

# Test Report for Certification of AL5720 Worldwide Wireless USB Mini Docking Station

## **Customer:**

Alereon

### Date:

February 11, 2009

## **TDK Report:**

TTS-TR-T113-120

# Test performed by:

TDK R&D Corporation 1101 Cypress Creek Rd Cedar Park, TX 78613

	Technician	Checked by
Radiated 30 MHz to 40 GHz	A. Medina	K. Yata
Report	A. Medina	K. Yata / P. Carson



NVLAP LAB Code: 200430-0



# 1. Executive Summary

An EMC evaluation to determine compliance of the AL5720 Worldwide Wireless USB Mini Docking Station with requirements of FCC 47 CFR Part 15, Subpart F Section 15.519 was conducted. All references are to the most current version of the Code of Federal Regulations 47 that are currently in effect. In accordance with §2.1033, the following data is presented in support of the Certification of the AL5720 Worldwide Wireless USB Mini Docking Station. The client should retain a copy of this document on file for at least 5 years after the manufacturing of the product has been discontinued.

Test Description	FCC 47 CFR Section	Compliance
Operational Limitations	15.519(a)	The client has been notified of
		these limitations. In normal
		operating mode the
		transmitter will only send
		data when associated with a
		receiver. See section 5 for
		detail
UWB Bandwidth	15.519(b)	Yes
Radiated Emissions	15.519(c), 15.209	Yes
Radiated Emissions in GPS	15.519(d)	Yes
Bands		
Peak Emissions within a 50	15.519(e)	Yes
MHz Bandwidth		
Labelling Requirements	15.19/15.212	Yes

Report prepared by

Armando Medina

February 11, 2009

Approved by

Kunio Yata

February 17, 2009

# 2. Task Description

# 2.1. Scope

Reference	FCC 47 CFR, Part 15, Subpart F, <i>Ultra-Wideband Operation</i> ;
	FCC ET Docket No. 98-153, FCC 02-48 First R&O, Revision of Part 15 of the Commission's Rules Regarding Ultra-Wideband Transmissions Systems;
	FCC ET Docket No. 04-352, Petition for Waiver of the Part 15 UWB Regulations Filed by MBOA-SIG (Adopted: March 10, 2005).
Purpose of Test	To gain FCC Certification for technical requirements for Modular UWB Systems operating between 3.1 GHz and 10.6 GHz.
Test Procedures	The tests were conducted in accordance with the following documents: FCC ET Docket 98-153, FCC 02-48 First R&O ANSI C63.4: 2003: Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz FCC Code of Federal Regulations 47, Part 15 Subpart A: General FCC ET Docket No. 04-352, Petition for Waiver of the Part 15 UWB Regulations Filed by MBOA-SIG (Adopted: March 10, 2005)
General Procedures	FCC Code of Federal Regulations 47, Part 2 Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matter: General Rules and Regulations
Classification of EUT	Modular Ultra-Wideband System (Hand-held limit)

# 2.2. Related Submittal(s)/Grant(s)

As required in 07-56A1 and 47 CFR 15.212 a cover letter requesting modular approval is included in the application for equipment authorization.

## 2.3. Test Plan Reference

Publication	Year	Title
FCC 47 CFR, Part 15,	10/2007	Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15
Subpart A		Subpart A: General
FCC 47 CFR, Part 15,	10/2007	Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15
Subpart B		Subpart B: Unintentional Radiators

FCC 47 CFR, Part 15, Subpart C	10/2007	Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15 Subpart C: Intentional Radiators
FCC 47 CFR, Part 15, Subpart F	10/2007	Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15 Subpart F: Ultra-Wideband Operation
FCC ET Docket 98-153, FCC 02-48 First R&O	04/2002	Revision of Part 15 of the Commission's Rules Regarding Ultra-Wideband Transmissions Systems: First Report & Order
ANSI C63.4	01/2004	Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz
FCC ET Docket No. 04- 352	3/2005	Petition for Waiver of the Part 15 UWB Regulations Filed by MBOA-SIG
FCC 47 CFR, Part 15, Subpart C	04/2007	Part 15.212 unlicensed Modular Transmitter Approval

# 2.4. Client Information

APPLICANT	
Name	Alereon
Address	7600-C Capitol of Texas Highway Suite 200
	Austin, Texas 78731
Contact Person	David M. Dickson

MANUFACTURER	
Name	Alereon
Address	7600-C Capitol of Texas Highway Suite 200 Austin, Texas 78731
Contact Person	David M. Dickson

# 2.5. Equipment Under Test (EUT)

The following information (with the exception of the date information) has been supplied by the applicant.

The test results in this report pertain only to the item tested.

General	
Brand Name	Alereon
Product Name	Worldwide Wireless USB Mini Docking Station
Model Name or Number	AL5720
Serial Number	V204
Type of Equipment	UWB Transmitter
Input Power Supply	5.0 Vdc
Туре	

Classification	Modular Ultra Wideband sy	stem (Hand-held-limits)
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Antenna		
Manufacturer	OMRON	ACON
Model Name or Number	AL50001	ADM6P-700042
Type and Description	Monopole	Monopole
Antenna Connector Type	Hirose U.FL	Hirose U.FL
Cable Length (cm)	6.0	6.0

Technical	
Power Supply Requirements	AC mains 100-240V, 50-60Hz
RF Output Rating	-42 dBm EIRP @ 3 meters
Operating Frequency Range	3168 MHz to 4752 MHz, 6336 MHz to 7920 MHz
	7392 MHz to 8976 MHz
RF Output Impedance	50 Ω
Channel Spacing	N/A
Pulse Width	N/A
Pulse Repetition Frequency	N/A
10 dB Bandwidth	>500 MHz
Modulation/Constellation	Multiband OFDM
Oscillators' Frequencies	20 MHz, 24 MHz, 44 MHz 66 MHz, 1056 MHz
<b>EUT Ports</b>	USB (1 mini B, 2 A-type), dc power, DVI-D,
	Audio in, Audio out

Logistics	
<b>EUT Receive Date</b>	January 26, 2009
<b>EUT Receive Condition</b>	Good
Test Start Date	January 26, 2009
Test Completion Date	February 9, 2009

# 2.5.1.Support Equipment

Description	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	FCC ID
Host PC	Lenovo	T60	L3-8G15T	None
<b>AC Power</b>	Lenovo	92P1113	11S92P1113Z1ZBE	None
Adapter			L6BW07A	
(PC)				
AC Power	GlobTek, Inc	GT-41062-	None	None
Adapter		1805		
(EUT)				

#### 2.5.2.I/O Cables

Description	Length	Shielding	Ferrites	Connection	
	A			From	То
USB	1.80 m	Yes	No	EUT	PC
DC power	1.80 m	No	Yes	EUT	AC Mains

#### 2.5.3. Justification

The EUT was connected to a host PC using a USB cable to activate the UWB emissions and tested as a customer would normally use it. The packet length and modulation parameters were changed in order to find the worst case emissions. It was found that the 100% Tx, 4095 packet length, TFC1, 106 Mbps data rate, and payload set to random, provided the worst case emissions for BG1. The 100% Tx, 4095 packet length, TFC1, 106 Mbps data rate, and payload set to random, provided the worst case emissions for BG3. The 100% Tx, 4095 packet length, TFC1, 160 Mbps data rate, and payload set to random, provided the worst case emissions for BG6. All testing was done in the respective configuration.

The EUT was configured to run preliminary scans in a mode where the symbols can be sent in a random sequence. The random sequence smoothes out the spectrum and makes the signal more white noise like. This mode represents the worst-case real world usage scenario based on the FCC waiver (Adopted March 10, 2005) that allows radios under test to be operated as they are intended to be used in the field. The data presented in section 6 is the worst-case data.

To insure maximum emissions were detected, the system was rotated 360°, the antenna height was varied from 1 to 4 meters in 1 meter steps above the ground plane in both horizontal and vertical polarizations. These maximum emissions are represented in the collected data enclosed. Additionally, a worse case study was performed in several antenna positions, (Horizontal-straight, Horizontal-front, Horizontal-back and Vertical) to determine the worse case in-band UWB emission for each band group. The worse case UWB emission determined for antenna ADM6P-700042 was Horizontal-front for BG1, BG3, and Vertical for BG6. The worse case UWB emission determined for antenna AL50001 was Horizontal-back for BG1, BG3, and Vertical for BG6.

Above 960 MHz, the measurements were made at equal or less than 1 meter due to the extremely low emission limits outside the UWB bandwidth margins. At 3 meters, the instrument noise floor is at or

above the limits specified in 15.519(c). The intentional emissions were measured at 3 meter distance.

The highest frequency employed in 47 CFR Section 15.33 to determine the frequency range over which radiated emissions are made were based on the center frequency,  $f_c$ , unless a higher frequency was generated within the UWB device. For measuring emission levels, the spectrum was investigated from the lowest frequency generated in the UWB, without going below 9 kHz, up to the frequency range shown in Section 15.33(a) of 47 CFR or up to  $f_c + 3/(pulse \ width in \ seconds)$ , whichever was higher. There is no requirement to measure emissions beyond 40 GHz provided  $f_c$  was less than 10 GHz; beyond 100 GHz if  $f_c$  was at or above 10 GHz and below 30 GHz; or beyond 200 GHz if  $f_c$  was at or above 30 GHz.

The center frequency (of the highest sub band)  $f_c$  was found to be 8709 MHz. Therefore; the highest frequency to be measured was 40 GHz.

## 2.5.4.Mode(s) of Operation

The device complies with §15.519(a)(1)

# 2.6. Modifications Required for Compliance

No modifications were required to bring the unit into compliance with the appropriate sections of FCC 47 CFR Part 15.



#### Facilities and Accreditation

## 3.1. Facilities and Equipment

The entire EMC test facility (comprising of the open area test site, semi-anechoic chamber, fully anechoic antenna/high frequency chamber, and support test instrumentation) is located at 1101 Cypress Creek Rd, Cedar Park, TX USA 78613.

All measurement facilities are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.7, ANSI C63.4 and CISPR Publication 22.

The test receiver instrumentation (e.g. receiver, analyzer, QP adapter, pre-selector) and LISN's conform to the CISPR Publication 16-2 (Specifications for Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods) Publication 16-1 where required.

## 3.2. Laboratory Accreditations and Listings

The test facilities used to perform radiated and conducted emissions tests are accredited by National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program for the specific scope of accreditation under Lab Code: 200430-0 to perform Electromagnetic Compatibility tests according to FCC 47 CFR, Part 15 and CISPR 22 requirements. No part of this report may be used to claim or imply product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the US Government.

## 3.3. Table of Accreditations and Listings

Country	Agency	Accreditation	Logo
USA	NVLAP	200430-0	NVLAP LAB Code: 200430-0
USA	FCC	94066	F©

# 4. Test Equipments and Procedure

# 4.1. Test and Measurement Equipment

	Name of the last	Test E	quipment Mat		
Description	Make	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal Date	Cal Due
EMI Receiver	HP	8546 <sup>a</sup>	3520A00237	12/08/08	12/09/09
RF Section					
EMI Receiver	HP	85460ª	3448A00238	12/08/08	12/09/09
RF Filter					
Section					
PSA	Agilent	E4448A	MY46180748	12/17/08	12/18/09
Preamplifier	Quinstar	QLN-2230J0	7164001	05/01/08	05/02/09
Preamplifier	Quinstar	QLN-3330J0	7164002	05/01/08	05/02/09
Preamplifier	TDK	PA-02	0900002	10/08/08	10/09/09
Hybrid Log	TDK	HLP-3003C	0114401	05/06/08	05/07/09
Antenna					
Horn Antenna	TDK	HRN0118	130091	05/08/08	05/09/09
Horn Antenna	TDK	HRN0118	130228	05/08/08	05/09/09
Horn Antenna	ARA	SWH-28	1008	05/29/08	05/30/09
Horn Antenna	ARA	SWH-29	1003	05/29/08	05/30/09
RF Cable	MicroCoax	UFB142A-0-	9K001	05/28/08	05/29/09
		1574-200200			
RF Cable	MicroCoax	UFB142A-0-	2K001	05/28/08	05/29/09
		0787-000000			
RF Cable	Semflex	S130BFSS10295	1S001	11/03/08	11/04/09
RF Cable	Semflex	130BFBS10107	2S005	11/03/08	11/04/09
RF Cable	Semflex	130BFSS10040	9S002	11/03/08	11/04/09
RF Cable	Semflex	Semi-rigid	9S010	11/03/08	11/04/09
RF Cable	Huber+Suhner	Sucoflex 106P	3N001	11/03/08	11/04/09
RF Cable	Huber+Suhner	Sucoflex 106P	3N002	02/03/09	02/04/10
Pulse Limiter	Rohde &	ESH3-Z2	357881052	02/03/09	02/04/10
	Schwarz				
LISN	EMCO	3810/2NM	9702-1823	11/13/08	11/14/09

# 4.2. Measuring Instrument Calibration

The measuring equipment utilized to perform the tests documented in this report have been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, and are traceable to recognized national standards.



## 4.3. Measurement Uncertainty

Compliance of the product is based on the reported measured values. However, the measurement uncertainty is included for informational purposes in the table below.

Radiated Emissions					
Frequency Range	1 m	3 m	10 m		
30 MHz to 200 MHz	N/A	± 3.8 dB	± 3.5 dB		
200 MHz to 1 GHz	N/A	± 3.8 dB	± 3.5 dB		
1 GHz to 18 GHz	± 4.5 dB	± 4.6 dB	N/A		
18 GHz to 40 GHz	± 4.2 dB	N/A	N/A		

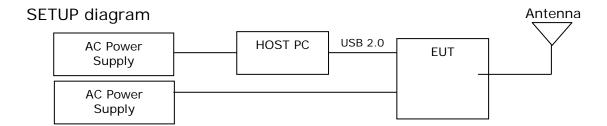
Conducted Emissions			
Frequency Range			
150 kHz to 30 MHz	± 2.6 dB		

Note: The combined level of uncertainty in each case above was expanded to provide a confidence level of approximately 95% (k=2).

## 4.4. Test Setup for UWB Device Tests

## 4.4.1.EUT Setup

The EUT was connected to the host PC via USB cable. AC power adapters were connected with 120VAC-60Hz power source and to the host PC and ETU. A continuous transmission of random data was sent at each band group worse case settings mentioned above.



## 4.4.2.Radiated Emission Test Setup

In order to test compliance of EUT, facilities described section 3, and test and measurement equipment listed in section 4.1, were used. For all measurements the EUT was located on a table whose top was 80 cm

above the ground plane. The table was constructed of non-conductive materials and the dimensions were 0.8 meter by 1.2 meter. The table was located in the center of the turntable.

For the test, four types of receive antennas were used depending on frequency range. The antenna was held on an antenna mast which has the ability to switch the polarization of the receive antenna by 90 degree by means of mechanical rotation. The distance between the EUT and the receive antenna was equal or less than 3 meters, depending on the test. Shorter measurement distances may be used to improve the measurement system's noise floor. As Subpart F description is based on the measurement in distance of 3 meters, the data obtained at 1 meter distance was compared to the calculated limit for 1m distance:

Limit at 1meter distance (dBm)

- = limit at 3 meter distance (dBm) 20 LOG (1/3)(dB)
- = limit at 3 m distance (dBm) 9.54(dB).

The maximization of the radiated signal was achieved by rotating the EUT over 360 degrees in the azimuth, because the EUT is designed for table top usage so that orienting the EUT in three orthogonal axes was difficult. Additionally, the receive antenna was scanned in height from 1 meter to 4 meters (while maintaining boresight alignment) with both horizontal and vertical polarizations being recorded. The maximization was performed by use of automated software with CPU controlled maximum-hold function for both single and multiple sweeps.

The spectrum analyzer and EMI receiver was set up as described in each test procedure in section 6. The data used to determine compliance of EUT was calculated from the data following the method described in section 4.6. The equipment set up for the radiated emissions tests followed the guidelines in ANSI C63.4: latest edition.

#### 4.4.3.Conducted Emission Test Setup

In the AC mains line-conducted disturbance test, measurements were carried out using quasi-peak and average detector receivers in accordance with ANSI C63.4: 2003. A LISN was required to provide defined impedance at high frequencies across the power feed at the point of measurement of terminal voltage and also to provide isolation of the circuit under test from the ambient noise on the power lines. A LISN as defined in ANSI C63.4: 2003.

