SAR TESTREPORT

ISSUED BY Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.



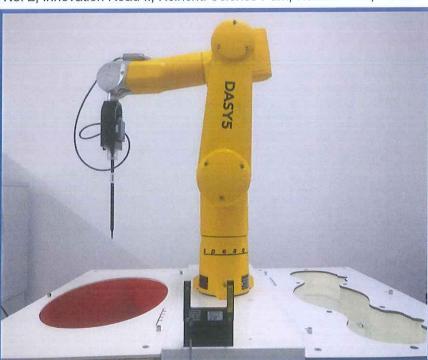
FOR

802.11a/b/g/n/ac RTL8821CE Combo

module

ISSUED TO Realtek Semiconductor Corp.

No. 2, Innovation Road II, Hsinchu Science Park, Hsinchu 300, Taiwan



Tested by: Zongliyon

Zong Liyao

(Engineer)

Date Sep. 05,2017

Approved by:

Wei Yanquan

(Chief Engineer)

Date Seg. es. an 7

Report No.: BL-SZ1770434-701

EUT Name: 802.11a/b/g/n/ac RTL8821CE Combo

Model Name RTL8821CE

Brand Name: REALTEK

FCC ID: TX2-RTL8821CE

Test Standard: FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093

ANSI C95.1: 1999

IEEE 1528: 2013

Maximum SAR: Body 2.4G WLAN (1 g): 0.474 W/kg

Body 5G WLAN (1 g): 1.084 W/kg

Test Conclusion: Pass

Test Date:

Date: Aug. 21, 2017 ~ Aug. 28, 2017

Date of Issue: Sep. 05, 2017

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Revision History

Version Issue Date Revisions Content

Rev. 01 Sep. 05, 2017 Initial Issue

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1 GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Identification of the Testing Laboratory

Company Name	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co.,Ltd.		
	Block B, 1st FL, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi		
Address	Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province,P. R.		
	China		
Phone Number	+86 755 6685 0100		
Fax Number +86 755 6182 4271			

1.2 Identification of the Responsible Testing Location

Test Location	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co.,Ltd.		
	Block B, 1st FL, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi		
Address	Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province,P. R.		
	China		
	The laboratory has been listed by Industry Canada to perform		
	electromagnetic emission measurements. The recognition numbers		
	of test site are 11524A-1.		
	The laboratory is a testing organizatin accredited by FCC as a		
Approditation	accredited testing laboratory. The designation number is CN1196.		
Accreditation Certificate	The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by American		
Certificate	Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) according to		
	ISO/IEC 17025.The accreditation certificate is 4344.01.		
	The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by China National		
	Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS) according		
	to ISO/IEC 17025. The accreditation certificate number is L6791.		
	All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are		
Description	located at Block B, FL 1, Baisha Science and Technology Park,		
Description	Shahe Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province,		
	P. R. China 518055		

1.3 Test Environment Condition

Ambient Temperature	20 to 23°C
Ambient Relative Humidity	37 to 51%
Ambient Pressure	100 to 102KPa



1.4 Announce

- (1) The test report reference to the report template version v2.2.
- (2) The test report is invalid if not marked with the signatures of the persons responsible for preparing and approving the test report.
- (3) The test report is invalid if there is any evidence and/or falsification.
- (4) The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein.
- (5) This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by BALUN and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section.
- (6) Content of the test report, in part or in full, cannot be used for publicity and/or promotional purposes without prior written approval from the laboratory.



2 PRODUCT INFORMATION

2.1 Applicant

Applicant	Realtek Semiconductor Corp.
Address	No. 2, Innovation Road II, Hsinchu Science Park, Hsinchu 300, Taiwan

2.2 Manufacturer

Manufacturer	Realtek Semiconductor Corp.			
Address	No. 2, Innovation Road II, Hsinchu Science Park, Hsinchu 300, Taiwan			

2.3 Factory Information

Factory	N/A
Address	N/A

2.4 General Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Name	802.11a/b/g/n/ac RTL8821CE Combo module		
Model Name Under Test	RTL8821CE		
Series Model Name	N/A		
Description of Model	N/A		
Name Differentiation	IV/A		
Hardware Version	N/A		
Software Version	N/A		
Dimensions (Approx.)	N/A		
Weight (Approx.)	N/A		
Network and Wireless	WIFI 802.11a, 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n(HT20/40),		
	802.11ac(HT20/40/80);		
connectivity	Bluetooth		

2.4.1 Host Information:

Product Description	Notebook Computer		
	Lenovo ideapad 720S-13IKB		
Model Name	Lenovo ideapad 720S Touch-13IKB		
	Lenovo ideapad 720S-13ARR		
	The equipment model Lenovo ideapad 720S-13IKB, Lenovo ideapad		
Description of Model 720S Touch-13IKB, Lenovo ideapad 720S-13ARR are the EU			
Name Differentiation	the electrical parameters and internal structure of circuit are same, only		
	the model name is different.		
brand	Lenovo		
Module Brand Name	REALTEK		
Module Model No.	RTL8821CE		



2.4.2 Antenna Information:

				a Gain (dBi)		
Antenna Port	Antenna Manufacturer	Antenna Type	2.4~2.4835	5.15~5.3	5.47~5.725	5.725~5.85
			GHz	5 GHz	GHz	GHz
AM149000C10 (main)	Amphonol	PIFA	-2.45	-1.57	-2.69	-1.68
AM149000C10 (AUX)	Amphenol	PIFA	-1.32	-0.79	-1.14	-1.14
AM149000C00 (main)	Luxshare-ICT	PIFA	-3.65	-1.23	-0.75	-2.22
AM149000C00 (AUX)	Luxsiidie-iCi	PIFA	0.70	-0.94	-1.18	-1.18
Note: The Main Antenna and the Auxiliary Antenna support WLAN/Bluetooth mode.						

2.5 Technical Information

The requirement for the following technical information of the EUT was tested in this report:

Operating Mode	2.4G WLAN, 5G WLAN, Bluetooth			
	802.11b/g /n(HT20/HT40)	2400 MHz ~ 2483	.5 MHz	
	802.11a/n(HT20/	5150 MHz ~ 5250	MHz	
Frequency Range	ge HT40) 5250 MHz ~ 5350 MHz	MHz		
	/ac(HT20/HT40/	5470 MHz ~ 5725 MHz		
	HT80)	5725 MHz ~ 5850 MHz		
	Bluetooth	2400 MHz ~ 2483.5 MHz		
Antenna Type	WLAN: PIFA Ante	nna		
Antenna Type	Bluetooth: PIFA A	ntenna		
Hotspot Function	N/A			
Power Reduction	Not Support			
Exposure Category General Population/Uncontrolled exposure			osure	
EUT Stage	Portable Device			
Draduct	Туре			
Product	☑ Production uni	t	☐ Identical prototype	



3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULT

3.1 Test Standards

No.	Identity	Document Title				
1	47 CFR Part 2	Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules				
Į į	47 CIR Fait 2	and Regulations				
2	ANSI/IEEE Std.	IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure				
	C95.1-1999	to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz				
	IEEE Std. 1528-	Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average				
3		Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless				
	2013	Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques				
4	FCC KDB 447498	Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and				
4	D01 v06	Equipment Authorization Policies				
5	FCC KDB 865664	SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz				
5	D01 v01r04	SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz				
6	FCC KDB 865664	DE Evocaura Danartina				
6	D02 v01r02	RF Exposure Reporting				
7	KDB 248227 D01	CAD Cuidenes for IEEE 902 44 (Mi Ei) Transmitters				
	v02r02	SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) Transmitters				
8	KDB 616217	SAR for lantan and tablata				
0	D04v01r02	SAR for laptop and tablets				



3.2 Device Category and SAR Limit

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user.

Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.

Table of Exposure Limits:

	SAR Value (W/Kg)					
Body Position	General Population/	Occupational/				
	Uncontrolled Exposure	ControlledExposure				
Whole-Body SAR	0.08	0.4				
(averaged over the entire body)	0.08	0.4				
Partial-Body SAR	1.60	8.0				
(averaged over any 1 gram of tissue)	1.60	8.0				
SAR for hands, wrists, feet and						
ankles	4.0	20.0				
(averaged over any 10 grams of tissue)						

NOTE:

General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure: Locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. General population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Occupational/Controlled Exposure: Locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.



3.3 Test Result Summary

3.3.1 Highest SAR (1 g Value)

Band	Antenna	Maximum Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Maximum Report SAR (W/kg)	
		Body	Body	
2.4G WLAN	Main Antenna	0.474		
2.4G WLAN	Auxiliary Antenna	0.310		
5.3G WLAN	Main Antenna	0.724		
5.3G WLAN	Auxiliary Antenna	0.637	4 004	
5.6G WLAN	Main Antenna	0.559	1.084	
5.6G WLAN	Auxiliary Antenna	1.084		
5.8G WLAN	Main Antenna	0.507		
5.8G WLAN	Auxiliary Antenna	0.643		
Limit (\	N/kg)	1.60		
Verdict		Pass		



3.4 Test Uncertainty

According to KDB 865664 D01, when the highest measured 1 g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval.

The maximum 1 g SAR for the EUT in this report is 1.084W/kg, which is lower than 1.5 W/kg, so the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis is not required in this report.



4 MEASUREMENT SYSTEM

4.1 Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) Definition

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg) SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma E^2}{\rho}$$

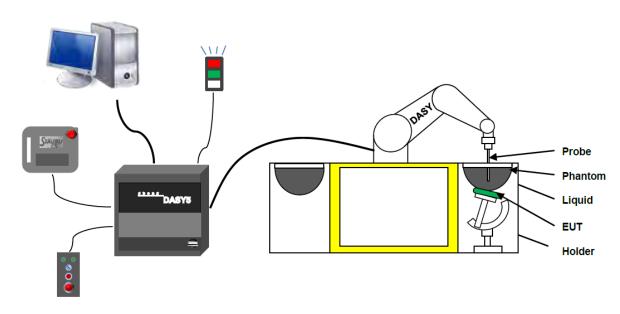
Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue,

pis the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.



