

MET Laboratories, Inc. Safety Certification - EMI - Telecom Environmental Simulation

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May 14, 2015

ARRIS Group, Inc. 3871 Lakefield Drive, Suite 300 Suwanee, Georgia 30024

Dear Tony Figueiredo,

Enclosed is the EMC Wireless test report for compliance testing of the ARRIS Group, Inc., SBG 6700AC as tested to the requirements of Title 47 of the CFR, Ch. 1 (10-1-06 ed.), FCC Part 15 Subpart C and RSS-210, Issue 8, Dec. 2010 for Intentional Radiators.

Thank you for using the services of MET Laboratories, Inc. If you have any questions regarding these results or if MET can be of further service to you, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely yours,

MET LABORATORIES, INC.

amy Drayino

Amy Graziano

Documentation Department

Reference: (\ARRIS Group, Inc.\EMC85104-FCC247 REV 2)

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Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria Class II Permissive Change Test Report

for the

ARRIS Group, Inc. SBG 6700AC

Tested under

the FCC Certification Rules contained in 15.247 Subpart C & RSS-210, Issue 8, Dec. 2010 for Intentional Radiators

MET Report: EMC85104-FCC247 REV 2

May 14, 2015

Prepared For:

ARRIS Group, Inc. 3871 Lakefield Drive, Suite 300 Suwanee, Georgia 30024

> Prepared By: MET Laboratories, Inc. 914 West Patapsco Avenue Baltimore, MD 21230



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria Class II Permissive Change Test Report

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ARRIS Group, Inc. SBG 6700AC

Tested under

the FCC Certification Rules contained in 15.247 Subpart C & RSS-210, Issue 8, Dec. 2010 for Intentional Radiators

Surinder Singh, Project Engineer Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab

Lunder Lingh

Amy Graziano

Documentation Department

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Engineering Statement: The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures indicated, and the emissions from this equipment were found to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them. It is further stated that upon the basis of the measurements made, the equipment tested is capable of operation in accordance with the requirements of the FCC Rule Part 15.247 and Industry Canada standard RSS-210, Issue 8, Dec. 2010 under normal use and maintenance.

Asad Bajwa,

Director, Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab

a Bajura.



Report Status Sheet

Revision	Report Date	Reason for Revision	
Ø	March 27, 2015	Initial Issue	
1	April 6, 2015	Note Added to Reference Transmit Beam Forming	
2	May 14, 2015	Engineer corrections.	

MET Report: EMC85104-FCC247 REV 2



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List of Terms and Abbreviations

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AC	Alternating Current
ACF	Antenna Correction Factor
Cal	Calibration
d	Measurement Distance
dB	Decibels
dBμA	Decibels above one microamp
$dB\mu V$	Decibels above one microvolt
dBμA/m	Decibels above one microamp per meter
dB μ V/m	Decibels above one microvolt per meter
DC	Direct Current
E	Electric Field
DSL	Digital Subscriber Line
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge
EUT	Equipment Under Test
f	Frequency
FCC	Federal Communications Commission
GRP	Ground Reference Plane
Н	Magnetic Field
НСР	Horizontal Coupling Plane
Hz	Hertz
IEC	International Electrotechnical Commission
kHz	kilohertz
kPa	kilopascal
kV	kilovolt
LISN	Line Impedance Stabilization Network
MHz	Megahertz
μН	microhenry
μ	microfarad
μs	microseconds
NEBS	Network Equipment-Building System
PRF	Pulse Repetition Frequency
RF	Radio Frequency
RMS	Root-Mean-Square
TWT	Traveling Wave Tube
V/m	Volts per meter
VCP	Vertical Coupling Plane



I. Executive Summary

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A. Purpose of Test

An EMC evaluation was performed to determine compliance of the ARRIS Group, Inc. SBG 6700AC, with the requirements of Part 15, §15.247. All references are to the most current version of Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations in effect. In accordance with §2.1033, the following data is presented in support of the Certification of the SBG 6700AC. ARRIS Group, Inc. should retain a copy of this document which should be kept on file for at least two years after the manufacturing of the SBG 6700AC, has been **permanently** discontinued.

B. Executive Summary

The following tests were conducted on a sample of the equipment for the purpose of demonstrating compliance with Part 15, §15.247, in accordance with ARRIS Group, Inc., purchase order number AR1056767. All tests were conducted using measurement procedure ANSI C63.4-2003.

FCC Reference 47 CFR Part 15.247:2005	IC Reference RSS-210 Issue 8: 2010; RSS-GEN Issue 3: 2010	Description	Compliance
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.203	N/A	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.207(a)	RSS-GEN (7.2.4)	Conducted Emission Limits	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15	DSS C(4 C)	6dB Occupied Bandwidth	Compliant
§15.247(a)(2)	RSS-Gen(4.6)	99% Occupied Bandwidth	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(b)	RSS-210(A8.4)	Peak Power Output	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(d); §15.209; §15.205	RSS-210(A8.5)	Radiated Spurious Emissions Requirements	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(d)	RSS-210(A8.5)	RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Requirements	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(d)	RSS-210(A8.5)	RF Conducted Band Edge	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15; §15.247(e)	RSS-210(A8.2)	Peak Power Spectral Density	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(i)	RSS-Gen(5.6)	Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)	Compliant

Table 1. Executive Summary of EMC Part 15.247 Compliance Testing



II. Equipment Configuration



A. Overview

MET Laboratories, Inc. was contracted by ARRIS Group, Inc. to perform testing on the SBG 6700AC, under ARRIS Group, Inc.'s purchase order number AR1056767.

This document describes the test setups, test methods, required test equipment, and the test limit criteria used to perform compliance testing of the ARRIS Group, Inc., SBG 6700AC.

The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.

Model(s) Tested:	SBG 6700AC		
Model(s) Covered:	SBG 6700AC		
	Primary Power: 120 VAC, 60 Hz		
	Class II Permissive Chang FCC ID: UIDSBG6700	ge	
EUT Specifications:	Type of Modulations:	CCK, BPSK, QPSK, 16-QAM, 64-QAM and 256- QAM	
Specifications.	Equipment Code:	DTS	
	Peak RF Output Power:	24.35dBm	
	EUT Frequency Ranges: 5.745 to 5.825 GHz		
Analysis:	The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.		
	Temperature: 15-35° C		
Environmental Test Conditions:	Relative Humidity: 30-60	%	
	Barometric Pressure: 860-1060 mbar		
Evaluated by:	Surinder Singh		
Report Date(s):	May 14, 2015		

Table 2. EUT Summary Table

**Note: This report has Class II Permissive Change testing data to support transmit Beam Forming functionality of SBG6700.



B. References

CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart C	Federal Communication Commission, Code of Federal Regulations, Title 47, Part 15: General Rules and Regulations, Allocation, Assignment, and Use of Radio Frequencies	
RSS-210, Issue 8, Dec. 2010 Low-power Licence-exempt Radiocommunications Devices (All Free Bands): Category I Equipment		
RSS-GEN, Issue 3, Dec. 2010 General Requirements and Information for the Certification of Radio Apparatus		
ANSI C63.4:2003	Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical And Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz	
ISO/IEC 17025:2005	General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories	
ANSI C63.10-2009	American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices	

Table 3. References

C. Test Site

All testing was performed at MET Laboratories, Inc., 914 West Patapsco Avenue, Baltimore, MD 21230. All equipment used in making physical determinations is accurate and bears recent traceability to the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

Radiated Emissions measurements were performed in a 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber (equivalent to an Open Area Test Site). In accordance with §2.948(a)(3), a complete site description is contained at MET Laboratories.



D. Description of Test Sample

The ARRIS Group, Inc. SGB6700 AC, Equipment Under Test (EUT), is an indoor 2.4/5 GHz indoor data gateway. The EUT has two radios. One is a 2x2 MIMO 2.4 GHz radio and the other is a 3x3 MIMO 5 GHz radio.



Photograph 1. ARRIS Group, Inc. SGB6700 AC

E. Equipment Configuration

All cards, racks, etc., incorporated as part of the EUT is included in the following list.

Ref. ID	Name / Description	Model Number	Serial Number	Rev. #
NA	SBG6700	SBG6700	NA	NA

Table 4. Equipment Configuration



F. Support Equipment

Support equipment necessary for the operation and testing of the EUT is included in the following list.

Ref. ID	Name / Description	Manufacturer	Model Number
NA	Laptop	Dell	Vostro
NA	Laptop Mouse	Logitech	NA
NA	RF Cable	NA	NA
NA	Ethernet cable	NA	NA
NA	12 Vdc PS	Asian Power Devices	WA-24I12FU
NA	CMTS	ARRIS C4	NA

Table 5. Support Equipment

G. Ports and Cabling Information

Ref. ID	Port name on EUT	Cable Description or reason for no cable	Qty	Length as tested (m)	Max Length (m)	Shielded? (Y/N)	Termination Box ID & Port Name
1	RF	RG6 Coax	1	8	NA	Yes	NA
2	DC	12Vdc, 22 AWG x 2C	1	2	NA	No	NA
3	Ethernet	Cat 5E 24AWG/4P	1	2	NA	No	NA

Table 6. Ports and Cabling Information

H. Mode of Operation

The provided test tool will configure the SBG6700 for operation at each required test mode. Test modes have been previously supplied. See Configuration – Wireless – SBG6700.

I. Method of Monitoring EUT Operation

The measured emission value is over the specified FCC limits.

J. Modifications

a) Modifications to EUT

No modifications were made to the EUT.

b) Modifications to Test Standard

No modifications were made to the test standard.

K. Disposition of EUT

The test sample including all support equipment submitted to the Electro-Magnetic Compatibility Lab for testing was returned to ARRIS Group, Inc. upon completion of testing.



III. Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.203 Antenna Requirement

Test Requirement:

§ 15.203: An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

The structure and application of the EUT were analyzed to determine compliance with Section 15.203 of the Rules. Section 15.203 states that the subject device must meet at least one of the following criteria:

- a.) Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.
- b.) Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.
- c.) Unit must be professionally installed. Installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.

Results: The EUT as tested is compliant the criteria of §15.203. The EUT has an internal antenna.

Test Engineer(s): Surinder Singh

Test Date(s): 02/23/2015



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.207(a) Conducted Emissions Limits

Test Requirement(s):

§ 15.207 (a): For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 Σ line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency range	§ 15.207(a), Conducted Limit (dBμV)				
(MHz)	Quasi-Peak	Average			
* 0.15- 0.45	66 - 56	56 - 46			
0.45 - 0.5	56	46			
0.5 - 30	60	50			

Table 7. Conducted Limits for Intentional Radiators from FCC Part 15 § 15.207(a)

Test Procedure:

The EUT was placed on a 0.8 m-high wooden table inside a screen room. The EUT was situated such that the back of the EUT was 0.4 m from one wall of the vertical ground plane, and the remaining sides of the EUT were no closer than 0.8 m from any other conductive surface. The EUT was powered from a 50 Ω /50 μ H Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN). The EMC receiver scanned the frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz. Conducted Emissions measurements were made in accordance with ANSI C63.4-2003 "Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40 GHz". The measurements were performed over the frequency range of 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz using a 50 Ω /50 μ H LISN as the input transducer to an EMC/field intensity meter. For the purpose of this testing, the transmitter was turned on. Scans were performed with the transmitter on.

Test Results:

The EUT was compliant with this requirement. Measured emissions were below applicable limits.

Test Engineer(s):

Surinder Singh

Test Date(s):

02/23/2015



15.207(a) Conducted Emissions Test Results

Frequency (MHz)	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBuV) QP	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBuV) QP	Limit (dBuV) QP	Margin (dB) QP	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBuV) Avg.	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBuV) AVG	Limit (dBuV) AVG	Margin (dB) AVG
0.186	47.76	0	47.76	64.21	-16.45	34.2	0	34.2	54.21	-20.01
0.512	40.09	0	40.09	56	-15.91	29.03	0	29.03	46	-16.97
1.492	35.82	0	35.82	56	-20.18	23.46	0	23.46	46	-22.54
3.926	35.5	0.11	35.61	56	-20.39	20.27	0.11	20.38	46	-25.62
7.775	30.49	0.17	30.66	60	-29.34	22.76	0.17	22.93	50	-27.07
24.892	27.38	0.17	27.55	60	-32.45	19.03	0.17	19.2	50	-30.8

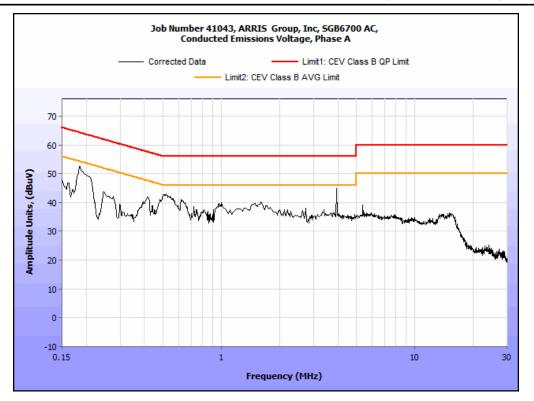
Table 8. Conducted Emissions, 15.207(a), Phase Line, Test Results

Frequency (MHz)	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBuV) QP	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBuV) QP	Limit (dBuV) QP	Margin (dB) QP	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBuV) Avg.	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBuV) AVG	Limit (dBuV) AVG	Margin (dB) AVG
0.154	50.69	0	50.69	65.78	-15.09	41.14	0	41.14	55.78	-14.64
0.418	45.64	0	45.64	57.49	-11.85	32.65	0	32.65	47.49	-14.84
1.232	35.57	0	35.57	56	-20.43	24.42	0	24.42	46	-21.58
3.927	49.41	0.11	49.52	56	-6.48	24.9	0.11	25.01	46	-20.99
7.818	48.48	0.17	48.65	60	-11.35	26	0.17	26.17	50	-23.83
25.16	20.29	0.17	20.46	60	-39.54	15.57	0.17	15.74	50	-34.26

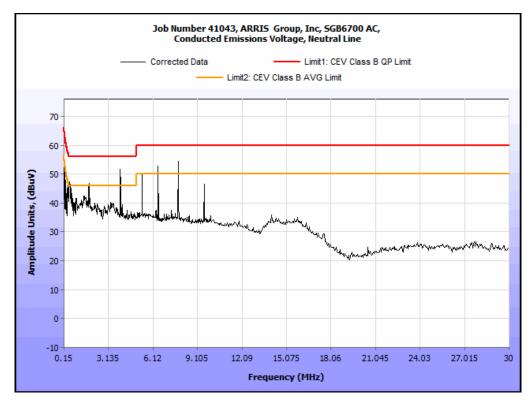
Table 9. Conducted Emissions, 15.207(a), Neutral Line, Test Results

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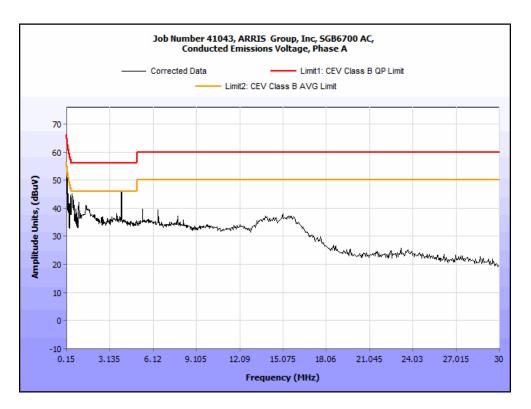