The EUT was placed on a table whose top is 80 cm above the ground plane. A vertical, metal reference plane and the metal shield wall of the chamber was placed 40 cm from the EUT. The vertical metal reference plane was at least 2 meters by 2 meters. The EUT was kept at least 80 cm from any other metal surface or other ground plane not being part of the EUT. The table was constructed of non-conductive materials. Its dimensions were 0.8 m by 1.2 m. The EUT was located so that the distance between the boundary of the EUT and the closest surface of the LISN is 0.8 m.

A flexible AC mains cord was provided by the manufacturer and connected to the LISN without bundling. Excess interconnect cable length was draped over the back edge of the table top. If the draped interconnect cable extended closer than 40 cm length to the reference ground-plane, the excess cable was folded back and forth as far as possible so as to form a bundle not exceeding 40 cm in length.

The EUT was arranged and connected with cables terminated in accordance with the product specification.

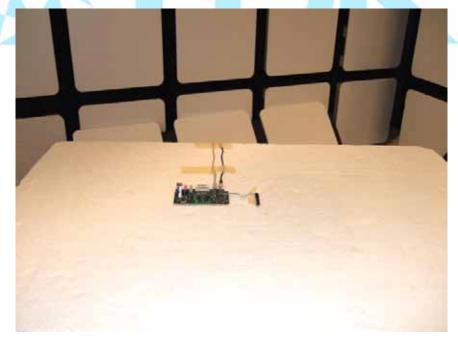
Conducted disturbance was measured between the phase lead and the reference ground, and between the neutral lead and the reference ground.



# 4.4.4.Test Configuration Photographs

**Test Configuration 1: EUT Setup** 

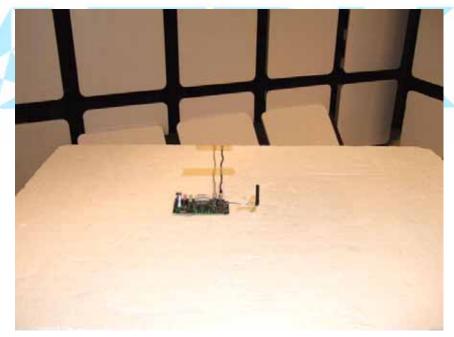
ADM6P-700042, Horizontal-Front: Worse Case for BG1 and BG3



AL50001, Horizontal-Back: Worse Case for BG1 and BG3



AL50001 and ADM6P-700042, Vertical: Worse Case for BG6



All testing was conducted in the band group respective worse case EUT configurations. Photos below only show BG1 test setup. For other band groups refer to EUT setup photos above.



Test Configuration 2: UWB Inband



Test Configuration 3: 960 MHz to 40 GHz

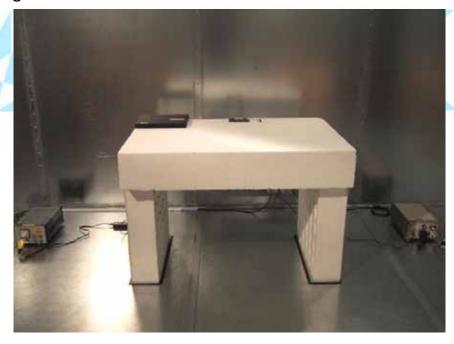


Test Configuration 4: 30 MHz to 960 MHz





Test Configuration 5: AC Conducted 30 MHz to 960 MHz





### 4.4.5.EUT Setup for Digital Circuitry Radiated Emission Tests

In order to test compliance of EUT, facilities described section 3, and test and measurement equipment listed section 4.1, were used. For all measurement, the EUT was located on a table whose top was 0.8 m above the ground plane. The table was constructed of non-conductive materials and the dimensions were 0.8 meter by 1.2 meter. The table was located in the center of the turntable. To test for digital circuit radiation from the EUT, the antenna of EUT was disconnected and a 50-ohm terminator was connected.

#### 4.5. Measurement Calculations

#### 4.5.1. Field Strength Calculations

The field strength is calculated by taking the received spectrum analyzer (or receiver) signal and adjusting it by the system parameters. These system parameters are the antenna factor (AF); any cable, coupler, filter or switching losses (CL); and the preamplifier gain (PG). The basic formula is displayed below.

 $E (dB\mu V/m) = SA (dB\mu V) + AF (dB/m) + CL (dB) - PG (dB)$ 

Where:

E is the electric field represented in  $dB\mu V/m$ 

SA is the spectrum analyser (or receiver) reading in dB<sub>µ</sub>V

AF is the receive antenna's factor in dB/m

CL is the cable, etc. system losses in dB

PG is the external pre-amplifier gain in dB

Assume a spectrum analyzer reading of 50 dB $_{\mu}V$  at 80 MHz on a 3 meter site. With an antenna factor of 10 dB/m, system losses of about 1.5 dB, and a pre-amplifier gain of 25 dB, the resulting electric field strength would be calculated as follows.

E  $(dB\mu V/m) = 50 (dB\mu V) + 10 (dB/m) + 1.5 (dB) -25 (dB) = 36.5 dB\mu V/m$ 

#### 4.5.2.EIRP Calculations

As defined in FCC 47 CFR Part 15, Subpart F (15.503 k), EIRP is the equivalent isotropic radiated power, i.e. the product of the power supplied to the antenna and the antenna gain in a given direction relative to an isotropic antenna. The EIRP, in terms of dBm, can be converted to field strength, in dB $\mu$ V/m at 3 meters, by adding 95.2 dB. Conversely, the field strength in dB $\mu$ V/m at 3 meters can be converted to the EIRP in dBm by subtracting 95.2 dB. As used in Subpart F, EIRP refers to the highest signal strength measured in any direction and at any frequency from the UWB device, as tested in accordance with the procedures specified in 15.31(a) and 15.523 of FCC 47 CFR.

As in the example above, assume a spectrum analyzer reading of 50 dB $_{\mu}V$  at 80 MHz on a 3 m site. With an antenna factor of 10 dB/m, system losses of about 1.5 dB, and a pre-amplifier gain of 25 dB, the resulting electric field strength would be calculated as follows.

E 
$$(dB\mu V/m) = 50 (dB\mu V) + 10 (dB/m) + 1.5 (dB) -25 (dB) = 36.5 dB\mu V/m$$

Now to convert to an EIRP reading at 3 meters use EIRP (dBm) = E  $(dB\mu V/m) - 95.2$  (dB)

EIRP (dBm) = 
$$36.5 \text{ (dB}\mu\text{V/m)} - 95.2 \text{ (dB)} = -58.7 \text{ dBm}$$

#### 4.5.3.UWB Maximum Permissible Exposure

Transmitter Category: Mobile Device. A mobile device is defined as a transmitting device designed to be used in other than fixed location and the be generally used in such as way that a separation distance of at least 20 cm is normally maintained between the transmitter's radiating structures and the body of the user or nearby persons. The FCC rules for evaluating mobile devices for RF compliance are found in 47 CFR §2.1091.

Device Usage: General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situation in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure.

Exposure Calculation: According to §1.1310 of the FCC rules, the power density limit for the General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure is 1 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>. According to the mobile product device category, this value is

to be calculated at a distance of 20 cm. The following formula is used to calculate the power density.

$$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi r^2} = \frac{EIRP}{4\pi r^2}$$

Where:

S = Power Density

P = Power at the Antenna Terminal

G = Gain of the Transmit Antenna

EIRP = Effective Isotropic Radiated Power

r = Measurement Distance

From the measurement data we can see that the peak detected EIRP at 3 meters distance and 8 MHz RBW yields a result of -19.74 dBm. Translated to 20 cm this would yield a result of 3.78 dBm. Correlating this to a worst-case scenario with a 50 MHz RBW would yield 21.2 dBm EIRP. 21.2 dBm is equal to 132 mW EIRP. Plugging this into the above equation yields:

$$S = \frac{132}{4\pi(20)^2} = 0.0263 mW / cm^2$$

Based on these worse case calculations the device is well below the maximum permissible exposure limit of 1mW/cm<sup>2</sup> by a large margin.



## 5. Operational Limitations

## FCC 47 CFR Section 15.519 (a)(1)

A UWB device operating under the provisions of this section shall transmit only when it is sending information to an associated receiver. The UWB intentional radiator shall cease transmission within 10 seconds unless it receives an acknowledgement from the associated receiver that its transmission is being received. An acknowledgment of reception must continue to be received by the UWB intentional radiator at least every 10 seconds or the UWB device must cease transmitting.

Description in user manual

#### FCC 47 CFR Section 15.519 (a)(2)

The use of antennas mounted on outdoor structures, e.g., antennas mounted on the outside of a building or on a telephone pole, or any fixed outdoors infrastructure is prohibited. Antennas may be mounted only on the hand held UWB device.

The client has been informed of this requirement

#### FCC 47 CFR Section 15.519 (a)(3)

UWB devices operating under the provisions of this section may operate indoors or outdoors.

The client has been informed of this requirement



## 6. Test Limits, Procedures, Results and Setups

#### 6.1. UWB Bandwidth

#### 6.1.1.Test Limits

Ultra-wideband (UWB) transmitter. An intentional radiator that, at any point in time, has a fractional bandwidth equal to or greater than 0.20 or has a UWB bandwidth equal to or greater than 500 MHz, regardless of the fractional bandwidth

The UWB bandwidth is the frequency band bounded by the points that are 10 dB below the highest radiated emission, as based on the complete transmission system including the antenna. The upper boundary is designated  $f_{\rm H}$  and the lower boundary is designated  $f_{\rm L}$ . The frequency at which the highest radiated emission occurs is designated  $f_{\rm M}$ .

Center frequency. The center frequency,  $f_C$ , equals  $(f_H + f_L)/2$ .

Fractional bandwidth. The fractional bandwidth equals  $2(f_H - f_L)/(f_H + f_L)$ .

Per section 15.519(b), the UWB bandwidth of a UWB system operating under the provisions of this section must be contained between 3100 MHz and 10600 MHz.

#### 6.1.2.Test Procedure

Facilities and equipment was set up as described in section 4; resolution bandwidth (RBW) of 8 MHz, video bandwidth (VBW) of 8 MHz, peak detector, and the sweep time was set to auto. The EUT was located at 3 meter distance from the receive antenna.

Maximum emission amplitude was determined from the measured data for both horizontal and vertical polarization and the higher amplitude of emission of these two polarizations was used to determine the frequency at which the highest radiated emission occurs,  $f_{\text{M}}.$  Next, the points that are 10dB or more below the highest radiated emission were observed in a search from  $f_{\text{M}}$  in both the lower and higher frequency direction in the measured frequency EIRP graph, they are denoted as  $f_{\text{L}}$  and  $f_{\text{H}},$  respectively. The UWB bandwidth is the difference between  $f_{\text{L}}$  and  $f_{\text{H}}.$ 

At the request of the FCC the individual UWB bandwidths were measured for each sub-band of the UWB spectrum. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations were taken into account to determine the full UWB BW on the maximized (in azimuth and elevation) signals.

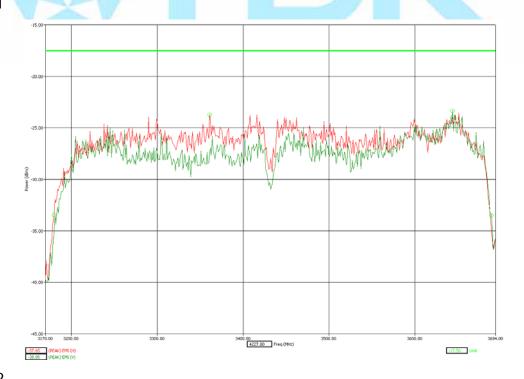


#### 6.1.3.Test Results

# **BG1 UWB Bandwidth Requirements: ADM6P-700042 antenna**

47 CFR, Part 15, Subpart F, §15.519(b)

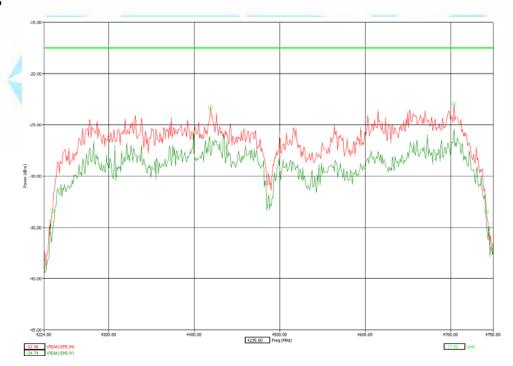
SB1



SB2



SB3



Measurements made with Peak detector, RBW = 8 MHz, VBW = 8 MHz, Measurement Time = Auto, Measurement distance = 3 m, Antenna bore-sighted to EUT and maximized in azimuth and elevation.

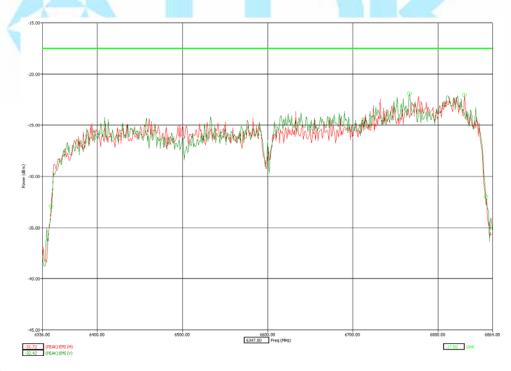
	SB1	SB2	SB3
Frequency (MHz)	3170.00-3694.00	3694.00-4224.00	4224.00-4750.00
F <sub>L</sub> (MHz)	3180.00	3706.00	4234.00
F <sub>H</sub> (MHz)	3689.00	4212.00	4742.00
F <sub>C</sub> (MHz)	3434.50	3959.00	4488.00
F <sub>M</sub> (MHz)	3644.00	3873.00	4704.00
OBW (MHz)	509.00	506.00	508.00



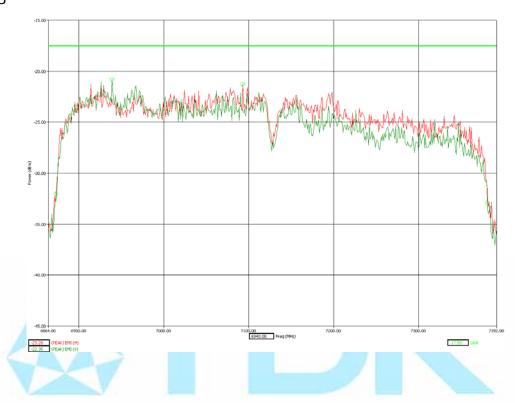


47 CFR, Part 15, Subpart F, §15.519(b)

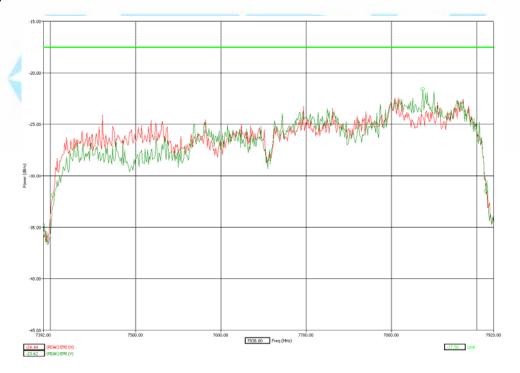
SB7



SB8







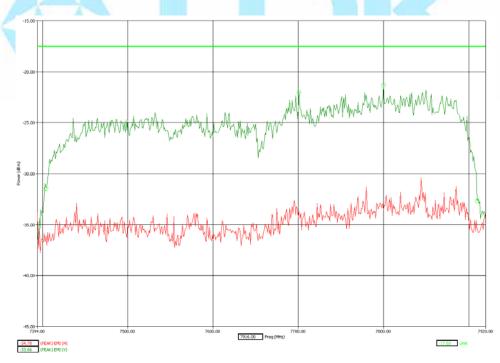
Measurements made with Peak detector, RBW = 8 MHz, VBW = 8 MHz, Measurement Time = Auto, Measurement distance = 3 m, Antenna bore-sighted to EUT and maximized in azimuth and elevation.

