SAR Analysis Report

(Based upon upper bound transmission duty factor)

E-Reader

Model No: D00111

FCC ID: UUU-L7E20070323

For

Payne LLC

The Neumours Bldg, Suite 1414

Wilmington, Delaware 19801

Rev. A

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1. Product Description

a. Radio Capabilities

i. Frequency Band: 824.4-848.8 and 1850.2 -1910.8 MHz

ii. Applicable FCC standards: Part 22/H and Part 24/E

iii. WWAN portion: CDMA 2000 / 1xEVDO Rev.0

b. External connector:

i. USB port

ii. Ear Phone port

Model D00111 is an e-Reader. The primary use of this device is to download the eBook and periodical offering from the content provider. Model D00111 does not support voice transmission. The wireless radios are only used to send and receive data (electronic article) for this eBook reader.

2. Network Connection on a typical eBook purchase RX-TX sequence via cellular network

a. Step #1 Initial wireless power-up and pairing request

When a customer switches on the eBook reader, a link of 1kB data size is sent to the content provider website via carrier towers in conjunction with proprietary "Data Network". This is also called a pairing request for connections, as defined in the "Data Network" terminology.

There is an uplink activity. Its uplink duration is 0.5 seconds. Entire process will take 30 seconds based upon the most conservative estimate (shortest).

- b. Step #2 Launch store application: this is download activity only. Application will be launched about 30 seconds based upon the most conservative estimate (shortest).
- c. Step #3 Search for content: Majority time spent in this process is during browsing the store content in making the decision on which category of electronic article and specific title to be purchased. The duration of event can be varied from one user to the other. The most conservative estimate is based upon the shortest browsing time of 40 seconds and entering multiple selections by the end user (transmitting) of 8 seconds.
- d. Step #4 Review search result: This is receiving activity only. Before making the final decision on download the electronic article, estimating the end user will take time in reviewing the content summary before making the purchasing decision. The most conservative estimate that the end user will take about 150 seconds in reviewing the search result.
- e. Step #5 New search and review result: To anticipate the end user will be making multiple selections (to purchase multiple books) at the same time but less time will be spent in browsing the contents and reviewing the selections. The most conservative duration is 90 seconds with less selections entered by the end user of 7 seconds.(transmitting).

f. Step #6 Over-the-air book purchase request

The customer then browses the eBook reader and sends a purchase request to the content provider website through via the carrier tower through Data network. The data size of this request is approximately 1kB. The data contains the customer's credit card information and the book information.

There is an uplink activity. The uplink duration is 0.5 second. The duration of time for the end user in entering the credit card information is estimating of 30 seconds (shortest).

g. Step #7 Over-the-air book purchase confirmation including download information exchange

The content provider sends a purchase confirmation to the eBook reader. The data size of this confirmation is approximately 1kB. The purchase confirmation #, the credit card authorization/receipt, and the delivery confirmation are contained this purchase confirmation. This confirmation is preceded by the wireless delivery of the ordered item to the eBook reader.

There is an uplink activity. The uplink duration is 0.5 seconds and the duration of time takes about 20 seconds.

h. Step #8 Over-the-air book delivery

The content provider sends the ordered book to the requesting device through carrier network via "Data Network". The data size of this delivery is typically 500kB based on the book purchased.

In CDMA/1xRTT mode of operation, network supports bi-directional (up and downlink) peak data rates up to 153.6 kbps. The pilot signal is consistently transmitted during the download period. An average user data throughput of 80-100 kbps in commercial networks using a 1.25 MHz FDD channel. In calculating the download duration, 110kbps worst case download rate is used.. The downlink duration varies based on the book size.

In 1xEVDO mode of operation, network supports a peak data rate of up to 2.4 Mbps in the forward link (downlink) and 153 kbps in the reverse link(uplink) within a single 1.25 MHz FDD channel. In commercial networks, Rel. 0 delivers an average data throughput of 300-700 kbps in the forward link (downlink) and 70-90 kbps in the reverse link (uplink). In calculating the download duration, 750kbps data rate is used.

i. For magazine or newspaper subscription delivery, it will consist of Steps 1 and 8 described above.

