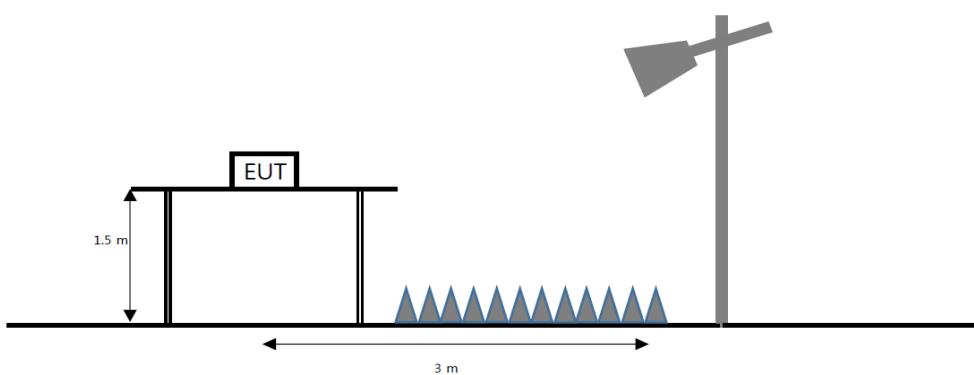
The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 9 kHz to 30 MHz Emissions



The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 30 MHz to 1 GHz emissions.



The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 1 GHz to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz emissions, whichever is lower.



Limit**FCC**

According to section 15.209(a), except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field strength (μ V/m)	Measurement distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	2 400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24 000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30	30	30
30 - 88	100**	3
88 - 216	150**	3
216 - 960	200**	3
Above 960	500	3

**Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54–72 MHz, 76–88 MHz, 174–216 MHz or 470–806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this part, e.g., Section 15.231 and 15.241.

According to section 15.205(a) and (b), only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.009 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
0.495 - 0.505	16.694 75 - 16.695 25	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.173 5 - 2.190 5	16.804 25 - 16.804 75	960 - 1 240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1 300 - 1 427	8.025 - 8.5
4.177 25 - 4.177 75	37.5 - 38.25	1 435 - 1 626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.207 25 - 4.207 75	73 - 74.6	1 645.5 - 1 646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1 660 - 1 710	10.6 - 12.7
6.267 75 - 6.268 25	108 - 121.94	1 718.8 - 1 722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.311 75 - 6.312 25	123 - 138	2 200 - 2 300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2 310 - 2 390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.524 75 - 156.525	2 483.5 - 2 500	17.7 - 21.4
8.376 25 - 8.386 75	25	2 690 - 2 900	22.01 - 23.12
8.414 25 - 8.414 75	156.7 - 156.9	3 260 - 3 267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	162.012 5 - 167.17	3 332 - 3 339	31.2 - 31.8
12.519 75 - 12.520 25	167.72 - 173.2	3 345.8 - 3 358	36.43 - 36.5
12.576 75 - 12.577 25	240 - 285	3 600 - 4 400	Above 38.6
13.36 - 13.41	322 - 335.4		

The field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in section 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1 000 MHz, compliance with the limits in section 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1 000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in section 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in section 15.35 apply to these measurements.

IC

According to RSS-247(5.5), In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under section 5.4(d), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required.

According to RSS-Gen(8.9), Except where otherwise indicated in the applicable RSS, radiated emissions shall comply with the field strength limits shown in table 5 and table 6. Additionally, the level of any transmitter unwanted emission shall not exceed the level of the transmitter's fundamental emission.

Table 5- General field strength limits at frequencies above 30 MHz

Frequency(MHz)	Field strength (μ V/m at 3 m)
30 to 88	100
88 to 216	150
216 to 960	200
Above 960	500

Table 6- General field strength limits at frequencies below 30 MHz

Frequency	Magnetic field strength (H-Field) (μ A/m)	Measurement distance(m)
9 – 490 kHz ¹⁾	6.37/F (F in kHz)	300
490 – 1705 kHz	63.7/F (F in kHz)	30
1.705 - 30 MHz	0.08	30

Note 1: The emission limits for the ranges 9-90 kHz and 110-490 kHz are based on measurements employing a linear average detector.

According to RSS-Gen(8.10), Restricted frequency bands, identified in table 7, are designated primarily for safety-of-life services (distress calling and certain aeronautical activities), certain satellite downlinks, radio astronomy and some government uses. Except where otherwise indicated, the following conditions related to the restricted frequency bands apply:

- (a) The transmit frequency, including fundamental components of modulation, of licence-exempt radio apparatus shall not fall within the restricted frequency bands listed in table 7 except for apparatus compliant with RSS-287, Emergency Position Indicating Radio Beacons (EPIRB), Emergency Locator Transmitters (ELT), Personal Locator Beacons (PLB), and Maritime Survivor Locator Devices (MSLD).
- (b) Unwanted emissions that fall into restricted frequency bands listed in table 7 shall comply with the limits specified in table 5 and table 6.
- (c) Unwanted emissions that do not fall within the restricted frequency bands listed in table 7 shall comply either with the limits specified in the applicable RSS or with those specified in table 5 and table 6.

