



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

Sporton (Auden)

Certificate No: CD835V3-1045 Sep17

## **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object

CD835V3 - SN: 1045

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-20.v6

Calibration procedure for dipoles in air

Calibration date:

September 27, 2017

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522)	Apr-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521)	Apr-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02522)	Apr-18
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528)	Apr-18
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02529)	Apr-18
Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2336	30-Dec-16 (No. ER3-2336_Dec16)	Dec-17
Probe H3DV6	SN: 6065	30-Dec-16 (No. H3-6065_Dec16)	Dec-17
DAE4	SN: 781	13-Jul-17 (No. DAE4-781_Jul17)	Jul-18
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Oct-17
Power sensor HP E4412A	SN: US38485102	05-Jan-10 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Oct-17
Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Oct-17
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 832283/011	27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-17
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-17
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	+- C-
Approved by:	Jeton Kastrati	Technical Manager	10 MC

Issued: September 28, 2017

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Certificate No: CD835V3-1045\_Sep17

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#### References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2011
American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications
Devices and Hearing Aids.

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All
  figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector
  is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a
  directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network
  Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was
  eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any
  obstacles.
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: CD835V3-1045\_Sep17

#### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.0
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

#### Maximum Field values at 835 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	107.9 V/m = 40.66 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	105.8 V/m = 40.49 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	106.8 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

#### **Antenna Parameters**

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
800 MHz	16.5 dB	41.7 Ω - 11.1 jΩ
835 MHz	32.7 dB	$49.0 \Omega + 2.0 jΩ$
900 MHz	18.8 dB	48.2 Ω - 11.2 jΩ
950 MHz	17.6 dB	53,4 Ω + 13,3 jΩ
960 MHz	12.8 dB	66,8 Ω + 21,4 jΩ

#### 3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

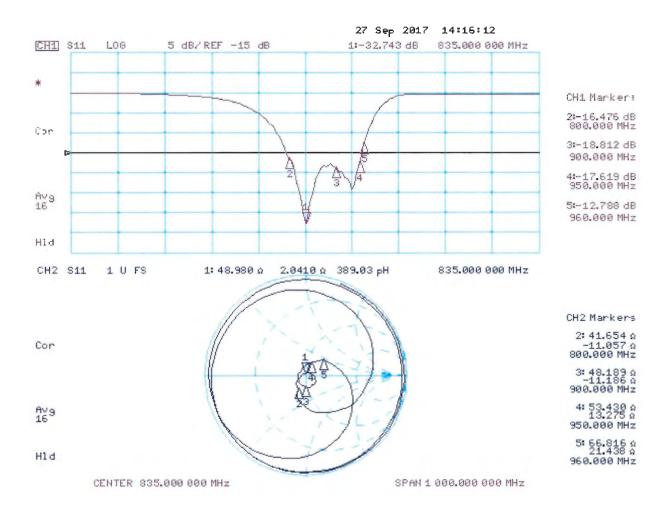
The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

## **Impedance Measurement Plot**



#### **DASY5 E-field Result**

Date: 27.09.2017

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

## DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: CD835V3 - SN: 1045

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 835 MHz Medium parameters used:  $\sigma$  = 0 S/m,  $\epsilon_r$  = 1;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 30.12.2016;

Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 13.07.2017

Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

## Dipole E-Field measurement @ 835MHz/E-Scan - 835MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 109.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 40.66 dBV/m

Emission category: M3

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M3	Grid 2 M3	Grid 3 M3
40.28 dBV/m	40.49 dBV/m	40.42 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
35.86 dBV/m	36.03 dBV/m	35.91 dBV/m
Grid 7 M3	Grid 8 M3	Grid 9 M3
40.48 dBV/m	40.66 dBV/m	40.59 dBV/m



0 dB = 107.9 V/m = 40.66 dBV/m





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Client

Sporton (Auden)

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1038 Sep17

# **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object

CD1880V3 - SN: 1038

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-20.v6

Calibration procedure for dipoles in air

Calibration date:

September 27, 2017

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522)	Apr-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521)	Apr-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02522)	Apr-18
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528)	Apr-18
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02529)	Apr-18
Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2336	30-Dec-16 (No. ER3-2336_Dec16)	Dec-17
Probe H3DV6	SN: 6065	30-Dec-16 (No. H3-6065_Dec16)	Dec-17
DAE4	SN: 781	13-Jul-17 (No. DAE4-781_Jul17)	Jul-18
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Oct-17
Power sensor HP E4412A	SN: US38485102	05-Jan-10 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Oct-17
Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Oct-17
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 832283/011	27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-17
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-17
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	1=0-
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	Must.

Issued: September 28, 2017

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#### References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2011
American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications
Devices and Hearing Aids.