	SB7	SB8	SB9
Frequency (MHz)	6336.00-6864.00	6864.00-7392.00	7392.00-7920.00
F <sub>L</sub> (MHz)	6346.00	6873.00	7403.00
F <sub>H</sub> (MHz)	6856.00	7381.00	7911.00
F <sub>C</sub> (MHz)	6601.00	7127.00	7657.00
F <sub>M</sub> (MHz)	6766.00	6939.00	7837.00
OBW (MHz)	510.00	508.00	508.00

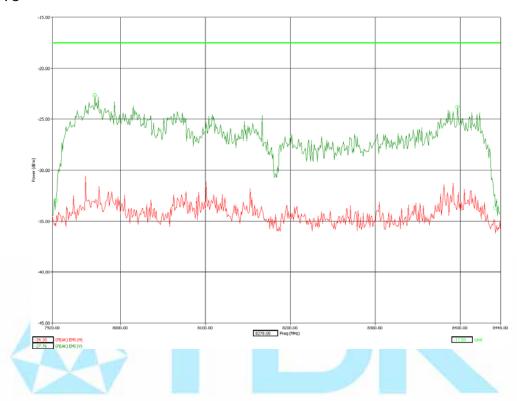


47 CFR, Part 15, Subpart F, §15.519(b)

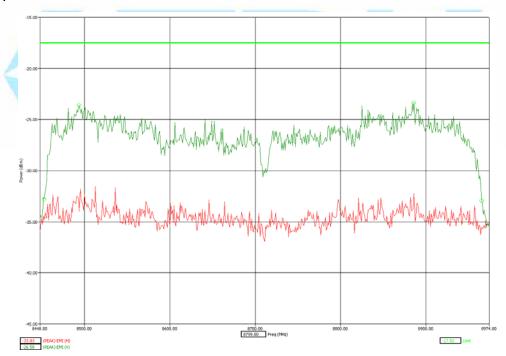
SB9



SB10



## SB11



Measurements made with Peak detector, RBW =  $8\,$  MHz, VBW =  $8\,$  MHz, Measurement Time = Auto, Measurement distance =  $3\,$  m, Antenna bore-sighted to EUT and maximized in azimuth and elevation.

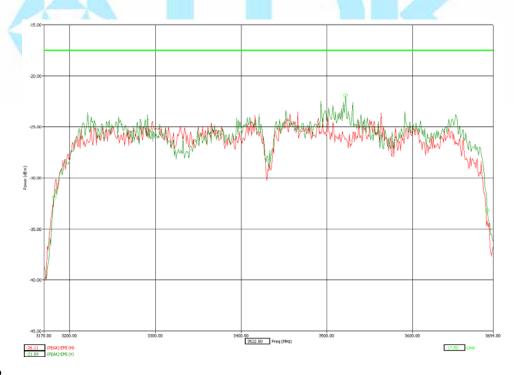
	SB9	SB10	SB11
Frequency (MHz)	7394.00-7920.00	7920.00-8448.00	8448.00-8974.00
F <sub>L</sub> (MHz)	7404.00	7924.00	8453.00
F <sub>H</sub> (MHz)	7910.00	8442.00	8965.00
F <sub>c</sub> (MHz)	7657.00	8183.00	8709.00
F <sub>M</sub> (MHz)	7800.00	7970.00	8886.00
OBW (MHz)	506.00	518.00	512.00



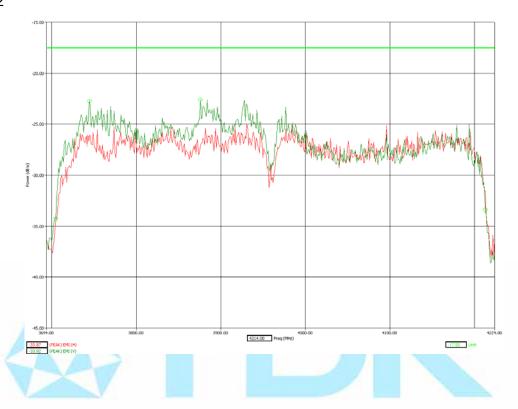


47 CFR, Part 15, Subpart F, §15.519(b)

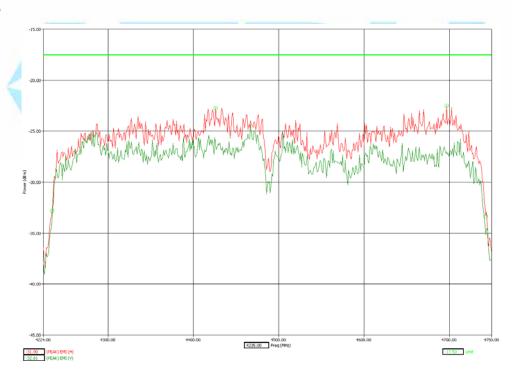
SB1



SB2







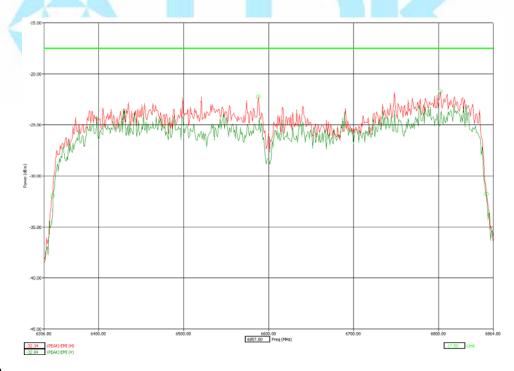
Measurements made with Peak detector, RBW = 8 MHz, VBW = 8 MHz, Measurement Time = Auto, Measurement distance = 3 m, Antenna bore-sighted to EUT and maximized in azimuth and elevation.

	SB1	SB2	SB3
Frequency (MHz)	3170.00-3694.00	3694.00-4224.00	4224.00-4750.00
F <sub>L</sub> (MHz)	3182.00	3705.00	4234.00
F <sub>H</sub> (MHz)	3687.00	4213.00	4743.00
F <sub>C</sub> (MHz)	3434.50	3959.00	4488.50
F <sub>M</sub> (MHz)	3522.00	3876.00	4697.00
OBW (MHz)	505.00	508.00	509.00

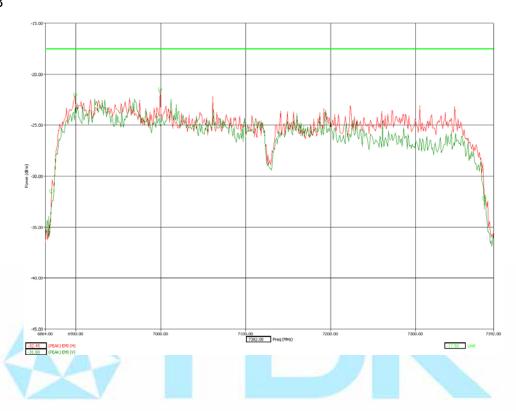


47 CFR, Part 15, Subpart F, §15.519(b)

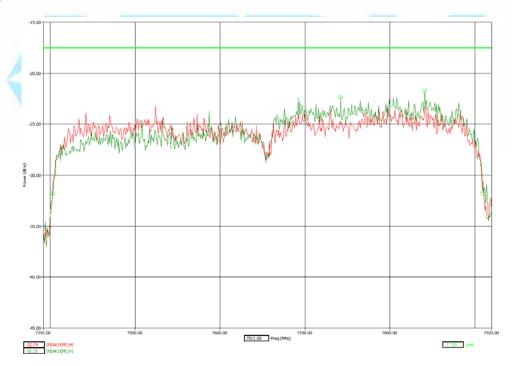
SB7



SB8







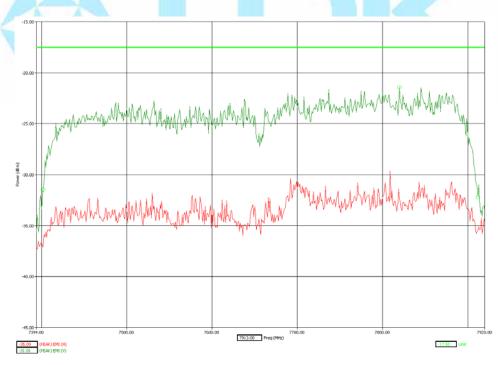
Measurements made with Peak detector, RBW = 8 MHz, VBW = 8 MHz, Measurement Time = Auto, Measurement distance = 3 m, Antenna bore-sighted to EUT and maximized in azimuth and elevation.

	SB7	SB8	SB9
Frequency (MHz)	6336.00-6864.00	6864.00-7392.00	7392.00-7920.00
F <sub>L</sub> (MHz)	6346.00	6871.00	7403.00
F <sub>H</sub> (MHz)	6856.00	7381.00	7910.00
F <sub>C</sub> (MHz)	6601.00	7126.00	7656.50
F <sub>M</sub> (MHz)	6802.00	6999.00	7841.00
OBW (MHz)	510.00	510.00	507.00

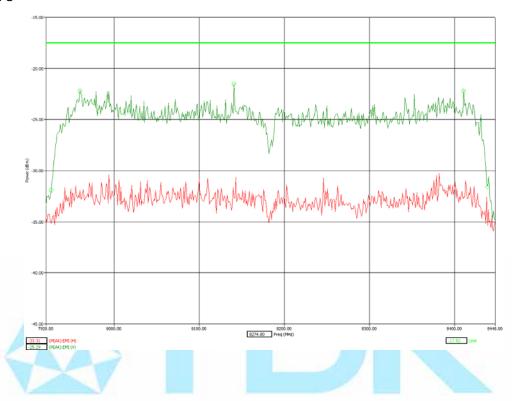


47 CFR, Part 15, Subpart F, §15.519(b)

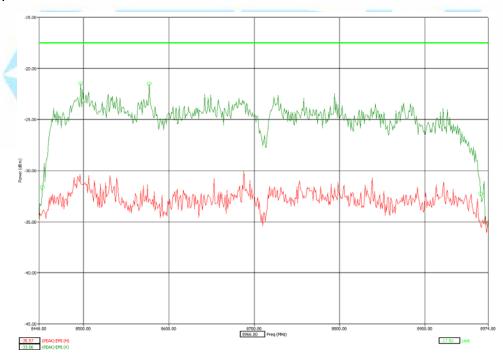
SB9



SB10







Measurements made with Peak detector, RBW = 8 MHz, VBW = 8 MHz, Measurement Time = Auto, Measurement distance = 3 m, Antenna bore-sighted to EUT and maximized in azimuth and elevation.

	SB9	SB10	SB11
Frequency (MHz)	7394.00-7920.00	7920.00-8448.00	8448.00-8974.00
F <sub>L</sub> (MHz)	7402.00	7926.00	8452.00
F <sub>H</sub> (MHz)	7912.00	8439.00	8965.00
F <sub>c</sub> (MHz)	7657.00	8182.50	8708.50
F <sub>M</sub> (MHz)	7820.00	8141.00	8497.00
OBW (MHz)	510.00	513.00	513.00

## 6.2. Radiated Emissions, UWB Specific Requirements

#### 6.2.1.Test Limits

The radiated emissions at or below 960 MHz shall not exceed the emission levels in Section 15.209 Table below.

Frequency (MHz)	E-Field (μV/m)	E- Field (dB <sub>μ</sub> V/m)	Distance (m)
0.009 to 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	67.6 – 20Log[F(kHz)]	300
0.490 to 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	87.6 – 20Log[F(kHz)]	30
1.705 to 30.0	30	29.5	30
30 to 88	100	40.0	3
88 to 216	150	43.5	3
216 to 960	200	46.0	3

The radiated emissions above 960 MHz shall not exceed the RMS detected limits in Section 15.519c table below when measured using a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz.

Frequency (MHz)	EIRP (dBm)	E- Field (dB <sub>μ</sub> V/m)	Distance (m)
960 to 1610	-75.3	19.9	3
1610 to 1990	-63.3	31.9	3
1990 to 3100	-61.3	33.9	3
3100 to 10600	-41.3	53.9	3
Above 10600	-61.3	33.9	3

From 47 CFR Section 15.521(c): As noted in Section 15.3(k), digital circuitry that is used only to enable the operation of a transmitter and that does not control additional functions or capabilities is not classified as a digital device. Instead, the emissions from that digital circuitry are subject to the same limits as those applicable to the transmitter. If it can be clearly demonstrated that an emission from a UWB transmitter is due solely to emissions from digital circuitry contained within the transmitter and that the emission is not intended to be radiated from the transmitter's antenna, the limits shown in Section 15.209 shall apply to that emission rather than the limits specified in this section.

#### 6.2.2.Test Procedure

The measurements made over the frequency range from 30 MHz to 960 MHz were maximized using an EMI receiver with peak detector capabilities. Measurements of the radiated field from 30 MHz to 960 MHz were made with the measurement antenna located a distance of 3 meters from the EUT and the final measurements utilizing a quasi-peak

detector at the frequencies with the largest amplitudes. The relative CISPR resolutions bandwidth of 120 kHz was used for these measurements. In the case where there was sufficient margin between the peak detected maximized spectrum and the quasi-peak limit lines, no additional measurements were undertaken.

Measurements above 960 MHz were maximized using a spectrum analyzer with RMS detector capabilities. A spectrum analyzer was used for the final measurements utilizing an RMS detector at the frequencies with the largest amplitudes. The prescribed RBW of 1 MHz and VBW of 3 MHz, and a 1 msec averaging time were used for these measurements. Measurements of the radiated field at frequencies above 960 MHz were made with the measurement antenna located a distance of 1 meter or less from the EUT.

The equipment set up for the radiated emissions tests followed the guidelines in ANSI C63.4: 2003.

#### 6.2.3.Test Results

The spectrum between 30 MHz and 960 MHz contained no intentional radiation and lies below the limits. The spectrum between 960 MHz and 12 GHz contained intentional UWB signals between 3100 MHz and 10600 MHz and lie below the limits. No other intentional emissions above 10600 MHz were detected. The maximum frequency tested was 40 GHz.

Per 47 CFR, Part 15, Subpart F, §15.521(c) (§15.209) all digital emissions from the transmitter whether radiating from the antenna port or not intended to be radiated from the antenna port meet the 15.209 subpart C limits.

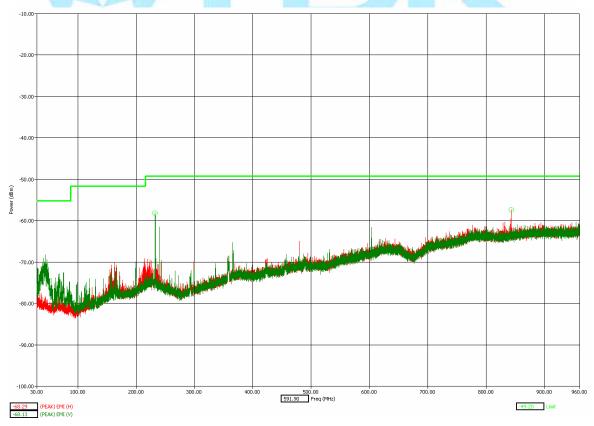
Additional measurements in the 960 MHz to 40 GHz range were performed to determine the nature of all unintentional emissions in this span. Conducted antenna port measurement and terminated antenna port measurement were done in the 960 MHz to 8 GHz range to show that all noise peaks have the same frequency and polarization and are determined to be emission from the digital circuit and are not intended to be radiated from the antenna.

Per 47 CFR, Part 15, Subpart F, §15.505(a) (§15.109) all emissions from the digital devices not directly associated with the operation of the transmitter meets the Class B limits of §15.109

Refer to the UWB Radiated Emissions 960 MHz to 40 GHz section for specific data presentation.