4.2 DASY SAR System

4.2.1 DASY SAR System Diagram



The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- 1. A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- 2. A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, ADconversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- 4. A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.
- 5. The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY5 measurement server.
- 6. The DASY5 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation.
- 7. DASY5 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.
- 8. Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- 9. The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.
- 10. The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- 11. Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- 12. System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.



4.2.2 Robot

The Dasy SAR system uses the high precision robots. Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system For the 6-axis controller system, Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents). The robot series have many features that are important for our application:



- High precision (repeatability ±0.02 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs
 (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brush less synchron motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference (motor control _elds shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)



4.2.3 E-Field Probe

The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquids with high permittivities for the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe EX3DV4-SN:7340 with following specifications is used.

Construction Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection

systemBuilt-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to

organic solvents, e.g., glycolether)

Calibration ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available

Frequency 10 MHz to 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)

Directivity ± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis); ± 0.4 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe

axis)

Dynamic range $5 \mu W/g$ to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: $\pm 0.2 dB$

Dimensions Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 9 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 10 mm) Distance from

probe tip to dipole centers: 1.0 mm

Application General dosimetry up to 3 GHz Compliance tests of mobile phones Fast automatic

scanning in arbitrary phantoms (EX3DV4)



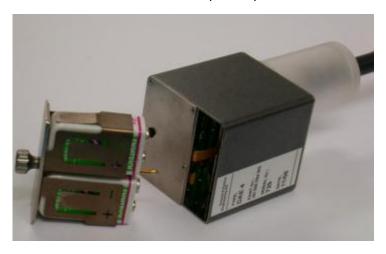
E-Field Probe Calibration Process

Probe calibration is realized, in compliance with CENELEC EN 62209-1/-2 and IEEE 1528 std, with CALISAR, Antennessa proprietary calibration system. The calibration is performed with the EN 62209-1/2 annexe technique using reference guide at the five frequencies.



4.2.4 Data Acquisition Electronics

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converte and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.



- Input Impedance: 200MOhm
- The Inputs: Symmetrical and Floating
- · Commom Mode Rejection: Above 80dB



4.2.5 Phantoms

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.



- ·Left hand
- ·Right hand
- ·Flat phantom

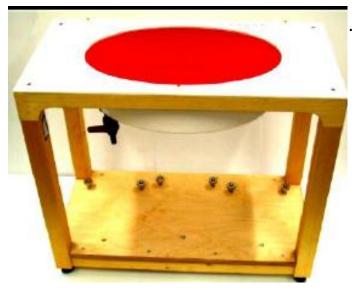
Photo of Phantom SN1857



Serial Number	Material	Length	Height
SN 1857 SAM	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced	1000	500



Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with the latest draft of the standard IEC 62209 Part II and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI4 has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points.



·Flat phantom

Photo of Phantom SN1012



	Serial Number	Shell Thickness (mm)	Major ellipse axis (mm)	Minor axis (mm)
I	SN 1012 ELI4	2.0 ± 0.2	600	500



4.2.6 Device Holder

The DASY5 device holder has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear openings). The plane between the ear openings and the mouth tip has a rotation angle of 65°. The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. This device holder is used for standard mobile phones or PDA"s only. If necessary an additional support of polystyrene material is used. Larger DUT"s (e.g. notebooks) cannot be tested using this device holder. Instead a support of bigger polystyrene cubes and thin polystyrene plates is used to position the DUT in all relevant positions to find and measure spots with maximum SAR values. Therefore those devices are normally only tested at the flat part of the SAM.



The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. Incompliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1°.



4.2.7 Simulating Liquid

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5%.



The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquid and the theoretical Conductivity/Permittivity.

The removing table give	Head (Reference IEEE1528)									
Frequency	Water	Sugar	Cellulose	Salt	Preventol	DGBE	Conductivity	Permittivity		
(MHz)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	σ (S/m)	3		
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9		
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5		
900	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.97	41.5		
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.4	40.0		
2450	55.0	0	0	0.1	0	44.9	1.80	39.2		
2600	54.9	0	0	0.1	0	45.0	1.96	39.0		
Frequency	Water	H	lexyl Carbito	ol	Triton	X-100	Conductivity	Permittivity		
(MHz)	(%)		(%)		(%	6)	σ (S/m)	3		
5200	62.52		17.24		17.24		4.66	36.0		
5800	62.52		17.24		17.24		5.27	35.3		
		Body (F	rom instrun	nent manu	facturer)					
Frequency	Water	Sugar	Cellulose	Salt	Preventol	DGBE	Conductivity	Permittivity		
(MHz)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	σ (S/m)	ε		
750	51.7	47.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.96	55.5		
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2		
900	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	1.05	55.0		
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3		
2450	68.6	0	0	0.1	0	31.3	1.95	52.7		
2600	68.2	0	0	0.1	0	31.7	2.16	52.5		
F (MIL)	NA / (DGBE		Sa	alt	Conductivity	Permittivity		
Frequency(MHz)	Water		(%)		(%	6)	σ (S/m)	ε		
5200	78.60		21.40		/		5.54	47.86		
5800	78.50		21.40		0.	1	6.0	48.20		



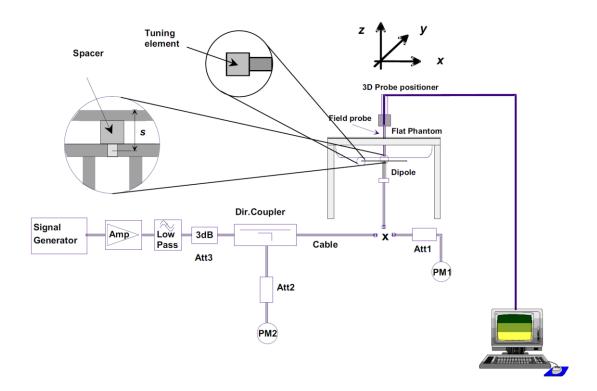
5 SYSTEM VERIFICATION

5.1 Purpose of System Check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

5.2 System Check Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:





6 TEST POSITION CONFIGURATIONS

6.1 Laptop Exposure Condition

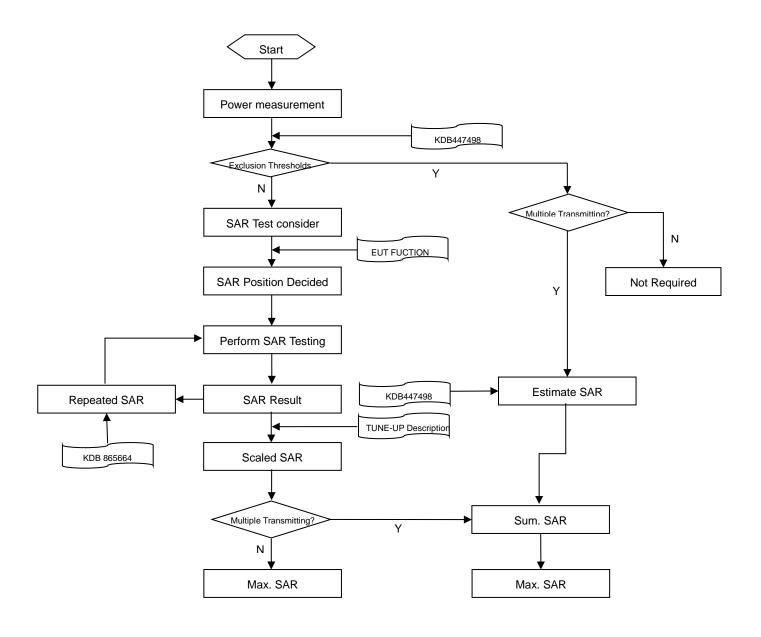
This DUT should consider one position which is bottom of laptop touching with phantom 0 mm air gap and the screen portion of the device shall be an open position at a 90° angle.





7 MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

7.1 Measurement Process Diagram





7.2 SAR Scan General Requirement

Probe boundary effect error compensation is required for measurements with the probe tip closer than half a probe tip diameter to the phantom surface. Boththe probe tip diameter and sensor offset distance must satisfy measurement protocols; to ensure probe boundary effect errors are minimized and the higher fields closest to the phantom surface can be correctly measured and extrapolated to the phantom surface for computing 1 g SAR. Tolerances of the post-processing algorithms must be verified by the test laboratory for the scan resolutions used in the SAR measurements, according to the reference distribution functions specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013.

			≤3GHz	>3GHz		
Maximum distance from closest measurement point			5±1 mm	½·δ·ln(2)±0.5 mm		
(geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface			5	/2 0 III(<u></u>		
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface		30°±1°	20°±1°			
normal at the measurement location		00 11	20 21			
			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm	3–4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm		
			2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm		
			When the x or y dimension of t	he test device, in the		
Maximum area scan spat	ial resolutior	n: Δx Area , Δy Area	measurement plane orientation	n, is smaller than the above,		
			the measurement resolution m	ust be ≤ the corresponding x or		
			y dimension of the test device	with at least one measurement		
			point on the test device.			
Maximum zaam aaan ana	tial recolution	un: Av Zoom Av Zoom	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm	3–4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*		
Maximum zoom scan spa	aliai resolulio	лг. Δx 200π , Δy 200m	2 –3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*		
				3–4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm		
	uniform grid: Δz Zoom (n)		≤ 5 mm	4–5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm		
Maximum zoom scan				5–6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm		
spatial resolution,		Δz Zoom (1): between		3–4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm		
normal to phantom		1st two points closest	≤ 4 mm	4–5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm		
surface	graded	to phantom surface		5–6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm		
	grid	Δz Zoom (n>1):				
		between subsequent	≤ 1.5·Δz 2	Zoom (n-1)		
		points				
Minimum 700m				3–4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm		
Minimum zoom scan volume		x, y, z	≥30 mm	4–5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm		
30an volume				5–6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm		

Note:

- δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.
- 2. * When zoom scan is required and the reported SAR from the area scan based 1 g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



7.3 Measurement Procedure

The following steps are used for each test position

- Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator. The connection between the mobile and the base station simulator is established via air interface
- Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location. This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.
- c. Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16mm * 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme.
- d. Around this point, a cube of 30 * 30 * 30 mm or 32 * 32 *32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 * 5 or 8*4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

7.4 Area & Zoom Scan Procedure

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. Area scan and zoom scan resolution setting follows KDB 865664 D01v01r04 quoted below.