Plot 1. Conducted Emissions, 15.207(a), Phase Line, High Channel, 5 GHz

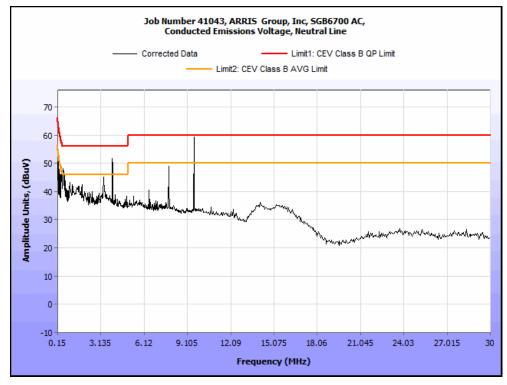


Plot 2. Conducted Emissions, 15.207(a), Neutral Line, High Channel, 5 GHz



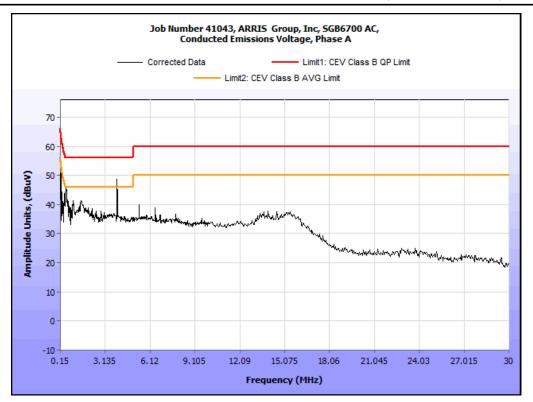


Plot 3. Conducted Emissions, 15.207(a), Phase Line, Mid Channel, 5 GHz

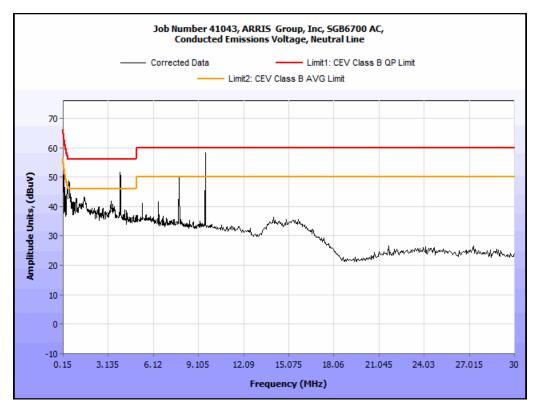


Plot 4. Conducted Emissions, 15.207(a), Neutral Line, Mid Channel, 5 GHz





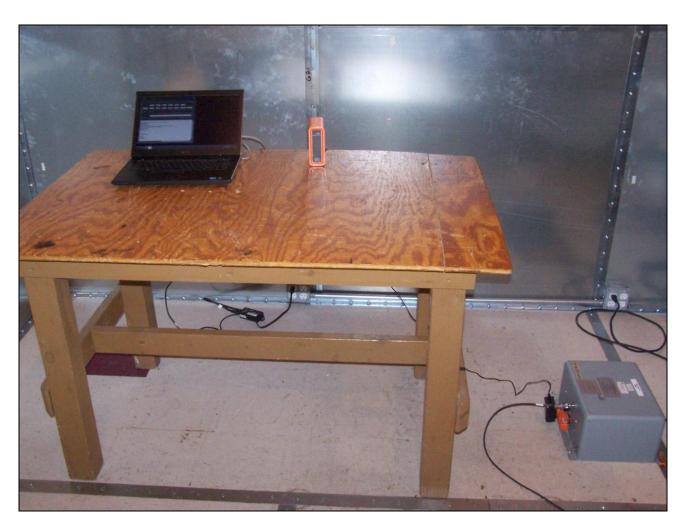
Plot 5. Conducted Emissions, 15.207(a), Phase Line, Low Channel, 5 GHz



Plot 6. Conducted Emissions, 15.207(a), Neutral Line, Low Channel, 5 GHz



15.207(a) Conducted Emissions Test Setup Photo



Photograph 2. Conducted Emissions, 15.207(a), Test Setup



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(a)(2) 6 dB and 99% Bandwidth

Test Requirements: § 15.247(a)(2): Operation under the provisions of this section is limited to frequency hopping

and digitally modulated intentional radiators that comply with the following provisions:

For systems using digital modulation techniques, the EUT may operate in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz and 5725-5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least

500 kHz.

Test Procedure: The transmitter was on and transmitting at the highest output power. The bandwidth of the

fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using a RBW approximately 1% of the total emission bandwidth, VBW > RBW. The 6 dB Bandwidth was measured and

recorded. The measurements were performed on the low, mid and high channels.

Test Results The EUT was compliant with §15.247 (a)(2).

The 6 dB and 99% Bandwidth was determined from the plots on the following pages.

Test Engineer(s): Surinder Singh

Test Date(s): 02/23/2015



Figure 1. Block Diagram, Occupied Bandwidth Test Setup

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Occupied Bandwidth Test Results

6dB Occupied Bandwidth, 5.8GHz							
	Carrier Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)				
	Low	5745	17.66				
802.11n 20 MHz	Mid	5785	17.59				
	High	5825	17.65				
902 11 - 40MII-	Low	5755	36.35				
802.11n 40MHz	High	5795	36.44				
	Low	5745	17.64				
802.11ac 20 MHz	Mid	5785	17.62				
	High	5825	17.66				
002 11 40 41	Low	5755	36.38				
802.11ac 40MHz	High	5795	36.45				
802.11ac 80MHz	mid	5775	75.81				

Table 10. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Test Results

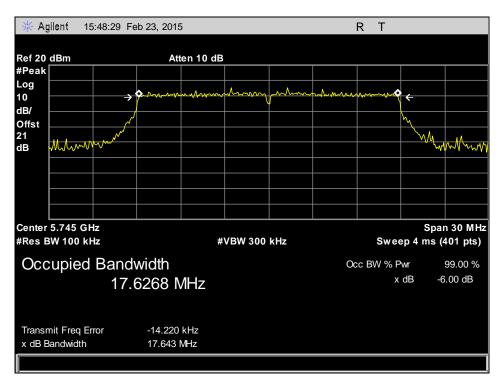
99% Occupied Bandwidth, 5.8GHz							
	Carrier Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)				
	Low	5745	17.77				
802.11n 20 MHz	Mid	5785	17.78				
	High	5825	17.84				
902 11 . 40MH	Low	5755	36.92				
802.11n 40MHz	High	5795	36.97				
	Low	5745	17.75				
802.11ac 20 MHz	Mid	5785	17.81				
	High	5825	17.73				
000 11 40) (1)	Low	5755	37.05				
802.11ac 40MHz	High	5795	36.91				
802.11ac 80MHz	mid	5775	76.15				

Table 11. 99% Occupied Bandwidth, Test Results

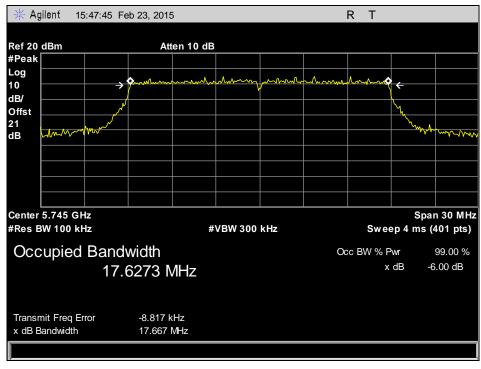
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6 dB Occupied Bandwidth Test Results

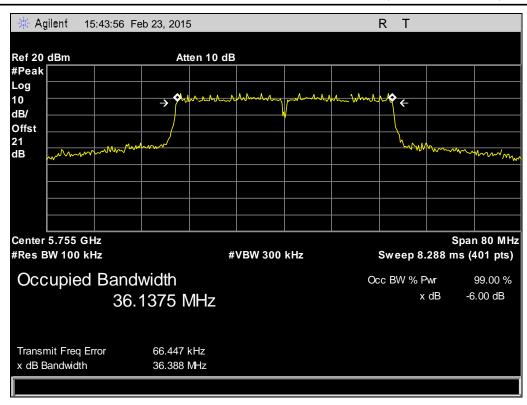


Plot 7. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Low Channel, ac Mode, 20 MHz Band

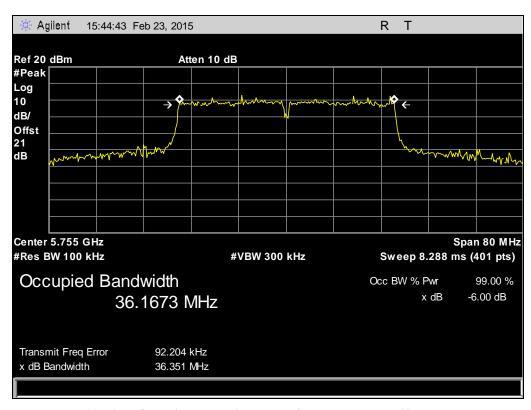


Plot 8. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Low Channel, n Mode, 20 MHz Band



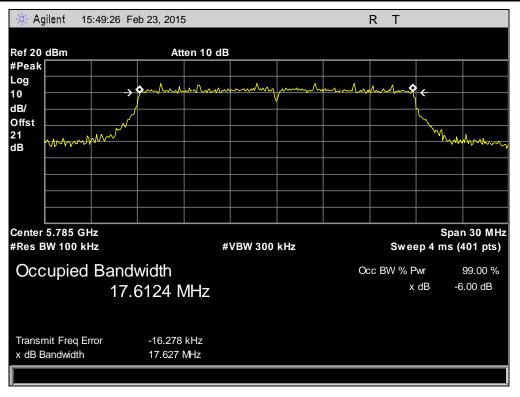


Plot 9. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Low Channel, ac Mode, 40 MHz Band

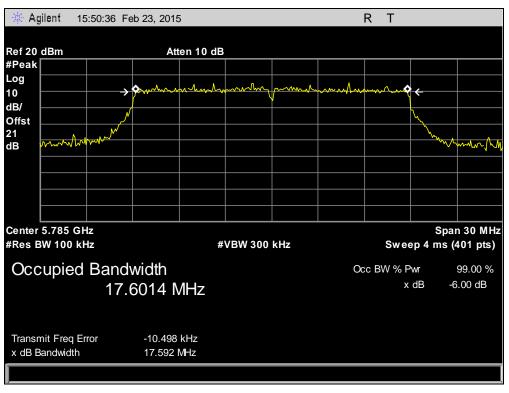


Plot 10. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Low Channel, n Mode, 40 MHz Band



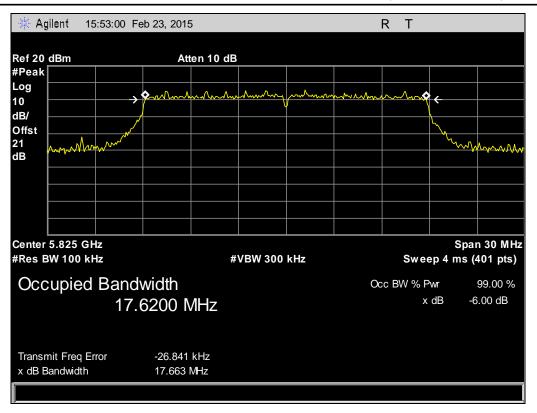


Plot 11. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Mid Channel, ac Mode, 20 MHz Band

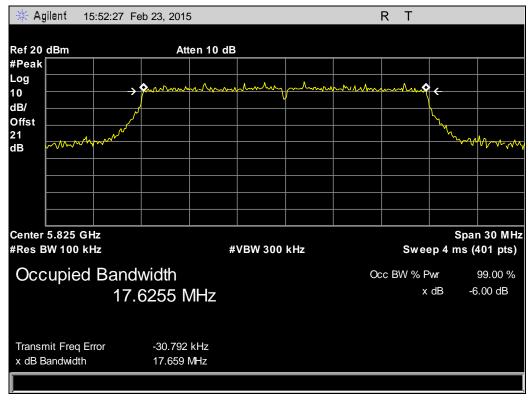


Plot 12. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Mid Channel, n Mode, 20 MHz Band



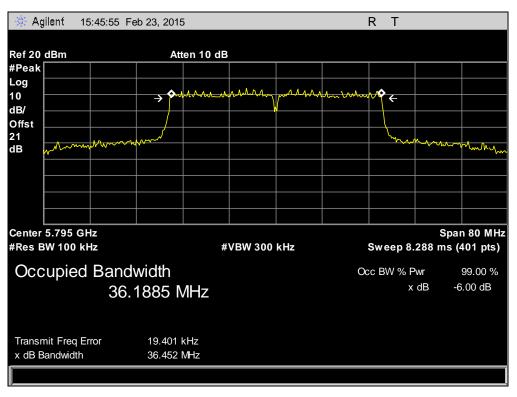


Plot 13. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, High Channel, ac Mode, 20 MHz Band

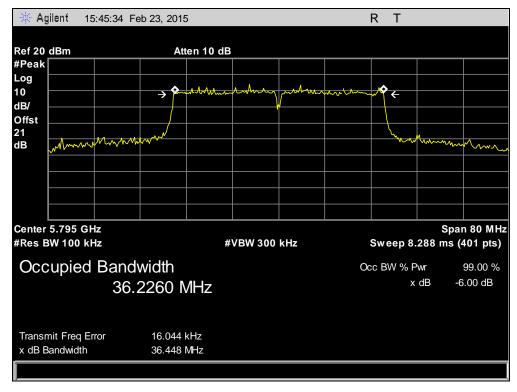


Plot 14. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, High Channel, n Mode, 20 MHz Band



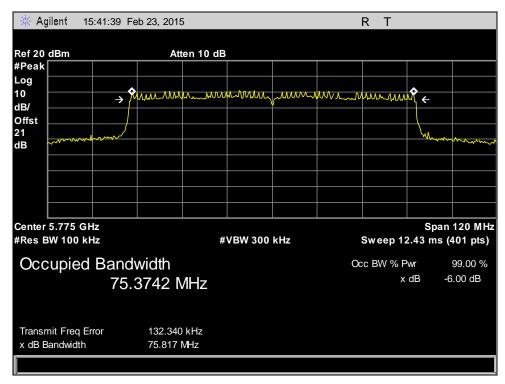


Plot 15. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, High Channel, ac Mode, 40 MHz Band



Plot 16. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, High Channel, n Mode, 40 MHz Band

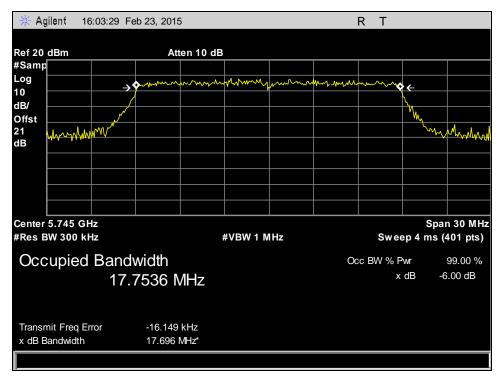




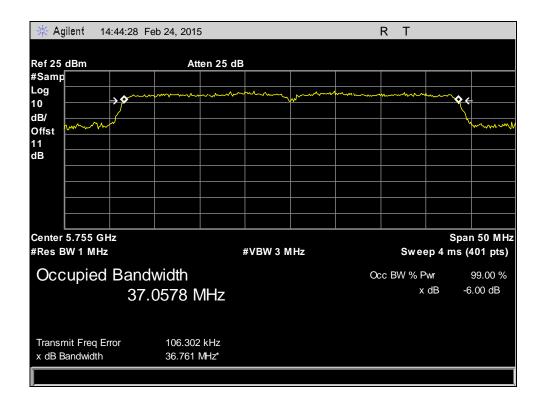
Plot 17. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, ac Mode, 80 MHz Band



99% Occupied Bandwidth plot:

