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EMI TEST REPORT for **CERTIFICATION of** FCC PART 15.225 & FCC PART 15.207 TRANSMITTER

FCC ID: TVN-MARS-24AT

Manufacturer: Magellan Technology Pty Limited Test Samples: Multiple Antenna Readers System

(MARS-24AT)

Model Number: MARS-24AT

Serial Numbers: **Production Prototype**

Date: 30th March 2012

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EMI TEST REPORT FOR CERTIFICATION FOR CERTIFICATION OF FCC Part 15.225 & FCC PART 15.207 TRANSMITTER

FCC ID: TVN-MARS-24AT EMC Technologies Report No. T120110_F Date: 30th March 2012

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EMI TEST REPORT FOR CERTIFICATION OF FCC PART 15.225 & FCC PART 15.207 TRANSMITTER

Report Number: T120110_F

Test Sample Names: Multiple Antenna Reader System (MARS-24AT)

Model Numbers: MARS-24AT

Serial Numbers: Production Prototype

FCC ID: TVN-MARS-24AT

Manufacturer: Magellan Technology Pty Limited

Tested For: Magellan Technology Pty Limited

Address: 65 Johnston Street

Annandale NSW 2038

Phone Number: +61 2 9562 9800 Fax Number: +61 2 9518 7620 Responsible Party: Mr Tai Wai Pong

Test Standards: FCC Part 15.225 Intentional Radiators

FCC Part 15.207 Conducted Limits

ANSI C63.4:2009 OET Bulletin No. 65

Test Dates: 15th February 2012 to 1st March 2012

Testing Officers:

Alan Wilcox Joel Mulig

Attestation: I hereby certify that the device(s) described herein were

tested as described in this report and that the data included is that which was obtained during such testing.

Authorised Signature:

Christian Kai Facility Manager

EMC Technologies Pty Ltd

Issued by EMC Technologies Pty Ltd, Unit 3/87 Station Road, Seven Hills, NSW, 2147, Australia. Phone: +61 2 9624 2777 Fax: +61 2 9838 4050

EMI TEST REPORT FOR CERTIFICATION of FCC PART 15.225 & FCC PART 15.207 TRANSMITTER on the Multiple Antenna Reader System (MARS-24AT)

1.0 SUMMARY of RESULTS

This report details the results of EMI tests and measurements performed on the Multiple Antenna Reader System (MARS-24AT), Model:MARS-24AT, in accordance with the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) regulations as detailed in Title 47 CFR, Part 15 Rules for intentional radiators. All results are detailed in this report. Conducted emissions and radiated emissions testing were performed with two different test setups. The firest set up was performed with two antennas connected (34-10-000 and 31-10-024). The second setup was performed with one antenna connected (34-10-005).

Part 15.31e

Amplitude stability with supply variation: Complied

Part 15.207

Conducted Emissions: Complied *

Part 15.225 a. b &c

Carrier Signal Field Strength 13.110 – 14.010MHz: Complied

Part 15.225 d (15.209)

Field Strength Outside 9kHz – 30MHz: Complied

Part 15.225 e

Frequency Tolerance: Complied

2.0 GENERAL INFORMATION

2.1 General Description of Test Sample

Manufacturer : Magellan Technology Pty Limited

Test Samples : Multiple Antenna Reader System (MARS-24AT)

FCC ID : TVN-MARS-24AT

Model Number : MARS-24AT

Serial Number : Production Prototype

Part Number : 63-70-053

Equipment Type : Intentional Radiator

^{*} This measurement falls within the laboratorys measurement uncertainty.

2.2 Test Sample Description

FCC ID: TVN-MARS-24AT

The Multiple Antenna Reader System (MARS-24AT) is an RFID read/write device designed to meet the requirements to monitor, manage and control a large number of valuable items.

The MARS-24AT is capable of operating up to 24 antennas which can be arranged as required to operate 24 separate read/write stations. Only a single antenna can be activated at any one time.

The unit consists of external power supply, USB, general purpose I/O interface and Ethernet ports.