Table 7- Restricted frequency bands*

MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	149.9 - 150.05	9.0 - 9.2
0.495 - 0.505	156.52475 - 156.52525	9.3 - 9.5
2.1735 - 2.1905	156.7 - 156.9	10.6 - 12.7
3.020 - 3.026	162.0125 - 167.17	13.25 - 13.4
4.125 - 4.128	167.72 - 173.2	14.47 - 14.5
4.17725 - 4.17775	240 - 285	15.35 - 16.2
4.20725 - 4.20775	322 - 335.4	17.7 - 21.4
5.677 - 5.683	399.9 - 410	22.01 - 23.12
6.215 - 6.218	608 - 614	23.6 - 24.0
6.26775 - 6.26825	960 - 1427	31.2 - 31.8
6.31175 - 6.31225	1435 - 1626.5	36.43 - 36.5
8.291 - 8.294	1645.5 - 1646.5	Above 38.6
8.362 - 8.366	1660 - 1710	
8.37625 - 8.38675	1718.8 - 1722.2	
8.41425 - 8.41475	2200 - 2300	
12.29 - 12.293	2310 - 2390	
12.51975 - 12.52025	2483.5 - 2500	
12.57675 - 12.57725	2655 - 2900	
13.36 - 13.41	3260 - 3267	
16.42 - 16.423	3332 - 3339	
16.69475 - 16.69525	3345.8 - 3358	
16.80425 - 16.80475	3500 - 4400	
25.5 - 25.67	4500 - 5150	
37.5 - 38.25	5350 - 5460	
73 - 74.6	7250 - 7750	
74.8 - 75.2	8025 - 8500	
108 - 138	--	

* Certain frequency bands listed in table 7 and in bands above 38.6 GHz are designated for licence-exempt applications. These frequency bands and the requirements that apply to related devices are set out in the 200 and 300 series of RSSs.

Test procedure

ANSI C63.10-2013 - Section 6.6.4.3

Test settings**Peak field strength measurements**

1. Analyzer center frequency was set to the frequency of the radiated spurious emission of interest
2. RBW = as specified in table
3. VBW $\geq (3 \times \text{RBW})$
4. Detector = peak
5. Sweep time = auto
6. Trace mode = max hold
7. Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes

Table. RBW as a function of frequency

Frequency	RBW
9 kHz to 150 kHz	200 Hz to 300 Hz
0.15 MHz to 30 MHz	9 kHz to 10 kHz
30 MHz to 1 000 MHz	100 kHz to 120 kHz
> 1 000 MHz	1 MHz

Average field strength measurements

1. Analyzer center frequency was set to the frequency of the radiated spurious emission of interest
2. RBW = 1 MHz
3. VBW = $1/T \geq 1 \text{ Hz}$
4. Averaging type was set to RMS to ensure that video filtering was applied in the power domain
5. Detector = peak
6. Sweep time = auto
7. Trace mode = max hold
8. Trace was allowed to run for at least 50 times(1/duty cycle) traces

Notes:

1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz for Peak detection and frequency above 1 GHz. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz and the video bandwidth is 1 kHz ($\geq 1/T$) for Average detection (AV) at frequency above 1 GHz. (where T = pulse width)
2. $f < 30 \text{ MHz}$, extrapolation factor of 40 dB/decade of distance. $F_d = 40\log(D_m/D_s)$
 $f \geq 30 \text{ MHz}$, extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade of distance. $F_d = 20\log(D_m/D_s)$
 Where:
 F_d = Distance factor in dB
 D_m = Measurement distance in meters
 D_s = Specification distance in meters
3. Factors(dB) = Antenna factor(dB/m) + Cable loss(dB) + or Amp. gain(dB) + or $F_d(\text{dB})$
4. The worst-case emissions are reported however emissions whose levels were not within 20 dB of respective limits were not reported.
5. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
6. ¹⁾ means restricted band.
7. According to part 15.31(f)(2), an extrapolation factor of 40 dB/decade is applied because measured distance of radiated emission is 3 m.

Duty cycle correction factor calculation:

According to 7.5 Procedure for determining the average value of pulsed emissions

Duty Cycle Correction Factor Calculation

- Worst case : AFH mode
- Channel hop rate = 800 hops/second
- Hopping rate for DH5 mode = 800 hops/second / 5 (6 slots for DH5) = 133.33 hops/second
- Time per channel hop = 1 / 133.33 hops/second = 7.50 ms
- Time to cycle through all channels = 7.50 x 20 channels(AFH mode) = 150 ms
- Number of times transmitter hits on one channel = 100 ms / Time to cycle through all channels (ms)
= 100 ms / 150 ms = 1 time
- Worst case Dwell time = 7.5 ms
- Duty Cycle Correction Factor = $20\log(7.5 \text{ ms}/100 \text{ ms}) = -22.5 \text{ dB}$