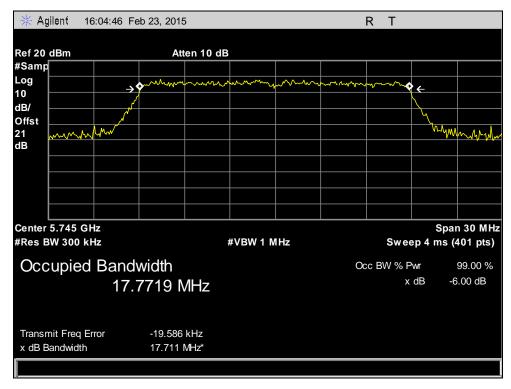


Plot 18. 99% Occupied Bandwidth, Low Channel, ac Mode, 20 MHz

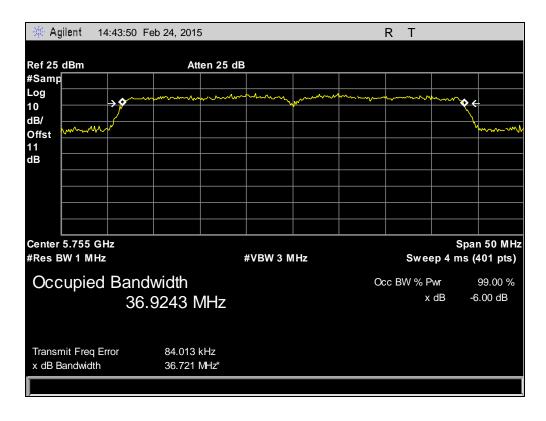




Plot 19. 99% Occupied Bandwidth, Low Channel, ac Mode, 40 MHz

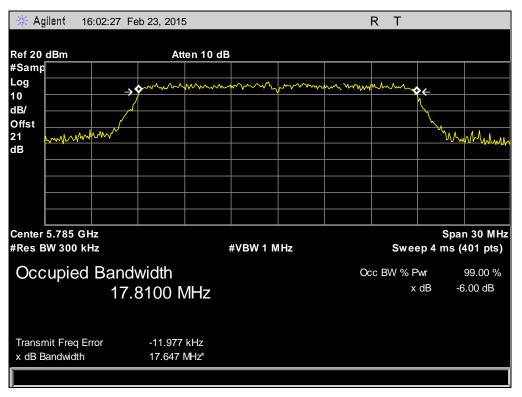


Plot 20. 99% Occupied Bandwidth, Low Channel, n Mode, 20 MHz

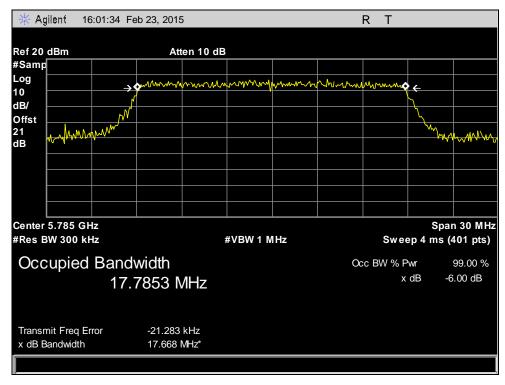




Plot 21. 99% Occupied Bandwidth, Low Channel, n Mode, 40 MHz

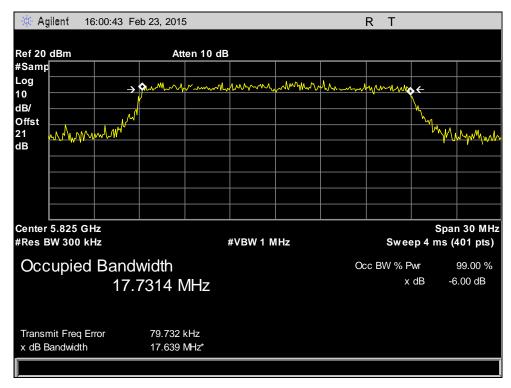


Plot 22. 99% Occupied Bandwidth, Mid Channel, ac mode, 20 MHz

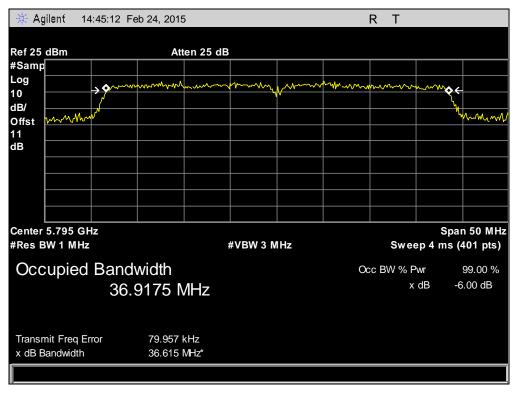


Plot 23. 99% Occupied Bandwidth, Mid Channel, n mode, 20 MHz



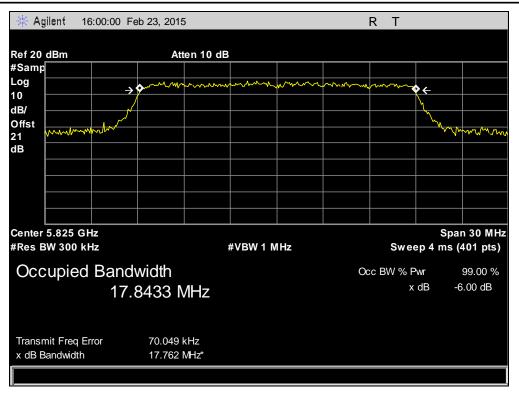


Plot 24. 99% Occupied Bandwidth, High Channel, ac mode, 20 MHz

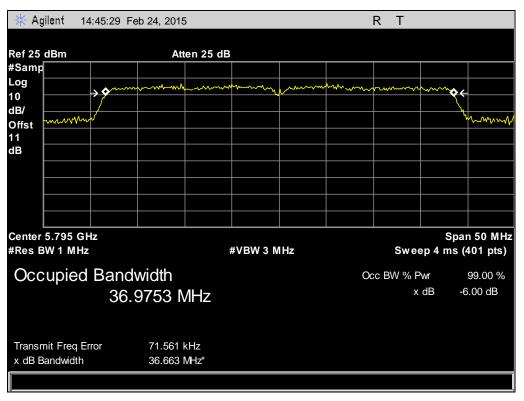


Plot 25. 99% Occupied Bandwidth, High Channel, ac mode, 40 MHz

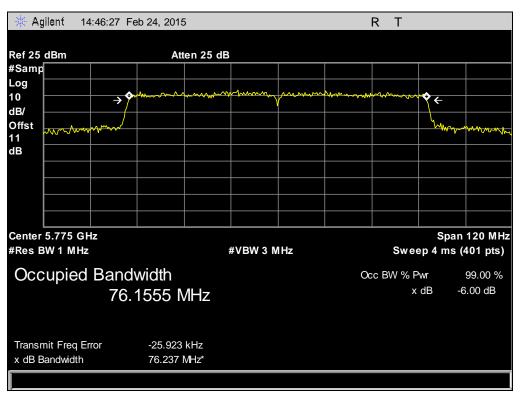




Plot 26. 99% Occupied Bandwidth, High Channel, n mode, 20 MHz



Plot 27. 99% Occupied Bandwidth, High Channel, n mode, 40 MHz



Plot 28. 99% Occupied Bandwidth, ac mode, 80 MHz



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(b) Peak Power Output

Test Requirements:

§15.247(b): The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

Digital Transmission Systems (MHz)	Output Limit (Watts)
902-928	1.000
2400–2483.5	1.000
5725-5850	1.000

Table 12. Output Power Requirements from §15.247(b)

§15.247(b)(4): The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Test Procedure: The transmitter was connected to a calibrated spectrum analyzer. The EUT was measured at the

low, mid and high channels of each band at the maximum power level. Only antenna port 0

plots had been added in test report.

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the Maximum Power Output limits of §15.247(b). No anomalies

were noted during testing.

Test Engineer(s): Surinder Singh

Test Date(s): 02/26/2015

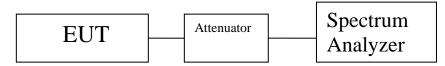


Figure 2. Peak Power Output Test Setup



Peak Power Output Test Results

Channel	Frequency MHz	Measured Maximum Output Power (dBm)/20MHz Ant 0	Measured Maximum Output Power (dBm)/20MHz Ant 1	Measured Maximum Output Power (dBm)/20MHz Ant 2	Mode	Total power dBm	Power Limit (dBm)	Antenna Gain dBi	Margin
149	5745	18.22	18.37	18.54	n	23.14	27.29	8.71	-4.14
149	5745	18.08	18.17	18.33	ac	22.96	27.29	8.71	-4.32
157	5785	19.26	19.29	19.37	n	24.07	27.29	8.71	-3.21
157	5785	19.59	19.54	19.62	ac	24.35	27.29	8.71	-2.93
165	5825	19.19	19.05	19.42	n	23.99	27.29	8.71	-3.29
165	5825	19.06	19.39	19.44	ac	24.07	27.29	8.71	-3.21

Table 13. Peak Power Output, Test Results, 20 MHz Band, 802.11 n/ac Mode

Chanel Carrier	Frequency MHz	Measured Maximum Output Power (dBm)/40MHz Ant 0	Measured Maximum Output Power (dBm)/40MHz Ant 1	Measured Maximum Output Power (dBm)/40MHz Ant 2	mode	Total OutPut Power	Antenna Gain dBi	Power Limit (dBm)	Margin
151	5755	16.63	16.74	16.88	n	21.52	8.71	27.29	-5.76
151	5755	15.89	15.76	15.83	ac	20.59	8.71	27.29	-6.69
159	5795	19.09	19.21	19.27	n	23.96	8.71	27.29	-3.32
159	5795	18.8	18.95	19.22	ac	23.76	8.71	27.29	-3.52

Table 14. Peak Power Output, Test Results, 40 MHz Band, n and ac Mode

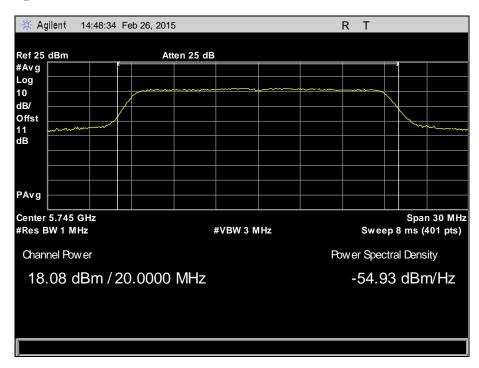
Chanel Carrier	Frequency MHz	Measured Maximum Output Power (dBm)/80MHz Ant 0	Measured Maximum Output Power (dBm)/80MHz Ant 1	Measured Maximum Output Power (dBm)/80MHz Ant 2	mode	Total OutPut Power	Antenna Gain dBi	Power Limit (dBm)	Margin
155	5775	15.46	15.65	15.87	ac	20.43	8.71	27.29	-6.85

Table 15. Peak Power Output, Test Results, 80 MHz Band, ac Mode

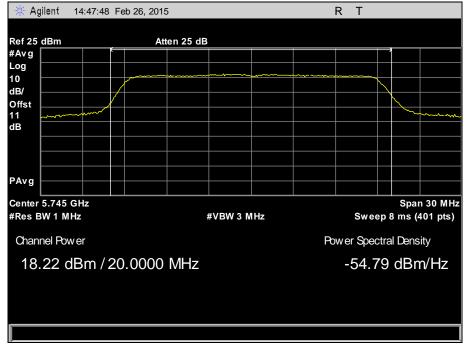
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Peak Power Output Test Results

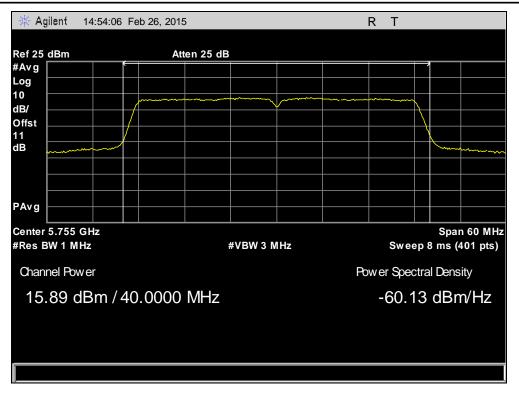


Plot 29. Peak Power Output, Low Channel, ac Mode, 20 MHz

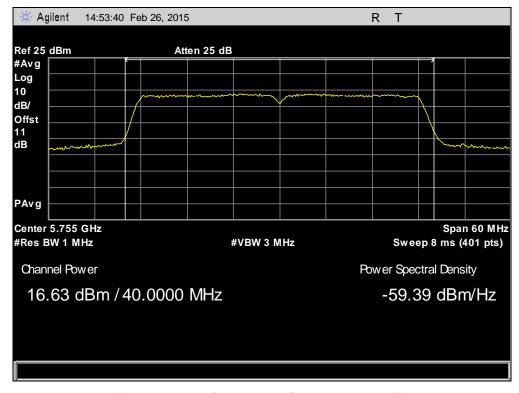


Plot 30. Peak Power Output, Low Channel, n Mode, 20 MHz



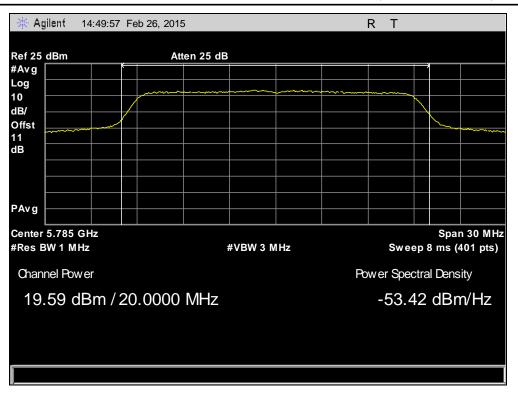


Plot 31. Peak Power Output, Low Channel, ac Mode, 40 MHz

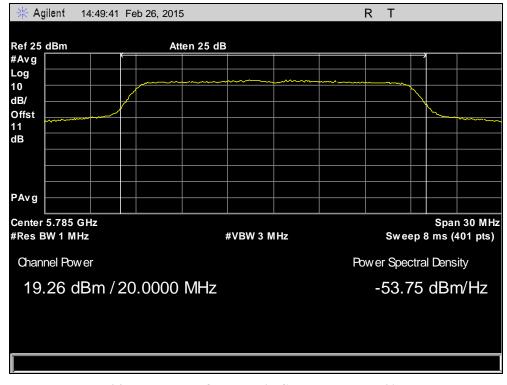


Plot 32. Peak Power Output, Low Channel, n Mode, 40 MHz



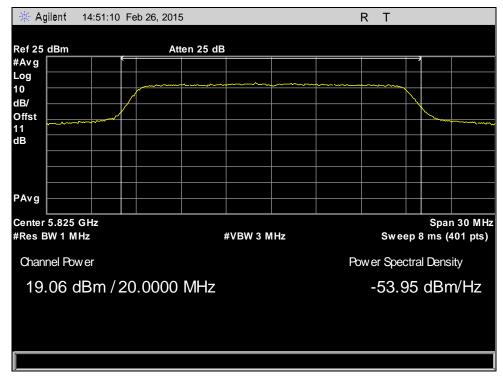


Plot 33. Peak Power Output, Mid Channel, ac Mode, 20 MHz

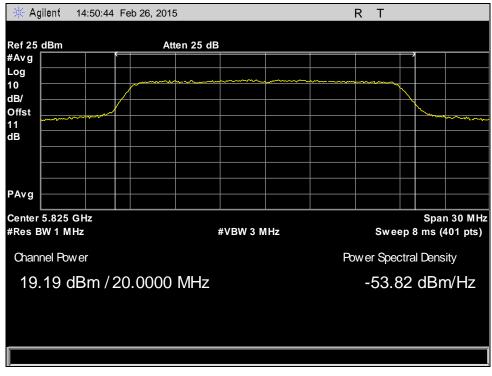


Plot 34. Peak Power Output, Mid Channel, n Mode, 20 MHz



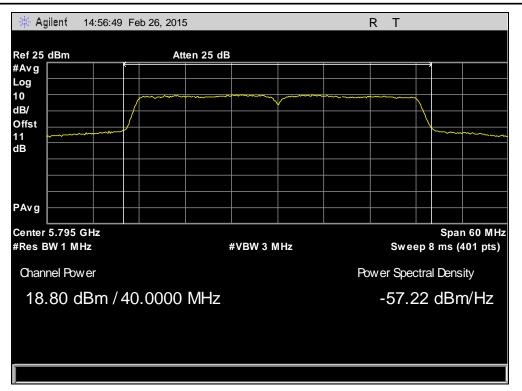


Plot 35. Peak Power Output, High Channel, ac Mode, 20 MHz

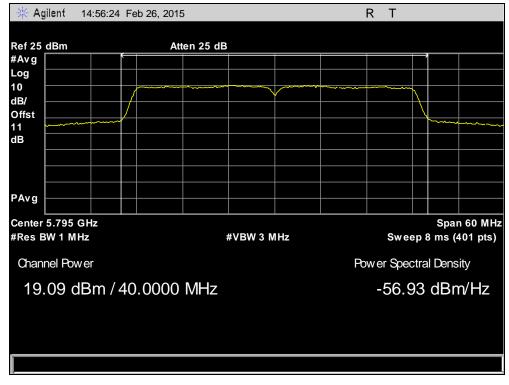


Plot 36. Peak Power Output, High Channel, n Mode, 20 MHz



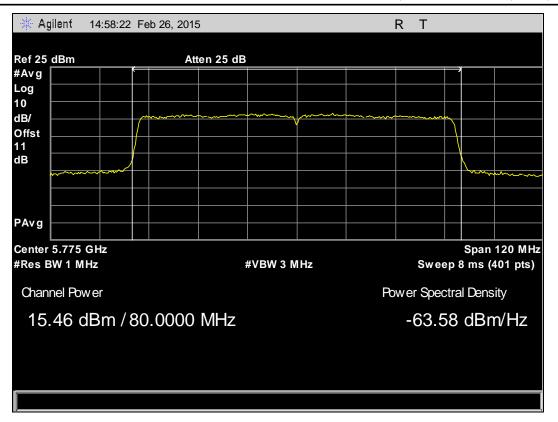


Plot 37. Peak Power Output, High Channel, ac Mode, 40 MHz



Plot 38. Peak Power Output, High Channel, n Mode, 40 MHz





Plot 39. Peak Power Output, ac Mode, 80 MHz



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(d) Radiated Spurious Emissions Requirements and Band Edge

Test Requirements: §15.247(d); §15.205: Emissions outside the frequency band.

§15.247(d): In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a).