When the 1 g SAR of the highest peak is within 2 dB of the SAR limit, additional zoom scans are required for other peaks within 2 dB of the highest peak that have not been included in any zoom scan to ensure there is no increase in SAR.



8 CONDUCTED RF OUPUT POWER

8.1 **WIFI**

8.1.1 2.4G WIFI (Main Antenna)

Band	Mode	Channel	Freq.	Conducted	Tune-up Power	SAR Test
(GHz)	iviode	Chamer	(MHz)	Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Require.
		1	2412	16.03	16.50	Yes
	802.11b	6	2437	17.24	18.00	Yes
		11	2462	17.04	17.50	Yes
		1	2412	16.05	16.50	No
	802.11g	6	2437	17.63	18.00	No
2.4		11	2462	15.78	16.50	No
(2.4~2.4835)		1	2412	14.36	15.00	No
	802.11n(HT20)	6	2437	17.60	18.00	No
		11	2462	14.74	15.50	No
		3	2422	13.17	14.00	No
	802.11n(HT40)	6	2437	15.40	16.00	No
		9	2452	13.84	14.50	No

Note: According KDB 248227 D01 SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg.

adjusted SAR = Report SAR * (max power(OFDM)/ max power(DSSS))=0.474 * 1.0 =0.474, so the 2.4GHz OFDM SAR test is not required.

8.1.2 2.4G WIFI (Auxiliary Antenna)

Band	Mode	Chamal	Freq.	Conducted	Tune-up Power	SAR Test
(GHz)	Mode	Channel	(MHz)	Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Require.
		1	2412	16.06	16.50	Yes
	802.11b	6	2437	17.20	18.00	Yes
		11	2462	17.07	17.50	Yes
		1	2412	16.03	16.50	No
	802.11g	6	2437	17.68	18.00	No
2.4		11	2462	15.82	16.50	No
(2.4~2.4835)	802.11n(HT20)	1	2412	14.31	15.00	No
		6	2437	17.54	18.00	No
		11	2462	14.71	15.50	No
		3	2422	13.34	14.00	No
	802.11n(HT40)	6	2437	15.37	16.00	No
		9	2452	13.79	14.50	No

Note: According KDB 248227 D01 SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

adjusted SAR = Report SAR * (max power(OFDM)/ max power(DSSS))=0.310 * 1.0 =0.310, so the 2.4GHz OFDM SAR test is not required.



8.1.3 5G WIFI (Main Antenna)

Band			Freq.	Conducted	Tune-up Power	SAR Test
(GHz)	Mode	Channel	(MHz)	Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Require.
		36	5180	14.61	15.00	No
	802.11a	40	5200	14.58	15.00	No
		48	5240	14.71	15.00	No
		36	5180	14.68	15.00	No
	802.11n(HT20)	40	5200	14.91	15.00	No
		48	5240	14.78	15.00	No
5.2	000 44 - (UT40)	38	5190	12.08	12.50	No
(5.15~5.25)	802.11n(HT40)	46	5230	13.14	13.50	No
		36	5180	14.81	15.00	No
	802.11ac(HT20)	40	5200	14.69	15.00	No
		48	5240	14.75	15.00	No
	000 44 (LIT40)	38	5190	12.10	12.50	No
	802.11ac(HT40)	46	5230	13.34	13.50	No
	802.11ac(HT80)	42	5210	11.01	11.50	No
		52	5260	14.81	15.00	No
	802.11a	60	5300	14.79	15.00	No
		64	5320	14.87	15.00	No
	802.11n(HT20)	52	5260	14.83	15.00	No
		60	5300	14.86	15.00	No
		64	5320	14.76	15.00	No
5.3	802.11n(HT40)	54	5270	14.76	15.00	Yes
(5.25~5.35)		62	5310	12.99	13.50	Yes
		52	5260	14.74	15.00	No
	802.11ac(HT20)	60	5300	14.85	15.00	No
		64	5320	14.82	15.00	No
	000 44 (LIT40)	54	5270	14.89	15.00	No
	802.11ac(HT40)	62	5310	12.98	13.50	No
	802.11ac(HT80)	58	5290	12.46	13.00	No
		100	5500	14.69	15.00	No
	802.11a	116	5580	14.33	15.00	No
		140	5700	14.56	15.00	No
		100	5500	14.64	15.00	No
	802.11n(HT20)	116	5580	14.87	15.00	No
		140	5700	14.74	15.00	No
5.6	902 44n/UT40\	102	5510	14.62	15.00	Yes
(5.47~5.725)	802.11n(HT40)	134	5670	14.54	15.00	Yes
		100	5500	14.34	15.00	No
	802.11ac(HT20)	116	5580	14.27	15.00	No
		140	5700	14.19	15.00	No
	902 1100/LIT40\	102	5510	14.76	15.00	No
	802.11ac(HT40)	134	5670	14.19	15.00	No
	802.11ac(HT80)	106	5530	10.32	11.00	No



		149	5745	15.38	15.50	No
	802.11a	157	5785	15.29	15.50	No
		165	5825	15.33	15.50	No
		149	5745	15.39	15.50	No
	802.11n(HT20)	157	5785	15.27	15.50	No
		165	5825	15.31	15.50	No
5.8	802.11n(HT40)	151	5755	15.32	15.50	No
(5.725~5.850)		159	5795	15.28	15.50	No
	802.11ac(HT20)	149	5745	15.32	15.50	No
		157	5785	15.29	15.50	No
		165	5825	15.28	15.50	No
	902 112c/UT40\	151	5755	15.30	15.50	No
	802.11ac(HT40)	159	5795	15.25	15.50	No
	802.11ac(HT80)	155	5775	15.37	15.50	Yes

8.1.4 5G WIFI (Auxiliary Antenna)

Band	Mode	Channel	Freq.	Conducted	Tune-up Power	SAR Test
(GHz)	iviode	Charmer	(MHz)	Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Require.
		36	5180	14.84	15.00	No
	802.11a	40	5200	14.54	15.00	No
		48	5240	14.89	15.00	No
		36	5180	14.77	15.00	No
	802.11n(HT20)	40	5200	14.85	15.00	No
		48	5240	14.81	15.00	No
5.2	802.11n(HT40)	38	5190	12.07	12.50	No
(5.15~5.25)	602.TIII(H140)	46	5230	13.09	13.50	No
		36	5180	14.76	15.00	No
	802.11ac(HT20)	40	5200	14.74	15.00	No
		48	5240	14.91	15.00	No
	802.11ac(HT40)	38	5190	12.19	12.50	No
		46	5230	13.37	13.50	No
	802.11ac(HT80)	42	5210	11.04	11.50	No
		52	5260	14.85	15.00	No
	802.11a	60	5300	14.82	15.00	No
		64	5320	14.88	15.00	No
		52	5260	14.67	15.00	No
	802.11n(HT20)	60	5300	14.84	15.00	No
5.3		64	5320	14.79	15.00	No
(5.25~5.35)	802.11n(HT40)	54	5270	14.92	15.00	Yes
	602.1111(H140)	62	5310	13.04	13.50	Yes
		52	5260	14.79	15.00	No
	802.11ac(HT20)	60	5300	14.87	15.00	No
		64	5320	14.86	15.00	No
	802.11ac(HT40)	54	5270	14.87	15.00	No



		62	5310	13.01	13.50	No
	802.11ac(HT80)	58	5290	12.39	13.00	No
		100	5500	14.61	15.00	No
	802.11a	116	5580	14.39	15.00	No
		140	5700	14.61	15.00	No
		100	5500	14.57	15.00	No
	802.11n(HT20)	116	5580	14.89	15.00	No
		140	5700	14.62	15.00	No
5.6	000 44 = (UT40)	102	5510	14.51	15.00	Yes
(5.47~5.725)	802.11n(HT40)	134	5670	14.58	15.00	Yes
		100	5500	14.39	15.00	No
	802.11ac(HT20)	116	5580	14.29	15.00	No
		140	5700	14.22	15.00	No
	000 44 (LIT40)	102	5510	14.71	15.00	No
	802.11ac(HT40)	134	5670	14.23	15.00	No
	802.11ac(HT80)	106	5530	10.28	11.00	No
		149	5745	15.34	15.50	No
	802.11a	157	5785	15.31	15.50	No
		165	5825	15.27	15.50	No
		149	5745	15.27	15.50	No
	802.11n(HT20)	157	5785	15.32	15.50	No
		165	5825	15.29	15.50	No
5.8	000 44 - (UT40)	151	5755	15.27	15.50	No
(5.725~5.850)	802.11n(HT40)	159	5795	15.31	15.50	No
		149	5745	15.39	15.50	No
	802.11ac(HT20)	157	5785	15.23	15.50	No
		165	5825	15.21	15.50	No
	902 44cc/UT40)	151	5755	15.27	15.50	No
	802.11ac(HT40)	159	5795	15.28	15.50	No
	802.11ac(HT80)	155	5775	15.32	15.50	Yes