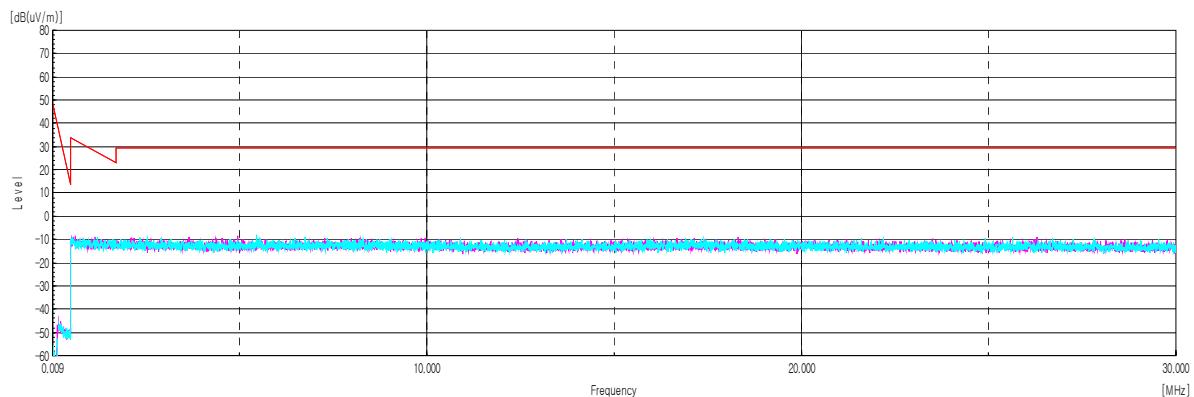
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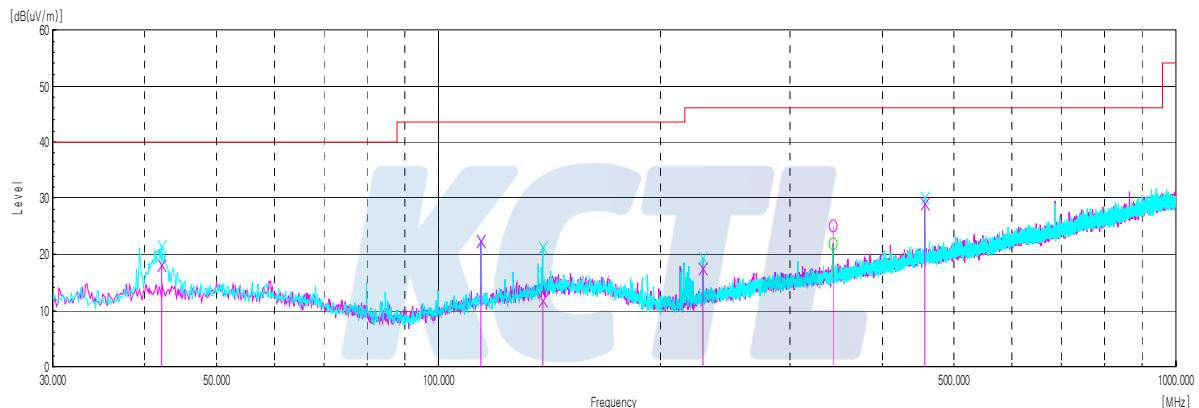
KCTL**Test results (Below 30 MHz) – Worst case: GFSK Highest frequency**

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Cable Loss	Amp Gain	Ant. Factor	DCCF	Result	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(V/H)	(dB(μ V))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB(μ V/m))	(dB(μ V/m))	(dB)
No spurious emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit.									

Horizontal/Vertical

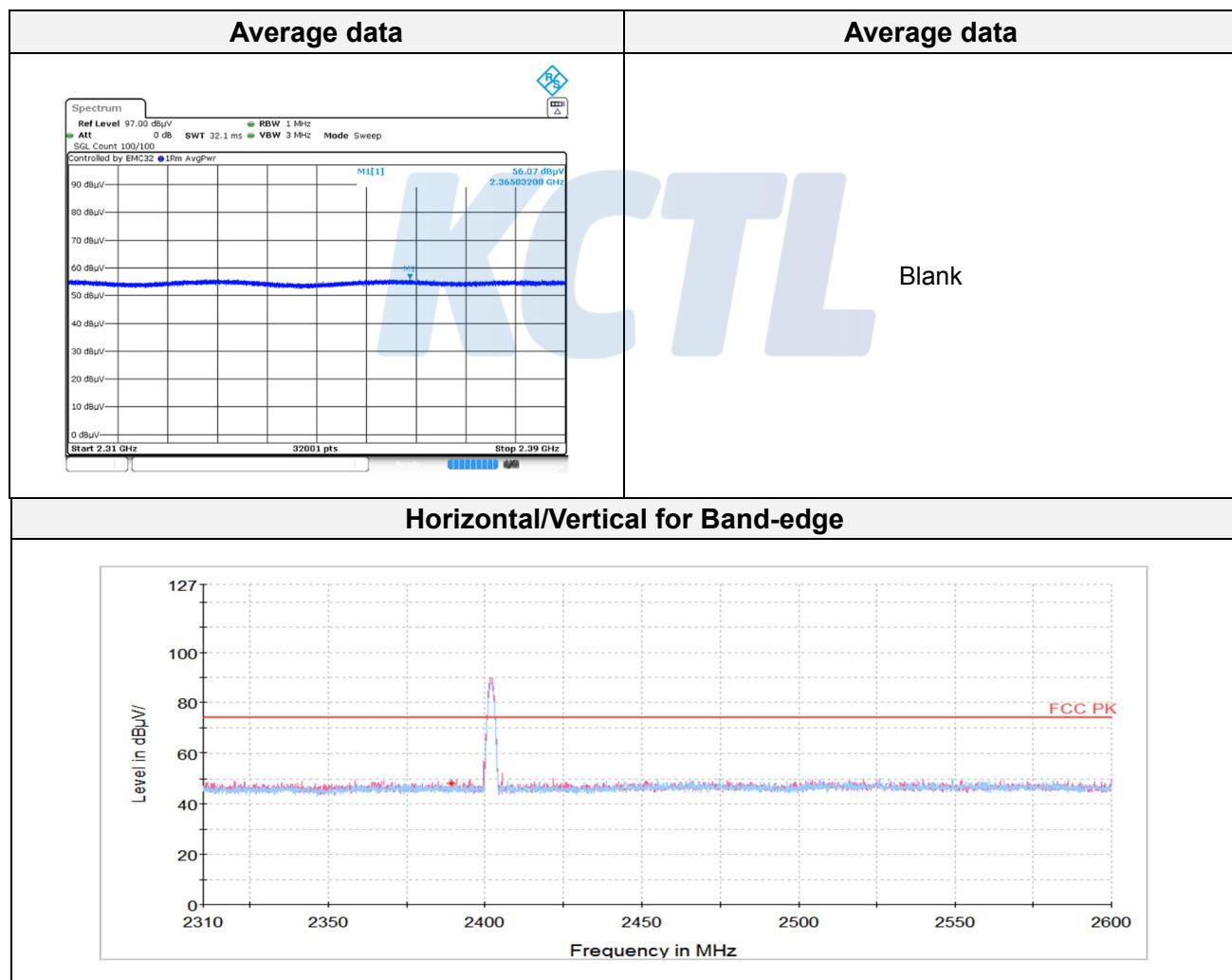
Test results (Below 1 000 MHz) – Worst case: GFSK Highest frequency