47 CFR, Part 15, Subpart F, §15.519(c) (§15.209)

BG1, ADM6P-700042 antenna



Frequency: 30 MHz to 960 MHz

In both polarizations the peak-detected measurements were below the quasi-peak limit

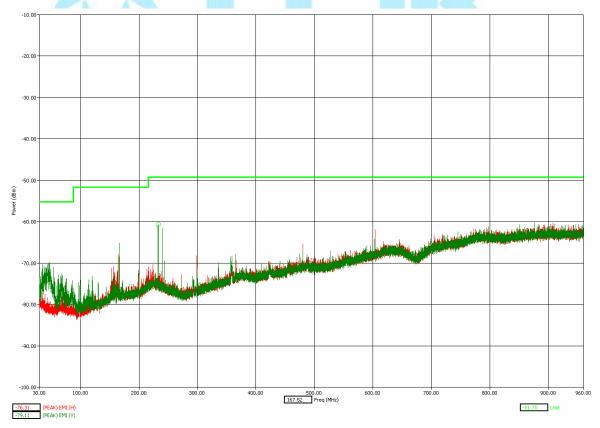
Measurements made with 120 kHz RBW, VBW auto, at 3 meter distance

Measurement Time auto for sweep

Limit line converted to dBm

47 CFR, Part 15, Subpart F, §15.519(c) (§15.209)

BG3, ADM6P-700042 antenna



Frequency: 30 MHz to 960 MHz

In both polarizations the peak-detected measurements were below the quasi-peak limit

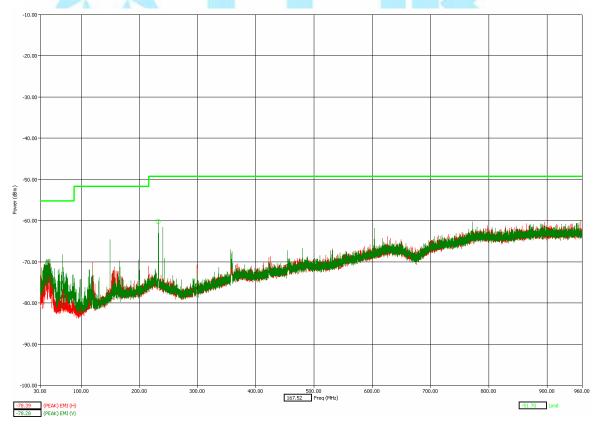
Measurements made with 120 kHz RBW, VBW auto, at 3 meter distance

Measurement Time auto for sweep

Limit line converted to dBm

47 CFR, Part 15, Subpart F, §15.519(c) (§15.209)

BG6, ADM6P-700042 antenna



Frequency: 30 MHz to 960 MHz

In both polarizations the peak-detected measurements were below the quasi-peak limit

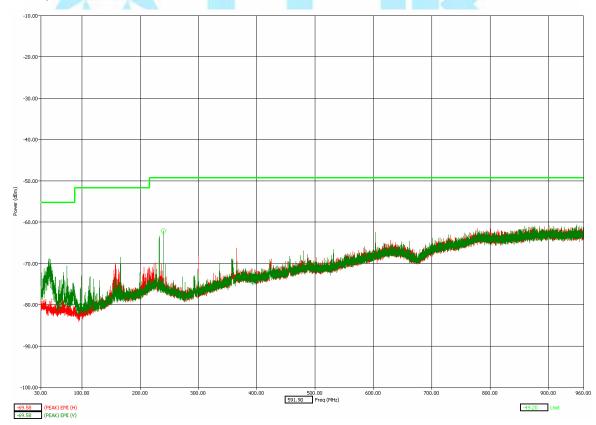
Measurements made with 120 kHz RBW, VBW auto, at 3 meter distance

Measurement Time auto for sweep

Limit line converted to dBm

47 CFR, Part 15, Subpart F, §15.519(c) (§15.209)

BG1, AL50001 antenna



Frequency: 30 MHz to 960 MHz

In both polarizations the peak-detected measurements were below the quasi-peak limit

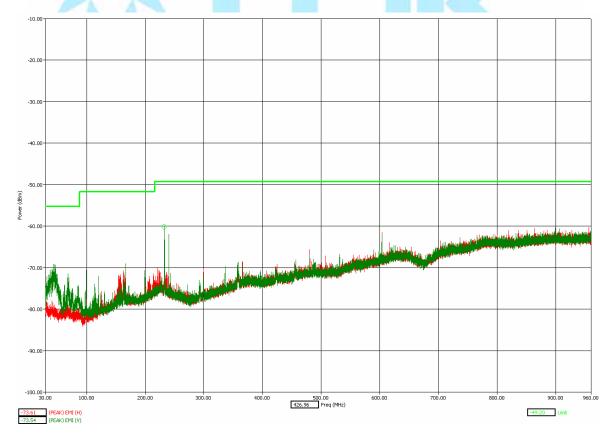
Measurements made with 120 kHz RBW, VBW auto, at 3 meter distance

Measurement Time auto for sweep

Limit line converted to dBm

47 CFR, Part 15, Subpart F, §15.519(c) (§15.209)

BG3, AL50001 antenna



Frequency: 30 MHz to 960 MHz

In both polarizations the peak-detected measurements were below the quasi-peak limit

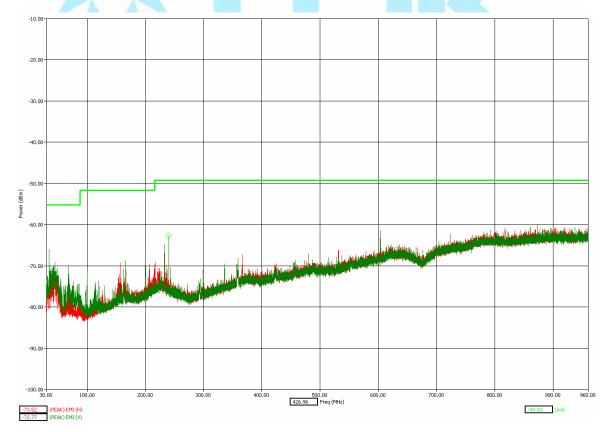
Measurements made with 120 kHz RBW, VBW auto, at 3 meter distance

Measurement Time auto for sweep

Limit line converted to dBm

47 CFR, Part 15, Subpart F, §15.519(c) (§15.209)

BG6, AL50001 antenna



Frequency: 30 MHz to 960 MHz

In both polarizations the peak-detected measurements were below the quasi-peak limit

Measurements made with 120 kHz RBW, VBW auto, at 3 meter distance

Measurement Time auto for sweep

Limit line converted to dBm

## **Identification of UWB Radiated Emissions 30 MHz to 960 MHz**

## BG1, ADM6P-700042 antenna

Freq (Max) (MHz)	Pol	(QP) EMI (dBm)	(QP) Margin (dB)	Limit (dBm)	Twr Ht (cm)	Ttbl Agl (deg)
232.27	V	-64.22	15.02	-49.20	100.00	150.00
842.50	H	-66.80	17.60	-49.20	180.00	295.90

## BG3, ADM6P-700042 antenna

Freq (Max)	Pol	(QP) EMI	(QP) Margin	Limit	Twr Ht	Ttbl Agl
(MHz)		(dBm)	(dB)	(dBm)	(cm)	(deg)
233.23	V	-66.09	16.89	-49.20	104.60	150.10

## BG6, ADM6P-700042 antenna

Freq (Max)	Pol	(QP) EMI	(QP) Margin	Limit	Twr Ht	Ttbl Agl
(MHz)		(dBm)	(dB)	(dBm)	(cm)	(deg)
232.53	V	-64.43	15.23	-49.20	100.00	136.10

## BG1, AL50001 antenna

Freq (Max)	Pol	(QP) EMI	(QP) Margin	Limit	Twr Ht	Ttbl Agl
(MHz)		(dBm)	(dB)	(dBm)	(cm)	(deg)
240.00	V	-65.08	15.88	-49.20	100.00	360.10

### BG3, AL50001 antenna

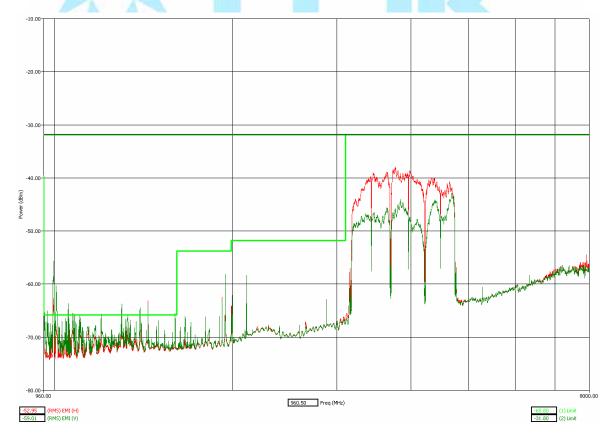
Freq (Max)	Pol	(QP) EMI	(QP) Margin	Limit	Twr Ht	Ttbl Agl
(MHz)		(dBm)	(dB)	(dBm)	(cm)	(deg)
232.61	V	-65.77	16.57	-49.20	100.00	167.50

## BG6, AL50001 antenna

Freq (Max)	Pol	(QP) EMI	(QP) Margin	Limit	Twr Ht	Ttbl Agl
(MHz)		(dBm)	(dB)	(dBm)	(cm)	(deg)
240.01	V	-60.97	11.77	-49.20	100.04	138.60

47 CFR, Part 15, Subpart F, §15.519(c) (§15.209)

BG1, ADM6P-700042 antenna



Frequency: 960 MHz to 8 GHz

Measurements made with 1 MHz RBW / 3 MHz VBW at 1 meter distance

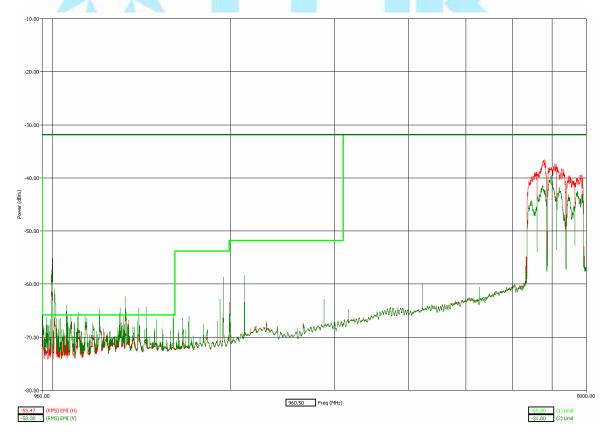
Measurement time 1 msec per frequency

Limit line converted to account for 1 meter measurement distance

Total range maximized.

47 CFR, Part 15, Subpart F, §15.519(c) (§15.209)

BG3, ADM6P-700042 antenna



Frequency: 960 MHz to 8 GHz

Measurements made with 1 MHz RBW / 3 MHz VBW at 1 meter distance

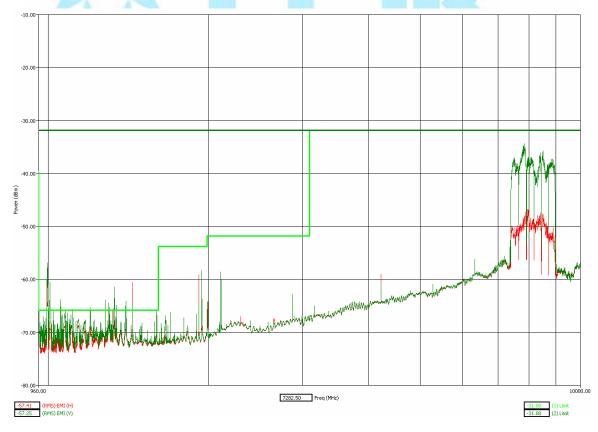
Measurement time 1 msec per frequency

Limit line converted to account for 1 meter measurement distance

Total range maximized.

47 CFR, Part 15, Subpart F, §15.519(c) (§15.209)

BG6, ADM6P-700042 antenna



Frequency: 960 MHz to 10 GHz

Measurements made with 1 MHz RBW / 3 MHz VBW at 1 meter distance

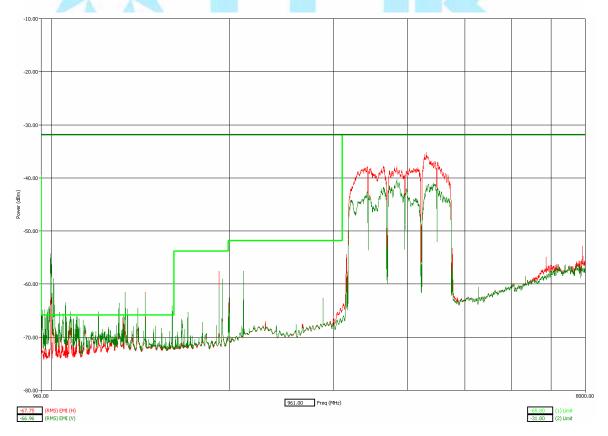
Measurement time 1 msec per frequency

Limit line converted to account for 1 meter measurement distance

Total range maximized.

47 CFR, Part 15, Subpart F, §15.519(c) (§15.209)

BG1, AL50001 antenna



Frequency: 960 MHz to 8 GHz

Measurements made with 1 MHz RBW / 3 MHz VBW at 1 meter distance

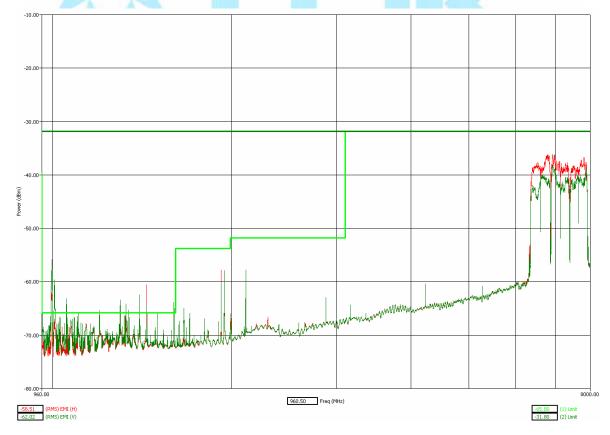
Measurement time 1 msec per frequency

Limit line converted to account for 1 meter measurement distance

Total range maximized.

47 CFR, Part 15, Subpart F, §15.519(c) (§15.209)

BG3, AL50001 antenna



Frequency: 960 MHz to 8 GHz

Measurements made with 1 MHz RBW / 3 MHz VBW at 1 meter distance

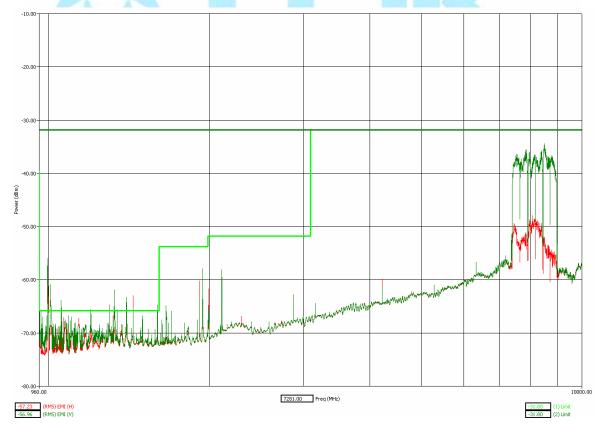
Measurement time 1 msec per frequency

Limit line converted to account for 1 meter measurement distance

Total range maximized.

47 CFR, Part 15, Subpart F, §15.519(c) (§15.209)

BG6, AL50001 antenna



Frequency: 960 MHz to 8 GHz

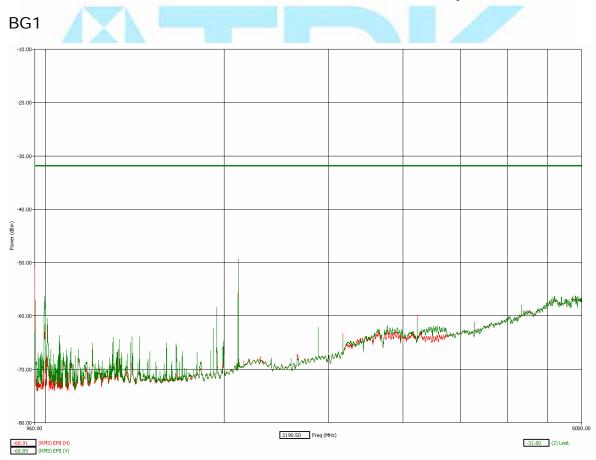
Measurements made with 1 MHz RBW / 3 MHz VBW at 1 meter distance

Measurement time 1 msec per frequency

Limit line converted to account for 1 meter measurement distance

Total range maximized.

