



FCC PART 15 SUBPART C  
IC RSS-210, ISSUE 8, DEC 2010

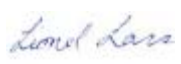

TEST AND MEASUREMENT REPORT

For

**Wi2Wi, Inc.**

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San Jose, CA 95131, USA

**FCC ID: U9R-W2CBW0015**  
**IC: 7089A-W2CBW0015**

<b>Report Type:</b> Original Report	<b>Product Type:</b> Wi-Fi and BT Combo Module
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<b>Report Number:</b> <u>R1206041-247</u>	
<b>Report Date:</b> <u>2012-09-07</u>	
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**DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY**

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision
0	R1206041-247	Original Report	2012-09-07

## 1 General Description

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### 1.1 Product Description for Equipment Under Test (EUT)

This test and measurement report was prepared on behalf of Wi2Wi, Inc. and their product, *model: W2CBW0015, FCC ID: U9R-W2CBW0015, IC: 7089A-W2CBW0015* or the “EUT” as referred to this report. The EUT is Bluetooth and 802.11b/g/n Wi-Fi combo module.

### 1.2 Mechanical Description of EUT

The EUT measures approximately 10 mm (L) x 10 mm (W) x 1 mm (H) and weighs approximately 0.5 g.

*The data gathered are from a typical production sample provided by the manufacturer with serial number: CGI-062292*

### 1.3 Objective

This report is prepared on behalf of Wi2Wi, Inc. in accordance with Part 2, Subpart J, and Part 15, Subparts B and C of the Federal Communication Commissions rules and IC RSS-210 Issue 8, Dec 2010.

The objective is to determine compliance with FCC Part 15.247 and IC RSS-210 rules for Output Power, Antenna Requirements, 6 dB Bandwidth, and power spectral density, 100 kHz Bandwidth of Band Edges Measurement, Spurious Emissions, Conducted and Radiated Spurious Emissions.

### 1.4 Related Submittal(s)/Grant(s)

N/A

### 1.5 Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted in accordance with ANSI C63.4-2009, American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz.

### 1.6 Measurement Uncertainty

All measurements involve certain levels of uncertainties, especially in the field of EMC. The factors contributing to uncertainties are spectrum analyzer, cable loss, antenna factor calibration, antenna directivity, antenna factor variation with height, antenna phase center variation, antenna factor frequency interpolation, measurement distance variation, site imperfections, mismatch (average), and system repeatability.

Based on CISPR16-4-2:2003, The Treatment of Uncertainty in EMC Measurements, the values ranging from  $\pm 2.0$  dB for Conducted Emissions tests and  $\pm 4.0$  dB for Radiated Emissions tests are the most accurate estimates pertaining to uncertainty of EMC measurements at BACL Corp.

## **1.7 Test Facility**

The test site used by BACL Corp. to collect radiated and conducted emissions measurement data is located at its facility in Sunnyvale, California, USA.

The test site at BACL Corp. has been fully described in reports submitted to the Federal Communication Commission (FCC) and Voluntary Control Council for Interference (VCCI). The details of these reports have been found to be in compliance with the requirements of Section 2.948 of the FCC Rules on February 11 and December 10, 1997, and Article 8 of the VCCI regulations on December 25, 1997. The test site also complies with the test methods and procedures set forth in CISPR 22:2008 §10.4 for measurements below 1 GHz and §10.6 for measurements above 1 GHz as well as ANSI C63.4-2003, ANSI C63.4-2009, TIA/EIA-603 & CISPR 24:2010.

The Federal Communications Commission and Voluntary Control Council for Interference have the reports on file and they are listed under FCC registration number: 90464 and VCCI Registration No.: A-0027. The test site has been approved by the FCC and VCCI for public use and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database.

Additionally, BACL Corp. is an American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) accredited laboratory (Lab Code 3297-02). The current scope of accreditations can be found at

<http://www.a2la.org/scopepdf/3297-02.pdf?CFID=1132286&CFTOKEN=e42a3240dac3f6ba-6DE17DCB-1851-9E57-477422F667031258&jsessionid=8430d44f1f47cf2996124343c704b367816b>

## 2 System Test Configuration

### 2.1 Justification

The EUT was configured for testing according to ANSI C63.4-2009.

The EUT was tested in a testing mode to represent worst-case results during the final qualification test.

### 2.2 EUT Exercise Software

The software is provided by customer. The EUT exercise program used during radiated testing was designed to exercise the system components.

The EUT had been tested with the following data rate settings:

Radio Mode	Bandwidth (MHz)	Frequency/Data rate		
		Low CH (MHz/Mbps)	Mid CH (MHz/Mbps)	High CH (MHz)
802.11b	20	2412/1	2437/1	2462/1
802.11g	20	2412/6	2437/6	2462/6
802.11n HT20	20	2412/MCS0	2437/ MCS0	2462/MCS0
802.11n HT40	40	2422/MCS0	2437/MCS0	2452/MCS0
Bluetooth	-	2402	2441	2480

### 2.3 Special Accessories

N/A

### 2.4 Equipment Modifications

No modifications were made to the EUT.

### 2.5 Local Support Equipment

Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.
IBM	Laptop	X41	LV-K5206 06/05

### 2.6 Power Supply and Line Filters

N/A



## 2.7 Interface Ports and Cabling

Cable Description	Length (m)	From	To
RF Cable	<1	EUT	Spectrum Analyzer

## 2.8 Supporting Parts List and Details

Manufacturers	Descriptions	Models	Serial Numbers
Marvell	Test Board	8787	-

### 3 Summary of Test Results

#### WLAN:

FCC & IC Rules	Description of Test	Results
FCC §15.247(i), §2.1091 IC RSS-102	RF Exposure	Compliant
FCC §15.203 IC RSS-Gen §7.1.4	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
FCC §15.207(a) IC RSS-Gen §7.2.2	Conducted Emissions	Compliant
FCC §15.209 IC RSS-210 §2.6	Spurious Emissions at Antenna Port	Compliant
FCC §15.205 IC RSS-210 §2.2	Restricted Bands	Compliant
FCC §15.209, §15.247 IC RSS-210 §2.6	Radiated Spurious Emissions	Compliant
FCC §15.247(a)(2) IC RSS-210 §A8.2	6 dB Bandwidth	Compliant
FCC §15.247(b)(3) IC RSS-210 §A8.4	Maximum Peak Output Power	Compliant
FCC §15.247(d) IC RSS-210 §A8.5	100 kHz Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edge	Compliant
FCC §15.247(e) IC RSS-210 §A8.2(b)	Power Spectral Density	Compliant
IC RSS-210 §2.6 & RSS-Gen §4.10	Receiver Spurious Emission	Compliant

#### Bluetooth:

FCC & IC Rules	Description of Test	Result
FCC §15.247 (i), §2.1091 IC RSS-102	RF Exposure	Compliant
FCC §15.203 IC RSS-Gen §7.1.4	Antenna Requirements	Compliant
FCC §15.207 (a) IC RSS-Gen §7.2.2	AC Line Conducted Emissions	Compliant
FCC §15.247(d) IC RSS-210 §A8.5	Spurious Emissions at Antenna Port	Compliant
FCC §15.205, §15.209, §15.247(d) IC RSS-210 §2.2, §2.6, RSS-210 §A8.5	Restricted Bands, Spurious Radiated Emissions	Compliant
FCC §15.247 (a)(1) IC RSS-210 §A8.1	20 dB Channel Bandwidth	Compliant
FCC §15.247(a) IC RSS-210 §A8.1	Maximum Peak Output Power	Compliant
FCC §15.247(d) IC RSS-210 §A8.5	Band Edge	Compliant
IC RSS-Gen §6	Receiver Spurious Emission	Compliant
FCC §15.247 (a)(1) IC RSS-210 §A8.1(b)	Hopping Channel Separation	Compliant
FCC §15.247 (a)(1) IC RSS-210 §A8.1(d)	Dwell Time	Compliant
FCC §15.247(b)(1) IC RSS-210 §A8.1	Number of Hopping Channels	Compliant

## 4 FCC §15.247 (i), §2.1091 & IC RSS-102 - RF Exposure

### 4.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC §15.247(i) and §1.1307(b)(1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

#### Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)	Power Density (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Averaging Time (minutes)
Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure				
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	* (100)	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	* (180/f <sup>2</sup> )	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500	/	/	f/1500	30
1500-100,000	/	/	1.0	30

f = frequency in MHz

\* = Plane-wave equivalent power density

Before equipment certification is granted, the procedure of IC RSS-102 must be followed concerning the exposure of humans to RF fields.

According to IC RSS-102 Issue 2 section 4.1, RF limits used for general public will be applied to the EUT.

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field (V/m rms)	Magnetic Field (A/m rms)	Power Density (W/m <sup>2</sup> )	Time Averaging (min)
0.003 - 1	280	2.19	-	6
1 - 10	280 / f	2.19 / f	-	6
10 - 30	28	2.19 / f	-	6
30 - 300	28	0.073	2*	6
300 - 1 500	1.585 f <sup>0.5</sup>	0.0042 f <sup>0.5</sup>	f / 150	6
1 500 - 15 000	61.4	0.163	10	6
15 000 - 150 000	61.4	0.163	10	616000 / f <sup>1.2</sup>
150 000- 300 000	0.158 f <sup>0.5</sup>	4.21 x 10 <sup>-4</sup> f <sup>0.5</sup>	6.67 x 10 <sup>-5</sup> f	616000 / f <sup>1.2</sup>

**Note:** f is frequency in MHz

\* = Power density limit is applicable at frequencies greater than 100 MHz

## 4.2 MPE Prediction

Predication of MPE limit at a given distance, Equation from OET Bulletin 65, Edition 97-01

$$S = PG/4\pi R^2$$

Where: S = power density

P = power input to antenna

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna

## 4.3 MPE Results

### WLAN:

<u>Maximum peak output power at antenna input terminal (dBm):</u>	<u>15.89</u>
<u>Maximum peak output power at antenna input terminal (mW):</u>	<u>38.815</u>
<u>Prediction distance (cm):</u>	<u>20</u>
<u>Prediction frequency (MHz):</u>	<u>2437</u>
<u>Maximum Antenna Gain, typical (dBi):</u>	<u>3.1</u>
<u>Maximum Antenna Gain (numeric):</u>	<u>2.042</u>
<u>Power density of prediction frequency at 20.0 cm (mW/cm<sup>2</sup>):</u>	<u>0.0158</u>
<u>Power density of prediction frequency at 20.0 cm (W/m<sup>2</sup>):</u>	<u>0.158</u>
<u>MPE limit for uncontrolled exposure at prediction frequency (mW/cm<sup>2</sup>):</u>	<u>1.0</u>
<u>MPE limit for uncontrolled exposure at prediction frequency (W/m<sup>2</sup>):</u>	<u>10</u>

### Bluetooth:

<u>Maximum peak output power at antenna input terminal (dBm):</u>	<u>10.10</u>
<u>Maximum peak output power at antenna input terminal (mW):</u>	<u>10.23</u>
<u>Prediction distance (cm):</u>	<u>20</u>
<u>Prediction frequency (MHz):</u>	<u>2441</u>
<u>Maximum Antenna Gain, typical (dBi):</u>	<u>3.1</u>
<u>Maximum Antenna Gain (numeric):</u>	<u>2.042</u>
<u>Power density of prediction frequency at 20.0 cm (mW/cm<sup>2</sup>):</u>	<u>0.00416</u>
<u>Power density of prediction frequency at 20.0 cm (W/m<sup>2</sup>):</u>	<u>0.0416</u>
<u>MPE limit for uncontrolled exposure at prediction frequency (mW/cm<sup>2</sup>):</u>	<u>1.0</u>
<u>MPE limit for uncontrolled exposure at prediction frequency (W/m<sup>2</sup>):</u>	<u>10</u>

The device is compliant with the requirement MPE limit for uncontrolled exposure.

## **5 FCC §15.203 & IC RSS-Gen §7.1.4 – Antenna Description**

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### **5.1 Applicable Standard**

According to FCC §15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this Section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

And according to FCC §15.247 (b) (4), if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

According to IC RSS-Gen §7.1.4: Transmitter Antenna, a transmitter can only be sold or operated with antennas with which it was certified. A transmitter may be certified with multiple antenna types. An antenna type comprises antennas having similar in-band and out-of-band radiation patterns. Testing shall be performed using the highest-gain antenna of each combination of transmitter and antenna type for which certification is being sought, with the transmitter output power set at the maximum level. Any antenna of the same type and having equal or lesser gain as an antenna that had been successfully tested for certification with the transmitter, will also be considered certified with the transmitter, and may be used and marketed with the transmitter. The manufacturer shall include with the application for certification a list of acceptable antenna types to be used with the transmitter.

When a measurement at the antenna connector is used to determine RF output power, the effective gain of the device's antenna shall be stated, based on measurement or on data from the antenna manufacturer. Any antenna gain in excess of 6 dBi (6 dB above isotropic gain) shall be added to the measured RF output power before using the power limits specified in RSS-210 or RSS-310 for devices of RF output powers of 10 milliwatts or less. For devices of output powers greater than 10 milliwatts, except devices subject to RSS-210 Annex 8 (Frequency Hopping and Digital Modulation Systems Operating in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz Bands) or RSS-210 Annex 9 (Local Area Network Devices), the total antenna gain shall be added to the measured RF output power before using the specified power limits. For devices subject to RSS-210 Annex 8 or Annex 9, the antenna gain shall not be added.

### **5.2 Antenna Connector Construction**

The EUT has one chip antenna with 3.1 dBi max antenna gain and will be soldered onto the PCB. This is in accordance to sections FCC Part 15.203 and IC RSS-Gen §7.1.4, is considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of these sections. Please refer to the EUT photos.

## 6 FCC §15.207 & IC RSS-Gen §7.2.2 - Conducted Emissions

### 6.1 Applicable Standards

As per FCC §15.207 and IC RSS-Gen §7.2.2 Conducted limits:

For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50  $\mu$ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequencies ranges.

Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBuV)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15-0.5	66 to 56 <sup>Note 1</sup>	56 to 46 <sup>Note 1</sup>
0.5-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

*Note 1: Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.*

### 6.2 Test Setup

The measurement was performed in a shielded room. The test setup and measurement procedure was per ANSI C63.4-2009. The specification limits were in accordance with FCC §15.207 and IC RSS-Gen §7.2.2.

External I/O cables were draped along the edge of the test table and bundle when necessary.

The AC/DC power adapter of the EUT was connected with LISN-1 which provided 120 V / 60 Hz AC power.

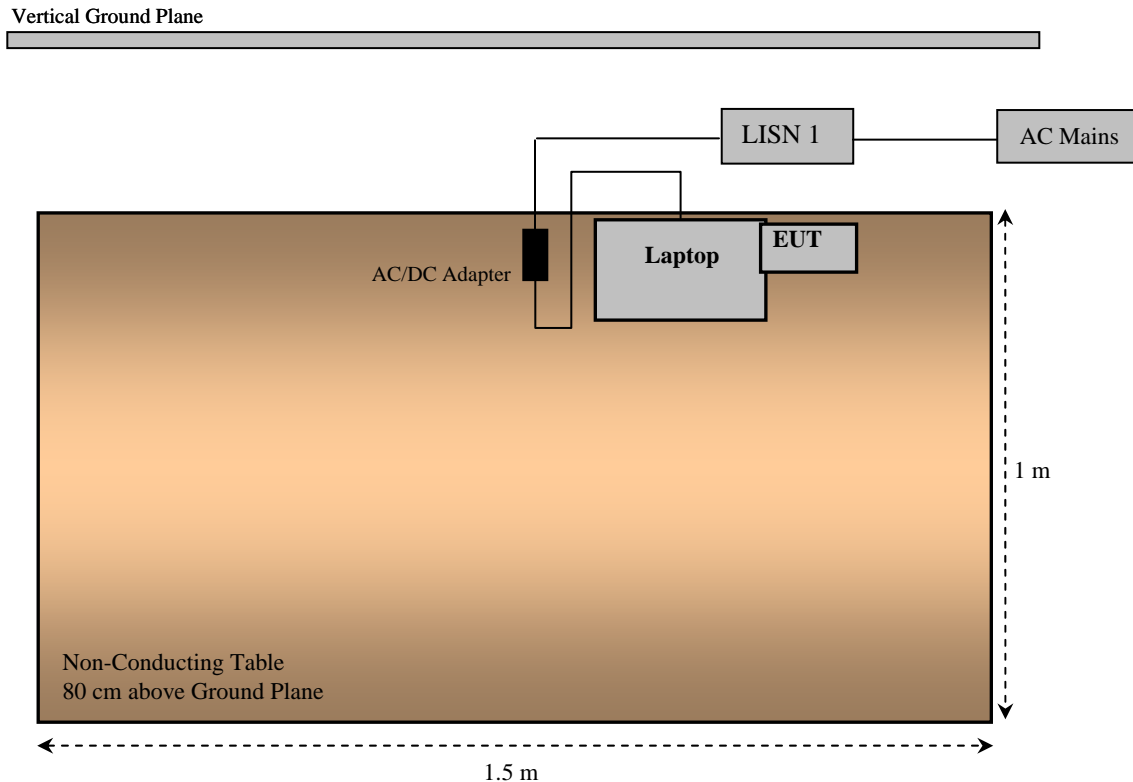
### 6.3 Test Procedure

During the conducted emissions test, the power cord of the EUT host system was connected to the mains outlet of the LISN-1.

Maximizing procedure was performed on the six (6) highest emissions of the EUT.

All data was recorded in the peak detection mode, quasi-peak and average. Quasi-Peak readings are distinguished with a "QP." Average readings are distinguished with an "Ave".

## 6.4 Test Setup Block Diagram



## 6.5 Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The Corrected Amplitude (CA) is calculated by adding the Cable Loss (CL) plus the High Pass Filter/Attenuator value (HA) and subtracting the Amplifier Gain (Ga) to the indicated Amplitude (Ai) reading. The basic equation is as follows:

$$CA = Ai + CL + HA - Ga$$

For example, a corrected amplitude (CA) of 36 dBuV = Indicated Amplitude reading (Ai) of 50.0 dBuV + Cable Loss (CL) 1.0 dB + High Pass Filter/Attenuator (IA) 5 dB - Amplifier Gain (Ga) 20 dB

The “**Margin**” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance within the applicable limit. For example, a margin of -7 dB means the emission is 7 dB below the maximum limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

$$\text{Margin (dB)} = \text{Corrected Amplitude (dBuV)} - \text{Limit (dBuV)}$$

## 6.6 Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI 1166.5950K03	100044	2012-04-30	1 year
Solar Electronics	LISN	9252-R-24-BNC	511205	2012-06-30	1 year
TTE	High Pass Filter	H985-150K-50- 720N	M1149	2012-05-30	1 year

**Statement of Traceability:** BACL Corp. attests that all calibrations have been performed per the A2LA requirements, traceable to the NIST.

## 6.7 Test Environmental Conditions

### WLAN and BT:

Temperature:	21 °C
Relative Humidity:	56%
ATM Pressure:	101.6kPa

The testing was performed by Lionel Lara on 2012-07-24 at 5meter chamber3.

## 6.8 Summary of Test Results

According to the recorded data in following table, the EUT complied with the FCC standard's conducted emissions limits, with a worst case margin of:

Transmitter Mode

### WLAN:

Connection: AC/DC adapter of Laptop connected to 120 V/60 Hz, AC			
Margin (dB)	Frequency (MHz)	Conductor (Line/Neutral)	Range (MHz)
-16.77	0.164211	Neutral	0.15 to 30

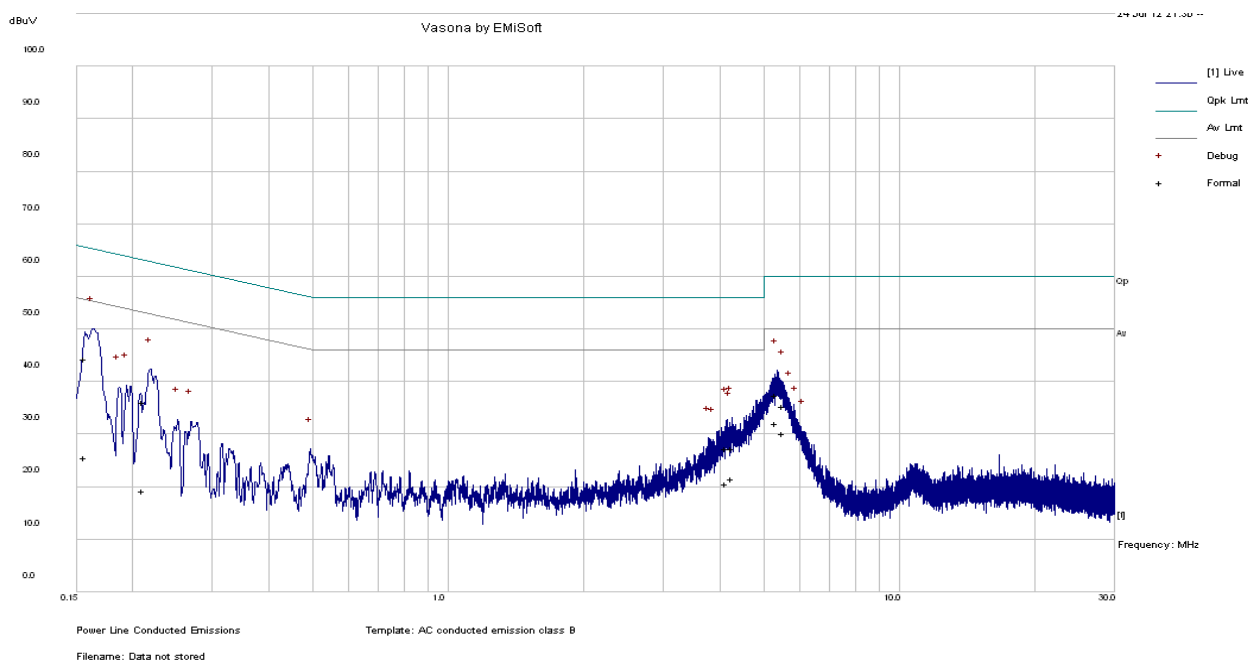
### BT:

Connection: AC/DC adapter of Laptop connected to 120 V/60 Hz, AC			
Margin (dB)	Frequency (MHz)	Conductor (Line/Neutral)	Range (MHz)
-12.37	5.366681	Neutral	0.15 to 30



## 6.9 Conducted Emissions Test Plots and Data

### WLAN: 802.11b, Middle Channel – Line

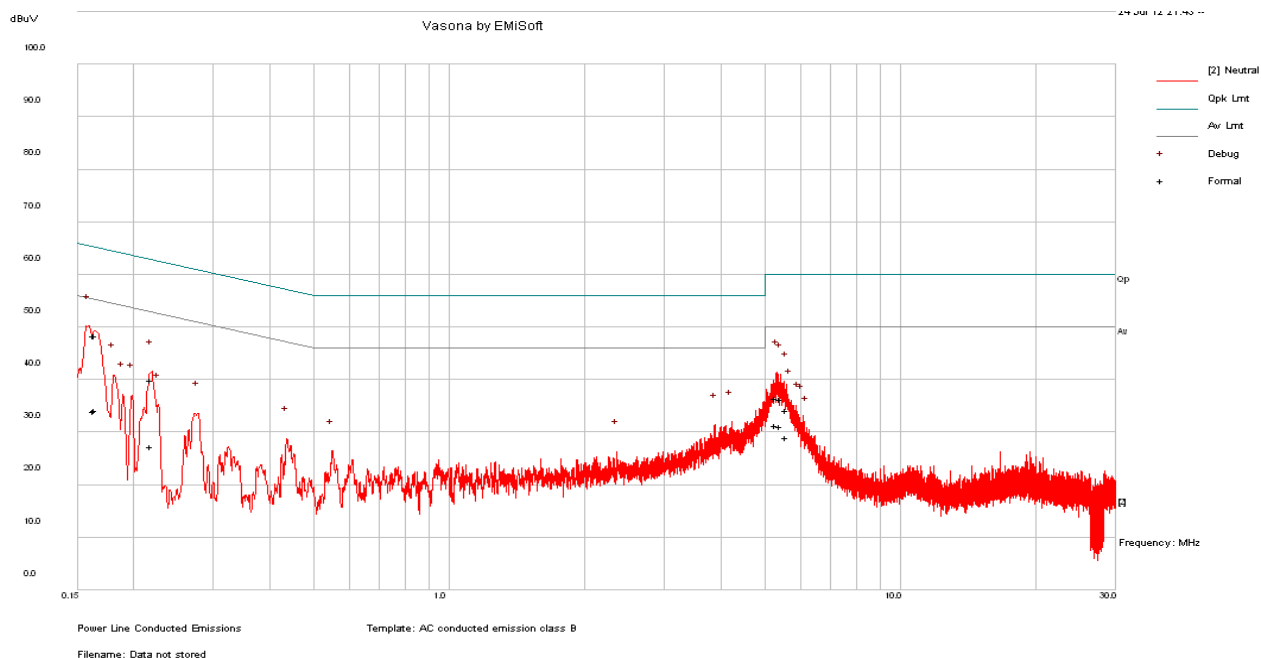


### Quasi-Peak Measurements

Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV)	Conductor (Line/Neutral)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)
0.157158	44.29	Line	65.61	-21.32
5.343392	37.38	Line	60	-22.62
5.540558	35.43	Line	60	-24.57
0.211302	36.16	Line	63.15	-26.99
4.140161	27.34	Line	56	-28.66
4.262717	27.31	Line	56	-28.69

### Average Measurements

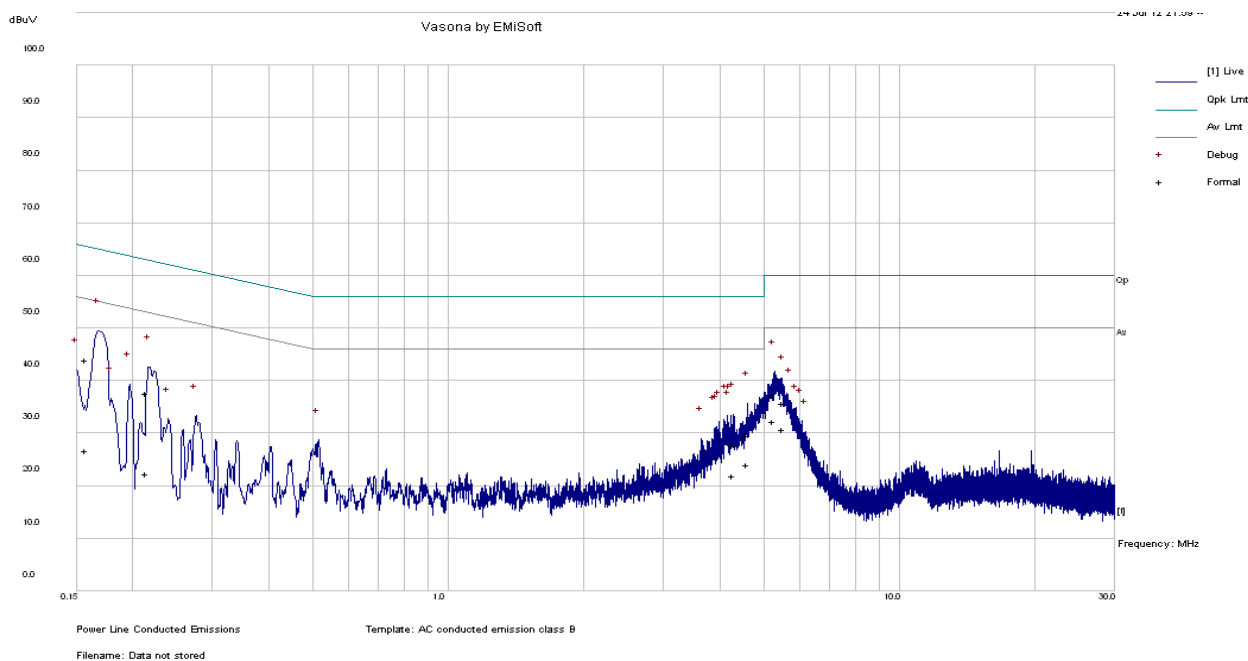
Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV)	Conductor (Line/Neutral)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)
5.343392	32.12	Line	50	-17.88
5.540558	30.25	Line	50	-19.75
4.262717	21.49	Line	46	-24.51
4.140161	20.56	Line	46	-25.44
0.157158	25.49	Line	55.61	-30.12
0.211302	19.17	Line	53.15	-33.99

**WLAN: 802.11b, Middle Channel – Neutral****Quasi-Peak Measurements**

Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV)	Conductor (Line/Neutral)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)
0.164211	48.48	Neutral	65.25	-16.77
0.163743	48.36	Neutral	65.27	-16.91
0.218286	39.87	Neutral	62.88	-23.01
5.312672	36.45	Neutral	60	-23.55
5.43143	36.27	Neutral	60	-23.73
5.58713	34.18	Neutral	60	-25.82

**Average Measurements**

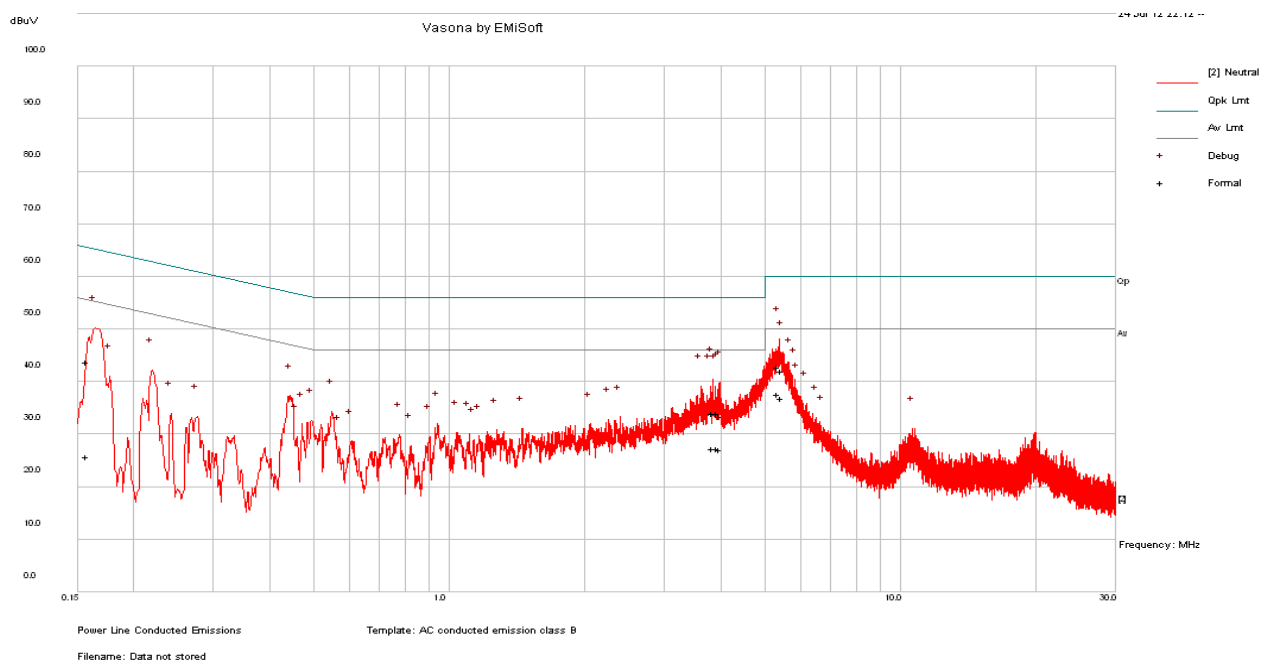
Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV)	Conductor (Line/Neutral)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)
5.312672	31.36	Neutral	50	-18.64
5.43143	31.2	Neutral	50	-18.80
5.58713	29.1	Neutral	50	-20.90
0.164211	34.19	Neutral	55.25	-21.06
0.163743	34.04	Neutral	55.27	-21.23
0.218286	27.35	Neutral	52.88	-25.54

**BT: GFSK, Middle Channel – Line****Quasi-Peak Measurements**

Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV)	Conductor (Line/Neutral)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)
0.157629	43.92	Line	65.59	-21.67
5.278652	37.35	Line	60	-22.65
5.531429	35.8	Line	60	-24.20
0.214854	37.58	Line	63.02	-25.43
4.599374	29.55	Line	56	-26.45
4.299119	27.62	Line	56	-28.38

**Average Measurements**

Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV)	Conductor (Line/Neutral)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)
5.278652	32.21	Line	50	-17.79
5.531429	30.7	Line	50	-19.30
4.599374	24.07	Line	46	-21.93
4.299119	21.92	Line	46	-24.08
0.157629	26.68	Line	55.59	-28.91
0.214854	22.37	Line	53.02	-30.64

**BT: GFSK, Middle Channel – Neutral****Quasi-Peak Measurements**

Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV)	Conductor (Line/Neutral)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)
5.366681	42.8	Neutral	60	-17.20
5.467028	42	Neutral	60	-18.00
0.157929	43.7	Neutral	65.57	-21.88
3.94076	34.09	Neutral	56	-21.91
3.835685	34.03	Neutral	56	-21.97
3.990794	33.39	Neutral	56	-22.61

**Average Measurements**

Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV)	Conductor (Line/Neutral)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)
5.366681	37.63	Neutral	50	-12.37
5.467028	36.89	Neutral	50	-13.11
3.94076	27.22	Neutral	46	-18.78
3.835685	27.21	Neutral	46	-18.79
3.990794	27.04	Neutral	46	-18.96
0.157929	25.75	Neutral	55.57	-29.82

## 7 FCC §15.247(d) & IC RSS-210 §A8.5 - Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals

### 7.1 Applicable Standard

For FCC §15.247(d) and IC RSS-210 §A8.5 in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits.

### 7.2 Measurement Procedure

The RF output of the EUT was connected to a spectrum analyzer through appropriate attenuation. The resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer was set at 100 kHz. Sufficient scans were taken to show any out of band emissions up to 10th harmonic.

### 7.3 Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	E4440A	MY44303352	2012-05-10	1 year

**Statement of Traceability:** BACL Corp. attests that all calibrations have been performed per the A21A requirements, traceable to the NIST.

### 7.4 Test Environmental Conditions

#### WLAN:

Temperature:	21.1 °C
Relative Humidity:	56%
ATM Pressure:	101.2kPa

*The testing was performed by Lionel Lara on 2012-06-15 at RF Test Site.*

#### Bluetooth:

Temperature:	22 °C
Relative Humidity:	57 %
ATM Pressure:	101.1kPa

*The testing was performed by Lionel Lara on 2012-06-18 at RF test site.*

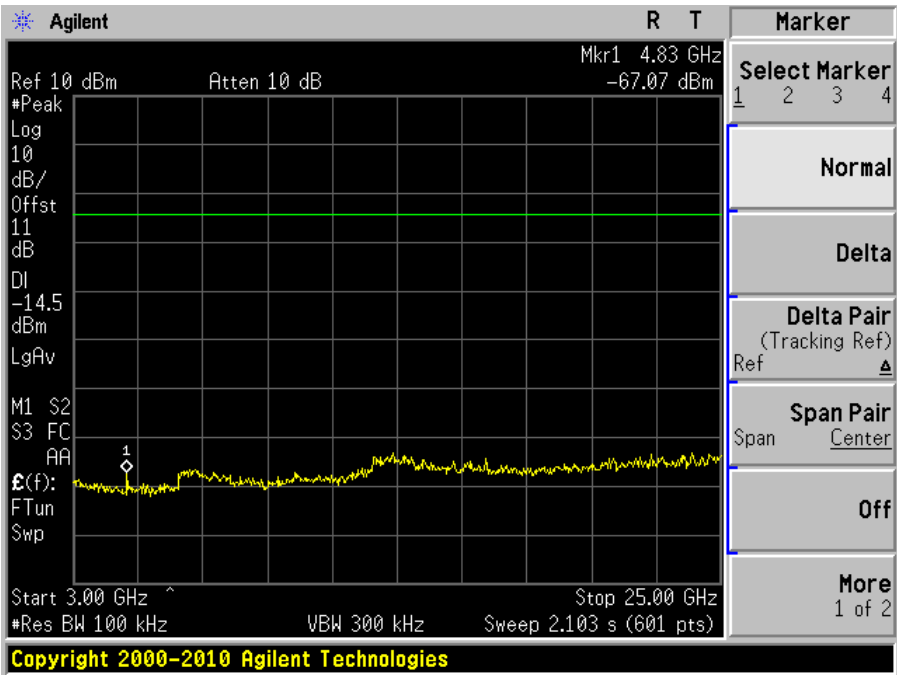
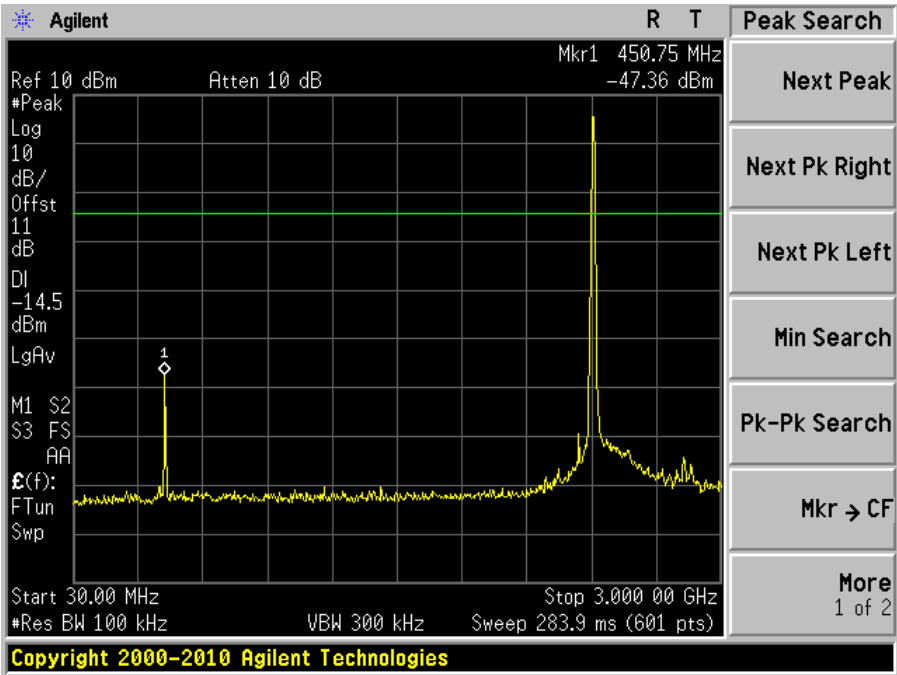
7.5 Test Results

Please refer to following plots.

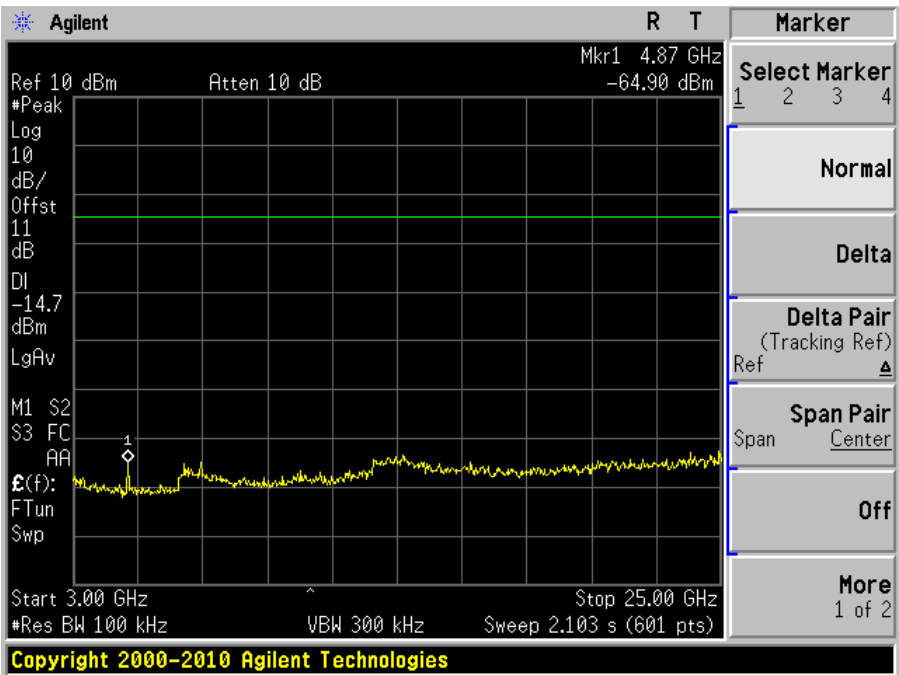
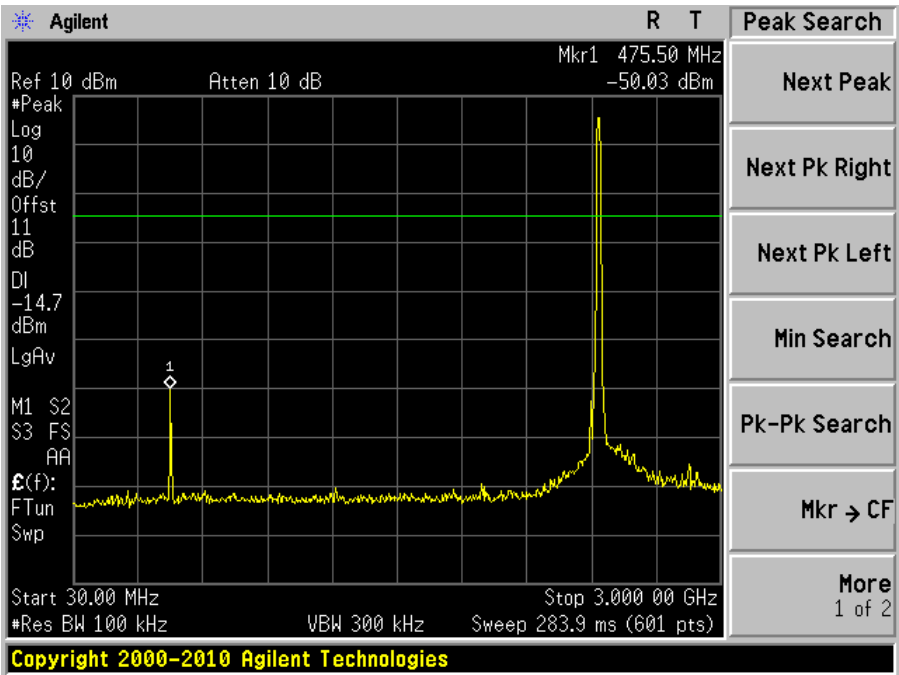
WLAN

802.11b

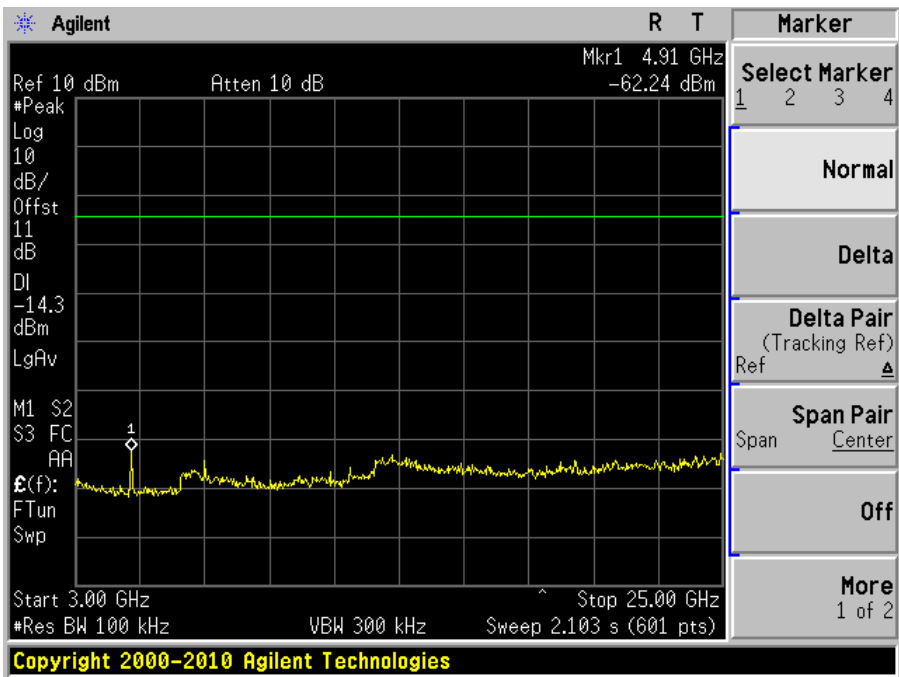
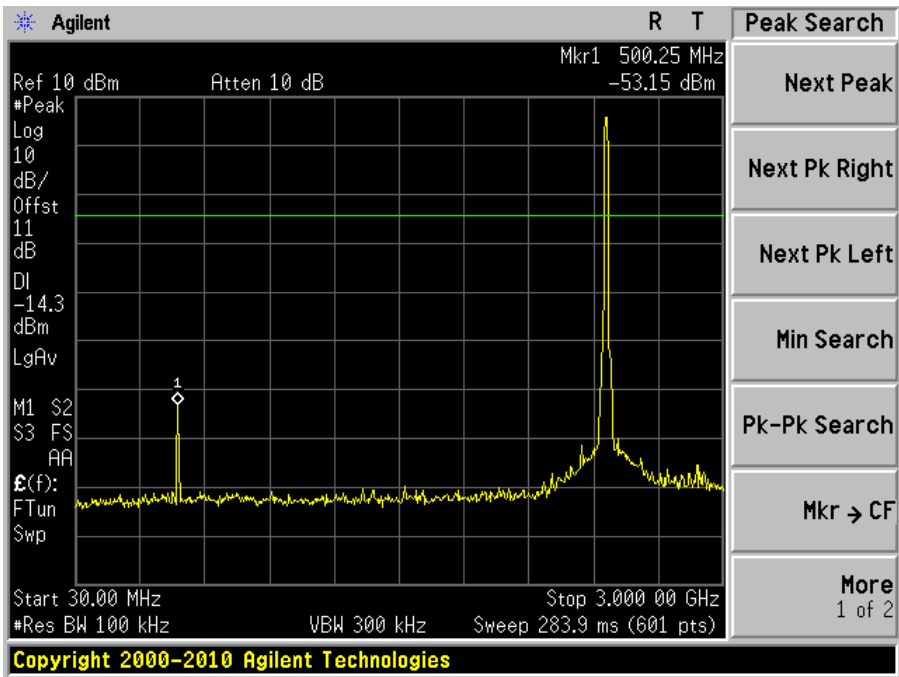
Low Channel 2412 MHz



Middle Channel 2437 MHz



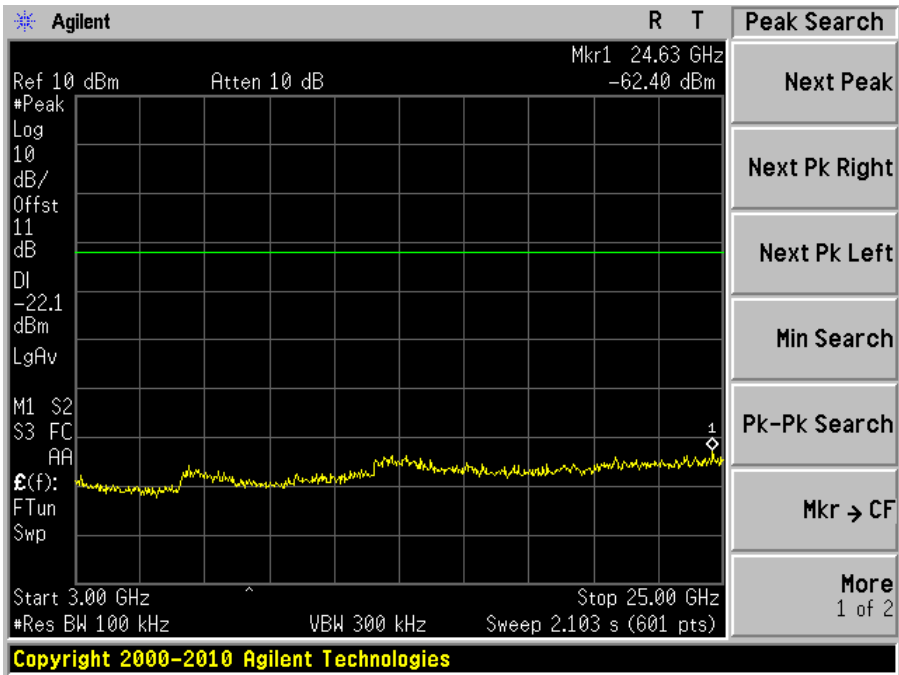
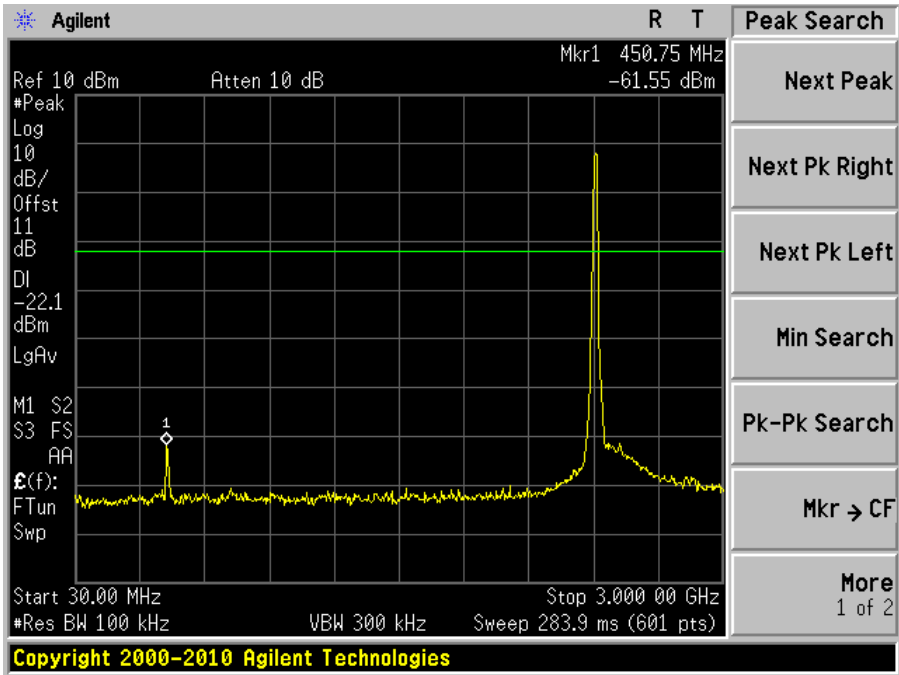
High Channel 2462 MHz