Proprietary Notes:

- "Data network" controls the signal transmission. The uplink duration will not be dictated by the carrier to which the eBook is connected.
- The "Data Network" is a proprietary "cloud "that handles all traffic between this eBook reader and the content provider who implemented "Data Network". It handles handshakes, authentication, purchase

transmission, book download. It also provides a books management system whereby a customer can keep their place or content across eBook hardware and other mobile device.

• The connection flow description above will not vary from one operator to another. In other words, the wireless operations are operator-independent.

3. Referenced FCC Guidance Documents

- a. "Information requirements for FCC consideration of relevant upper bound transmission duty factor to qualify e-book devices/e-reader for SAR test exclusions" Dated Jan 07, 2010 (KDB inquiry attachment)
- b. "RF Exposure procedure review : e-Reader estimating a conservative transmission duty factor"
 TCB council workshop presentation dated April 28, 2010
- c. "Greater than 10 MB using HSPA" Dated June 17, 2010 (KDB inquiry attachment)

4. Conservative Approach in Upper Bound Transmission Duty Factor

Our calculation of RF exposure for the purpose of SAR analysis is based on conservative product or network usage.

The frequency and duration of transmission time are based on nominal use, and the transmission time reported in this SAR analysis test exclusion request is done in seconds.

In addition, eBook reader uses the following techniques for conservative approach in assessing RF exposure impact –

- 1) Our WWAN modem is automatically powered down via power management inside the device when the WWAN modem is not in use.
- 2) The 300 kbps worst-case data rate (in 1xeVDO mode) and 100kbps worst-case data rate (in 1xRTT mode) used in our calculation is significantly less than what can be measured in real-time data rates.
- 3) For newspaper and magazine delivery, content provider will deliver of subscriptions in the early morning when users will be less likely to be holding the device.

5. Available Content for E-Reader Downloads

Table 1						
Publication Category	% of total download					
Books	30					
Newspapers	30					
Magazines	20					
Internet Content	20					

Table 1 presents the data of content distribution in each of category based upon data gathered with expected future content distributions in the most conservative way to ensure continued compliance.

6. File Size Distribution for Each Content Type

Table 2 / Monthly Download Metric									
Α	В	С	D	E					
File Size (Mbyte)	Books % Distribution	Newspapers % Distribution	Magazine % Distribution	Internet Content % Distribution					
< 0.5MB 0.5 - 1	50 15	35 35	95	30					
1-5	25	35	1	20					
5 - 10	6	4	1	4					
10 - 20	1	1	1	1					
20 - 30	1	0	0	0					
30 - 40	1	0	0	0					
40 - 50	1	0	0	0					
Note1:	Max 50MB								

Table 2 presents download metrics based upon available store content download file size in each category and future expectation provided by the content store for the device.

7. Downlink and Uplink Data Rates

	Average Downlink		Average Uplink		Worst Case
Protocol	Low	Max	Low	Max	Download Data rate
1xRTT	80 kbps	100 kbps			100 kbps
EVDO	300 kbps	700 kbps	80 kbps	100 kbps	300 kbps

Model D00111 is primarily a downlink focused device- the only uplink information in 1xRTT will be pilot signal for equalization, reference and control purpose during network connections. Since pilot is not used for UL acknowledgement, Pilot transmission is not considered in 1xRTT.

8. Rationale in calculating Upper Bound Transmission Duty Factor

- a. Step 1: Define the percentage of distribution based upon category defined.
 - Table 1: Based upon the category defined in content download store and data center database structure. Four content categories have been defined as eBook, Newspaper, Magazine and internet content.
- b. Step 2: Grouping the file size and provide the percentage for each group of file size in each category. For file size larger than 10 MB, the increment of grouping should not be less than 5 MB or greater than 20 MB (June 17, 2000 FCC guidance).
 - i. Table 2: The max. file size is 50 MB,
- c. Step 3: Define what air-data rate to be used based upon wireless technology
 - i. Table 3: EVDO=300kpbs; 1xRTT=100kbps
- d. Step 4: Category type download duration for each file size grouping for each mode of operation
 - i. EVDO Analysis
 - 1. Weighted Composite Download Time for each Category and total for all file sizes and category. (Table 4 and 5)
 - 2. Adjusted for large file size download (Table 6,7, and 8)
 - 3. Event Process Durations and UBTDF percentage (Table 9)
 - ii. 1xRTT Analysis
 - 1. Event Process Durations based upon fastest download time and UBTDF percentage (Table 10)
- e. Step 5: Based upon RF conducted output power and calculate the low power threshold (60/f(GHz)). f (GHz) is the center channel frequency in GHz for each frequency band.
- f. Step 6: Evaluate adjusted RF conducted output with UBTDF Vs low power threshold.