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna
  (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes.
  In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a
  distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All
  figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector
  is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a
  directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

## **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.0
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	1730 MHz ± 1 MHz 1880 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

## Maximum Field values at 1730 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	96,3 V/m = 39.67 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	95.6 V/m = 39.61 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	96.0 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

## Maximum Field values at 1880 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	91.8 V/m = 39.26 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	88.2 V/m = 38.91 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	90.0 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1038\_Sep17

# Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

#### **Antenna Parameters**

#### **Nominal Frequencies**

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
1730 MHz	21.9 dB	$56.0 \Omega + 6.1 j\Omega$
1880 MHz	22.0 dB	$58.2 \Omega + 2.5 j\Omega$
1900 MHz	22.2 dB	58.4 Ω - 0.4 jΩ
1950 MHz	26.9 dB	50.8 Ω - 4.5 jΩ
2000 MHz	20.5 dB	43.5 Ω + 6.0 jΩ

## 3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

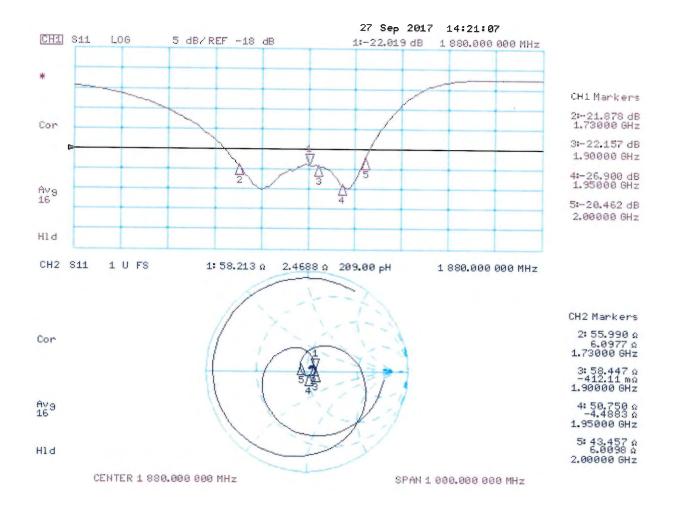
The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1038\_Sep17

## **Impedance Measurement Plot**



#### **DASY5 E-field Result**

Date: 27.09.2017

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

## DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: CD1880V3 - SN: 1038

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 1880 MHz Medium parameters used:  $\sigma$  = 0 S/m,  $\epsilon_r$  = 1;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 30.12.2016;

Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 13.07.2017

Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

## Reference Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/E-Scan - 1880MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test

(41x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 158.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 39.26 dBV/m

Emission category: M2

#### MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M2 39.02 dBV/m	
Grid 4 M2 36.98 dBV/m	
Grid 7 M2 38.73 dBV/m	

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# Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/E-Scan - 1730MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 170.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

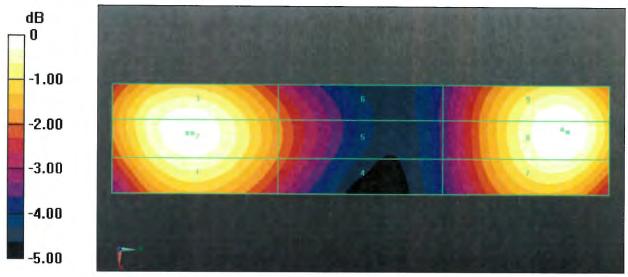
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 39.67 dBV/m

Emission category: M2

## MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M2 39.45 dBV/m		
Grid 4 M2 37.65 dBV/m		
	Grid 8 M2 39.61 dBV/m	



0 dB = 91.84 V/m = 39.26 dBV/m





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Client

Sporton (Auden)

Certificate No: CD2450V3-1186\_Jan18

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

CD2450V3 - SN: 1186

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-20.v6

Calibration procedure for dipoles in air

Calibration date:

Primary Standards

January 09, 2018

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522)	Apr-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521)	Apr-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02522)	Apr-18
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528)	Apr-18
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02529)	Apr-18
Probe EF3DV3	SN: 4013	14-Jun-17 (No. EF3-4013_Jun17)	Jun-18
DAE4	SN: 781	13-Jul-17 (No. DAE4-781_Jul17)	Jul-18
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP E4412A	SN: US38485102	05-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 832283/011	27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-18
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Leif Klysner	Laboratory Technician	Seef Megan
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	SS RE

Cal Date (Certificate No.)

Issued: January 10, 2018

Scheduled Calibration

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#### References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2011
American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications
Devices and Hearing Aids.

