

REPORT ON THE RADIO TESTING

FOR

WIDEX A/S

ON

UNIQUE-FASHION MINI (MODEL U-FM)

DOCUMENT NO. TRA-025972-02-47-01B





TRA-025972-02-47-01B Report Number:

Issue:

REPORT ON THE RADIO TESTING OF A Widex A/S UNIQUE-FASHION MINI (Model U-FM) WITH RESPECT TO SPECIFICATION FCC 47CFR Part 15.209

TEST DATE: 18th Jan - 1st Feb 2016

A Tosif

Tested by: A Tosif Radio Test Engineer

John Charters

29th February 2016

Approved by: Radio Product Manager

Disclaimers:

Date:

[1] THIS DOCUMENT MAY BE REPRODUCED ONLY IN ITS ENTIRETY AND WITHOUT CHANGE [2] THE RESULTS CONTAINED IN THIS DOCUMENT RELATE ONLY TO THE ITEM(S) TESTED



1 Revision Record

Issue Number	Issue Date	Revision History
А	7 th February 2016	Original
В	29 th February 2016	Calibration intervals added

2 Summary

TEST REPORT NUMBER: TRA-025972-02-47-01B WORKS ORDER NUMBER: TRA-02597-02 PURPOSE OF TEST: Certification 47CFRPart 15.209 TEST SPECIFICATION(S): EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT): UNIQUE-FASHION MINI (Model U-FM) FCC IDENTIFIER: TTY-UFM **EUT SERIAL NUMBER:** 005485, 005487 MANUFACTURER/AGENT: Widex A/S ADDRESS: Nymoellevej 6 3540 Lynge Denmark **CLIENT CONTACT:** Hans-Otto Bindeballe ***** +45 44355916 ORDER NUMBER: 132170-3 TEST DATE: 18th Jan - 1st Feb 2016 **TESTED BY:** A Tosif

Element

2.1 Test Summary

Test Method and Description Requirement Clause 47CFR15		Applicable to this equipment	Result / Note
Field strength of fundamental	15.209	\boxtimes	Pass
Occupied bandwidth	15.215	\boxtimes	Pass
Radiated spurious emissions	15.209	\boxtimes	Pass
Unintentional radiated spurious emissions	15.109	\boxtimes	Pass
AC power line conducted emissions	15.207		N/A [#]

[#]EUT is a battery powered device.

Notes:

The results contained in this report relate only to the items tested, in the condition at time of test, and were obtained in the period between the date of initial receipt of samples and the date of issue of the report.

The apparatus was set up and exercised using the configurations, modes of operation and arrangements defined in this report only. Any modifications made are identified in Section 8 of this report.

Particular operating modes, apparatus monitoring methods and performance criteria required by the standards tested to have been performed except where identified in Section 5.2 of this test report (Deviations from Test Standards).

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4 Introduction

This report TRA-025972-02-47-01B presents the results of the Radio testing on a Widex A/S, UNIQUE-FASHION MINI (Model U-FM) to specification 47CFR15 Radio Frequency Devices.

The testing was carried out for Widex A/S by Element, at the address(es) detailed below.

 \boxtimes Element Hull **Element North West** Unit E Unit 1 South Orbital Trading Park Pendle Place Hedon Road Skemersdale West Lancashire Hull HU9 1NJ WN8 9PN UK UK

This report details the configuration of the equipment, the test methods used and any relevant modifications where appropriate.

FCC Site Listing:

Element is accredited for the above sites under the US-EU MRA, Designation number UK0009.

The test site requirements of ANSI C63.4-2014 are met up to 1GHz.

5 Test Specifications

5.1 Normative References

- FCC 47 CFR Ch. I Part 15 Radio Frequency Devices.
- ANSI C63.10-2013 American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices.
- ANSI C63.4-2014 American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz.

5.2 Deviations from Test Standards

• There were no deviations from the test standard.

