# **TEST REPORT**



DT&C Co., Ltd.

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1. Report No: DRTFCC1712-0267

2. Customer

• Name: HYUNDAI MOBIS CO., LTD.

Address: 203 Teheran-ro, Gangnam-gu, Seoul, South Korea, 135-977

3. Use of Report : FCC Original Grant

4. Product Name / Model Name: DIGITAL CAR AVN SYSTEM / ATC40B8AN

FCC ID: TQ8-ATC40B8AN

5. Test Method Used: KDB971168 D01v03, ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016, ANSI C63.26-2015

Test Specification: §2, §22(H), §24(E)

6. Date of Test: 2017.11.29 ~ 2017.12.04

7. Testing Environment: Refer to appended test report.

8. Test Result: Refer to attached test result.

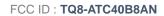
Affirmation Name : JaeHyeok Bang Technical Manager Name : GeunKi Son (Signature)

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2017.12.11.

DT&C Co., Ltd.

If this report is required to confirmation of authenticity, please contact to report@dtnc.net





# **Test Report Version**

Test Report No.	Date	Description
DRTFCC1712-0267	Dec. 11, 2017	Initial issue



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# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

**Applicant Name :** HYUNDAI MOBIS CO., LTD.

Address : 203 Teheran-ro, Gangnam-gu, Seoul, Korea, 135-977

Report No.: DRTFCC1712-0267

FCC ID : TQ8-ATC40B8AN

FCC Classification : PCS Licensed Transmitter (PCB)

**EUT** : DIGITAL CAR AVN SYSTEM

Model Name : ATC40B8AN

Add Model Name : NA

Supplying power : DC 14.4 V

Antenna Type : External Antenna

Mada	Tx Frequency	ERP (M	ax. Power)	EIRP (Max. Power)		
Mode	(MHz)	dBm	w	dBm	w	
Cellular band CDMA 1x	824.70 ~ 848.31	21.24	0.133	-	-	
PCS band CDMA 1x	1851.25 ~ 1908.75	-	-	24.38	0.274	



#### 2. INTRODUCTION

#### 2.1. EUT DESCRIPTION

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) supports CDMA, LTE with Bluetooth.

# 2.2. EUT CAPABILITIES

This ETU contains the following capabilities: 850/1900 CDMA, LTE Single transmitting for band 4/13, Bluetooth(BDR, EDR)

#### 2.3. TESTING ENVIRONMENT

Ambient Condition				
Temperature	+21 °C ~ +23 °C			
Relative Humidity	43 % ~ 46 %			

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#### 2.4. MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment, which was utilized in performing the tests documented herein, has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for utilizing calibration equipment, which is traceable to recognized national standards.

### 2.5. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The measurement uncertainties shown below were calculated in accordance with requirements of ANSI C 63.4-2014. All measurement uncertainty values are shown with a coverage factor of k = 2 to indicate a 95 % level of confidence.

Parameter	Measurement uncertainty
Radiated Disturbance (Below 1 GHz)	$\pm$ 5.1 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, $k = 2$ )
Radiated Disturbance (1 GHz ~ 18 GHz)	$\pm$ 5.4 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, $k = 2$ )
Radiated Disturbance (Above 18 GHz)	$\pm$ 5.3 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, $k = 2$ )

# 2.6. TEST FACILITY

#### DT&C Co., Ltd.

The 3 m test site and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data are located at the 42, Yurim-ro, 154beon-gil, Cheoin-gu, Yongin-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea 17042. The site is constructed in conformance with the requirements.

- FCC MRA Accredited Test Firm No.: KR0034

www.dtnc.net			
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FAX	:	+ 82-31-321-1664	