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Ant. Factor	Amp. + Cable	DCCF	Result	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(V/H)	(dB(µV))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB(µV/m))	(dB(µV/m))	(dB)
Quasi peak data								
42.13	V	30.50	18.40	-30.79	-	18.11	40.00	21.89
114.27	V	35.50	16.74	-29.84	-	22.40	43.50	21.10
138.52	V	22.70	18.68	-29.57	-	11.81	43.50	31.69
228.61	V	29.40	16.76	-28.70	-	17.46	46.00	28.54
342.83	H	32.80	20.23	-27.91	-	25.12	46.00	20.88
457.16	V	33.10	23.07	-27.19	-	28.98	46.00	17.02

Horizontal/Vertical

Test results (Above 1 000 MHz)**GFSK****Low Channel**

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Ant. Factor	Amp. + Cable	DCCF	Result	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(V/H)	(dB(μ W))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB(μ W/m))	(dB(μ W/m))	(dB)
Peak data								
2 365.03 ¹⁾	H	65.16	31.83	-48.49	-	48.50	74.00	25.50
4 803.19 ¹⁾	V	59.71	33.78	-53.11	-	40.38	74.00	33.62
Average Data								
2 365.03 ¹⁾	H	56.07	31.83	-48.49	-	39.41	54.00	14.59