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna
  (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes.
  In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a
  distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All
  figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector
  is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a
  directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

#### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.0
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	15.mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

## Maximum Field values at 2450 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum	
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	87.8 V/m = 38.86 dBV/m	
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	86.8 V/m = 38.77 dBV/m	
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	87.3 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)	

## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

#### Antenna Parameters

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
2250 MHz	16.3 dB	$65.7 \Omega + 8.2 j\Omega$
2350 MHz	26.1 dB	54.2 Ω - 3.0 jΩ
2450 MHz	31.6 dB	52.4 Ω - 1.3 jΩ
2550 MHz	39.2 dB	$50.9 \Omega + 0.7 j\Omega$
2650 MHz	16.6 dB	67.1 Ω - 3.0 jΩ

#### 3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

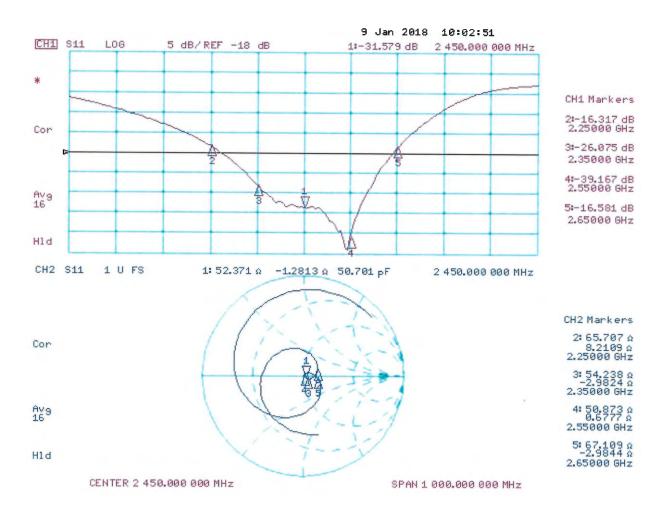
The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

## **Impedance Measurement Plot**



#### **DASY5 E-field Result**

Date: 09.01.2018

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

## DUT: HAC Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: CD2450V3; Serial: CD2450V3 - SN: 1186

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 2450 MHz Medium parameters used:  $\sigma=0$  S/m,  $\epsilon_r=1$  ;  $\rho=1000~kg/m^3$ 

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4013; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 14.06.2017;

Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 13.07.2017

Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

## Dipole E-Field measurement @ 2450MHz/E-Scan - 2450MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 77.23 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

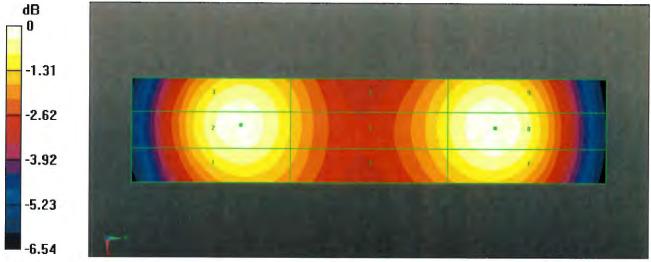
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 38.86 dBV/m

Emission category: M2

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M2	Grid 2 <b>M2</b>	Grid 3 M2
38.46 dBV/m	38.77 dBV/m	38.7 dBV/m
Grid 4 M2	Grid 5 M2	Grid 6 M2
37.75 dBV/m	37.94 dBV/m	37.87 dBV/m
Grid 7 <b>M2</b>	Grid 8 M2	Grid 9 <b>M2</b>
38.6 dBV/m	38.86 dBV/m	38.76 dBV/m



0 dB = 87.75 V/m = 38.86 dBV/m





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Client

Sporton-TW (Auden)

Certificate No: CD2600V3-1010\_Nov17

## **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object CD2600V3 - SN: 1010

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-20.v6

Calibration procedure for dipoles in air

Calibration date: November 22, 2017

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

**Primary Standards** 

Approved by:

ID#

		The state of the s	
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522)	Apr-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521)	Apr-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02522)	Apr-18
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528)	Apr-18
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02529)	Apr-18
Probe EF3DV3	SN: 4013	14-Jun-17 (No. EF3-4013_Jun17)	Jun-18
DAE4	SN: 781	13-Jul-17 (No. DAE4-781_Jul17)	Jul-18
Secondary Standards Power meter Agilent 4419B	ID # SN: GB42420191	Check Date (in house) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17)	Scheduled Check
	and the state of the state of		In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP E4412A	SN: US38485102	05-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 832283/011	27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-18
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Leif Klysner	Laboratory Technician	Seif Elgen
			6//

Technical Manager

Cal Date (Certificate No.)

Issued: November 23, 2017

Scheduled Calibration

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Katja Pokovic

Certificate No: CD2600V3-1010\_Nov17

Page 1 of 5

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#### References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2011
American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications
Devices and Hearing Aids.