§15.205(a): Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090-0.110	16.42–16.423	399.9–410	4.5–5.15
1 0.495–0.505	16.69475–16.69525	608–614	5.35-5.46
2.1735–2.1905	16.80425-16.80475	960–1240	7.25–7.75
4.125–4.128	25.5–25.67	1300–1427	8.025-8.5
4.17725–4.17775	37.5–38.25	1435–1626.5	9.0–9.2
4.20725-4.20775	73–74.6	1645.5–1646.5	9.3–9.5
6.215–6.218	74.8–75.2	1660–1710	10.6–12.7
6.26775–6.26825	108–121.94	1718.8–1722.2	13.25–13.4
6.31175–6.31225	123–138	2200–2300	14.47–14.5
8.291-8.294	149.9–150.05	2310–2390	15.35–16.2
8.362-8.366	156.52475-156.52525	2483.5–2500	17.7–21.4
8.37625-8.38675	156.7–156.9	2655–2900	22.01–23.12
8.41425–8.41475	162.0125–167.17	3260–3267	23.6–24.0
12.29–12.293	167.72–173.2	3332–3339	31.2–31.8
12.51975–12.52025	240–285	3345.8–3358 36.	43–36.5
12.57675–12.57725	322–335.4	3600–4400	(²)

Table 16. Restricted Bands of Operation

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 $^{^{1}}$ Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490 - 0.510 MHz.

² Above 38.6



Test Requirement(s):

§ 15.209 (a): Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in Table 17.

Frequency (MHz)	§ 15.209(a),Radiated Emission Limits			
	(dBµV) @ 3m			
30 - 88	40.00			
88 - 216	43.50			
216 - 960	46.00			
Above 960	54.00			

Table 17. Radiated Emissions Limits Calculated from FCC Part 15, § 15.209 (a)

Test Procedures: The transmitter was turned on. Measurements were performed of the low, mid and high

Channels. The EUT was rotated orthogonally through all three axes. Plots shown are corrected for both antenna correction factor and distance and compared to a 3 m limit line. Only noise

floor was measured above 18 GHz.

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the Radiated Spurious Emission limits of § 15.247(d). Measured

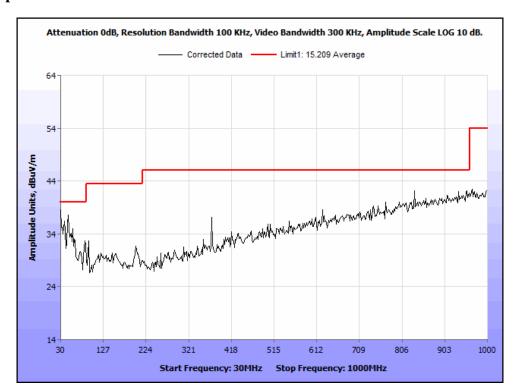
emissions were below applicable limits.

Test Engineer(s): Surinder Singh

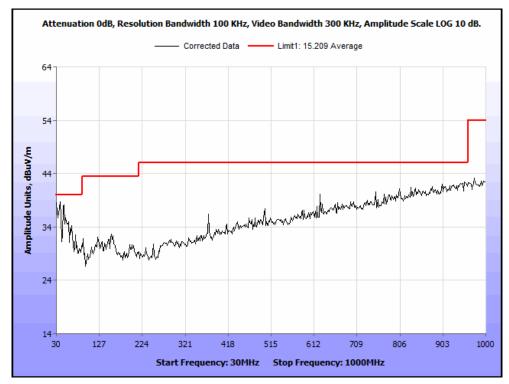
Test Date(s): 02/23/2015 - 02/27/2015



Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Results

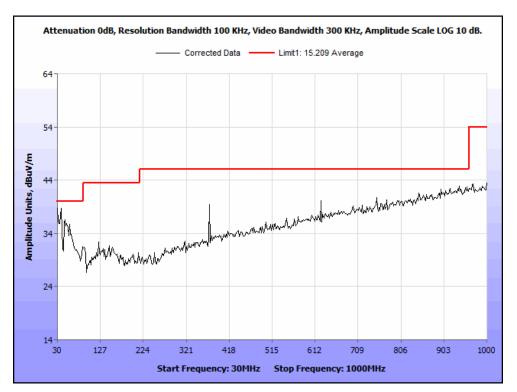


Plot 40. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, ac Mode, 30 MHz-1 GHz

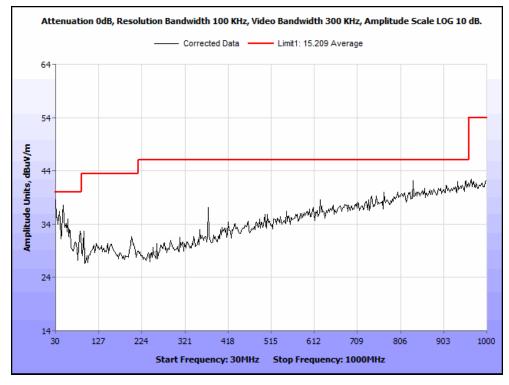


Plot 41. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, ac Mode, 40 MHz, 30 MHz-1 GHz



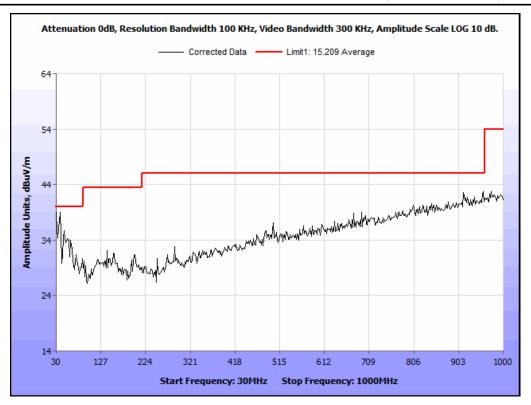


Plot 42. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, n Mode, 30 MHz-1 GHz

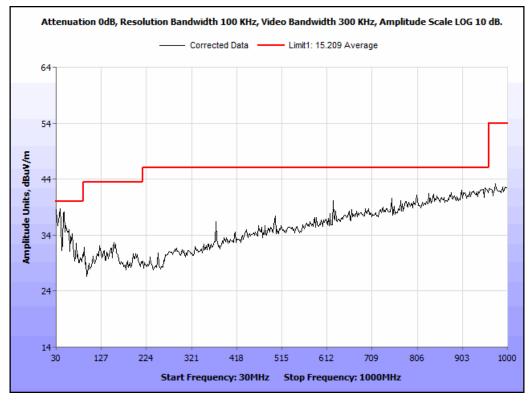


Plot 43. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, n Mode, 40 MHz, 30 MHz-1 GHz



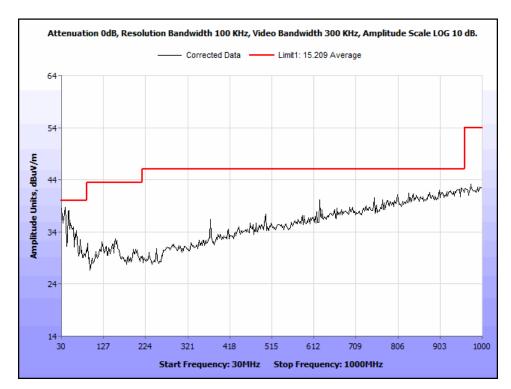


Plot 44. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, ac Mode, 30 MHz-1 GHz

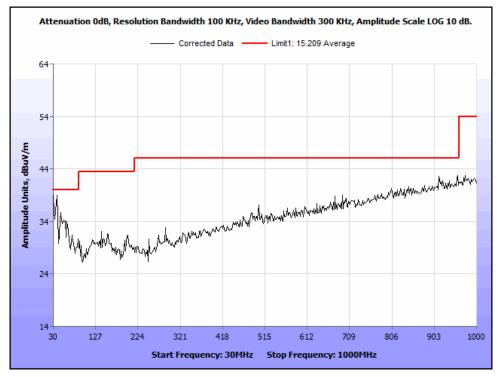


Plot 45. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, n Mode, 30 MHz-1 GHz



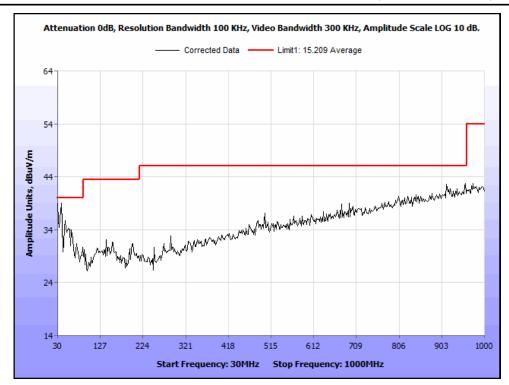


Plot 46. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, ac Mode, 30 MHz-1 GHz

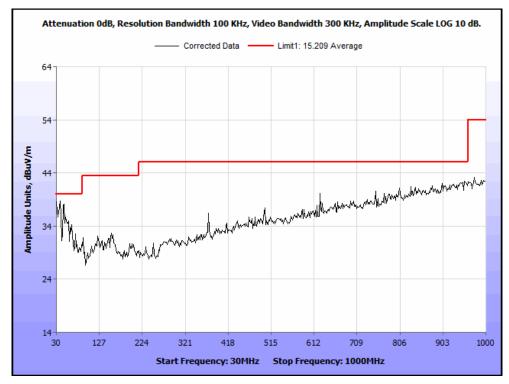


Plot 47. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, ac Mode, 40 MHz, 30 MHz-1 GHz



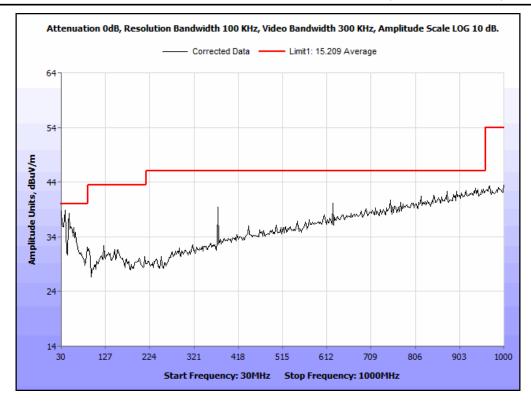


Plot 48. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, n Mode, 30 MHz-1 GHz

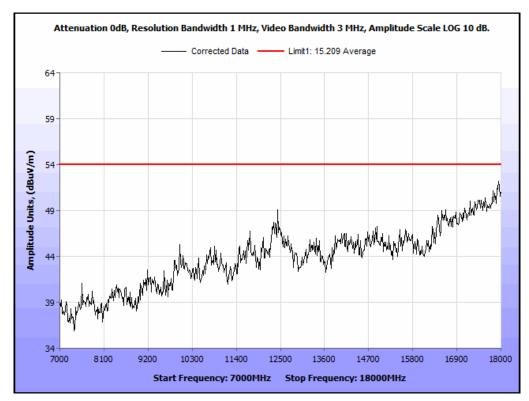


Plot 49. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, n Mode, 40 MHz, 30 MHz-1 GHz



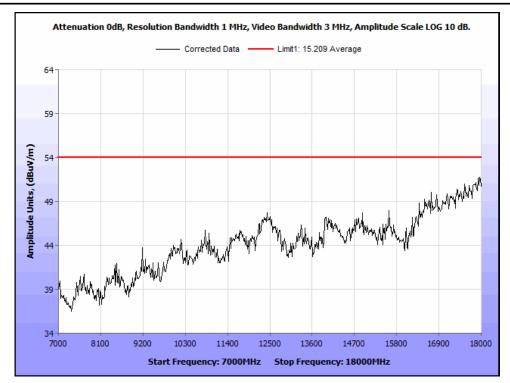


Plot 50. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, n Mode, 80 MHz, 30 MHz-1 GHz

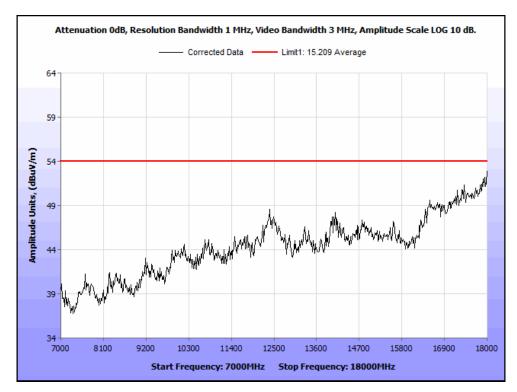


Plot 51. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, ac Mode, 1 GHz-7 GHz



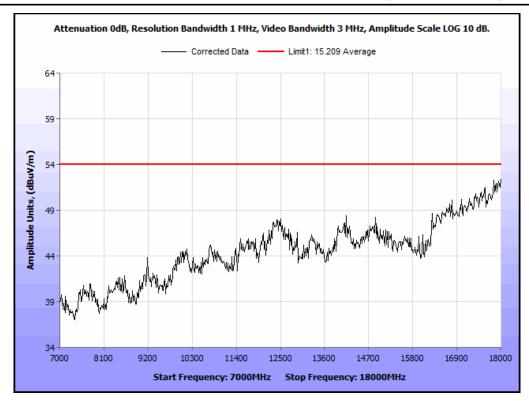


Plot 52. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, ac Mode, 40 MHz, 1 GHz-7 GHz

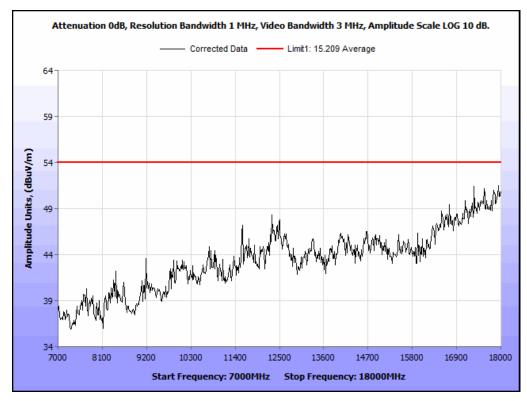


Plot 53. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, n Mode, 1 GHz-7 GHz



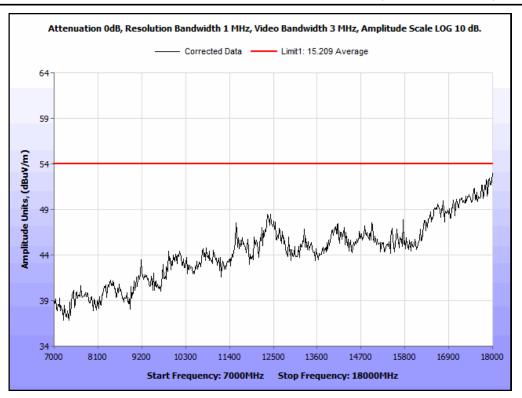


Plot 54. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, n Mode, 40 MHz, 1 GHz-7 GHz

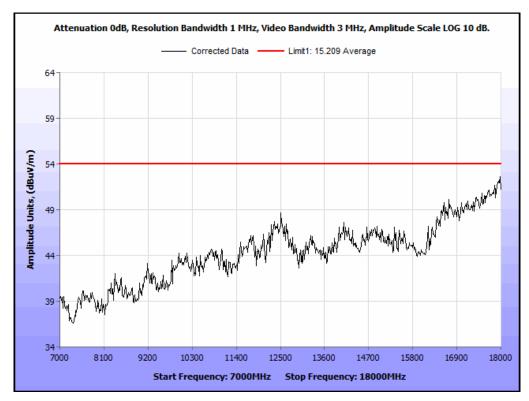


Plot 55. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, ac Mode, 1 GHz-7 GHz



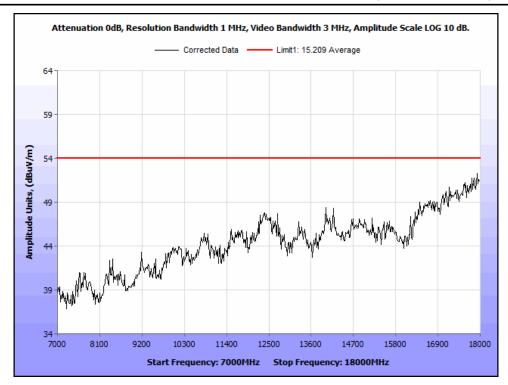


Plot 56. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, n Mode, 1 GHz-7 GHz

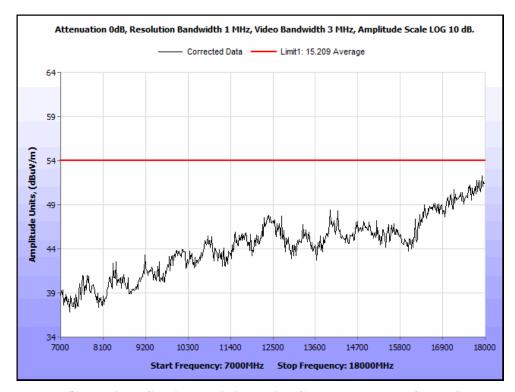


Plot 57. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, ac Mode, 1 GHz-7 GHz



