

Report File No.:

F690501/RF-SAR001922

2011-03-11

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SAR TEST REPORT

Equipment Under Test

Industrial PDA phone

Model No.

M3 Orange (The additional Model: CR4100)

Applicant

M3 Mobile

Address of Applicant

Dongwon-Bldg, 725-30 Yeoksam-Dong, Gangnam-Gu,

Seoul, Korea

FCC ID

U7XM3ORANGE

Device Category

Portable Device

Exposure Category

General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure

Date of Receipt

2011-02-22

Date of Test(s)

2011-03-04 ~ 2011-03-05

Date of Issue

2011-03-11

Max. SAR

0.084 W/kg (WCDMA V), 0.474 W/kg (WCDMA II)

Standards:

FCC OET Bulletin 65 supplement C IEEE 1528, 2003 ANSI/IEEE C95.1, C95.3

In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards specified above.

Remarks:

This report details the results of the testing carried out on one sample, the results contained in this test report do not relate to other samples of the same product. The manufacturer should ensure that all products in series production are in conformity with the product sample detailed in this report.

This report may only be reproduced and distributed in full. If the product in this report is used in any configuration other than that detailed in the report, the manufacturer must ensure the new system complies with all relevant standards. Any mention of SGS Testing Korea Co., Ltd. or testing done by SGS Testing Korea Co., Ltd. in connection with distribution or use of the product described in this report must be approved by SGS Testing Korea Co., Ltd. in writing.

Tested by

: Fred Jeong

2011-03-11

Approved by

: Charles Kim

2011-03-11



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APPENDIX

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- A. DASY4 SAR Report
- B. Uncertainty Analysis
- C. Calibration certificate



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1. General Information

1.1 Testing Laboratory

SGS Testing Korea Co., Ltd.

Wireless Div. 2FL, 18-34, Sanbon-dong, Gunpo-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea 435-040

Telephone : +82 +31 428 5700 FAX : +82 +31 427 2371 Homepage : www.kr.sgs.com/ee

1.2 Details of Manufacturer

Manufacturer : M3 Mobile

Address : Dongwon-Bldg, 725-30 Yeoksam-Dong, Gangnam-Gu, Seoul,

Korea

Contact Person : JooHeon Kwon Phone No. : 82-2-2022-1328

E-Mail : jhkwon@m3mobile.co.kr

1.3 Version of Report

Version Number	Date	Revision
00	2011-03-11	Initial issue

1.4 Description of EUT(s)

EUT Type	: Industrial PDA phone		
Model	: M3 ORANGE (The additional model name : CR4100)		
Serial Number	: N/A		
Mode of Operation	: WCDMA V, WCDMA II		
Duty Cycle	: 1(WCDMA)		
Body worn Accessory	: None		
Tx Frequency Range	: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz (WCDMA V) 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz (WCDMA II)		
Conducted Max Power	: 22.42 dBm(WCDMA V), 20.81 dBm(WCDMA II)		
Battery Type	: 3.7 V d.c. (Lithum-ion Battery)		

- All models are exactly same for the hardware and software.
- The EUT is previously approved GSM850 & GSM1900 mode. WCDMA 850 & 1900 mode is tested as Class 2 Permissible Change.



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1.5 Test Environment

Ambient temperature	: (22 ± 2) ° C
Tissue Simulating Liquid	: (22 ± 2) ° C
Relative Humidity	: (55 ± 5) % R.H.

1.6 Operation Configuration

The device in WCDMA mode was controlled by using a Communication tester (CMU 200). Communication between the device and the tester was established by air link. Measurements were considered at the lowest, middle and highest channels of the operating band. The EUT was set to maximum power level during all tests and at the beginning of each test the battery was fully charged.

The DASY4 system measures power drift during SAR testing by comparing e-field in the same location at the beginning and at the end of measurement. Based on the RF Power and antenna separation distance, stand-alone BT SAR and simultaneous SAR evaluation are not required.



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1.7 EVALUATION PROCEDURES

- Power Reference Measurement Procedures

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The Minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 4 mm. This distance cannot be smaller than the Distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties (for example, 2.7 mm for an ET3DV6 probe type).

- The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the Post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1 g and 10 g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:
- 1. The extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan.
- 2. The calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- 3. The generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- 4. The interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- 5. The extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- 6. The calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1 g and 10 g.

The probe is calibrated at the center of the dipole sensors that is located 1 mm to 2.7 mm away from the probe tip. During measurements, the probe stops shortly above the phantom surface, depending on the probe and the surface detecting system. Both distances are included as parameters in the probe configuration file. The software always knows exactly how far away the measured point is from the surface. As the probe cannot directly measure at the surface, the values between the deepest measured point and the surface must be extrapolated. The angle between the probe axis and the surface normal line is less than 30 degree.

In the Area Scan, the gradient of the interpolation function is evaluated to find all the extreme of the SAR distribution. The uncertainty on the locations of the extreme is less than 1/20 of the grid size. Only local maximum within –2 dB of the global maximum are searched and passed for the Cube Scan measurement. In the Cube Scan, the interpolation function is used to extrapolate the Peak SAR from the lowest measurement points to the inner phantom surface (the extrapolation distance). The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1 % for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

The maximum search is automatically performed after each area scan measurement. It is based on splines in two or three dimensions. The procedure can find the maximum for most SAR distributions even with



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relatively large grid spacing. After the area scanning measurement, the probe is automatically moved to a position at the interpolated maximum. The following scan can directly use this position for reference, e.g., for a finer resolution grid or the cube evaluations. The 1 g and 10 g peak evaluations are only available for the predefined cube 7x7x7 scans. The routines are verified and optimized for the grid dimensions used in these cube measurements. The measured volume of 30x30x30mm contains about 30 g of tissue. The first procedure is an extrapolation (incl. Boundary correction) to get the points between the lowest measured plane and the surface. The next step uses 3D interpolation to get all points within the measured volume. In the last step, a 1 g cube is placed numerically into the volume and its averaged SAR is calculated. This cube is the moved around until the highest averaged SAR is found. If the highest SAR is found at the edge of the measured volume, the system will issue a warning: higher SAR values might be found outside of the measured volume. In that case the cube measurement can be repeated, using the new interpolated maximum as the center.

1.8 The SAR Measurement System

A photograph of the SAR measurement System is given in Fig. a. This SAR Measurement System uses a Computer-controlled 3-D stepper motor system (Speag Dasy 4 professional system). A Model ET3DV6 1782 E-field probe is used to determine the internal electric fields. The SAR can be obtained from the equation SAR= σ (|Ei|2)/ ρ where σ and ρ are the conductivity and mass density of the tissue-simulant. The DASY4 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- •A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Staubli RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- •A dosimeter probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- •A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.



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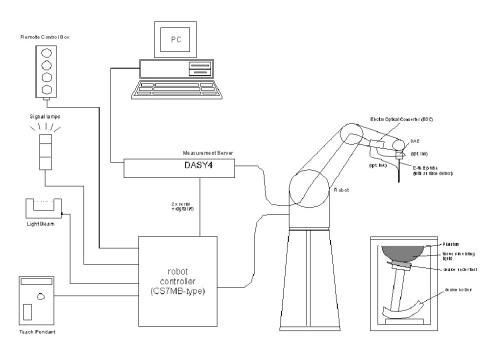


Fig a. The microwave circuit arrangement used for SAR system verification

- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical of the signals for the digital communication to the DAE and for the analog signal from the optical surface detection. The EOC is connected to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer operating Windows 2000 or Windows XP.
- DASY4 software.
- Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom enabling testing body usage.
- The device holder for flat phantom.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- Validation dipole kits allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.



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1.9 System Components

ET3DV6 E-Field Probe

Construction: Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding

against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to

organic solvents, e.g. glycol).

Calibration : In air from 10 MHz to 2.5 GHz In brain simulating tissue

 $(accuracy \pm 8 \%)$

Frequency: 10 MHz to > 6 GHz; Linearity: $\pm 0.2 \text{ dB}$ (30 MHz to 3 GHz)

Directivity : ± 0.2 dB in brain tissue (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in brain tissue (rotation normal to probe axis)

: $5 \mu \text{W/g to} > 100 \text{ mW/g}$; Linearity: $\pm 0.2 \text{ dB}$

Dynamic Range

• 3 μ W/g to - 100 m W/g, Emeanty. =0.2 db

ange

Srfce. Detect : ± 0.2 mm repeatability in air and clear liquids over diffuse

reflecting surfaces

Dimensions: Overall length: 330 mm

Tip length: 16 mm Body diameter: 12 mm Tip diameter: 6.8 mm

Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm

Application: General dosimetry up to 3 GHz Compliance tests of mobile

phone



ET3DV6 E-Field Probe

NOTE:

1. The Probe parameters have been calibrated by the SPEAG. Please reference "APPENDIX D" for the Calibration Certification Report.



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SAM Phantom

Construction: The SAM Phantom is constructed of a

fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to determine the maximum exposure in at least 90 % of all users. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually

teaching three points in the robot

Shell Thickness: $2.0 \text{ mm} \pm 0.1 \text{ mm}$ Filling Volume: Approx. 25 liters



SAM Phantom

DEVICE HOLDER

Construction

In combination with the Twin SAM PhantomV4.0/V4.0C or Twin SAM, the Mounting Device (made from POM) enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates, whereby the rotation point is the ear opening. The devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, CENELEC, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).



Device Holder

1.10 SAR System Verification

The microwave circuit arrangement for system verification is sketched in Fig. b. The daily system accuracy verification occurs within the flat section of the SAM phantom. A SAR measurement was performed to see if the measured SAR was within \pm 10 % from the target SAR values. These tests were done at 835 MHz, and 1900 MHz. The tests for EUT were conducted within 24 hours after each validation. The obtained results from the system accuracy verification are displayed in the table 1. During the tests, the ambient temperature of the laboratory was in the range (22 \pm 2) ° C, the relative humidity was in the range (55 \pm 5) % R.H. and the liquid depth above the ear reference points was above 15 cm in all the cases. It is seen that the system is operating within its specification, as the results are within acceptable tolerance of the reference values.