8.2 Bluetooth (Main Antenna)

Mode		GFSK		π/4-DQPSK			
Channel	0	39	78	0	39	78	
Frequency (MHz)	2402	2441	2480	2402	2441	2480	
Conducted Power (dBm)	-1.08	0.56	-1.06	-0.09	1.63	-0.02	
Tune-up Power Limit (dBm)	5.50 5.50						
Mode	8-DPSK BLE						
Channel	0	39	78	0	19	39	
Frequency (MHz)	2402	2441	2480	2402	2440	2480	
Conducted Power (dBm)	0.54	2.25	0.65	5.38	4.47	4.96	
Tune-up Power Limit (dBm)	5.50 6.00						

8.3 Bluetooth (Auxiliary Antenna)

Mode		GFSK		π/4-DQPSK			
Channel	0	39	78	0	39	78	
Frequency (MHz)	2402	2441	2480	2402	2441	2480	
Conducted Power (dBm)	-0.93	0.74	-0.9	0.05	1.77	1.17	
Tune-up Power Limit (dBm)	5.50 5.50						
Mode	8-DPSK BLE						
Channel	0	39	78	0	19	39	
Frequency (MHz)	2402	2441	2480	2402	2440	2480	
Conducted Power (dBm)	0.71	2.45	0.83	5.57	4.47	5.19	
Tune-up Power Limit (dBm)		5.50		6.00			



9 TEST EXCLUSION CONSIDERATION

9.1 SAR Test Exclusion Consideration Table

According with FCC KDB 447498 D01, Appendix A, <SAR Test Exclusion Thresholds for 100 MHz - 6 GHz and \leq 50 mm> Table, this Device SAR test configurations consider as following :

9.1.1 Laptop mode SAR Test Exclusion Consideration

Main Antenna

Pand	Band Mode Max. Conducted Power		ucted Power	Test Position Configurations
Banu	Iviode	dBm	mW	Bottom side
	Distance to User (n	nm)		8.1mm
	Exclus	sion Threshold	12.20	
)A/I ANI	802.11b	18.00	63.10	Yes
WLAN 2.4 G	802.11g	18.00	63.10	No
2.4 G	802.11n(HT20)	18.00	63.10	No
	802.11n(HT40)	16.00	39.81	No
	Exclus	sion Threshold		9.50
	802.11a	15.00	31.62	No
\A/I A \ I	802.11n(HT20)	15.00	31.62	No
WLAN 5.2 G&5.3G	802.11n(HT40)	15.00	31.62	Yes
5.2 G&5.3G	802.11ac(HT20)	15.00	31.62	No
	802.11ac(HT40)	15.00	31.62	No
	802.11ac(HT80)	13.00	19.95	No
	Exclus	sion Threshold	9.50	
	802.11a	15.00	31.62	No
	802.11n(HT20)	15.00	31.62	No
WLAN 5.6 G	802.11n(HT40)	15.00	31.62	Yes
5.6 G	802.11ac(HT20)	15.00	31.62	No
	802.11ac(HT40)	15.00	31.62	No
	802.11ac(HT80)	11.00	12.59	No
	Exclus	sion Threshold	10.40	
	802.11a	15.50	35.48	No
\A/I A \ I	802.11n(HT20)	15.50	35.48	No
WLAN 5.8 G	802.11n(HT40)	15.50	35.48	No
5.6 G	802.11ac(HT20)	15.50	35.48	No
	802.11ac(HT40)	15.50	35.48	No
	802.11ac(HT80)	15.50	35.48	Yes
	Exclus	sion Threshold		0.80
Bluetooth	BR/EDR	5.50	3.55	No
	BLE	6.00	3.98	No



Aux. Antenna

Band	Mode	Max. Cond	ucted Power	Test Position Configurations
Danu	IVIOGE	dBm	mW	Bottom side
	Distance to User (n	nm)		8.1mm
	Exclus	ion Threshold	12.20	
	802.11b	18.00	63.10	Yes
WLAN	802.11g	18.00	63.10	No
2.4 G	802.11n(HT20)	18.00	63.10	No
	802.11n(HT40)	16.00	39.81	No
	Exclus	sion Threshold		9.50
	802.11a	15.00	31.62	No
	802.11n(HT20)	15.00	31.62	No
WLAN	802.11n(HT40)	15.00	31.62	Yes
5.2 G&5.3G	802.11ac(HT20)	15.00	31.62	No
	802.11ac(HT40)	15.00	31.62	No
	802.11ac(HT80)	13.00	19.95	No
	Exclus	ion Threshold	9.50	
	802.11a	15.00	31.62	No
14/1 441	802.11n(HT20)	15.00	31.62	No
WLAN	802.11n(HT40)	15.00	31.62	Yes
5.6 G	802.11ac(HT20)	15.00	31.62	No
	802.11ac(HT40)	15.00	31.62	No
	802.11ac(HT80)	11.00	12.59	No
	Exclus	ion Threshold	10.40	
	802.11a	15.50	35.48	No
14/1 441	802.11n(HT20)	15.50	35.48	No
WLAN	802.11n(HT40)	15.50	35.48	No
5.8 G	802.11ac(HT20)	15.50	35.48	No
	802.11ac(HT40)	15.50	35.48	No
	802.11ac(HT80)	15.50	35.48	Yes
	Exclus	ion Threshold		0.8
Bluetooth	BR/EDR	5.50	3.55	No
	BLE	6.00	3.98	No

Note:

- Maximum power is the source-based time-average power and represents the maximum RF output power including tune-up tolerance among production units
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01, for larger devices, the test separation distance of adjacent edge configuration is determined by the closest separation between the antenna and the user.
- 3. Per KDB 447498 D01, standalone SAR test exclusion threshold is applied; If the distance of the antenna to the user is < 5mm, 5mm is used to determine SAR exclusion threshold
- 4. Per KDB 447498 D01, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$



for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR

- a. f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- b. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- c. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- d. For < 50 mm distance, we just calculate mW of the exclusion threshold value (3.0) to do compare.
- 5. Per KDB 447498 D01, at 100 MHz to 6 GHz and for test separation distances > 50 mm, the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following
 - a. [Threshold at 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance 50 mm)·(f(MHz)/150)] mW, at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz
 - b. [Threshold at 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance 50 mm)⋅10] mW at > 1500 MHz and ≤ 6 GHz
- 6. Per KDB 941225 D01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If HSDPA /HSUPA /DC-HSDPA output power is < 0.25dB higher than RMC12.2Kbps, or reported SAR with RMC 12.2kbps setting is ≤ 1.2W/kg, HSDPA/HSUPA/DC-HSDPA SAR evaluation can be excluded.</p>
- 7. Per KDB 248227 D01, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion.8. For each frequency band, testing at higher data rates and higher order modulations is not required when the maximum average output power for each of these configurations is less than 1/4dB higher than those measured at the lowest data rate
- 8. Per KDB 248227 D01 SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.
 - a. When KDB Publication 447498 D01 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
 - b. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is $\leq 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$.
- 9. Per KDB 248227 D01 SAR is not required for the following U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands conditions.
 - a. When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band for that configuration (802.11 mode and exposure condition); otherwise, each band is tested independently for SAR.
 - b. When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration; otherwise, each band is tested independently for SAR.



10 TEST RESULT

10.1 **WIFI 2.4GHz**

Mode	Antenna	Position	Dist. (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Duty cycle (%)	Duty Factor	Average Power	Tune-up	Tune-up Factor	Power Drift(dB)	1 g Meas. SAR(W/kg)	1 g Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. No.
Laptop (A	Laptop (Amphenol)													
		Bottom	0	6	2437	100	1	17.24	18.00	1.19	0.04	0.260	0.310	/
	Main	Edge	0	1	2412	100	1	16.03	16.50	1.11	-0.11	0.211	0.235	/
802.11		Luge	0	11	2462	100	1	17.04	17.50	1.11	0.16	0.281	0.312	1#
b		Bottom	0	6	2437	100	1	17.2	18.00	1.20	0.06	0.258	0.310	2#
	Aux.	Edge	0	1	2412	100	1	16.06	16.50	1.11	-0.07	0.224 0.24	0.248	/
		Luge	0	11	2462	100	1	17.07	17.50	1.10	0.15	0.228	0.252	/
Laptop (L	uxshare-IC1	7)												
		Bottom	0	6	2437	100	1	17.24	18.00	1.19	0.05	0.398	0.474	3#
	Main	Edge	0	1	2412	100	1	16.03	16.50	1.11	-0.16	0.382	0.426	/
802.11		Luge	0	11	2462	100	1	17.04	17.50	1.11	0.08	0.400	0.445	/
b		Bottom	0	6	2437	100	1	17.2	18.00	1.20	-0.02	0.207	0.249	4#
	Aux.	Edge	0	1	2412	100	1	16.06	16.50	1.11	-0.13	0.199	0.220	/
		Lage	0	11	2462	100	1	17.07	17.50	1.10	0.14	0.220	0.243	/