9. 1xEVDO Analysis

				e 4					
		Download	Size Distribu	tion before a	djusting for la	rge downloa	ad > 10 MB		
Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J
File Size (Mbyte) (from Table	Download	Books %	Weighted Ebook Download	Newspaper %	Weighted Newspaper Download	Magazine %	Weighted Magazine Download	Internet content %	Weighted Internet Content Download
2)	Duration (s) 13.65	Distribution 50	Duration (s) 6.83	Distribution 35	Duration (s) 4.78	Distribution 95	Duration (s) 12.97	Distribution 45	Duration (s) 6.14
< 0.5MB									
0.5 - 1	27.31	15	4.1	35	9.56	2	0.55	30	8.19
1 - 5	136.53	25	34.13	35	47.79	1	1.37	20	27.31
5 - 10	273.07	6	16.38	4	10.92	1	2.73	4	10.92
10 - 20	546.13	1	5.46	1	5.46	1	5.46	1	5.46
20 - 30	819.2	1	8.19	0	0	0	0	0	0
30 -40	1092.27	1	10.92	0	0	0	0	0	0
40 -50	1365.33	1	13.65	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total weighte	d composite dov gory=	wnload Time	99.66		78.51		23.08		58.02
Note1:	EVDO Maret es	se data rate of 3	200 Kl			-		-	

Note1: EVDO Worst case data rate of 300 Kbps

Note 2: All content size in store will not exceed 50 Mbytes

Download Duration = Size(in Mbyte)*1024 (Kbyte/Mbyte) * 8 (Bit/Byte)/300 Kbps

Calculation (for example: Column A: file size less than 0.5 MB):

- 1. Column B:((the upper file size in Mbye in column A) *1024 (kbyte/Mbyte)* 8(bit/byte))/750 kbps
 - a. 0.5MB*1024*8/300=13.65 seconds. calculate the download time needed based upon 0.5 MB file size with 300 kbps data rate.
- 2. Column C/ eBook: Percentage of distribution for each category for data size < 0.5 MB as indicated in table 2 / column B = 50%
- 3. Column D/ Weighted eBook download percentage: (column B * column C)
 - a. 13.65 seconds * 50%= 6.83 seconds
- 4. Column E/ Newspaper: Percentage of distribution for each category for data size < 0.5 MB as indicated in table 2/column C=35%

- 5. Column F/ Weighted Newspaper download percentage: (column B*column E)
 - a. 13.65 seconds * 35%=4.78 seconds
- 6. Column G / Magazine : Percentage of distribution for each category for data size < 0.5 MB as indicated in table 2 / column D=95%
- 7. Column H / Weighted Magazine download percentage: (column B * column G)
 - a. 13.56 seconds * 95%=12.97 seconds
- 8. Column I / Internet content: Percentage of distribution for each category for data size < 0.5 MB as indicated in table 2 / column E: 45%
- 9. Column J / weighted Internet content download percentage: (column B*column I)
 - a. 13.56 seconds * 45%=6.14 seconds
- 10. Weighted total composite download time: sum (weighted download time for each category for all file size)
 - a. Weighted total (eBook / Column D) = 99.66 seconds.
 - b. Weighted total (newspaper/Column F)=78.51 seconds
 - c. Weighted total (Magazine/Column H)=23.08 seconds
 - d. Weighted total (Internet content / Column J)=58.02 seconds.

