

No. 2012EEE02069-2

For

Teleepoch Limited

Mobile phone

C5620/FLIP/MXC-628

With

Hardware Version: C5620-Main_V1.0

Software Version: C5620_01.01.08I

FCC ID: U46-C5620

Results Summary: T Category = T4

Issued Date: 2012-04-06



No. DGA-PL-114/01-02

Note:

The test results in this test report relate only to the devices specified in this report. This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of TMC Beijing.

Test Laboratory:

TMC Beijing, Telecommunication Metrology Center of MIIT

No. 52, Huayuan Bei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, P. R. China 100191.

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1 Test Laboratory

1.1 Testing Location

Company Name: TMC Beijing, Telecommunication Metrology Center of MIIT Address: No 52, Huayuan beilu, Haidian District, Beijing,P.R.China

Postal Code: 100191

Telephone: +86-10-62304633 Fax: +86-10-62304793

1.2 Testing Environment

Temperature: $18^{\circ}\text{C} \sim 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, Relative humidity: $30\% \sim 70\%$ Ground system resistance: $< 0.5 \ \Omega$

Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards. Reflection of surrounding objects is minimized and in compliance with requirement of standards.

1.3 Project Data

Project Leader: Qi Dianyuan Test Engineer: Lin Hao

Testing Start Date: March 30, 2012
Testing End Date: March 30, 2012

1.4 Signature

Lin Hao
(Prepared this test report)
Qi Dianyuan
(Reviewed this test report)
 Xiao Li
Deputy Director of the laboratory

(Approved this test report)



2 Client Information

2.1 Applicant Information

Company Name: Teleepoch Limited

Address /Post: 5A,B1 Building,Digital Tech Zone,High-Tech Park(south),Nanshan

district, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, China

City: Shenzhen
Postal Code: 518000
Country: China

Telephone: +86-755-26037146

Fax: /

2.2 Manufacturer Information

Company Name: Teleepoch Limited

Address /Post: 5A,B1 Building,Digital Tech Zone,High-Tech Park(south),Nanshan

district, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, China

City: Shenzhen
Postal Code: 518000
Country: China

Telephone: +86-755-26037146

Fax: /



3 Equipment Under Test (EUT) and Ancillary Equipment (AE)

3.1 About EUT

EUT Description: CDMA 1X Mobile phone
Model Name: C5620/FLIP/MXC-628
Marketing Name: C5620/FLIP/MXC-628
Frequency Band: CDMA BC0,BC1,BC14

Attention: Teleepoch Limited declares that Mobile phone C5620/FLIP/MXC-628 applied FCC-certified are the same, the only difference among Above-mentioned products is the appearance of the trademark and model name. The model of EUT tested is SIROKO C5620.

3.2 Internal Identification of EUT used during the test

EUT ID* SN or IMEI HW Version SW Version

EUT1 A1000009AF7CE89 C5620-Main_V1. C5620_01.01.08I

3.3 Internal Identification of AE used during the test

AE ID* Description Model SN Manufacturer
AE1 Battery BTR2080B / TELEEPOCH

4 CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

4.1 Summary

During the process of testing, the EUT was controlled via Rhode & Schwarz Digital Radio Communication tester (CMU-200) to ensure the maximum power transmission and proper modulation. This result contains conducted output power and ERP for the EUT. In all cases, the measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

4.2 Conducted Power

CDMA BC0	Conducted Power (dBm)		
	Channel 777(848.31MHz)	Channel 384(836.52MHz)	Channel 1013(824.7MHz)
	24.2	24.3	24.1
CDMA BC1	Conducted Power (dBm)		
	Channel1175(1908.75MHz)	Channel 600(1880MHz)	Channel 25(1851.25MHz)
	23.4	23.6	23.8
CDMA BC14	Conducted Power (dBm)		
	Channel1275(1913.75MHz)	Channel 650(1882.5MHz)	Channel 25(1851.25MHz)
	23.4	23.6	23.7

^{*}EUT ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

^{*}AE ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally



5. Reference Documents

5.1Reference Documents for testing

The following document listed in this section is referred for testing.

Reference	Title	Version
ANSI C63.19-2007	American National Standard for Methods of Measurement	2007
	of Compatibility between Wireless Communication Devices	Edition
	and Hearing Aids	

6 OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS DURING TEST

6.1 HAC MEASUREMENT SET-UP

These measurements are performed using the DASY5 NEO automated dosimetric assessment system. It is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland. It consists of high precision robotics system (Stäubli), robot controller, Intel Core2 computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements. A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teach pendant (Joystick), and remote control, is used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the HP Intel Core2 1.86 GHz computer with Windows XP system and HAC Measurement Software DASY5 NEO, A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Stäubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.

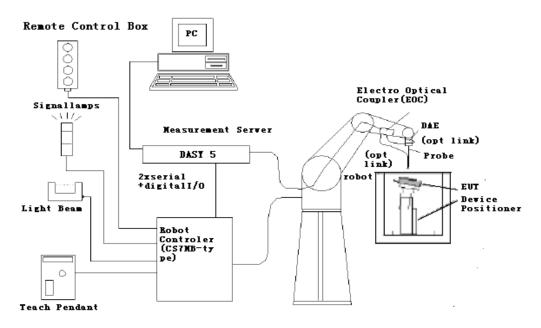


Figure 6.1 HAC Test Measurement Set-up



The DAE4 consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer.



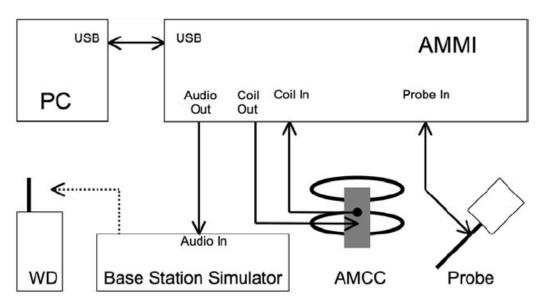


Figure 6.2 T-Coil setup with HAC Test Arch and AMCC

6.2 AM1D probe

The AM1D probe is an active probe with a single sensor. It is fully RF-shielded and has a rounded tip 6mm in diameter incorporating a pickup coil with its center offset 3mm from the tip and the sides. The symmetric signal preamplifier in the probe is fed via the shielded symmetric output cable from the AMMI with a 48V "phantom" voltage supply. The 7-pin connector on the back in the



axis of the probe does not carry any signals. It is mounted to the DAE for the correct orientation of the sensor. If the probe axis is tilted 54.7 degree from the vertical, the sensor is approximately vertical when the signal connector is at the underside of the probe (cable hanging downwards). Specification:

Frequency range	0.1~20kHz (RF sensitivity < -100dB, fully RF shielded)	
Sensitivity	< -50dB A/m @ 1kHz	
Pre-amplifier	40dB, symmetric	
Dimensions	Tip diameter/length: 6/290mm, sensor according to ANSI-C63.19	

6.3 AMCC

The Audio Magnetic Calibration coil is a Helmholtz Coil designed for calibration of the AM1D probe. The two horizontal coils generate a homogeneous magnetic field in the z direction. The DC input resistance is adjusted by a series resistor to approximately 500hm, and a shunt resistor of 100hm permits monitoring the current with a scale of 1:10

Port description:

Signal	Connector	Resistance
Coil In	BNC	Typically 50Ohm
Coil Monitor	BNO	100hm±1% (100mV corresponding to 1 A/m)

Specification:

6.4 AMMI



Figure 6.3 AMMI front panel

The Audio Magnetic Measuring Instrument (AMMI) is a desktop 19-inch unit containing a sampling unit, a waveform generator for test and calibration signals, and a USB interface.