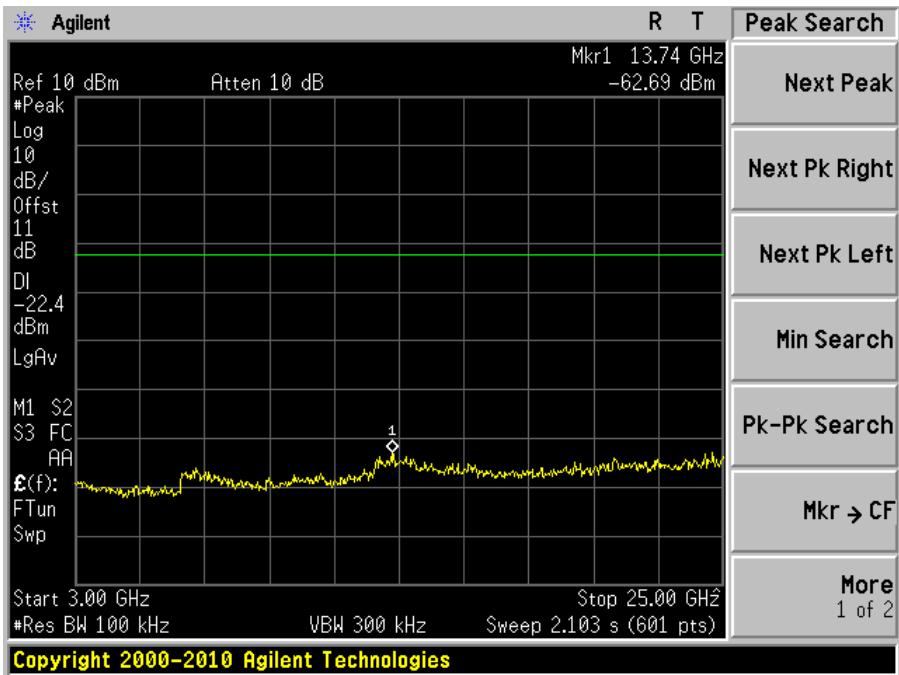
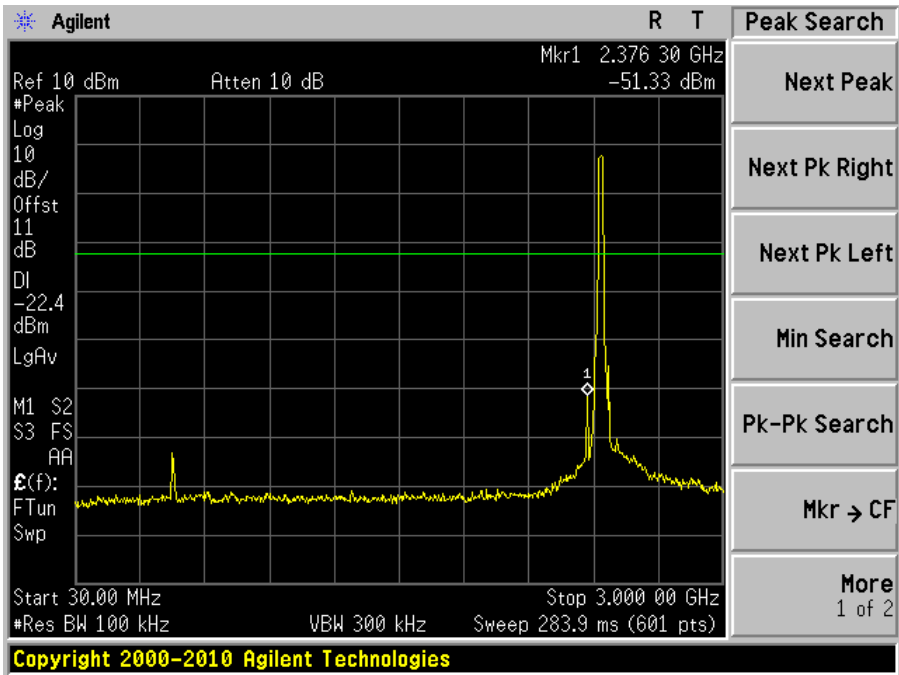


802.11g

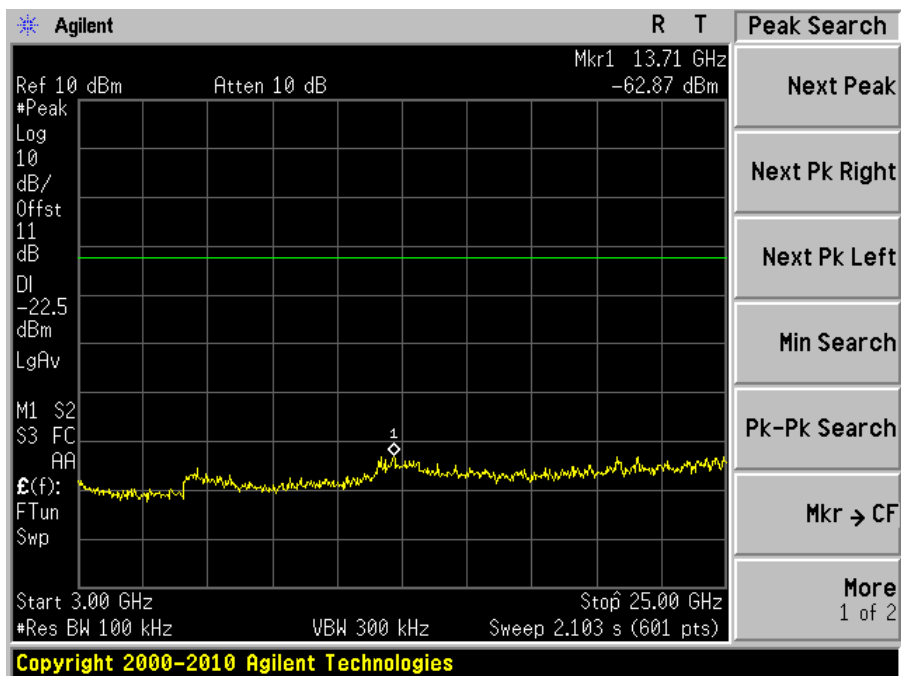
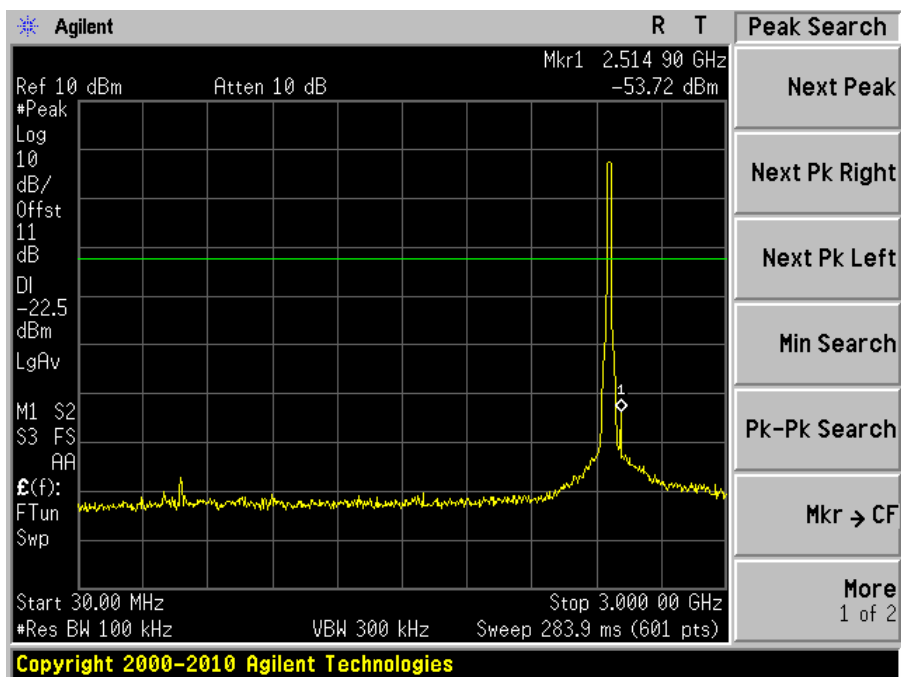
Low Channel 2412 MHz



Middle Channel 2437 MHz

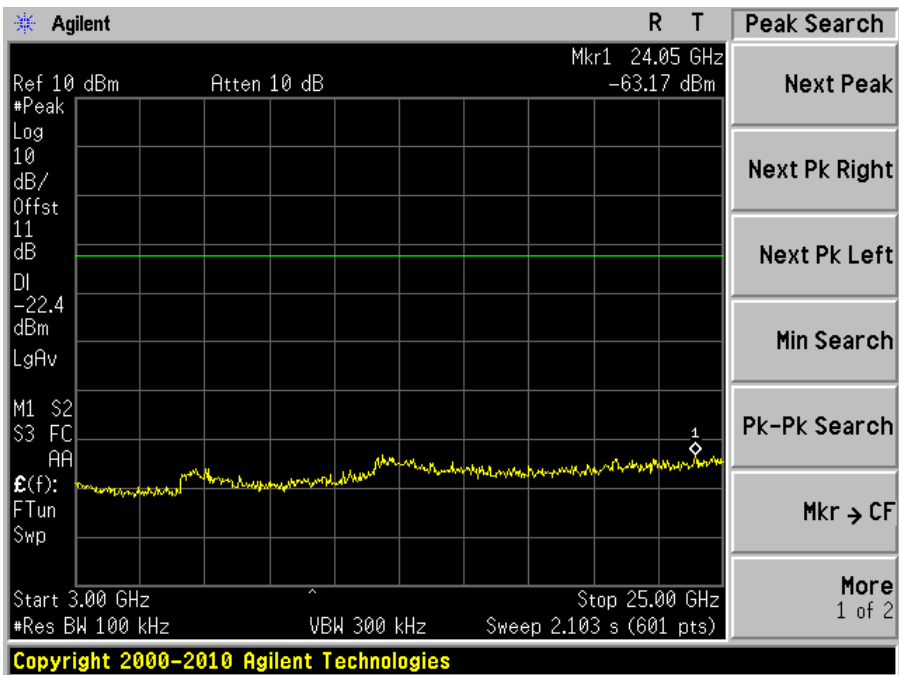
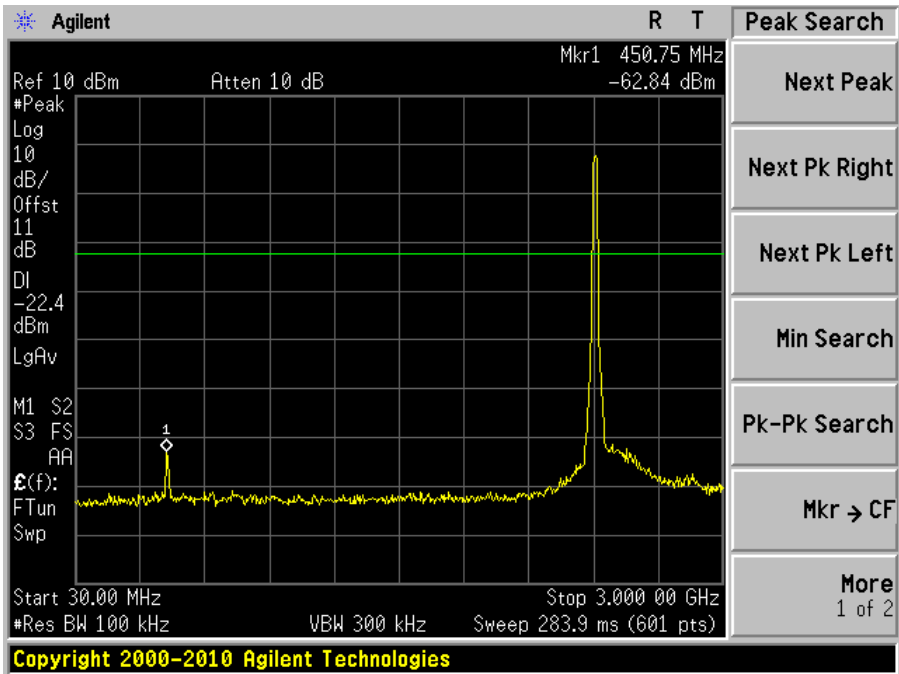


## High Channel 2462 MHz

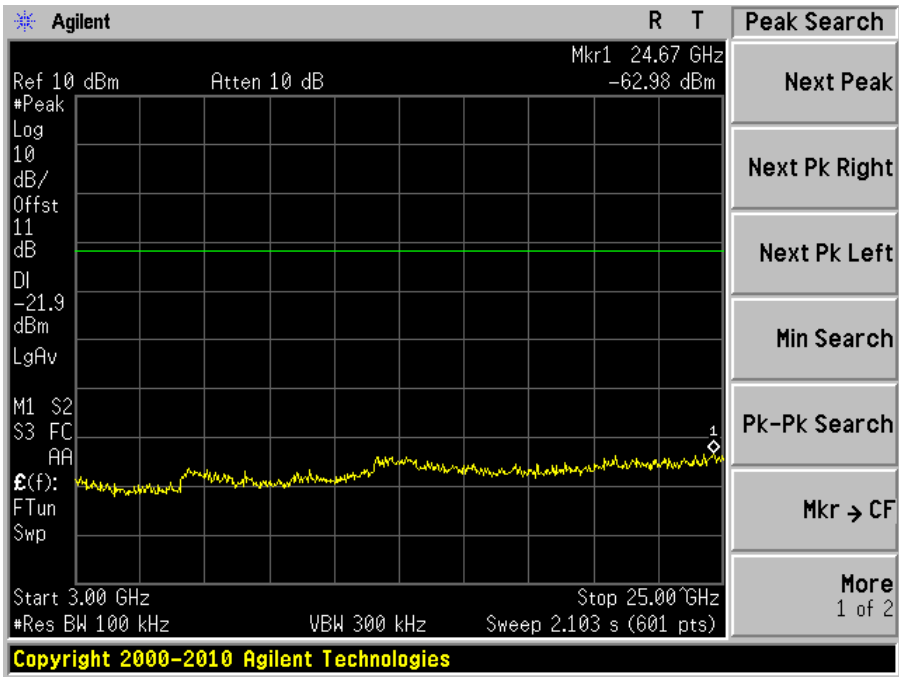
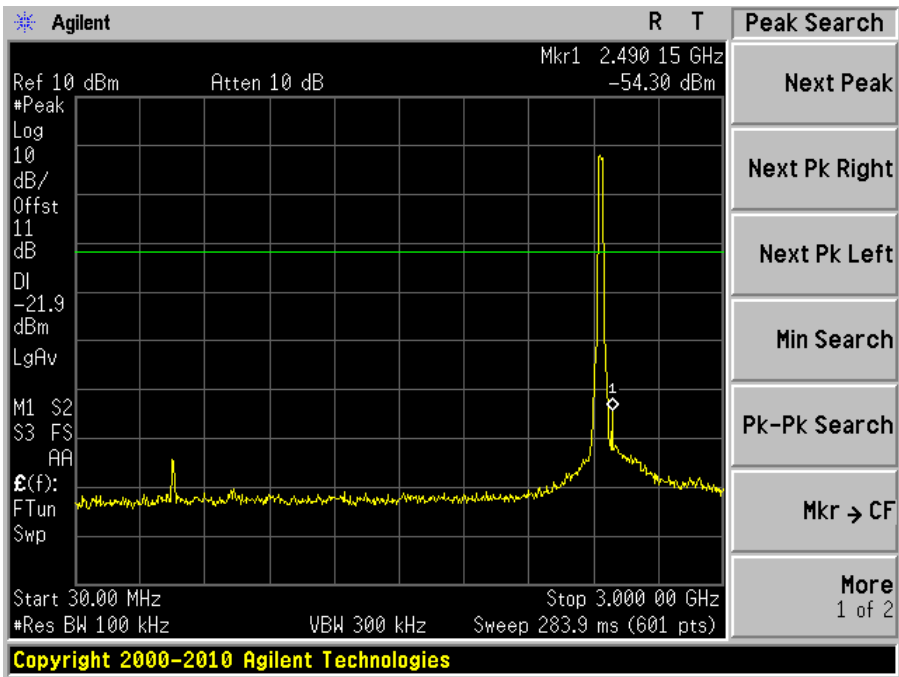


802.11n HT20

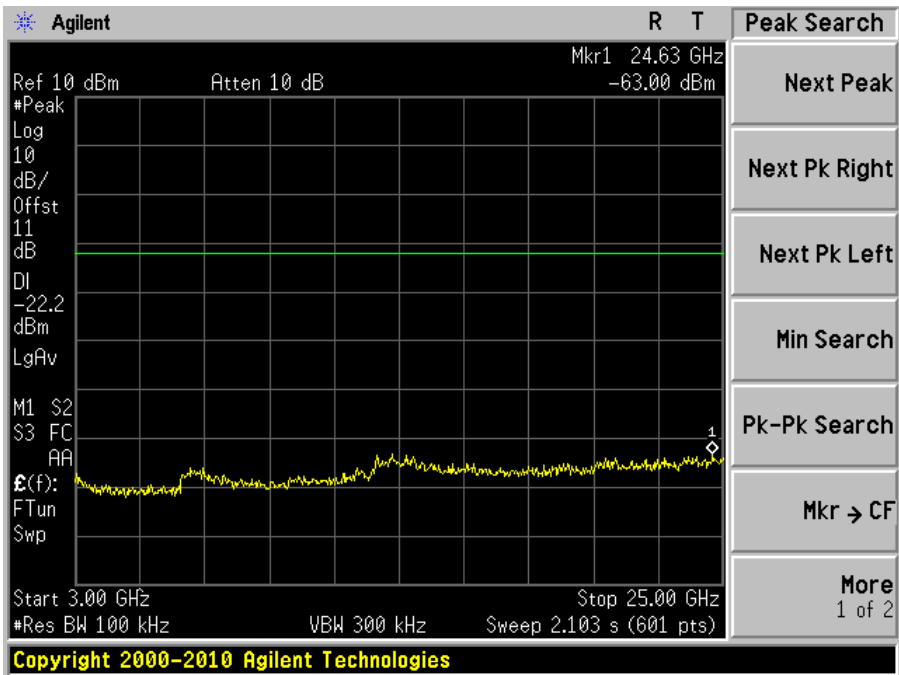
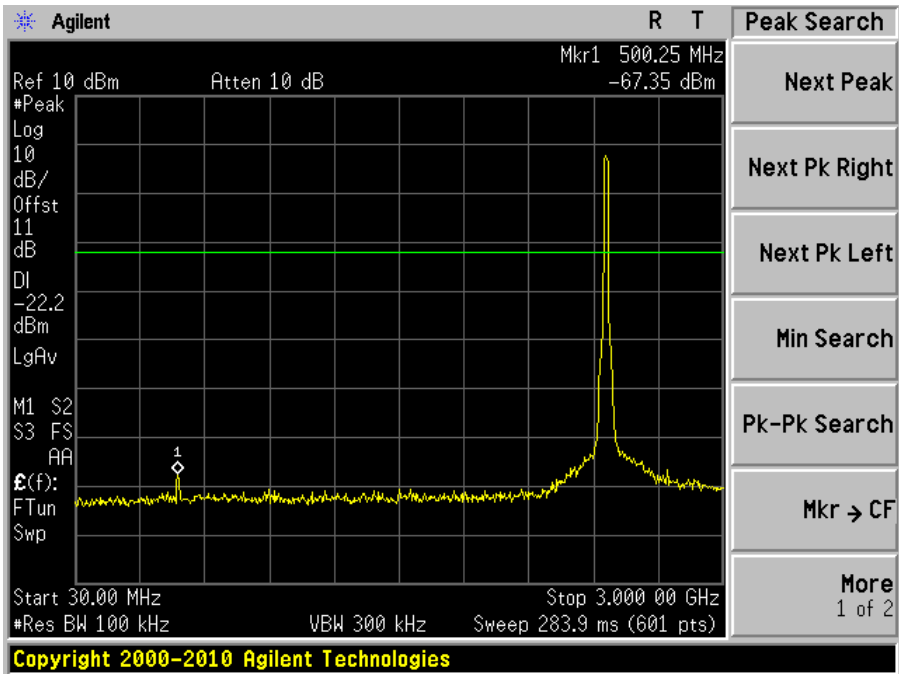
Low Channel 2412 MHz



Middle Channel 2437 MHz

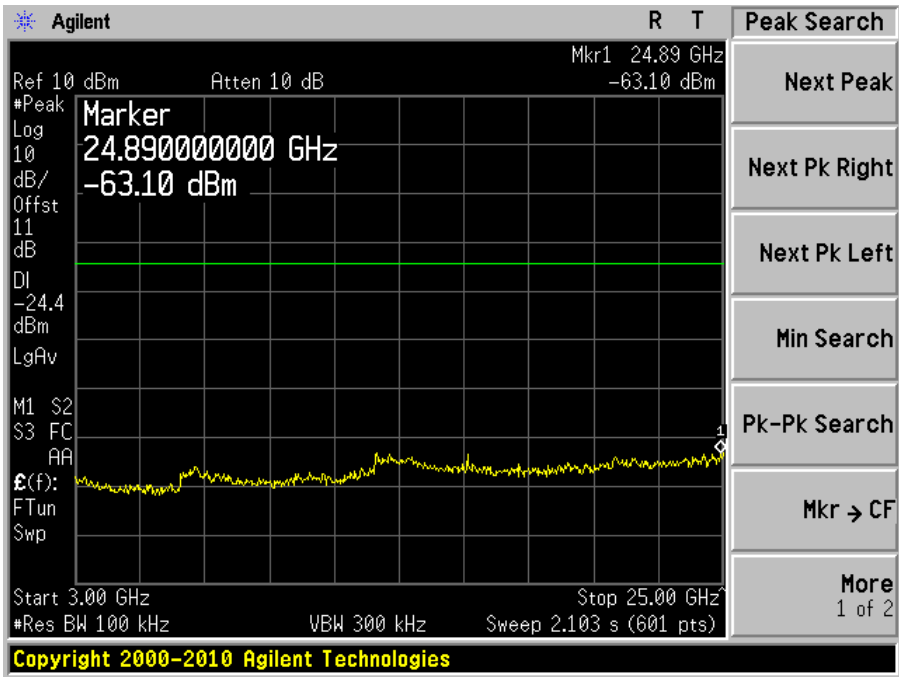
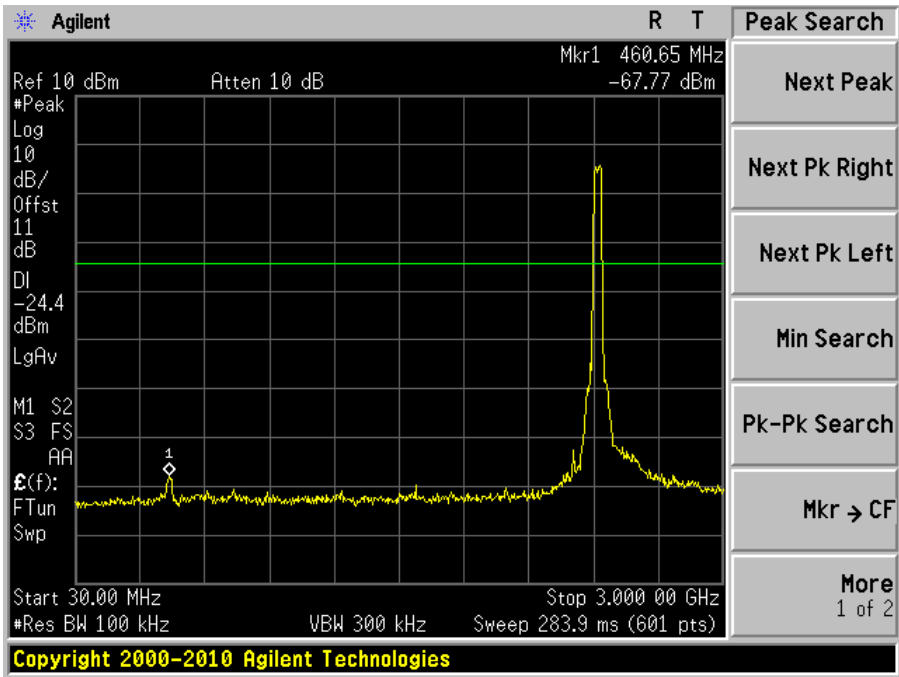


High Channel 2462 MHz

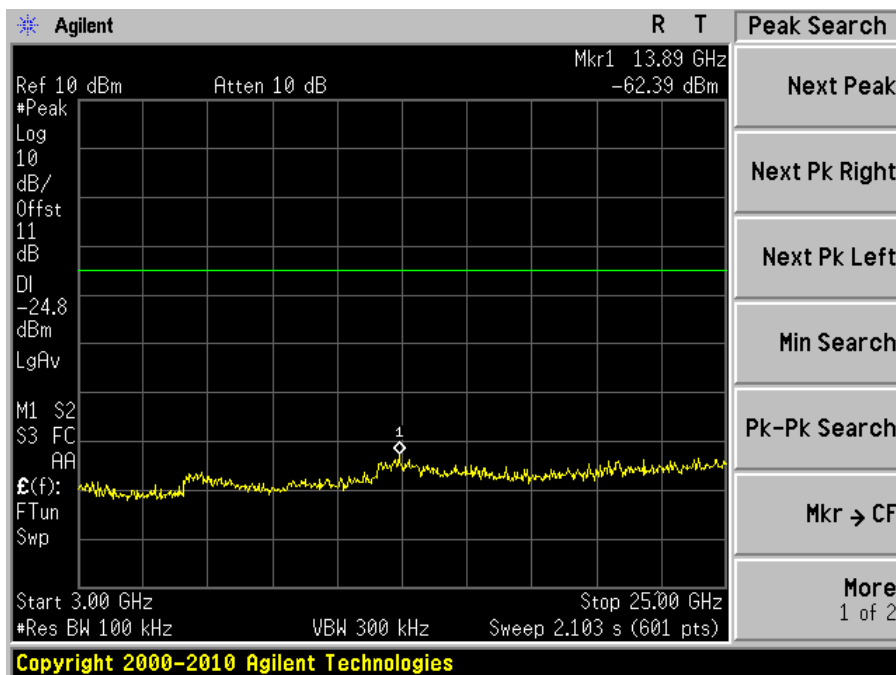
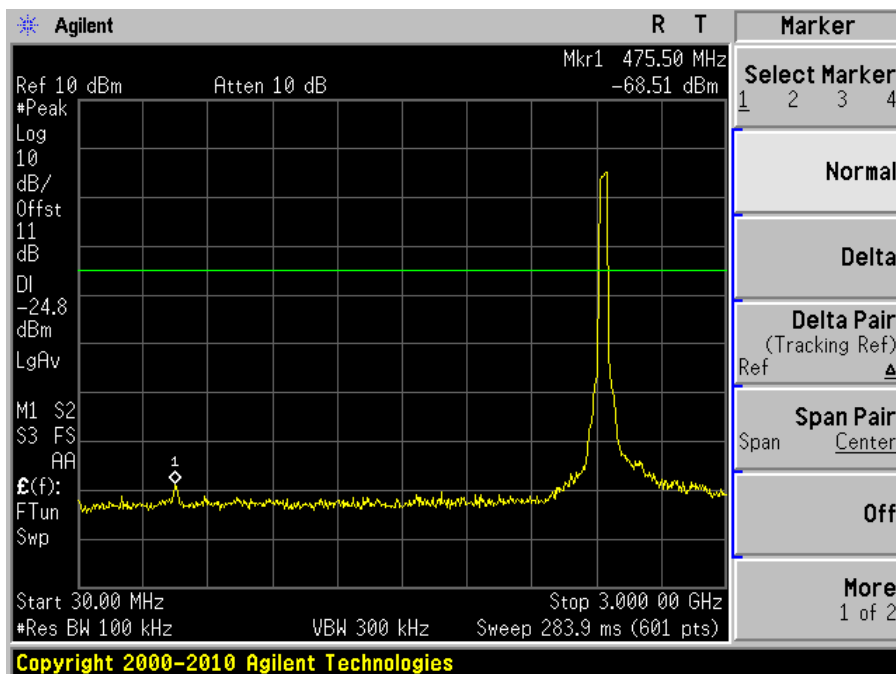


802.11n HT40

Low Channel 2422 MHz

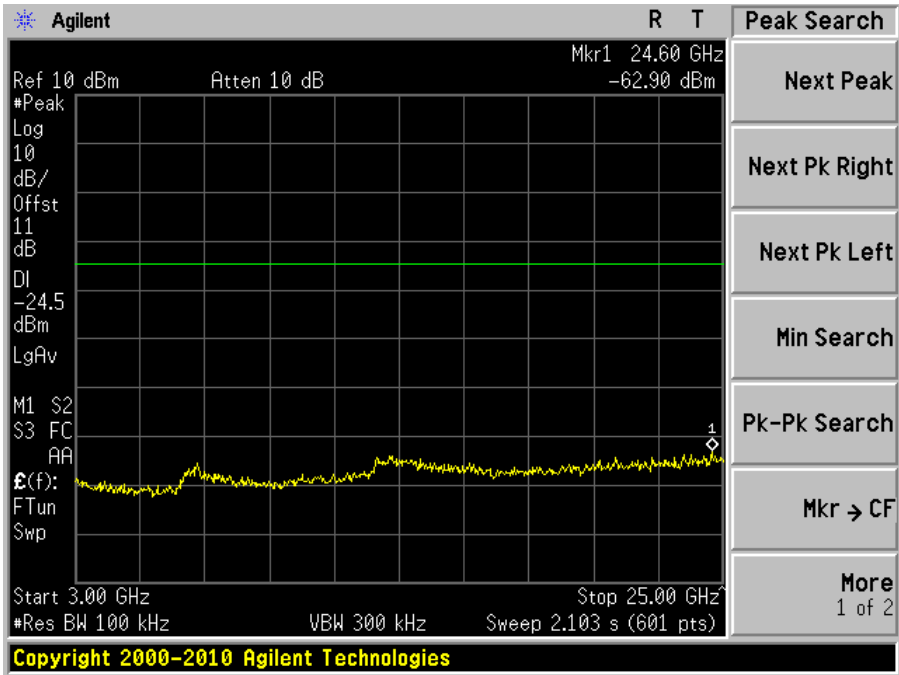
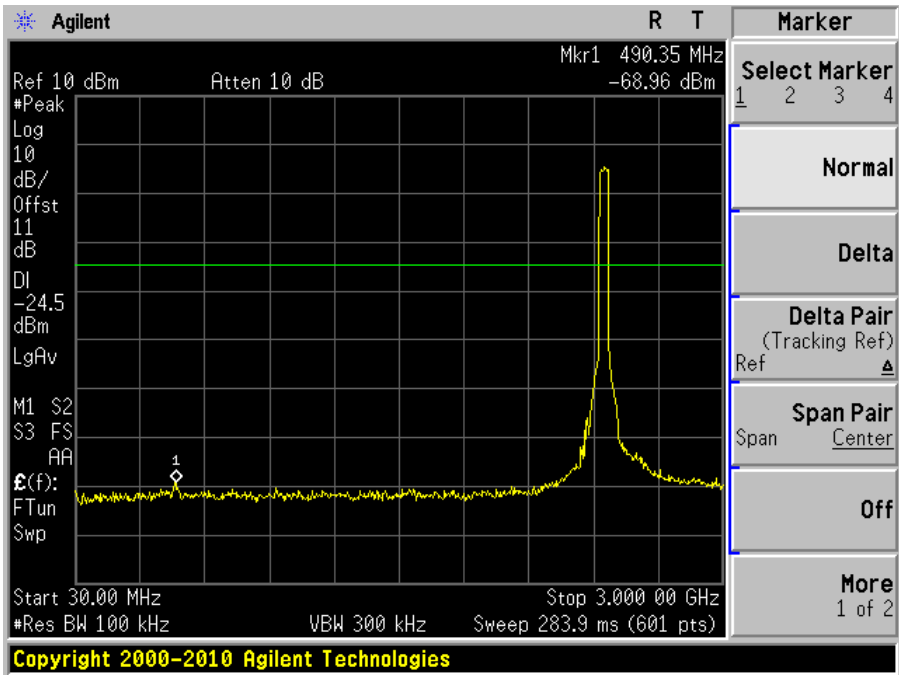


## Middle Channel 2437 MHz



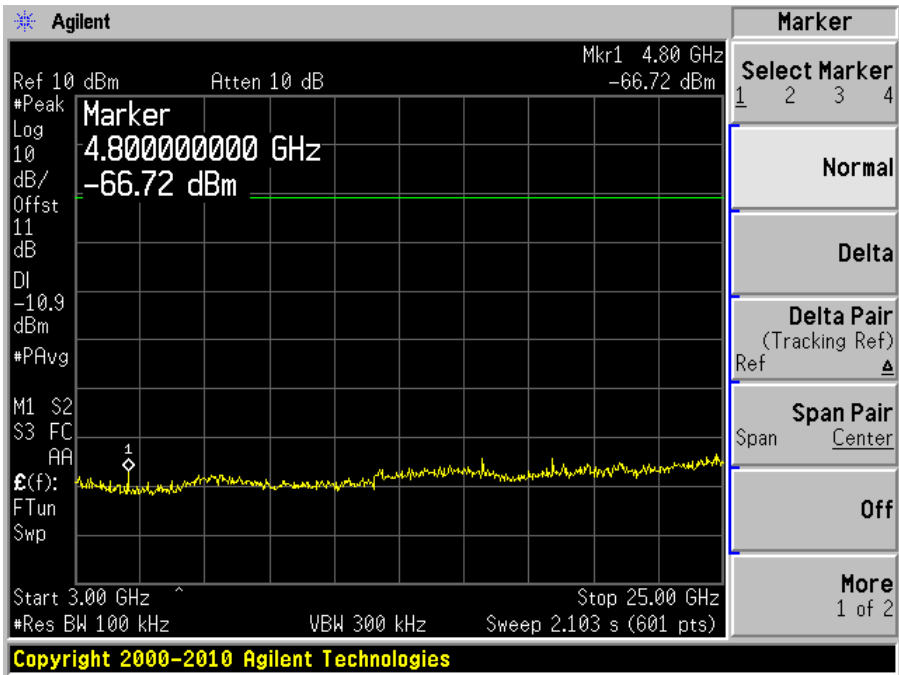
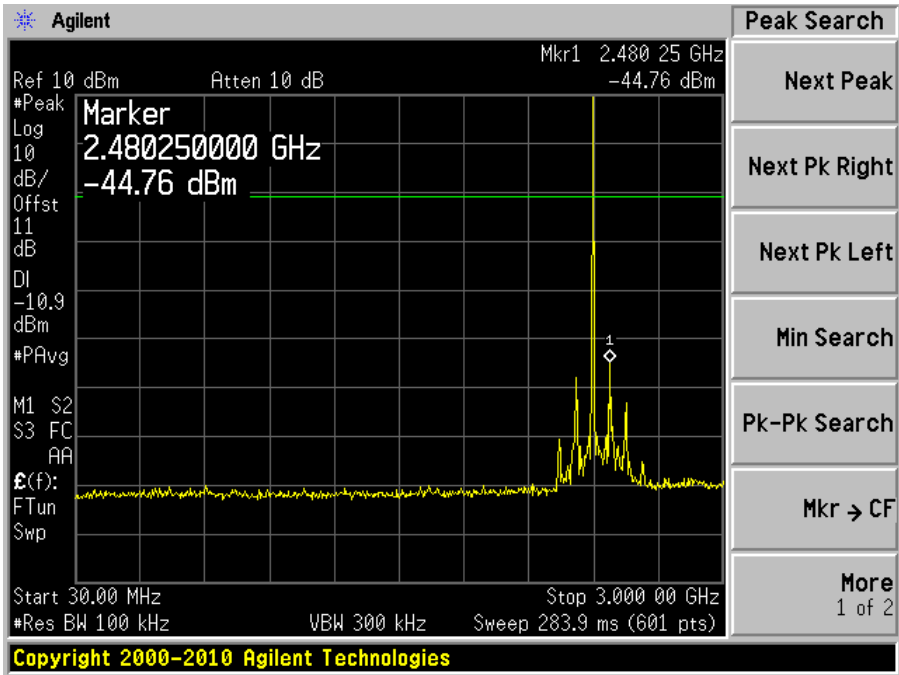


High Channel 2452 MHz

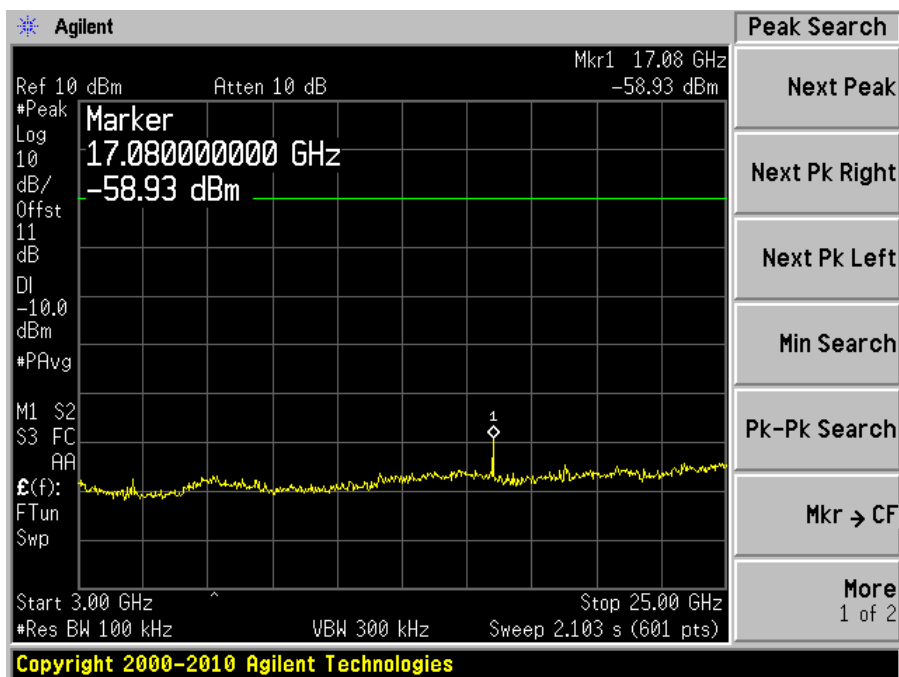
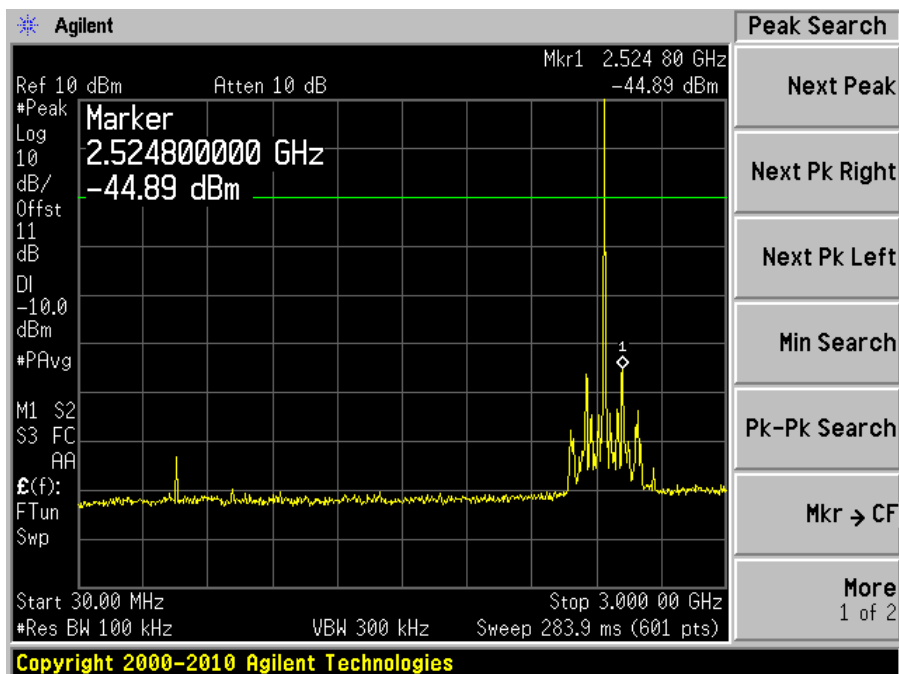


Bluetooth:

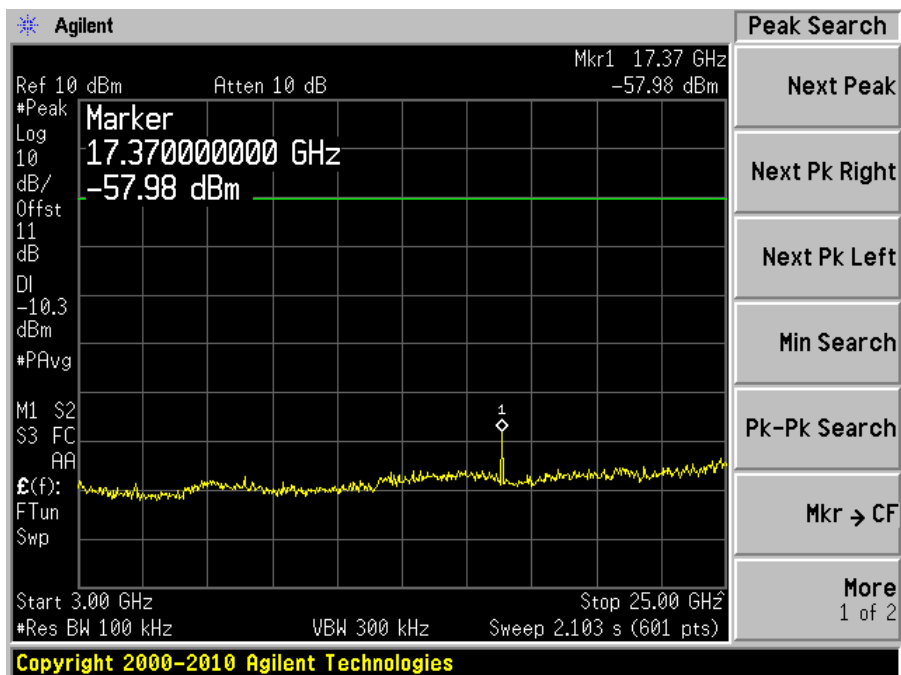
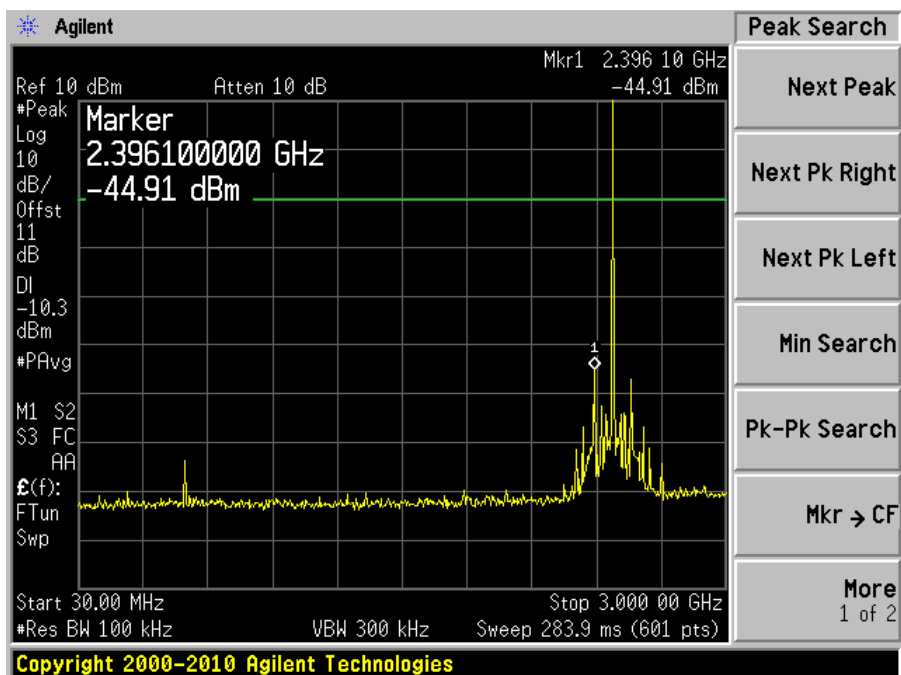
Low Channel GFSK



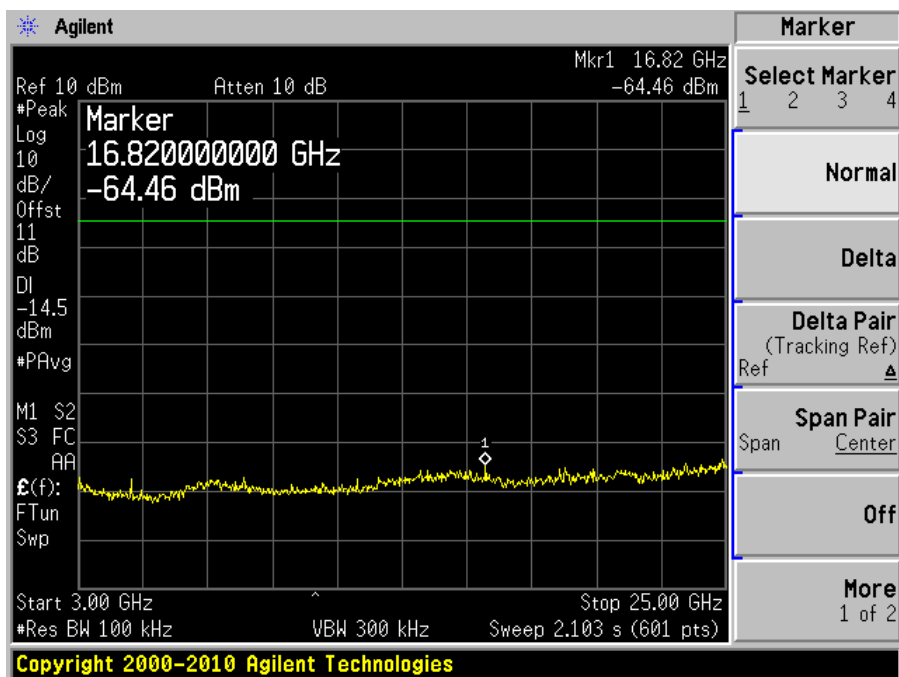
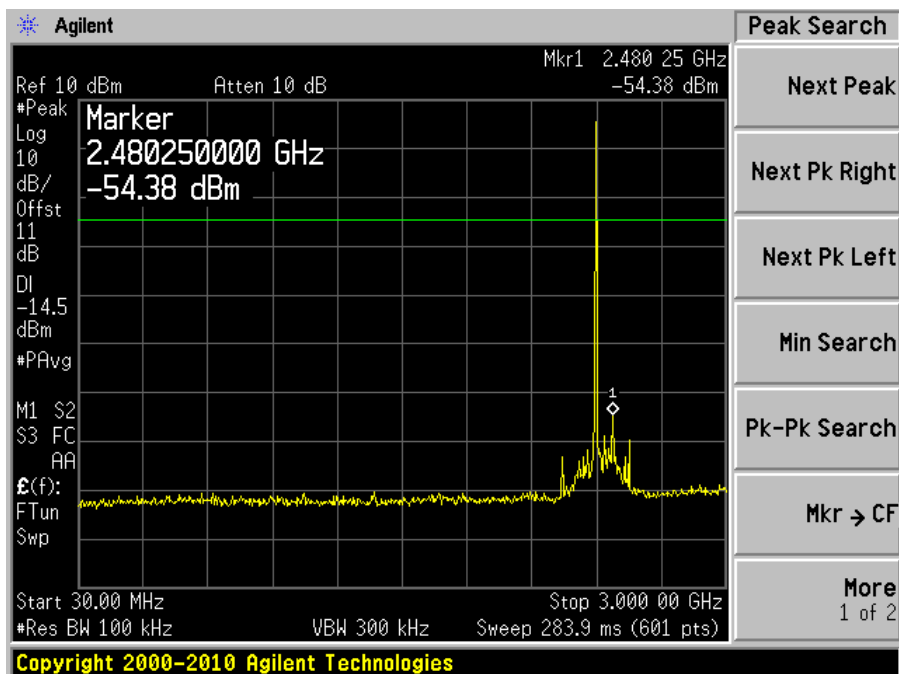
## Middle Channel GFSK