Table 5/	Table 5/ Content Category Distribution before adjusted for large file size (>10MB)									
Α	В	В С								
Content	Weighted Total time to download (s)/ From Table 4/column D/F/H/J	% of total download / from Table 1	Weighted composite Download time per category (s)							
Content	99.66	30	29.9							
EBook										
Newspapers	78.51	30	23.55							
Magazines	23.08	20	4.62							
Internet Content	58.02	20	11.6							
	Total Weighted Compo	site Download Time (s)	69.67							

Exposure concerns may arise for infrequent occurrences of continuous transmissions more than a few minutes; especially when user may not be aware of such circumstances with respect to wireless modes, data rates, expected transmission durations etc. To address such concerns, the frequency of occurrences for downloads larger than 10 MB should be limited.

The download time is computed according to the slowest download rate (300kbps for EVDO) and the upper range of each download file size. This transmission time is weighted by the frequency of occurrences for the download size and content category. For each download size range, the combined frequency of occurrences for all contend categories for download sizes larger than 10 MB should be limited. The percentage of occurrences for download size is multiplied by the percentage of occurrences for the corresponding content category in each download size range and summed across all contend categories for the download size range. The aggregate percentage across all content categories for each download size range should be less the maximum percentage computed by the equation below. The weighted download duration is also adjusted according to the ratio of the actual download size (MB range) to a 10 MB download to qualify for SAR exclusion.

The maximum percentages calculated using the above equations for selected MB $_{range}$ are listed below. A download size step range of 10 MB is typically appropriate; however, it should not be less than 5 MB or larger than 20 MB. For conservativeness, only the high end of each range (MB $_{range}$) should be used in the calculations.

Table 6 (Max. Allowed % for large file size Vs Sum of actual download % for each category)									
Α	В	С	D						
MB (range)	Un-weighted time (second)	Actual %	Max. Allowed (%)						
	546.13		0.92						
20		1							
	819.20		0.41						
30		0.3							
	1092.27		0.23						
40		0.3							
	1365.33		0.15						
50		0.3							

The sum of actual percentage for each download size range should be less than the max. allowed percentage shown in above to qualify for SAR exclusion.

Conclusion: The actual % for above 10 MB is greater than the max. allowed percentage, SAR exclusion cannot be qualified.

Column B / un-weighted time= (MB (range) * 1024 *8) / 300 kbps.

Column C / Actual %:

For example:

Step 1: Column A: for file size in the range of 10 – 20 MB size, use upper file size which is 20 MB

Step 2: As indicated in table 2, 1% of eBook download is for file size in 10 -20 MB range. As indicated in table 1, eBook content distribution percentage is 30%.

Step 3: Combined %=download % *content %; = 0.01 x 0.3= 0.003=0.3%

Step 4 : repeat the same steps as indicated above to calculate combined % for newspaper/magazine and internet content.

Step 5: Sum the combined % for all category for specific file range.

Column C = 0.3/ebook+0.3/newspaper+0.2/magazine+0.2/internet content= 1%

	Table 7											
	Adjusted for large download											
Α	A B C D E F G H I J											
									Weighted			
	downloa		Weighted		Weighted		Weighted		Internet			
	d	Books %	EBook	Newspaper	Newspaper		Magazine	Internet	Content			
File Size	Duration	Distributio	Download	%	Download	Magazine %	Download	Content %	Download			
(Mbyte)	(s)	n	Duration (s)	Distribution	Duration (s)	Distribution	Duration (s)	Distribution	Duration (s)			
	13.65	50	6.83	35	4.78	95	12.97	45	6.14			
< 0.5MB												
	27.31	15	4.1	35	9.56	2	0.55	30	8.19			
0.5 - 1												
	136.53	25	34.13	35	47.79	1	1.37	20	27.31			
1 - 5												
	273.07	6	16.38	4	10.92	1	2.73	4	10.92			
5 - 10												

For download sizes > 10 MB:

Combined download size and content category distributions are indicated in (); where combined %=download % *content %;

for example, 0.01 * 0.3 = 0.003 = 0.3%. The sum of these for each download size range should be less than the max. allowed percentage shown in Table 6 to qualify for SAR exclusion.

The weighted duration is adjusted by the ratio of download size and 10 MB; unadjusted values are shown in ().

