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Appendix for the Report

Dosimetric Assessment of the Portable Device Datalogic SKORPIO X3 (Model No. 3) Contains FCC ID: U4G004W

Contains IC: 3862E-004W

According to the FCC Requirements **SAR Distribution Plots**

May 22, 2012

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1 SAR Distribution Plots, IEEE 802.11 b/g Head

Test Laboratory: Imst GmbH, DASY Yellow (II); File Name: X3_012_ywlm_2_CH6_b_std_bat.da4

DUT: Datalogic; Type: Scorpio X3; Serial: A12P00012

Program Name: IEEE 802.11 b

Communication System: WLAN 2450; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; σ = 1.81 mho/m; ε_r = 39.7; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3536; ConvF(7.45, 7.45, 7.45); Calibrated: 26.09.2011

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn631; Calibrated: 21.09.2011

- Phantom: SAM Glycol 1340; Type: QD 000 P40 CB; Serial: TP-1340

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Tilted Left/Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

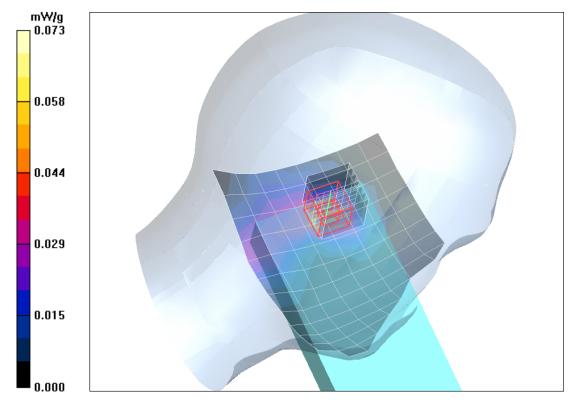
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.064 mW/g

Tilted Left/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.02 V/m; Power Drift = -0.121 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.129 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.066 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.033 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.073 mW/g



SAR distribution for IEEE 802.11 b, channel 6, cheek position, left side of Fig. 1: head, standard battery (May 18, 2012; Ambient Temperature: 22.4° C; Liquid Temperature: 22.3° C).

2 SAR Distribution Plots, IEEE 802.11 a Head (5800 MHz Range)

Test Laboratory: IMST GmbH, DASY Blue (I); File Name: X3_012_bwlm_2_CH149_a_sdt_bat.da4

DUT: Datalogic; Type: Scorpio X3; Serial: A12P00054

Program Name: IEEE 802.11 a

Communication System: 5 GHz; Frequency: 5745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 5745 MHz; σ = 5.39 mho/m; ϵ_r = 34; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3536; ConvF(4.53, 4.53, 4.53); Calibrated: 26.09.2011

- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn631; Calibrated: 21.09.2011
- Phantom: SAM Glycol 1176; Type: Speag; Serial: 1176
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Tilted Left/Area Scan (12x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.305 mW/g

Tilted Left/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 7.75 V/m; Power Drift = 0.077 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.531 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.168 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.061 mW/g

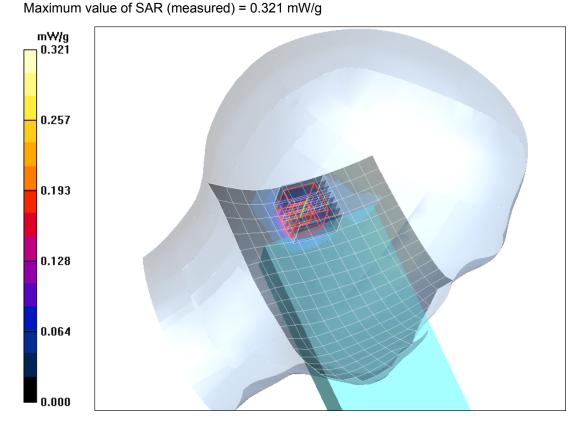


Fig. 2: SAR distribution for IEEE 802.11 a, channel 149, tilted position, left side of head, standard battery (May 21, 2012; Ambient Temperature: 21.8° C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5° C).

