## FCC 47 CFR PART 15 SUBPART C AND ANSI C63.4: 2003

#### **TEST REPORT**

For

11g Wireless Broadband Router

Model: WBR-3406TX

**Brand: Level One** 

#### **Issued for**

## Digital Data Communications Asia Co., Ltd

8F, No.41, Lane 221, Kang-Chien Rd., Nei-Hu Dis., 114, Taipei, Taiwan, R.O.C.

## Issued by

**Compliance Certification Services Inc.** 

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Date of Issue: April 16, 2008

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# **REVISION HISTORY**

Rev.	Issue Date	Revisions	Effect Page	Revised By
00	April 16, 2008	Initial Issue	ALL	Leah Peng



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## 1. TEST REPORT CERTIFICATION

**Applicant** : Digital Data Communications Asia Co., Ltd

Address : 8F, No.41, Lane 221, Kang-Chien Rd., Nei-Hu Dis., 114, Taipei, Taiwan,

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R.O.C.

Manufacture : Advance Multimedia Internet Technology Inc.

Address : No. 28, Lane 31, Sec. 1, Huandong Rd., Sinshih Township, Tainan County 741,

Taiwan

**Equipment Under Test** : 11g Wireless Broadband Router

Model Number : WBR-3406TX

Trade Name : Level One

**Date of Test** : March 24, 2008 ~ April 16, 2008

APPLICABLE STANDARD			
STANDARD	TEST RESULT		
FCC Part 15 Subpart C : 2004 AND ANSI C63.4 : 2003	No non-compliance noted		

Approved by:

Jeter Wu

Section Manager

Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Reviewed by:

**Eric Yang** 

Engineer

Compliance Certification Services Inc.

## 2. EUT DESCRIPTION

## 2.1 DESCRIPTION OF EUT & POWER

<b>Product Name</b>	11g Wireless Broadband Router
<b>Model Number</b>	WBR-3406TX
Trade Name	Level One
Frequency Range	IEEE 802.11b/g (DTS Band):2412MHz~2462MHz
Transmit Power (ERP)	IEEE 802.11b Mode: 19.71dBm (DTS Band) (93.541 mW) IEEE 802.11g Mode: 20.08dBm (DTS Band) (101.86 mW)
<b>Channel Spacing</b>	IEEE 802.11b/g:5MHz
Channel Number	IEEE 802.11b/g:11Channels
	IEEE 802.11b:11, 5.5, 2, 1Mbps
Transmit Data Rate	IEEE 802.11g: 54, 48, 36, 24, 18, 12, 9, 6Mbps
	IEEE 802.11b: DSSS (CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK)
Type of Modulation	IEEE 802.11g: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK)
<b>Frequency Selection</b>	by software / firmware
	2.4GHz SMA ANTENNA;
	Manufacture: WIESON TECHOLOGIES CO., LTD.;
A / 700	Model: GY111HT0012-007;
Antenna Type	Connector: SMA CONNECTOR MALE (Reverse PIN);
	Gain: 3.48dBi;
	Type: Dipole Antenna
Power Source	5VDC (Powered From adapter) Switching adapter Spec.: Model: SYS1196-0605-W2 Input: 100-240V~, 0.3A, 10-20VA, 50-60Hz Output: +5VDC, 1.2A
<b>Temperature Range</b>	0 ~ +55°C

- **Remark :** 1. The sample selected for test was engineering sample that approximated to production product and was provided by manufacturer.
  - 2. This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for FCC ID: <u>ULT540547080301</u> filing to comply with Section 15.207,15.209 and 15.247 of the FCC Part 15, Subpart C Rules.

## 3. DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

The EUT is a 11g Wireless Broadband Router. It has one transmitter chains and one receive chains (1x1 configurations). The 1x1 configuration is implemented with one outside chain (Chain 0).

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The RF chipset is manufactured by AIROHA Technology, Corp.

The antenna peak gain 3.48dBi (highest gain) were chosen for full testing.

## IEEE 802.11 b ,802.11g mode (DTS Band)

The EUT had been tested under operating condition.

There are three channels have been tested as following:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)
Low	2412
Middle	2437
High	2462

IEEE 802.11b mode: 11Mbps data rate (worst case) were chosen for full testing. IEEE 802.11g mode: 6Mbps data rate (worst case) were chosen for full testing.

The worst-case data rates are determined according to the description above, based on the investigation by measuring the PSD, peak power and average power across all the data rates, bandwidths, modulations and spatial stream modes.

The worst-case channel is determined as the channel with the highest output power. The highest measured output power was at 2437 MHz.

## 4. TEST METHODOLOGY

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with ANSI C63.4 and FCC CFR 47 2.1046, 2046, 2.1047, 2.1049, 2.1051, 2.1053, 2.1055, 2.1057, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247.

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## 5. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS

#### 5.1 FACILITIES

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at

No. 8, Jiu Cheng Ling, Jiaokeng Village, Sinhua Township, Tainan Hsien 712, Taiwan R.O.C.

The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.7, ANSI C63.4 and CISPR Publication 22.

## **5.2 EQUIPMENT**

Radiated emissions are measured with one or more of the following types of linearly polarized antennas: tuned dipole, biconical, log periodic, bi-log, and/or ridged waveguide, horn. Spectrum analyzers with preselectors and quasi-peak detectors are used to perform radiated measurements.

Conducted emissions are measured with Line Impedance Stabilization Networks and EMI Test Receivers.

Calibrated wideband preamplifiers, coaxial cables, and coaxial attenuators are also used for making measurements.

All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

#### 5.3 LABORATORY ACCREDITATIONS LISTINGS

The test facilities used to perform radiated and conducted emissions tests are accredited by National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program for the specific scope of accreditation under Lab Code: 200627-0 to perform Electromagnetic Interference tests according to FCC PART 15 AND CISPR 22 requirements. No part of this report may be used to claim or imply product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the US Government. In addition, the test facilities are listed with Federal Communications Commission (registration no: TW-1037 and 455173).

## 5.4 TABLE OF ACCREDITATIONS AND LISTINGS

Country	Agency	Scope of Accreditation	Logo
USA	NVLAP	EN 55014-1, AS/NZS 1044, CNS 13783-1, IEC/CISPR 14-1, IEC/CISPR 22, EN 55022, EN 61000-3-2, EN 61000-3-3, ANSI C63.4, AS/NZS CISPR 22, AS/NZS 3548, IEC 61000-4-2/3/4/5/6/8/11	NVLAP LAB CODE 200627-0 200627-0
USA	FCC	3/10 meter Open Area Test Sites to perform FCC Part 15/18 measurements	<b>FC</b> TW-1037 and 455173
Japan	VCCI	3/10 meter Open Area Test Sites and conducted test sites to perform radiated/conducted measurements	VCCI R-2635 C-2882
Taiwan	TAF	CISPR 11, FCC METHOD-47 CFR Part 18 EN 55011, CNS 13803, CISPR 14, EN 55014, CNS 13783-1, CISPR 22, EN 55022, VCCI, FCC Method-47 CFR Part 15 Subpart B, CNS 13438	TAF  Testing Laboratory 1109
Taiwan	BSMI	CNS 13438, CNS 13783-1, CNS 13803, CNS13439	SL2-IS-E-0039 SL2-IN-E-0039 SL2-R1/R2-0039 SL2-A1-E-0039
Canada	Industry Canada	RSS210, Issue 7	Canada IC 6192

<sup>\*</sup> No part of this report may be used to claim or imply product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the US Government.

## 6. CALIBRATION AND UNCERTAINTY

## **6.1 MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION**

The measuring equipment utilized to perform the tests documented in this report has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, and is traceable to recognized national standards.

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## **6.2 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY**

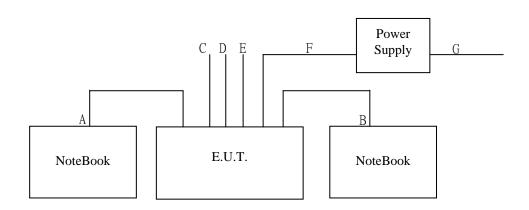
Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the apparatus:

PARAMETER	UNCERTAINTY
Radiated Emission, 30 to 1000 MHz	+/- 3.2 dB
Radiated Emission, 1 to 26.5 GHz	+/- 3.2 dB
Power Line Conducted Emission	+/- 2.1 dB

Uncertainty figures are valid to a confidence level of 95%

# 7. SETUP OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

## 7.1 SETUP CONFIGURATION OF EUT



## 7.2 SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

N	No.	Product	Manufacturer	Model No.	Certify No.	Signal cable
	1	Notebook	IBM	ThinkPad2888	DOC	Power cable, unshielded, 1.6m
	2	Notebook	IBM	T43	DOC	Power cable, unshielded, 1.6m

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No.	Signal cable description		
A	LAN cable	Unshielded, 2.0m, 1pcs.	
В	LAN cable	Unshielded, 2.0m, 1pcs.	
С	LAN cable	Unshielded, 0.6m, 1pcs.	
D	LAN cable	Unshielded, 0.6m, 1pcs.	
Е	LAN cable	Unshielded, 0.6m, 1pcs.	
F	DC Power	Unshielded, 1.4m, 1pcs.	
G	Extender cable	Unshielded, 2.0m, 1pcs.	

#### Remark

- 1. All the above equipment/cables were placed in worse case positions to maximize emission signals during emission test.
- 2. Grounding was established in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements and conditions for the intended use.

#### 7.3 EUT OPERATING CONDITION

## **RF Setup**

- 1. Set up all computers like the setup diagram.
- 2. Through gateway 192.168.123.254/wlape.htm into internal program
- 3. Set b/g mode \cdot Con TX/RX \cdot channel \cdot bandwidth \cdot data rate \cdot transmit power
  - (1) TX Mode:
    - ⇒ **Tx Mode:CCK OFDM Mode** (Bandwidth: 20)
    - ⇒ Tx Data Rate: 11Mbps long (IEEE 802.11b mode ,chain 0 TX)
      6Mbps (IEEE 802.11g mode ,chain 0 TX)
    - **⇒** Power control mode

**Target Power:** IEEE 802.11b Channel Low (2412MHz) = **100%** (Chain 0)

IEEE 802.11b Channel Middle (2437MHz) = **100%** (Chain 0) IEEE 802.11b Channel High (2462MHz) = **100%** (Chain 0)

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Target Power: IEEE 802.11g Channel Low (2412MHz) = 100% (Chain 0)

IEEE 802.11g Channel Middle (2437MHz) = **100%** (Chain 0) IEEE 802.11g Channel High (2462MHz) = **100%** (Chain 0)

### (2) RX Mode:

Set Con RX

4. Start test.

#### **Normal Link Setup**

- 1. Set up all computers like the setup diagram.
- 2. All of the function are under run.
- 3. Notebook PC (2) ping 192.168.0.10 –t to Notebook PC (1).
- 4. Notebook PC (1) ping 192.168.0.20 –t to Notebook PC (2).
- 5. Notebook PC (1) ping 192.168.0.50 –t to Wireless Access Point (3).
- 6. Start test.

