

Report Number: F690501/RF-RTL011990

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# **TEST REPORT**

of

FCC Part 15 Subpart C §15.247

FCC ID: TQ8-ATC40S2AN

Equipment Under Test : DIGITAL CAR AVN SYSTEM

Model Name : ATC40S2AN

**Applicant** : Hyundai Mobis Co., Ltd.

Manufacturer : Hyundai Mobis Co., Ltd.

Date of Receipt : 2017.10.17

Date of Test(s) : 2017.11.02 ~ 2017.11.13

Date of Issue : 2017.11.13

In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards specified above.

Tested By:

Date:

2017.11.13

Jinhyung Cho

**Technical** Manager:

Date:

2017.11.13

Hyunchae You



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## 1. General Information

## 1.1. Testing Laboratory

SGS Korea Co., Ltd. (Gunpo Laboratory)

-Wireless Div. 2FL, 10-2, LS-ro 182beon-gil, Gunpo-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea, 15807

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## 1.2. Details of applicant

**Applicant** Hyundai Mobis Co., Ltd.

Address 203, Teheran-ro, Gangnam-gu, Seoul, 06141, Korea

Contact Person Kwon, Heung-Chul +82 31 260 2714 Phone No.

#### 1.3. Details of manufacturer

Same as applicant Company Address Same as applicant

## 1.4. Description of EUT

Kind of Product	DIGITAL CAR AVN SYSTEM
Model Name	ATC40S2AN
Power Supply	DC 14.4 V
Frequency Range	2 402 Mb ~ 2 480 Mb (Bluetooth)
Modulation Technique	GFSK, π/4DQPSK, 8DPSK
Number of Channels	79 channels
Antenna Type	Dielectric Chip Antenna
Antenna Gain	-0.10 dB i

## 1.5. Declaration by the manufacturer

- Adaptive Frequency Hopping is supported and use at least 20 channels.



#### 1.6. Information about the FHSS characteristics:

## 1.6.1. Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

The channel is represented by a pseudo-random hopping sequence hopping through the 79 RF channels. The hopping sequence is unique for the piconet and is determined by the Bluetooth device address of the master; the phase in the hopping sequence is determined by the Bluetooth clock of the master. The channel is divided into time slots where each slot corresponds to an RF hop frequency. Consecutive hops correspond to different RF hop frequencies. The nominal hop rate is 1 600 hops/s.

## 1.6.2. Equal Hopping Frequency Use

The channels of this system will be used equally over the long-term distribution of the hopsets.

## 1.6.3. Example of a 79 hopping sequence in data mode:

```
02, 05, 31, 24, 20, 10, 43, 36, 30, 23, 40, 06, 21, 50, 44, 09, 71, 78, 01, 13, 73, 07, 70, 72, 35, 62, 42, 11,
41, 08, 16, 29, 60, 15, 34, 61, 58, 04, 67, 12, 22, 53, 57, 18, 27, 76, 39, 32, 17, 77, 52, 33, 56, 46, 37, 47,
64, 49, 45, 38, 69, 14, 51, 26, 79, 19, 28, 65, 75, 54, 48, 03, 25, 66, 05, 16, 68, 74, 59, 63, 55
```

## 1.6.4. System Receiver Input Bandwidth

Each channel bandwidth is 1 Mb.

The system receivers have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

#### 1.6.5. Equipment Description

15.247(a)(1) that the Rx input bandwidths shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

15.247(g): In accordance with the Bluetooth Industry Standard, the system is designed to comply with all of the regulations in Section 15.247 when the transmitter is presented with a continuous data (or information) system.

15.247(h): In accordance with the Bluetooth Industry Standard, the system does not coordinate it channels selection/ hopping sequence with other frequency hopping systems for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters.



## 1.7. Test Equipment List

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	S/N	Cal. Date	Cal. Interval	Cal. Due
Signal Generator	R&S	SMBV100A	259067	Jun. 15, 2017	Annual	Jun. 15, 2018
Signal Generator	R&S	SMR40	100272	Jun. 16, 2017	Annual	Jun. 16, 2018
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSV30	100768	Mar. 20, 2017	Annual	Mar. 20, 2018
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY53421758	Sep. 25, 2017	Annual	Sep. 25, 2018
Bluetooth Tester	TESCOM	TC-3000C	3000C000560	Sep. 22, 2017	Annual	Sep. 22, 2018
Directional Coupler	KRYTAR	152613	122661	Feb. 24, 2017	Annual	Feb. 24, 2018
High Pass Filter	Wainwright Instrument GmbH	WHK3.0/18G-6SS	4	Jun. 14, 2017	Annual	Jun. 14, 2018
High Pass Filter	Wainwright Instrument GmbH	WHNX7.5/26.5G-6SS	11	May 28, 2017	Annual	May 28, 2018
Low Pass Filter	Mini-Circuits	NLP-1200+	V 8979400903-2	Feb. 21, 2017	Annual	Feb. 21, 2018
Power Sensor	R&S	NRP-Z81	100418	Feb. 23, 2017	Annual	Feb. 23, 2018
DC Power Supply	Agilent	U8002A	MY50060028	Mar. 16, 2017	Annual	Mar. 16, 2018
Preamplifier	H.P.	8447F	2944A03909	Aug. 11, 2017	Annual	Aug. 11, 2018
Preamplifier	R&S	SCU-18	10117	Apr. 08, 2017	Annual	Apr. 08, 2018
Preamplifier	MITEQ Inc.	JS44-18004000-35-8P	1546891	May 15, 2017	Annual	May 15, 2018
Loop Antenna	Schwarzbeck Mess-Elektronik	FMZB 1519	1519-039	Aug. 23, 2017	Biennial	Aug. 23, 2019
Bilog Antenna	Schwarzbeck Mess-Elektronik	VULB9168	506	Nov. 25, 2016	Biennial	Nov. 25, 2018
Horn Antenna	R&S	HF906	100326	Feb. 01, 2016	Biennial	Feb. 01, 2018
Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck Mess-Elektronik	BBHA 9170	BBHA9170431	Aug. 25, 2016	Biennial	Aug. 25, 2018
Antenna Master	INNCO systems GmbH	MA4640-XP-ET	MA4640/536/3 8330516/L	N.C.R.	N/A	N.C.R.
Controller	INNCO systems GmbH	CONTROLLER CO3000-4P	CO3000/963/3 8330516/L	N.C.R.	N/A	N.C.R.
Turn Table	INNCO systems GmbH	DS 1200 S	N/A	N.C.R.	N/A	N.C.R.
Test Receiver	R&S	ESU26	100109	Feb. 17, 2017	Annual	Feb. 17, 2018
Anechoic Chamber	SY Corporation	L × W × H (9.6 m × 6.4 m × 6.6 m)	N/A	N.C.R.	N/A	N.C.R.
Coaxial Cable	SUCOFLEX	104 (3 m)	MY3258414	N.C.R.	N/A	N.C.R.
Coaxial Cable	SUCOFLEX	104 (10 m)	MY3145814	N.C.R.	N/A	N.C.R.



## 1.8. Summary of Test Results

The EUT has been tested according to the following specifications:

	APPLIED STANDARD: FCC Part15 subpart C										
Standard Section	Standard Section Test Item										
15.205(a) 15.209 15.247(d)	Transmitter Radiated Spurious Emissions Conducted Spurious Emission	Complied									
15.247(a)(1)	20 dB Bandwidth	Complied									
15.247(b)(1)	Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power	Complied									
15.247(a)(1)	Carrier Frequency Separation	Complied									
15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Number of Hopping Frequencies	Complied									
15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)	Complied									

## 1.9. Test Procedure(s)

The measurement procedures described in the American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices (ANSI C63.10-2013) and the guidance provided in DA 00-705 were used in the measurement of the DUT.