Power is provided from an external 12VDC power supply.

Each antenna port is electrically identical.

2.3 Technical Specifications and System Overview

Microprocessor Type : AT91RM9200

Crystal Frequencies : 50MHz, 27.12MHz, 18.432MHz

Transmission Frequencies : 13.56MHz Real Time Clock : 32.768kHz

Power Supply : Manufacturer: GlobTek

Model: GT-21097-5012

Input: 100-240VAC, 1.6A, 50-60Hz

Output: 12VDC, 4.17A

Antenna Type : External Inductive Loop

Data Cable : Ethernet cable minimum 3m in length

Antenna Cable : RCA Cable 3m in length

Refer to APPENDKIX G User Manual.

2.4 EUT Configurations

The EUT is to be tested as a tabletop unit with all ports connected.

2.5 Test Sample Auxiliary Equipment

The following auxiliary equipment will be used during the testing.

Laptop

USB A to mini-B cables, shielded cable

2 Test Tags Type TAGSTAR SYSTEMS ST-104-2.5" and TAGSTAR SYSTEMS IT-104

2.6 Test Sample Block Diagram

Refer to Appendix E, Block Diagram.

2.7 EUT Operational Conditions

Refer to Appendix J, Operational Description.

2.8 Modifications

No modifications were performed on the EUT in order to comply with the standards.

2.9 Test Procedure

Radiated Emissions measurements were performed in accordance with the procedures of ANSI C63.4:2009. The measurement distance for radiated emissions was 3 metres from the EUT for range 9kHz-1000MHz.

2.10 Test Facility

2.10.1 General

Conducted Emission measurements were performed at EMC Technologies Laboratory in Seven Hills, New South Wales, Australia. Radiated Emission measurements in the ranges 9kHz-1000MHz were performed at EMC Technologies' open area test site (OATS) situated at Upper Colo, NSW, Australia.

The above sites have been fully described in a report submitted to the FCC office. EMC Technologies Pty Ltd has FCC registration number 411703 and we have been designated by the Australian Communications and Media Authority under the APAC TELMRA and our designation number is AU0002 which will expire on the 31st December 2012.

2.10.2 NATA Accreditation

EMC Technologies is accredited in Australia to test to the following standards by the National Association of Testing Authorities (NATA).

"FCC Part 15 unintentional and intentional emitters in the frequency range 9kHz to 18GHz excluding TV receivers (15.117 and 15.119), TV interface devices (15.115), cable ready consumer electronic equipment (15.118), cable locating equipment (15.213) and unlicensed national information infrastructure devices (Sub part E)."

The current full scope of accreditation can be found on the NATA website: www.nata.asn.au

It also includes a large number of emission, immunity, SAR, EMR and Safety standards.

NATA is the Australian national laboratory accreditation body and has accredited EMC Technologies to operate to the IEC/ISO17025 requirements. A major requirement for accreditation is the assessment of the company and its personnel as being technically competent in testing to the standards. This requires fully documented test procedures, continued calibration of all equipment to the National Standard at the National Measurements Institute (NMI) and an internal quality system to ISO 9002. NATA has mutual recognition agreements with the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP) and the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A²LA).

2.11 Units of Measurements

2.11.1 Conducted Emissions

Measurements are reported in units of dB relative to one microvolt (dBµV).

2.11.2 Radiated Emissions

Measurements are reported in units of dB relative to one microvolt per metre (dB μ V/m). The measurement distance was 3 metres from the EUT for ranges 9kHz-1000MHz.

2.12 Test Equipment Calibration

FCC ID: TVN-MARS-24AT

All measurement instrumentation and transducers were calibrated in accordance with the applicable standards by an independent NATA registered laboratory such as Agilent Technologies (Australia) Pty Ltd or the National Measurement Institute (NMI). All equipment calibration is traceable to Australia national standards at the National Measurement Institute. The reference antenna calibration was performed by NMI and the working antennas (biconical and log-periodic) calibrated by the NATA approved procedures. The complete list of test equipment used for the measurements, including calibration dates and traceability is contained in Appendix A of this report.