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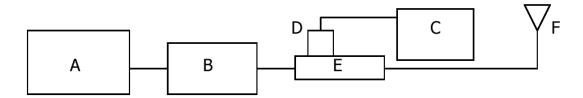


Fig b. The microwave circuit arrangement used for SAR system verification

- A. Agilent Model E4421B Signal Generator
- B. EMPOWER Model 2057-BBS3Q5KCK Amplifier
- C. Agilent Model E4419B Power Meter
- D. Agilent Model 9300H Power Sensor
- E. Agilent Model 777D/778D Dual directional coupling
- F. Reference dipole Antenna



Photo of the dipole Antenna

System Validation Results

Validation Kit	Tissue	Target SAR 1 g from Calibration Certificate (1 W)	Measured SAR 1 g (1 W)	Deviation (%)	Date	Liquid Temp. (°C)
D835V2 S/N: 490	835 MHz Head	9.62 W/kg	9.72 W/kg	1.04	2011-03-04	21.9
D835V2 S/N: 490	835 MHz Body	9.84 W/kg	9.92 W/kg	0.81	2011-03-04	21.9
D1900V2 S/N: 5d033	1900 MHz Head	39.4 W/kg	39.96 W/kg	1.42	2011-03-07	21.9
D1900V2 S/N: 5d033	1900 MHz Body	41.3 W/kg	42.4 W/kg	2.66	2011-03-07	21.9

Table 1. Results system validation



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1.11 Tissue Simulant Fluid for the Frequency Band

The dielectric properties for this simulant fluid were measured by using the Agilent Model 85070D Dielectric Probe (rates frequence band 200 MHz to 20 GHz) in conjunction with Agilent E5070B Network Analyzer(300 KHz - 3 GHz) by using a procedure detailed in Section V.

	Tissue		Dielectric Parameters				
f (MHz)	type	Limits / Measured	Permittivity	Conductivity	Simulated Tissue Temp()		
		Measured, 2011-03-04	41.4	0.88	21.9		
	Head	Recommended Limits	41.5	0.90	21.0 ~ 23.0		
835		Deviation(%)	-0.24	-2.22	-		
633	Body	Measured, 2011-03-04	56.9	0.95	21.9		
		Recommended Limits	55.2	0.97	21.0 ~ 23.0		
		Deviation(%)	3.08	-2.06	-		
		Measured, 2011-03-07	38.4	1.46	21.9		
	Head	Recommended Limits	40.0	1.40	21.0 ~ 23.0		
1900		Deviation(%)	-4.00	4.29	-		
1900		Measured, 2011-03-07	52.4	1.56	21.9		
	Body	Recommended Limits	53.3	1.52	21.0 ~ 23.0		
		Deviation(%)	-1.69	2.63	-		



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The composition of the brain tissue simulating liquid

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Ingredients	Frequency (MHz)									
(% by weight)	450		835		915		1900		2450	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.8	52.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78

Salt: 99 $^{+}$ % Pure Sodium Chloride Sugar: 98 $^{+}$ % Pure Sucrose Water: De-ionized, 16 $M\Omega^{+}$ resistivity HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose DGBE: 99 $^{+}$ % Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether, [2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol]

Triton X-100 (ultra pure): Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1,1, 3, 3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]ether

1.12 Test Standards and Limits

According to FCC 47CFR §2.1093(d) The limits to be used for evaluation are based generally on criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate ("SAR") in Section 4.2 of "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz," ANSI/IEEE C95.3–2003, Copyright 2003 by the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., New York, New York 10017. These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements (NCRP) in "Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields," NCRP Report No. 86, Section 17.4.5. Copyright NCRP, 1986, Bethesda, Maryland 20814. SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards. The criteria to be used are specified in paragraphs (d)(1) and (d)(2) of this section and shall apply for portable devices transmitting in the



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frequency range from 100 kHz to 6 GHz. Portable devices that transmit at frequencies above 6 GHz are to be evaluated in terms of the MPE limits specified in § 1.1310 of this chapter. Measurements and calculations to demonstrate compliance with MPE field strength or power density limits for devices operating above 6 GHz should be made at a minimum distance of 5 cm from the radiating source.

(1) Limits for Occupational/Controlled exposure: 0.4 W/kg as averaged over the whole-body and spatial peak SAR not exceeding 8 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube). Exceptions are the hands, wrists, feet and ankles where the spatial peak SAR shall not exceed 20 W/kg, as averaged over an 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube). Occupational/Controlled limits apply when persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment provided these persons are fully aware of and exercise control over their exposure. Awareness of exposure can be accomplished by use of warning labels or by specific training or education through appropriate means, such as an RF safety program in a work environment.

(2) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure: 0.08 W/kg as averaged over the whole-body and spatial peak SAR not exceeding 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube). Exceptions are the hands, wrists, feet and ankles where the spatial peak SAR shall not exceed 4 W/kg, as averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube). General Population/Uncontrolled limits apply when the general public may be exposed, or when persons that are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be fully aware of the potential for exposure or do not exercise control over their exposure. Warning labels placed on consumer devices such as cellular telephones will not be sufficient reason to allow these devices to be evaluated subject to limits for occupational/controlled exposure in paragraph (d)(1) of this section.(Table .4)

Human Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment General Population	Controlled Environment Occupational
Partial Peak SAR (Partial)	1.60 m W/g	8.00 m W/g
Partial Average SAR (Whole Body)	0.08 m W/g	0.40 m W/g
Partial Peak SAR (Hands/Feet/Ankle/Wrist)	4.00 m W/g	20.00 m W/g

Table .4 RF exposure limits



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2. Instruments List

Maunfacturer	Device	Туре	Serial Number	Due date of Calibration
Stäubli	Robot	RX90BL	F03/5W05A1/A/01	N/A
Schmid& Partner Engineering AG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	ET3DV6	1782	April 28, 2011
Schmid& Partner Engineering AG	835 MHz System Validation Dipole	D835V2	490	May 21, 2012
Schmid& Partner Engineering AG	1900 MHz System Validation Dipole	D1900V2	5d033	May 26, 2012
Schmid& Partner Engineering AG	Data acquisition Electronics	DAE3	567	January 27, 2012
Schmid& Partner Engineering AG	Software	DASY 4 V4.7	-	N/A
Schmid& Partner Engineering AG	Phantom	SAM Phantom V4.0	TP-1299 TP-1300	N/A
Agilent	Network Analyzer	E5070B	MY42100282	March 31, 2011
Agilent	Dielectric Probe Kit	85070D	2184	N/A
Agilent	Power Meter	E4419B	GB43311126	September 28, 2011
Agilent	Power Sensor	Е9300Н	MY41495307 MY41495308	October 01, 2011 October 01, 2011
Agilent	Signal Generator	E4421B	MY43350132	September 28, 2011
Empower RF Systems	Power Amplifier	2001- BBS3Q7ECK	1032 D/C 0336	March 31, 2011
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	777D 778D	50128 50454	September 28, 2011
Microlab	LP Filter	LA-15N LA-30N	N/A	October 01, 2011
R&S	Mobile Test Unit	CMU 200	107279	March 31, 2011



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3. Summary of Results

3.1 FCC Power Measurement Procedures

Power measurements were performed using a base station simulator under digital average power.

The handset was placed into a simulated call using a base station simulator in shielded chamber. SAR measurements were taken with a fully charged battery. In order to verify that the device was tested and maintained at full power, this was configured with the base station simulator. The SAR measurement Software calculates a reference point at the start and end of the test to check for power drifts. If conducted power deviations of more than 5 % occurred, the tests were repeated.

3.2 RF Conducted Power

WCDMA V

Band	Mode	Channe	l Free	quency(MHz)	Condu	icted Pow	er(dBm)
WCDMAW	RMC	4132		826.4		22.24	
WCDMA V (RMC)	RMC	4183		836.6		22.42	
	RMC	4233		846.6		22.24	
		4132		826.4		22.23	
	Sub-test 1	4183		836.6		22.37	
		4233		846.6		22.14	
		4132		826.4		21.43	
	Sub-test 2	4183		836.6		21.46	
		4233		846.6		21.34	
	Sub-test 3	4132		826.4		20.37	
WCDM V		4183		836.6		20.12	
WCDMA V		4233		846.6		20.14	
(HSDPA Active)	Sub-test 4	4132		826.4		19.30	
		4183		836.6		19.21	
		4233		846.6		19.10	
		С	d	ACK,	NACK,	CQI	AGV
	Sub-test 1	2	15		8		-
	Sub-test 2	12	15		8		-
	Sub-test 3	15	8		8		-
	Sub-test 4	15	4		8		_



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WCDMA II

Band	Mode	Channel	Frequ	uency(MHz)	Conduc	cted Pow	er(dBm)
WCDMAII	RMC	9262		1852.4		20.49	
WCDMA II (RMC)	RMC	9400		1880.0		20.81	
(KIVIC)	RMC	9538		1907.6		20.37	
		9262		1852.4		20.12	
	Sub-test 1	9400		1880.0		20.71	
		9538		1907.6		20.11	
		9262		1852.4		20.20	
	Sub-test 2	9400		1880.0	20.77		
		9538		1907.6		20.15	
	Sub-test 3	9262		1852.4		18.93	
WODMAH		9400		1880.0		19.56	
WCDMA II		9538		1907.6		18.99	
(HSDPA Active)	Sub-test 4	9262		1852.4		18.00	
		9400		1880.0		18.64	
		9538		1907.6		18.01	
		с	d	ACK,	NACK,	CQI	AGV
	Sub-test 1	2	15		8		-
	Sub-test 2	12	15		8		-
	Sub-test 3	15	8		8	_	-
	Sub-test 4	15	4		8		-



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3.3 KDB 648474 D01 SAR Handsets Multi Xmiter and Ant v01r05 _Sept. 2008

Summary of SAR Evaluation Requirements for Cell Phone with Multiple Transmitters

These procedures were followed according to KDB 648474 document "SAR Handsets Multi Xmiter and Ant v01r05", September 2008. The procedures are applicable to phones with built-in unlicensed transmitters, such as 802.11 a/b/g and Bluetooth devices.