The weighted duration is adjusted by the ratio of download size and 10 Mib, anadjusted values are shown in ().									
	546.13	1	5.46	1	5.46	1	5.46	1	5.46
10 – 20		(0.3%)	10.92	(0.3%)	10.92	(0.2%)	10.92	(0.2%)	10.92
	819.2	1	8.19	0	0	0	0	0	0
20 – 30		(0.3%)	24.57						
	1092.27	1	10.92	0	0	0	0	0	0
30 -40		(0.3%)	43.68						
	1365.33	1	13.65	0	0	0	0	0	0
40 -50		(0.3%)	68.25						
			208.86		83.97		28.54		63.48

Table 8 / C	Table 8 / Content Category Distribution adjusted for large download sizes > 10 MB									
Α	В	С	D							
			Weighted composite							
	Weighted Total time to		Download time per							
Content	download (s)	% of total download	category (s)							
	208.86	30	62.66							
EBook										
	83.97	30	25.19							
Newspaper										
	28.54	20	5.71							
Magazines										
	63.48	20	12.7							
Internet Content										
	Weighted Composi	te Download Time (s)	106.26							

Table 9 / Upper bound transmission duty factor based upon weighted composite download								
Α	В	С	D					
				Duration	Tx Duration			
Step time line	Descriptio	n		(s)	(s)			
1	Initial wireless power up & Regis	ter to the n	etwork	30	10			
2	Launch Store Application			30	0			
3	Search for content			40	8			
4	Review search result			150	0			
5	New search and review result			90	7			
6	Over-the-air purchase request			30	0.5			
	Over-the-air purchase confirmati	ion includin	g download					
7	information exchange			20	3			
8(T1)	Download content			106.26	106.26			
8(T2)	Time between Content and index	x download	(Note1)	90	0			
8(T3)	Index download			30.57	26.57			
	Wait to Deactivate PDP(570 seco	onds, not us	se in the					
8(T4)	calculation)			0	0			
8(T5)	PDP Deactivate	P Deactivate			1			
			Total	617.83	162.33			
	Co	mposite Du	uty Factor %		26.27			

Note1: This time is fixed in the software design.

DESCRIPTIONS

Power up & Register to the network: a link of 1kB data size is sent to the content provider via cellular network provider in conjunction with content provider's proprietary "Data Network" with carrier. The content provider sends an authentication confirmation of approximately 1kb data size to the requesting device through proprietary "Data Network" to acknowledge its presence and confirm its readiness for any new request.

DEFINITIONS (Refer to Figure 1)

Authentication: Verification at the "Data Network" about the authenticity of the user who is intending to make a transaction

Book Download: The process of "Data Network" sending book to the device – This may or may not include authentication depending on whether the user was already authenticated. The plot shows the case where the authentication was included

Full Transaction Cycle: From the moment the user initiates a book download to the time when the PDP context is deactivated. (see below for definition of PDP context deactivation)

Go Dormant: A colloquial term which translates, in 3GPP terms, to "Device goes from RRC connected state to RRC Idle state". In RRC connected state, the device is allowed to transmit. In RRC Idle state, the device can not transmit without going through the 3GPP defined access procedure

Index Download: The process of "Data Network" sending "key" words to the device. The index helps the user search the book for specific words. This is optional and not always done.

PDP Context: a 3GPP term (Packet Data Protocol Context), where the core network provides access to external IP network by providing an address to the device. In the case of E-Reader, PDP context provides a means (via an IP address) for the "Data Network" to send data to device. Please note: Active PDP context does not imply a constant transmission from the device.

PDP **Context Activation**: When the data pipe from device to the "Data Network" exists and hence the "Data Network" can send data to the device

PDP **Context deactivation**: The "Data Network" can NOT send any user data (such as books, blogs, newspaper) to the device

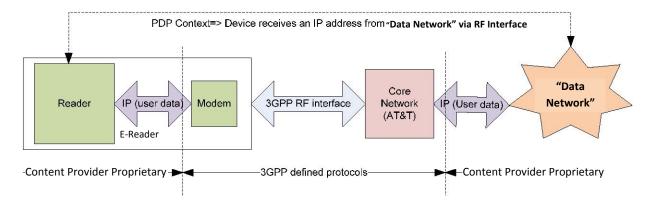


Figure 1 End to End Protocol view

CLARIFICATIONS FOR STEP 8 OF TABLE 9

Case 1: Single Book Download

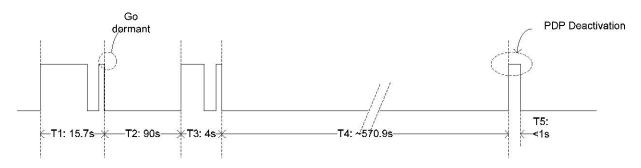


Figure 2 Spectrum Analyzer Plot for Case 1

Figure 2 represents the spectrum analyzer plot. It is represented here as a line plot so that it can be annotated and described. Figure 2 shows four time intervals T1, T2, T3 and T4. Each of them is defined and described below.

