



FCC SAR Test Report

Report No. : SA120522E09
Applicant : Motorola Solutions, Inc.
Address : One Motorola Plaza Holtsville NY 11742-1300 USA
Product : Mobile Computer
FCC ID : UZ7MC92N0
Brand : MOTOROLA
Model No. : MC92N0
Standards : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093) / IEEE C95.1:1991 / IEEE 1528:2003
FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01)
KDB 248227 D01 v01r02
Date of Testing : Jun. 11, 2012 ~ Jun. 29, 2012

CERTIFICATION: The above equipment have been tested by **Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch - Taiwan HwaYa Lab**, and found compliance with the requirement of the above standards. The test record, data evaluation & Equipment Under Test (EUT) configurations represented herein are true and accurate accounts of the measurements of the sample's SAR characteristics under the conditions specified in this report. It should not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of our laboratory. The client should not use it to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by TAF or any government agencies.

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Release Control Record

Issue No.	Reason for Change	Date Issued
R01	Original release	Jul. 03, 2012



1. Summary of Maximum SAR Value

Mode / Band	Test Position	SAR-1g (W/kg)
WLAN 2.4GHz	Body Worn (0 cm Gap)	0.537
WLAN 5GHz	Body Worn (0 cm Gap)	0.678
Bluetooth	Body Worn (0 cm Gap)	N/A

Note:

1. The SAR limit (**1.6 W/kg**) for general population/uncontrolled exposure is specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1991.
2. Since the Bluetooth maximum power is less than 60/f, SAR testing for Bluetooth is not required.



2. Description of Equipment Under Test

EUT Type	Mobile Computer
FCC ID	UZ7MC92N0
Brand Name	MOTOROLA
Model Name	MC92N0
Tx Frequency Bands (Unit: MHz)	WLAN : 2400 ~ 2483.5, 5150 ~ 5350, 5470 ~ 5725, 5725 ~ 5850 Bluetooth : 2400 ~ 2483.5
Uplink Modulations	802.11b : DSSS 802.11a/g/n : OFDM Bluetooth : GFSK
Maximum AVG Conducted Power (Unit: dBm)	802.11b : 21.80 802.11g : 21.10 802.11n HT20 (2.4GHz) : 20.50 802.11a : 18.30 802.11n HT20 (5GHz) : 17.80
Antenna Type	PIFA Antenna
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype

Note:

1. The EUT's information list as below.

Mobile Computer	OS Version	07.00.2806
	OEM Name	MOTOROLA MC92N0G
	OEM Version	00.20.0005
Wireless (Fusion)	Part Number	31-FUSION-X2.00
	Version	X_2.00.0.0.040E
XW2DMT	Version	X_2.00.0.0.28
	Fusion	X_2.00.0.0.040E
BTRegTest Ver4.1	Version	4.1

2. The above EUT information is declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description please refers to the manufacturer's specifications or User's Manual.



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List of Accessory:

AC Adapter	Brand Name	HIPRO
	Model Name	HP-A0502R3D
	P/N	PWRS-14000-148R
	Power Rating	I/P:100-240Vac, 50-60Hz, 2.4A; O/P: 12Vdc, 4.16A
	AC Line Cord Type	2.2 meter unshielded cable without ferrite core
Battery	Brand Name	SYMBOL
	P/N	21-65587-03
	Power Rating	7.4Vdc, 2200mAh, 16.3Wh
	Type	Li-ion
Headset	Brand Name	VXI
	Model Name	VR10
	P/N	50-11300-050R
USB Cable	P/N	25-62166-01r
	Signal Line Type	1.8 meter unshielded cable with one core
Direct Charging	Brand Name	SYMBOL
	Model Name	ADP9000-110R
	I/O Port	RSS232 Port*1, RJ45 Port*2
Keypad (53 Key)	Model Name	KYPD-MC9XMS000-01R
	S/N	40B63U43F
Scanner	Model Name	SE4500
Holster 1	P/N	SG-MC9024242-01R
Holster 2	P/N	SG-MC9121112-01R



3. SAR Measurement System

3.1 Definition of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

3.2 SPEAG DASY System

DASY system consists of high precision robot, probe alignment sensor, phantom, robot controller, controlled measurement server and near-field probe. The robot includes six axes that can move to the precision position of the DASY4/5 software defined. The DASY software can define the area that is detected by the probe. The robot is connected to controlled box. Controlled measurement server is connected to the controlled robot box. The DAE includes amplifier, signal multiplexing, AD converter, offset measurement and surface detection. It is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (ECO). The ECO performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC.

