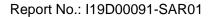


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## Table 13.25: SAR Values(CDMA BC0-Head)

Freque	ency	Mode		Test	Figure	Measured average	Maximum allowed	Scaling	Measured	Reported	Power
MHz	Ch.	/Band	Side	Position	No.	power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	factor	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Drift (dB)
836.52	384	1xRTT	Left	Touch	1	24.35	25	1.161	0.179	0.208	-0.01
836.52	384	1xRTT	Left	Tilt	1	24.35	25	1.161	0.0751	0.087	-0.13
836.52	384	1xRTT	Right	Touch	1	24.35	25	1.161	0.179	0.208	-0.19
836.52	384	1xRTT	Right	Tilt	1	24.35	25	1.161	0.0965	0.112	0.08
836.52	384	1xEV-DO-0	Left	Touch	1	24.55	25	1.109	0.215	0.238	0.07
836.52	384	1xEV-DO-0	Left	Tilt	1	24.55	25	1.109	0.149	0.165	-0.12
836.52	384	1xEV-DO-0	Right	Touch	1	24.55	25	1.109	0.246	0.273	-0.01
836.52	384	1xEV-DO-0	Right	Tilt	1	24.55	25	1.109	0.155	0.172	-0.04
836.52	384	1xEV-DO-A	Left	Touch	1	23.43	24	1.140	0.214	0.244	0.13
836.52	384	1xEV-DO-A	Left	Tilt	1	23.43	24	1.140	0.148	0.169	0.07
836.52	384	1xEV-DO-A	Right	Touch	25	23.43	24	1.140	0.244	0.278	-0.01
836.52	384	1xEV-DO-A	Right	Tilt	1	23.43	24	1.140	0.154	0.176	-0.13



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Table 13.26: SAR Values (CDMA BC0 Band-Body)

Freque		Mode	Service	Test	Spacing	Figure	Measured average	Maximum allowed	Scaling	Measured SAR(1g)	Reported SAR(1g)	Power Drift
MHz	Ch.	/Band	/Headset	Position	(mm)	No.	power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	factor	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(dB)
						Hotspot &	Body worn					
836.52	384	CDMA BC0	1xEV-DO-0	Toward Phantom	10	26	24.55	25	1.109	0.398	0.441	-0.05
836.52	384	CDMA BC0	1xEV-DO-0	Toward Ground	10	1	24.55	25	1.109	0.341	0.378	0.07
						Hots	spot					
836.52	384	CDMA BC0	1xEV-DO-0	Toward Left	10	1	24.55	25	1.109	0.219	0.243	-0.12
836.52	384	CDMA BC0	1xEV-DO-0	Toward Right	10	1	24.55	25	1.109	0.398	0.441	0.15
836.52	384	CDMA BC0	1xEV-DO-0	Toward Bottom	10	1	24.55	25	1.109	0.268	0.297	-0.04

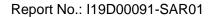


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## Table 13.27: SAR Values(CDMA BC1-Head)

Freque	ncy	Mode		Test	Figure	Measured average	Maximum allowed	Scaling	Measured	Reported	Power
MHz	Ch.	/Band	Side	Position	No.	power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	factor	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Drift (dB)
1880	600	1xRTT	Left	Touch	1	23.69	24.5	1.205	0.33	0.398	-0.16
1880	600	1xRTT	Left	Tilt	1	23.69	24.5	1.205	0.115	0.139	0.01
1880	600	1xRTT	Right	Touch	1	23.69	24.5	1.205	0.225	0.271	0.06
1880	600	1xRTT	Right	Tilt	1	23.69	24.5	1.205	0.129	0.155	0.01
1880	600	1xEV-DO-0	Left	Touch	1	23.81	24.5	1.172	0.15	0.176	0.03
1880	600	1xEV-DO-0	Left	Tilt	1	23.81	24.5	1.172	0.062	0.073	-0.12
1880	600	1xEV-DO-0	Right	Touch	1	23.81	24.5	1.172	0.324	0.380	0.01
1880	600	1xEV-DO-0	Right	Tilt	1	23.81	24.5	1.172	0.152	0.178	-0.16
1880	600	1xEV-DO-A	Left	Touch	1	23.61	24.5	1.227	0.31	0.381	0.01
1880	600	1xEV-DO-A	Left	Tilt	1	23.61	24.5	1.227	0.057	0.070	0.06
1880	600	1xEV-DO-A	Right	Touch	27	23.61	24.5	1.227	0.336	0.412	0.01
1880	600	1xEV-DO-A	Right	Tilt	1	23.61	24.5	1.227	0.156	0.191	0.03



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Table 13.28: SAR Values (CDMA BC1 Band-Body)

		1		Table 13.	20. JAN	values (	CDIVIA BC	Ballu-Bot	1 <i>y)</i>			
Freque MHz	Ch.	Mode /Band	Service /Headset	Test Position	Spacing (mm)	Figure No.	Measured average power (dBm)	Maximum allowed Power (dBm)	Scaling factor	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
					н	otspot & B	ody worn					
1880	600	CDMA BC1	1xEV-DO-0	Toward Phantom	10	1	23.81	24.5	1.172	0.609	0.714	0.03
1880	600	CDMA BC1	1xEV-DO-0	Toward Ground	10	1	23.81	24.5	1.172	0.61	0.715	-0.12
						Hotsp	oot					
1880	600	CDMA BC1	1xEV-DO-0	Toward Left	10	1	23.81	24.5	1.172	0.237	0.291	0.01
1880	600	CDMA BC1	1xEV-DO-0	Toward Right	10	1	23.81	24.5	1.172	0.115	0.141	-0.16
1880	600	CDMA BC1	1xEV-DO-0	Toward Bottom	10	28	23.81	24.5	1.172	1.02	1.250	-0.11
1851.25	25	CDMA BC1	1xEV-DO-0	Toward Bottom	10	1	23.79	24.5	1.178	0.897	1.103	0.03
1908.75	1175	CDMA BC1	1xEV-DO-0	Toward Bottom	10	1	23.78	24.5	1.180	0.97	1.196	-0.10
						Repea	ted					
1880	600	CDMA BC1	1xEV-DO-0	Toward Bottom	10	1	23.81	24.5	1.172	1.01	1.184	-0.12

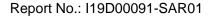




Table 13.29: SAR Values (WiFi 802.11b - Head)

Freque	ency	Mode		Test	Figure	Measured average	Maximum allowed	Scaling	Measured	Reported	Power
MHz	Ch.	/Band	Side	Position	No.	power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	factor	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Drift (dB)
2462	11	WiFi 2450	Left	Touch	Fig.29	17.14	17.5	1.086	0.329	0.357	0.11
2462	11	WiFi 2450	Left	Tilt	1	17.14	17.5	1.086	0.231	0.251	0.05
2462	11	WiFi 2450	Right	Touch	1	17.14	17.5	1.086	0.143	0.155	-0.12
2462	11	WiFi 2450	Right	Tilt	1	17.14	17.5	1.086	0.116	0.126	0.04

Table 13.30: SAR Values (WiFi 802.11b - Body)

Freque	ency				10.00.0		Measured	Maximum	,,	Measured	Reported	Power
MHz	Ch.	Mode /Band	Service /Headset	Test Position	Spacing (mm)	Figure No.	average power (dBm)	allowed Power (dBm)	Scaling factor	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Drift (dB)
						Hotspot	& Body worn					
2462	11	WiFi 2450	802.11b	Toward Phantom	10	1	17.14	17.5	1.086	0.097	0.105	0.16
2462	11	WiFi 2450	802.11b	Toward Ground	10	1	17.14	17.5	1.086	0.313	0.340	0.12
						Н	otspot					
2462	11	WiFi 2450	802.11b	Toward Left	10	1	17.14	17.5	1.086	0.006	0.007	0.06
2462	11	WiFi 2450	802.11b	Toward Right	10	30	17.14	17.5	1.086	0.452	0.491	0.14
2462	11	WiFi 2450	802.11b	Toward Top	10	1	17.14	17.5	1.086	0.13	0.141	-0.15

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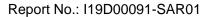




Table 13.31: SAR Values for limb

Frequ	iency		IC 10.01. OA				Measured	Maximum			_	_
MHz	Ch.	Con	figuration	Test Position	Spacing (mm)	Figure No.	average power (dBm)	allowed Power (dBm)	Scaling factor	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
836.6	190	GPRS 4TS	Class12	Toward Ground	0	31	30.28	30.5	1.052	1.04	1.094	-0.01
1880	661	GPRS 4TS	Class12	Toward Ground	0	32	27.02	27.5	1.117	0.611	0.682	-0.16
1880	9400	Band II	12.2kbps RMC	Toward Ground	0	33	23.4	24	1.148	0.925	1.062	-0.07
1732.6	1413	Band IV	12.2kbps RMC	Toward Ground	0	34	23.6	24	1.096	1.15	1.261	-0.02
836.6	4175	Band V	12.2kbps RMC	Toward Ground	0	35	23.59	24	1.099	0.587	0.645	-0.01
1732.5	20175	QPSK_20MHz_1RB_ 50 offset Middle QPSK_20MHz_50RB_		Toward Ground	0	36	22.58	23.5	1.236	1.66	2.052	0
1732.5	20175	QPSK_20MHz_50RB_ 0 offset Middle		Toward Ground	0	1	21.60	23	1.380	1.34	1.850	-0.03
836.5	20525	QPSK_10MHz_1RB_ 25 offset Middle		Toward Ground	0	37	23.67	24.5	1.211	0.575	0.696	-0.02
836.5	20525	QPSK_10MHz_25RB_ 0 offset Middle		Toward Ground	0	1	22.69	24	1.352	0.444	0.600	-0.03
2560	21350		_20MHz_1RB_ offset High	Toward Ground	0	38	22.93	23.5	1.140	0.549	0.626	0.02
2560	21350		20MHz_50RB_ offset High	Toward Ground	0	1	21.94	23	1.276	0.435	0.555	0.09
707.5	23095	_	_10MHz_1RB_ ffset Middle	Toward Ground	0	39	23.17	24	1.211	0.324	0.392	-0.01
707.5	23095		10MHz_25RB_ fset Middle	Toward Ground	0	1	22.14	23.5	1.368	0.266	0.364	0.03
782	23230	_	_10MHz_1RB_ ffset Middle	Toward Ground	0	40	22.80	23.5	1.175	0.449	0.528	-0.02
782	23230		10MHz_25RB_ ffset Middle	Toward Ground	0	1	21.84	23	1.306	0.378	0.494	-0.01
1882.5	26365		_20MHz_1RB_ ffset Middle	Toward Phantom	0	41	23.17	24	1.211	1.36	1.647	-0.12
1882.5	26365	50 offset Middle  QPSK_20MHz_50RB_  0 offset Middle		Toward Phantom	0	1	22.30	23.5	1.318	0.883	1.164	0.05
841.5	26965		_15MHz_1RB_ offset High	Toward Ground	0	1	23.82	24	1.042	0.574	0.598	0.02
841.5	26965		15MHz_36RB_ ffset High	Toward Ground	0	42	22.87	24	1.297	0.468	0.607	0.02
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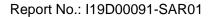
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836.52	384	CDMA BC0	1xEV-DO-0	Toward Ground	0	43	24.55	25	1.109	1.07	1.187	0.03
1880	600	CDMA BC1	1xEV-DO-0	Toward Phantom	0	44	23.81	24.5	1.172	1.23	1.442	-0.03
2462	11	WiFi 2450	802.11b	Toward Ground	0	45	17.17	17.5	1.086	0.888	0.964	-0.07



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Table 13.32: SAR Values (LTE Band 25-Body) for limb

Frequ	iency					Measured	Maximum				
MHz	Ch.	Configuration	Test Position	Spacing (mm)	Figure No.	average power (dBm)	allowed Power (dBm)	Scaling factor	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
					Hotspot 8	Body worn					
1882.5	26365	QPSK_20MHz_1RB_ 50 offset Middle	Toward Phantom	0	41	23.17	24	1.211	1.36	1.647	-0.12
1882.5	26365	QPSK_20MHz_1RB_ 50 offset Middle	Toward Ground	0	1	23.17	24	1.211	0.667	0.807	0.02
1882.5	26365	QPSK_20MHz_50RB_ 0 offset Middle	Toward Phantom	0	1	22.30	23.5	1.318	0.883	1.164	0.05
1882.5	26365	QPSK_20MHz_50RB_ 0 offset Middle	Toward Ground	0	1	22.30	23.5	1.318	0.558	0.736	0.14
					Но	tspot					
1882.5	26365	QPSK_20MHz_1RB_ 50 offset Middle	Toward Left	0	1	23.17	24	1.211	0.43	0.521	0.08
1882.5	26365	QPSK_20MHz_1RB_ 50 offset Middle	Toward Right	0	1	23.17	24	1.211	0.149	0.180	-0.04
1882.5	26365	QPSK_20MHz_1RB_ 50 offset Middle	Toward Bottom	0	1	23.17	24	1.211	1.3	1.574	-0.13
1882.5	26365	QPSK_20MHz_50RB_ 0 offset Middle	Toward Left	0	1	22.30	23.5	1.318	0.377	0.497	0.16
1882.5	26365	QPSK_20MHz_50RB_ 0 offset Middle	Toward Right	0	1	22.30	23.5	1.318	0.13	0.171	-0.14
1882.5	26365	QPSK_20MHz_50RB_ 0 offset Middle	Toward Bottom	0	1	22.30	23.5	1.318	0.902	1.189	-0.04