## 1.10. Sample calculation

Where relevant, the following sample calculation is provided:

## 1.10.1. Conducted test

Offset value (dB) = Directional coupler (dB) + Cable loss (dB)

#### 1.10.2. Radiation test

Field strength level (dBµV/m) = Measured level (dBµV) + Antenna factor (dB) + Cable loss (dB) - Amplifier gain (dB)

#### 1.11. Test report revision

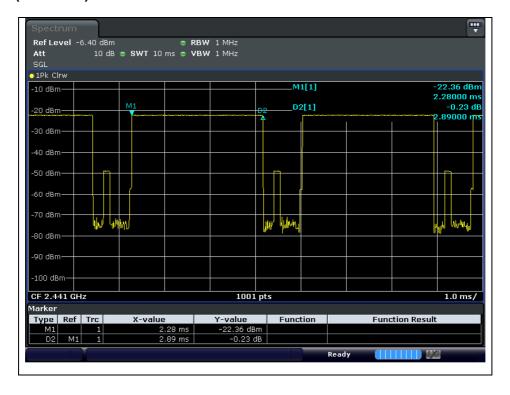
Revision	Report number	Date of Issue	Description		
0	F690501/RF-RTL011990	2017.11.13	Initial		



## 1.12. Duty Cycle Correction Factor of EUT

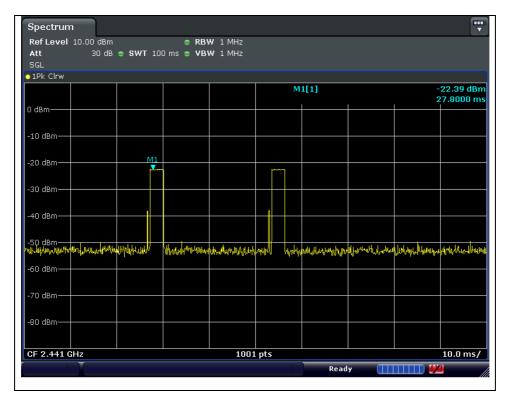
According to 15.35 (c), as a "duty cycle correction factor", pulse averaging with 20 log(worst case dwell time / 100 ms) has to be used for average result.

#### DH5 on time (One Pulse) Plot on Channel 39





## DH5 on time (Count Pulses) Plot on Channel 39



In AFH mode, the minimum hopping frequencies are 20, to get the longest dwell time DH5 packet is observed;

the period to have DH5 packet completing one hopping sequence is 2.89 ms x 20 channels = 57.80 ms

There cannot be 2 complete hopping sequences within 100 ms period, considering the random hopping behavior, maximum 2 hops can be possibly observed within the period. [100 ms / 57.80 ms] = 2 hops

Thus, the maximum possible ON time:

$$2.89 \text{ ms } x 2 = 5.78 \text{ ms}$$

Worst case Duty Cycle Correction factor, which is derived from the maximum possible ON time:

 $20 \times \log(5.78 \text{ ms}/100 \text{ ms}) = -24.76 \text{ dB}$ 

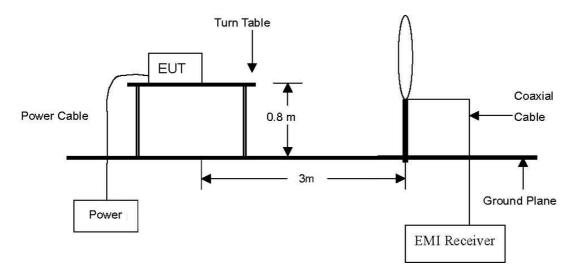


## 2. Transmitter Radiated Spurious Emissions and Conducted Spurious **Emission**

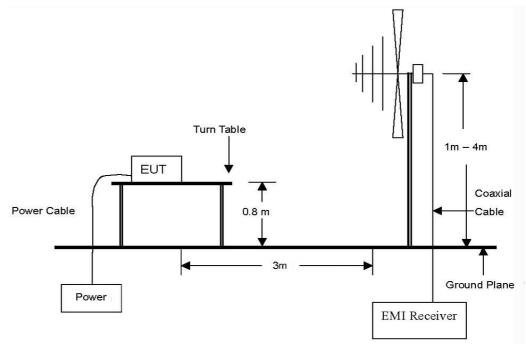
## 2.1. Test Setup

## 2.1.1. Transmitter Radiated Spurious Emissions

The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 9 kHz to 30 Mz.



The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 30 Mb to 1 GHz.

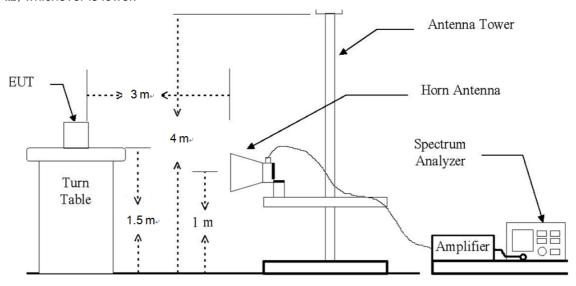


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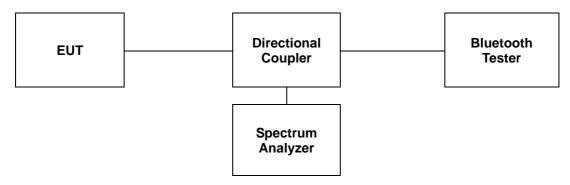
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The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission. The spurious emissions were investigated form 1  $\times$  to the 10<sup>th</sup> harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or 40 GHz, whichever is lower.





## 2.1.2. Conducted Spurious Emissions



## 2.2. **Limit**

According to §15.247(d), in any 100 klb bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 klb bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph(b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in section §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emission which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in section §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in section §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

According to §15.209(a), except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (Mb)	Distance (Meters)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Field Strength (μV/m)
0.009-0.490	300	20 log (2 400/F(kHz))	2 400/F(kHz)
0.490-1.705	30	20 log (24 000/F(kllz))	24 000/F(地)
1.705-30.0	30	29.54	30
30-88	3	40.0	100**
88-216	3	43.5	150**
216-960	3	46.0	200**
Above 960	3	54.0	500



\*\* Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 Mb, 76-88 Mb, 174-216 Mb or 470-806 Mb. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this part, e.g., §§15.231 and 15.241.

#### 2.3. Test Procedures

Radiated emissions from the EUT were measured according to the dictates of ANSI C63.10-2013.

#### 2.3.1. Test Procedures for emission below 30 胍

- 1. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter anechoic chamber test site. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- 2. Then antenna is a loop antenna is fixed at one meter above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both parallel and perpendicular of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- 3. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- 4. The test-receiver system was set to average or quasi peak detect function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.

#### Note;

Although these tests were performed other than open field test site, adequate comparison measurements were confirmed against 30 meter open field test site. Therefore sufficient tests were made to demonstrate that the alternative site produces results that correlate with the ones of tests made in an open field based on KDB 414788 D01 Radiated Test Site v01.

#### 2.3.2. Test Procedures for emission from above 30 Mb

- 1. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter anechoic chamber test site below 1 6 and 1.5 meter above the ground at a 3 meter anechoic chamber test site above 1 GHz. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- 2. During performing radiated emission below 1 Glz, the EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower. During performing radiated emission above 1 GHz, the EUT was set 3 meter away from the interference-receiving antenna.
- 3. The antenna is a bi-log antenna, a horn antenna and its height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- 4. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- 5. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold
- 6. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10 dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10 dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.



#### NOTE;

All data rates and modes were investigated for radiated spurious emissions. Only the radiated emissions of the configuration that produced the worst case emissions are reported in this section.

- 1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120 kHz for Peak detection (PK) and Quasi-peak detection (QP) at frequency below 1 @b.
- 2. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 Mb for Peak detection and frequency above 1 @z.
- 3. According to 15.35 (c), as a "duty cycle correction factor", pulse averaging with 20 log(worst case dwell time / 100 ms) has to be used for average result.
- 4. Definition of DUT Axis.

Definition of the test orthogonal plan for EUT was described in the test setup photo.

