

# **RF Test Report:**

Zinwave ORU FCC part 27 cellular

FCC ID: UPO302-1107

SC\_TR\_175\_D



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## 1 Revision History

Revision	Originator	Date	Comment	Signature
A	C Blackham Director, Sulis Consultants Ltd	08 Dec 2015	Customer copy	
В	C Blackham Director, Sulis Consultants Ltd	09 Jan 2016	1 <sup>st</sup> release	
С	C Blackham Director, Sulis Consultants Ltd	09 Feb 2016	Minor update	
D	C Blackham Director, Sulis Consultants Ltd	04 May 2016	Minor update	Close

## 2 Purpose

This document details the Zinwave Optical Remote Unit, ORU, model number 302-1107, whilst operating in the Part 27 698 – 758 MHz and 2110 – 2180 MHz cellular bands.

### 3 Reference Documents

[1]	47CFR2	Title 47 Code of Federal Regulations Part 2: frequency allocations and radio treaty matters; general rules and regulations
[2]	47 CFR27	Title 47 Code of Federal Regulations Part 27: Miscellaneous Communications Services
[3]	TIA-603-D	Land Mobile FM or PM – Communications Equipment – Measurement and Performance Standards
[4]	KDB 935210 D05 V01	Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering and Technology Laboratory Division; Measurement guidance for Industrial and Non-consumer signal booster, repeater and amplifier devices
[5]	KDB971168 DO1 v02r02	Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering and Technology Laboratory Division; Measurement guidance for certification of licensed digital transmitters.

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### 4 Test Information

### 4.1 Client and manufacturer

Zinwave Ltd

Harston Mill

Harston

Cambridge

**CB22 7GG** 

UK

#### 4.2 Test Locations

Testing was performed by Charlie Blackham of Sulis Consultants Ltd between  $13^{th}$  and  $29^{th}$  October 2015, and on the  $6^{th}$  January 2016 and the  $2^{nd}$  May 2016 at Zinwave's offices detailed in section 4.1.

### 4.3 Test sample

The results herein only refer to sample detailed in section 5

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## 5 Test Configuration

### 5.1 Test sample and Operating mode

The equipment under test (EUT) was:

Manufacturer	Name	Model Number	Serial Number
Zinwave	ORU	302-1107	310400000022

**Table 1: Equipment under test** 

Modifications during test: None

#### **Procedure:**

- Set the system to maximum gain using the network management software
- Connect the signal generator to the RF service module of the Primary Hub
- Raise the signal level until the maximum output power is reached
- Perform the required test.

#### **Test modulations:**

• The system supports operation with a number of wideband services, so testing was performed with AWGN signal as per KDB 935210 D05.

### 5.2 Support equipment

The following equipment shall be used, configured as shown in Figure 1:

Name	Part Number	Label	Serial Number				
Zinwave UNIhub (Primary Hub)							
Chassis		302-1001	00-17-68-00-09-B7				
RF Service module		SM 1/6	030370002050				
Optical module		OM 1/6	050750002036				
Zinwave UNIhub (Secon	dary Hub)						
Chassis		302-1001	00-17-68-00-09-67				
Input Optical module		OM 5/6	050750002039				
Optical module		OM 3/6	050750002010				

**Table 2: Support Equipment** 

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### 5.3 Equipment arrangement



Figure 1: Test configuration - single channel

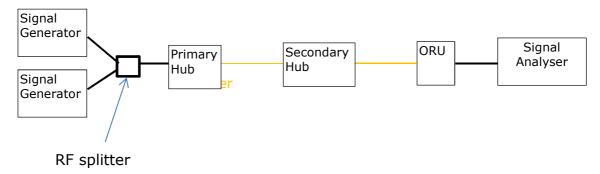


Figure 2: Test configuration – dual channel

Notes - additional connections not shown:

- 1. IQ output from SMBV100A Vector Signal Generator connected to IQ input of SMJ100A signal generator
- 2. 10 MHz Ref Clock output of FSV40 Signal Analyser connected to Ref Clock inputs of the two signal generators

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## 6 Summary of Tests performed