## 8. APPLICABLE LIMITS AND TEST RESULTS

## **8.1 6DB BANDWIDTH**

## **LIMIT**

§ 15.207(a) (2) For direct sequence systems, the minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500kHz

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## TEST EQUIPMENTS

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSEM30	829054/017	APR. 14, 2009

## **TEST SETUP**



## **TEST PROCEDURE**

The transmitter output was connected to a spectrum analyzer. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured by spectrum analyzer with 100 KHz RBW and 300 KHz VBW. The 6dB bandwidth is defined as the total spectrum the power of which is higher than peak power minus 6dB.

## **TEST RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted

IEEE 802.11b mode (One TX)

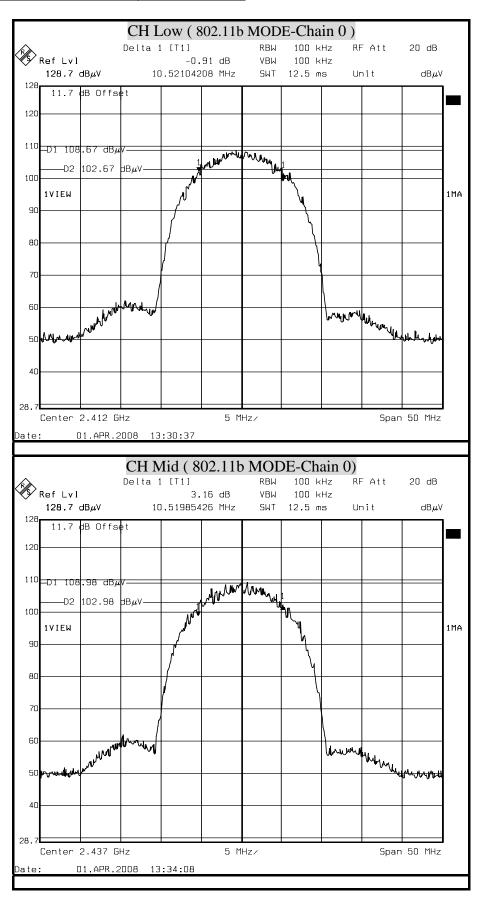
Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (kHz) Chain 0	Minimum Limit (kHz)	Pass / Fail
Low	2412	10521	500	PASS
Middle	2437	10519	500	PASS
High	2462	10420	500	PASS

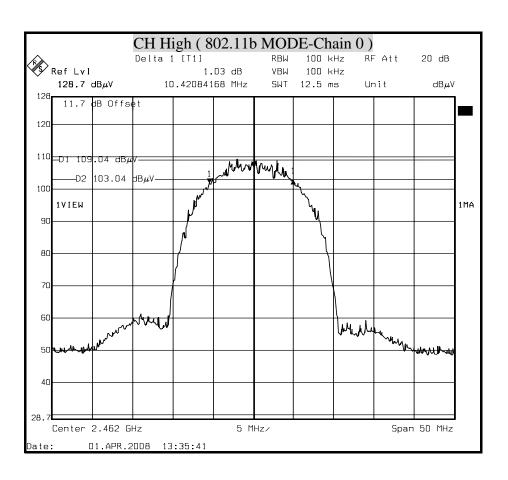
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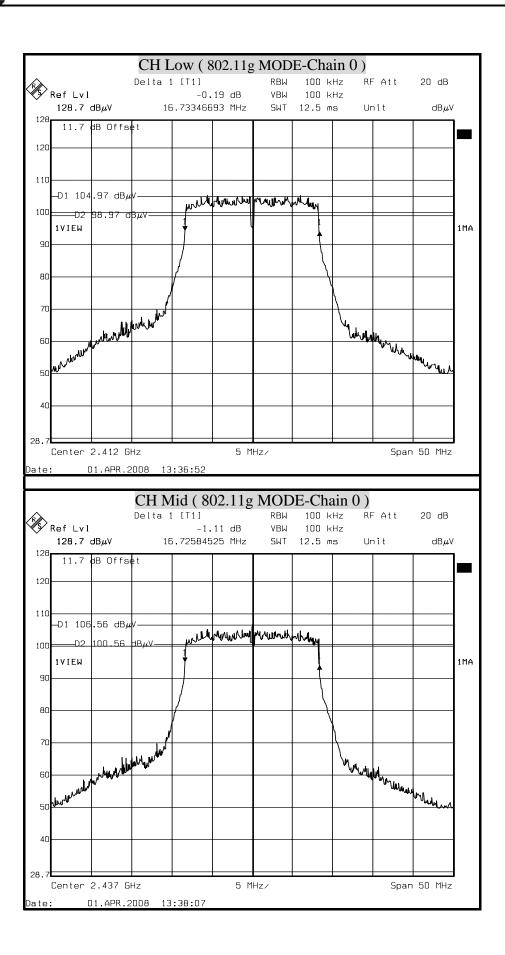
IEEE 802.11g mode (One TX)

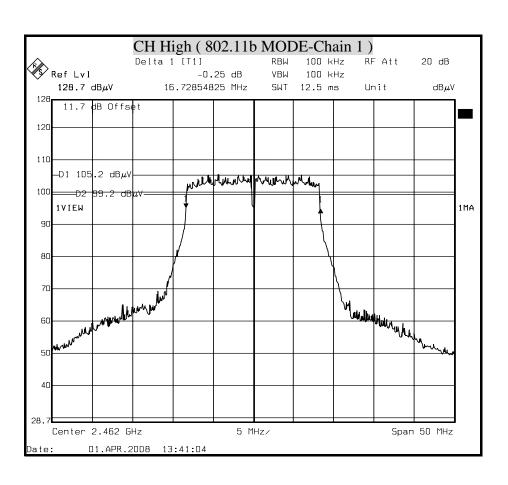
Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (kHz) Chain 0	Minimum Limit (kHz)	Pass / Fail
Low	2412	16733	500	PASS
Middle	2437	16725	500	PASS
High	2462	16728	500	PASS

## 6dB BANDWIDTH (802.11b MODE)









## 8.2 MAXIMUM PEAK OUTPUT POWER

## **LIMIT**

§ 15.247(b) The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

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- § 15.247(b) (3) For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands : 1 watt.
- § 15.247(b) (4) Except as shown in paragraphs (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used the peak output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1) or (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

## **TEST EQUIPMENTS**

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSEM30	829054/017	APR. 14, 2009

## **TEST SETUP**



#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

No non-compliance noted

## **TEST RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted

Total peak power calculation formula: 10 log (10^ (Chain 0 Power)).

The maximum antenna gain is 3.48dBi for other than fixed, point-to-point operations, therefore the limit is 30 dBm. In the legacy mode, the effective antenna gain is  $10 \times \log (10^{\circ} (0 / 10)) = 3.48dBi$ .

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#### IEEE 802.11b mode (One TX)

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Peak Power Total (dBm)	Peak Power Limit (dBm)	Pass / Fail
Low	2412	19.71	30	PASS
Middle	2437	18.59	30	PASS
High	2462	18.76	30	PASS

Note:

- 1. At finial test to get the worst-case emission at 11Mbps.
- 2. The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.7dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.7 dB cable) was Entered as an offset in the spectrum analyzer to allow for direct reading of power.

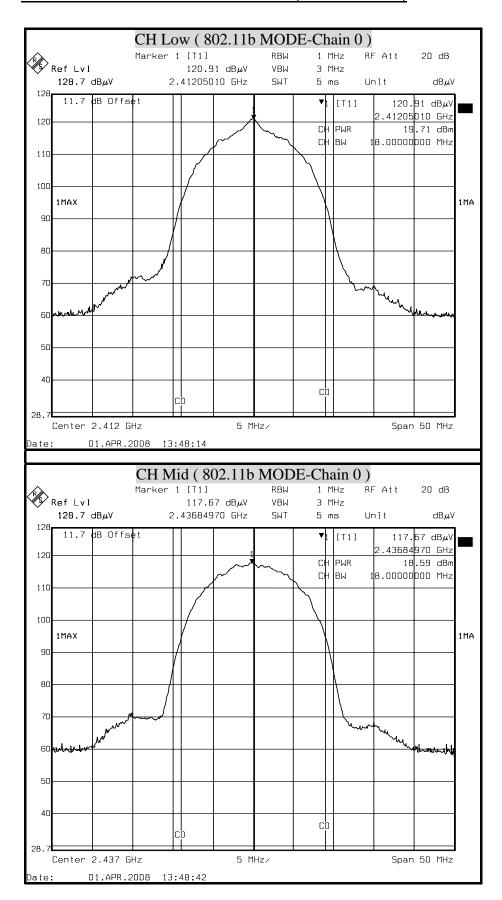
#### IEEE 802.11g mode (One TX)

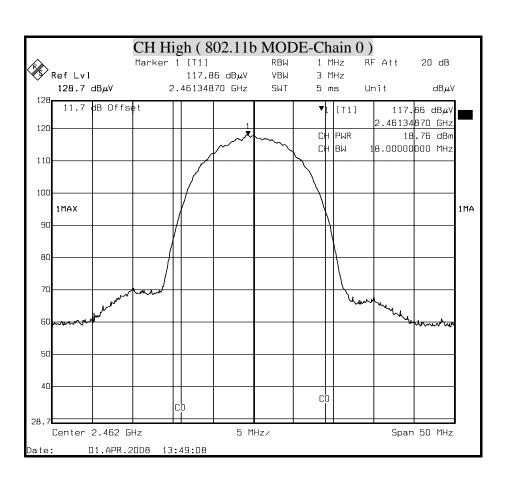
Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Peak Power Total (dBm)	Peak Power Limit (dBm)	Pass / Fail
Low	2412	20.01	30	PASS
Middle	2437	19.94	30	PASS
High	2462	20.08	30	PASS

Note: 1.A

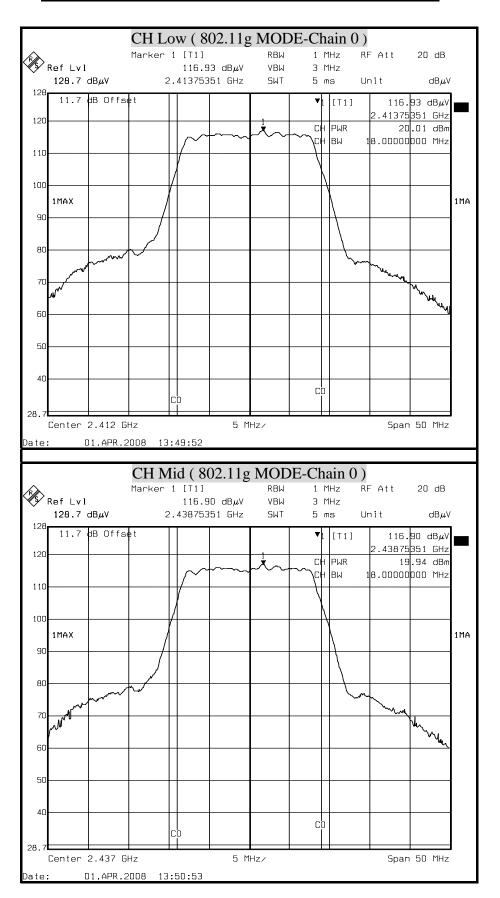
- 1.At finial test to get the worst-case emission at 6Mbps.
- 2. The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.7dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.7 dB cable) was Entered as an offset in the spectrum analyzer to allow for direct reading of power.