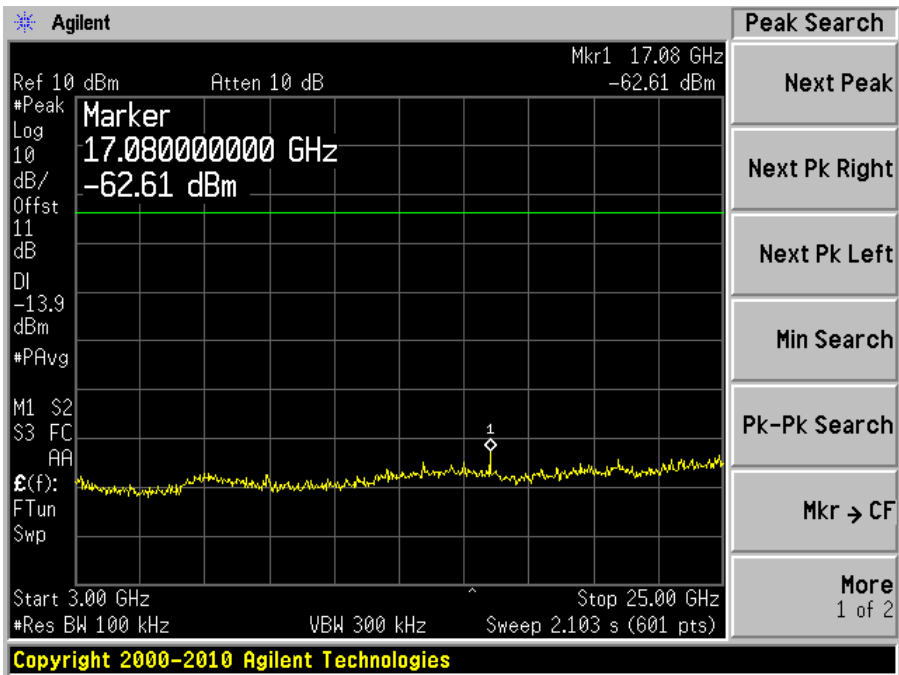
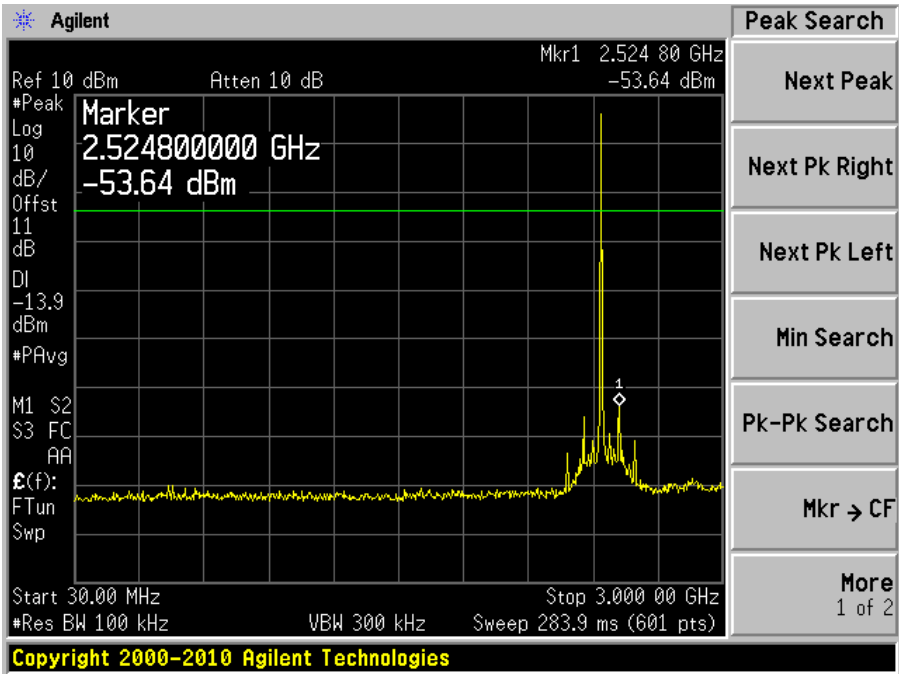
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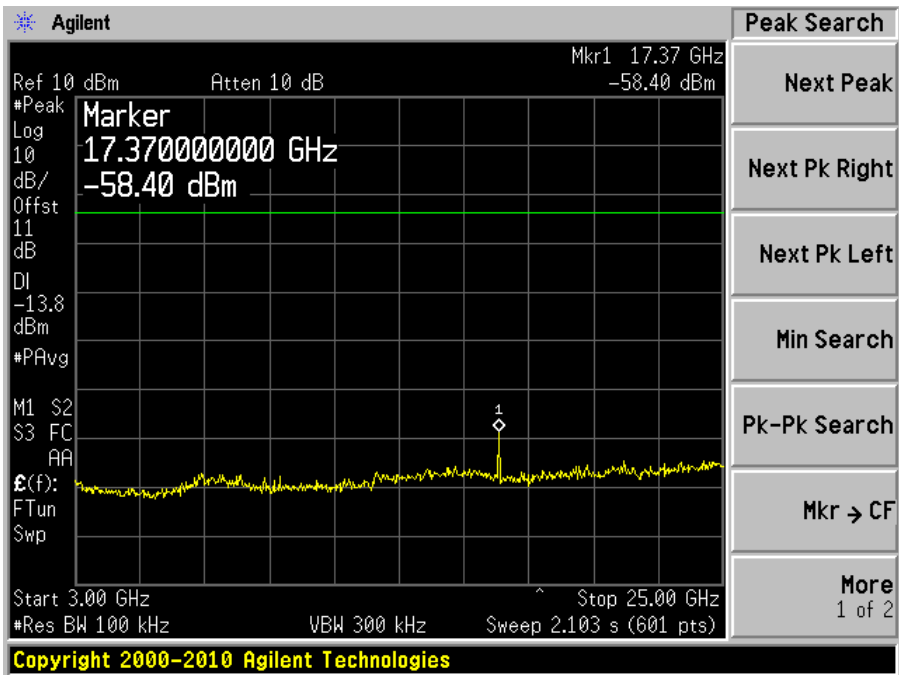
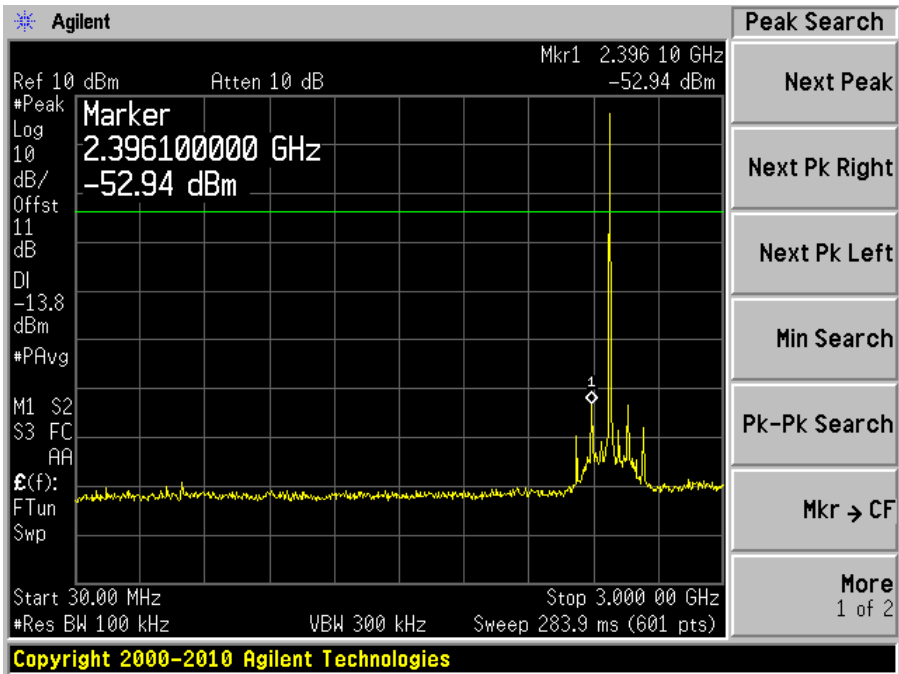
## Low Channel DQPSK



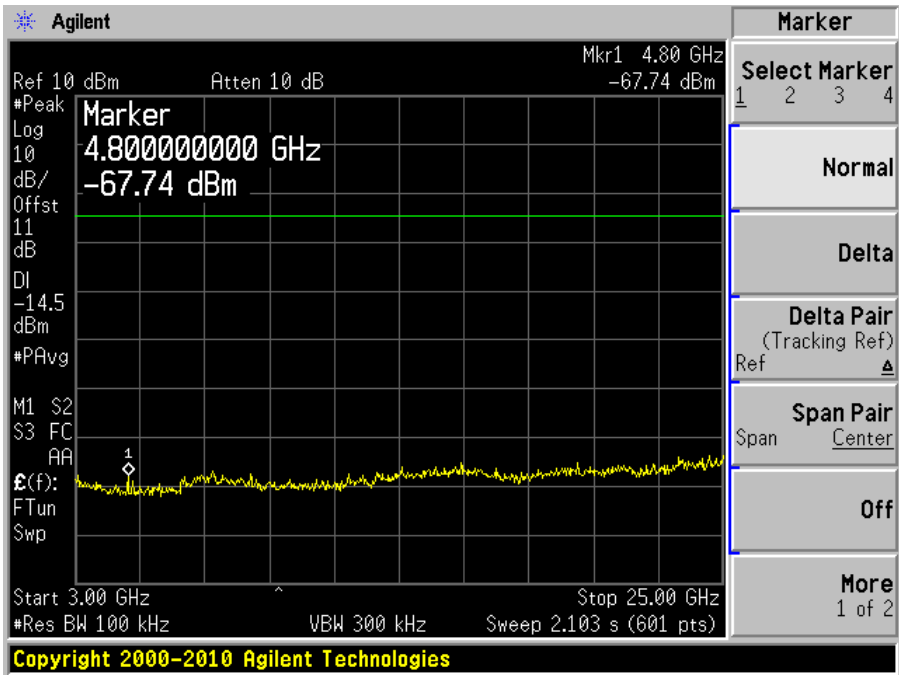
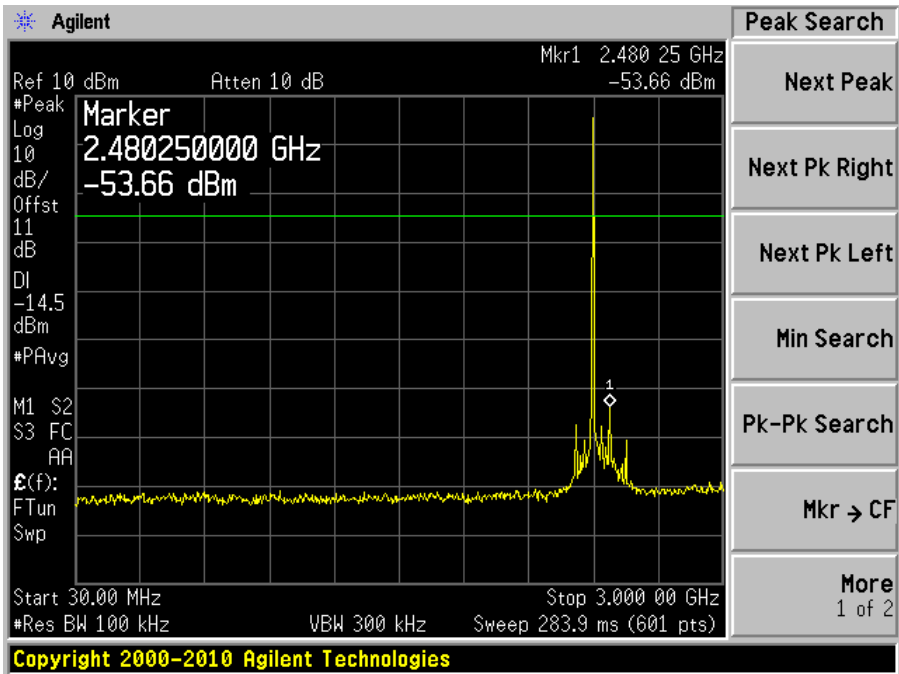
Middle Channel DQPSK



High Channel DQPSK

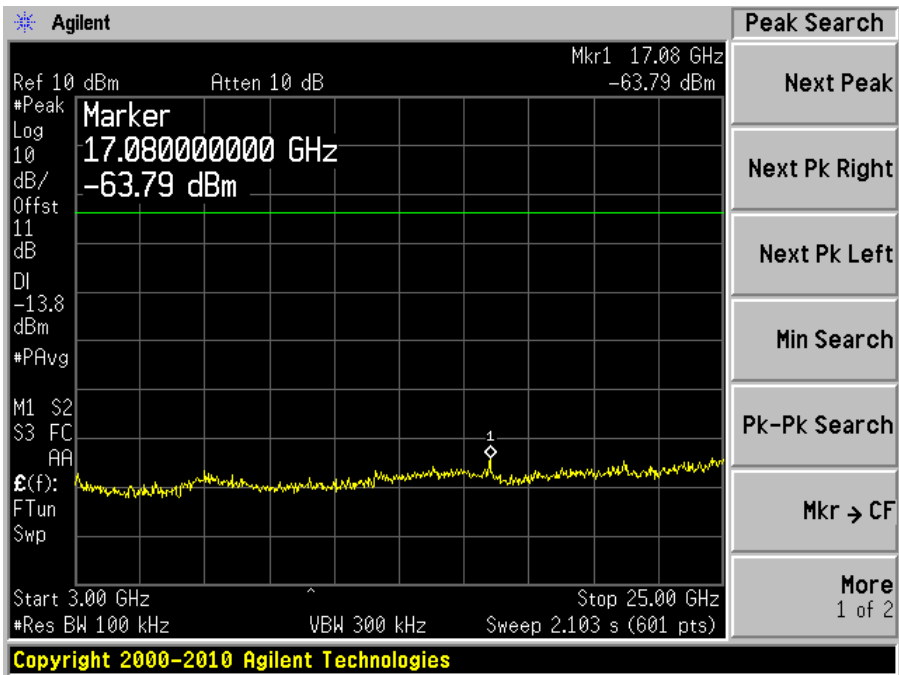
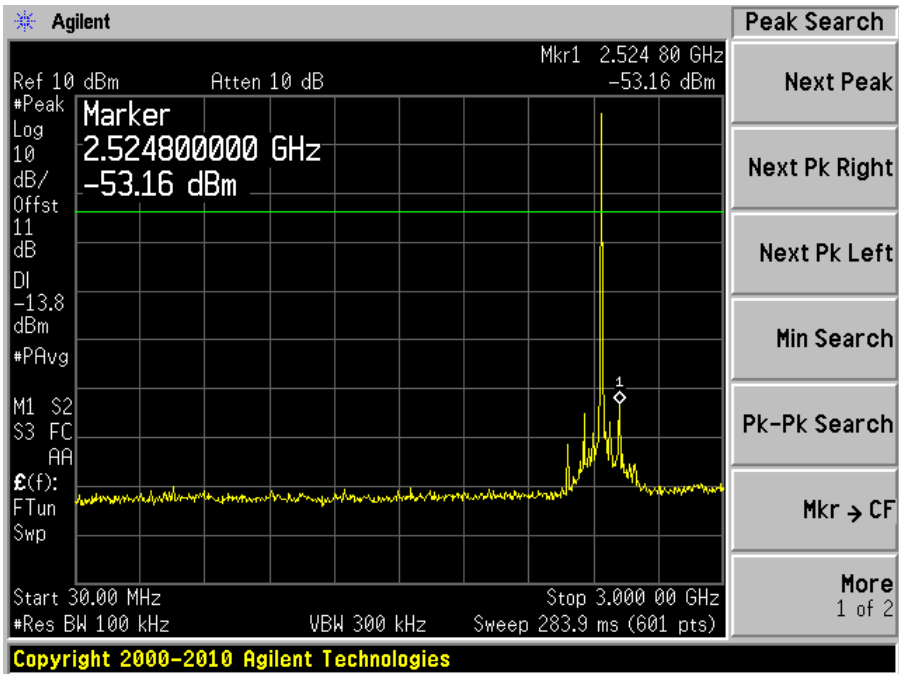


Low Channel 8PSK

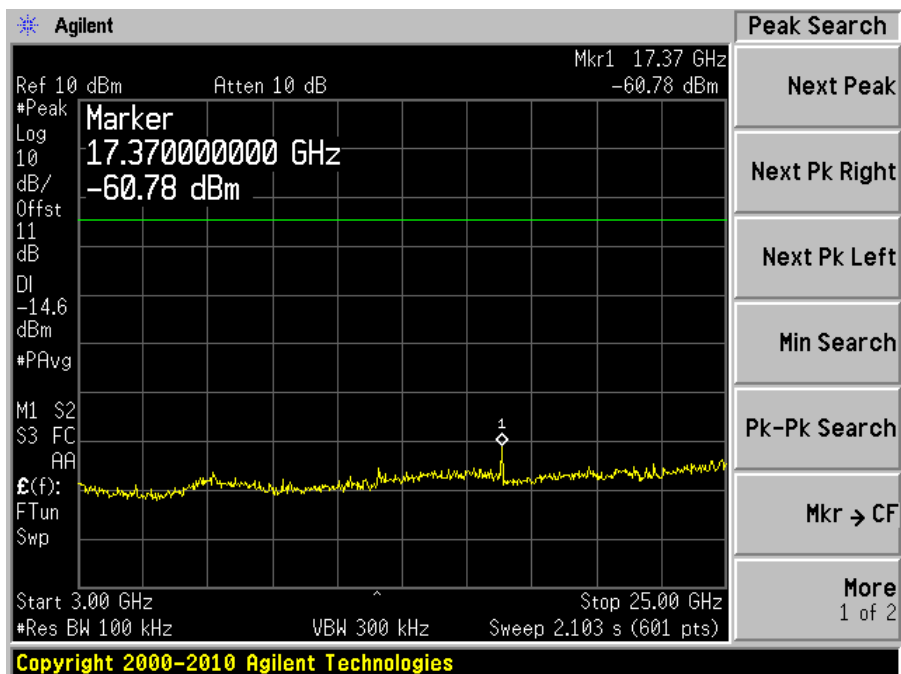
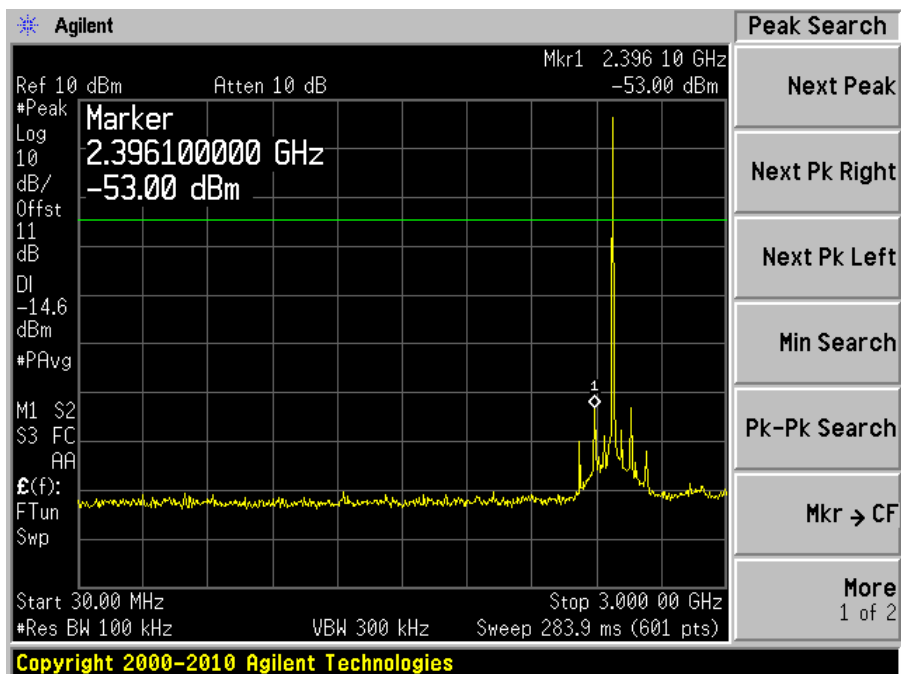




Middle Channel 8PSK



## High Channel 8PSK



## 8 FCC §15.205, §15.209 & §15.247(d) & IC RSS-210 §A8.5 - Spurious Radiated Emissions

### 8.1 Applicable Standard

As per FCC §15.35(d): Unless otherwise specified, on any frequency or frequencies above 1000 MHz, the radiated emission limits are based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing an average detector function. Unless otherwise specified, measurements above 1000 MHz shall be performed using a minimum resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz.

As per FCC §15.209(a) and RSS-210: Except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (micro volts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100 <sup>Note 2</sup>	3
88 - 216	150 <sup>Note 2</sup>	3
216 - 960	200 <sup>Note 2</sup>	3
Above 960	500	3

Note 2: Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g., Sections 15.231 and 15.241.

As Per FCC §15.205(a) except as show in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 – 0.110	16.42 – 16.423	960 – 1240	4.5 – 5.15
0.495 – 0.505	16.69475 – 16.69525	1300 – 1427	5.35 – 5.46
2.1735 – 2.1905	25.5 – 25.67	1435 – 1626.5	7.25 – 7.75
4.125 – 4.128	37.5 – 38.25	1645.5 – 1646.5	8.025 – 8.5
4.17725 – 4.17775	73 – 74.6	1660 – 1710	9.0 – 9.2
4.20725 – 4.20775	74.8 – 75.2	1718.8 – 1722.2	9.3 – 9.5
6.215 – 6.218	108 – 121.94	2200 – 2300	10.6 – 12.7
6.26775 – 6.26825	123 – 138	2310 – 2390	13.25 – 13.4
6.31175 – 6.31225	149.9 – 150.05	2483.5 – 2500	14.47 – 14.5
8.291 – 8.294	156.52475 – 156.52525	2690 – 2900	15.35 – 16.2
8.362 – 8.366	156.7 – 156.9	3260 – 3267	17.7 – 21.4
8.37625 – 8.38675	162.0125 – 167.17	3.332 – 3.339	22.01 – 23.12
8.41425 – 8.41475	167.72 – 173.2	3.3458 – 3.358	23.6 – 24.0
12.29 – 12.293	240 – 285	3.600 – 4.400	31.2 – 31.8
12.51975 – 12.52025	322 – 335.4		36.43 – 36.5
12.57675 – 12.57725	399.9 – 410		Above 38.6
13.36 – 13.41	608 – 614		

As per FCC §15.247 (d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

As per IC RSS-210 §A8.5, In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under Section A8.4 (4), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required.

## 8.2 Test Setup

The radiated emissions tests were performed in the 5-meter Chamber, using the setup in accordance with ANSI C63.4-2009. The specification used was the FCC 15C and IC RSS-210 limits.

The spacing between the peripherals was 10 centimeters.

External I/O cables were draped along the edge of the test table and bundle when necessary.

## 8.3 Test Procedure

For the radiated emissions test, the EUT host, and all support equipment power cords was connected to the AC floor outlet.

Maximizing procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure that the EUT complied with all installation combinations.

The EUT is set 3 meter away from the testing antenna, which is varied from 1-4 meter, and the EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8 meter above ground plane, the table shall be rotated for 360 degrees to find out the highest emission. The receiving antenna should be changed the polarization both of horizontal and vertical.

The spectrum analyzer or receiver is set as:

Below 1000 MHz:

$$\text{RBW} = 100 \text{ kHz} / \text{VBW} = 300 \text{ kHz} / \text{Sweep} = \text{Auto}$$

Above 1000 MHz:

- (1) Peak:  $\text{RBW} = 1\text{MHz} / \text{VBW} = 1\text{MHz} / \text{Sweep} = \text{Auto}$
- (2) Average:  $\text{RBW} = 1\text{MHz} / \text{VBW} = 10\text{Hz} / \text{Sweep} = \text{Auto}$

## 8.4 Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The Corrected Amplitude (CA) is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor (AF), the Cable Loss (CL), the Attenuator Factor (Atten) and subtracting the Amplifier Gain (Ga) to the indicated Amplitude (Ai) reading. The basic equation is as follows:

$$CA = Ai + AF + CL + Atten - Ga$$

For example, the Corrected Amplitude (CA) of 40.3 dBuV/m = indicated Amplitude reading (Ai) 32.5 dBuV + Antenna Factor (AF) 23.5dB + Cable Loss (CL) 3.7 dB + Attenuator (Atten) 10 dB - Amplifier Gain (Ga) 29.4 dB

The “**Margin**” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance within the applicable limit. For example, a margin of -7 dB means the emission is 7 dB below the maximum limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

$$\text{Margin (dB)} = \text{Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)} - \text{Limit (dBuV/m)}$$

## 8.5 Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI 1166.5950K03	100338	2011-09-14	1 year
Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	E4440A	MY44303352	2012-05-10	1 year
Sunol Science Corp	System Controller	SC99V	011003-1	N/R	1 year
Sunol Science Corp	Combination Antenna	JB3	A020106-3	2012-06-18	1 year
A.H. Systems	Horn antenna	SAS-200/571	261	2012-01-18	1 year
Hewlett Packard	Pre-amplifier	8447D	2944A10187	2012-03-08	1 year
Mini-Circuits	Pre-amplifier	ZVA-183-S	570400946	2012-05-09	1 year

**Statement of Traceability:** BACL attests that all calibrations have been performed per the A2LA requirements, traceable to NIST.

## 8.6 Test Environmental Conditions

### WLAN:

<b>Temperature:</b>	20-23 °C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	55-58%
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	101.1-101.4kPa

*The testing was performed by Lionel Lara on 2012-07-14 and 2012-07-19 at 5 meter chamber 3.*

### BT:

<b>Temperature:</b>	21-23 °C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	55-58 %
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	101.1-101.3kPa

*The testing was performed by Lionel Lara on 2012-07-18 to 2012-07-19 in 5 meter chamber 3.*

## 8.7 Summary of Test Results

According to the data hereinafter, the EUT complied with the FCC Title 47, Part 15C and IC RSS-210 standard's radiated emissions limits, and had a worst case margin of:

**WLAN:**

**30-1000 MHz:**

Mode: Transmitting			
Margin (dB)	Frequency (MHz)	Polarization (Horizontal/Vertical)	Channel, Range
-25.77	999.97	Vertical	802.11g Low, 30-1000 MHz

**Above 1 GHz:**

Mode: Transmitting			
Margin (dB)	Frequency (MHz)	Polarization (Horizontal/Vertical)	Channel, Range
-2.98	2484.2	Horizontal	802.11g High, 1GHz – 25GHz

**BT:**

**30-1000 MHz:**

Mode: Transmitting			
Margin (dB)	Frequency (MHz)	Polarization (Horizontal/Vertical)	Channel, Range
-28.06	995.46	Vertical	Middle, 30 MHz–1 GHz

**Above 1 GHz:**

Mode: Transmitting			
Margin (dB)	Frequency (MHz)	Polarization (Horizontal/Vertical)	Channel, Range
-7.49	2487.7	Horizontal	High, 1– 25 GHz

*Please refer to the following table and plots for specific test result details*

## 8.8 Radiated Emissions Test Data and Plots

### WLAN:

#### 1) 30 MHz – 1 GHz, Measured at 3 meters

##### 802.11b Mode, Low Channel

Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Antenna Height (cm)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Comment
995.48	25.52	100	V	178	54	-28.48	Quasi-Peak

##### 802.11b Mode, Middle Channel

Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Antenna Height (cm)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Comment
999.5	25.68	100	V	175	54	-28.32	Quasi-Peak

##### 802.11b Mode, High Channel

Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Antenna Height (cm)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Comment
916.52	23.04	100	V	337	54	-30.96	Quasi-Peak

##### 802.11g Mode, Low Channel

Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Antenna Height (cm)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Comment
999.97	28.23	100	V	186	54	-25.77	Quasi-Peak

##### 802.11g Mode, Middle Channel

Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Antenna Height (cm)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Comment
995.45	25.63	100	V	167	54	-28.37	Quasi-Peak

##### 802.11g Mode, High Channel

Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Antenna Height (cm)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Comment
998.98	24.86	100	V	191	54	-29.14	Quasi-Peak

**802.11n HT40 Mode, Low Channel**

Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Antenna Height (cm)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Comment
995.45	25.72	100	V	189	54	-28.28	Quasi-Peak

**802.11n HT40 Mode, Middle Channel**

Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Antenna Height (cm)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Comment
999.98	28.13	100	V	180	54	-25.87	Quasi-Peak

**802.11n HT40 Mode, High Channel**

Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Antenna Height (cm)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Comment
999.45	25.68	100	V	173	54	-28.32	Quasi-Peak

Note: 802.11b, 802.11g or HT20, and 802.11n HT40 were tested. Between the 802.11g and 802.11n HT20, 802.11g was the worst case and it was tested.



## 2) 1–25 GHz, Measured at 3 meters

## 802.11b mode:

Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dBμV)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Test Antenna			Cable Loss (dB)	Pre- Amp. (dB)	Cord. Reading (dBμ V/m)	FCC/IC		Comments
			Height (cm)	Polarity (H/V)	Factor (dB/m)				Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	
Low Channel 2412 MHz, measured at 3 meters											
2412	78.4	64	196	H	28.36	3.12	0	109.88	Fund.	-	Peak
2412	74.91	312	100	V	28.53	3.12	0	106.56	Fund.	-	Peak
2412	74.86	64	196	H	28.36	3.12	0	106.34	Fund.	-	Avg
2412	71.14	312	100	V	28.53	3.12	0	102.79	Fund.	-	Avg
4824	37.79	132	120	H	33.48	4.56	27.7	48.13	74	-25.87	Peak
4824	39.45	334	113	V	33.59	4.56	27.7	49.9	74	-24.1	Peak
4824	31.99	132	120	H	33.48	4.56	27.7	42.33	54	-11.67	Avg
4824	34.18	334	113	V	33.59	4.56	27.7	44.63	54	-9.37	Avg
7236	40.69	0	100	H	35.48	5.49	27.58	54.08	74	-19.92	Peak
7236	40.69	0	100	V	35.45	5.49	27.58	54.05	74	-19.95	Peak
7236	26.01	0	100	H	35.48	5.49	27.58	39.4	54	-14.6	Avg
7236	26.01	0	100	V	35.45	5.49	27.58	39.37	54	-14.63	Avg
9648	38.93	0	100	H	37.66	6.56	27.02	56.13	74	-17.87	Peak
9648	38.93	0	100	V	37.66	6.56	27.02	56.13	74	-17.87	Peak
9648	24.3	0	100	H	37.66	6.56	27.02	41.5	54	-12.5	Avg
9648	24.3	0	100	V	37.66	6.56	27.02	41.5	54	-12.5	Avg

Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dBμV)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Test Antenna			Cable Loss (dB)	Pre- Amp. (dB)	Cord. Reading (dBμ V/m)	FCC/IC		Comments
			Height (cm)	Polarity (H/V)	Factor (dB/m)				Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	
Middle Channel 2437 MHz, measured at 3 meters											
2437	76.18	80	224	H	28.36	3.12	0	107.66	Fund.	-	Peak
2437	73.03	311	100	V	28.53	3.12	0	104.68	Fund.	-	Peak
2437	72.8	80	224	H	28.36	3.12	0	104.28	Fund.	-	Avg
2437	70.58	311	100	V	28.53	3.12	0	102.23	Fund.	-	Avg
4874	36.55	131	120	H	33.57	4.54	27.73	46.93	74	-27.07	Peak
4874	38.99	342	100	V	33.59	4.54	27.73	49.39	74	-24.61	Peak
4874	27.08	131	120	H	33.57	4.54	27.73	37.46	54	-16.54	Avg
4874	34.16	342	100	V	33.59	4.54	27.73	44.56	54	-9.44	Avg
7311	41.4	0	100	H	36.02	5.57	27.51	55.48	74	-18.52	Peak
7311	41.4	0	100	V	35.94	5.57	27.51	55.4	74	-18.6	Peak
7311	26.39	0	100	H	36.02	5.57	27.51	40.47	54	-13.53	Avg
7311	26.39	0	100	V	35.94	5.57	27.51	40.39	54	-13.61	Avg
9748	39.29	0	100	H	37.75	6.62	26.98	56.68	74	-17.32	Peak
9748	39.29	0	100	V	37.71	6.62	26.98	56.64	74	-17.36	Peak
9748	24.39	0	100	H	37.75	6.62	26.98	41.78	54	-12.22	Avg
9748	24.39	0	100	V	37.71	6.62	26.98	41.74	54	-12.26	Avg

Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dBμV)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Test Antenna			Cable Loss (dB)	Pre- Amp. (dB)	Cord. Reading (dBμV/m)	FCC/IC		Comments
			Height (cm)	Polarity (H/V)	Factor (dB/m)				Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	
High Channel 2462 MHz, measured at 3 meters											
2462	77.1	25	186	H	29.12	3.25	0	109.47	Fund.	-	Peak
2462	71.49	312	100	V	29.12	3.25	0	103.86	Fund.	-	Peak
2462	73.82	25	186	H	29.12	3.25	0	106.19	Fund.	-	Avg
2462	68.19	312	100	V	29.12	3.25	0	100.56	Fund.	-	Avg
4924	38.6	336	100	H	32.8	4.52	27.75	48.17	74	-25.83	Peak
4924	43.55	317	100	V	32.73	4.52	27.75	53.05	74	-20.95	Peak
4924	33.81	336	100	H	32.8	4.52	27.75	43.38	54	-10.62	Avg
4924	41.08	317	100	V	32.73	4.52	27.75	50.58	54	-3.42	Avg
7386	40.91	0	100	H	36.14	5.62	27.51	55.16	74	-18.84	Peak
7386	40.91	0	100	V	36.05	5.62	27.51	55.07	74	-18.93	Peak
7386	26.03	0	100	H	36.14	5.62	27.51	40.28	54	-13.72	Avg
7386	26.03	0	100	V	36.05	5.62	27.51	40.19	54	-13.81	Avg
9848	38.83	0	100	H	38.06	6.55	26.98	56.46	74	-17.54	Peak
9848	38.83	0	100	V	38.02	6.55	26.98	56.42	74	-17.58	Peak
9848	24.46	0	100	H	38.06	6.55	26.98	42.09	54	-11.91	Avg
9848	24.46	0	100	V	38.02	6.55	26.98	42.05	54	-11.95	Avg

**802.11g mode:**

Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dBμV)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Test Antenna			Cable Loss (dB)	Pre- Amp. (dB)	Cord. Reading (dBμ V/m)	FCC/IC		Comments
			Height (cm)	Polarity (H/V)	Factor (dB/m)				Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	
Low Channel 2412 MHz, measured at 3 meters											
2412	76.51	50	228	H	28.16	3.12	0	107.79	Fund.	-	Peak
2412	73.78	126	116	V	28.12	3.12	0	105.02	Fund.	-	Peak
2412	66.83	50	228	H	28.16	3.12	0	98.11	Fund.	-	Avg
2412	64.2	126	116	V	28.12	3.12	0	95.44	Fund.	-	Avg
4824	39.46	0	100	H	33.48	4.56	27.7	49.8	74	-24.2	Peak
4824	41.48	342	100	V	33.59	4.56	27.7	51.93	74	-22.07	Peak
4824	24.79	0	100	H	33.48	4.56	27.7	35.13	54	-18.87	Avg
4824	25.21	342	100	V	33.59	4.56	27.7	35.66	54	-18.34	Avg
7236	40.09	0	100	H	35.48	5.49	27.58	53.48	74	-20.52	Peak
7236	40.09	0	100	V	35.45	5.49	27.58	53.45	74	-20.55	Peak
7236	26.05	0	100	H	35.48	5.49	27.58	39.44	54	-14.56	Avg
7236	26.05	0	100	V	35.45	5.49	27.58	39.41	54	-14.59	Avg
9648	38.46	0	100	H	37.66	6.56	27.02	55.66	74	-18.34	Peak
9648	38.46	0	100	V	37.66	6.56	27.02	55.66	74	-18.34	Peak
9648	24.3	0	100	H	37.66	6.56	27.02	41.5	54	-12.5	Avg
9648	24.3	0	100	V	37.66	6.56	27.02	41.5	54	-12.5	Avg

Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dBμV)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Test Antenna			Cable Loss (dB)	Pre- Amp. (dB)	Cord. Reading (dBμV/m)	FCC/IC		Comments
			Height (cm)	Polarity (H/V)	Factor (dB/m)				Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	
Middle Channel 2437 MHz, measured at 3 meters											
2437	75.46	53	220	H	28.16	3.12	0	106.74	Fund.	-	Peak
2437	74.29	122	116	V	28.12	3.12	0	105.53	Fund.	-	Peak
2437	65.45	53	220	H	28.16	3.12	0	96.73	Fund.	-	Avg
2437	64.21	122	116	V	28.12	3.12	0	95.45	Fund.	-	Avg
4874	39.59	0	100	H	33.57	4.54	27.73	49.97	74	-24.03	Peak
4874	42.04	343	100	V	33.59	4.54	27.73	52.44	74	-21.56	Peak
4874	24.42	0	100	H	33.57	4.54	27.73	34.8	54	-19.2	Avg
4874	25.62	343	100	V	33.59	4.54	27.73	36.02	54	-17.98	Avg
7311	40.28	0	100	H	36.02	5.57	27.51	54.36	74	-19.64	Peak
7311	40.28	0	100	V	35.94	5.57	27.51	54.28	74	-19.72	Peak
7311	26.26	0	100	H	36.02	5.57	27.51	40.34	54	-13.66	Avg
7311	26.26	0	100	V	35.94	5.57	27.51	40.26	54	-13.74	Avg
9748	38.36	0	100	H	37.75	6.62	26.98	55.75	74	-18.25	Peak
9748	38.36	0	100	V	37.71	6.62	26.98	55.71	74	-18.29	Peak
9748	24.35	0	100	H	37.75	6.62	26.98	41.74	54	-12.26	Avg
9748	24.35	0	100	V	37.71	6.62	26.98	41.7	54	-12.3	Avg

Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dBμV)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Test Antenna			Cable Loss (dB)	Pre- Amp. (dB)	Cord. Reading (dBμV/m)	FCC/IC		Comments
			Height (cm)	Polarity (H/V)	Factor (dB/m)				Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	
High Channel 2462 MHz, measured at 3 meters											
2462	75.35	54	220	H	28.42	3.25	0	107.02	Fund.	-	Peak
2462	73.04	123	100	V	28.27	3.25	0	104.56	Fund.	-	Peak
2462	65.64	54	220	H	28.42	3.25	0	97.31	Fund.	-	Avg
2462	63.09	123	100	V	28.27	3.25	0	94.61	Fund.	-	Avg
4924	39.36	0	100	H	33.57	4.52	27.75	49.7	74	-24.3	Peak
4924	42.37	343	100	V	33.59	4.52	27.75	52.73	74	-21.27	Peak
4924	24.4	0	100	H	33.57	4.52	27.75	34.74	54	-19.26	Avg
4924	26	343	100	V	33.59	4.52	27.75	36.36	54	-17.64	Avg
7386	40.25	0	100	H	36.14	5.62	27.51	54.5	74	-19.5	Peak
7386	40.25	0	100	V	36.05	5.62	27.51	54.41	74	-19.59	Peak
7386	26.07	0	100	H	36.14	5.62	27.51	40.32	54	-13.68	Avg
7386	26.07	0	100	V	36.05	5.62	27.51	40.23	54	-13.77	Avg
9848	38.52	0	100	H	38.06	6.55	26.98	56.15	74	-17.85	Peak
9848	38.52	0	100	V	38.02	6.55	26.98	56.11	74	-17.89	Peak
9848	24.46	0	100	H	38.06	6.55	26.98	42.09	54	-11.91	Avg
9848	24.46	0	100	V	38.02	6.55	26.98	42.05	54	-11.95	Avg

**802.11n HT40 mode:**

Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dBμV)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Test Antenna			Cable Loss (dB)	Pre- Amp. (dB)	Cord. Reading (dBμV/m)	FCC/IC		Comments
			Height (cm)	Polarity (H/V)	Factor (dB/m)				Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	
Low Channel 2422 MHz, measured at 3 meters											
2422	73.38	53	234	H	28.16	3.12	0	104.66	Fund.	-	Peak
2422	71.94	123	116	V	28.12	3.12	0	103.18	Fund.	-	Peak
2422	61.96	53	234	H	28.16	3.12	0	93.24	Fund.	-	Avg
2422	60.48	123	116	V	28.12	3.12	0	91.72	Fund.	-	Avg
4844	39.05	0	100	H	33.47	4.56	27.7	49.38	74	-24.62	Peak
4844	39.05	0	100	V	33.59	4.56	27.7	49.5	74	-24.5	Peak
4844	24.57	0	100	H	33.47	4.56	27.7	34.9	54	-19.1	Avg
4844	24.57	0	100	V	33.59	4.56	27.7	35.02	54	-18.98	Avg
7266	40.14	0	100	H	38.27	5.49	27.56	56.34	74	-17.66	Peak
7266	40.14	0	100	V	38.33	5.49	27.56	56.4	74	-17.6	Peak
7266	26.41	0	100	H	38.27	5.49	27.56	42.61	54	-11.39	Avg
7266	26.41	0	100	V	38.33	5.49	27.56	42.67	54	-11.33	Avg
9688	39.03	0	100	H	38.41	6.56	26.98	57.02	74	-16.98	Peak
9688	39.03	0	100	V	38.39	6.56	26.98	57	74	-17	Peak
9688	24.64	0	100	H	38.41	6.56	26.98	42.63	54	-11.37	Avg
9688	24.64	0	100	V	38.39	6.56	26.98	42.61	54	-11.39	Avg

Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dBμV)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Test Antenna			Cable Loss (dB)	Pre- Amp. (dB)	Cord. Reading (dBμV/m)	FCC/IC		Comments
			Height (cm)	Polarity (H/V)	Factor (dB/m)				Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	
Middle Channel 2437 MHz, measured at 3 meters											
2437	72.24	54	222	H	28.16	3.12	0	103.52	Fund.	-	Peak
2437	70.67	125	116	V	28.12	3.12	0	101.91	Fund.	-	Peak
2437	62.32	54	222	H	28.16	3.12	0	93.6	Fund.	-	Avg
2437	60.81	125	116	V	28.12	3.12	0	92.05	Fund.	-	Avg
4874	39.08	0	100	H	33.57	4.54	27.73	49.46	74	-24.54	Peak
4874	39.08	0	100	V	33.59	4.54	27.73	49.48	74	-24.52	Peak
4874	24.46	0	100	H	33.57	4.54	27.73	34.84	54	-19.16	Avg
4874	24.46	0	100	V	33.59	4.54	27.73	34.86	54	-19.14	Avg
7311	40.67	0	100	H	36.02	5.57	27.51	54.75	74	-19.25	Peak
7311	40.67	0	100	V	35.94	5.57	27.51	54.67	74	-19.33	Peak
7311	26.51	0	100	H	36.02	5.57	27.51	40.59	54	-13.41	Avg
7311	26.51	0	100	V	35.94	5.57	27.51	40.51	54	-13.49	Avg
9748	39.25	0	100	H	37.75	6.62	26.98	56.64	74	-17.36	Peak
9748	39.25	0	100	V	37.71	6.62	26.98	56.6	74	-17.4	Peak
9748	24.44	0	100	H	37.75	6.62	26.98	41.83	54	-12.17	Avg
9748	24.44	0	100	V	37.71	6.62	26.98	41.79	54	-12.21	Avg

Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dBμV)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Test Antenna			Cable Loss (dB)	Pre- Amp. (dB)	Cord. Reading (dBμV/m)	FCC/IC		Comments
			Height (cm)	Polarity (H/V)	Factor (dB/m)				Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	
High Channel 2452 MHz, measured at 3 meters											
2452	72.83	53	222	H	28.42	3.25	0	104.5	Fund.	-	Peak
2452	71.86	124	113	V	28.27	3.25	0	103.38	Fund.	-	Peak
2452	62.31	53	222	H	28.42	3.25	0	93.98	Fund.	-	Avg
2452	60.4	124	113	V	28.27	3.25	0	91.92	Fund.	-	Avg
4904	39.16	0	100	H	33.57	4.54	27.67	49.6	74	-24.4	Peak
4904	39.16	0	100	V	33.59	4.54	27.67	49.62	74	-24.38	Peak
4904	23.94	0	100	H	33.57	4.54	27.67	34.38	54	-19.62	Avg
4904	23.94	0	100	V	33.59	4.54	27.67	34.4	54	-19.6	Avg
7356	40.49	0	100	H	38.2	5.62	27.57	56.74	74	-17.26	Peak
7356	40.49	0	100	V	38.28	5.62	27.57	56.82	74	-17.18	Peak
7356	25.91	0	100	H	38.2	5.62	27.57	42.16	54	-11.84	Avg
7356	25.91	0	100	V	38.28	5.62	27.57	42.24	54	-11.76	Avg
9808	39.37	0	100	H	38.23	6.58	27.02	57.16	74	-16.84	Peak
9808	39.37	0	100	V	38.15	6.58	27.02	57.08	74	-16.92	Peak
9808	24.63	0	100	H	38.23	6.58	27.02	42.42	54	-11.58	Avg
9808	24.63	0	100	V	38.15	6.58	27.02	42.34	54	-11.66	Avg

**3) Restricted Band Emissions****802.11b mode:**

Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dBμV)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Test Antenna			Cable Loss (dB)	Pre- Amp. (dB)	Cord. Reading (dBμV/m)	FCC/IC		Comments
			Height (cm)	Polarity (H/V)	Factor (dB/m)				Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	
Low Channel 2412 MHz, measured at 3 meters											
2389.6	34.32	64	196	H	28.36	3.12	0	65.8	74	-8.2	Peak
2389.7	30.41	312	100	V	28.53	3.12	0	62.06	74	-11.94	Peak
2389.6	12.78	64	196	H	28.36	3.12	0	44.26	54	-9.74	Avg
2389.7	12.69	312	100	V	28.53	3.12	0	44.34	54	-9.66	Avg

Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dBμV)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Test Antenna			Cable Loss (dB)	Pre- Amp. (dB)	Cord. Reading (dBμV/m)	FCC/IC		Comments
			Height (cm)	Polarity (H/V)	Factor (dB/m)				Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	
High Channel 2462 MHz, measured at 3 meters											
2483.5	37.65	25	186	H	29.12	3.25	0	70.02	74	-3.98	Peak
2484.5	33.03	312	100	V	29.12	3.25	0	65.4	74	-8.6	Peak
2483.5	13.02	25	186	H	29.12	3.25	0	45.39	54	-8.61	Avg
2484.5	12.99	312	100	V	29.12	3.25	0	45.36	54	-8.64	Avg

**802.11g mode:**

Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dBμV)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Test Antenna			Cable Loss (dB)	Pre- Amp. (dB)	Cord. Reading (dBμV/m)	FCC/IC		Comments
			Height (cm)	Polarity (H/V)	Factor (dB/m)				Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	
Low Channel 2412 MHz, measured at 3 meters											
2388.4	37.13	50	228	H	28.16	3.12	0	68.41	74	-5.59	Peak
2390	36.03	126	116	V	28.12	3.12	0	67.27	74	-6.73	Peak
2388.4	15.32	50	228	H	28.16	3.12	0	46.6	54	-7.4	Avg
2390	14.61	126	116	V	28.12	3.12	0	45.85	54	-8.15	Avg

Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dBμV)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Test Antenna			Cable Loss (dB)	Pre- Amp. (dB)	Cord. Reading (dBμV/m)	FCC/IC		Comments
			Height (cm)	Polarity (H/V)	Factor (dB/m)				Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	
High Channel 2462 MHz, measured at 3 meters											
2484.2	39.35	54	220	H	28.42	3.25	0	71.02	74	-2.98	Peak
2483.9	37.19	123	100	V	28.27	3.25	0	68.71	74	-5.29	Peak
2484.2	14.07	54	220	H	28.42	3.25	0	45.74	54	-8.26	Avg
2483.9	13.75	123	100	V	28.27	3.25	0	45.27	54	-8.73	Avg

**802.11HT40 mode:**

Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dBμV)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Test Antenna			Cable Loss (dB)	Pre- Amp. (dB)	Cord. Reading (dBμV/m)	FCC/IC		Comments
			Height (cm)	Polarity (H/V)	Factor (dB/m)				Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	
Low Channel 2422 MHz, measured at 3 meters											
2389.9	34.53	53	234	H	28.16	3.12	0	65.81	74	-8.19	Peak
2389.9	33.46	123	116	V	28.12	3.12	0	64.7	74	-9.3	Peak
2389.9	16.21	53	234	H	28.16	3.12	0	47.49	54	-6.51	Avg
2389.9	15.73	123	116	V	28.12	3.12	0	46.97	54	-7.03	Avg

Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dBμV)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Test Antenna			Cable Loss (dB)	Pre- Amp. (dB)	Cord. Reading (dBμV/m)	FCC/IC		Comments
			Height (cm)	Polarity (H/V)	Factor (dB/m)				Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	
High Channel 2452 MHz, measured at 3 meters											
2484	35.06	53	222	H	28.42	3.25	0	66.73	74	-7.27	Peak
2484.5	34.46	124	113	V	28.27	3.25	0	65.98	74	-8.02	Peak
2484	14.09	53	222	H	28.42	3.25	0	45.76	54	-8.24	Avg
2484.5	13.72	124	113	V	28.27	3.25	0	45.24	54	-8.76	Avg



**Bluetooth:**

Worst mode was tested (GFSK)