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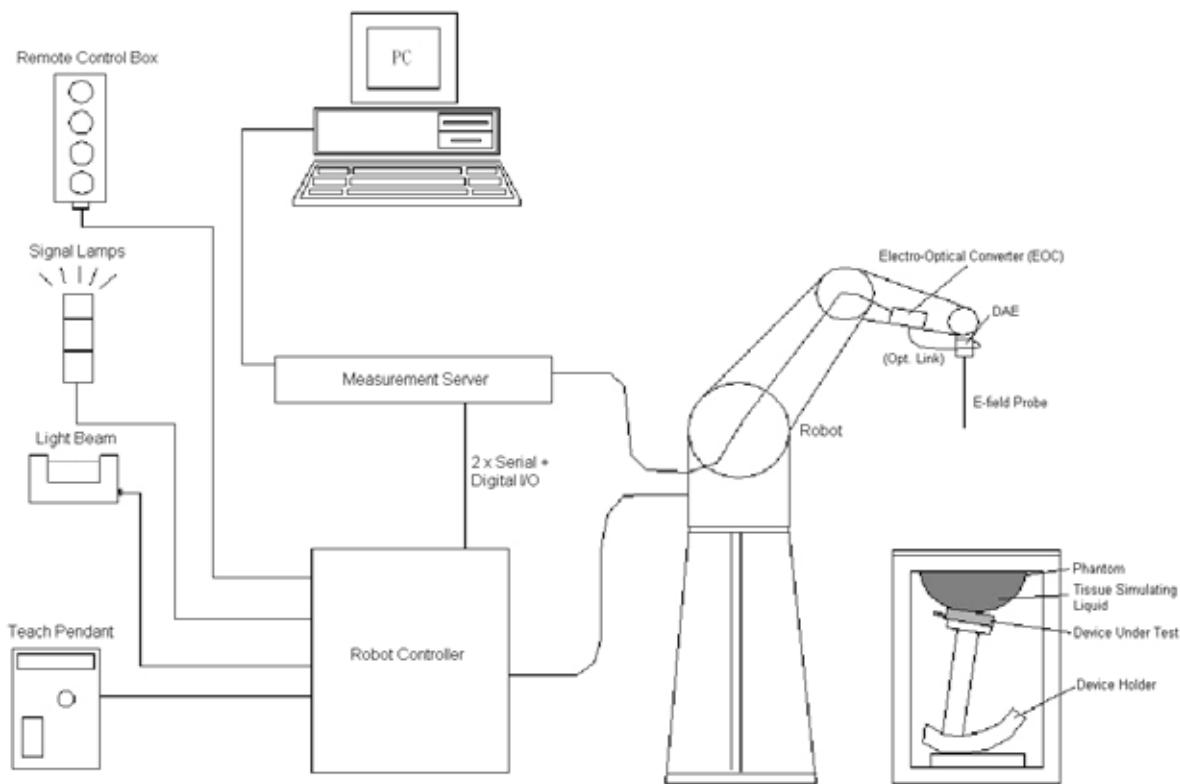


Fig-3.1 DASY System Setup

3.2.1 Robot

The DASY system uses the high precision robots from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY4: CS7MB; DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability ± 0.035 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)



Fig-3.2 DASY4



Fig-3.3 DASY5

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3.2.2 Probes

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency.

Model	EX3DV4	
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE).	
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 μ W/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μ W/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

Model	ES3DV3	
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core. Interleaved sensors. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE).	
Frequency	10 MHz to 4 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	5 μ W/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm	

3.2.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

Model	DAE3, DAE4	
Construction	Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic. Serial optical link for communication with DASY4/5 embedded system (fully remote controlled). Two step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop.	
Measurement Range	-100 to +300 mV (16 bit resolution and two range settings: 4mV, 400mV)	
Input Offset Voltage	< 5 μ V (with auto zero)	
Input Bias Current	< 50 fA	
Dimensions	60 x 60 x 68 mm	