2.13 Ambients at OATS

The Open Area Test Site (OATS) is an area of low background ambient signals. No significant broadband ambients are present however commercial radio and TV signals exceed the limit in the FM radio, VHF and UHF television bands. Radiated prescan measurements were performed in the shielded enclosure to check for possible radiated emissions at the frequencies where the OATS ambient signals exceeded the test limit.

3.0 CONDUCTED EMISSION MEASUREMENTS

3.1 Test Procedure

The arrangement specified in ANSI C63.4:2009 was adhered to for the conducted EMI measurements. The EUT was placed in the RF screened enclosure and a CISPR EMI Receiver as defined in ANSI C63.2-1987 was used to perform the measurements.

The EMI Receiver was operated under program control using the Max-Hold function and automatic frequency scanning, measurement and data logging techniques. The specified 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz frequency range was sub-divided into sub-ranges to ensure that all duration peaks were captured.

3.2 Peak Maximizing Procedure

For each of the sub-ranges, the EMI receiver was set to continuous scan with the Peak detector set to Max-Hold mode. The Quasi-Peak detector was then invoked to measure the actual Quasi-Peak level of the most significant peaks which were detected.

The highest recorded EMI signals are shown on the Peaks List on the bottom right side of the graph. Peaks that were greater than 20dB below the limit were not measured. For each numbered peak the frequency, peak field strength, Quasi-peak field strength, Average field strength and the margin relative to the limit in dB is listed. A negative margin is the level below the limit.

3.3 Calculation of Voltage Levels

The voltage levels were automatically measured in software and compared to the test limit. The method of calculation was as follows:

 $V_{EMI} = V_{Rx} + L_{BPF}$

Where:

 V_{EMI} = The Measured EMI voltage in dB μ V to be compared to the limit.

 V_{Rx} = The Voltage in dB μ V read directly at the EMI receiver. L_{BPF} = The insertion loss in dB of the cables and the Limiter and

Pass Filter.

3.4 Plotting of Conducted Emission Measurement Data

The measurement data pertaining to each frequency sub-range were then concatenated to form a single graph of (peak) amplitude versus frequency. This was performed for both Active and Neutral lines and the composite graph was subsequently plotted. A list of the highest relevant peaks and the respective Quasi-Peak and Average values were also plotted on the graphs.

3.5 Conducted EMI Results

3.5.1 Transmitter Terminals Connected to Antenna

3.5.1.1 Testing performed on MARS-24AT with Antenna 34-10-000 & 31-10-024

Frequ Mh		Line	Measured QP Value dBμV	QP Limit dBμV	Δ QP ±dB	Measured Av. Value dBμV	AV Limit dBμV	∆AV ±dB
13.	56	Active	96.7	60.0	36.7	97.2	50.0	+47.2*
13.	56	Neutral	88.2	60.0	28.2	89.1	50.0	+39.1*
27.	12	Neutral	46.8	60.0	-13.2	44.5	50.0	-5.5
27.	12	Active	46.9	60.0	-13.1	44.7	50.0	-5.3

^{*} Fundamental Frequency of Transmitter

Note: The transmit carrier was excluded from the test with the antenna connected.

Conclusion: The highest emission was 27.12MHz on the Active line, which measured

greater than 10dB below the Quasi-peak and at least 5.3dB below the

Average limits.

Refer to Appendix I, Graphs 1 and 2.

3.5.1.2 Testing performed on MARS-24AT with Antenna 34-10-005

Frequency	Line	Measured	QP	ΔQP	Measured	AV	ΔAV
MHz		QP Value	Limit	±dB	Av. Value	Limit	±dB
		dΒμV	dΒμV		dBμV	dΒμV	
13.56	Neutral	94.4	60.0	34.4	93.7	50.0	+43.7*
13.56	Active	86.9	60.0	26.9	88.7	50.0	+38.7*
27.12	Active	55.7	60.0	-4.3	49.0	50.0	-1.0
27.12	Neutral	55.6	60.0	-4.4	48.8	50.0	-1.2
0.181	Active	39.8	64.4	-24.6	47.5	54.4	-6.9

^{*} Fundamental Frequency of Transmitter

Note: The transmit carrier was excluded from the test with the antenna connected.

