# 4 FCC §2.1091, §15.407(f) & ISEDC RSS-102 - RF Exposure

## 4.1 Applicable Standards

According to FCC §15.247(i), §15.407(f) and §1.1307(b)(1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

| Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposur |
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| Frequency<br>Range<br>(MHz)                         | Electric Field<br>Strength<br>(V/m) | Magnetic Field<br>Strength<br>(A/m) | Power Density<br>(mW/cm²) | Averaging Time (minutes) |  |
|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure |                                     |                                     |                           |                          |  |
| 0.3-1.34  | 614                                 | 1.63                                | * (100)                   | 30                       |  |
| 1.34-30   | 824/f                               | 2.19/f                              | $*(180/f^2)$              | 30                       |  |
| 30-300  | 27.5                                | 0.073                               | 0.2                       | 30                       |  |
| 300-1500  | /                                   | /                                   | f/1500                    | 30                       |  |
| 1500-100,000  | /                                   | /                                   | 1.0                       | 30                       |  |

f = frequency in MHz

Before equipment certification is granted, the procedure of ISED RSS-102 must be followed concerning the exposure of humans to RF field

According to ISED RSS-102 Issue 5:

## 2.5.2 Exemption Limits for Routine Evaluation – RF Exposure Evaluation

RF exposure evaluation is required if the separation distance between the user and/or bystander and the device's radiating element is greater than 20 cm, except when the device operates as follows:

- below 20 MHz<sup>6</sup> and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 1 W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance);
- at or above 20 MHz and below 48 MHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the
  device is equal to or less than 4.49/f<sup>0.5</sup> W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance), where f is in MHz;
- at or above 48 MHz and below 300 MHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the
  device is equal to or less than 0.6 W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance);
- at or above 300 MHz and below 6 GHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 1.31 x 10<sup>-2</sup> f<sup>0.6834</sup> W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance), where f is in MHz:
- at or above 6 GHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 5 W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance).

In these cases, the information contained in the RF exposure technical brief may be limited to information that demonstrates how the e.i.r.p. was derived.

<sup>\* =</sup> Plane-wave equivalent power density

## 4.2 MPE Prediction

Predication of MPE limit at a given distance, Equation from OET Bulletin 65, Edition 97-01

 $S = PG/4\pi R^2$ 

Where: S = power density

P = power input to antenna

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator

R =distance to the center of radiation of the antenna

### 4.3 FCC MPE Results

#### 5.2GHz band:

Maximum average output power at antenna input terminal (dBm): 14.49 Maximum average output power at antenna input terminal (mW): 28.12 Prediction distance (cm): 20 Prediction frequency (MHz): 5200 Maximum Antenna Gain, typical (dBi): 3 Maximum Antenna Gain (numeric): 1.995 Power density of prediction frequency at 20.0 cm (mW/cm<sup>2</sup>): 0.0112 FCC MPE limit for uncontrolled exposure at prediction frequency (mW/cm<sup>2</sup>): 1.0

#### 5.8GHz band:

Maximum average output power at antenna input terminal (dBm):

Maximum average output power at antenna input terminal (mW):

Prediction distance (cm):

Prediction frequency (MHz):

Maximum Antenna Gain, typical (dBi):

Maximum Antenna Gain (numeric):

Power density of prediction frequency at 20.0 cm (mW/cm²):

PCC MPE limit for uncontrolled exposure at prediction frequency (mW/cm²):

13.23

21.04

20

5825

Maximum Antenna Gain (numeric):

1.995

0.0084

#### 2.4GHz Bluetooth/BLE:

Maximum average output power at antenna input terminal (dBm):10.52Maximum average output power at antenna input terminal (mW):11.272Prediction distance (cm):20Prediction frequency (MHz):2402Maximum Antenna Gain, typical (dBi):2Maximum Antenna Gain (numeric):1.585Power density of prediction frequency at 40 cm (mW/cm²):0.0036

FCC MPE limit for uncontrolled exposure at prediction frequency (mW/cm<sup>2</sup>): 1.0

#### **Multi Transmitter MPE Evaluation**

 $0.0112/1.0+0.0036/1.0 = 0.0148 \le 1.0$ 

### Conclusion

The device is compliant with the requirement MPE limit for uncontrolled exposure. All transceiver modules must be installed with a separation distance of no less than **20** cm from all persons.

## 4.4 RF exposure evaluation exemption for IC

**5.2 GHz band:**  $14.49 + 3 \text{ dBi} = 17.49 \text{ dBm} < 1.31 \times 10^{-2} f^{0.6834} = 4.537 \text{ W} = 36.57 \text{ dBm}$ 

**5.8 GHz band:**  $13.23 + 3 \text{ dBi} = 16.23 \text{ dBm} < 1.31 \times 10^{-2} f^{0.6834} = 4.903 \text{ W} = 36.90 \text{ dBm}$ 

**2.4 GHz Bluetooth/BLE:**  $10.52 + 2 \text{ dBi} = 12.52 \text{ dBm} < 1.31 \times 10^{-2} f^{0.6834} = 2.676 \text{ W} = 34.27 \text{ dBm}$ 

## **Multi Transmitter MPE Evaluation**

0.056W(17.49 dBm) + 0.018W(12.52 dBm) = 0.074 W < 2.676 W

### Conclusion

Therefore the RF exposure is not required. All transceiver modules must be installed with a separation distance of no less than **20** cm from all persons.