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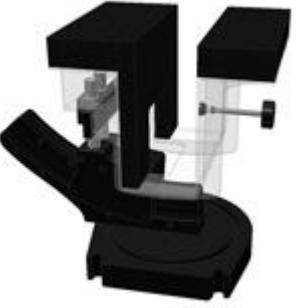
3.2.4 Phantoms

Model	Twin SAM	
Construction	The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.	
Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)	
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (6 ± 0.2 mm at ear point)	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm Width: 500 mm Height: adjustable feet	
Filling Volume	approx. 25 liters	

Model	ELI	
Construction	Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.	
Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)	
Shell Thickness	2.0 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate)	
Dimensions	Major axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	
Filling Volume	approx. 30 liters	

3.2.5 Device Holder

Model	Mounting Device	
Construction	In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom or ELI4, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter device in spherical coordinates. Rotation point is the ear opening point. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat).	
Material	POM	

Model	Laptop Extensions Kit	
Construction	Simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for Mounting Device that facilitates the testing of larger devices according to IEC 62209-2 (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.). It is lightweight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner.	
Material	POM, Acrylic glass, Foam	

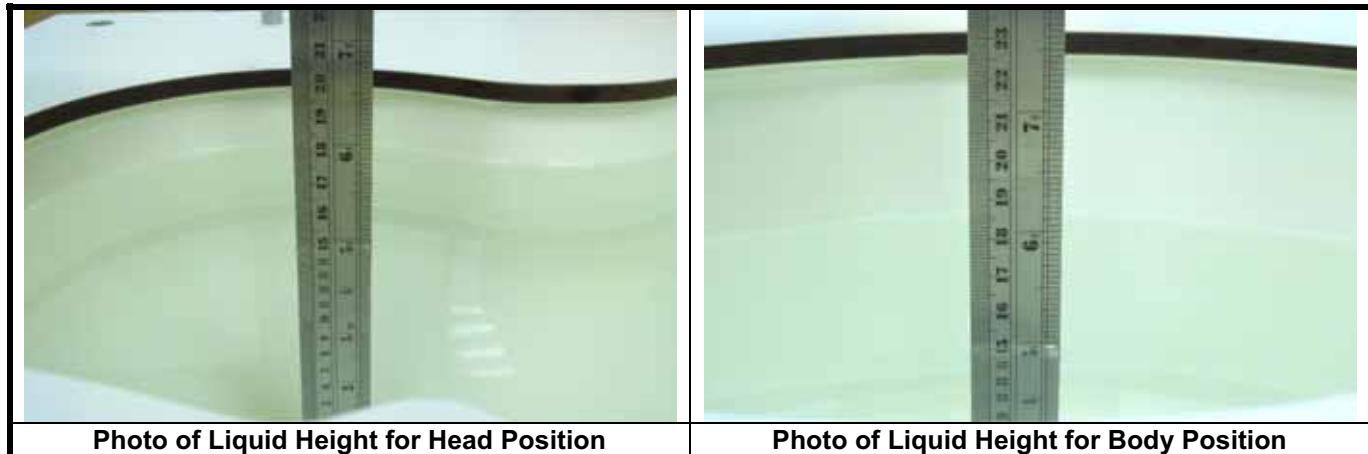
3.2.6 System Validation Dipoles

Model	D-Serial	
Construction	Symmetrical dipole with 1/4 balun. Enables measurement of feed point impedance with NWA. Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with tissue simulating solutions.	
Frequency	750 MHz to 5800 MHz	
Return Loss	> 20 dB	
Power Capability	> 100 W (f < 1GHz), > 40 W (f > 1GHz)	

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3.2.7 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5% are listed in Table-3.1.



The dielectric properties of the head tissue simulating liquids are defined in IEEE 1528 and FCC OET 65 Supplement C Appendix C. For the body tissue simulating liquids, the dielectric properties are defined in FCC OET 65 Supplement C Appendix C. The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using an Agilent 85070D Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

Table-3.1 Targets of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Frequency (MHz)	Target Permittivity	Range of ±5%	Target Conductivity	Range of ±5%
For Body				
2450	52.7	50.1 ~ 55.3	1.95	1.85 ~ 2.05
5200	49.0	46.6 ~ 51.5	5.30	5.04 ~ 5.57
5300	48.9	46.5 ~ 51.3	5.42	5.15 ~ 5.69
5500	48.6	46.2 ~ 51.0	5.65	5.37 ~ 5.93
5600	48.5	46.1 ~ 50.9	5.77	5.48 ~ 6.06
5800	48.2	45.8 ~ 50.6	6.00	5.70 ~ 6.30