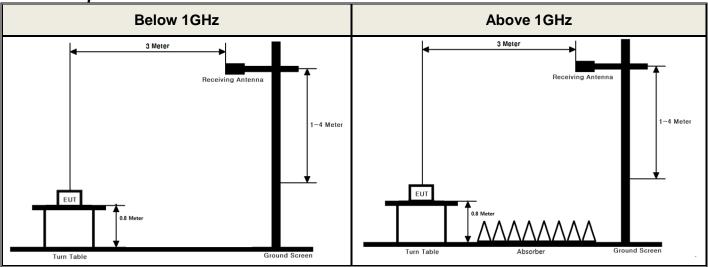


### 3. DESCRIPTION OF TESTS

# 3.1 ERP & EIRP (Effective Radiated Power & Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power)

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# Test Set-up



These measurements were performed at 3 m test site. The equipment under test is placed on a non-conductive table 0.8 meters above a turntable which is flush with the ground plane and 3 meters from the receive antenna. For measurements above 1GHz absorbers are placed on the floor between the turn table and the antenna mast in such a way so as to maximize the reduction of reflections. For measurements below 1 GHz, the absorbers are removed.

#### **Test Procedure**

- ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016 Section 2.2.17
- KDB971168 D01v03 Section 5.2.2
- ANSI 63.26-2015 Section 5.2.4.4.1

# Test setting

- 1. Set span to 2 x to 3 x the OBW.
- 2. Set RBW = 1% to 5% of the OBW.
- 3. Set VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW.
- 4. Set number of points in sweep ≥ 2 × span / RBW.
- 5. Sweep time:
  - 1) Set = auto-couple, or
  - 2) Set  $\geq$  [10  $\times$  (number of points in sweep)  $\times$  (transmission period)] for single sweep (automation-compatible) measurement. Transmission period is the on and off time of the transmitter.
- 6. Detector = power averaging (rms).
- 7. If the EUT can be configured to transmit continuously, then set the trigger to free run.
- 8. If the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously, then use a sweep trigger with the level set to enable triggering only on full power bursts and configure the EUT to transmit at full power for the entire duration of each sweep. Verify that the sweep time is less than or equal to the transmission burst duration. Time gating can also be used under similar constraints (i.e., configured such that measurement data is collected only during active full-power transmissions).
- 9. Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (rms) mode if sweep is set to auto-couple. To accurately determine the average power over multiple symbols, it can be necessary to increase the number of traces to be averaged above 100 or, if using a manually configured sweep time, increase the sweep time.

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10. Compute the power by integrating the spectrum across the OBW of the signal using the instrument's band or channel power measurement function, with the band/channel limits set equal to the OBW band edges. If the instrument does not have a band or channel power function, then sum the spectrum levels (in linear power units) at intervals equal to the RBW extending across the entire OBW of the spectrum.

The receiver antenna height and turntable rotations were adjusted for the highest reading on the receive spectrum analyzer.

A half-wave dipole was substituted in place of the EUT. This dipole antenna was driven by a signal generator and the level of the signal generator was adjusted to obtain the same receive spectrum analyzer reading. The conducted power at the terminal of the substitute antenna is measured.

The ERP/EIRP is calculated using the following formula:

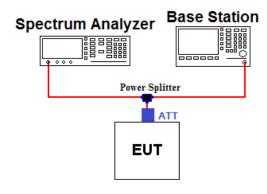
ERP/EIRP = The conducted power at the substitute antenna's terminal [dBm] + Substitute Antenna gain [dBd for ERP, dBi for EIRP]

For readings above 1 GHz, the above procedure is repeated using horn antennas and the difference Between the gain of the horn antenna and an isotropic antenna are taken into consideration.



#### 3.2 PEAK TO AVERAGE RATIO

# Test set-up



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#### Test Procedure

- KDB971168 D01v03 Section 5.7.2
- ANSI C63.26-2015 Section 5.2.3.4

A peak to average ratio measurement is performed at the conducted port of the EUT.

The spectrum analyzers Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF) measurement profile is used to determine the largest deviation between the average and the peak power of the EUT in a given bandwidth. The CCDF curve shows how much time the peak waveform spends at or above a given average power level. The present of time the signal spends at or above the level defines the probability for that particular power level.

#### Test setting

The spectrum Analyzer's CCDF measurement function is enabled.