3 SAR Distribution Plots, IEEE 802.11 b/g Body

Test Laboratory: Imst GmbH, DASY Yellow (II); File Name: X3_012_ywhm_2_ch6_dspl_down_0mm_b_std_bat.da4

DUT: Datalogic; Type: Scorpio X3; Serial: A12P00054

Program Name: IEEE 802.11 b

Communication System: WLAN 2450; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.96$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3536; ConvF(7.42, 7.42, 7.42); Calibrated: 26.09.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn631; Calibrated: 21.09.2011
- Phantom: SAM Glycol 1340; Type: QD 000 P40 CB; Serial: TP-1340
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Body Worn/Area Scan (9x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.155 mW/g

Body Worn/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.54 V/m; Power Drift = 0.137 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.370 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.176 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.077 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.200 mW/g

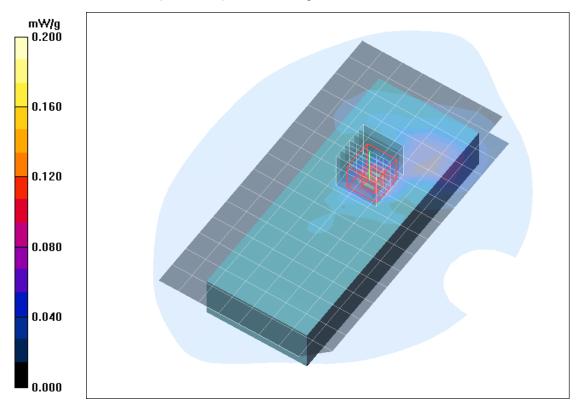


Fig. 3: SAR distribution for IEEE 802.11 b, channel 6, body worn configuration, position 2, standard battery (May 15, 2012; Ambient Temperature: 22.7° C; Liquid Temperature: 22.3° C).

Test Laboratory: Imst GmbH, DASY Yellow (II); File Name: X3_012_ywhm_2_ch6_dspl_down_0mm_b_std_bat_clip.da4

DUT: Datalogic; Type: Scorpio X3; Serial: A12P00012

Program Name: IEEE 802.11 b

Communication System: WLAN 2450; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.96$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 54.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3536; ConvF(7.42, 7.42, 7.42); Calibrated: 26.09.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn631; Calibrated: 21.09.2011
- Phantom: SAM Glycol 1340; Type: QD 000 P40 CB; Serial: TP-1340
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Body Worn/Area Scan (9x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.117 mW/g

Body Worn/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.61 V/m; Power Drift = 0.106 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.208 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.106 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.047 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.122 mW/g

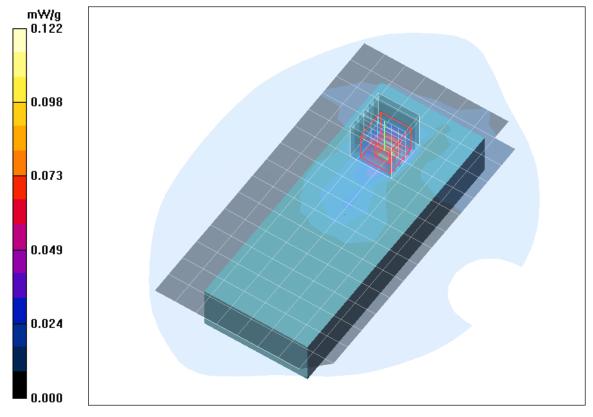


Fig. 4: SAR distribution for IEEE 802.11 b, channel 6, body worn configuration, position 2, standard battery and clip (May 15, 2012; Ambient Temperature: 22.7° C; Liquid Temperature: 22.3° C).

4 SAR Distribution Plots, IEEE 802.11 a Body (5800 MHz Range)

Test Laboratory: IMST GmbH, DASY Blue (I); File Name: X3 012 bwhm 2 ch149 dspl down 0mm a std-bat.da4

DUT: Datalogic; Type: Scorpio X3; Serial: A12P00012

Program Name: IEEE 802.11 a

Communication System: 5 GHz; Frequency: 5745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 5745 MHz; σ = 6.07 mho/m; ε_r = 48.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3536; ConvF(4.03, 4.03, 4.03); Calibrated: 26.09.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn631; Calibrated: 21.09.2011
- Phantom: SAM Glycol 1176; Type: Speag; Serial: 1176
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Body Worn/Area Scan (13x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.283 mW/g