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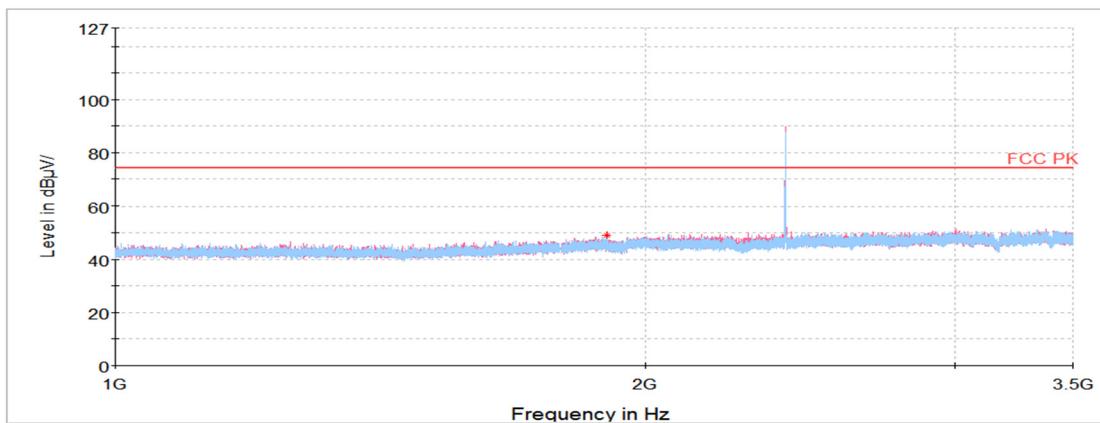
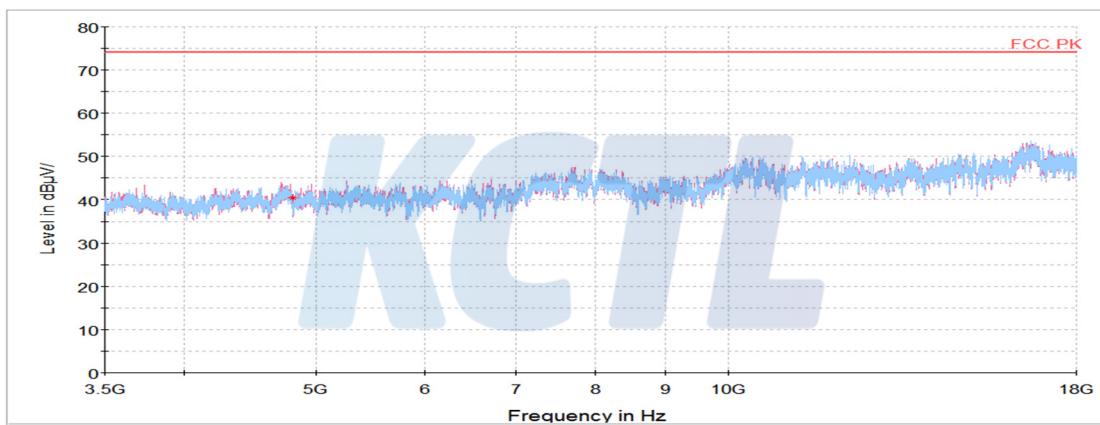
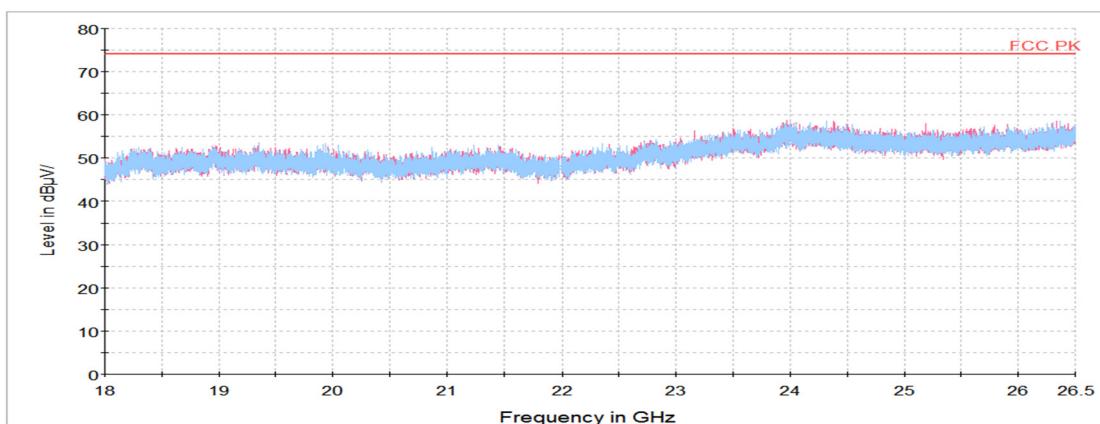
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Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea
TEL: 82-31-285-0894 FAX: 82-505-299-8311
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Horizontal/Vertical for 1 GHz ~ 3.5 GHz**Horizontal/Vertical for 3.5 GHz ~ 18 GHz****Horizontal/Vertical for 18 GHz ~ 26.5 GHz**

