

# **FCC Test Report**

#### FOR:

Model Name: CA005 Global roaming CDMA cellular phone with Bluetooth function and Felica function sold in Japan.

FCC ID: TKYNX6580

FCC-Part 15B

TEST REPORT #: EMC\_CET10\_054\_10501\_CA005\_FCC15B DATE: 2010-02-19







Bluetooth
Qualification Test
Facility
(BQTF)



FCC listed: A2LA accredited

IC recognized # 3462B-1

#### CETECOM Inc.

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Board of Directors: Dr. Harald Ansorge, Dr. Klaus Matkey, Hans Peter May

Test Report #:
Date of Report :

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#### 1 Assessment

The following is in compliance with the applicable criteria specified in FCC rules Part 15B of the Code of Federal Regulations.

Company	Description	Model #
Casio Hitachi Mobile Communications Co., Ltd	The cellular phone for the global roaming of the CDMA method of 3G equipped with the Bluetooth function and the FeliCa function sold in Japan	CDMA CA005

### **Responsible for Testing Laboratory:**

Marc Douat

2010-02-19	Compliance	(Test Lab Manager)	
Date	Section	Name	Signature

#### **Responsible for the Report:**

Christopher Torio

2010-02-19	Compliance	(EMC Test Engineer)	
Date	Section	Name	Signature

The test results of this test report relate exclusively to the test item specified in Section3.

CETECOM Inc. USA does not assume responsibility for any conclusions and generalizations drawn from the test results with regard to other specimens or samples of the type of the equipment represented by the test item. The test report may only be reproduced or published in full. Reproduction or publication of extracts from the report requires the prior written approval of the CETECOM Inc USA.

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### 2 Administrative Data

### 2.1 Identification of the Testing Laboratory Issuing the EMC Test Report

Company Name:	CETECOM Inc.
<b>Department:</b>	Compliance
Address:	411 Dixon Landing Road
	Milpitas, CA 95035
	U.S.A.
Telephone:	+1 (408) 586 6200
Fax:	+1 (408) 586 6299
Responsible Test Lab Manager:	Heiko Strehlow
<b>Responsible Project Leader:</b>	Peter Mu

### 2.2 Identification of the Client

Applicant's Name:	Casio Hitachi Mobile Communications Co., Ltd.
Street Address:	2-229-1 Sakuragaoka
City/Zip Code	Higashiyamato-shi, Tokyo 207-8501
Country	Japan
Contact Person:	Osamu Hasegawa
Phone No.	+81-42-516-2184
Fax:	+84-42-516-2505
e-mail:	osamu-hasegawa@ch-mobile.co.jp

### 2.3 Identification of the Manufacturer

Manufacturer's Name:	Same as above
Manufacturers Address:	
City/Zip Code	
Country	

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### 3 Equipment under Test (EUT)

### 3.1 Specification of the Equipment under Test

Marketing Name:	CDMA CA005
Model No:	CDMA CA005
<b>Product Type:</b>	Global roaming CDMA cellular phone with Bluetooth function and Felica function sold in Japan.
FCC-ID:	TYKNX6580
Frequency:	BC0 US Cellular
Type(s) of Modulation:	QPSK/HPSK(CDMA2000)
Antenna Type:	1/4λSingle Type
Power Supply:	DC3.4(V)/DC3.7(V)/DC4.2(V)
Temperature Range:	-20°C/-25°C/+60°C

### 3.2 Identification of the Equipment Under Test (EUT)

EUT#	Serial Number	Cetecom ID	Sample
1	SCADZ000161	C004728	Radiated
2	SCADZ000162	C004727	Radiated

3.3 Identification of Accessory equipment

AE#	Туре	Manufacturer	Cetecom ID
1	AC Adapter	Mitsumi	C004716
2	Cradle	Casio/Hitachi	C004718
3	RCA Cable+ Jig	Casio/Hitachi	C004705
4	3.5m/RCA Adapter	Casio/Hitachi	C004703
5	Micro SD	Chip Hope	C004707
6	Headphones	Sony	C004711
7	Battery	Casio/Hitachi	C004718
8	Dummy Battery	Casio/Hitachi	C004724

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### 4 Subject of Investigation

Testing was performed on the *CA005* cellular phone with all the accessories listed in Section 3 and according to FCC 15 subpart B.

