# SAR TESTREPORT

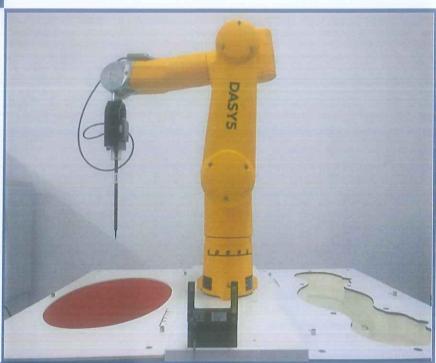
ISSUED BY Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.



# 802.11a/b/g/n/ac RTL8822CE Combo module

ISSUED TO Realtek Semiconductor Crop.

No. 2, Innovation Road II, Hsinchu Science Park, Hsinchu 300, Taiwan



Tested by:

Zong Liyao
(Engineer)

Date Augustus (Chief Engineer)

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Report No.: BL-SZ1970199-701

EUT Name: 802.11a/b/g/n/ac RTL8822CE Combo

module

Model Name RTL8822CE

Brand Name: Realtek

FCC ID: TX2-RTL8822CE

Test Standard: FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093

ANSI C95.1: 1999, IEEE 1528: 2013

Maximum SAR: Body 2.4GHz(1 g): 1.013 W/kg

Body 5GHz(1 g): 1.077 W/kg

Test Conclusion: Pass

Test Date: Aug. 08, 201

Aug. 08, 2019 ~ Aug. 13, 2019

Date of Issue: Aug. 26, 2019

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# **Revision History**

Version

Issue Date

**Revisions Content** 

Rev. 01

Aug. 26, 2019

Initial Issue

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# 1 GENERAL INFORMATION

# 1.1 Identification of the Testing Laboratory

Company Name	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co.,Ltd.
Address	Block B, 1st FL, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi
Address	Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province,P. R. China
Phone Number	+86 755 6685 0100
Fax Number	+86 755 6182 4271

# 1.2 Identification of the Responsible Testing Location

Test Location	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co.,Ltd.
A ddroop	Block B, 1st FL, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi
Address	Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
	The laboratory has been listed by Industry Canada to perform
	electromagnetic emission measurements. The recognition numbers
	of test site are 11524A-1.
	The laboratory is a testing organizatin accredited by FCC as a
Accreditation	accredited testing laboratory. The designation number is CN1196.
Certificate	The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by American
Certificate	Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) according to
	ISO/IEC 17025.The accreditation certificate is 4344.01.
	The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by China National
	Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS) according
	to ISO/IEC 17025. The accreditation certificate number is L6791.
	All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are
Description	located at Block B, FL 1, Baisha Science and Technology Park,
Description	Shahe Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province,
	P. R. China 518055

### 1.3 Test Environment Condition

Ambient Temperature	21°C to 23°C
Ambient Relative Humidity	37% to 48%
Ambient Pressure	100KPa to 102KPa



### 1.4 Announce

- (1) The test report reference to the report template version v2.2.
- (2) The test report is invalid if not marked with the signatures of the persons responsible for preparing and approving the test report.
- (3) The test report is invalid if there is any evidence and/or falsification.
- (4) The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein.
- (5) This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by BALUN and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section.
- (6) Content of the test report, in part or in full, cannot be used for publicity and/or promotional purposes without prior written approval from the laboratory.



### **2 PRODUCT INFORMATION**

### 2.1 Applicant Information

Applicant	Realtek Semiconductor Corp.		
Address	No. 2, Innovation Road II, Hsinchu Science Park, Hsinchu 300,		
Address	Taiwan		

### 2.2 Manufacturer Information

Manufacturer	N/A
Address	N/A

### 2.3 Factory Information

Factory	N/A
Address	N/A

# 2.4 General Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Name	802.11a/b/g/n/ac RTL8822CE Combo module	
Model Name Under Test	RTL8822CE	
Series Model Name	N/A	
Description of Model	N/A	
Name Differentiation	N/A	
Hardware Version	N/A	
Software Version	N/A	
Dimensions (Approx.)	N/A	
Weight (Approx.)	N/A	

### 2.4.1 Host Information:

Product Description	notebook computer
Model Name	Lenovo IdeaPad S540-13IML
Brand Name	Lenovo
Module Brand Name	Realtek
Module Model No.	RTL8822CE

Note: The Host supports two types of touch keyboard which is clickpad and force touch, the full SAR test were performed under clickpad configuration, and verify the worst case under another configuration.



### 2.4.2 Antenna Information:

			Antenna Gain (dBi)			
Antenna Port	Antenna Manufacturer	Antenna Type	2.4~2.4835	5.15~5.35	5.47~5.725	5.725~5.850
			GHz	GHz	GHz	GHz
Main	LUXSHARE-ICT	PIFA	0.73	-0.06	-1.99	-1.99
Auxiliary	LOXOTIVITE 101	PIFA	-1.68	-0.93	-0.20	-2.90
Main	Chaodwira	PIFA	-0.12	1.78	2.81	2.97
Auxiliary	Speedwire	PIFA	2.37	2.53	2.67	2.67

# 2.5 Ancillary Equipment

Note: not application.

### 2.6 Technical Information

Network and Wireless	WIFI 802.11a, 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n(HT20/40),
connectivity	802.11ac(VHT20/40/80);
Connectivity	Bluetooth

The requirement for the following technical information of the EUT was tested in this report:

Operating Mode	2.4G WLAN, 5G WLA	N, Bluetooth		
	802.11b/g /n(HT20/HT40)	2400 MHz ~ 2483.5 MHz		
	802.11 ac(VHT20/HT40)	2400 MHz ~ 2483.5 MHz		
Frequency Range	802.11a/n(HT20/	5150 MHz ~ 5250 MHz		
	HT40)	5250 MHz ~ 5350 MHz		
	/ac(VHT20/VHT40/	5470 MHz ~ 5725 MHz		
	VHT80)	5725 MHz ~ 5850 MHz		
	Bluetooth	2400 MHz ~ 2483.5 MHz		
Antenna Type	WLAN: PIFA Antenna			
Antenna Type	Bluetooth: PIFA Antenna			
Hotspot Function	N/A			
Exposure	Conoral Deputation/LL	naontrollod evenegure		
Category	General Population/U	ncontrolled exposure		
EUT Stage	Portable Device			
Draduat	Туре			
Product	□ Production unit	☐ Identical prototype		
Note: The product s	upports two types of too	uch keyboard which is clickpad and force touch, the full		
SAR test were perfo	ormed under clickpad co	onfiguration, and verify the worst case under another		
configuration.				



# **3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULT**

# 3.1 Test Standards

No.	Identity	Document Title		
1	47 CFR Part 2	Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules		
I	47 CFR Pail 2	and Regulations		
2	ANSI/IEEE Std.	IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure		
	C95.1-1999	to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz		
	IEEE Std.	Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average		
3		Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless		
	1528-2013	Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques		
4	FCC KDB 447498	Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and		
4	D01 v06	Equipment Authorization Policies		
5	FCC KDB 865664	SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz		
5	D01 v01r04	SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz		
6	FCC KDB 865664	DE Evaceura Departing		
6	D02 v01r02	RF Exposure Reporting		
7	KDB 248227 D01	SAR Cuidence for IEEE 902.44 (Mi Ei) Transmitters		
	v02r02	SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) Transmitters		
8	KDB 616217	SAR for lantan and tablata		
0	D04v01r02	SAR for laptop and tablets		



### 3.2 Device Category and SAR Limit

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user.

Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.

### Table of Exposure Limits:

	SAR Value (W/Kg)				
Body Position	General Population/	Occupational/			
	Uncontrolled Exposure	ControlledExposure			
Whole-Body SAR	0.08	0.4			
(averaged over the entire body)	0.00	0.4			
Partial-Body SAR	1.60	8.0			
(averaged over any 1 gram of tissue)	1.00	8.0			
SAR for hands, wrists, feet and					
ankles	4.0	20.0			
(averaged over any 10 grams of tissue)					

### NOTE:

General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure: Locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. General population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Occupational/Controlled Exposure: Locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.



# 3.3 Test Result Summary

# 3.3.1 Highest SAR (1 g Value)

Band	Antenna	Maximum Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Maximum Report SAR (W/kg)
		Body	Body
2.4G WLAN	Main Antenna	1.013	
2.4G WLAN	Aux. Antenna	0.726	
5.3G WLAN	Main Antenna	0.805	
5.3G WLAN	Aux. Antenna	0.764	4.077
5.6G WLAN	Main Antenna	0.916	1.077
5.6G WLAN	Aux. Antenna	0.933	
5.8G WLAN	Main Antenna	1.062	
5.8G WLAN	Aux. Antenna	1.077	
Lin	nit (W/kg)	1.60	
,	Verdict	F	Pass



# 3.4 Test Uncertainty

According to KDB 865664 D01, when the highest measured 1 g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval.

The maximum 1 g SAR for the EUT in this report is 1.077 W/kg, which is lower than 1.5 W/kg, so the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis is not required in this report.



### 4 MEASUREMENT SYSTEM

### 4.1 Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) Definition

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density ( $\rho$ ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg) SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma E^2}{\rho}$$

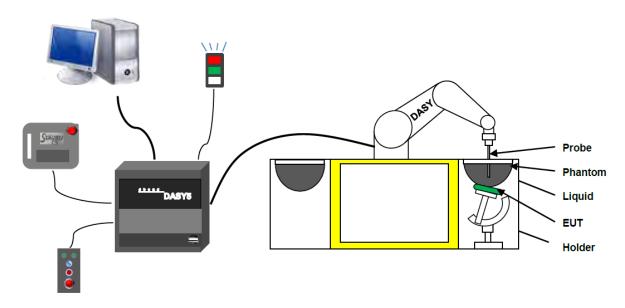
Where:  $\sigma$  is the conductivity of the tissue,

pis the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.



## 4.2 DASY SAR System

### 4.2.1 DASY SAR System Diagram



The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- 1. A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- 2. A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- 3. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- 4. A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.
- 5. The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY5 measurement server.
- 6. The DASY5 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation.
- 7. DASY5 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.
- 8. Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- 9. The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.
- 10. The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- 11. Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- 12. System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.