Body Worn/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 7.75 V/m; Power Drift = -0.069 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.506 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.151 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.054 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.299 mW/g

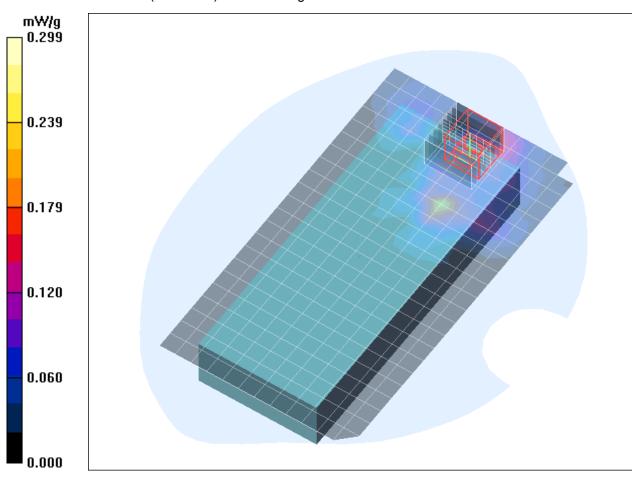


Fig. 5: SAR distribution for IEEE 802.11 a, channel 149, body worn configuration, position 2, standard battery (May 18, 2012; Ambient Temperature: 22.7° C; Liquid Temperature: 22.3° C).

5 SAR Z-axis Scans (Validation)

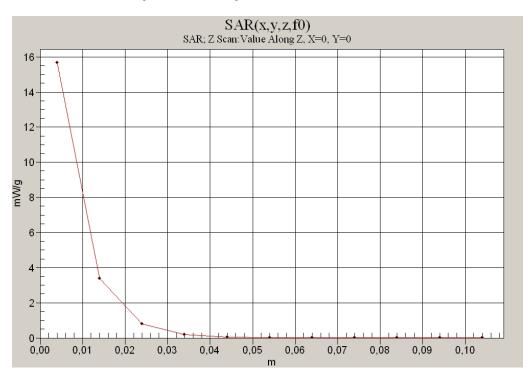


Fig. 6: SAR versus liquid depth, 2450 MHz, head (May 18, 2012; Ambient Temperature: 22.4° C; Liquid Temperature: 22.3° C).

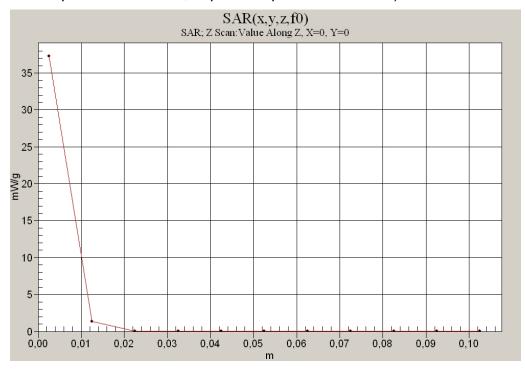


Fig. 7: SAR versus liquid depth, 5800 MHz, head (May 21, 2012; Ambient Temperature: 21.8° C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5° C).

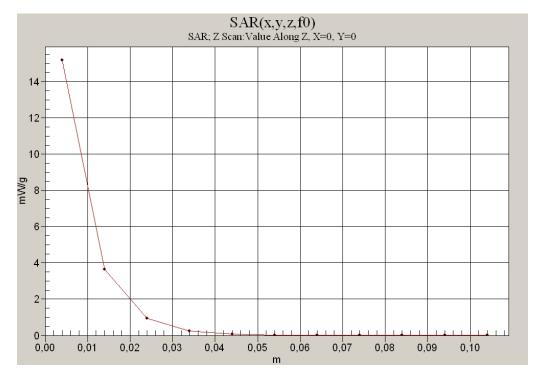


Fig. 8: SAR versus liquid depth, 2450 MHz, body (May 15, 2012; Ambient Temperature: 22.5° C; Liquid Temperature: 22.2° C).