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Table 13.33: SAR Values (CDMA BC1 Band-Body) for limb

Freque MHz	Ch.	Mode /Band	Service /Headset	Test Position	Spacing (mm)	Figure No.	Measured average power (dBm)	Maximum allowed Power (dBm)	Scaling factor	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
						Hotspot	& Body worn					
1880	600	CDMA BC1	1xEV-DO-0	Toward Phantom	0	44	23.81	24.5	1.172	1.23	1.442	-0.03
1880	600	CDMA BC1	1xEV-DO-0	Toward Ground	0	1	23.81	24.5	1.172	1.08	1.266	0.07
						н	otspot					
1880	600	CDMA BC1	1xEV-DO-0	Toward Left	0	1	23.81	24.5	1.172	0.469	0.550	-0.07
1880	600	CDMA BC1	1xEV-DO-0	Toward Right	0	1	23.81	24.5	1.172	0.117	0.137	0.03
1880	600	CDMA BC1	1xEV-DO-0	Toward Bottom	0	1	23.81	24.5	1.172	0.403	0.472	-0.06



## 13.2 SAR Result for I19D00091-SAR01

Frequ	ency						Measured	Maximum				
MHz	Ch.	Con	figuration	Test Position	Spacing (mm)	Figure No.	average power (dBm)	allowed Power (dBm)	Scaling factor	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
836.6	190	GPRS 4TS	Class12	Toward Phantom	10	1	30.28	30.5	1.052	0.577	0.607	0.08
1909.8	810	GPRS 4TS	Class12	Toward Bottom	10	3	26.56	27.5	1.242	0.612	0.760	0.05
1880	9400	Band II	12.2kbps RMC	Toward Bottom	10	5	23.4	24	1.148	0.42	0.482	-0.03
1732.6	1413	Band IV	12.2kbps RMC	Toward Phantom	10	7	23.6	24	1.096	0.438	0.480	0.11
836.6	4183	Band V	12.2kbps RMC	Toward Phantom	10	9	23.59	24	1.099	0.267	0.293	0.04
1732.5	20175		20MHz_1RB_	Toward Phantom	10	11	22.98	23.5	1.127	0.485	0.547	-0.00
836.5	20525	QPSK_10MHz_1RB_ 25 offset Middle QPSK_20MHz_1RB		Toward Phantom	10	13	23.67	24.5	1.211	0.25	0.303	0.03
2560	21350	QPSK_20MHz_1RB_ 50 offset High		Toward Bottom	10	1	22.93	23.5	1.140	1.05	1.197	0.04
2510	20850	50 offset High  QPSK_20MHz_1RB_  50 offset Low		Toward Bottom	10	15	22.72	23.5	1.197	1.04	1.245	0.09
2535	21100		20MHz_1RB_	Toward Bottom	10	1	22.80	23.5	1.175	0.918	1.079	0.02
2560	21350		0MHz_100RB_ ffset High	Toward Bottom	10	1	22.93	23.5	1.140	1.01	1.152	-0.01
707.5	23095		10MHz_1RB_ ffset Middle	Toward Ground	10	17	23.17	24	1.211	0.179	0.217	0.07
782	23230		10MHz_1RB_ ffset Middle	Toward Ground	10	19	22.80	23.5	1.175	0.184	0.216	0.01
1882.5	26365		20MHz_1RB_ ffset Middle	Toward Bottom	10	21	23.17	24	1.211	0.595	0.720	0.13
841.5	26965		15MHz_1RB_ offset High	Toward Ground	10	23	23.82	24	1.042	0.215	0.224	0.03
836.52	384	CDMA BC0	1xEV-DO-0	Toward Phantom	10	25	24.55	25	1.109	0.353	0.392	0.08
1880	600	CDMA BC1	1xEV-DO-0	Toward Bottom	10	1	23.81	24.5	1.172	1.11	1.301	-0.01
1851.25	25	CDMA BC1	1xEV-DO-0	Toward Bottom	10	1	23.79	24.5	1.178	0.964	1.135	0.03
1908.75	1175	CDMA BC1	1xEV-DO-0	Toward Bottom	10	27	23.78	24.5	1.180	1.27	1.499	-0.02

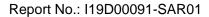
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2462	11	WiFi 2450	802.11b	Toward Right	10	29	17.14	17.5	1.086	0.258	0.280	0.01
5530	106	WIFI 5G	802.11ac	Head Left	Cheek	33	14.57	15	1.104	0.338	0.373	0.08
5755	155	WIFI 5G	802.11ac	Toward Right	10	31	13.65	14	1.084	0.329	0.357	0.08
						Repe	ated					
2560	21350	QPSK_20MHz_1RB_ 50 offset High		Toward Bottom	10	1	22.93	23.5	1.140	1.05	1.197	0.03
1908.75	1175	CDMA BC1	1xEV-DO-0	Toward Bottom	10	1	23.78	24.5	1.180	1.2	1.416	0.02



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Frequ	iencv						Measured	Maximum				
MHz	Ch.	Conf	iguration	Test Position	Spacing (mm)	Figure No.	average power (dBm)	allowed Power (dBm)	Scaling factor	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
836.6	190	GPRS 4TS	Class12	Toward Ground	0	2	30.28	30.5	1.052	1.76	1.851	-0.06
1880	661	GPRS 4TS	Class12	Toward Ground	0	4	27.02	27.5	1.117	0.821	0.917	0.05
1880	9400	Band II	12.2kbps RMC	Toward Ground	0	6	23.4	24	1.148	0.926	1.063	0.01
1732.6	1413	Band IV	12.2kbps RMC	Toward Ground	0	8	23.6	24	1.096	1.12	1.228	0.09
836.6	4175	Band V	12.2kbps RMC	Toward Ground	0	10	23.59	24	1.099	0.675	0.742	0.03
1732.5	20175	_	20MHz_1RB_	Toward Ground	0	12	22.58	23.5	1.236	1.08	1.335	0.01
836.5	20525	QPSK_10MHz_1RB_ 25 offset Middle		Toward Ground	0	14	23.67	24.5	1.211	0.605	0.732	-0.02
2560	21350		20MHz_1RB_ ffset High	Toward Ground	0	16	22.93	23.5	1.140	0.82	0.935	0.08
707.5	23095		10MHz_1RB_	Toward Ground	0	18	23.17	24	1.211	0.4	0.484	0.02
782	23230		10MHz_1RB_	Toward Ground	0	20	22.80	23.5	1.175	0.459	0.539	-0.05
1882.5	26365	_	20MHz_1RB_ set Middle	Toward Phantom	0	22	23.17	24	1.211	0.916	1.109	0.05
841.5	26965		5MHz_36RB_ fset High	Toward Ground	0	24	22.87	24	1.297	0.583	0.756	0.01
836.52	384	CDMA BC0	1xEV-DO-0	Toward Ground	0	26	24.55	25	1.109	0.948	1.051	0.02
1880	600	CDMA BC1	1xEV-DO-0	Toward Phantom	0	28	23.81	24.5	1.172	1.7	1.993	0.05
2462	11	WiFi 2450	802.11b	Toward Ground	0	30	17.17	17.5	1.079	0.583	0.629	0.06
5530	106	WiFi 5G	802.11ac	Toward Ground	0	32	14.57	15	1.104	0.484	0.534	0.10



## 14. Evaluation of Simultaneous

Table14.1 Simultaneous transmission SAR

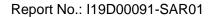
	Standalone SAR for 2G(W/Kg)									
Test P	osition		GSM 850	GSM 1900	Highest SAR					
	1 - 4	Cheek	0.205	0.509	0.509					
Head	Left	Tilt 15°	0.136	0.141	0.141					
Head	Dight	Cheek	0.248	0.184	0.248					
	Right	Tilt 15°	0.151	0.093	0.151					
Hotspot &Body-	Phantom Side		0.607 (Curent)	0.563	0.607 (Curent)					
worn 10 mm	Ground	Side	0.464	0.526	0.526					
	Left S	ide	0.203	0.306	0.306					
Hotopot 10 mm	Right S	Side	0.391	0.152	0.391					
Hotspot 10 mm	Top S	ide								
	Bottom	Side	0.338	1.106	1.106					
Limb				0.917 (Current)	1.851 (Current)					

			Standa	Ione SAF	R for 3G(	W/Kg)		
Toot	Position		WCDMA	WCDMA	WCDMA	BC0	BC1	Highest SAR
lest	rosilion		Band II	Band IV	Band V	В	ВСТ	Highest SAK
	Left	Cheek	0.313	0.454	0.165	0.244	0.398	0.454
Head	Leit	Tilt 15°	0.056	0.192	0.114	0.169	0.139	0.192
	Right	Cheek	0.133	0.261	0.210	0.278	0.412	0.412
		Tilt 15°	0.054	0.138	0.114	0.176	0.191	0.191
Hotspot &Body-	Phantom Side		0.478	0.663	0.293 (Current)	0.441	0.714	0.714
worn 10 mm	Ground	d Side	0.361	0.454	0.170	0.378	0.715	0.715
	Left S	Side	0.217	0.418	0.087	0.243	0.291	0.418
	Right	Side	0.104	0.220	0.188	0.441	0.141	0.441
Hotspot 10 mm	Top S	Top Side						
	Bottom	Bottom Side		0.371	0.135	0.297	1.499 (Current)	1.499 (Current)

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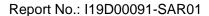
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Limb	 1.063	1.261	0.742	1.187	1.993	1.993 (Current)
	(Current)		(Current)		(Current)	

	Standalone SAR for 4G (W/Kg)											
Test	Position		LTE	LTE Band 5	LTE Band7	LTE Band	LTE	LTE	LTE	Highest		
1000	1 0311011		Band 4	ETE Band 0	ETE Banar	12	Band 13	Band 25	Band 26	SAR		
	Left	Cheek	0.801	0.167	0.029	0.165	0.188	0.507	0.151	0.801		
Head	Leit	Tilt 15°	0.277	0.153	0.013	0.119	0.162	0.118	0.119	0.277		
пеац	Right	Cheek	0.509	0.226	0.025	0.156	0.216	0.213	0.189	0.509		
		Tilt 15°	0.205	0.145	0.015	0.106	0.156	0.095	0.105	0.205		
Hotspot	Phantor	n Side	1.172	0.324	0.129	0.197	0.316	0.787	0.203	1.172		
&Body- worn 10 mm	Ground	l Side	0.854	0.318	0.311	0.225	0.324	0.757	0.207	0.854		
	Left S	Side	0.599	0.157	0.022	0.161	0.172	0.298	0.118	0.599		
	Right	Side	0.363	0.269	0.012	0.179	0.314	0.136	0.166	0.363		
Hotspot 10 mm	Top S	Side						-	-			
	Bottom	Bottom Side		0.214	1.245 (Current)	0.043	0.099	1.283	0.224 (Current)	1.283		
Limb		2.052	0.732 (Current)	0.935 (Current)	0.484 (Current)	0.539 (Current)	1.647	0.756 (Current)	2.052			

	Simultaneous multi-band transmission												
Toet	Position		2G	3G	4G	2.4GHz		5GHz	SUM				
iesi	Test Position		26	3	<b>P</b>	ВТ	WiFi	WiFi	2.4GHz	5GHz			
	Left	Cheek	0.509	0.454	0.801	0.133	0.357	0.747	1.158	1.548			
Head(1g)	Leit	Tilt 15°	0.141	0.192	0.277	0.133	0.251	0.58	0.528	0.857			
r lead(1g)	Right	Cheek	0.248	0.412	0.509	0.133	0.155	0.737	0.664	1.246			
		Tilt 15°	0.151	0.191	0.205	0.133	0.126	0.617	0.331	0.822			
Hotspot &Body-	Phantom Side		0.607 (Curent)	0.714	1.172	0.066	0.105	0.396	1.277	1.568			
worn 10 mm(1g)	Ground	Side	0.526	0.715	0.854	0.066	0.340	0.737	1.194	1.591			
Hotonot 10 mm/1a)	Left Si	de	0.306	0.418	0.599	0.066	0.007		0.606	0.599			
Hotspot 10 mm(1g)	Right S	ide	0.391	0.441	0.363	0.066	0.491	0.762	0.932	1.203			



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	Top Side		-		0.066	0.141	0.491	0.141	0.491
	Bottom Side	1.106	1.499 (Current)	1.283	0.066			1.565 (Current)	1.499 (Current)
		1.851	1.993					,	, ,
Limb (10g)		(Current)	(Current)	2.052	0.027	0.964	0.901	3.016	2.953

According to the conducted power measurement result, we can draw the conclusion that: stand-alone SAR for WiFi should be performed. Then, simultaneous transmission SAR for WiFi/BT is considered with measurement results of GSM/WCDMA/LTE/CDMA and WiFi/BT. According to the above table, the sum of reported SAR values for GSM/WCDMA/LTECDMA and WiFi<1.6W/kg. So the simultaneous transmission SAR is not required for WiFi/BT transmitter.