# Emissions 960 MHz to 8 GHz Terminated antenna port:

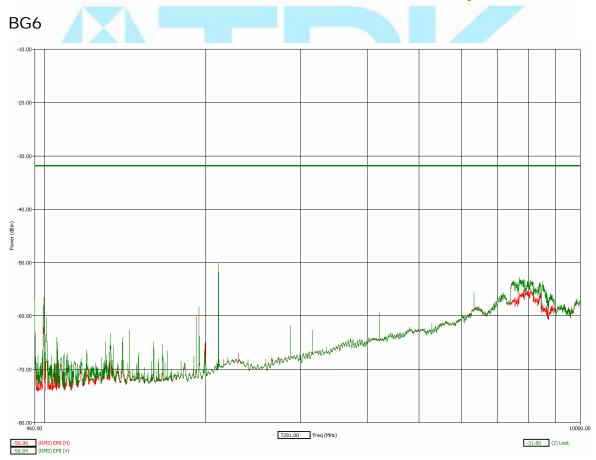


Terminated antenna port measurements made with 1 MHz RBW / 3 MHz VBW at 1 meter distance.

Limit line converted to account for 1-meter measurement distance



## Emissions 960 MHz to 10 GHz Terminated antenna port:

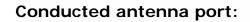


Terminated antenna port measurements made with 1 MHz RBW / 3 MHz VBW at 1 meter distance.

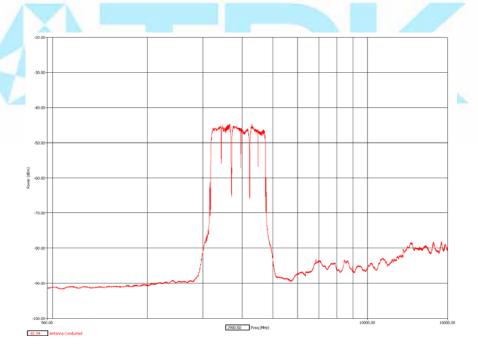
Limit line converted to account for 1-meter measurement distance

By preliminary measurements, BG1 & BG6 were selected for antenna port terminated measurement to determine out-of-band radiated emission source.

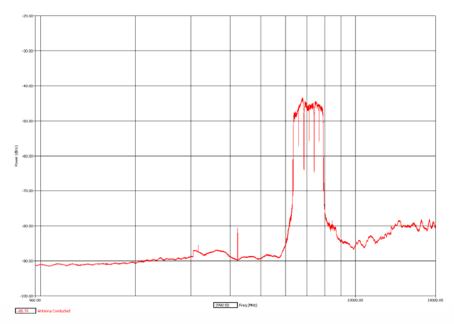




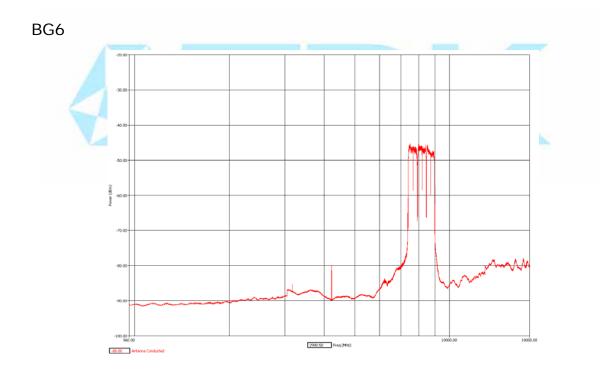




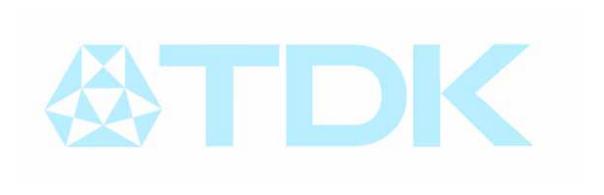
BG3



Conducted antenna port measurement made with 1 MHz RBW / 3 MHz VBW Measurement time 1 msec per frequency

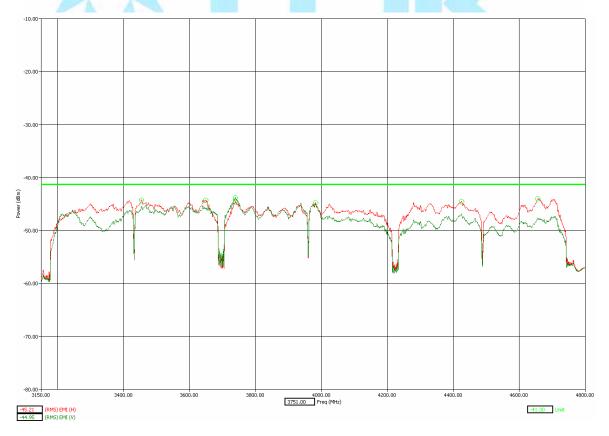


Conducted antenna port measurement made with 1 MHz RBW / 3 MHz VBW Measurement time 1 msec per frequency



47 CFR, Part 15, Subpart F, §15.519(c) (§15.209)

BG1, ADM6P-700042 antenna



Frequency: 3.1 GHz to 4.8 GHz

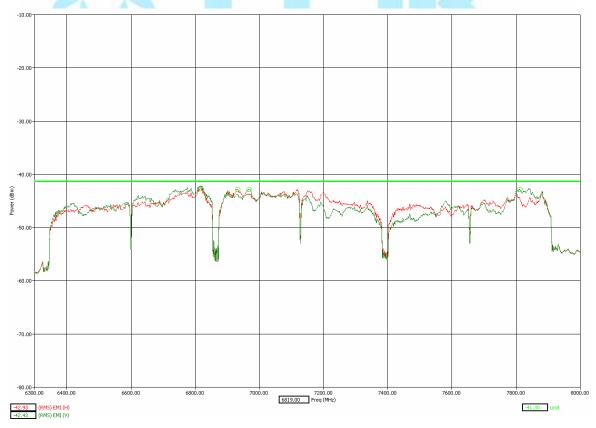
Measurements made with 1 MHz RBW / 3 MHz VBW at 3 meter distance

Measurement time 1 msec per frequency



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BG3, ADM6P-700042 antenna



Frequency: 6.3 GHz to 8.0 GHz

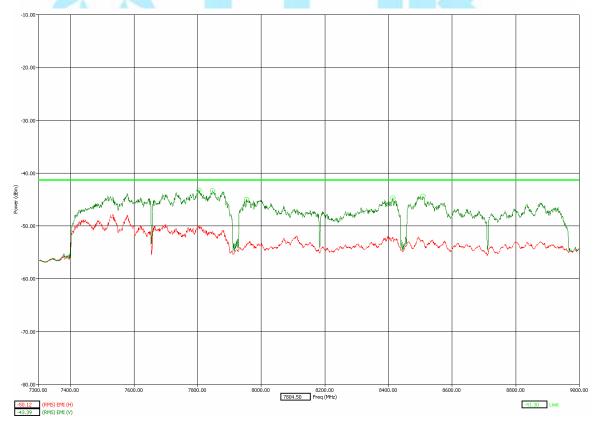
Measurements made with 1 MHz RBW / 3 MHz VBW at 3 meter distance

Measurement time 1 msec per frequency



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BG6, ADM6P-700042 antenna



Frequency: 7.3 GHz to 9.0 GHz

Measurements made with 1 MHz RBW / 3 MHz VBW at 3 meter distance

Measurement time 1 msec per frequency



47 CFR, Part 15, Subpart F, §15.519(c) (§15.209) BG1, AL50001 antenna



Frequency: 3.1 GHz to 4.8 GHz

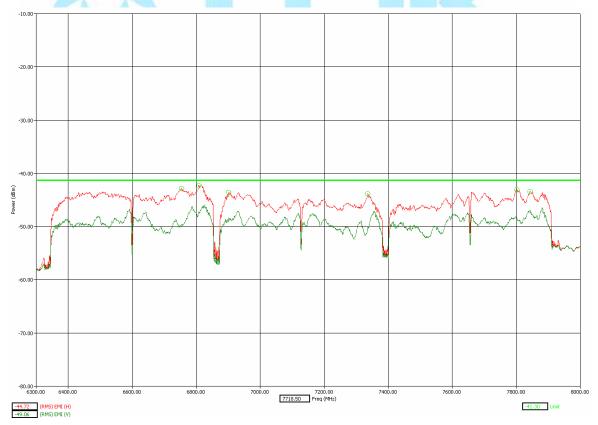
Measurements made with 1 MHz RBW / 3 MHz VBW at 3 meter distance

Measurement time 1 msec per frequency



47 CFR, Part 15, Subpart F, §15.519(c) (§15.209)

BG3, AL50001 antenna



Frequency: 6.3 GHz to 8.0 GHz

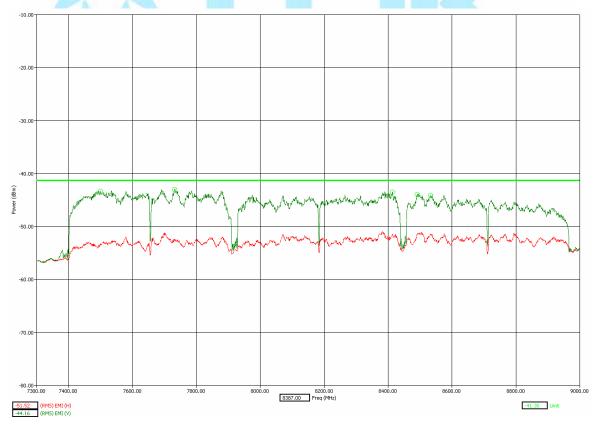
Measurements made with 1 MHz RBW / 3 MHz VBW at 3 meter distance

Measurement time 1 msec per frequency



47 CFR, Part 15, Subpart F, §15.519(c) (§15.209)

BG6, AL50001 antenna



Frequency: 7.3 GHz to 9.0 GHz

Measurements made with 1 MHz RBW / 3 MHz VBW at 3 meter distance

Measurement time 1 msec per frequency



# Final Measurement at peak; Total Range Maximized

BG1, ADM6P-700047 antenna

Freq (Max)	Pol	(RMS) EMI	(RMS) Margin	Limit	Twr Ht	Ttbl Agl
(MHz)		(dBm)	(dB)	(dBm)	(cm)	(deg)
3455.09	Н	-45.33	4.03	-41.30	100.00	80.50
3648.34	Н	-42.01	0.71	-41.30	113.00	75.50
3738.78	Н	-42.31	1.01	-41.30	115.00	69.60
3739.04	V	-43.17	1.87	-41.30	381.00	350.80
3982.22	Н	-42.87	1.57	-41.30	103.00	59.00
4424.06	Н	-44.81	3.51	-41.30	103.00	47.80
4654.46	Н	-43.73	2.43	-41.30	391.00	311.50

## BG3, ADM6P-700047 antenna

Freq (Max)	Pol	(RMS) EMI	(RMS) Margin	Limit	Twr Ht	Ttbl Agl
(MHz)		(dBm)	(dB)	(dBm)	(cm)	(deg)
6816.94	Н	-42.49	1.19	-41.30	171.00	127.70
6932.22	Н	-43.18	1.88	-41.30	178.00	127.30
6966.34	V	-42.33	1.03	-41.30	341.00	185.30
7810.89	V	-43.75	2.45	-41.30	358.00	203.20

## BG6, ADM6P-700047 antenna

Freq (Max)	Pol	(RMS) EMI	(RMS) Margin	Limit	Twr Ht	Ttbl Agl
(MHz)		(dBm)	(dB)	(dBm)	(cm)	(deg)
7806.67	V	-44.66	3.36	-41.30	204.00	89.10
7847.48	V	-43.28	1.98	-41.30	136.00	325.00
7950.48	V	-45.62	4.32	-41.30	157.00	336.80
8417.51	V	-45.95	4.65	-41.30	155.00	354.50
8508.44	V	-44.68	3.38	-41.30	152.00	191.30



# Final Measurement at peak; Total Range Maximized

BG1, AL50001 antenna

Freq (Max)	Pol	(RMS) EMI	(RMS) Margin	Limit	Twr Ht	Ttbl Agl
(MHz)	AA	(dBm)	(dB)	(dBm)	(cm)	(deg)
3495.79	Н	-43.12	1.82	-41.30	100.00	311.50
3738.92	Н	-43.56	2.26	-41.30	100.00	70.70
4279.22	Н	-41.85	0.55	-41.30	391.00	304.40

## BG3, AL50001 antenna

Freq (Max) (MHz)	Pol	(RMS) EMI (dBm)	(RMS) Margin (dB)	Limit (dBm)	Twr Ht (cm)	Ttbl Agl (deg)
6753.92	Н	-43.76	2.46	-41.30	223.00	324.00
6808.20	Н	-42.76	1.46	-41.30	196.00	329.20
6919.67	Н	-42.49	1.19	-41.30	296.00	315.00
7345.70	Н	-44.81	3.51	-41.30	296.00	300.00
7804.50	Н	-44.25	2.95	-41.30	296.00	315.00
7850.50	Н	-45.06	3.76	-41.30	296.00	315.00

## BG6, AL50001 antenna

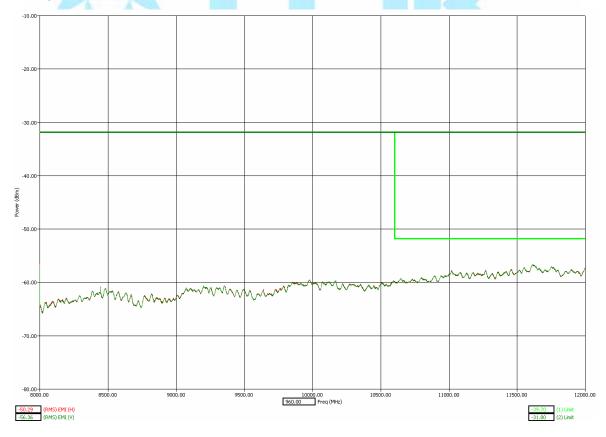
Freq (Max)	Pol	(RMS) EMI	(RMS) Margin	Limit	Twr Ht	Ttbl Agl
(MHz)		(dBm)	(dB)	(dBm)	(cm)	(deg)
7509.50	V	-43.87	2.57	-41.30	198.00	315.00
7732.40	V	-43.04	1.74	-41.30	175.00	360.10
8416.70	V	-43.52	2.22	-41.30	180.00	296.00
8490.93	V	-43.07	1.77	-41.30	145.00	360.10
8536.19	V	-43.25	1.95	-41.30	127.00	0.00



#### **UWB Radiated Emissions 8 GHz to 12 GHz Requirements:**

47 CFR, Part 15, Subpart F, §15.519(c) (§15.209)

BG1, ADM6P-700042



Frequency: 8 GHz to 12 GHz

In both polarizations the measurements were below the RMS limit line Measurements made with 1 MHz RBW / 3 MHz VBW at 1 meter distance Measurement Time 1 msec per frequency

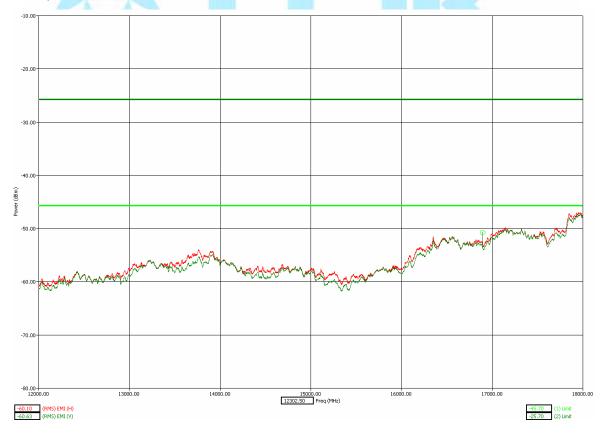
Limit line converted to account for 1 meter measurement distance

Above 8 GHz the measurements were conducted with BG1 operation where the ADM6P-700047 provided the higher UWB emission. Unintentional Emissions determined, by antenna terminated test, not to be transmitted through the antenna port were not required for further investigation with AL50001 antenna.