The test orthogonal plan of EUT is **X** – **axis** during radiation test.

#### 2.3.3. Test Procedures for Conducted Spurious Emissions

## 2.3.3.1. Band-edge Compliance of RF Conducted Emissions

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer.

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the band edge, as well as any modulation products which fall outside of the authorized band of operation.

RBW ≥ 100 klb

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

## 2.3.3.2. Spurious RF Conducted Emissions

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer.

RBW = 100 kHz

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

#### 2.3.3.3. TDF function

- For plots showing conducted spurious emissions from 9 kllz to 24.8 Glz, all path loss of wide frequency range was investigated and compensated to spectrum analyzer as TDF function. So, the reading values shown in plots were final result.



#### 2.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature : (23 ± 1) °C Relative humidity : 47 % R.H.

## 2.4.1. Radiated Spurious Emission below 1 000 Mb

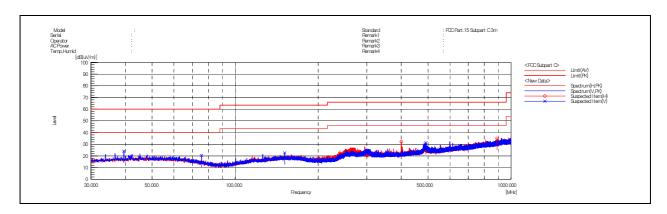
The frequency spectrum from 9 kHz to 1 000 MHz was investigated. All reading values are peak values.

Radia	ated Emissio	ns	Ant.	Correctio	n Factors	Total	Total Limit	
Frequency (畑)	Reading (dBµV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP + CL (dB)	Actual (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
39.50	37.90	Peak	V	13.89	-27.23	24.56	40.00	15.44
75.47	37.10	Peak	V	10.37	-26.85	20.62	40.00	19.38
399.97	42.00	Peak	Н	15.70	-25.42	32.28	46.00	13.72
490.95	39.40	Peak	V	17.51	-25.57	31.34	46.00	14.66
889.78	35.70	Peak	Н	23.20	-23.95	34.95	46.00	11.05
Above 900.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

#### Remark:

- 1. Spurious emissions for all channels and modes were investigated and almost the same below 1 @lb.
- Reported spurious emissions are in EDR / 3DH5 / High channel as worst case among other modes.
- Radiated spurious emission measurement as below. (Actual = Reading + AF + AMP + CL)
- 4. According to §15.31(o), emission levels are not report much lower than the limits by over 20 dB.

#### Test plot



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## 2.4.2. Radiated Spurious Emission above 1 000 Mb

The frequency spectrum above 1 000 Mb was investigated. All reading values are peak and average values.

**Operating Mode: GFSK (1 Mbps)** 

A. Low Channel (2 402 账)

Radia	Radiated Emissions			Corre	ection Fac	tors	Total	Lim	nit
Frequency (Mb)	Reading (dBµV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	CL (dB)	Duty Factor	Actual (dΒμV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
*2 310.00	24.62	Peak	V	28.07	6.92	-	59.61	74.00	14.39
*2 310.00	24.62	Average	V	28.07	6.92	-24.76	34.85	54.00	19.15
*2 345.05	26.28	Peak	V	28.10	6.91	-	61.29	74.00	12.71
*2 345.05	26.28	Average	V	28.10	6.91	-24.76	36.53	54.00	17.47
*2 390.00	24.59	Peak	V	28.15	6.97	-	59.71	74.00	14.29
*2 390.00	24.59	Average	V	28.15	6.97	-24.76	34.95	54.00	19.05

Radiated Emissions		Ant.	Correction Factors		Total	Lim	nit		
Frequency (Mb)	Reading (dBµV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	Duty Factor	Actual (dΒμV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
Above 1 000.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

## B. Middle Channel (2 441 Mb)

Radia	Radiated Emissions			Corr	ection Fact	ors	Total	Lim	nit
Frequency (Mb)	Reading (dBµV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	Duty Factor	Actual (dΒμV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
Above 1 000.00	Not detected	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-



## C. High Channel (2 480 账)

Radia	ted Emissic	ons	Ant.	Corre	ction Fac	tors	Total	Limit	
Frequency (畑)	Reading (dBµV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	CL (dB)	Duty Factor	Actual (dΒμV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
*2 483.50	25.10	Peak	V	28.24	7.27	-	60.61	74.00	13.39
*2 483.50	25.10	Average	V	28.24	7.27	-24.76	35.85	54.00	18.15
*2 492.64	28.06	Peak	V	28.25	7.23	-	63.54	74.00	10.46
*2 492.64	28.06	Average	V	28.25	7.23	-24.76	38.78	54.00	15.22
*2 500.00	25.11	Peak	V	28.26	7.19	-	60.56	74.00	13.44
*2 500.00	25.11	Average	V	28.26	7.19	-24.76	35.80	54.00	18.20

Radiated Emissions		Ant.	<b>Correction Factors</b>			Total	Total Limit		
Frequency (Mb)	Reading (dBµV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	Duty Factor	Actual (dΒμV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
Above 1 000.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-



**Operating Mode: 8DPSK (3 Mbps)** 

A. Low Channel (2 402 Mb)

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Corre	Correction Factors			Limit	
Frequency (Mb)	Reading (dBµV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	CL (dB)	Duty Factor	Actual (dΒμV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
*2 310.00	25.96	Peak	V	28.07	6.92	-	60.95	74.00	13.05
*2 310.00	25.96	Average	V	28.07	6.92	-24.76	36.19	54.00	17.81
*2 330.95	26.40	Peak	V	28.09	6.95	-	61.44	74.00	12.56
*2 330.95	26.40	Average	V	28.09	6.95	-24.76	36.68	54.00	17.32
*2 390.00	24.78	Peak	V	28.15	6.97	-	59.90	74.00	14.10
*2 390.00	24.78	Average	V	28.15	6.97	-24.76	35.14	54.00	18.86

Radia	ated Emissio	ons	Ant.	Ant. Correction Factors			Total	Lim	nit
Frequency (Mb)	Reading (dBµV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	Duty Factor	Actual (dΒμV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
Above 1 000.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

## B. Middle Channel (2 441 Mb)

Radia	Radiated Emissions An		Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	Limit	
Frequency (Mb)	Reading (dBµV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	Duty Factor	Actual (dΒμV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
Above 1 000.00	Not detected	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-



#### C. High Channel (2 480 Mb)

Radia	Radiated Emissions			Corre	Correction Factors			Limit	
Frequency (Mb)	Reading (dBµV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	CL (dB)	Duty Factor	Actual (dΒμV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
*2 483.50	25.35	Peak	V	28.24	7.27	-	60.86	74.00	13.14
*2 483.50	25.35	Average	V	28.24	7.27	-24.76	36.10	54.00	17.90
*2 492.12	26.99	Peak	٧	28.25	7.23	-	62.47	74.00	11.53
*2 492.12	26.99	Average	٧	28.25	7.23	-24.76	37.71	54.00	16.29
*2 500.00	25.30	Peak	V	28.26	7.19	-	60.75	74.00	13.25
*2 500.00	25.30	Average	V	28.26	7.19	-24.76	35.99	54.00	18.01

Radia	Radiated Emissions A		Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	Limit	
Frequency (Mb)	Reading (dBµV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	Duty Factor	Actual (dΒμV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
Above 1 000.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

#### Remarks:

- 1. "\*" means the restricted band.
- 3. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1 000 Mb were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
- 4. Actual = Reading + AF + AMP + CL+ (Duty Factor) or Reading + AF+CL + (Duty Factor)
- 5. According to §15.31(o), emission levels are not reported much lower than the limits by over 20 dB.



