September 23, 2009

Probe ET3DV6

SN:1788

Manufactured:

May 28, 2003

Last calibrated:

September 23, 2008

Recalibrated:

September 23, 2009

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: ET3-1788_Sep09

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DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1788

Sensitivity in Free Space	Diode Compression ^B

NormX	1.79 ± 10.1%	$\mu V/(V/m)^2$	DCP X	95 mV
NormY	1.68 ± 10.1%	$\mu V/(V/m)^2$	DCP Y	98 mV
NormZ	1.74 ± 10.1%	$\mu V/(V/m)^2$	DCP Z	91 mV

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

Boundary Effect

TSL

835 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm

Sensor Cente	er to Phantom Surface Distance	3.7 mm	4.7 mm
SAR _{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	10.4	6.8
SAR _{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.8	0.5

TSL

1750 MHz Ty

Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm

Sensor Center	to Phantom Surface Distance	3.7 mm	4.7 mm
SAR _{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	12.5	8.3
SAR _{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.8	0.4

Sensor Offset

Probe Tip to Sensor Center

2.7 mm

September 23, 2009

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: ET3-1788_Sep09

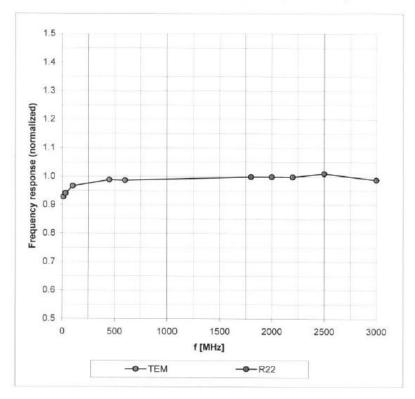
^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).

^B Numerical linearization parameter; uncertainty not required.

September 23, 2009

Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

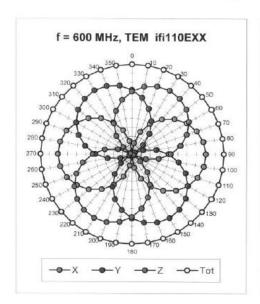


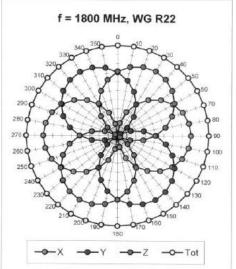
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

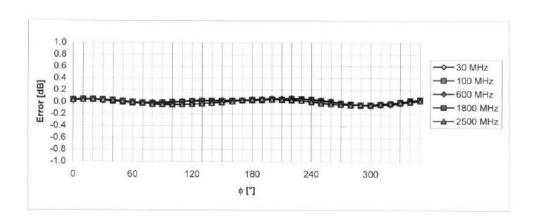
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September 23, 2009

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$







Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

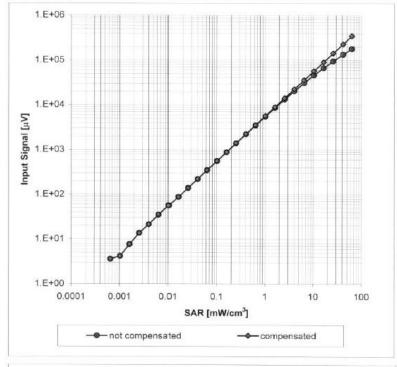
Certificate No: ET3-1788_Sep09

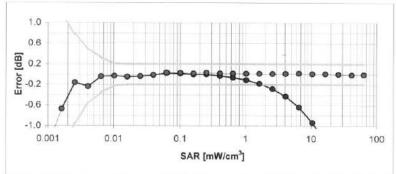
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September 23, 2009

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})

(Waveguide R22, f = 1800 MHz)





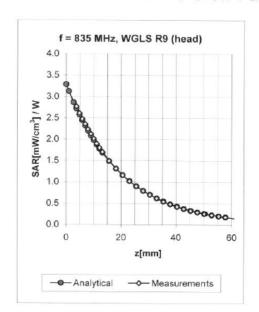
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

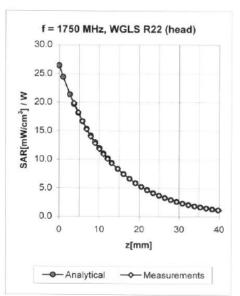
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September 23, 2009