#### **UWB Radiated Emissions 12 GHz to 18 GHz Requirements:**

47 CFR, Part 15, Subpart F, §15.519(c) (§15.209)

BG1, ADM6P-700042



Frequency: 12 GHz to 18 GHz

In both polarizations the measurements were below the RMS limit line Measurements made with 1 MHz RBW / 3 MHz VBW at 0.5 meter distance Measurement Time 1 msec per frequency

Limit line converted to account for 0.5 meter measurement distance

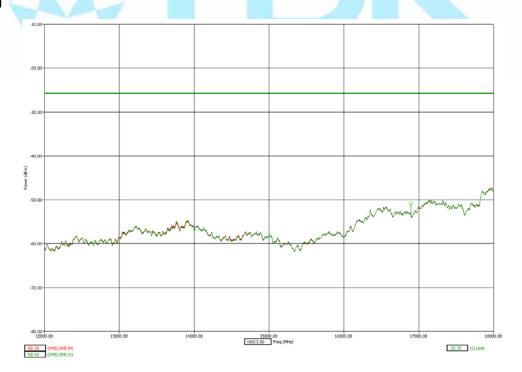
Above 8 GHz the measurements were conducted with BG1 operation where the ADM6P-700047 provided the higher UWB emission. Unintentional Emissions determined, by antenna terminated test, not to be transmitted through the antenna port were not required for further investigation with AL50001 antenna.

## **UWB Radiated Emissions 12 GHz to 18 GHz Requirements:**

47 CFR, Part 15, Subpart F, §15.519(c) (§15.209);

**Terminated** 

BG1



Above 8 GHz the measurements were conducted with BG1 operation where the ADM6P-700047 provided the higher UWB emission. Unintentional Emissions determined, by antenna terminated test, not to be transmitted through the antenna port were not required for further investigation with AL50001 antenna.

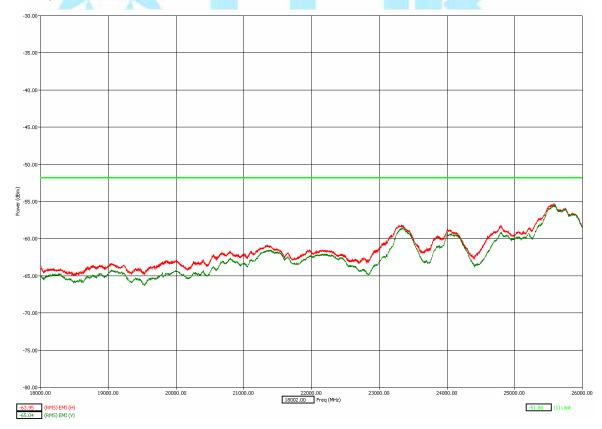
Terminated measurements show digital emission, 15.209 limit line applies.



#### **UWB Radiated Emissions 18 GHz to 26 GHz Requirements:**

47 CFR, Part 15, Subpart F, §15.519(c) (§15.209)

BG1, ADM6P-700042



Frequency: 18 GHz to 26 GHz

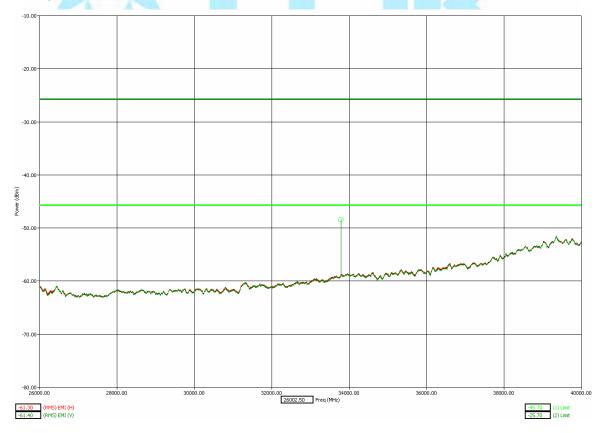
In both polarizations the measurements were below the RMS limit line Measurements made with 1 MHz RBW / 3MHz VBW at 1 meter distance Measurement Time 1 msec per frequency Limit line converted to account for 1 meter measurement distance No unintentional digital emission were detected in this range

Above 8 GHz the measurements were conducted with BG1 operation where the ADM6P-700047 provided the higher UWB emission. Unintentional Emissions determined, by antenna terminated test, not to be transmitted through the antenna port were not required for further investigation with AL50001 antenna.

#### **UWB Radiated Emissions 26 GHz to 40 GHz Requirements:**

47 CFR, Part 15, Subpart F, §15.519(c) (§15.209)

BG1, ADM6P-700042



Frequency: 26 GHz to 40 GHz

In both polarizations the measurements were below the RMS limit line Measurements made with 1 MHz RBW/3 MHz VBW at 0.5 meter distance Measurement Time 1 msec per frequency

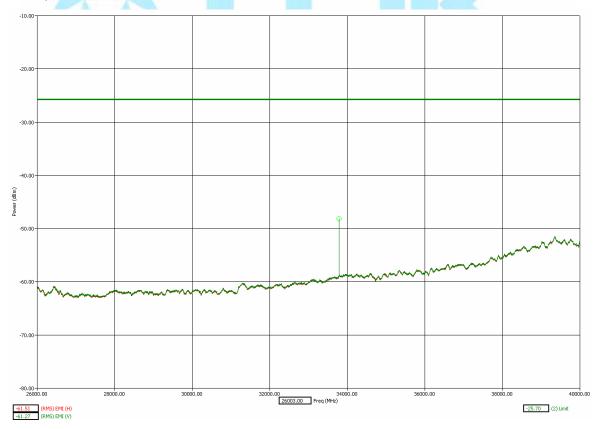
Limit line converted to account for 0.5 meter measurement distance

Above 8 GHz the measurements were conducted with BG1 operation where the ADM6P-700047 provided the higher UWB emission. Unintentional Emissions determined, by antenna terminated test, not to be transmitted through the antenna port were not required for further investigation with AL50001 antenna.

#### **UWB Radiated Emissions 26 GHz to 40 GHz Requirements:**

47 CFR, Part 15, Subpart F, §15.519(c) (§15.209)

BG1, Terminated



Frequency: 26 GHz to 40 GHz

In both polarizations the measurements were below the RMS limit line Measurements made with 1 MHz RBW/3 MHz VBW at 0.5 meter distance Measurement Time 1 msec per frequency

Limit line converted to account for 0.5 meter measurement distance

Above 8 GHz the measurements were conducted with BG1 operation where the ADM6P-700047 provided the higher UWB emission. Unintentional Emissions determined, by antenna terminated test, not to be transmitted through the antenna port were not required for further investigation with AL50001 antenna.

#### Radiated Emissions 5030 MHz to 5650 MHz

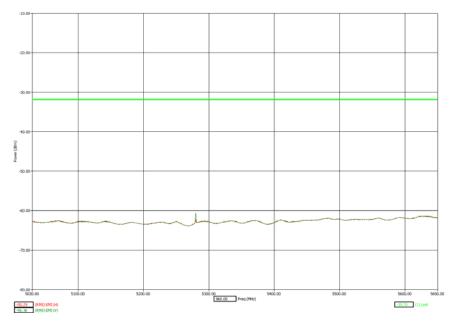
Because of federal operations in the following frequency bands:

Microwave Landing Systems (MLS: 5030 MHz to 5091 MHz Terminal Doppler Weather Radar (TDWR): 5600 MHz to 5650 MHz

UWB devices will not be permitted to operate under this waiver in the contiguous 5030 MHZ to 5650 MHz band.

In both polarizations the measurements were below the RMS limit line and did not contain the fundamental emissions of the UWB signal.

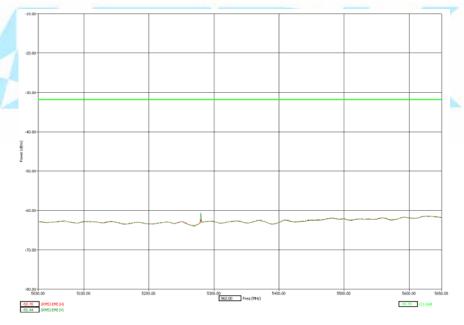




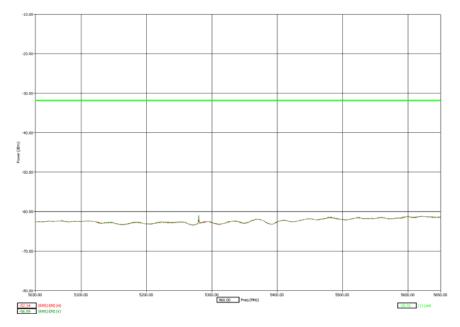
Measurements made with 1 MHz RBW / 3 MHz VBW at 1 meter distance Measurement Time 1 msec per frequency

Limit line converted to account for 1 meter measurement distance

BG3, ADM6P-700042 antenna

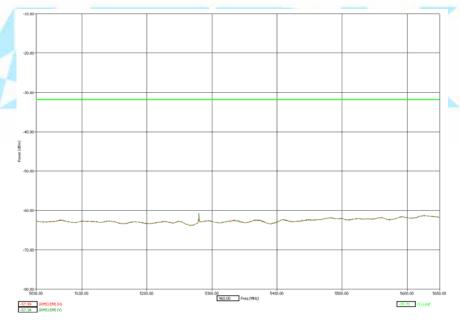


BG6, ADM6P-700042 antenna

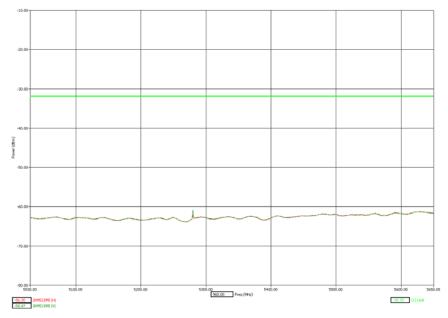


Measurements made with 1 MHz RBW / 3 MHz VBW at 1 meter distance Measurement Time 1 msec per frequency Limit line converted to account for 1 meter measurement distance

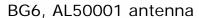
BG1, AL50001 antenna

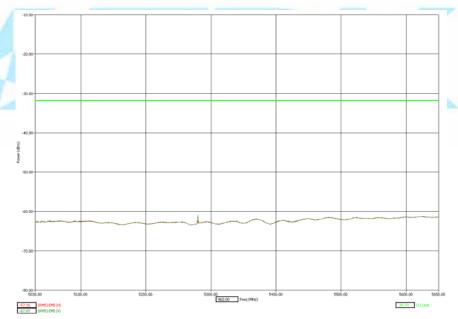


BG3, AL50001 antenna



Measurements made with 1 MHz RBW / 3 MHz VBW at 1 meter distance Measurement Time 1 msec per frequency Limit line converted to account for 1 meter measurement distance





Measurements made with 1 MHz RBW / 3 MHz VBW at 1 meter distance Measurement Time 1 msec per frequency Limit line converted to account for 1 meter measurement distance

### 6.3. Radiated Emissions in GPS Bands

#### 6.3.1.Test Limits

In addition to the radiated emission limits specified in the table in paragraph 6.2.1 of this report, UWB transmitters operating under the provisions of this section shall not exceed the following average limits when measured using a resolution bandwidth of no less than 1 kHz.

Frequency (MHz)	EIRP (dBm)	E- Field (dBμV/m)	Distance (m)
1164 to 1240	-85.3	9.9	3
1559 to 1610	-85.3	9.9	3

#### 6.3.2.Test Procedure

The measurements made over the frequency range from 1164 MHz to 1240 MHz and from 1559 MHz to 1610 MHz were maximized using a spectrum analyzer with RMS detector capabilities. A spectrum analyzer was used for the final measurements utilizing an RMS detector at the frequencies with the largest amplitudes. The prescribed RBW of 10 kHz and VBW of 10 kHz with a suitable averaging time were used for these measurements.

Measurements of the radiated field at these frequencies were made with the measurement antenna located a distance of 1 meter from the EUT to improve the measurement system's noise floor. In the case where there was sufficient margin between the RMS detected maximized spectrum and the RMS limit lines, no additional measurements were undertaken.

The equipment set up for the radiated emissions tests followed the guidelines in ANSI C63.4: 2003.

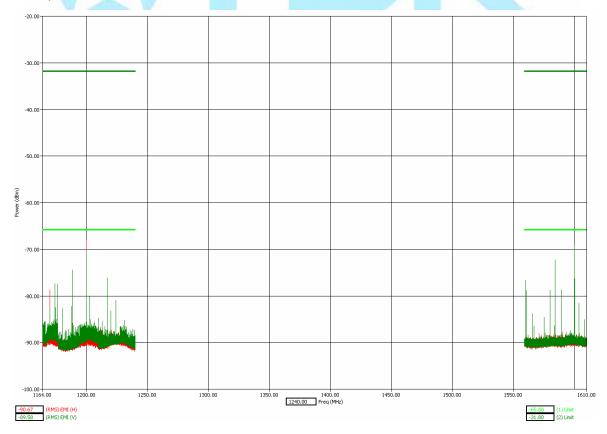


#### 6.3.3.Test Results

# **UWB Radiated Emissions GPS Band Requirements:**

47 CFR, Part 15, Subpart F, §15.519(d)

BG1, ADM6P-700042 antenna



Lower limit line is 47 CFR, Part 15 subpart F Top limit line is 47 CFR, Part 15 subpart C

Frequency: 1164 MHz to 1240 MHz and 1559 MHz to 1610 MHz

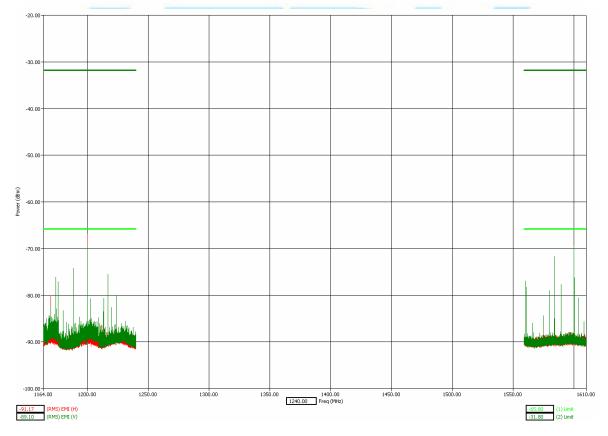
In both polarizations the measurements were below the RMS limit line

Measurements made with 10 kHz RBW / 10 kHz VBW at 1 meter distance

Measurement Time 1 msec per frequency

Limit lines converted to account for 1 meter measurement distance

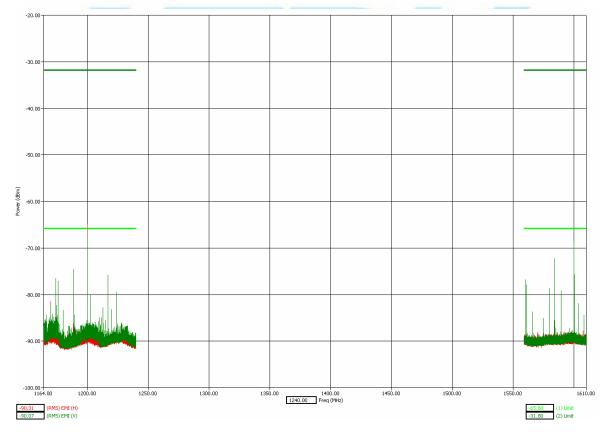
## BG3, ADM6P-700042 antenna



Lower limit line is 47 CFR, Part 15 subpart F Top limit line is 47 CFR, Part 15 subpart C

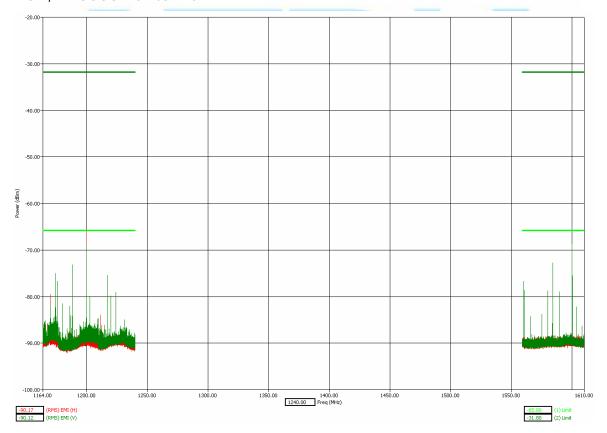
Frequency: 1164 MHz to 1240 MHz and 1559 MHz to 1610 MHz
In both polarizations the measurements were below the RMS limit line
Measurements made with 10 kHz RBW / 10 kHz VBW at 1 meter distance
Measurement Time 1 msec per frequency
Limit lines converted to account for 1 meter measurement distance