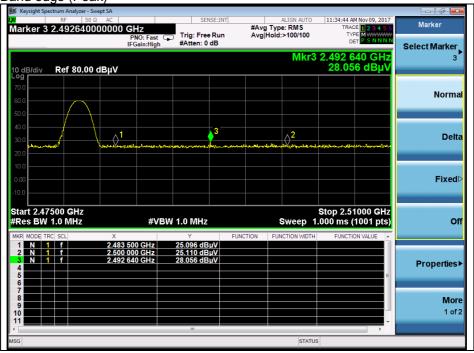
## 2.4.3. Plots of Transmitter Radiated Spurious Emissions

**Operating Mode: GFSK (1 Mbps)** 

Low Channel Band edge (Peak)



High Channel Band edge (Peak)



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## Operating Mode: 8DPSK (3 Mbps)

Low Channel Band edge (Peak)



High Channel Band edge (Peak)



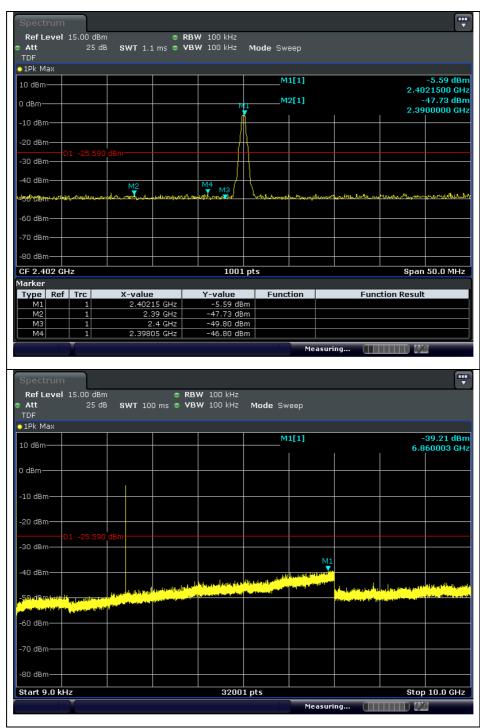
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## 2.4.4. Spurious RF Conducted Emissions: Plot of Spurious RF Conducted Emission

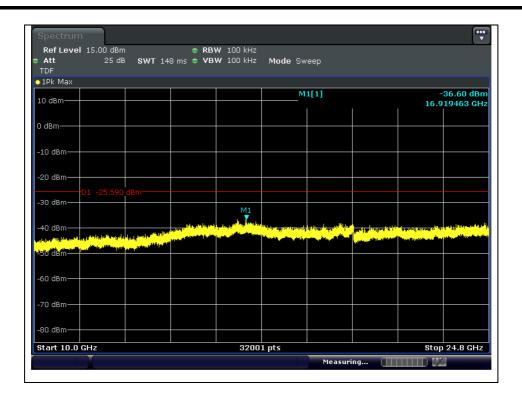
**Operating Mode: GFSK (1 Mbps)** 

Low Channel

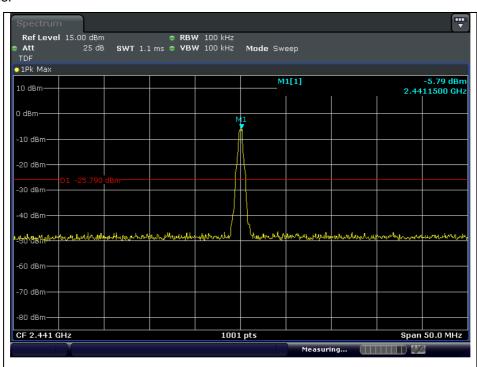


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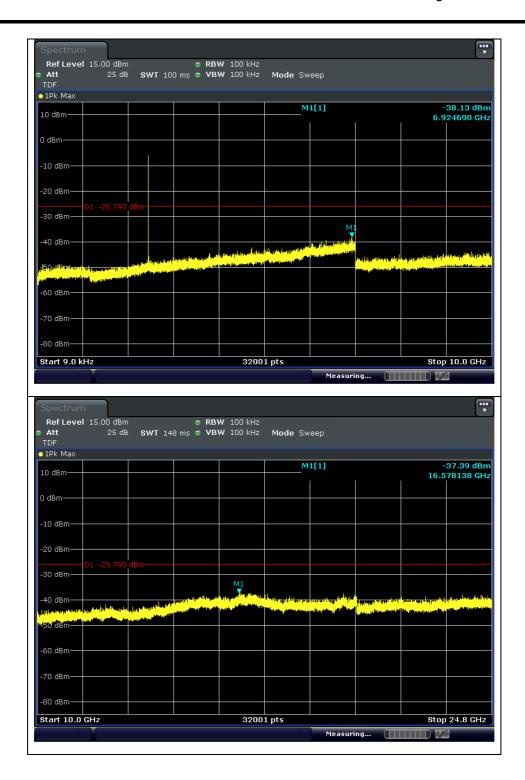


#### Middle Channel



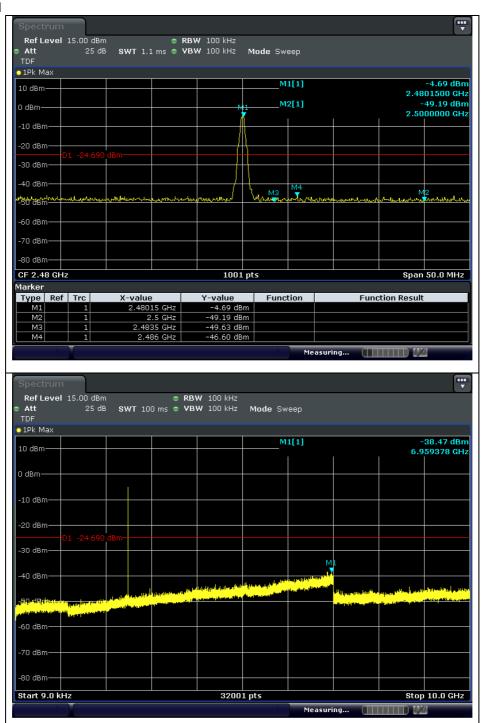
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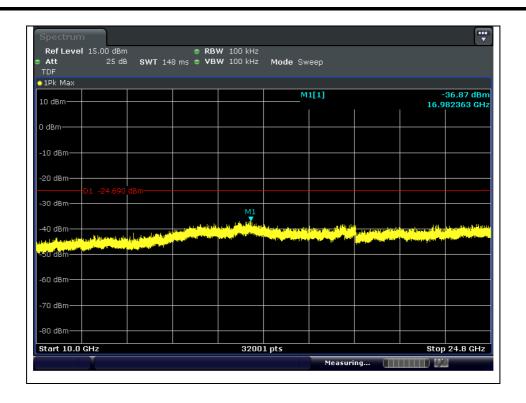




## High Channel

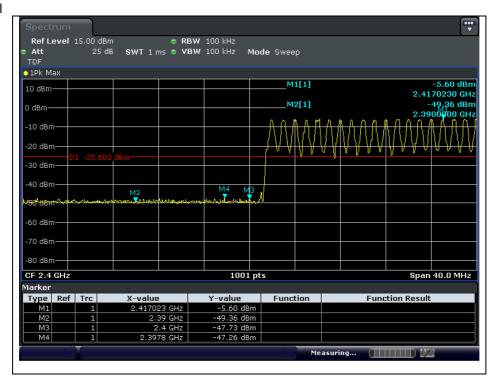






## **Band edge Compliance with Hopping Enabled**

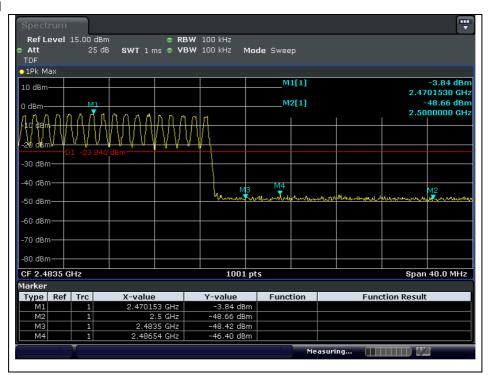
Low channel



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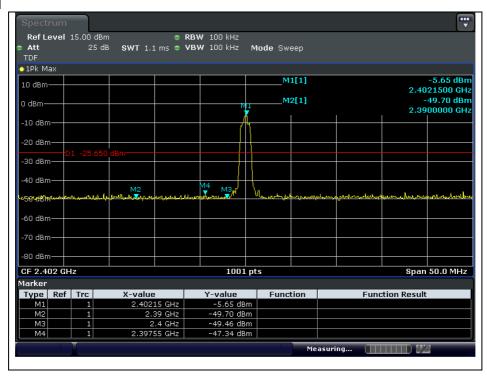