- 1. Set resolution/measurement bandwidth ≥ OBW or specified reference bandwidth.
- 2. Set the number of counts to a value that stabilizes the measured CCDF curve.
- 3. Set the measurement interval as follows:
  - 1) For continuous transmissions, set to the greater of [10 × (number of points in sweep) × (transmission symbol period)] or 1 ms.
  - 2) For burst transmissions, employ an external trigger that is synchronized with the EUT burst timing sequence, or use the internal burst trigger with a trigger level that allows the burst to stabilize. Set the measurement interval to a time that is less than or equal to the burst duration.
  - 3) If there are several carriers in a single antenna port, the peak power shall be determined for each individual carrier (by disabling the other carriers while measuring the required carrier) and the total peak power calculated from the sum of the individual carrier peak powers.
- 4. Record the maximum PAPR level associated with a probability of 0.1%.
- 5. The peak power level is calculated form the sum of the PAPR value from step d) to the measured average power.



#### Alternate Procedure

- KDB971168 D01v03 Section 5.7.3
- ANSI C63.26-2015 Section 5.2.6

Use one of the measurement procedures of the peak power and record as P<sub>Pk</sub>.

Use one of the measurement procedures of the average power and record as P<sub>Avq</sub>.

Both the peak and average power levels must be expressed in the same logarithmic units (e.g., dBm). Determine the PAPR from:

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# PAPR (dB) = $P_{Pk}$ (dBm or dBW) - $P_{Avg}$ (dBm or dBW).

where

PAPR peak-to-average power ratio, in dB

PPk measured peak power or peak PSD level, in dBm or dBW

PAvg measured average power or average PSD level, in dBm or dBW

#### - Peak Power Measurement

- 1. Set the RBW ≥ OBW
- 2. Set VBW ≥ 3 x RBW
- 3. Set span ≥ 2 x RBW
- 4. Sweep time  $\geq$  10 x (number of points in sweep) x (transmission symbol period).
- 5. Detector = peak
- 6. Trace mode = max hold
- 8. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- 9. Use the peak marker function to determine the peak amplitude level.

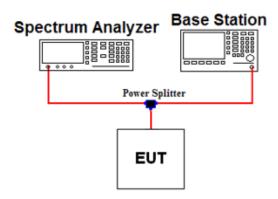
#### - Average Power Measurement

- 1. Set span to 2 x to 3 x the OBW.
- 2. Set RBW = 1% to 5% of the OBW.
- 3. Set VBW ≥ 3 × RBW.
- 4. Set number of measurement points in sweep  $\geq 2 \times \text{span} / \text{RBW}$ ..
- 5. Sweep time = 1) auto-couple, or
  - 2 ) set ≥ [ 10 x (number of points in sweep) x (transmission period)] for single sweep (automation-compatible (measurement. Transmission period is the on and off time of the transmitter.
- 6. Detector = power averaging (RMS).
- 7..If the EUT can be configured to transmit continuously, then set the trigger to free run.
- 8. If the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously, then use a sweep trigger with the level set to enable Triggering only on full power bursts and configure the EUT to transmit at full power for the entire duration of each Sweep. Verify that the sweep time is less than or equal to the transmission burst duration. Time gating can also Be used under similar constraints (i.e., configured such that measurement data is collected only during active full-Power transmissions)
- 9. Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (rms) mode if sweep is set to auto-couple. To accurately determine the average power over multiple symbols, it can be necessary to increase the number of traces to be averaged above 100 or, if using a manually configured sweep time, increase the sweep time.
- 10. Compute the power by integrating the spectrum across the OBW of the signal using the instrument's band or channel power measurement function, with the band/channel limits set equal to the OBW band edges. If the instrument does not have a band or channel power function, then sum the spectrum levels (in linear power units) at intervals equal to the RBW extending across the entire OBW of the spectrum.



#### 3.3 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH.

# Test set-up



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#### Offset value information

Frequency (MHz)	Offset Value (dB)	Frequency (MHz)	Offset Value (dB)
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-

Note. 1: The offset values from EUT to Spectrum analyzer were measured and used for test.

#### Test Procedure

- KDB971168 D01v03 Section 4.3
- ANSI C63.26-2015 Section 5.4.4

The occupied bandwidth, that is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers radiated are each equal to 0.5 percent of the total mean power of a given emission.