Conversion Factor Assessment





f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^C	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF Uncertainty
835	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.90 ± 5%	0.35	2.50	6.30 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.1 ± 5%	1.37 ± 5%	0.50	2.63	5.40 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.68	2.24	5.11 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	$39.2 \pm 5\%$	1.80 ± 5%	0.99	1.77	4.48 ± 11.0% (k=2)
835	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.2 ± 5%	$0.97 \pm 5\%$	0.33	2.65	6.08 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 50 / ± 100	Body	$53.4 \pm 5\%$	$1.49 \pm 5\%$	0.58	3.48	4.77 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	$53.3 \pm 5\%$	1.52 ± 5%	0.75	2.85	4.52 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	0.99	1.54	4.19 ± 11.0% (k=2)

Certificate No: ET3-1788_Sep09

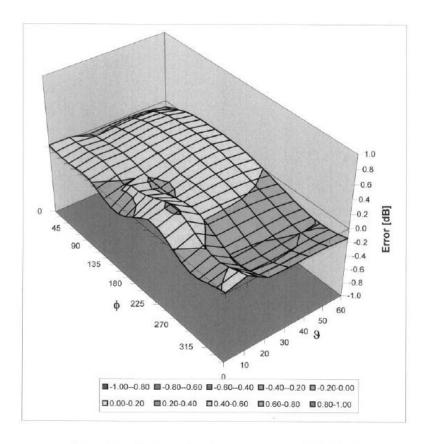
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^C The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

September 23, 2009

Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

Certificate No: ET3-1788_Sep09

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage C Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Sporton (Auden)

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Certificate No: EX3-3514_Jan10 CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE Object EX3DV3 - SN:3514 Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v6, QA CAL-14.v3, QA CAL-23.v3 and QA CAL-25.v2 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes January 26, 2010 Calibration date: This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Primary Standards ID# Cal Date (Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration GB41293874 Power meter E4419B 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) Apr-10 Power sensor E4412A MY41495277 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) Apr-10 Power sensor F4412A MY41498087 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) Apr-10 Reference 3 dB Attenuator SN: S5054 (3c) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01026) Mar-10 Reference 20 dB Attenuator SN: S5086 (20b) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01028) Mar-10 Reference 30 dB Attenuator SN: S5129 (30b) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01027) Mar-10 Reference Probe ES3DV2 SN: 3013 30-Dec-09 (No. ES3-3013_Dec09) Dec-10 DAE4 SN: 660 29-Sep-09 (No. DAE4-660_Sep09) Sep-10 Secondary Standards Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check RF generator HP 8648C US3642U01700 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) In house check: Oct-11 Network Analyzer HP 8753E US37390585 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09) In house check: Oct10 Signature Katja Pokovic Technical Manager Calibrated by: Approved by: Fin Bomholt R&D Director Issued: January 26, 2010 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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Certificate No: EX3-3514_Jan10

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL NORMx,y,z ConvF tissue simulating liquid sensitivity in free space sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z diode compression point

CF A, B, C

DCP

crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization ϕ

φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9

9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques". December 2003
- Techniques", December 2003

 b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
 NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
 implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
 in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx, y, z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z, VRx,y,z: A, B, C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of
 power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the
 maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Certificate No: EX3-3514_Jan10

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EX3DV3 SN:3514

January 26, 2010

Probe EX3DV3

SN:3514

Manufactured:

December 15, 2002

Last calibrated:

January 21, 2009

Repaired:

January 20, 2010

Recalibrated:

January 26, 2010

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: EX3-3514_Jan10

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EX3DV3 SN:3514

January 26, 2010

DASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV3 SN:3514

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (μV/(V/m)²) ^A	0.64	0.70	0.59	± 10.1%
DCP (mV) ^B	96.7	96.2	94.9	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dBuV	С	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
10000 CW	0.00	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	300	± 1.5%	
			Υ	0.00	0.00	1.00	300	
			Z	0.00	0.00	1.00	300	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: EX3-3514_Jan10

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

⁸ Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

E Uncertainty is determined using the maximum deviation from linear response applying recatangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

DASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV3 SN:3514

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^C	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvF X Co	nvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
835	$\pm 50 / \pm 100$	41.5 ± 5%	$0.90 \pm 5\%$	9.78	9.78	9.78	0.59	0.67 ± 11.0%
1900	$\pm 50 / \pm 100$	$40.0 \pm 5\%$	1.40 ± 5%	8.26	8.26	8.26	0.57	0.64 ± 11.0%
2300	± 50 / ± 100	39.5 ± 5%	1.67 ± 5%	7.85	7.85	7.85	0.46	0.69 ± 11.0%
2600	\pm 50 / \pm 100	$39.0 \pm 5\%$	1.96 ± 5%	7.45	7.45	7.45	0.20	1.18 ± 11.0%
3500	± 50 / ± 100	$37.9 \pm 5\%$	2.91 ± 5%	7.06	7.06	7.06	0.33	1.14 ± 13.1%
5200	\pm 50 / \pm 100	$36.0 \pm 5\%$	4.66 ± 5%	4.87	4.87	4.87	0.45	1.70 ± 13.1%
5300	$\pm 50 / \pm 100$	$35.9 \pm 5\%$	$4.76 \pm 5\%$	4.57	4.57	4.57	0.45	1.70 ± 13.1%
5500	$\pm 50 / \pm 100$	$35.6 \pm 5\%$	4.96 ± 5%	4.48	4.48	4.48	0.50	1.70 ± 13.1%
5600	± 50 / ± 100	$35.5\pm5\%$	5.07 ± 5%	4.33	4.33	4.33	0.50	1.70 ± 13.1%
5800	± 50 / ± 100	$35.3 \pm 5\%$	5.27 ± 5%	4.23	4.23	4.23	0.50	1.70 ± 13.1%

^C The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

DASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV3 SN:3514

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^C	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
835	± 50 / ± 100	55.2 ± 5%	$0.97 \pm 5\%$	9.75	9.75	9.75	0.38	0.80 ± 11.0%
1900	± 50 / ± 100	$53.3 \pm 5\%$	$1.52\pm5\%$	8.01	8.01	8.01	0.50	0.70 ± 11.0%
2300	± 50 / ± 100	$52.8 \pm 5\%$	$1.85 \pm 5\%$	7.80	7.80	7.80	0.25	1.08 ± 11.0%
2600	$\pm 50 / \pm 100$	$52.5\pm5\%$	$2.16\pm5\%$	7.54	7.54	7.54	0.28	1.03 ± 11.0%
3500	± 50 / ± 100	51.3 ± 5%	$3.31 \pm 5\%$	6.46	6.46	6.46	0.33	1.27 ± 13.1%
5200	\pm 50 / \pm 100	$49.0 \pm 5\%$	$5.30\pm5\%$	4.27	4.27	4.27	0.50	1.75 ± 13.1%
5300	± 50 / ± 100	$48.5 \pm 5\%$	$5.42\pm5\%$	4.11	4.11	4.11	0.52	1.75 ± 13.1%
5500	± 50 / ± 100	$48.6 \pm 5\%$	$5.65 \pm 5\%$	3.86	3.86	3.86	0.55	1.75 ± 13.1%
5600	± 50 / ± 100	$48.5 \pm 5\%$	$5.77\pm5\%$	3.66	3.66	3.66	0.65	1.75 ± 13.1%
5800	\pm 50 / \pm 100	48.2 ± 5%	$6.00\pm5\%$	3.90	3.90	3.90	0.60	1.75 ± 13.1%

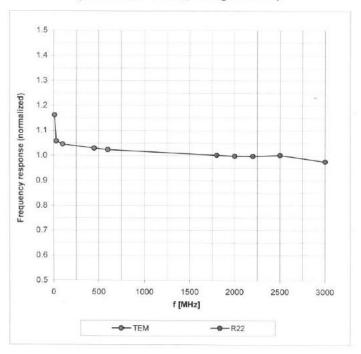
^C The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

EX3DV3 SN:3514

January 26, 2010

Frequency Response of E-Field

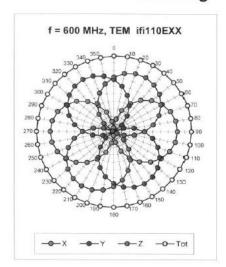
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

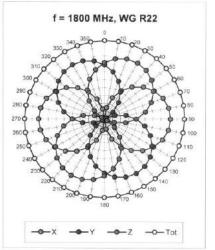


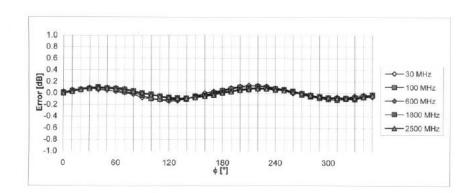
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

Certificate No: EX3-3514_Jan10

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$







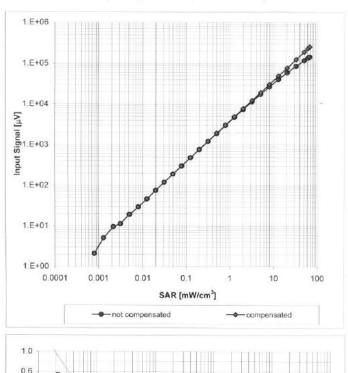
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