**1) 30 MHz – 1 GHz, Radiated Spurious Emissions Measured at 3 meters**

Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dB)	Antenna Height (cm)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Comment
GFSK, Low Channel (2402 MHz)							
995.75	25.3	100	V	168	54	-28.7	Quasi-Peak
GFSK, Middle Channel (2441 MHz)							
995.46	25.94	100	V	183	54	-28.06	Quasi-Peak
GFSK, High Channel (2480 MHz)							
996.88	25.03	100	V	186	54	-28.97	Quasi-Peak

**2) 1 – 25 GHz, Radiated Spurious Emissions Measured at 3 meters**

Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dBμV)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Test Antenna			Cable Loss (dB)	Pre- Amp. (dB)	Cord. Reading (dBμV/m)	FCC & IC		Comments
			Height (cm)	Polarity (H/V)	Factor (dB/m)				Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	
GFSK, Low Channel (2402 MHz)											
2402	76.67	317	122	H	28.36	3.12	0	108.15	Fund.	-	Peak
2402	73.43	113	100	V	28.53	3.12	0	105.08	Fund.	-	Peak
2402	73.5	317	122	H	28.36	3.12	0	104.98	Fund.	-	Avg
2402	70.37	113	100	V	28.53	3.12	0	102.02	Fund.	-	Avg
4804	34.32	0	100	H	33.48	4.56	27.78	44.58	74	-29.42	Peak
4804	35.47	337	153	V	33.59	4.56	27.78	45.84	74	-28.16	Peak
4804	19.19	0	100	H	33.48	4.56	27.78	29.45	54	-24.55	Avg
4804	23.4	337	153	V	33.59	4.56	27.78	33.77	54	-20.23	Avg
7206	33.25	0	100	H	38.5	5.49	27.59	49.65	74	-24.35	Peak
7206	35.6	315	141	V	38.65	5.49	27.59	52.15	74	-21.85	Peak
7206	18.36	0	100	H	38.5	5.49	27.59	34.76	54	-19.24	Avg
7206	25.3	315	141	V	38.65	5.49	27.59	41.85	54	-12.15	Avg
9608	32.08	0	100	H	38.54	6.54	27.05	50.11	74	-23.89	Peak
9608	31.94	0	100	V	38.54	6.54	27.05	49.97	74	-24.03	Peak
9608	17.04	0	100	H	38.54	6.54	27.05	35.07	54	-18.93	Avg
9608	17.17	0	100	V	38.54	6.54	27.05	35.2	54	-18.8	Avg

Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dBμV)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Test Antenna			Cable Loss (dB)	Pre- Amp. (dB)	Cord. Reading (dBμV/m)	FCC & IC		Comments
			Height (cm)	Polarity (H/V)	Factor (dB/m)				Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	
GFSK, Middle Channel (2441 MHz)											
2441	75.08	262	103	H	28.75	3.25	0	107.08	Fund.	-	Peak
2441	73.35	216	100	V	28.82	3.25	0	105.42	Fund.	-	Peak
2441	71.84	262	103	H	28.75	3.25	0	103.84	Fund.	-	Avg
2441	70.21	216	100	V	28.82	3.25	0	102.28	Fund.	-	Avg
4882	33.82	0	100	H	33.57	4.54	27.67	44.26	74	-29.74	Peak
4882	34.84	0	100	V	33.59	4.54	27.67	45.3	74	-28.7	Peak
4882	19.45	0	100	H	33.57	4.54	27.67	29.89	54	-24.11	Avg
4882	20.44	0	100	V	33.59	4.54	27.67	30.9	54	-23.1	Avg
7323	33.43	0	100	H	38.27	5.57	27.51	49.76	74	-24.24	Peak
7323	33.75	0	100	V	38.33	5.57	27.51	50.14	74	-23.86	Peak
7323	18.45	0	100	H	38.27	5.57	27.51	34.78	54	-19.22	Avg
7323	18.15	0	100	V	38.33	5.57	27.51	34.54	54	-19.46	Avg
9764	31.78	0	100	H	38.3	6.62	26.98	49.72	74	-24.28	Peak
9764	31.48	0	100	V	38.3	6.62	26.98	49.42	74	-24.58	Peak
9764	16.97	0	100	H	38.3	6.62	26.98	34.91	54	-19.09	Avg
9764	16.97	0	100	V	38.3	6.62	26.98	34.91	54	-19.09	Avg
GFSK, High Channel (2480 MHz)											
2480	76.99	318	118	H	29.12	3.25	0	109.36	Fund.	-	Peak
2480	73.35	221	127	V	29.12	3.25	0	105.72	Fund.	-	Peak
2480	73.8	318	118	H	29.12	3.25	0	106.17	Fund.	-	Avg
2480	70.31	221	127	V	29.12	3.25	0	102.68	Fund.	-	Avg
4960	33.12	15	135	H	33.74	4.52	27.7	43.68	74	-30.32	Peak
4960	35.64	324	130	V	33.67	4.52	27.7	46.13	74	-27.87	Peak
4960	19.74	15	135	H	33.74	4.52	27.7	30.3	54	-23.7	Avg
4960	28.43	324	130	V	33.67	4.52	27.7	38.92	54	-15.08	Avg
7440	32.1	0	100	H	38.36	5.66	27.53	48.59	74	-25.41	Peak
7440	32.62	0	100	V	38.39	5.66	27.53	49.14	74	-24.86	Peak
7440	17.79	0	100	H	38.36	5.66	27.53	34.28	54	-19.72	Avg
7440	17.818	0	100	V	38.39	5.66	27.53	34.338	54	-19.662	Avg
9920	31.96	0	100	H	38	6.67	27.01	49.62	74	-24.38	Peak
9920	31.73	0	100	V	37.9	6.67	27.01	49.29	74	-24.71	Peak
9920	16.95	0	100	H	38	6.67	27.01	34.61	54	-19.39	Avg
9920	17.04	0	100	V	37.9	6.67	27.01	34.6	54	-19.4	Avg

**3) Spurious Emissions in Restricted Band**

Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dBμV)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Test Antenna			Cable Loss (dB)	Pre- Amp. (dB)	Cord. Reading (dBμV/m)	FCC & IC		Comments
			Height (cm)	Polarity (H/V)	Factor (dB/m)				Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	
(Near Band Edge) Lowest Channel											
2319.3	27.49	317	122	H	27.74	3.12	0	58.35	74	-15.65	Peak
2383.7	27.64	113	100	V	28.53	3.12	0	59.29	74	-14.71	Peak
2319.3	13.6	317	122	H	27.74	3.12	0	44.46	54	-9.54	Avg
2321.3	12.99	113	100	V	28.53	3.12	0	44.64	54	-9.36	Avg
(Near Band Edge): Highest Channel											
2488.9	28.61	318	118	H	29.12	3.25	0	60.98	74	-13.02	Peak
2488	28.14	221	127	V	29.12	3.25	0	60.51	74	-13.49	Peak
2487.7	14.14	318	118	H	29.12	3.25	0	46.51	54	-7.49	Avg
2487.7	13.58	221	127	V	29.12	3.25	0	45.95	54	-8.05	Avg

## 9 FCC §15.247(a)(2) & IC RSS-210 §A8.2 – 6 dB & 99% Emission Bandwidth

### 9.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC §15.247(a)(2) and IC RSS-210 A8.2 (a), systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902~928 MHz, 2400~2483.5 MHz, and 5725~5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

### 9.2 Test Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect it to measurement instrument. Then set it to any one convenient frequency within its operating range. Set a reference level on the measuring instrument equal to the highest peak value.
3. Measure the frequency difference of two frequencies that were attenuated 6 dB from the reference level. Record the frequency difference as the emissions bandwidth.
4. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

### 9.3 Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	E4440A	MY44303352	2012-05-10	1 year

**Statement of Traceability:** BA CL Corp. attests that all calibrations have been performed per the A2LA requirements, traceable to the NIST.

### 9.4 Test Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	21.1 °C
Relative Humidity:	59%
ATM Pressure:	101.5kPa

*The testing was performed by Lionel Lara on 2012-06-14 at RF Test Site.*

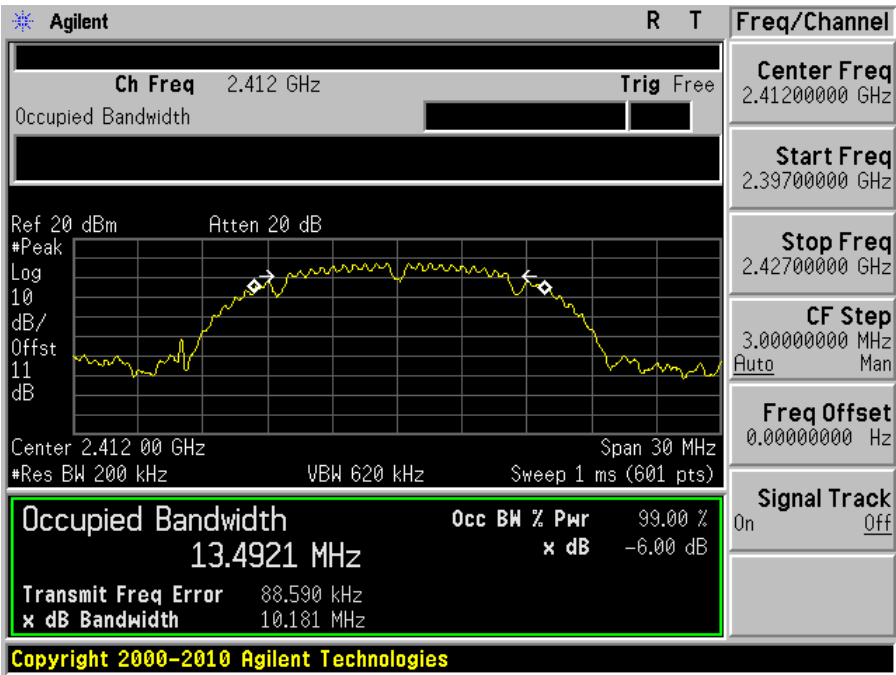
## 9.5 Test Results

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% Emission Bandwidth (MHz)	6 dB Emission Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (kHz)	Results
802.11b mode					
Low	2412	13.4921	10.182	> 500	Compliant
Middle	2437	13.4421	10.180	> 500	Compliant
High	2462	13.5231	10.177	> 500	Compliant
802.11g mode					
Low	2412	16.5664	16.482	> 500	Compliant
Middle	2437	16.5958	16.555	> 500	Compliant
High	2462	16.5981	16.556	> 500	Compliant
802.11n HT20 mode					
Low	2412	17.7110	17.719	> 500	Compliant
Middle	2437	17.7139	17.724	> 500	Compliant
High	2462	17.7216	17.734	> 500	Compliant
802.11n HT40 mode					
Low	2422	36.2611	36.572	> 500	Compliant
Middle	2437	36.3026	36.637	> 500	Compliant
High	2452	36.2650	36.566	> 500	Compliant

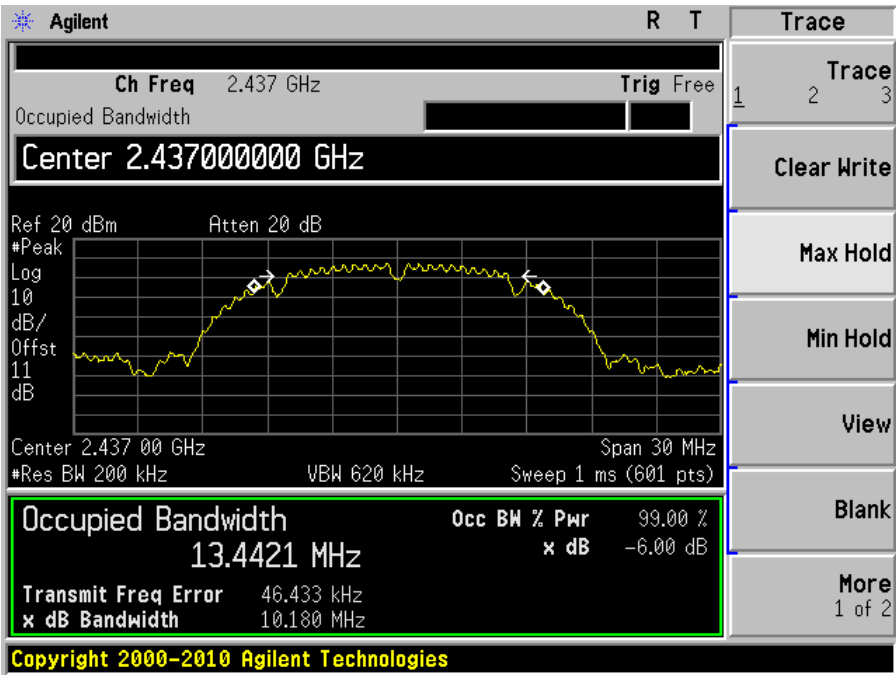
Please refer to the following plots for detailed test results

802.11b

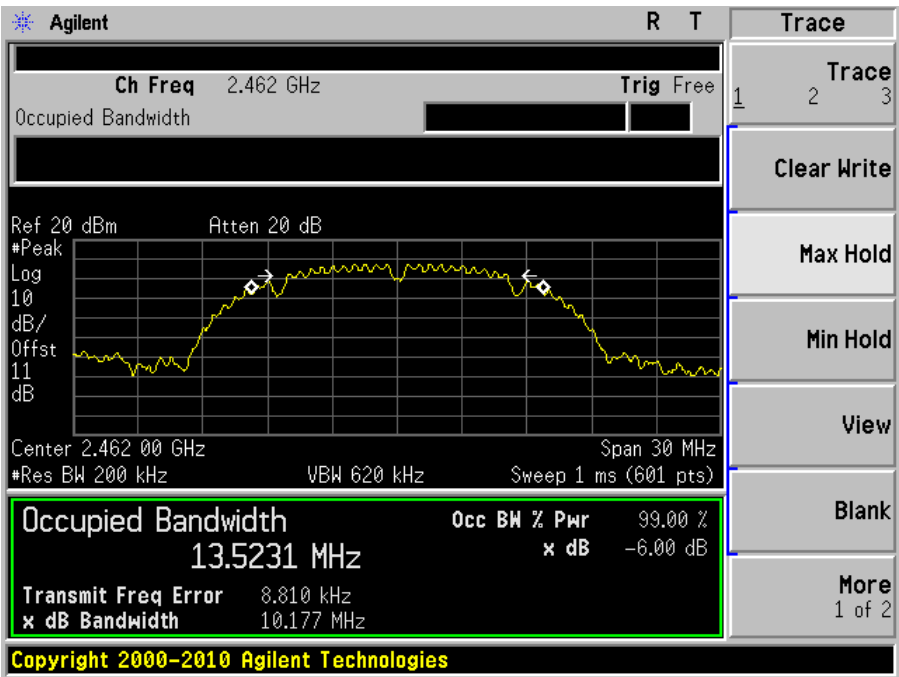
Low channel



Middle channel

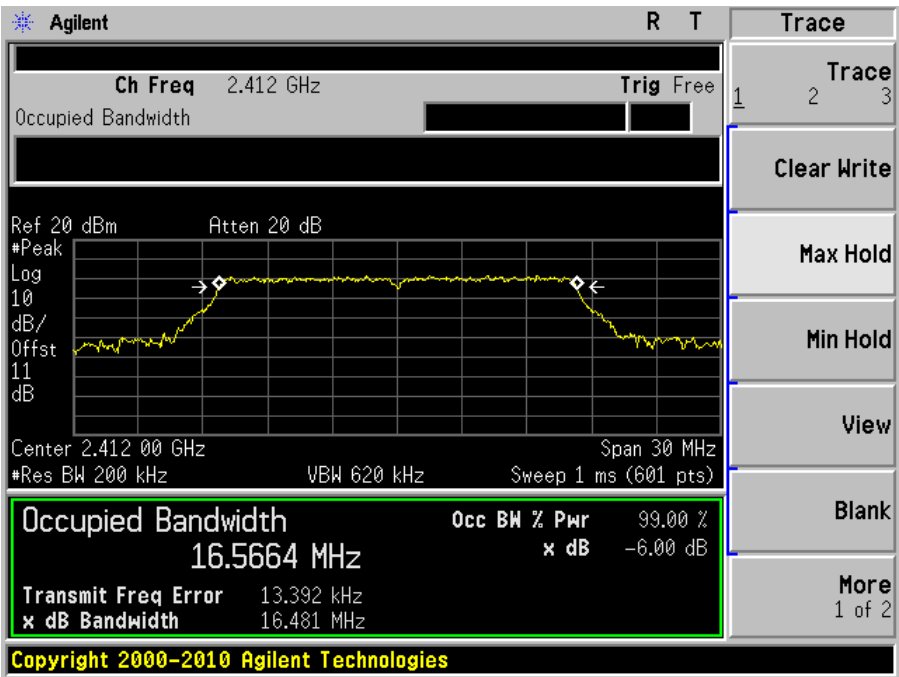


High channel

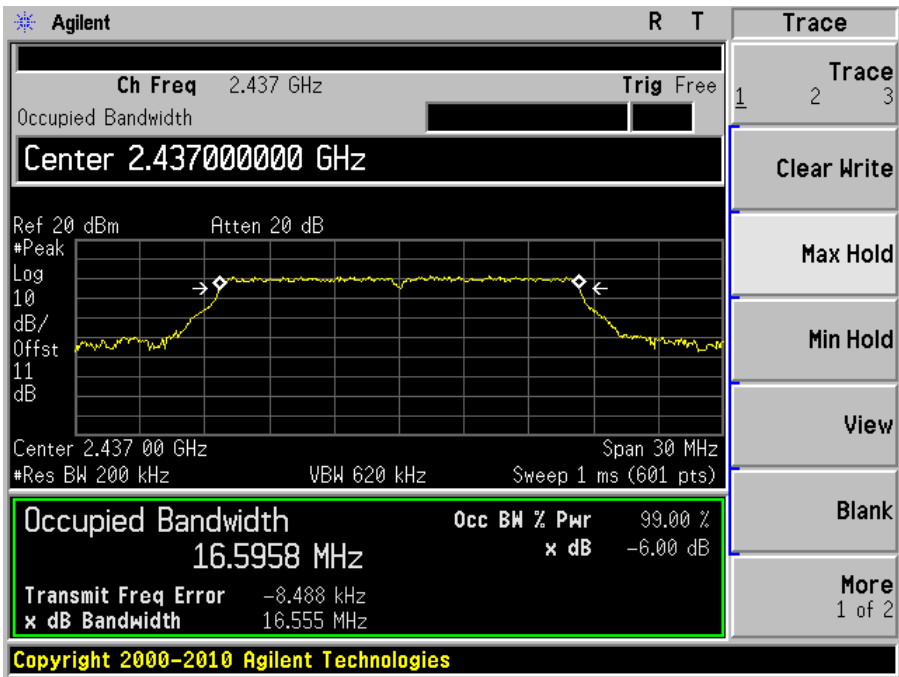


802.11g

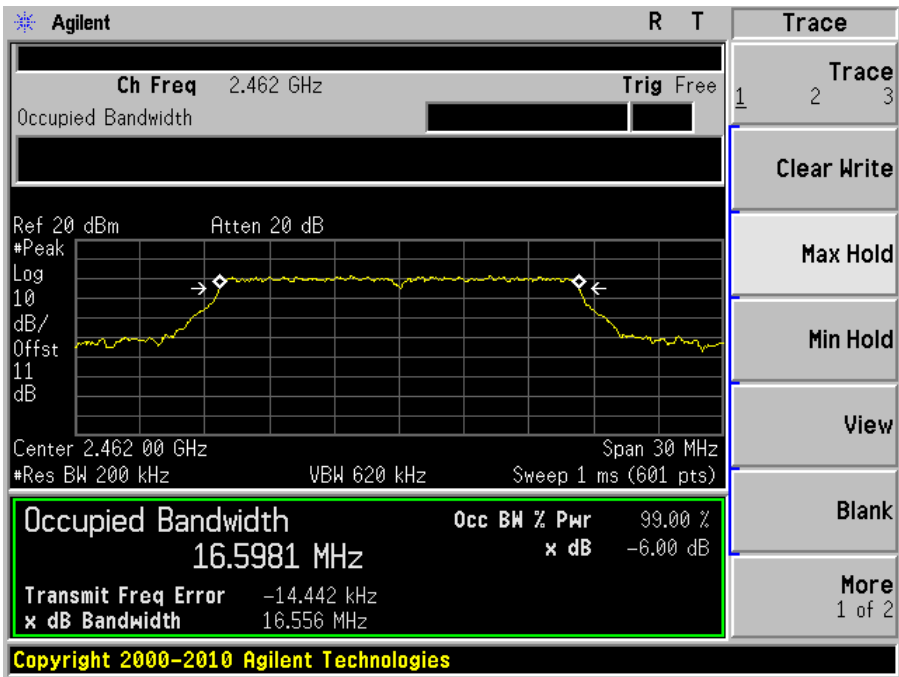
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Middle channel



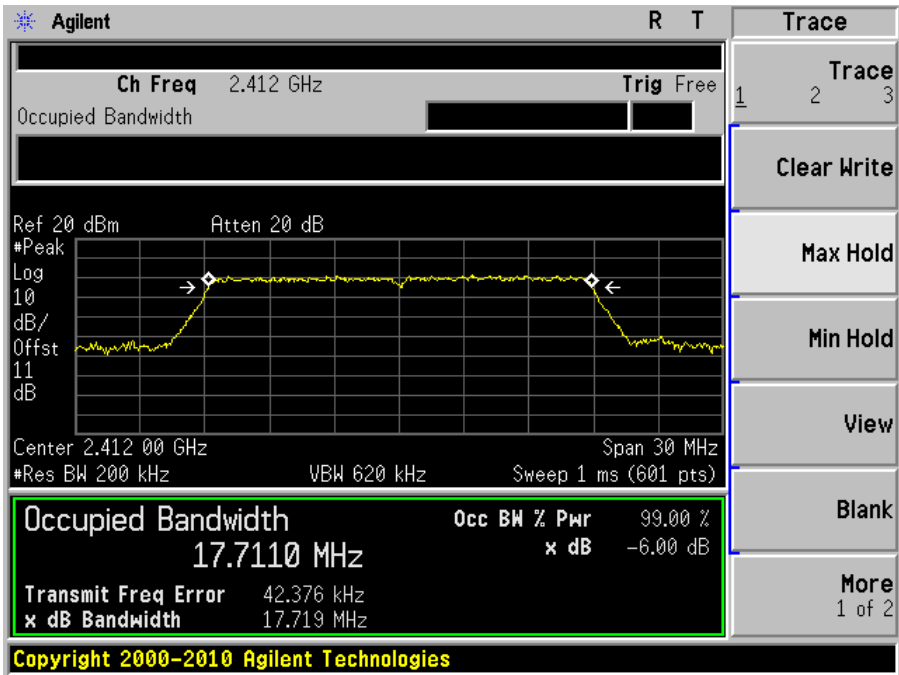
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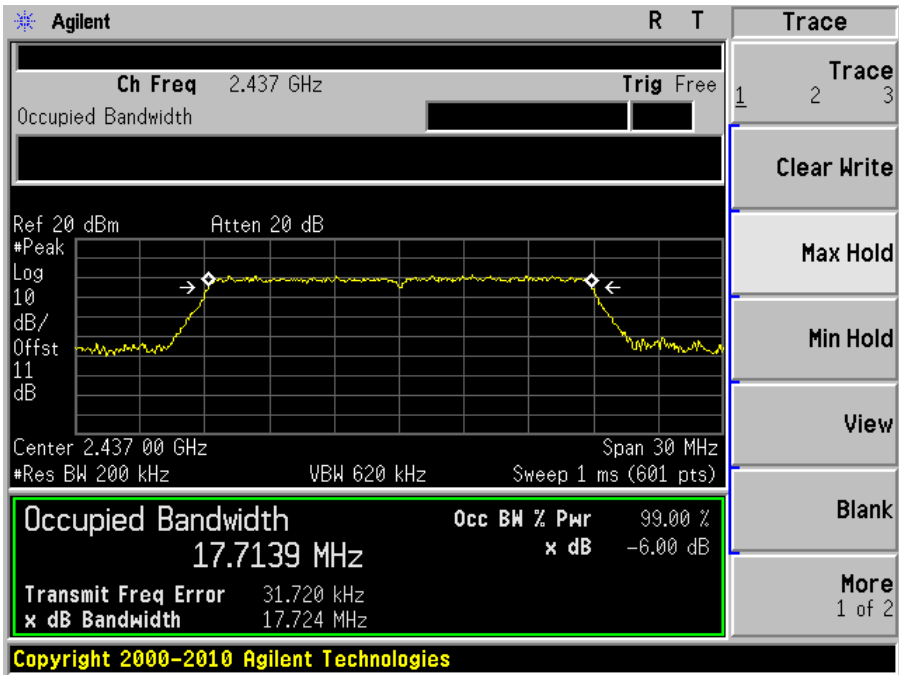


802.11n HT20

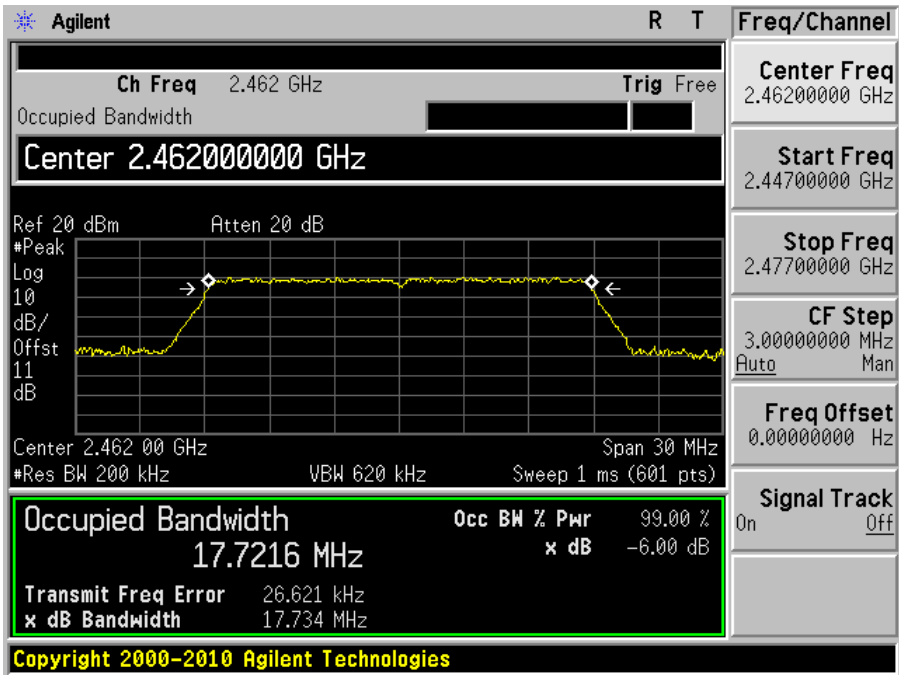
Low channel



Middle channel

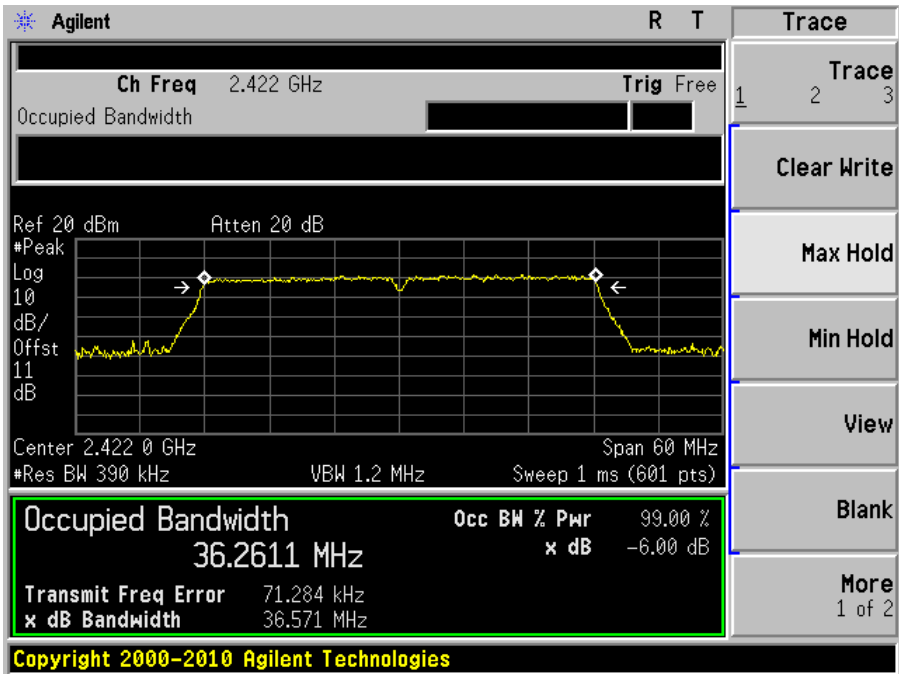


High channel

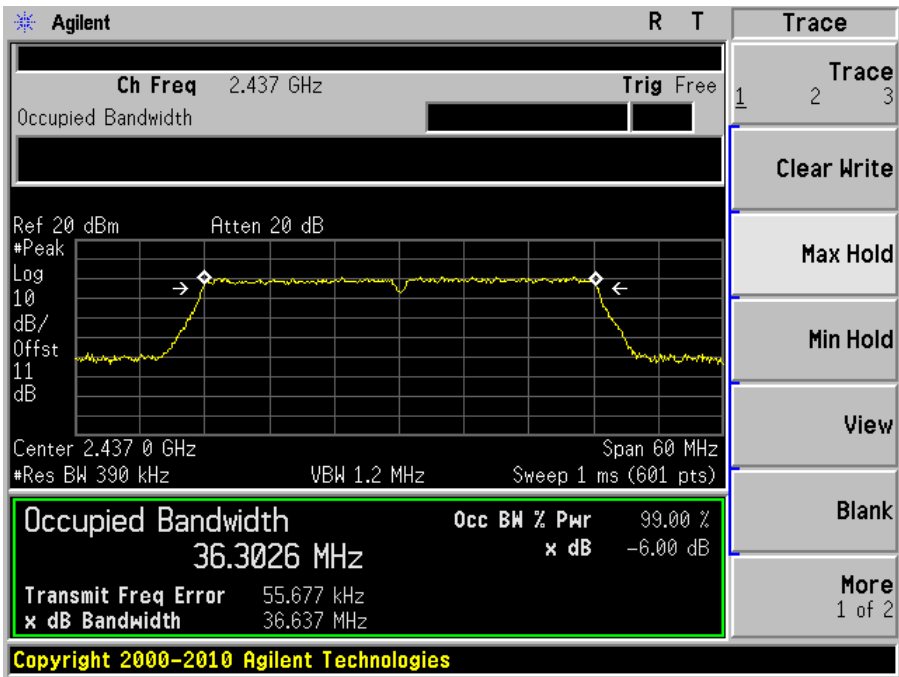


802.11n HT40

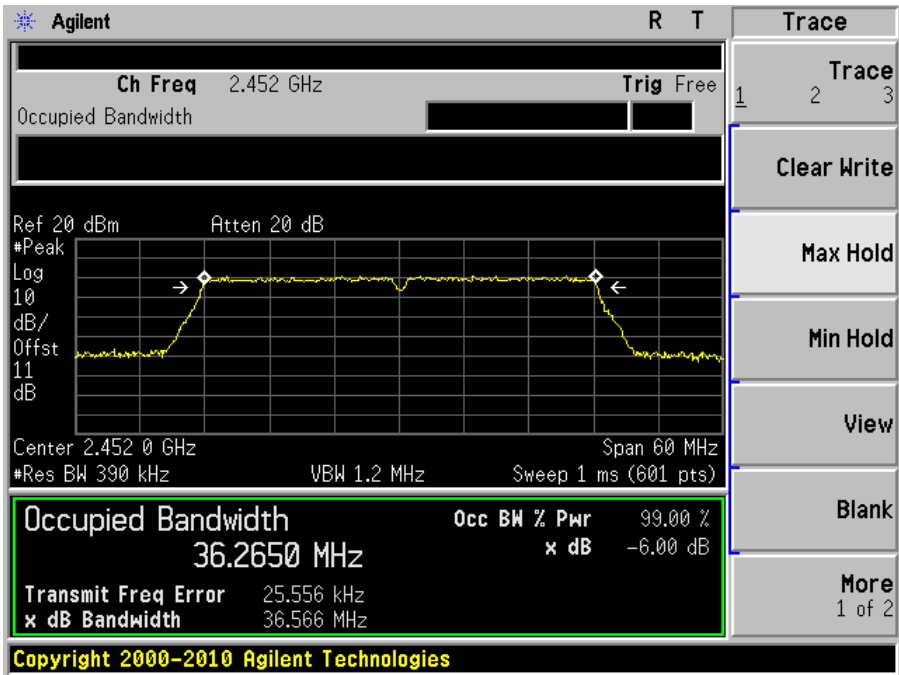
Low channel



Middle channel



High channel



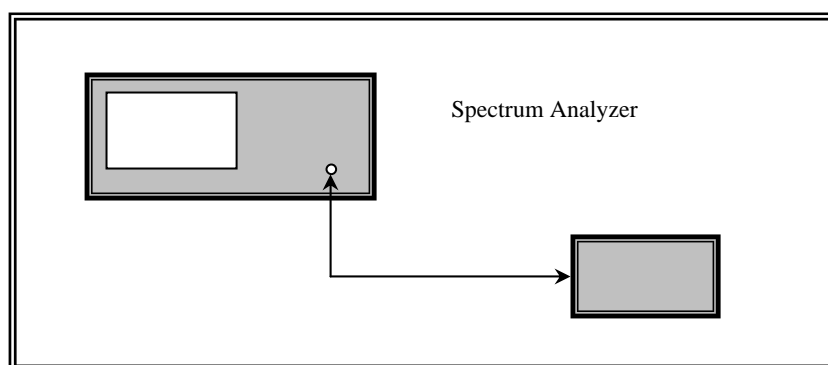
## 10 FCC §15.247(b) & IC RSS-210 §A8.4 - Peak Output Power Measurement

### 10.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC §15.247(b) and IC RSS-210 §A8.4 (4) for systems using digital modulation in the 902~928 MHz, 2400~2483.5 MHz, and 5725~5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt.

### 10.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Place the EUT on a bench and set it in transmitting mode.
2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to a spectrum analyzer.
3. Add a correction factor to the display.



### 10.3 Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	E4440A	MY44303352	2012-05-10	1 year

**Statement of Traceability:** BACL Corp. attests that all calibrations have been performed per the A2LA requirements, traceable to the NIST.

## 10.4 Test Environmental Conditions

### WLAN:

<b>Temperature:</b>	21.1 °C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	59%
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	101.5kPa

The testing was performed by Lionel Lara on 2012-06-14 at RF Test Site.

### BT:

<b>Temperature:</b>	22 °C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	57 %
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	101.1kPa

The testing was performed by Lionel Lara on 2012-06-18 at RF test site.

## 10.5 Test Results

### WLAN:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
802.11b mode				
Low	2412	15.73	30	-14.27
Middle	2437	15.89	30	-14.11
High	2462	15.80	30	-14.20
802.11g mode				
Low	2412	13.37	30	-16.63
Middle	2437	13.28	30	-16.72
High	2462	13.15	30	-16.85
802.11n HT20 mode				
Low	2412	13.45	30	-16.55
Middle	2437	13.19	30	-16.81
High	2462	13.09	30	-16.91
802.11n HT40 mode				
Low	2422	13.12	30	-16.88
Middle	2437	13.38	30	-16.62
High	2452	13.39	30	-16.61

**Bluetooth:**

## Modulation GFSK:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Max Peak Output Power		Limit (mw)	Result
		(dBm)	(mw)		
Low	2402	9.54	8.994976	125	Pass
Mid	2441	10.10	10.23293	125	Pass
High	2480	10.08	10.18591	125	Pass

## Modulation DQPSK:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Max Peak Output Power		Limit (mw)	Result
		(dBm)	(mw)		
Low	2402	7.62	5.78096	125	Pass
Mid	2441	8.24	6.668068	125	Pass
High	2480	8.37	6.870684	125	Pass

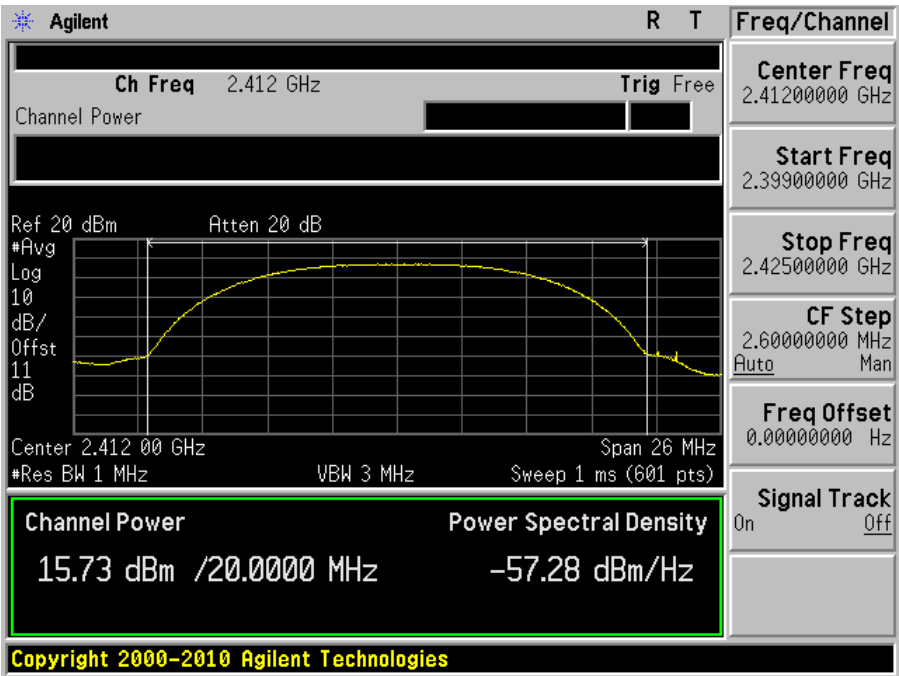
## Modulation 8PSK:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Max Peak Output Power		Limit (mw)	Result
		(dBm)	(mw)		
Low	2402	8.09	6.441693	125	Pass
Mid	2441	8.69	7.396053	125	Pass
High	2480	8.80	7.585776	125	Pass

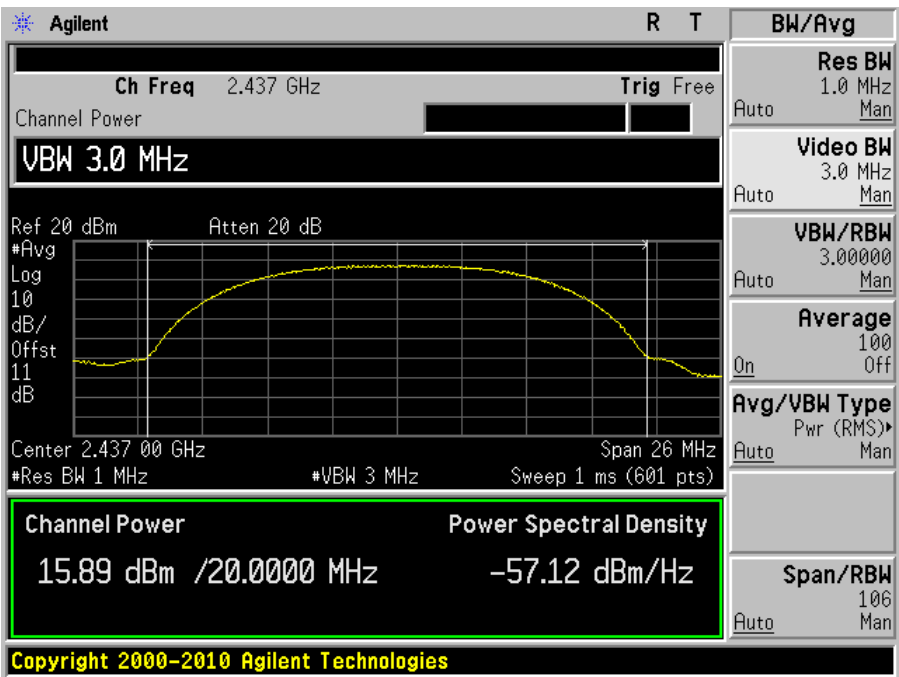
WLAN:

802.11b

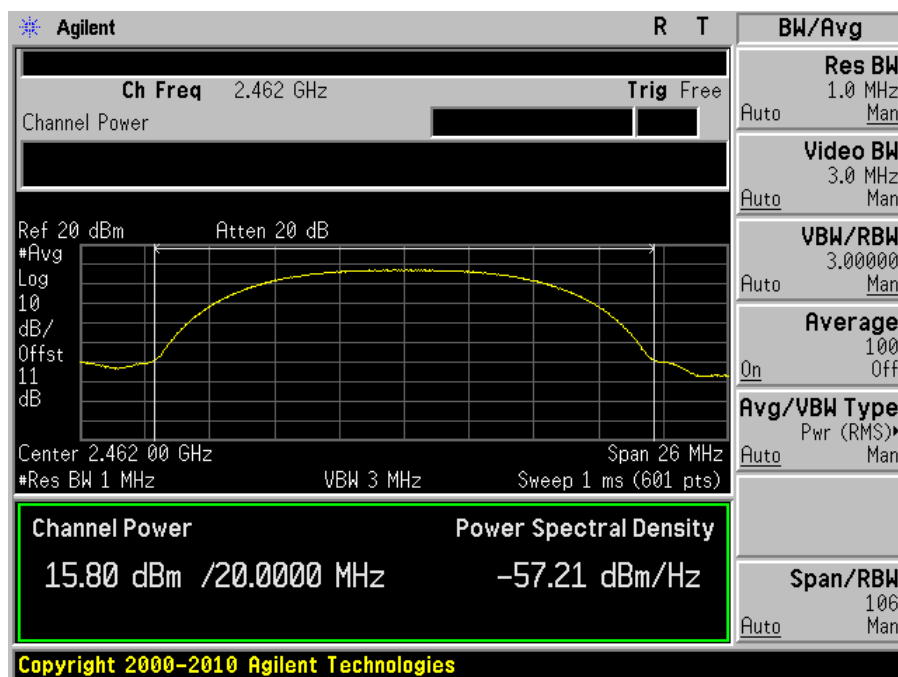
Low channel



Middle channel

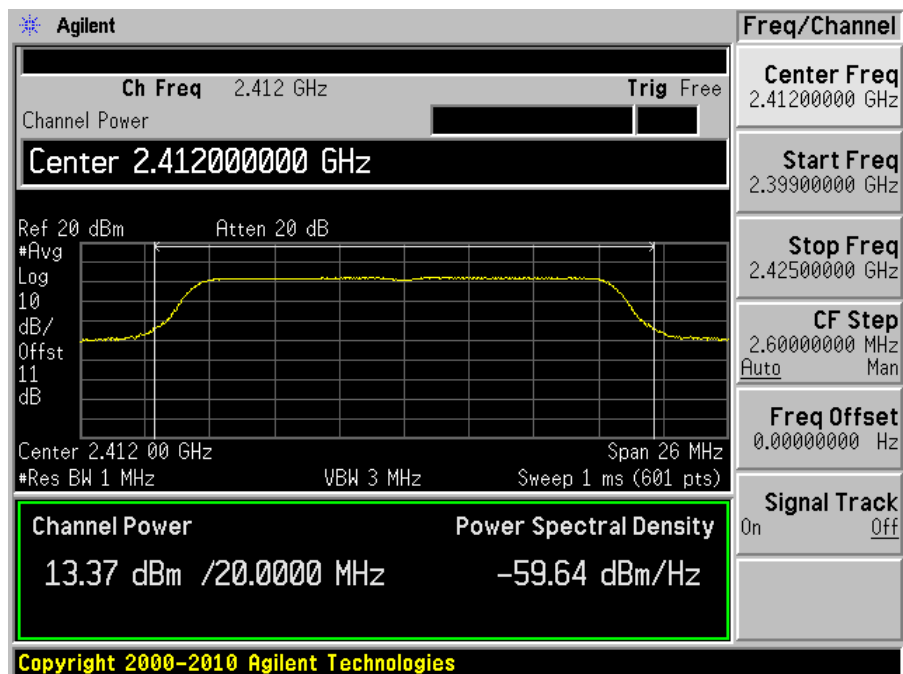


## High channel



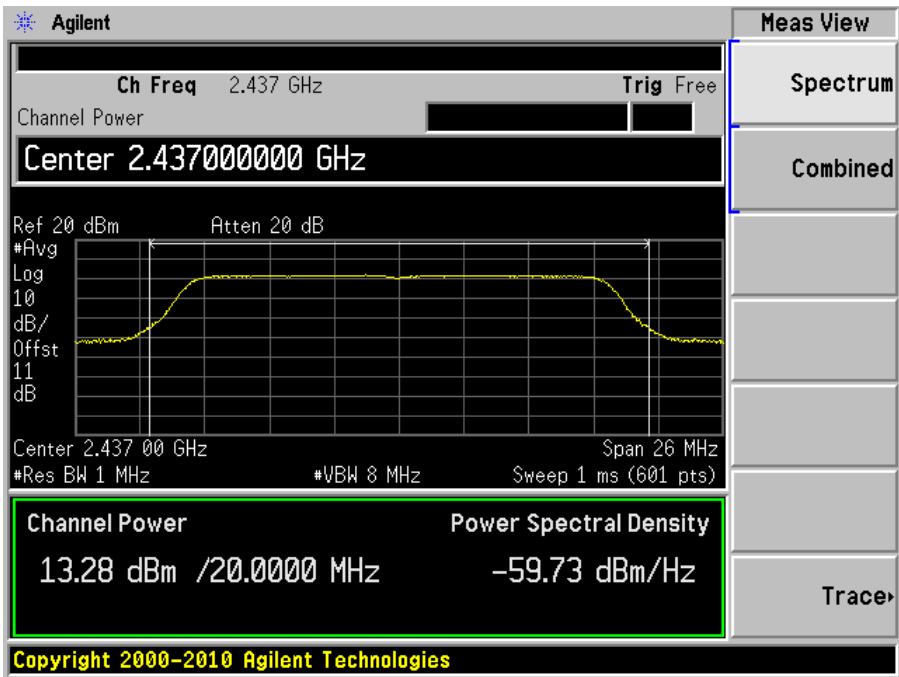
## 802.11g

## Low channel

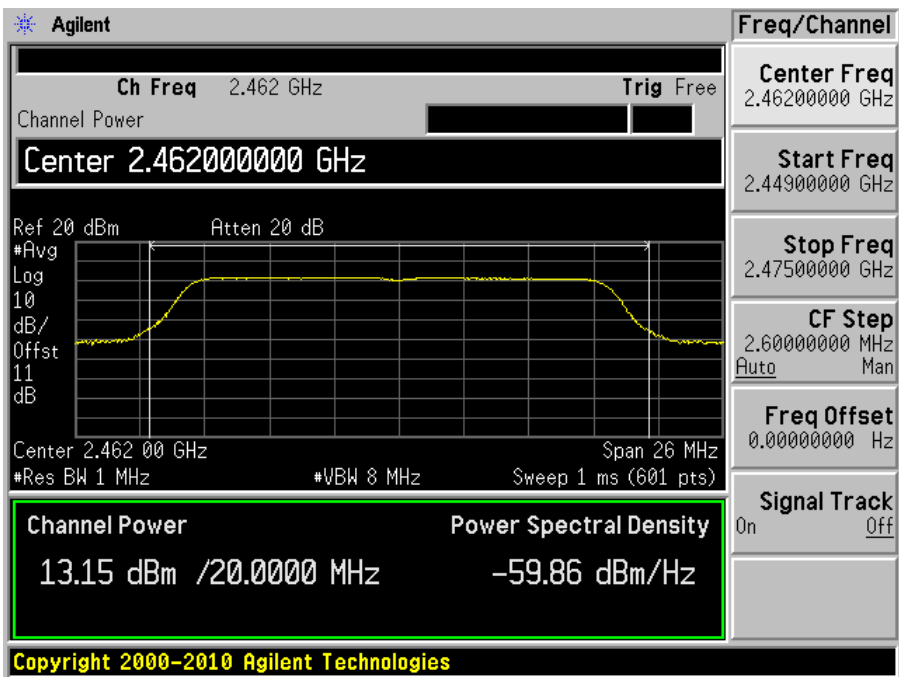




Middle channel

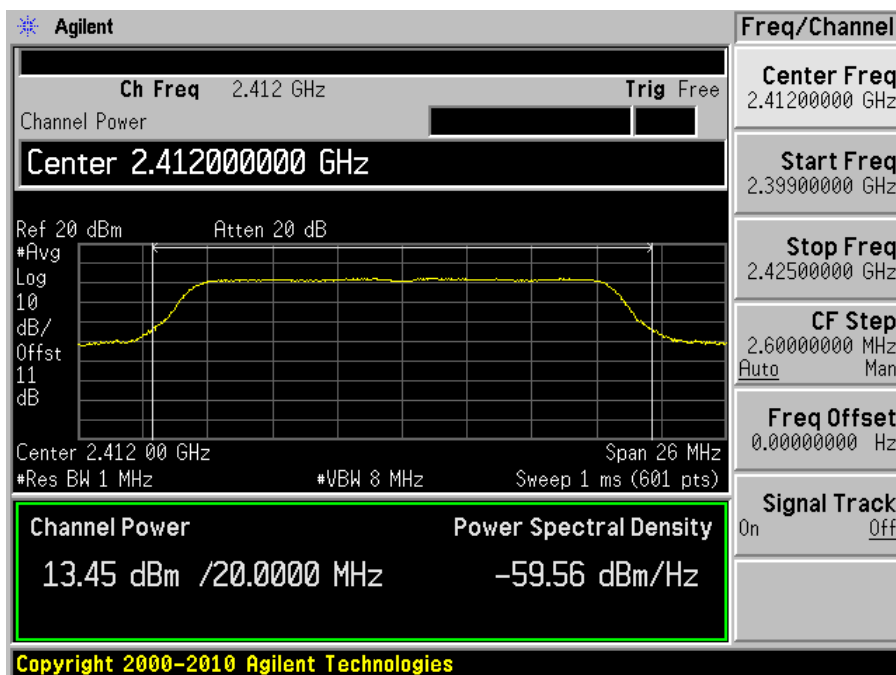


High channel

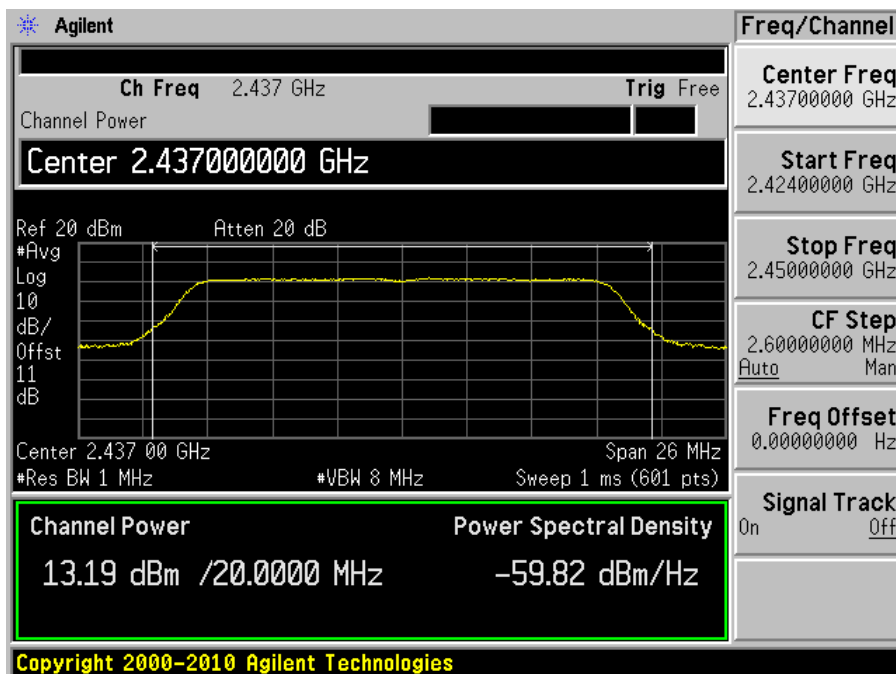


## 802.11n HT20

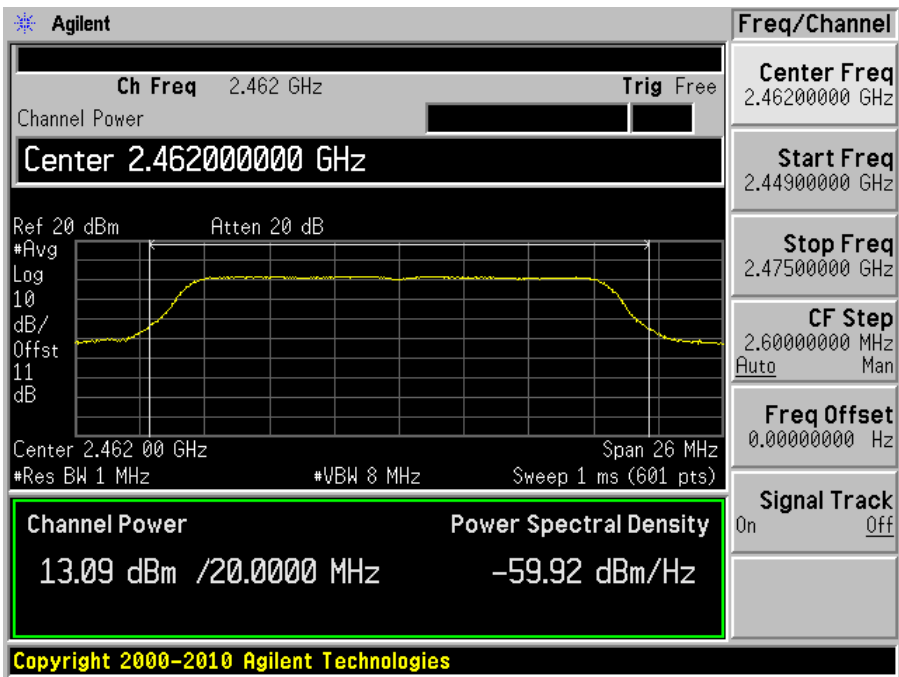
Low channel



Middle channel

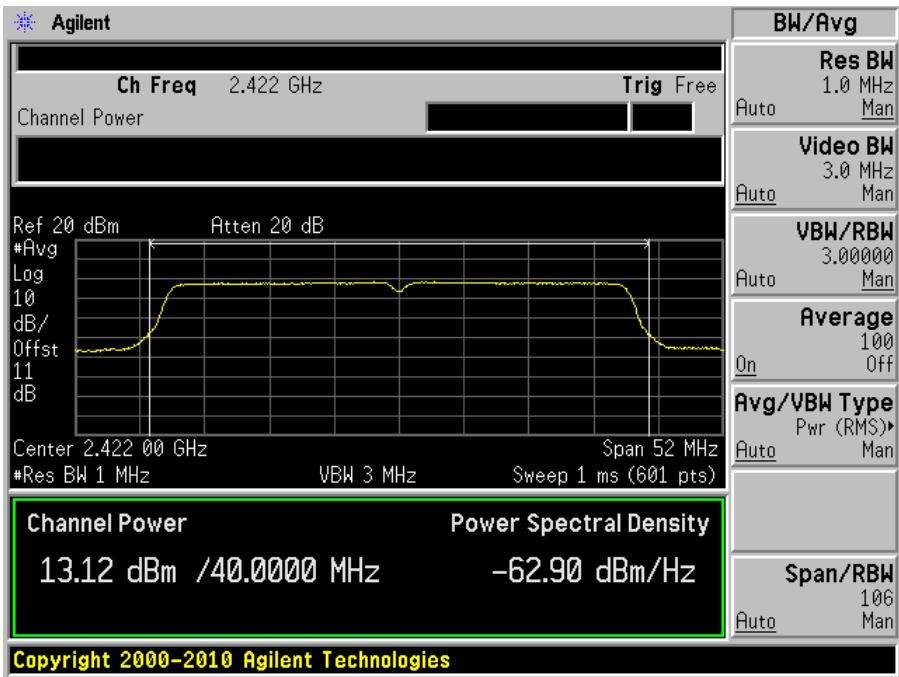


High channel

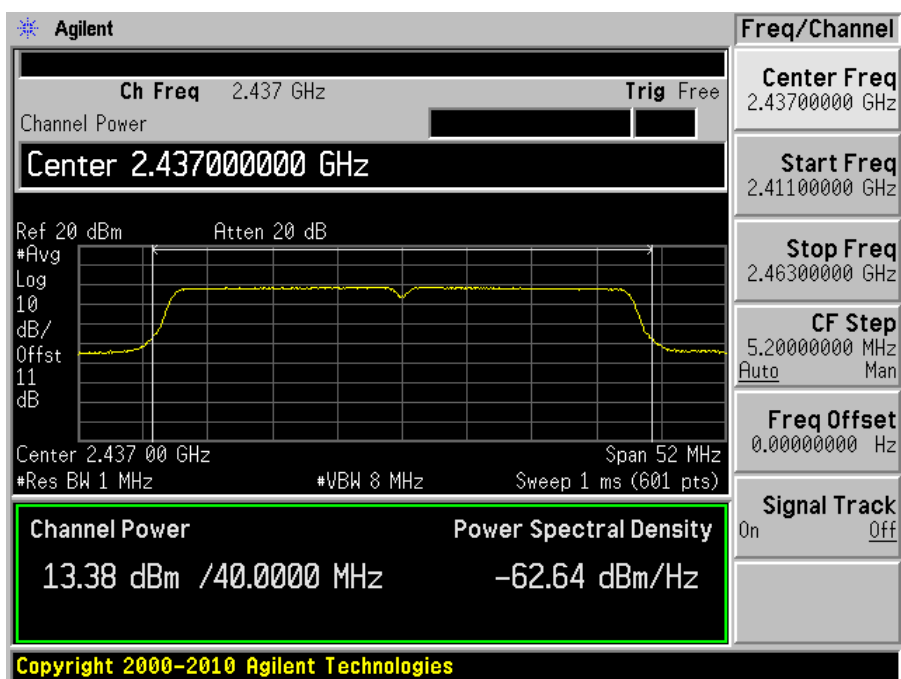


802.11n HT40

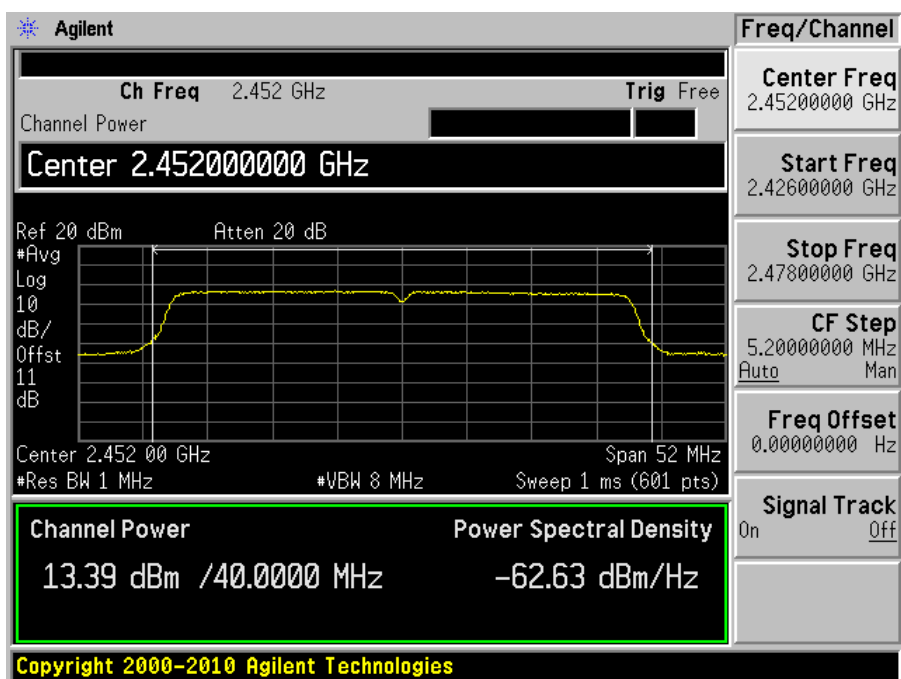
Low channel



## Middle channel

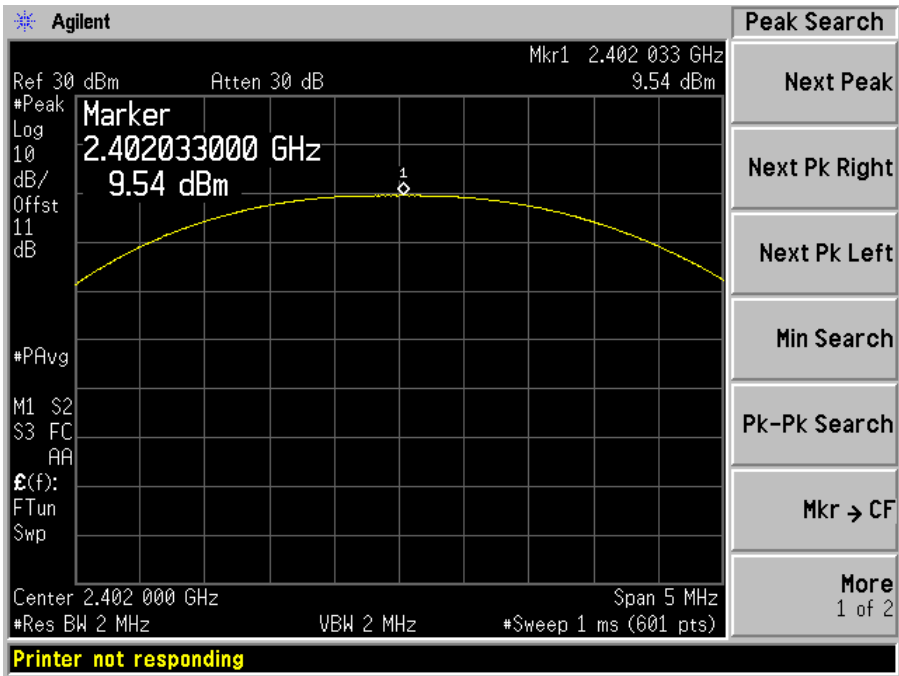


## High channel

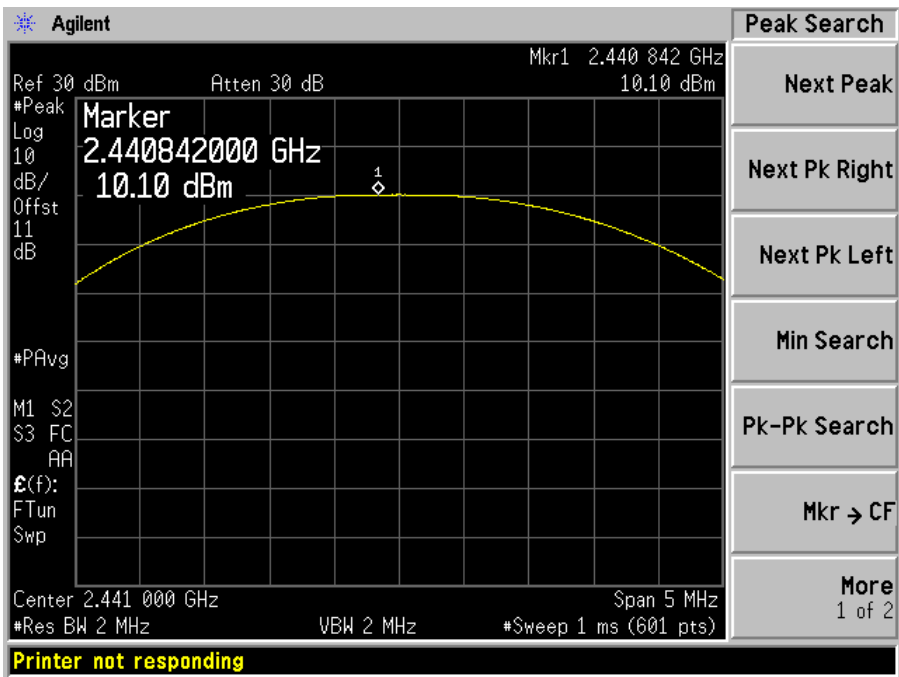


Bluetooth:

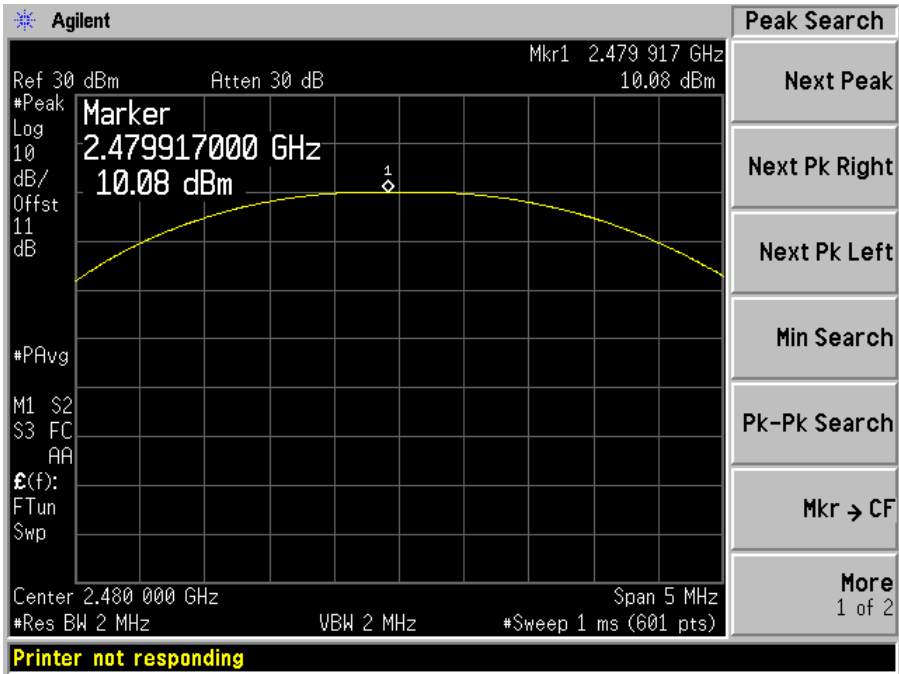
GFSK - Low Channel



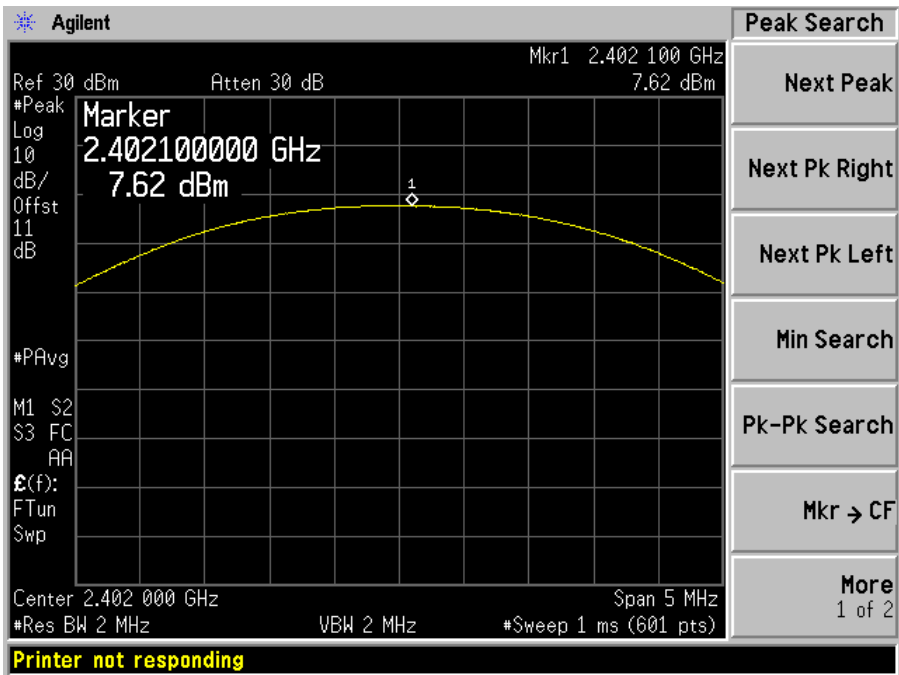
GFSK - Middle Channel



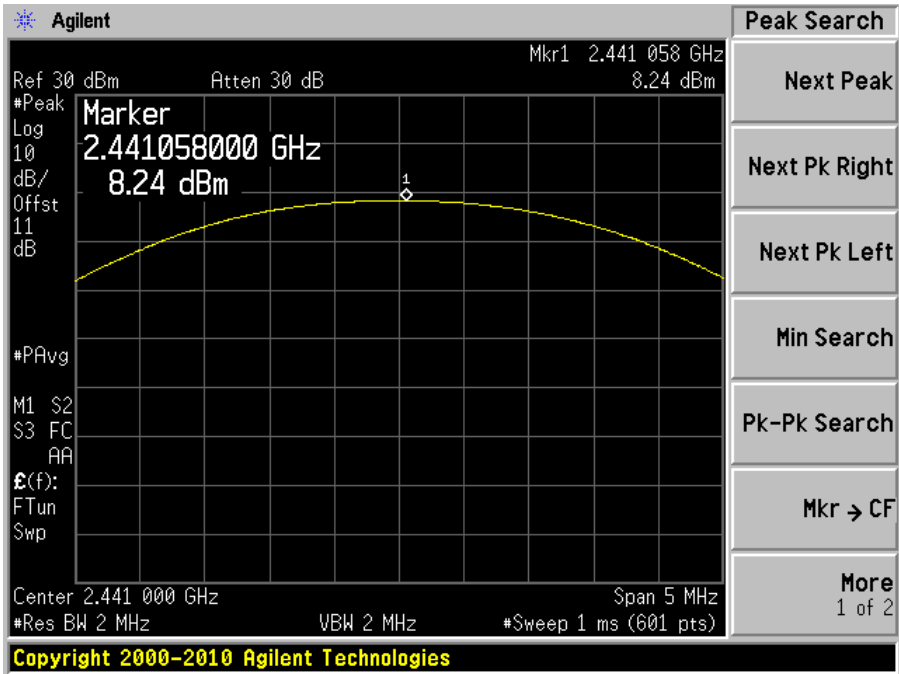
GFSK - High Channel



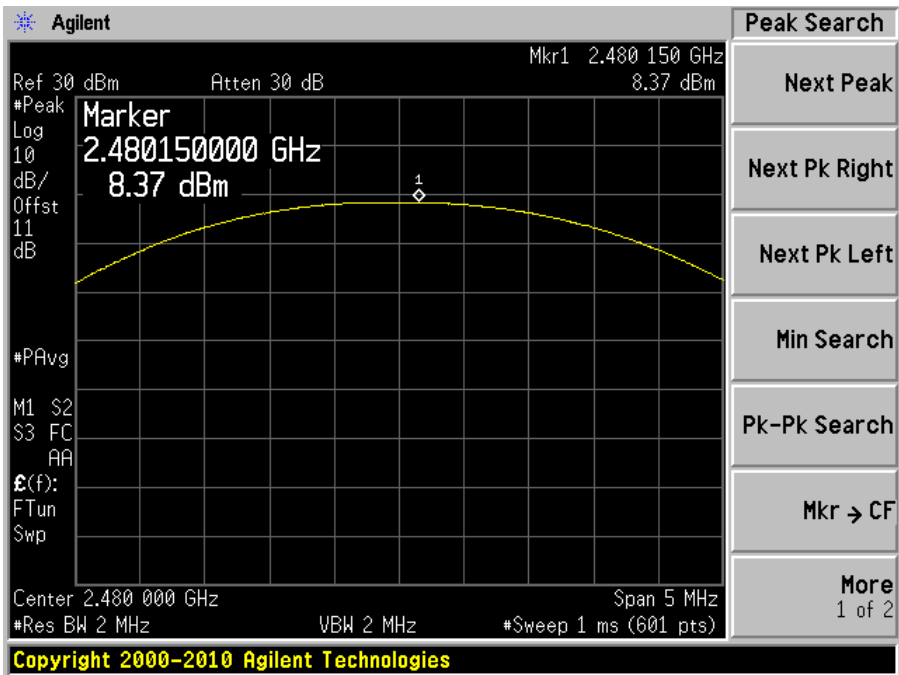
DQPSK - Low Channel



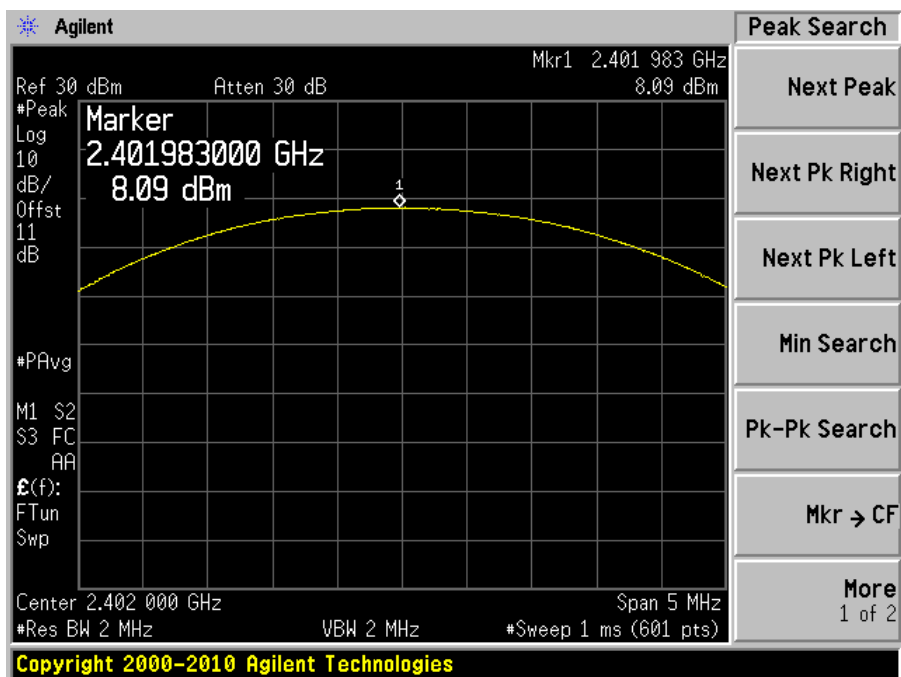
DQPSK - Middle Channel



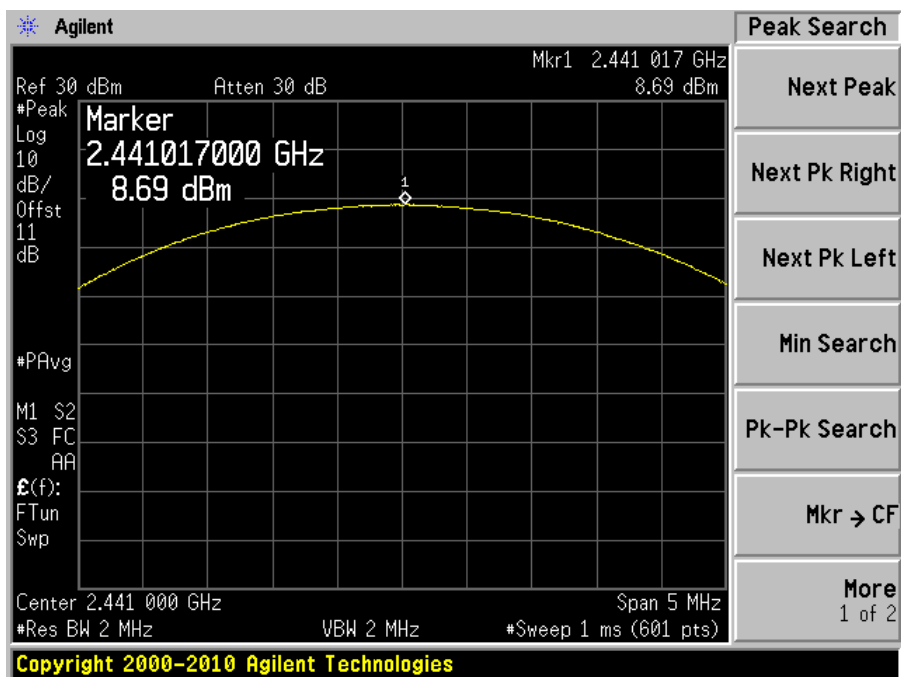
DQPSK - High Channel



## 8PSK - Low Channel

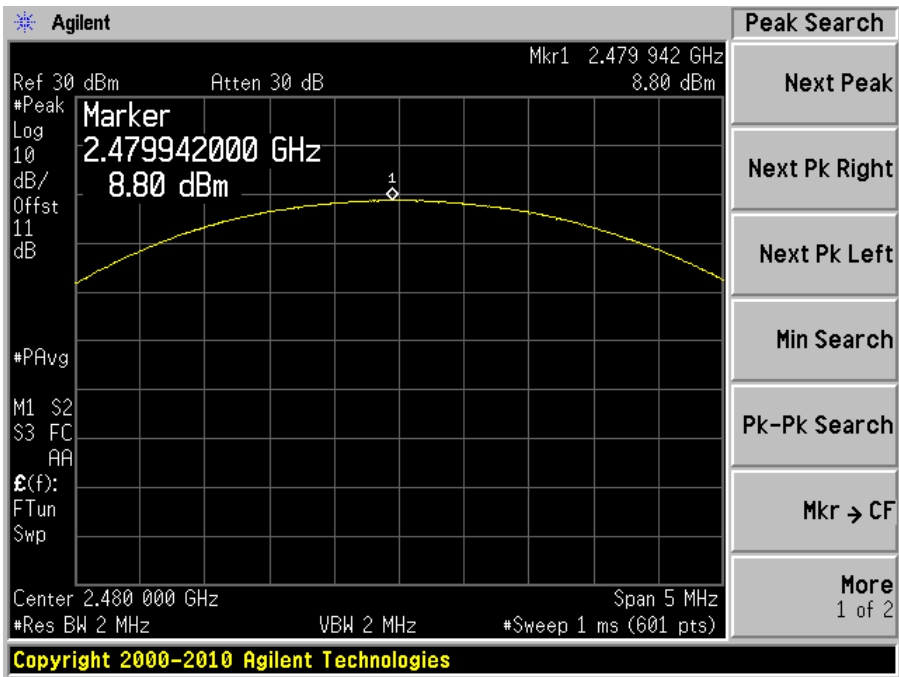


## 8PSK - Middle Channel





8PSK - High Channel



## 11 FCC §15.247(d) & IC RSS-210§A8.5 - 100 kHz Bandwidth of Band Edges

### 11.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency bands in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emissions limits specified in §15.209(a) see §15.205(c).

According to IC RSS-210 §A8.5, in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under section A8.4(4), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Tables 2 and 3 is not required.

### 11.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set both RBW and VBW of spectrum analyzer to 100 kHz with a convenient frequency span including 100 kHz bandwidth from band edge.
4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

### 11.3 Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	E4440A	MY44303352	2012-05-10	1 year

**Statement of Traceability:** BACL Corp. attests that all calibrations have been performed per the A2LA requirements, traceable to the NIST.

## 11.4 Test Environmental Conditions

### WLAN:

<b>Temperature:</b>	21.1 °C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	56%
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	101.2kPa

*The testing was performed by Lionel Lara on 2012-06-15 at RF Test Site.*

### BT:

<b>Temperature:</b>	22 °C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	57 %
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	101.1kPa

*The testing was performed by Lionel Lara on 2012-06-18 at RF test site.*

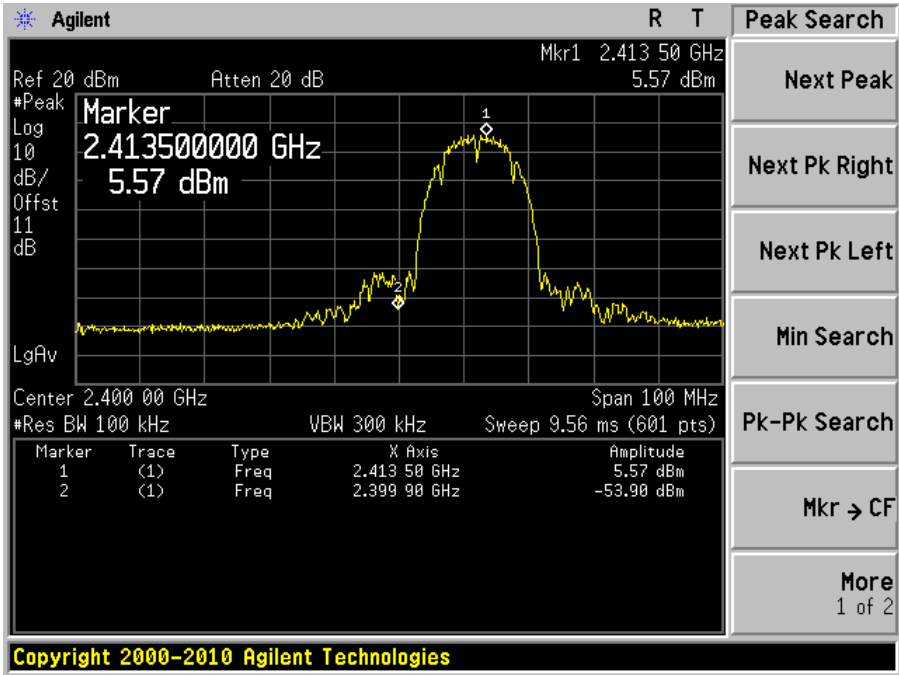
## 11.5 Test Results

Please refer to following pages for plots of band edge.

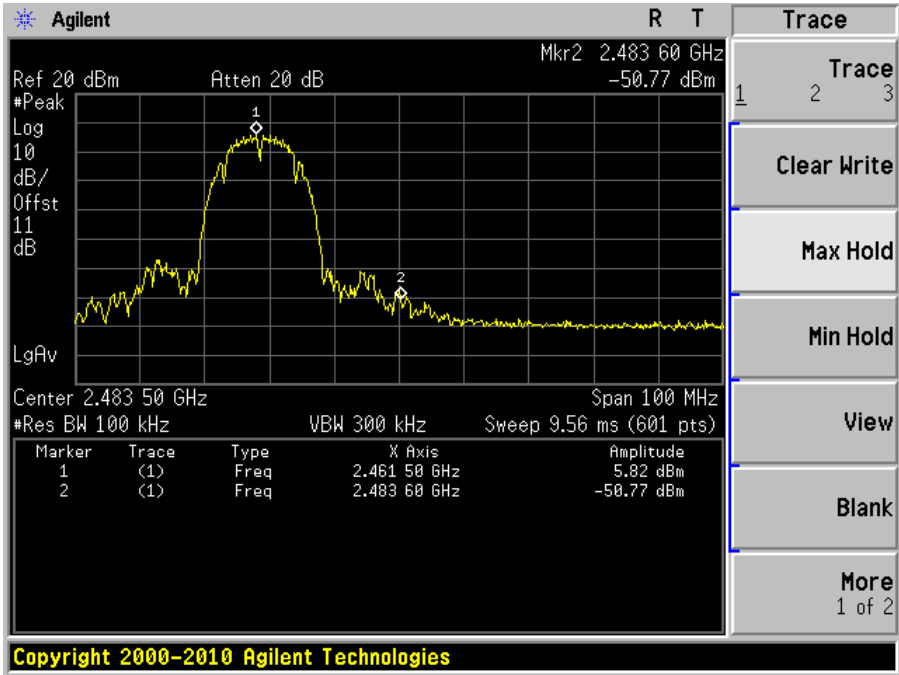
WLAN:

802.11b

Low Band Edge

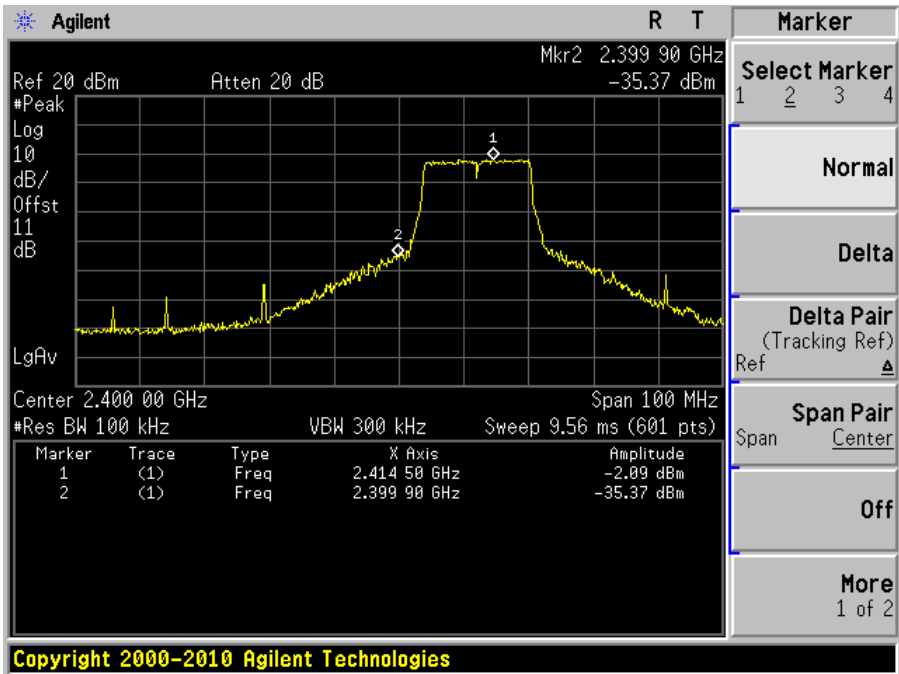


High Band Edge

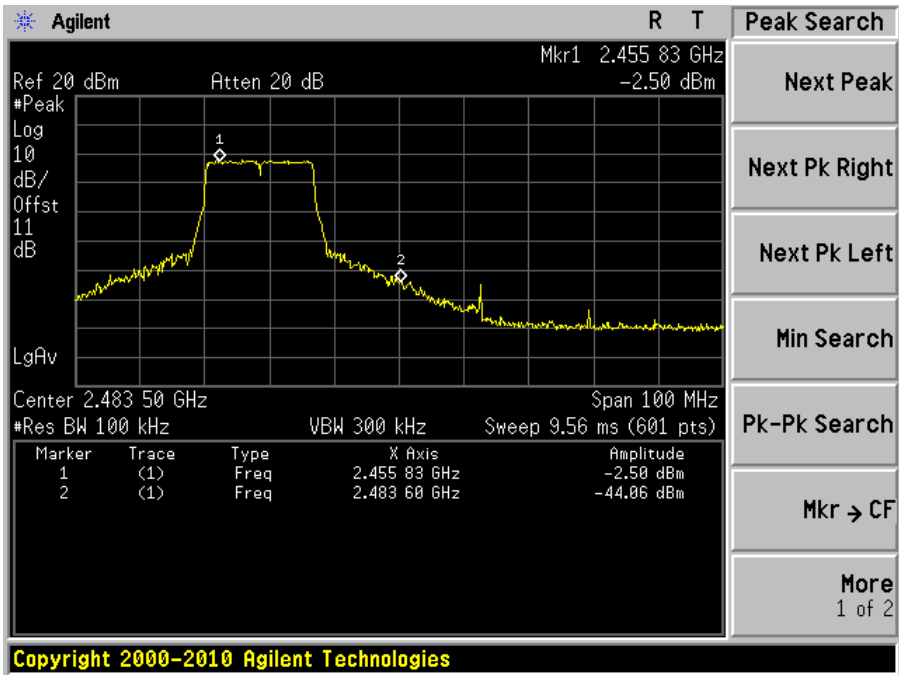


802.11g

Low Band Edge

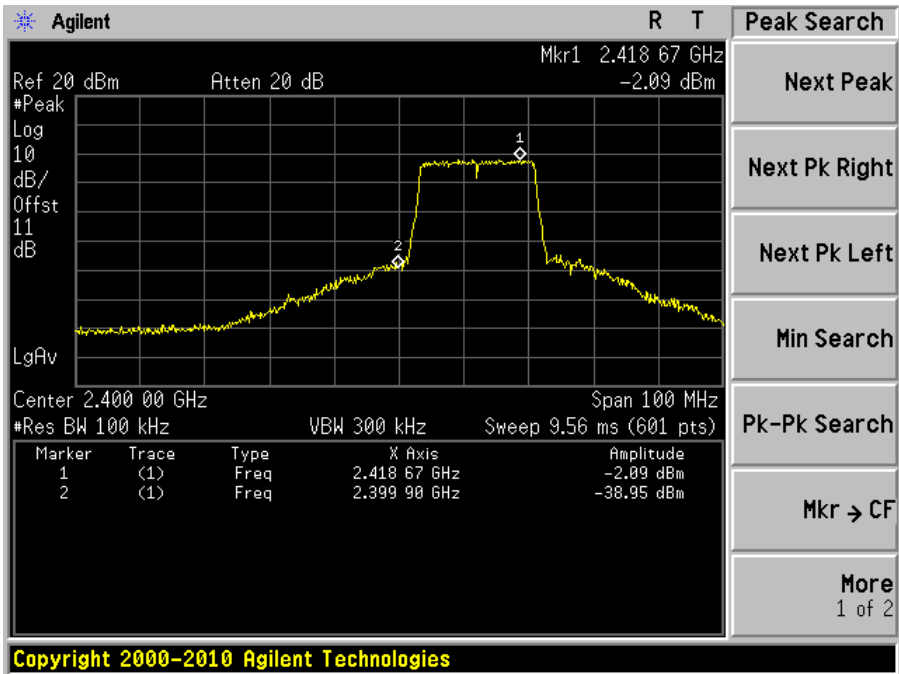


High Band Edge

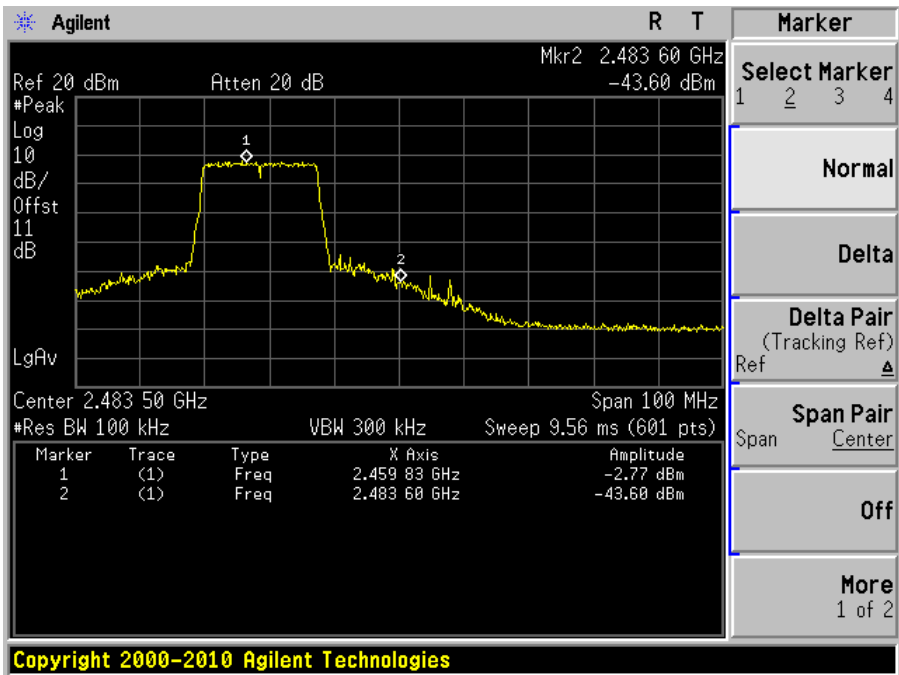


802.11n HT20

Low Band Edge

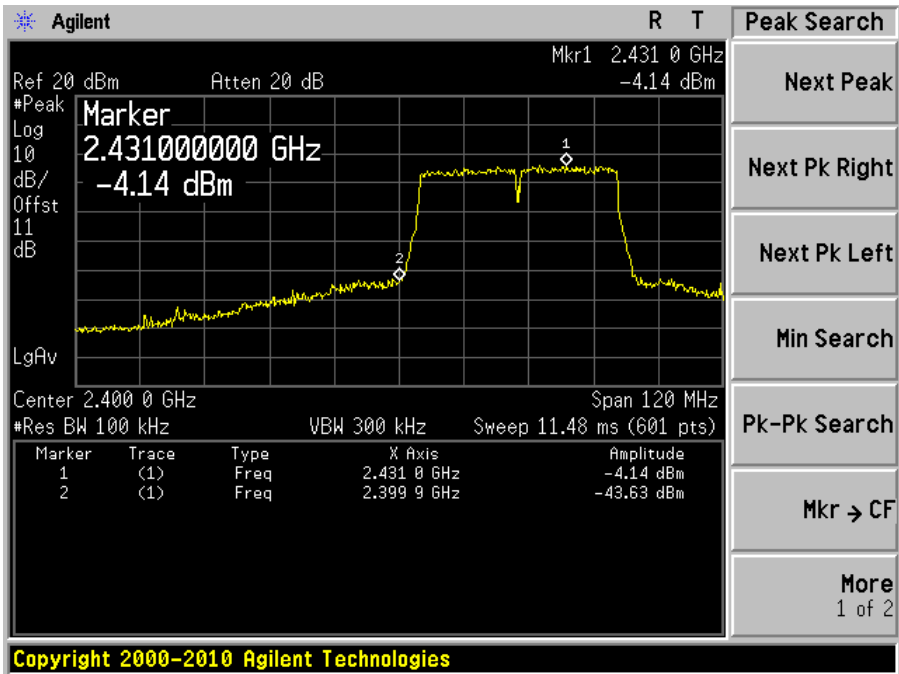


High Band Edge

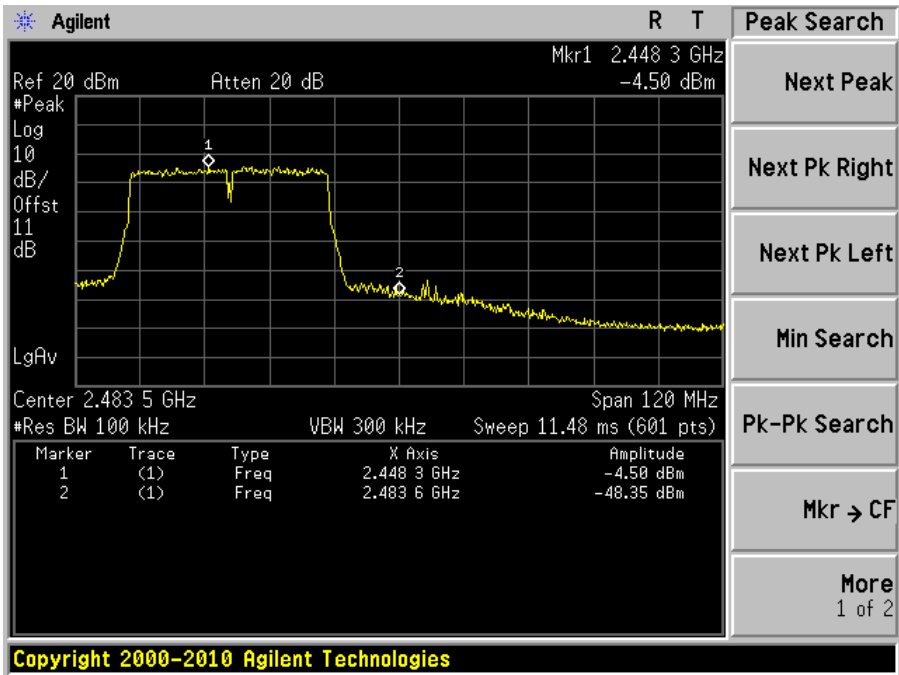


802.11n HT40

Low Band Edge

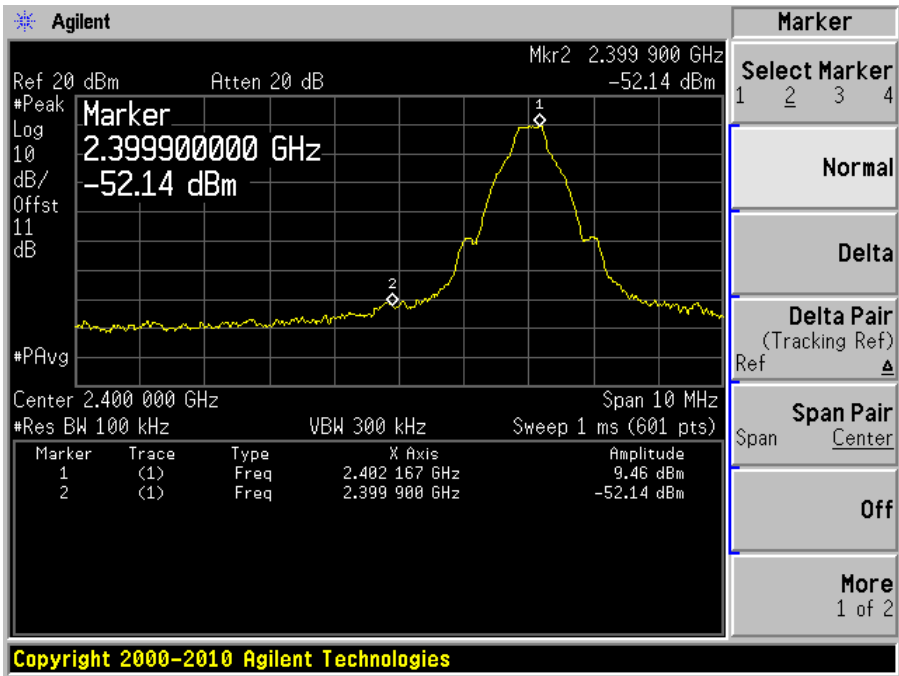


High Band Edge

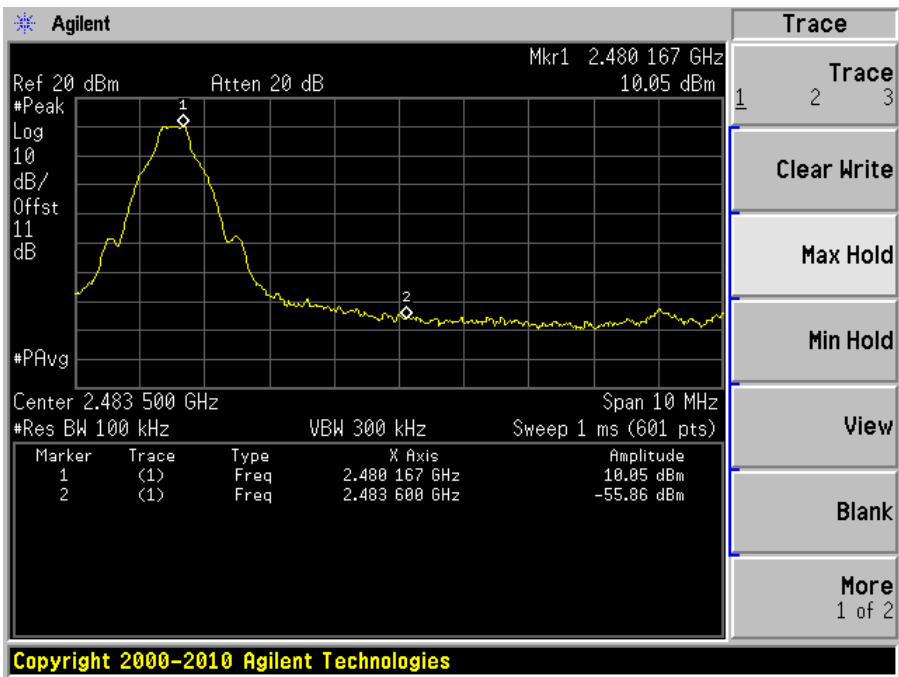


Bluetooth:

Band Edge: Lowest Channel GFSK

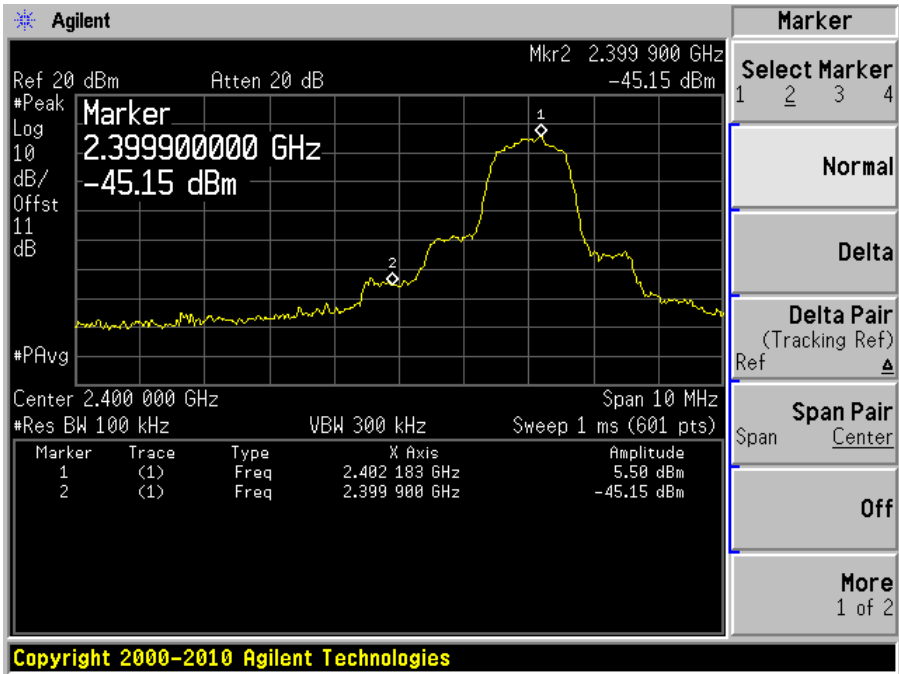


Band Edge: Highest Channel GFSK

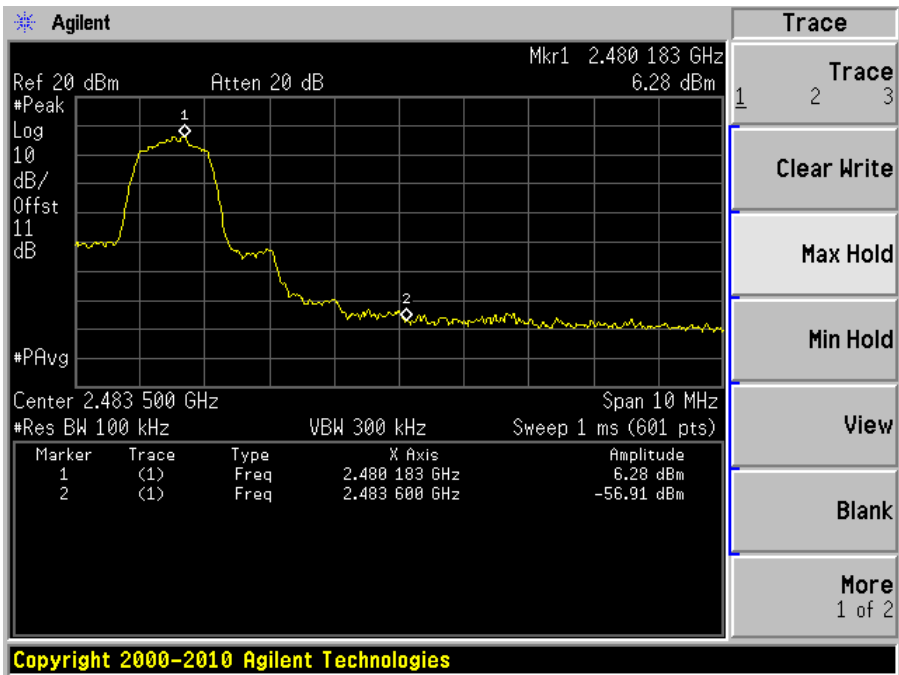




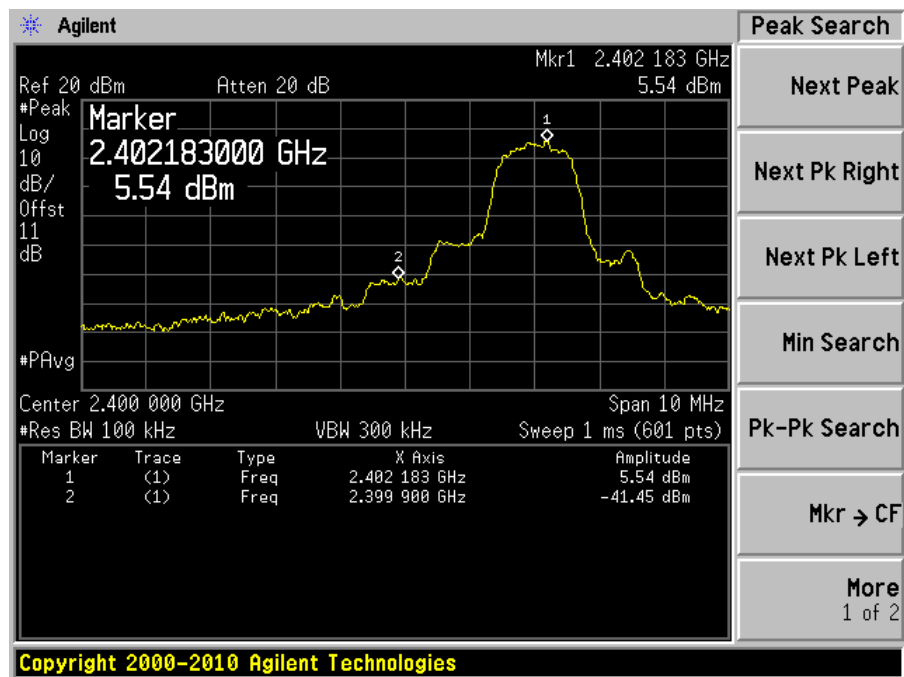
Band Edge: Lowest Channel DQPSK



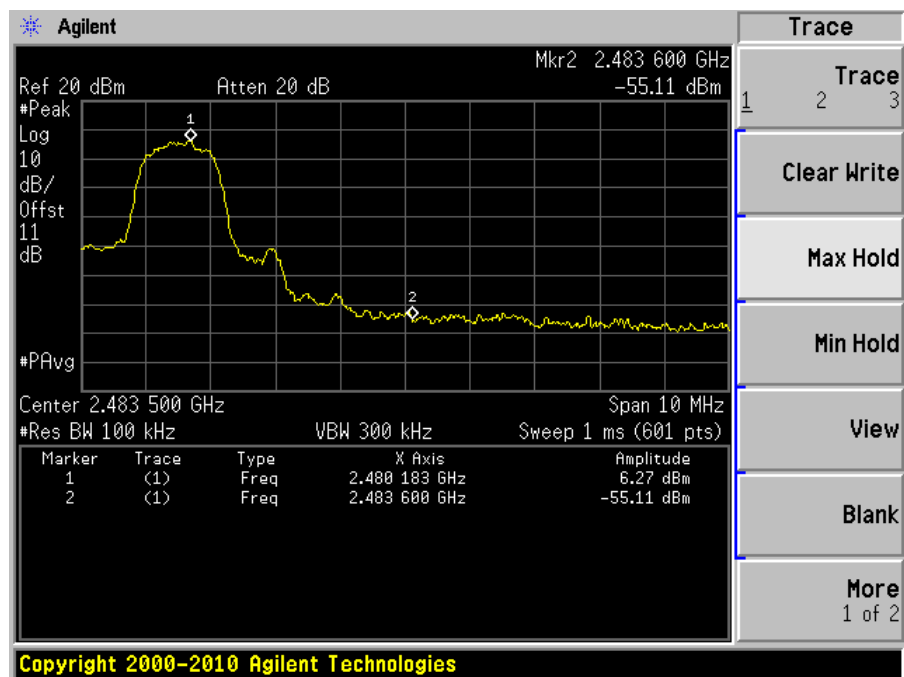
Band Edge: Highest Channel DQPSK



Band Edge: Lowest Channel 8PSK



Band Edge: Highest Channel 8PSK



## 12 FCC §15.247(e) & IC RSS-210 §A8.2 (b) - Power Spectral Density

### 12.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC §15.247(e) and RSS-210 §A8.2 (b), for digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

### 12.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position and set the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Adjust the center frequency of SA on any frequency be measured and set SA to 1.5MHz span mode. Additionally set RBW and VBW of spectrum analyzer to proper value.
4. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

### 12.3 Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	E4440A	MY44303352	2012-05-10	1 year

**Statement of Traceability:** **BACL Corp.** attests that all calibrations have been performed per the A2LA requirements, traceable to the NIST.

### 12.4 Test Environmental Conditions

<b>Temperature:</b>	21.1 °C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	59%
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	101.5kPa

*The testing was performed by Lionel Lara on 2012-06-14 at RF Test Site.*

## 12.5 Test Results

### 802.11b:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Power Spectral Density (dBm/100kHz)	Corrected Power Spectral Density (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)	Results
Low	2412	5.32	-9.88	8	Compliant
Middle	2437	5.36	-9.84	8	Compliant
High	2462	5.72	-9.48	8	Compliant

$BWCF$  (Bandwidth Correction Factor) =  $10 \cdot \log(3 \text{ kHz}/100\text{kHz}) = -15.2\text{dB}$

### 802.11g:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Power Spectral Density (dBm/100kHz)	Corrected Power Spectral Density (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)	Results
Low	2412	-1.82	-17.02	8	Compliant
Middle	2437	-1.28	-16.48	8	Compliant
High	2462	-2.37	-17.57	8	Compliant

$BWCF$  (Bandwidth Correction Factor) =  $10 \cdot \log(3 \text{ kHz}/100\text{kHz}) = -15.2\text{dB}$

### 802.11n HT20:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Power Spectral Density (dBm/100kHz)	Corrected Power Spectral Density (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)	Results
Low	2412	-1.55	-16.75	8	Compliant
Middle	2437	-2.35	-17.55	8	Compliant
High	2462	-2.31	-17.51	8	Compliant

$BWCF$  (Bandwidth Correction Factor) =  $10 \cdot \log(3 \text{ kHz}/100\text{kHz}) = -15.2\text{dB}$

### 802.11n HT40:

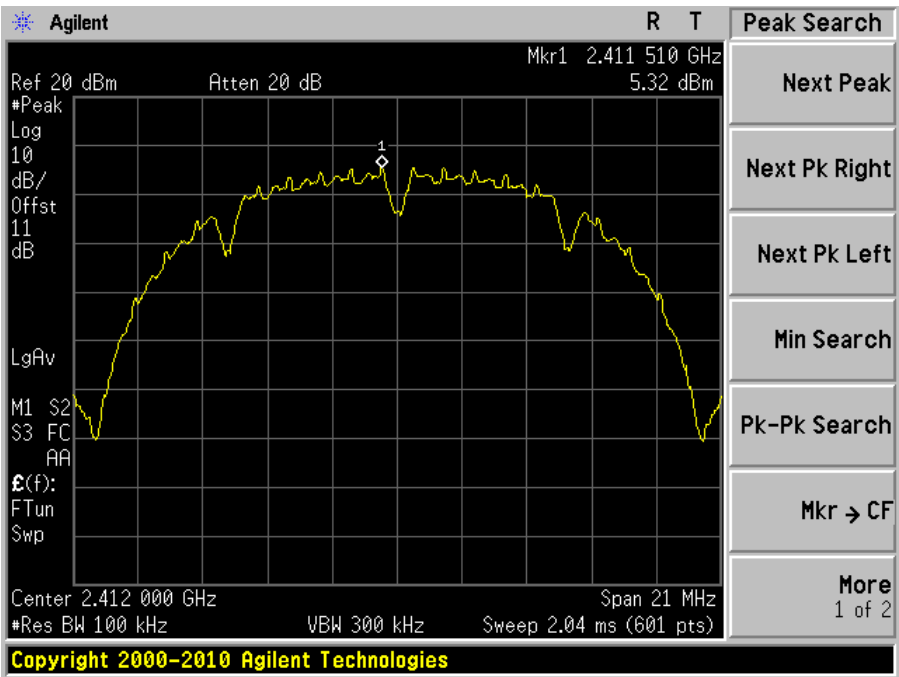
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Power Spectral Density (dBm/100kHz)	Corrected Power Spectral Density (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)	Results
Low	2422	-3.99	-19.19	8	Compliant
Middle	2437	-4.36	-19.56	8	Compliant
High	2452	-4.56	-19.76	8	Compliant

$BWCF$  (Bandwidth Correction Factor) =  $10 \cdot \log(3 \text{ kHz}/100\text{kHz}) = -15.2\text{dB}$

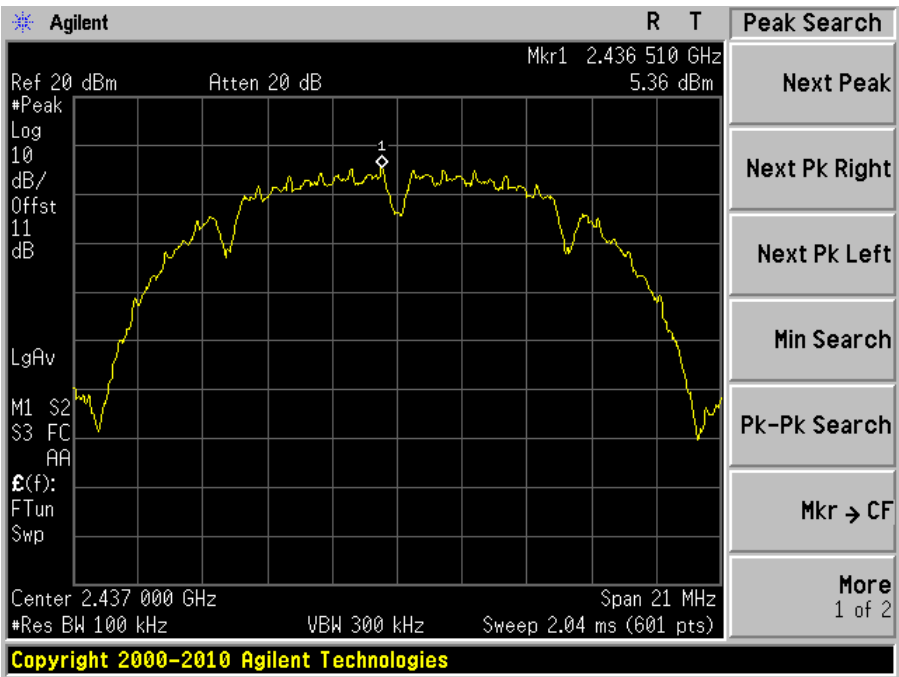
Please refer to the following plots for detailed test results:

802.11b

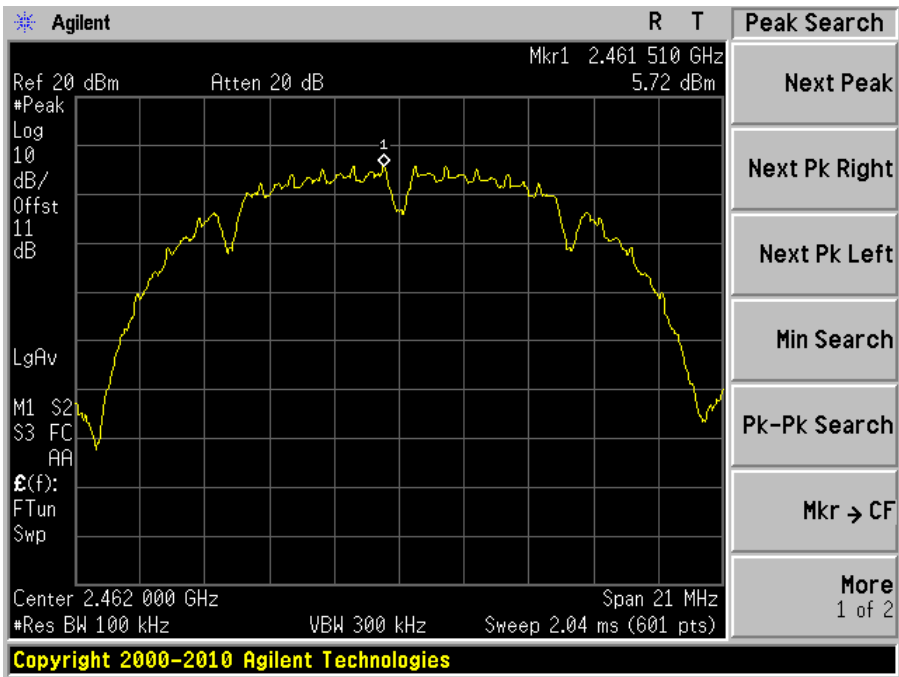
Low channel



Middle channel

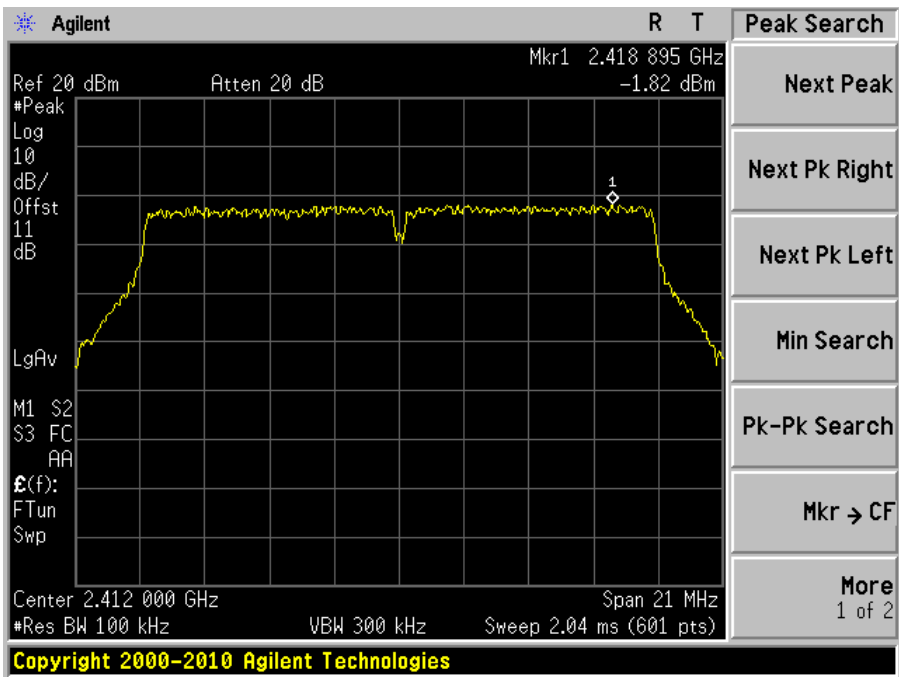


High channel

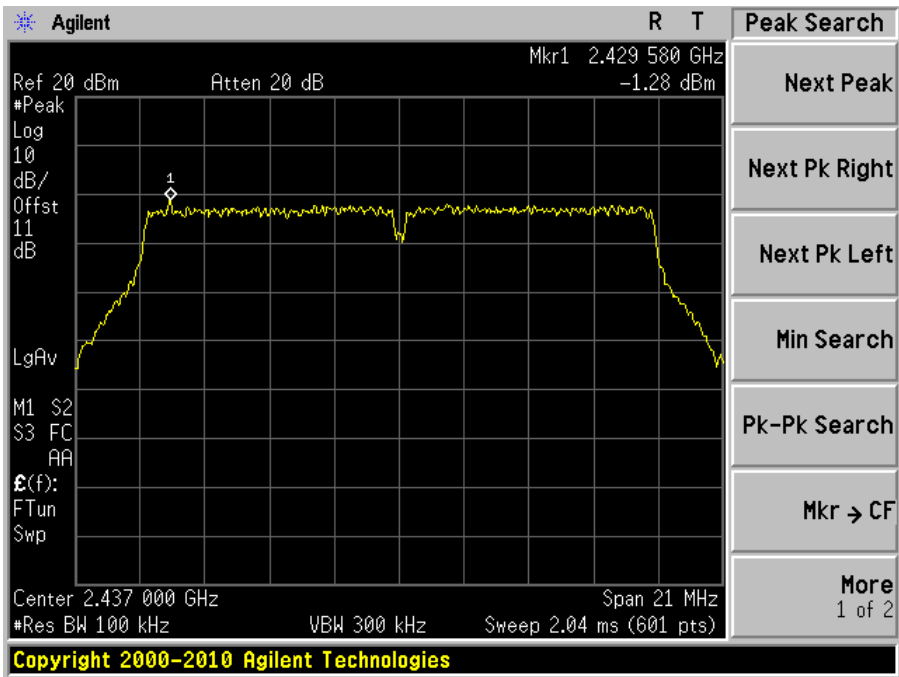


802.11g

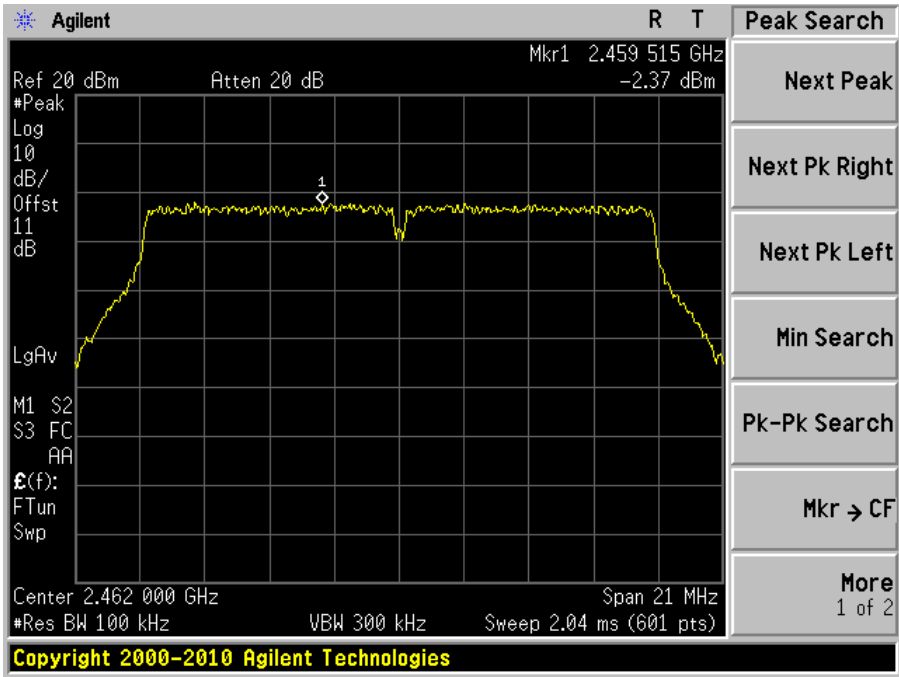
Low channel



Middle channel

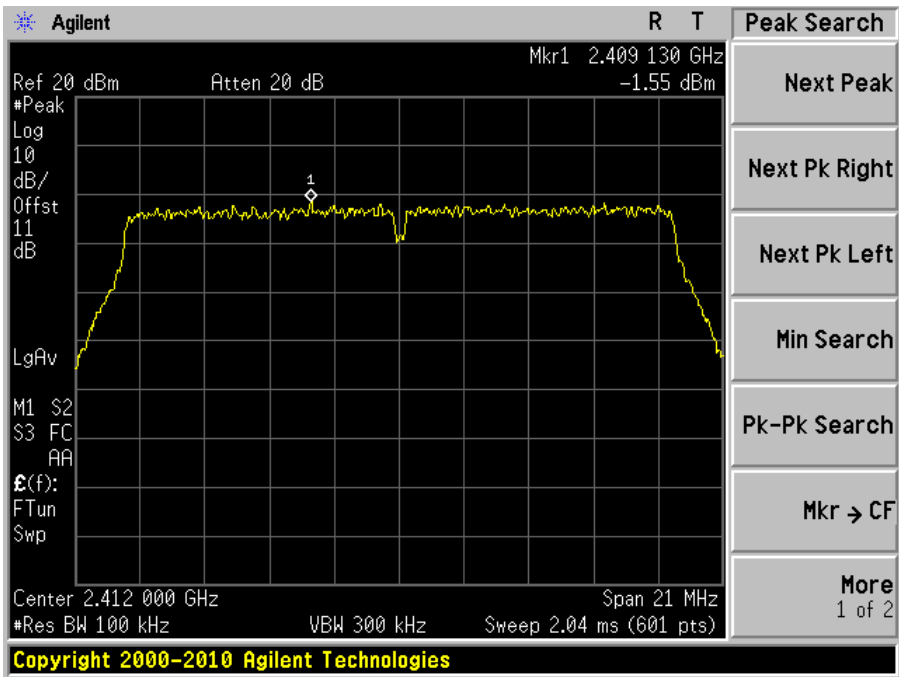


High channel

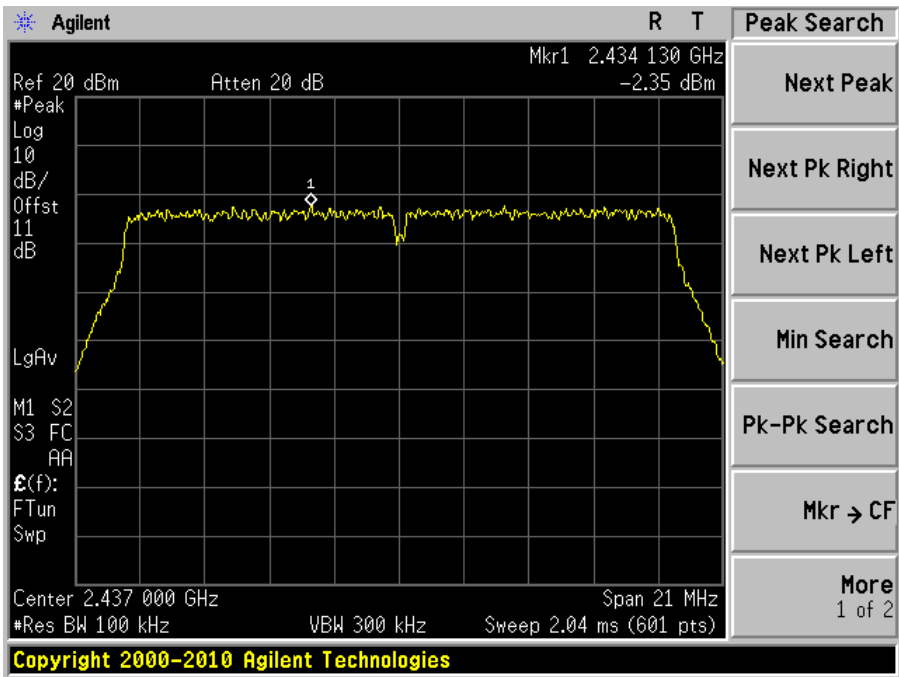


802.11n HT20

Low channel

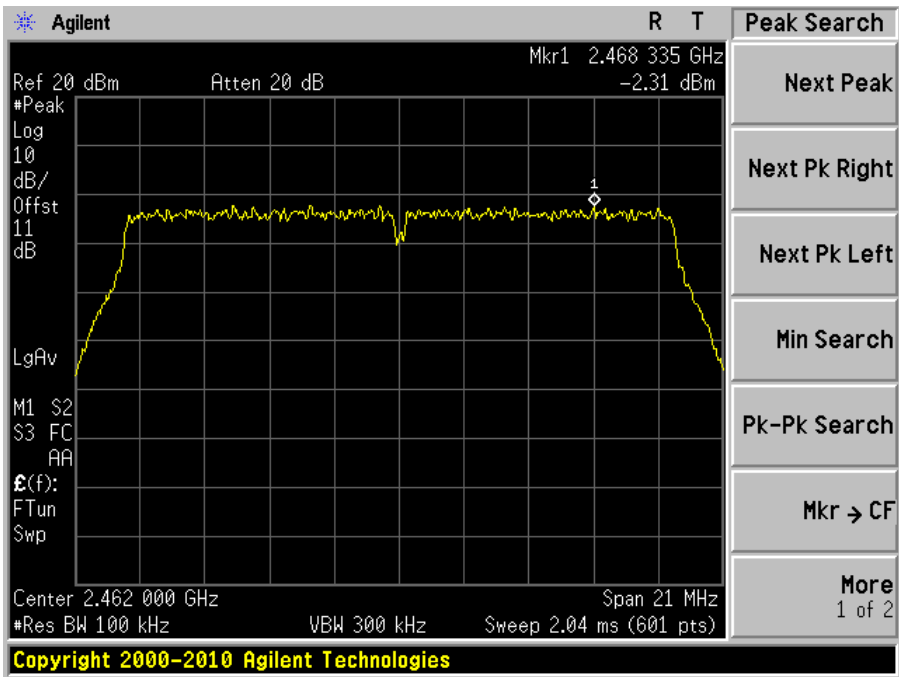


Middle channel



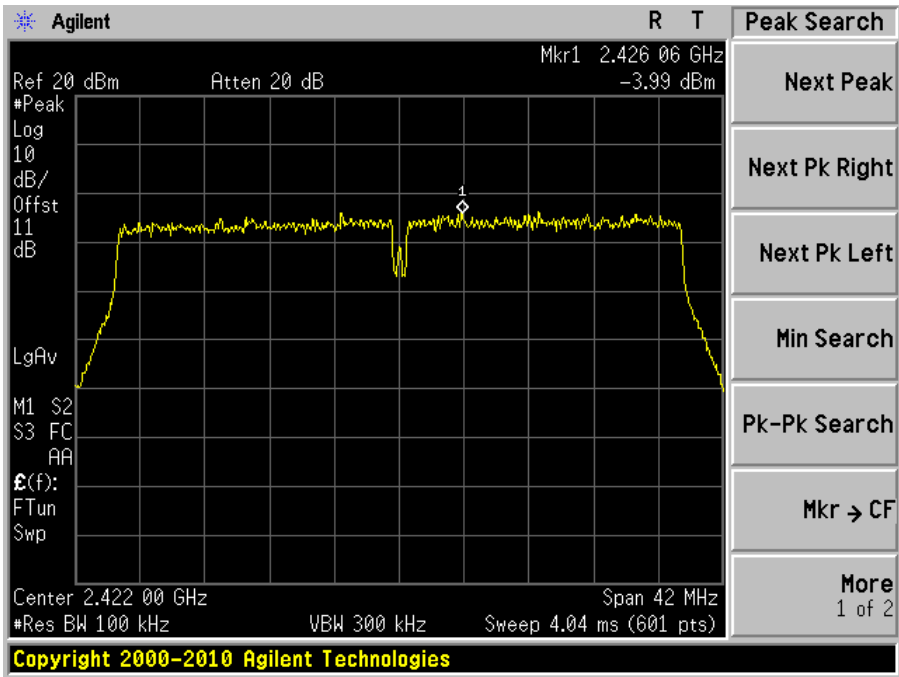


High channel

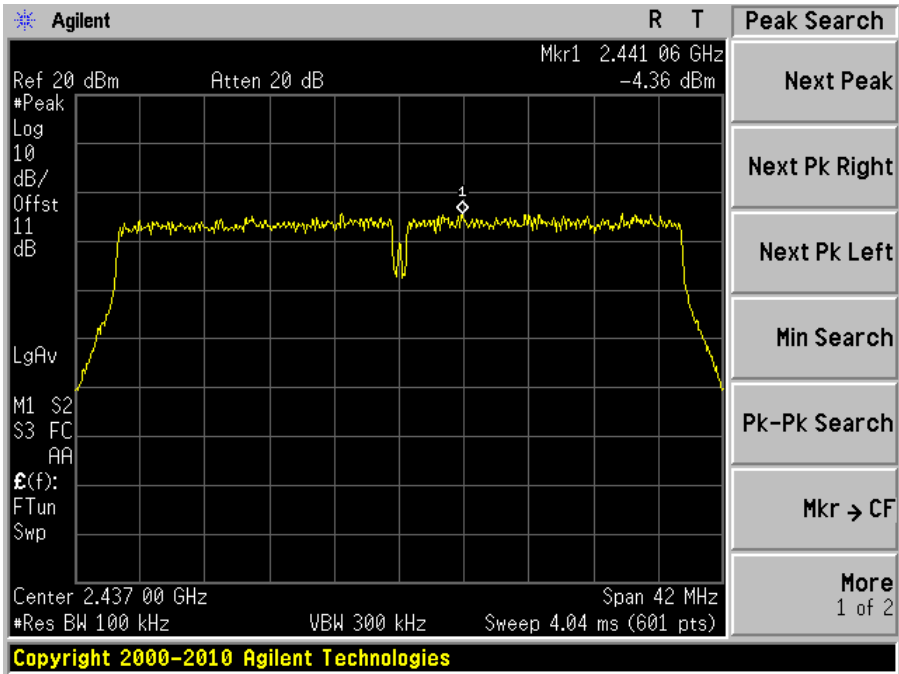


802.11n HT40

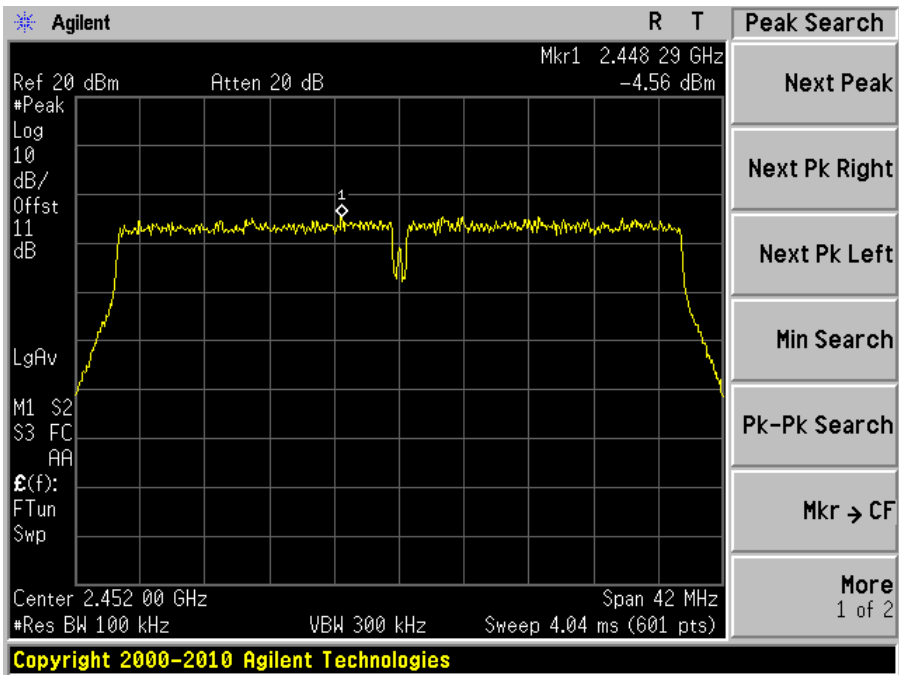
Low channel



Middle channel



High channel



## 13 IC RSS-210 §2.6 & RSS-Gen §4.10 - Receiver Spurious Radiated Emissions

### 13.1 Applicable Standard

According to IC RSS-Gen §4.10, the receiver shall be operated in the normal receive mode near the mid-point of the band over which the receiver is designed to operate.

Unless otherwise specified in the applicable RSS, the radiated emission measurement is the standard measurement method (with the device's antenna in place) to measure receiver spurious emissions.

Radiated emission measurements are to be performed using a calibrated open-area test site.

For either method, the search for spurious emissions shall be from the lowest frequency internally generated or used in the receiver (e.g. local oscillator, intermediate or carrier frequency), or 30 MHz, whichever is the higher, to at least 3 times the highest tuneable or local oscillator frequency, whichever is the higher, without exceeding 40 GHz.

For emissions below 1 GHz, measurements shall be performed using a CISPR quasi-peak detector and the related measurement bandwidth. As an alternative to CISPR quasi-peak measurement, compliance with the emission limit can be demonstrated using measuring equipment employing a peak detector with the same measurement bandwidth as that for CISPR quasi-peak measurements. Above 1 GHz, measurements shall be performed using an average detector and a resolution bandwidth of 300 kHz to 1 MHz.

According to RSS-210 §2.6, Tables 2 and 3 show the general field strength limits of unwanted emissions, where applicable, for transmitters and receivers operating in accordance with the provisions specified in this RSS. Transmitters whose wanted emissions are also within the limits shown in Tables 2 and 3 may operate in any of the frequency bands of Tables 2 and 3, other than the restricted bands of Table 1 and the TV bands, and shall be certified under RSS-210.

Table 2: General Field Strength Limits for Transmitters and Receivers at Frequencies above 30 MHz <sup>(Note)</sup>

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength Microvolts/m at 3 meters (watts, e.i.r.p.)	
	Transmitters	Receivers
30-88	100 (3 nW)	100 (3 nW)
88-216	150 (6.8 nW)	150 (6.8 nW)
216-960	200 (12 nW)	200 (12 nW)
Above 960	500 (75 nW)	500 (75 nW)

**Note:** Transmitting devices are not permitted in Table 1 bands or in TV bands (54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz, 470-608 MHz, and 614-806 MHz). Prohibition of operation in TV bands does not apply to momentary devices, or to medical telemetry devices in the band 174-216 MHz, and to perimeter protection systems in the bands 54-72 and 76-88 MHz. The perimeter protection devices are to meet Table 3 field strengths limits.

Table 3: General Field Strength Limits for Transmitters at Frequencies below 30 MHz (Transmit)

Frequency (fundamental or spurious)	Field Strength (microvolts/m)	Magnetic H-Field (microamperes/m)	Measurement Distance (metres)
9-490 kHz	2,400/F (F in kHz)	2,400/377F (F in kHz)	300
490-1,705 kHz	24,000/F (F in kHz)	24,000/377F (F in kHz)	30
1.705-30 MHz	30	N/A	30

**Note:** The emission limits for the bands 9-90 kHz and 110-490 kHz are based on measurements employing an average detector.

### 13.2 EUT Setup

The radiated emissions tests were performed in the 3 meter chamber, using the setup in accordance with ANSI C63.4-2009.

### 13.3 Test Procedure

Maximizing procedure was performed on the six (6) highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance is with all installation combinations.

All data were recorded in the peak detection mode. Quasi-peak readings was performed only when an emissions was found to be marginal (within -4 dB of specification limits), and are distinguished with a "QP" in the data table.

### 13.4 Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The Corrected Amplitude (CA) is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor (AF), the Cable Loss (CL), the Attenuator Factor (Atten) and subtracting the Amplifier Gain (Ga) to indicated Amplitude (Ai) reading. The basic equation is as follows:

$$CA = Ai + AF + CL + Atten - Ga$$

For example, a corrected amplitude of 40.3 dBuV/m = Indicated Reading (32.5 dBuV) + Antenna Factor (+23.5dB) + Cable Loss (3.7 dB) + Attenuator (10 dB) - Amplifier Gain (29.4 dB)

The "**Margin**" column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance within the applicable limit. For example, a margin of -7 dB means the emission is 7 dB below the maximum limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

$$\text{Margin} = \text{Corrected Amplitude} - \text{Limit}$$

### 13.5 Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI 1166.5950K03	100338	2011-09-14	1 year
Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	E4440A	MY44303352	2012-05-10	1 year
Sunol Science Corp	System Controller	SC99V	011003-1	N/R	1 year
Sunol Science Corp	Combination Antenna	JB3	A020106-3	2012-06-18	1 year
A.H. Systems	Horn antenna	SAS-200/571	261	2012-01-18	1 year
Hewlett Packard	Pre-amplifier	8447D	2944A10187	2012-03-08	1 year
Mini-Circuits	Pre-amplifier	ZVA-183-S	570400946	2012-05-09	1 year

**Statement of Traceability:** BACL attests that all calibrations have been performed per the A2LA requirements, traceable to NIST.

### 13.6 Test Environmental Conditions

#### WLAN and BT:

<b>Temperature:</b>	21 °C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	56%
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	101.6kPa

The testing was performed by Lionel Lara on 2012-07-24 at 5 meter chamber 3.

### 13.7 Summary of Test Results

According to the test data, the EUT complied with IC RSS-210/RSS-Gen, with the closest margins from the limit listed below:

#### WLAN:

Mode: Receiving			
Margin (dB)	Frequency (MHz)	Polarization (Horizontal/Vertical)	Range (MHz)
-12.35	12500	Horizontal	30 to 25000

#### BT:

Mode: Receiving			
Margin (dB)	Frequency (MHz)	Polarization (Horizontal/Vertical)	Range (MHz)
-10.48	12500	Horizontal	30 – 25000

### 13.8 Test Data and Plots

#### 1) 30-1000 MHz, Measured at 3 meters

WLAN:

Receiving Mode

Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBμV/m)	Antenna Height (cm)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Comments
100	6.05	100	H	0	43.5	-37.45	Quasi-Peak
500	16.87	100	H	0	46	-29.13	Quasi-Peak
900	22.31	100	H	0	46	-23.69	Quasi-Peak

#### 2) Above 1 GHz Measured at 3 meters

Receiving Mode

Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dBμV)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Test Antenna			Cable Loss (dB)	Pre-Amp. (dB)	Cord. Reading (dBμV/m)	FCC & IC		Comments
			Height (cm)	Polarity (H/V)	Factor (dB/m)				Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	
1100	39.32	0	100	H	24.69	1.88	27.03	38.86	74	-35.14	Peak
1100	39.32	0	100	V	24.18	1.88	27.03	38.35	74	-35.65	Peak
1100	24.25	0	100	H	24.69	1.88	27.03	23.79	54	-30.21	Ave
1100	24.25	0	100	V	24.18	1.88	27.03	23.28	54	-30.72	Ave
12500	40.61	0	100	H	38.31	6.47	26.9	58.49	74	-15.51	Peak
12500	40.61	0	100	V	38.26	6.47	26.9	58.44	74	-15.56	Peak
12500	25.73	0	100	H	38.31	6.47	26.9	43.61	54	-10.39	Ave
12500	25.73	0	100	V	38.26	6.47	26.9	43.56	54	-10.44	Ave

**Bluetooth:**

1) 30 MHz -1 GHz, measured at 3 meters

Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dB)	Antenna Height (cm)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Comments
100	11.16	100	V	0	43.5	-32.34	Quasi-Peak
539.22	30.43	100	V	288	46	-15.57	Quasi-Peak
900	22.46	100	V	0	46	-23.54	Quasi-Peak

2) 1 – 25 GHz, measured at 3 meters

Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dBμV)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Test Antenna			Cable Loss (dB)	Pre-Amp. (dB)	Cord. Reading (dBμV/m)	FCC & IC		Comments
			Height (cm)	Polarity (H/V)	Factor (dB/m)				Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	
1100	40.1	0	100	H	24.69	1.88	27.03	39.64	74	-34.36	Peak
1100	40.1	0	100	V	24.18	1.88	27.03	39.13	74	-34.87	Peak
1100	24.76	0	100	H	24.69	1.88	27.03	24.3	54	-29.7	Ave
1100	24.76	0	100	V	24.18	1.88	27.03	23.79	54	-30.21	Ave
12500	40.52	0	100	H	38.31	6.47	26.9	58.4	74	-15.6	Peak
12500	40.52	0	100	V	38.26	6.47	26.9	58.35	74	-15.65	Peak
12500	25.64	0	100	H	38.31	6.47	26.9	43.52	54	-10.48	Ave
12500	25.64	0	100	V	38.26	6.47	26.9	43.47	54	-10.53	Ave

## 14 FCC §15.247(a) & IC RSS-210 §A8.1 – Hopping Channel Bandwidth

### 14.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC§15.247(a) (l) & RSS-210 §A8.1 (a), the maximum 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel shall be presented.

### 14.2 Measurement Procedure

5. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
6. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and set it to any one convenient frequency within its operating range. Set a reference level on the measuring instrument equal to the highest peak value.
7. Measure the frequency difference of two frequencies that were attenuated 20 dB from the reference level. Record the frequency difference as the emissions bandwidth.
8. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

### 14.3 Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	E4440A	MY44303352	2012-05-10	1 year

**Statement of Traceability:** **BACL Corp.** attests that all calibrations have been performed according to A2LA requirements, traceable to the NIST.

### 14.4 Test Environmental Conditions

<b>Temperature:</b>	22 °C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	57 %
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	101.1kPa

*The testing was performed by Lionel Lara on 2012-06-18 at RF test site.*



## 14.5 Test Results

Modulation: GFSK

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	20 dB Channel Bandwidth (kHz)
Low	2402	1100
Mid	2441	1106
High	2480	1108

Modulation: DQPSK

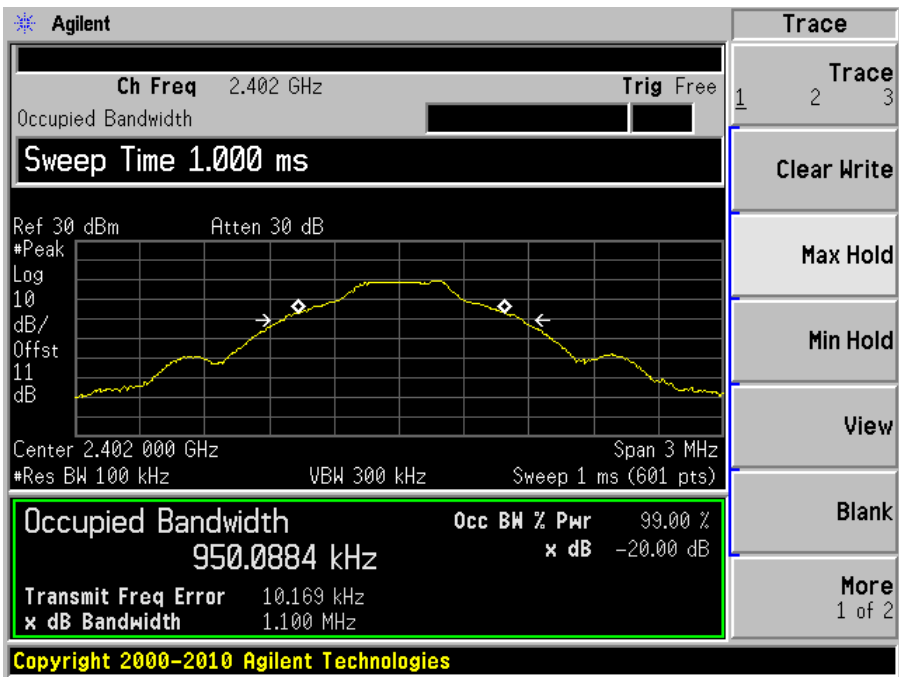
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	20 dB Channel Bandwidth (kHz)
Low	2402	1376
Mid	2441	1379
High	2480	1379

Modulation: 8PSK

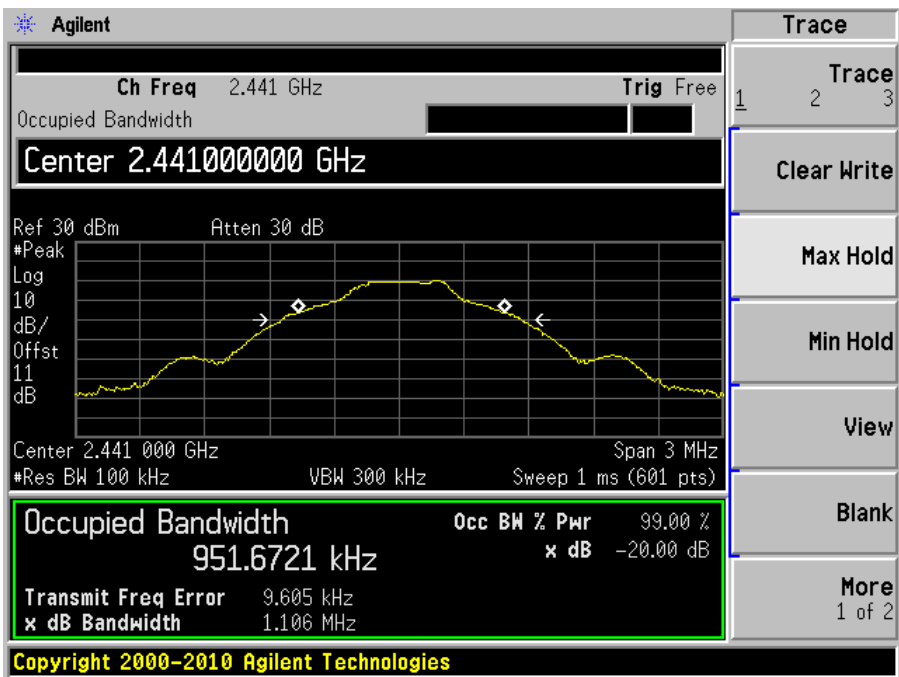
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	20 dB Channel Bandwidth (kHz)
Low	2402	1376
Mid	2441	1379
High	2480	1378

Please refer to the following plots.