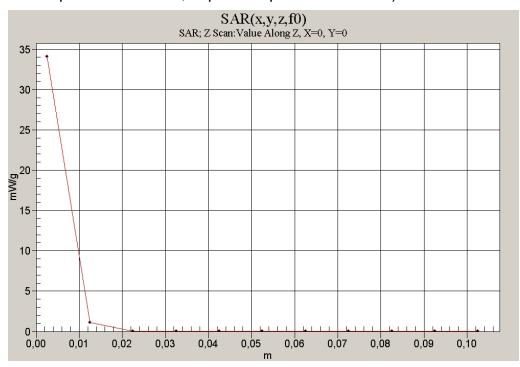


Fig. 9: SAR versus liquid depth, 5800 MHz, body (May 18, 2012; Ambient Temperature: 21.6° C; Liquid Temperature: 21.2° C).

6 SAR Z-axis Scans (Measurements)

The following pictures show the plots of SAR versus liquid depth for the worst case values.

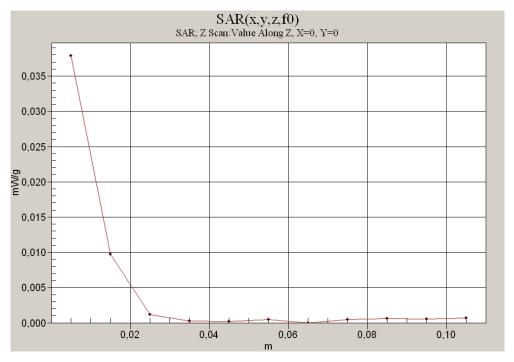


Fig. 10: SAR versus liquid depth, head: IEEE 802.11 b, channel 6, tilted position, left side of head, standard battery (May 18, 2012; Ambient Temperature: 22.4° C; Liquid Temperature: 22.3° C).

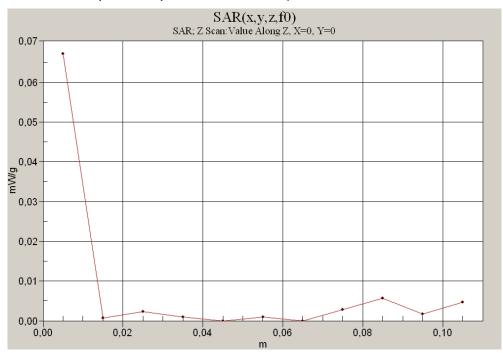


Fig. 11: SAR versus liquid depth, head: IEEE 802.11 a channel 149, tilted position, left side of head, standard battery (May 21, 2012; Ambient Temperature: 21.8° C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5° C).

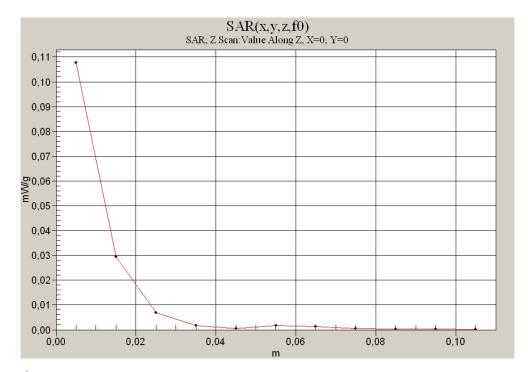


Fig. 12: SAR versus liquid depth, body: IEEE 802.11 b, channel 6, position 2 standard battery (May 15, 2012; Ambient Temperature: 22.7° C; Liquid Temperature: 22.3° C).

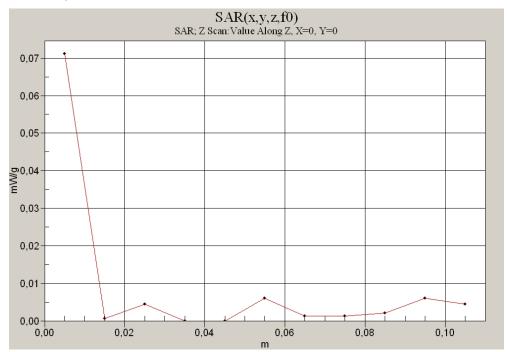


Fig. 13: SAR versus liquid depth, body: IEEE 802.11 a, channel 149, position 2, standard battery (May 18, 2012; Ambient Temperature: 21.6°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.2°C).