### 4.2.2 Robot

The Dasy SAR system uses the high precision robots. Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system For the 6-axis controller system, Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents). The robot series have many features that are important for our application:



- High precision (repeatability ±0.02 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs
  (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brush less synchron motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference (motor control \_elds shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)



### 4.2.3 E-Field Probe

The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquids with high permittivities for the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe EX3DV4-SN:3748 with following specifications is used.

Construction Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system

Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic

solvents, e.g., glycolether)

Calibration ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available

Frequency 10 MHz to 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)

Directivity ± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis); ± 0.4 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe

axis)

Dynamic range  $5 \mu W/g$  to > 100 mW/g; Linearity:  $\pm 0.2 dB$ 

Dimensions Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 9 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 10 mm) Distance from

probe tip to dipole centers: 1.0 mm

Application General dosimetry up to 3 GHz Compliance tests of mobile phones Fast automatic

scanning in arbitrary phantoms (EX3DV4)



### **E-Field Probe Calibration Process**

Probe calibration is realized, in compliance with CENELEC EN 62209-1/-2 and IEEE 1528 std, with CALISAR, Antennessa proprietary calibration system. The calibration is performed with the EN 62209-1/2 annexe technique using reference guide at the five frequencies.



### 4.2.4 Data Acquisition Electronics

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converte and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.



- Input Impedance: 200MOhm
- The Inputs: Symmetrical and Floating
- · Commom Mode Rejection: Above 80dB



### 4.2.5 Phantoms

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.



- ·Left hand
- ·Right hand
- ·Flat phantom

### **Photo of Phantom SN1857**



Serial Number	Material	Length	Height
SN 1857 SAM	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced	1000	500



Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with the latest draft of the standard IEC 62209 Part II and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI4 has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points.



·Flat phantom

# Photo of Phantom SN1012

Serial Number	Shell Thickness (mm)	Major ellipse axis (mm)	Minor axis ( mm )
SN 1012 ELI4	2.0 ± 0.2	600	500



### 4.2.6 Device Holder

The DASY5 device holder has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear openings). The plane between the ear openings and the mouth tip has a rotation angle of 65°. The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. This device holder is used for standard mobile phones or PDA"s only. If necessary an additional support of polystyrene material is used. Larger DUT"s (e.g. notebooks) cannot be tested using this device holder. Instead a support of bigger polystyrene cubes and thin polystyrene plates is used to position the DUT in all relevant positions to find and measure spots with maximum SAR values. Therefore those devices are normally only tested at the flat part of the SAM.



The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. Incompliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1°.



### 4.2.7 Simulating Liquid

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5%.



The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquid and the theoretical Conductivity/Permittivity.

grand grand grand			ad (Referen	•				
Frequency	Water	Sugar	Cellulose	Salt	Preventol	DGBE	Conductivity	Permittivity
(MHz)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	σ (S/m)	3
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
900	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.97	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.4	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0.1	0	44.9	1.80	39.2
2600	54.9	0	0	0.1	0	45.0	1.96	39.0
Frequency	Water	H	lexyl Carbito	l	Triton	X-100	Conductivity	Permittivity
(MHz)	(%)		(%)		(%	6)	σ (S/m)	3
5200	62.52		17.24		17.24		4.66	36.0
5800	62.52		17.24		17.24		5.27	35.3
		Body (F	rom instrun	nent manu	facturer)			
Frequency	Water	Sugar	Cellulose	Salt	Preventol	DGBE	Conductivity	Permittivity
(MHz)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	σ (S/m)	ε
750	51.7	47.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.96	55.5
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
900	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	1.05	55.0
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	00.0	0	0	0.1	0	31.3	1.95	52.7
2430	68.6	U	U	0.1	•	01.0		
2600	68.2	0	0	0.1	0	31.7	2.16	52.5
2600	68.2					31.7		
			0		0	31.7	2.16	52.5
2600	68.2		0 DGBE		0 Sa	31.7 alt 6)	2.16 Conductivity	52.5 Permittivity



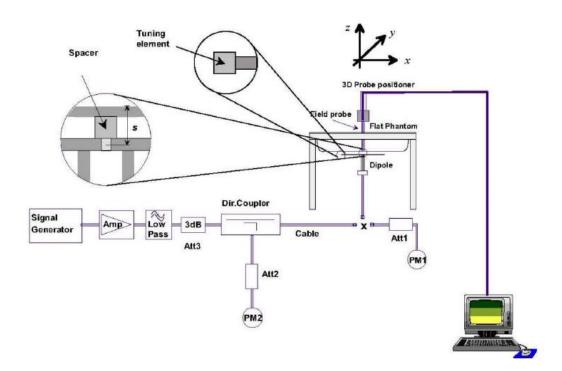
### 5 SYSTEM VERIFICATION

### 5.1 Purpose of System Check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

### 5.2 System Check Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:

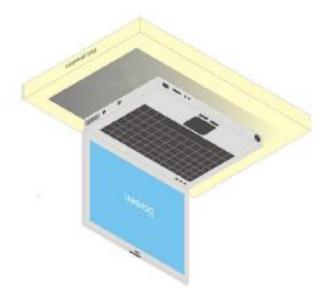




### 6 TEST POSITION CONFIGURATIONS

### 6.1 Laptop Exposure Condition

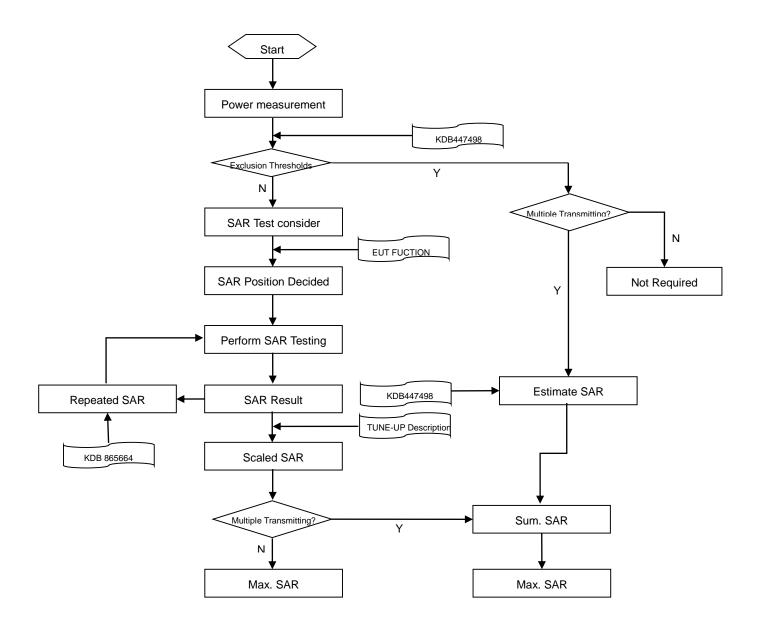
This DUT should consider one position which is bottom of laptop touching with phantom 0 mm air gap and the screen portion of the device shall be an open position at a 90° angle.





# 7 MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

# 7.1 Measurement Process Diagram





### 7.2 SAR Scan General Requirement

Probe boundary effect error compensation is required for measurements with the probe tip closer than half a probe tip diameter to the phantom surface. Boththe probe tip diameter and sensor offset distance must satisfy measurement protocols; to ensure probe boundary effect errors are minimized and the higher fields closest to the phantom surface can be correctly measured and extrapolated to the phantom surface for computing 1 g SAR. Tolerances of the post-processing algorithms must be verified by the test laboratory for the scan resolutions used in the SAR measurements, according to the reference distribution functions specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013.

			≤3GHz	>3GHz		
Maximum distance from o	closest meas	surement point	5±1 mm	½·δ·ln(2)±0.5 mm		
(geometric center of prob	e sensors) t	o phantom surface	J±1 IIIIII	/2 0 III(2)±0.3 IIIIII		
Maximum probe angle fro	om probe axi	s to phantom surface	30°±1°	20°±1°		
normal at the measurement location			30 11	20 11		
			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm	3–4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm		
			2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm		
			When the x or y dimension of t	he test device, in the		
Maximum area scan spat	ial resolutior	n: Δx Area , Δy Area	measurement plane orientation	n, is smaller than the above, the		
			measurement resolution must	be ≤ the corresponding x or y		
			dimension of the test device wi	ith at least one measurement		
			point on the test device.			
Maximum zoom agan and	stial recolution	un: Av Zoom Av Zoom	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm	3–4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*		
Maximum zoom scan spa	iliai resolulio	лг. Дх 200m , Ду 200m	2 –3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*		
				3–4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm		
	uniform grid: Δz Zoom (n)		≤ 5 mm	4–5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm		
Maximum zoom scan				5–6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm		
spatial resolution,		Δz Zoom (1): between		3–4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm		
normal to phantom		1st two points closest	≤ 4 mm	4–5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm		
surface	graded	to phantom surface		5–6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm		
	grid	Δz Zoom (n>1):				
		between subsequent	≤ 1.5·Δz 2	Zoom (n-1)		
		points				
Minimum zoom				3–4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm		
scan volume		x, y, z	≥30 mm	4–5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm		
Joan Volumo				5–6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm		

### Note:

- δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.
- 2. \*When zoom scan is required and the reported SAR from the area scan based 1 g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



### 7.3 Measurement Procedure

The following steps are used for each test position

- Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator. The connection between the mobile and the base station simulator is established via air interface
- b. Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location. This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.
- c. Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16mm \* 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme.
- d. Around this point, a cube of 30 \* 30 \* 30 mm or 32 \* 32 \*32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 \* 5 or 8\*4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

### 7 4 Area & Zoom Scan Procedure

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. Area scan and zoom scan resolution setting follows KDB 865664 D01v01r04 quoted below.

When the 1 g SAR of the highest peak is within 2 dB of the SAR limit, additional zoom scans are required for other peaks within 2 dB of the highest peak that have not been included in any zoom scan to ensure there is no increase in SAR.