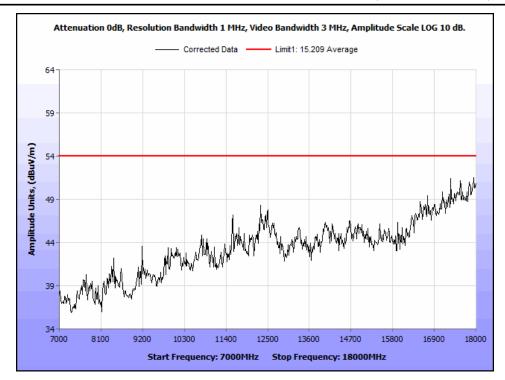


Plot 58. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, ac Mode, 40 MHz, 1 GHz-7 GHz

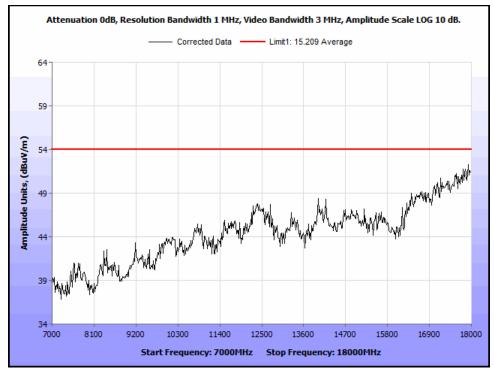


Plot 59. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, n Mode, 1 GHz-7 GHz



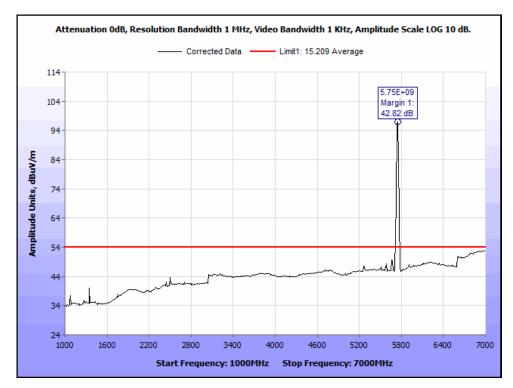


Plot 60. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, n Mode, 40 MHz, 1 GHz-7 GHz

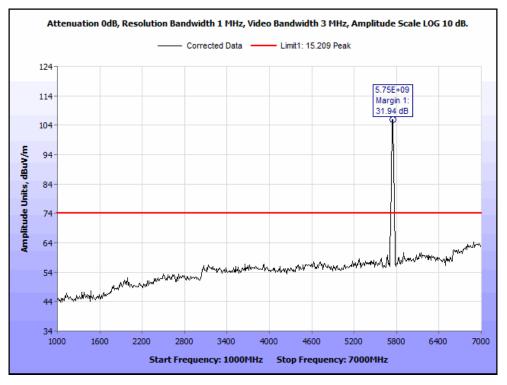


Plot 61. Radiated Spurious Emissions, ac Mode, 80 MHz, 1 GHz-7 GHz



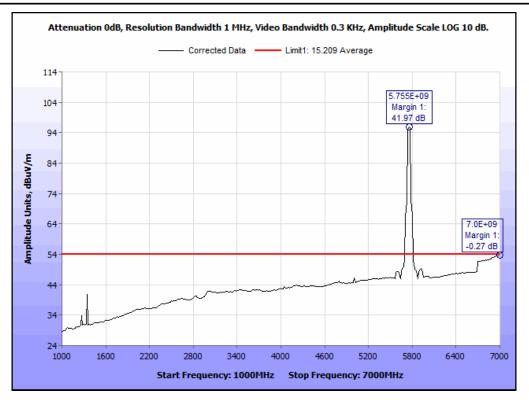


Plot 62. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Low Channel, ac Mode, 20 MHz, Average

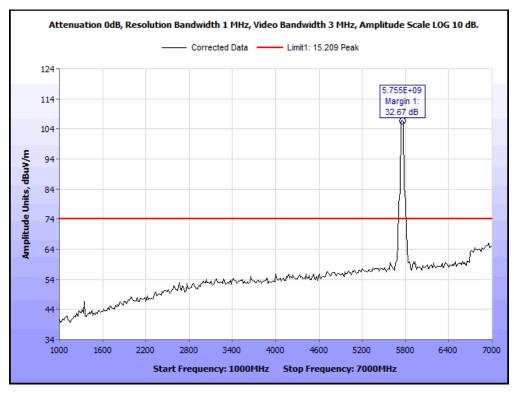


Plot 63. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Low Channel, ac Mode, 20 MHz, Peak



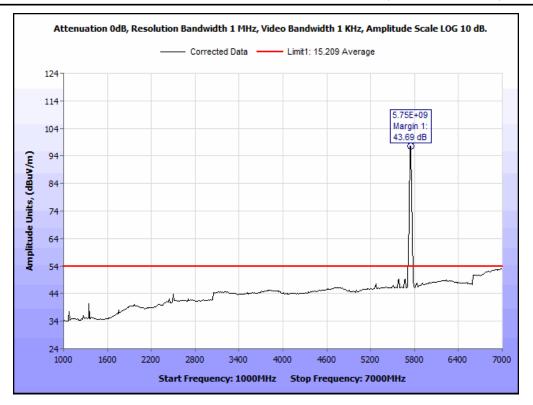


Plot 64. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Low Channel, ac Mode, 40 MHz, Average

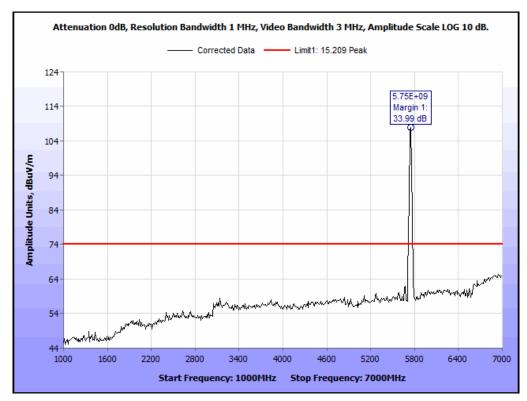


Plot 65. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Low Channel, ac Mode, 40 MHz, Peak



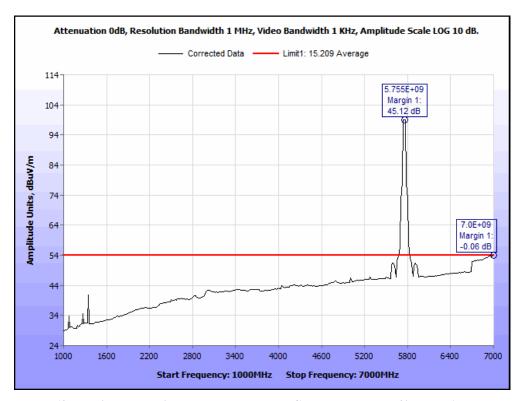


Plot 66. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Low Channel, n Mode, 20 MHz, Average

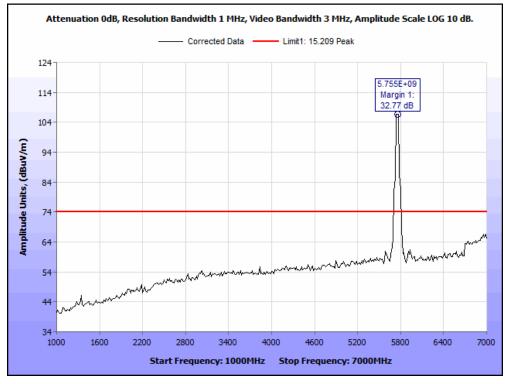


Plot 67. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Low Channel, n Mode, 20 MHz, Peak



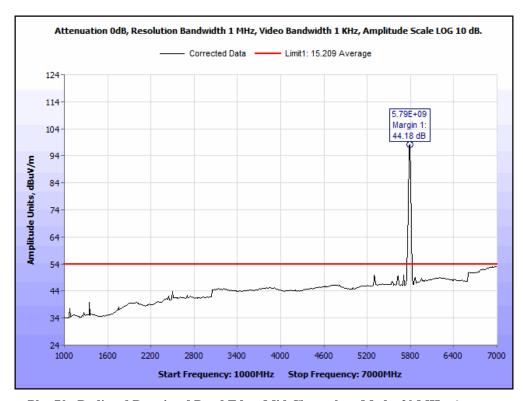


Plot 68. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Low Channel, n Mode, 40 MHz, Average

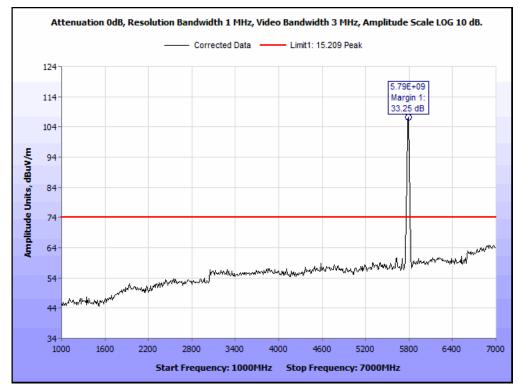


Plot 69. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Low Channel, n Mode, 40 MHz, Peak



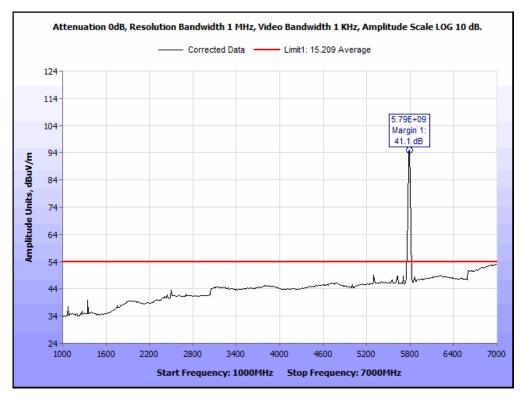


Plot 70. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Mid Channel, ac Mode, 20 MHz, Average

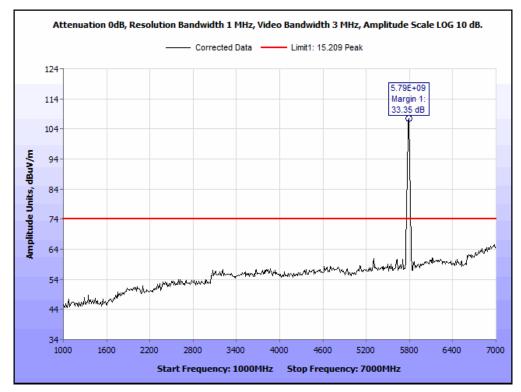


Plot 71. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Mid Channel, ac Mode, 20 MHz, Peak



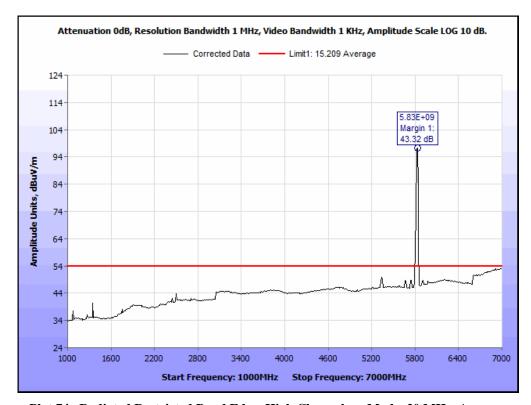


Plot 72. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Mid Channel, n Mode, 20 MHz, Average

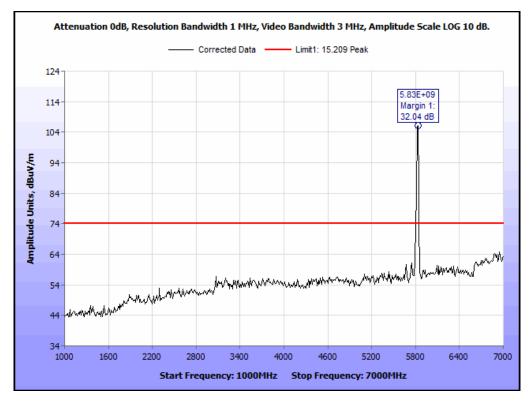


Plot 73. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Mid Channel, n Mode, 20 MHz, Peak



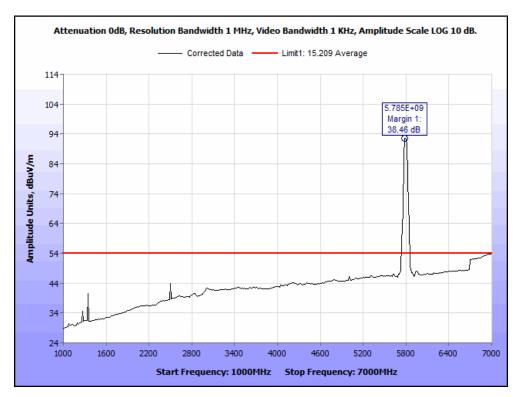


Plot 74. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, High Channel, ac Mode, 20 MHz, Average

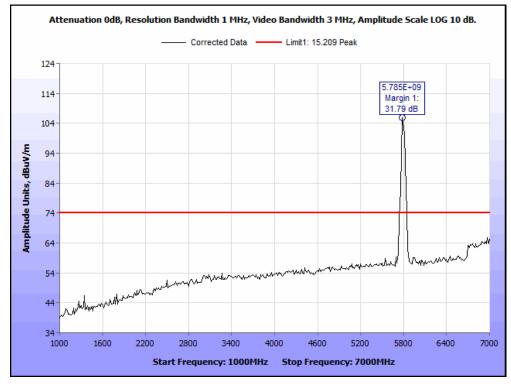


Plot 75. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, High Channel, ac Mode, 20 MHz, Peak



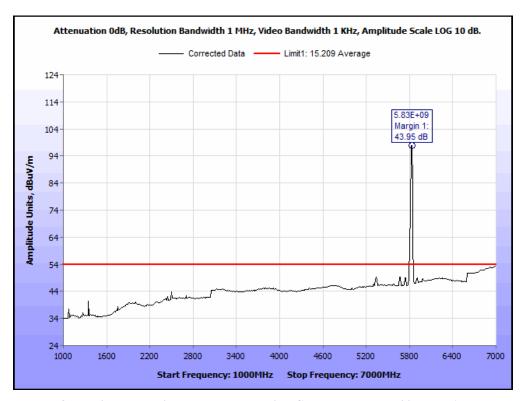


Plot 76. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, High Channel, ac Mode, 40 MHz, Average

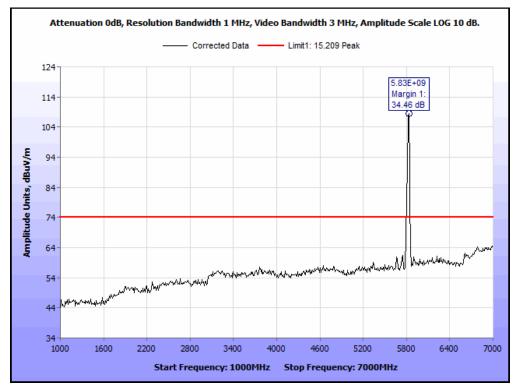


Plot 77. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, High Channel, ac Mode, 40 MHz, Peak



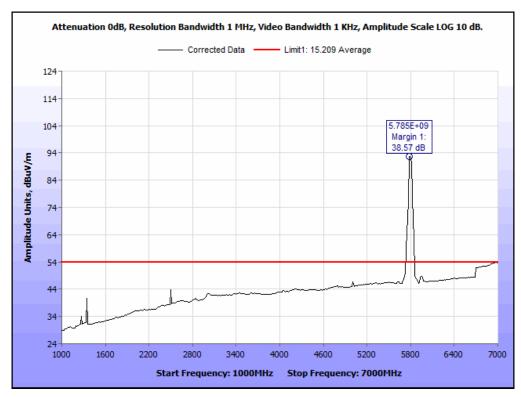


Plot 78. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, High Channel, n Mode, 20 MHz, Average

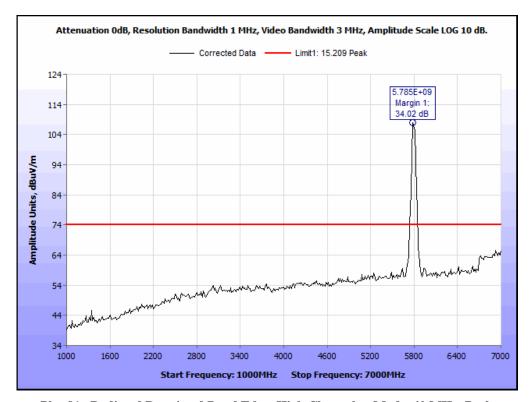


Plot 79. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, High Channel, n Mode, 20 MHz, Peak



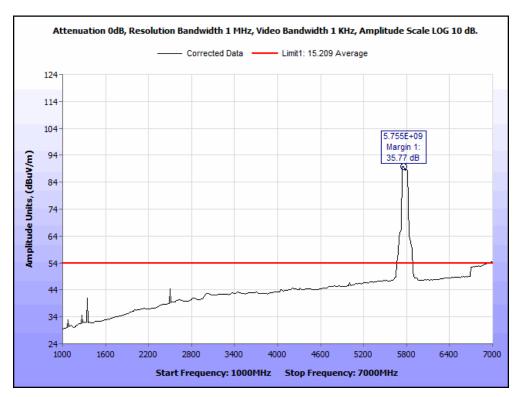


Plot 80. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, High Channel, n Mode, 40 MHz, Average

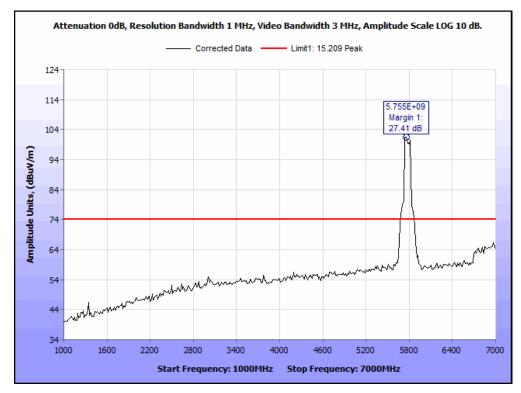


Plot 81. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, High Channel, n Mode, 40 MHz, Peak





Plot 82. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, ac Mode, 80 MHz, Average



Plot 83. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, ac Mode, 80 MHz, Peak



Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Setup



Photograph 3. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Test Setup



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(d) RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Requirements and Band Edge

Test Requirement:

15.247(d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.