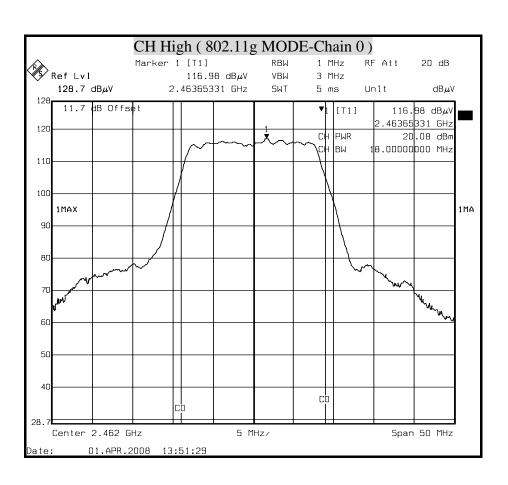
## **MAXIMUM PEAK OUTPUT POWER (802.11b MODE)**





## MAXIMUM PEAK OUTPUT POWER (802.11g MODE)





#### 8.4 MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE

According to FCC 1.1310: The criteria listed in the following table shall be used to evaluate the environment impact of human exposure to radio frequency (RF) radiation as specified in 1.1307(b)LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

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Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)	Power Density (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Average Time	
(A) Limits for Occupational / Control Exposures					
300-1,500			F/300	6	
1,500-100,000			5	6	
(B) Limits for General Population / Uncontrol Exposures					
300-1,500			F/1500	6	
1,500-100,000			1	30	

## **CALCULATIONS**

Given

$$E = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d} \quad \& \quad S = \frac{E^2}{3770}$$

Where E = Field strength in Volts / meter

P = Power in Watts

G = Numeric antenna gain

d = Distance in meters

 $S = Power\ density\ in\ milliwatts\ /\ square\ centimeter$ 

Combining equations and re-arranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$S = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{3770d^2}$$

Changing to units of mW and cm, using:

$$P(mW) = P(W) / 1000$$
 and

$$d(cm) = d(m) / 100$$

Yields

$$S = \frac{30 \times (P/1000) \times G}{3770 \times (d/100)^2} = 0.0796 \times \frac{P \times G}{d^2}$$

Where d = Distance in cm

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power density in mW/cm^2$ 

## **LIMIT**

Power Density Limit, S=1.0mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

## **TEST RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted

Mode	Minimum separation distance (cm)	Output Power (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Power Density Limit (mW/cm²)	Power Density at 20cm (mW/cm²)
IEEE 802.11b	20.0	19.71	3.48	1	0.041
IEEE 802.11g	20.0	20.08	3.48	1	0.045

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**Remark:** For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the maximum power density is 1.0 mW/cm<sup>2</sup> even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.

## **8.5 AVERAGE POWER**

## **LIMIT**

None; for reporting purposes only.

## **TEST EQUIPMENTS**

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2487A	6K00003888	APR. 15, 2009

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## **TEST SETUP**



## **TEST PROCEDURE**

The transmitter output is connected to a power meter.

## **TEST RESULTS**

Total peak power calculation formula: 10 log (10<sup>^</sup> (Chain 0 Power / 10)).

No non-compliance noted

#### **IEEE 802.11b mode**

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm) Chain 0
Low	2412	14.44
Middle	2437	14.34
High	2462	14.72

Note: 1.At finial test to get the worst-case emission at 11Mbps.

2. The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.7dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.7 dB cable) was Entered as an offset in the spectrum analyzer to allow for direct reading of power.

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## IEEE 802.11g mode

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm) Chain 0
Low	2412	12.45
Middle	2437	12.93
High	2462	14.11

Note: 1.At finial test to get the worst-case emission at 6Mbps.

2. The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.7dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.7 dB cable) was Entered as an offset in the spectrum analyzer to allow for direct reading of power.

## 8.6 POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

#### **LIMIT**

§ 15.247(e) For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

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## **TEST EQUIPMENTS**

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSEM30	829054/017	APR. 14, 2009

## **TEST SETUP**



#### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer, the bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using RBW=3KHz and VBW $\geq$ RBW, set sweep time=span / 3KHz.

The power spectral density was measured and recorded.

The sweep time is allowed to be longer than span / 3KHz for a full response of the mixer in the spectrum analyzer.

#### **TEST RESULTS**

Total peak power calculation formula: 10 log (10<sup>^</sup> (Chain 0 PPSD / 10)).

No non-compliance noted

#### **IEEE 802.11b mode**

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Final RF Power Level in 3KHz BW (dBm) Chain 0	PPSD Total (dBm)	Maximum Limit (dBm)	Pass / Fail
Low	2412	-12.38	-12.38	8	PASS
Middle	2437	-11.99	-11.99	8	PASS
High	2462	-11.33	-11.33	8	PASS

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Note:

1.At finial test to get the worst-case emission at 11Mbps.

## IEEE 802.11g mode

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Final RF Power Level in 3KHz BW (dBm) Chain 0	PPSD Total (dBm)	Maximum Limit (dBm)	Pass / Fail
Low	2412	-15.94	-15.94	8	PASS
Middle	2437	-16.04	-16.04	8	PASS
High	2462	-15.92	-15.92	8	PASS

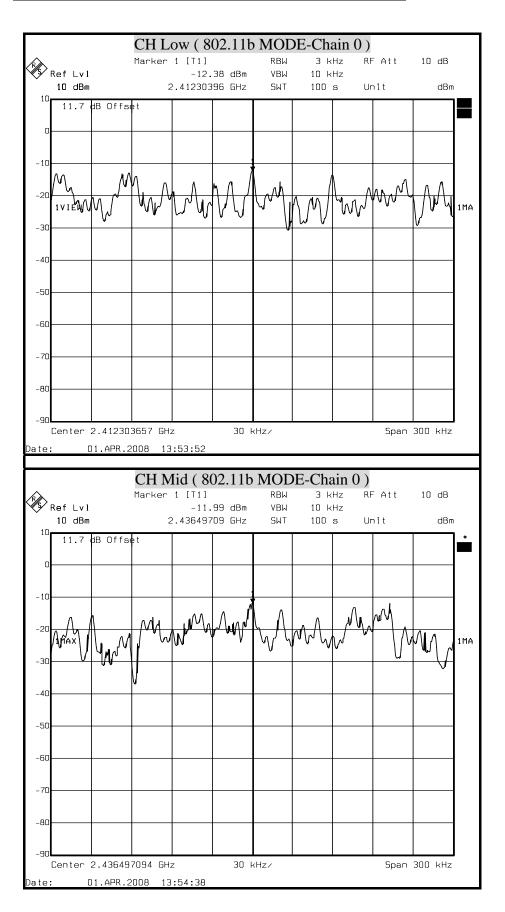
Note:

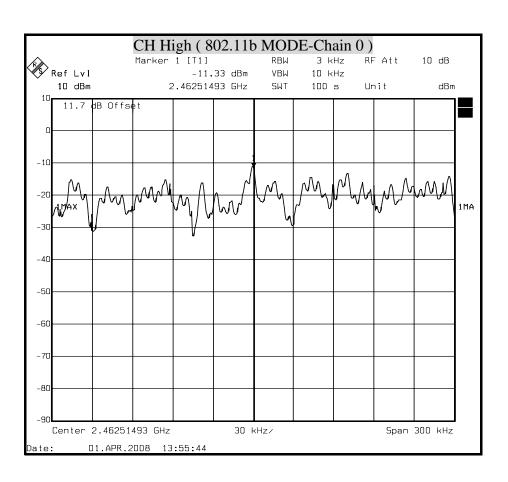
1.At finial test to get the worst-case emission at 6Mbps.

<sup>2.</sup> The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.7dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.7 dB cable) was Entered as an offset in the spectrum analyzer to allow for direct reading of power.

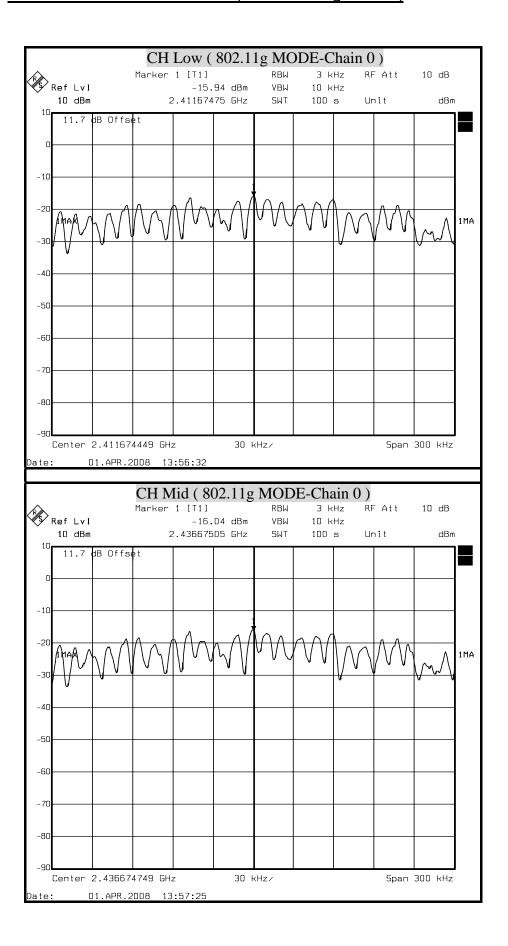
<sup>2.</sup> The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.7dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.7 dB cable) was Entered as an offset in the spectrum analyzer to allow for direct reading of power.

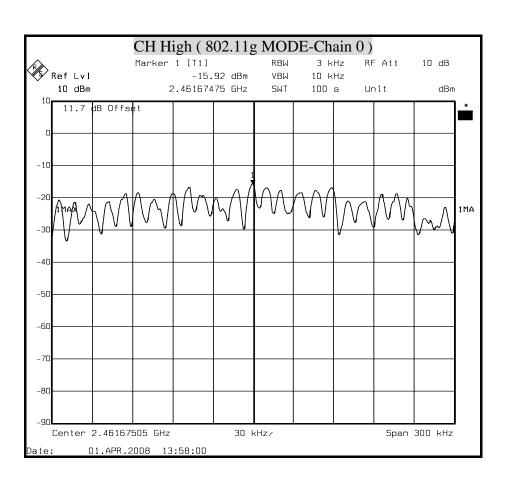
## POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY (IEEE 802.11b MODE)





## POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY (IEEE 802.11g MODE)





## 8.7 CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSION

#### **LIMITS**

§ 15.247(d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the and that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a) (see § 15.205(c)).

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#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz. The video bandwidth is set to 300 kHz.

The spectrum from 30 MHz to 26 GHz is investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels in the 2.4 GHz band.