Test	Band (MHz)	47 CFR Part	FCC limit	Section	Result
Determination of	698 - 758	KDB 935210 D05	None	7	N/A
$f_0$	2110 - 2180	Section 3.3	None	7	N/A
Transmit Power	698 - 758	27.50(c)	65 W ERP <sup>1</sup>	8	Pass
Transmit Power	2110 - 2180	27.50(d)	1640 W EIRP	11	Pass
Occupied	698 - 758	2.1049 KDB 935210 D05	None	9	Pass
Bandwidth	2110 - 2180	Section 3.4		12	Pass
Conducted Spurious	698 - 746 746 - 758	27.53(g) 27.52(c)	-13dBm Various	10	Pass Pass
Emissions inc. band edge	2110 - 2180	27.53(h)	- 13dBm	13	Pass

**Table 3: Summary of tests performed** 

## 6.1 Comments on requirements in KDB 935210 D05 V01:

Section	Comment	
3.1 General	Two signal sources shall be used:	
	"narrowband" 200kHz MSK ""    "    "    "    "    "    "	
	"wideband" 4.2 MHz 16QAM	
3.2 Measuring the EUT AGC threshold	Not applicable to ORU and 3000 DAS	
tinesnoiu	"Devices intended to be directly connected to an RF source only need to be evaluated for any over-the-air transmit paths."	
	There are no such over-the-air paths	
pre-TCB KDB FCC response	Increased input level test not required due to 3.2	
3.7 EUT frequency stability measurements	Not required as DAS does not contain oscillator and therefore has no ability to change frequency.	

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Limit is actually W / MHz, but since bandwidth of signal is not known and the actual TX power is < 1W EIRP, the 65 W limit from table 3 covers all options for bandwidth and antenna height across the whole band



## 7 Determination of f<sub>0</sub>

As per kDB 935210 D05 section 3.3, but measurement was performed over the service band frequency range only.

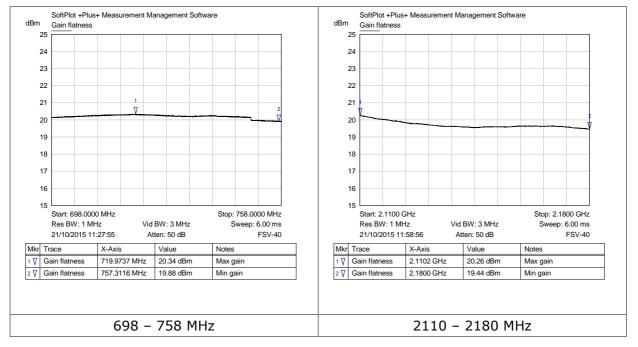


Figure 3: Determination of fo for bands of operation

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### 8 Transmit Power: 698 – 758 MHz

#### 8.1 Test method

The equipment was configured with maximum gain of 25dB and connected as per figure 1.

The signal generator was set to provide -5dBm to the input of the hub and the frequency set to an appropriate channel to include  $f_0$  as determined in section 7.

Measurements were made in accordance with KDB 971168 D01 using an RMS detector and the Peak to Average ratio was measured using the CCDF function of the analyser.

#### 8.2 Test results

### 8.2.1 AWGN signal

The table below shows the results for

Frequency	TX power (dBm)	TX power EIRP (dBm)	TX power EIRP (W)	Limit EIRP (W)	0.1% PAR	Result
720.0	19.15	27.15	0.52	1640.0	8.72 dB	Pass

**Table 4: Transmit power** 

Plots may be seen in figures 7 and 13.

Peak to Average (PAR) ratio is related to the modulation waveform, and not the frequency of operation, so results presented for channel 1587 cover all frequencies in this band of operation

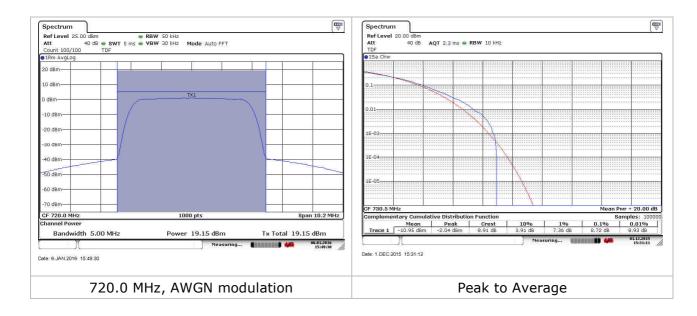


Figure 4: Power and Peak to Average (PAR) plots

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## 9 Occupied bandwidth: 698 – 758 MHz