Edge

1 g Meas. Tune-Power 1 g Fre. Dist. Freq. Duty Duty Average Tune-Meas. Mode Antenna Position Ch. up Drift SAR Scaled SAR Band (mm) (MHz) cycle (%) Factor Power up No. (dB) Factor (W/kg) (W/Kg) Laptop (Amphenol) 0 54 5270 14.76 15.00 1.06 -0.15 0.685 5# 802.11 n Bottom 100 1 0.724 5.3G Main (HT-40) Edge 0 62 5310 100 1 12.99 13.50 1.12 0.02 0.402 0.452 / 802.11 n Bottom 0 54 5270 100 1 14.92 15.00 1.02 0.07 0.625 0.637 6# 5.3G Aux. (HT-40) 0 5310 0.395 62 100 13.04 13.50 1.11 -0.03 0.439 Edge 1 / 0 102 5510 100 14.62 15.00 1.09 0.05 0.512 0.559 7# 802.11 n Bottom 1 5.6G Main (HT-40) Edge 0 134 5670 100 14.54 15.00 1.11 -0.08 0.480 0.534 0 1 802.11 n Bottom 102 5510 100 14.51 15.00 1.12 0.01 0.968 1.084 8# 5.6G Aux. (HT-40) 0 1 / Edge 134 5670 100 14.58 15.00 1.10 -0.13 0.670 0.738 802.11 ac Bottom 5.8G Main 0 155 5775 100 1 15.37 15.50 1.03 -0.08 0.428 0.441 9# (HT-80) Edge 802 11 ac **Bottom** 5.8G 155 5775 -0.02 0.593 Aux. 0 100 1 15.32 15.50 1.04 0.618 10# (HT-80) Edge Laptop (Luxshare-ICT) 0 54 5270 100 14.76 15.00 1.06 0.16 0.367 11# 802.11 n Bottom 1 0.388 5.3G Main (HT-40) Edge 0 62 5310 100 1 12.99 13.50 1.12 -0.15 0.196 0.220 / 0 54 5270 100 1 14.92 15.00 1.02 0.02 0.372 0.379 12# 802.11 n **Bottom** 5.3G Aux. (HT-40) Edge 0 62 5310 100 1 13.04 13.50 1.11 0.13 0.199 0.221 / 0 5510 14.62 15.00 1.09 -0.08 0.441 0.481 13# 102 100 1 802.11 n Bottom 5.6G Main (HT-40) Edge 0 134 5670 100 1 14.54 15.00 1.11 0.03 0.328 0.365 / 802.11 n Bottom 0 102 5510 100 14.51 15.00 1.12 0.01 0.538 0.602 14# 5.6G Aux. (HT-40) 1 / Edge 0 134 5670 100 14.58 15.00 1.10 -0.08 0.431 0.475 802.11 ac **Bottom** 5.8G Main 0 155 5775 100 1 15.37 15.50 1.03 0.06 0.492 0.507 15# (HT-80) Edge 802.11 ac Bottom 5.8G 0 155 5775 100 1 15.32 15.50 1.04 -0.11 0.617 0.643 16# Aux. (HT-80)



11 SAR Measurement Variability

According to KDB 865664 D01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. Alternatively, if the highest measured SAR for both head and body tissue-equivalent media are ≤ 1.45 W/kg and the ratio of these highest SAR values, i.e., largest divided by smallest value, is ≤ 1.10 , the highest SAR configuration for either head or body tissue-equivalent medium may be used to perform the repeated measurement. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR repeated measurement procedure:

- 1. When the highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg, repeated measurement is not required.
- 2. When the highest measured SAR is >= 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20, or when the original or repeated measurement is >= 1.45 W/kg, perform a second repeated measurement.
- 4. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20, and the original, first or second repeated measurement is >= 1.5 W/kg, perform a third repeated measurement.

	Frequency			RF Exposure		Highest	Repeated	Highest	Largest to
	Band	Wireless Band	Antenna	•	Test Position	Measured SAR	SAR	Measured SAR	Smallest SAR
	(MHz)			Conditions		(W/kg)	(Yes/No)	(W/kg)	Radio
ſ	F600	WIFI 802.11	Aux. Antenna	Body	Bottom Edge	1.084	Yes	1.044	1.04
	5600	n(HT40)	Aux. Antenna	Бойу	Bollom Eage	1.064	ies	1.044	1.04

Note: The ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is < 1.20, the second repeated measurement is not required.



12 SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION

Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmitting antenna. When the sum of SAR 1g of all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit (SAR 1g 1.6 W/kg), the simultaneous transmission SAR is not required. When the sum of SAR 1g is greater than the SAR limit (SAR 1g 1.6 W/kg), SAR test exclusion is determined by the SAR to Peak Location Ratio (SPLSR).

12.1 Simultaneous Transmission Mode Considerations

5	Mode	5G WLAN & Bluetooth Body				
NO.	Mode	Body				
1	Divistanth (Main Antonna)	+ 5 G WLAN (Main Antenna)				
'	Bluetooth (Main Antenna)	+ 5 G WLAN (Auxiliary Antenna)				
2	Plustooth (Auvilians Antonna)	+ 5 G WLAN (Main Antenna)				
2	Bluetooth (Auxiliary Antenna)	+ 5 G WLAN (Auxiliary Antenna)				

Note:

- 1. The EUT supports the Main antenna with TX/RX diversity function for WLAN and Bluetooth, the Auxiliary antenna with TX/RX diversity function for WLAN and Bluetooth.
- 2. WLAN 2.4GHz and Bluetooth will not be transmitting at same time.
- 3. WLAN 2.4GHz and WLAN 5GHz will not be transmitting at same time.

12.2 Estimated SAR Calculation

According to KDB 447498 D01, when standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR was estimated according to following formula to result in substantially conservative SAR values of <= 0.4 W/kg to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion.

Estimated SAR =
$$\frac{Max.Tune\ Up\ Power(mw)}{Min\ Test\ Separation\ Dis\ tan\ ce} * \frac{\sqrt{f_{GHz}}}{x}$$
 (where $_x$ = 7.5 for 1-g SAR)

If the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is used for estimated SAR calculation. When the test separation distance is > 50 mm, the 0.4 W/kg is used for SAR-1g.

Ва	ind	Mode	Position	Antenna To user (mm)	SAR Testing	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Max. Tune-up Power (mW)	Frequency (GHz)	Calculation Distance/Gap (mm)	Estimated SAR (W/kg)
Blue	tooth	GFSK	Bottom Edge	5.0	NO	6.00	3.98	2.402	5	0.165



12.3 Sum SAR of Simultaneous Transmission

12.3.1 Highest Body SAR of Simultaneous Transmission

Simultaneous Mode	Mode	Max. 1g SAR	1g Sum SAR	SPLSR	
Simultaneous Mode	iviode	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(Yes/No)	
Bluetooth (Main Antenna)	Bluetooth (Main Antenna)	0.165	0.889	No	
+ 5 G WLAN (Main Antenna)	5 G WLAN (Main Antenna)	0.724	0.869		
Bluetooth (Main Antenna)	Bluetooth (Main Antenna)	0.165	1.249	No	
+ 5 G WLAN (Auxiliary Antenna)	5 G WLAN (Auxiliary Antenna)	1.084	1.249		
Bluetooth (Auxiliary Antenna)	Bluetooth (Auxiliary Antenna)	0.165	0.889	No	
+ 5 G WLAN (Main Antenna)	5 G WLAN (Main Antenna)	0.724	0.869	INO	
Bluetooth (Auxiliary Antenna)	Bluetooth (Auxiliary Antenna)	0.165	1.249	No	
+ 5 G WLAN (Auxiliary Antenna)	5 G WLAN (Auxiliary Antenna)	1.084	1.249	INO	



13 TEST EQUIPMENTS LIST

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
PC	Dell	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
E-Field Probe	Speag	EX3DV4	SN: 7340	2016/12/27	2017/12/26
2450MHz Validation Dipole	Speag	D2450V2	SN: 952	2014/11/27	2017/11/26
5GHz Validation Dipole	Speag	D5GHzV2	SN: 1200	2014/12/04	2017/12/03
Data Acquisition Electronics	Speag	DAE4	SN: 1454	2016/12/19	2017/12/18
Signal Generator	R&S	SMBV100A	260592	2017/06/12	2018/06/11
Power Meter	Agilent	E4419B	GB40201833	2016/11/25	2017/11/24
Power Sensor	Agilent	E9300A	MY41498012	2016/11/25	2017/11/24
Power Sensor	Agilent	E9300A	MY41499891	2016/11/25	2017/11/24
Power Amplifier	SATIMO	6552B	22374	2017/06/12	2018/06/11
Network Analyzer	Agilent	5071B	MY42404001	2017/06/12	2018/06/11
Thermometer	Elitech	RC-4HC	N/A	2017/02/18	2018/02/17
Dielectric Probe Kit	SATIMO	SCLMP	SN 25/13 OCPG56	N/A	N/A
Phantom1	Speag	SAM	SN: 1859	N/A	N/A
Phantom2	Speag	ELI4	SN: 1012	N/A	N/A
Attenuator	COM-MW	ZA-S1-31	1305003187	N/A	N/A
Directional coupler	AA-MCS	AAMCS-UDC	000272	N/A	N/A

Note:

Per KDB 865664 D01, Dipole SAR Validation Verification, BALUN LAB has adopted 3 years calibration intervals. On annual basis, every measurement dipole has been evaluated and is in compliance with the following criteria:

- 1. There is no physical damage on the dipole;
- 2. System validation with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value;
- 3. Return-loss in within 20% of calibrated measurement.



ANNEX A SIMULATING LIQUID VERIFICATION RESULT

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using an SCLMP Dielectric Probe Kit.

Date	Liquid Type	Fre. (MHz)	Temp.	Meas. Conductivity (σ) (S/m)	Meas. Permittivity (ε)	Target Conductivity (σ) (S/m)	Target Permittivity (ε)	Conductivity Tolerance (%)	Permittivity Tolerance (%)
2017.08.28	Body	2450	21.1	1.94	52.85	1.95	52.70	-0.51	0.28
2017.08.25	Body	5200	21.3	5.34	49.42	5.30	49.00	0.75	0.86
2017.08.22	Body	5600	20.9	5.77	47.03	5.77	48.50	0.00	-3.03
2017.08.21	Body	5800	21.4	5.98	46.21	6.00	48.20	-0.33	-4.13

Note: The tolerance limit of Conductivity and Permittivity is± 5%.



ANNEX B SYSTEM CHECK RESULT

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %(for 1 g).

