

# Appendix B. Maximum Permissible Exposure

FCC ID: U4P-CGNVM Page No. : B1 of B3



## 1. Maximum Permissible Exposure

### 1.1. Applicable Standard

Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess limit for maximum permissible exposure. In accordance with 47 CFR FCC Part 2 Subpart J, section 2.1091 this device has been defined as a mobile device whereby that distance of at least 0.2 m is normally maintained between the user and the device.

(A) Limits for Occupational / Controlled Exposure

Frequency Range (MHz)	•		Power Density (S) (mW/ cm²)	Averaging Time  E  <sup>2</sup> , H  <sup>2</sup> or S (minutes)	
0.3-3.0	614	1.63	(100)*	6	
3.0-30	1842 / f	4.89 / f	(900 / f)*	6	
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6	
300-1500			F/300	6	
1500-100,000			5	6	

#### (B) Limits for General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/ cm²)	Averaging Time  E  <sup>2</sup> , H  <sup>2</sup> or S (minutes)
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	(100)*	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	(180/f)*	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500			F/1500	30
1500-100,000			1.0	30

Note: f = frequency in MHz; \*Plane-wave equivalent power density

#### 1.2. MPE Calculation Method

E (V/m) = 
$$\frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d}$$
 Power Density:  $Pd$  (W/m²) =  $\frac{E^2}{377}$ 

E = Electric field (V/m)

P = Average RF output power (W)

G = EUT Antenna numeric gain (numeric)

**d** = Separation distance between radiator and human body (m)

The formula can be changed to

$$Pd = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{377 \times d^2}$$

From the EUT RF output power, the minimum mobile separation distance, d=0.2m, as well as the gain of the used antenna, the RF power density can be obtained.

FCC ID: U4P-CGNVM Page No. : B2 of B3



Report No.: FR562321

#### 1.3. Calculated Result and Limit

Exposure Environment: General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure

For 5GHz Band:

Antenna Type: PIFA Ant.

Conducted Power for IEEE 802.11a: 28.74dBm

	Test Freq.	est Freq. Antenna (MHz) Gain (dBi)	Antenna Gain	Average Output Power		Power Density (S)	Limit of Power Density (S)	Test Result
	(1411 12)		(numeric)	(dBm)	(mW)	(mW/cm²)	(mW/cm²)	
0.2	5785	5.80	3.8019	28.7358	747.4489	0.565629	1	Complies

For 2.4GHz Band:

Antenna Type: PIFA Ant.

Conducted Power for IEEE 802.11g: 28.32 dBm

	Test Freq.	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Antenna Gain (numeric)	Average Output Power		Power Density (S)	Limit of Power	Test Result
	(MHz)			(dBm)	(mW)	(mW/cm²)	Density (S) (mW/cm²)	.co. Roodii
0.2	2437	3.40	2.1878	28.3204	679.2632	0.295793	1	Complies

#### Conclusion:

Both of the WLAN 2.4GHz Band and WLAN 5GHz Band can transmit simultaneously, the formula of calculated the MPE is:

CPD1 / LPD1 + CPD2 / LPD2 + .....etc. < 1

CPD = Calculation power density

LPD = Limit of power density

Therefore, the worst-case situation is 0.295793 / 1 + 0.565629 / 1 = 0.861422, which is less than "1". This confirmed that the device complies.

FCC ID: U4P-CGNVM Page No. : B3 of B3