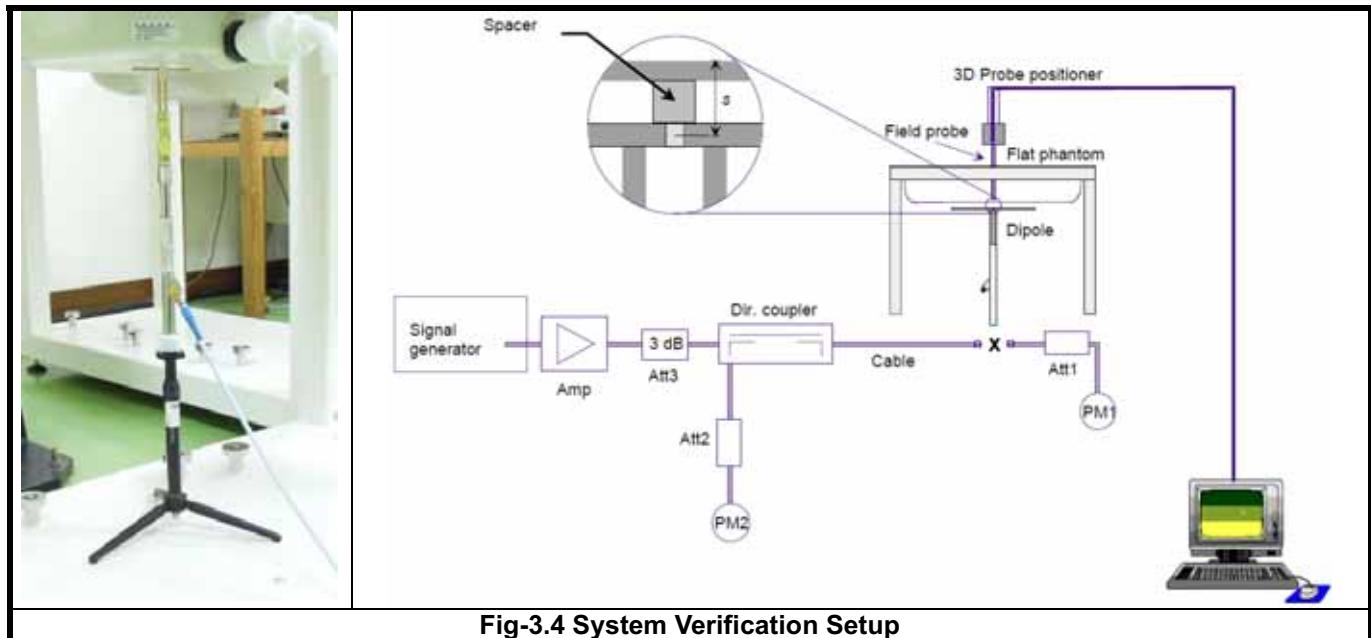
The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquids.

Table-3.2 Recipes of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Tissue Type	Bactericide	DGBE	HEC	NaCl	Sucrose	Triton X-100	Water	Diethylene Glycol Mono-hexylether
B2450	-	31.4	-	0.1	-	-	68.5	-
B5G	-	-	-	-	-	10.7	78.6	10.7

3.3 SAR System Verification

The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It is performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurements in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system verification setup is shown as below.



The validation dipole is placed beneath the flat phantom with the specific spacer in place. The distance spacer is touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The power meter PM1 measures the forward power at the location of the system check dipole connector. The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power (250 mW is used for 700 MHz to 3 GHz, 100 mW is used for 3.5 GHz to 6 GHz) at the dipole connector and the power meter PM2 is read at that level. After connecting the cable to the dipole, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter PM2.

After system check testing, the SAR result will be normalized to 1W forward input power and compared with the reference SAR value derived from validation dipole certificate report. The deviation of system check should be within 10 %.



3.4 SAR Measurement Procedure

According to the SAR test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

The SAR measurement procedures for each of test conditions are as follows:

- (a) Make EUT to transmit maximum output power
- (b) Measure conducted output power through RF cable
- (c) Place the EUT in the specific position of phantom
- (d) Perform SAR testing steps on the DASY system
- (e) Record the SAR value

3.4.1 Area & Zoom Scan Procedure

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan measures 5x5x7 points with step size 8, 8 and 5 mm for below 3 GHz, and 7x7x9 points with step size 4, 4 and 2.5 mm for above 5 GHz. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g.