#### 9.1 Test method

KDB 935210 D05 section 3.4

The occupied bandwidth was measured using the inbuilt function on the Signal Analyser set to measure the 99% emission bandwidth. Measurement was made using peak detector.

The results were captured using Softplot and the output signal was overlaid over the input signal.

#### 9.2 Test results

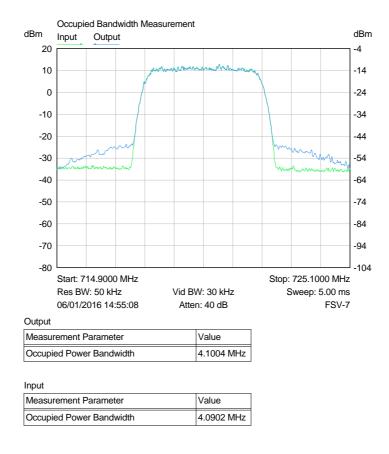


Figure 5: Input vs output plot

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## 10 FCC CSE inc. Band Edge: 698 - 758 MHz

### 10.1 Requirement and test method 698-746 MHz band

27.53

(g) For operations in the 600 MHz band and the 698-746 MHz band, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) within the licensed band(s) of operation, measured in watts, by at least 43 + 10 log (P) dB. Compliance with this provision is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kilohertz or greater. However, in the 100 kilohertz bands immediately outside and adjacent to a licensee's frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least 30 kHz may be employed.

The licensed band of operation was considered to be a single 5 MHz channel for the 5 MHz operation.

Some emissions > 1 MHz from bandedge were measured using the spectrum analyser adjacent channel power function that integrated power from a lower resolution bandwidth into the 1 MHz required by the rule part.

#### 10.2 Test results for 698-746 MHz band

Plots are included for all modes up to 3GHz.

No emissions above noise floor above 3 GHz for any frequency of operation Single channel measurements were > 20 dB below the limit Dual channel measurements were > 15 dB below the limit

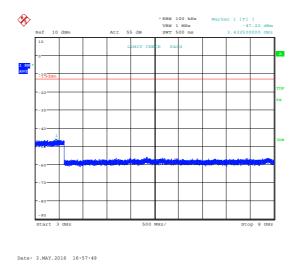


Figure 6: Example 3-8 GHz CSE (720.5 MHz) showing noise floor emissions

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## 10.2.1 Single frequency, inc. band edge