<Output Power Thresholds for Unlicensed Transmitters>

	2.45	5.15 - 5.35	5.47 - 5.85	GHz			
P_{Ref}	12	6	5	mW			
Device output power should be rounded to the nearest mW to compare with values specified in this table.							

<SAR Evaluation Requirements for Cellphones with Multiple Transmitters>

	Individual Transmitter	Simultaneous Transmission
Licensed Transmitters	Routine evaluation required	SAR not required: Unlicensed only when stand-alone 1-g SAR is not
Unlicensed Transmitters	When there is no simultaneous transmission — o output \leq 60/f. SAR not required o output \geq 60/f. stand-alone SAR required When there is simultaneous transmission — Stand-alone SAR not required when output \leq 2- P_{bef} and antenna is \geq 5.0 cm from other antennas output \leq P_{Ref} and antenna is \geq 2.5 cm from other antennas output \leq P_{Ref} and antenna is \leq 2.5 cm from other antennas, each with either output power \leq P_{Ref} or 1-g SAR \leq 1.2 W/kg Otherwise stand-alone SAR is required When stand-alone SAR is required o test SAR on highest output channel for each wireless mode and exposure condition of SAR limit, evaluate all channels according to normal procedures	required and antenna is ≥ 5 cm from other antennas Licensed & Unlicensed when the sum of the 1-g SAR is < 1.6 W/kg for all simultaneous transmitting antennas when SAR to peak location separation ratio of simultaneous transmitting antenna pair is < 0.3 SAR required: Licensed & Unlicensed antenna pairs with SAR to peak location separation ratio ≥ 0.3; test is only required for the configuration that results in the highest SAR in stand-alone configuration for each wireless mode and exposure condition. Note: simultaneous transmission exposure conditions for head and body can be different for different style phones; therefore, different test requirements may apply
Jaw, Mouth and Nose	Flat phantom SAR required o when measurement is required in tight regions of SAM and it is not feasible or the results can be questionable due to probe tilt, calibration, positioning and orientation issues o position rectangular and clam-shell phones according to flat phantom procedures and conduct SAR measurements for these specific locations	When simultaneous transmission SAR testing is required, contact the FCC Laboratory for interim guidance.

<KDB 648474 Simultaneous SAR evaluation>

Mode (f)	P (dBm)	P (mW)	Stand-alone SAR
WCDMA V	22.42	174.58	Yes
WCDMA II	20.81	120.50	Yes

[⇒] Simultaneous SAR is not required.



3.4 SAR Data Summary

Report File No.: F690501/RF-SAR001922

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Ambient Temperature (°C)	21.9
Liquid Temperature (°C)	21.9
Date	2011-03-04

WCDMA V Head SAR

Hand EUT		Traffic Channel		Power	1 g SAR	1 g SAR
Head	Position	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Drift(dB)	(W/kg)	Limits (W/kg)
Left	Cheek	836.6	4183	-0.051	0.035	
Ear	Tilt	836.6	4183	-0.047	0.025	1.6
Right	Cheek	836.6	4183	0.057	0.034	1.0
Ear	Tilt	836.6	4183	0.048	0.032	

- 1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration.
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
- 3. Battery is fully charged for all readings and the standard batteries are the only options.
- 4. Liquid tissue depth was at least 15 cm.
- 5. Justification for reduced test configuration: Per FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C [July 2001], if the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channel is optional for such test configurations.
- 6. WCDMA mode was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSDPA inactive.



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Ambient Temperature (°C)	21.9
Liquid Temperature (°C)	21.9
Date	2011-03-04

WCDMA V Body SAR

Test	EUT	Clot	Slot Traffic Channel Frequency (MHz) Channel		Power	1 g SAR	1 g SAR Limits
Mode	Position	Siot			Drift(dB)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
DMC	Front	N/A	836.6	4183	0.064	0.031	1.6
RMC	Back	N/A	836.6	4183	0.105	0.084	1.6

- 1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration.
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
- 3. Battery is fully charged for all readings and the standard batteries are the only options.
- 4. Liquid tissue depth was at least 15 cm.
- 5. Justification for reduced test configuration: Per FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C [July 2001], if the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channel is optional for such test configurations.
- 6. The distance from EUT to flat phantom for testing Body SAR is 15 mm.
- 7. WCDMA mode in Body SAR was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSDPA inactive.



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Ambient Temperature (°C)	21.9
Liquid Temperature (°C)	21.9
Date	2011-03-07

WCDMA II Head SAR

EUT		Traffic Channel		Power	1 g SAR	1 g SAR Limits (W/kg)
Head	Position Frequency (MHz) Channel		Drift(dB)	(W/kg)		
Left	Cheek	1880.0	9400	0.112	0.075	
Ear	Tilt	1880.0	9400	-0.031	0.079	1.6
Right	Cheek	1880.0	9400	0.087	0.131	1.0
Ear	Tilt	1880.0	9400	-0.036	0.119	

- 1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration.
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
- 3. Battery is fully charged for all readings and the standard batteries are the only options.
- 4. Liquid tissue depth was at least 15 cm.
- 5. Justification for reduced test configuration: Per FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C [July 2001], if the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channel is optional for such test configurations.
- 6. WCDMA mode was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSDPA inactive.



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Ambient Temperature (°C)	21.9
Liquid Temperature (°C)	21.9
Date	2011-03-07

WCDMA II Body SAR

Test	EUT	Slot	Traffic Channel Frequency (MHz) Channel		Power	1 g SAR	1 g SAR Limits
Mode	Position	Slot			Drift(dB)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
RMC	Front	N/A	1880.0	9400	0.031	0.047	1.6
RMC	Back	N/A	1880.0	9400	-0.013	0.474	1.0

- 1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration.
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
- 3. Battery is fully charged for all readings and the standard batteries are the only options.
- 4. Liquid tissue depth was at least 15 cm.
- 5. Justification for reduced test configuration: Per FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C [July 2001], if the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channel is optional for such test configurations.
- 6. The distance from EUT to flat phantom for testing Body SAR is 15 mm.
- 7. WCDMA mode in Body SAR was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSDPA inactive.



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Appendix

List

Appendix A	DASY4 Report (Plots of the SAR Measurements)	- 835 MHz Validation Test- 1900 MHz Validation Test- WCDMA V Test- WCDMA II Test
Appendix B	Uncertainty Analysis	
Appendix C	Calibration Certificate	- PROBE - DAE3 - DIPOLE



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Appendix A

Test Plot - DASY4 Report



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835 MHz Validation Test_Head

Date: 2011-03-04

Test Laboratory: SGS Testing Korea File Name: Validation 835 MHz.da4

Input Power: 250 mW

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:490

Program Name: Validation 835 MHz

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.883$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 41.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1782; ConvF(6.26, 6.26, 6.26); Calibrated: 2010-04-28
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2011-01-27
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP_900MHz; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

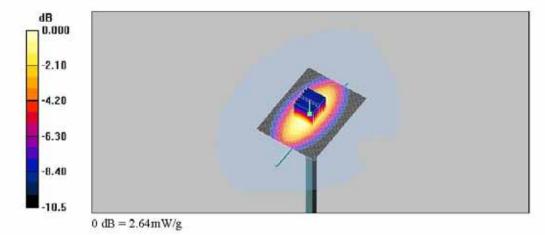
Validation 835 MHz/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.63 mW/g

Validation 835 MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 56.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.007 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.58 W/kg

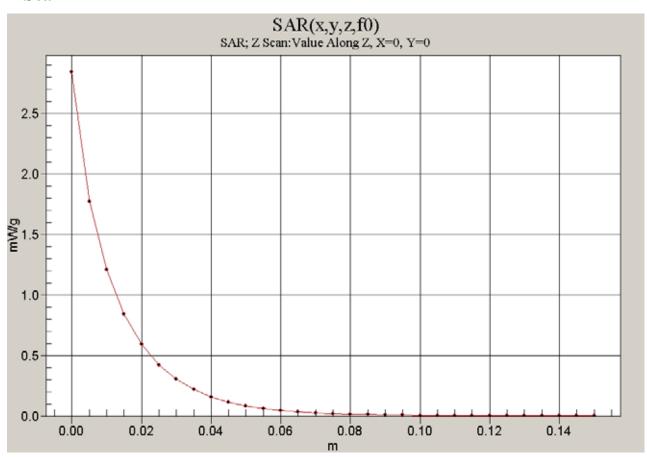
SAR(1 g) = 2.43 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.59 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.64 mW/g





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Z Scan





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835 MHz Validation Test_Body

Date: 2011-03-04

Test Laboratory: SGS Testing Korea File Name: <u>Validation 835 MHz_Body.da4</u>

Input Power: 250 mW

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:490

Program Name: Validation 835 MHz_Body

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.949$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 56.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(6.11, 6.11, 6.11); Calibrated: 2010-04-28

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2011-01-27
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP_900MHz; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

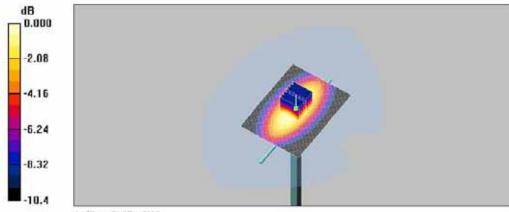
Validation 835 MHz/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.69 mW/g

Validation 835 MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.012 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.61 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.48 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.63 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.67 mW/g