3.4.2 Volume Scan Procedure

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

3.4.3 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.



3.4.4 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

3.4.5 SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.



4. SAR Measurement Evaluation

4.1 EUT Configuration and Setting

For WLAN SAR testing, the EUT has installed WLAN engineering testing software which can provide continuous transmitting RF signal. This RF signal utilized in SAR measurement has almost 100% duty cycle. The data rates for WLAN SAR testing were set in 1 Mbps for 802.11b and 6 Mbps for 802.11a due to the highest RF output power.

4.2 EUT Testing Position

Since the EUT cannot be used individually for body-worn, and the holster may touch body on front face, left side and right side, this EUT was installed in holster and tested in **Front Face**, **Left Side**, and **Right Side** positions with 0 cm air gap.

4.3 Tissue Verification

The measuring results for tissue simulating liquid are shown as below.

Tissue Type	Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Measured Conductivity (σ)	Measured Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Target Conductivity (σ)	Target Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Conductivity Deviation (%)	Permittivity Deviation (%)	Test Date
B2450	2450	21.4	1.97	51.7	1.95	52.7	1.03	-1.90	Jun. 11, 2012
B5G	5200	21.5	5.19	51.0	5.30	49.0	-2.08	4.08	Jun. 11, 2012
B5G	5200	21.4	5.19	50.9	5.30	49.0	-2.08	3.88	Jun. 13, 2012
B5G	5200	21.1	5.264	49.3	5.30	49.0	-0.68	0.61	Jun. 29, 2012
B5G	5500	21.4	5.71	50.5	5.65	48.6	1.06	3.91	Jun. 13, 2012
B5G	5500	21.2	5.754	50.633	5.65	48.6	1.84	4.18	Jun. 14, 2012
B5G	5500	21.6	5.736	50.591	5.65	48.6	1.52	4.10	Jun. 15, 2012
B5G	5500	21.3	5.712	48.682	5.65	48.6	1.10	0.17	Jun. 27, 2012
B5G	5500	21.1	5.711	48.808	5.65	48.6	1.08	0.43	Jun. 29, 2012
B5G	5800	21.4	6.18	49.8	6.00	48.2	3.00	3.32	Jun. 13, 2012
B5G	5800	21.3	6.128	47.929	6.00	48.2	2.13	-0.56	Jun. 27, 2012
B5G	5800	21.1	6.128	48.04	6.00	48.2	2.13	-0.33	Jun. 29, 2012

Note:

The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquid must be measured within 24 hours before the SAR testing and within $\pm 5\%$ of the target values. Liquid temperature during the SAR testing must be within $\pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$.



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4.4 System Verification

The measuring results for system check are shown as below.

Test Date	Frequency (MHz)	1W Target SAR-1g (W/kg)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Normalized to 1W SAR-1g (W/kg)	Deviation (%)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N
Jun. 11, 2012	2450	50.00	13.10	52.40	4.80	737	3590	861
Jun. 11, 2012	5200	72.70	7.25	72.50	-0.28	1018	3590	861
Jun. 13, 2012	5200	72.70	6.84	68.40	-5.91	1018	3590	861
Jun. 29, 2012	5200	72.70	7.50	75.00	3.16	1018	3650	1277
Jun. 13, 2012	5500	78.30	7.70	77.00	-1.66	1018	3590	861
Jun. 14, 2012	5500	78.30	8.23	82.30	5.11	1018	3650	1277
Jun. 15, 2012	5500	78.30	8.28	82.80	5.75	1018	3650	1277
Jun. 27, 2012	5500	78.30	7.80	78.00	-0.38	1018	3650	1277
Jun. 29, 2012	5500	78.30	7.53	75.30	-3.83	1018	3650	1277
Jun. 13, 2012	5800	73.40	7.79	77.90	6.13	1018	3590	861
Jun. 27, 2012	5800	73.40	6.92	69.20	-5.72	1018	3650	1277
Jun. 29, 2012	5800	73.40	6.79	67.90	-7.49	1018	3650	1277

Note:

Comparing to the reference SAR value provided by SPEAG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %. The result indicates the system check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.