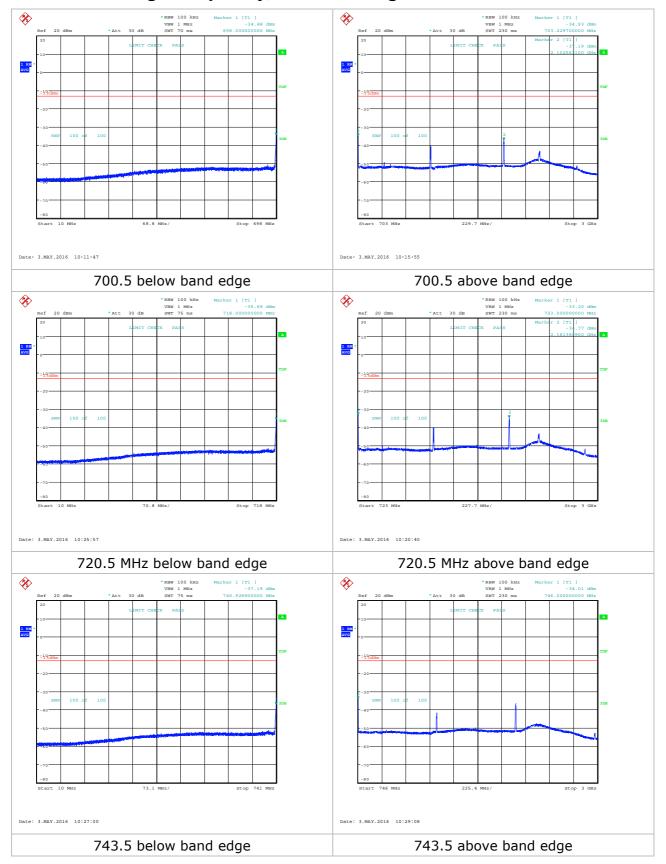


Figure 7: CSE except band edge for 698 - 746 MHz band

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### 10.2.2 Dual Channel: AWGN

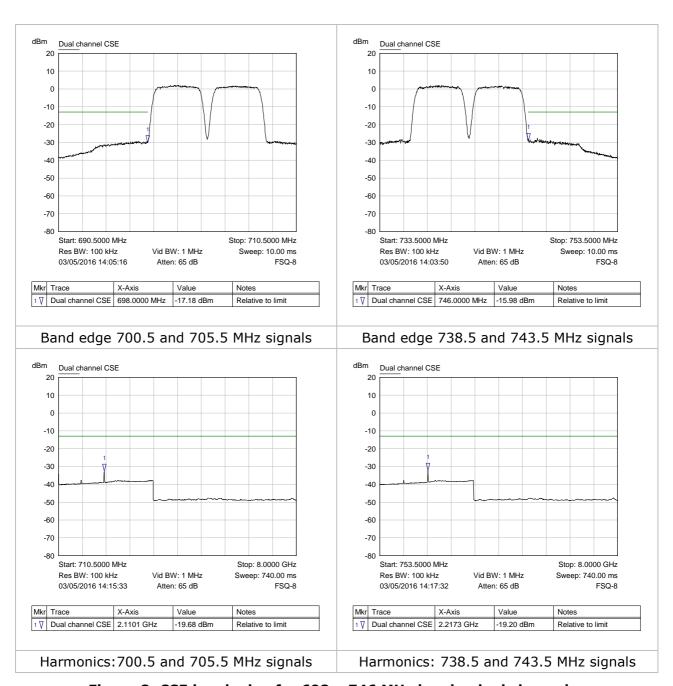


Figure 8: CSE band edge for 698 - 746 MHz band - dual channel

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### 10.3 Requirement and test method 746-758 MHz band

27.53

- (c) For operations in the 746-758 MHz band and the 776-788 MHz band, the power of any emission outside the licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) within the licensed band(s) of operation, measured in watts, in accordance with the following:
  - (1) On any frequency outside the 746-758 MHz band, the power of any emission shall be attenuated outside the band below the transmitter power (P) by at least 43 + 10 log (P) dB;
  - (3) On all frequencies between 763-775 MHz and 793-805 MHz, by a factor not less than 76 + 10 log (P) dB in a 6.25 kHz band segment, for base and fixed stations;
  - (5) Compliance with the provisions of paragraphs (c)(1) and (c)(2) of this section is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz or greater. However, in the 100 kHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least 30 kHz may be employed;
  - (6) Compliance with the provisions of paragraphs (c)(3) and (c)(4) of this section is based on the use of measurement instrumentation such that the reading taken with any resolution bandwidth setting should be adjusted to indicate spectral energy in a 6.25 kHz segment.
- (f) For operations in the 746-758 MHz, 775-788 MHz, and 805-806 MHz bands, emissions in the band 1559-1610 MHz shall be limited to -70 dBW/MHz equivalent isotropically radiated power (EIRP) for wideband signals, and -80 dBW EIRP for discrete emissions of less than 700 Hz bandwidth. For the purpose of equipment authorization, a transmitter shall be tested with an antenna that is representative of the type that will be used with the equipment in normal operation

(note: -70dBW EIRP equates to a limit of -78 dBW conduced for 8dBi antenna, which is -48dBm and -80dBW EIRP equates to a limit of -88 dBW conduced for 8dBi antenna, which is -58dBm for narrowband)

The licensed band of operation was considered to be a single 5 MHz channel for the 5 MHz operation.