T1: This is the time for book download. The book download finishes and the device goes dormant. The time shown in the figure is the time it had taken, on live network, to download a book of size 1MByte at a rate of 512Kbps. This time will depend on the size of the book and the data rate. In the calculation of T1 time, 750kbps data rate was used for each of file size including 4 seconds idle period.

T2: This is a fixed time designed into the software (proprietary). This time does not depend on the size of the book or the data rate offered by the network.

T3: This is the time to download the index. This is always done once after the book is downloaded. The duration depends on the size of the index and the data rate. Here the data rate is still 750Kbps. The size of the index is dependent on the book size. In the calculation, estimate ¼ of T1 time is needed including 4 seconds idle period.

T4: This is the idle time that determines when the PDP context is deactivated. The minimum idle time is 570s before the PDP is activated as per the proprietary software design. This is noted in the figure and this happens

when the user downloads the book and does not touch any keys on the reader for about 910 min. If the user is reading a book in this time by turning pages, the PDP context stays activated (without any Transmission from the device) and the time T4 increases. This time does not depend on the book size but only on the user activity. The user can, for example, initiate a second book download in this period. Please refer to Use case 2. In order to present the most conservative approach in assessing the transmitting-on time Vs the duration of transaction, T4 time is not counted in the calculating the duty cycle.

T5: This is the PDP deactivation as defined in 3GPP. The Transmission time is <1s in this period and is not dependent on book size.

Case 2: User chooses to buy another book during the idle time T4

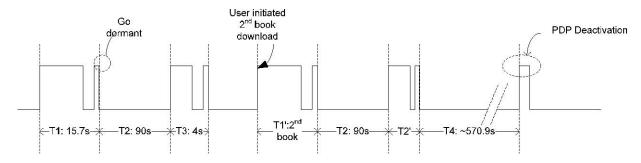


Figure 3 Spectrum Analyzer Plot for Case 2

In this case the user initiated a 2nd transaction to download another 1MByte book. The time periods, T1' and T2' will be same (assuming same network load) as T1 and T2 respectively to download the 2nd book and its index respectively.

Case 3: User chooses to download 2 books bundled together

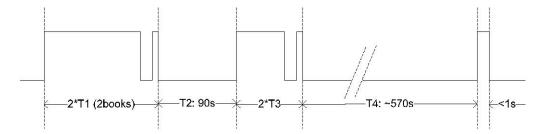


Figure 4 Spectrum Analyzer Plot for Case 3

In this case, the Book1 and book2 are downloaded together. After time period T2 (min 90s), the indices for book 1 and book2 are downloaded. The figure assumes no user activity during the idle period T4.

10. 1xRTT Analysis

In the 1xRTT mode of operation, there is little uplink activities during the file download. The pilot signal is primary used for equalization, reference and control purpose. In the 1xRTT mode of operation, it is not required to send UL acknowledgement during download. As provided in table 3, the worst case download data rate used is 100 kbps.

1XRTT analysis is based on the longest uplink transmission and shortest downlink transmission. As indicated in table 2 (data size distribution), using 0.5 MB file size with highest download data rate will maximize UBTDF when the download duration is minimized.