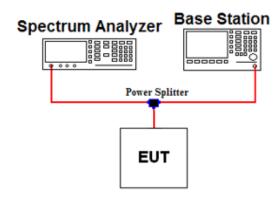
# Test setting

- 1. The signal analyzer's automatic bandwidth measurement capability was used to perform the 99 % occupied bandwidth and the 26 dB bandwidth. The bandwidth measurement was not influenced by any intermediate power nulls in the fundamental emission.
- 2. RBW = 1 ~ 5 % of the expected OBW & VBW  $\geq$  3 X RBW
- 3. Detector = Peak
- 4. Trance mode = Max hold
- 5. Sweep = Auto couple
- 6. The trace was allowed to stabilize
- 7. If necessary, step 2 ~ 6 were repeated after changing the RBW such that it would be within 1 ~ 5 % of the 99 % occupied bandwidth observed in step 6.



#### 3.4 BAND EDGE EMISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINAL.

# Test set-up



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#### Offset value information

Frequency (MHz)	Offset Value (dB)	Frequency (MHz)	Offset Value (dB)
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-

Note. 1: The offset value from EUT to Spectrum analyzer was measured and used for test.

# **Test Procedure**

- KDB971168 D01v03 Section 6
- ANSI C63.26-2015 Section 5.7

All out of band emissions are measured by means of a calibrated spectrum analyzer. The EUT was setup to maximum output power at its lowest and highest channel with all modulations.

The power of any spurious emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least 43 + 10 log(P) dB, where P is the transmitter power in Watts.

#### Test setting

- 1. Start and stop frequency were set such that the band edge would be placed in the center of the plot
- 2. Span was set large enough so as to capture all out of band emissions near the band edge
- 3. RBW ≥ 1 % of the emission
- 4. VBW ≥ 3 X RBW
- 5. Detector = RMS & Trace mode = Max hold
- 6. Sweep time = Auto couple or 1 s for band edge
- 7. Number of sweep point ≥ 2 X span / RBW
- 8. The trace was allowed to stabilize

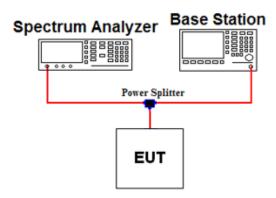
Note 1: In the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed to demonstrate compliance with the out-of-band emissions limit.

The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emission are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.



# 3.5 SPURIOUS AND HARMONIC EMISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINAL.

#### Test set-up



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#### Offset value information

Frequency (MHz)	Offset Value (dB)	Frequency (MHz)	Offset Value (dB)
-	-	-	7.16
-	-	-	-

Note. 1: The offset value from EUT to Spectrum analyzer was measured and used for test.

### **Test Procedure**

- KDB971168 D01v03 Section 6
- ANSI C63.26-2015 Section 5.7

The level of the carrier and the various conducted spurious and harmonic frequencies is measured by means of a calibrated spectrum analyzer. The EUT was setup to maximum output power at its low, middle, high channel with all bandwidths. The spectrum is scanned from 9 kHz up to a frequency including its 10<sup>th</sup> harmonic.

The power of any spurious emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least  $43 + 10 \log(P) dB$ , where P is the transmitter power in Watts.

#### Test setting

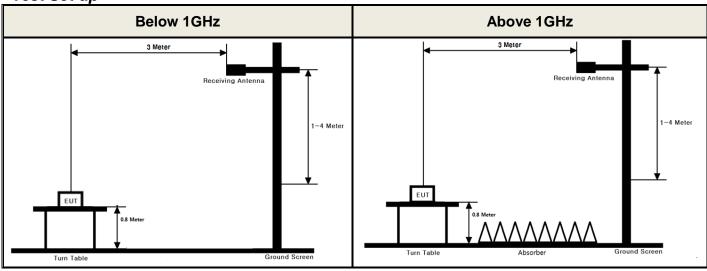
- 1. RBW = 100 kHz(Below 1 GHz) or 1 MHz(Above 1 GHz) & VBW ≥ 3 X RBW ( Refer to Note 1)
- 2. Detector = RMS & Trace mode = Max hold
- 3. Sweep time = Auto couple
- 4. Number of sweep point ≥ 2 X span / RBW
- 5. The trace was allowed to stabilize

Note 1: Compliance with these provisions is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz or greater for Part 22 and 1 MHz or greater for Part 24, 27



#### 3.6 RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

Test Set-up



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These measurements were performed at 3 m test site. The equipment under test is placed on a non-conductive table 0.8-meters above a turntable which is flush with the ground plane and 3 meters from the receive antenna. For measurements above 1GHz absorbers are placed on the floor between the turn table and the antenna mast in such a way so as to maximize the reduction of reflections. For measurements below 1 GHz, the absorbers are removed.