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**Middle Channel**

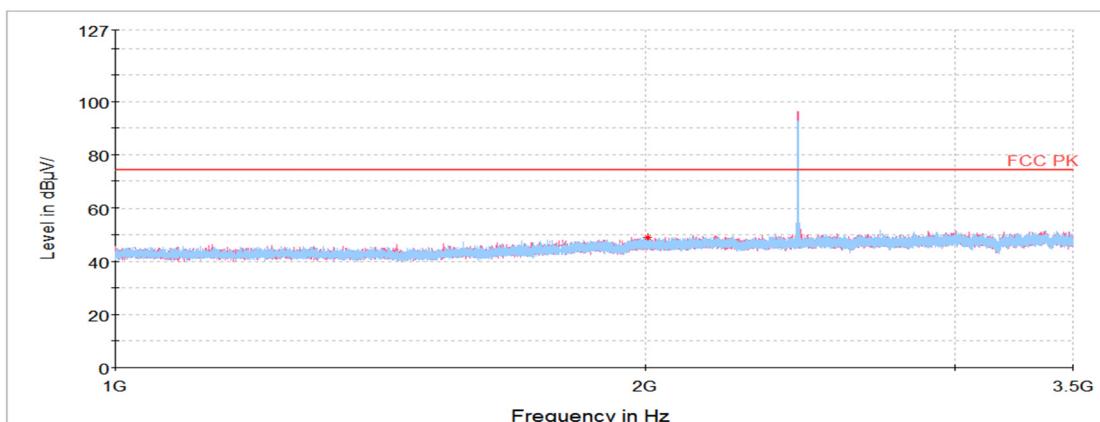
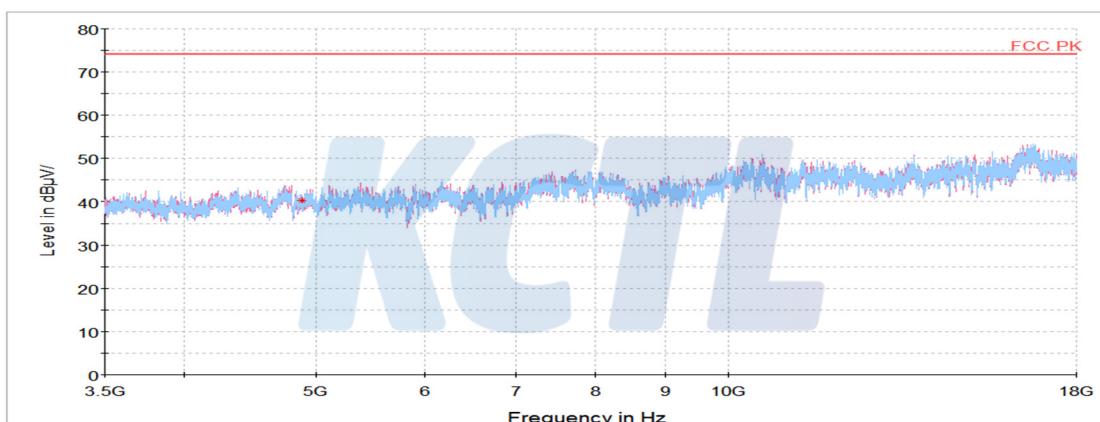
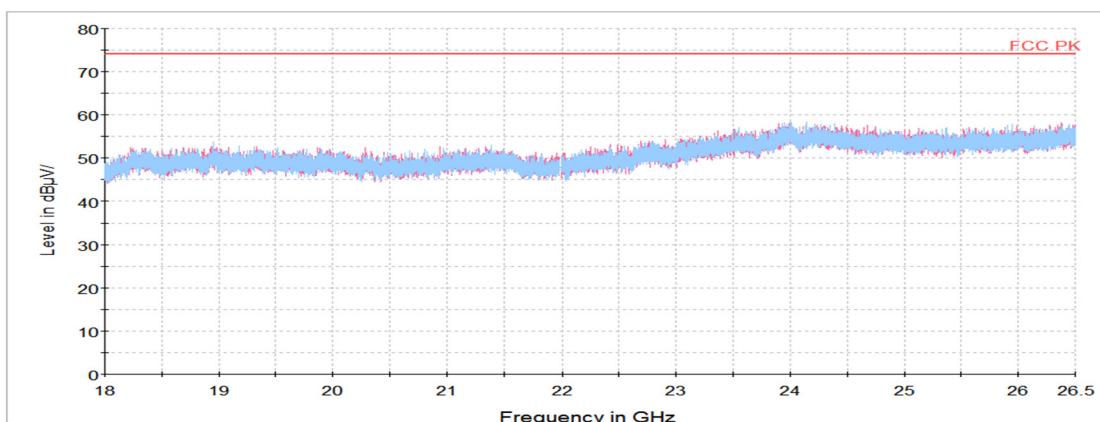
Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Ant. Factor	Amp. + Cable	DCCF	Result	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(V/H)	(dB(μ V))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB(μ V/m))	(dB(μ V/m))	(dB)
Peak data								
4 882.94 ¹⁾	V	60.92	33.83	-54.61	-	40.14	74.00	33.86
Average Data								
No spurious emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit.								

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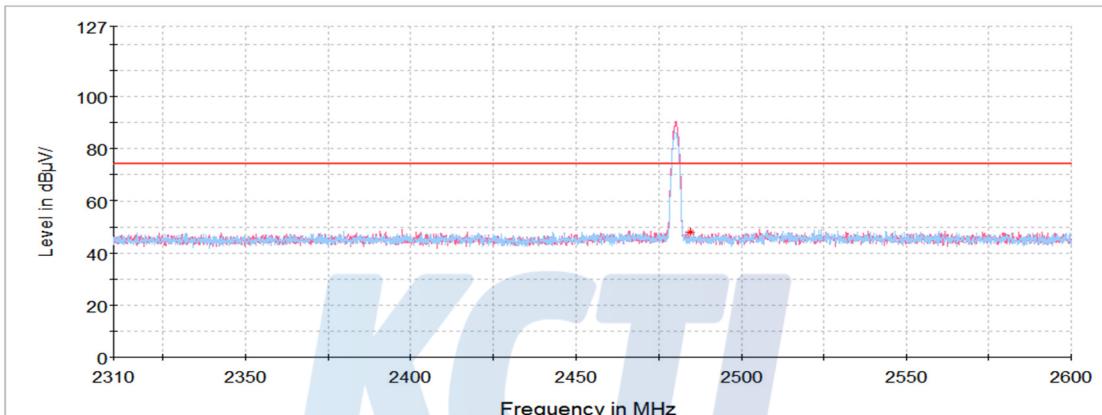
KCTL Inc.