## 15. SAR Measurement Variability

SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium.

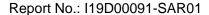
The following procedures are applied to determine if repeated measurements are required.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is  $\ge 1.45$ W/kg ( $\sim 10\%$  from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

Table 15.1: SAR Measurement Variability for Body Value (1g)

Frequ	uency	Configuration	Test	Original SAR	First Repeated	The Ratio	
MHz Ch.		Configuration	Position	(W/kg)	SAR (W/kg)	THE NAME	
2560	21350	QPSK_20MHz_1RB_ 50 offset High	Bottom	1.05	0.918	1.144	
1908.75	1175	CDMA BC1 1xEV-DO-0	Bottom	1.2	1.27	1.058	

**Note:** According to the KDB 865664 D01repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.8 W/kg.



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## 16. Measurement Uncertainty

## Measurement uncertainty for 750 MHz to 3 GHz averaged over 1 gram

Measurement uncertainty for 750 MHz to 3 GHz averaged over 1 gram									
Uncertainty Component	Uncertainty	Prob.	Div.	C <sub>i (1g)</sub>	Std. Unc. (1-g)	V <sub>i</sub> or Veff			
Measurement System									
Probe Calibration (k=1)	5.4	Normal	2	1	5.40	∞			
Probe Isotropy	4.70	Rectangular	√3	0.7	1.90	∞			
Modulation Response	2.40	Rectangular	√3	1	1.39	∞			
Hemispherical Isotropy	2.60	Rectangular	√3	0.7	1.05	∞			
Boundary Effect	1.00	Rectangular	√3	1	0.58	∞			
Linearity	4.70	Rectangular	√3	1	2.71	∞			
System Detection Limit	1.00	Rectangular	√3	1	0.58	∞			
Readout Electronics	0.30	Normal	1	1	0.30	∞			
Response Time	0.80	Rectangular	√3	1	0.46	∞			
Integration Time	2.60	Rectangular	√3	1	1.50	∞			
RF Ambient Noise	0.00	Rectangular	√3	1	0.00	∞			
RF Ambient Reflections	0.00	Rectangular	√3	1	0.00	∞			
Probe Positioner	0.40	Rectangular	√3	1	0.23	∞			
Probe Positioning	2.90	Rectangular	√3	1	1.67	8			
Post-processing	1.00	Rectangular	√3	1	0.58	∞			
Test sample Related									
Test sample Positioning	1.2	Normal	1	1	1.2	5			
Device Holder Uncertainty	3.2	Normal	1	1	3.2	71			
Power drift	5	Rectangular	√3	1	2.89	8			
Power Scaling	0	Rectangular	√3	1	0.00	8			
Phantom and Tissue Parame	ters								
Phantom Uncertainty	4	Rectangular	√3	1	2.31	8			
SAR correction	1.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1.10	∞			
Liquid Conductivity (meas)	4.19	Rectangular	1	0.78	3.27	∞			
Liquid Permittivity (meas)	4.4	Rectangular	1	0.26	1.14	∞			
Temp. unc Conductivity	0.18	Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.08	8			
Temp. unc Permittivity	0.54	Rectangular	√3	0.23	0.07	∞			
Combined Std. Uncertainty		RSS			9.39				
Expanded STD Uncertainty		<i>k</i> =2			18. 77%				



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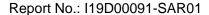
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## System check uncertainty for 750 MHz to 3 GHz averaged over 1 gram

System entertainty for 700 mile to 5 of 12 averaged even i gram										
Uncertainty Component	Uncertainty	Prob.	Div.	C <sub>i (1g)</sub>	Std. Unc. (1-g)	V <sub>i</sub> or Veff				
Measurement System										
Probe Calibration (k=1)	5.40	Normal	1	1	5.40	8				
Probe Isotropy	4.70	Rectangular	√3	0.7	1.90	∞				
Modulation Response	2.40	Rectangular	√3	1	1.39	∞				
Hemispherical Isotropy	2.60	Rectangular	√3	0.7	1.05	∞				
Boundary Effect	1.00	Rectangular	√3	1	0.58	∞				
Linearity	4.70	Rectangular	√3	1	2.71	∞				
System Detection Limit	1.00	Rectangular	√3	1	0.58	∞				
Readout Electronics	0.30	Normal	1	1	0.30	∞				
Response Time	0.80	Rectangular	√3	1	0.46	∞				
Integration Time	2.60	Rectangular	√3	1	1.50	∞				
RF Ambient Noise	0.00	Rectangular	√3	1	0.00	∞				
RF Ambient Reflections	0.00	Rectangular	√3	1	0.00	∞				
Probe Positioner	0.40	Rectangular	√3	1	0.23	∞				
Probe Positioning	2.90	Rectangular	√3	1	1.67	∞				
Post-processing	1.00	Rectangular	√3	1	0.58	∞				
Field source										
Deviation of the										
experimental source	5.5	Normal	1	1	5.5	∞				
from numerical source										
Source to liquid	2	Rectangular	√3	1	1.15	8				
distance	2	Rectangular	VS	I	1.15	ω				
Power drift	5	Rectangular	√3	1	2.89	∞				
<b>Phantom and Tissue Parame</b>	ters									
Phantom Uncertainty	4	Rectangular	√3	1	2.31	∞				
SAR correction	1.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1.10	∞				
Liquid Conductivity (meas)	4.19	Normal	1	0.78	3.27	∞				
Liquid Permittivity (meas)	4.4	Normal	1	0.26	1.14	∞				
Temp. unc Conductivity	0.18	Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.08	∞				
Temp. unc Permittivity	0.54	Rectangular	√3	0.23	0.07	∞				
Combined Std.		RSS			10.20					
Uncertainty		KOO			10.39					
<b>Expanded STD Uncertainty</b>		k=2			20.79%					



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## 17. Main Test Instrument

**Table 17.1: List of Main Instruments** 

			Serial	Manufactur		Cal.
Item	Instrument Name	Туре	Number	er	Cal. Date	interval
1	Network analyzer	N5242A	MY51221755	Agilent	2018-12-17	1 year
2	Power meter	NRVD	102257			
0	D	NDV 75	100241	RS	2019-5-10	1 year
3	Power sensor	NRV-Z5	100644			
4	Signal Generator	E4438C	MY49072044	Agilent	2019-5-10	1 Year
5	Amplifier	NTWPA-0086010 F	12023024	rflight	No Calibration	Requested
6	Coupler	778D	MY4825551	Agilent	2019-5-10	1 year
7	DTO	E5515C	MY50266468	Agilent	2018-12-17	1 year
7	BTS	MT8820C	6201240338	Anritsu	2018-12-17	1 year
8	E-field Probe	ES3DV3	3252	SPEAG	2018-9-4	1 year
0	E-lieid Probe	EX3DV4	7401	SPEAG	2019-1-5	1 year
9	DAE	SPEAG DAE4	1244	SPEAG	2018-12-13	1 year
		SPEAG D750V3	1144	SPEAG	2018-10-26	3 year
		SPEAG D835V2	4d112	SPEAG	2018-10-25	3 year
		SPEAG D900V2	1d109	SPEAG	2018-10-29	3 year
40	D: 1 V E 1 (* 16)	SPEAG D1750V2	1044	SPEAG	2018-10-31	3 year
10	Dipole Validation Kit	SPEAG D1900V2	5d151	SPEAG	2017-12-6	3 year
		SPEAG D2450V2	858	SPEAG	2018-10-26	3 year
		SPEAG D2600V2	1031	SPEAG	2018-11-1	3 year
		SPEAG D5GHzV2	1122	SPEAG	2018-3-30	3 year

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## ANNEX A. Highest SAR GRAPH RESULTS

### Fig.1 GPRS850 4TS Phantom Mode Middle 10mm

Date/Time: 2019/7/29

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.001$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 56.695$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: GSM 835MHz GPRS 4TS (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz;

Duty Cycle: 1:2

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.34, 6.34, 6.34); Calibrated: 9/4/2018 **GPRS850 4TS Phantom Mode Middle 10mm/Area Scan (71x121x1):** 

Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 0.604 W/kg

#### GPRS850 4TS Phantom Mode Middle 10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

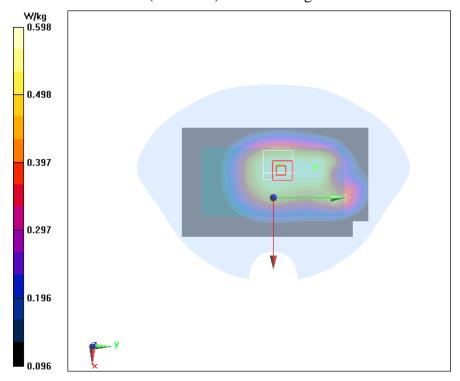
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 24.03 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.687 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.577 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.461 W/kg

Maximum of SAR (measured) = 0.598 W/kg



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## Fig.2 GPRS850 4TS Ground Mode Middle 0mm

Date/Time: 2019/7/29 Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.001$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 56.695$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature:22.5 ℃ Liquid Temperature:22.5 ℃

Communication System: GSM 835MHz GPRS 4TS (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz;

Duty Cycle: 1:2

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.34, 6.34, 6.34); Calibrated: 9/4/2018 **GPRS850 4TS Ground Mode Middle 0mm/Area Scan (71x121x1):** 

Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 3.49 W/kg

#### GPRS850 4TS Ground Mode Middle 0mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

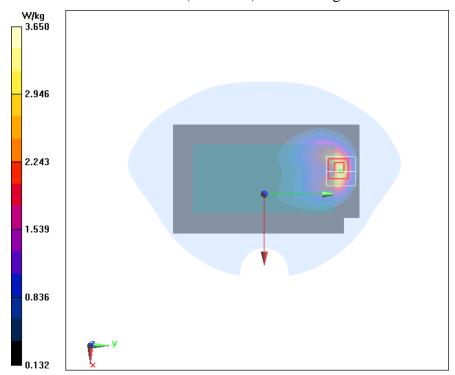
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.44 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.97 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.23 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.76 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.65 W/kg



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## Fig.3 GSM1900 4TS Bottom Mode High 10mm

Date/Time: 2019/7/31 Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.561 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 51.894$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature:22.5 ℃ Liquid Temperature:22.5 ℃

Communication System: GSM 1900MHz GPRS 4TS (0); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz;

Duty Cycle: 1:2

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(4.77, 4.77, 4.77); Calibrated: 9/4/2018

### GSM1900 4TS Bottom Mode High 10mm /Area Scan (41x71x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 0.651 W/kg

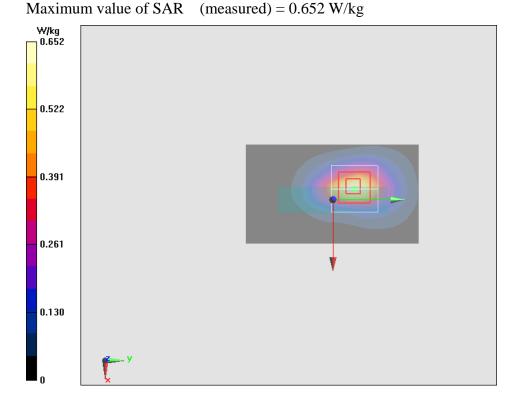
## GSM1900 4TS Bottom Mode High 10mm /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.308 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.992 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.612 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.359 W/kg



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## Fig.4 GSM1900 4TS Ground Mode Middle 0mm

Date/Time: 2019/7/31 Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.529$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 51.996$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature:22.5 ℃ Liquid Temperature:22.5 ℃

Communication System: GSM 1900MHz GPRS 4TS (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz;

Duty Cycle: 1:2

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(4.77, 4.77, 4.77); Calibrated: 9/4/2018 **GSM1900 4TS Ground Mode Middle 0mm/Area Scan (71x121x1):** 

Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 1.62 W/kg

GSM1900 4TS Ground Mode Middle 0mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

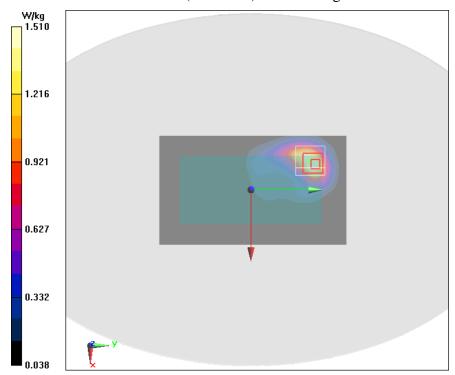
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.800 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.34 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.39 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.821 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.51 W/kg



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## Fig.5 WCDMA Band 2 Bottom Mode Middle

Date/Time: 2019/7/31 Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.529$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 51.996$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature:22.5 ℃ Liquid Temperature:22.5 ℃

Communication System: WCDMA Professional Band II; Frequency: 1880 MHz;

Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(4.77, 4.77, 4.77); Calibrated: 9/4/2018