### 8 CONDUCTED RF OUPUT POWER

### 8.1 **WIFI**

### 8.1.1 2.4G WIFI (Main Antenna)

Band (GHz)	Mode	Channel	Freq. (MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power Limit (dBm)	SAR Test Require.
(GHZ)			, ,			·
		1	2412	19.80	20.00	Yes
	802.11b	6	2437	20.70	21.00	Yes
		11	2462	19.65	20.00	Yes
		1	2412	13.80	14.00	No
	802.11g	6	2437	20.60	21.00	No
		11	2462	14.60	15.00	No
		1	2412	14.15	14.50	No
	802.11n(HT20)	6	2437	20.10	20.50	No
2.4		11	2462	14.30	14.50	No
(2.4~2.4835)		3	2422	13.75	14.00	No
	802.11n(HT40)	6	2437	16.65	17.00	No
		9	2452	14.70	15.00	No
		1	2412	14.30	14.50	No
	802.11ac(VHT20)	6	2437	20.30	20.50	No
		11	2462	14.35	14.50	No
		3	2422	13.80	14.00	No
	802.11ac(VHT40)	6	2437	16.70	17.00	No
		9	2452	14.70	15.00	No

Note: According KDB 248227 D01 SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg.

Adjusted SAR = Report SAR \* (max power (OFDM)/ max power (DSSS)) = 1.013 \* (125.89 mw)/(125.89 mw) = 1.013 W/kg, so the 2.4GHz OFDM SAR test is not required.



### 8.1.2 2.4G WIFI (Aux. Antenna)

Band (GHz)	Mode	Channel	Freq. (MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power Limit (dBm)	SAR Test Require.
		1	2412	19.60	20.00	Yes
	802.11b	6	2437	20.65	21.00	Yes
		11	2462	19.75	20.00	Yes
		1	2412	13.60	14.00	No
	802.11g	6	2437	20.70	21.00	No
		11	2462	14.75	15.00	No
	802.11n(HT20)	1	2412	14.30	14.50	No
		6	2437	20.20	20.50	No
2.4		11	2462	14.20	14.50	No
(2.4~2.4835)	802.11n(HT40)	3	2422	13.65	14.00	No
		6	2437	16.75	17.00	No
		9	2452	14.60	15.00	No
		1	2412	14.35	14.50	No
	802.11ac(VHT20)	6	2437	20.25	20.50	No
		11	2462	14.25	14.50	No
		3	2422	13.65	14.00	No
	802.11ac(VHT40)	6	2437	16.80	17.00	No
		9	2452	14.60	15.00	No

Note: According KDB 248227 D01 SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq$  1.2 W/kg.

Adjusted SAR = Report SAR \* (max power (OFDM)/ max power (DSSS)) = 1.013 \* (125.89 mw)/(125.89 mw) = 1.013 W/kg, so the 2.4GHz OFDM SAR test is not required.



### 8.1.3 2.4G WIFI (Main + Aux.)

Band (GHz)	Mode	Channel	Freq. (MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power Limit (dBm)	SAR Test Require.
		1	2412	22.84	23.00	No
	802.11b	6	2437	23.72	24.00	No
		11	2462	21.82	22.00	No
		1	2412	16.75	17.00	No
	802.11g	6	2437	23.82	24.00	No
		11	2462	16.77	17.00	No
	802.11n(HT20)	1	2412	17.32	17.50	No
		6	2437	23.30	23.50	No
2.4		11	2462	17.29	17.50	No
(2.4~2.4835)	802.11n(HT40)	3	2422	15.80	16.00	No
		6	2437	19.86	20.00	No
		9	2452	16.85	17.00	No
		1	2412	17.23	17.50	No
	802.11ac(VHT20)	6	2437	23.33	23.50	No
		11	2462	17.30	17.50	No
		3	2422	15.80	16.00	No
	802.11ac(VHT40)	6	2437	19.86	20.00	No
		9	2452	16.75	17.00	No

Note: According KDB 248227 D01, simultaneous transmission provisions in KDB Publication 447498 should be used to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion for WLAN MIMO. If the sum of 1-g SAR single transmission SAR measurement is <1.6W/kg or SPLSR $\le$ 0.04, no additional SAR measurements for MIMO are required.



# 8.1.4 5G WIFI (Main Antenna)

Band	Mada	Channal	Freq.	Conducted	Tune-up Power	SAR Test
(GHz)	Mode	Channel	(MHz)	Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Require.
		36	5180	16.80	17.00	No
	802.11a	40	5200	16.80	17.00	No
		48	5240	16.80	17.00	No
		36	5180	17.20	17.50	No
	802.11n(HT20)	40	5200	17.15	17.50	No
		48	5240	17.30	17.50	No
5.2	802.11n(HT40)	38	5190	17.75	18.00	No
(5.15~5.25)	002.1111(11140)	46	5230	17.45	18.00	No
		36	5180	17.20	17.50	No
	802.11ac(VHT20)	40	5200	17.15	17.50	No
		48	5240	17.30	17.50	No
	802.11ac(VHT40)	38	5190	17.75	18.00	No
	002.1140(11140)	46	5230	17.45	18.00	No
	802.11ac(VHT80)	42	5210	17.65	18.00	No
		52	5260	17.50	18.00	No
	802.11a	60	5300	17.50	18.00	No
		64	5320	17.60	18.00	No
	802.11n(HT20)	52	5260	17.60	18.00	No
		60	5300	17.65	18.00	No
		64	5320	17.60	18.00	No
5.3	802.11n(HT40)	54	5270	17.40	18.00	Yes
(5.25~5.35)	002.1111(111.10)	62	5310	17.55	18.00	Yes
	802.11ac(VHT20)	52	5260	17.65	18.00	No
		60	5300	17.60	18.00	No
		64	5320	17.50	18.00	No
	802.11ac(VHT40)	54	5270	17.40	18.00	No
		62	5310	17.50	18.00	No
	802.11ac(VHT80)	58	5290	16.70	17.00	No
		100	5500	15.30	15.50	No
	802.11a	116	5580	14.10	14.50	No
		140	5700	15.30	15.50	No
		144	5720	16.30	16.50	No
		100	5500	15.30	15.50	No
	802.11n(HT20)	116	5580	14.20	14.50	No
5.6		140	5700	15.20	15.50	No
(5.47~5.725)		144	5720	16.20	16.50	No
		102	5510	16.65	17.00	No
	802.11n(HT40)	110	5550	16.25	16.50	No
		134	5670	16.15	16.50	No
		142	5710	17.35	17.50	No
	802.11ac(VHT20)	100	5500	15.30	15.50	No
	, -,	116	5580	14.20	14.50	No



		140	5700	15.10	15.50	No
		144	5720	16.30	16.50	No
		102	5510	16.65	17.00	No
	000 44 () (UT40)	110	5550	16.30	16.50	No
	802.11ac(VHT40)	134	5670	16.15	16.50	No
		142	5710	17.25	17.50	No
		106	5530	16.70	17.00	Yes
	802.11ac(VHT80)	122	5610	14.20	14.50	Yes
		138	5690	17.46	17.50	Yes
	802.11a	149	5745	17.45	17.50	Yes
		157	5785	17.35	17.50	Yes
		165	5825	17.30	17.50	Yes
	802.11n(HT20)	149	5745	17.30	17.50	No
		157	5785	17.25	17.50	No
		165	5825	17.15	17.50	No
5.8	000 44 - (UT40)	151	5755	16.30	16.50	No
(5.725~5.850)	802.11n(HT40)	159	5795	16.30	16.50	No
		149	5745	17.30	17.50	No
	802.11ac(VHT20)	157	5785	17.20	17.50	No
		165	5825	17.30	17.50	No
	000 44 () (	151	5755	16.25	16.50	No
	802.11ac(VHT40)	159	5795	16.25	16.50	No
	802.11ac(VHT80)	155	5775	15.30	15.50	No



# 8.1.5 5G WIFI (Aux. Antenna)

Band	Mada	Channal	Freq.	Conducted	Tune-up Power	SAR Test
(GHz)	Mode	Channel	(MHz)	Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Require.
		36	5180	16.80	17.00	No
	802.11a	40	5200	16.90	17.00	No
		48	5240	16.85	17.00	No
		36	5180	17.05	17.50	No
	802.11n(HT20)	40	5200	17.00	17.50	No
		48	5240	17.25	17.50	No
5.2	802.11n(HT40)	38	5190	17.70	18.00	No
(5.15~5.25)	802.1111(11140)	46	5230	17.45	18.00	No
		36	5180	17.00	17.50	No
	802.11ac(VHT20)	40	5200	17.10	17.50	No
		48	5240	17.10	17.50	No
	802.11ac(VHT40)	38	5190	17.75	18.00	No
	802.11ac(V11140)	46	5230	17.50	18.00	No
	802.11ac(VHT80)	42	5210	17.45	18.00	No
		52	5260	17.55	18.00	No
	802.11a	60	5300	17.60	18.00	No
		64	5320	17.50	18.00	No
	802.11n(HT20)	52	5260	17.45	18.00	No
		60	5300	17.45	18.00	No
		64	5320	17.50	18.00	No
5.3	802.11n(HT40)	54	5270	17.50	18.00	Yes
(5.25~5.35)	602.1111(H140)	62	5310	17.50	18.00	Yes
		52	5260	17.60	18.00	No
	802.11ac(VHT20)	20) 60 5300 17.55 18	18.00	No		
		64	5320	17.50	18.00	No
	802.11ac(VHT40)	54	5270	17.60	18.00	No
	602.11ac(VH140)	62	5310	17.50	18.00	No
	802.11ac(VHT80)	58	5290	16.70	17.00	No
		100	5500	15.35	15.50	No
	000.44	116	5580	14.35	14.50	No
	802.11a	140	5700	15.30	15.50	No
		144	5720	16.20	16.50	No
		100	5500	15.40	15.50	No
5.6	902 11n/UT20)	116	5580	14.35	14.50	No
5.6 (5.47~5.725)	802.11n(HT20)	140	5700	15.20	15.50	No
(0.41~0.120)		144	5720	16.20	16.50	No
		102	5510	16.80	17.00	No
	802.11n(HT40)	110	5550	16.15	16.50	No
	002.1111(11140)	134	5670	16.35	16.50	No
		142	5710	17.30	17.50	No
	802.11ac(VHT20)	100	5500	15.35	15.50	No