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna
  (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes.
  In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a
  distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All
  figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector
  is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a
  directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: CD2600V3-1010\_Nov17 Page 2 of 5

#### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.0
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	2600 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	The second secon

#### Maximum Field values at 2600 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	85.8 V/m = 38.67 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	84.9 V/m = 38.58 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	85.4 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

#### **Antenna Parameters**

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
2450 MHz	23,6 dB	44.6 Ω - 3.3 jΩ
2550 MHz	29.4 dB	$52.0 \Omega + 2.8 j\Omega$
2600 MHz	26.8 dB	54.7 Ω - 0.7 jΩ
2650 MHz	25.3 dB	53.5 Ω - 4.4 jΩ
2750 MHz	19.4 dB	45.4 Ω - 9.2 jΩ

#### 3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

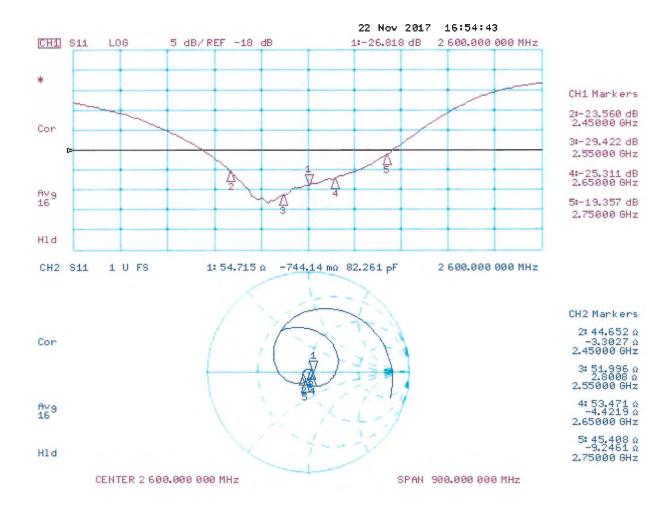
The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

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After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

## **Impedance Measurement Piot**



#### **DASY5 E-field Result**

Date: 21.11.2017

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

### DUT: HAC Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: CD2600V3; Serial: CD2600V3 - SN: 1010

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 2600 MHz Medium parameters used:  $\sigma$  = 0 S/m,  $\epsilon_r$  = 1;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4013; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 14.06.2017;

Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 13.07.2017

Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

# Dipole E-Field measurement @ 2600MHz - with EF\_4013/E-Scan - 2600MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 64.99 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

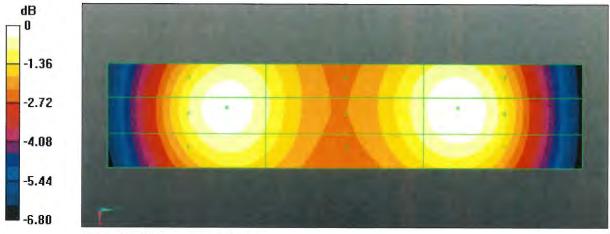
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 38.67 dBV/m

**Emission category: M2** 

#### MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M2	Grid 2 <b>M2</b>	Grid 3 <b>M2</b>
38.26 dBV/m	38.58 dBV/m	38.53 dBV/m
Grid 4 M2	Grid 5 M2	Grid 6 M2
37.93 dBV/m	38.15 dBV/m	38.12 dBV/m
Grid 7 <b>M2</b>	Grid 8 <b>M2</b>	Grid 9 <b>M2</b>
38.42 dBV/m	38.67 dBV/m	38.61 dBV/m



0 dB = 85.84 V/m = 38.67 dBV/m

## **Calibration Laboratory of**

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Client

Auden

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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Certificate No: DAE4-910\_Jun18

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BK - SN: 910

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-06.v29

Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)

Calibration date: June 21, 2018

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	31-Aug-17 (No:21092)	Aug-18
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Auto DAE Calibration Unit	SE UWS 053 AA 1001	04-Jan-18 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-19
Calibrator Box V2.1	SE UMS 006 AA 1002	04-Jan-18 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-19

Calibrated by:

Name Dominique Steffen Function

Laboratory Technician

Signature

Approved by:

Sven Kühn

Deputy Manager

, v. Blymm

Issued: June 21, 2018

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Certificate No: DAE4-910\_Jun18

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## Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

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Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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## Glossary

DAE data acquisition electronics

Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot

coordinate system.

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - Input Offset Measurement. Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - Input resistance: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

## **DC Voltage Measurement**

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range:  $1LSB = 6.1 \mu V$ , full range = -100...+300 mVLow Range: 1LSB = 61 nV, full range = -1......+3 mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	403.316 ± 0.02% (k=2)	402.740 ± 0.02% (k=2)	403.223 ± 0.02% (k=2)
Low Range	3.98189 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.94034 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.94948 ± 1.50% (k=2)

## **Connector Angle**

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	270.0 ° ± 1 °

Certificate No: DAE4-910\_Jun18

# Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range		Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	200036.85	-0.57	-0.00
Channel X	+ Input	20007.13	1.21	0.01
Channel X	- Input	-20003.15	2.23	-0.01
Channel Y	+ Input	200035.57	-4.86	-0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	20005.66	-0.36	-0.00
Channel Y	- Input	-20005.78	-0.47	0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	200031.43	-6.16	-0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	20004.85	-0.87	-0.00
Channel Z	- Input	-20006.04	-0.58	0.00