#### WCDMA Band 2 Bottom Mode Middle/Area Scan (41x71x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 0.437 W/kg

#### WCDMA Band 2 Bottom Mode Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

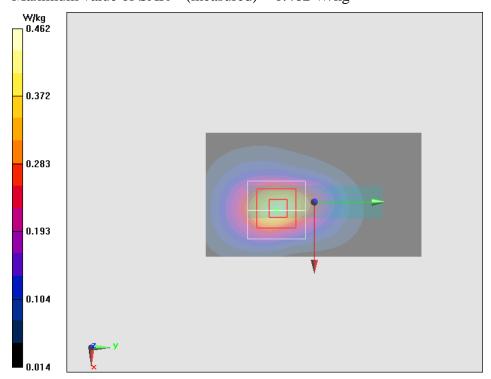
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.574 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.671 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.420 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.249 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.462 W/kg



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### Fig.6 WCDMA B2 Ground Mode Middle 0mm

Date/Time: 2019/7/31 Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.529$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 51.996$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature:22.5 ℃ Liquid Temperature:22.5 ℃

Communication System: WCDMA Professional Band II; Frequency: 1880 MHz;

Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(4.77, 4.77, 4.77); Calibrated: 9/4/2018 **WCDMA B2 Ground Mode Middle 0mm/Area Scan (71x121x1):** 

Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 1.92 W/kg

#### WCDMA B2 Ground Mode Middle 0mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

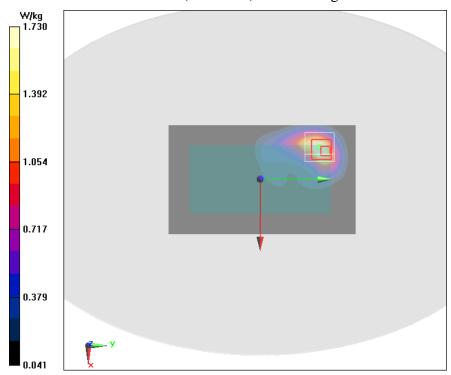
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.615 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.68 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.57 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.926 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.73 W/kg



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## Fig.7 WCDMA Band 4 Phantom Mode Middle 10mm

Date/Time: 2019/7/30 Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium parameters used: f = 1733 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.418$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 55.195$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature:22.5 ℃ Liquid Temperature:22.5 ℃

Communication System: WCDMA Professional 1800MHz; Frequency: 1732.6

MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(4.99, 4.99, 4.99); Calibrated: 9/4/2018 **WCDMA Band 4 Phantom Mode Middle 10mm/Area Scan (61x111x1):** 

Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 0.486 W/kg

WCDMA Band 4 Phantom Mode Middle 10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

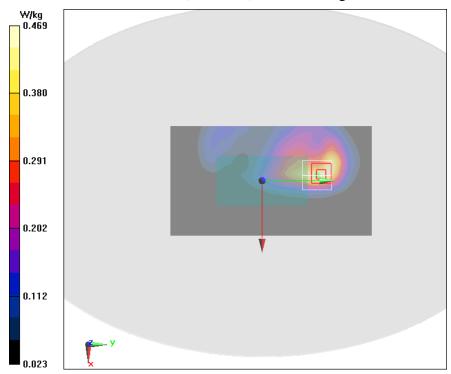
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.435 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.677 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.438 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.278 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.469 W/kg



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### Fig.8 WCDMA Band 4 Ground Mode Middle 0mm

Date/Time: 2019/7/30 Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium parameters used: f = 1733 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.418$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 55.195$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature:22.5 ℃ Liquid Temperature:22.5 ℃

Communication System: WCDMA Professional 1800MHz; Frequency: 1732.6

MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(4.99, 4.99, 4.99); Calibrated: 9/4/2018 **WCDMA Band 4 Ground Mode Middle 0mm/Area Scan (71x131x1):** 

Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 2.27 W/kg

#### WCDMA Band 4 Ground Mode Middle 0mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

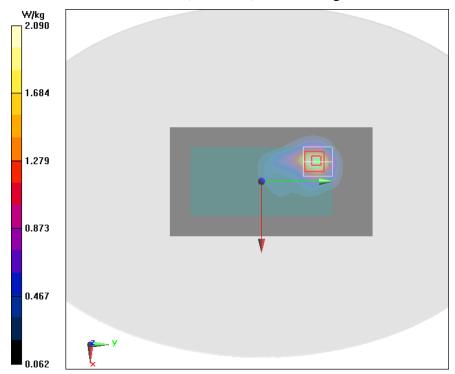
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.02 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.18 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.92 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.12 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.09 W/kg



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### Fig.9 WCDMA Band 5 Phantom Mode Middle 10mm

Date/Time: 2019/7/29 Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.001$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 56.695$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature:22.5 ℃ Liquid Temperature:22.5 ℃

Communication System: WCDMA Professional 835MHz; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;

Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.34, 6.34, 6.34); Calibrated: 9/4/2018 **WCDMA Band 5 Phantom Mode Middle 10mm/Area Scan (71x121x1):** 

Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 0.277 W/kg

WCDMA Band 5 Phantom Mode Middle 10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

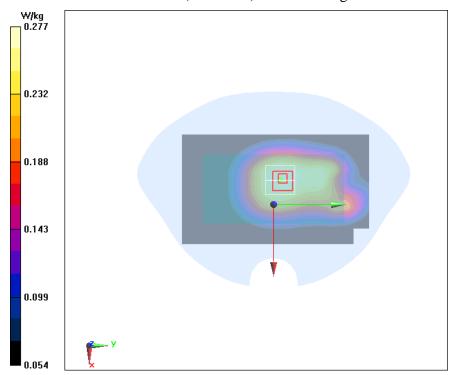
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.49 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.317 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.267 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.213 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.277 W/kg



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#### Fig. 10 WCDMA Band 5 Ground Mode Middle 0mm

Date/Time: 2019/7/29 Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.001$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 56.695$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: WCDMA Professional 835MHz; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;

Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.34, 6.34, 6.34); Calibrated: 9/4/2018 **WCDMA Band 5 Ground Mode Middle 0mm/Area Scan (71x121x1):** 

Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 1.34 W/kg

## WCDMA Band 5 Ground Mode Middle 0mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

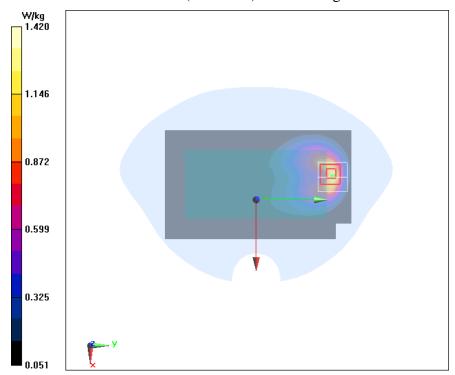
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.09 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.33 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.25 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.675 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.42 W/kg



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## Fig.11 LTE Band 4 20M 1RB 50 offset Phantom Mode Middle 10mm

Date/Time: 2019/7/29 Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1732.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.421 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 55.126$ ;

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature:22.5 ℃ Liquid Temperature:22.5 ℃

Communication System: LTE Band 4 Professional 1800MHz; Frequency: 1732.5

MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(4.99, 4.99, 4.99); Calibrated: 9/4/2018

# LTE Band 4 20M 1RB 50 offset Phantom Mode Middle 10mm /Area Scan (71x131x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 0.532 W/kg

## LTE Band 4 20M 1RB 50 offset Phantom Mode Middle 10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

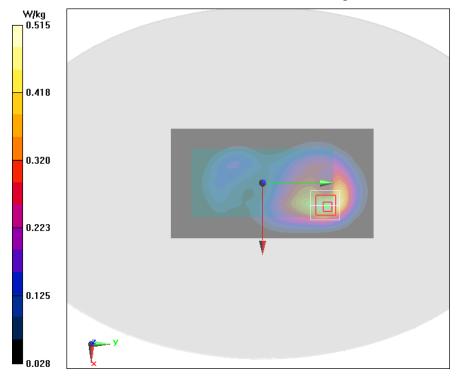
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.693 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.744 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.485 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.310 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.515 W/kg



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## Fig.12 LTE Band 4 20M 1RB 50 offset Ground Mode Middle 0mm

Date/Time: 2019/7/29 Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1732.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.421 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 55.126$ ;

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature:22.5 ℃ Liquid Temperature:22.5 ℃

Communication System: LTE Band 4 Professional 1800MHz; Frequency: 1732.5

MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(4.99, 4.99, 4.99); Calibrated: 9/4/2018 LTE Band 4 20M 1RB 50 offset Ground Mode Middle 0mm/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 2.28 W/kg

## LTE Band 4 20M 1RB 50 offset Ground Mode Middle 0mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

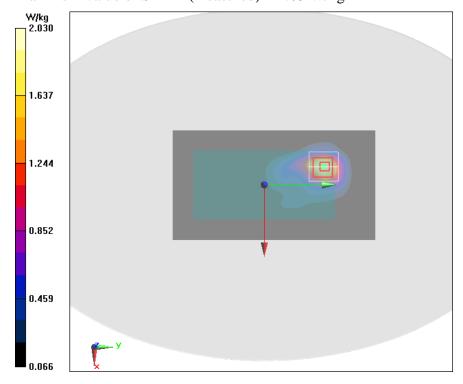
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.51 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.05 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.85 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.08 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.03 W/kg



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## Fig.13 LTE B5 10M 1RB25Offset Phantom Mode Middle 10mm

Date/Time: 2019/7/29 Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 1$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 56.699$ ;  $\rho =$ 

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature:22.5 ℃ Liquid Temperature:22.5 ℃

Communication System: LTE Band 5 Professional 835MHz; Frequency: 836.5 MHz;

Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.34, 6.34, 6.34); Calibrated: 9/4/2018

#### LTE B5 10M 1RB25Offset Phantom Mode Middle 10mm/Area Scan (71x121x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 0.261 W/kg

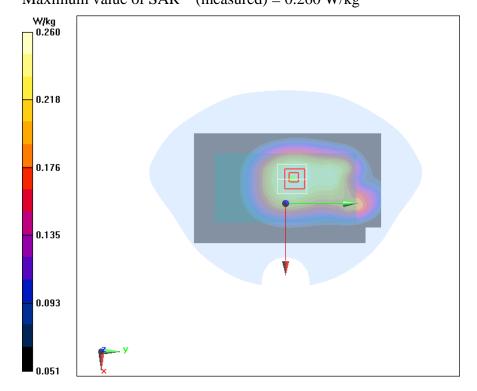
## LTE B5 10M 1RB25Offset Phantom Mode Middle 10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.97 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.297 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.250 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.199 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.260 W/kg



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## Fig.14 LTE B5 10M 1RB25Offset Ground Mode Middle 0mm

Date/Time: 2019/7/29 Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 1$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 56.699$ ;  $\rho =$ 

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature:22.5 ℃ Liquid Temperature:22.5 ℃

Communication System: LTE Band 5 Professional 835MHz; Frequency: 836.5 MHz;

Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.34, 6.34, 6.34); Calibrated: 9/4/2018

#### LTE B5 10M 1RB25Offset Ground Mode Middle 0mm/Area Scan (71x121x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 1.19 W/kg

## LTE B5 10M 1RB25Offset Ground Mode Middle 0mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

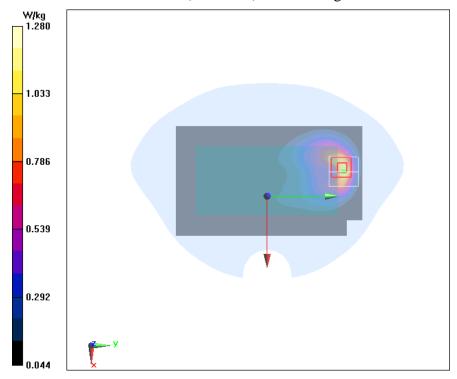
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.51 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.14 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.13 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.605 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.28 W/kg



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## Fig.15 LTE Band 7 20M 1RB 50 offset Bottom Mode Low 10mm

Date/Time: 2019/8/2

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium parameters used: f = 2510 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.977 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 52.081$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: LTE Band 7 Professional 2500MHz; Frequency: 2510

MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(4.41, 4.41, 4.41); Calibrated: 9/4/2018

#### LTE Band 7 20M 1RB 50 offset Bottom Mode Low 10mm /Area Scan (41x71x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 1.20 W/kg

# LTE Band 7 20M 1RB 50 offset Bottom Mode Low 10mm /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

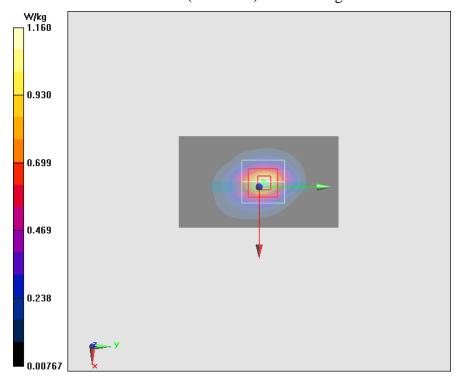
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 23.90 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.01 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.04 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.508 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.16 W/kg



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### Fig.16 LTE Band 7 20M 1RB 50 offset Ground Mode High 0mm