Date	Liquid Type	Freq. (MHz)	Power (mW)	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Normalized SAR (W/kg)	Dipole SAR (W/kg)	Tolerance (%)	Targeted SAR(W/kg)	Tolerance (%)	
2017.08.28	Body	2450	100	5.06	50.6	50.60	0.00	52.40	-3.44	
2017.08.25	Body	5200	100	7.25	72.5	75.30	-3.72	76.50	-5.23	
2017.08.22	Body	5600	100	8.29	82.9	80.50	2.98	83.30	-0.48	
2017.08.21	Body	5800	100	7.63	76.3	74.70	2.14	78.00	-2.18	
Note: The tolerance limit of System validation +10%										

Note: The tolerance limit of System validation ±10%.



System Performance Check Data (2450MHz Body)

Date: 2017.08.28

Communication System Band: D2450 (2450.0 MHz); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.94 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 52.85$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.3 Liquid Temperature:21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7340; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 2016.12.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1454; Calibrated: 2016.12.19
- Phantom: ELI v4.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1012
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

CW2450 100mw/Area Scan (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 5.83 W/kg

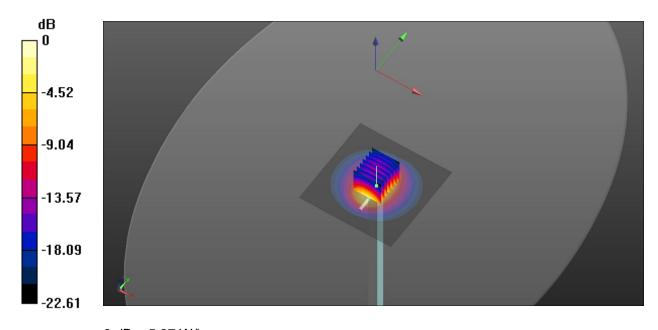
CW2450 100mw/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 53.35 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 10.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 5.06 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.29 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.87 W/kg



0 dB = 5.87 W/kg



System Performance Check Data (5200MHz Body)

Date: 2017.08.25

Communication System Band: D5GHz (5000.0 - 6000.0 MHz); Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; $\sigma = 5.34$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 49.415$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.5 Liquid Temperature:21.3

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7340; ConvF(4.82, 4.82, 4.82); Calibrated: 2016.12.27;

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1454; Calibrated: 2016.12.19

Phantom: ELI v4.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1012

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

CW 5200 100mw/Area Scan (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 8.06 W/kg

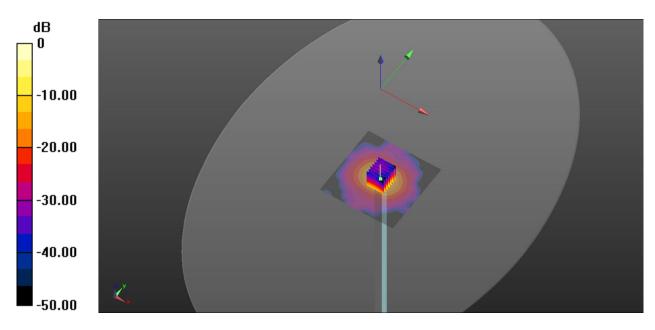
CW 5200 100mw/Zoom Scan (7x7x21)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 40.72 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.25 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.01 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.6W/kg



0 dB = 17.6 W/kg



System Performance Check Data (5600MHz Body)

Date: 2017.08.22

Communication System Band: D5GHz (5000.0 - 6000.0 MHz); Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; σ = 5.77 S/m; ϵ_r = 47.03; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.0 Liquid Temperature:20.9

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7340; ConvF(4.12, 4.12, 4.12); Calibrated: 2016.12.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1454; Calibrated: 2016.12.19
- Phantom: ELI v4.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1012
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

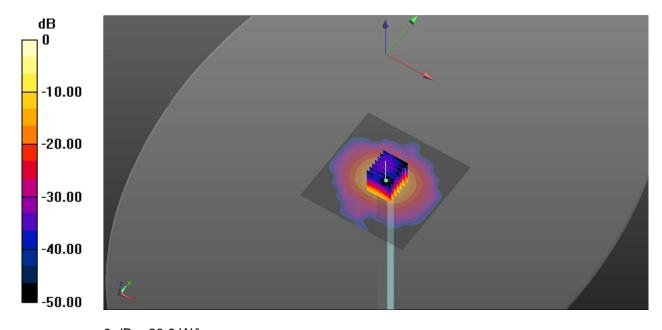
CW 5600 100mw/Area Scan (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 9.40 W/kg

CW 5600 100mw/Zoom Scan (7x7x21)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 41.38 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 36.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.29 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.31 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.9 W/kg



0 dB = 20.9 W/kg



System Performance Check Data (5800MHz Body)

Date: 2017.08.21

Communication System Band: D5GHz (5000.0 - 6000.0 MHz); Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; σ = 5.98 S/m; ε_r = 46.213; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.5 Liquid Temperature:21.4

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7340; ConvF(4.56, 4.56, 4.56); Calibrated: 2016.12.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1454; Calibrated: 2016.12.19
- Phantom: ELI v4.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1012
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

CW 5800/Area Scan (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

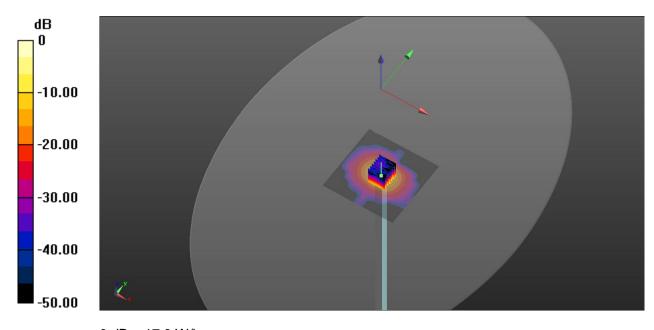
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 7.86 W/kg

CW 5800/Zoom Scan (7x7x21)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 46.83 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 36.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.63 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.11 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.9 W/kg



0 dB = 17.9 W/kg



ANNEX C TEST DATA

MEAS. 1 Body Plane with Bottom Side 0mm on Channel 11 in 802.11b Mode with Main Antenna(Amphenol)

Date: 2017.08.28

Communication System Band: WLAN(b); Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; $\sigma = 1.963$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52.154$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.3 Liquid Temperature:21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7340; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 2016.12.27;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1454; Calibrated: 2016.12.19

• Phantom: ELI v4.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1012

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch11/Area Scan (101x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

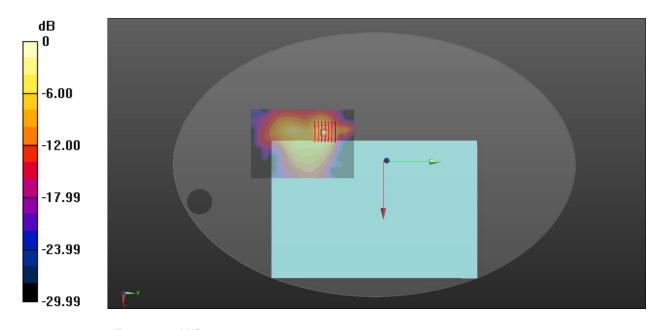
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.334 W/kg

Ch11/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0.618 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.657 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.281 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.120 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.333 W/kg



0 dB = 0.333 W/kg



MEAS. 2 Body Plane with Bottom Side 0mm on Channel 6 in 802.11b Mode with Aux. Antenna(Amphenol)

Date: 2017.08.28

Communication System Band: WLAN(b); Frequency: 2437 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.914$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.367$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.3 Liquid Temperature:21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7340; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 2016.12.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1454; Calibrated: 2016.12.19
- Phantom: ELI v4.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1012
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

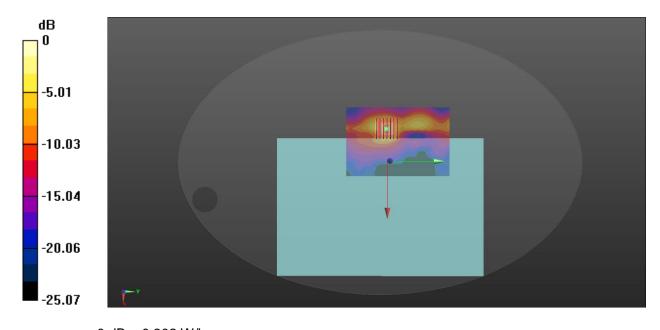
Ch6/Area Scan (101x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.302 W/kg

Ch6/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.562 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.627 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.258 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.107 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.302 W/kg



0 dB = 0.302 W/kg



MEAS. 3 Body Plane with Bottom Side 0mm on Channel 6 in 802.11b Mode with Main Antenna(Luxshare-ICT)

Date: 2017.08.28

Communication System Band: WLAN(b); Frequency: 2437 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.914$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.367$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.3 Liquid Temperature:21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7340; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 2016.12.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1454; Calibrated: 2016.12.19
- Phantom: ELI v4.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1012
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

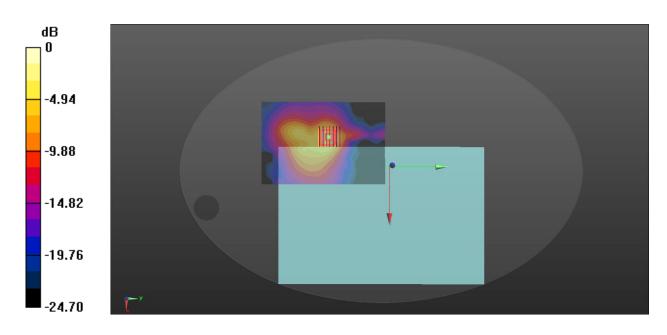
Ch6/Area Scan (121x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.488 W/kg

Ch6/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.189 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.911 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.398 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.180 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.469 W/kg