#### High channel



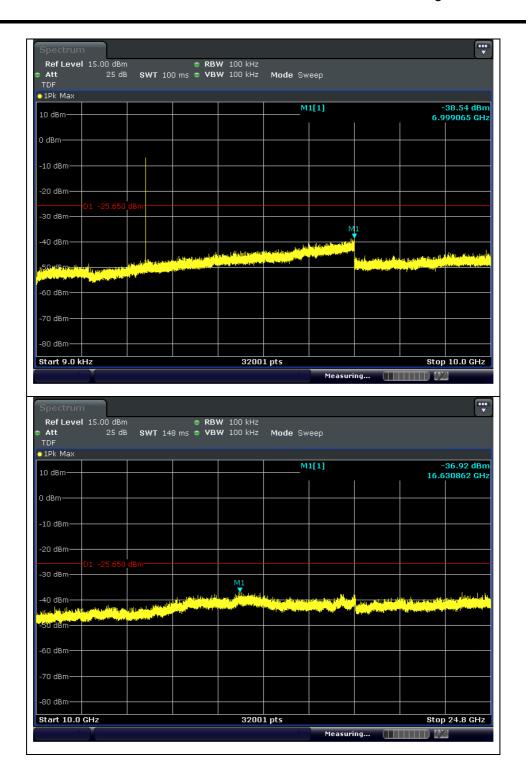
## **Operating Mode: 8DPSK (3 Mbps)**

## Low Channel



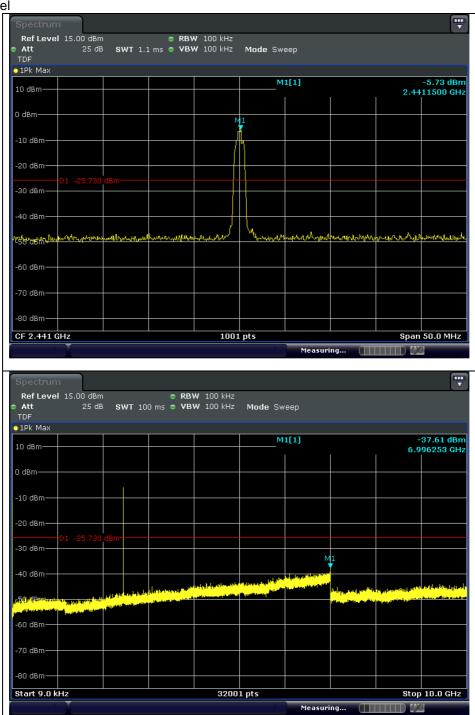
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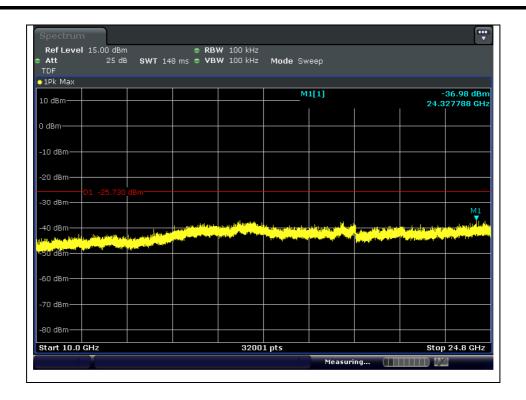




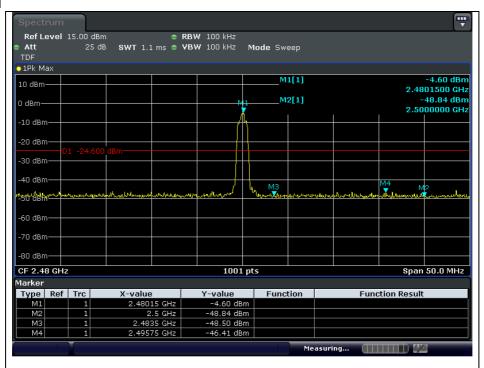
#### Middle Channel





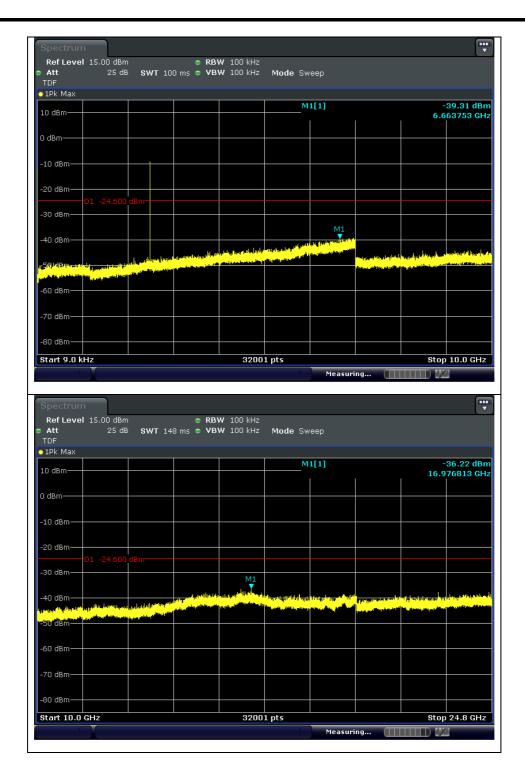


## High Channel



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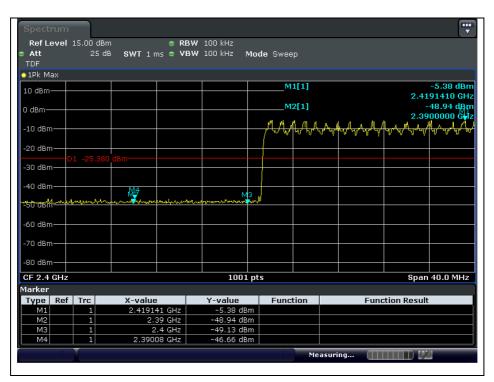




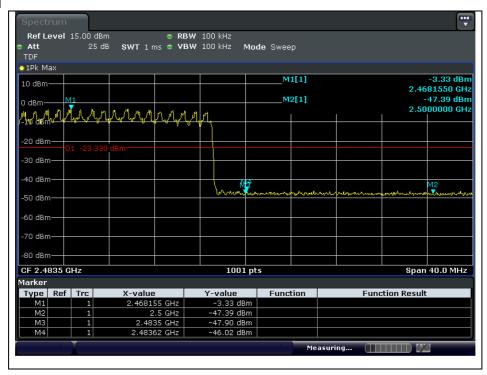


#### **Band edge Compliance with Hopping Enabled**

Low channel



#### High channel

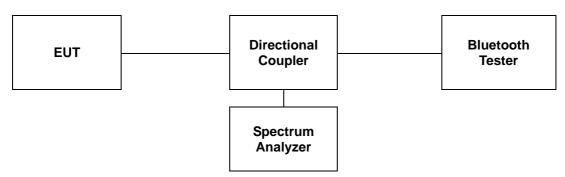


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## 3. 20 dB Bandwidth

## 3.1. Test Setup



#### 3.2. Limit

Limit: Not Applicable

## 3.3. Test Procedure

The test follows DA 00-705.

The 20 dB bandwidth was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to RF antenna connector (conducted measurement) while EUT was operating in transmit mode at the appropriate center frequency.