Download Duration = 0.5 Mbyte)*1024 (Kbyte/Mbyte) * 8 (Bit/Byte)/100 Kbps=40.96 seconds

Table 10/ Upper bound transmission duty factor based upon weighted composite download								
Α	В	С	D					
			Event	Tx Duration				
Step Timeline	Description		Duration (s)	(s)				
1	Initial wireless power up & Register to the net	twork	30	0.5				
2	Launch Store Application		30	0				
3	Search for content		40	8				
4	Review search result		150	0				
5	New search and review result		90	7				
6	Over-the-air purchase request		30	0.5				
	Over-the-air purchase confirmation including	download						
7	information exchange		20	3				
8(T1)	Download content		40.96	0				
8(T2)	Time between Content and index download (Note1)	90	0				
8(T3)	Index download		10.24	0				
8(T4)	Wait to Deactivate PDP (570 seconds, not use calculation)	Wait to Deactivate PDP (570 seconds, not use in the						
8(T5)	PDP Deactivate	1	0					
		_	20					
Note 1: Fixed tir	Note 1: Fixed time- proprietary software Total 502.2							
	Composite D	Outy Factor %		3.98				

11. RF Conducted Power Measurement

Test Mode	Test Status	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Conducted Power (Watts)
CDMA 1xRTT	FCH_RC1	1013	824.70 (Low)	25.71	0.37
		384	836.52 (Mid)	25.80	0.38
		777	848.31 (High)	25.50	0.35
	FCH_RC3	1013	824.70 (Low)	25.76	0.38
		384	836.52 (Mid)	25.89	0.39
		777	848.31 (High)	25.56	0.36
	FCH+SCH_RC3	1013	824.70 (Low)	25.76	0.38
		384	836.52 (Mid)	25.91	0.39
		777	848.31 (High)	25.56	0.36
		25	1851.25 (Low)	25.81	0.38
	FCH_RC1	600	1880.00 (Mid)	25.69	0.37
CDMA 1xRTT		1177	1908.75 (High)	25.78	0.38
	FCH_RC3	25	1851.25 (Low)	25.85	0.38
		600	1880.00 (Mid)	25.62	0.36
		1177	1908.75 (High)	25.74	0.37
	FCH+SCH_RC1	25	1851.25 (Low)	25.70	0.37
		600	1880.00 (Mid)	25.75	0.38
		1177	1908.75 (High)	25.81	0.38

Band	CDMA2000 BC0		CDMA2000 BC1			
Channel	1013	384	777	25	600	1175
Frequency (MHz)	824.70	836.52	848.31	1851.25	1880.00	1908.75
1xEVDO RTAP 153.6	24.18	24.25	24.38	24.69	23.98	24.12
1xEVDO RETAP 4096	24.12	24.22	24.33	24.66	23.94	24.15

12. SAR Analysis

a. RF Exposure Low Power Threshold (60/f(GHz))

Frequency Band	60/f(GHz) f(GHz)= middle frequency in GHz	Low Power Threshold
Cellular / Part 22H	60/0.836	71.77 mW
PCS / Part 24E	60/1.88	31.91 mW

b. 1xEVDO Analysis

1xEVDO Upper Bound Transmission Duty Factor =26.27% = -5.8 dB				
Frequency Band	UBTDF Power	Adjusted Power		
Cellular / Part 22H	24.38dBm – 5.8 dB = 18.58 dBm	72.11 mW		
PCS / Part 24E	24.69dBm – 5.8 dB = 18.89 dBm	77.45 mW		
Conclusion	Adjusted Power is above RF Exposure Low Power Threshold. SAR evaluation is required.			

c. 1xRTT Analysis

1xRTT Upper Bound Transmission Duty Factor =3.98% = -14.00 dB			
		Adjusted	
Frequency Band	UBTDF Power	Power	
Cellular / Part 22H	25.91dBm – 14.00 dB = 11.91 dBm	15.52 mW	
PCS / Part 24E	25.85dBm – 14.00 dB = 11.85 dBm	15.31 mW	
Conclusion	Conclusion Adjusted Power is below RF Exposure Low Power Threshold		

13. Conclusion

In conclusion, as indicated in table 6 and section 12 (b), eBook reader is above max. allowed percentage for data size greater than 10 MB and the adjusted output power based upon UBTDF correction is above low power threshold, SAR evaluation is required.

The highest measured body SAR with direct contact to the phantom is the following:

Frequency Band	Measured SAR -1g	UBTDF	Adjusted SAR values
Cellular Band	0.158 W/kg	26.27%	0.04 W/kg
PCS Band	3.7 W/kg	26.27%	0.97 W/kg