#### TEST SETUP



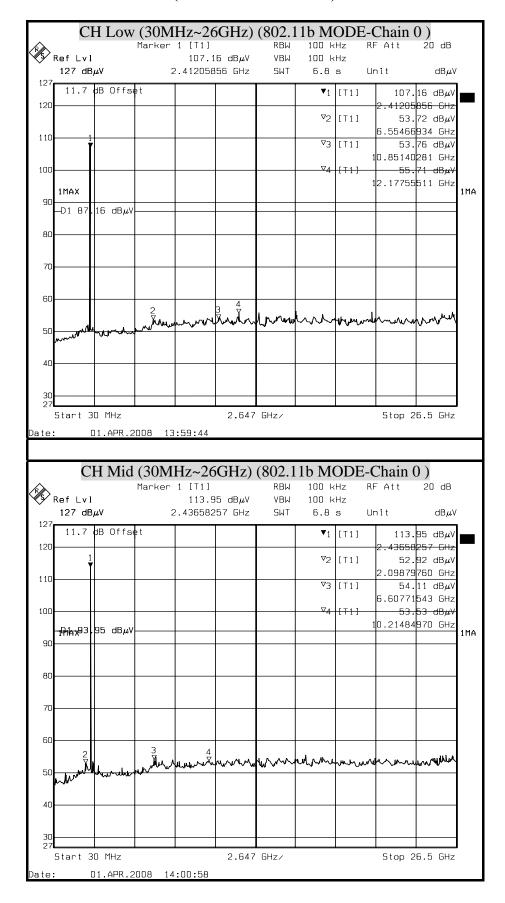
#### **TEST RESULTS**

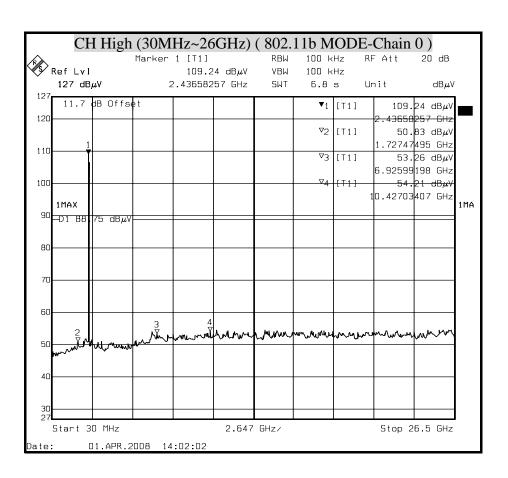
No non-compliance noted

# OUT-OF-BAND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS-CONDUCTED MEASUREMENT

Date of Issue: April 16, 2008

(IEEE 802.11b MODE)

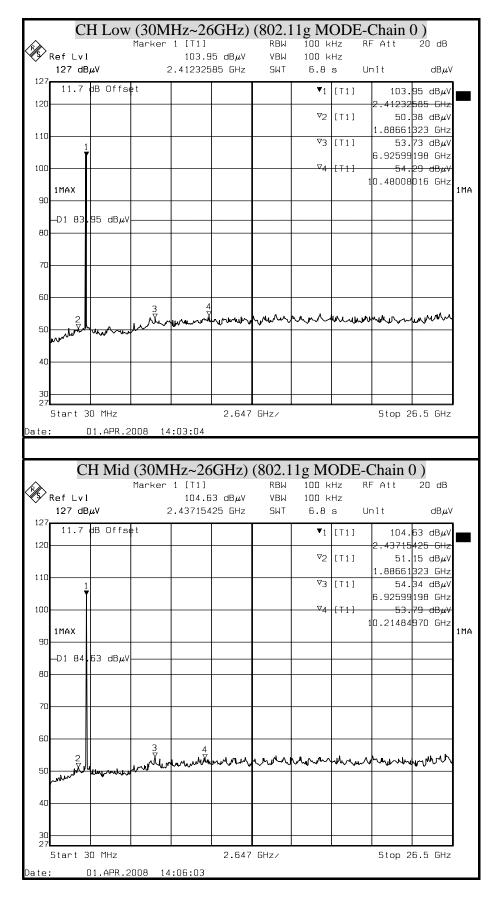


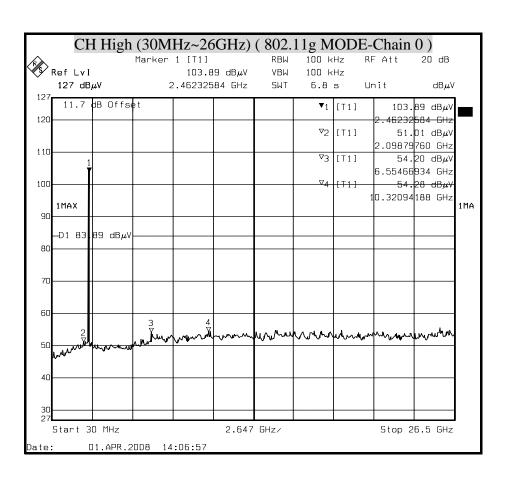


### **OUT-OF-BAND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS-CONDUCTED MEASUREMENT**

Date of Issue: April 16, 2008

( IEEE 802.11g MODE)





# 8.8 RADIATED EMISSIONS

# 8.8.1 TRANSMITTER RADIATED SUPURIOUS EMSSIONS

# **LIMITS**

§ 15.205 (a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

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MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
<sup>1</sup> 0.495 - 0.505	16.69475 - 16.69525	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960 - 1240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1300 - 1427	8.025 - 8.5
4.17725 - 4.17775	37.5 - 38.25	1435 - 1626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.20725 - 4.20775	73 - 74.6	1645.5 - 1646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1660 -1710	10.6 -12.7
6.26775 - 6.26825	108 -121.94	1718.8 - 1722.2	13.25 -13.4
6.31175 - 6.31225	123 - 138	2200 - 2300	14.47 – 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2310 - 2390	15.35 -16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.52475 - 156.52525	2483.5 - 2500	17.7 - 21.4
8.37625 - 8.38675	156.7 - 156.9	2655 - 2900	22.01 - 23.12
8.41425 - 8.41475	162.0125 - 167.17	3260 - 3267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	167.72 - 173.2	3332 - 3339	31.2 - 31.8
12.51975 - 12.52025	240 - 285	3345.8 - 3338	36.43 - 36.5
12.57675 - 12.57725	322 -335.4	3600 - 4400	( <sup>2</sup> )
13.36 - 13.41			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.

§ 15.205 (b) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e), the field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown is Section 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in Section 15.35 apply to these measurements.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Above 38.6

§ 15.209 (a) Except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table :

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Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
30 - 88	100 **	3
88 - 216	150 **	3
216 - 960	200 **	3
Above 960	500	3

<sup>\*\*</sup> Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz, However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e-g, Sections 15.231 and 15.241.

§ 15.209 (b) In the emission table above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.

# **TEST EQUIPMENTS**

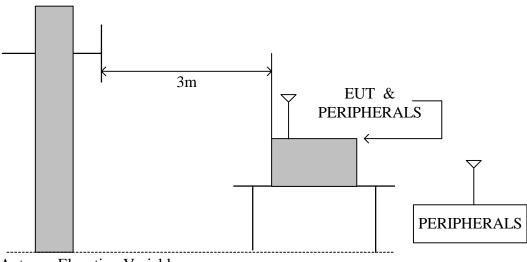
The following test equipments are utilized in making the measurements contained in this report.

<i>5</i> ····	1 1	Open Area Test Site # 6		Ţ
Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
O.A.T.S			No.6	NOV. 07, 2008
TYPE N COAXIAL CABLE	SUHNER	CHA9513	005	NOV. 07, 2008
EMI Receiver	R&S	ESVS10	833206/012	APR.16, 2008
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSEM	829054/017	APR. 14, 2009
BI-LOG Antenna	Sunol	ЈВ1	A070506-2	JUL. 11, 2008
Horn Antenna	Com-Power	AH-118	071032	DEC. 20, 2008
SMA RF CABLE	SUHNER	SUCOFLEX104PEA	20520/4PEA	NOV. 07, 2008
Pre-Amplifier	MITEQ	AFS44-00108650-42-10P-44	1052908	NOV. 05, 2008
Signal Generator	HP	8673C	2938A00663	JUL. 23, 2008
Pre-Amplifier	НР	8447F	2944A03817	NOV. 1, 2008
Turn Table	Yo Chen	001		N.C.R.
Antenna Tower	AR	TP1000A	309874	N.C.R.
Controller	СТ	SC101		N.C.R.
Test S/W		e-3 (5.0430	)3e)	

# **TEST SETUP**

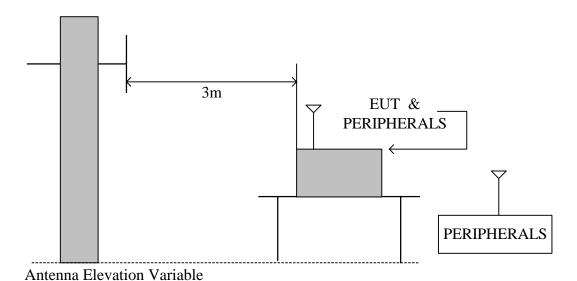
The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 30 to 1GHz.

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Antenna Elevation Variable

The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission above 1GHz.



# **TEST PROCEDURE**

a. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 10 meter open area test site. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.

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- b. White measuring the radiated emission below 1GHz, the EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower. White measuring the radiated emission above 1GHz, the EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna
- c. The antenna is a broadband antenna, and its height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarization of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- d. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- e. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.
- f. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10 dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10 dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.

#### Note:

- 1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120 KHz for Peak detection (PK) and Quasi-peak detection (QP) at frequency below 1GHz.
- 2. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz for Peak detection and frequency above 1GHz.
- 3. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz and the video bandwidth is 10 Hz for Average detection (AV) at frequency above 1GHz.

# **TEST RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted

# 8.8.2 WORST-CASE RADIATED EMISSION BELOW 1 GHz

<b>Product Name</b>	11g Wireless Broadband Router	Test Date	2008/4/11
Model	WBR-3406TX	Test By	Eric Yang
<b>Test Mode</b>	Normal operating (worst case)	<b>TEMP&amp; Humidity</b>	28.9℃, 47%

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# Horizontal

Frequency	Meter Reading	Antenna Factor	Cable Loss	<b>Emission Level</b>	Limits	Margin	Detector Mode
(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB/M)	(dB)	(dBµV/M)	(dB \mu V/M)	(dB)	PK/QP
68.72	21.33	8.22	1.05	30.60	40.00	-9.40	QP
225.00	21.47	12.85	1.91	36.23	46.00	-9.78	QP
375.00	16.78	15.65	3.40	35.83	46.00	-10.17	QP
575.00	15.94	18.98	3.43	38.35	46.00	-7.65	QP
725.00	16.92	20.90	3.86	41.68	46.00	-4.32	QP
925.00	10.21	22.95	4.54	37.70	46.00	-8.30	QP
975.00	15.11	23.45	4.61	43.17	54.00	-10.83	QP
N/A							

#### Vertical

Frequency	Meter Reading	Antenna Factor	Cable Loss	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Mode
(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB/M)	(dB)	(dBµV/M)	(dB \mu V/M)	(dB)	PK/QP
47.68	24.05	9.46	0.94	34.45	40.00	-5.55	QP
175.00	24.37	11.70	1.70	37.77	43.50	-5.73	QP
375.00	18.25	15.65	3.40	37.30	46.00	-8.70	QP
475.00	14.82	17.55	3.22	35.59	46.00	-10.42	QP
550.00	16.53	18.65	3.31	38.49	46.00	-7.52	QP
675.00	14.81	20.28	3.72	38.80	46.00	-7.20	
725.00	13.05	20.90	3.86	37.81	46.00	-8.19	QP
N/A							

**Remark:** Emission level  $(dB\mu V/m) = Antenna \ Factor \ (dB/m) + Cable \ loss \ (dB) + Meter \ Reading \ (dB\mu V)$ .