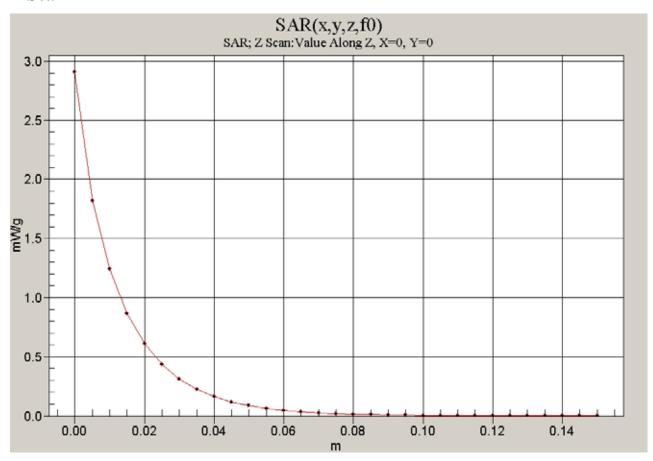


0 dB = 2.67 mW/g



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1900 MHz Validation Test Head

Date: 2011-03-07

Test Laboratory: SGS Testing Korea File Name: <u>Validation 1900 MHz.da4</u>

Input Power: 250 mW

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d033

Program Name: Validation 1900 MHz

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.46 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 38.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1782; ConvF(5.04, 5.04, 5.04); Calibrated: 2010-04-28
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2011-01-27
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1299
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

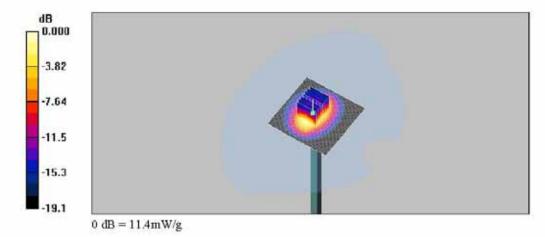
Validation 1900 MHz/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.6 mW/g

Validation 1900 MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 86.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.074 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.9 W/kg

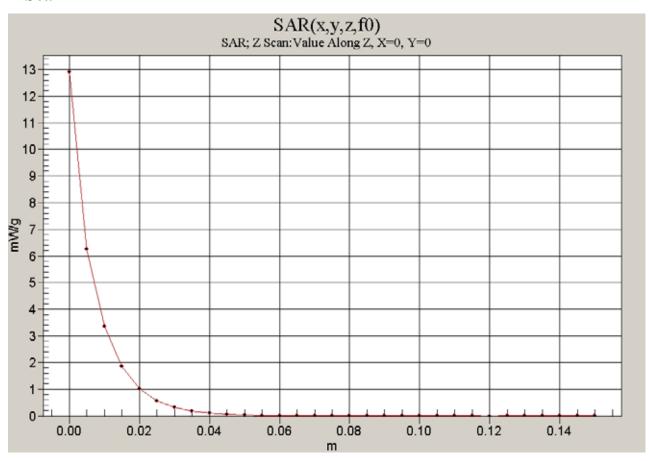
SAR(1 g) = 9.99 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.1 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.4 mW/g





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1900 MHz Validation Test_Body

Date: 2011-03-07

Test Laboratory: SGS Testing Korea File Name: <u>Validation 1900 MHz Body.da4</u>

Input Power: 250 mW

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d033

Program Name: Validation 1900 MHz

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.56 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 52.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1782; ConvF(4.46, 4.46, 4.46); Calibrated: 2010-04-28
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2011-01-27
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1299
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

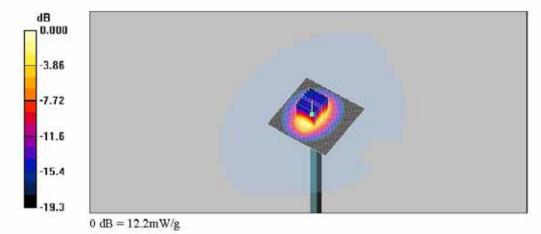
Validation 1900 MHz/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.6 mW/g

Validation 1900 MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 90.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.043 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.6 W/kg

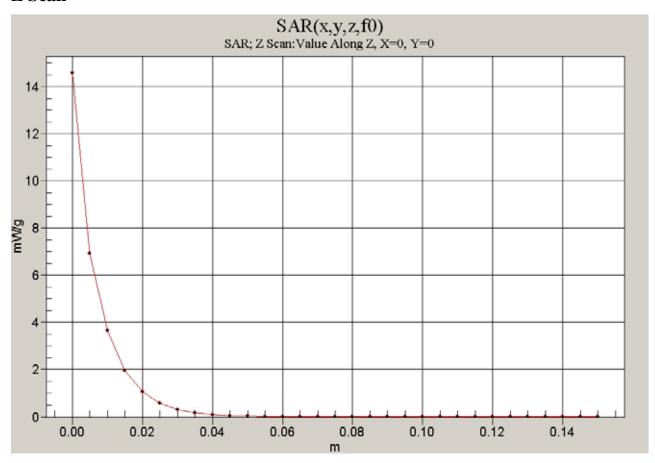
SAR(1 g) = 10.6 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.47 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.2 mW/g





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WCMA V Head SAR Test

Date: 2011-03-04

Test Laboratory: SGS Testing Korea File Name: WCDMA V LE.da4

DUT: M3 Orange; Type: PDA; Serial: N/A Program Name: WCDMA V_Head

Communication System: WCDMA V; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.884 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

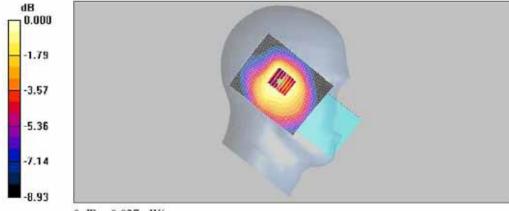
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1782; ConvF(6.26, 6.26, 6.26); Calibrated: 2010-04-28
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2011-01-27
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP_900MHz; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

LE_Cheek_Mid/Area Scan (71x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.037 mW/g.

LE_Cheek_Mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 6.14 V/m; Power Drift = -0.051 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.042 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.035 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.028 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.028 mW/g

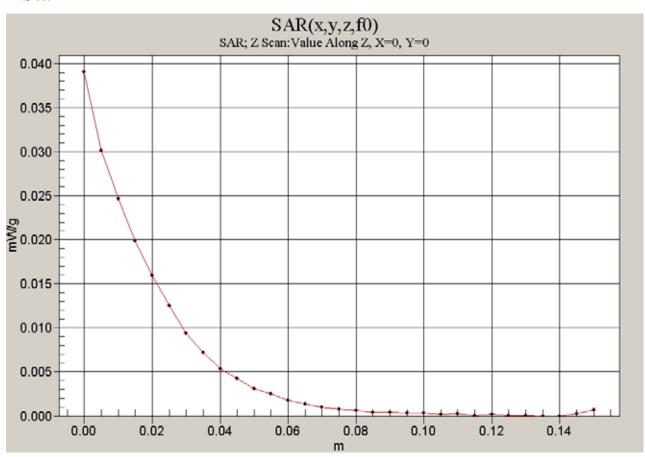


0 dB = 0.037 mW/g



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Z Scan





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Date: 2011-03-04

Test Laboratory: SGS Testing Korea File Name: WCDMA V LE.da4

DUT: M3 Orange; Type: PDA; Serial: N/A Program Name: WCDMA V_Head

Communication System: WCDMA V; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.884 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_e = 41.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

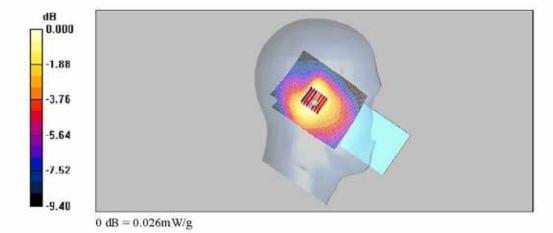
Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1782; ConvF(6.26, 6.26, 6.26); Calibrated: 2010-04-28
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2011-01-27
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP 900MHz; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

LE_Tilt_Mid/Area Scan (71x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.026 mW/g

LE_Tilt_Mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 5.56 V/m; Power Drift = -0.047 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.035 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.025 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.018 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.026 mW/g





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Date: 2011-03-04

Test Laboratory: SGS Testing Korea File Name: WCDMA V RE.da4

DUT: M3 Orange; Type: PDA; Serial: N/A Program Name: WCDMA V_Head

Communication System: WCDMA V; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.884 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

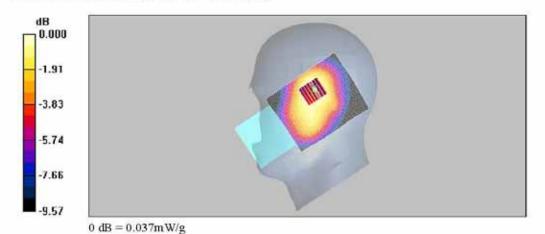
Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1782; ConvF(6.26, 6.26, 6.26); Calibrated: 2010-04-28
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2011-01-27
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP_900MHz; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

RE_Cheek_Mid/Area Scan (71x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.037 mW/g

RE_Cheek_Mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 5.99 V/m; Power Drift = 0.057 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.049 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.034 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.025 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.037 mW/g





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Date: 2011-03-04

Test Laboratory: SGS Testing Korea File Name: WCDMA V RE.da4

DUT: M3 Orange; Type: PDA; Serial: N/A Program Name: WCDMA V_Head

Communication System: WCDMA V; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.884 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

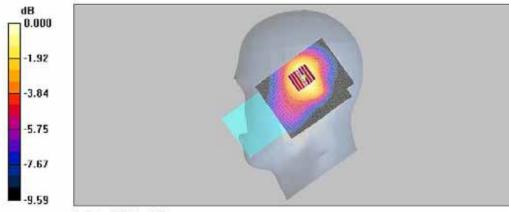
Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1782; ConvF(6.26, 6.26, 6.26); Calibrated: 2010-04-28
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2011-01-27
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP 900MHz; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

RE_Tilt_Mid/Area Scan (71x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.034 mW/g