Date/Time: 2019/8/2

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium parameters used: f = 2560 MHz;  $\sigma = 2.041 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 51.89$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature:22.5 ℃ Liquid Temperature:22.5 ℃

Communication System: LTE Band 7 Professional 2600MHz; Frequency: 2560

MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(4.19, 4.19, 4.19); Calibrated: 9/4/2018 LTE Band 7 20M 1RB 50 offset Ground Mode High 0mm /Area Scan (71x121x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 1.92 W/kg

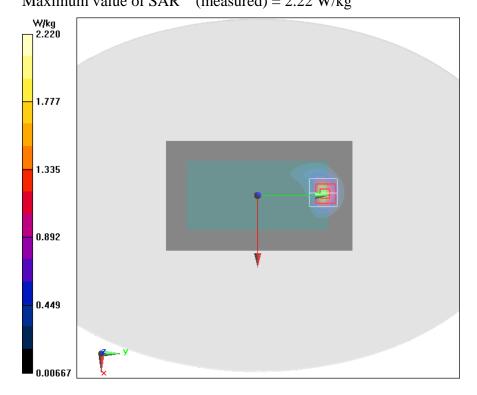
LTE Band 7 20M 1RB 50 offset Ground Mode High 0mm /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.053 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.25 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.94 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.820 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.22 W/kg



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## Fig.17 LTE B12 10M 1RB25Offset Ground Mode Middle 10mm

Date/Time: 2019/7/28 Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 707.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.924$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 58.183$ ;  $\rho$ 

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature:22.5 ℃ Liquid Temperature:22.5 ℃

Communication System: LTE Band 12 Professional 835MHz; Frequency: 707.5

MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.53, 6.53, 6.53); Calibrated: 9/4/2018

#### LTE B12 10M 1RB25Offset Ground Mode Middle 10mm/Area Scan (71x121x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 0.186 W/kg

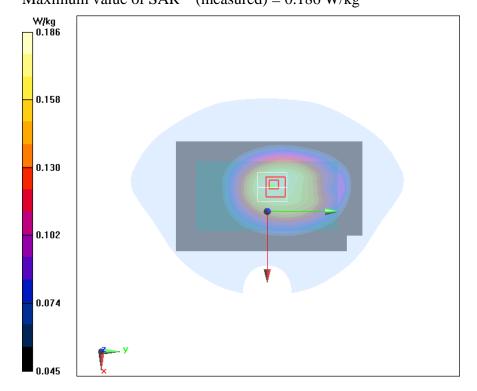
## LTE B12 10M 1RB25Offset Ground Mode Middle 10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.26 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.217 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.179 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.144 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.186 W/kg



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# Fig.18 LTE B12 10M 1RB25Offset Ground Mode Middle 0mm

Date/Time: 2019/7/28 Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 707.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.924$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 58.183$ ;  $\rho$ 

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: LTE Band 12 Professional 835MHz; Frequency: 707.5

MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.53, 6.53, 6.53); Calibrated: 9/4/2018

### LTE B12 10M 1RB25Offset Ground Mode Middle 0mm/Area Scan (71x121x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 0.750 W/kg

# LTE B12 10M 1RB25Offset Ground Mode Middle 0mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

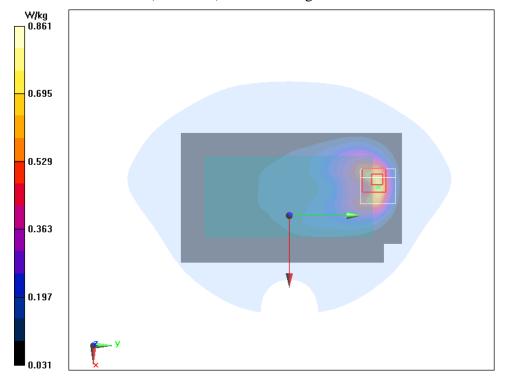
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.27 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.51 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.738 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.400 W/kg

Maximum of SAR (measured) = 0.861 W/kg



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# Fig.19 LTE B13 10M 1RB25Offset Ground Mode Middle 10mm

Date/Time: 2019/7/28 Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium parameters used: f = 782 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.998$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 57.316$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature:22.5 ℃ Liquid Temperature:22.5 ℃

Communication System: LTE Band 13 Professional 835MHz; Frequency: 782 MHz;

Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.53, 6.53, 6.53); Calibrated: 9/4/2018

#### LTE B13 10M 1RB25Offset Ground Mode Middle 10mm/Area Scan (71x121x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 0.194 W/kg

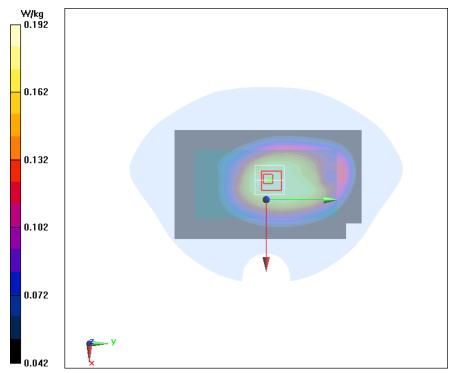
# LTE B13 10M 1RB25Offset Ground Mode Middle 10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.35 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.221 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.184 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.147 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.192 W/kg



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# Fig.20 LTE B13 10M 1RB25Offset Ground Mode Middle 0mm

Date/Time: 2019/7/28 Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium parameters used: f = 782 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.998$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 57.316$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature:22.5 ℃ Liquid Temperature:22.5 ℃

Communication System: LTE Band 13 Professional 835MHz; Frequency: 782 MHz;

Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.53, 6.53, 6.53); Calibrated: 9/4/2018

#### LTE B13 10M 1RB25Offset Ground Mode Middle 0mm/Area Scan (71x121x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 0.889 W/kg

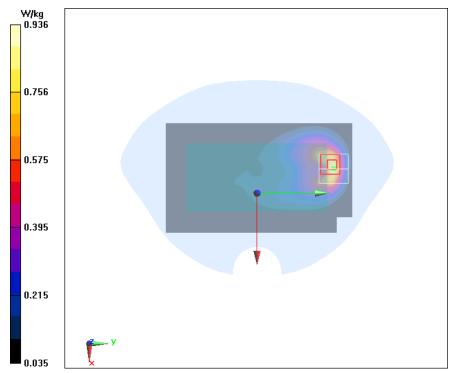
# LTE B13 10M 1RB25Offset Ground Mode Middle 0mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.39 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.63 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.843 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.459 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.936 W/kg



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# Fig.21 LTE Band 25 20M 1RB 50 offset Bottom Mode Middle 10mm

Date/Time: 2019/7/31 Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1882.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.531$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 51.988$ ;

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature:22.5 °C Liquid Temperature:22.5 °C

Communication System: LTE Band 25 Professional 1900MHz; Frequency: 1882.5

MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(4.77, 4.77, 4.77); Calibrated: 9/4/2018 LTE Band 25 20M 1RB 50 offset Bottom Mode Middle 10mm/Area Scan

(41x71x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 0.570 W/kg

LTE Band 25 20M 1RB 50 offset Bottom Mode Middle 10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

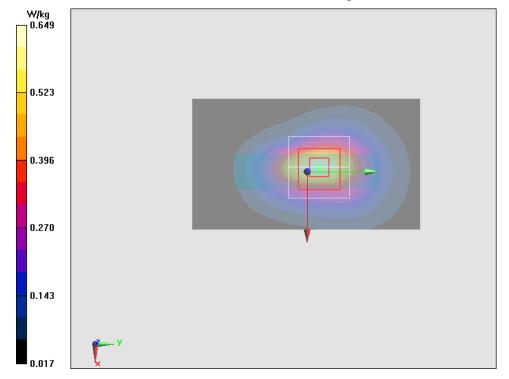
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.637 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.962 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.595 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.342 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.649 W/kg





# Fig.22 LTE Band 25 20M 1RB 50 offset Phantom Mode Middle

#### 0mm

Date/Time: 2019/7/31

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1882.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.531$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 51.988$ ;

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature:22.5 ℃ Liquid Temperature:22.5 ℃

Communication System: LTE Band 25 Professional 1900MHz; Frequency: 1882.5

MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(4.77, 4.77, 4.77); Calibrated: 9/4/2018

# LTE Band 25 20M 1RB 50 offset Phantom Mode Middle 0mm/Area Scan (71x121x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 2.32 W/kg

# LTE Band 25 20M 1RB 50 offset Phantom Mode Middle 0mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

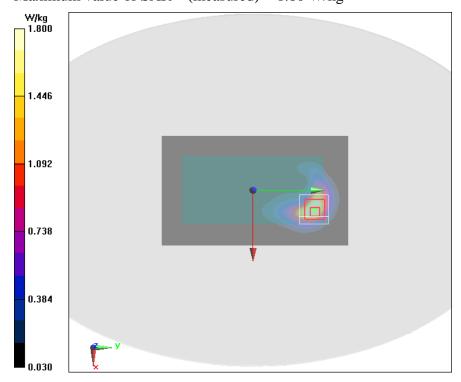
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.435 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.15 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.69 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.916 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.80 W/kg



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# Fig.23 LTE B26 15M 1RB38Offset Ground Mode Middle 10mm

Date/Time: 2019/7/29 Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 841.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.005 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 56.65$ ;  $\rho$ 

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: LTE Band 26 Professional 835MHz; Frequency: 841.5

MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.34, 6.34, 6.34); Calibrated: 9/4/2018

### LTE B26 15M 1RB38Offset Ground Mode Middle 10mm /Area Scan (71x121x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 0.225 W/kg

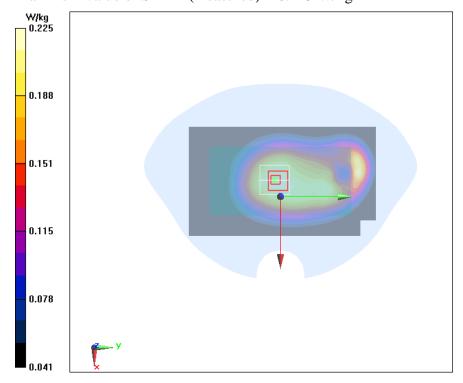
# LTE B26 15M 1RB38Offset Ground Mode Middle 10mm /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.08 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.258 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.215 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.169 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.225 W/kg



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# Fig.24 LTE B26 15M 1RB38Offset Ground Mode Middle 0mm

Date/Time: 2019/7/29 Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 841.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.005 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 56.65$ ;  $\rho$ 

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature:22.5 ℃ Liquid Temperature:22.5 ℃

Communication System: LTE Band 26 Professional 835MHz; Frequency: 841.5

MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.34, 6.34, 6.34); Calibrated: 9/4/2018

### LTE B26 15M 1RB38Offset Ground Mode Middle 0mm /Area Scan (71x121x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 1.15 W/kg

# LTE B26 15M 1RB38Offset Ground Mode Middle 0mm /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

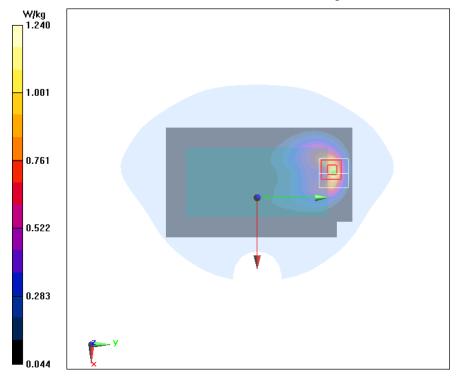
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.679 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.05 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.09 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.583 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.24 W/kg





# Fig.25 CDMA BC0 1xEV-DO-0 Ground Mode Middle 10mm

Date/Time: 2019/7/29 Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.001$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 56.695$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature:22.5 ℃ Liquid Temperature:22.5 ℃

Communication System: CDMA 835MHz 835MHz; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty

Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.34, 6.34, 6.34); Calibrated: 9/4/2018

# CDMA BC0 1xEV-DO-0 Ground Mode Middle 10mm/Area Scan (71x121x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 0.373 W/kg

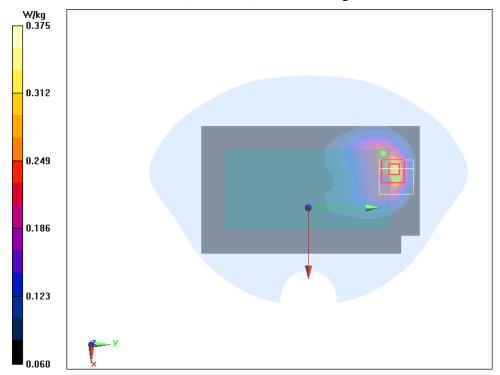
# CDMA BC0 1xEV-DO-0 Ground Mode Middle 10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.36 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.454 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.353 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.259 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.375 W/kg



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# Fig.26 CDMA BC0 1xEV-DO-0 Ground Mode Middle 0mm

Date/Time: 2019/7/29 Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.001$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 56.695$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature:22.5 ℃ Liquid Temperature:22.5 ℃

Communication System: CDMA 835MHz 835MHz; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty

Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.34, 6.34, 6.34); Calibrated: 9/4/2018

#### CDMA BC0 1xEV-DO-0 Ground Mode Middle 0mm/Area Scan (71x121x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 1.59 W/kg

#### CDMA BC0 1xEV-DO-0 Ground Mode Middle 0mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

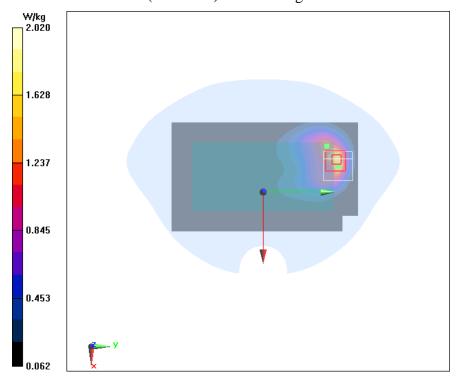
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.99 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.28 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.76 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.948 W/kg

Maximum of SAR (measured) = 2.02 W/kg



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# Fig.27 CDMA BC1 1xEV-DO-0 Bottom Mode High 10mm

Date/Time: 2019/7/31 Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium parameters used: f = 1909 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.56$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 51.897$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature:22.5 ℃ Liquid Temperature:22.5 ℃

Communication System: CDMA 1900MHz 1900MHz; Frequency: 1908.75 MHz;

Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(4.77, 4.77, 4.77); Calibrated: 9/4/2018

#### CDMA BC1 1xEV-DO-0 Bottom Mode High 10mm/Area Scan (41x61x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 1.28 W/kg

### CDMA BC1 1xEV-DO-0 Bottom Mode High 10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

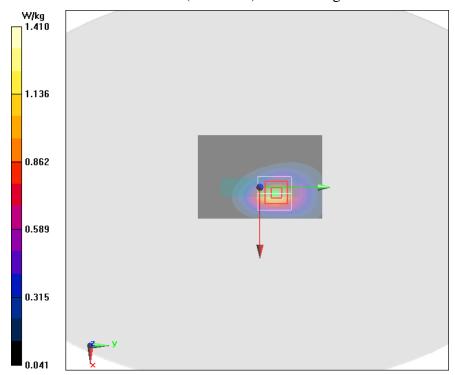
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.84 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.06 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.27 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.729 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.41 W/kg



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# Fig.28 CDMA BC1 1xEV-DO-0 Phantom Mode Middle 0mm

Date/Time: 2019/7/31 Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.529 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 51.996$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature:22.5 ℃ Liquid Temperature:22.5 ℃

Communication System: CDMA 1900MHz 1900MHz; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty

Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(4.77, 4.77, 4.77); Calibrated: 9/4/2018

# CDMA BC1 1xEV-DO-0 Phantom Mode Middle 0mm/Area Scan (61x101x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 3.19 W/kg

# CDMA BC1 1xEV-DO-0 Phantom Mode Middle 0mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

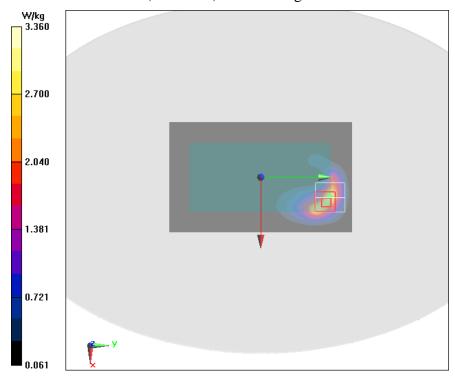
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.356 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.57 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.11 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.7 W/kg

Maximum of SAR (measured) = 3.36 W/kg



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# Fig.29 wifi 802.11 b Right Mode Middle

Date/Time: 2019/8/1

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.916$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 54.159$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature:22.5 ℃ Liquid Temperature:22.5 ℃

Communication System: Wifi 2450 2500MHz; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle:

1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(4.41, 4.41, 4.41); Calibrated: 9/4/2018

#### wifi 802.11 b Right Mode Middle/Area Scan (41x101x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 0.209 W/kg

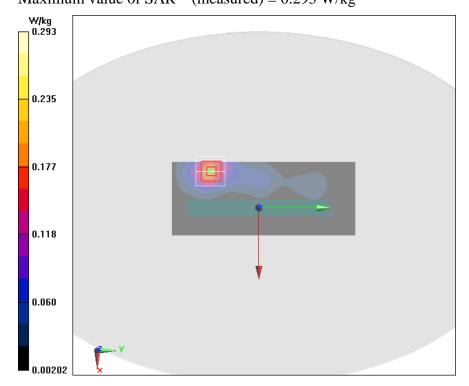
### wifi 802.11 b Right Mode Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.377 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.488 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.258 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.128 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.293 W/kg





# Fig.30 wifi 2.4G Ground Mode High 0mm

Date/Time: 2019/8/1

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.946$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 54.081$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature:22.5 ℃ Liquid Temperature:22.5 ℃

Communication System: Wifi 2450 2500MHz; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle:

1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(4.41, 4.41, 4.41); Calibrated: 9/4/2018

#### wifi 2.4G Ground Mode High 0mm/Area Scan (71x121x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 1.57 W/kg

### wifi 2.4G Ground Mode High 0mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

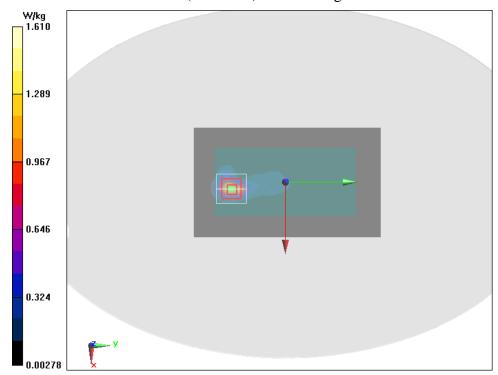
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.594 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.26 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.41 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.583 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.61 W/kg



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# Fig.31 wifi 5G Right Mode 10mm

Date/Time: 2019/8/3

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium parameters used: f = 5775 MHz;  $\sigma = 6.059$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 48.892$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature:22.5 ℃ Liquid Temperature:22.5 ℃

Communication System: 5GHz U-NII-3 5GHz; Frequency: 5775 MHz; Duty Cycle:

1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7401ConvF(4.69, 4.69, 4.69); Calibrated: 1/15/2019

#### wifi 5G Right Mode 10mm/Area Scan (41x121x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 0.249 W/kg

# wifi 5G Right Mode 10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

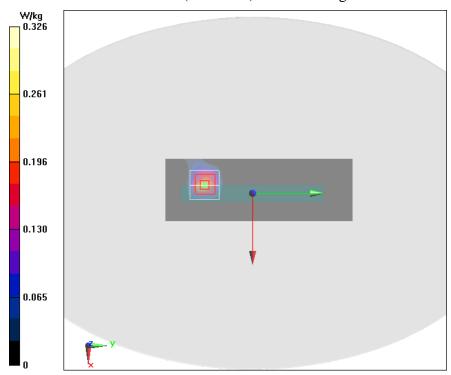
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.880 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.33 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.329 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.118 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.326 W/kg



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# Fig.32 wifi 5G Ground Mode 0mm

Date/Time: 2019/8/3

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium parameters used: f = 5530 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.696 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 49.431$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature:22.5 ℃ Liquid Temperature:22.5 ℃

Communication System: 5GHz U-NII-2C 5GHz; Frequency: 5530 MHz; Duty

Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7401ConvF(4.66, 4.66, 4.66); Calibrated: 1/15/2019

#### wifi 5G Ground Mode 0mm /Area Scan (121x211x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 6.39 W/kg

# wifi 5G Ground Mode 0mm /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

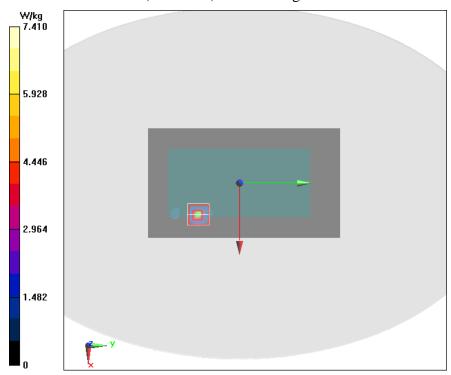
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0.9320 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 13.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.37 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.484 W/kg

Maximum of SAR (measured) = 7.41 W/kg



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# Fig.33 WIFI 5G Left Cheek Middle

Date/Time: 2019/8/3

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium parameters used: f = 5530 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.003 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 36.538$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature:22.5 ℃ Liquid Temperature:22.5 ℃

Communication System: 5GHz U-NII-2C 5GHz; Frequency: 5530 MHz; Duty

Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7401ConvF(5.2, 5.2, 5.2); Calibrated: 1/15/2019

#### WIFI 5G Left Cheek Middle/Area Scan (181x101x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

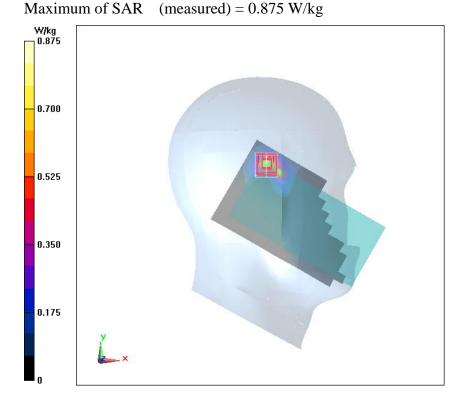
Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 0.845 W/kg

### WIFI 5G Left Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 1.313 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.50 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.338 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.103 W/kg



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# ANNEX B. SYSTEM VALIDATION RESULTS

# **Body 750MHz**

Date/Time: 2019/7/28 Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.965 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 57.696$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: CW 835MHz; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.53, 6.53, 6.53); Calibrated: 9/4/2018

System Validation/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 2.28 W/kg

System Validation/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

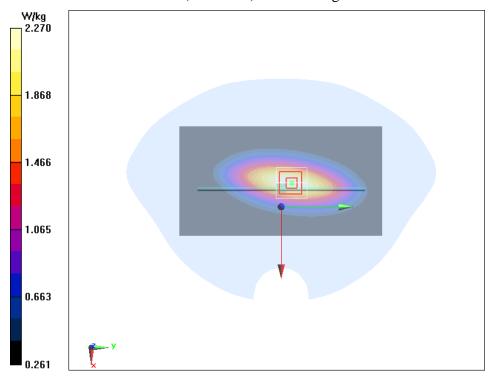
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 46.58 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.05 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.11 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.42 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.27 W/kg



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# **Body 835MHz**

Date/Time: 2019/7/29 Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.998$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 56.715$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature:22.5 ℃ Liquid Temperature:22.5 ℃

Communication System: CW 835MHz; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(6.34, 6.34, 6.34); Calibrated: 9/4/2018

### **System Validation / Area Scan (61x131x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 2.72 W/kg

### **System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:**

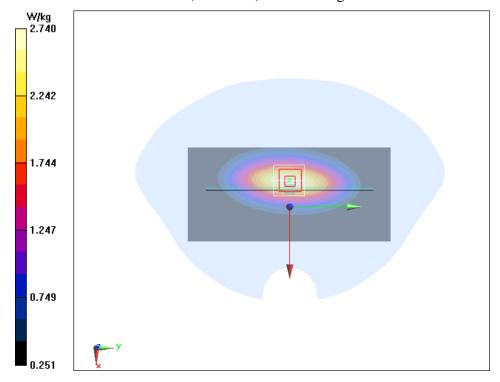
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 51.46 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.73 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.54 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.66 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.74 W/kg



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# **Body 1750MHz**

Date/Time: 2019/7/30 Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.435 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 55.141$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature:22.5 ℃ Liquid Temperature:22.5 ℃

Communication System: CW 1800MHz; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(4.99, 4.99, 4.99); Calibrated: 9/4/2018

### System check Validation/Area Scan (61x61x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 10.7 W/kg

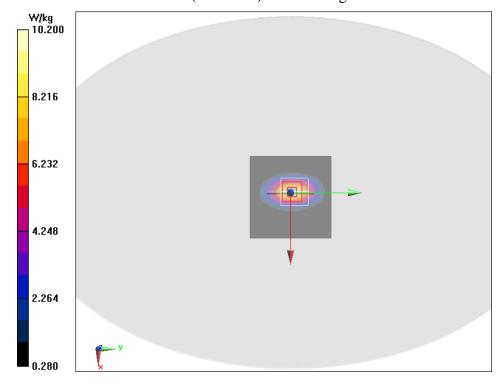
### System check Validation/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 85.83 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.15 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.98 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.2 W/kg



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# Body 1900MHz

Date/Time: 2019/7/31 Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.55 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 51.929$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature:22.5 ℃ Liquid Temperature:22.5 ℃

Communication System: CW 1900MHz; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(4.77, 4.77, 4.77); Calibrated: 9/4/2018

#### System check Validation /Area Scan (61x61x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 11.9 W/kg

### System check Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 86.07 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.41 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.7 W/kg

