Appendix F: MPE Calculation

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## 47 CFR §§1.1307 and 2.1091

2.1091 Radio frequency radiation exposure evaluation: mobile devices.

For purposes of these requirements mobile devices are defined by the FCC as transmitters designed to be used in other than fixed locations and to generally be used in such a way that a separation distance of at least 20 centimetres is normally maintained between radiating structures and the body of the user or nearby persons. These devices are normally evaluated for exposure potential with relation to the MPE limits. As the 20cm separation specified under FCC rules may not be achievable under normal operation of the EUT, an RF exposure calculation is needed to show the minimum distance required to be less than 1mW/cm² power density limit, as required under FCC rules.

## Prediction of MPE limit at a given distance

Equation from page 18 of OET Bulletin 65, Edition 97-01

$$S = \frac{EIRP}{4 \pi R^2}$$
 re - arranged  $R = \sqrt{\frac{EIRP}{S 4 \pi}}$ 

where:

S = power density

EIRP = Equivalent Isotropic Radiated power

R = distance to the centre of radiation of the antenna

Sample No.	S14	
Maximum peak EIRP:	-9.0	dBm
Maximum peak EIRP:	0.13	mW
Power density limit	1	mW/cm <sup>2</sup>
Prediction frequency:	2440	MHz

## Result

Prediction Frequency (MHz)	Maximum peak EIRP: (mW)	Power density limit (S) (mW/cm²)	Distance (R) cm required to be less than 1mW/cm <sup>2</sup>
2480	0.13	1.000000	0.1