		116	5580	14.40	14.50	No
		140	5700	15.30	15.50	No
		144	5720	16.15	16.50	No
		102	5510	16.80	17.00	No
	000 44 () (LIT40)	110	5550	16.15	16.50	No
	802.11ac(VHT40)	134	5670	16.35	16.50	No
		142	5710	17.35	17.50	No
		106	5530	16.80	17.00	Yes
	802.11ac(VHT80)	122	5610	14.15	14.50	Yes
		138	5690	17.50	17.50	Yes
	802.11a	149	5745	17.35	17.50	Yes
		157	5785	17.30	17.50	Yes
		165	5825	17.30	17.50	Yes
	802.11n(HT20)	149	5745	17.20	17.50	No
		157	5785	17.30	17.50	No
		165	5825	17.35	17.50	No
5.8	802.11n(HT40)	151	5755	16.10	16.50	No
(5.725~5.850)		159	5795	16.35	16.50	No
		149	5745	17.35	17.50	No
	802.11ac(VHT20)	157	5785	17.30	17.50	No
		165	5825	17.15	17.50	No
	000 (4 () () () ()	151	5755	16.30	16.50	No
	802.11ac(VHT40)	159	5795	16.20	16.50	No
	802.11ac(VHT80)	155	5775	15.20	15.50	No



# 8.1.6 5G WIFI (Main+Aux. Antenna)

Band	Mode	Channel	Freq.	Conducted	Tune-up Power	SAR Test
(GHz)	Mode	Charlie	(MHz)	Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Require.
		36	5180	19.74	20.00	No
	802.11a	40	5200	19.94	20.00	No
		48	5240	19.74	20.00	No
		36	5180	20.21	20.50	No
	802.11n(HT20)	40	5200	20.18	20.50	No
		48	5240	20.29	20.50	No
5.2	802.11n(HT40)	38	5190	19.94	20.00	No
(5.15~5.25)	002.1111(11140)	46	5230	20.82	21.00	No
		36	5180	20.33	20.50	No
	802.11ac(VHT20)	40	5200	20.32	20.50	No
		48	5240	20.26	20.50	No
	802.11ac(VHT40)	38	5190	19.81	20.00	No
	602.11ac(VH140)	46	5230	20.72	21.00	No
	802.11ac(VHT80)	42	5210	17.93	18.00	No
		52	5260	20.81	21.00	No
	802.11a	60	5300	20.71	21.00	No
		64	5320	20.75	21.00	No
	802.11n(HT20)	52	5260	20.81	21.00	No
		60	5300	20.85	21.00	No
		64	5320	20.62	21.00	No
5.3	802.11n(HT40)	54	5270	20.73	21.00	No
(5.25~5.35)	602.1111(H140)	62	5310	18.81	19.00	No
		52	5260	20.87		No
	802.11ac(VHT20)	60	5300	20.90		No
		64	5320	20.89	21.00	No
	802.11ac(VHT40)	54	5270	20.80	21.00	No
		62	5310	18.74	19.00	No
	802.11ac(VHT80)	58	5290	17.81	18.00	No
		100	5500	18.41	18.50	No
	802.11a	116	5580	17.37	17.50	No
	002.114	140	5700	18.40	18.50	No
		144	5720	19.45	19.50	No
		100	5500	18.44	18.50	No
5.6	802.11n(HT20)	116	5580	17.36	17.50	No
(5.47~5.725)	002.1111(11120)	140	5700	18.28	18.50	No
(0.71~0.120)		144	5720	19.37	19.50	No
		102	5510	17.86	18.00	No
	802.11n(HT40)	110	5550	19.38	19.50	No
	002.1111(11140)	134	5670	18.24	18.50	No
		142	5710	20.32	20.50	No
	802.11ac(VHT20)	100	5500	18.35	18.50	No



		116	5580	17.24	17.50	No
		140	5700	18.35	18.50	No
		144	5720	19.39	19.50	No
		102	5510	17.82	18.00	No
	000 44 (\) (UT40\	110	5550	19.32	19.50	No
	802.11ac(VHT40)	134	5670	18.23	18.50	No
		142	5710	20.37	20.50	No
		106	5530	16.89	17.00	No
	802.11ac(VHT80)	122	5610	17.31	17.50	No
		138	5690	20.35	20.50	No
	802.11a	149	5745	20.46	20.50	Yes
		157	5785	20.38	20.50	Yes
		165	5825	20.37	20.50	Yes
	802.11n(HT20)	149	5745	20.23	20.50	No
		157	5785	20.42	20.50	No
		165	5825	20.42	20.50	No
5.8	802.11n(HT40)	151	5755	19.28	19.50	No
(5.725~5.850)		159	5795	19.43	19.50	No
		149	5745	20.37	20.50	No
	802.11ac(VHT20)	157	5785	20.30	20.50	No
		165	5825	20.32	20.50	No
	902 44 co/\/UT40\	151	5755	19.35	19.50	No
	802.11ac(VHT40)	159	5795	19.48	19.50	No
	802.11ac(VHT80)	155	5775	18.35	18.50	No

### Note:

1. For 5GHz SAR testing was performed on single antenna RF power in SISO mode that is larger to the single antenna RF power in MIMO mode, and for RF exposure assessment of MIMO mode simultaneous transmission used more conservative "Max. (B ant) + Max. (A ant) " method to determine SAR compliance. When the sum of 1-g SISO transmission SAR measurement is<1.6W/kg or SPLSR<0.04, 5G MIMO SAR test is not required.</p>

# 8.2 Bluetooth (Aux. Antenna)

Mode	GFSK			π/4-DQPSK		
Channel	0	39	78	0	39	78
Frequency (MHz)	2402	2441	2480	2402	2441	2480
Conducted Power (dBm)	5.10	4.62	4.91	4.63	4.21	4.38
Tune-up Power Limit (dBm)		5.50			5.00	
Mode		8-DPSK		-		
Channel	0	39	78	-	-	-
Frequency (MHz)	2402	2441	2480	-	-	-
Conducted Power (dBm)	4.80	4.30	4.55			
Tune-up Power Limit (dBm)		5.00				
Mode	BLE (1Mbps)			BLE (2Mbps)		
Channel	0	39	78	0	19	39
Frequency (MHz)	2402	2441	2480	2402	2440	2480





Conducted Power (dBm)	4.56	4.07	4.32	2.78	2.28	2.56
Tune-up Power Limit (dBm)		5.00			3.00	



# 9 TEST EXCLUSION CONSIDERATION

Please refer to the "BL-SZ1970199-Al internal photos".



## 9.1 SAR Test Consideration Table

According with FCC KDB 447498 D01, Appendix A, <SAR Test Exclusion Thresholds for 100 MHz  $^-$  6 GHz and  $\le$  50 mm> Table, this Device SAR test configurations consider as following :

### Main Antenna

Dond	Mode	Max. Cond	lucted Power	Test Position Configurations
Band	Mode	dBm	mW	Bottom Edge
	Dista	nce to User		7.05mm
	802.11b	21.00	125.89	Yes
WLAN	802.11g	21.00	125.89	No
2.4 G	802.11n(HT20)	20.50	112.20	No
2.40	802.11n(HT40)	17.00	50.12	No
	802.11ac(VHT20)	20.50	112.20	No
	802.11ac(VHT40)	17.00	50.12	No
	Dista	nce to User		7.05mm
	802.11a	17.00	50.12	No
WLAN	802.11n(HT20)	17.50	56.23	No
5.2 G	802.11n(HT40)	18.00	63.10	No
3.2 0	802.11ac(VHT20)	17.50	56.23	No
	802.11ac(VHT40)	18.00	63.10	No
	802.11ac(VHT80)	18.00	63.10	No
	Dista	nce to User		7.05mm
	802.11a	18.00	63.10	No
WLAN	802.11n(HT20)	18.00	63.10	No
5.3 G	802.11n(HT40)	18.00	63.10	Yes
0.00	802.11ac(VHT20)	18.00	63.10	No
	802.11ac(VHT40)	18.00	63.10	No
	802.11ac(VHT80)	17.00	50.12	No
	Dista	nce to User		7.05mm
	802.11a	15.50	35.48	No
WLAN	802.11n(HT20)	15.50	35.48	No
5.6 G	802.11n(HT40)	17.50	56.23	No
0.0 0	802.11ac(VHT20)	15.50	35.48	No
	802.11ac(VHT40)	17.50	56.23	No
	802.11ac(VHT80)	17.50	56.23	Yes
	Dista	nce to User		7.05mm
	802.11a	17.50	56.23	Yes
WLAN	802.11n(HT20)	16.50	44.67	No
5.8 G	802.11n(HT40)	17.50	56.23	No
3.0 3	802.11ac(VHT20)	17.50	56.23	No
	802.11ac(VHT40)	16.50	44.67	No
	802.11ac(VHT80)	16.50	44.67	No



### Aux. Antenna

Band	Mode	Max. Cond	lucted Power	Test Position Configurations
		dBm	mW	Bottom Edge
		ance to User	T	7.05mm
	802.11b	21.00	125.89	Yes
WLAN	802.11g	21.00	125.89	No
2.4 G	802.11n(HT20)	20.50	112.20	No
20	802.11n(HT40)	17.00	50.12	No
	802.11ac(VHT20)	20.50	112.20	No
	802.11ac(VHT40)	17.00	50.12	No
	Dista	ance to User		7.05mm
	802.11a	17.00	50.12	No
14/1 451	802.11n(HT20)	17.50	56.23	No
WLAN 5.2 G	802.11n(HT40)	18.00	63.10	Yes
5.2 G	802.11ac(VHT20)	17.50	56.23	No
	802.11ac(VHT40)	18.00	63.10	No
	802.11ac(VHT80)	18.00	63.10	No
	Dista	ance to User		7.05mm
	802.11a	18.00	63.10	No
	802.11n(HT20)	18.00	63.10	No
WLAN	802.11n(HT40)	18.00	63.10	Yes
5.3 G	802.11ac(VHT20)	18.00	63.10	No
	802.11ac(VHT40)	18.00	63.10	No
	802.11ac(VHT80)	17.00	50.12	No
	Dista	ance to User		7.05mm
	802.11a	15.50	35.48	No
	802.11n(HT20)	15.50	35.48	No
WLAN	802.11n(HT40)	17.50	56.23	No
5.6 G	802.11ac(VHT20)	15.50	35.48	No
	802.11ac(VHT40)	17.50	56.23	No
	802.11ac(VHT80)	17.50	56.23	Yes
	` '	ance to User		7.05mm
	802.11a	17.50	56.23	Yes
	802.11n(HT20)	16.50	44.67	No
WLAN	802.11n(HT40)	17.50	56.23	No
5.8 G	802.11ac(VHT20)	17.50	56.23	No
	802.11ac(VHT40)	16.50	44.67	No
	802.11ac(VHT80)	16.50	44.67	No
	` ,	ance to User		7.05mm
Bluetooth	BR/EDR	5.50	3.55	No
	BLE	5.00	3.16	No