Radiated Emission tests are carried out to show that the EUT complies with FCC15.109 (a) radiated emissions limit for Class B device.

Conducted Emission tests are carried out to show that the EUT complies with FCC15.107 (a) conducted emissions limit for Class B device.

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### **Radiated Emissions**

### 4.1 §15.109 Radiated emission limits- Unintentional Radiators:

(a) Except for Class A digital devices, the field strength of radiated emissions from unintentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the following values:

Frequency of emission (MHz)	Field strength (μV/m)
30–88	100
88–216	150
216–960	200
Above 960	500

(b) The field strength of radiated emissions from a Class A digital device, as determined at a distance of 10 meters, shall not exceed the following:

Frequency of emission (MHz)	Field strength (μV/m)
30–88	90
88–216	150
216–960	210
Above 960	300

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#### **4.2** Measurement Procedure:

#### ANSI C63.4 Section 8.3.1.1: Exploratory radiated emission measurements

Exploratory radiated measurements shall be performed at the measurement distance or at a closer distance than that specified for compliance to determine the emission characteristics of the EUT. At near distances, for EUTs of comparably small size, it is relatively easy to determine the spectrum signature of the EUT and, if applicable, the EUT configuration that produces the maximum level of emissions. A shielded room may be used for exploratory testing, but may have anomalies that can lead to significant errors in amplitude measurements.

Broadband antennas and a spectrum analyzer or a radio-noise meter with a panoramic display are often useful in this type of testing. It is recommended that either a headset or loudspeaker be connected as an aid in detecting ambient signals and finding frequencies of significant emission from the EUT when the exploratory and final testing is performed in an OATS with strong ambient signals. Caution should be taken if either antenna height between 1 and 4 meters or EUT azimuth is not fully explored. Not fully exploring these parameters during exploratory testing may require complete testing at the OATS or semi-anechoic chamber when the final full spectrum testing is conducted.

The EUT should be set up in its typical configuration and arrangement, and operated in its various modes. For tabletop systems, cables or wires should be manipulated within the range of likely arrangements. For floor-standing equipment, the cables or wires should be located in the same manner as the user would install them and no further manipulation is made. For combination EUTs, the tabletop and floor-standing portions of the EUT shall follow the procedures for their respective setups and cable manipulation. If the manner of cable installation is not known, or if it changes with each installation, cables or wires for floor-standing equipment shall be manipulated to the extent possible to produce the maximum level of emissions.

For each mode of operation required to be tested, the frequency spectrum shall be monitored. Variations in antenna height between 1 and 4 m, antenna polarization, EUT azimuth, and cable or wire placement (each variable within bounds specified elsewhere) shall be explored to produce the emission that has the highest amplitude relative to the limit. A step-by-step technique for determining this emission can be found in Annex C.

When measuring emissions above 1 GHz, the frequencies of maximum emission shall be determined by manually positioning the antenna close to the EUT and by moving the antenna over all sides of the EUT while observing a spectral display. It will be advantageous to have prior knowledge of the frequencies of emissions above 1 GHz. If the EUT is a device with dimensions approximately equal to that of the measurement antenna beamwidth, the measurement antenna shall be aligned with the EUT.

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#### ANSI C63.4 Section 8.3.1.2: Final radiated emission measurements

Based on the measurement results in 8.3.1.1, the one EUT, cable and wire arrangement, and mode of operation that produces the emission that has the highest amplitude relative to the limit is selected for the final measurement. The final measurement is then performed on a site meeting the requirements of 5.3, 5.4, or 5.5 as appropriate without variation of the EUT arrangement or EUT mode of operation. If the EUT is relocated from an exploratory test site to a final test site, the highest emission shall be remaximized at the final test location before final radiated emissions measurements are performed. However, antenna height and polarity and EUT azimuth are to be varied. In addition, the full frequency spectrum (for the range to be checked for meeting compliance) shall be investigated.

This investigation is performed with the EUT rotated 360°, the antenna height scanned between 1 m and 4 m, and the antenna rotated to repeat the measurements for both the horizontal and vertical antenna polarizations. During the full frequency spectrum investigation, particular focus should be made on those frequencies found in exploratory testing that were used to find the final test configuration, mode of operation, and arrangement (associated with achieving the least margin with respect to the limit). This full spectrum test constitutes the compliance measurement.