6 Glossary of Terms

§ denotes a section reference from the standard, not this document

AC Alternating Current

ANSI American National Standards Institute

BW bandwidth C Celsius

CFR Code of Federal Regulations

CW Continuous Wave

dB decibel

dBm dB relative to 1 milliwatt

DC Direct Current

DSSS Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum
Equivalent Isotropically Radiated Power

ERP Effective Radiated Power EUT Equipment Under Test

FCC Federal Communications Commission FHSS Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum

Hz hertz

ITU International Telecommunication Union

LBT Listen Before Talk

m metre max maximum

MIMO Multiple Input and Multiple Output

min minimum

MRA Mutual Recognition Agreement

N/A Not Applicable
PCB Printed Circuit Board
PDF Portable Document Format

Pt-mpt Point-to-multipoint
Pt-pt Point-to-point
RF Radio Frequency
RH Relative Humidity
RMS Root Mean Square

Rx receiver s second Tx transmitter

UKAS United Kingdom Accreditation Service

 $\begin{array}{ll} \textbf{V} & \text{volt} \\ \textbf{W} & \text{watt} \\ \textbf{\Omega} & \text{ohm} \end{array}$

7 Equipment under Test

7.1 EUT Identification

Name: UNIQUE-FASHION MINI (Model U-FM)

Serial Number: 005485, 005487

• Model Number: U-FM

Software Revision: Not ApplicableBuild Level / Revision Number: 2

7.2 System Equipment

Not Applicable - No support/monitoring equipment required.

7.3 EUT Mode of Operation

7.3.1 Transmission

The mode of operation for Tx tests was as follows.

The EUT was transmitting continuously on maximum power using FSK (centre frequency 10.6 MHz / Deviation $\pm 200 kHz$) modulation and powered by a new battery.

7.3.2 Reception

The mode of operation for Rx tests was as follows.

The EUT was placed in normal mode during the test.

7.4 EUT Radio Parameters

Frequency of operation:	10.6 MHz
Modulation type(s):	FSK
Declared output power(s):	-50 dBµA/m at 10m distance
Antenna type(s) and gain(s):	Integral
Nominal Supply Voltage:	1.4 Vdc

7.5 EUT Description

The EUT is a hearing aid containing radio circuitry operating at 10.6 MHz

8 Modifications

No modifications were performed during this assessment.

9 EUT Test Setup

9.1 Block Diagram

The following diagram shows basic EUT interconnections with cable type and cable lengths identified:

EUT

10 General Technical Parameters

10.1 Normal Conditions

The EUT was tested under the normal environmental conditions of the test laboratory, except where otherwise stated. The normal power source applied was 1.4 Vdc from battery.

10.2 Varying Test Conditions

There are no specific frequency stability requirements for the type of device. The results contained in this report demonstrate that the occupied bandwidth is contained within the authorised band.

Variation of supply voltage is required to ensure stability of the declared output power. During carrier powers testing the following variations were made:

	Category	Nominal	Variation
	Mains	110V ac +/-2%	85% and 115%
\boxtimes	Battery	New battery	N/A

11 Transmitter output power (fundamental radiated emission)

11.1 Definition

The RF power dissipated in the standard output termination when operating under the rated duty cycle selected by the applicant for approval.

11.2 Test Parameters

Test Location: Element Hull
Test Chamber: REF886

Test Antenna: Active 60cm loop

Test Standard and Clause: ANSI C63.10-2013, Clause 6.3 / 6.4

EUT Channels / Frequencies Measured: 10.6 MHz
EUT Channel Bandwidths: 800 kHz
Deviations From Standard: None
Measurement BW: 10 kHz
Measurement Detector: Quasi-peak

Environmental Conditions (Normal Environment)

Temperature: $24 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ +15 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ to +35 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ Humidity: $35 \,^{\circ}\text{RH}$ 20%RH to 75%RH

Test Limits

The field strength measured at 30 meters shall not exceed the limits in the following table:

Field Strength Limits for License-Exempt Transmitters for Any Application

Frequency, f (kHz)	Field Strength (μV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
1,750 – 30,000	30	30

11.3 Test Method

With the EUT setup as per section 9 of this report and connected as per Figure v, the resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyser / receiver was increased above the EUT occupied bandwidth and the peak emission data noted.