# 8.8.3 TRANSMITTER RADIATED EMISSION ABOVE 1 GHz

<b>Product Name</b>	11g Wireless Broadband Router	Test Date	2008/4/2
Model	WBR-3406TX	Test By	Eric Yang
<b>Test Mode</b>	IEEE 802.11b TX (CH Low)	TEMP& Humidity	<b>2</b> 5.9℃, 53%

Date of Issue: April 16, 2008

# Horizontal

	TX / I	EEE 802.11	b mode /	CH Low	M	easurem	ent Distance	e at 3m I	Horizontal polar	ity
	Freq.	Reading	AF	Cable Loss	Pre-amp	Filter	Level	Limit	Margin	Mark
	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB/m)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	$(dB\mu V/m)$	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	(P/Q/A)
	2408.94	106.51	30.21	2.34	41.85	0.00	97.21	Fundaman	tal Frequency	P
	2408.94	103.56	30.21	2.34	41.85	0.00	94.26	Tundamen	nai Prequency	A
	2038.15	44.18	30.65	2.33	41.80	1.06	36.42	77.21	-40.79	P
	2038.15	40.75	30.65	2.33	41.80	1.06	32.99	74.26	-41.27	A
	2448.15	46.54	30.16	2.34	41.85	1.26	38.45	77.21	-38.76	P
	2448.15	40.71	30.16	2.34	41.85	1.26	32.62	74.26	-41.64	A
*	4823.89	43.23	33.58	3.70	43.88	0.69	37.33	74.00	-36.67	P
*	4823.89	30.10	33.58	3.70	43.88	0.69	24.20	54.00	-29.80	A
	7234.93	48.62	39.69	4.93	42.87	1.43	51.80	77.21	-25.41	P
	7234.93	39.58	39.69	4.93	42.87	1.43	42.76	74.26	-31.50	A
	N/A									P
	N/A									A

# Remark:

- 1. AF: Antenna Factor, Cable: Cable Loss, Pre-Amp: Preamplifier gain, Filter: High Pass Filter Insertion Loss (3.5GHz)
- 2. Spectrum analyzer setting P(Peak): RBW=1MHz, VBW=1MHz, A(Average): RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz
- 3. The result basic equation calculation is as follow:

Level = Reading + AF + Cable - Preamp + Filter - Dist, Margin = Level-Limit

- 4. The other emission levels were 20dB below the limit
- 5. The test limit distance is 3M limit.

<b>Product Name</b>	11g Wireless Broadband Router	Test Date	2008/4/2
Model	WBR-3406TX	Test By	Eric Yang
Test Mode	IEEE 802.11b TX (CH Low)	<b>TEMP&amp; Humidity</b>	25.9℃, 53%

# Vertical

	TX / I	EEE 802.11	b mode /	CH Low	M	leasurem	ent Distanc	e at 3m	Vertical polar	ity
	Freq.	Reading	AF	Cable Loss	Pre-amp	Filter	Level	Limit	Margin	Mark
	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB/m)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	$(dB\mu V/m)$	$(dB\mu V/m)$	(dB)	(P/Q/A)
	2410.26	114.69	30.21	2.34	41.85	0.00	105.39	Fundaman	tal Frequency	P
	2410.26	108.16	30.21	2.34	41.85	0.00	98.86	Tundamen	tal Prequency	A
	2038.15	46.93	30.65	2.33	41.80	1.06	39.17	85.39	-46.22	P
	2038.15	43.16	30.65	2.33	41.80	1.06	35.40	78.86	-43.46	A
	2447.95	51.05	30.16	2.34	41.85	1.26	42.96	85.39	-42.43	P
	2447.95	47.06	30.16	2.34	41.85	1.26	38.97	78.86	-39.89	A
*	4824.05	42.16	33.58	3.70	43.88	0.69	36.26	74.00	-37.74	P
*	4824.05	31.55	33.58	3.70	43.88	0.69	25.65	54.00	-28.35	A
	7235.16	49.36	39.69	4.93	42.87	1.43	52.54	85.39	-32.84	P
	7235.16	41.27	39.69	4.93	42.87	1.43	44.45	78.86	-34.40	A
	N/A									P
	N/A									A

- 1. AF: Antenna Factor, Cable: Cable Loss, Pre-Amp: Preamplifier gain, Filter: High Pass Filter Insertion Loss (3.5GHz)
- 2. Spectrum analyzer setting P(Peak): RBW=1MHz, VBW=1MHz, A(Average): RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz
- 3. The result basic equation calculation is as follow: Level = Reading + AF + Cable - Preamp + Filter - Dist, Margin = Level-Limit
- 4. The other emission levels were 20dB below the limit
- 5. The test limit distance is 3M limit.

<b>Product Name</b>	11g Wireless Broadband Router	Test Date	2008/4/2
Model	WBR-3406TX	Test By	Eric Yang
Test Mode	IEEE 802.11b TX (CH Middle)	<b>TEMP&amp; Humidity</b>	25.9°C, 53%

# Horizontal

	TX / IE	EEE 802.111	o mode / C	H Middle	M	easurem	ent Distance	e at 3m I	Horizontal polai	ity
	Freq.	Reading	AF	Cable Loss	Pre-amp	Filter	Level	Limit	Margin	Mark
	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB/m)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	$(dB\mu V/m)$	(dB)	(P/Q/A)
	2438.05	105.29	30.17	2.34	41.85	0.00	95.95	Eundomon	tol Eroguanav	P
	2438.05	98.72	30.17	2.34	41.85	0.00	89.38	rundamen	tal Frequency	A
	2036.08	45.35	30.66	2.33	41.80	1.06	37.59	75.95	-38.36	P
	2036.08	40.52	30.66	2.33	41.80	1.06	32.76	69.38	-36.62	A
*	2493.86	45.13	30.11	2.34	41.86	1.29	37.00	74.00	-37.00	P
*	2493.86	31.80	30.11	2.34	41.86	1.29	23.67	54.00	-30.33	A
*	4873.95	43.21	33.70	3.73	43.91	0.71	37.44	74.00	-36.56	P
*	4873.95	37.32	33.70	3.73	43.91	0.71	31.55	54.00	-22.45	A
*	7311.28	48.62	39.72	4.96	42.67	1.60	52.23	74.00	-21.77	P
*	7311.28	40.13	39.72	4.96	42.67	1.60	43.74	54.00	-10.26	A
	N/A									P
	N/A									A

- 1. AF: Antenna Factor, Cable: Cable Loss, Pre-Amp: Preamplifier gain, Filter: High Pass Filter Insertion Loss (3.5GHz)
- 2. Spectrum analyzer setting P(Peak): RBW=1MHz, VBW=1MHz, A(Average): RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz
- 3. The result basic equation calculation is as follow: Level = Reading + AF + Cable - Preamp + Filter - Dist, Margin = Level-Limit
- 4. The other emission levels were 20dB below the limit
- 5. The test limit distance is 3M limit.

<b>Product Name</b>	11g Wireless Broadband Router	Test Date	2008/4/2		
Model	WBR-3406TX	WBR-3406TX Test By			
<b>Test Mode</b>	IEEE 802.11b TX (CH Middle)	TEMP& Humidity	<b>2</b> 5.9℃, 53%		

# Vertical

	TX / IEI	EE 802.11b	mode / Cl	H Middle	N	Measurement Distance at 3m Vertical polarity					
	Freq.	Reading	AF	Cable Loss	Pre-amp	Filter	Level	Limit	Margin	Mark	
	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB/m)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	(P/Q/A)	
	2437.56	114.07	30.17	2.34	41.85	0.00	104.73	Fundamental Frequency		P	
	2437.56	107.22	30.17	2.34	41.85	0.00	97.88			A	
	2063.01	47.08	30.62	2.33	41.81	1.07	39.30	84.73	-45.43	P	
	2063.01	42.95	30.62	2.33	41.81	1.07	35.17	77.88	-42.71	A	
*	2362.99	49.02	30.26	2.34	41.84	1.22	41.00	74.00	-33.00	P	
*	2362.99	39.05	30.26	2.34	41.84	1.22	31.03	54.00	-22.97	A	
*	4873.85	45.22	33.70	3.73	43.91	0.71	39.45	74.00	-34.55	P	
*	4873.85	38.55	33.70	3.73	43.91	0.71	32.78	54.00	-21.22	A	
*	7311.47	49.33	39.72	4.96	42.67	1.60	52.94	74.00	-21.06	P	
*	7311.47	41.25	39.72	4.96	42.67	1.60	44.86	54.00	-9.14	A	
	N/A									P	
	N/A									A	

- 1. AF: Antenna Factor, Cable: Cable Loss, Pre-Amp: Preamplifier gain, Filter: High Pass Filter Insertion Loss (3.5GHz)
- 2. Spectrum analyzer setting P(Peak): RBW=1MHz, VBW=1MHz, A(Average): RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz
- 3. The result basic equation calculation is as follow: Level = Reading + AF + Cable - Preamp + Filter - Dist, Margin = Level-Limit
- 4. The other emission levels were 20dB below the limit
- 5. The test limit distance is 3M limit.

<b>Product Name</b>	11g Wireless Broadband Router	Test Date	2008/4/2
Model	WBR-3406TX	Test By	Eric Yang
Test Mode	IEEE 802.11b TX (CH High)	<b>TEMP&amp; Humidity</b>	25.9°C, 53%

# Horizontal

	TX / IE	EEE 802.111	o mode / C	CH High	M	easurem	ent Distance	e at 3m I	Horizontal pola	rity
	Freq.	Reading	AF	Cable Loss	Pre-amp	Filter	Level	Limit	Margin	Mark
	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB/m)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	$\left(dB\mu V/m\right)$	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	(P/Q/A)
	2460.54	107.13	30.15	2.34	41.86	0.00	97.76	Fundamental Frequency		P
	2460.54	100.41	30.15	2.34	41.86	0.00	91.04			A
	2088.16	45.20	30.59	2.33	41.81	1.08	37.40	77.76	-40.36	P
	2088.16	39.50	30.59	2.33	41.81	1.08	31.70	71.04	-39.34	A
	2151.93	44.60	30.52	2.33	41.82	1.12	36.75	77.76	-41.01	P
	2151.93	31.80	30.52	2.33	41.82	1.12	23.95	71.04	-47.09	A
*	4924.19	40.13	33.82	3.76	43.94	0.73	34.50	74.00	-39.50	P
*	4924.19	28.28	33.82	3.76	43.94	0.73	22.65	54.00	-31.35	A
*	7385.45	49.81	39.75	4.99	42.48	1.75	53.83	74.00	-20.17	P
*	7385.45	37.59	39.75	4.99	42.48	1.75	41.61	54.00	-12.39	A
	N/A									P
	N/A									A

- 1. AF: Antenna Factor, Cable: Cable Loss, Pre-Amp: Preamplifier gain, Filter: High Pass Filter Insertion Loss (3.5GHz)
- 2. Spectrum analyzer setting P(Peak): RBW=1MHz, VBW=1MHz, A(Average): RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz
- 3. The result basic equation calculation is as follow: Level = Reading + AF + Cable - Preamp + Filter - Dist, Margin = Level-Limit
- 4. The other emission levels were 20dB below the limit
- 5. The test limit distance is 3M limit.