## BG6, ADM6P-700042 antenna



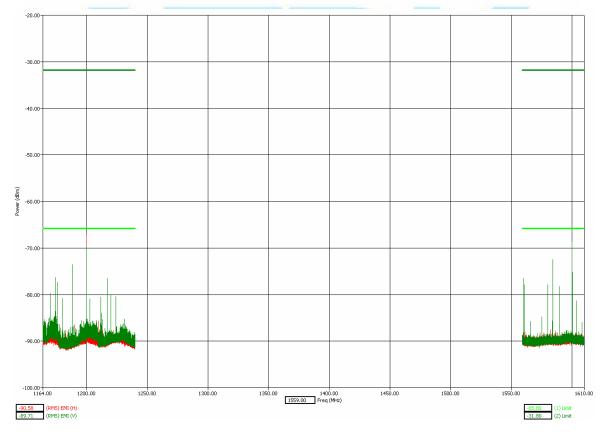
Lower limit line is 47 CFR, Part 15 subpart F
Top limit line is 47 CFR, Part 15 subpart C
Frequency: 1164 MHz to 1240 MHz and 1559 MHz to 1610 MHz
In both polarizations the measurements were below the RMS limit line
Measurements made with 10 kHz RBW / 10 kHz VBW at 1 meter distance
Measurement Time 1 msec per frequency
Limit lines converted to account for 1 meter measurement distance

## BG1, AL50001 antenna



Lower limit line is 47 CFR, Part 15 subpart F
Top limit line is 47 CFR, Part 15 subpart C
Frequency: 1164 MHz to 1240 MHz and 1559 MHz to 1610 MHz
In both polarizations the measurements were below the RMS limit line
Measurements made with 10 kHz RBW / 10 kHz VBW at 1 meter distance
Measurement Time 1 msec per frequency
Limit lines converted to account for 1 meter measurement distance

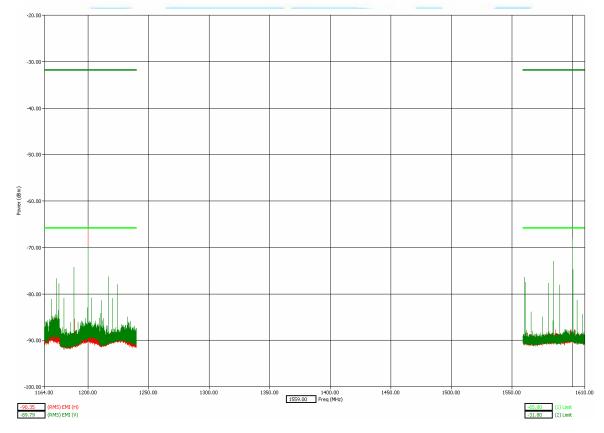
## BG3, AL50001 antenna



Lower limit line is 47 CFR, Part 15 subpart F
Top limit line is 47 CFR, Part 15 subpart C
Frequency: 1164 MHz to 1240 MHz and 1559 MHz to 1610 MHz
In both polarizations the measurements were below the RMS limit line
Measurements made with 10 kHz RBW / 10 kHz VBW at 1 meter distance
Measurement Time 1 msec per frequency

Limit lines converted to account for 1 meter measurement distance

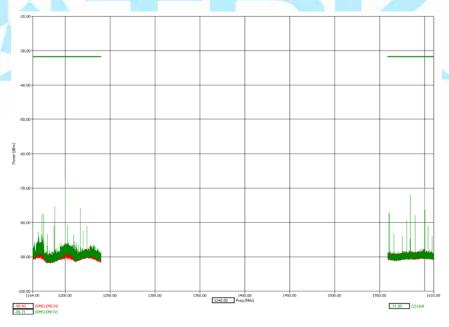
## BG6, AL50001 antenna



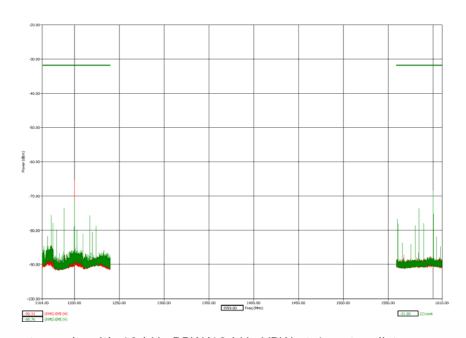
Lower limit line is 47 CFR, Part 15 subpart F
Top limit line is 47 CFR, Part 15 subpart C
Frequency: 1164 MHz to 1240 MHz and 1559 MHz to 1610 MHz
In both polarizations the measurements were below the RMS limit line
Measurements made with 10 kHz RBW / 10 kHz VBW at 1 meter distance
Measurement Time 1 msec per frequency
Limit lines converted to account for 1 meter measurement distance

# **UWB Emissions in GPS Band:**Terminated antenna port emissions in GPS Band:

BG1



BG6



Measurements made with 10 kHz RBW/10 kHz VBW at 1 meter distance.

Measurement Time 1 msec per frequency

Limit line converted to account for 1 meter measurement distance

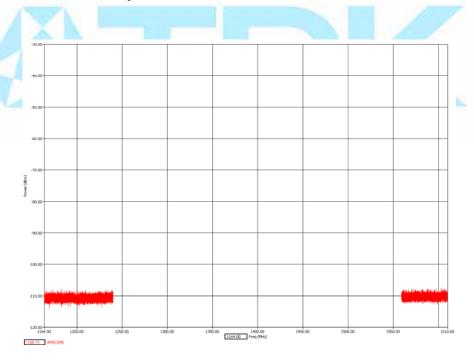
For determining digital emissions, comparison was made using the termina

For determining digital emissions, comparison was made using the terminated measurements made on band group where UWB emission is highest.

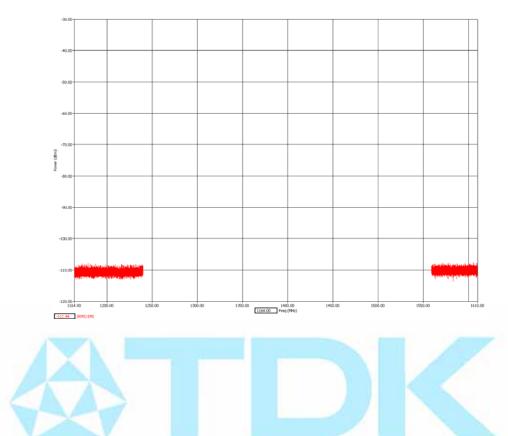
By preliminary measurements, BG1 & BG6 were selected for antenna port terminated measurement to determine out-of-band radiated emission source.

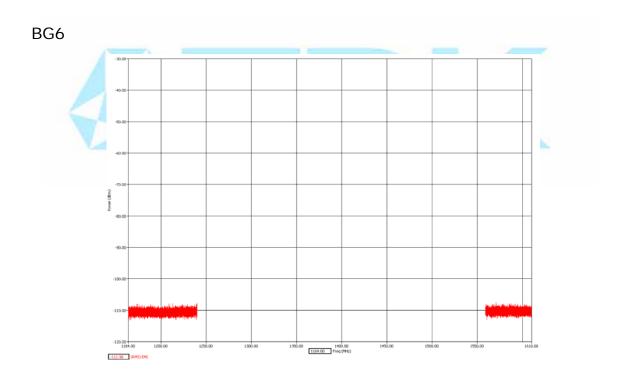
# Conducted antenna port emissions in GPS Band:

BG1



BG3:







### 6.4. Peak Radiated Emissions in a 50 MHz RBW

#### 6.4.1.Test Limits

There is a limit on the peak level of the emissions contained within a 50 MHz bandwidth centered on the frequency at which the highest radiated emission occurs,  $f_M$ . That limit is 0 dBm EIRP. It is acceptable to employ a different resolution bandwidth, and a correspondingly different peak emission limit, following the procedures described in Section §15.521.

#### 6.4.2.Test Procedure

The measurements made over the intentionally radiating frequency range of the EUT, from 3100 MHz to 10600 MHz, were maximized using a spectrum analyzer with peak detector capabilities. A spectrum analyzer was used for the final measurement utilizing a peak detector at the frequency with the largest amplitude.

The spectrum analyzer did not support the prescribed resolution bandwidth of 50 MHz. However, when a peak measurement is required, it is acceptable to use a resolution bandwidth other than the 50 MHz specified in 47 CFR Part 15, Subpart F. The resolution bandwidth for this measurement was set to 8 MHz. A setting of 8 MHz RBW has been determined to have an actual impulse response bandwidth of 6.7 MHz. Therefore the limit line is reduced by 20 Log (6.7/50). The measurement was centered on the frequency at which the highest radiated emission occurred,  $f_{\rm M}$ . The video bandwidth was 8 MHz.

Since a resolution bandwidth other than 50 MHz was employed, the peak EIRP limit has to be adjusted by the resolution bandwidth ratio of 20 Log (RBW/50) dB, where RBW is the resolution bandwidth used for the measurement expressed in MHz.

The equipment set up for the radiated emissions tests followed the guidelines in ANSI C63.4: 2003.

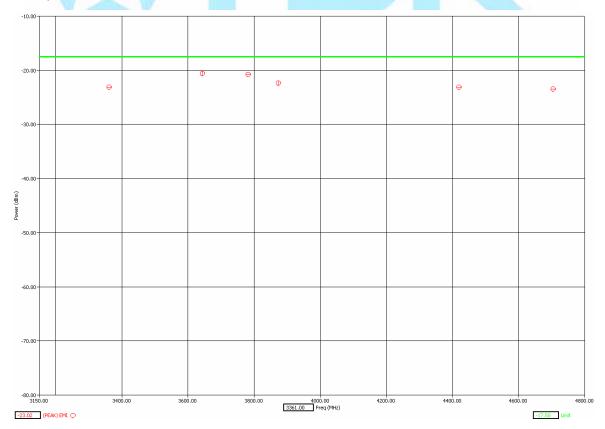


### 6.4.3.Test Results

# **UWB Peak Radiated Emissions in 50 MHz RBW Requirements:**

47 CFR, Part 15, Subpart F, §15.519(e)

BG1, ADM6P-700042

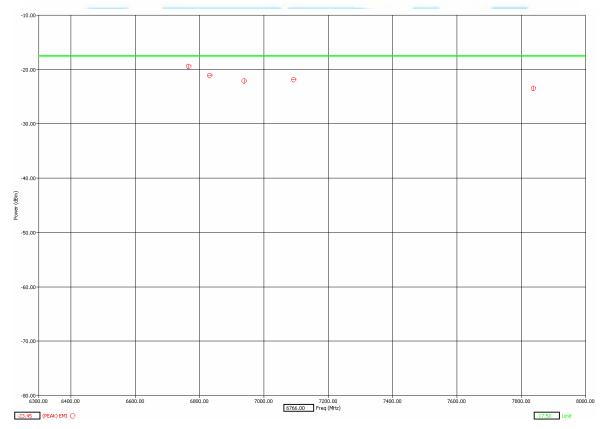


Measurements made with 8 MHz RBW / 8 MHz VBW at 3 meter distance.

Measurement Time auto for sweep



# BG3, ADM6P-700042

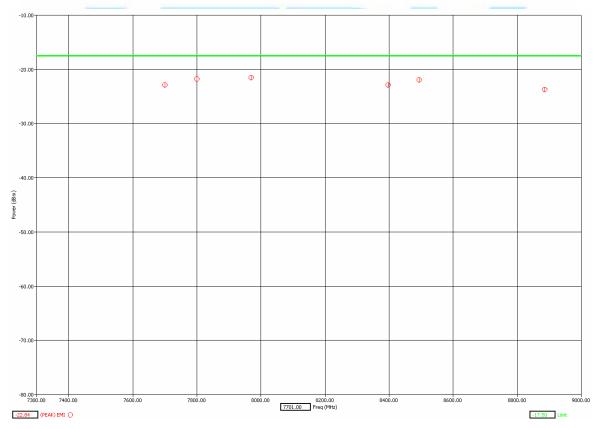


Measurements made with 8 MHz RBW / 8 MHz VBW at 3 meter distance.

Measurement Time auto for sweep



# BG6, ADM6P-700042

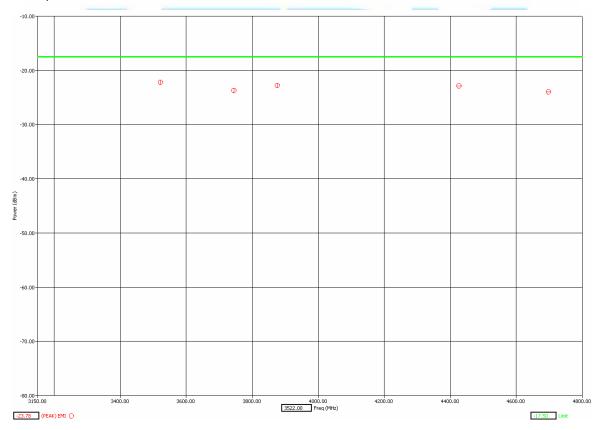


Measurements made with 8 MHz RBW / 8 MHz VBW at 3 meter distance.

Measurement Time auto for sweep



# BG1, AL50001

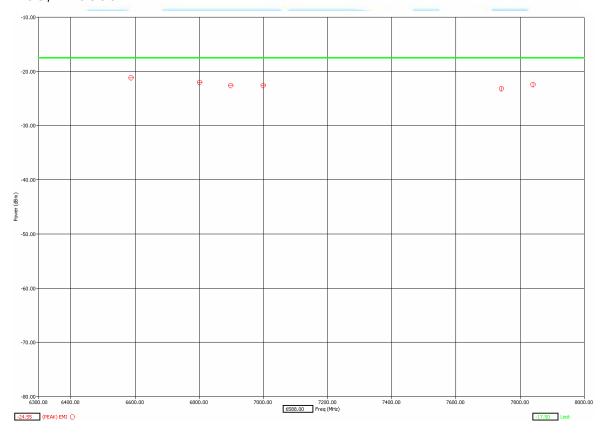


Measurements made with 8 MHz RBW / 8 MHz VBW at 3 meter distance.

Measurement Time auto for sweep



# BG3, AL50001

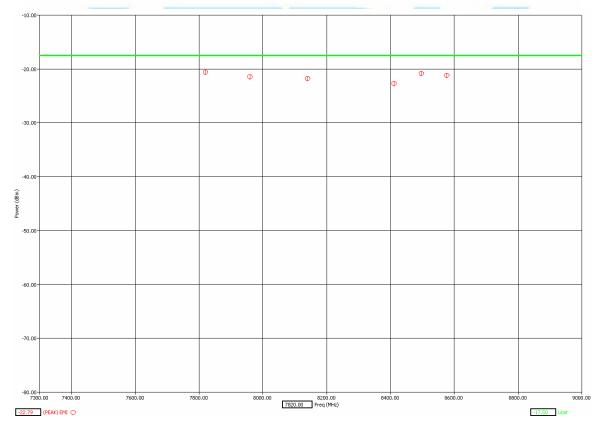


Measurements made with 8 MHz RBW / 8 MHz VBW at 3 meter distance.

Measurement Time auto for sweep



# BG6, AL50001



Measurements made with 8 MHz RBW / 8 MHz VBW at 3 meter distance.