#### 10.4 Test results for 746-758 MHz band

Plots are included for all modes up to 3GHz.

No emissions above noise floor above 3 GHz for any frequency of operation

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## 10.4.1 Single frequency, inc. band edge

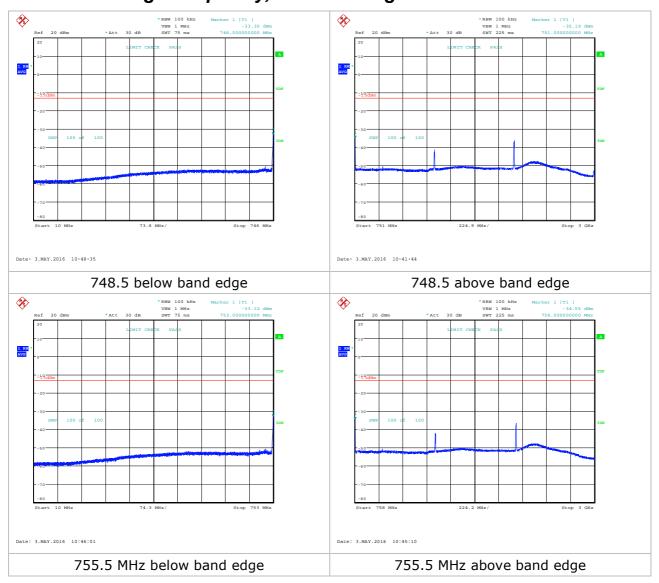


Figure 9: CSE inc band edge for 746 - 756 MHz band

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### 10.4.2 Emissions between 763-775 MHz and 793-805 MHz

On all frequencies between 763-775 MHz and 793-805 MHz, by a factor not less than  $76 + 10 \log (P)$  dB in a 6.25 kHz band segment, for base and fixed stations;

This equates to a limit of -46dBm

Note: 6.25kHz Narrowband emissions measured with a 10kHz RBW which was sufficient for showing compliance.

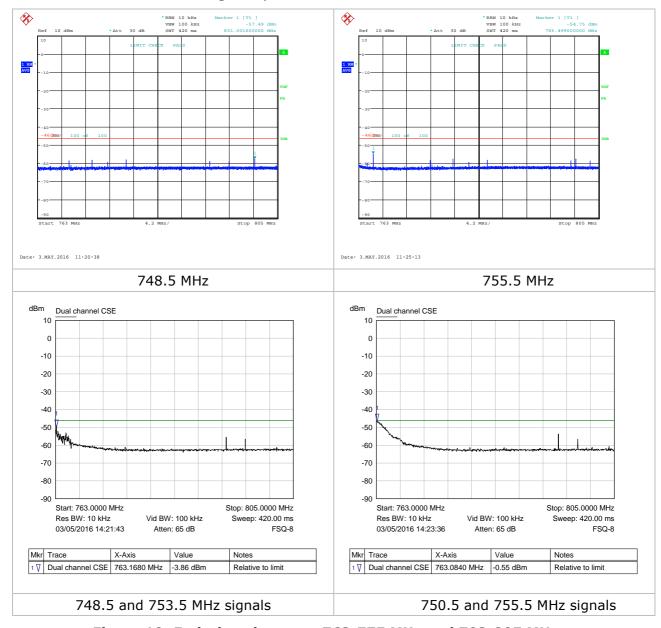


Figure 10: Emissions between 763-775 MHz and 793-805 MHz

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#### 10.4.3 Emissions in the band 1559-1610 MHz

(f) For operations in the 746-758 MHz, 775-788 MHz, and 805-806 MHz bands, emissions in the band 1559-1610 MHz shall be limited to -70 dBW/MHz equivalent isotropically radiated power (EIRP) for wideband signals, and -80 dBW EIRP for discrete emissions of less than 700 Hz bandwidth. For the purpose of equipment authorization, a transmitter shall be tested with an antenna that is representative of the type that will be used with the equipment in normal operation

Note: -70dBW EIRP equates to a limit of -78 dBW conduced for 8dBi antenna, which is -48dBm and -80dBW EIRP equates to a limit of -88 dBW conduced for 8dBi antenna, which is -58dBm for narrowband

Wideband emissions measured with a 1 MHz RBW, and narrowband emissions measured with a 10kHz RBW which was sufficient for showing compliance.