Specification:

Sampling rate	48 kHz / 24 bit
Dynamic range	85 dB
Test signal generation	User selectable and predefined (vis PC)
Calibration	Auto-calibration / full system calibration using AMCC with monitor output
Dimensions	482 x 65 x 270 mm

6.5 Test Arch Phantom & Phone Positioner

The Test Arch phantom should be positioned horizontally on a stable surface. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. It enables easy and well defined positioning of the phone and validation dipoles as well as simple teaching of the robot (Dimensions: 370 x 370 x



370 mm).

The Phone Positioner supports accurate and reliable positioning of any phone with effect on near field $<\pm 0.5$ dB.

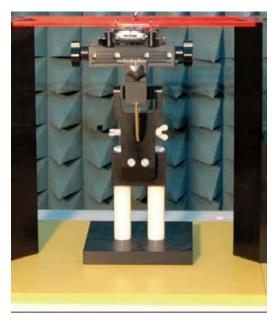


Figure 6.4 HAC Phantom & Device Holder

6.6 Robotic System Specifications

Specifications

Positioner: Stäubli Unimation Corp. Robot Model: RX160L

Repeatability: ±0.02 mm

No. of Axis: 6

Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE) System

Cell Controller

Processor: Intel Core2 Clock Speed: 1.86 GHz

Operating System: Windows XP

Data Converter

Features: Signal Amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter, and control logic

Software: DASY5 software

Connecting Lines: Optical downlink for data and status info.

Optical uplink for commands and clock

6.7 T-Coil measurement points and reference plane

Figure 5.5 illustrates the three standard probe orientations. Position 1 is the axial orientation of the probe coil; orientation 2 and orientation 3 are radial orientations. The space between the measurement positions is not fixed. It is recommended that a scan of the WD be done for each probe coil orientation and that the maximum level recorded be used as the reading for that orientation of the probe coil.



- 1) The reference plane is the planar area that contains the highest point in the area of the phone that normally rests against the user's ear. It is parallel to the centerline of the receiver area of the phone and is defined by the points of the receiver-end of the WD handset, which, in normal handset use, rest against the ear.
- 2) The measurement plane is parallel to, and 10 mm in front of, the reference plane.
- 3) The reference axis is normal to the reference plane and passes through the center of the receiver speaker section (or the center of the hole array); or may be centered on a secondary inductive source. The actual location of the measurement point shall be noted in the test report as the measurement reference point.
- 4) The measurement points may be located where the axial and radial field intensity measurements are optimum with regard to the requirements. However, the measurement points should be near the acoustic output of the WD and shall be located in the same half of the phone as the WD receiver. In a WD handset with a centered receiver and a circularly symmetrical magnetic field, the measurement axis and the reference axis would coincide.
- 5) The relative spacing of each measurement orientation is not fixed. The axial and two radial orientations should be chosen to select the optimal position.
- 6) The measurement point for the axial position is located 10 mm from the reference plane on the measurement axis. The actual location of the measurement point shall be noted in test reports and designated as the measurement reference point.

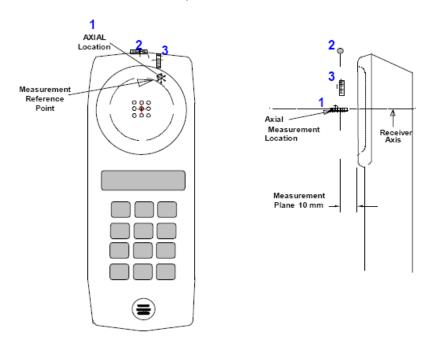


Figure 6.5 Axis and planes for WD audio frequency magnetic field measurements

7 T-Coil TEST PROCEDUERES

The following illustrate a typical test scan over a wireless communications device:

1) Geometry and signal check: system probe alignment, proper operation of the field probe, probe measurement system, other instrumentation, and the positioning system was confirmed. A surface calibration was performed before each setup change to ensure repeatable spacing and proper



maintenance of the measurement plane using the test Arch.

- 2) Set the reference drive level of signal voice defined in C63.19 per 6.3.2.1.
- 3) The ambient and test system background noise (dB A/m) was measured as well as ABM2 over the full measurement. The maximum noise level must be at least 10dB below the limit of C63.19 per 7.3.2.
- 4) The DUT was positioned in its intended test position, acoustic output point of the device perpendicular to the field probe.
- 5) The DUT operation for maximum rated RF output power was configured and connected by using of coaxial cable connection to the base station simulator at the test channel and other normal operating parameters as intended for the test. The battery was ensured to be fully charged before each test. The center sub-grid was centered over the center of the acoustic output (also audio band magnetic output, if applicable). The DUT audio output was positioned tangent (as physically possible) to the measurement plane.
- 6) The DUT's RF emission field was eliminated from T-coil results by using a well RF-shielding of the probe, AM1D, and by using of coaxial cable connection to a Base Station Simulator. One test channel was pre-measurement to avoid this possibility.
- 7) Determined the optimal measurement locations for the DUT by following the three steps, coarse resolution scan, fine resolution scans, and point measurement, as described in C63.19 per 6.3.4.4. At each measurement locations, samples in the measurement window duration were evaluated to get ABM1 and the signal spectrum. The noise measurement was performed after the scan with the signal, the same happened, just with the voice signal switched off. The ABM2 was calculated from this second scan.
- 8) All results resulting from a measurement point in a T-Coil job were calculated from the signal samples during this window interval. ABM values were averaged over the sequence of there samples.
- 9) At an optimal point measurement, the SNR (ABM1/ABM2) was calculated for axial,radial transverse and radial longitudinal orientation, and the frequency response was measured in axial axis.
- 10) Corrected for the frequency response after the DUT measurement since the DASY5 system had known the spectrum of the input signal by using a reference job.
- 11) In SEMCAD postprocessing, the spectral points are in addition scaled with the high-pass (half-band) and the A-weighting, bandwidth compensated factor (BWC) and those results are final as shown in this report.

8 T-Coil PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

In order to be rated for T-Coil use, a WD shall meet the requirements for signal level and signal quality contained in this part.