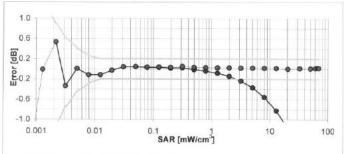
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Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})

(Waveguide R22, f = 1800 MHz)



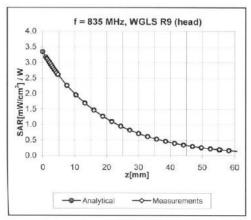


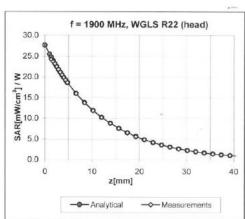
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Certificate No: EX3-3514_Jan10

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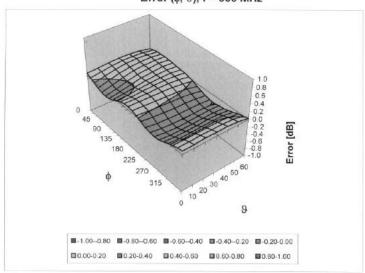
Conversion Factor Assessment





Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

Certificate No: EX3-3514_Jan10

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EX3DV3 SN:3514

January 26, 2010

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	Not applicable
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	2 mm

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

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Client Auden Certificate No: EX3-3578_Jun09

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EX3DV4 - SN:3578

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v6, QA CAL-14.v3 and QA CAL-23.v3

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: June 26, 2009

Condition of the calibrated item In Tolerance

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).

The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for catibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration	
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)	Apr-10	
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)	Apr-10	
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)	Apr-10	
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01026)	Mar-10	
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01028)	Mar-10	
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01027)	Mar-10	
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	2-Jan-09 (No. ES3-3013_Jan09)	Jan-10	
DAE4	SN: 660	9-Sep-08 (No. DAE4-660_Sep08)	Sep-09	
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check	
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09	
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-08)	in house check: Oct-09	
	Name	Function	Signature	

Technical Manager

Approved by: Niels Kuster Quality Manager

Katja Pokovic

Issued: June 26, 2009

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Certificate No: EX3-3578_Jun09 Page 1 of 9

Calibrated by:

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurlch, Switzerland





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S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point
Polarization φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at

measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- EC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This
 linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of
 the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

		-	 	 	
Certificate No:	EX3-3578_Jun09	Page 2 of 9			

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3578

Manufactured: November 4, 2005 Last calibrated: May 20, 2008 Recalibrated: June 26, 2009

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: EX3-3578_Jun09 Page 3 of 9

DASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3578

Sensitivity in Free	Diode C	ompression	В		
NormX	0.55 ± 10.1%	μV/(V/m)²	DCP X	90 m∨	
NormY	0.50 ± 10.1%	μ V/(V/m) ²	DCP Y	91 m∨	
NormZ	0.55 ± 10.1%	$\mu V/(V/m)^2$	DCP Z	97 m∨	

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

Boundary Effect

TSL	900 MHz	Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm
-----	---------	----------------------------------

Sensor Center to	2.0 mm	3.0 mm	
SAR _{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	10.2	5.6
SAR _{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.6	0.3

TSL 1810 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm

Sensor Center t	o Phantom Surface Distance	2.0 mm	3.0 mm
SAR _{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	11.2	5.9
SAR _{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.8	0.6

Sensor Offset

Probe Tip to Sensor Center

1.0 mm

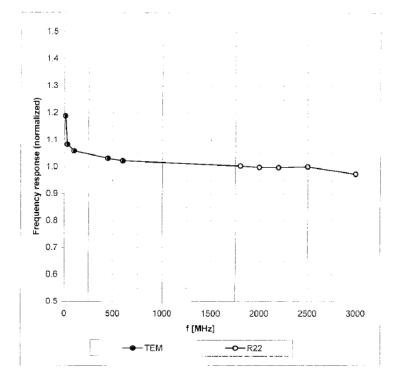
The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

 $^{^{\}rm A}$ The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the ${\rm E}^2$ -field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).