Conclusion: The highest emission was 27.12MHz on the Active, which were

measured at at least 4.3dB below the Quasi-peak and 1.0dB below the

Average limits.

Refer to Appendix I Graphs 3 and 4.

3.5.2 Transmitter Terminals Terminated

FCC ID: TVN-MARS-24AT

3.5.2.1 Testing performed on MARS-24AT with Antenna Terminated

Frequency MHz	Line	Measured QP Value	QP Limit	∆ QP ±dB	Measured Av. Value	AV Limit	∆AV ±dB
		dΒμV	dΒμV		dΒμV	dBμV	
18.24	Active	45.2	60.0	-14.8	42.5	50.0	-7.5
18.24	Neutral	45.1	60.0	-14.9	42.5	50.0	-7.5
17.69	Active	44.6	60.0	-15.4	42.0	50.0	-8.0
17.69	Neutral	44.4	60.0	-15.6	41.8	50.0	-8.2
16.23	Active	44.4	60.0	-15.6	41.5	50.0	-8.5
16.23	Neutral	44.2	60.0	-15.8	41.2	50.0	-8.8
13.56	Active	41.0	60.0	-19.0	40.4	50.0	-9.6
19.71	Active	43.1	60.0	-16.9	40.3	50.0	-9.7
13.56	Neutral	40.7	60.0	-19.3	40.3	50.0	-9.7

Conclusion

The highest emission was 18.24MHz on the Active line, which were measured greater than 10dB below the Quasi-peak and at least 7.5dB below the Average limits.

Refer to Appendix I, Graphs 5 and 6.

3.6 Results of Conducted Emission Measurement

The EUT complied with the limits of FCC Rule Part 15 Subpart C – Intentional Radiators. Emissions at the fundamental frequency of 13.56 MHz are excluded from the results with the antenna loop connected.

4.0 RADIATED EMISSION MEASUREMENTS - 9 kHz to 1 GHz

4.1 Frequency Range of Radiated Measurements

The highest frequency of the EUT is 50MHz (refer to section 2.3 of this report).

Highest frequency generated or used in the device or on which the device operates or tunes [MHz]	Upper frequency of measurement range [MHz]
1.705 - 108	1000
108 – 500	2000
500 – 1000	5000
Above 1000	10 th harmonic of the highest frequency or 40 GHz, whichever is lower

According to the table in FCC Part 15, Section 15.33 and the highest radio frequency signal generated or used in the EUT is 50MHz, the radiated emissions measurement were performed from 9kHz to 1000MHz.

4.2 Test Procedure

FCC ID: TVN-MARS-24AT

Radiated emissions measurements were performed in accordance with the procedures of ANSI C63.4:2009 Radiated emission tests from 9 kHz to 1GHz were performed at the Open Area Test Site (OATS) an EUT distance of 3 metres. OET Bulletin 65 was used for reference.

The EUT was placed on a timber table 0.8m above an inground and operated in accordance with section 2 of this report. The EMI Receiver was operated under software control via the PC Controller.

4.2.1 0.009 - 30 MHz Range

The 0.009 MHz to 30 MHz test frequency range was sub-divided into smaller bands with sufficient frequency resolution to permit reliable display and identification of possible EMI peaks while also permitting fast frequency scan times. The EUT was slowly rotated with the Peak Detector set to Max-Hold. The receive loop antenna was set to 1m above the ground plane with the Quasi-Peak detector ON. The measurement data for each frequency range was automatically corrected by the software for cable losses, antenna factors and preamplifier gain and all data was then stored on disk in sequential data files. The orientation of the receive loop antenna was varied to ensure that the emissions were maximised. The EUT was further rotated through three orthogonal directions to ensure worst case emissions are measured. The carrier test was performed at the worst-case operation voltage.