RE_Tilt_Mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 5.95 V/m; Power Drift = 0.048 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.045 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.032 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.022 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.034 mW/g



0 dB = 0.034 mW/g



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WCDMA V Body SAR Test

Date: 2011-03-04

Test Laboratory: SGS Testing Korea File Name: WCDMA V Body.da4

DUT: M3 Orange; Type: PDA; Serial: N/A Program Name: WCDMA V_Body

Communication System: WCDMA V; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.952$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 56.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

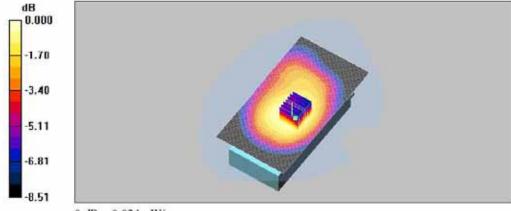
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1782; ConvF(6.11, 6.11, 6.11); Calibrated: 2010-04-28
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2011-01-27
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP_900MHz; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Body_Front_Mid/Area Scan (71x131x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.032 mW/g

Body_Front_Mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 5.69 V/m; Power Drift = 0.064 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.039 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.031 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.024 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.024 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.034 mW/g



0 dB = 0.034 mW/g



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Date: 2011-03-04

Test Laboratory: SGS Testing Korea File Name: WCDMA V Body.da4

DUT: M3 Orange; Type: PDA; Serial: N/A Program Name: WCDMA V_Body

Communication System: WCDMA V; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.952 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_e = 56.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

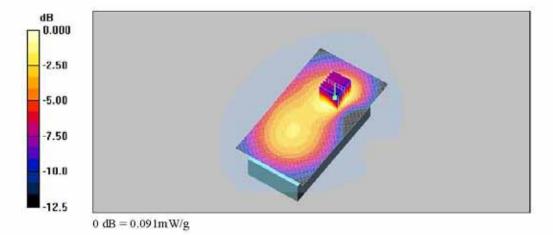
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1782; ConvF(6.11, 6.11, 6.11); Calibrated: 2010-04-28
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2011-01-27
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP 900MHz; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Body_Back_Mid/Area Scan (71x131x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.091 mW/g

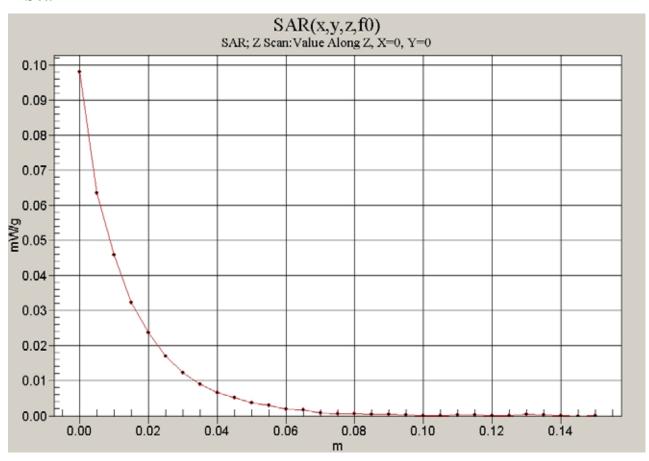
Body_Back_Mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 7.21 V/m; Power Drift = 0.105 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.121 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.084 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.056 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.091 mW/g





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Z Scan





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WCMA II Head SAR Test

Date: 2011-03-07

Test Laboratory: SGS Testing Korea File Name: WCDMA II LE.da4

DUT: M3 Orange; Type: PDA; Serial: N/A Program Name: WCDMA II_Head

Communication System: W-CDMA II; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

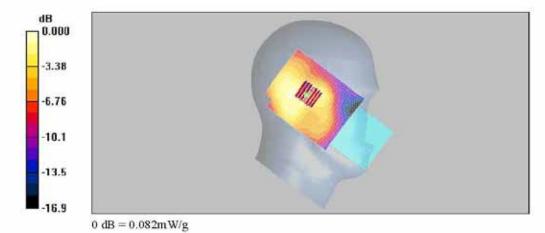
Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1782; ConvF(5.04, 5.04, 5.04); Calibrated: 2010-04-28
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2011-01-27
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1299
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

LE_Cheek_Mid/Area Scan (71x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.074 mW/g.

LE_Cheek_Mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 7.62 V/m; Power Drift = 0.112 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.121 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.075 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.044 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.082 mW/g





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Date: 2011-03-07

Test Laboratory: SGS Testing Korea File Name: WCDMA II LE.da4

DUT: M3 Orange; Type: PDA; Serial: N/A Program Name: WCDMA II_Head

Communication System: W-CDMA II; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 38.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

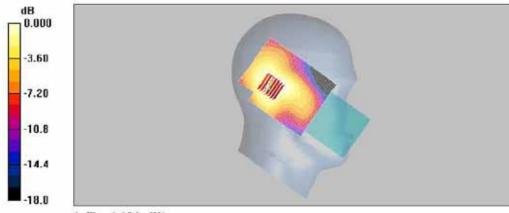
Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1782; ConvF(5.04, 5.04, 5.04); Calibrated: 2010-04-28
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2011-01-27
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1299
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

LE_Tilt_Mid/Area Scan (71x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.087 mW/g

LE_Tilt_Mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 7.69 V/m; Power Drift = -0.031 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.118 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.079 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.050 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.086 mW/g



0 dB = 0.086 mW/g



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Date: 2011-03-07

Test Laboratory: SGS Testing Korea File Name: WCDMA II RE.da4

DUT: M3 Orange; Type: PDA; Serial: N/A Program Name: WCDMA II_Head

Communication System: W-CDMA II; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 38.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

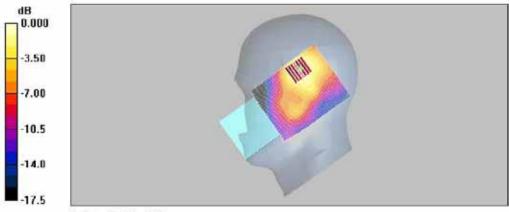
Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1782; ConvF(5.04, 5.04, 5.04); Calibrated: 2010-04-28
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2011-01-27
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1299
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

RE_Cheek_Mid/Area Scan (71x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.143 mW/g

RE_Cheek_Mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 8.20 V/m; Power Drift = 0.087 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.234 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.131 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.074 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.142 mW/g

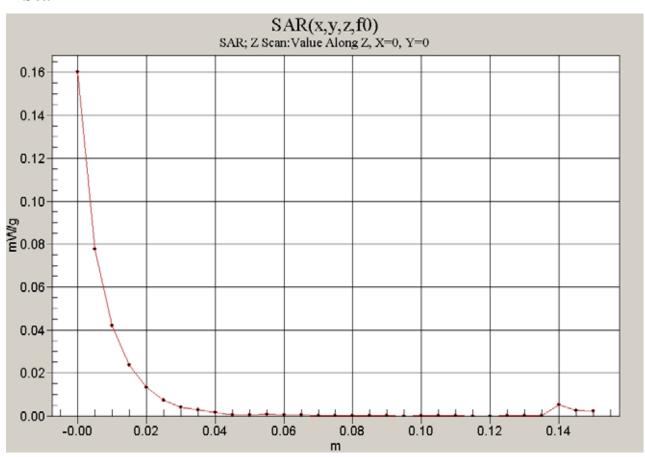


0 dB = 0.142 mW/g



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Z Scan





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Date: 2011-03-07

Test Laboratory: SGS Testing Korea File Name: WCDMA II RE.da4

DUT: M3 Orange; Type: PDA; Serial: N/A Program Name: WCDMA II_Head

Communication System: W-CDMA II; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 38.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

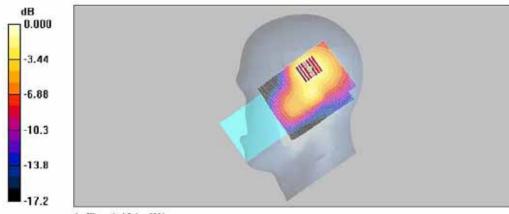
Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1782; ConvF(5.04, 5.04, 5.04); Calibrated: 2010-04-28
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2011-01-27
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1299
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

RE_Tilt_Mid/Area Scan (71x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.124 mW/g

RE_Tilt_Mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 7.89 V/m; Power Drift = -0.036 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.206 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.119 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.068 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.134 mW/g



0 dB = 0.134 mW/g



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WCDMA II Body SAR Test

Date: 2011-03-07

Test Laboratory: SGS Testing Korea File Name: WCDMA II Body.da4

DUT: M3 Orange; Type: PDA; Serial: N/A Program Name: WCDMA II_Body

Communication System: W-CDMA II; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.54$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

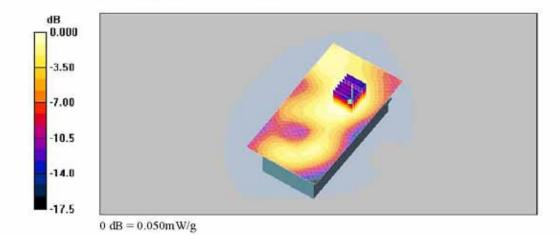
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1782; ConvF(4.46, 4.46, 4.46); Calibrated: 2010-04-28
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2011-01-27
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1299
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Body_Front_Mid/Area Scan (71x131x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.052 mW/g

Body_Front_Mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 4.76 V/m; Power Drift = 0.031 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.066 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.047 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.030 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.050 mW/g





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Date: 2011-03-07

Test Laboratory: SGS Testing Korea File Name: WCDMA II Body.da4

DUT: M3 Orange; Type: PDA; Serial: N/A Program Name: WCDMA II_Body

Communication System: W-CDMA II; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.54$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