^a Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

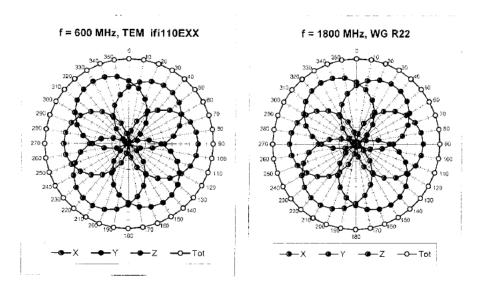
Frequency Response of E-Field

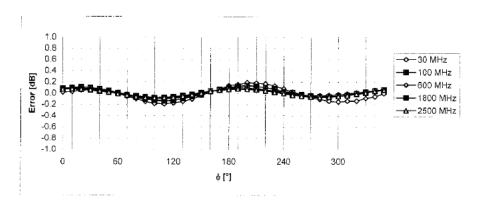
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

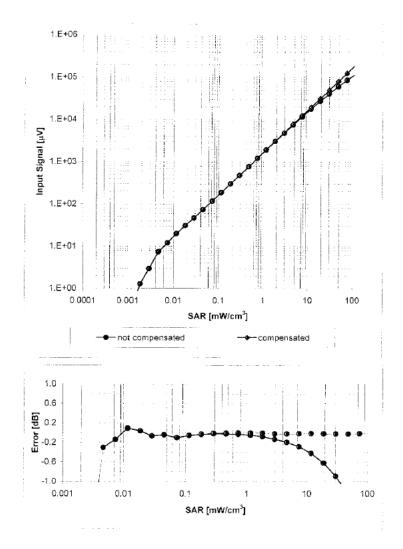




Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})

(Waveguide R22, f = 1800 MHz)



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

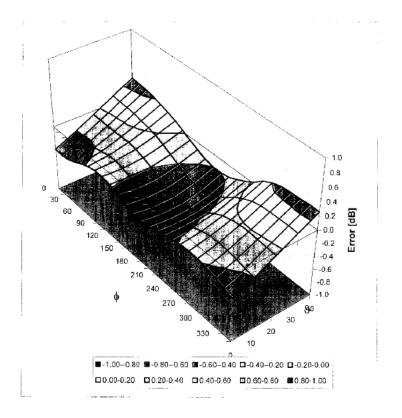
Conversion Factor Assessment

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^C	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF Uncertainty
835	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.90 ± 5%	0.95	0.58	8.27 ± 11.0% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.83	0.62	7.97 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1810	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.88	0.62	6.99 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.93	0.60	6.96 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2300	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.5 ± 5%	1.67 ± 5%	0.79	0.63	6.71 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	0.71	0.61	6.39 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2600	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.0 ± 5%	1.96 ± 5%	0.56	0.68	6.38 ± 11.0% (k=2)
3500	± 50 / ± 100	Head	$37.9 \pm 5\%$	2.91 ± 5%	0.45	0.96	6.16 ± 13.1% (k=2)
5200	± 50 / ± 100	Head	36.0 ± 5%	4.66 ± 5%	0.50	1.80	4.07 ± 13.1% (k=2)
5300	± 50 / ± 100	Head	$35.9 \pm 5\%$	4.76 ± 5%	0.50	1.80	3.85 ± 13.1% (k=2)
5500	± 50 / ± 100	Head	$35.6 \pm 5\%$	4.96 ± 5%	0.50	1.80	3.80 ± 13.1% (k=2)
5600	±50/±100	Head	$35.5 \pm 5\%$	5.07 ± 5%	0.50	1.80	3.80 ± 13.1% (k=2)
5800	± 50 / ± 100	Head	$35.3 \pm 5\%$	5.27 ± 5%	0.50	1.80	3.70 ± 13.1% (k=2)
835	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.2 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.82	0.64	8.26 ± 11.0% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	0.76	0.65	8.04 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1810	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.74	0.67	6.95 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.75	0.68	6.76 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2300	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.8 ± 5%	1.85 ± 5%	0.65	0.69	6.80 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	±50/±100	Body	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	0.75	0.62	6.62 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2600	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.5 ± 5%	2.16 ± 5%	0.51	0.81	6.47 ± 11.0% (k=2)
3500	± 50 / ± 100	Body	51.3 ± 5%	$3.31 \pm 5\%$	0.27	1.51	5.68 ± 13.1% (k=2)
5200	\pm 50 / \pm 100	Body	$49.0 \pm 5\%$	5.30 ± 5%	0.60	1.90	3.70 ± 13.1% (k=2)
5300	± 50 / ± 100	Body	48.5 ± 5%	5.42 ± 5%	0.60	1.90	3.55 ± 13.1% (k=2)
5500	$\pm 50 / \pm 100$	Body	48.6 ± 5%	5.65 ± 5%	0.55	1.90	3.42 ± 13.1% (k=2)
5600	± 50 / ± 100	Body	48.5 ± 5%	$5.77\pm5\%$	0.55	1.90	3.40 ± 13.1% (k=2)
5800	± 50 / ± 100	Body	$48.2 \pm 5\%$	$6.00 \pm 5\%$	0.60	1.90	3.40 ± 13.1% (k=2)