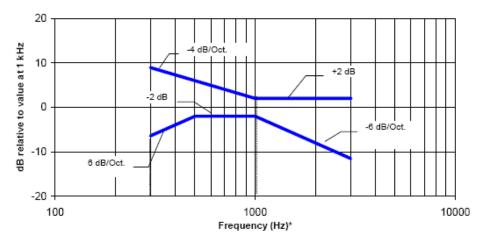
8.1 T-Coil coupling field intensity

When measured as specified in ANSI C63.19, the T-Coil signal shall be ≥ -18 dB (A/m) at 1 kHz, in a 1/3 octave band filter for all orientations.



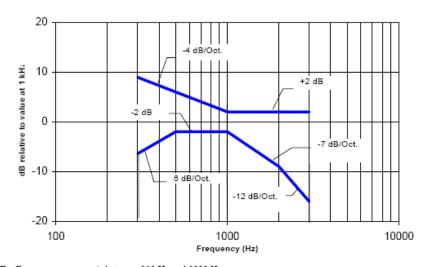
8.2 Frequency response

The frequency response of the axial component of the magnetic field, measured in 1/3 octave bands, shall follow the response curve specified in this sub-clause, over the frequency range 300 Hz to 3000 Hz. Figure 7.1 and Figure 7.2 provide the boundaries for the specified frequency. These response curves are for true field strength measurements of the T-Coil signal. Thus the 6 dB/octave probe response has been corrected from the raw readings.



NOTE-Frequency response is between 300 Hz and 3000 Hz.

Figure 8.1—Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with a field ≤ −15 dB (A/m) at 1 kHz



NOTE—Frequency response is between 300 Hz and 3000 Hz.

Figure 8.2—Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with a field that exceeds –15 dB(A/m) at 1 kHz

8.3 Signal quality

This part provides the signal quality requirement for the intended T-Coil signal from a WD. Only the RF immunity of the hearing aid is measured in T-Coil mode. It is assumed that a hearing aid can have no immunity to an interference signal in the audio band, which is the intended reception band for this mode. So, the only criteria that can be measured is the RF immunity in T-Coil mode. This is measured using the same procedure as for the audio coupling mode and at the same levels.



The worst signal quality of the three T-Coil signal measurements shall be used to determine the T-Coil mode category per Table 1

Table 1: T-Coil signal quality categories

Category	Telephone parameters	
	WD signal quality	
	[(signal + noise) - to - noise ratio in decibels]	
Category T1	0 dB to 10 dB	
Category T2	10 dB to 20 dB	
Category T3	20 dB to 30 dB	
Category T4	> 30 dB	

9 HAC T-Coil TEST DATA SUMMARY

9.1 T-Coil Coupling Field Intensity

9.1.1 Axial Field Intensity

Cell Phone Mode	Minimum limit (dB A/m)	Result (dB A/m)	Verdict
CDMA BC0	-18	-8.55	Pass
CDMA BC1	-18	-6.78	Pass
CDMA BC14	-18	-6.76	Pass

9.1.2 Radial Field Intensity

Cell Phone Mode	Minimum limit (dB A/m)	Result (dB A/m)	Verdict
CDMA BC0	-18	-14.29	Pass
CDMA BC1	-18	-14.50	Pass
CDMA BC14	-18	-15.13	Pass

9.2 Frequency Response at Axial Measurement Point

Cell Phone Mode	Frequency Response Curve	Verdict
CDMA BC0	Figure C.1	Pass
CDMA BC1	Figure C.2	Pass
CDMA BC14	Figure C.3	Pass



9.3 Signal Quality

Probe Position	Band	Ch.	Measurement Position (x mm, y mm)	ABM1 (dB A/m)	SNR (dB)	T category
Radial 1	CDMA BC0	384	(-8.3,0)	-14.29	37.66	T4
1101011011	CDMA BC1	600	(-8.3,0)	-14.02	38.25	T4
(Longitudinal)	CDMA BC14	650	(-8.3,0)	-14.09	37.89	T4
Radial 2	CDMA BC0	384	(0,8.3)	-13.88	40.35	T4
	CDMA BC1	600	(-4.2,-4.2)	-14.50	40.04	T4
(Transversal)	CDMA BC14	650	(0,-8.3)	-15.13	39.12	T4
	CDMA BC0	384	(-4.2,0)	-8.55	40.79	T4
Axial	CDMA BC1	600	(0,4.2)	-6.78	42.35	T4
	CDMA BC14	650	(0,0)	-6.76	40.69	T4

Note:

- 1. The LCD backlight is turn off, Bluetooth function is turn off and volume is adjusted to maximum level during T-Coil testing.
- 2. Signal strength measurement scan plots are presented in Annex B.

9.4 Total Measurement Conclusion

Probe Position	Frequency Band(MHz)	ABM1	Frequency Response	T Category
	CDMA BC0	Pass	Pass	T4
Axial	CDMA BC1	Pass	Pass	T4
	CDMA BC14	Pass	Pass	T4
	CDMA BC0	Pass		T4
Radial 1	CDMA BC1	Pass	/	T4
	CDMA BC14	Pass		T4
	CDMA BC0	Pass		T4
Radial 2	CDMA BC1	Pass	/	T4
	CDMA BC14	Pass		T4

10 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

No.	Error source	Туре	Uncertainty Value a _i (%)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	ABM1	ABM2	Std. Unc. ABM1 u'_i (%)	Std. Unc. ABM2
1	System Repeatability	A	0.016	N	1	1	1	0.016	0.016
Prob	e Sensitivity								
2	Reference Level	В	3. 0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3. 0	3. 0



3	AMCC Geometry	В	0. 4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0. 2	0. 2
4	AMCC Current	В	0.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0. 4	0. 4
5	Probe Positioning during Calibration	В	0.1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0. 1	0. 1
6	Noise Contribution	В	0.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0. 0143	1	0.0	0. 4
7	Frequency Slope	В	5. 9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0. 1	1	0.3	3. 5
Probe	System				•				
8	Repeatability / Drift	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
9	Linearity / Dynamic Range	В	0.6	N	1	1	1	0. 4	0. 4
10	Acoustic Noise	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0. 1	1	0. 1	0.6
11	Probe Angle	В	2. 3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.4	1. 4
12	Spectral Processing	В	0.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0. 5
13	Integration Time	В	0.6	N	1	1	5	0.6	3. 0
14	Field Distribution	В	0.2	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0. 1	0. 1
Test	Signal								
15	Ref.Signal Spectral Response	В	0.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	1	0.0	0. 4
Posit	ioning		<u> </u>						
16	Probe Positioning	В	1.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.1	1. 1
17	Phantom Thickness	В	0. 9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0. 5	0. 5



18	DUT Positioning	В	1.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1. 1	1. 1
Exte	rnal Contributions								
19	RF Interference	В	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.3	0.0	0.0
20	Test Signal Variation	В	2. 0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1. 2	1. 2
	pined Std. Uncertainty		$u_c' = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{20} c_i^2 u_i^2}$					4. 1	6. 1
Expa	nded Std. Uncertainty	$u_e = 2u_c$ N $k = 2$					8. 2	12. 2	

