

## <u>Date(s) of Evaluation</u> Sept. 11-14, 22, 25 & Oct. 16, 2006

<u>Test Report Issue Date</u> January 25, 2007 Test Report Serial No. 072706UGL-T764-S15W

<u>Description of Test(s)</u> Specific Absorption Rate Report Revision No.
Revision 1.0

RF Exposure Category

**General Population** 



# **APPENDIX G - PROBE CALIBRATION**

Company:	DRS Tactical Systems, Inc.		Model(s):	Hammerhead	Hammerhead X <sup>TREME</sup>	<b>DRS</b>		
FCC ID:	UGL0000181060001 DUT:		Rugged Tablet PC with 802.11abg WLAN and Bluetooth			TECHNOLOGIES		
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## Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Client

Celltech Labs

Certificate No: EX3-3547 Feb06

#### CALBRATION GERT EGATE Object EX3DV4 - SN:3547 QA CAL-01.v5 and QA CAL-14.v3 Calibration procedure(s) Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes February 14, 2006 Calibration date: Condition of the calibrated item In Tolerance This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) **Primary Standards** ID# Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Power meter E4419B GB41293874 3-May-05 (METAS, No. 251-00466) May-06 Power sensor E4412A MY41495277 May-06 3-May-05 (METAS, No. 251-00466) Power sensor E4412A MY41498087 May-06 3-May-05 (METAS, No. 251-00466) Reference 3 dB Attenuator SN: S5054 (3c) Aug-06 11-Aug-05 (METAS, No. 251-00499) Reference 20 dB Attenuator SN: S5086 (20b) 3-May-05 (METAS, No. 251-00467) May-06 Reference 30 dB Attenuator SN: S5129 (30b) 11-Aug-05 (METAS, No. 251-00500) Aug-06 Reference Probe ES3DV2 SN: 3013 Jan-07 2-Jan-06 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013 Jan06) DAE4 SN: 654 2-Feb-06 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-654\_Feb06) Feb-07 Secondary Standards Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check US3642U01700 RF generator HP 8648C 4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05) In house check: Nov-07 Network Analyzer HP 8753E US37390585 18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05) In house check: Nov 06 Name **Function** Signature Katja Pokovic Calibrated by: Technical Manager Approved by: Niels Kuster Quality Manager

Issued: February 14, 2006

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#### Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space

ConF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z

DCP diode compression point Polarization φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization  $\vartheta$   $\vartheta$  rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at

measurement center), i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

## **Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz 3 GHz), July 2001

#### **Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

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# Probe EX3DV4

SN:3547

Manufactured:

July 5, 2004

Last calibrated:

January 21, 2005

Recalibrated:

February 14, 2006

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

# DASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3547

Sensitivity in Fre	Diode Compression <sup>B</sup>				
NormX	<b>0.399</b> ± 10.1%	$\mu$ V/(V/m) <sup>2</sup>	DCP X	<b>92</b> mV	
NormY	<b>0.423</b> ± 10.1%	$\mu$ V/(V/m) <sup>2</sup>	DCP Y	<b>92</b> mV	
NormZ	<b>0.475</b> ± 10.1%	μV/(V/m) <sup>2</sup>	DCP Z	<b>92</b> mV	

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

# **Boundary Effect**

TSL 90	OMHZ Ty	ypical SAR g	gradient: 5	% per mm
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Sensor Center to	2.0 mm	3.0 mm	
SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	3.5	1.1
SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.1	0.4

#### TSL 1810 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm

Sensor Center to	2.0 mm	3.0 mm	
SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	2.5	1.1
SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.2	0.4

#### Sensor Offset

Probe Tip to Sensor Center 1.0 mm

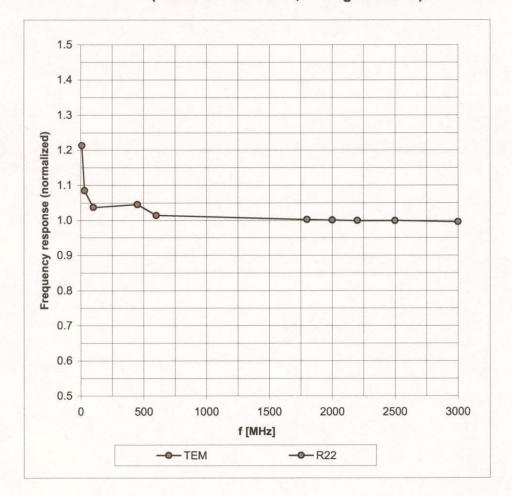
The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

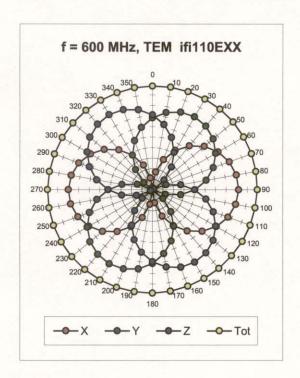
# Frequency Response of E-Field

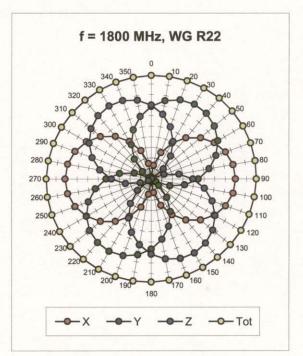
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