Measurement distance:

If the measurements were performed at a distance closer than that specified in the regulation, then the results would have been extrapolated by using the square of an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (40 dB/decade) as described in Section 15.31 (f) (2).

4.2.2 30 - 1000 MHz Range

The 30 MHz to 1000 MHz test frequency range was sub-divided into smaller bands with sufficient frequency resolution to permit reliable display and identification of possible EMI peaks while also permitting fast frequency scan times. The EUT was slowly rotated with the Peak Detector set to Max-Hold. The EUT was further rotated through three orthogonal directions to ensure worst case emissions are measured. This was performed for two receiver antenna heights. Each significant peak was then investigated and maximised by rotating the turntable and scanning the height of the receiver antenna between 1 to 4 metres with the Quasi-Peak detector ON. The measurement data for each frequency range was automatically corrected by the software for cable losses, antenna factors and preamplifier gain and all data was then stored on disk in sequential data files. This process was performed for both horizontal and vertical receive antenna polarisation.

4.3 **Plotting of Measurement Data for Radiated Emissions**

4.3.1 0.009 - 30 MHz Range

The stored measurement data was combined to form a single graph which comprised of all the frequency sub-ranges over the range 0.009 – 30 MHz. The fundamental frequency was measured at the OATS. The worst case radiated EMI peak measurements as recorded using the Max-Hold data are presented as the RED trace while the respective ambient signals are presented as the lower or GREEN trace. Occasionally, an intermittent ambient arose during the EUT ON measurement (RED trace) and could not be captured when the Ambient trace was being stored. The ambient peaks of significant amplitude with respect to the limit are tagged with the "#" symbol while EMI peaks are identified with a numeral. Ambient peaks that were present during the EUT ON measurement (RED trace) and not captured during the AMBIENT measurement were also tagged with "#" symbol.

The highest recorded EMI signals are shown on the Peaks List on the bottom right hand side of the graph. For radiated EMI, each numbered peak is listed as a frequency, peak field strength, Quasi-peak field strength, limit and the margin relative to the limit in dB. A negative margin is the deviation of the recorded value below the limit. At times, the quasipeak level may appear to be higher than the peak level. This happens because the individual peak is further maximised with the QP detector AFTER the MAX-HOLD trace has been stored. This will be apparent when the peaks list at the foot of the graphs shows the quasi peak level higher than the peak level.

4.3.2 30 - 1000 MHz

The stored measurement data was combined to form a single graph which comprised of all the frequency sub-ranges over the range 30 - 1000 MHz. The accumulated EMI (EUT ON) was plotted as the Red trace while the Ambient signals (AMBIENT) were plotted as Green trace. The worst case radiated EMI peak measurements (as recorded using the Max-Hold data are presented as the upper or RED trace while the respective ambient signals are presented as the lower or GREEN trace. Occasionally, an intermittent ambient arose during the EUT ON measurement (RED trace) and could not be captured when the Ambient trace was being stored. The ambient peaks of significant amplitude with respect to the limit are tagged with the "#" symbol while EMI peaks are identified with a numeral. Ambient peaks that were present during the EUT ON measurement (RED trace) and not captured during the AMBIENT measurement were also tagged with "#" symbol.

The highest recorded EMI signals are shown on the Peaks List on the bottom right hand side of the graph. For radiated EMI, each numbered peak is listed as a frequency, peak field strength, Quasi-peak field strength, limit and the margin relative to the limit in dB. A negative margin is the deviation of the recorded value below the limit. At times, the quasipeak level may appear to be higher than the peak level. This happens because the individual peak is further maximised with the QP detector AFTER the MAX-HOLD trace has been stored. This will be apparent when the peaks list at the foot of the graphs shows the quasi peak level higher than the peak level.