Use the following spectrum analyzer setting:

Span = approximately 2 to 3 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel

RBW  $\geq$  1 % of the 20 dB bandwidth

 $VBW \geq RBW$ 

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

Use the marker-to-peak function to set the mark to the peak of the emission. Use the marker-delta function to measure 20 dB down one side of the emission. Reset the marker-delta function, and move the marker to the other side of the emission, until it is (as close as possible to) even with the reference marker level. The marker-delta reading at this point is the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission.



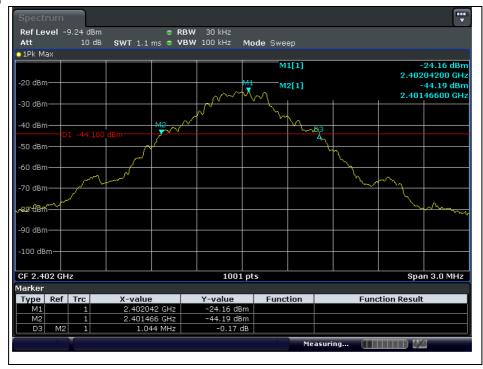
## 3.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature : (23 ± 1) °C Relative humidity : 47 % R.H.

Operation Mode	Data Rate	Channel	Frequency (∰z)	20 dB Bandwidth (船)
		Low	2 402	1.044
GFSK	1 Mbps	Middle	2 441	1.047
		High	2 480	1.050
		Low	2 402	1.284
π/4DQPSK	2 Mbps	Middle	2 441	1.287
		High	2 480	1.290
		Low	2 402	1.293
8DPSK	3 Mbps	Middle	2 441	1.290
		High	2 480	1.290

## **Operating Mode: GFSK**

Low Channel





#### Middle Channel



#### High Channel

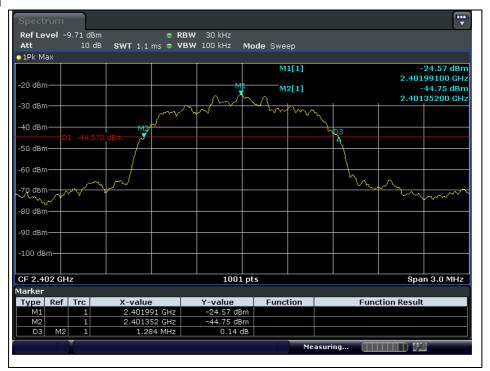


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## Operating Mode: π/4DQPSK

#### Low Channel



#### Middle Channel



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#### High Channel



## **Operating Mode: 8DPSK**

## Low Channel



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### Middle Channel



### High Channel



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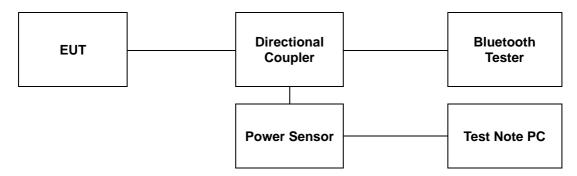
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# 4. Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power

## 4.1. Test Setup



## **4.2. Limit**

The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

- 1. §15.247(a)(1), Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.
- 2. §15.247(b)(1), For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2 400–2 483.5 № band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5 725–5 850 Mb band: 1 Watt.

## 4.3. Test Procedure

The test follows DA 00-705. Using the power sensor instead of a spectrum analyzer.

- 1. Place the EUT on the table and set it in the transmitting mode.
- 2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the Power sensor.
- 3. Test program: (S/W name: R&S Power Viewer, Version: 3.2.0)
- 4. Measure peak power each channel.



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### 4.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature : (23 ± 1) °C Relative humidity : 47 % R.H.

Operation Mode	Data Rate	Channel	Frequency (脈)	Average Power Result (dB m)	Peak Power Result (dB m)	Peak Power Limit (dB m)	
		Low	2 402	-4.89	-2.90		
GFSK	1 Mbps	Middle	2 441	-3.89	-2.01	20.97	
		High	2 480	<u>-3.65</u>	<u>-1.84</u>		
	2 Mbps	Low	2 402	-6.54	-2.62	20.97	
π/4DQPSK		Middle	2 441	-5.54	-1.82		
		High	2 480	<u>-5.45</u>	<u>-1.54</u>		
8DPSK	3 Mbps		Low	2 402	-6.72	-2.09	
		Middle	2 441	-5.44	-1.38	20.97	
		High	2 480	<u>-5.35</u>	<u>-1.36</u>		

### Remark:

In the case of AFH, the limit for peak power is 0.125 W.

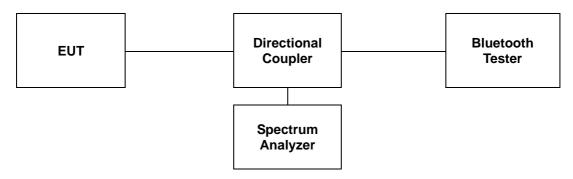
Directional coupler and cable offset compensate for test program (R&S Power Viewer) before measuring.



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# 5. Carrier Frequency Separation

## 5.1. Test Setup



## 5.2. Limit

§15.247(a)(1), Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2 400–2 483.5 № band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 klz or two-thirds of 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

### 5.3. Test Procedure

All data rates and modes were investigated for this test. The full data for the worst case data rate are reported in this section. The test follows DA 00-705.

The device is operating in hopping mode between 79 channels and also supporting Adaptive Frequency Hopping with hopping between 20 channels. As compared with each operating mode, 79 channels are chosen as a representative for test.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels RBW ≥ 1 % of the span VBW ≥ RBW Sweep = auto Detector = peak Trace = max hold

Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-delta function to determine the between the peaks of the adjacent channels.



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## 5.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature : (23 ± 1) °C Relative humidity % R.H. : 47

Operation Mode	Frequency (Mb)	Adjacent Hopping Channel Separation (妣)	Two-third of 20 dB Bandwidth (战)	Minimum Bandwidth (朏)
GFSK	2 441	1 000	698	25
8DPSK	2 441	1 000	860	25

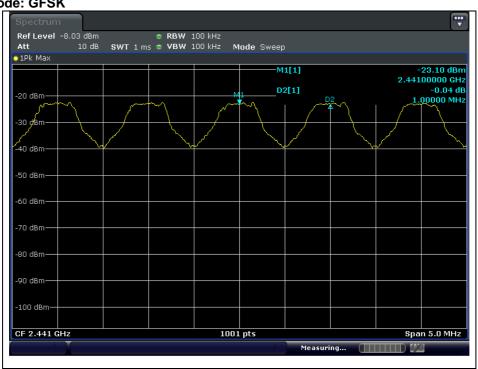
### Remark:

Measurement is made with EUT operating in hopping mode between 79 channels providing a worse case scenario as compared to AFH mode hopping between 20 channels.



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**Operating Mode: GFSK** 



**Operating Mode: 8DPSK** 

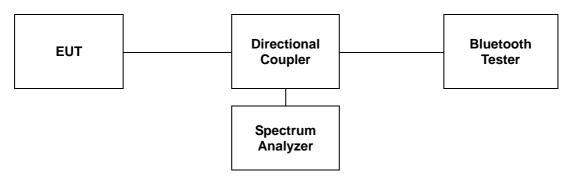




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# 6. Number of Hopping Frequencies

### 6.1. Test Setup



## 6.2. Limit

§15.247(a)(1)(iii), Frequency hopping systems in the 2 400–2 483.5 № band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

#### 6.3. Test Procedure

All data rates and modes were investigated for this test. The full data for the worst case data rate are reported in this section. The test follows DA 00-705.

The device supports Adaptive Frequency Hopping and will use a minimum of 20 channels of the 79 available channels.

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

- 1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna the port to the Spectrum analyzer.
- 2. Set spectrum analyzer Start = 2 400 Mb, Stop = 2 441.5 Mb, Sweep = auto and Start = 2 441.5 Mb, Stop = 2 483.5 Mb, Sweep = auto. Detector = peak.
- 3. Set the spectrum analyzer as RBW, VBW = 500 klb.
- 4. Max hold, allow the trace to stabilize and count how many channel in the band.