## Note:

 Maximum power is the source-based time-average power and represents the maximum RF output power including tune-up tolerance among production units



- Per KDB 447498 D01, for larger devices, the test separation distance of adjacent edge configuration is determined by the closest separation between the antenna and the user.
- 3. Per KDB 447498 D01, standalone SAR test exclusion threshold is applied; If the distance of the antenna to the user is < 5mm, 5mm is used to determine SAR exclusion threshold
- 4. Per KDB 447498 D01, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]  $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\le 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR

- a. f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- b. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- c. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- d. For < 50 mm distance, we just calculate mW of the exclusion threshold value (3.0) to do compare.
- 5. Per KDB 447498 D01, at 100 MHz to 6 GHz and for test separation distances > 50 mm, the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following
  - a. [Threshold at 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance 50 mm)·( f(MHz)/150)] mW, at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz
  - b. [Threshold at 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance 50 mm)·10] mW at > 1500 MHz and ≤ 6 GHz
- Per KDB 248227 D01 SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.
  - a. When KDB Publication 447498 D01 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
  - b. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq$  1.2 W/kg.
- 7. Per KDB 248227 D01 SAR is not required for the following U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands conditions.
  - a. When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band for that configuration (802.11 mode and exposure condition); otherwise, each band is tested independently for SAR.
  - b. When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration; otherwise, each band is tested independently for SAR.



# **10 TEST RESULT**

## 10.1 **WIFI 2.4GHz**

Mode	Antenna manufacturer	Antenna	Position	Dist. (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power Drift (dB)	1 g Meas. SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle (%)	Duty Cycle Factor	1 g Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. No.
204,				0	6	2437	0.11	0.945	20.70	21.00	1.072	100.00	1.000	1.013	1#
000 441	LUXSHARE-ICT	Main	Bottom Side	0	1	2412	-0.14	0.593	19.80	20.00	1.047	100.00	1.000	0.621	/
802.11b				0	11	2462	0.06	0.703	19.65	20.00	1.084	100.00	1.000	0.762	/
	Speedwire	Main	Bottom Side	0	6	2437	0.09	0.583	20.70	21.00	1.072	100.00	1.000	0.625	/
	LUXSHARE-ICT	Aux.	Bottom Side	0	6	2437	-0.12	0.414	20.65	21.00	1.084	100.00	1.000	0.449	/
802.11b				0	6	2437	-0.08	0.670	20.65	21.00	1.084	100.00	1.000	0.726	2#
002.110	Speedwire	Aux.	Bottom Side	0	1	2412	-0.12	0.482	19.60	20.00	1.096	100.00	1.000	0.529	/
				0	11	2462	-0.14	0.592	19.75	20.00	1.059	100.00	1.000	0.627	/
Body-Wors	e Case for force tou	ıch keyboaı	rd												
802.11b	LUXSHARE-ICT	Main	Bottom Side	0	6	2437	-0.03	0.773	20.70	21.00	1.072	100.00	1.000	0.828	/
002.110	Speedwire	Aux.	Bottom Side	0	6	2437	-0.19	0.563	20.65	21.00	1.084	100.00	1.000	0.610	/
Note: Refer	to ANNEX C for the	detailed test	data for each test cor	figuration.						·		·		·	



# 10.2 **WIFI 5GHz**

Fre. Band	Mode	Antenna manufacturer	Antenna	Position	Dist. (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power Drift (dB)	10 g Meas. SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle (%)	Duty Cycle Factor	10 g Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. No.
Body	T															
		LUXSHARE-ICT	Main	Bottom Side	0	62	5310	0.20	0.726	17.55	18.00	1.109	100.00	1.000	0.805	3#
		20/01/1/12 101	Wall	Bottom Glad	0	54	5270	-0.14	0.659	17.40	18.00	1.148	100.00	1.000	0.757	/
5.3G	802.1n	Speedwire	Main	Bottom Side	0	62	5310	0.10	0.441	17.55	18.00	1.109	100.00	1.000	0.489	/
0.00	(HT40)	LUXSHARE-ICT	Aux.	Bottom Side	0	62	5310	-0.04	0.681	17.50	18.00	1.122	100.00	1.000	0.764	4#
		EOXONARE TOT	Aux.	Bottom olde	0	54	5270	-0.10	0.619	17.50	18.00	1.122	100.00	1.000	0.695	/
		Speedwire	Aux.	Bottom Side	0	62	5310	-0.02	0.569	17.50	18.00	1.122	100.00	1.000	0.638	/
					0	138	5690	0.11	0.908	17.46	17.50	1.009	100.00	1.000	0.916	5#
		LUXSHARE-ICT	Main	Bottom Side	0	106	5530	0.03	0.722	16.70	17.00	1.072	100.00	1.000	0.774	/
					0	122	5610	-0.17	0.685	14.20	14.50	1.072	100.00	1.000	0.734	/
					0	138	5690	0.12	0.867	17.46	17.50	1.009	100.00	1.000	0.875	/
		Speedwire	Main	Bottom Side	0	106	5530	0.05	0.437	16.70	17.00	1.072	100.00	1.000	0.468	/
5.00	802.1ac				0	122	5610	-0.09	0.350	14.20	14.50	1.072	100.00	1.000	0.375	/
5.6G	VHT80				0	138	5690	-0.02	0.933	17.50	17.50	1.000	100.00	1.000	0.933	6#
		LUXSHARE-ICT	Aux.	Bottom Side	0	106	5530	-0.09	0.821	16.80	17.00	1.047	100.00	1.000	0.860	/
					0	122	5610	0.06	0.751	14.15	14.50	1.084	100.00	1.000	0.814	/
					0	138	5690	-0.19	0.807	17.50	17.50	1.000	100.00	1.000	0.807	/
		Speedwire	Aux.	Bottom Side	0	106	5530	0.13	0.489	16.80	17.00	1.047	100.00	1.000	0.512	/
					0	122	5610	0.12	0.401	14.15	14.50	1.084	100.00	1.000	0.435	/
					0	149	5745	-0.02	1.050	17.45	17.50	1.012	100.00	1.000	1.062	7#
		LUXSHARE-ICT	Main	Bottom Side	0	157	5785	0.04	1.010	17.35	17.50	1.035	100.00	1.000	1.045	/
5.8G	802.1a				0	165	5825	0.12	0.871	17.30	17.50	1.047	100.00	1.000	0.912	/
		_			0	149	5745	0.05	0.962	17.45	17.50	1.012	100.00	1.000	0.973	/
		Speedwire	Main	Bottom Side	0	157	5785	-0.15	0.936	17.35	17.50	1.035	100.00	1.000	0.969	/





					0	165	5825	0.17	0.631	17.30	17.50	1.047	100.00	1.000	0.661	/
					0	149	5745	0.05	1.040	17.35	17.50	1.035	100.00	1.000	1.077	8#
		LUXSHARE-ICT	Aux.	Bottom Side	0	157	5785	-0.15	0.927	17.30	17.50	1.047	100.00	1.000	0.971	/
					0	165	5825	-0.08	0.998	17.30	17.50	1.047	100.00	1.000	1.045	/
					0	149	5745	-0.07	0.930	17.35	17.50	1.035	100.00	1.000	0.963	/
		Speedwire	Aux.	Bottom Side	0	157	5785	-0.13	0.867	17.30	17.50	1.047	100.00	1.000	0.908	/
					0	165	5825	0.12	0.619	17.30	17.50	1.047	100.00	1.000	0.648	/
		LUXSHARE-ICT	Main+Au x	Bottom Side	0	149	5745	-0.11	1.090	20.46	20.50	1.009	100.00	1.000	1.100	9#
Body-Worse Case for force touch keyboard																
E 9C	802.1a	LUXSHARE-ICT	Main	Bottom Side	0	149	5745	0.16	0.736	17.45	17.50	1.012	100.00	1.000	0.745	/
5.8G	002.1a	LUXSHARE-ICT	Aux.	Bottom Side	0	149	5745	-0.14	0.714	17.35	17.50	1.035	100.00	1.000	0.739	/
Nata Data																

Note: Refer to ANNEX C for the detailed test data for each test configuration.



## 11 SAR Measurement Variability

According to KDB 865664 D01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. Alternatively, if the highest measured SAR for both head and body tissue-equivalent media are  $\leq 1.45$  W/kg and the ratio of these highest SAR values, i.e., largest divided by smallest value, is  $\leq 1.10$ , the highest SAR configuration for either head or body tissue-equivalent medium may be used to perform the repeated measurement. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

### SAR repeated measurement procedure:

- 1. When the highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg, repeated measurement is not required.
- 2. When the highest measured SAR is >= 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20, or when the original or repeated measurement is >= 1.45 W/kg, perform a second repeated measurement.
- 4. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20, and the original, first or second repeated measurement is >= 1.5 W/kg, perform a third repeated measurement.