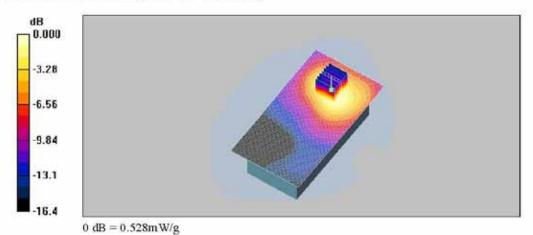
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1782; ConvF(4.46, 4.46, 4.46); Calibrated: 2010-04-28
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2011-01-27
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1299
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Body_Back_Mid/Area Scan (71x131x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.513 mW/g

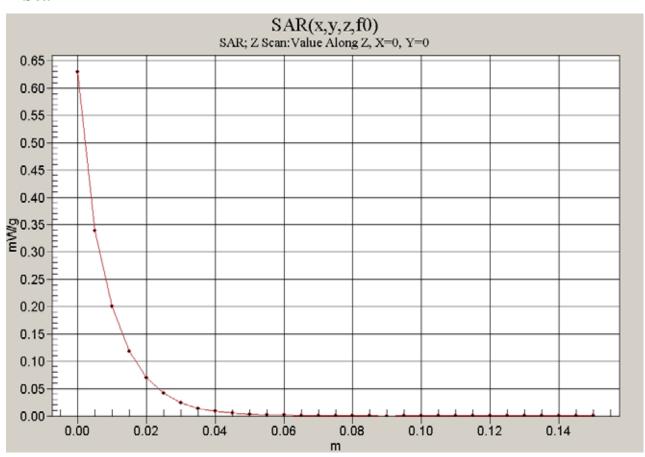
Body_Back_Mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 5.85 V/m; Power Drift = -0.013 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.689 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.474 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.286 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.528 mW/g





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Z Scan





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Appendix B

Uncertainty Analysis

а	b	С	d	e = f(d,k)	g	i = cxg/e	k
Uncertainty Component	Sectio n in P1528	Tol (%)	Prob . Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	1g ui (%)	Vi (Veff)
Probe calibration	E.2.1	6.3	N	1	1	6.30	
Axial isotropy	E.2.2	0.5	R	1.73	0.71	0.20	
hemispherical isotropy	E.2.2	2.6	R	1.73	0.71	1.06	
Boundary effect	E.2.3	0.8	R	1.73	1	0.46	
Linearity	E.2.4	0.6	R	1.73	1	0.35	
System detection limit	E.2.5	0.25	R	1.73	1	0.14	
Readout electronics	E.2.6	0.3	N	1	1	0.30	
Response time	E.2.7	0	R	1.73	1	0.00	
Integration time	E.2.8	2.6	R	1.73	1	1.50	
RF ambient Condition -Noise	E.6.1	3	R	1.73	1	1.73	
RF ambient Condition - reflections	E.6.1	3	R	1.73	1	1.73	
Probe positioning - mechanical tolerance	E.6.2	1.5	R	1.73	1	0.87	
Probe positioning - with respect to phantom	E.6.3	2.9	R	1.73	1	1.67	
Max. SAR evaluation	E.5.2	1	R	1.73	1	0.58	
Test sample positioning	E.4.2	2.3	N	1	1	2.30	9
Device holder uncertainty	E.4.1	3.6	N	1	1	3.60	
Output power variation - SAR drift measurement	6.62	5	R	1.73	1	2.89	
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	4	R	1.73	1	2.31	
Liquid conductivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	5	R	1.73	0.64	1.85	
Liquid conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.2	1.2	N	1	0.64	0.77	5
Liquid permittivity - deviation from target values	E.3.3	5	R	1.73	0.6	1.73	
Liquid permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	1.1	N	1	0.6	0.66	5
Combined standard uncertainty				RSS		9.63	2754
Expanded uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE INTERVAL)				K=2		19.27	



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Appendix C

Calibration Certificate

- PROBE
- **DAE 3**
- 835 MHz, 1900 MHz DIPOLE



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F690501/RF-SAR001922

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- PROBE Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage C Servizio svizzero di taratura S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client SGS-KES (Dymstec)

Certificate No: ET3-1782_Apr10

bject	ET3DV6 - SN:17	782	
ngoui	210010-011.11	100	
alibration procedure(s)		QA CAL-12.v6, QA CAL-23.v3 and edure for dosimetric E-field probes	
Calibration date:	April 28, 2010		
Il calibrations have been condu	cted in the closed laborate	ory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C	and humidity < 70%.
Calibration Equipment used (M4	TE critical for calibration)		
	TE critical for calibration)	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
rimary Standards		Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01138)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-11
rimary Standards ower meter E4419B ower sensor E4412A	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277	1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136)	Apr-11 Apr-11
nimary Standards ower meter E4419B ower sensor E4412A ower sensor E4412A	ID # GB41293874 MY41496277 MY41498087	1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136)	Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11
rimary Standards ower meter E4419B ower sensor E4412A ower sensor E4412A eference 3 dB Attenuator	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498057 SN: S5054 (3c)	1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159)	Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11
romary Standards Fower maker E4419B Fower sensor E4412A Fower sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498057 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5058 (20b)	1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01151)	Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Mur-11
Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41496087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b)	1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01138) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01138) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01138) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01160)	Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Mar-11
rimary Standards ower meter E4419B ower sensor E4412A ower sensor E4412A leference 3 dB Attenuator leference 30 dB Attenuator leference 30 dB Attenuator leference Probe ES3DV2	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498687 SN 55054 (3c) SN 55086 (20b) SN 55129 (30b) SN 3013	1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01138) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01138) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01138) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01160) 30-Dec-09 (No. ES3-3013_Dec09)	Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Dec-10
Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference 370 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41496087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b)	1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01138) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01138) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01138) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01160)	Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Mar-11
Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 JAE4 Secondary Standards	ID # GB41293874 MY41496277 MY41496087 SN S5054 (3c) SN S5086 (20b) SN S5129 (30b) SN 3013 SN 660	1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01138) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01138) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01138) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01151) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01151) 30-Dec-09 (No. ES3-3013_Dec09) 29-Sep-09 (No. DAE4-680_Sep09) Check Date (in house)	Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Dec-10 Sep-10 Scheduled Check
rimary Standards ower meter E4419B ower sensor E4412A ower sensor E4412A eference 3 dB Attenuator eference 20 dB Attenuator eference 70 dB Attenuator eference Probe ES3DV2 AE4 econdary Standards F generator HP 8048C	ID # GB41293874 MY41496277 MY41496087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5058 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660 ID # US3642U01700	1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01138) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01138) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01138) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161) 30-Dec-09 (No. ES3-3013, Dec09) 29-Sep-09 (No. DAE4-660_Sep09) Check Date (in house) 4-Aug-99 (in house)	Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Dec-10 Sep-10 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11
rimary Standards ower meter E4419B ower sensor E4412A ower sensor E4412A leference 3 dB Attenuator leference 30 dB Attenuator leference Probe ES3DV2 IAE4 econdary Standards IF generator HP 8048C	ID # GB41293874 MY41496277 MY41496087 SN S5054 (3c) SN S5086 (20b) SN S5129 (30b) SN 3013 SN 660	1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01138) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01138) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01138) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01151) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01151) 30-Dec-09 (No. ES3-3013_Dec09) 29-Sep-09 (No. DAE4-680_Sep09) Check Date (in house)	Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Dec-10 Sep-10 Scheduled Check
rimary Standards ower meter E4419B ower sensor E4412A ower sensor E4412A leference 3 dB Attenuator leference 30 dB Attenuator leference Probe ES3DV2 IAE4 econdary Standards IF generator HP 8048C	ID # GB41293874 MY41496277 MY41496087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5058 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660 ID # US3642U01700	1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01138) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01138) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01138) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161) 30-Dec-09 (No. ES3-3013, Dec09) 29-Sep-09 (No. DAE4-660_Sep09) Check Date (in house) 4-Aug-99 (in house)	Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Dec-10 Sep-10 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11
rimary Standards ower meter E4419B ower sensor E4412A ower sensor E4412A deference 3 dB Attenuator telerence 20 dB Attenuator telerence 30 dB Attenuator telerence Probe ES3DV2 AE4 secondary Standards UF generator HP 8048C telework Analyzer HP 8753E	ID # GB41293874 MY41496277 MY41498087 SN S5054 (3c) SN S5086 (20b) SN S5129 (30b) SN S5139 (30b) SN 5600 ID # US3642U01700 US37390585	1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01138) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01138) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01138) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01151) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01151) 30-Dec-09 (No. ES3-3013_Dec09) 29-Sep-09 (No. DAE4-660_Sep09) Check Date (in house) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09)	Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Dec-10 Sep-10 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-10
Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 JAE4 Secondary Standards F generator HP 8048C Setwork Analyzer HP 8753E	ID # GB41293874 MY41498277 MY41498087 SN S5054 (3c) SN S5086 (20b) SN S5139 (30b) SN 3013 SN 660 ID # US3642U01700 US37390585 Name	1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01138) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01138) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01138) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01139) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01151) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01150) 30-Dec-09 (No. ES3-3013_Dec09) 29-Sep-09 (No. DAE4-860_Sep09) Check Date (in house) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09)	Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Dec-10 Sep-10 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-10
Calibration Equipment used (MI Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator HP 8648C Network Analyzer HP 8753E Calibrated by: Approved by:	ID # GB41293874 MY41498277 MY41498087 SN S5054 (3c) SN S5086 (20b) SN S5139 (30b) SN 3013 SN 660 ID # US3642U01700 US37390585 Name	1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01138) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01138) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01138) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01139) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01151) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01150) 30-Dec-09 (No. ES3-3013_Dec09) 29-Sep-09 (No. DAE4-860_Sep09) Check Date (in house) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09)	Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Dec-10 Sep-10 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-10

Certificate No: ET3-1782_Apr10

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kallbrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multitateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space convF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 3 3 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 3 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003.
- Techniques", December 2003
 b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
 NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
 implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
 in the stated uncertainty of CorivF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; VRx,y,z; A, B, C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of
 power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the
 maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset. The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Certificate No: ET3-1782_Apr10 Page 2 of 11



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ET3DV6 SN:1782 April 28, 2010