4.4 Calculation of Field Strength

The field strength was calculated automatically by the software using all the pre-stored calibration data. The method of calculation is shown below:

E = V + AF - G + L

Ε = Radiated Field Strength in dBµV/m. Where:

> V = EMI Receiver Voltage in dBµV. (measured value) AF = Antenna Factor in dB/m (stored as a data array) = Preamplifier Gain in dB. (stored as a data array) G = Cable insertion loss in dB. (stored as a data array)

Example Field Strength Calculation

Assuming a receiver reading of 34.0 dBμV is obtained at 90 MHz, the Antenna Factor at that frequency is 9.2 dB. The cable loss is 1.9dB while the preamplifier gain is 20dB.

 $34.0 + 9.2 + 1.9 - 20 = 25.1 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V/m}$

4.5

4.5.1 Testing performed on MARS-24AT with Antenna 34-10-005

Radiated Field Strength Measurement Results – Section 15.225

4.5.1.1 13.56 MHz Carrier Field Strength Measurement at 3m Atenna Distance

	Frequency	Peak Level	Limit @ 3m	Result
	MHz	dBμV/m	dBμV/m	± dB
ĺ	13.56	66.8	124.0	-59.7

The mains supply was varied as per Section 15.31e between 100V 60 Hz to 138V 60Hz to determine if the carrier amplitude varies with supply voltage. No variation was recorded. The test was performed at 120V 60Hz.

Complied with a margin of greater than 20dB with Section 15.225 Subpart a, b & c. Refer to Appendix I, Graph 7.

4.5.1.2 9 kHz to 30 MHz Field Strength Spurious Emissions at 3m Antenna Distance

Complied with a margin of greater than 10dB with Section 15.225 Supart d (15.209). **Refer to Appendix I, Graph 8.**

4.5.1.3 30 - 1000MHz Field Strength Spurious Emissions –Section 15.225 d (15.209) at 3m Antenna Distance

Frequency (MHz)	Rx Antenna Polarisation	Quasi Peak Level (dBμV/m)	Limit @ 3m (dBµV/m)	∆Result (dB)
54.24	Vertical	34.7	40.0	-5.3
40.68	Vertical	33.4	40.0	-6.6
122.07	Vertical	36.3	43.5	-7.2
115.24	Vertical	36.2	43.5	-7.3
116.67	Vertical	35.7	43.5	-7.8
116.41	Vertical	35.5	43.5	-8.0
230.51	Horizontal	37.4	46.0	-8.6
122.04	Horizontal	34.6	43.5	-8.9
117.07	Vertical	34.0	43.5	-9.5
116.76	Vertical	33.9	43.5	-9.6
250.00	Vertical	36.0	46.0	-10.0

Summary of Results

The highest radiated spurious emission was at least 5.3dB below the limit at 54.24 MHz for Vertical Polarisation. The highest 16 point on both Vertical and Horizontal are reported on the graphs Appendix I.

Refer to Appendix I, Graphs 9 and 10.

4.5.2 Testing performed on MARS-24AT with Antennas 31-10-024 & 34-10-000

4.5.2.1 13.56 MHz Carrier Field Strength Measurement at 3m Antenna Distance

Frequency	Peak Level	Limit @ 3m	Result
MHz	dBμV/m	dB _μ V/m	± dB
13.56	61.8	124.0	

The mains supply was varied as per Section 15.31e between 100V 60 Hz to 138V 60Hz to determine if the carrier amplitude varies with supply voltage. No variation was recorded. The test was performed at 120V 60Hz.

Complied with a margin of greater than 20dB with Section 15.225 Subpart a, b & c. Refer to Appendix I, Graph 11.

