Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client

PC Test

Certificate No: EX3-3561 Aug05

GALIBRATION GERTIE GATE Object EX3DV4 - SN:3561 QA CAL-01.v5 and QA CAL-14.v2 Calibration procedure(s) Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes August 24, 2005 Calibration date: Condition of the calibrated item In Tolerance This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration **Primary Standards** ID# 3-May-05 (METAS, No. 251-00466) GB41293874 May-06 Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A MY41495277 3-May-05 (METAS, No. 251-00466) May-06 Power sensor E4412A MY41498087 3-May-05 (METAS, No. 251-00466) May-06 Reference 3 dB Attenuator SN: S5054 (3c) 11-Aug-05 (METAS, No. 251-00499) Aug-06 Reference 20 dB Attenuator SN: S5086 (20b) 3-May-05 (METAS, No. 251-00467) May-06 Reference 30 dB Attenuator SN: S5129 (30b) 11-Aug-05 (METAS, No. 251-00500) Aug-06 Reference Probe ES3DV2 SN: 3013 7-Jan-05 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan05) Jan-06 SN: 654 Nov-05 DAE4 29-Nov-04 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-654_Nov04) ID# Scheduled Check Check Date (in house) Secondary Standards RF generator HP 8648C US3642U01700 4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Dec-03) In house check: Dec-05 Network Analyzer HP 8753E US37390585 18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-04) In house check: Nov 05 Name **Function** Katja Pokovic Calibrated by: Technical Manager Niels Kuster Approved by: Quality Manager Issued: August 24, 2005

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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Glossary:

TSL NORMx,y,z tissue simulating liquid sensitivity in free space

ConF

sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z diode compression point

DCP Polarization φ

φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9

9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at

measurement center), i.e., $\theta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz), July 2001

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Certificate No: EX3-3561 Aug05 Page 2 of 10

EX3DV4 SN:3561 August 24, 2005

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3561

Manufactured: February 14, 2005 Calibrated: August 24, 2005

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: EX3-3561_Aug05 Page 3 of 10

DASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3561

0	•		ο A	
Sensitivity	ın	Free	Space	

Diode Compression^B

NormX	0.430 ± 10.1%	μ V/(V/m) ²	DCP X	90 mV
NormY	0.470 ± 10.1%	μV/(V/m)²	DCP Y	90 mV
NormZ	0.430 ± 10.1%	$\mu V/(V/m)^2$	DCP Z	90 mV

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

Boundary Effect

TSL

900 MHz

Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm

Sensor Center to	o Phantom Surface Distance	2.0 mm	3.0 mm
SAR _{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	3.8	1.5
SAR _{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.0	0.0

TSL

1810 MHz

Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm

Sensor Center to	sor Center to Phantom Surface Distance 2.0 mm					
SAR _{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	4.7	2.8			
SAR _{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	1.1	8.0			

Sensor Offset

Probe Tip to Sensor Center

1.0 mm

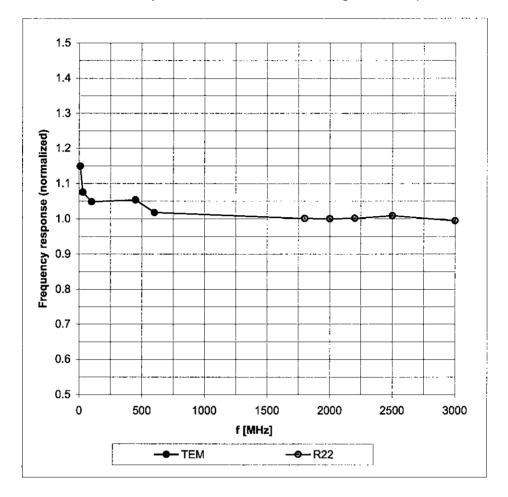
The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).

⁸ Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

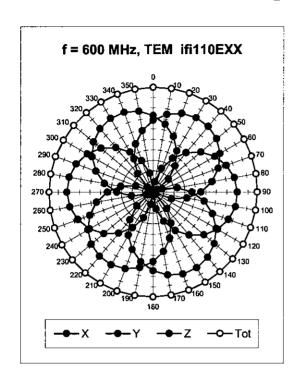
Frequency Response of E-Field

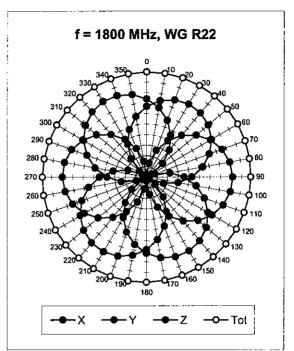
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