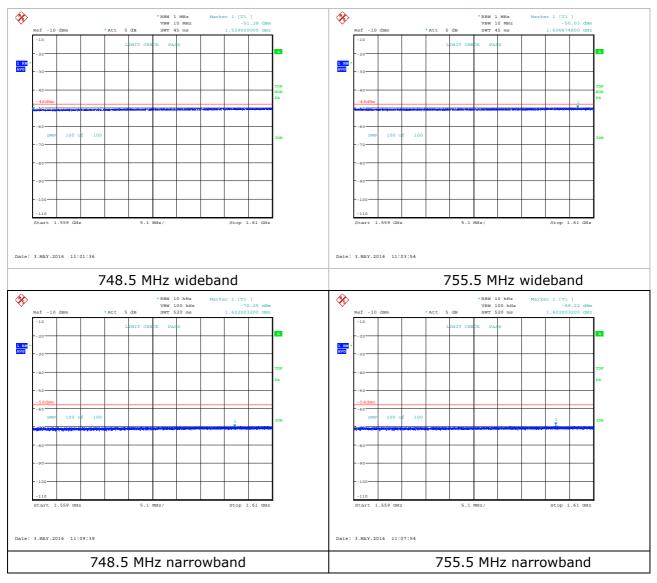


Figure 11: Emissions in the band 1559-1610 MHz

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#### 10.4.4 Dual Channel: AWGN

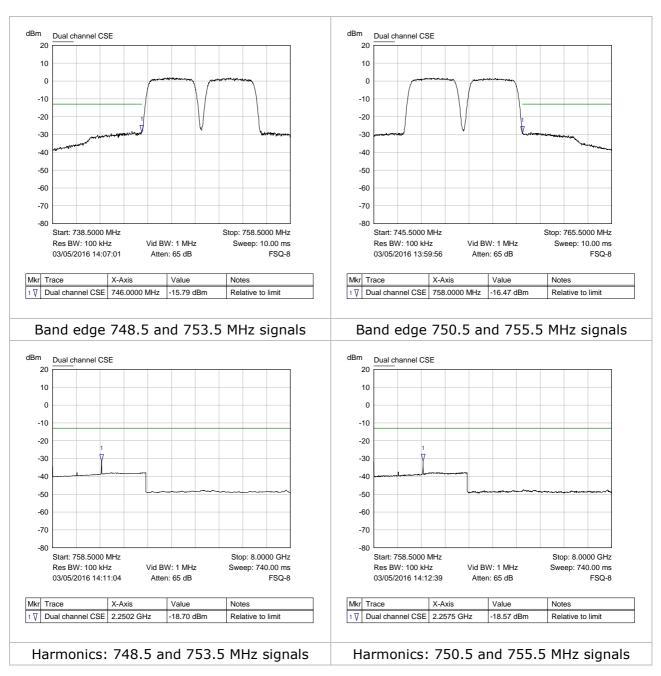


Figure 12: CSE band edge for 746-758 MHz band - dual channel

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### 11 Transmit Power: 2110-2155 MHz

#### 11.1 Test method

The equipment was configured as per figure 1 and the measurements were made in accordance with KDB 971168 D01 using an RMS detector and the Peak to Average ratio was measured using the CCDF function of the analyser.

#### 11.2 Test results

Frequency	TX power (dBm)	TX power EIRP (dBm)	TX power EIRP (W)	Limit EIRP (W)	0.1% PAR	Result
2112.5	21.45	29.45	0.88	1640.0	8.29 dB	Pass

#### **Table 5: Transmit power**

Peak to Average (PAR) ratio is related to the modulation waveform, and not the frequency of operation, so results presented for channel 1587 cover all frequencies in this band of operation



Figure 13: Peak to Average (PAR) plots for two supported modulations

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## 12 Occupied Bandwidth: 2110-2155 MHz