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## 6.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature : (23 ± 1) °C Relative humidity % R.H. : 47

Operation Mode	Number of Hopping Frequency	Limit
GFSK	79	≥ 15
8DPSK	79	≥ 15

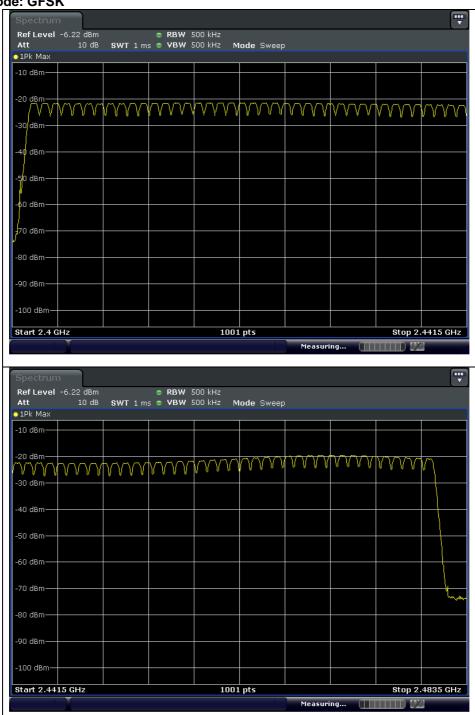
#### Remark:

Measurement is made with EUT operating in hopping mode between 79 channels providing a worse case scenario as compared to AFH mode hopping between 20 channels.



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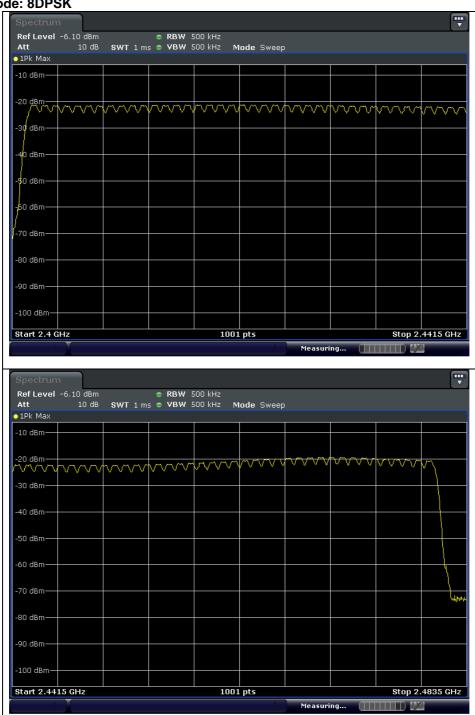
## **Operating Mode: GFSK**





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## **Operating Mode: 8DPSK**

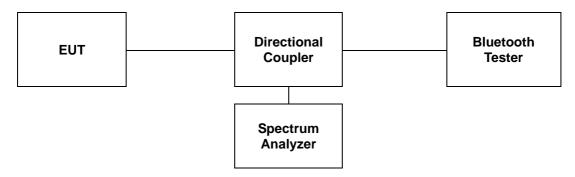




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# 7. Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)

### 7.1. Test Set up



### **7.2. Limit**

§15.247(a)(1)(iii), Frequency hopping systems in the 2 400–2 483.5 Mb band, the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 second within a 31.6 second period.

A period time = 0.4 (s) \* 79 = 31.6 (s)

### \*Adaptive Frequency Hopping

A period time = 0.4 (s) \* 20 = 8 (s)

### 7.3. Test Procedure

All data rates and modes were investigated for this test. The full data for the worst case data rate are reported in this section. The test follows DA 00-705.

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Position the EUT as shown in test setup without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable.
- 3. Measure the time duration of one transmission on the measured frequency. And then plot the result with time difference of this time duration.
- 4. The Bluetooth has 3 type of payload, DH1, DH3, DH5 and 3DH1, 3DH3, 3DH5. The hopping rate is insisted of 1 600 per second.

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer setting:

Span = zero span, centered on a hopping channel

RBW = 1 ₩z

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel

Detector = peak

Trace = max hold

Use the marker-delta function to determine the dwell time. If this value varies with different modes of operation, repeat this test for each variation.



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## 7.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature : (23 ± 1) °C Relative humidity : 47 % R.H.

## 7.4.1. Packet Type: DH1, 3DH1

Operation Mode	Frequency (쌘)	Dwell Time (ms)	Time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 31.6 sec (ms)	Limit for time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 31.6 sec (ms)
GFSK	2 441	0.38	121.60	400
8DPSK	2 441	0.39	124.80	400

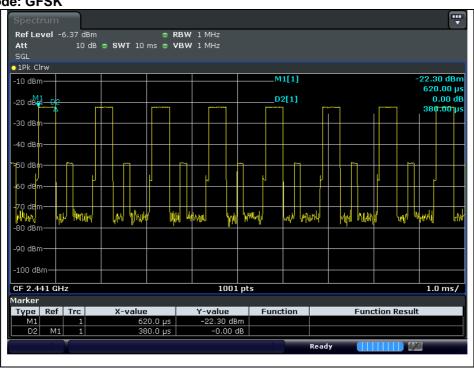
#### Remark:

Time of occupancy on the Tx channel in 31.6 sec In case of GFSK, 0.38 x {(1 600  $\div$  2) / 79} x 31.6 = 121.60 ms In case of 8DPSK,  $0.39 \times \{(1.600 \div 2) / 79\} \times 31.6 = 124.80$  ms

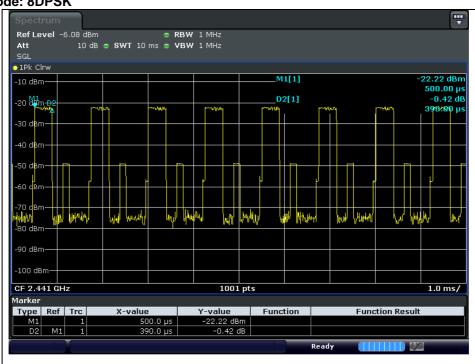


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**Operating Mode: GFSK** 



**Operating Mode: 8DPSK** 





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# 7.4.2. Packet Type: DH3, 3DH3

Operation Mode	Frequency (畑)	Dwell Time (ms)	Time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 31.6 sec (ms)	Limit for time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 31.6 sec (ms)
GFSK	2 441	1.64	262.40	400
8DPSK	2 441	1.64	262.40	400

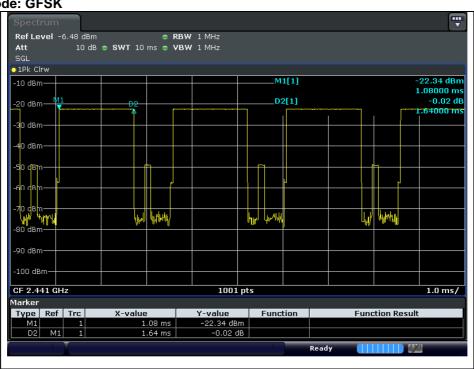
#### Remark:

Time of occupancy on the Tx channel in 31.6 sec In case of GFSK and 8DPSK,  $1.64 \times \{(1.600 \div 4) / 79\} \times 31.6 = 262.40 \text{ ms}$ 

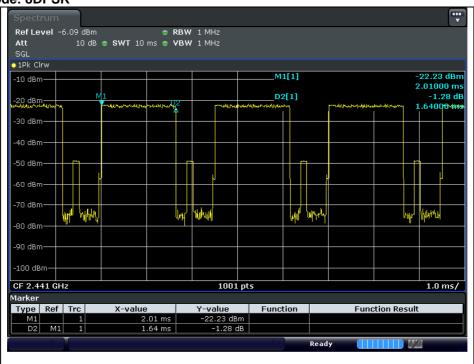


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**Operating Mode: GFSK** 



**Operating Mode: 8DPSK** 





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## 7.4.3. Packet Type: DH5, 3DH5