Low Range		Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	2001.67	0.16	0.01
Channel X	+ Input	201.92	0.42	0.21
Channel X	- Input	-198.17	0.31	-0.16
Channel Y	+ Input	2001.38	-0.14	-0.01
Channel Y	+ Input	201.49	-0.03	-0.01
Channel Y	- Input	-198.91	-0.42	0.21
Channel Z	+ Input	2002.08	0.66	0.03
Channel Z	+ Input	199.86	-1.52	-0.75
Channel Z	- Input	-200.22	-1.73	0.87

## 2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	-12.45	-14.44
	- 200	16.44	14.50
Channel Y	200	6.37	5.97
	- 200	-7.85	-7.73
Channel Z	200	-11.52	-12.01
	- 200	10.51	10.13

## 3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (μV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200	-	4.62	-2.89
Channel Y	200	9.63	-	4.93
Channel Z	200	10.63	7.69	-

4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)		
Channel X	16196	17184		
Channel Y	15388	15032		
Channel Z	16713	16294		

## 5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input  $10M\Omega$ 

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (μV)
Channel X	1.84	0.59	3.46	0.62
Channel Y	1.42	0.15	2.77	0.52
Channel Z	-0.96	-2.82	0.61	0.60

## 6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)	
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9	
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6	

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9





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Client

Sporton (Auden)

Certificate No: ER3-2358 Jan18

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## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

ER3DV6 - SN:2358

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-02.v8, QA CAL-25.v6

Calibration procedure for E-field probes optimized for close near field

evaluations in air

Calibration date:

January 19, 2018

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522)	Apr-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521)	Apr-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02525)	Apr-18
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528)	Apr-18
Reference Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2328	10-Oct-17 (No. ER3-2328_Oct17)	Oct-18
DAE4	SN: 789	2-Aug-17 (No. DAE4-789_Aug17)	Aug-18
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-18

Calibrated by:

Name
Function
Signature
Laboratory Technician

Approved by:

Katja Pokovic
Technical Manager

Issued: January 24, 2018

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## **Calibration Laboratory of**

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Glossary:

NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization  $\varphi$   $\varphi$  rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1309-2005, "IEEE Standard for calibration of electromagnetic field sensors and probes, excluding antennas, from 9 kHz to 40 GHz", December 2005

b) CTIA Test Plan for Hearing Aid Compatibility, Rev 3.0, November 2013

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ = 0 for XY sensors and θ = 90 for Z sensor (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart).
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a locally homogeneous field realized using an open waveguide setup.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: ER3-2358\_Jan18

ER3DV6 - SN:2358

# Probe ER3DV6

SN:2358

Manufactured: July 7, 2005

Calibrated:

January 19, 2018

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

ER3DV6 - SN:2358

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ER3DV6 - SN:2358

#### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)$	1.66	1.51	1.54	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	99.2	100.2	100.5	

#### **Modulation Calibration Parameters**

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>⊨</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	Х	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	226.7	±3.3 %
		Υ	0.0	0.0	1.0		199.5	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		190.1	
10021- DAC	GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)	Х	19.82	99.3	27.8	9.39	121.6	±2.2 %
		Υ	14.37	93.3	26.1		106.4	
		Z	12.91	89.7	24.8		137.0	
10172- CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	Х	10.00	85.0	32.5	9.21	147.1	±2.2 %
		Υ	8.48	79.0	29.0		126.2	
		Z	7.90	75.6	26.6		117.5	
10173- CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	Х	10.28	85.1	32.5	9.48	147.0	±2.2 %
		Υ	8.76	79.2	29.0		125.8	
		Z	8.31	76.5	27.1		117.3	
10174- CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	Х	10.72	84.7	33.4	10.25	147.7	±2.5 %
		Υ	9.41	79.5	30.2		126.5	
		Z	8.84	76.3	27.8		117.9	
10295- AAB	CDMA2000, RC1, SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr.	X	14.87	99.4	41.3	12.49	110.4	±1.9 %
		Y	15.41	99.6	41.0		95.8	
		Z	11.45	87.5	34.5		87.4	

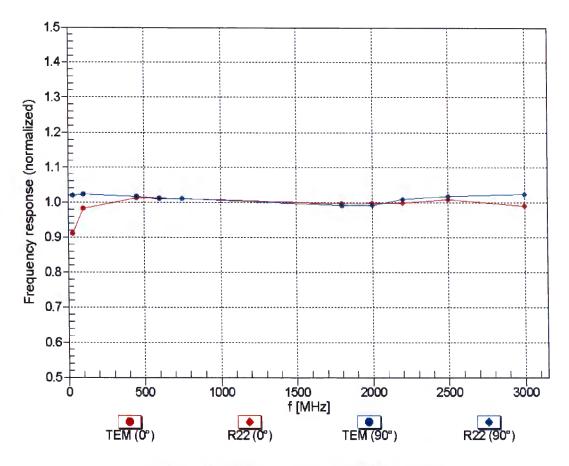
The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