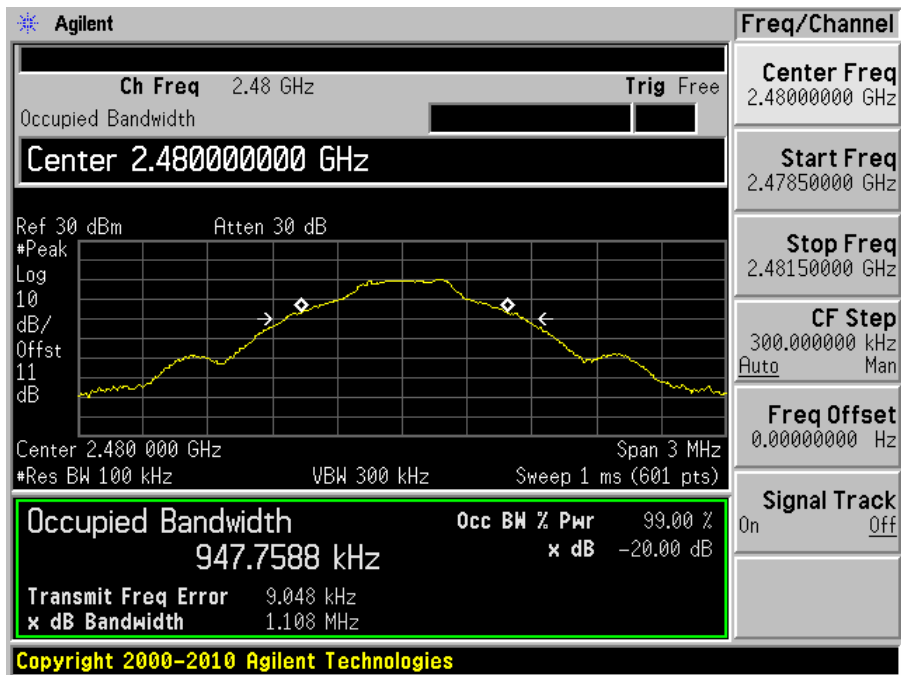
GFSK - Low Channel



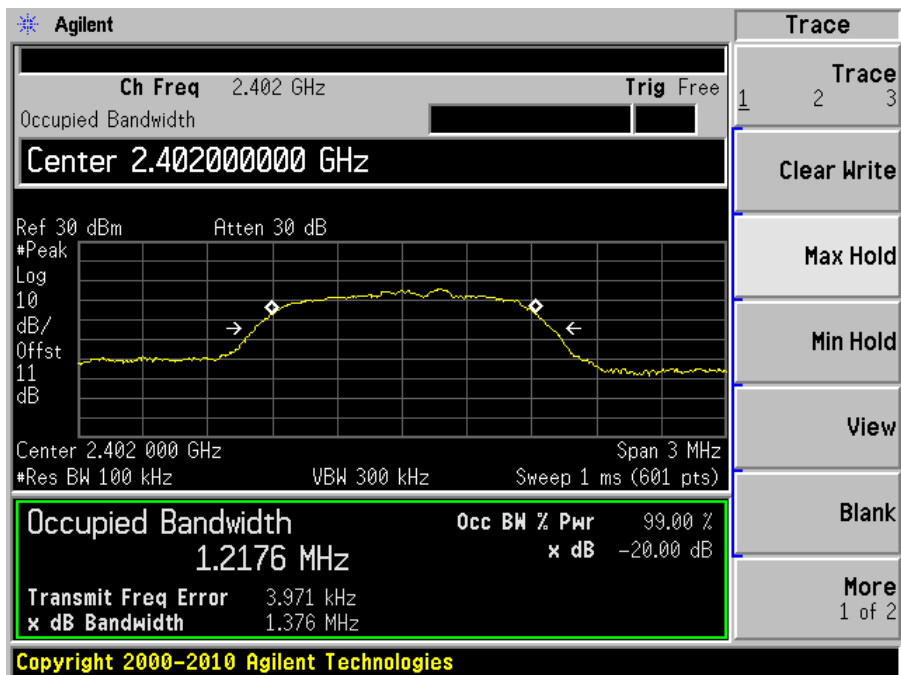
GFSK - Middle Channel



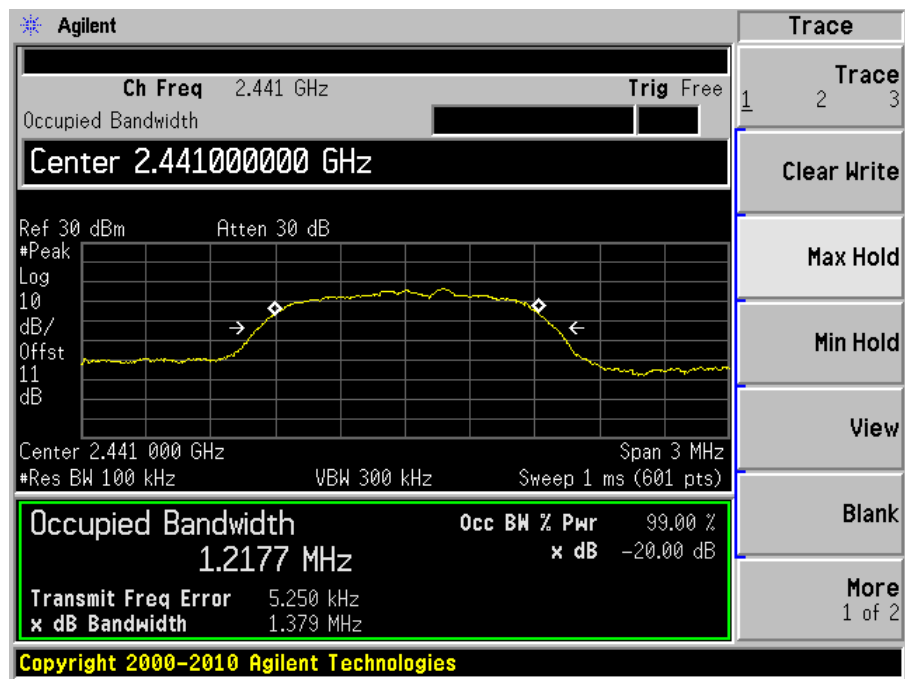
GFSK - High Channel



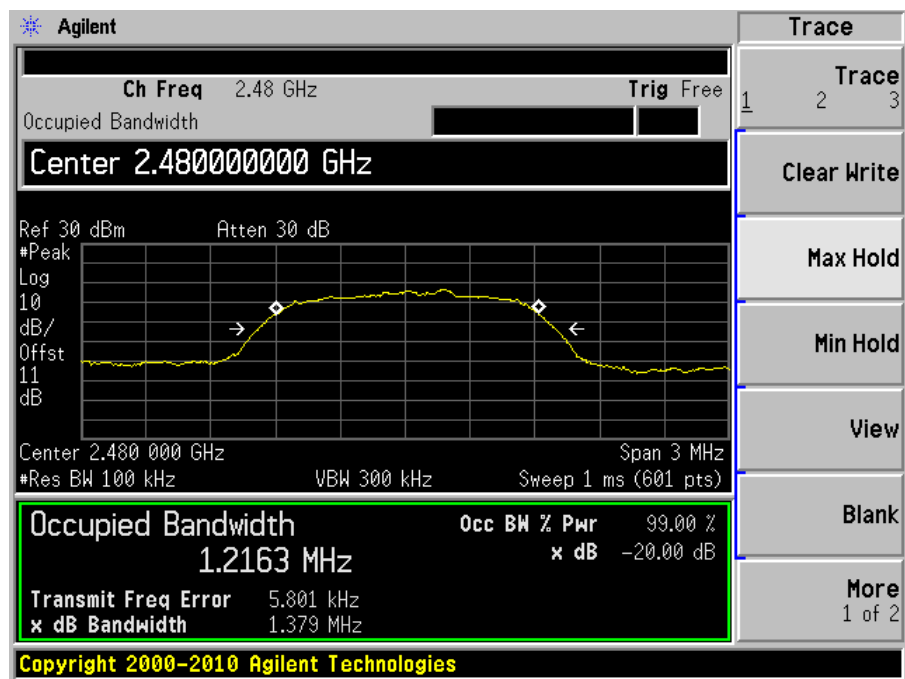
DQPSK - Low Channel



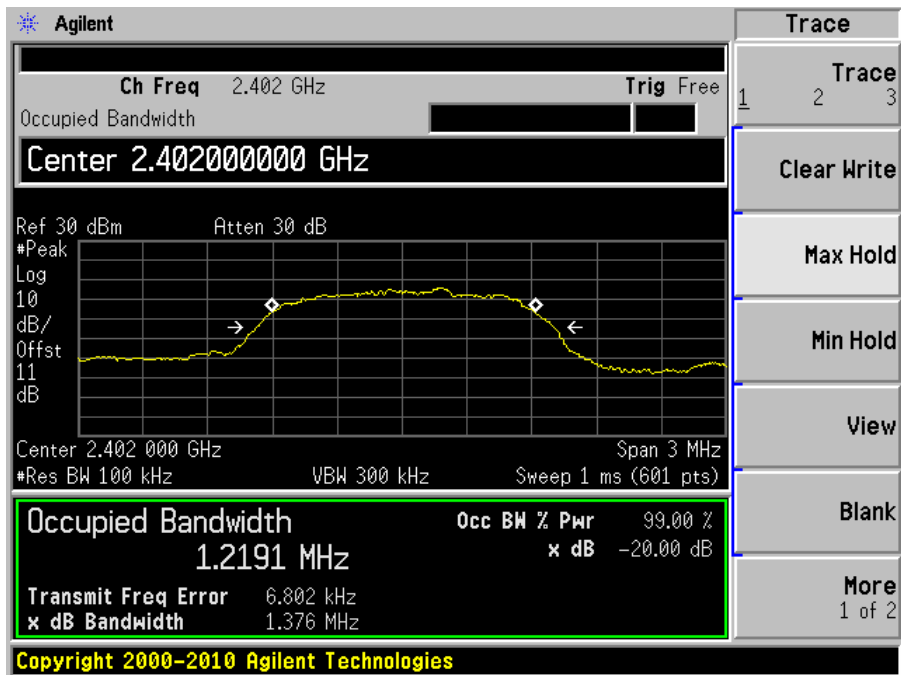
DQPSK - Middle Channel



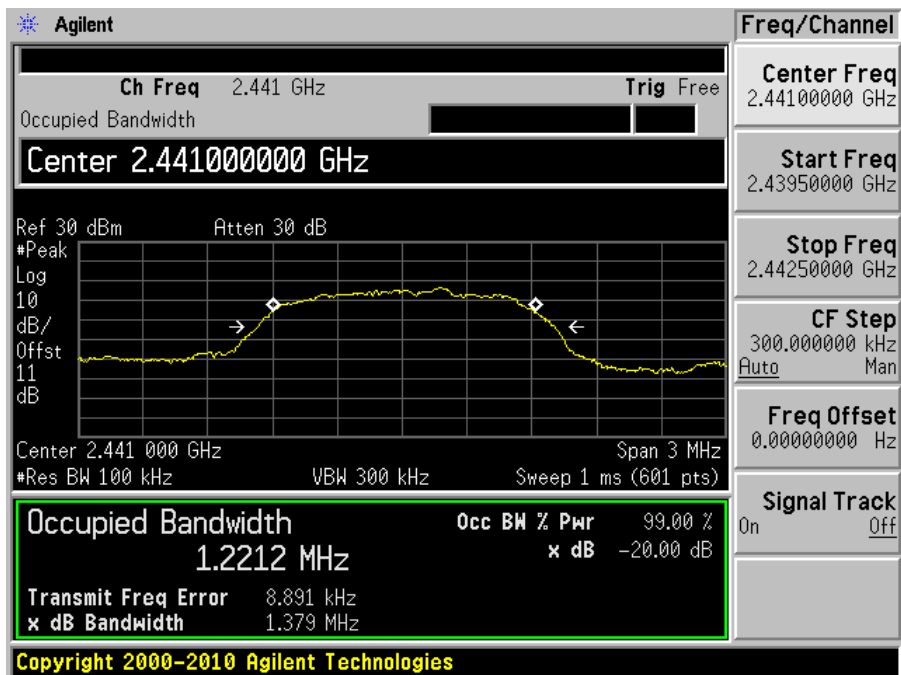
DQPSK - High Channel



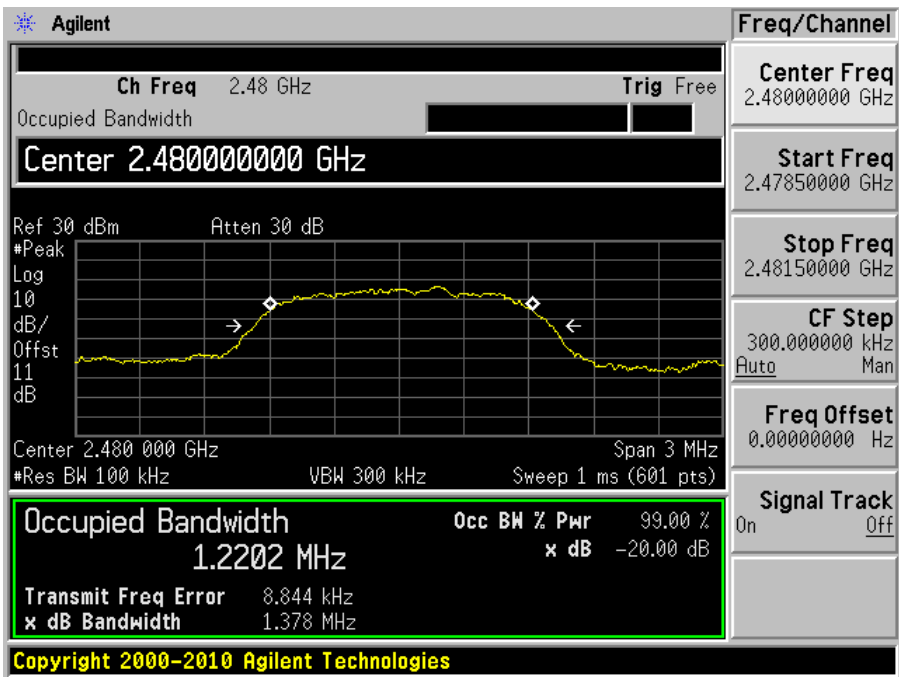
8PSK - Low Channel



8PSK - Middle Channel



8PSK - High Channel



## 15 FCC §15.247(a) & IC RSS-210 §A8.1 – Hopping Channel Separation

### 15.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC §15.247(a)(1): Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW. The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

According to IC RSS-210 §A8.1(b)(1) Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

### 15.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument (SA) using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT on a bench without connection to measurement instrument Turn on the EUT and set it to any one convenient frequency within its operating range.
3. By using the Max-Hold function record the separation of two adjacent channels.
4. Measure the frequency difference of these two adjacent channels by SA MARK function, and then plot the result on SA screen.
5. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

### 15.3 Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	E4440A	MY44303352	2012-05-10	1 year

**Statement of Traceability:** BACL Corp. attests that all calibrations have been performed according to A2LA requirements, traceable to the NIST.

## 15.4 Test Environmental Conditions

<b>Temperature:</b>	22 °C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	57 %
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	101.1kPa

The testing was performed by Lionel Lara on 2012-06-18 at RF test site.

## 15.5 Test Results

### GFSK

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel Separation (kHz)	GFSK Limit > 2/3 20 dB BW (kHz)
Low	2402	1000	733
Mid	2441	1025	733
High	2480	1000	739

### DQPSK

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel Separation (kHz)	DQPSK Limit > 2/3 20 dB BW (kHz)
Low	2402	1025	917
Mid	2441	1005	919
High	2480	1170	919

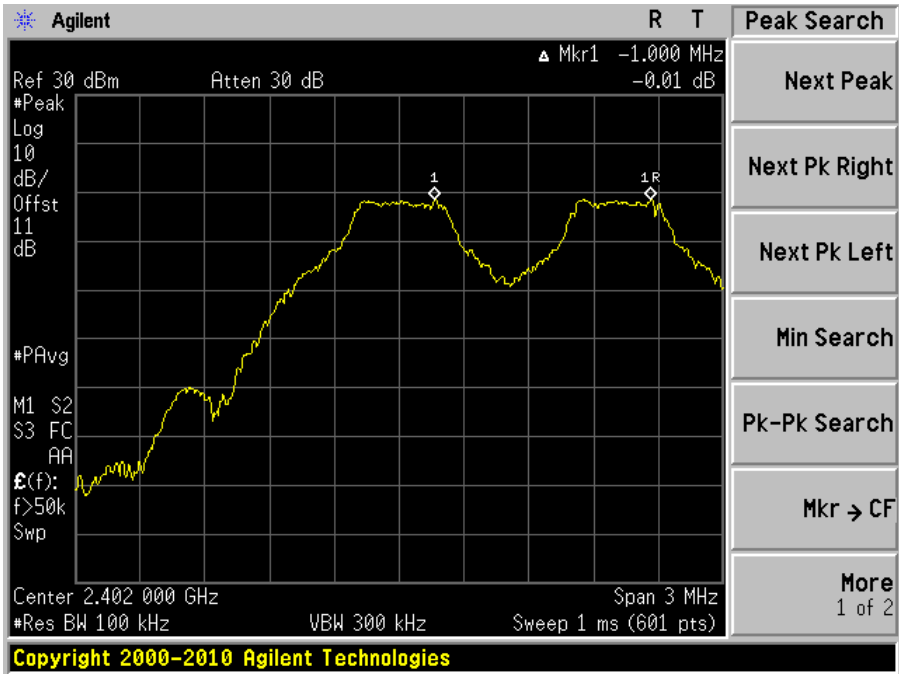
### 8PSK

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel Separation (kHz)	8PSK Limit > 2/3 20 dB BW (kHz)
Low	2402	1000	917
Mid	2441	1000	919
High	2480	1205	919

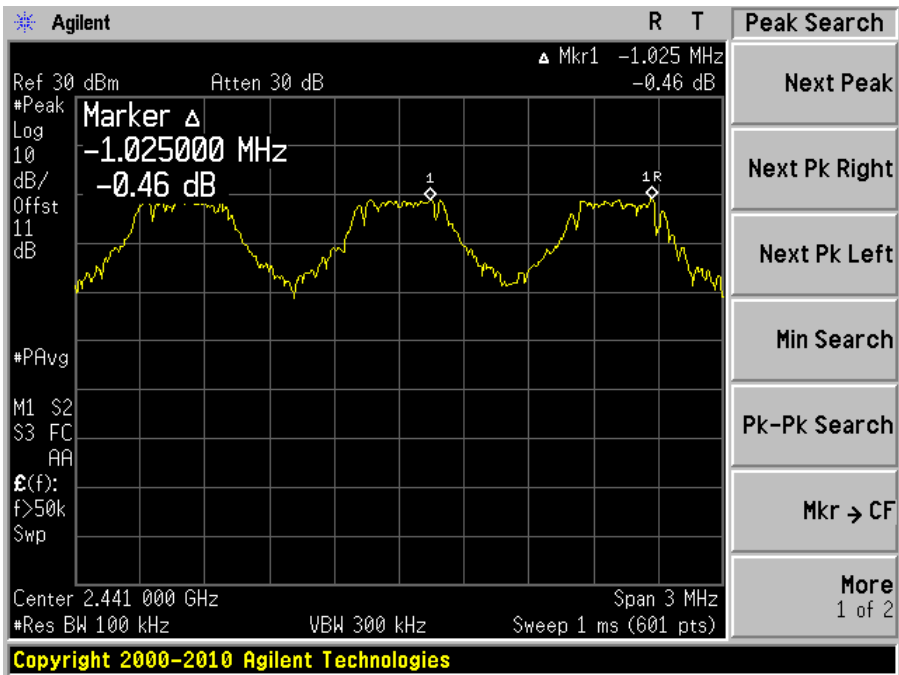
Please refer to the following plots.



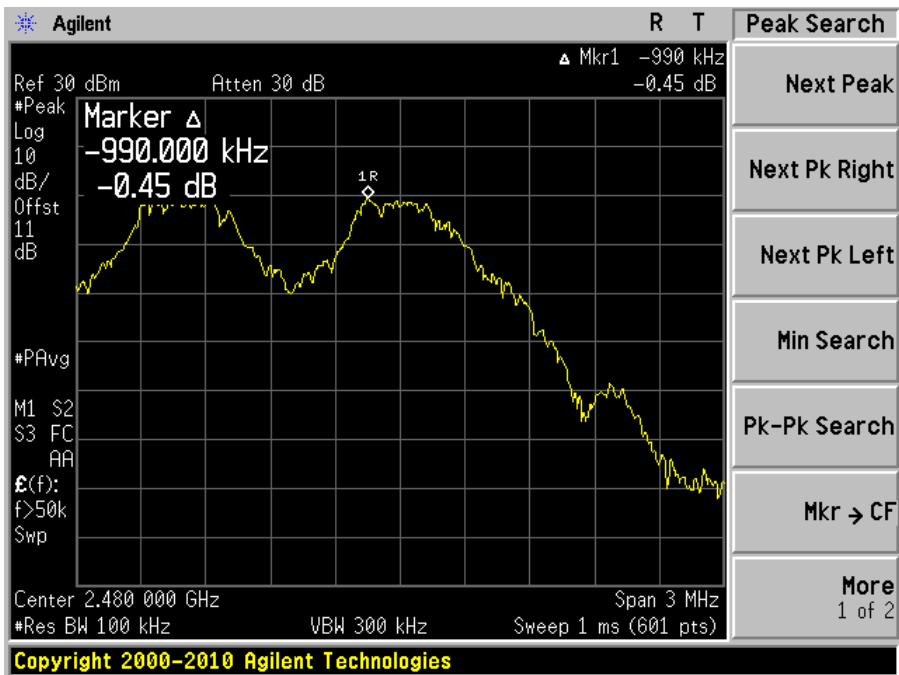
GFSK - Low Channel



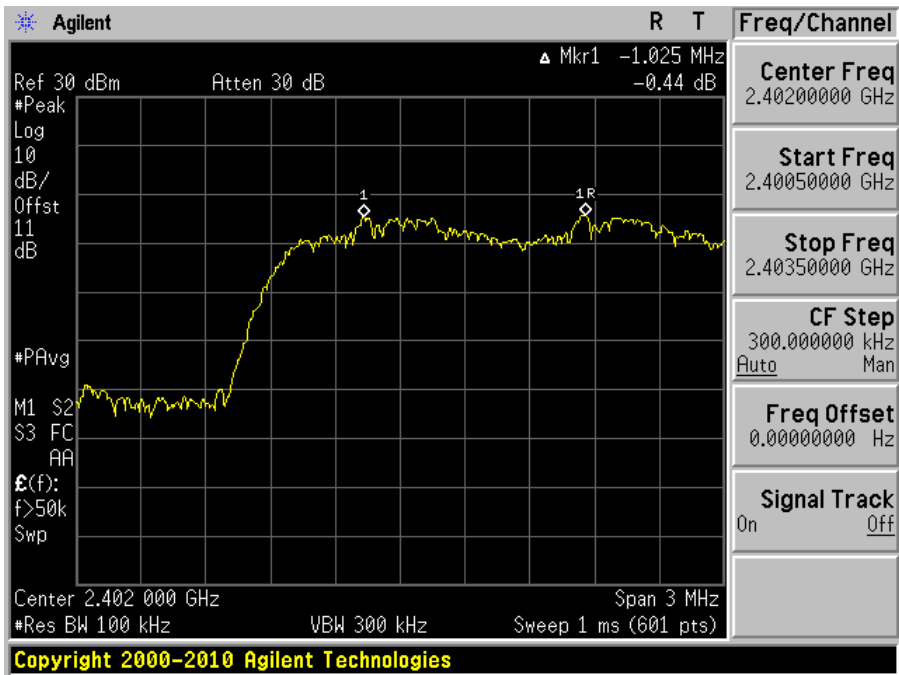
GFSK - Middle Channel



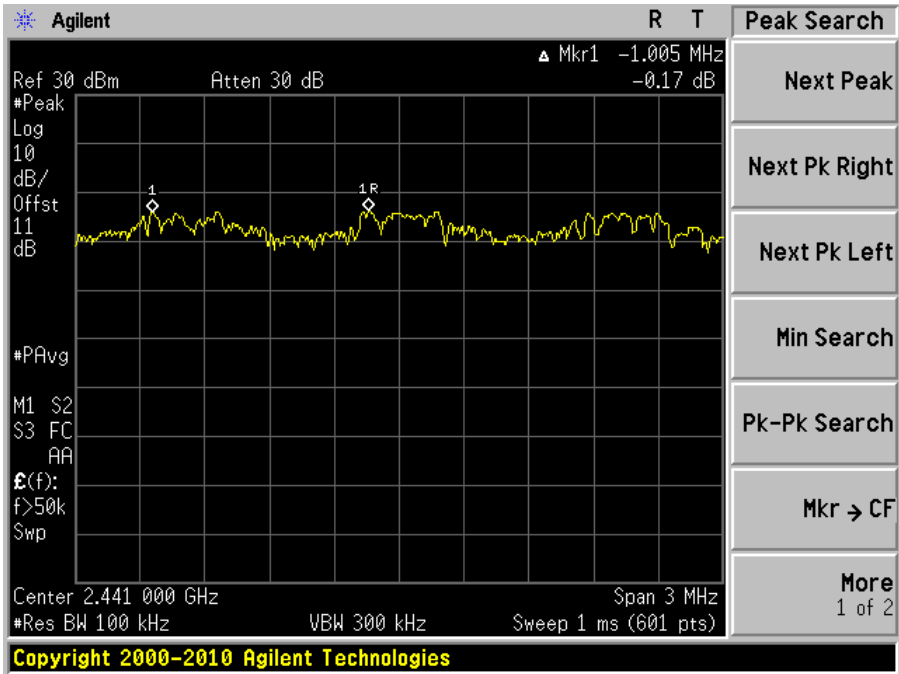
GFSK - High Channel



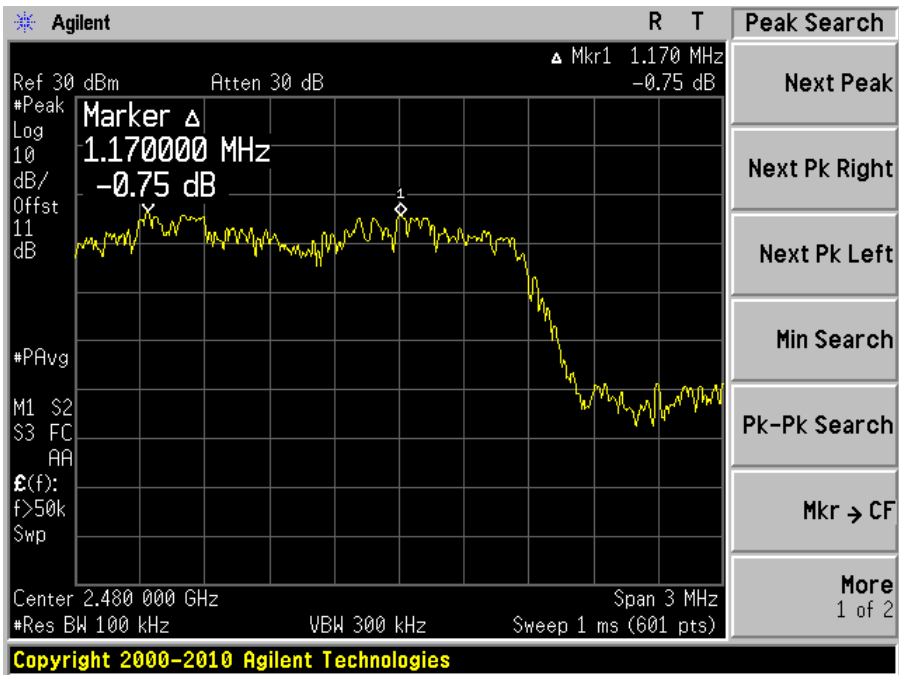
DQPSK - Low Channel



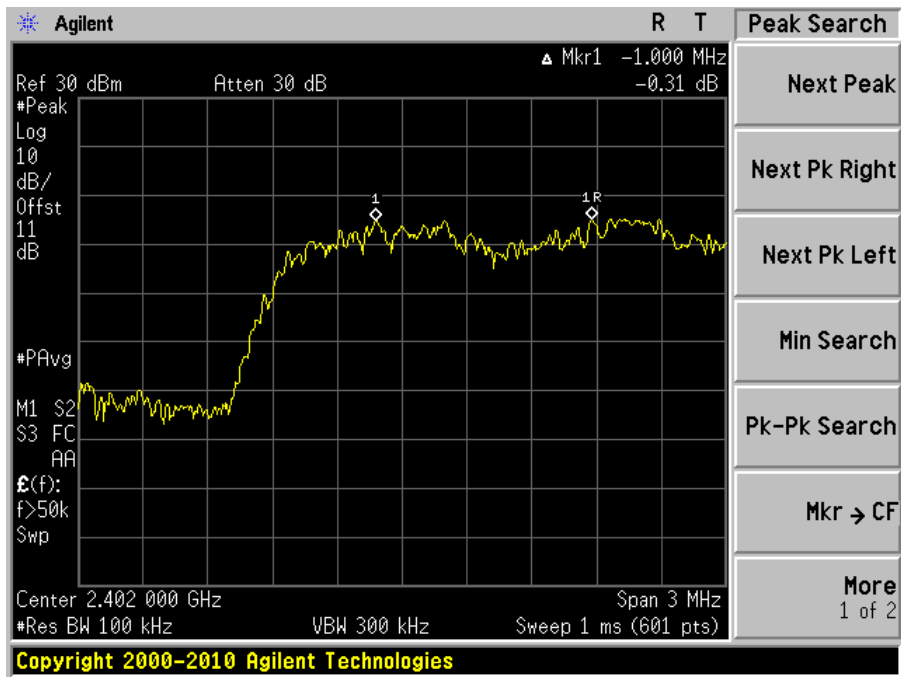
DQPSK - Middle Channel



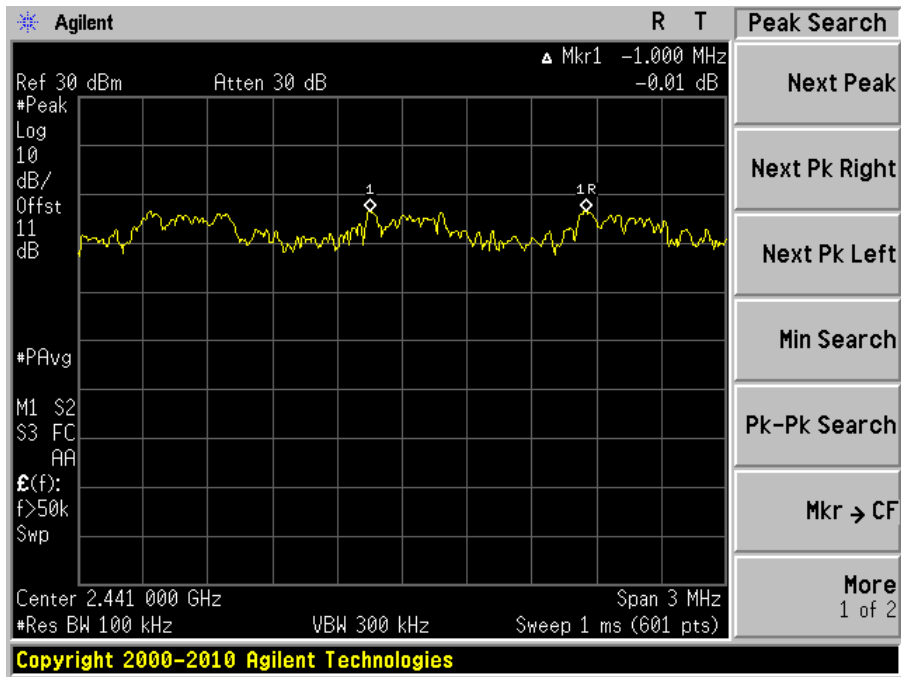
DQPSK - High Channel



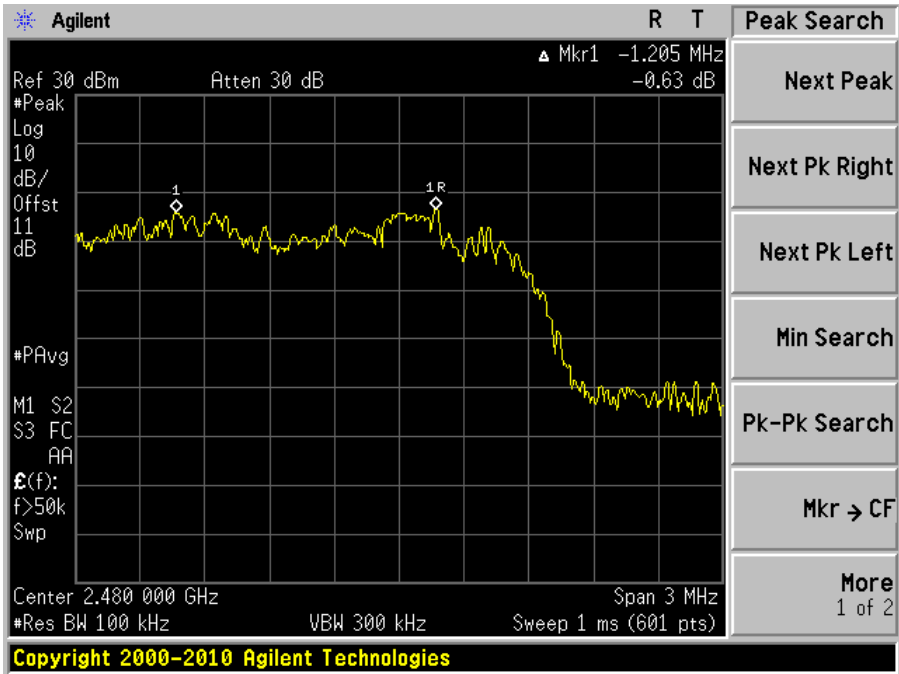
8PSK - Low Channel



8PSK - Middle Channel



8PSK - High Channel



## 16 FCC §15.247(a) & IC RSS-210 §A8.1 - Number of Hopping Channels

### 16.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC §15.247(a)(1)(iii), frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

According to IC RSS-210 §A8.1 (d), Frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Transmissions on particular hopping frequencies may be avoided or suppressed provided that a minimum of 15 hopping channels are used.

### 16.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument (SA) using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT on the bench without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set the SA on Max-Hold Mode, and then keep the EUT in hopping mode. Record all the signals from each channel until each one has been recorded.
4. Set the SA on View mode and then plot the result on SA screen.
5. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

### 16.3 Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	E4440A	MY44303352	2012-05-10	1 year

**Statement of Traceability:** BACL Corp. attests that all calibrations have been performed according to A2LA requirements, traceable to the NIST.

### 16.4 Test Environmental Conditions

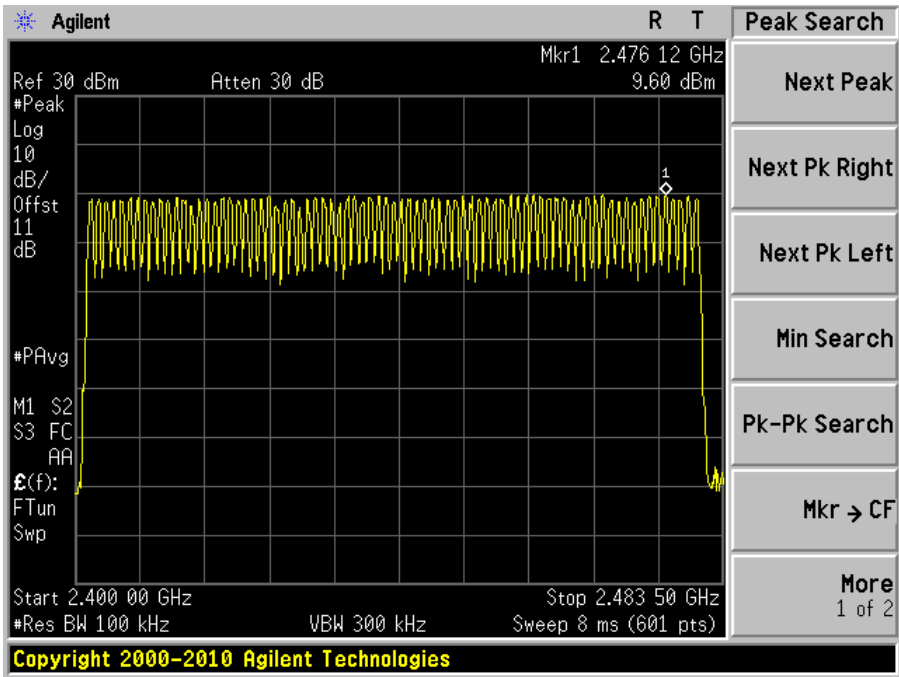
Temperature:	22 °C
Relative Humidity:	57 %
ATM Pressure:	101.1kPa

*The testing was performed by Lionel Lara on 2012-06-18 at RF test site.*

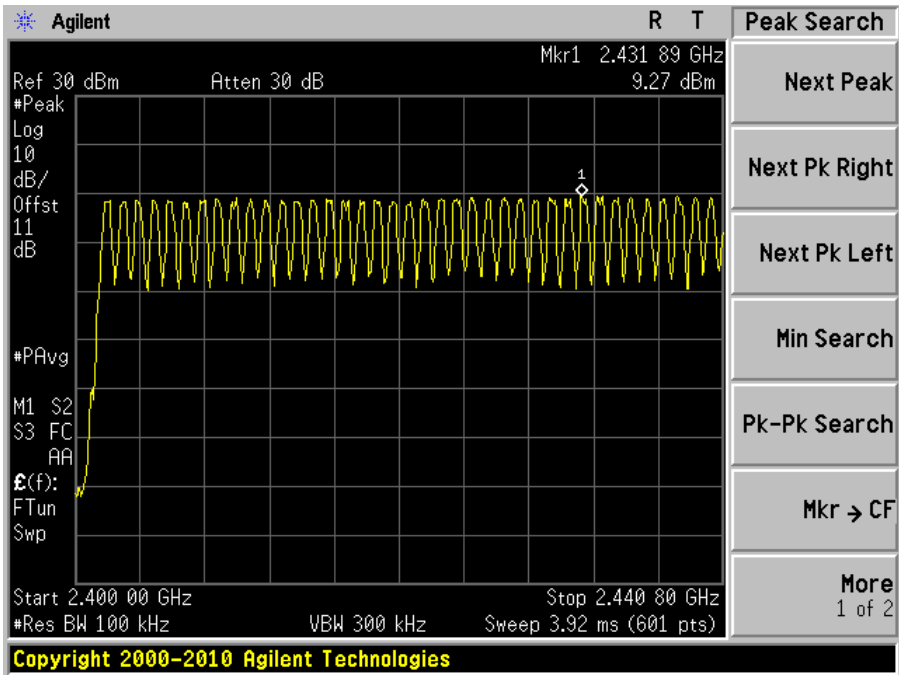
16.5 Test Results

Total 79 channels; please refer to the plots hereinafter.

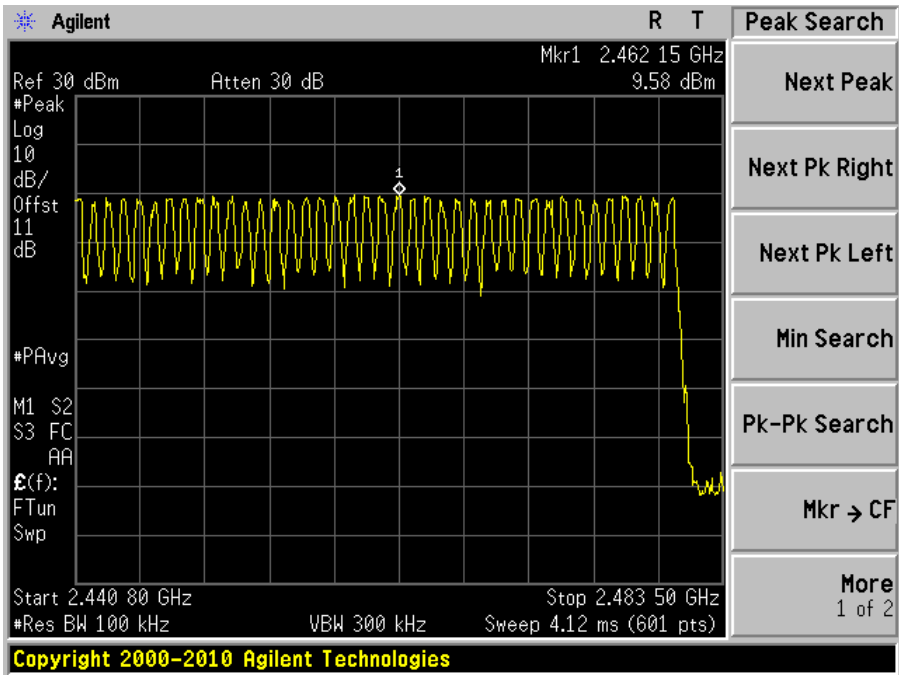
Hopping Channel Number: Total 79 Channels



39 Channels between 2400 to 2440.8 MHz



40 Channels between 2440.59 to 2483.5 MHz





## 17 FCC §15.247(a) & IC RSS-210 §A8.1 - Dwell Time

### 17.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC §15.247 (a)(1)(iii), the average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

According to IC RSS-210 §A8.1 (d), Frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Transmissions on particular hopping frequencies may be avoided or suppressed provided that a minimum of 15 hopping channels are used.

### 17.2 Measurement Procedure

5. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
6. Position the EUT was set without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
7. Adjust the center frequency of SA on any frequency be measured and set SA to zero span mode. And then, set RBW and VBW of spectrum analyzer to proper value.
8. Measure the time duration of one transmission on the measured frequency. And then plot the result with time difference of this time duration.
9. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

### 17.3 Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	E4440A	MY44303352	2012-05-10	1 year

**Statement of Traceability:** BACL Corp. attests that all calibrations have been performed according to A2LA requirements, traceable to the NIST.

### 17.4 Test Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	22 °C
Relative Humidity:	57 %
ATM Pressure:	101.1kPa

The testing was performed by Lionel Lara on 2012-06-18 at RF test site.