<b>Product Name</b>	11g Wireless Broadband Router	Test Date	2008/4/2
Model	WBR-3406TX	Test By	Eric Yang
<b>Test Mode</b>	IEEE 802.11b TX (CH High)	<b>TEMP&amp; Humidity</b>	25.9°C, 53%

# Vertical

	TX / IE	EEE 802.111	o mode / C	H High	M	leasurem	ent Distanc	e at 3m	Vertical polar	ity
	Freq.	Reading	AF	Cable Loss	Pre-amp	Filter	Level	Limit	Margin	Mark
	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB/m)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	$\left(dB\mu V/m\right)$	$(dB\mu V/m)$	(dB)	(P/Q/A)
	2463.02	114.86	30.14	2.34	41.86	0.00	105.49	Fundamental Frequency		P
	2463.02	108.08	30.14	2.34	41.86	0.00	98.71			A
	2087.88	46.15	30.59	2.33	41.81	1.08	38.35	85.49	-47.14	P
	2087.88	41.69	30.59	2.33	41.81	1.08	33.89	78.71	-44.82	A
	2151.43	47.88	30.52	2.33	41.82	1.12	40.03	85.49	-45.46	P
	2151.43	33.90	30.52	2.33	41.82	1.12	26.05	78.71	-52.66	A
*	4924.15	42.11	33.82	3.76	43.94	0.73	36.48	74.00	-37.52	P
*	4924.15	28.28	33.82	3.76	43.94	0.73	22.65	54.00	-31.35	A
*	7384.95	48.32	39.75	4.99	42.48	1.75	52.34	74.00	-21.66	P
*	7384.95	39.58	39.75	4.99	42.48	1.75	43.60	54.00	-10.40	A
	N/A									P
	N/A									A

- 1. AF: Antenna Factor, Cable: Cable Loss, Pre-Amp: Preamplifier gain, Filter: High Pass Filter Insertion Loss (3.5GHz)
- 2. Spectrum analyzer setting P(Peak): RBW=1MHz, VBW=1MHz, A(Average): RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz
- 3. The result basic equation calculation is as follow: Level = Reading + AF + Cable - Preamp + Filter - Dist, Margin = Level-Limit
- 4. The other emission levels were 20dB below the limit
- 5. The test limit distance is 3M limit.

<b>Product Name</b>	11g Wireless Broadband Router	Test Date	2008/4/2
Model	WBR-3406TX	Test By	Eric Yang
<b>Test Mode</b>	IEEE 802.11g TX (CH Low)	TEMP& Humidity	25.9℃, 53%

# Horizontal

	TX / IE	EEE 802.11g	g mode / C	CH Low	M	easurem	ent Distanc	e at 3m I	Horizontal polai	rity
	Freq.	Reading	AF	Cable Loss	Pre-amp	Filter	Level	Limit	Margin	Mark
	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB/m)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	$(dB\mu V/m)$	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	(P/Q/A)
	2404.73	104.87	30.21	2.34	41.85	0.00	95.57	Fundamental Frequency		P
	2404.73	95.11	30.21	2.34	41.85	0.00	85.81			A
	2037.93	46.45	30.65	2.33	41.80	1.06	38.69	75.57	-36.88	P
	2037.93	42.10	30.65	2.33	41.80	1.06	34.34	65.81	-31.47	A
	2447.53	44.83	30.16	2.34	41.85	1.26	36.74	75.57	-38.83	P
	2447.53	31.54	30.16	2.34	41.85	1.26	23.45	65.81	-42.36	A
*	4824.03	45.86	33.58	3.70	43.88	0.69	39.96	74.00	-34.04	P
*	4824.03	33.15	33.58	3.70	43.88	0.69	27.25	54.00	-26.75	A
	7235.45	48.65	39.69	4.93	42.87	1.43	51.83	75.57	-23.74	P
	7235.45	38.67	39.69	4.93	42.87	1.43	41.85	65.81	-23.96	A
	N/A									P
	N/A									A

- 1. AF: Antenna Factor, Cable: Cable Loss, Pre-Amp: Preamplifier gain, Filter: High Pass Filter Insertion Loss (3.5GHz)
- $2. \ Spectrum \ analyzer \ setting \ P(Peak): \ RBW=1MHz, \ VBW=1MHz, \ A(Average): \ RBW=1MHz, \ VBW=10Hz$
- 3. The result basic equation calculation is as follow: Level = Reading + AF + Cable - Preamp + Filter - Dist, Margin = Level-Limit
- 4. The other emission levels were 20dB below the limit
- 5. The test limit distance is 3M limit.

<b>Product Name</b>	11g Wireless Broadband Router	Test Date	2008/4/2
Model	WBR-3406TX	Test By	Eric Yang
<b>Test Mode</b>	IEEE 802.11g TX (CH Low)	<b>TEMP&amp; Humidity</b>	25.9°C, 53%

# Vertical

	TX / IE	EEE 802.11g	g mode / C	H Low	M	leasurem	ent Distanc	e at 3m	Vertical polar	ity
	Freq.	Reading	AF	Cable Loss	Pre-amp	Filter	Level	Limit	Margin	Mark
	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB/m)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	$\left(dB\mu V/m\right)$	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	(P/Q/A)
	2410.46	111.83	30.21	2.34	41.85	0.00	102.53	Fundamental Frequency		P
	2410.46	102.21	30.21	2.34	41.85	0.00	92.91			A
	2038.03	45.50	30.65	2.33	41.80	1.06	37.74	82.53	-44.79	P
	2038.03	40.80	30.65	2.33	41.80	1.06	33.04	72.91	-39.87	A
	2447.89	49.97	30.16	2.34	41.85	1.26	41.88	82.53	-40.64	P
	2447.89	44.42	30.16	2.34	41.85	1.26	36.33	72.91	-36.57	A
*	4824.05	44.28	33.58	3.70	43.88	0.69	38.38	74.00	-35.62	P
*	4824.05	31.26	33.58	3.70	43.88	0.69	25.36	54.00	-28.64	A
	7236.15	49.87	39.69	4.93	42.87	1.44	53.06	82.53	-29.47	P
	7236.15	39.58	39.69	4.93	42.87	1.44	42.77	72.91	-30.14	A
	N/A									P
	N/A									A

- 1. AF: Antenna Factor, Cable: Cable Loss, Pre-Amp: Preamplifier gain, Filter: High Pass Filter Insertion Loss (3.5GHz)
- 2. Spectrum analyzer setting P(Peak): RBW=1MHz, VBW=1MHz, A(Average): RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz
- 3. The result basic equation calculation is as follow: Level = Reading + AF + Cable - Preamp + Filter - Dist, Margin = Level-Limit
- 4. The other emission levels were 20dB below the limit
- 5. The test limit distance is 3M limit.

<b>Product Name</b>	11g Wireless Broadband Router	Test Date	2004/2
Model	WBR-3406TX	Test By	Eric Yang
Test Mode	IEEE 802.11g TX (CH Middle)	TEMP& Humidity	25.9℃, 53%

# Horizontal

	TX / IEE	E 802.11g	mode / C	H Middle	M	easurem	ent Distance	e at 3m I	Horizontal polar	ity
	Freq.	Reading	AF	Cable Loss	Pre-amp	Filter	Level	Limit	Margin	Mark
	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB/m)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	$(dB\mu V/m)$	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	(P/Q/A)
	2444.46	104.85	30.17	2.34	41.85	0.00	95.50	Fundamental Frequency		P
	2444.46	95.34	30.17	2.34	41.85	0.00	85.99			A
	2062.98	46.51	30.62	2.33	41.81	1.07	38.73	75.50	-36.77	P
	2062.98	42.72	30.62	2.33	41.81	1.07	34.94	65.99	-31.05	A
*	2493.92	46.48	30.11	2.34	41.86	1.29	38.35	74.00	-35.65	P
*	2493.92	37.69	30.11	2.34	41.86	1.29	29.56	54.00	-24.44	A
*	4873.56	45.28	33.70	3.73	43.91	0.71	39.51	74.00	-34.49	P
*	4873.56	32.66	33.70	3.73	43.91	0.71	26.89	54.00	-27.11	A
*	7310.24	47.65	39.72	4.96	42.68	1.59	51.25	74.00	-22.75	P
*	7310.24	37.52	39.72	4.96	42.68	1.59	41.12	54.00	-12.88	A
	N/A									P
	N/A									A

- 1. AF: Antenna Factor, Cable: Cable Loss, Pre-Amp: Preamplifier gain, Filter: High Pass Filter Insertion Loss (3.5GHz)
- 2. Spectrum analyzer setting P(Peak): RBW=1MHz, VBW=1MHz, A(Average): RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz
- 3. The result basic equation calculation is as follow: Level = Reading + AF + Cable - Preamp + Filter - Dist, Margin = Level-Limit
- 4. The other emission levels were 20dB below the limit
- 5. The test limit distance is 3M limit.

<b>Product Name</b>	11g Wireless Broadband Router	Test Date	2008/4/2
Model	WBR-3406TX	Test By	Eric Yang
Test Mode	IEEE 802.11g TX (CH Middle)	TEMP& Humidity	25.9℃, 53%

# Vertical

	TX / IEEE 802.11g mode / CH Middle				Measurement Distance at 3m Vertical polarity					ty
	Freq.	Reading	AF	Cable Loss	Pre-amp	Filter	Level	Limit	Margin	Mark
	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB/m)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	$(dB\mu V/m)$	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	(P/Q/A)
	2438.45	110.19	30.17	2.34	41.85	0.00	100.85	Fundamental Frequency		P
	2438.45	100.77	30.17	2.34	41.85	0.00	91.43			A
	2063.04	47.49	30.62	2.33	41.81	1.07	39.71	80.85	-41.14	P
	2063.04	43.71	30.62	2.33	41.81	1.07	35.93	71.43	-35.50	A
*	2493.85	39.18	30.11	2.34	41.86	1.29	31.05	74.00	-42.95	P
*	2493.85	31.26	30.11	2.34	41.86	1.29	23.13	54.00	-30.87	A
*	4874.09	44.66	33.70	3.73	43.91	0.71	38.89	74.00	-35.11	P
*	4874.09	30.19	33.70	3.73	43.91	0.71	24.42	54.00	-29.58	A
*	7309.85	48.71	39.72	4.96	42.68	1.59	52.31	74.00	-21.69	P
*	7309.85	38.65	39.72	4.96	42.68	1.59	42.25	54.00	-11.75	A
	N/A									P
	N/A									A

- 1. AF: Antenna Factor, Cable: Cable Loss, Pre-Amp: Preamplifier gain, Filter: High Pass Filter Insertion Loss (3.5GHz)
- 2. Spectrum analyzer setting P(Peak): RBW=1MHz, VBW=1MHz, A(Average): RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz
- 3. The result basic equation calculation is as follow: Level = Reading + AF + Cable - Preamp + Filter - Dist, Margin = Level-Limit
- 4. The other emission levels were 20dB below the limit
- 5. The test limit distance is 3M limit.