ER3DV6 - SN:2358 January 19, 2018

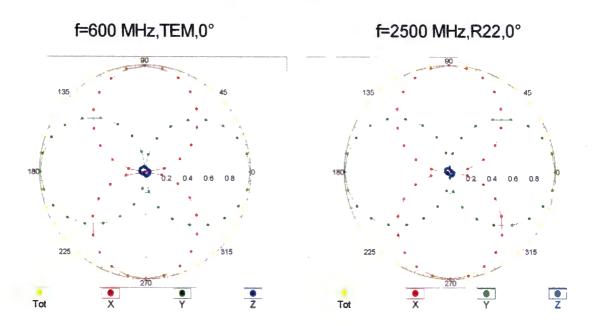
# Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



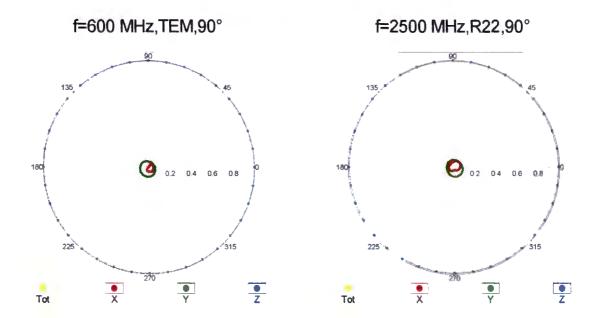
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

ER3DV6 - SN:2358

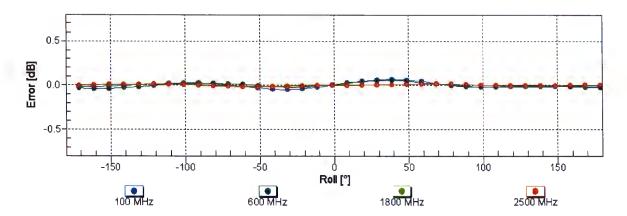
# Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$



# Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 90^{\circ}$

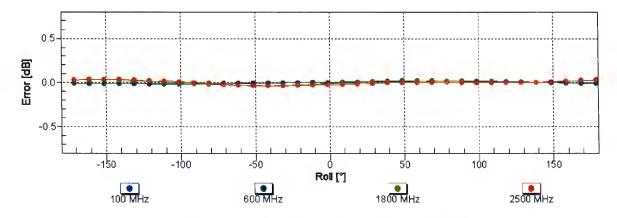


# Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$



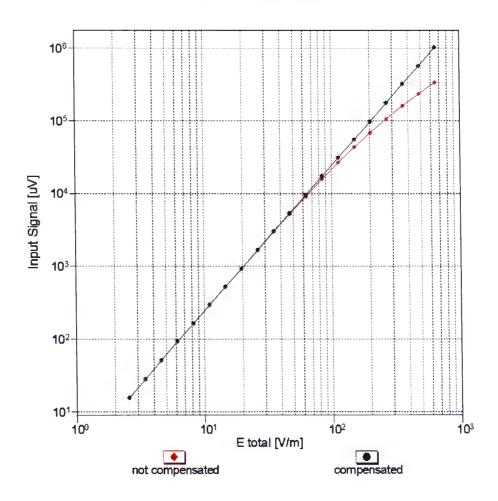
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

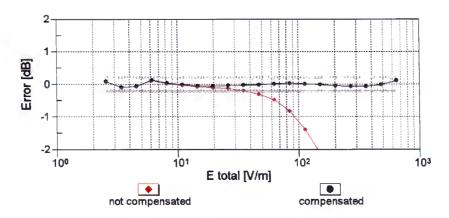
# Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 90^{\circ}$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

# Dynamic Range f(E-field) (TEM cell , f = 900 MHz)

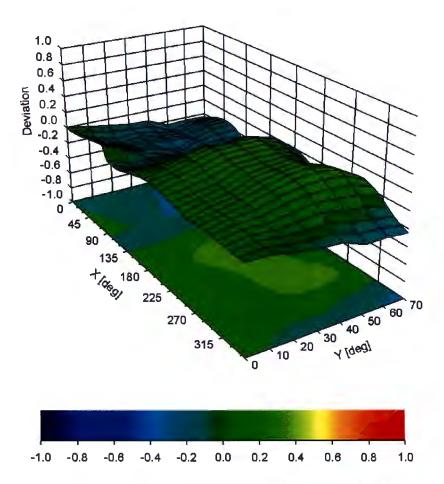




Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

# **Deviation from Isotropy in Air**

Error  $(\phi, \vartheta)$ , f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

ER3DV6 – SN:2358 January 19, 2018

#### DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ER3DV6 - SN:2358

#### **Other Probe Parameters**

Sensor Arrangement	Rectangular
Connector Angle (°)	118.7
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2.5 mm
	1

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### **Calibration Laboratory of**

Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG** Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

Sporton (Auden)

Certificate No: EF3-4053\_Mar18

### ALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

EF3DV3 - SN:4053

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-02.v8, QA CAL-25.v6

Calibration procedure for E-field probes optimized for close near field

evaluations in air

Calibration date:

March 19, 2018

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

		Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Primary Standards	ID	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522)	Apr-18
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778		Apr-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521)	Apr-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02525)	Apr-18
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528)	Oct-18
Reference Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2328	10-Oct-17 (No. ER3-2328_Oct17)	
	SN: 789	2-Aug-17 (No. DAE4-789_Aug17)	Aug-18
DAE4	0		- L L Charle
	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Secondary Standards		06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-18
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (III house check oot 11)	

Signature **Function** Name Laboratory Technician Jeton Kastrati Calibrated by:

Approved by:

Technical Manager Katja Pokovic

Issued: March 19, 2018

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

#### Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG** Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst S Service suisse d'étalonnage C Servizio svizzero di taratura **Swiss Calibration Service** 

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

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Glossary:

NORMx,y,z

sensitivity in free space

**DCP** 

diode compression point crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal

CF A, B, C, D

modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ

φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9

9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e.,  $\vartheta = 0$  is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle

Certificate No: EF3-4053\_Mar18

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1309-2005, "IEEE Standard for calibration of electromagnetic field sensors and probes, excluding antennas, from 9 kHz to 40 GHz", December 2005
- b) CTIA Test Plan for Hearing Aid Compatibility, Rev 3.0, November 2013

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization  $\vartheta = 0$  for XY sensors and  $\vartheta = 90$  for Z sensor (f  $\leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
- $NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response$  (see Frequency Response Chart).
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a locally homogeneous field realized using an open wavequide setup.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

# Probe EF3DV3

SN:4053

Manufactured:

May 24, 2016

Calibrated:

March 19, 2018

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

March 19, 2018 EF3DV3 - SN:4053

### DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EF3DV3 - SN:4053

**Basic Calibration Parameters** 

Sensor X		Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)	
Norm (µV/(V/m) <sup>2</sup> )	0.74	0.72	1.30	± 10.1 %	
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	98.7	95.3	97.0		

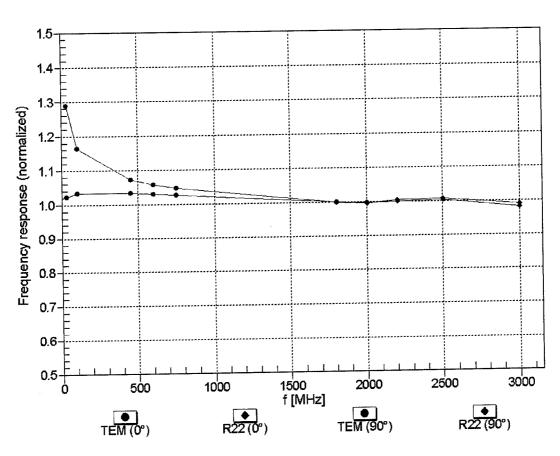
UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	173.0	±2.5 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		166.2	
		z	0.0	0.0	1.0		135.1	
10021- DAC	GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)	X	1.89	64.8	11.5	9.39	134.7	±2.2 %
		Y	3.13	72.7	17.0		136.9	
		Z	3.02	72.4	16.7		149.1	
10061- CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 11 Mbps)	Х	3.01	70.1	19.9	3.60	117.5	±0.7 %
CAB	(MDPS)	Y	3.14	69.4	19.5		115.6	
		Z	3.68	73.5	21.9		127.3	
10069-	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 54 Mbps)	X	10.45	69.2	23.6	10.56	115.6	±2.7 %
CAC	(VIDPS)	Υ	10.99	69.7	23.9		119.4	
		Z	11.40	70.9	24.8		135.6	
10077-	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 54 Mbps)	Х	10.11	70.8	25.3	11.00	136.1	±3.3 %
CAB	(D333/Of Divi, 34 Wibps)	Y	10.60	71.2	25.5		139.0	
		Z	10.19	69.7	24.6		112.9	
10172- LTE-TDD (SC-F CAD QPSK)	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz,	X	5.84	71.7	25.0	9.21	122.2	±3.3 %
	QPSK)	Y	6.24	71.2	24.6		125.2	
		Z	6.46	72.8	25.9		137.3	
10173-	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	6.15	72.8	25.5	9.48	120.1	±3.3 %
_CAD	18-QAIVI)	Y	6.59	72.2	25.1		124.0	
		Z	6.87	74.0	26.4		136.3	
10295-	CDMA2000, RC1, SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr.	X	5.56	69.6	25.5	12.49	103.3	±1.2 %
AAB		Y	5.88	69.6	26.0		104.5	
		+ <del>ż</del>	6.11	71.1	27.2		115.3	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
<sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