0 dB = 0.469 W/kg



MEAS. 4 Body Plane with Bottom Side 0mm on Channel 6 in 802.11b Mode with Aux. Antenna(Luxshare-ICT)

Date: 2017.08.28

Communication System Band: WLAN(b); Frequency: 2437 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.914$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.367$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.3 Liquid Temperature:21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7340; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 2016.12.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1454; Calibrated: 2016.12.19
- Phantom: ELI v4.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1012
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

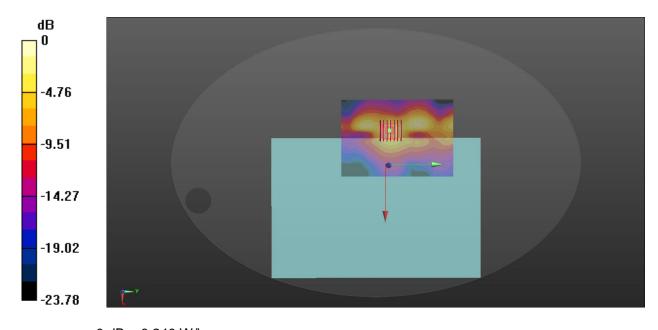
Ch6/Area Scan (111x161x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.238 W/kg

Ch6/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.135 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.462 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.207 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.094 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.240 W/kg



0 dB = 0.240 W/kg



MEAS. 5 Body Plane with Bottom Side 0mm on Channel 54 in 802.11n(HT 40) Mode with Main Antenna(Amphenol)

Date: 2017.08.25

Communication System Band: WLAN(n) 40Mhz; Frequency: 5270 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5270 MHz; $\sigma = 5.378$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.781$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.5 Liquid Temperature:21.3

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7340; ConvF(4.82, 4.82, 4.82); Calibrated: 2016.12.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1454; Calibrated: 2016.12.19
- Phantom: ELI v4.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1012
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

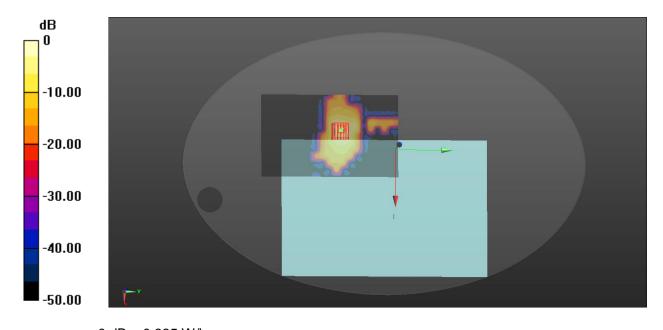
Ch54/Area Scan (121x201x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.859 W/kg

Ch54/Zoom Scan (7x7x13)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 1.058 V/m; Power Drift =- 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.79 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.685 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.237 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.885 W/kg



0 dB = 0.885 W/kg



MEAS. 6 Body Plane with Bottom Side 0mm on Channel 54 in 802.11n(HT 40) Mode with Aux. Antenna(Amphenol)

Date: 2017.08.25

Communication System Band: WLAN(n) 40Mhz; Frequency: 5270 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5270 MHz; $\sigma = 5.378$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.781$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.5 Liquid Temperature:21.3

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7340; ConvF(4.82, 4.82, 4.82); Calibrated: 2016.12.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1454; Calibrated: 2016.12.19
- Phantom: ELI v4.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1012
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

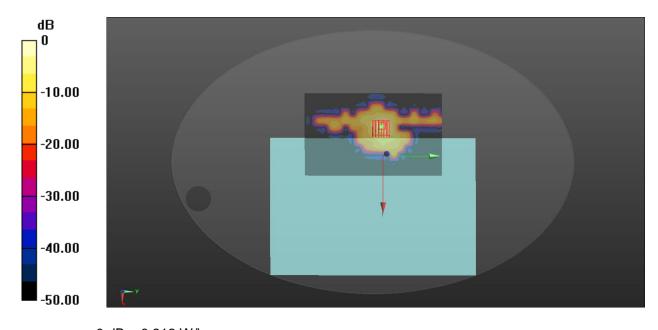
Ch54/Area Scan (121x201x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.755 W/kg

Ch54/Zoom Scan (7x7x13)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 1.284 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.68 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.625 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.192 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.813 W/kg



0 dB = 0.813 W/kg



MEAS. 7 Body Plane with Bottom Side 0mm on Channel 102 in 802.11n(HT 40) Mode with Main Antenna(Amphenol)

Date: 2017.08.22

Communication System Band: WLAN(n) 40Mhz; Frequency: 5510 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5510 MHz; $\sigma = 5.71$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 47.25$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.0 Liquid Temperature:20.9

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7340; ConvF(4.12, 4.12, 4.12); Calibrated: 2016.12.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1454; Calibrated: 2016.12.19
- Phantom: ELI v4.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1012
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

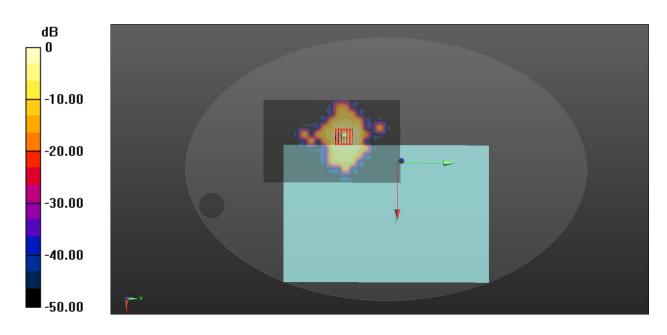
Ch102/Area Scan (121x201x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.645 W/kg

Ch102/Zoom Scan (7x7x13)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 2.318 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.40 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.512 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.179 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.677 W/kg



0 dB = 0.677 W/kg



MEAS. 8 Body Plane with Bottom Side 0mm on Channel 102 in 802.11n(HT 40) Mode with Aux. Antenna(Amphenol)

Date: 2017.08.22

Communication System Band: WLAN(n) 40Mhz; Frequency: 5510 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5510 MHz; $\sigma = 5.71$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 47.25$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.0 Liquid Temperature:20.9

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7340; ConvF(4.12, 4.12, 4.12); Calibrated: 2016.12.27;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1454; Calibrated: 2016.12.19

Phantom: ELI v4.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1012

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

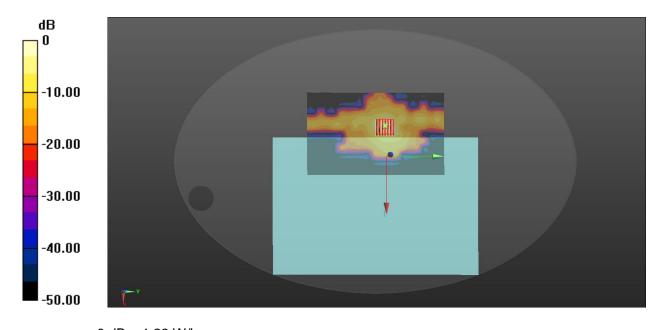
Ch102/Area Scan (121x201x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.15 W/kg

Ch102/Zoom Scan (7x7x13)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 2.948 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.52 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.968 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.304 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.23 W/kg



0 dB = 1.23 W/kg



MEAS. 9 Body Plane with Bottom Side 0mm on Channel 155 in 802.11ac(HT 80) Mode with Main Antenna(Amphenol)

Date: 2017.08.21

Communication System Band: WLAN(ac) 80Mhz; Frequency: 5775 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5775 MHz; $\sigma = 5.92$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 46.57$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.5 Liquid Temperature:21.4

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7340; ConvF(4.56, 4.56, 4.56); Calibrated: 2016.12.27;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1454; Calibrated: 2016.12.19

Phantom: ELI v4.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1012

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

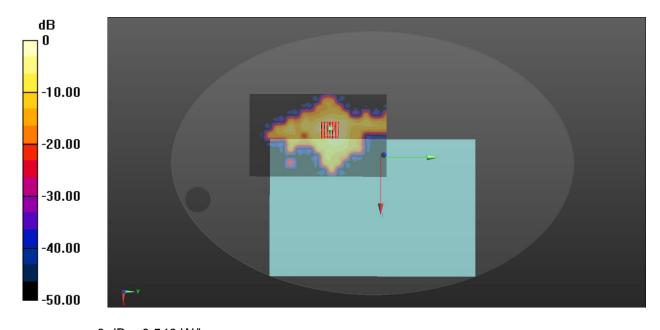
Ch155/Area Scan (121x201x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.528 W/kg

Ch155/Zoom Scan (7x7x13)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 1.333 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.15 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.428 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.144 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.540 W/kg



0 dB = 0.540 W/kg



MEAS. 10 Body Plane with Bottom Side 0mm on Channel 155 in 802.11ac(HT 80) Mode with Aux. Antenna(Amphenol)

Date: 2017.08.21

Communication System Band: WLAN(ac) 80Mhz; Frequency: 5775 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5775 MHz; $\sigma = 5.92$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 46.57$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.5 Liquid Temperature:21.4

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7340; ConvF(4.56, 4.56, 4.56); Calibrated: 2016.12.27;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1454; Calibrated: 2016.12.19

Phantom: ELI v4.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1012

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

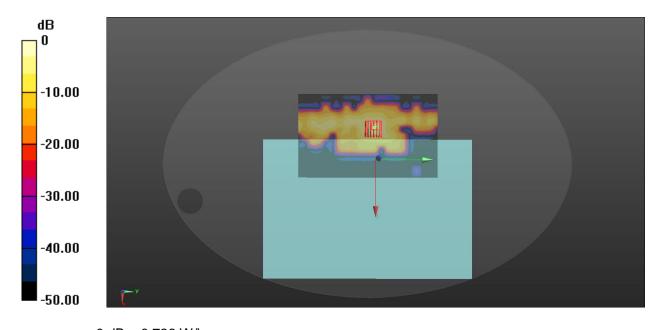
Ch155/Area Scan (121x201x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.670 W/kg