Test Procedure:

For intentional radiators with a digital device portion which operates below 10 GHz, the spectrum was investigated as per §15.33(a)(1) and §15.33(a)(4); i.e., the lowest RF signal generated used in the device up to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower. Compliance has been demonstrated with 30dBc attenuation requirement at low, mid and high channel. Measurement procedure given under FCC KDB 558074 D01 DTS Measurement Guidance v03r02 section 11 was used.

See following pages for detailed test results with RF Conducted Spurious Emissions.

Test Results:

The EUT was compliant with the Conducted Spurious Emission limits of §15.247(d). Measured emissions were below applicable limits.

Test Engineer(s): Surinder Singh

Test Date(s): 02/26/2015

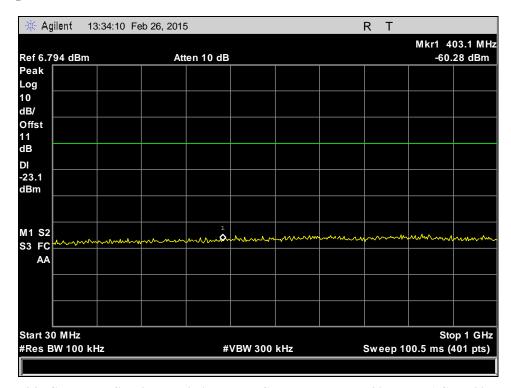


Figure 3. Block Diagram, Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Setup

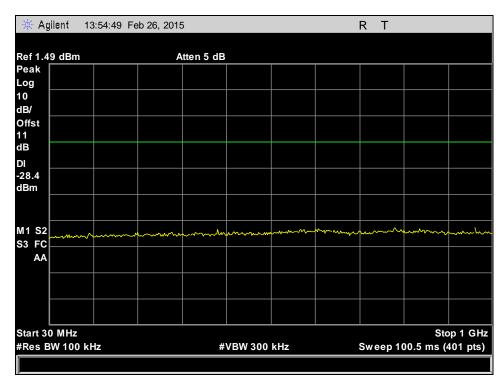
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Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Results

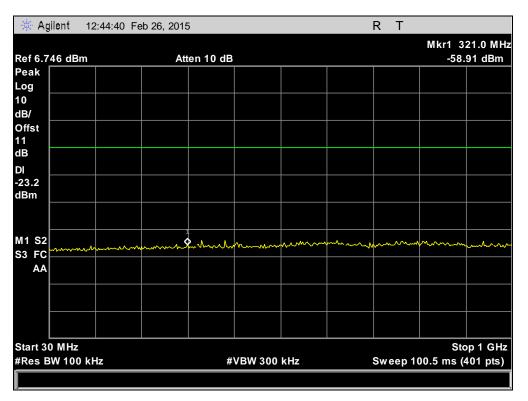


Plot 84. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, ac Mode, 30 MHz – 1 GHz, 20 MHz

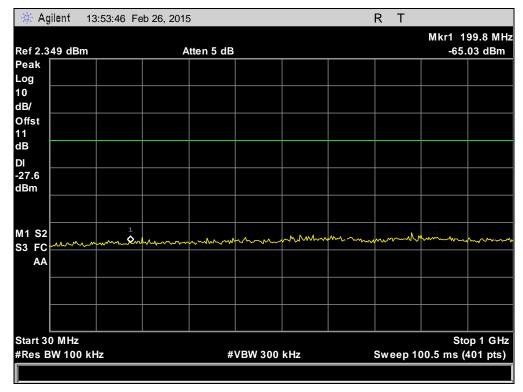


Plot 85. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, ac Mode, 30 MHz – 1 GHz, 40 MHz



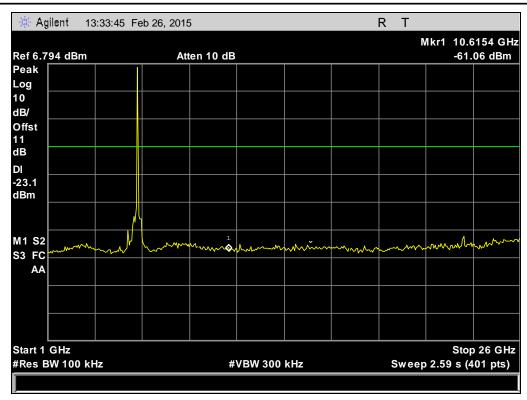


Plot 86. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, n Mode, 30 MHz - 1 GHz, 20 MHz

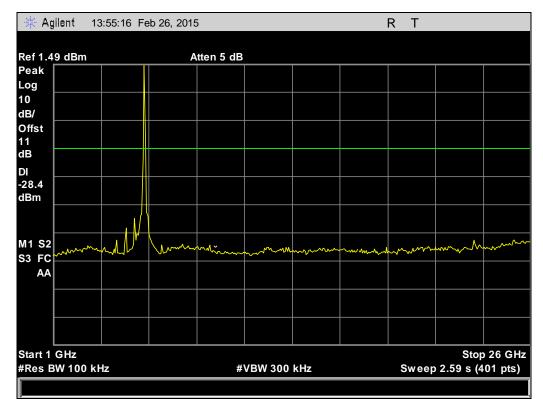


Plot 87. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, n Mode, 30 MHz – 1 GHz, 40 MHz



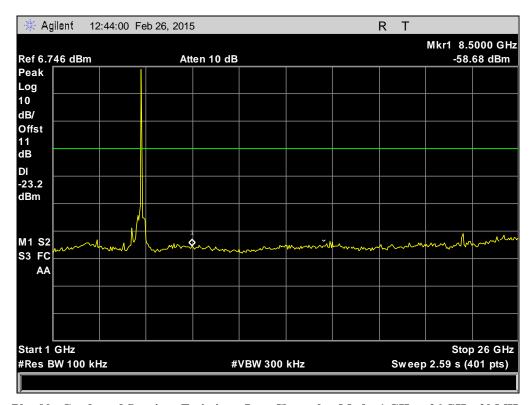


Plot 88. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, ac Mode, 1 GHz - 26 GHz, 20 MHz

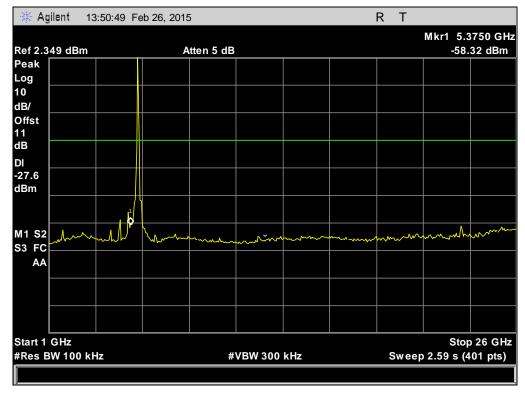


Plot 89. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, ac Mode, 1 GHz – 26 GHz, 40 MHz



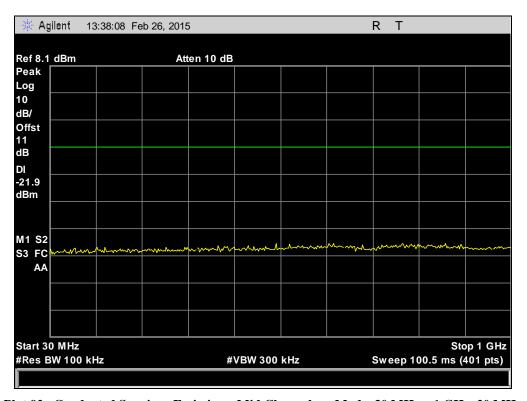


Plot 90. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, n Mode, 1 GHz - 26 GHz, 20 MHz

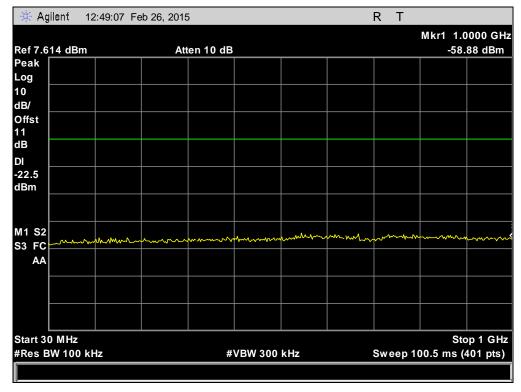


Plot 91. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, n Mode, 1 GHz - 26 GHz, 40 MHz



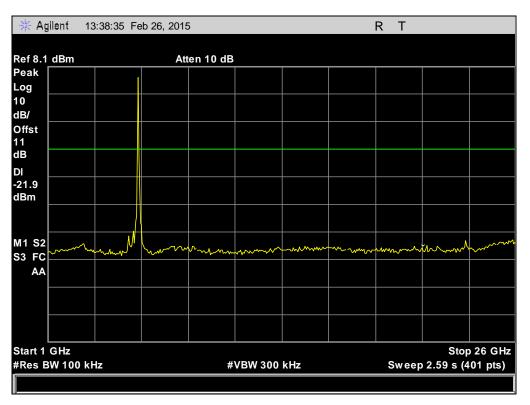


Plot 92. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, ac Mode, 30 MHz – 1 GHz, 20 MHz

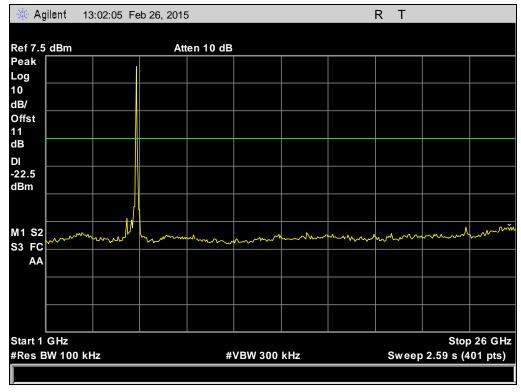


Plot 93. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, n Mode, 30 MHz – 1 GHz, 20 MHz



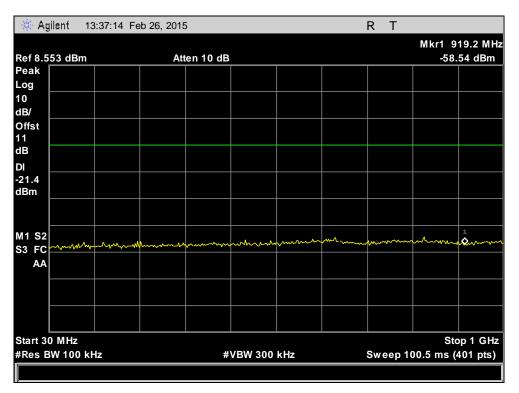


Plot 94. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, ac mode, 1 GHz – 26 GHz, 20 MHz

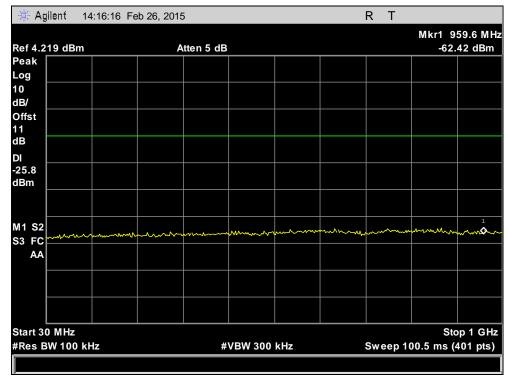


Plot 95. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, n mode, 1 GHz - 26 GHz, 20 MHz



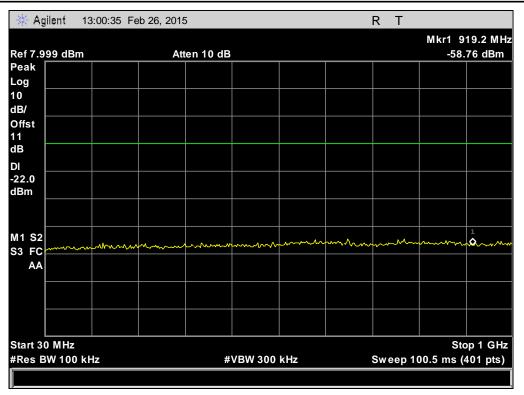


Plot 96. Conducted Spurious Emissions, High Channel, ac mode, 30 MHz - 1 GHz, 20 MHz

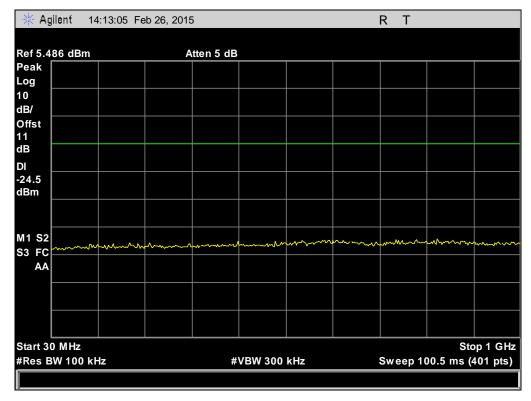


Plot 97. Conducted Spurious Emissions, High Channel, ac mode, 30 MHz – 1 GHz, 40 MHz



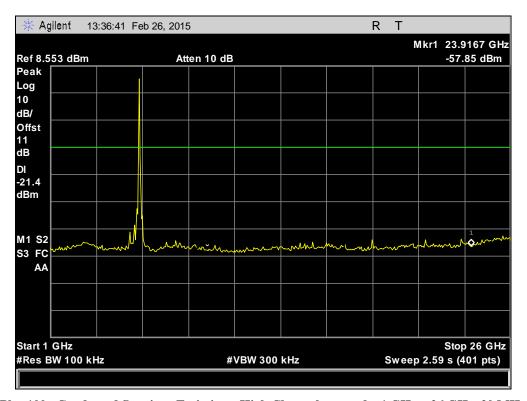


Plot 98. Conducted Spurious Emissions, High Channel, n mode, 30 MHz - 1 GHz, 20 MHz

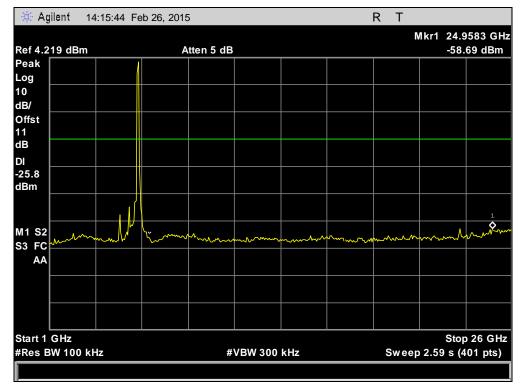


Plot 99. Conducted Spurious Emissions, High Channel, n mode, 30 MHz – 1 GHz, 40 MHz