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4.5 Conducted Power Results

The measuring conducted power (Unit: dBm) are shown as below.

Band	802.11b			802.11g		
Channel	1	6	11	1	6	11
Frequency (MHz)	2412	2437	2462	2412	2437	2462
Average Power (Ant-0)	21.50	21.80	19.10	14.50	21.10	14.60
Average Power (Ant-1)	21.10	21.70	19.00	14.30	21.00	14.40

Band	802.11n (HT20)			-			
Channel	1	6	11	-	-	-	-
Frequency (MHz)	2412	2437	2462	-	-	-	-
Average Power (Ant-0)	14.40	20.50	13.70	-	-	-	-
Average Power (Ant-1)	14.00	20.10	13.50	-	-	-	-

Band	802.11a							
Channel	36	40	44	48	52	56	60	64
Frequency (MHz)	5180	5200	5220	5240	5260	5280	5300	5320
Average Power (Ant-0)	13.70	13.80	13.90	13.90	18.20	18.00	18.10	16.00
Average Power (Ant-1)	13.60	13.70	13.70	13.80	18.10	17.90	18.00	15.90

Band	802.11a							
Channel	100	104	108	112	116	136	140	149
Frequency (MHz)	5500	5520	5540	5560	5580	5680	5700	5745
Average Power (Ant-0)	15.10	18.30	18.00	17.80	18.10	16.40	15.30	17.30
Average Power (Ant-1)	15.00	18.20	17.90	17.60	18.00	16.20	15.10	17.10

Band	802.11a							
Channel	153	157	161	165	-	-	-	-
Frequency (MHz)	5765	5785	5805	5825	-	-	-	-
Average Power (Ant 0)	17.10	17.00	17.10	17.30	-	-	-	-
Average Power (Ant 1)	16.90	16.90	17.00	17.10	-	-	-	-

Band	802.11n (HT20)							
Channel	36	40	44	48	52	56	60	64
Frequency (MHz)	5180	5200	5220	5240	5260	5280	5300	5320
Average Power (Ant-0)	13.30	13.20	13.40	13.50	17.70	17.40	17.40	15.60
Average Power (Ant-1)	13.20	13.10	13.30	13.40	17.60	17.30	17.30	15.40

Band	802.11n (HT20)							
Channel	100	104	108	112	116	136	140	149
Frequency (MHz)	5500	5520	5540	5560	5580	5680	5700	5745
Average Power (Ant-0)	14.70	17.80	17.50	17.40	17.70	15.80	14.70	16.90
Average Power (Ant-1)	14.60	17.70	17.40	17.20	17.60	15.60	14.50	16.70

Band	802.11n (HT20)							
Channel	153	157	161	165	-	-	-	-
Frequency (MHz)	5765	5785	5805	5825	-	-	-	-
Average Power (Ant-0)	16.70	17.00	16.60	16.80	-	-	-	-
Average Power (Ant-1)	16.40	16.80	16.40	16.40	-	-	-	-



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4.6 SAR Testing Results

4.6.1 SAR Results for Body

Plot No.	Band	Test Position	Separation Distance (cm)	Channel	Tx Antenna	Holster	Headset	SAR-1g (W/kg)
1	802.11b	Front Face	0	6	0	1	w/o	0.15
2	802.11b	Left Side	0	6	0	1	w/o	0.32
3	802.11b	Right Side	0	6	0	1	w/o	0.27
4	802.11b	Front Face	0	6	1	1	w/o	0.058
5	802.11b	Left Side	0	6	1	1	w/o	0.537
6	802.11b	Right Side	0	6	1	1	w/o	0.081
7	802.11b	Front Face	0	6	0	2	w/	0.09
8	802.11b	Left Side	0	6	0	2	w/	0.104
9	802.11b	Right Side	0	6	0	2	w/	0.271
10	802.11b	Front Face	0	6	1	2	w/	0.048
11	802.11b	Left Side	0	6	1	2	w/	0.401
12	802.11b	Right Side	0	6	1	2	w/	0.046
13	802.11a	Front Face	0	48	0	1	w/o	0.029
14	802.11a	Left Side	0	48	0	1	w/o	0.041
15	802.11a	Right Side	0	48	0	1	w/o	0.025
16	802.11a	Front Face	0	48	1	1	w/o	0.012
17	802.11a	Left Side	0	48	1	1	w/o	0.099
18	802.11a	Right Side	0	48	1	1	w/o	0.02
37	802.11a	Front Face	0	48	0	2	w/	0.073
38	802.11a	Left Side	0	48	0	2	w/	0.044
39	802.11a	Right Side	0	48	0	2	w/	0.394
40	802.11a	Front Face	0	48	1	2	w/	0.016
41	802.11a	Left Side	0	48	1	2	w/	0.187
42	802.11a	Right Side	0	48	1	2	w/	0.033
19	802.11a	Front Face	0	52	0	1	w/o	0.02
20	802.11a	Left Side	0	52	0	1	w/o	0.128
21	802.11a	Right Side	0	52	0	1	w/o	0.055
22	802.11a	Front Face	0	52	1	1	w/o	0.032
23	802.11a	Left Side	0	52	1	1	w/o	0.314
24	802.11a	Right Side	0	52	1	1	w/o	0.039
43	802.11a	Front Face	0	52	0	2	w/	0.025
44	802.11a	Left Side	0	52	0	2	w/	0.035
45	802.11a	Right Side	0	52	0	2	w/	0.31
46	802.11a	Front Face	0	52	1	2	w/	0.049
76	802.11a	Left Side	0	52	1	2	w/	0.678
48	802.11a	Right Side	0	52	1	2	w/	0.054