The measurements were performed with EUT set at its maximum duty. All modulation schemes, data rates and power settings were used to observe the worst-case configuration in each bandwidth.

Power values measured on the test receiver / analyzer are converted to field strength, FS, in $\mu V/m$ at the regulatory distance, using:

$$FS = 10^{(PR - CF)/20}$$

Where.

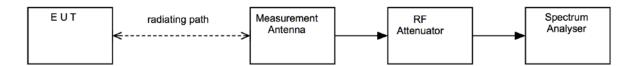
PR is the power recorded on the receiver / spectrum analyzer in $dB\mu V$ and includes any cable loss, antenna factor and pre-amplifier gain;

CF is the distance extrapolation factor in dB (where measurement distance is different to limit distance);

Per FCC 47CFR15.31 (f) (2), an extrapolation factor of 40 dB per decade was used for measurements at distances closer than specified.

This field strength value is then compared with the regulatory limit.

Figure v Test Setup



11.4 Test Equipment

Equipment		Equipment	Element	Last	Due For
Description	Manufacturer	Туре	No	Calibration	Calibration
Receiver	R&S	ESCI 7	RFG715	06/10/2015	06/10/2016
Active Loop Antenna	R&S	HFH2-Z2	RFG023	01/12/2015	01/12/2017
Ferrite Lined Chamber	Rainford	ATS	REF886	21/07/2014	21/07/2016

11.5 Test Results

	Modulation: FSK; Power setting: Max.							
Channel Frequency (MHz)	Receiver Level (dBµV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)	Limit Distance (m)	Extrapolation Factor (dB)	Field Strength (µV/m)	Limit (µV/m)	Result	
10.6	42.1	1	30	59.08	0.142	30.0	PASS	

12 Occupied Bandwidth

12.1 Definition

20dB bandwidth

The emission bandwidth (x dB) is defined as the frequency range between two points, one above and one below the carrier frequency, at which the spectral density of the emission is attenuated x dB below the maximum in-band spectral density of the modulated signal.

12.2 Test Parameters

Test Location: Element Hull
Test Chamber: REF886

Test Standard and Clause: ANSI C63.10-2013, Clause 6.9

EUT Channels / Frequencies Measured: 10.6 MHz **EUT Channel Bandwidths:** 800 kHz FSK **EUT Test Modulations: Deviations From Standard:** None Measurement BW: 10 kHz (Irequirement: 1% to 5% OBW) Spectrum Analyzer Video BW: 30 kHz (requirement at least 3x RBW) Measurement Span: 2 MHz (requirement 2 to 5 times OBW) Measurement Detector: Peak

Environmental Conditions (Normal Environment)

Temperature: 23 °C +15 °C to +35 °C Humidity: 33 %RH 20%RH to 75%RH

Supply: 1.4 Vdc New battery

Test Limits

Federal Communications Commission:

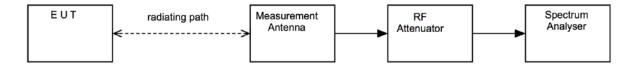
Intentional radiators operating under the alternative provisions to the general emission limits, as contained in §§ 15.217 through 15.257 and in subpart E of this part, must be designed to ensure that the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission, or whatever bandwidth may otherwise be specified in the specific rule section under which the equipment operates, is contained within the frequency band designated in the rule section under which the equipment is operated.

12.3 Test Method

With the EUT setup as per section 9 of this report and connected as per Figure iv, the bandwidth of the EUT was measured on a spectrum analyser.

The measurements were performed with EUT set at its maximum duty. All modulation schemes, data rates and power settings were used to observe the worst-case configuration in each bandwidth.