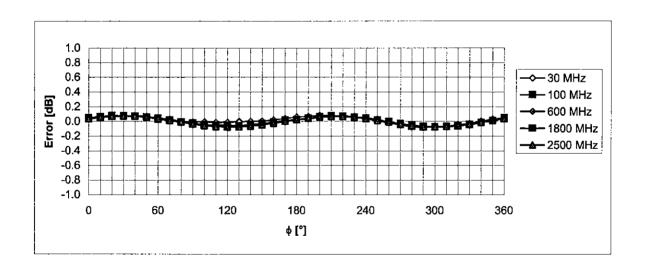


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$



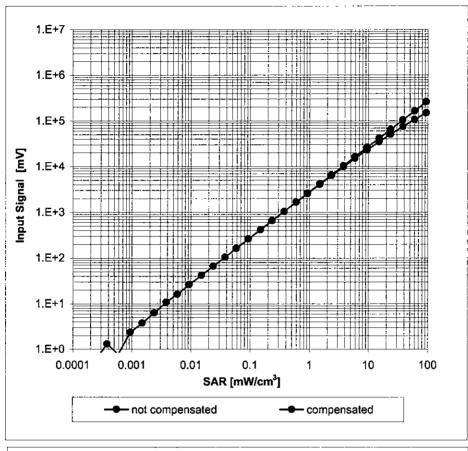


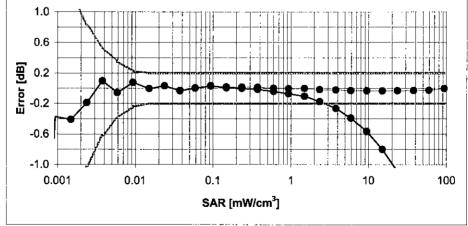


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})

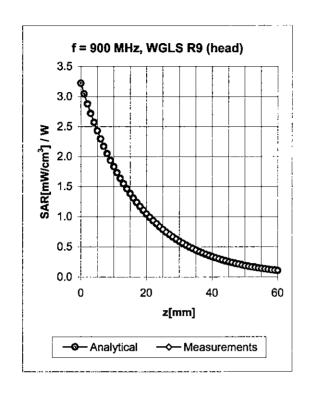
(Waveguide R22, f = 1800 MHz)

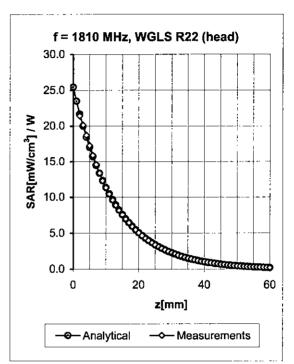




Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment





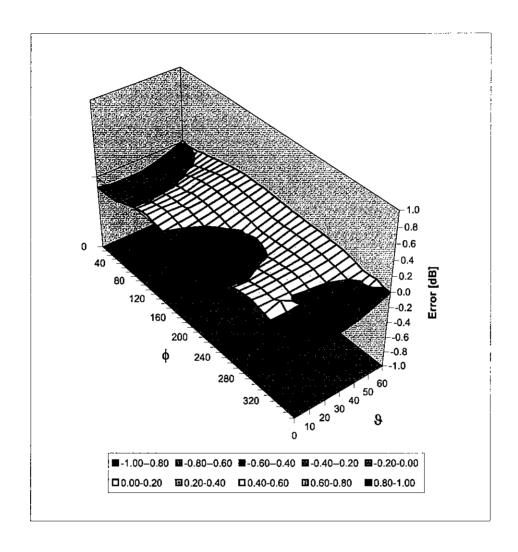
f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^C	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF Uncertainty
900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.21	1.13	7.91 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1810	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.47	0.94	7.04 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	0.61	0.71	6.37 ± 11.8% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	0.32	0.93	7.90 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1810	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.34	1.60	6.48 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	0.75	0.62	6.30 ± 11.8% (k=2)

^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

EX3DV4 SN:3561 August 24, 2005

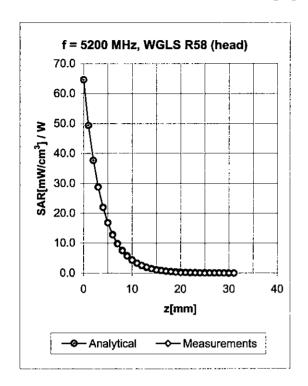
Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

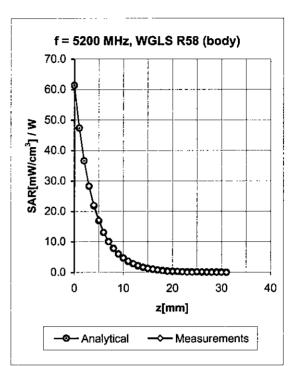
Error (ϕ, ϑ) , f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

Appendix^D





f [MHz] ^D Validity [MHz]		TSL	L Permittivity Conductivity Alpha Dep		Depth	ConvF Uncertainty		
5200	± 50	Head	36.0 ± 5%	4.76 ± 5%	0.49	1.36	4.26	± 13.6% (k=2)
5800	± 50	Head	35.3 ± 5%	5.27 ± 5%	0.52	1.42	3.75	± 13.6% (k=2)
5200	± 50	Body	49.0 ± 5%	5.30 ± 5%	0.50	1.63	4.10	± 13.6% (k=2)
5800	± 50	Body	48.2 ± 5%	6.00 ± 5%	0.49	1.70	3.63	± 13.6% (k=2)

^D Accreditation for ConvF assessment above 3000 MHz is currently applied for.