#### Test Procedure

- ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016 Section 2.2.12
- KDB971168 D01v03 Section 5.8
- ANSI C63.26-2015 Section 5.5

# Test setting

- 1. RBW = 100 kHz for below 1 GHz and 1 MHz for above 1 GHz / VBW ≥ 3 X RBW
- 2. Detector = RMS & Trace mode = Max hold
- 3. Sweep time = Auto couple
- 4. Number of sweep point ≥ 2 X span / RBW
- 5. The trace was allowed to stabilize

The receive antenna height and turntable rotations were adjusted for the highest reading on the receive spectrum analyzer.

For radiated spurious emission measurements below 1 GHz, a half-wave dipole was substituted in place of the EUT. This dipole antenna was driven by a signal generator and the level of the signal generator was adjusted to obtain the same spectrum analyzer reading.

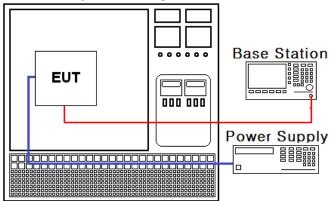
For radiated spurious emission measurements above 1 GHz, a Horn antenna was substituted in place of the EUT. This Horn antenna was driven by a signal generator and the level of the signal generator was adjusted to obtain the same spectrum analyzer reading. The difference between the gain of the horn and an isotropic antenna are taken into consideration.



#### 3.7 FREQUENCY STABILITY / VARIATION OF AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

# Test Set-up

# Constant Temp & Humidity Chamber



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#### **Test Procedure**

- ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016
- KDB971168 D01v03 Section 9

The frequency stability of the transmitter is measured by:

a.) **Temperature:** 

The temperature is varied from - 30 °C to + 50 °C in 10 °C increments using an environmental chamber.

#### b.) Primary Supply Voltage:

The primary supply voltage is varied from 85 % to 115 % of the nominal value for non hand-carried battery and AC powered equipment. For hand-carried, battery-powered equipment, primary supply voltage is reduced to the battery operating end point which shall be specified by the manufacturer.

# **Specification:**

The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block for Part 24,27. The frequency stability of the transmitter shall be maintained within  $\pm$  0.000 25 % ( $\pm$  2.5 ppm) of the center frequency for Part 22.

#### **Time Period and Procedure:**

- The carrier frequency of the transmitter is measured at room temperature.
   (20 °C to provide a reference)
- 2. The equipment is turned on in a "standby" condition for one minute before applying power to the transmitter. Measurement of the carrier frequency of the transmitter is made within one minute after applying power to the transmitter.
- Frequency measurements are made at 10 °C intervals ranging from -30 °C to +50 °C.
   A period of at least one half-hour is provided to allow stabilization of the equipment at each temperature level.