<b>Product Name</b>	11g Wireless Broadband Router	Test Date	2008/4/2
Model	WBR-3406TX	Test By	Eric Yang
Test Mode	IEEE 802.11g TX (CH High)	<b>TEMP&amp; Humidity</b>	25.9°C, 53%

# Horizontal

	TX / IEEE 802.11g mode / CH High				Measurement Distance at 3m Horizontal polarity				ity	
	Freq.	Reading	AF	Cable Loss	Pre-amp	Filter	Level	Limit	Margin	Mark
	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB/m)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	$(dB\mu V/m)$	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	(P/Q/A)
	2465.05	104.76	30.14	2.34	41.86	0.00	95.39	Fundamental Frequency		P
	2465.05	94.91	30.14	2.34	41.86	0.00	85.54			A
	2088.08	47.34	30.59	2.33	41.81	1.08	39.54	75.39	-35.85	P
	2088.08	43.58	30.59	2.33	41.81	1.08	35.78	65.54	-29.76	A
	2543.83	40.62	30.13	2.35	41.90	1.31	32.51	75.39	-42.88	P
	2543.83	30.06	30.13	2.35	41.90	1.31	21.95	65.54	-43.59	A
*	4924.06	40.12	33.82	3.76	43.94	0.73	34.49	74.00	-39.51	P
*	4924.06	28.28	33.82	3.76	43.94	0.73	22.65	54.00	-31.35	A
*	7385.76	48.22	39.75	4.99	42.48	1.76	52.24	74.00	-21.76	P
*	7385.76	40.17	39.75	4.99	42.48	1.76	44.19	54.00	-9.81	A
	N/A									P
	N/A									A

- 1. AF: Antenna Factor, Cable: Cable Loss, Pre-Amp: Preamplifier gain, Filter: High Pass Filter Insertion Loss (3.5GHz)
- $2. \ Spectrum \ analyzer \ setting \ P(Peak): \ RBW=1MHz, \ VBW=1MHz, \ A(Average): \ RBW=1MHz, \ VBW=10Hz$
- 3. The result basic equation calculation is as follow: Level = Reading + AF + Cable - Preamp + Filter - Dist, Margin = Level-Limit
- 4. The other emission levels were 20dB below the limit
- 5. The test limit distance is 3M limit.

<b>Product Name</b>	11g Wireless Broadband Router	Test Date	2008/4/2
Model	WBR-3406TX	Test By	Eric Yang
<b>Test Mode</b>	IEEE 802.11g TX (CH High)	<b>TEMP&amp; Humidity</b>	25.9°C, 53%

# Vertical

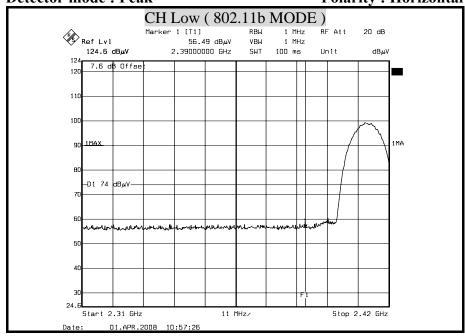
	TX / IEEE 802.11g mode / CH High			H High	M	leasurem	ent Distanc	e at 3m	Vertical polar	ity
	Freq.	Reading	AF	Cable Loss	Pre-amp	Filter	Level	Limit	Margin	Mark
	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB/m)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	$\left(dB\mu V/m\right)$	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	(P/Q/A)
	2456.33	111.93	30.15	2.34	41.85	0.00	102.57	Fundamental Frequency		P
	2456.33	102.73	30.15	2.34	41.85	0.00	93.37			A
	3282.26	51.54	30.57	2.87	42.56	1.17	43.59	82.57	-38.98	P
	3282.26	48.32	30.57	2.87	42.56	1.17	40.37	73.37	-33.00	A
*	4925.81	63.59	33.82	3.76	43.94	0.73	57.96	74.00	-16.04	P
*	4925.81	49.07	33.82	3.76	43.94	0.73	43.44	54.00	-10.56	A
	6565.38	54.21	36.73	4.62	43.76	0.80	52.60	82.57	-29.96	P
	6565.38	49.50	36.73	4.62	43.76	0.80	47.89	73.37	-25.47	A
*	7386.14	49.85	39.75	4.99	42.48	1.76	53.87	74.00	-20.13	P
*	7386.14	41.75	39.75	4.99	42.48	1.76	45.77	54.00	-8.23	A
	N/A									P
	N/A									A

- 1. AF: Antenna Factor, Cable: Cable Loss, Pre-Amp: Preamplifier gain, Filter: High Pass Filter Insertion Loss (3.5GHz)
- $2. \ Spectrum \ analyzer \ setting \ P(Peak): \ RBW=1MHz, \ VBW=1MHz, \ A(Average): \ RBW=1MHz, \ VBW=10Hz$
- 3. The result basic equation calculation is as follow: Level = Reading + AF + Cable - Preamp + Filter - Dist, Margin = Level-Limit
- 4. The other emission levels were 20dB below the limit
- 5. The test limit distance is 3M limit.

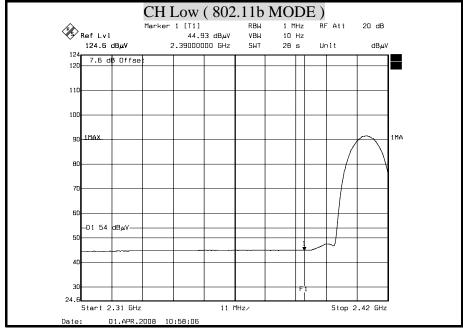
# 8.8.4 RESTRICTED BAND EDGES

Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Horizontal

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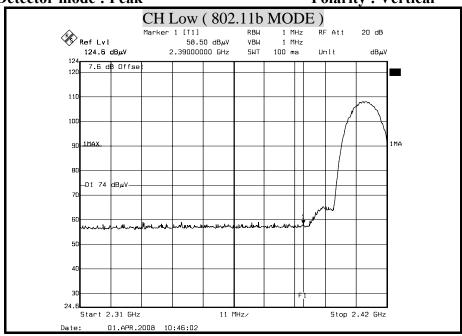


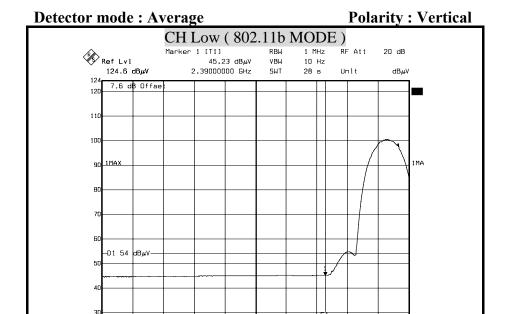


- 1. Display Line =  $54/74 \text{ dB } \mu \text{ V/m}$ .
- 2. 2390MHz Offset(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) Pre-Amplifier(dB) + Attenuator(dB)=7.6(dB)
- 3. 2483.5MHz Offset(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) Pre-Amplifier(dB) + Attenuator(dB)=7.62(dB)

Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Vertical

Date of Issue: April 16, 2008





Stop 2.42 GHz

# Remark:

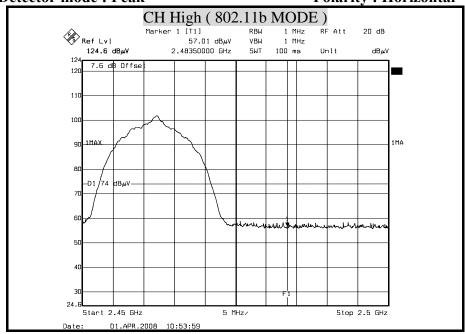
1. Display Line =  $54/74 \text{ dB } \mu \text{ V/m}$ .

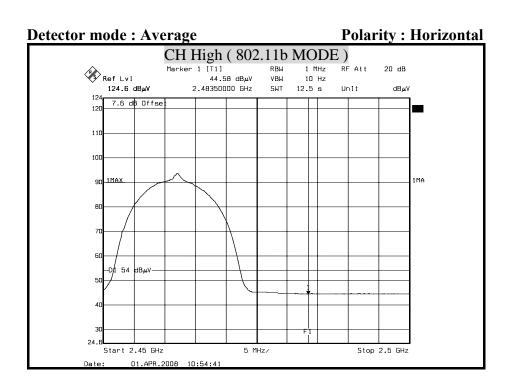
Start 2.31 GHz

- 2. 2390MHz Offset(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) Pre-Amplifier(dB) + Attenuator(dB)=7.6(dB)
- 3. 2483.5MHz Offset(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) Pre-Amplifier(dB) + Attenuator(dB)=7.62(dB)

Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Horizontal

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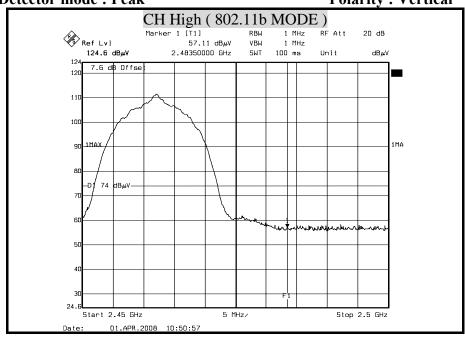


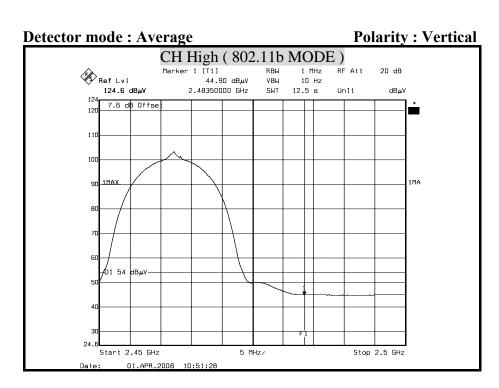


- 1. Display Line =  $54/74 \text{ dB } \mu \text{ V/m}$ .
- 2. 2390MHz Offset(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) Pre-Amplifier(dB) + Attenuator(dB)=7.6(dB)
- 3. 2483.5MHz Offset(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) Pre-Amplifier(dB) + Attenuator(dB)=7.62(dB)

Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Vertical

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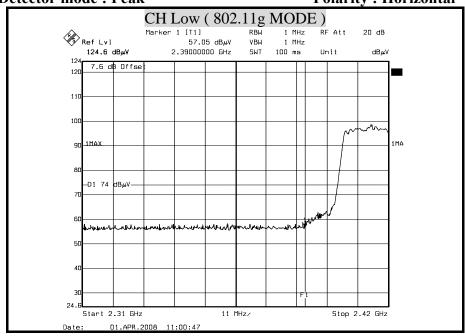


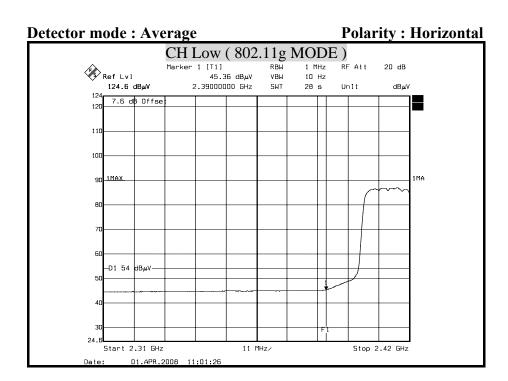


- 1. Display Line =  $54/74 \text{ dB } \mu \text{ V/m}$ .
- 2. 2390MHz Offset(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) Pre-Amplifier(dB) + Attenuator(dB)=7.6(dB)
- 3. 2483.5MHz Offset(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) Pre-Amplifier(dB) + Attenuator(dB)=7.62(dB)

Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Horizontal

Date of Issue: April 16, 2008

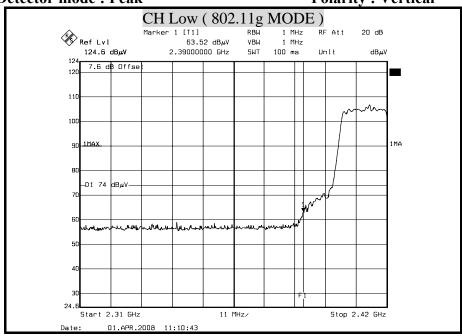


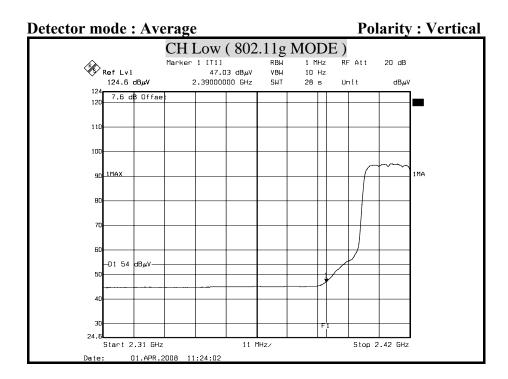


- 1. Display Line =  $54/74 \text{ dB } \mu \text{ V/m}$ .
- 2390MHz Offset(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) Pre-Amplifier(dB) + Attenuator(dB)=7.6(dB)
- 3. 2483.5MHz Offset(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) Pre-Amplifier(dB) + Attenuator(dB)=7.62(dB)

Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Vertical

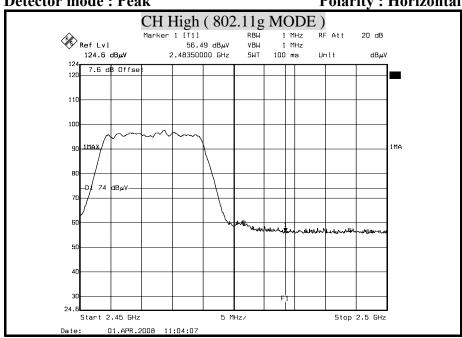
Date of Issue: April 16, 2008

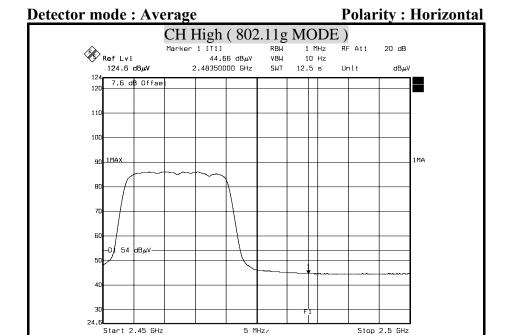




- 1. Display Line =  $54/74 \text{ dB } \mu \text{ V/m}$ .
- 2. 2390MHz Offset(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) Pre-Amplifier(dB) + Attenuator(dB)=7.6(dB)
- 3. 2483.5MHz Offset(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) Pre-Amplifier(dB) + Attenuator(dB)=7.62(dB)

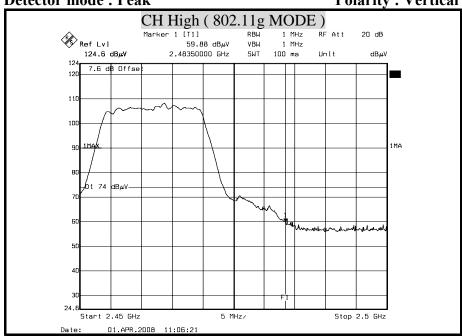


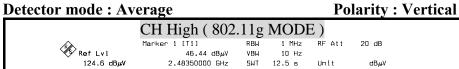


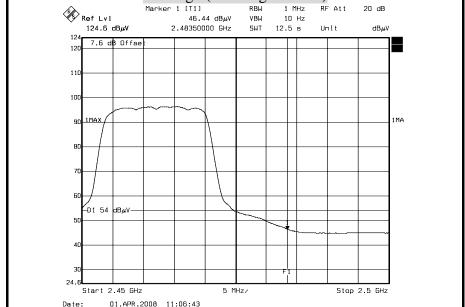


- 1. Display Line =  $54/74 \text{ dB } \mu \text{ V/m}$ .
- 2. 2390MHz Offset(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) Pre-Amplifier(dB) +Attenuator(dB)=7.6(dB)
- 3. 2483.5MHz Offset(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) Pre-Amplifier(dB) + Attenuator(dB)=7.62(dB)









- 1. Display Line =  $54/74 \text{ dB } \mu \text{ V/m}$ .
- 2. 2390MHz Offset(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) Pre-Amplifier(dB) + Attenuator(dB)=7.6(dB)
- 3. 2483.5MHz Offset(dB) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) Pre-Amplifier(dB) + Attenuator(dB)=7.62(dB)

# 8.9 POWERLINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

# **LIMITS**

 $\S$  15.207 (a) Except as shown in paragraph (b) and (c) this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50  $\mu$ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal.

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The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

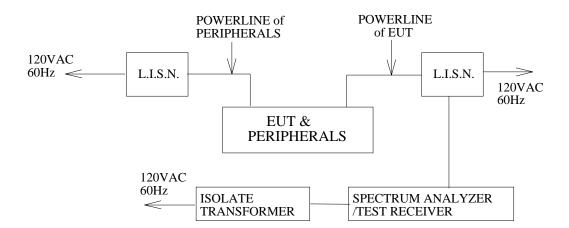
Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted limit (dBµv)		
	Quasi-peak	Average	
0.15 - 0.5	66 to 56	56 to 46	
0.5 - 5	56	46	
5 - 30	60	50	

# **TEST EQUIPMENTS**

The following test equipments are used during the conducted powerline tests:

Conducted Emission room								
Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Manufacturer Model Seria		Calibration Due				
	SCHWARZBECK	NNLK	8121-446	NOV. 14, 2008				
L.I.S.N.	SCII W/ INZBECK	8121	0121-440	For Insertion loss				
	Rohde & Schwarz	ESH 3-Z5	840062/021	SEP. 28, 2008				
TEST RECEIVER	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCS 30	100348	JUN. 27, 2008				
TYPE N COAXIAL CABLE	SUHNER			FEB. 26, 2009				
Test S/W	e-3 (5.04211c)							
Test S/ W		R&	εS (2.27)					

# **TEST SETUP**



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# **TEST PROCEDURE**

The EUT is placed on a non-conducting table 40 cm from the vertical ground plane and 80cm above the horizontal ground plane. The EUT IS CONFIGURED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ANSI C63.4.

The resolution bandwidth is set to 9 kHz for both quasi-peak detection and average detection measurements.

Line conducted data is recorded for both NEUTRAL and LINE.

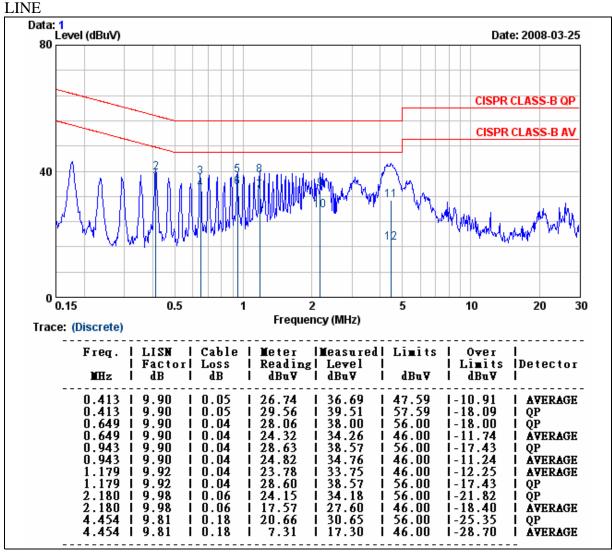
# **TEST RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted

# CONDUCTED RF VOLTAGE MEASUREMENT

<b>Product Name</b>	11g Wireless Broadband Router	Test Date	2008/3/25
Model	WBR-3406TX	Test By	Eric Yang
Test Mode	Normal operating (worst case)	TEMP& Humidity	28.3°C, 51%

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- 1.  $Correction\ Factor = Insertion\ loss + cable\ loss$
- 2. Margin value = Emission level Limit value

<b>Product Name</b>	11g Wireless Broadband Router	<b>Test Date</b>	2008/3/25
Model	WBR-3406TX	Test By	Eric Yang
Test Mode	Normal operating (worst case)	TEMP& Humidity	28.3°C, 51%

**AVERAGE** 

AVERAGE

AVERAGE

ÄVERAGE

AVERAGE

QΡ

QΡ

QP

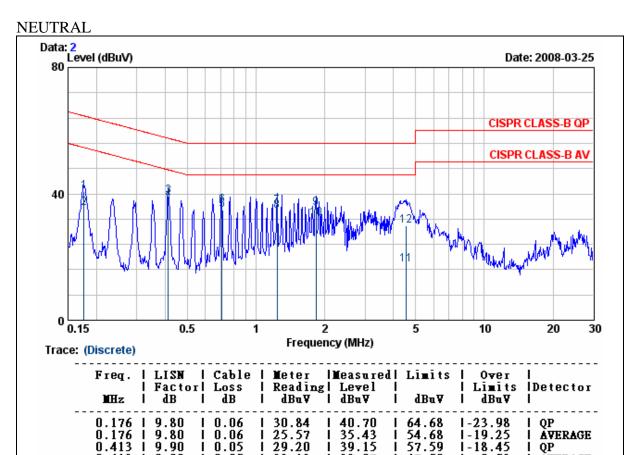
QP

l-19.93

1-20.56

I-13.64 I-28.56

1-26.09



38.07

34.85

36.42

36.07

35.44 32.36

1 29.91

47.59

46.00 56.00 56.00

46.00

56.00

| 46.00 | 46.00

1 56.00

# Remark:

1.  $Correction\ Factor = Insertion\ loss + cable\ loss$ 

9.90

9.90

9.90

9.93

9.93

9.99

9.99

9.81

9.81

0.05

0.04

0.04

0.04

0.04

0.05

0.05

0.19

0.19

22.32

19.91

2. Margin value = Emission level – Limit value

0.413 0.708 0.708

239

239

1.829

4.525

# 9. ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

# 9.1 STANDARD APPLICABLE

For intentional device, according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

Date of Issue: April 16, 2008

And according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.247 (b), if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

# 9.2 ANTENNA CONNECTED CONSTRUCTION

The antenna used for this product is a dipole antenna. The peak Gain of this antenna is 3.48dBi at 2.4GHz.

# **APPENDIX SETUP PHOTOS**

# **RADIATED EMISSION MEASUREMENT SETUP**





# RADIATED RF MEASUREMENT SETUP







# POWERLINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS MEASUREMENT SETUP





End of report