11 MAIN TEST INSTRUMENTS

Table 2: List of Main Instruments

No.	Name	Туре	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Valid Period
01	Audio Magnetic 1D Field Probe	AM1DV3	3086	February 14, 2011	NCR
02	Audio Magnetic Calibration Coil	AMCC	1105	NCR	NCR
03	Audio Measuring Instrument	AMMI	1121	NCR	NCR
04	HAC Test Arch	N/A	1150	NCR	NCR
05	DAE	DAE4	786	November 21, 2011	One year
06	Software	DASY5 Version 52.8.0.692	N/A	NCR	NCR
07	Software	SEMCAD Version 14.6	N/A	NCR	NCR
08	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU 200	114825	January 19, 2012	One year



ANNEX A TEST LAYOUT



Picture A1: HAC T-Coil System Layout



ANNEX B TEST PLOTS

T-Coil CDMA BC0 X longitudinal

Date/Time: 3/30/2012 2:44:56 PM

Electronics: DAE4 Sn786

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Communication System: CDMA Frequency: 836.52 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

T-Coil scan (scan for ANSI C63.19-2007 & 2011 compliance)/General Scans/x (longitudinal) (2007) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k voice 1kHz 1s.wav

Output Gain: 28.145

Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms

BWC applied: 0.15 dB

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Category	Telephone [(signal+nois	parameters se)-to-noise rat	WD io in de	signal cibels]	quality
Category T1		0 dB to	10 dB		
Category T2		10 dB to	20 dB		
Category T3		20 dB to	30 dB		
Category T4		> 30	dB		

Cursor:

ABM1/ABM2 = 37.66 dB

ABM1 comp = -14.29 dB A/m

BWC Factor = 0.15 dBLocation: -8.3, 0, 3.7 mm

T-Coil scan (scan for ANSI C63.19-2007 & 2011 compliance)/General Scans/x (longitudinal) (2007) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (13x13x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav

Output Gain: 28.145

Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms

BWC applied: 0.15 dB

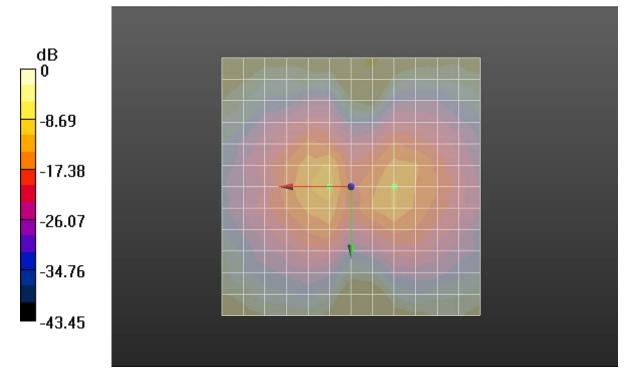
l('atagary	Telephone parameters WD signal [(signal+noise)-to-noise ratio in decibels]	quality				
Category T1	0 dB to 10 dB					
Category T2	10 dB to 20 dB					



Category T3	20 dB to 30 dB
Category T4	> 30 dB

ABM1 comp = -13.17 dB A/m

BWC Factor = 0.15 dB Location: 4.2, 0, 3.7 mm



0 dB = 1.000 = 0 dB

Fig B.1 T-Coil CDMA BC0



T-Coil CDMA BC0 Y transversal

Date/Time: 3/30/2012 2:27:54 PM

Electronics: DAE4 Sn786

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Communication System: CDMA Frequency: 836.52 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

T-Coil scan (scan for ANSI C63.19-2007 & 2011 compliance)/General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k voice 1kHz 1s.wav

Output Gain: 28.145

Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms

BWC applied: 0.15 dB

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Category	Telephone [(signal+noi	parameters se)-to-noise rat	WD io in de	signal cibels]	quality		
Category T1		0 dB to	10 dB				
Category T2		10 dB to 20 dB					
Category T3		20 dB to	30 dB				
Category T4		> 30	dB				

Cursor:

ABM1/ABM2 = 40.35 dB

ABM1 comp = -13.88 dB A/m

BWC Factor = 0.15 dB Location: 0, 8.3, 3.7 mm

T-Coil scan (scan for ANSI C63.19-2007 & 2011 compliance)/General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (13x13x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav

Output Gain: 28.145

Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms

BWC applied: 0.15 dB

Category	Telephone [(signal+noi	parameters se)-to-noise rat	WD io in de	signal cibels]	quality	
Category T1		0 dB to	10 dB			
Category T2		10 dB to 20 dB				
Category T3		20 dB to	30 dB			
Category T4		> 30	dB			



ABM1 comp = -13.88 dB A/mBWC Factor = 0.15 dB

Location: 0, 8.3, 3.7 mm

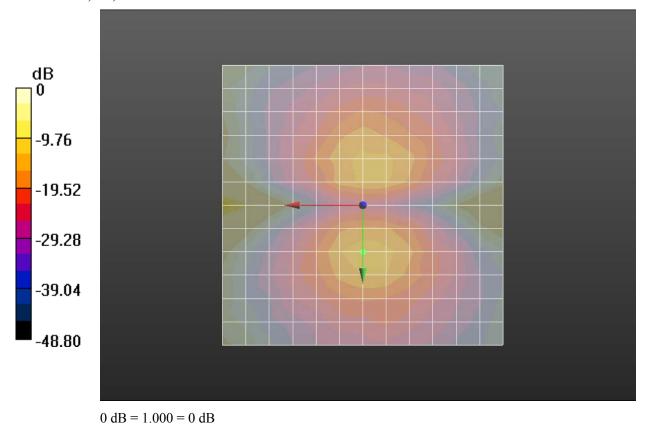


Fig B.2 T-Coil CDMA BC0



T-Coil CDMA BC0 Z Axial

Date/Time: 3/30/2012 2:07:30 PM

Electronics: DAE4 Sn786

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Communication System: CDMA Frequency: 836.52 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

T-Coil scan (scan for ANSI C63.19-2007 & 2011 compliance)/General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k voice 1kHz 1s.wav

Output Gain: 28.145

Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms

BWC applied: 0.15 dB

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Category	Telephone [(signal+noi	parameters se)-to-noise rat	WD io in de	signal cibels]	quality
Category T1		0 dB to	10 dB		
Category T2		10 dB to	20 dB		
Category T3		20 dB to	30 dB		
Category T4		> 30	dB		

Cursor:

ABM1/ABM2 = 40.79 dB

ABM1 comp = -8.55 dB A/m

BWC Factor = 0.15 dBLocation: -4.2, 0, 3.7 mm

T-Coil scan (scan for ANSI C63.19-2007 & 2011 compliance)/General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (13x13x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav

Output Gain: 28.145

Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms

BWC applied: 0.15 dB

Category	Telephone [(signal+noi	parameters se)-to-noise rat	WD io in de	signal cibels]	quality	
Category T1		0 dB to 10 dB				
Category T2		10 dB to	20 dB			
Category T3		20 dB to 30 dB				
Category T4		> 30	dB			



ABM1 comp = -7.39 dB A/m

BWC Factor = 0.15 dBLocation: 0, 0, 3.7 mm

T-Coil scan (scan for ANSI C63.19-2007 & 2011 compliance)/General Scans/z (axial) wideband at best S/N/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f) (1x1x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_300-3000_2s.wav

Output Gain: 55.12

Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 2000ms

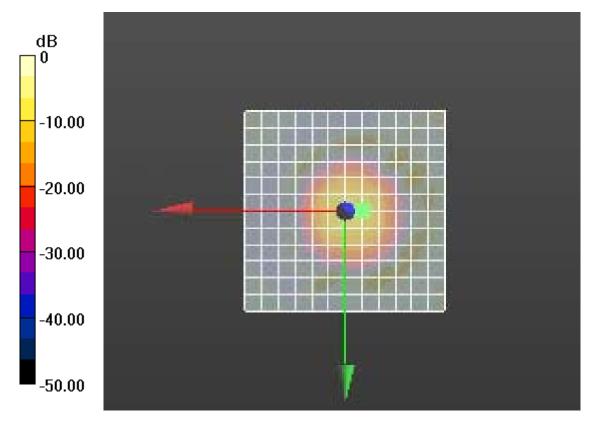
BWC applied: 10.80 dB

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:

Diff = 1.22 dB

BWC Factor = 10.80 dB Location: -4.2, 0, 3.7 mm



0 dB = 1.000 = 0 dB

Fig B.3 T-Coil CDMA BC0



T-Coil CDMA BC1 X longitudinal

Date/Time: 3/30/2012 3:40:20 PM

Electronics: DAE4 Sn786

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Communication System: CDMA Frequency: 1880 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

T-Coil scan (scan for ANSI C63.19-2007 & 2011 compliance)/General Scans 2/x (longitudinal) (2007) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav

Output Gain: 28.145

Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms

BWC applied: 0.16 dB

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Category	Telephone [(signal+noi	parameters se)-to-noise rat	WD io in de	signal cibels]	quality	
Category T1		0 dB to 10 dB				
Category T2		10 dB to	20 dB			
Category T3		20 dB to 30 dB				
Category T4		> 30	dB			

Cursor:

ABM1/ABM2 = 38.25 dB

ABM1 comp = -14.02 dB A/m

BWC Factor = 0.16 dBLocation: -8.3, 0, 3.7 mm

T-Coil scan (scan for ANSI C63.19-2007 & 2011 compliance)/General Scans 2/x (longitudinal) (2007) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (13x13x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav

Output Gain: 28.145

Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms

BWC applied: 0.16 dB

Category	Telephone [(signal+noi	parameters se)-to-noise rat	WD io in de	signal cibels]	quality	
Category T1		0 dB to 10 dB				
Category T2		10 dB to	20 dB			
Category T3		20 dB to 30 dB				
Category T4		> 30	dB			



ABM1 comp = -14.02 dB A/m

BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: -8.3, 0, 3.7 mm

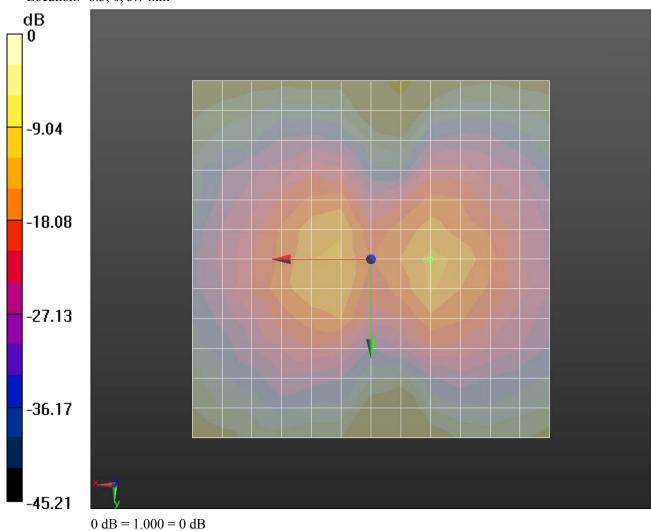


Fig B.4 T-Coil CDMA BC1



T-Coil CDMA BC1 Y transversal

Date/Time: 3/30/2012 3:24:10 PM

Electronics: DAE4 Sn786

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Communication System: CDMA Frequency: 1880 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

T-Coil scan (scan for ANSI C63.19-2007 & 2011 compliance)/General Scans 2/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav

Output Gain: 28.145

Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms

BWC applied: 0.16 dB

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Category	Telephone [(signal+noi	parameters se)-to-noise rat	WD io in de	signal cibels]	quality	
Category T1		0 dB to 10 dB				
Category T2		10 dB to	20 dB			
Category T3		20 dB to 30 dB				
Category T4		> 30	dB			

Cursor:

ABM1/ABM2 = 40.04 dB

ABM1 comp = -14.50 dB A/m

BWC Factor = 0.16 dB

Location: -4.2, -4.2, 3.7 mm

T-Coil scan (scan for ANSI C63.19-2007 & 2011 compliance)/General Scans 2/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (13x13x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav

Output Gain: 28.145

Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms

BWC applied: 0.16 dB

Category	Telephone [(signal+noi	parameters se)-to-noise rat	WD io in de	signal cibels]	quality	
Category T1		0 dB to 10 dB				
Category T2		10 dB to	20 dB			
Category T3		20 dB to 30 dB				
Category T4		> 30	dB			



ABM1 comp = -14.49 dB A/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB

Location: -4.2, 8.3, 3.7 mm

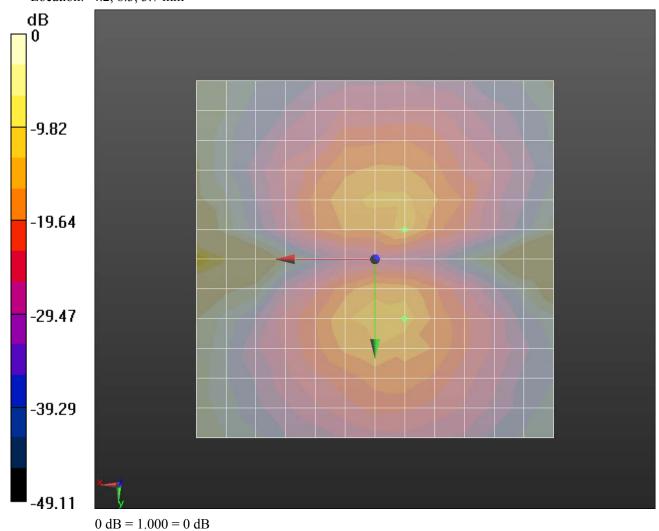


Fig B.5 T-Coil CDMA BC1



T-Coil CDMA BC1 Z Axial

Date/Time: 3/30/2012 3:07:57 PM

Electronics: DAE4 Sn786

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Communication System: CDMA Frequency: 1880 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