For measurements above 1 GHz, use the cable, EUT arrangement, and mode of operation determined in the exploratory testing to produce the emission that has the highest amplitude relative to the limit. Place the measurement antenna away from each area of the EUT determined to be a source of emissions at the specified measurement distance, while keeping the antenna in the "cone of radiation" from that area and pointed at the area both in azimuth and elevation, with polarization oriented for maximum response. The antenna may have to be higher or lower than the EUT, depending on the EUT's size and mounting height, but the antenna should be restricted to a range of heights of from 1 m to 4 m above the ground or reference ground plane. If the transmission line for the measurement antenna restricts its range of height and polarization, the steps needed to ensure the correct measurement of the maximum emissions, shall be described in detail in the report of measurements. Data collected shall satisfy the report requirements of Clause 10.

#### **NOTES**

- 1— Where limits are specified by agencies for both average and peak (or quasi-peak) detection, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.
- 2—Use of waveguide and flexible waveguide may be necessary at frequencies above 10 GHz to achieve usable signal-to noise ratios at required measurement distances. If so, it may be necessary to restrict the height search of the antenna, and special care should be taken to ensure that maximum emissions are correctly measured.
- 3—All presently known devices causing emissions above 10 GHz are physically small compared with the beam-widths of typical horn antennas used for EMC measurements. For such EUTs and frequencies, it may be preferable to vary the height and polarization of the EUT instead of the receiving antenna to maximize the measured emissions.

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#### 4.3 Results

#### **EUT Information**

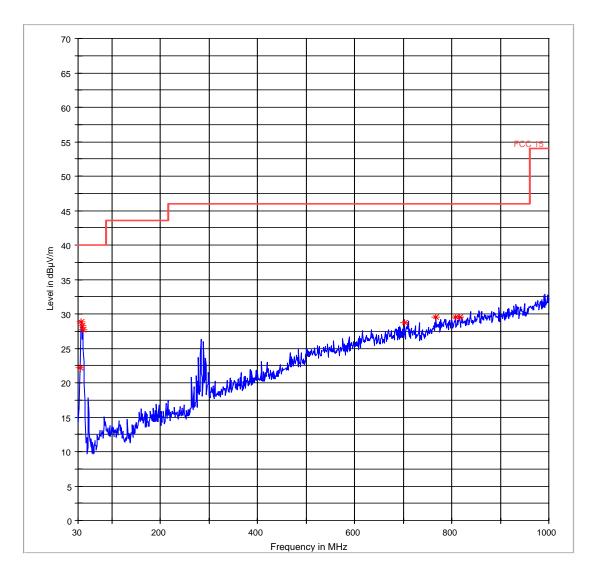
Description:

EUT Name: CA005

Manufacturer: Serial Number: Test Engineer: Notes:

Test Mode: Idle; 30M-1GHz

FCC 15 30-1000MHz



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### **EUT Information**

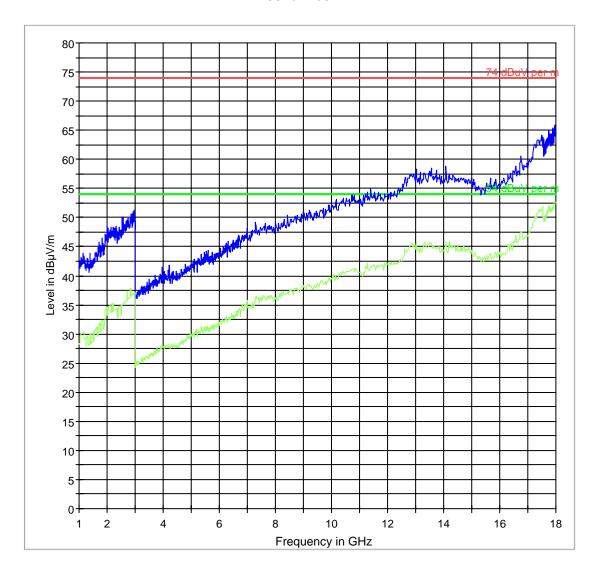
Description: EUT Name:

CA005

Manufacturer: Serial Number: Test Engineer: Notes:

Test Mode: Idle; 1G-18GHz

FCC 15 1-18GHz



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#### 5 AC Power Line Conducted Emissions

#### 5.1 § 15.107 Conducted limits- Unintentional Radiators

(a) Except for Class A digital devices, for equipment that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50  $\mu$ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the band edges.