Frequency Band (MHz)	Wireless Band	Antenna Manufacturer	Antenna	RF Exposure Conditions	Test Position	Highest Measured SAR (W/kg)	Repeated SAR (Yes/No)	Highest  Measured SAR  (W/kg)	Largest to Smallest SAR Radio
2450	802.11b	LUXSHARE-ICT	Main Antenna	Body	Bottom Side	0.945	Yes	0.913	1.04
		LUXSHARE-ICT	Main Antenna	Body	Bottom Side	0.908	Yes	0.831	1.09
FC00	802.11ac	Speedwire	Main Antenna	Body	Bottom Side	0.867	Yes	0.844	1.03
5600	(VHT80)	LUXSHARE-ICT	Aux. Antenna	Body	Bottom Side	0.933	Yes	0.854	1.09
		Speedwire	Aux. Antenna	Body	Bottom Side	0.807	Yes	0.711	1.14
		LUXSHARE-ICT	Main Antenna	Body	Bottom Edge	1.050	Yes	1.030	1.02
		Speedwire	Main Antenna	Body	Bottom Edge	0.962	Yes	0.943	1.02
5800	802.11a	LUXSHARE-ICT	Aux. Antenna	Body	Bottom Edge	1.040	Yes	1.030	1.01
		Speedwire	Aux. Antenna	Body	Bottom Edge	0.930	Yes	0.881	1.06
		LUXSHARE-ICT	Main+Aux	Body	Bottom Edge	1.090	Yes	1.040	1.05



## 12 SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION

Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmitting antenna. When the sum of SAR 1g of all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit (SAR 1g 1.6 W/kg), the simultaneous transmission SAR is not required. When the sum of SAR 1g is greater than the SAR limit (SAR 1g 1.6 W/kg), SAR test exclusion is determined by the SAR to Peak Location Ratio (SPLSR).

According KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission:

- a) SPLSR =  $(SAR1 + SAR2)^{\Lambda^{1.5}} / R_i$  (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of  $[(x1-x2)^2 + (y1-y2)^2 + (z1-z2)^2]$ , where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
  - SAR1 is the highest reported or estimated SAR for the first of a pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas, in a specific test operating mode and exposure condition.
  - SAR2 is the highest reported or estimated SAR for the second of a pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas, in a specific test operating mode and exposure condition as the first.
- b) If SPLSR  $\leq 0.04$ , simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
- Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.</li>

### 12.1 Simultaneous Transmission Mode Considerations

NO.	Mode	2.4G WLAN & 5G WLAN & Bluetooth
NO.	iviode	Body
1	2.4 G WLAN (Main Antenna)	+ 2.4 G WLAN (Aux. Antenna)
2	2.4 G WLAN (Main Antenna)	+ Bluetooth (Aux. Antenna)
3	5 G WLAN (Main Antenna)	+ 5 G WLAN (Aux. Antenna)
4	5 G WLAN (Main Antenna)	+ Bluetooth (Aux. Antenna)

#### Note:

- The Auxiliary Antenna supports TX/RX function for WLAN and Bluetooth, and the Main Antenna supports TX/RX function for WLAN.
- 2. 2.4G WLAN and 5G WLAN does not support transmission together.



### 12.2 Estimated SAR Calculation

According to KDB 447498 D01, when standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR was estimated according to following formula to result in substantially conservative SAR values of <= 0.4 W/kg to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion.

Estimated SAR = 
$$\frac{Max.Tune\ Up\ Power(mw)}{Min\ Test\ Separation\ Dis\ tan\ ce} * \frac{\sqrt{f_{GHz}}}{x}$$
 (where  $_x$  = 7.5 for 1-g SAR )

If the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is used for estimated SAR calculation. When the test separation distance is > 50 mm, the 0.4 W/kg is used for SAR-1g.

#### Aux. Antenna

Band	Mode	Position	Antenna To user (mm)	SAR Testing	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Max. Tune-up Power (mW)	Frequency (GHz)	Calculation Distance/Gap (mm)	Estimated SAR (W/kg)
Bluetooth	GFSK	Bottom Side	5	NO	5.50	3.55	2.480	5	0.149
Note: For o	conservati	veness, 5mm is	s used to cal	culate the	estimated SA	λR.			



## 12.3 Sum SAR of Simultaneous Transmission

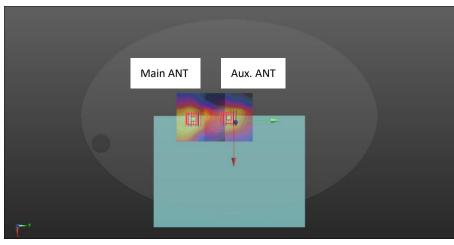
## 12.3.1 Highest Bluetooth and WLAN Sum Body SAR of Simultaneous Transmission

Simultaneous Mode	Mode	Max. 10g SAR	10g Sum SAR	SPLSR	
Simulaneous Mode	iviode	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	Num.	
Body (Separation 0 mm)					
2.4 G WLAN (Main Antenna)	2.4 G WLAN (Main Antenna)	1.013	1.739	1#	
+ 2.4 G WLAN (Auxiliary Antenna)	2.4 G WLAN (Auxiliary Antenna)	0.726	1.739	1#	
2.4 G WLAN (Main Antenna)	2.4 G WLAN (Main Antenna)	1.013	1.162	1	
+ Bluetooth (Auxiliary Antenna)	Bluetooth (Auxiliary Antenna)	0.149	1.102	,	
5 G WLAN (Main Antenna)	5.2 G WLAN (Main Antenna)	0.805	1.569	1	
+ 5 G WLAN (Auxiliary Antenna)	5.2 G WLAN (Auxiliary Antenna)	0.764	1.569	,	
5 G WLAN (Main Antenna)	5.6 G WLAN (Main Antenna)	0.916	1.849	2#	
+ 5 G WLAN (Auxiliary Antenna)	5.6 G WLAN (Auxiliary Antenna)	0.933	1.049	2#	
5 G WLAN (Main Antenna)	5.8 G WLAN (Main Antenna)	1.062	2.139	3#	
+ 5 G WLAN (Auxiliary Antenna)	5.8 G WLAN (Auxiliary Antenna)	1.077	2.139	3#	
5 G WLAN (Main Antenna)	5 G WLAN (Main Antenna)	1.062	1.211	,	
+ Bluetooth (Auxiliary Antenna)	Bluetooth (Auxiliary Antenna)	0.149	1.211	/	



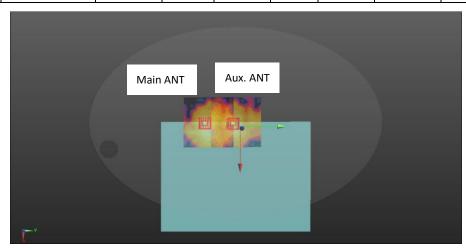
### SPLSR Analysis 1#

Test Mode	Position	Antenna	Reported 1g Max. SAR (W/kg)	Coordinates (m)  X Y Z			1g Sum SAR (W/kg)	3D Distance (mm)	SPLSR	Simultaneous SAR Test (Yes/No)
Lonton	Bottom	2.4 G WLAN (Main Antenna)	1.013	0.00443	-0.0726	-0.175	1.74	69.4	0.03	No
Laptop	Edge	2.4 G WLAN (Auxiliary Antenna)	0.726	0.00323	-0.00323	-0.175	1.74	o9.4	0.03	INO



### SPLSR Analysis 2#

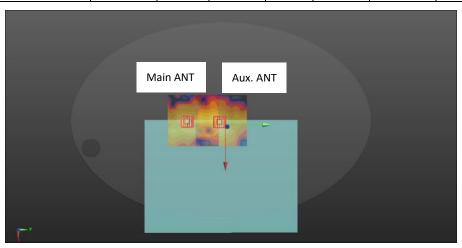
	0. 20.07										
	Test Mode	Reported Coordinates  1g Max. (m)					1g Sum	3D Distance	SPLSR	Simultaneous SAR Test	
		Position	Antenna	SAR (W/kg)	Х	Y	Z	SAR (W/kg)	(mm)	SFLOR	(Yes/No)
			5.6 G WLAN	0.916	0.00102	-0.059	-0.177				
	Laptop	Bottom	(Main Antenna)	0.010	0.00102	0.000	0.177	1.85	56.0	0.04	No
	Lарюр	Edge	5.6 G WLAN	0.933	0.00201	-0.00303	-0.177	1.00	30.0	0.04	NO
			(Auxiliary Antenna)	0.955	0.00201	-0.00303	-0.177				





### SPLSR Analysis 3#

Test Mode	Position	Antonna	Reported 1g Max.	C	coordinates (m)	3	1g Sum	3D Distance	SPLSR	Simultaneous SAR Test
		Antenna	SAR (W/kg)	Х	Y	Z	SAR (W/kg)	(mm)		(Yes/No)
Lonton	Bottom	5.8 G WLAN (Main Antenna)	1.062	0.00104	-0.059	-0.177	2.14	55.9	0.06	Yes
Laptop	Edge	5.8 G WLAN (Auxiliary Antenna)	1.077	0.00102	-0.00306	-0.177	2.14	55.9	0.06	ies



Note: Refer to ANNEX C for the detailed test data for MIMO Result



## **13 TEST EQUIPMENTS LIST**

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
PC	Dell	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2450MHz Validation Dipole	Speag	D2450V2	SN: 952	2017/03/21	2020/03/20
5GHz Validation Dipole	Speag	D5GHzV2	SN: 1200	2017/06/29	2020/06/28
E-Field Probe	Speag	EX3DV4	SN: 3748	2019/06/19	2020/06/18
Data Acquisition Electronics	Speag	DAE4	SN: 871	2019/06/27	2020/06/26
Signal Generator	R&S	SMBV100A	260592	2019/06/14	2020/06/13
Power Meter	Agilent	E4419B	GB40201833	2018/11/01	2019/10/31
Power Sensor	Agilent	E9300A	MY41498012	2018/11/01	2019/10/31
Power Sensor	Agilent	E9300A	MY41499891	2018/11/01	2019/10/31
Network Analyzer	R&S	ZVL-6	101380	2019/06/20	2020/06/19
Thermometer	Elitech	RC-4HC	N/A	2018/11/05	2019/11/04
Power Amplifier	SATIMO	6552B	22374	N/A	N/A
Dielectric Probe Kit	SATIMO	SCLMP	SN 25/13 OCPG56	N/A	N/A
Phantom1	Speag	SAM	SN: 1859	N/A	N/A
Phantom2	Speag	SAM	SN: 1857	N/A	N/A
Attenuator	COM-MW	ZA-S1-31	1305003187	N/A	N/A
Directional coupler	AA-MCS	AAMCS-UDC	000272	N/A	N/A

Note: For dipole antennas, BALUN has adopted 3 years as calibration intervals, and on annual basis, every measurement dipole has been evaluated and is in compliance with the following criteria:

- 1. There is no physical damage on the dipole;
- 2. System validation with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value;
- 3. Return-loss in within 20% of calibrated measurement.
- 4. Impedance (real or imaginary parts) in within 5 Ohms of calibrated measurement.