T-Coil scan (scan for ANSI C63.19-2007 & 2011 compliance)/General Scans 2/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k voice 1kHz 1s.wav

Output Gain: 28.145

Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms

BWC applied: 0.16 dB

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Category	Telephone [(signal+noi	parameters se)-to-noise rat	WD io in de	signal cibels]	quality	
Category T1		0 dB to 10 dB				
Category T2		10 dB to	20 dB			
Category T3		20 dB to 30 dB				
Category T4		> 30	dB			

Cursor:

ABM1/ABM2 = 42.35 dB

ABM1 comp = -6.78 dB A/m

BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: 0, 4.2, 3.7 mm

T-Coil scan (scan for ANSI C63.19-2007 & 2011 compliance)/General Scans 2/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (13x13x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav

Output Gain: 28.145

Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms

BWC applied: 0.16 dB

Category	Telephone [(signal+noi	parameters se)-to-noise rat	WD io in de	signal cibels]	quality	
Category T1		0 dB to 10 dB				
Category T2		10 dB to	20 dB			
Category T3		20 dB to 30 dB				
Category T4		> 30	dB			



ABM1 comp = -6.31 dB A/m

BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: 0, 0, 3.7 mm

T-Coil scan (scan for ANSI C63.19-2007 & 2011 compliance)/General Scans 2/z (axial) wideband at best S/N/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f) (1x1x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_300-3000_2s.wav

Output Gain: 55.12

Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 2000ms

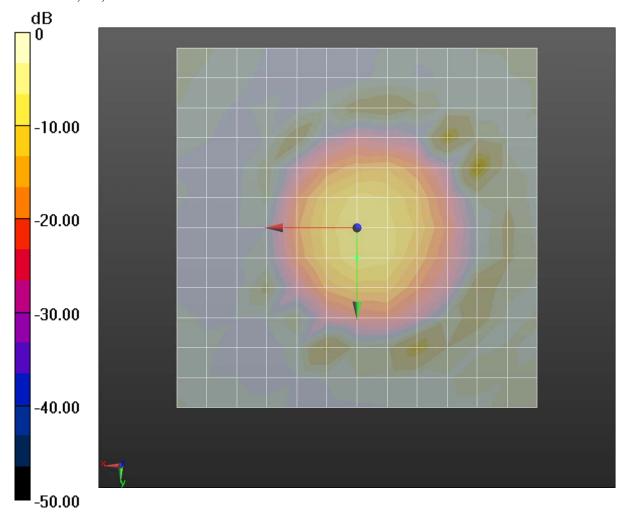
BWC applied: 10.80 dB

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:

Diff = 1.76 dB

BWC Factor = 10.80 dB Location: 0, 4.2, 3.7 mm



0 dB = 1.000 = 0 dB

Fig B.6 T-Coil CDMA BC1



T-Coil CDMA BC14 X longitudinal

Date/Time: 3/30/2012 4:40:31 PM

Electronics: DAE4 Sn786

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Communication System: CDMA Frequency: 1882.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

T-Coil scan (scan for ANSI C63.19-2007 & 2011 compliance)/General Scans 2 2/x (longitudinal) (2007) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav

Output Gain: 28.145

Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms

BWC applied: 0.16 dB

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Category	Telephone [(signal+noi	parameters se)-to-noise rat	WD io in de	signal cibels]	quality	
Category T1		0 dB to 10 dB				
Category T2		10 dB to	20 dB			
Category T3		20 dB to 30 dB				
Category T4		> 30	dB			

Cursor:

ABM1/ABM2 = 37.89 dB

ABM1 comp = -14.09 dB A/m

BWC Factor = 0.16 dBLocation: -8.3, 0, 3.7 mm

T-Coil scan (scan for ANSI C63.19-2007 & 2011 compliance)/General Scans 2 2/x (longitudinal) (2007) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (13x13x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav

Output Gain: 28.145

Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms

BWC applied: 0.16 dB

Category	Telephone [(signal+noi	parameters se)-to-noise rat	WD io in de	signal cibels]	quality	
Category T1		0 dB to 10 dB				
Category T2		10 dB to	20 dB			
Category T3		20 dB to 30 dB				
Category T4		> 30	dB			



ABM1 comp = -14.09 dB A/m

BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: -8.3, 0, 3.7 mm

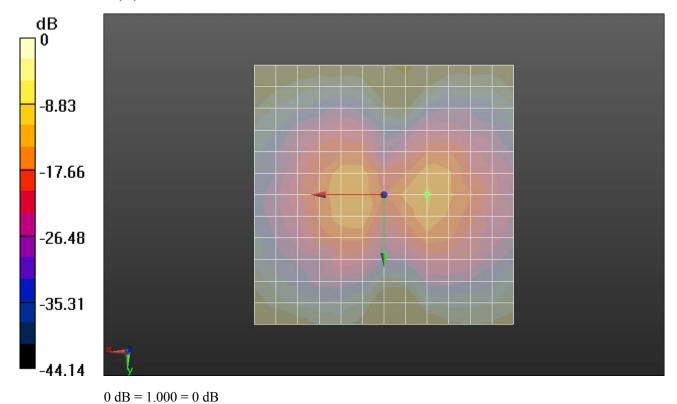


Fig B.7 T-Coil CDMA BC14



T-Coil CDMA BC14 Y transversal

Date/Time: 3/30/2012 4:24:17 PM

Electronics: DAE4 Sn786

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Communication System: CDMA Frequency: 1882.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

T-Coil scan (scan for ANSI C63.19-2007 & 2011 compliance)/General Scans 2 2/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k voice 1kHz 1s.wav

Output Gain: 28.145

Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms

BWC applied: 0.16 dB

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Category	Telephone pa [(signal+noise)-t	rameters to-noise rat	WD io in de	signal cibels]	quality	
Category T1		0 dB to 10 dB				
Category T2		10 dB to	20 dB			
Category T3		20 dB to 30 dB				
Category T4		> 30	dB			

Cursor:

ABM1/ABM2 = 39.12 dB

ABM1 comp = -15.13 dB A/m

BWC Factor = 0.16 dBLocation: 0, -8.3, 3.7 mm

T-Coil scan (scan for ANSI C63.19-2007 & 2011 compliance)/General Scans 2 2/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (13x13x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav

Output Gain: 28.145

Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms

BWC applied: 0.16 dB

Category	Telephone [(signal+noi	parameters se)-to-noise rat	WD io in de	signal cibels]	quality			
Category T1		0 dB to 10 dB						
Category T2		10 dB to	20 dB					
Category T3		20 dB to 30 dB						
Category T4		> 30	> 30 dB					