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Plot No.	Band	Test Position	Separation Distance (cm)	Channel	Tx Antenna	Holster	Headset	SAR-1g (W/kg)
25	802.11a	Front Face	0	104	0	1	w/o	0.015
26	802.11a	Left Side	0	104	0	1	w/o	0.282
27	802.11a	Right Side	0	104	0	1	w/o	0.143
28	802.11a	Front Face	0	104	1	1	w/o	0.03
29	802.11a	Left Side	0	104	1	1	w/o	0.15
30	802.11a	Right Side	0	104	1	1	w/o	0.047
49	802.11a	Front Face	0	104	0	2	w/	0.057
50	802.11a	Left Side	0	104	0	2	w/	0.191
66	802.11a	Right Side	0	104	0	2	w/	0.354
52	802.11a	Front Face	0	104	1	2	w/	0.048
65	802.11a	Left Side	0	104	1	2	w/	0.547
54	802.11a	Right Side	0	104	1	2	w/	0.052
31	802.11a	Front Face	0	165	0	1	w/o	0.085
32	802.11a	Left Side	0	165	0	1	w/o	0.193
33	802.11a	Right Side	0	165	0	1	w/o	0.139
34	802.11a	Front Face	0	165	1	1	w/o	0.062
35	802.11a	Left Side	0	165	1	1	w/o	0.152
36	802.11a	Right Side	0	165	1	1	w/o	0.07
55	802.11a	Front Face	0	165	0	2	w/	0.127
56	802.11a	Left Side	0	165	0	2	w/	0.075
69	802.11a	Right Side	0	165	0	2	w/	0.124
58	802.11a	Front Face	0	165	1	2	w/	0.094
70	802.11a	Left Side	0	165	1	2	w/	0.474
60	802.11a	Right Side	0	165	1	2	w/	0.167

Note:

1. The EUT was tested with scanner SE4500 and 53 key Keypad.
2. The EUT cannot connect the headset when this EUT be installed in holster 1. Therefore, SAR testing with headset is only performed on the holster 2.
3. SAR testing for 802.11g/n is not required because its output power is less than 1/4 dB higher than 802.11b.
4. SAR testing for 802.11n is not required because its output power is less than 1/4 dB higher than 802.11a.

Test Engineer : Sam Onn, and Match Tsui



5. Calibration of Test Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	SN	Cal. Date	Cal. Interval
System Validation Kit	SPEAG	D2450V2	737	Jan. 24, 2012	Annual
System Validation Kit	SPEAG	D5GHzV2	1018	Jan. 18, 2012	Annual
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3590	Feb. 23, 2012	Annual
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3650	Oct. 26, 2011	Annual
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4	861	Aug. 29, 2011	Annual
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4	1277	Jul. 29, 2011	Annual
ELI Phantom	SPEAG	QDOVA001B	TP-1039	N/A	N/A
ELI Phantom	SPEAG	QDOVA001B	TP-1043	N/A	N/A
ENA Series Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	MY46214281	May 14, 2012	Annual
MXG Analog Signal Generator	Agilent	N5181A	MY50143868	May 06, 2012	Annual
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	1218009	May 07, 2012	Annual
Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	1207252	May 07, 2012	Annual
EXA Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9010A	MY52100136	Apr. 23, 2012	Annual
Dielectric Probe Kit	Agilent	85070D	N/A	N/A	N/A
Thermometer	YFE	YF-160A	110600361	Feb. 21, 2012	Annual