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KCTL**High Channel**

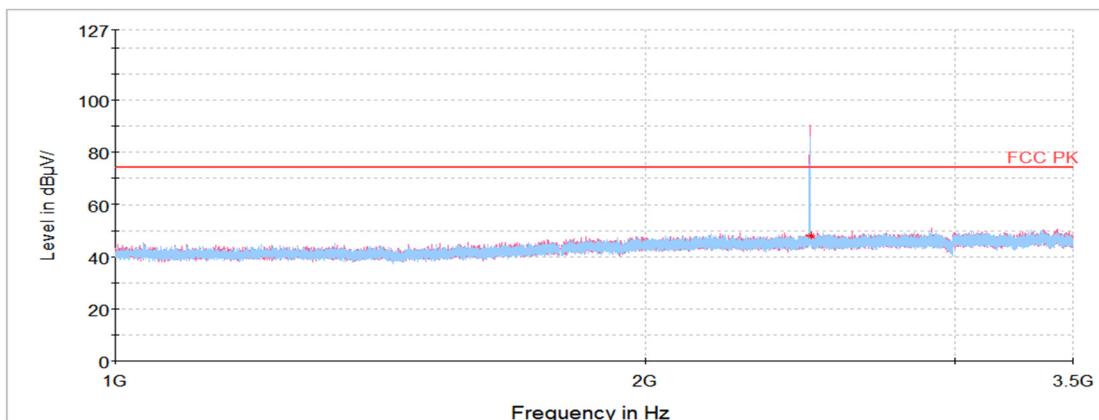
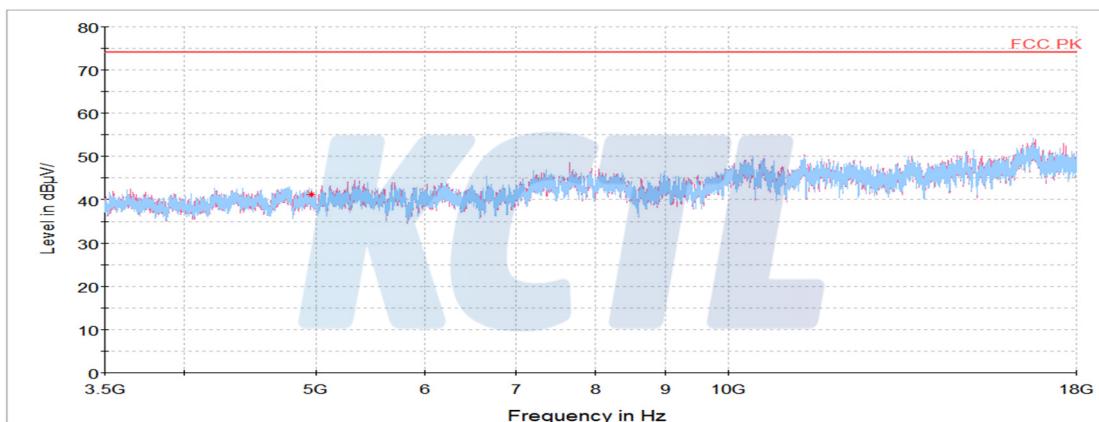
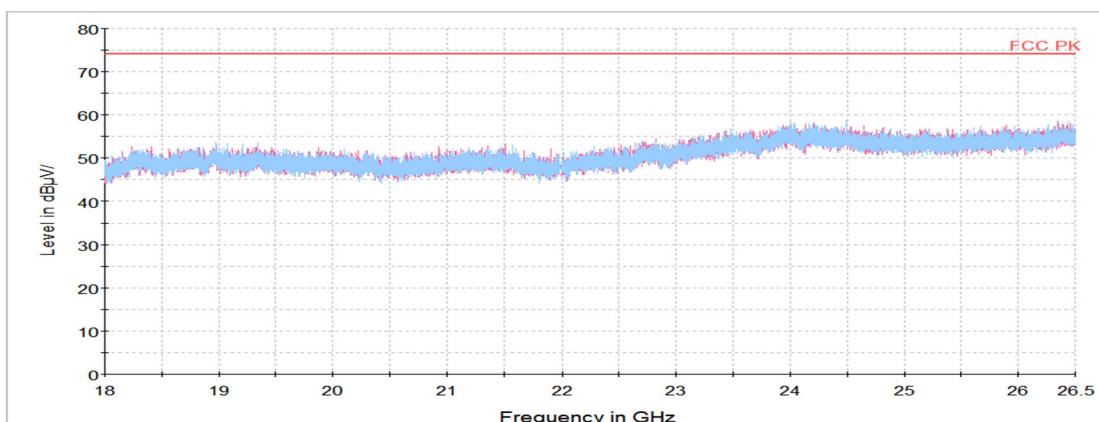
Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Ant. Factor	Amp. + Cable	DCCF	Result	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(V/H)	(dB(μ V))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB(μ V/m))	(dB(μ V/m))	(dB)
Peak data								
2 493.51 ¹⁾	V	64.25	32.09	-48.13	-	48.21	74.00	25.79
4 960.42 ¹⁾	H	61.73	33.88	-54.59	-	41.02	74.00	32.98
Average Data								
No spurious emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit.								