ABM1 comp = -15.04 dB A/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB

Location: 0, 8.3, 3.7 mm

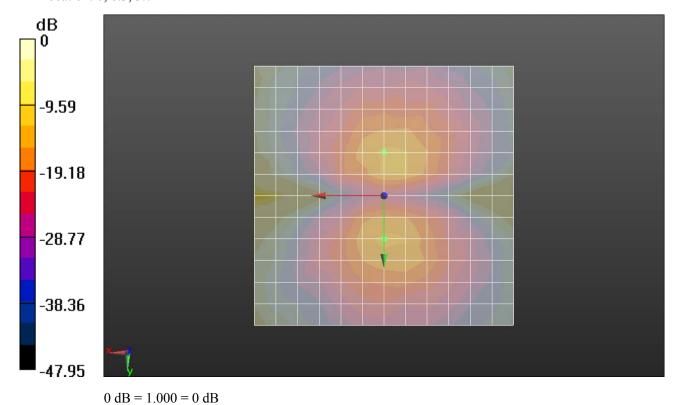


Fig B.8 T-Coil CDMA BC14



T-Coil CDMA BC1 Z Axial

Date/Time: 3/30/2012 4:08:02 PM

Electronics: DAE4 Sn786

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Communication System: CDMA Frequency: 1882.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

T-Coil scan (scan for ANSI C63.19-2007 & 2011 compliance)/General Scans 2 2/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav

Output Gain: 28.145

Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms

BWC applied: 0.16 dB

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Category	Telephone [(signal+noi	parameters se)-to-noise rat	WD io in de	signal cibels]	quality	
Category T1		0 dB to 10 dB				
Category T2		10 dB to	20 dB			
Category T3		20 dB to 30 dB				
Category T4		> 30	dB			

Cursor:

ABM1/ABM2 = 40.69 dB

ABM1 comp = -6.76 dB A/m

BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: 0, 0, 3.7 mm

T-Coil scan (scan for ANSI C63.19-2007 & 2011 compliance)/General Scans 2 2/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (13x13x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav

Output Gain: 28.145

Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms

BWC applied: 0.16 dB

Category	Telephone [(signal+noi	parameters se)-to-noise rat	WD io in de	signal cibels]	quality
Category T1		0 dB to	10 dB		
Category T2		10 dB to	20 dB		
Category T3		20 dB to	30 dB		
Category T4		> 30	dB		



ABM1 comp = -6.76 dB A/m

BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: 0, 0, 3.7 mm

T-Coil scan (scan for ANSI C63.19-2007 & 2011 compliance)/General Scans 2 2/z (axial) wideband at best S/N/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f) (1x1x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_300-3000_2s.wav

Output Gain: 55.12

Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 2000ms

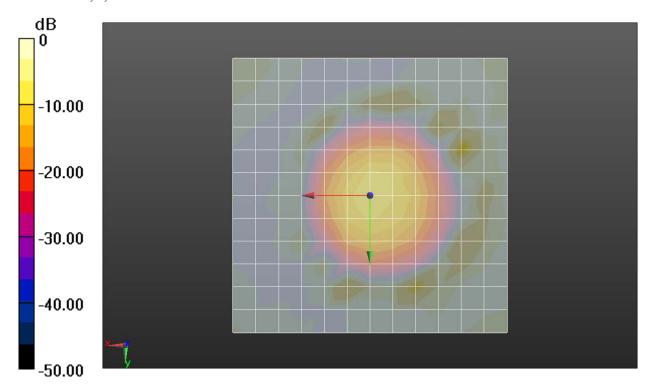
BWC applied: 10.80 dB

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:

Diff = 1.67 dB

BWC Factor = 10.80 dB Location: 0, 0, 3.7 mm



0 dB = 1.000 = 0 dB

Fig B.9 T-Coil CDMA BC14



ANNEX C FREQUENCY REPONSE CURVES

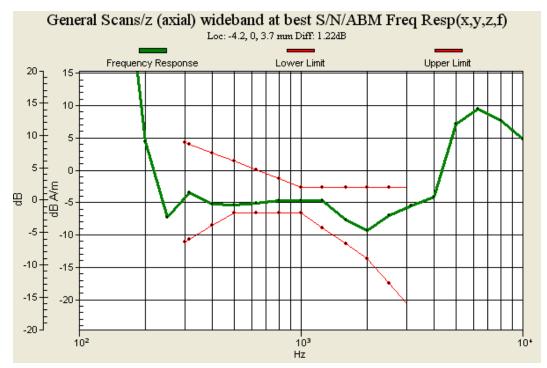


Figure C.1 Frequency Response of CDMA BC0

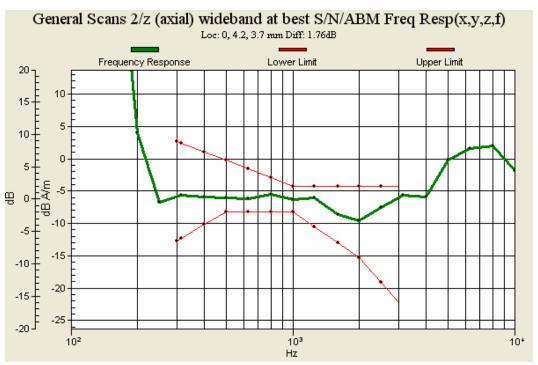


Figure C.2 Frequency Response of CDMA BC1



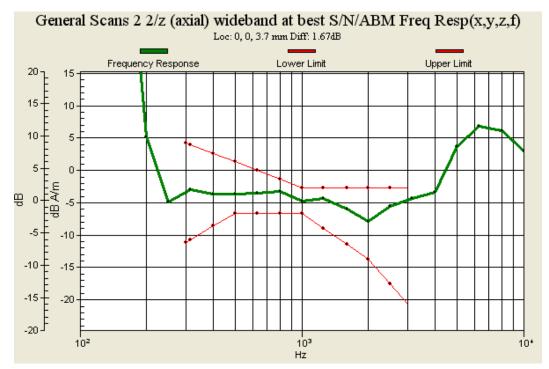


Figure C.3 Frequency Response of CDMA BC14



ANNEX D PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Engineering AG ughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich	tation Service (SAS)	Accreditation N	Schweizerischer Kalibrierdiens Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service o.: SCS 108
the Swiss Accreditation Service fultilateral Agreement for the re- lient TMC-Shenzhen	ecognition of calibration	n contificator	AM1DV3-3086_Feb11
CALIBRATION C		E	
Object	AM1DV3 - SN: 3086		
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-24.v2 Calibration procedure for AM1D magnetic field probes and TMFS in the audio range		pes and TMFS in the
Calibration date:	February 14, 2	011	
The measurements and the unc	ertainties with confidence ucted in the closed labor RTE critical for calibration		
The measurements and the unc	ertainties with confidence	ratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C	and humidity < 70%.
The measurements and the uncomplete All calibrations have been conducted. Calibration Equipment used (Maximum Standards) Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 Reference Probe AM1DV3 DAE4	ertainties with confidence acted in the closed labor at the critical for calibration by the cr	ratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C (n) Cal Date (Certificate No.) 28-Sep-10 (No:10376) 6-Sep-10 (No. AM1D-3000_Sep10) 20-Oct-10 (No. DAE4-781_Oct10)	Scheduled Calibration Sep-11 Sep-11
The measurements and the uncomment of the measurements and the uncomment of the measurement of the measureme	ertainties with confidence ucted in the closed labor LTE critical for calibratio ID # SN: 0810278 SN: 3000	ratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C n) Cal Date (Certificate No.) 28-Sep-10 (No:10376) 6-Sep-10 (No. AM1D-3000_Sep10)	Scheduled Calibration Sep-11 Sep-11 Oct-11
The measurements and the uncomplete and the uncompl	ertainties with confidence acted in the closed labor at the critical for calibration by the cr	ratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C (n) Cal Date (Certificate No.) 28-Sep-10 (No:10376) 6-Sep-10 (No. AM1D-3000_Sep10) 20-Oct-10 (No. DAE4-781_Oct10) Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Calibration Sep-11 Sep-11 Oct-11 Scheduled Check Oct-11
The measurements and the uncomplete and the uncompl	ertainties with confidence acted in the closed labor at the critical for calibration by the cr	ratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C (n) Cal Date (Certificate No.) 28-Sep-10 (No:10376) 6-Sep-10 (No. AM1D-3000_Sep10) 20-Oct-10 (No. DAE4-781_Oct10) Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Calibration Sep-11 Sep-11 Oct-11 Scheduled Check
The measurements and the uncomplete in the measurements and the uncomplete in the measurement of the measure	ertainties with confidence acted in the closed laboration. ID # SN: 0810278 SN: 3000 SN: 781 ID # 1050	ratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C (n) Cal Date (Certificate No.) 28-Sep-10 (No:10376) 6-Sep-10 (No. AM1D-3000_Sep10) 20-Oct-10 (No. DAE4-781_Oct10) Check Date (in house) 15-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-09)	Scheduled Calibration Sep-11 Sep-11 Oct-11 Scheduled Check Oct-11
The measurements and the uncomplete in the measurements and the uncomplete in the measurement in the measure	ertainties with confidence acted in the closed laborated in the closed in the clos	ratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C (n) Cal Date (Certificate No.) 28-Sep-10 (No:10376) 6-Sep-10 (No. AM1D-3000_Sep10) 20-Oct-10 (No. DAE4-781_Oct10) Check Date (in house) 15-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-09) Function Laboratory Technician	Scheduled Calibration Sep-11 Sep-11 Oct-11 Scheduled Check Oct-11 Signature Issued: February 15, 20



References

[1] ANSI C63.19-2007
American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

[2] DASY4 manual, Chapter: Hearing Aid Compatibility (HAC) T-Coil Extension

Description of the AM1D probe

The AM1D Audio Magnetic Field Probe is a fully shielded magnetic field probe for the frequency range from 100 Hz to 20 kHz. The pickup coil is compliant with the dimensional requirements of [1]. The probe includes a symmetric low noise amplifier for the signal available at the shielded 3 pin connector at the side. Power is supplied via the same connector (phantom power supply) and monitored via the LED near the connector. The 7 pin connector at the end of the probe does not carry any signals, but determines the angle of the sensor when mounted on the DAE. The probe supports mechanical detection of the surface.

The single sensor in the probe is arranged in a tilt angle allowing measurement of 3 orthogonal field components when rotating the probe by 120° around its axis. It is aligned with the perpendicular component of the field, if the probe axis is tilted nominally 35.3° above the measurement plane, using the connector rotation and sensor angle stated below.

The probe is fully RF shielded when operated with the matching signal cable (shielded) and allows measurement of audio magnetic fields in the close vicinity of RF emitting wireless devices according to [1] without additional shielding.

Handling of the item

The probe is manufactured from stainless steel. In order to maintain the performance and calibration of the probe, it must not be opened. The probe is designed for operation in air and shall not be exposed to humidity or liquids. For proper operation of the surface detection and emergency stop functions in a DASY system, the probe must be operated with the special probe cup provided (larger diameter).

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- Coordinate System: The AM1D probe is mounted in the DASY system for operation with a HAC Test
 Arch phantom with AMCC Helmholtz calibration coil according to [2], with the tip pointing to "southwest"
 orientation.
- Functional Test: The functional test preceding calibration includes test of Noise level
 - RF immunity (1kHz AM modulated signal). The shield of the probe cable must be well connected. Frequency response verification from 100 Hz to 10 kHz.
- Connector Rotation: The connector at the end of the probe does not carry any signals and is used for fixation to the DAE only. The probe is operated in the center of the AMCC Helmholtz coil using a 1 kHz magnetic field signal. Its angle is determined from the two minima at nominally +120° and -120° rotation, so the sensor in the tip of the probe is aligned to the vertical plane in z-direction, corresponding to the field maximum in the AMCC Helmholtz calibration coil.
- Sensor Angle: The sensor tilting in the vertical plane from the ideal vertical direction is determined from
 the two minima at nominally +120° and -120°. DASY system uses this angle to align the sensor for
 radial measurements to the x and y axis in the horizontal plane.
- Sensitivity: With the probe sensor aligned to the z-field in the AMCC, the output of the probe is
 compared to the magnetic field in the AMCC at 1 kHz. The field in the AMCC Helmholtz coil is given by
 the geometry and the current through the coil, which is monitored on the precision shunt resistor of the
 coil.



AM1D probe identification and configuration data

Item	AM1DV3 Audio Magnetic 1D Field Probe	
Type No	SP AM1 001 BA	
Serial No	3086	

Overall length	296 mm	
Tip diameter	6.0 mm (at the tip)	
Sensor offset	3.0 mm (centre of sensor from tip)	
Internal Amplifier	20 dB	

Manufacturer / Origin	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG, Zürich, Switzerland	
Manufacturing date	May-2010	
Last calibration date	n/a	

Calibration data

Connector rotation angle (in DASY system) 204.6 ° +/- 3.6 ° (k=2)

Sensor angle (in DASY system) **0.79** $^{\circ}$ +/- 0.5 $^{\circ}$ (k=2)

Sensitivity at 1 kHz (in DASY system) **0.00743 V / (A/m)** +/- 2.2 % (k=2)



ANNEX E Declaration of Difference among Models



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Product Similarity Declaration

To Whom It May Concern,

We, Telespoch Limited, hereby declare that our Mobile phone, Model Number: FLIP/MXC-628 are electrically identical with the Model Number: C5620 that was certified by BACL. They are named differently due to marketing purposes.

Maggie Zhang

Please contact me if you have any question.

Signature:

Maggie Zhang

Project Manager

2012.02.29