Figure iv Test Setup

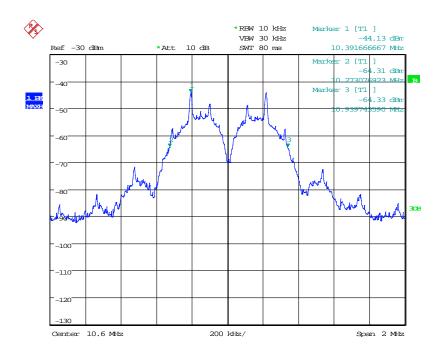


12.4 Test Equipment

Equipment		Equipment	Element	Last	Due For
Description	Manufacturer	Туре	No	Calibration	Calibration
Spectrum Analyser	R&S	FSU46	REF910	28/05/2015	28/05/2016
Active Loop Antenna	R&S	HFH2-Z2	RFG023	01/12/2015	01/12/2017

12.5 Test Results

FCC 15.215 Modulation: FSK; Power setting: Max.						
Channel Frequency (MHz)	' ' RASIIIT					
10.6	10.273077	10.939744	666.667	PASS		



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13 Radiated emissions

13.1 Definitions

Spurious emissions

Spurious emissions are the emissions on a frequency or frequencies which are outside the necessary bandwidth and the level of which may be reduced without affecting the corresponding transmission of information. Spurious emissions include harmonic emissions, parasitic emissions, intermodulation products and frequency conversion products, but exclude out-of-band emissions.

13.2 Test Parameters

Test Location: Element Hull

Test Chamber: **REF886**

Test Standard and Clause: ANSI C63.10-2013, Clause 6.4 and Clause 6.5

EUT Channels / Frequencies Measured: 10.6 MHz **EUT Channel Bandwidths:** 800 KHz

9 kHz - 30 MHz: 1m, Alternative test site Measurement Distance and Site

30 MHz - 1 GHz: 1m & 3m, Alternative test site

EUT Height: 0.8 m **Deviations From Standard:** None

> 9 kHz to 150 kHz: 200 Hz 150 kHz to 30 MHz: 9 kHz

Measurement BW: 30 MHz to 1 GHz: 120 kHz

Measurement Detector: 9 - 90 kHz and 110 - 490 kHz: Average RMS

Other frequencies: Quasi-peak

Environmental Conditions (Normal Environment)

Temperature: 25 °C +15 °C to +35 °C Humidity: 37 %RH 20%RH to 75%RH

Supply: 1.4 Vdc New battery

Test Limits

Emissions from license-exempt transmitters shall comply with the field strength limits shown in the table below. Additionally, the level of any transmitter emission shall not exceed the level of the transmitter's fundamental emission.

General Field Strength Limits for License-Exempt Transmitters

Frequency, f (kHz)	Field Strength (μV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
9 – 490	2400/F(kHz)	300
490 – 1,750	24000/F(kHz)	30
1,750 - 30,000	30	30
30-88	100	3
88-216	150	3
216-960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

13.3 Test Method

With the EUT setup as per section 9 of this report and connected as per Figure ii, the emissions from the EUT were measured on a spectrum analyzer / EMI receiver.

Radiated electromagnetic emissions from the EUT are checked first by preview scans. Preview scans for all spectrum and modulation characteristics are checked, using a peak detector and where applicable worst-case determined for function, operation, orientation, etc. for both vertical and horizontal polarisations.

If the EUT connects to auxiliary equipment and is table or floor standing, the configurations prescribed in ANSI C63.10 are followed. Alternatively, a layout closest to normal use (as declared by the provider) is employed.

Emissions between 9 kHz and 30 MHz

Emissions between 9 kHz and 30 MHz are measured using a calibrated 60cm active loop antenna. Pre-amplifiers and filters are used where required. Care is taken to ensure that test receiver resolution bandwidth, video bandwidth and detector type(s) meet the regulatory requirements.