# 4. LIST OF TEST EQUIPMENT

Туре	Manufacturer	Model	Cal.Date (yy/mm/dd)	Next.Cal. Date (yy/mm/dd)	S/N
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent Technologies	N9020A	17/01/11	18/01/11	MY50200828
DC power supply	Agilent Technologies	66332A	17/09/05	18/09/05	MY43000440
Multimeter	FLUKE	17B	17/04/12	18/04/12	26030065WS
Temp & Humi Test Chamber	SJ Science	SJ-TH-S50	17/01/25	18/01/25	SJ-TH-S50-140205
Thermohygrometer	BODYCOM	BJ5478	17/04/11	18/04/11	120612-2
8960 Series 10 Wireless Comms Test Set	Agilent Technologies	E5515C	17/01/11	18/01/11	GB43461134
Signal Generator	Rohde Schwarz	SMBV100A	17/01/04	18/01/04	255571
Signal Generator	Rohde Schwarz	SMF100A	17/04/21	18/04/21	102341
Loop Antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB1513	16/04/22	18/04/22	1513-128
BILOG ANTENNA	Schwarzbeck	VULB 9160	16/11/11	18/11/11	3151
Dipole Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VHA9103	17/03/14	19/03/14	2116
Dipole Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VHA9103	16/04/15	18/04/15	2117
Dipole Antenna	Schwarzbeck	UHA9105	17/03/14	19/03/14	2261
Dipole Antenna	Schwarzbeck	UHA9105	16/04/15	18/04/15	2262
HORN ANT	ETS	3117	16/05/13	18/05/13	140394
HORN ANT	ETS	3117	16/02/26	18/02/26	152145
HORN ANT	A.H.Systems	SAS-574	17/04/25	19/04/25	154
HORN ANT	A.H.Systems	SAS-574	17/07/31	19/07/31	155
PreAmplifier	TSJ	MLA-010K01-B01- 27	17/03/06	18/03/06	1844539
Amplifier	EMPOWER	BBS3Q7ELU	17/09/06	18/09/06	1020
PreAmplifier	Agilent	8449B	17/09/05	18/09/05	3008A02108
High-pass filter	Wainwright	WHKX12-935- 1000-15000-40SS	17/09/05	18/09/05	7
High-pass filter	Wainwright	WHKX12-2580- 3000-18000-80SS	17/09/05	18/09/05	3
High-pass filter	Wainwright	WHNX5.0	17/09/05	18/09/05	8

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# 5. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

FCC Part Section(s)	Parameter	Status Note 1
2.1046	Conducted Output Power	NA Note 2
22.913(a) 24.232(c)	Effective Radiated Power Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power	С
2.1049	Occupied Bandwidth	NA Note 2
2.1051 22.917(a) 24.238(a)	Band Edge Spurious and Harmonic Emissions at Antenna Terminal	NA Note 2
24.232(d)	Peak to Average Ratio	NA Note 2
2.1053 22.917(a) 24.238(a)	Radiated Spurious and Harmonic Emissions	С
2.1055 22.355 24.235	Frequency Stability	NA Note 2

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Note 1: C=Comply NC=Not Comply NT=Not Tested NA=Not Applicable

Note 2: These test items were not performed because this device uses the granted module.

(FCC: LHJ-CASAN)

Please refer to the test report of the granted module



# 6. EMISSION DESIGNATOR AND SAMPLE CALCULATION

# A. For substitution method

MODE	Channel	annel Freg.(MHz)	Spectrum Reading EUT	EUT	Ant Pol (H/V)	Level (dBm) @ Ant Terminal	TX Ant Gain (dBi)	Result	
WODE	Chamilei	Chamilei Treq.(Wi12)	Value Axis (dBm)	Axis				(dBm)	(W)
CDMA1900	25	1851.25	-24.14	X	Н	19.31	5.07	24.38	0.274

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#### ERP or EIRP = Level @ Ant Terminal LEVEL(dBm) + Tx Ant. Gain

- 1) The EUT mounted on a non-conductive turntable is 0.8 meter above test site ground level.
- 2) During the test, the turn table is rotated until the maximum signal is found.
- 3) Record the field strength meter's level.
- 4) Replace the EUT with dipole/Horn antenna that is connected to a calibrated signal generator.
- 5) Increase the signal generator output till the field strength meter's level is equal to the item (3).
- 6) The signal generator output level with substituted antenna gain is the rating of ERP, EIRP or Radiated spurious emission.



# 7. TEST DATA

# 7.1 PEAK TO AVERAGE RATIO

- Not Applicable

# 7.2 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH

- Not Applicable

# 7.3 SPURIOUS AND HARMONIC EMISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINAL

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- Not Applicable

# 7.4 BAND EDGE

- Not Applicable



# 7.5 EFFECTIVE RADIATED POWER

### - Cellular CDMA1x

Mode	СН	Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	LEVEL@ TX ANTENNA TERMINAL (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBd)	ERP (dBm)	ERP (W)	Note.
CDMA1x	1013	824.70	V	18.20	1.23	19.43	0.088	-
CDMA1x	384	836.52	V	19.34	1.22	20.56	0.114	-
CDMA1x	777	848.31	V	20.03	1.21	21.24	0.133	-

Report No.: DRTFCC1712-0267

#### NOTES:

This EUT was tested under all configurations and the highest power is reported and CDMA 1x mode used a Power control bits of "All up". Also, we have done x plane in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization of detecting antenna.