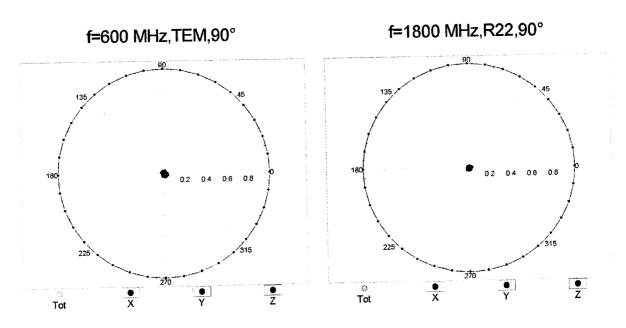
# Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



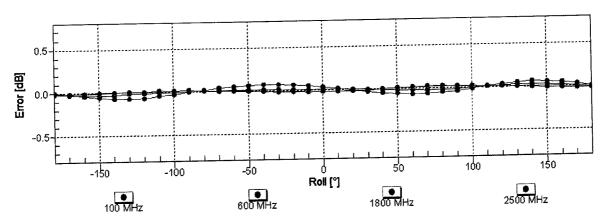
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

### Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

### Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 90^{\circ}$

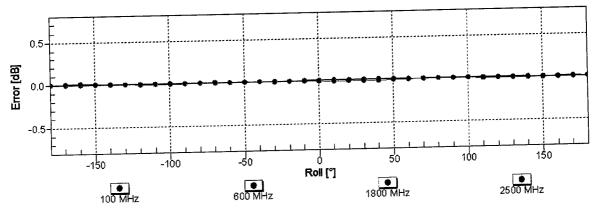


## Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$



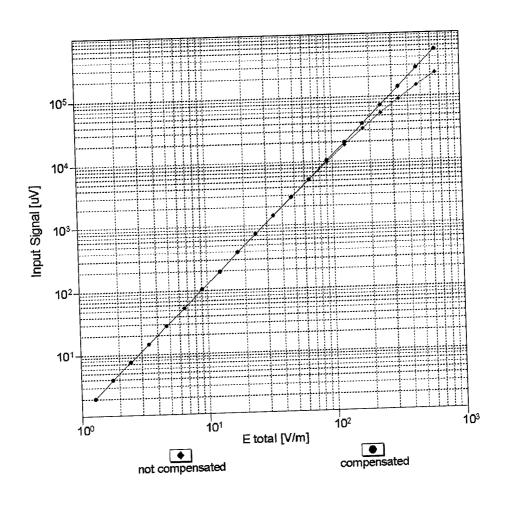
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

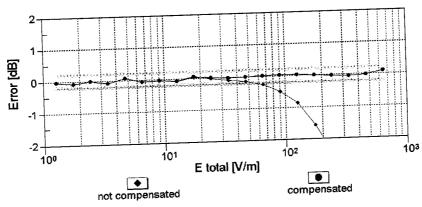
## Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 90^{\circ}$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

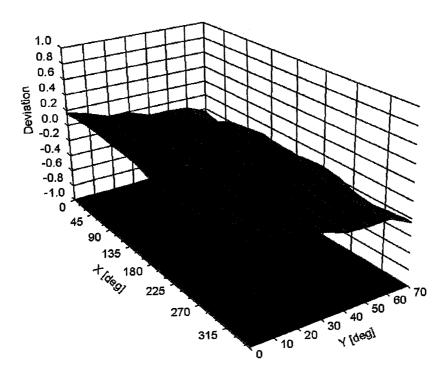
# Dynamic Range f(E-field) (TEM cell , f = 900 MHz)

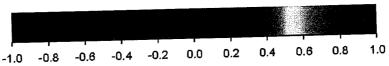




Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

# Deviation from Isotropy in Air Error (ø, 9), f = 900 MHz





Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

March 19, 2018 EF3DV3 - SN:4053

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EF3DV3 - SN:4053

#### **Other Probe Parameters**

Other Probe Parameters	Rectangular
Sensor Arrangement	70.2
Connector Angle (°)	
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
	335 mm
Probe Overall Length	12 mm
Probe Body Diameter	25 mm
Tip Length	4 mm
Tip Diameter	
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2.5 mm

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## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Calibration Parameters for 3-4 GHz

Calibration Parameters	tor 3-4 GHZ		Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
	Sensor X	Sensor Y		
1 / \//\/\/\/\/\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	0.77	0.76	1.32	± 10.1 %
Norm (μV/(V/m) <sup>2</sup> ) <sup>X</sup>	98.7	95.3	97.0	
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	30.7			

Calibration Parameters for 5-6 GHz

<b>Calibration Parameters</b>	for 5-6 GHz			Line (k=2)
Odilbiation i aranies	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( )	0.83	0.82	1.46	± 10.1 %
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^X$	98.7	95.3	97.0	
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	90.1			

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required. <sup>X</sup> Calibration procedure for frequencies above 3 GHz is pending accreditation.