	Conducted limit (dBμV)			
Frequency of emission (MHz)	Quasi-peak	Average		
0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*		
0.5–5	56	46		
5–30	60	50		

<sup>\*</sup>Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

(b) For a Class A digital device that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a  $50 \, \mu \text{H}/50$  ohms LISN. Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

	Conducted limit (dBμV)				
Frequency of emission (MHz)	Quasi-peak	Average			
0.15-0.5	79	66			
0.5–5	73	60			

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#### **5.2** Measurement Procedure:

#### ANSI C63.4 Section 7.3.1: Measurements at a test site

Tabletop devices shall be placed on a nonconducting platform, of nominal size 1 m by 1.5 m, raised 80 cm above the reference ground plane. The vertical conducting plane, when used, or wall of a screened room shall be located 40 cm to the rear of the EUT. Floor-standing devices shall be placed either directly on the reference ground plane or on insulating material. All other surfaces of tabletop or floorstanding EUTs shall be at least 80 cm from any other grounded conducting surface, including the case or cases of one or more LISNs. AC power-line adapters that are used with EUTs, such as notebook computers, should be placed as typically used (i.e., on the tabletop) if the adapter-to-EUT cord is too short to allow the power adapter to reach the floor. Each current-carrying conductor of the EUT power cord(s), except the ground (safety) conductor(s), shall be individually connected through a LISN to the input power source. All 50  $\Omega$  ports of the LISN shall be resistively terminated into 50  $\Omega$  loads when not connected to the measuring instrument. When the test configuration consists of multiple units (EUT and associated/peripheral equipment, or EUT consisting of multiple equipment) that have their own power cords, ac power-line conducted emissions measurements shall be performed with the ac power-line cord of the particular unit under test connected to one LISN that is connected to the measuring instrument. Those power cords for the units in the remainder of the configuration not under measurement shall be connected to a separate LISN or LISNs. This connection may be made using a multiple-receptacle device. Emissions from each current-carrying conductor of the EUT shall be individually measured. Where multiple portions of the EUT receive ac power from a common power strip, which is furnished by the manufacturer as part of the EUT, measurements need only be made on the current-carrying conductors of the common power strip. Adapters or extension cords connected between the EUT power cord plug and the LISN power receptacle shall be included in the LISN setup, such that the calibration of the combined adapter or extension cord with an adapter and the LISN meets the requirements of 5.2.3.

If the EUT consists of a number of devices that have their own separate ac power connections, e.g., a floorstanding frame with independent power cords for each shelf, that are able to connect directly to the ac power network, each current-carrying conductor of one device is measured while the other devices are connected to a second (or more) LISN(s). All devices shall be separately measured. If the manufacturer provides a power strip to supply power to all of the devices making up the EUT, only the conductors in the common power cord to the power strip shall be measured.

If the EUT is normally operated with a ground (safety) connection, the EUT shall be connected to the ground at the LISN through a conductor provided in the lead from the ac power to the LISN. The excess length of the power cord between the EUT and the LISN receptacle (or ac power receptacle where a LISN cannot be used), or an adapter or extension cord connected to and measured with the LISN, shall be folded back and forth at the center of the lead to form a bundle not exceeding 40 cm in length. If the EUT does not have a flexible power lead, the EUT shall be placed at a distance of 80 cm from the LISN (or power receptacle where a LISN cannot be used) and connected thereto by a power lead or appropriate connection no more than 1 m long. The measurement shall be made at the LISN end of this power lead or connection.

The LISN housing, measuring instrument case, reference ground plane, vertical conducting plane, if used, shall be bonded together.

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#### ANSI C63.4 Section 7.3.3: Exploratory ac power-line conducted emission measurements

Exploratory measurements shall be used to identify the frequency of the emission that has the highest amplitude relative to the limit by operating the EUT in a range of typical modes of operation, cable positions, and with a typical system equipment configuration and arrangement. For each mode of operation and for each ac power current-carrying conductor, cable manipulation may be performed within the range of likely configurations. For this measurement or series of measurements, the frequency spectrum of interest shall be monitored looking for the emission that has the highest amplitude relative to the limit. Once that emission is found for each current-carrying conductor of each power cord associated with the EUT (but not the cords associated with non-EUT equipment in the overall system), the one configuration and arrangement and mode of operation that produces the emission closest to the limit across all the measured conductors is recorded.