9.403
7.106
4.810
2.513

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# **Body 2450MHz**

Date/Time: 2019/8/1

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.932 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 54.12$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature:22.5 ℃ Liquid Temperature:22.5 ℃

Communication System: CW 2500MHz; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(4.41, 4.41, 4.41); Calibrated: 9/4/2018

### **System Validation/Area Scan (91x71x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 15.8 W/kg

# System Validation/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

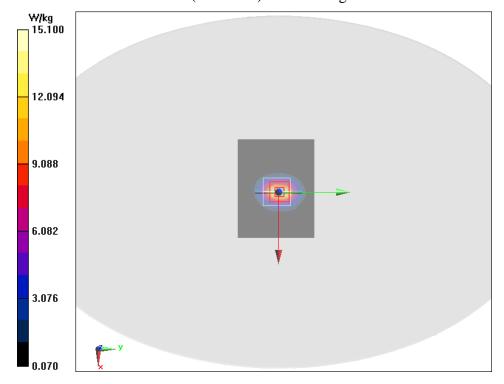
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 90.38 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.07 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.1 W/kg



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# **Body 2600MHz**

Date/Time: 2019/8/2

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz;  $\sigma = 2.084 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 51.75$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature:22.5 ℃ Liquid Temperature:22.5 ℃

Communication System: CW 2600MHz; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3252ConvF(4.19, 4.19, 4.19); Calibrated: 9/4/2018

### **Body 2600MHz/Area Scan (101x101x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 16.1 W/kg

### Body 2600MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

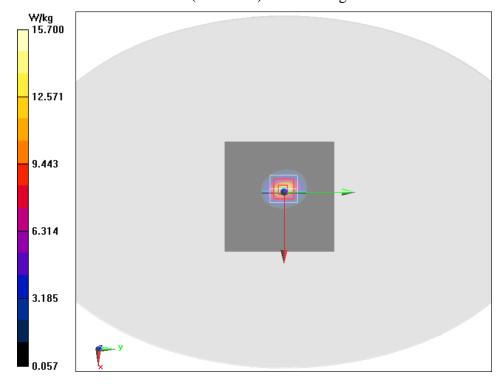
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 85.68 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.89 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.7 W/kg



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#### Head 5500MHz

Date/Time: 2019/8/3

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium parameters used: f = 5500 MHz;  $\sigma = 4.97 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 36.592$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature:22.5 ℃ Liquid Temperature:22.5 ℃

Communication System: CW 5GHz; Frequency: 5500 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7401ConvF(5.2, 5.2, 5.2); Calibrated: 1/15/2019

# System Validation 5500MHz/Area Scan (91x91x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

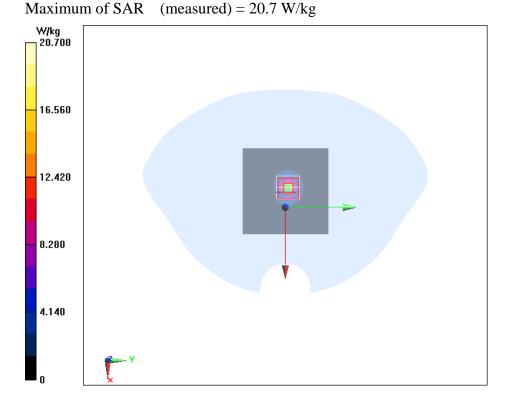
Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 19.9 W/kg

# System Validation 5500MHz/Zoom Scan (4x4x1.4mm, graded), dist=1.4mm (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 61.01 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 36.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.71 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.15 W/kg



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# Body 5500 MHz

Date/Time: 2019/8/3

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium parameters used: f = 5500 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.657 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 49.486$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature:22.5 ℃ Liquid Temperature:22.5 ℃

Communication System: CW 5GHz; Frequency: 5500 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7401ConvF(4.66, 4.66, 4.66); Calibrated: 1/15/2019

System Validation 5500 MHz/Area Scan (91x91x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

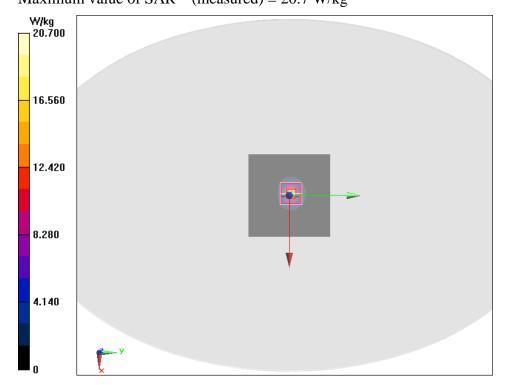
Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 19.0 W/kg

System Validation 5500 MHz/Zoom Scan (4x4x1.4mm, graded), dist=1.4mm (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 65.48 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.76 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.15 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.7 W/kg





# **Body 5800MHz**

Date/Time: 2019/8/3

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz;  $\sigma = 6.094 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 48.844$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature:22.5 ℃ Liquid Temperature:22.5 ℃

Communication System: CW 5GHz; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7401ConvF(4.69, 4.69, 4.69); Calibrated: 1/15/2019

### **System Validation / Area Scan (91x91x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 18.1 W/kg

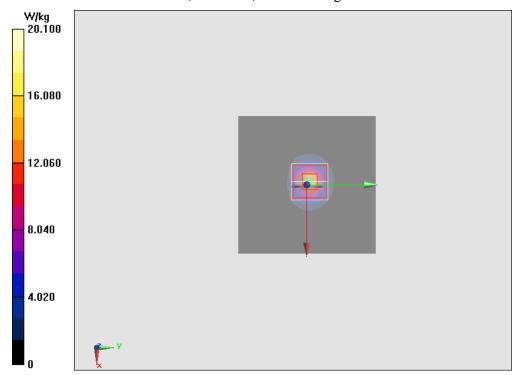
# System Validation /Zoom Scan (4x4x1.4mm, graded), dist=1.4mm (7x7x7)/Cube 0.

Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 60.59 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.26 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.1 W/kg



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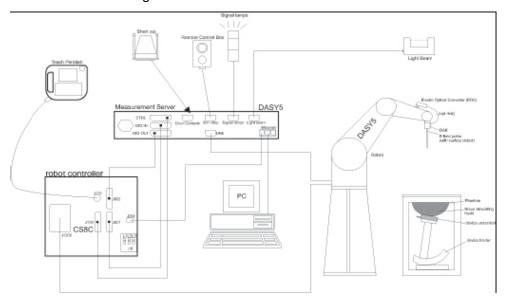
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# ANNEX C. SAR Measurement Setup

### C.1. Measurement Set-up

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:



Picture C.1 SAR Lab Test Measurement Set-up

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli TX=RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy
  of the probe positioning.

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- A computer running WinXP and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as
- warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.



#### C.2. DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multifiber line ending at the front of the probe tip. It is connected to the EOC box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. Half of the fibers are connected to a pulsed infrared transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver. As the probe approaches the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches maximum and then decreases. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe angle. The DASY5 software reads the reflection durning a software approach and looks for the maximum using 2<sup>nd</sup>ord curve fitting. The approach is stopped at reaching the maximum.

#### **Probe Specifications:**

Model: ES3DV3,EX3DV4

Frequency 10MHz — 6GHz(EX3DV4) Range: 10MHz — 4GHz(ES3DV3)

Calibration: In head and body simulating tissue at

Frequencies from 835 up to 5800MHz

Linearity:  $\pm$  0.2 dB(30 MHz to 4 GHz) for ES3DV3

± 0.2 dB(30 MHz to 6 GHz) for EX3DV4

Dynamic Range: 10 mW/kg — 100W/kg

Probe Length: 330 mm

**Probe Tip** 

Length: 20 mm Body Diameter: 12 mm

Tip Diameter: 2.5 mm (3.9 mm for ES3DV3)
Tip-Center: 1 mm (2.0mm for ES3DV3)
Application: SAR Dosimetry Testing

Compliance tests of mobile phones

Dosimetry in strong gradient fields



Picture7-2 Near-field Probe



Picture 7-3 E-field Probe

#### C.3. E-field Probe Calibration

Each E-Probe/Probe Amplifier combination has unique calibration parameters. A TEM cell calibration procedure is conducted to determine the proper amplifier settings to enter in

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the probe parameters. The amplifier settings are determined for a given frequency by subjecting the probe to a known E-field density (1 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>) using an RF Signal generator, TEM cell, and RF Power Meter.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This calibration can be performed in a TEM cell if the frequency is below 1 GHz and inn a waveguide or other methodologies above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to 1 mW/ cm². E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The E-field in the medium correlates with the temperature rise in the dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$SAR = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

Where:

 $\Delta t = \text{Exposure time (30 seconds)},$ 

C = Heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

 $\Delta T$  = Temperature increase due to RF exposure.

$$SAR = \frac{\left|E\right|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where:

 $\sigma$  = Simulated tissue conductivity,

 $\rho$  = Tissue density (kg/m<sup>3</sup>).

#### C.4. Other Test Equipment

#### C.4.1. Data Acquisition Electronics(DAE)

The data acquisition electronics consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

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The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



PictureC.4: DAE



#### C.4.2. Robot

The SPEAG DASY system uses the high precision robots (DASY5: RX90L) type from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchron motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)



Picture C.5 DASY 5

#### C.4.3. Measurement Server

The Measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU broad with CPU (DASY5: 400 MHz, Intel Celeron), chipdisk (DASY5: 128MB), RAM (DASY5: 128MB). The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronic box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system

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for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY I/O broad, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU broad.

The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized pinout, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.



Picture C.6 Server for DASY 5

#### C.4.4. Device Holder for Phantom

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of ±0.5mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of ±20%. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP).

Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity  $\varepsilon$  =3 and loss tangent  $\delta$  =0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since

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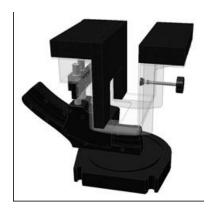
measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

<Laptop Extension Kit>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner. The extension is fully compatible with the Twin-SAM and ELI phantoms.



**Picture C.7: Device Holder** 



Picture C.8: Laptop Extension Kit

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#### C.4.5. Phantom

The SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to Represent the 90<sup>th</sup> percentile of the population. The phantom enables the dissymmetric evaluation of SAR for both left and right handed handset usage, as well as body-worn usage using the flat phantom region. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. The shell phantom has a 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6 mm).

Shell Thickness: 2 ± 0. 2 mm

Filling Volume: Approx. 25 liters

Dimensions: 810 x 1000 x 500 mm (H x L x W)

Available: Special



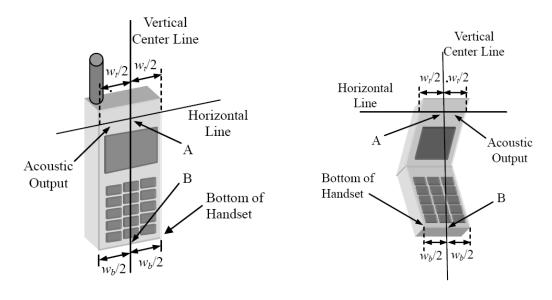
**Picture C.9: SAM Twin Phantom** 



# ANNEX D. Position of the wireless device in relation to the phantom

# D.1. General considerations

This standard specifies two handset test positions against the head phantom – the "cheek" position and the "tilt" position.



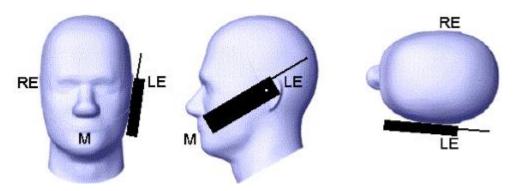
 $W_t$  Width of the handset at the level of the acoustic

 $W_b$  Width of the bottom of the handset

A Midpoint of the width  $w_i$ , of the handset at the level of the acoustic output

B Midpoint of the width  $W_b$  of the bottom of the handset

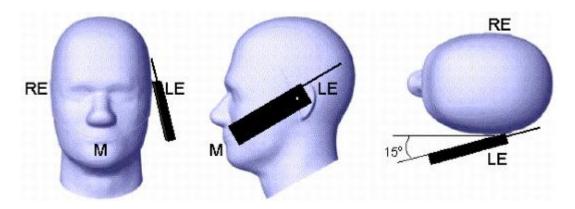
Picture D.1-a Typical "fixed" case handset Picture D.1-b Typical "clam-shell" case handset



Picture D.2 Cheek position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM

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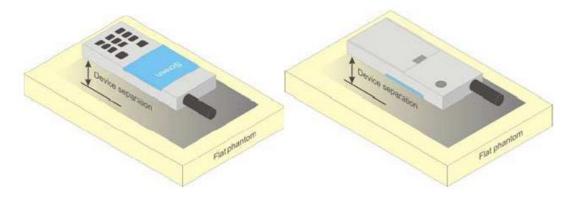




Picture D.3 Tilt position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM

# D.2. Body-worn device

A typical example of a body-worn device is a mobile phone, wireless enabled PDA or other battery operated wireless device with the ability to transmit while mounted on a person's body using a carry accessory approved by the wireless device manufacturer.