The worst case data is reported.

### 7.6 EQUIVALENT ISOTROPIC RADIATED POWER

# - PCS CDMA1x

Mode	СН	Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	LEVEL @ TX ANTENNA TERMINAL (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	EIRP (dBm)	EIRP (W)	Note.
CDMA1x	25	1851.25	Н	19.31	5.07	24.38	0.274	-
CDMA1x	600	1880.00	Н	19.02	4.92	23.94	0.248	-
CDMA1x	1175	1908.75	Н	19.13	4.77	23.90	0.245	-

### **NOTES:**

This EUT was tested under all configurations and the highest power is reported and CDMA 1x mode used a Power control bits of "All up". Also, we have done x plane in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization of detecting antenna.

The worst case data is reported.

### 7.7 RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

# 7.7.1 RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS (Cellular CDMA1x)

Channel (ERP)	Tx Freq. (MHz)	Freq. (MHz)	POL (H/V)	LEVEL@ ANTENNA TERMINAL (dBm)	Substitute Antenna Gain (dBd)	Correct Generator Level (dBm)	Result (dBc)	Limit (dBc)
		1649.88	Η	-30.12	3.77	-26.35	45.78	32.43
1013 (0.088 W)	824.70	2473.13	V	-18.84	4.05	-14.79	34.22	
		3300.94	V	-45.04	5.75	-39.29	58.72	
384 (0.114 W)	836.52	1673.49	Н	-30.21	3.78	-26.43	46.99	33.56
		2509.04	V	-20.44	4.04	-16.40	36.96	
		3347.27	V	-43.47	5.87	-37.60	58.16	
777 (0.133 W)	848.31	1695.94	Н	-23.36	3.79	-19.57	40.81	34.24
		2544.00	V	-20.62	4.06	-16.56	37.80	
		3392.11	V	-38.85	5.99	-32.86	54.10	

Report No.: DRTFCC1712-0267

# **NOTES:**

This EUT was tested under all configurations and the highest power is reported and CDMA 1x mode used a Power control bits of "All up". Also, we have done x plane in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization of detecting antenna.

The worst case data is reported.

<sup>-</sup> Limit Calculation= 43 + 10 log<sub>10</sub>( ERP [W] ) [dBc]

<sup>-</sup> No other spurious and harmonic emissions were reported greater than listed emissions above table.



# 7.7.2 RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS (PCS CDMA1x)

Channel (EIRP)	Tx Freq. (MHz)	Freq. (MHz)	POL (H/V)	LEVEL@ ANTENNA TERMINAL (dBm)	Substitute Antenna Gain (dBi)	Correct Generator Level (dBm)	Result (dBc)	Limit (dBc)
25 (0.274W)		3702.86	V	-41.54	8.49	-33.05	57.43	37.38
	1851.25	5553.54	V	-48.48	10.67	-37.81	62.19	
		-	-	-	-	-	-	
600 (0.248W)	1880.00	3759.73	V	-42.49	8.51	-33.98	57.92	36.94
		5640.44	V	-45.63	10.75	-34.88	58.82	
		-	-	-	-	-	-	
1175 (0.245W)	1908.75	3817.68	V	-51.50	8.55	-42.95	66.85	36.90
		5726.34	V	-47.18	10.89	-36.29	60.19	
		-	-	-	-	-	-	

Report No.: DRTFCC1712-0267

#### **NOTES:**

This EUT was tested under all configurations and the highest power is reported and CDMA 1x mode used a Power control bits of "All up". Also, we have done x plane in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization of detecting antenna.

The worst case data is reported.

<sup>-</sup> Limit Calculation= 43 + 10 log<sub>10</sub>( EIRP [W] ) [dBc]

<sup>-</sup> No other spurious and harmonic emissions were reported greater than listed emissions above table.