#### ANSI C63.4 Section 7.3.4: Final ac power-line conducted emission measurements

Based on the exploratory tests of the EUT, the one EUT cable configuration and arrangement and mode of operation that produced the emission with the highest amplitude relative to the limit is selected for the final measurement. If the EUT is relocated from an exploratory test site to a final test site, the highest emissions shall be remaximized at the final test location before final ac power-line conducted emission measurements are performed. The final test on all current-carrying conductors of all of the power cords to the equipment that comprises the EUT (but not the cords associated with other non-EUT equipment in the system) is then performed for the full frequency range for which the EUT is being tested for compliance without additional variation of the EUT arrangement, cable positions, or EUT mode of operation. If the EUT consists of equipment units that have their own separate ac power connections (e.g., a floor-standing frame with independent power cords for each shelf that are able to connect directly to the ac power network), then each current-carrying conductor of one unit is measured while the other units are connected to a second (or more) LISN(s). All units shall be measured separately. If the manufacturer provides a power strip to supply all the units making up the EUT, only the conductors in the power cord of the power strip shall be measured.

Plots show both Line and Neutral measurements and combined worse case emissions.

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# 5.3 Results: **EUT Information**

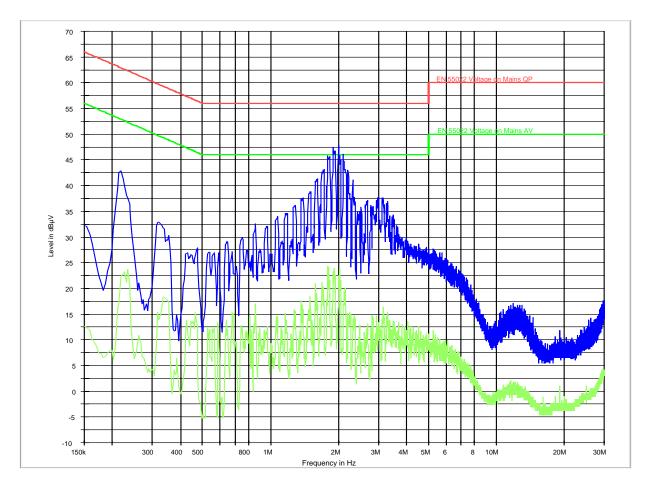
Description:

EUT Name: CA005

Manufacturer: Serial Number: Test Engineer: Notes:

Test Mode: Idle; Conducted Emissions- Line/Neutral

CISPR 22 Mains Conducted



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## 6 Test Equipment and Ancillaries used for tests

No	Instrument/Ancillary	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	Cal Due	Interval
01	Spectrum Analyzer	ESIB 40	Rohde & Schwarz	100107	May 2010	1 year
02	Spectrum Analyzer	FSEM 30	Rohde & Schwarz	100017	May 2010	1 year
03	Signal Generator	SMY02	Rohde & Schwarz	836878/011	May 2010	1 year
04	Power-Meter	NRVD	Rohde & Schwarz	0857.8008.02	May 2010	1 year
05	Biconilog Antenna	3141	EMCO	0005-1186	June 2010	1 year
06	Horn Antenna (1- 18GHz)	SAS-200/571	AH Systems	325	June 2010	1 year
07	Horn Antenna (18- 26.5GHz)	3160-09	EMCO	1240	June 2010	1 year
08	Power Splitter	11667B	Hewlett Packard	645348	n/a	n/a
09	Climatic Chamber	VT4004	Voltsch	G1115	May 2010	1 year
10	High Pass Filter	5HC2700	Trilithic Inc.	9926013	n/a	n/a
11	High Pass Filter	4HC1600	Trilithic Inc.	9922307	n/a	n/a
12	Pre-Amplifier	JS4-00102600	Miteq	00616	May 2010	1 year
13	Power Sensor	URV5-Z2	Rohde & Schwarz	DE30807	May 2010	1 year
14	Universal Radio Comm. Tester	CMU 200	Rohde & Schwarz	832221/06	May 2010	1 year
15	LISN	ESH3-Z5	Rohde & Schwarz	836679/003	May 2010	1 year
16	Loop Antenna	6512	EMCO	00049838	July 2010	2 years

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### 7 Block Diagrams