Horizontal/Vertical for Band-edge

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KCTL**Horizontal/Vertical for 1 GHz ~ 3.5 GHz****Horizontal/Vertical for 3.5 GHz ~ 18 GHz****Horizontal/Vertical for 18 GHz ~ 26.5 GHz**

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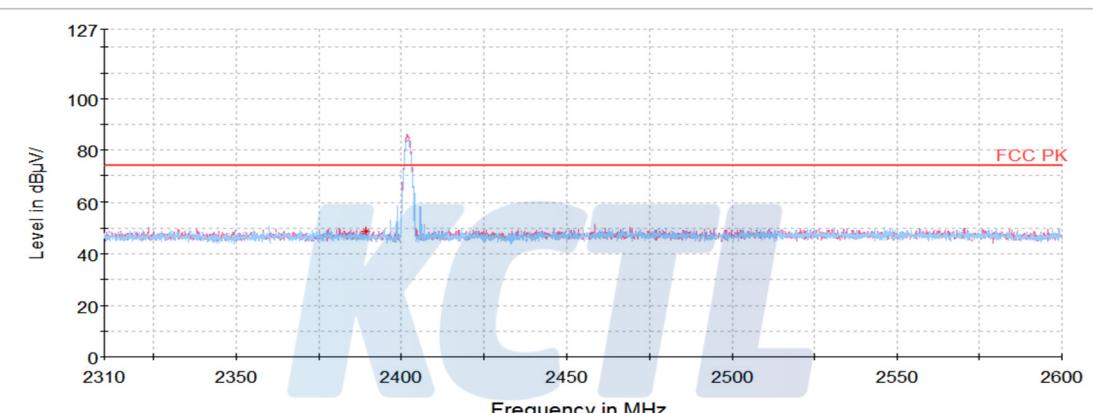
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KCTL**π/4DQPSK****Low Channel**

Frequency (MHz)	Pol.	Reading (dB(μV))	Ant. Factor (dB)	Amp. + Cable (dB)	DCCF	Result (dB(μV/m))	Limit (dB(μV/m))	Margin (dB)
Peak data								
2 389.45 ¹⁾	V	65.41	32.01	-48.79	-	48.63	74.00	25.37
4 803.19 ¹⁾	H	58.03	33.78	-53.11	-	38.70	74.00	35.30
Average Data								
No spurious emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit.								

Horizontal/Vertical for Band-edge

KCTL Inc.

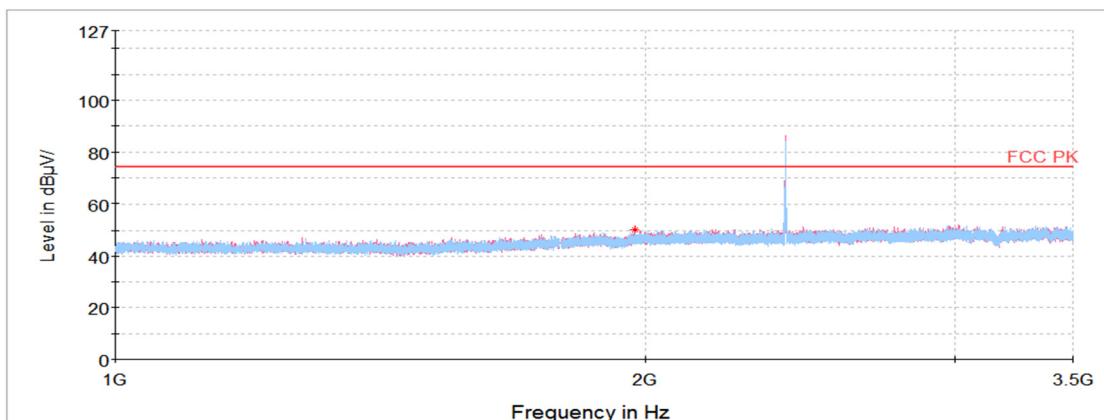
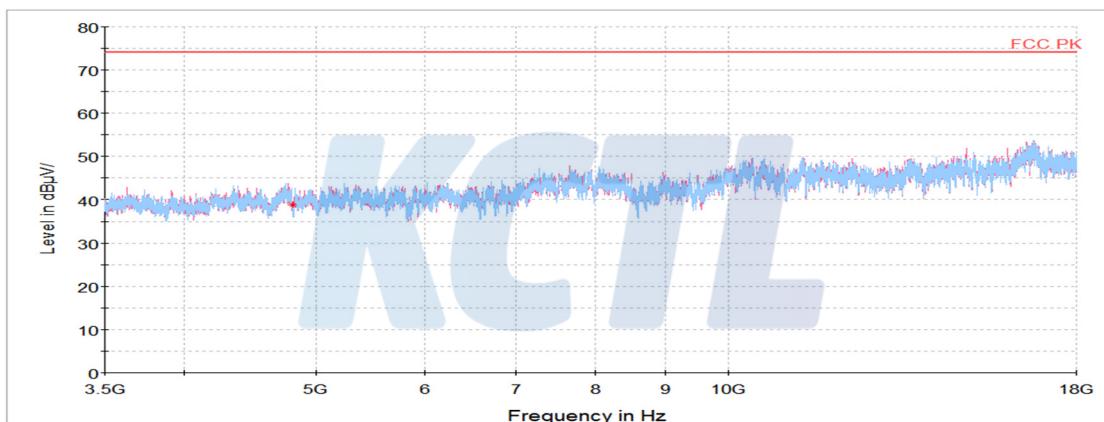
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Horizontal/Vertical for 1 GHz ~ 3.5 GHz**Horizontal/Vertical for 3.5 GHz ~ 18 GHz****Horizontal/Vertical for 18 GHz ~ 26.5 GHz**