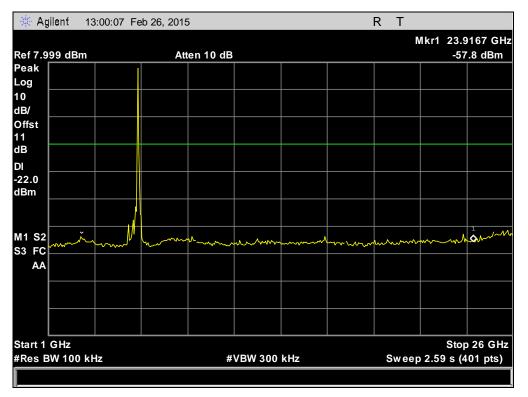


Plot 100. Conducted Spurious Emissions, High Channel, ac mode, 1 GHz - 26 GHz, 20 MHz

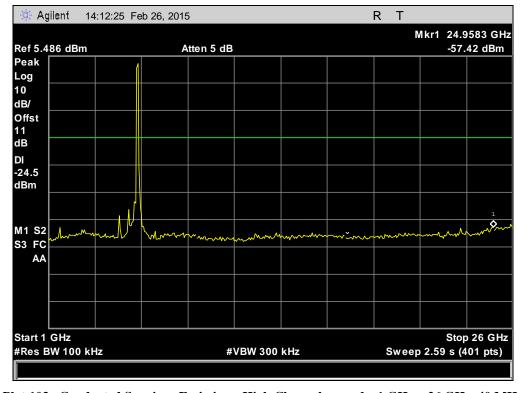


Plot 101. Conducted Spurious Emissions, High Channel, ac mode, 1 GHz - 26 GHz, 40 MHz



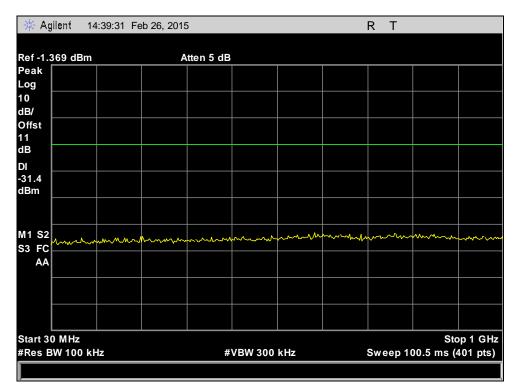


Plot 102. Conducted Spurious Emissions, High Channel, n mode, 1 GHz - 26 GHz, 20 MHz

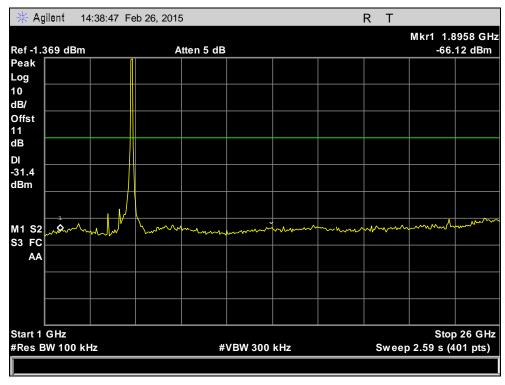


Plot 103. Conducted Spurious Emissions, High Channel, n mode, 1 GHz - 26 GHz, 40 MHz





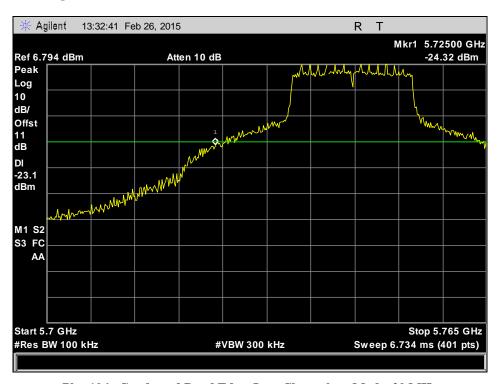
Plot 104. Conducted Spurious Emissions, ac mode, 30 MHz – 1 GHz, 80 MHz



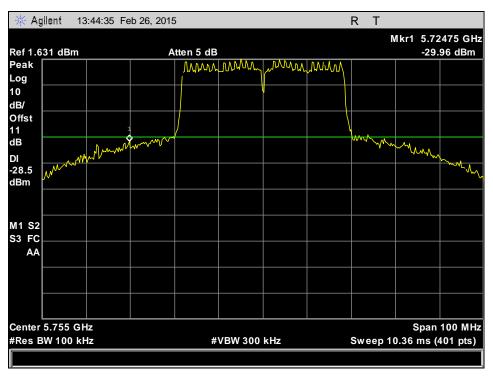
Plot 105. Conducted Spurious Emissions, ac mode, 1 GHz - 26 GHz, 80 MHz



Conducted Band Edge Test Results

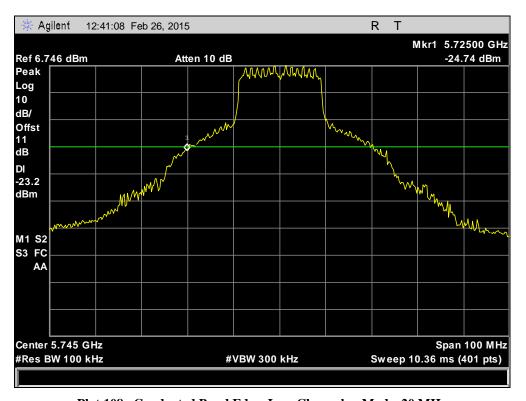


Plot 106. Conducted Band Edge, Low Channel, ac Mode, 20 MHz

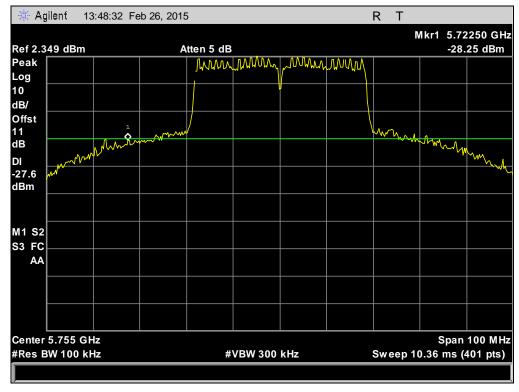


Plot 107. Conducted Band Edge, Low Channel, ac Mode, 40 MHz



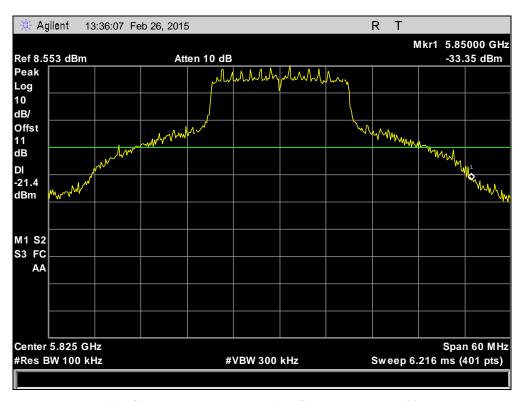


Plot 108. Conducted Band Edge, Low Channel, n Mode, 20 MHz

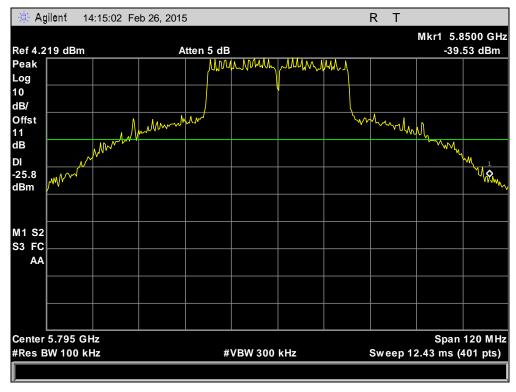


Plot 109. Conducted Band Edge, Low Channel, n Mode, 40 MHz



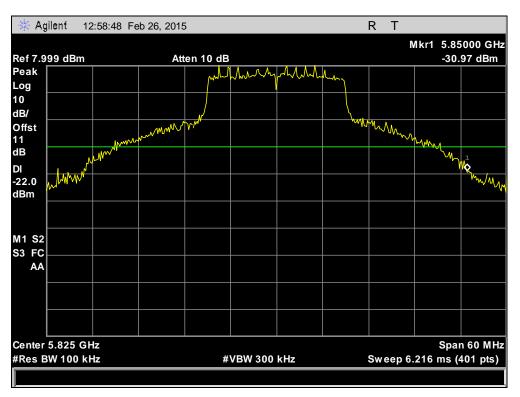


Plot 110. Conducted Band Edge, High Channel, ac mode, 20 MHz

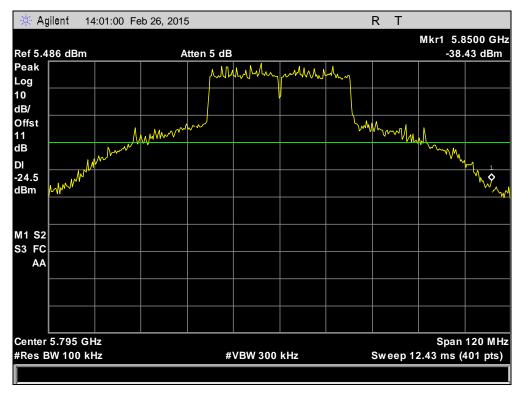


Plot 111. Conducted Band Edge, High Channel, ac mode, 40 MHz



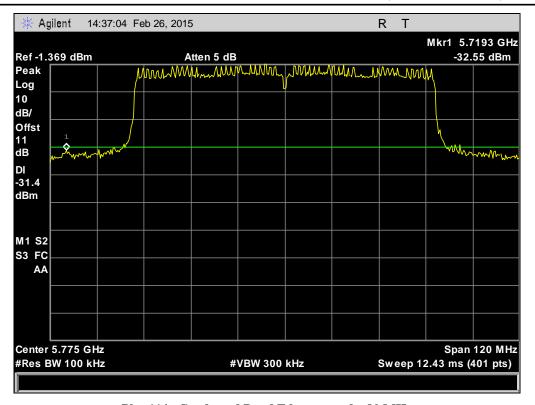


Plot 112. Conducted Band Edge, High Channel, n mode, 20 MHz



Plot 113. Conducted Band Edge, High Channel, n mode, 40 MHz





Plot 114. Conducted Band Edge, ac mode, 80 MHz



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(e) Peak Power Spectral Density

Test Requirements: §15.247(e): For digitally modulated systems, the peak power spectral density conducted from

the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8dBm in any 3 kHz band during

any time interval of continuous transmission.

Test Procedure: The transmitter was connected directly to a Spectrum Analyzer through an attenuator. The

RBW was set to 3 kHz and a VBW set to 9 kHz or greater. The spectrum analyzer was set to an auto sweep time and a peak detector was used. Measurements were carried out at the low, mid

and high channels.

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the peak power spectral density limits of § 15.247 (e).

The peak power spectral density was determined from plots on the following page(s).

Test Engineer: Surinder Singh

Test Date: 02/24/2015



Figure 4. Block Diagram, Peak Power Spectral Density Test Setup

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Peak Power Spectral Density Test Results

Channel	Frequency GHz	Measured PSD (dBm) Ant 0	Measured PSD (dBm) Ant 1	Measured PSD (dBm) Ant 2	Mode	Total power dBm	PSD Limit	Antenna Gain	Margin
149	5745	-10.03	-9.85	-9.78	n	-5.11	5.29	8.71	-10.4
149	5745	-10.69	-10.22	-10.05	ac	-5.54	5.29	8.71	-10.8
157	5785	-11.19	-11.16	-10.98	n	-6.33	5.29	8.71	-11.62
157	5785	-10.1	-9.56	-9.48	ac	-4.93	5.29	8.71	-10.22
165	5825	-10.53	-10.11	-10.24	n	-5.51	5.29	8.71	-10.80
165	5825	-11.02	-10.56	-10.48	ac	-5.9	5.29	8.71	-11.19

Table 18. Peak Power Spectral Density, Test Results, 20 MHz Band, 802.1n/ac Mode, SISO

Chanel Carrier	Frequency MHz	Measured PSD (dBm) Ant 0	Measured PSD (dBm) Ant 1	Measured PSD (dBm) Ant 2	Total OutPut Power	Antenna Gain	PSD Limit	Margin
149	5755	-11.86	-11.03	-10.67	-6.38	8.71	5.29	-11.67
149	5755	-10.91	-10.56	-10.29	-5.8	8.71	5.29	-11.09
157	5895	-12.89	-12.39	-11.95	-7.62	8.71	5.29	-12.9
157	5895	-12.32	-12.09	-11.85	-7.3	8.71	5.29	-12.6

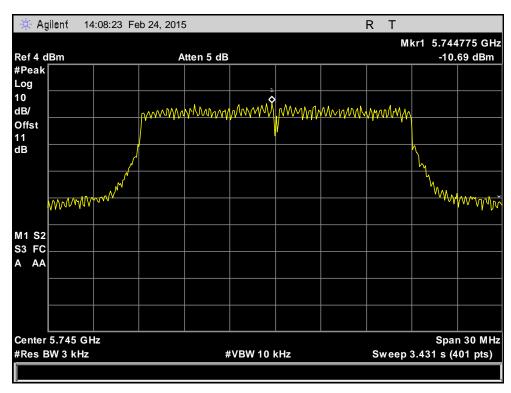
Table 19. Peak Power Spectral Density, Test Results, 40 MHz Band, n and ac Mode, MIMO (3*3)

C	Chanel Carrier	Frequency MHz	Measured PSD (dBm) Ant 0	Measured PSD (dBm) Ant 1	Measured PSD (dBm) Ant 2	Total OutPut Power	Antenna Gain	PSD Limit	Margin
	149	5775	-14.98	-14.56	-14.05	-9.74	8.71	5.29	-15.03

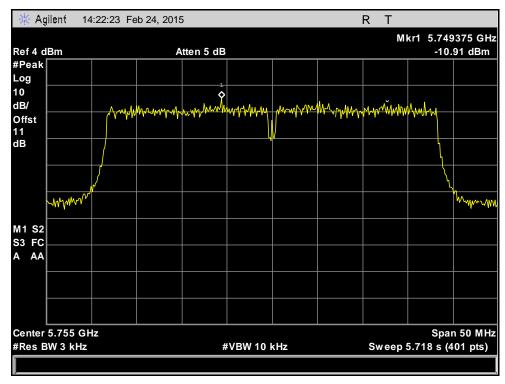
Table 20. Peak Power Spectral Density, Test Results, 80 MHz Band, ac Mode, MIMO (3*3)