Probe ET3DV6

SN:1782

Manufactured: April 15, 2003 Last calibrated: April 30, 2009 Modified: April 27, 2010 Recalibrated: April 28, 2010

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)



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ET3DV6 SN:1782 April 28, 2010

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1782

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (yıV/(V/m)²) ^A	2.01	1.74	1.86	± 10.1%
DCP (mV) ^{fl}	93.9	96.4	91.2	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dBuV	С	VR mV	Unc ^k (k=2)
10000	cw	0.00	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	300.0	± 1.5%
			Y	0.00	0.00	1.00	300.0	
			Z	0.00	0.00	1.00	300.0	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^{*} The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

⁸ Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

¹ Uncertainty is determined using the maximum deviation from linear response applying recatangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value



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ET3DV6 SN:1782 April 28, 2010

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1782

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^c	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvF.X Co	nvFY Co	nvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
450	±50/±100	43.5 ± 5%	$0.87 \pm 5\%$	6.67	6.67	6.67	0.19	2.19 ± 13.3%
835	± 50 / ± 100	41.9 ± 5%	$0.89 \pm 5\%$	6.26	6.26	6.26	0.51	2.05 ± 11.0%
1750	± 50 / ± 100	40.1 ± 5%	$1.37 \pm 5\%$	5.30	5.30	5.30	0.53	2.60 ± 11.0%
1900	±50/±100	40.0 ± 5%	$1.40 \pm 5\%$	5.04	5.04	5.04	0.69	2.24 ± 11.0%
2450	±50/±100	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	4.48	4.48	4.48	0.99	1.71 ± 11.0%

The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.



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ET3DV6 SN:1782 April 28, 2010

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1782

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^C	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvF X Co	nvFY Co	nvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
450	±50/±100	56.7 ± 5%	$0.94 \pm 5\%$	7.53	7.53	7.53	0.15	2.33 ± 13.3%
835	±50/±100	55.2 ± 5%	$0.97 \pm 5\%$	6.11	6.11	5.11	0.42	2.40 ± 11.0%
1750	±50/±100	53.4 ± 5%	$1.49 \pm 5\%$	4.68	4.68	4.68	0.63	3.03 ± 11.0%
1900	±50/±100	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	4.46	4.46	4.46	0.85	2.44 ± 11.0%
2450	±50/±100	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	4.07	4.07	4.07	0.99	1.40 ± 11.0%

The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

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Report File No.: F6

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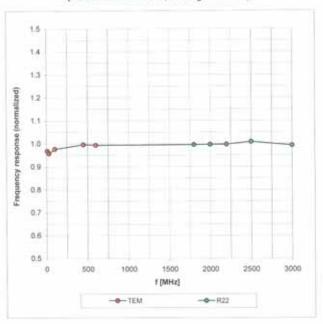
Date of Issue : Page :

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ET3DV6 SN:1782 April 28, 2010

Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

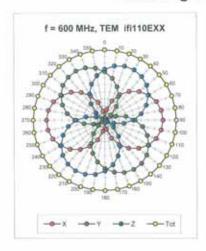


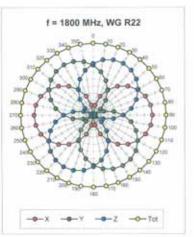
2011-03-11 Date of Issue:

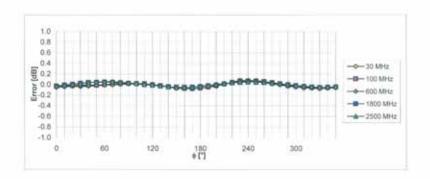
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April 28, 2010 ET3DV6 SN:1782

Receiving Pattern (6), 9 = 0°







Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

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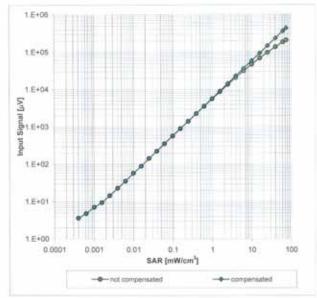
Date of Issue : Page :

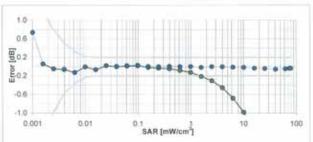
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ET3DV6 SN:1782 April 28, 2010

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})

(Waveguide R22, f = 1800 MHz)





Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

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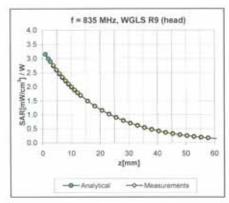
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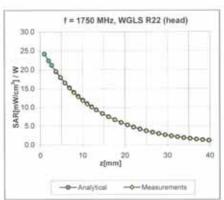


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ET3DV6 SN:1782 April 28, 2010

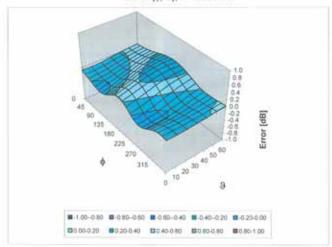
Conversion Factor Assessment





Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (¢, 3), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

Certificate No. ET3-1782_Apr10

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ET3DV6 SN:1782 April 28, 2010

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (")	Not applicable
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	6.8 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2.7 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2.7 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2.7 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	4 mm



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-DAE 3 Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

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CALIBRATION	CERTIFICATE		
Object	DAE3 - SD 000 D	03 AA - SN: 567	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-06.v22 Calibration process	dure for the data acquisition e	electronics (DAE)
Calibration date:	January 27, 2011		
	orsanious wan confidence pri	obability are given on the following page	is and are part of the certificate.
Ul calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M&	cted in the closed laboratory	call Date (Certificate No.)	3)°C and humidity < 70%.
Il calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards	cted in the closed laboratory	facility: environment temperature (22 ±	
Il calibrations have been conducted in the conducted in the calibration Equipment used (M& rimary Standards eithley Multimeter Type 2001 econdary Standards	TE critical for calibration) ID # SN: 0810278	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 28-Sep-10 (No:10376) Check Date (in house)	3)°C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration
All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 Secondary Standards	TE critical for calibration) ID # SN: 0810278	Call Date (Certificate No.) 28-Sep-10 (No:10376)	Scheduled Calibration Sep-11
	TE critical for calibration) ID # SN: 0810278	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 28-Sep-10 (No:10376) Check Date (in house) 07-Jun-10 (in house check)	Scheduled Calibration Sep-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Jun-1
All calibrations have been conducted in Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 Secondary Standards Calibrator Box V1.1	ted in the closed laboratory TE critical for calibration) ID # SN: 0610278 ID # SE UMS 006 AB 1004 Name	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 28-Sep-10 (No:10376) Check Date (in house) 07-Jun-10 (in house check)	3)°C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Sep-11 Scheduled Check



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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Glossary

DAE data acquisition electronics

Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot

coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
 - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
 - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
 - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
 - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
 - Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
 - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
 - Input resistance: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
 - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
 - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.



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DC Voltage Measurement A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = 6.1μ V, full range = -100...+300 mV Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV, full range = -1....+3mV DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	×	Y	Z
High Range	404.644 ± 0.1% (k=2)	404.400 ± 0.1% (k=2)	404.475 ± 0.1% (k=2)
Low Range	3.94940 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.96974 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.94828 ± 0.7% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	5.5°±1°



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Appendix

1. DC Voltage Linearity

Reading (µV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
200011.1	0.86	0.00
20005.53	5.63	0.03
-19994.55	6.05	-0.03
200012.0	3.19	0.00
19998.16	-0.94	-0.00
-19999.31	0.89	-0.00
200007.6	-0.57	-0.00
20000.62	1.02	0.01
-19997.10	3.20	-0.02
	200011.1 20005.53 -19994.55 200012.0 19998.16 -19999.31 200007.6 20000.62	200011.1 0.86 20005.53 5.63 -19994.55 6.05 200012.0 3.19 19998.16 -0.94 -19999.31 0.89 200007.6 -0.57 20000.62 1.02

Low Range	Reading (µV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	1999.6	-0.43	-0.02
Channel X + Input	200.86	0.86	0.43
Channel X - Input	-198.93	1,07	-0.54
Channel Y + Input	2000.2	0.40	0.02
Channel Y + Input	200.07	0.07	0.03
Channel Y - Input	-199.81	0.09	-0.05
Channel Z + Input	1999.8	-0.29	-0.01
Channel Z + Input	199.45	-0.75	-0.38
Channel Z - Input	-200.35	-0.25	0.12

2. Common mode sensitivity
DASY measurement parameters: Auto Ze

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	3.83	1.88
	- 200	0.20	+2.32
Channel Y	200	0.69	-0.01
	- 200	-1.13	-1.19
Channel Z	200	4.39	4.66
	- 200	-6.15	-6.31

3. Channel separation DASY measurement parar

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (µV)	Channel Y (µV)	Channel Z (µV)
Channel X	200	-	2.13	-0.21
Channel Y	200	3.01	12	3.24
Channel Z	200	1.69	-1.11	



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4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	16333	16454
Channel Y	16169	16436
Channel Z	15951	16115

Input Offset Measurement
 DASY measurement parameters; Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input 10MΩ

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (µV)
Channel X	-0.23	-1.40	0.68	0.42
Channel Y	-0.84	-2.05	0.49	0.41
Channel Z	-0.76	-1.62	0.54	0.38

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)	
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9	
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6	

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9



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- 835 MHz Dipole Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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D0251/2 400 M---40