Ch155/Zoom Scan (7x7x13)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 1.081 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.75 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.593 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.184 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.736 W/kg



0 dB = 0.736 W/kg



MEAS. 11 Body Plane with Bottom Side 0mm on Channel 54 in 802.11n(HT 40) Mode with Main Antenna (Luxshare-ICT)

Date: 2017.08.25

Communication System Band: WLAN(n) 40Mhz; Frequency: 5270 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5270 MHz; $\sigma = 5.378$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.781$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.5 Liquid Temperature:21.3

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7340; ConvF(4.82, 4.82, 4.82); Calibrated: 2016.12.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1454; Calibrated: 2016.12.19
- Phantom: ELI v4.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1012
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

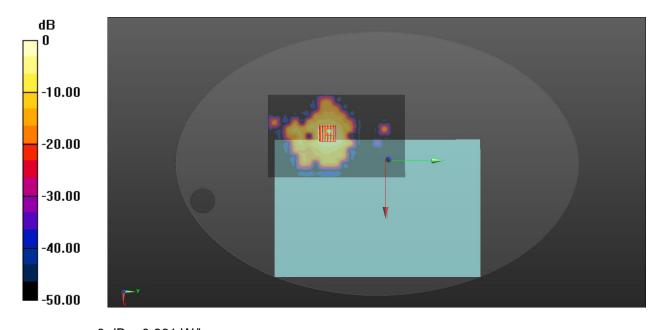
Ch54/Area Scan (121x201x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.366 W/kg

Ch54/Zoom Scan (7x7x13)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 0.4610 V/m; Power Drift =0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.30 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.367 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.148 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.661 W/kg



0 dB = 0.661 W/kg



MEAS. 12 Body Plane with Bottom Side 0mm on Channel 54 in 802.11n(HT 40) Mode with Aux. Antenna (Luxshare-ICT)

Date: 2017.08.25

Communication System Band: WLAN(n) 40Mhz; Frequency: 5270 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5270 MHz; $\sigma = 5.378$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.781$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.5 Liquid Temperature:21.3

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7340; ConvF(4.82, 4.82, 4.82); Calibrated: 2016.12.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1454; Calibrated: 2016.12.19
- Phantom: ELI v4.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1012
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

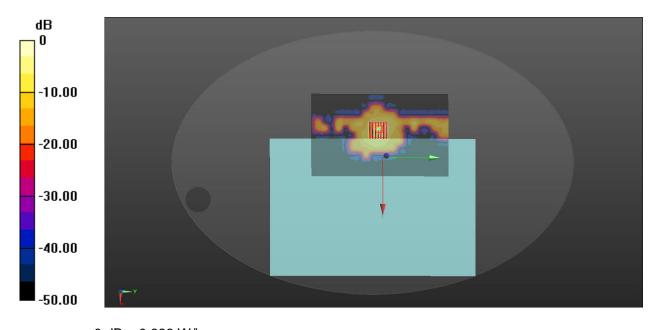
Ch54/Area Scan (121x201x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.407 W/kg

Ch54/Zoom Scan (7x7x13)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value =2.161 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.40 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.372 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.129 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.698 W/kg



0 dB = 0.698 W/kg



MEAS. 13 Body Plane with Bottom Side 0mm on Channel 102 in 802.11n(HT 40) Mode with Main Antenna (Luxshare-ICT)

Date: 2017.08.22

Communication System Band: WLAN(n) 40Mhz; Frequency: 5510 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5510 MHz; $\sigma = 5.71$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 47.25$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.0 Liquid Temperature:20.9

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7340; ConvF(4.12, 4.12, 4.12); Calibrated: 2016.12.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1454; Calibrated: 2016.12.19
- Phantom: ELI v4.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1012
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

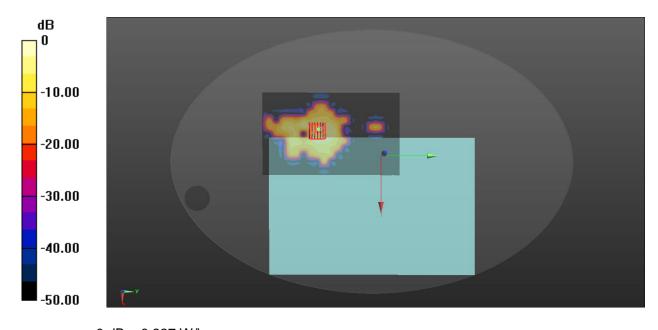
Ch102/Area Scan (121x201x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.485 W/kg

Ch102/Zoom Scan (7x7x13)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 2.014 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.77 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.441 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.170 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.837 W/kg



0 dB = 0.837 W/kg



MEAS. 14 Body Plane with Bottom Side 0mm on Channel 102 in 802.11n(HT 40) Mode with Aux. Antenna (Luxshare-ICT)

Date: 2017.08.22

Communication System Band: WLAN(n) 40Mhz; Frequency: 5510 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5510 MHz; $\sigma = 5.71$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 47.25$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.0 Liquid Temperature:20.9

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7340; ConvF(4.12, 4.12, 4.12); Calibrated: 2016.12.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1454; Calibrated: 2016.12.19
- Phantom: ELI v4.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1012
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

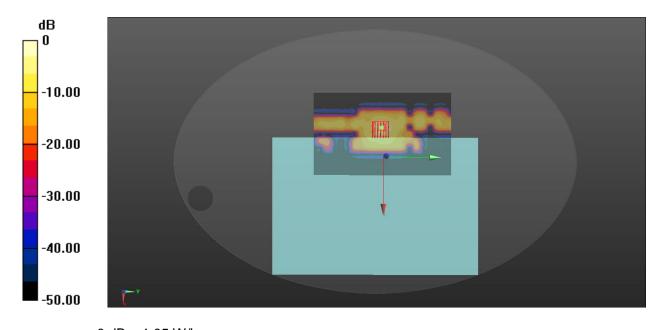
Ch102/Area Scan (121x201x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.590 W/kg

Ch102/Zoom Scan (7x7x13)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 1.907 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.14 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.538 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.180 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.05 W/kg



0 dB = 1.05 W/kg



MEAS. 15 Body Plane with Bottom Side 0mm on Channel 155 in 802.11ac(HT 80) Mode with Main Antenna (Luxshare-ICT)

Date: 2017.08.21

Communication System Band: WLAN(ac) 80Mhz; Frequency: 5775 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5775 MHz; $\sigma = 5.92$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 46.57$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.5 Liquid Temperature:21.4

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7340; ConvF(4.56, 4.56, 4.56); Calibrated: 2016.12.27;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1454; Calibrated: 2016.12.19

Phantom: ELI v4.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1012

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

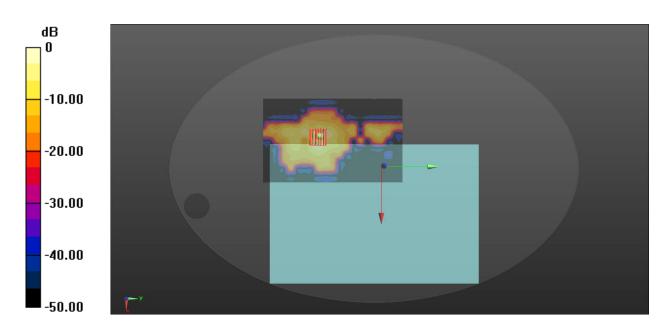
Ch155/Area Scan (121x201x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.532 W/kg

Ch155/Zoom Scan (7x7x13)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 0.783 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.10 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.492 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.175 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.997 W/kg



0 dB = 0.997 W/kg



MEAS. 16 Body Plane with Bottom Side 0mm on Channel 155 in 802.11ac(HT 80) Mode with Aux. Antenna (Luxshare-ICT)

Date: 2017.08.21

Communication System Band: WLAN(ac) 80Mhz; Frequency: 5775 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5775 MHz; $\sigma = 5.92$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 46.57$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.5 Liquid Temperature:21.4

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7340; ConvF(4.56, 4.56, 4.56); Calibrated: 2016.12.27;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1454; Calibrated: 2016.12.19

Phantom: ELI v4.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1012

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

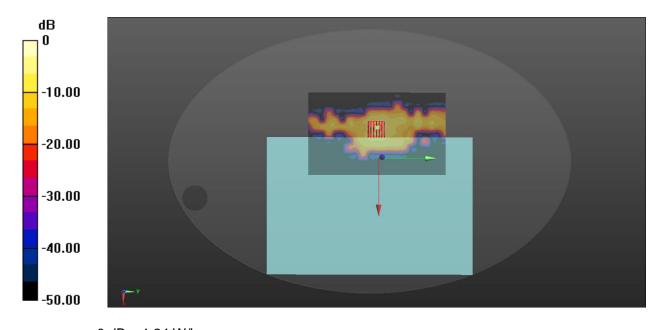
Ch155/Area Scan (121x201x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.680 W/kg

Ch155/Zoom Scan (7x7x13)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 1.208 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.58 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.617 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.202 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.24 W/kg



0 dB = 1.24 W/kg



ANNEX D EUT ANTENNA LOCATION SKETCH

Please refer to page 5 of EUT internal photos document "BL-SZ1770434-Al internal photos.pdf".

ANNEX E EUT EXTERNAL PHOTOS

Please refer the document "BL-SZ1770434-AW.pdf".

ANNEX F SAR TEST SETUP PHOTOS

Please refer the document "BL-SZ1770434-AS.pdf".

ANNEX G CALIBRATION REPORT

Please refer the document "CALIBRATION REPORT.pdf".

--END OF REPORT--