Measurement Time auto for sweep



# Final Measurement at Peak; Total Range Maximized

BG1, ADM6P-700042

Freq (Max)	Pol	(PEAK) EMI	(PEAK) Margin	Limit	Twr Ht	Ttbl Agl
(MHz)	AA	(dBm)	(dB)	(dBm)	(cm)	(deg)
3363.38	Н	-23.02	5.52	-17.50	114.00	78.30
3644.67	V	-20.51	3.01	-17.50	334.00	0.10
3783.66	Н	-20.74	3.24	-17.50	104.00	65.60
3873.50	V	-22.26	4.76	-17.50	336.00	352.60
4420.94	Н	-23.05	5.55	-17.50	128.00	49.30
4706.27	Н	-23.41	5.91	-17.50	104.00	44.40

# BG3, ADM6P-700042

Freq (Max)	Pol	(PEAK) EMI	(PEAK) Margin	Limit	Twr Ht	Ttbl Agl
(MHz)		(dBm)	(dB)	(dBm)	(cm)	(deg)
6764.66	V	-19.74	2.24	-17.50	295.00	179.10
6829.39	Н	-21.03	3.53	-17.50	177.00	129.20
6939.51	V	-22.18	4.68	-17.50	246.00	175.80
7091.50	Н	-21.88	4.38	-17.50	246.00	225.00
7837.26	V	-23.40	5.90	-17.50	391.00	203.10

# BG6, ADM6P-700042

Freq (Max)	Pol	(PEAK) EMI	(PEAK) Margin	Limit	Twr Ht	Ttbl Agl
(MHz)		(dBm)	(dB)	(dBm)	(cm)	(deg)
7702.63	V	-22.84	5.34	-17.50	140.00	359.80
7797.00	V	-21.73	4.23	-17.50	122.00	324.70
7970.92	V	-21.42	3.92	-17.50	172.00	11.10
8397.63	V	-22.83	5.33	-17.50	136.00	321.90
8492.70	V	-21.91	4.41	-17.50	124.00	325.40
8884.89	V	-23.69	6.19	-17.50	108.00	179.10



BG1, AL50001

Freq (Max)	Pol	(PEAK) EMI	(PEAK) Margin	Limit	Twr Ht	Ttbl Agl
(MHz)		(dBm)	(dB)	(dBm)	(cm)	(deg)
3522.03	V	-22.64	5.14	-17.50	345.00	0.00
3743.87	V	-23.10	5.60	-17.50	338.00	0.00
3877.45	V	-22.75	5.25	-17.50	366.00	0.00
4424.47	Н	-22.78	5.28	-17.50	101.00	49.70
4697.00	Н	-23.18	5.68	-17.50	206.00	237.70

# BG3, AL50001

Freq (Max)	Pol	(PEAK) EMI	(PEAK) Margin	Limit	Twr Ht	Ttbl Agl
(MHz)		(dBm)	(dB)	(dBm)	(cm)	(deg)
6587.52	Н	-21.73	4.23	-17.50	246.00	315.00
6804.95	Н	-21.96	4.46	-17.50	207.00	324.30
6899.74	Н	-22.58	5.08	-17.50	171.00	327.90
6999.38	Н	-22.52	5.02	-17.50	166.00	64.40
7738.35	V	-23.14	5.64	-17.50	347.00	355.90
7841.33	V	-22.37	4.87	-17.50	324.00	357.00

# BG6, AL50001

Freq (Max)	Pol	(PEAK) EMI	(PEAK) Margin	Limit	Twr Ht	Ttbl Agl
(MHz)		(dBm)	(dB)	(dBm)	(cm)	(deg)
7820.90	V	-20.42	2.92	-17.50	223.00	31.00
7956.96	V	-21.39	3.89	-17.50	148.00	322.40
8140.88	V	-21.55	4.05	-17.50	145.00	360.10
8407.80	V	-22.62	5.12	-17.50	171.00	360.70
8496.77	V	-20.76	3.26	-17.50	133.00	359.10
8576.80	V	-21.16	3.66	-17.50	160.00	38.70



### 6.5. AC Mains Line-Conducted Disturbance

#### 6.5.1.Test Limits

For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50  $\mu$ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal.

Frequency Range (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBµV)		
	Quasi-Peak	Average	
0.15 to 0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*	
0.5 to 5	56	46	
5 to 30	60	50	

<sup>\*</sup> Decreases with logarithm of the frequency

#### 6.5.2.Test Procedure

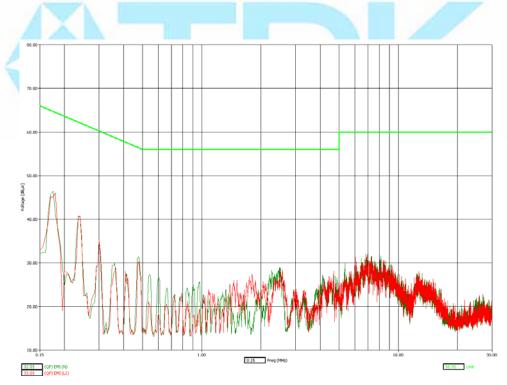
Measurements were carried out using quasi-peak and average detector receivers in accordance with ANSI C63.4. A LISN was required to provide defined impedance at high frequencies across the power feed at the point of measurement of terminal voltage and also to provide isolation of the circuit under test from the ambient noise on the power lines. A LISN as defined in ANSI C63.4.

Conducted disturbance was measured between the phase lead and the reference ground, and between the neutral lead and the reference ground. Both measured values were reported.

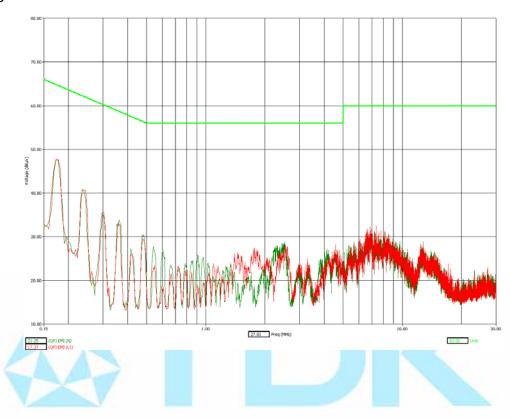


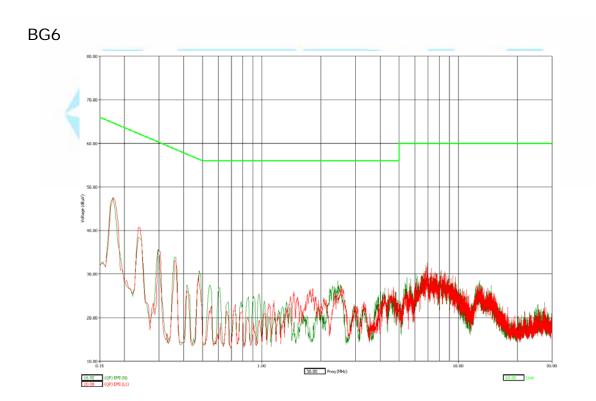






# BG3







# Labeling and Instruction Manual Requirements

A UWB device subject to certification shall be labeled as followed in a conspicuous location on the device:

"This device complied with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation."

- (1) Where a device is constructed in two or more sections connected by wires and marketed together, the statement specified directly above this section is required to be affixed only to the main control unit.
- (2) When the device is so small or for such use that it is not practicable to place the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section on it, the information required by this paragraph shall be placed in a prominent location in the instruction manual or pamphlet supplied to the user or, alternatively, shall be placed on the container in which the device is marketed. However, the FCC identifier or the unique identifier, as appropriate, must be displayed on the device.

The users' manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

If using a permanently affixed label, the modular transmitter must be labeled with its own FCC identification number, and, if the FCC identification number is not visible when the module is installed inside another device, then the outside of the device into which the module is installed must also display a label referring to the enclosed module. This exterior label can use wording such as the following: "Contains Transmitter Module FCC ID: XYZMODEL1" or "Contains FCC ID: XYZMODEL1." Any similar wording that expresses the same meaning may be used. The Grantee may either provide such a label, an example of which must be included in the application for equipment

authorization, or, must provide adequate instructions along with the module which explain this requirement. In the latter case, a copy of these instructions must be included in the application for equipment authorization.



# 8. Certification Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal regulations, Part 2, Subpart I – Marketing of Radio Frequency Devices.

# § 2.801 Radio Frequency Device Defined

As used in this part, a radio frequency device is any device that in its operation is capable of emitting radio frequency by radiation, conduction or other means. Radio frequency devices include, but are not limited to:

- (a) The various types of radio communication transmitting devices described throughout this chapter.
- (b) The incidental, unintentional and intentional radiators defined in Part 15 of this chapter.
- (c) The industrial, scientific and medical equipment described in part 18 of this chapter.
- (d) Any part or component thereof that in use emits radio frequency energy by radiation, conduction or other means.

# § 2.803 Marketing of Radio Frequency Devices Prior to Equipment Authorization

- (a) Except as provided elsewhere in this chapter no person shall sell or lease, or offer for sale or lease (including advertising for sale or lease), or import, ship or distribute for the purpose of selling or leasing or offering for sale or lease, any radio frequency device unless:
  - (1) In the case of a device subject to certification, such device has been authorized by the Commission in accordance with the rules in this chapter and is properly identified and labeled as required by §2.925 and other relevant sections in this chapter; or
  - (2) In the case of a device that is not required to have grant of equipment authorization issued by the Commission, but which must comply with the specified technical standards prior to use, such device also complies with all applicable administrative (including verification of the equipment or authorization under a Declaration of Conformity, where required), technical,

labeling and identification requirements specified in this chapter.

- (e) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, the offer for sale solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical users (but not an offer for sale to other parties or to end users located in a residential environment) of a radio frequency device that is in the conceptual, developmental, design or pre-production stage is permitted prior to equipment authorization or, for devices not subject to the equipment authorization requirements, prior to a determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements provided that the prospective buyer is advised in writing at the time of the offer for sale that the equipment is subject to FCC rules and that the equipment will comply with the appropriate rules before delivery to the buyer or to centers of distribution.
- (e)(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, prior to equipment authorization or determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements any radio frequency device may be operated, but not marketed, for the following purposes and under the following conditions:
- (i) Compliance testing;
- (ii) Demonstrations at a trade show provide the notice contained in paragraph (c) of this section is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;
- (iii) Demonstrations at an exhibition conducted at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical location, but excluding locations in a residential environment, provided the notice contained in paragraphs (c) or (d) of this section, as appropriate, is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;
- (iv) Evaluation of the product performance and determination of customer acceptability, provided such operation takes place at the manufacturer's facilities during developmental, design or preproduction states; or
- (v) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability where customer acceptability of a radio frequency device cannot be determined at the manufacturer's facilities because of size, unique capability of the device, provided

the device is operated at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical user's site, but not at a residential site, during the development, design or pre-production stages.

- (e)(2) For the purpose of paragraphs (e)(1)(iv) and (e)(1)(v) of this section, the term manufacturer's facilities includes the facilities of the party responsible for compliance with the regulations and the manufacturer's premises, as well as the facilities of other entities working under the authorization of the responsible party in connection with the development and manufacture, but not the marketing, of the equipment.
- (f) For radio frequency devices subject to verification and sold solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific and medical users (excluding products sold to other parties or for operation in residential environment), parties responsible for verification of the devices shall have the option of ensuring compliance with the applicable technical specifications of this chapter at each end user's location after installation, provided that the purchase or lease agreement includes a proviso that such a determination of compliance be made and is the responsibility of the party responsible for verification of the equipment.

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart J – Equipment Authorization Procedures:

# § 2.901 Basis and Purpose

(a) In order to carry out its responsibilities under the Communications Act and the various treaties and international regulations and in order to promote efficient use if the radio spectrum, the Commission has developed technical standards for radio frequency equipment and parts or components thereof. The technical standards applicable to individual types are found in that part of the rules governing the service wherein the equipment is to be operated. In addition to the technical standards provided, the rules governing in the service may require that such equipment be verified by the manufacturer or importer be authorized under the Declaration of Conformity, or receive an equipment authorization from the Commission by one of the following procedures: certification or registration. (b) The following sections describe the verification procedure, the procedure for a Declaration of Conformity, or the procedures to be followed in obtaining certification from the Commission and the conditions attendant to such a grant, which ever is applicable.

#### § 2.907 Certification

- (a) Certification is an equipment authorization issued by the Commission, based on representation and test data submitted by the applicant.
- (b) Certification attaches to all units subsequently marketed by the grantee which are identical (see Section 2.908) to the sample tested except for permissive changes or other variations authorized by the Commission pursuant to Section 2.1043.

## § 2.948 Description of Measurement Facilities

- (a) Each party making measurements of equipment that is subject to an equipment authorization under Part 15 or Part 18 of this chapter, regardless of whether the measurements are filed with the Commission or kept on file by the party responsible for compliance of equipment marketed within the US or its possessions, shall compile a description of the measurement facilities employed.
  - (1) If the measured equipment is subject to the verification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be retained by the party responsible for verification of the equipment.
  - (i) If the equipment is verified through measurements performed by an independent laboratory, it is acceptable for the party responsible for verification of the equipment to rely upon the description of the measurement facilities retained by or placed on file with the Commission by that laboratory. In this situation, the party responsible for the verification of the equipment is not required to retain a duplicate copy of the description of the measurement facilities.
  - (ii) If the equipment is verified based on measurements performed at the installation site of the equipment, no

- specific site calibration data is required. It is acceptable to retain the description of the measurement facilities at the site that the measurements were performed.
- (2) If the equipment is to be authorized by the Commission under the certification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be filed with the Commission's Laboratory in Columbia, Maryland. The data describing the measurement facilities need only be filed once but must be updated as changes are made to the measurement facilities or as otherwise described in this section. At least every three years, the organization responsible for filing the data with the Commission shall certify that the data on file is current.

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal regulations, Part 15, Subpart C – Intentional Radiators.

# § 15.212 Singular Modular transmitters.

Single modular transmitters must meet the following requirements to obtain a modular transmitter approval:

- (i) The radio elements of the modular transmitter must have their own shielding. The physical crystal and tuning capacitors may be located external to the shielded radio elements.
- (ii) The modular transmitter must have buffered modulation/data inputs (if such inputs are provided) to ensure that the module will comply with Part 15 requirements under conditions of excessive data rates or over-modulation.
- (iii) The modular transmitter must have its own power supply regulation.
- (iv) The modular transmitter must comply with the antenna and transmission system requirements of Sections 15.203, 15.204(b) and 15.204(c). The antenna must either be permanently attached or employ a "unique" antenna coupler (at all connections between the module and the antenna, including the cable). The "professional installation" provision of Section 15.203 is not applicable to modules but can apply to limited modular approvals under paragraph (b) of this section.

- (v) The modular transmitter must be tested in a stand-alone configuration, *i.e.*, the module must not be inside another device during testing for compliance with Part 15 requirements. Unless the transmitter module will be battery powered, it must comply with the AC line conducted requirements found in Section 15.207. AC or DC power lines and data input/output lines connected to the module must not contain ferrites, unless they will be marketed with the module (see Section 15.27(a)). The length of these lines shall be the length typical of actual use or, if that length is unknown, at least 10 centimeters to insure that there is no coupling between the case of the module and supporting equipment. Any accessories, peripherals, or support equipment connected to the module during testing shall be unmodified and commercially available (see Section 15.31(i)).
- (vi) The modular transmitter must be equipped with either a permanently affixed label or must be capable of electronically displaying its FCC identification number.
  - (A) If using a permanently affixed label, the modular transmitter must be labeled with its own FCC identification number, and, if the FCC identification number is not visible when the module is installed inside another device, then the outside of the device into which the module is installed must also display a label referring to the enclosed module. This exterior label can use wording such as the following: "Contains Transmitter Module FCC ID: XYZMODEL1" or "Contains FCC ID: XYZMODEL1." Any similar wording that expresses the same meaning may be used. The Grantee may either provide such a label, an example of which must be included in the application for equipment authorization, or, must provide adequate instructions along with the module which explain this requirement. In the latter case, a copy of these instructions must be included in the application for equipment authorization.
  - (B) If the modular transmitter uses an electronic display of the FCC identification number, the information must be readily accessible and visible on the modular transmitter or on the device in which it is installed. If the module is installed inside another device, then the outside of the device into which the module is installed must display a label referring to the enclosed module. This exterior label can use wording such as the following: "Contains FCC certified transmitter module(s)." Any similar wording that expresses

the same meaning may be used. The user manual must include instructions on how to access the electronic display. A copy of these instructions must be included in the application for equipment authorization.

(vii) The modular transmitter must comply with any specific rules or operating requirements that ordinarily apply to a complete transmitter and the manufacturer must provide adequate instructions along with the module to explain any such requirements. A copy of these instructions must be included in the application for equipment authorization.

(viii) The modular transmitter must comply with any applicable RF exposure requirements in its final configuration

(END OF DOCUMENT)