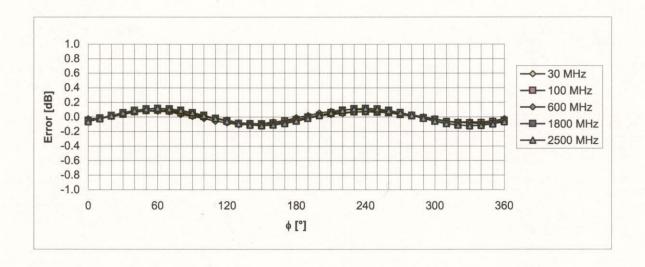


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

# Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$



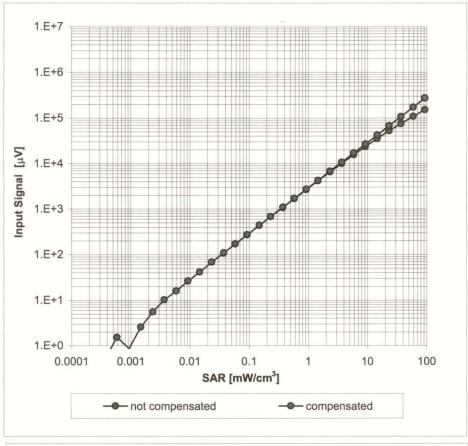


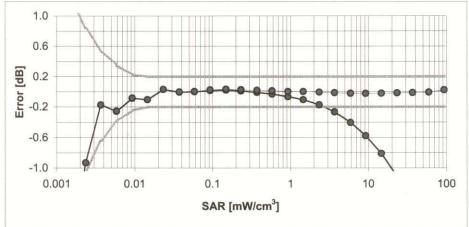


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

# Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>)

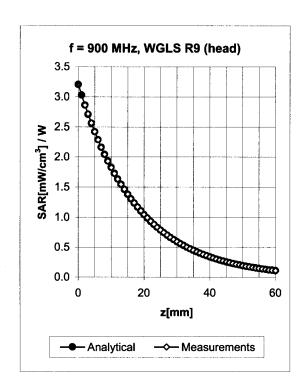
(Waveguide R22, f = 1800 MHz)

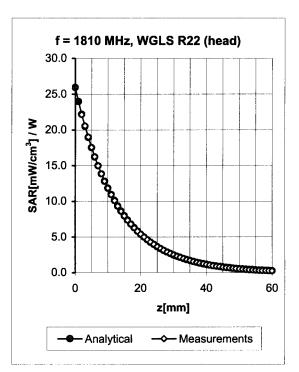




Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

# **Conversion Factor Assessment**



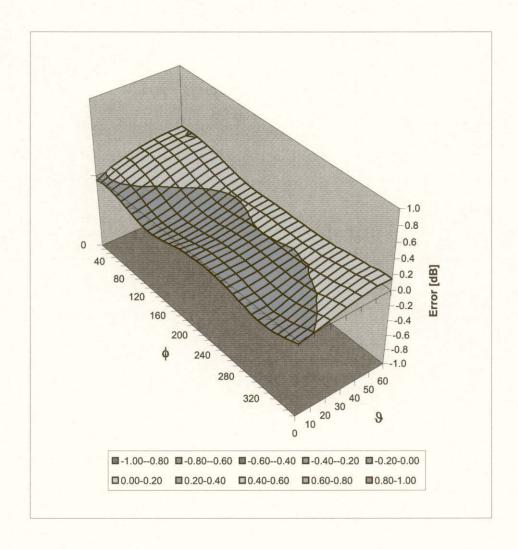


f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] <sup>c</sup>	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF Uncertainty
900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.71	0.66	9.20 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1810	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.42	0.73	8.20 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	0.55	0.56	7.41 ± 11.8% (k=2)
5800	± 50 / ± 100	Head	35.3 ± 5%	5.27 ± 5%	0.58	0.93	4.79 ± 13.1% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	0.79	0.65	9.09 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1810	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.10	4.00	7.84 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	0.58	0.54	7.53 ± 11.8% (k=2)
5200	± 50 / ± 100	Body	49.0 ± 5%	5.30 ± 5%	0.54	1.09	4.87 ± 13.1% (k=2)
5500	± 50 / ± 100	Body	48.6 ± 5%	5.65 ± 5%	0.57	0.96	4.57 ± 13.1% (k=2)
5800	± 50 / ± 100	Body	48.2 ± 5%	6.00 ± 5%	0.79	0.70	4.69 ± 13.1% (k=2)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

# **Deviation from Isotropy in HSL**

Error ( $\phi$ ,  $\vartheta$ ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)