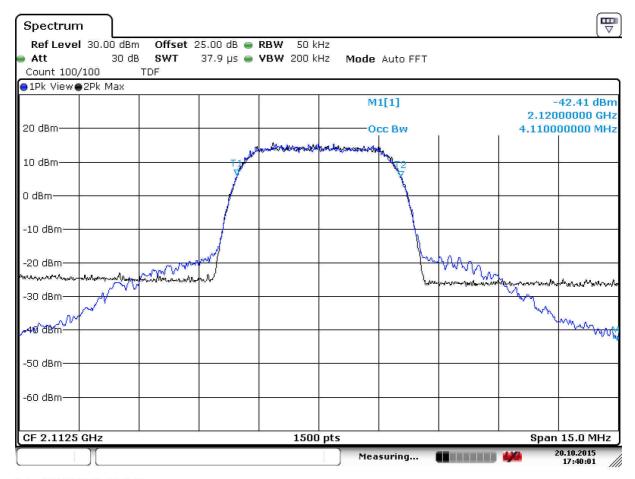
#### 12.1 Test method

KDB 935210 D05 section 3.4.

The occupied bandwidth was measured using the inbuilt function on the Signal Analyser set to measure the 99% emission bandwidth. Measurement was made using peak detector.

Black trace is the output of the EUT with occupied bandwidth value reported Blue trace is input to the EUT with Ref Level Offset adjusted by 25dB to overlap the plot

#### 12.2 Test results



Date: 20.OCT.2015 17:40:00

Figure 14: Input vs output plot

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## 13 CSE inc. Band Edge: 2110-2155 MHz

### 13.1 Requirement and test method

27.53(h) AWS emission limits—(1) General protection levels. Except as otherwise specified below, for operations in the 1695-1710 MHz, 1710-1755 MHz, 1755-1780 MHz, 1915-1920 MHz, 1995-2000 MHz, 2000-2020 MHz, 2110-2155 MHz, 2155-2180 MHz, and 2180-2200 bands, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency block shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least 43 + 10 log10 (P) dB.

- (3) Measurement procedure.
- (i) Compliance with this provision is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 megahertz or greater. However, in the 1 megahertz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the licensee's frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.
- (ii) When measuring the emission limits, the nominal carrier frequency shall be adjusted as close to the licensee's frequency block edges, both upper and lower, as the design permits.
- (iii) The measurements of emission power can be expressed in peak or average values, provided they are expressed in the same parameters as the transmitter power.

The licensed band of operation was considered to be a single 5 MHz channel for the 5 MHz operation.

Some emissions > 1 MHz from bandedge were measured using the spectrum analyser adjacent channel power function that integrated power from a lower resolution bandwidth into the 1 MHz required by the rule part.

#### 13.2 Test results

Single channel measurements were > 10 dB below the limit Dual channel measurements were > 6 dB below the limit

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### 13.2.1 Wideband single frequency