Power values measured on the test receiver / analyzer are converted to field strength, FS, in μ V/m at the regulatory distance, using:

FS = 10 (PR - CF) / 20

Where,

PR is the power recorded on the receiver / spectrum analyzer in dBµV and includes any cable loss, antenna factor and pre-amplifier gain;

CF is the distance extrapolation factor in dB (where measurement distance is different to limit distance);

Per FCC 47CFR15.31 (f) (2), an extrapolation factor of 40 dB per decade was used for measurements at distances closer than specified.

This field strength value is then compared with the regulatory limit.

Emissions between 30 MHz and 1 GHz

Emissions between 30 MHz and 1 GHz are measured using calibrated broadband antennas. Care is taken to ensure that test receiver resolution bandwidth, video bandwidth and detector type(s) meet the regulatory requirements.

For both horizontal and vertical polarizations, the EUT is then rotated through 360 degrees in azimuth until the highest emission is detected. At the previously determined azimuth the test antenna is raised and lowered from 1 to 4 m in height until a maximum emission level is detected, this maximum value is recorded.

Power values measured on the test receiver / analyzer are converted to field strength, FS, in dBµV/m at the regulatory distance, using:

FS = PR + CL + AF - PA + DC - CF

Where,

PR is the power recorded on the receiver / spectrum analyzer in dB μ V;

CL is the cable loss in dB;

AF is the test antenna factor in dB/m;

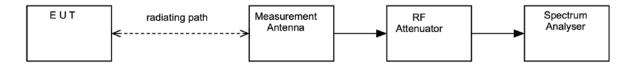
PA is the pre-amplifier gain in dB (where used);

DC is the duty correction factor in dB (where used, e.g. harmonics of pulsed fundamental);

CF is the distance factor in dB (where measurement distance is different to limit distance);

This field strength value is then compared with the regulatory limit.

Figure ii Test Setup



13.4 Test Equipment

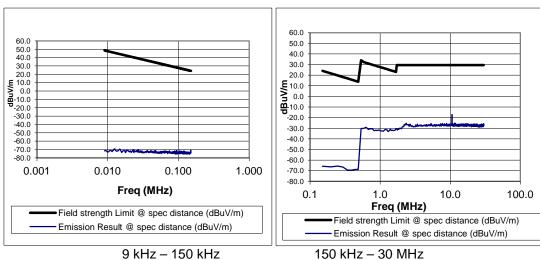
Equipment		Equipment	Element	Last	Due For
Description	Manufacturer	Туре	No	Calibration	Calibration
Spectrum Analyser	R&S	FSU46	REF910	28/05/2015	28/05/2016
Active Loop Antenna	R&S	HFH2-Z2	RFG023	01/12/2015	01/12/2017
Ferrite Lined Chamber	Rainford	ATS	REF886	21/07/2014	21/07/2016
Biconical Antenna	EMCO	3109	RFG095	09/05/2013	09/05/2016
Log Periodic Antenna	EMCO	3146	RFG191	09/05/2013	09/05/2016

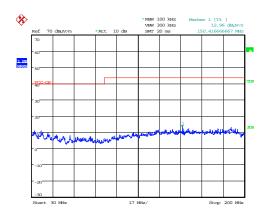
13.5 Test Results

Detector	Freq. (MHz)	Meas'd Emission (dBµV)	Cable Loss (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Pre-amp Gain (dB)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Field Strength (µV/m)	Limit (µV/m)
No emissions were detected within 10 dB of the limit								

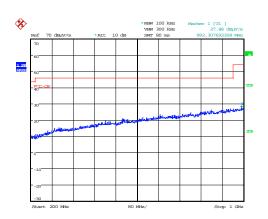
Worst measured noise floor was 18.97 dBµV/m @ 998.7 MHz at 1 m distance.