Operation Mode	Frequency (Mb)	Dwell Time (ms)	Time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 31.6 sec (ms)	Limit for time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 31.6 sec (ms)
GFSK	2 441	2.89	308.27	400
8DPSK	2 441	2.88	307.20	400

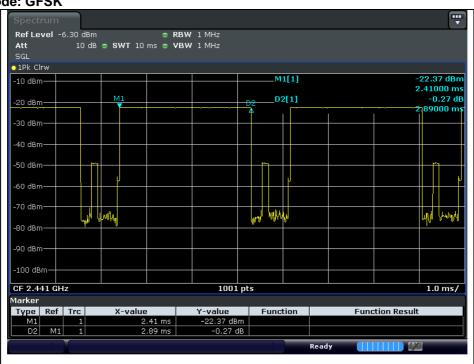
#### Remark:

Time of occupancy on the Tx channel in 31.6 sec In case of GFSK,  $2.89 \times \{(1.600 \div 6) / 79\} \times 31.6 = 308.27 \text{ ms}$ In case of 8DPSK,  $2.88 \times \{(1.600 \div 6) / 79\} \times 31.6 = 307.20 \text{ ms}$ 

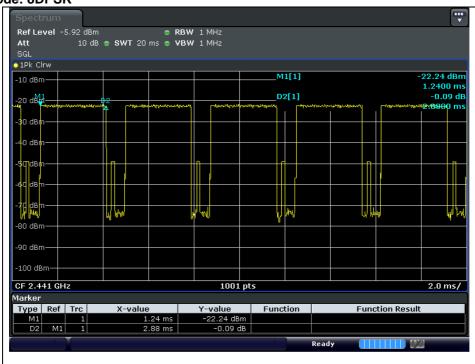


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## **Operating Mode: GFSK**



## **Operating Mode: 8DPSK**





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## 7.4.4. Packet Type: DH1, 3DH1 (Adaptive Frequency Hopping)

Operation Mode	Frequency (Mb)	Dwell Time (ms)	Time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 8 sec (ms)	Limit for time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 8 sec (ms)
GFSK	2 441	0.38	60.80	400
8DPSK	2 441	0.39	62.40	400

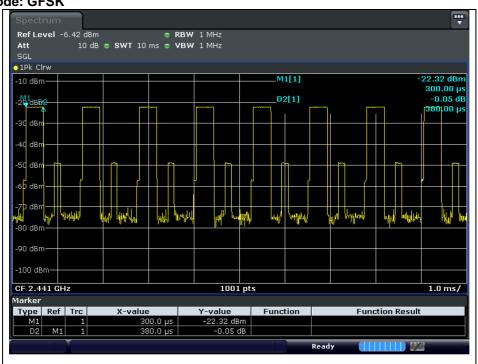
#### Remark:

Time of occupancy on the Tx channel in 8 sec In case of GFSK,  $0.38 \times \{(800 \div 2) / 20\} \times 8 = 60.80$  ms In case of 8DPSK,  $0.39 \times \{(800 \div 2) / 20\} \times 8 = 62.40 \text{ ms}$ 

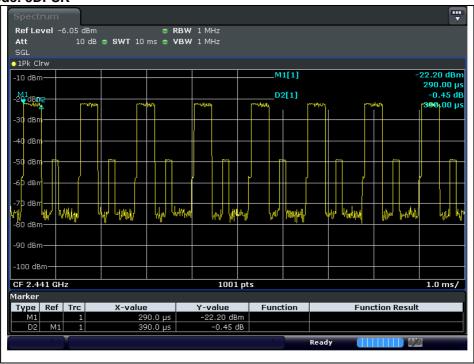


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## **Operating Mode: GFSK**



## **Operating Mode: 8DPSK**





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## 7.4.5. Packet Type: DH3, 3DH3 (Adaptive Frequency Hopping)

Operation Mode	Frequency (쌘)	Dwell Time (ms)	Time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 8 sec (ms)	Limit for time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 8 sec (ms)
GFSK	2 441	1.64	131.20	400
8DPSK	2 441	1.64	131.20	400

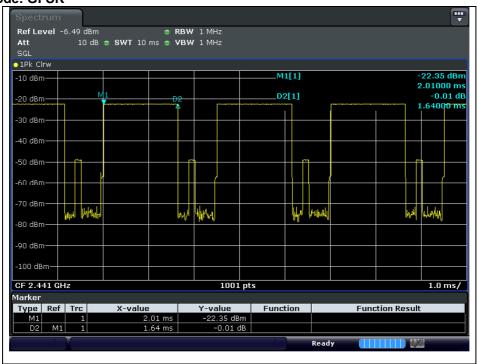
#### Remark:

Time of occupancy on the Tx channel in 8 sec In case of GFSK and 8DPSK,  $1.64 \times \{(800 \div 4) / 20\} \times 8 = 131.20 \text{ ms}$ 

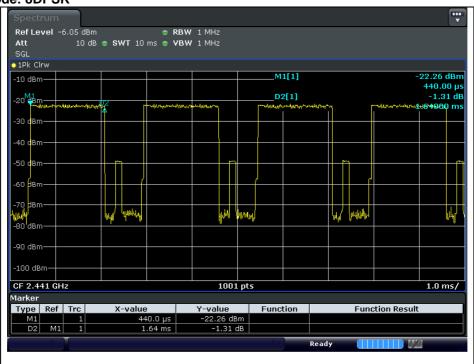


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## **Operating Mode: GFSK**



## **Operating Mode: 8DPSK**



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## 7.4.6. Packet Type: DH5, 3DH5 (Adaptive Frequency Hopping)

Operation Mode	Frequency (Mb)	Dwell Time (ms)	Time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 8 sec (ms)	Limit for time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 8 sec (ms)
GFSK	2 441	2.89	154.13	400
8DPSK	2 441	2.88	153.60	400

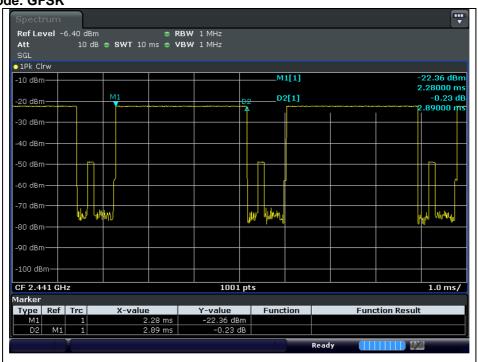
#### Remark:

Time of occupancy on the Tx channel in 8 sec In case of GFSK,  $2.89 \times \{(800 \div 6) / 20\} \times 8 = 154.13 \text{ ms}$ In case of 8DPSK,  $2.88 \times \{(800 \div 6) / 20\} \times 8 = 153.60 \text{ ms}$ 

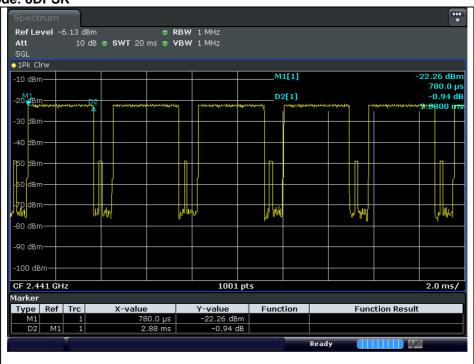


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## **Operating Mode: GFSK**



## **Operating Mode: 8DPSK**





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# 8. Antenna Requirement

## 8.1. Standard Applicable

For intentional device, according to FCC 47 CFR Section §15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. And according to FCC 47 CFR Section §15.247 (b) if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dB i are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dB i.

## 8.2. Antenna Connected Construction

Antenna used in this product is Dielectric Chip Antenna with gain of -0.10 dB i.

## - End of the Test Report -