## ANNEX A SIMULATING LIQUID VERIFICATION RESULT

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using an SCLMP Dielectric Probe Kit.

Date	Liquid Type	Fre. (MHz)	Temp.	Meas. Conductivity (σ) (S/m)	Meas. Permittivity (ε)	Target Conductivity (σ) (S/m)	Target Permittivity (ε)	Conductivity Tolerance (%)	Permittivity Tolerance (%)
2019.08.11	Body	2450	21.4	2.01	50.96	1.95	52.70	3.08	-3.30
2019.08.13	Body	5250	21.6	5.19	49.81	5.36	48.95	-3.17	1.76
2019.08.09	Body	5600	21.4	5.62	47.51	5.77	48.47	-2.60	-1.98
2019.08.08	Body	5750	21.3	5.82	46.82	5.94	48.27	-2.02	-3.00

Note: The tolerance limit of Conductivity and Permittivity is± 5%.



## ANNEX B SYSTEM CHECK RESULT

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %(for 1 g).

Date	Liquid Type	Freq. (MHz)	Power (mW)	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Normalized SAR (W/kg)	Dipole SAR (W/kg)	Tolerance (%)	Targeted SAR(W/kg)	Tolerance (%)
2019.08.11	Body	2450	100	5.32	53.20	50.50	5.35	52.40	1.53
2019.08.13	Body	5250	100	7.840	78.40	75.20	4.26	76.50	2.48
2019.08.09	Body	5600	100	8.120	81.20	77.90	4.24	83.30	-2.52
2019.08.08	Body	5750	100	7.770	77.70	75.00	3.60	78.00	-0.38

Note: The tolerance limit of System validation  $\pm 10\%$ .



# System Performance Check Data (2450MHz Body)

Date: 2019.08.11

Communication System Band: D2450 (2450.0 MHz); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 2.008 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 50.957$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.4 Liquid Temperature:21.4

### **DASY5** Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3748; ConvF(7.14, 7.14, 7.14); Calibrated: 2019.06.19;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 2019.06.27

Phantom: ELI v4.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1012

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

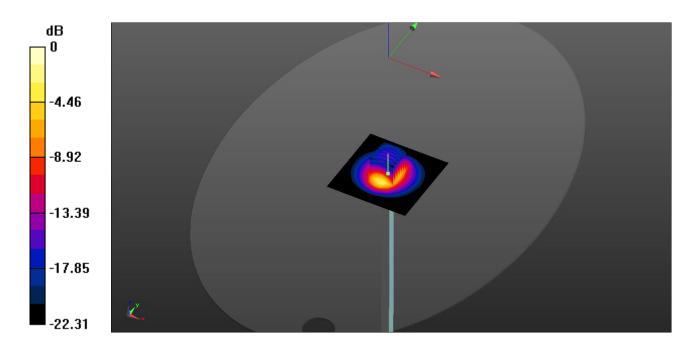
CW2450 BODY 100mW/Area Scan (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 5.95 W/kg

CW2450 BODY 100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.11 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.64 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 5.32 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.37 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.15 W/kg



0 dB = 6.15 W/kg



# System Performance Check Data (5250MHz Body)

Date: 2019.08.13

Communication System Band: D5GHz (5000.0 - 6000.0 MHz); Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.191 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 49.812;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.5 Liquid Temperature:21.6

### **DASY5** Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3748; ConvF(4.35, 4.35, 4.35); Calibrated: 2019.06.19;

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 2019.06.27

Phantom: ELI v4.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1012

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**CW5250 BODY 100mW /Area Scan (101x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 8.59 W/kg

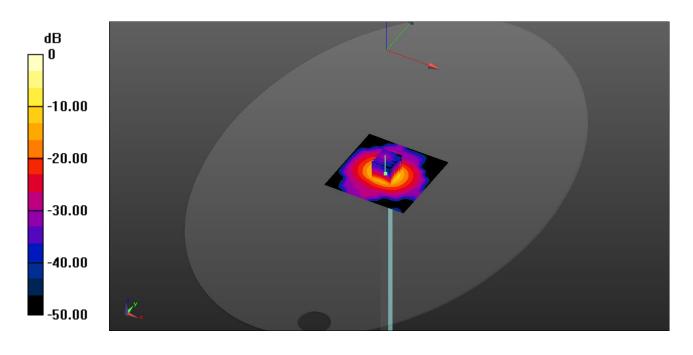
CW5250 BODY 100mW /Zoom Scan (7x7x21)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 43.77 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.26 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.84 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.19 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.8 W/kg



0 dB = 19.8 W/kg



# System Performance Check Data (5600MHz Body)

Date: 2019.08.09

Communication System Band: D5GHz (5000.0 - 6000.0 MHz); Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.622 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 47.508;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.2 Liquid Temperature:21.4

### **DASY5** Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3748; ConvF(3.78, 3.78, 3.78); Calibrated: 2019.06.19;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 2019.06.27

Phantom: ELI v4.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1012

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

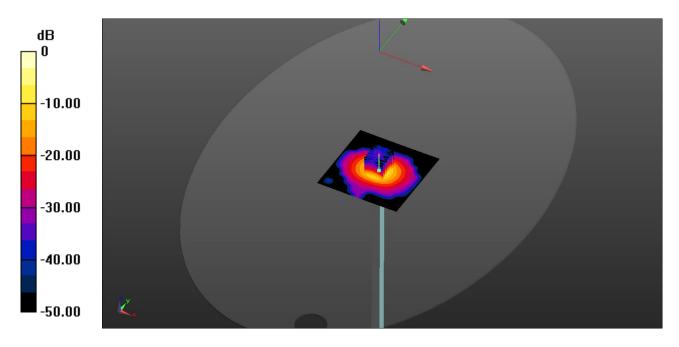
CW 5600 BODY 100mW /Area Scan (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 8.83 W/kg

CW 5600 BODY 100mW /Zoom Scan (7x7x21)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 40.82 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 36.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.12 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.27 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.6 W/kg



0 dB = 21.6 W/kg



# System Performance Check Data (5750MHz Body)

Date: 2019.08.08

Communication System Band: D5GHz (5000.0 - 6000.0 MHz); Frequency: 5750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 5750 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.822 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 46.817;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.3 Liquid Temperature:21.3

### **DASY5** Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3748; ConvF(3.88, 3.88, 3.88); Calibrated: 2019.06.19;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 2019.06.27

Phantom: ELI v4.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1012

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

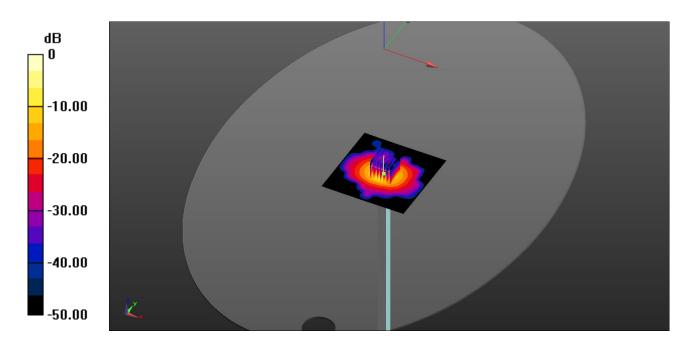
CW5750 BODY 100mW/Area Scan (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 8.42 W/kg

**CW 5750 BODY 100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x21)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 40.47 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.22 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.77 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.15 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.51 W/kg



0 dB = 19.51W/kg





## ANNEX C TEST DATA

# MEAS.1 Body Plane with Bottom Side on Middle Channel in 802.11b Mode with Antenna Main Date: 2019.08.11

Communication System Band: WLAN(b); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.977$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.435$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.4 Liquid Temperature:21.4

#### DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3748; ConvF(7.14, 7.14, 7.14); Calibrated: 2019.06.19;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 2019.06.27

Phantom: ELI v4.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1012

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

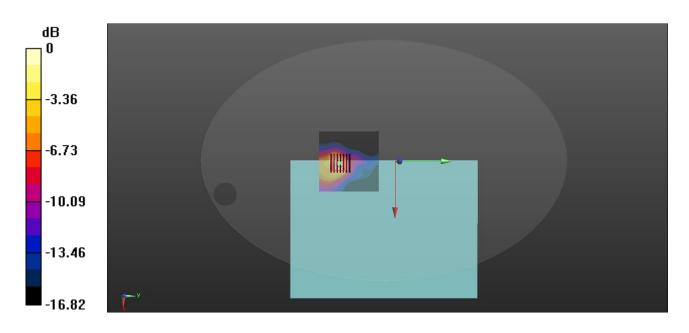
**Ch6/Area Scan (81x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.18 W/kg

Ch6/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.906 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.30 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.945 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.419 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.08 W/kg



0 dB = 1.08 W/kg



## MEAS.2 Body Plane with Bottom Side on Middle Channel in 802.11b Mode with Antenna Auxiliary Date:

2019.08.11

Communication System Band: WLAN(b); Frequency: 2437 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.977 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 51.435$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.4 Liquid Temperature:21.4

#### **DASY5** Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3748; ConvF(7.14, 7.14, 7.14); Calibrated: 2019.06.19;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 2019.06.27

Phantom: ELI v4.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1012

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch6/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.801 W/kg

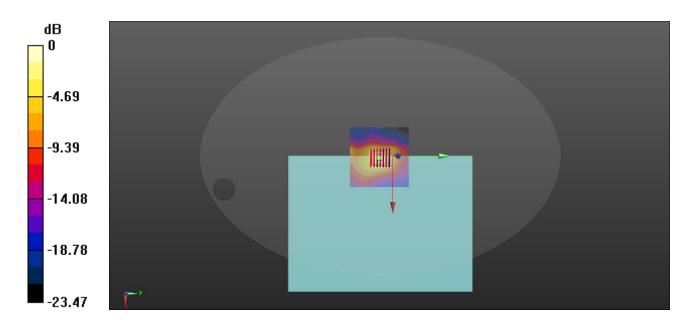
Ch6/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.21 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.63 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.670 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.292 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.765 W/kg