Radiated Spurious Emission

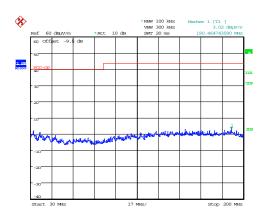




30 MHz - 200 MHz @ 3m

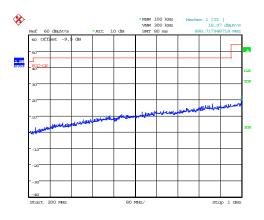


200 MHz - 1 GHz @ 3m



Date: 18.JAN.2016 13:37:57

30 MHz - 200 MHz @ 1m



200 MHz - 1 GHz @ 1m

Date: 18.JAN.2016 13:33:02

14 Radiated emissions – unintentional radiation / receiver emissions

14.1 Definitions

Receiver spurious emissions

The radio frequency signals generated within the receiver, which may cause interference to other equipment. This includes the period during which the equipment is scanning or switching channels.

Unintentional radiator

A device that generates RF energy which is not intended to be radiated for reception by a radio receiver.

14.2 Test Parameters

Test Location: Element Hull

Test Chamber: REF886

Test Standard and Clause: ANSI C63.10-2013, Clause 6.5 and 6.6

EUT Channels / Frequencies Measured: 10.6 MHz **EUT Channel Bandwidths:** 800 KHz **Deviations From Standard:** None Measurement BW: 120 kHz Quasi-peak

Measurement Detector:

Environmental Conditions (Normal Environment)

Temperature: 25 °C +15 °C to +35 °C 20%RH to 75%RH Humidity: 37%RH

Supply: 1.4 Vdc New battery

Test Limits

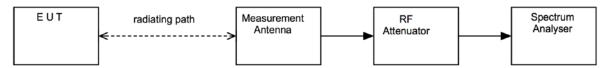
Receiver Radiated Limits

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (µV/m at 3m)
30-88	100
88-216	150
216-960	200
Above 960	500

14.3 Test Method

With the EUT setup as per section 9 of this report and connected as per Figure viii, the emissions from the EUT were measured on a spectrum analyzer / EMI receiver. The EUT was rotated in three orthogonal planes and the measurement antenna height scanned (below 1GHz, from 1 to 4 m; above 1GHz as necessary) in order to maximise emissions. The measurements were performed with EUT set at its maximum duty. All modulation schemes, data rates and power settings were used to observe the worst-case configuration at each frequency. Pre-scan plots are shown with a peak detector and 100 kHz RBW.

Figure viii Test Setup



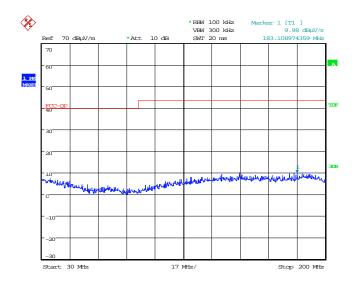
14.4 Test Equipment

Equipment		Equipment	Element	Last	Due For
Description	Manufacturer	Туре	No	Calibration	Calibration
Spectrum Analyser	R&S	FSU46	REF910	28/05/2015	28/05/2016
Ferrite Lined Chamber	Rainford	ATS	REF886	21/07/2014	21/07/2016
Biconical Antenna	EMCO	3109	RFG095	09/05/2013	09/05/2016
Log Periodic Antenna	EMCO	3146	RFG191	09/05/2013	09/05/2016

14.5 Test Results

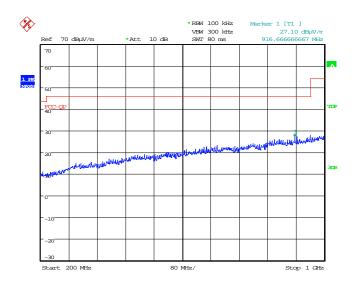
Detector	Freq. (MHz)	Meas'd Emission (dBµV)	Cable Loss (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Pre-amp Gain (dB)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Field Strength (µV/m)	Limit (µV/m)
No emissions were detected within 10 dB of the limit								

Unintentional Radiated Spurious Emission



Date: 22.JAN.2016 14:08:05

30 MHz - 200 MHz



Date: 22.JAN.2016 14:04:15

200 MHz – 1 GHz

15 Measurement Uncertainty

Calculated Measurement Uncertainties

All statements of uncertainty are expanded standard uncertainty using a coverage factor of 1.96 to give a 95% confidence:

[1] Radiated emissions

Uncertainty in test result (9 kHz - 30 MHz) = 2.3 dB Uncertainty in test result (30 MHz - 1GHz) = 4.6 dB

[2] AC power line conducted emissions

Uncertainty in test result = 3.4 dB

[3] Occupied bandwidth

Uncertainty in test result = 15.5%

16 General SAR test reduction & exclusion guidance

KDB 447498

Section 4.3 General SAR test reduction and exclusion guidance

For Standalone SAR exclusion consideration, when SAR Exclusion Threshold requirement in KDB 447498 is satisfied, standalone SAR evaluation for general population exposure conditions by measurement or numerical simulation is not required.

The SAR Test Exclusion Threshold for frequency range below 100 MHz will be determined as follows.

SAR Exclusion Threshold (SARET) = Step 2 * Step 3

Step 1

$$NT = [(MP/TSD^{A}) * \sqrt{f_{GHz}}]$$

NT = Numeric Threshold (3.0 for 1-g SAR and 7.5 for 10-g SAR)

MP = Max Power of channel (mW) (including tune-up tolerance)

TSD^A = Min Test separation Distance or 50mm (whichever is lower) = 5mm

(in this case)

We can transpose this formula to allow us to find the maximum power of a channel allowed and compare this to the measured maximum power.

$$= [(NT \times TSD^{A}) / \sqrt{f_{GHz}}]$$

Step 2

Step 2 = Step 1 +
$$(TSD^{B} - 50mm) * 10$$

TSD^B = Min Test separation Distance (mm) = 50

So,

Step 2 = Step 1 =
$$[(NT \times TSD^A) / \sqrt{f_{GHz}}]$$

Step 3

- a) the power threshold at the corresponding test separation distance at 100 MHz in step 2 is multiplied by [1 + log (100/ f_{MHz})] for test separation distances > 50 mm and < 200 mm
- b) the power threshold determined by the equation (a) for 50 mm and 100 MHz is multiplied by $\frac{1}{2}$ for test separation distances \leq 50 mm

SARET =
$$[(NT \times TSD^{A}) / \sqrt{0.1}] * [1 + log (100/ f_{MHz})] * 1/2$$

SARET = $[(3.0 \times 50) / \sqrt{0.1}] * [1 + log (100/ 10.6)] * 1/2$
SARET = 468 mW

The calculated output power is $6.0 \times 10^{-10} \, \text{mW}$ (eirp) and is less than the SAR Exclusion Threshold of 468 mW, at a test separation distance $\leq 50 \, \text{mm}$, for general population and uncontrolled exposure. Therefore standalone SAR evaluation for general population exposure conditions by measurement or numerical simulation is not required.

17 MPE Calculation

Prediction of MPE limit at a given distance

For purposes of these requirements mobile devices are defined by the FCC as transmitters designed to be used in other than fixed locations and to generally be used in such a way that a separation distance of at least 20 centimeters is normally maintained between radiating structures and the body of the user or nearby persons. These devices are normally evaluated for exposure potential with relation to the MPE limits. As the 20cm separation specified under FCC rules may not be achievable under normal operation of the EUT, an RF exposure calculation is needed to show the minimum distance required to be less than the power density limit, as required under FCC rules.

Equation from IEEE C95.1

$$S = \frac{EIRP}{4\pi R^2}$$
 re-arranged $R = \sqrt{\frac{EIRP}{S4\pi}}$

Where:

S = power density

R = distance to the centre of radiation of the antenna

EIRP = EUT Maximum power

Result

Prediction Frequency (MHz)	Maximum EIRP (mW)	Power density limit (S) (mW/cm ²)	Distance (R) cm required to be less than the power density limit
10.6	6.0 x 10 ⁻¹⁰	1.6	5.5 x 10 ⁻⁶

Note: EIRP is calculated from maximum radiated field strength.