**17.5 Test Results**

GFSK, DH1: Packet Size = 27 byte

Channel	Pulse Width (ms)	Dwell time (sec)	Limit (sec)	Results
Low	0.3865	0.12	0.4	Pass
Mid	0.3865	0.12	0.4	Pass
High	0.3865	0.12	0.4	Pass

Note: Dwell time = Pulse time\*(1600/2/79)\*31.6S

GFSK, DH3: Packet Size = 183 bytes

Channel	Pulse Width (ms)	Dwell time (sec)	Limit (sec)	Results
Low	1.65	0.26	0.4	Pass
Mid	1.654	0.26	0.4	Pass
High	1.654	0.26	0.4	Pass

Note: Dwell time = Pulse time\*(1600/4/79)\*31.6S

GFSK, DH5: Packet Size = 339 bytes

Channel	Pulse Width (ms)	Dwell time (sec)	Limit (sec)	Results
Low	2.895	0.31	0.4	Pass
Mid	2.895	0.31	0.4	Pass
High	2.903	0.31	0.4	Pass

Note: Dwell time = Pulse time\*(1600/6/79)\*31.6S

DQPSK, DH1: Packet Size = 27 byte

Channel	Pulse Width (ms)	Dwell time (sec)	Limit (sec)	Results
Low	0.3876	0.12	0.4	Pass
Mid	0.3887	0.12	0.4	Pass
High	0.3876	0.12	0.4	Pass

Note: Dwell time = Pulse time\*(1600/2/79)\*31.6S

## DQPSK, DH3: Packet Size = 183 bytes

Channel	Pulse Width (ms)	Dwell time (sec)	Limit (sec)	Results
Low	1.646	0.26	0.4	Pass
Mid	1.65	0.26	0.4	Pass
High	1.646	0.26	0.4	Pass

Note: Dwell time = Pulse time\*(1600/4/79)\*31.6S

## DQPSK, DH5: Packet Size = 339 bytes

Channel	Pulse Width (ms)	Dwell time (sec)	Limit (sec)	Results
Low	2.903	0.31	0.4	Pass
Mid	2.903	0.31	0.4	Pass
High	2.895	0.31	0.4	Pass

Note: Dwell time = Pulse time\*(1600/6/79)\*31.6S

## 8PSK, DH1: Packet Size = 27 byte

Channel	Pulse Width (ms)	Dwell time (sec)	Limit (sec)	Results
Low	0.3865	0.12	0.4	Pass
Mid	0.3876	0.12	0.4	Pass
High	0.3876	0.12	0.4	Pass

Note: Dwell time = Pulse time\*(1600/2/79)\*31.6S

## 8PSK, DH3: Packet Size = 183 bytes

Channel	Pulse Width (ms)	Dwell time (sec)	Limit (sec)	Results
Low	1.641	0.26	0.4	Pass
Mid	1.65	0.26	0.4	Pass
High	1.65	0.26	0.4	Pass

Note: Dwell time = Pulse time\*(1600/4/79)\*31.6S

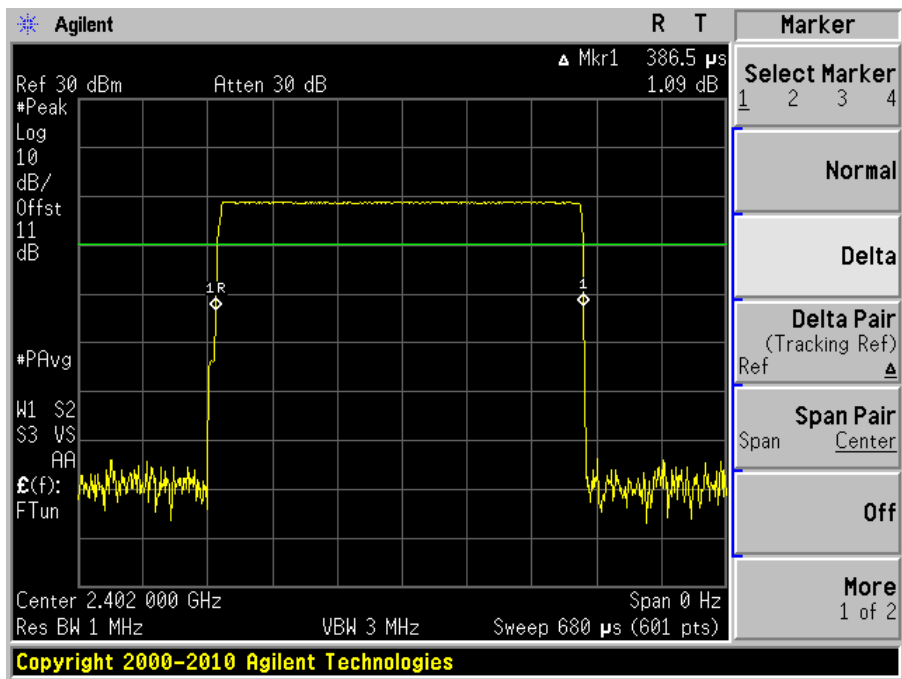
## 8PSK, DH5: Packet Size = 339 bytes

Channel	Pulse Width (ms)	Dwell time (sec)	Limit (sec)	Results
Low	2.903	0.31	0.4	Pass
Mid	2.895	0.31	0.4	Pass
High	2.903	0.31	0.4	Pass

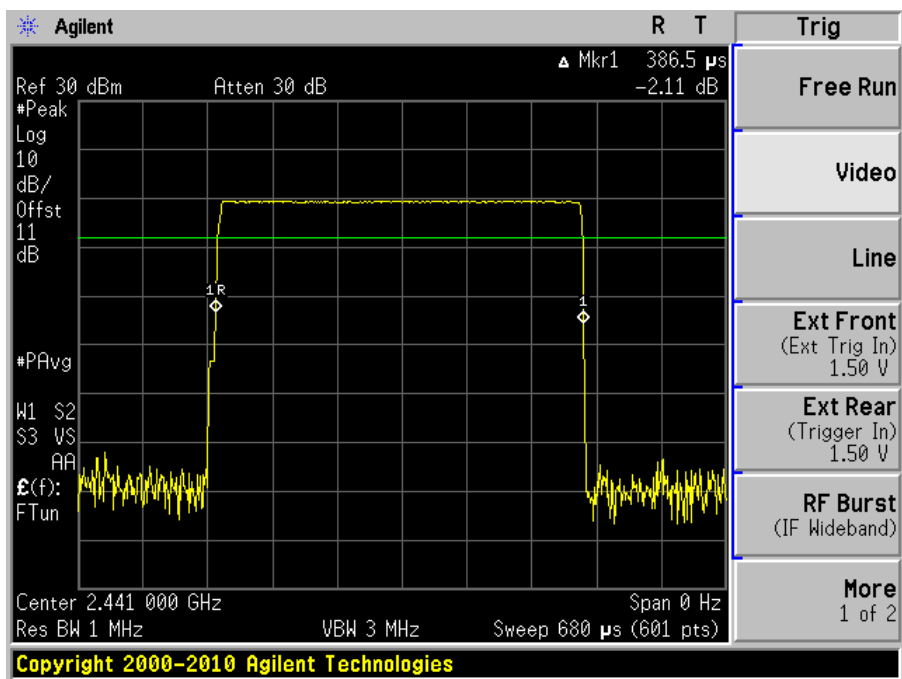
Note: Dwell time = Pulse time\*(1600/6/79)\*31.6S

Please refer to following plots:

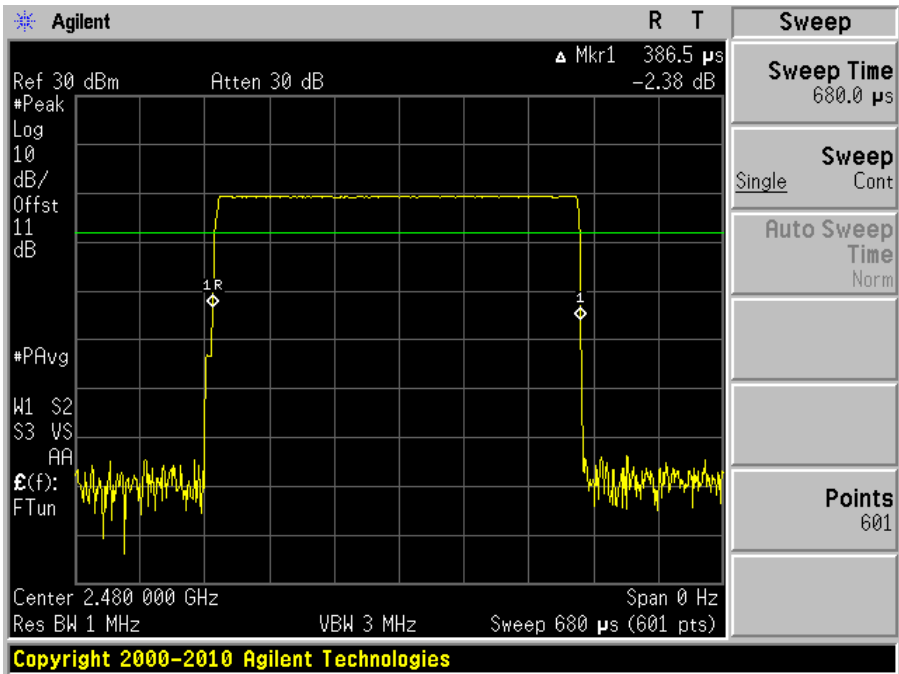
GFSK, DH1 - Low Channel



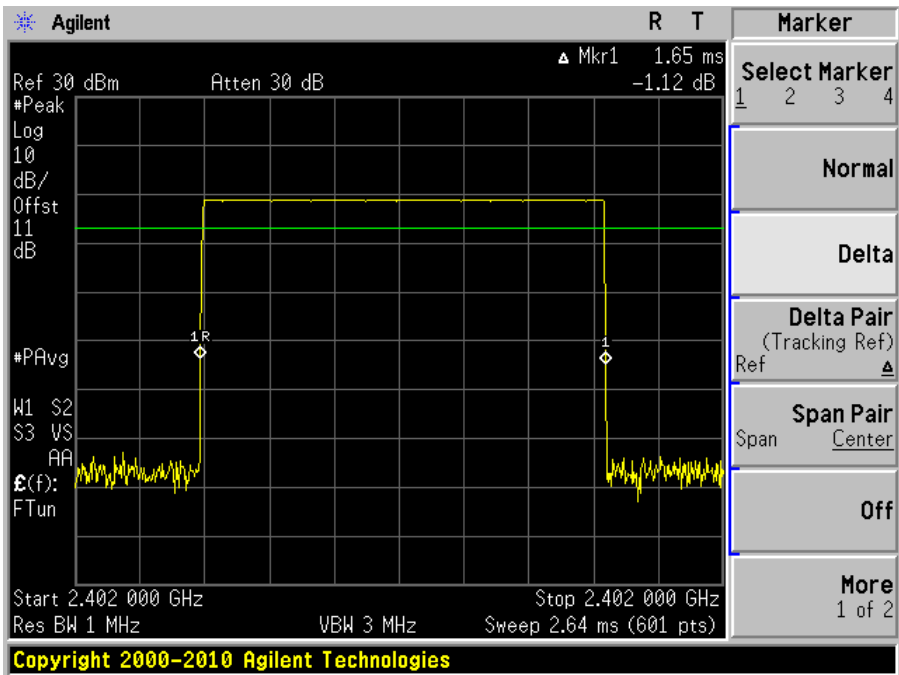
GFSK, DH1 - Middle Channel



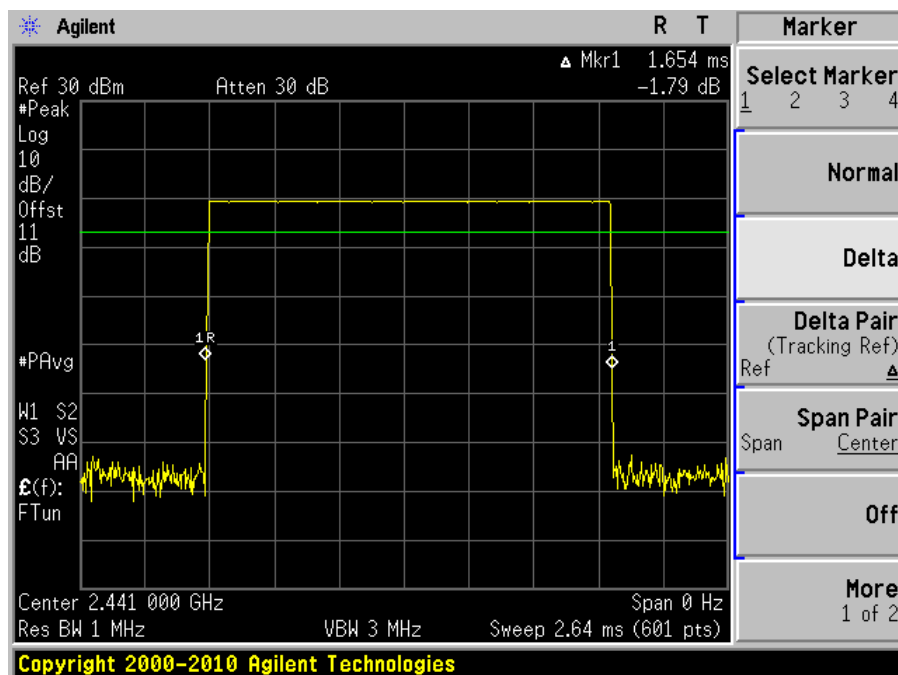
GFSK, DH1 - High Channel



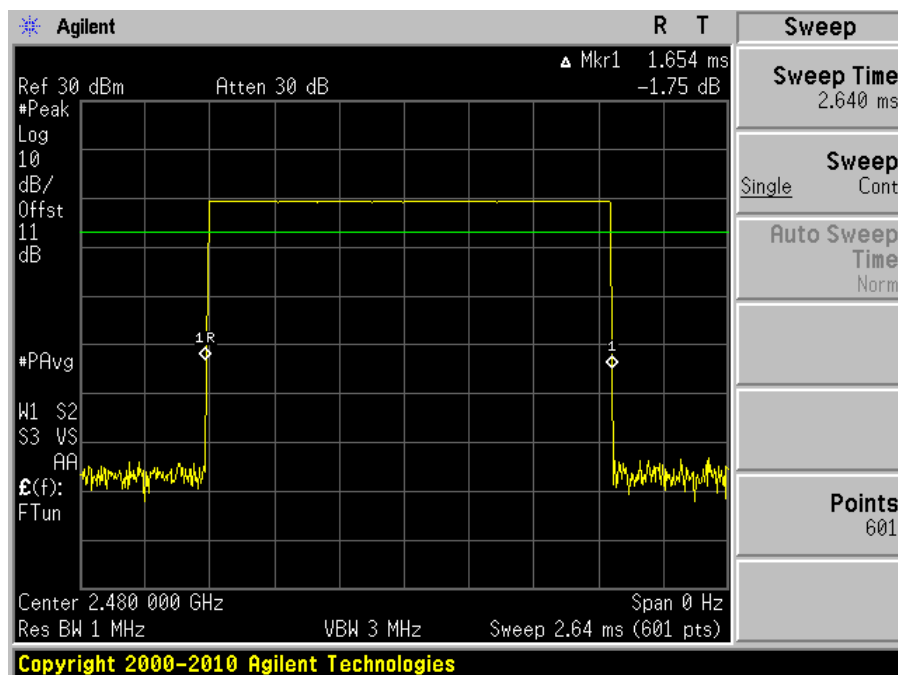
GFSK, DH3 - Low Channel



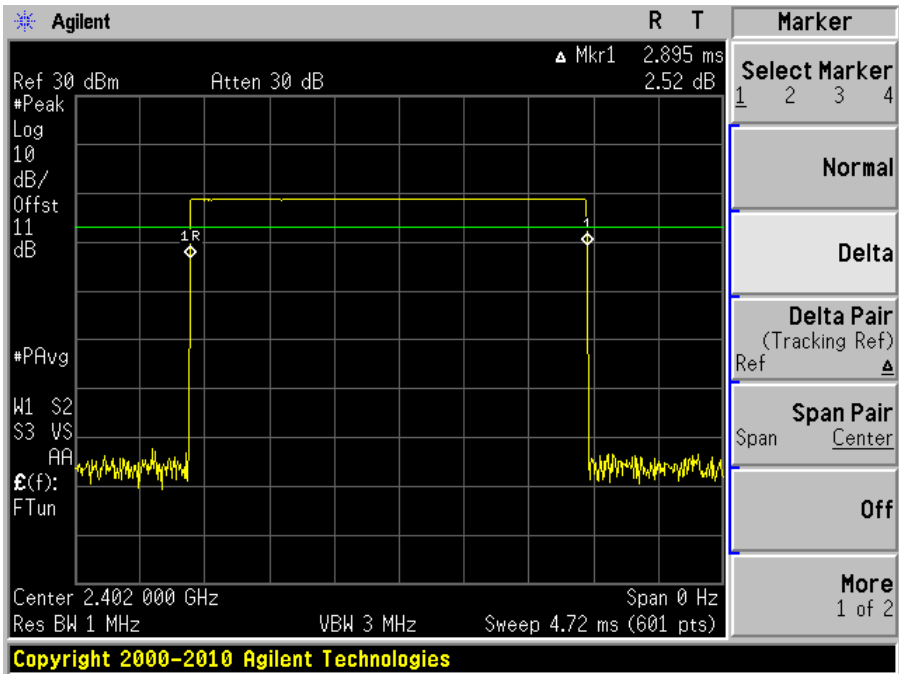
## GFSK, DH3 - Middle Channel



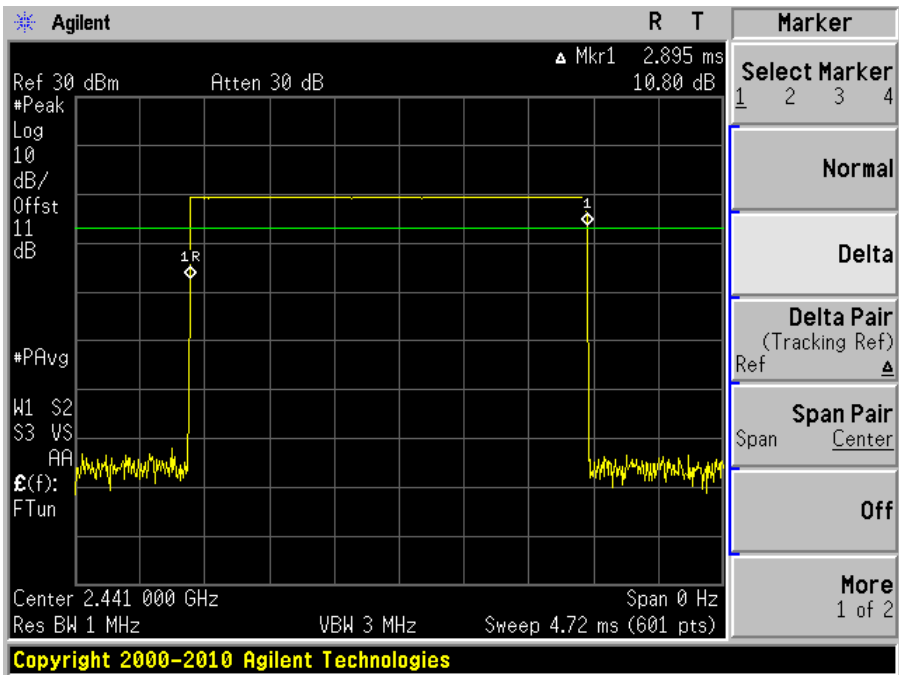
## GFSK, DH3 - High Channel



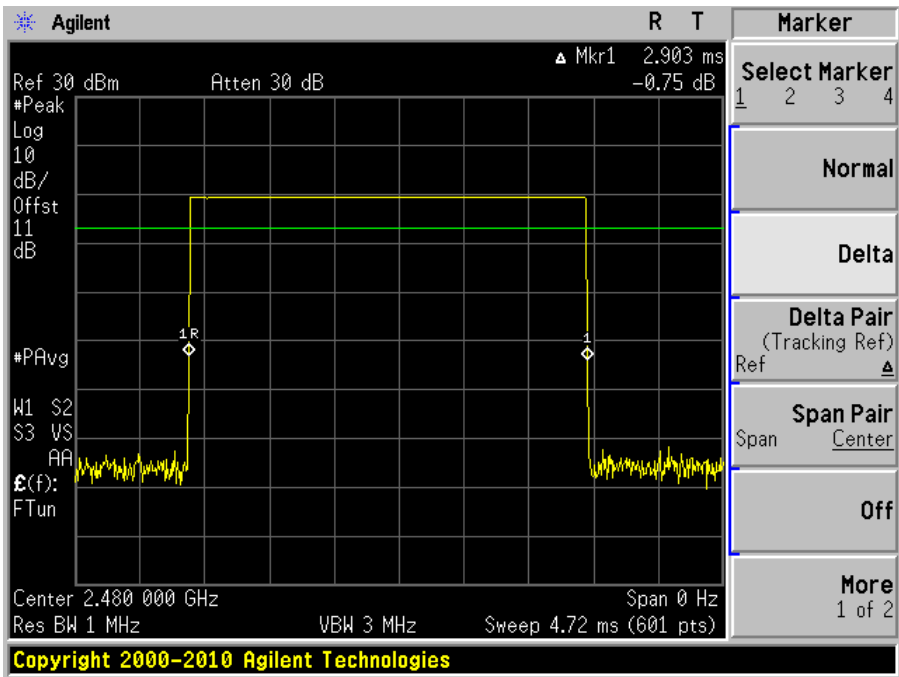
GFSK, DH5 - Low Channel



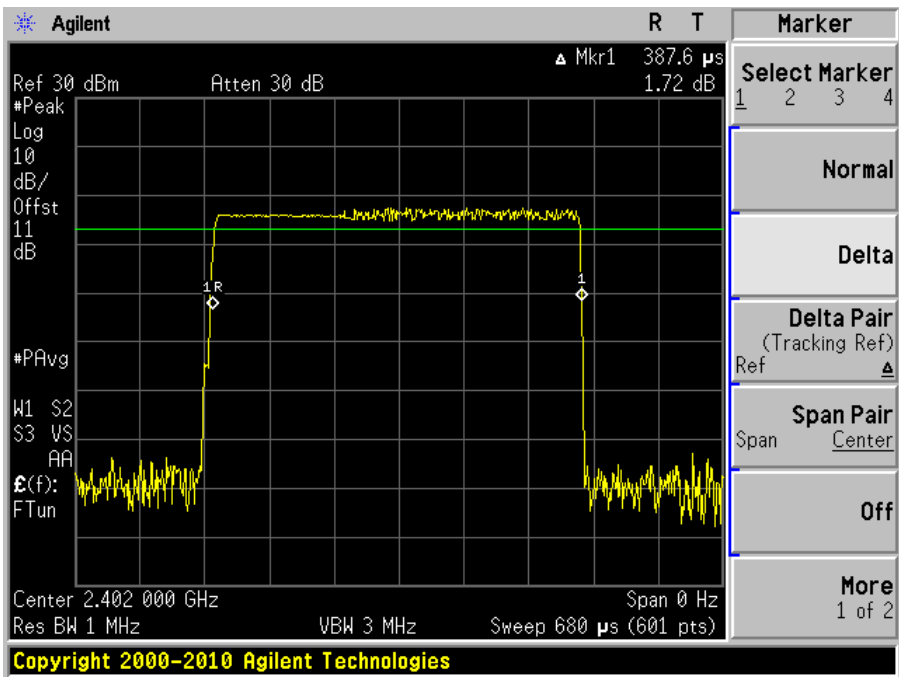
GFSK, DH5 - Middle Channel



GFSK, DH5 - High Channel

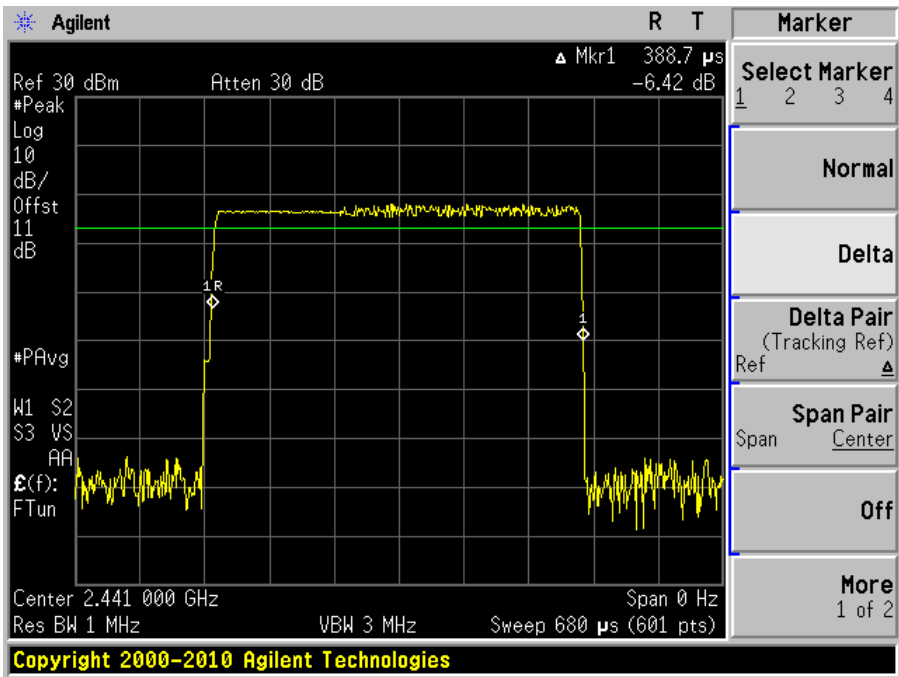


DQPSK, DH1 - Low Channel

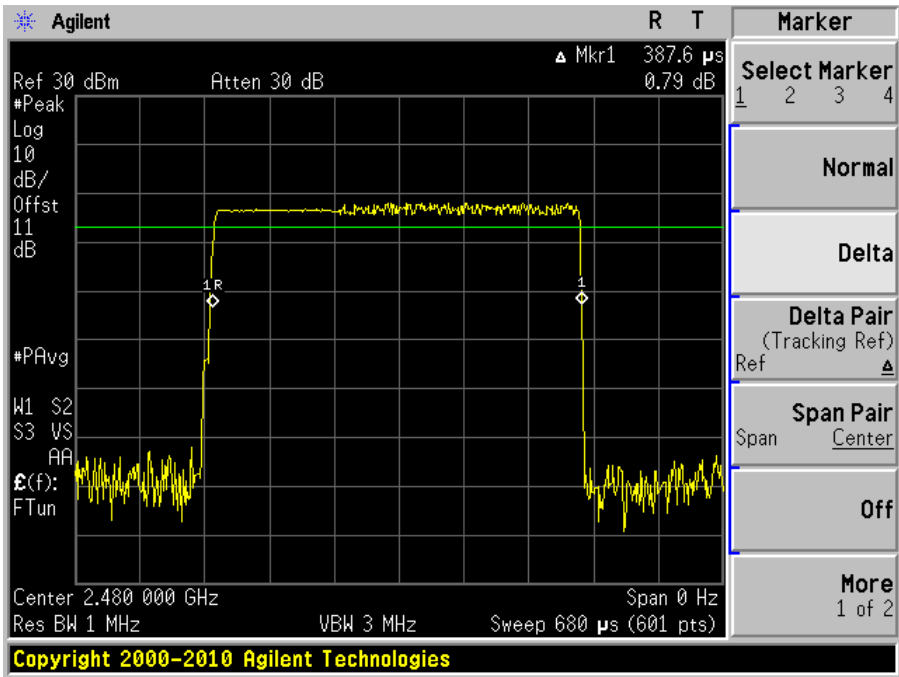




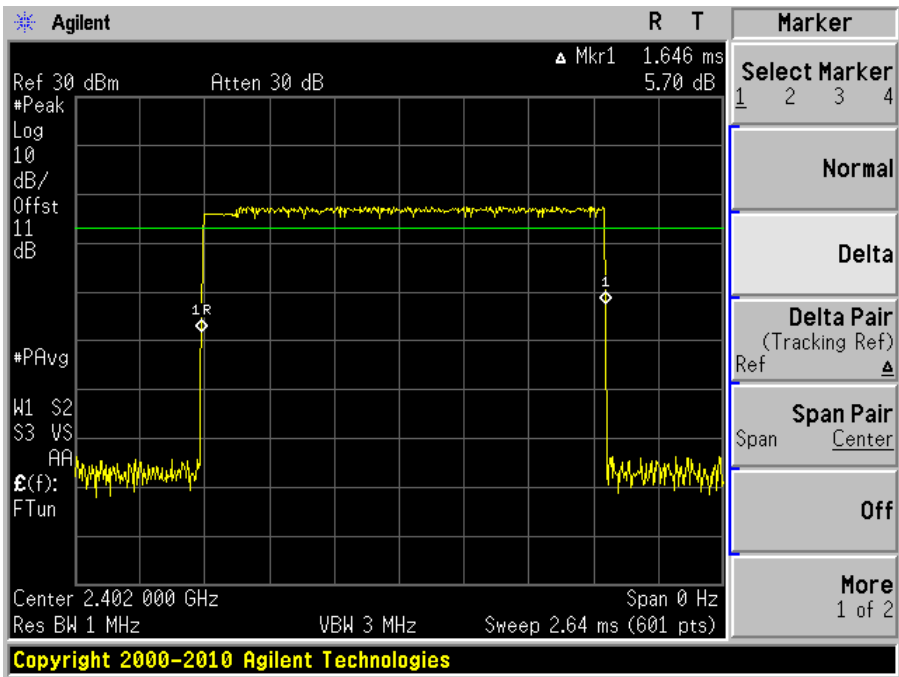
DQPSK, DH1 - Middle Channel



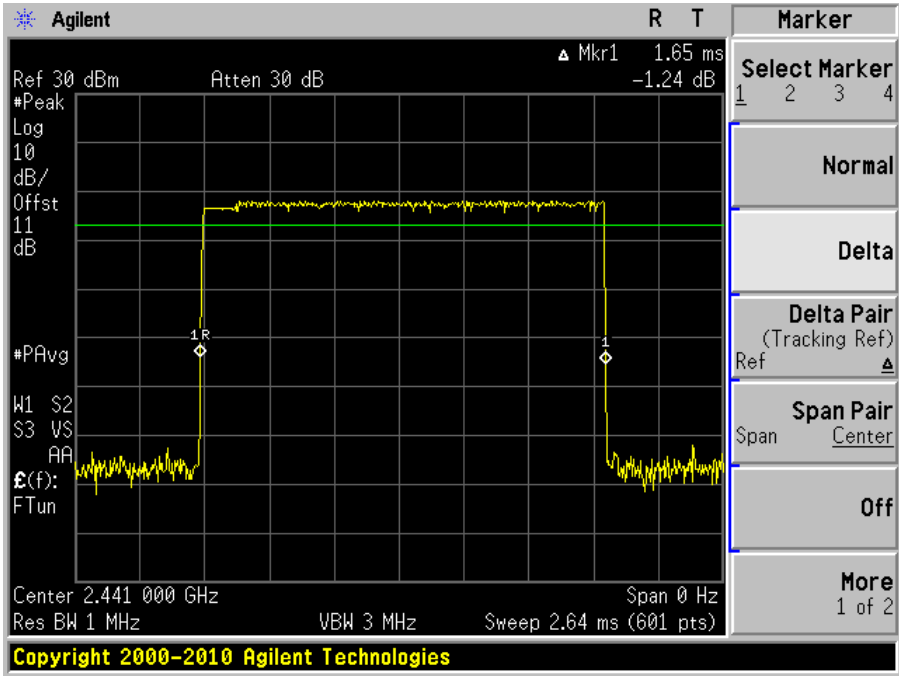
DQPSK, DH1 - High Channel



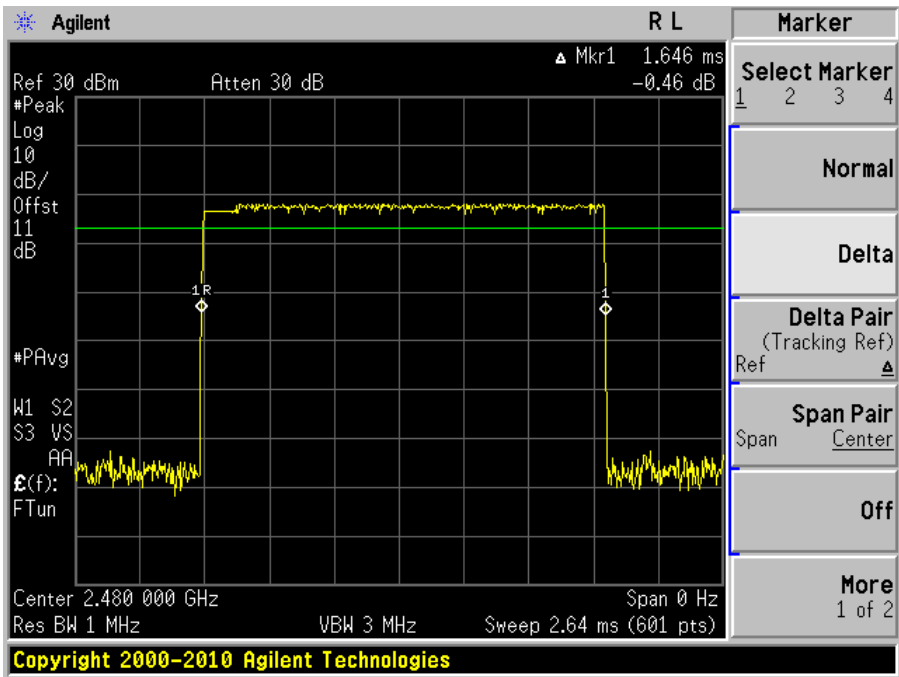
DQPSK, DH3 - Low Channel



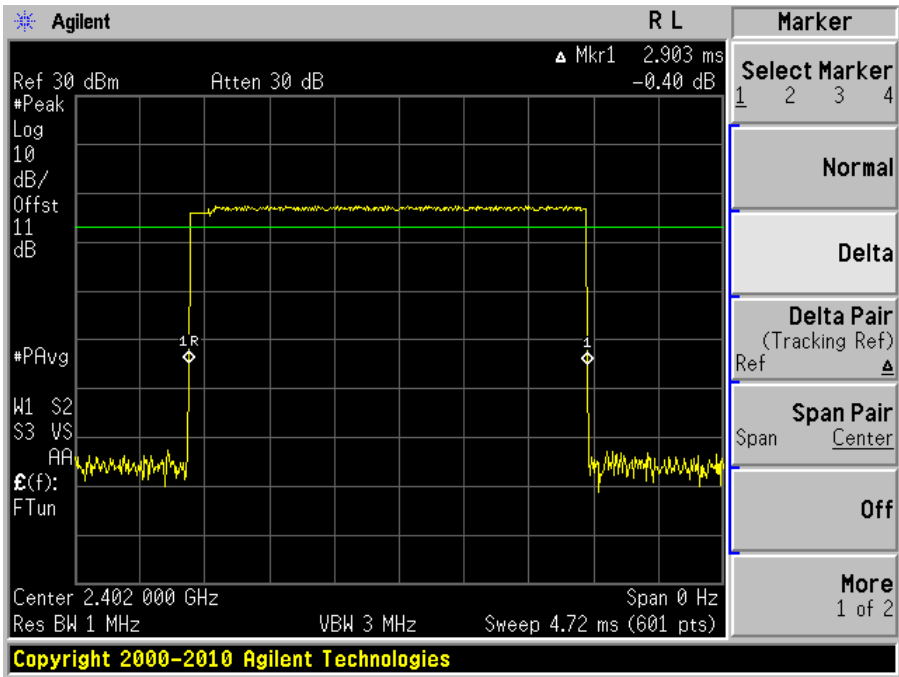
DQPSK, DH3 - Middle Channel



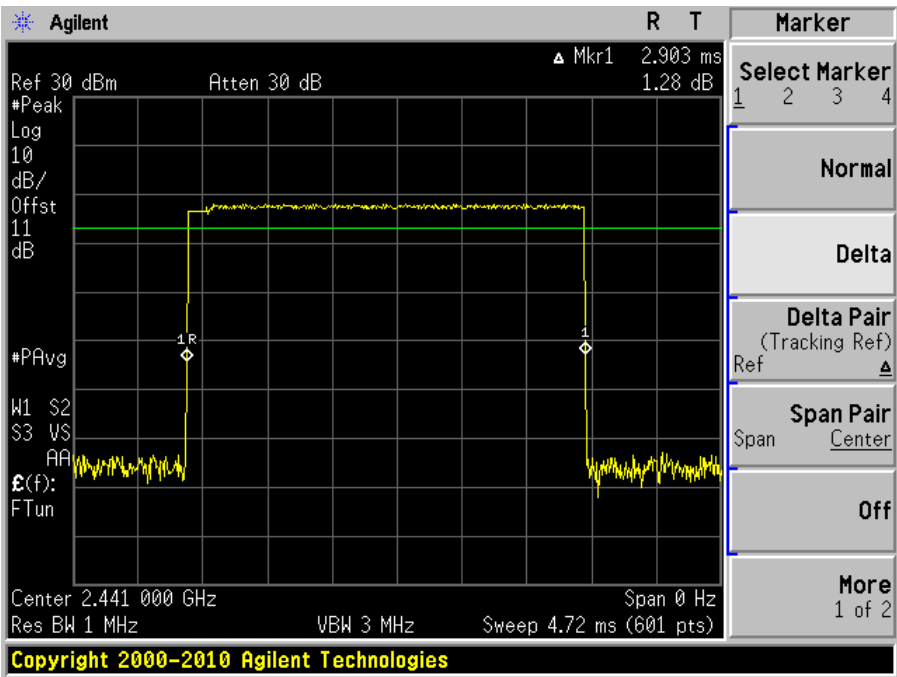
DQPSK, DH3 - High Channel



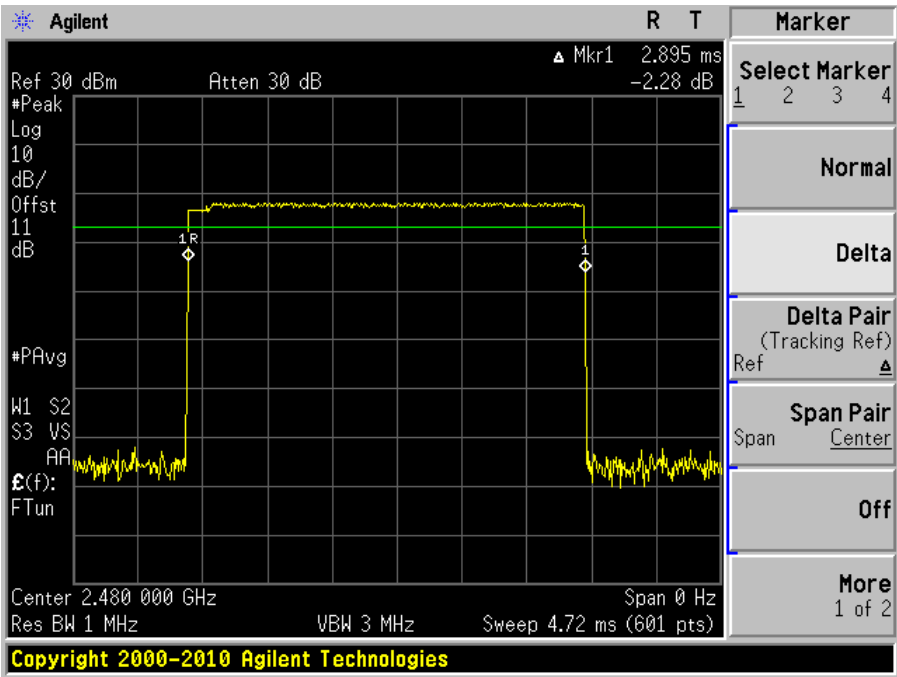
DQPSK, DH5 - Low Channel



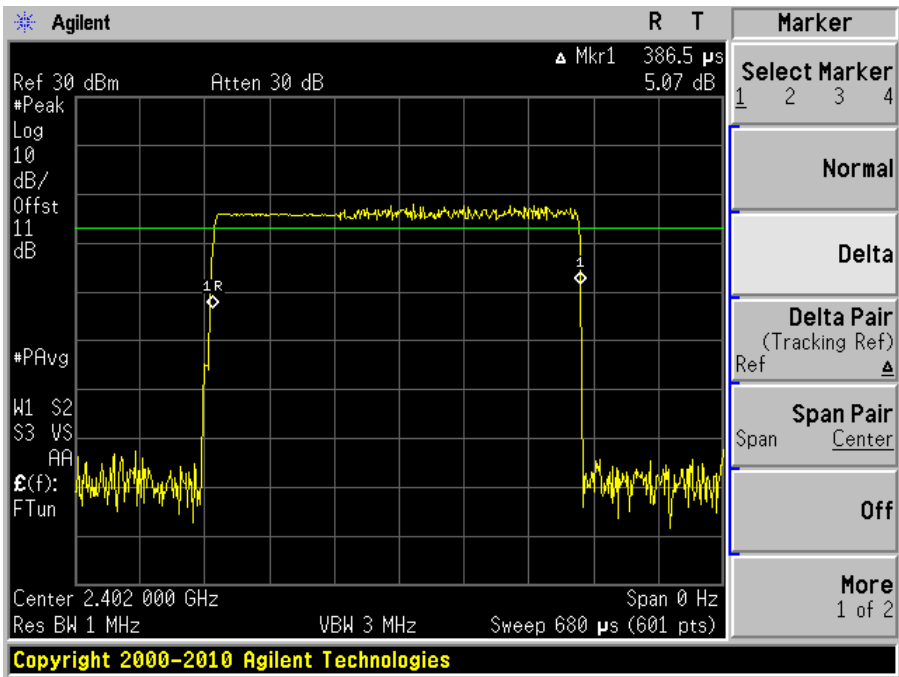
DQPSK, DH5 - Middle Channel



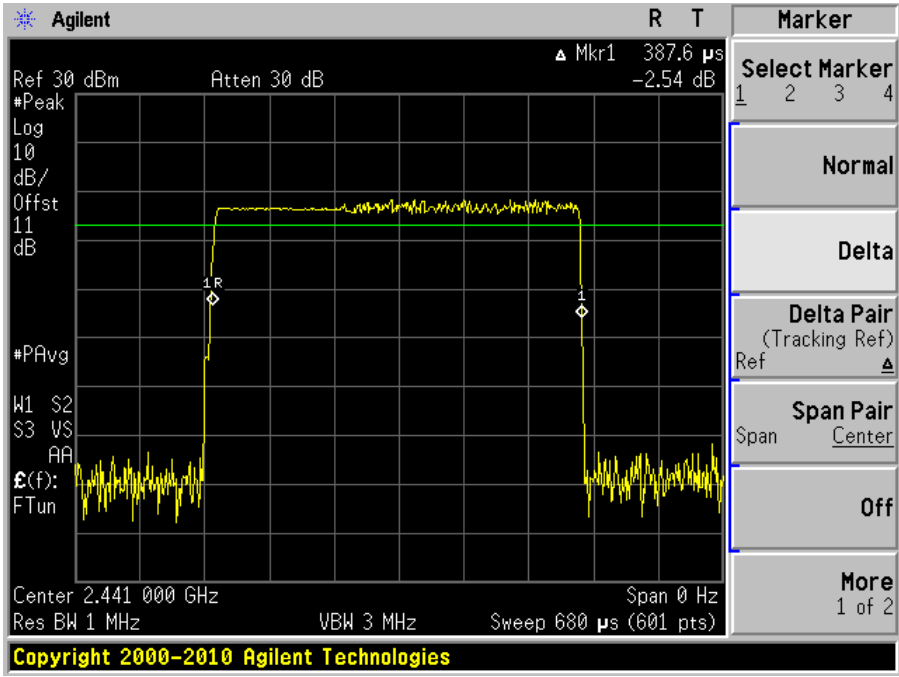
DQPSK, DH5 - High Channel



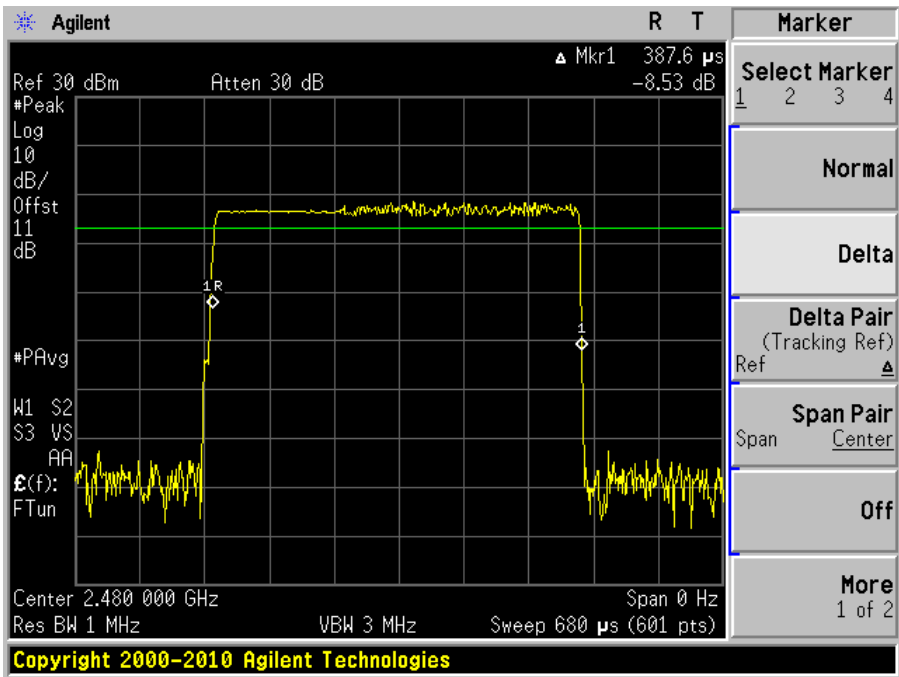
8PSK, DH1 - Low Channel



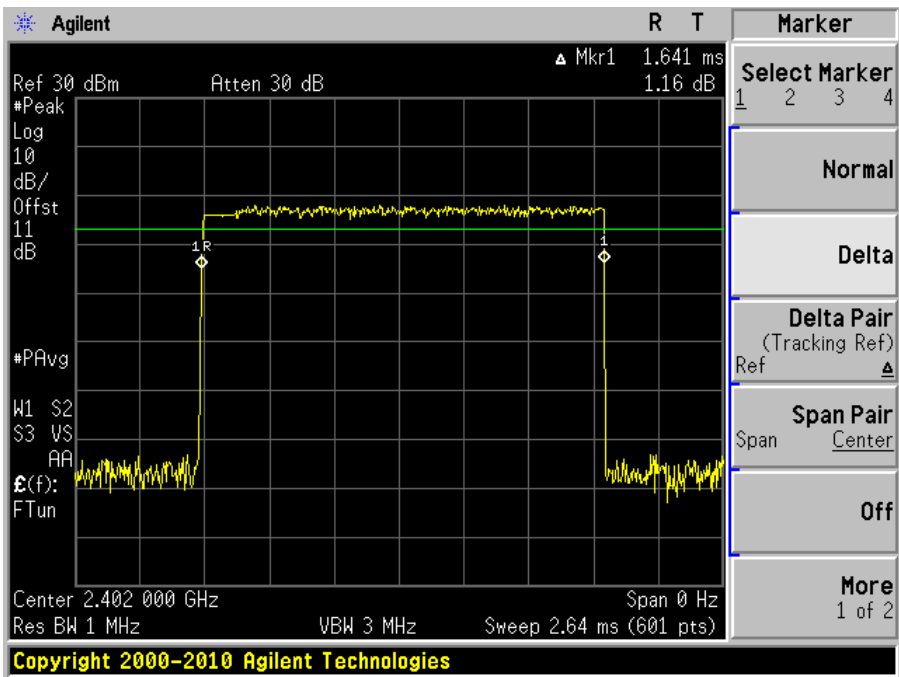
8PSK, DH1 - Middle Channel



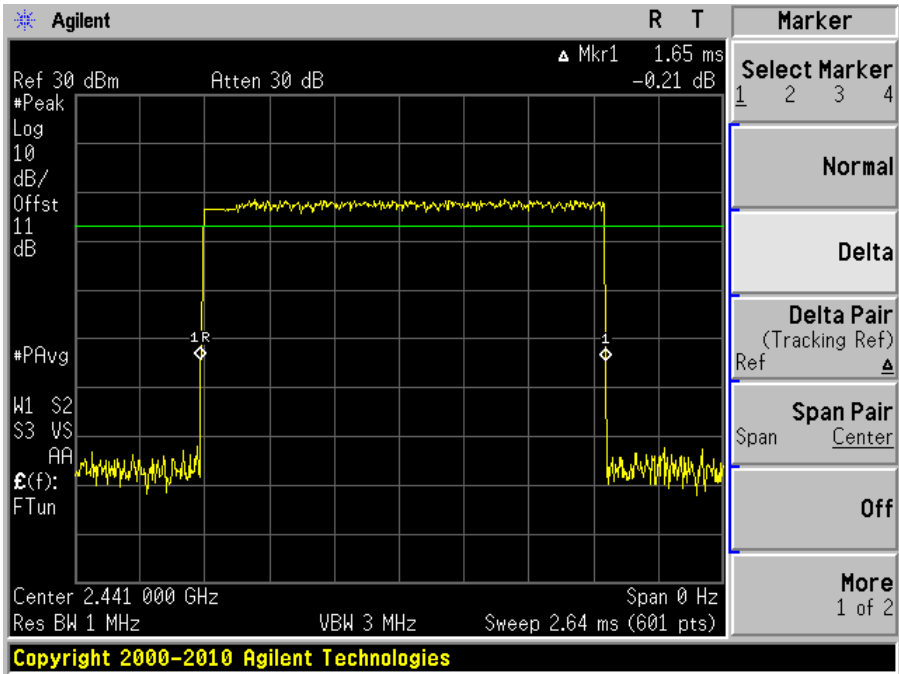
8PSK, DH1 - High Channel



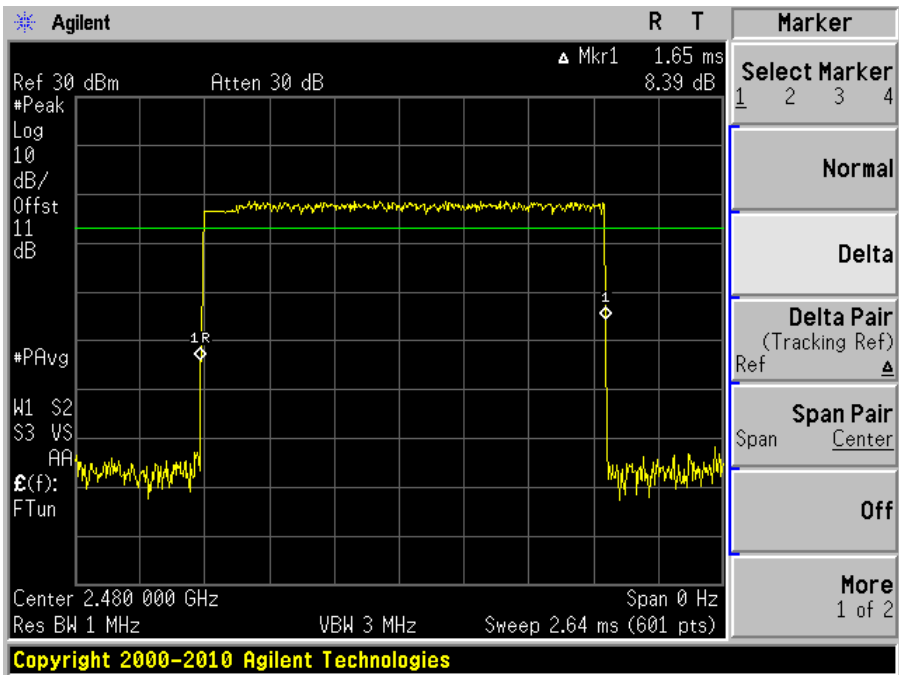
8PSK, DH3 - Low Channel



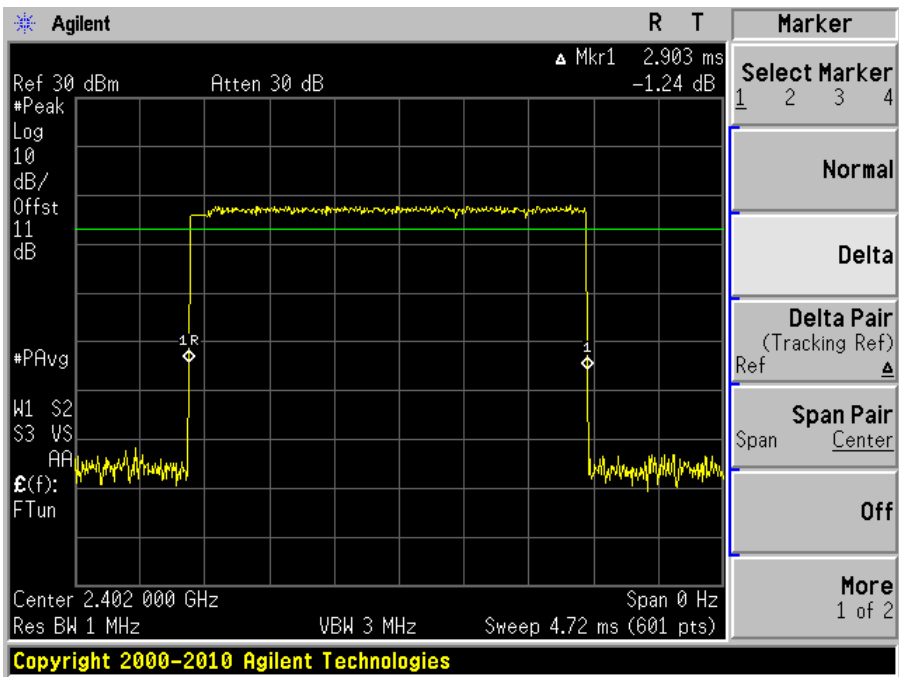
8PSK, DH3 - Middle Channel



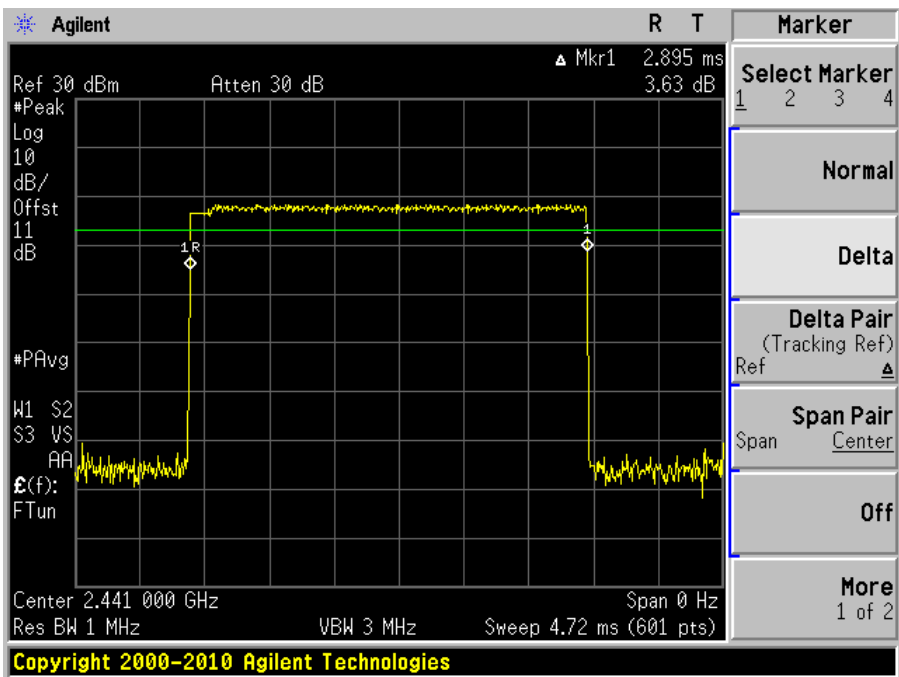
8PSK, DH3 - High Channel



8PSK, DH5 - Low Channel



8PSK, DH5 - Middle Channel





8PSK, DH5 - High Channel