0 dB = 0.765 W/kg



# MEAS.3 Body Plane with Bottom Side on Channel 62 in 802.11n(HT40) Mode with Antenna Main Date: 2019.08.13

Communication System Band: WLAN(n)40Mhz; Frequency: 5310 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5310 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.297$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 49.205$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.5 Liquid Temperature:21.6

### DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3748; ConvF(4.35, 4.35, 4.35); Calibrated: 2019.06.19;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 2019.06.27

Phantom: ELI v4.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1012

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Ch62/Area Scan (101x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.721 W/kg

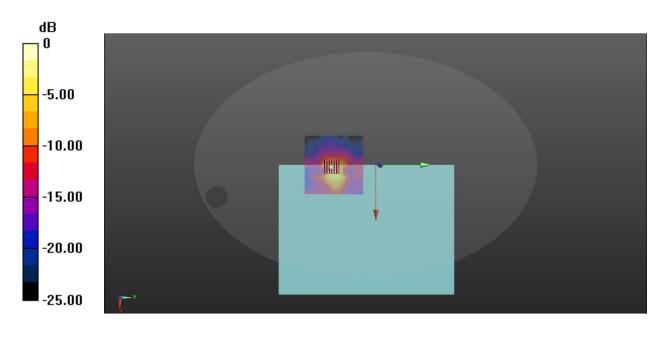
Ch62/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 3.451 V/m; Power Drift = 0.20 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.10 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.726 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.240 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.49 W/kg



0 dB = 1.49 W/kg



### MEAS.4 Body Plane with Bottom Side on Channel 62 in 802.11n(HT40) Mode with Antenna Auxiliary

Date: 2019.08.13

Communication System Band: WLAN(n)40Mhz; Frequency: 5310 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5310 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.297$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 49.205$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.5 Liquid Temperature:21.6

### **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3748; ConvF(4.35, 4.35, 4.35); Calibrated: 2019.06.19;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 2019.06.27
- Phantom: ELI v4.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1012
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

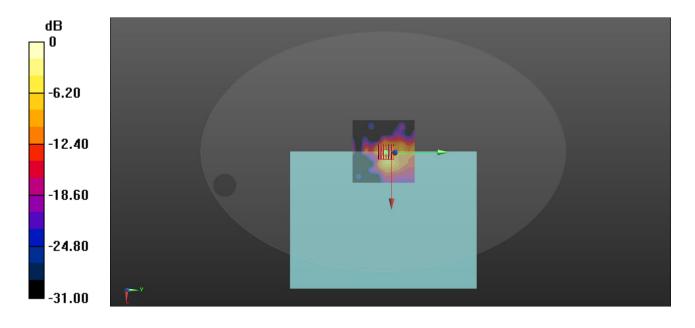
**Ch62/Area Scan (101x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.698 W/kg

Ch62/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 11.14 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.19 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.681 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.198 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.44 W/kg



0 dB = 1.44 W/kg



### MEAS.5 Body Plane with Bottom Side on Channel 138 in 802.11ac(VHT80) Mode with Antenna Main

Date: 2019.08.09

Communication System Band: WLAN(ac)80Mhz; Frequency: 5690 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 5690 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.821 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 47.249;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.2 Liquid Temperature:21.4

### DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3748; ConvF(3.78, 3.78, 3.78); Calibrated: 2019.06.19;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 2019.06.27

Phantom: ELI v4.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1012

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Ch138/Area Scan (101x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.974 W/kg

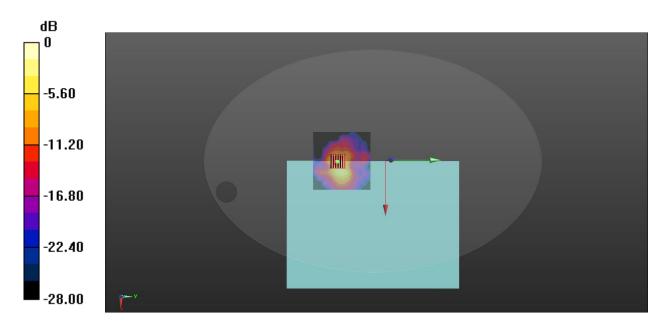
Ch138/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 1.097 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.00 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.908 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.308 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.84 W/kg



0 dB = 1.84 W/kg



### MEAS.6 Body Plane with Bottom Side on Channel 138 in 802.11ac(VHT80) Mode with Antenna Auxiliary

Date: 2019.08.09

Communication System Band: WLAN(ac)80Mhz; Frequency: 5690 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 5690 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.821 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 47.249;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.2 Liquid Temperature:21.4

#### **DASY5** Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3748; ConvF(3.78, 3.78, 3.78); Calibrated: 2019.06.19;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 2019.06.27

Phantom: ELI v4.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1012

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Ch138/Area Scan (101x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.943 W/kg

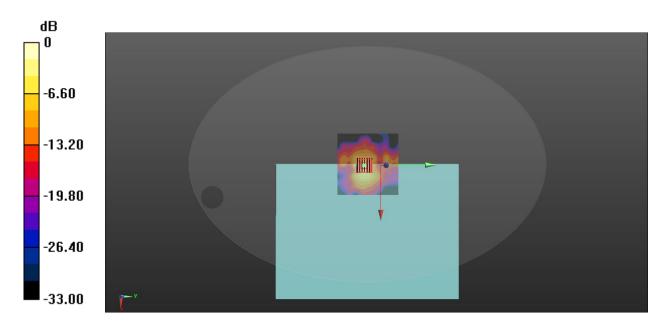
Ch138/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 11.20 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.89 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.933 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.320 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.85 W/kg



0 dB = 1.85 W/kg



### MEAS.7 Body Plane with Bottom Side on Channel 149 in 802.11a Mode with Antenna Main

Date: 2019.08.08

Communication System Band: WLAN(a); Frequency: 5745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 5745 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.795 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 46.955$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.3 Liquid Temperature:21.3

### **DASY5** Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3748; ConvF(3.88, 3.88, 3.88); Calibrated: 2019.06.19;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 2019.06.27

• Phantom: ELI v4.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1012

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Ch149/Area Scan (101x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.09 W/kg

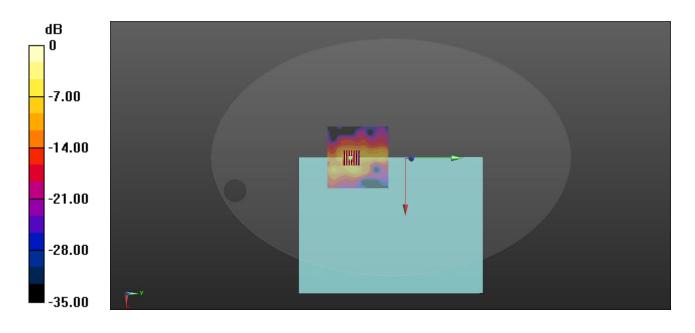
Ch149/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 5.517 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.92 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.05 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.312 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.15 W/kg



0 dB = 2.15 W/kg



### MEAS.8 Body Plane with Bottom Side on Channel 149 in 802.11a Mode with Antenna Auxiliary

Date: 2019.08.08

Communication System Band: WLAN(a); Frequency: 5745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 5745 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.795 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 46.955$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.3 Liquid Temperature:21.3

### **DASY5** Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3748; ConvF(3.88, 3.88, 3.88); Calibrated: 2019.06.19;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 2019.06.27

Phantom: ELI v4.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1012

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Ch149/Area Scan (101x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.07 W/kg

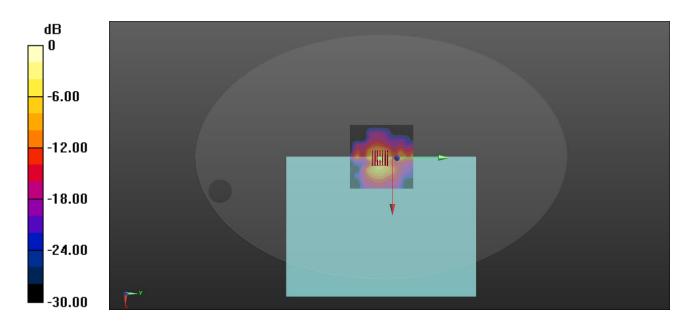
Ch149/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 12.55 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.45 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.04 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.332 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.09 W/kg



0 dB = 2.09 W/kg



### MEAS.9 Body Plane with Bottom Side on Channel 149 in 802.11a with Antenna Main& Auxiliary

Date: 2019.08.08

Communication System Band: WLAN(a); Frequency: 5745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 5745 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.795 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 46.955;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.3 Liquid Temperature:21.3

#### **DASY5** Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3748; ConvF(3.88, 3.88, 3.88); Calibrated: 2019.06.19;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 2019.06.27

• Phantom: ELI v4.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1012

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Ch149/Area Scan (101x201x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.17 W/kg

Ch149/Zoom Scan1 (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 12.58 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.77 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.09 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.360 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.19 W/kg

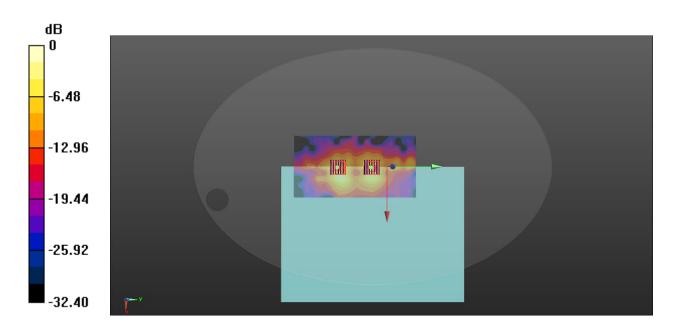
Ch149/Zoom Scan2 (7x7x12)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 12.58 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.32 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.998 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.341 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.97 W/kg





0 dB = 1.97 W/kg

## ANNEX D EUT EXTERNAL PHOTOS

Please refer the document "BL-SZ1970199-AW.pdf".

## ANNEX E SAR TEST SETUP PHOTOS

Please refer the document "BL-SZ1970199-AS.pdf".

## ANNEX F CALIBRATION REPORT

Please refer the document "CALIBRATION REPORT.pdf".

--END OF REPORT--