Peak Power Spectral Density

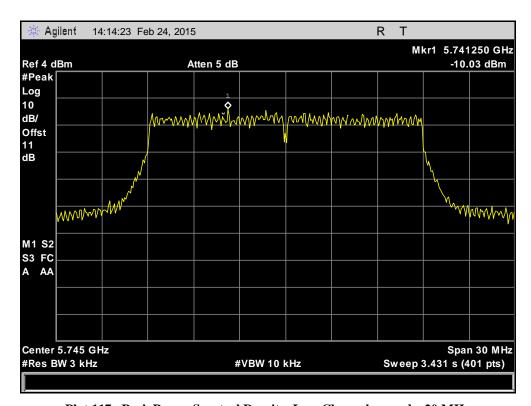


Plot 115. Peak Power Spectral Density, Low Channel, ac mode, 20 MHz

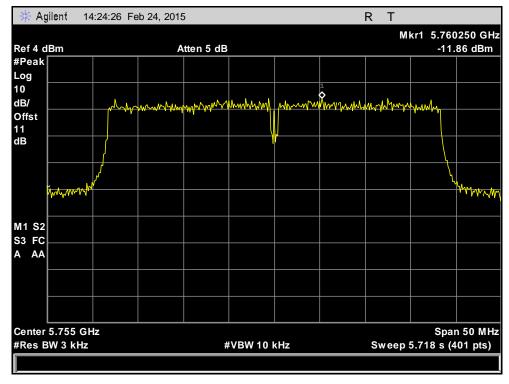


Plot 116. Peak Power Spectral Density, Low Channel, ac mode, 40 MHz



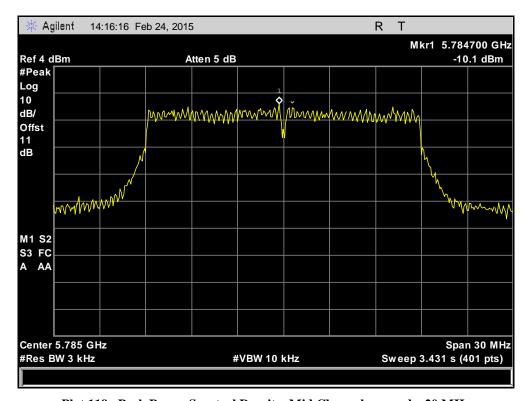


Plot 117. Peak Power Spectral Density, Low Channel, n mode, 20 MHz

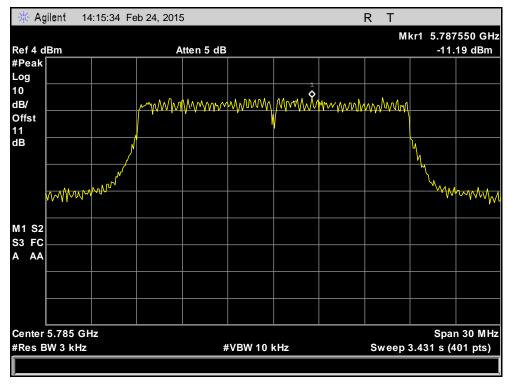


Plot 118. Peak Power Spectral Density, Low Channel, n mode, 40 MHz



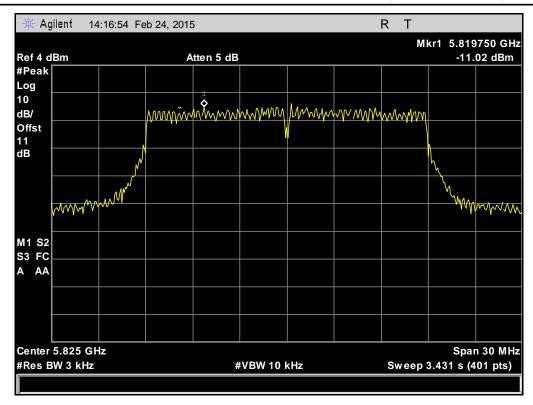


Plot 119. Peak Power Spectral Density, Mid Channel, ac mode, 20 MHz

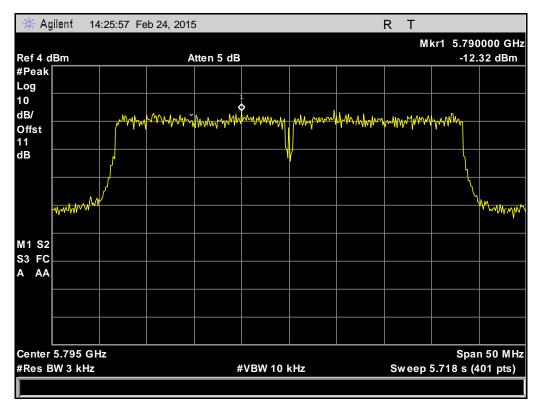


Plot 120. Peak Power Spectral Density, Mid Channel, n mode, 20 MHz



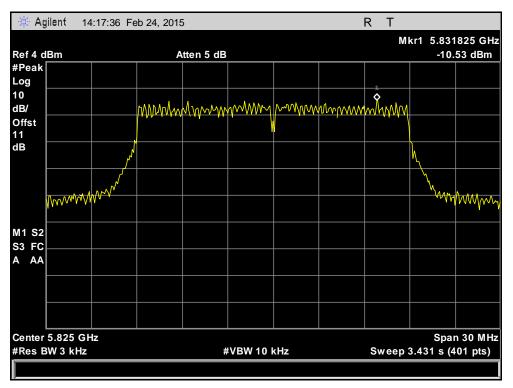


Plot 121. Peak Power Spectral Density, High Channel, ac mode, 20 MHz

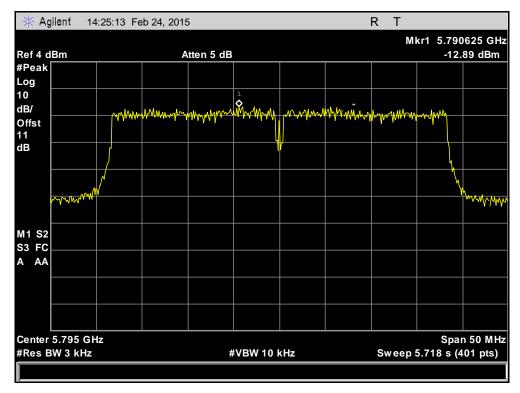


Plot 122. Peak Power Spectral Density, High Channel, ac mode, 40 MHz



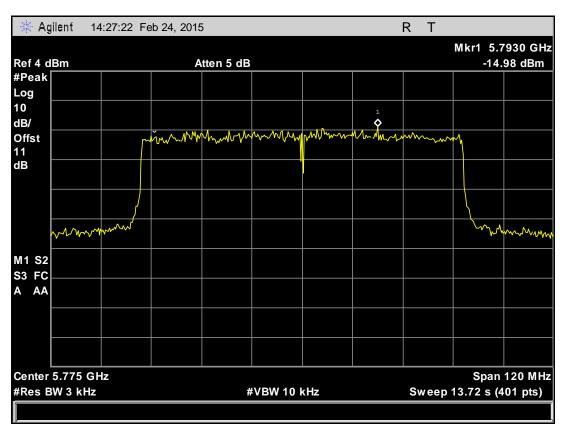


Plot 123. Peak Power Spectral Density, High Channel, n mode, 20 MHz



Plot 124. Peak Power Spectral Density, High Channel, n mode, 40 MHz





Plot 125. Peak Power Spectral Density, ac mode, 80 MHz



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(i) Maximum Permissible Exposure

RF Exposure Requirements: §1.1307(b)(1) and §1.1307(b)(2): Systems operating under the provisions of this

section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to

radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

RF Radiation Exposure Limit: §1.1310: As specified in this section, the Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)

Limit shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radiofrequency (RF) radiation as specified in Sec. 1.1307(b), except in the case of portable devices which shall be evaluated according to the provisions of Sec. 2.1093 of

this chapter.

MPE Limit Calculation: EUT's operating frequencies @ 5725-5850 MHz; Limit for Uncontrolled exposure: 1 mW/cm² or 10 W/m²

Equation from page 18 of OET 65, Edition 97-01

 $S = PG / 4\pi R^2$ or $R = \sqrt{PG / 4\pi S}$

where, S = Power Density

P = Power Input to antenna

G = Antenna Gain

Output Power = 24.35 dBm

Antenna Gain = 8.71 dBi

Power density is equal to 0.40mW/cm².

At a distance of 20 cm.



IV. Test Equipment



Test Equipment

Calibrated test equipment utilized during testing was maintained in a current state of calibration per the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025:2005.

MET Asset #	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Last Cal Date	Cal Due Date
1T4871	VECTOR SIGNAL GENERATOR	AGILENT	N5172B	6/16/2014	12/16/2015
1T4870	THERM./CLOCK/HUMIDITY MONITOR	CONTROL COMPANY	06-662-4, FB70258	3/14/2014	3/14/2016
1T4829	SPECTRUM ANALYZER	AGILENT	E4407B	9/30/2014	3/30/2016
1T4818	COMB GENERATOR	COM-POWER	CGO-520	SEE I	NOTE
1T4751	ANTENNA - BILOG	SUNOL SCIENCES	JB6	7/29/2014	1/29/2016
1T4564	LISN (24 AMP)	SOLAR ELECTRONICS	9252-50-R- 24-BNC	6/3/2014	6/3/2015
1T4505	TEMPERATURE CHAMBER	TEST EQUITY	115	2/11/2015	2/11/2016
1T4483	ANTENNA; HORN	ETS-LINDGREN	3117	2/28/2014	8/28/2015
1T4442	PRE-AMPLIFIER, MICROWAVE	MITEQ	AFS42- 01001800-30- 10P	SEE NOTE	
1T4418	LISN	SOLAR ELECTRONICS	9233-50-TS- 50-N	10/24/2014	4/24/2016
1T4409	EMI RECEIVER	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	ESIB7	7/18/2014	7/18/2016
1T4300	SEMI-ANECHOIC CHAMBER # 1 (NSA)	EMC TEST SYSTEMS	NONE	NONE 7/24/2012	
1T4149	HIGH-FREQUENCY ANECHOIC CHAMBER	RAY-PROOF	81	NOT RE	QUIRED
1T2665	ANTENNA; HORN	EMCO	3115	4/3/2014	10/3/2015

Table 21. Test Equipment List

Note: Functionally tested equipment is verified using calibrated instrumentation at the time of testing.





Certification Information A.

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart I — Marketing of Radio frequency devices:

§ 2.801 Radio-frequency device defined.

As used in this part, a radio-frequency device is any device which in its operation is capable of Emitting radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means. Radio-frequency devices include, but are not limited to:

- (a) The various types of radio communication transmitting devices described throughout this chapter.
- (b) The incidental, unintentional and intentional radiators defined in Part 15 of this chapter.
- (c) The industrial, scientific, and medical equipment described in Part 18 of this chapter.
- Any part or component thereof which in use emits radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other (d) means.

§ 2.803 Marketing of radio frequency devices prior to equipment authorization.

- Except as provided elsewhere in this chapter, no person shall sell or lease, or offer for sale or lease (including (a) advertising for sale or lease), or import, ship or distribute for the purpose of selling or leasing or offering for sale or lease, any radio frequency device unless:
 - (1) In the case of a device subject to certification, such device has been authorized by the Commission in accordance with the rules in this chapter and is properly identified and labeled as required by §2.925 and other relevant sections in this chapter; or
 - (2) In the case of a device that is not required to have a grant of equipment authorization issued by the Commission, but which must comply with the specified technical standards prior to use, such device also complies with all applicable administrative (including verification of the equipment or authorization under a Declaration of Conformity, where required), technical, labeling and identification requirements specified in this chapter.
- (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, the offer for sale solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical users (but not an offer for sale to other parties or to end users located in a residential environment) of a radio frequency device that is in the conceptual, developmental, design or preproduction stage is permitted prior to equipment authorization or, for devices not subject to the equipment authorization requirements, prior to a determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements provided that the prospective buyer is advised in writing at the time of the offer for sale that the equipment is subject to the FCC rules and that the equipment will comply with the appropriate rules before delivery to the buyer or to centers of distribution.

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- (e)(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, prior to equipment authorization or determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements any radio frequency device may be operated, but not marketed, for the following purposes and under the following conditions:
 - (i) Compliance testing;
 - (ii) Demonstrations at a trade show provided the notice contained in paragraph (c) of this section is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;
 - (iii) Demonstrations at an exhibition conducted at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical location, but excluding locations in a residential environment, provided the notice contained in paragraphs (c) or (d) of this section, as appropriate, is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device:
 - (iv) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability, provided such operation takes place at the manufacturer's facilities during developmental, design or pre-production states; or
 - (v) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability where customer acceptability of a radio frequency device cannot be determined at the manufacturer's facilities because of size or unique capability of the device, provided the device is operated at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical user's site, but not at a residential site, during the development, design or pre-production stages.
- (e)(2) For the purpose of paragraphs (e)(1)(iv) and (e)(1)(v) of this section, the term *manufacturer's facilities* includes the facilities of the party responsible for compliance with the regulations and the manufacturer's premises, as well as the facilities of other entities working under the authorization of the responsible party in connection with the development and manufacture, but not the marketing, of the equipment.
- (f) For radio frequency devices subject to verification and sold solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific and medical users (excluding products sold to other parties or for operation in a residential environment), parties responsible for verification of the devices shall have the option of ensuring compliance with the applicable technical specifications of this chapter at each end user's location after installation, provided that the purchase or lease agreement includes a proviso that such a determination of compliance be made and is the responsibility of the party responsible for verification of the equipment.



The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart J — Equipment Authorization Procedures:

§ 2.901 Basis and Purpose

- (a) In order to carry out its responsibilities under the Communications Act and the various treaties and international regulations, and in order to promote efficient use of the radio spectrum, the Commission has developed technical standards for radio frequency equipment and parts or components thereof. The technical standards applicable to individual types of equipment are found in that part of the rules governing the service wherein the equipment is to be operated. In addition to the technical standards provided, the rules governing the service may require that such equipment be verified by the manufacturer or importer, be authorized under a Declaration of Conformity, or receive an equipment authorization from the Commission by one of the following procedures: certification or registration.
- (b) The following sections describe the verification procedure, the procedure for a Declaration of Conformity, and the procedures to be followed in obtaining certification from the Commission and the conditions attendant to such a grant.

§ 2.907 Certification.

- (a) Certification is an equipment authorization issued by the Commission, based on representation and test data submitted by the applicant.
- (b) Certification attaches to all units subsequently marketed by the grantee which are identical (see Section 2.908) to the sample tested except for permissive changes or other variations authorized by the Commission pursuant to Section 2.1043.

¹ In this case, the equipment is subject to the rules of Part 15. More specifically, the equipment falls under Subpart B (of Part 15), which deals with unintentional radiators.



§ 2.948 Description of measurement facilities.

- (a) Each party making measurements of equipment that is subject to an equipment authorization under Part 15 or Part 18 of this chapter, regardless of whether the measurements are filed with the Commission or kept on file by the party responsible for compliance of equipment marketed within the U.S. or its possessions, shall compile a description of the measurement facilities employed.
 - (1) If the measured equipment is subject to the verification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be retained by the party responsible for verification of the equipment.
 - (i) If the equipment is verified through measurements performed by an independent laboratory, it is acceptable for the party responsible for verification of the equipment to rely upon the description of the measurement facilities retained by or placed on file with the Commission by that laboratory. In this situation, the party responsible for the verification of the equipment is not required to retain a duplicate copy of the description of the measurement facilities.
 - (ii) If the equipment is verified based on measurements performed at the installation site of the equipment, no specific site calibration data is required. It is acceptable to retain the description of the measurement facilities at the site at which the measurements were performed.
 - (2) If the equipment is to be authorized by the Commission under the certification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be filed with the Commission's Laboratory in Columbia, Maryland. The data describing the measurement facilities need only be filed once but must be updated as changes are made to the measurement facilities or as otherwise described in this section. At least every three years, the organization responsible for filing the data with the Commission shall certify that the data on file is current.

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1. Label and User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart A — General:

§ 15.19 Labeling requirements.

- (a) In addition to the requirements in Part 2 of this chapter, a device subject to certification or verification shall be labeled as follows:
 - (1) Receivers associated with the operation of a licensed radio service, e.g., FM broadcast under Part 73 of this chapter, land mobile operation under Part 90, etc., shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the condition that this device does not cause harmful interference.

(2) A stand-alone cable input selector switch, shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device is verified to comply with Part 15 of the FCC Rules for use with cable television service.

(3) All other devices shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

- (4) Where a device is constructed in two or more sections connected by wires and marketed together, the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section is required to be affixed only to the main control unit.
- (5) When the device is so small or for such use that it is not practicable to place the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section on it, the information required by this paragraph shall be placed in a prominent location in the instruction manual or pamphlet supplied to the user or, alternatively, shall be placed on the container in which the device is marketed. However, the FCC identifier or the unique identifier, as appropriate, must be displayed on the device.

§ 15.21 Information to user.

The user's manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.



The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart B — Unintentional Radiators:

§ 15.105 Information to the user.

(a) For a Class A digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at own expense.

(b) For a Class B digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a residential environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.



ICES-003 Procedural & Labeling Requirements

From the Industry Canada Electromagnetic Compatibility Advisory Bulletin entitled, "Implementation and Interpretation of the Interference-Causing Equipment Standard for Digital Apparatus, ICES-003" (EMCAB-3, Issue 2, July 1995):

"At present, CISPR 22: 2002 and ICES technical requirements are essentially equivalent. Therefore, if you have CISPR 22: 2002 approval by meeting CISPR Publication 22, the only additional requirements are: to attach a note to the report of the test results for compliance, indicating that these results are deemed satisfactory evidence of compliance with ICES-003 of the Canadian Interference-Causing Equipment Regulations; to maintain these records on file for the requisite five year period; and to provide the device with a notice of compliance in accordance with ICES-003."

Procedural Requirements:

According to Industry Canada's Interference Causing Equipment Standard for Digital Apparatus ICES-003 Issue 5 August 2012:

Section 6.1: A record of the measurements and results, showing the date that the measurements

were completed, shall be retained by the manufacturer or importer for a period of at least five years from the date shown in the record and made available for examination

on the request of the Minister.

Section 6.2: A written notice indicating compliance must accompany each unit of digital apparatus

to the end user. The notice shall be in the form of a label that is affixed to the apparatus. Where because of insufficient space or other constraints it is not feasible to affix a label to the apparatus, the notice may be in the form of a statement in the users'

manual.

Labeling Requirements:

The suggested text for the notice, in English and in French, is provided below, from the Annex of ICES-003:

This Class [²] digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.

Cet appareil numérique de la classe [¹] est conforme à la norme NMB-003 du Canada.

2

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² Insert either A or B but not both as appropriate for the equipment requirements.



End of Report

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