 $^{^{\}rm c}$ The validity of \pm 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Issued: December 30, 2009

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Client Auden

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Certificate No: EX3-3661_Dec09

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EX3DV4 - SN:3661

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v6, QA CAL-14.v3, QA CAL-23.v3 and QA CAL-25.v2

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: December 30, 2009

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)	Apr-10
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)	Apr-10
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)	Apr-10
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01026)	Mar-10
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01028)	Mar-10
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01027)	Mar-10
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	2-Jan-09 (No. ES3-3013_Jan09)	Jan-10
DAE4	SN: 660	29-Sep-09 (No. DAE4-660_Sep09)	Sep-10
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check; Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check; Oct10
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	Delle.
Approved by:	Niels Kuster	Quality Manager	X / Des

Certificate No: EX3-3661_Dec09

Page 1 of 11

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
 NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
 implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
 in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z, VRx,y,z; A, B, C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of
 power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the
 maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom
 exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Certificate No: EX3-3661 Dec09	Page 2 of 11	

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3661

Manufactured: Calibrated: October 20, 2008 December 30, 2009

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3661

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.46	0.52	0.48	± 10.1%
DCP (mV) ^B	89.4	91.4	90.5	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dBuV	Ç	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
10000	cw	0.00	х	0.00	0.00	1.00	300	± 1.5%
			Y	0.00	0.00	1.00	300	
			Z .	0.00	0.00	1.00	300	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: EX3-3661_Dec09

A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

⁸ Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

E Uncertainty is determined using the maximum deviation from linear response applying recatangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

DASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3661

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^C	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvFX Co	nvFY Co	nvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
835	± 50 / ± 100	41.5 ± 5%	$0.90 \pm 5\%$	9.34	9.34	9.34	0.69	0.64 ±11.0%
900	± 50 / ± 100	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	9.06	9.06	9.06	0.72	0.64 ± 11.0%
1750	± 50 / ± 100	40.1 ± 5%	1.37 ± 5%	8.19	8.19	8.19	0.59	0.63 ± 11.0%
1950	± 50 / ± 100	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	7.77	7.77	7.77	0.83	0.56 ± 11.0%
2450	± 50 / ± 100	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	7.22	7.22	7.22	0.35	0.83 ±11.0%
5200	± 50 / ± 100	$36.0 \pm 5\%$	4.66 ± 5%	5.01	5.01	5.01	0.45	1.75 ± 13.1%
5500	± 50 / ± 100	35.6 ± 5%	$4.96 \pm 5\%$	4.38	4.38	4.38	0.48	1.75 ± 13.1%
5800	± 50 / ± 100	$35.3 \pm 5\%$	5.27 ± 5%	4.26	4.26	4.26	0.45	1.75 ± 13.1%

^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

DASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3661

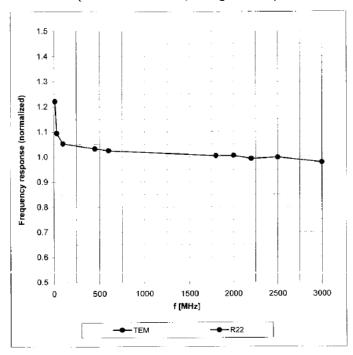
Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^c	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvF X Co	nvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
835	± 50 / ± 100	55.2 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	9.24	9.24	9.24	0.54	0.73 ± 11.0%
900	± 50 / ± 100	$55.0 \pm 5\%$	1.05 ± 5%	8.97	8.97	8.97	0.53	0.72 ± 11.0%
1750	± 50 / ± 100	$53.4 \pm 5\%$	1.49 ± 5%	7.93	7.93	7.93	0.67	0.65 ± 11.0%
1950	± 50 / ± 100	$53.3 \pm 5\%$	1.52 ± 5%	7.60	7.60	7.60	0.60	0.69 ± 11.0%
2450	± 50 / ± 100	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	7.34	7.34	7.34	0.26	1.12 ± 11.0%
5200	±50/±100	$49.0 \pm 5\%$	$5.30 \pm 5\%$	4.59	4.59	4.59	0.46	1.75 ± 13.1%
5500	± 50 / ± 100	48.6 ± 5%	5.65 ± 5%	4.11	4.11	4.11	0.46	1.75 ± 13.1%
5800	±50/±100	48.2 ± 5%	6.00 ± 5%	4.12	4.12	4.12	0.48	1.75 ± 13.1%