Picture D.4Test positions for body-worn devices

#### D.3. Desktop device

A typical example of a desktop device is a wireless enabled desktop computer placed on a table or desk when used.

The DUT shall be positioned at the distance and in the orientation to the phantom that corresponds to the intended use as specified by the manufacturer in the user instructions. For devices that employ an external antenna with variable positions, tests shall be performed for all antenna positions specified. Picture 8.5 show positions for desktop device SAR tests. If the intended use is not specified, the device shall be tested directly against the flat phantom.

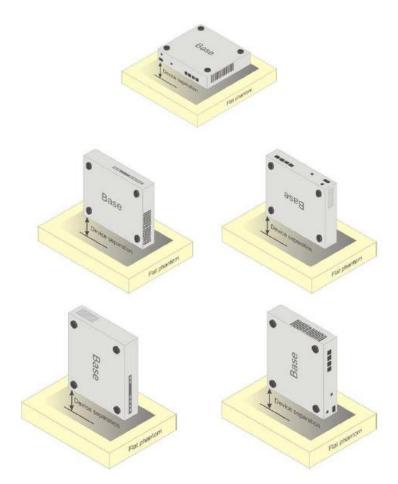
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Picture D.5 Test positions for desktop devices



## **D.4. DUT Setup Photos**



Picture D.6 DSY5 system Set-up

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## Note:

The photos of test sample and test positions show in additional document.



## **ANNEX E. Equivalent Media Recipes**

The liquid used for the frequency range of 800-3000 MHz consisted of water, sugar, salt, preventol, glycol monobutyl and Cellulose. The liquid has been previously proven to be suited for worst-case. The Table E.1 shows the detail solution. It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209.

**Table E.1: Composition of the Tissue Equivalent Matter** 

Fragues av (MIII-)	835	835	1900	1900	2450	2450			
Frequency (MHz)	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body			
Ingredients (% by weight)									
Water	41.45	52.5	55.242	69.91	58.79	72.60			
Sugar	56.0	45.0	\	\	\	\			
Salt	1.45	1.4	0.306	0.13	0.06	0.18			
Preventol	0.1	0.1	\	\	\	\			
Cellulose	1.0	1.0	\	\	\	\			
Glycol Monobutyl	\	\	44.452	29.96	41.15	27.22			
Dielectric	ε=41.5	ε=55.2	ε=40.0	ε=53.3	ε=39.2	ε=52.7			
Parameters						5 5-11			
Target Value	σ=0.90	σ=0.97	σ=1.40	σ=1.52	σ=1.80	σ=1.95			

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#### **System Validation** ANNEX F.

The SAR system must be validated against its performance specifications before it is deployed. When SAR probes, system components or software are changed, upgraded or recalibrated, these must bevalidated with the SAR system(s) that operates with such components.

**Table F.1: System Validation Part 1** 

System	Probe SN.	Liquid name	Validation	Frequency	Permittivit	Conductivity
No.	Flube Siv.	Liquid name	date	point	уε	σ (S/m)
1	3252	Body 750MHz	2019/7/28	750 MHz	57.696	0.915
2	3252	Body 835MHz	2019/7/29	835 MHz	56.715	0.998
3	3252	Body 1750MHz	2019/7/30	1800 MHz	54.985	1.488
4	3252	Body 1900MHz	2019/7/31	1900 MHz	51.929	1.550
5	3252	Body 2450MHz	2019/8/1	2450 MHz	54.120	1.932
6	3252	Body 2600MHz	2019/8/2	2600 MHz	51.750	2.084
7	7401	Body 5500MHz	2019/8/3	5500 MHz	49.486	5.657
8	7401	Body 5800MHz	2019/8/3	5800 MHz	48.844	6.090

**Table F.2: System Validation Part 2** 

	Sensitivity	PASS	PASS
CW Validation	Probe linearity	PASS	PASS
vandation	Probe Isotropy	PASS	PASS
	MOD.type	GMSK	GMSK
Mod	MOD.type	OFDM	OFDM
Validation	Duty factor	PASS	PASS
	PAR	PASS	PASS



#### **Probe and DAE Calibration Certificate** ANNEX G.

Http://www.chinattl.cn



#### ECIT Certificate No: Z18-60529 Client: **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE** Object DAE4 - SN: 1244 Calibration Procedure(s) FF-Z11-002-01 Calibration Procedure for the Data Acquisition Electronics Calibration date: December 03, 2018 This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)℃ and humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Primary Standards ID# Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Process Calibrator 753 1971018 20-Jun-18 (CTTL, No.J18X05034) June-19 Name Function Signature Calibrated by: Yu Zongying SAR Test Engineer Reviewed by: Lin Hao SAR Test Engineer Approved by: Qi Dianyuan SAR Project Leader Issued: December 05, 2018

Certificate No: Z18-60529

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This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.





Glossary:

DAE

data acquisition electronics

Connector angle

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X

to the robot coordinate system.

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The report provide only calibration results for DAE, it does not contain other performance test results.

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DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = 6.1μV , full range = -100...+300 mV

Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV , full range = -1......+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	Х	Υ	<b>Z</b> 404.470 ± 0.15% (k=2)	
High Range	403.818 ± 0.15% (k=2)	403.555 ± 0.15% (k=2)		
Low Range	3.95395 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.97087 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.97994 ± 0.7% (k=2)	

#### **Connector Angle**

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	22.5° ± 1 °

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ECIT Certificate No: Z18-60343 Client

## **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object ES3DV3 - SN:3252

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-004-01

Calibration Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes

Calibration date: September 04, 2018

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	101919	20-Jun-18 (CTTL, No.J18X05032)	Jun-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101547	20-Jun-18 (CTTL, No.J18X05032)	Jun-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101548	20-Jun-18 (CTTL, No.J18X05032)	Jun-19
Reference10dBAttenuator	18N50W-10dB	09-Feb-18(CTTL, No.J18X01133)	Feb-20
Reference20dBAttenuator	18N50W-20dB	09-Feb-18(CTTL, No.J18X01132)	Feb-20
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3846	25-Jan-18(SPEAG,No.EX3-3846_Jan18)	Jan-19
DAE4	SN 777	15-Dec-17(SPEAG, No.DAE4-777_Dec17)	Dec -18
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
SignalGeneratorMG3700A	6201052605	21-Jun-18 (CTTL, No.J18X05033)	Jun-19
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46110673	14-Jan-18 (CTTL, No.J18X00561)	Jan -19
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Yu Zongying	SAR Test Engineer	Anta
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	林粉
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	20

Issued: September 06, 2018

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#### Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal A,B,C,D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization Φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization θ θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i

 $\theta$ =0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ=0 (f≤900MHz in TEM-cell; f>1800MHz: waveguide).
   NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z\* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This
  linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the
  frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx, y, z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; VRx,y,z:A,B,C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the
  data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor
  media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f≤800MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f >800MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z\* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from±50MHz to±100MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the
  probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

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# Probe ES3DV3

SN: 3252

Calibrated: September 04, 2018

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

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 Http://www.chinattl.cn

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN: 3252

#### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
$Norm(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	1.29	1.35	1.33	±10.0%
DCP(mV) <sup>B</sup>	102.7	105.4	103.6	

#### **Modulation Calibration Parameters**

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBõV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0 CW	cw	Х	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	268.8	±2.5%
		Υ	0.0	0.0	1.0		276.1	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		278.3	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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A The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5 and Page 6).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.





## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN: 3252

## Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	6.51	6.51	6.51	0.40	1.42	±12.1%
835	41.5	0.90	6.36	6.36	6.36	0.40	1.56	±12.1%
900	41.5	0.97	6.31	6.31	6.31	0.45	1.48	±12.1%
1750	40.1	1.37	5.39	5.39	5.39	0.61	1.28	±12.1%
1900	40.0	1.40	5.18	5.18	5.18	0.67	1.26	±12.1%
2000	40.0	1.40	5.17	5.17	5.17	0.71	1.20	±12.1%
2300	39.5	1.67	4.92	4.92	4.92	0.90	1.14	±12.1%
2450	39.2	1.80	4.74	4.74	4.74	0.90	1.15	±12.1%
2600	39.0	1.96	4.46	4.46	4.46	0.72	1.37	±12.1%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

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F At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to  $\pm 10\%$  if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to  $\pm 5\%$ . The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters. 
<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than  $\pm$  1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below  $\pm$  2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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## DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN: 3252

## Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	6.53	6.53	6.53	0.40	1.50	±12.1%
835	55.2	0.97	6.34	6.34	6.34	0.42	1.58	±12.1%
900	55.0	1.05	6.29	6.29	6.29	0.47	1.51	±12.1%
1750	53.4	1.49	4.99	4.99	4.99	0.65	1.28	±12.1%
1900	53.3	1.52	4.77	4.77	4.77	0.75	1.23	±12.1%
2000	53.3	1.52	4.95	4.95	4.95	0.67	1.28	±12.1%
2300	52.9	1.81	4.63	4.63	4.63	0.90	1.15	±12.1%
2450	52.7	1.95	4.41	4.41	4.41	0.90	1.17	±12.1%
2600	52.5	2.16	4.19	4.19	4.19	0.90	1.15	±12.1%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>F</sup>At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to  $\pm 10\%$  if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

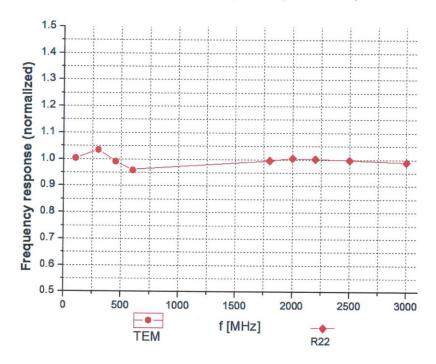
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.





## Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ±7.4% (k=2)

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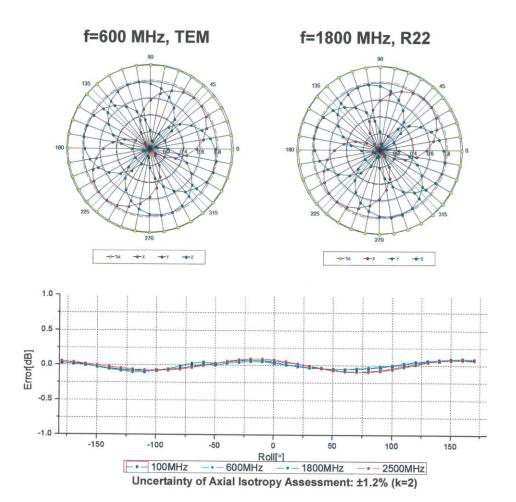
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## Receiving Pattern ( $\Phi$ ), $\theta$ =0°



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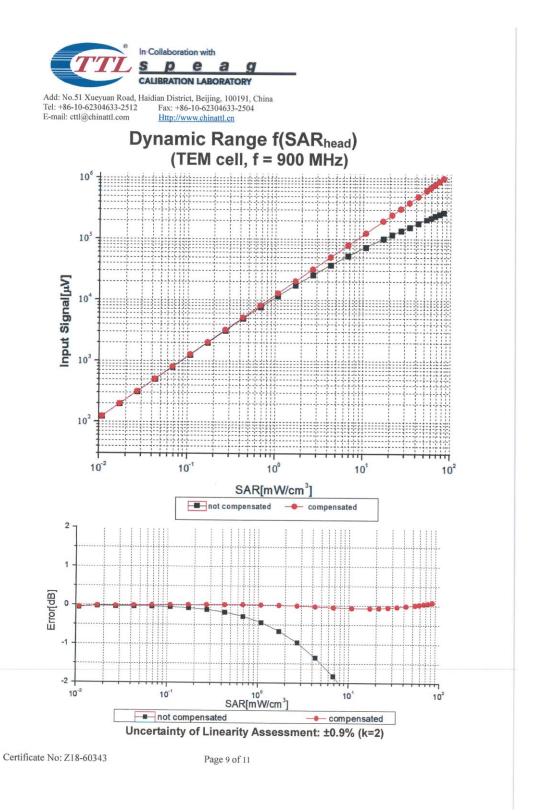
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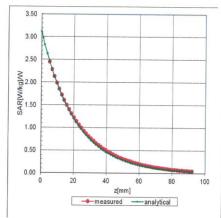


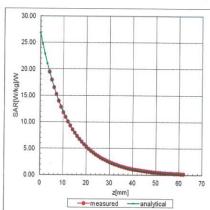


## **Conversion Factor Assessment**

### f=750 MHz, WGLS R9(H\_convF)

## f=1750 MHz, WGLS R22(H\_convF)



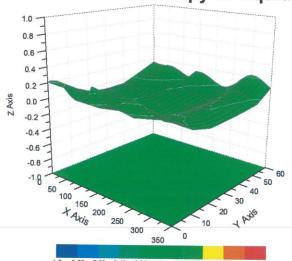


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## **Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid**



-1.0 -0.80 -0.60 -0.40 -0.20 0 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.0 Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ±3.2% (K=2)

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## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN: 3252

## Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	131.6
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disable
Probe Overall Length	337mm
Probe Body Diameter	10mm
Tip Length	10mm
Tip Diameter	4mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	3mm

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