Object	D835V2 - SN: 49	0	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v7 Calibration proce	dure for dipole validation kits	
Calibration date:	May 21, 2010		
		ional standards, which realize the physical un robability are given on the following pages an	** BULLETON *** CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE
All calibrations have been condu	cted in the closed laborator	ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)*	
Alt calibrations have been condu	cted in the closed laborator TE critical for calibration)	ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)*(C and humidity < 70%.
NI calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards	cted in the closed laborator		
NI calibrations have been conducted that calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A	cted in the closed laborator TE critical for calibration)	ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)*(Cal Date (Certificate No.)	C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration
alibrations have been conductalibration Equipment used (M& rimary Standards lower meter EPM-442A lower sensor HP 8481A	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704	ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)*(Cal Date (Certificate No.) 08-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086)	C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-10
All calibrations have been conducted in the calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783	cal Date (Certificate No.) 08-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 08-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086)	C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10
All calibrations have been condu- calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Yower sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator type-N mismatch combination	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g)	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 08-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 08-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-11
Alt calibrations have been conducted in Calibration Equipment used (M&Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3	ted in the closed laborator TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5088 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 08-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 08-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01168) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Mar-11 Mar-11
Alt calibrations have been condu- Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3	ted in the closed laborator TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 08-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 08-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162) 30-Mar-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10) 02-Mar-10 (No. DAE4-601_Mar10)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-11 Mar-11 Apr-11
All calibrations have been conductalibration Equipment used (M&Primary Standards Prower meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 JAE4 Secondary Standards	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 08-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 08-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162) 30-Apr-10 (No. 283-3205_Apr10)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-11 Mar-11 Apr-11 Mar-11
All calibrations have been condu- Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 901	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 08-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 08-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01188) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162) 30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10) 02-Mar-10 (No. DAE4-601_Mar10) Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-11 Mar-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Scheduled Check
Alt calibrations have been condu- Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Fype-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # MY41092317	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 08-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 08-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01168) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162) 30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10) 02-Mar-10 (No. DAE4-601_Mar10) Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-11 Mar-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11
Alt calibrations have been condu- Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Fype-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06	cted in the closed laborator TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # MY41092317 100005 US37390585 54208	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 08-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 08-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162) 30-Apr-10 (No. 217-01162) 30-Apr-10 (No. DAE-4-601_Mar10) Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-11 Mar-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-11
Calibrations have been condu- Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8753E	cted in the closed laborator TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # MY41092317 100005 US37390585 S4208 Name	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 08-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 08-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162) 30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10) 02-Mar-10 (No. DAE4-601_Mar10) Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) Function	Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-11 Mar-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-11
	cted in the closed laborator TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # MY41092317 100005 US37390585 54208	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 08-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 08-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162) 30-Apr-10 (No. 217-01162) 30-Apr-10 (No. DAE-4-601_Mar10) Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-11 Mar-11 Apr-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-11

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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S Swiss Calibration Service

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

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Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF N/A sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.



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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V5.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V4.9	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters The following parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.7 ± 6 %	0.91 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(22.5 ± 0.2) °C	V 2777	

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.42 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	9.68 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.62 mW/g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.58 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	6.32 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.29 mW/g ± 16.5 % (k=2)



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Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	54.2 ± 6 %	0.98 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2,49 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	10.0 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.84 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.63 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	6.52 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.47 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

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Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.9 Ω - 5.3 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 25.4 dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	45.4 Ω - 6.9 jΩ
Return Loss	- 21.2 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

1.381 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	May 19, 2003

Certificate No: D835V2-490_May10

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL.

Date/Time: 21.05.2010 10:57:47

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:490

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL900

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.91 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 41.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(6.03, 6.03, 6.03); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- · Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 02.03.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 61

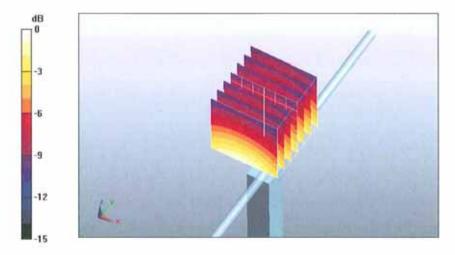
Pin=250 mW /d=15mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 57.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00869 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.42 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.58 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.8 mW/g

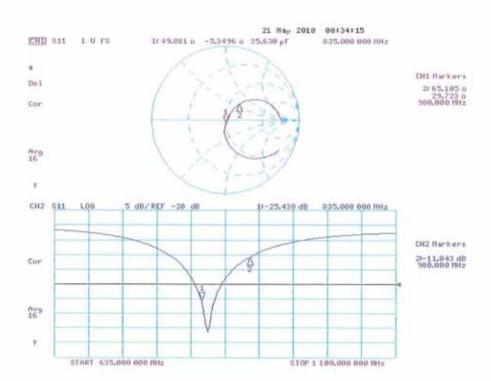


0 dB = 2.8 mW/g



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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





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DASY5 Validation Report for Body

Date/Time: 20.05,2010 10:28:20

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:490

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL900

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.98$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_t = 54.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard; DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.86, 5.86, 5.86); Calibrated: 30.04.2010

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 02.03.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 61

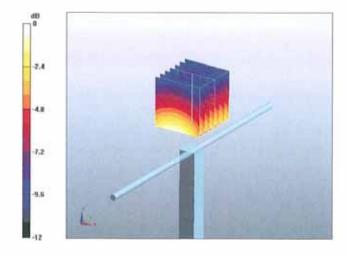
Pin250 mW /d=15mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 56.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.000723 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.65 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.49 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.63 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.89 mW/g

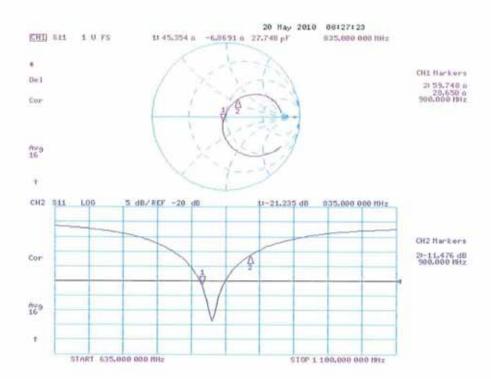


0 dB = 2.89 mW/g



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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





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- 1900 MHz Dipole Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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CALIBRATION C	ERTIFICATE		A LEVEL N
Object	D1900V2 - SN: 5	id033	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v7 Calibration proce	edure for dipole validation kits	
Calibration date:	May 26, 2010		
The measurements and the unce	rtainties with confidence p	ional standards, which realize the physical unchability are given on the following pages a ry facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^4$	nd are part of the certificate.
Simon Company	lip#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	
Primary Standards.			Scheduled Calibration
PRODUCTION OF STREET	GB37480704		Scheduled Calibration Oct-10
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704 US37292783	06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086)	
Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A		06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086)	Oct-10
Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator	US37292783	06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086)	Oct-10 Oct-10
Power mater EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES30V3	U\$37292783 SN: 5086 (20g)	06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158)	Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-11
Power mater EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES30V3	US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327	06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162)	Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-11 Mar-11
Power mater EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4	US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205	06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162) 30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10) 02-Mar-10 (No. DAE4-601_Mar10)	Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-11 Mar-11 Apr-11
Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES30V3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601	06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162) 30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10)	Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-11 Mar-11 Apr-11 Mar-11
Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards	US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601	06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162) 30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10) 02-Mar-10 (No. DAE4-601_Mar10) Check Date (in house)	Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-11 Mar-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Scheduled Check
Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # MY41092317	06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162) 30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10) 02-Mar-10 (No. DAE4-601_Mar10) Check Date (in house)	Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-11 Mar-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11
Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06	US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # MY41092317 100005	06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162) 30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10) 02-Mar-10 (No. DAE4-601_Mar10) Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-11 Mar-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-11
Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06	US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # MY41092317 100005 US37390585 S4206	06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158) 30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10) 02-Mar-10 (No. DAE4-601_Mar10) Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09)	Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-11 Mar-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-10 Signature
Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # MY41092317 103005 US37390585 S4206	06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01152) 30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10) 02-Mar-10 (No. DAE4-601_Mar10) Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09)	Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-11 Mar-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-11



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Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- EC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions; Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d033_May10

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V5.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.7 ± 6 %	1.41 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(21.5 ± 0.2) °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.90 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	39.6 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	39.4 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.15 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	20.6 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.5 mW/g ± 16.5 % (k=2)



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Body TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	54.1 ± 6 %	1.52 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(21.8 ± 0.2) °C	1111	

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.3 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	41.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	41.3 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm3 (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.50 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	22.0 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.0 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d033_May10

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Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$49.5 \Omega + 3.8 J\Omega$	
Return Loss	- 28.4 dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.1 Ω + 4.3 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 25.4 dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1,205 ns
PRODUCTION AND ADDRESS OF THE PRODUC	11235 112

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	March 17, 2003



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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 17.05.2010 15:51:21

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d033

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U11 BB

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.41 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 39.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.09, 5.09, 5.09); Calibrated: 30.04.2010

· Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 02.03.2010

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 61

Pin=250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement

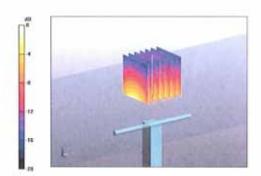
grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 97.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00578 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.9 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.15 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.4 mW/g

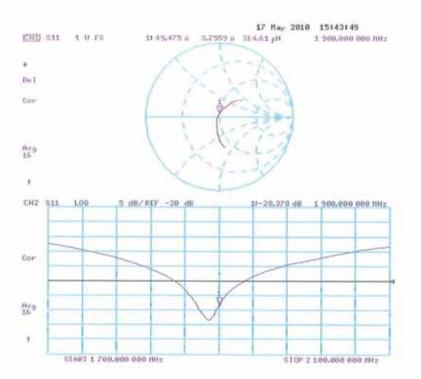


0 dB = 12.4 mW/g



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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





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DASY5 Validation Report for Body

Date/Time: 26.05.2010 15:04:02

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d033

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U11 BB

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.52 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 54.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.59, 4.59, 4.59); Calibrated: 30.04.2010

· Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 02.03.2010

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 61

Pin=250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement

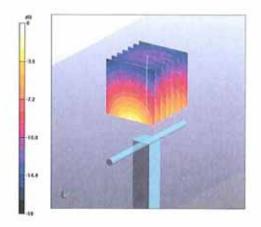
grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 97.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00657 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.5 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.9 mW/g



0 dB = 12.9 mW/g



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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