The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

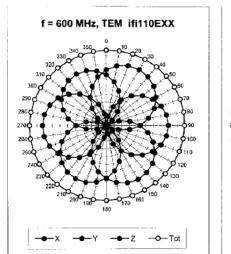
Frequency Response of E-Field

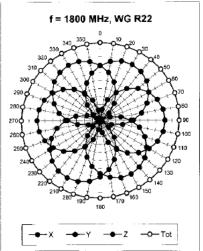
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

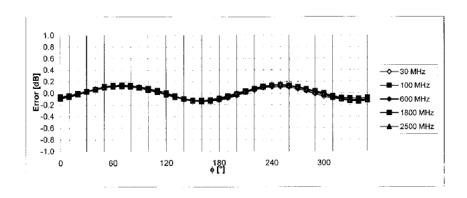


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$



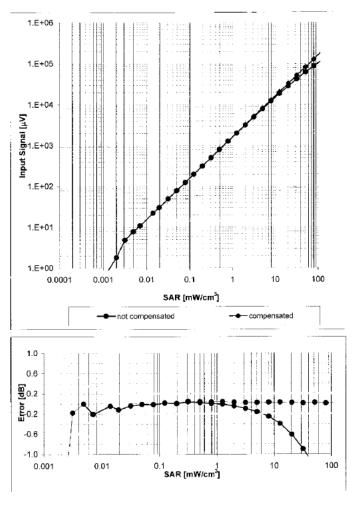




Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})

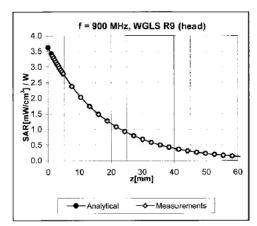
(Waveguide R22, f = 1800 MHz)

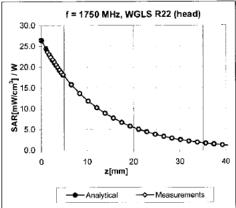


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

EX3DV4 SN:3661 December 30, 2009

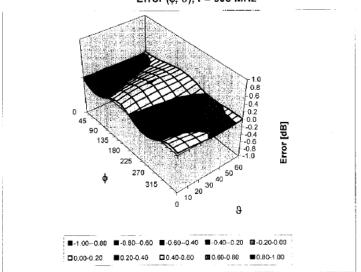
Conversion Factor Assessment





Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

Certificate No: EX3-3661_Dec09

EX3DV4 SN:3661 December 30, 2009

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	Not applicable
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	2 mm

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Sporton (Auden)

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

C

Certificate No: EX3-3697_Nov09 CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE EX3DV4 - SN:3697 Object QA CAL-01.v6, QA CAL-23.v3 and QA CAL-25.v2 Calibration procedure(s) Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes November 23, 2009 Calibration date: This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Primary Standards Cal Date (Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Power meter E4419B GB41293874 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) Apr-10 Power sensor F44124 MY41495277 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) Apr-10 Power sensor E4412A MY41498087 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) Apr-10 Reference 3 dB Attenuator Mar-10 SN: S5054 (3c) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01026) Reference 20 dB Attenuator SN: S5086 (20b) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01028) Mar-10 SN: S5129 (30b) Reference 30 dB Attenuator 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01027) Mar-10 Reference Probe ES3DV2 SN: 3013 Jan-10 2-Jan-09 (No. ES3-3013 Jan09) DAE4 SN: 660 29-Sep-09 (No. DAE4-660_Sep09) Sep-10 Secondary Standards Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check RF generator HP 8648C US3642U01700 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) In house check: Oct-11 Network Analyzer HP 8753E US37390585 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09) In house check: Oct10 Function Calibrated by: Jeton Kastrati Laboratory Technician Approved by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager Issued: November 23, 2009

Certificate No: EX3-3697_Nov09

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Glossary:

tissue simulating liquid NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z ConvF DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization o o rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization ∂ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z, VRx,y,z: A, B, C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from \pm 50 MHz to \pm 100
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Certificate No: EX3-3697 Nov09

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3697

Manufactured: April 22, 2009

Calibrated: November 23, 2009

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3697

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.42	0.45	0.47	± 10.1%
DCP (mV) ^B	88.8	91.6	90.2	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dBuV	С	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
10000	cw	0.00	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	300	± 1.5%
			Y	0.00	0.00	1.00	300	
			Z	0.00	0.00	1.00	300	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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 $[\]label{eq:continuous} \mathring{}^{h} \text{ The uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6)}.$

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

E Uncertainty is determined using the maximum deviation from linear response applying recatangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

DASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3697

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^C	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvF X (ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
835	$\pm 50 / \pm 100$	$41.5 \pm 5\%$	$0.90 \pm 5\%$	8.32	8.32	8.32	0.99	0.56 ± 11.0%
1750	$\pm 50 / \pm 100$	40.1 ± 5%	$1.37 \pm 5\%$	7.54	7.54	7.54	0.77	0.60 ± 11.0%
1900	± 50 / ± 100	$40.0 \pm 5\%$	1.40 ± 5%	7.32	7.32	7.32	0.66	0.65 ± 11.0%
2450	$\pm 50 / \pm 100$	$39.2 \pm 5\%$	$1.80 \pm 5\%$	6.69	6.69	6.69	0.42	0.79 ± 11.0%

^G The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

DASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3697

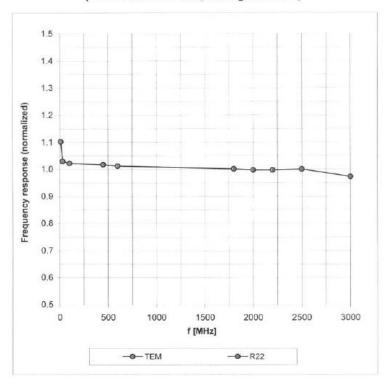
Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^C	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
835	± 50 / ± 100	$55.2 \pm 5\%$	$0.97 \pm 5\%$	8.22	8.22	8.22	0.85	0.58 ± 11.0%
1750	± 50 / ± 100	$53.4 \pm 5\%$	$1.49 \pm 5\%$	7.37	7.37	7.37	0.66	0.65 ± 11.0%
1900	± 50 / ± 100	$53.3 \pm 5\%$	$1.52 \pm 5\%$	7.04	7.04	7.04	0.69	0.64 ± 11.0%
2450	± 50 / ± 100	$52.7 \pm 5\%$	1.95 ± 5%	6.84	6.84	6.84	0.43	0.81 ± 11.0%

The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

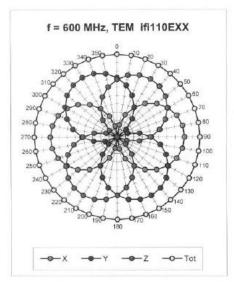
Frequency Response of E-Field

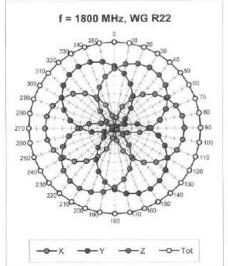
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

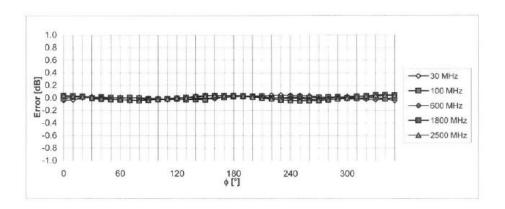


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), ϑ = 0°





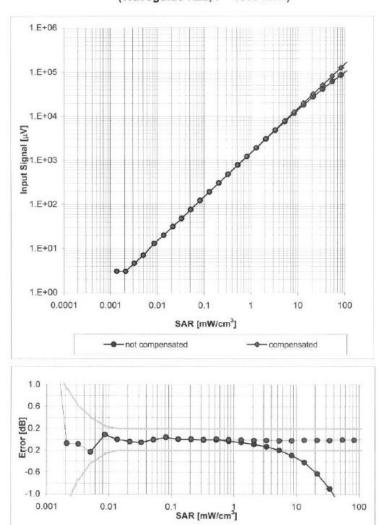


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

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Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})

(Waveguide R22, f = 1800 MHz)



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

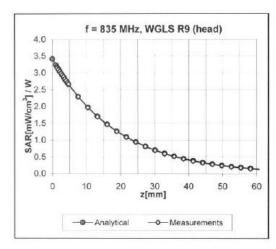
100

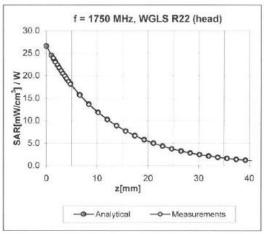
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0.001

0.01

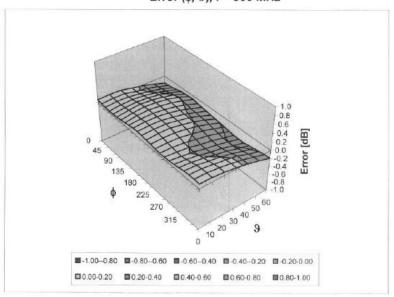
Conversion Factor Assessment





Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (ϕ , ϑ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

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Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	Not applicable
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	2 mm