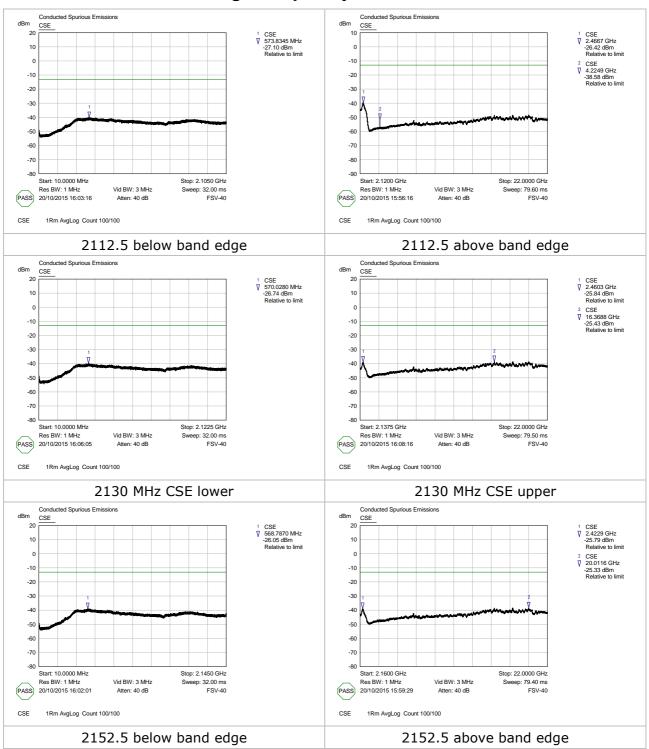


Figure 15: CSE except band edge 2110-2155 MHz Band

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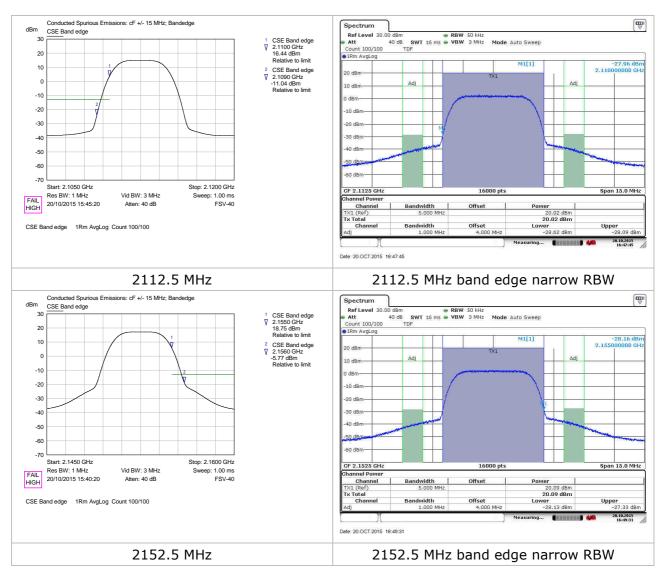


Figure 16: CSE and band edge 2110-2155 MHz Band

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### 13.2.2 Dual Channel: AWGN

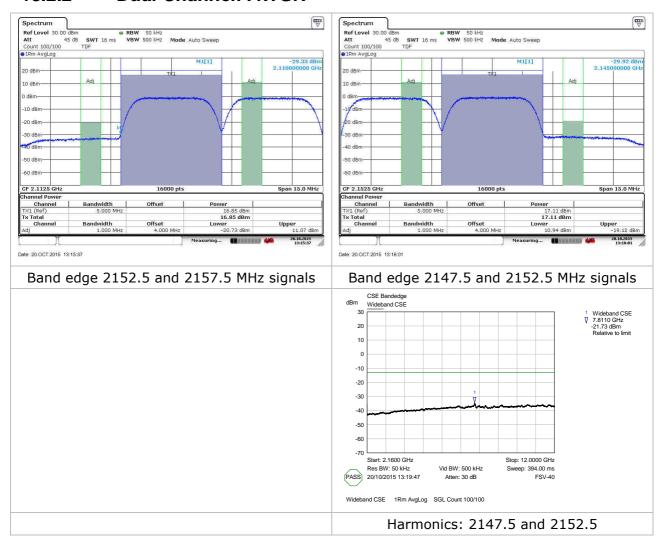


Figure 17: CSE and band edge 2110-2155 MHz Band dual channel

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# 14 Test equipment

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration
Signal Analyser	Rohde & Schwarz	FSV 40	Livingston Hire asset X479651	Code: 161467 Due 19 May 16
Signal Analyser	Rohde & Schwarz	FSQ8	100152	Ref: 1- 7510563598-1 Due 23 Dec 16
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SMBV100A	Microlease asset 45440	Ref: 45440 Due 19 Nov 15
Cable	Utiflex	BUA01G	FA210A0009M30309	ABEX UK. Ref: green bua01g Due 08 Oct 17
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SMJ100A	100156	
Signal Generator	Agilent	E4437B	US39260377	
Attenuator	Mini-circuits	VAT 10	3 0433	Varified as next
Cable (input)	Mini-circuits	CBL-1M- SMNM+	120274	Verified as part of system test
Cable (input)	Mini-circuits	CBL-1M- SMNM+	120295	
2-way splitter (input)	Mini-circuits	ZN2PD2-63- S+	UU21401232	

**Table 6: Test Equipment** 

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