4.5.2.2 9 kHz to 30 MHz Field Strength Spurious Emissions at 3m Antenna Distance

Complied with a margin of greater than 10dB with Section 15.225 Supart d (15.209). **Refer to Appendix I, Graph 12.**

4.5.2.3 30 - 1000MHz Field Strength Spurious Emissions –Section 15.225 d (15.209) at 3m Antenna Distance

Frequency (MHz)	Rx Antenna Polarisation	Quasi Peak Level (dBμV/m)	Limit @ 3m (dBµV/m)	∆Result (dB)
54.25	Vertical	33.3	40.0	-6.7
40.68	Vertical	33.1	40.0	-6.9
250.00	Vertical	36.1	46.0	-9.9

Summary of Results

FCC ID: TVN-MARS-24AT

The highest radiated spurious emission was at least 6.7dB below the limit at 54.25 MHz for Vertical Polarisation. The highest 16 point on both Vertical and Horizontal are reported on the graphs Appendix I.

Refer to Appendix I, Graphs 13 and 14.

4.6 Results of Radiated Emission Measurement

The EUT complied with the limits of FCC Rule Part 15 Subpart C – Intentional Radiators. The highest radiated emissions was at least 5.3dB below the limit at 54.24MHz for vertical polarisation.

5.0 UNCERTAINTIES

FCC ID: TVN-MARS-24AT

EMC Technologies has evaluated the equipment and the methods used to perform the emissions testing. The estimated measurement uncertainties for emissions tests shown within this report are as follows:

Conducted Emissions

9kHz to 30 MHz ±3.2 dB

Radiated Emissions

The above expanded uncertainties are based on standard uncertainties multiplied by a coverage factor of k=2, providing a level of confidence of approximately 95%.

6.0 FREQUENCY TOLERANCE (FCC Part 15 Sections 15.225e)

The frequency stability of the unit was verified under abnormal operating supply voltage and temperature.

FCC Sub Part C Section 15.225 e.

Supply Voltage Variation

The mains supply was lowered from 120V 60Hz to 102V (85% of nominal supply) and maintained until the frequency was stable. The mains supply was then increased from 120V 60Hz to 138V (115% of nominal supply) and maintained until the frequency was stable.

Nominal Voltage	Temperature	Voltage Variation	Frequency Reading [MHz]	Frequency Variation [%]
120 V	20°C	85% (102 V)	13.5605	0.0000
120 V	20°C	115% (138 V)	13.5608	0.0022

Maximum Frequency Variation to Nominal Frequency:

13.5605	0.0022

The frequency tolerance of the carrier signal was maintained within \pm 0.01% of the operating frequency during the voltage variation test.

Temperature Variation

The ambient temperature with a supply voltage of 120V 60Hz was varied between -20°C and +50°C. At each 10°C interval the temperature was maintained until the EUT temperature had stabilised. The frequency of the carrier was observed at each 10°C increments and compared to the nominal frequency.

Nominal Voltage	Ambient Temperature	Frequency Reading [MHz]	Frequency Variation [%]
120 V	-20°C	13.5618	0.0096
120 V	-10°C	13.5618	0.0096
120 V	0°C	13.5618	0.0096
120 V	10°C	13.5618	0.0096
120 V	20°C	13.5605	0.0000
120 V	30°C	13.5615	0.0074
120 V	40°C	13.5618	0.0096
120 V	55°C	13.5618	0.0096
120 V	-20°C	13.5618	0.0096

Nominal Transmit Frequency	13.5605	
Maximum Frequency Variation to Nominal		
Frequency:		0.0096

The frequency tolerance of the carrier signal was maintained within \pm 0.01% of the operating frequency during the temperature variation test.

7.0 CONCLUSION

The Multiple Antenna Reader System (MARS-24AT) with Model: MARS-24AT, FCC ID: TVN-MARS-24AT, complied with the requirements of FCC Part 15 Rules for Intentional radiator when tested in accordance with FCC Part 15.31e, 15.207 and 15.225.

Part 15.31e

Amplitude stability with supply viariation: Complied

Part 15.207

Conducted Emissions: Complied *

Part 15.225 a, b &c

Carrier Signal Field Strength 13.110 – 14.010MHz: Complied

Part 15.225 d (15.209)

Field Strength Outside 9kHz – 30MHz: Complied

Part 15.225 e

Frequency Tolerance: Complied

^{*} This measurement falls within the laboratorys measurement uncertainty.

APPENDIXES

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