6. Measurement Uncertainty

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Standard Uncertainty (1g)	Vi
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	6.0	Normal	1	1	± 6.0 %	∞
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	± 1.9 %	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	± 3.9 %	∞
Boundary Effects	1.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.6 %	∞
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 2.7 %	∞
System Detection Limits	1.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.6 %	∞
Readout Electronics	0.6	Normal	1	1	± 0.6 %	∞
Response Time	0.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.0 %	∞
Integration Time	1.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 1.0 %	∞
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 1.7 %	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 1.7 %	∞
Probe Positioner	0.5	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.3 %	∞
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 1.7 %	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	2.3	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 1.3 %	∞
Test Sample Related						
Device Positioning	3.9	Normal	1	1	± 3.9 %	31
Device Holder	2.7	Normal	1	1	± 2.7 %	19
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 2.9 %	∞
Phantom and Setup						
Phantom Uncertainty	4.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 2.3 %	∞
Liquid Conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	± 1.8 %	∞
Liquid Conductivity (Meas.)	5.0	Normal	1	0.64	± 3.2 %	29
Liquid Permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	± 1.7 %	∞
Liquid Permittivity (Meas.)	5.0	Normal	1	0.6	± 3.0 %	29
Combined Standard Uncertainty						± 11.7 %
Expanded Uncertainty (K=2)						± 23.4 %

Uncertainty budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz



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Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Standard Uncertainty (1g)	Vi
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	6.55	Normal	1	1	± 6.55 %	∞
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	± 1.9 %	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	± 3.9 %	∞
Boundary Effects	2.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 1.2 %	∞
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 2.7 %	∞
System Detection Limits	1.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.6 %	∞
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	± 0.3 %	∞
Response Time	0.8	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.5 %	∞
Integration Time	2.6	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 1.5 %	∞
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 1.7 %	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 1.7 %	∞
Probe Positioner	0.8	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.5 %	∞
Probe Positioning	9.9	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 5.7 %	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	4.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 2.3 %	∞
Test Sample Related						
Device Positioning	3.9	Normal	1	1	± 3.9 %	31
Device Holder	2.7	Normal	1	1	± 2.7 %	19
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 2.9 %	∞
Phantom and Setup						
Phantom Uncertainty	4.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 2.3 %	∞
Liquid Conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	± 1.8 %	∞
Liquid Conductivity (Meas.)	5.0	Normal	1	0.64	± 3.2 %	30
Liquid Permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	± 1.7 %	∞
Liquid Permittivity (Meas.)	5.0	Normal	1	0.6	± 3.0 %	30
Combined Standard Uncertainty						± 13.4 %
Expanded Uncertainty (K=2)						± 26.8 %

Uncertainty budget for frequency range 3 GHz to 6 GHz



7. Information on the Testing Laboratories

We, Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch, were founded in 1988 to provide our best service in EMC, Radio, Telecom and Safety consultation. Our laboratories are accredited and approved according to ISO/IEC 17025.

Copies of accreditation and authorization certificates of our laboratories obtained from approval agencies can be downloaded from our web site. If you have any comments, please feel free to contact us at the following:

Taiwan HwaYa EMC/RF/Safety/Telecom Lab:

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Taiwan LinKo EMC/RF Lab:

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Fax: 886-2-2605-1924

Taiwan HsinChu EMC/RF Lab:

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Tel: 886-3-593-5343

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Email: service.adt@tw.bureauveritas.com

Web Site: www.adt.com.tw

The road map of all our labs can be found in our web site also.

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Appendix A. SAR Plots of System Verification

The plots for system verification are shown as follows.

System Check_B2450_120611

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; SN: 737

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B2450_0611 Medium parameters used: $f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.97 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 22.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.4 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590; ConvF(7.8, 7.8, 7.8); Calibrated: 2012/02/23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2011/08/29
- Phantom: Flat Phantom ELI4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: SN:1039
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.7 mW/g

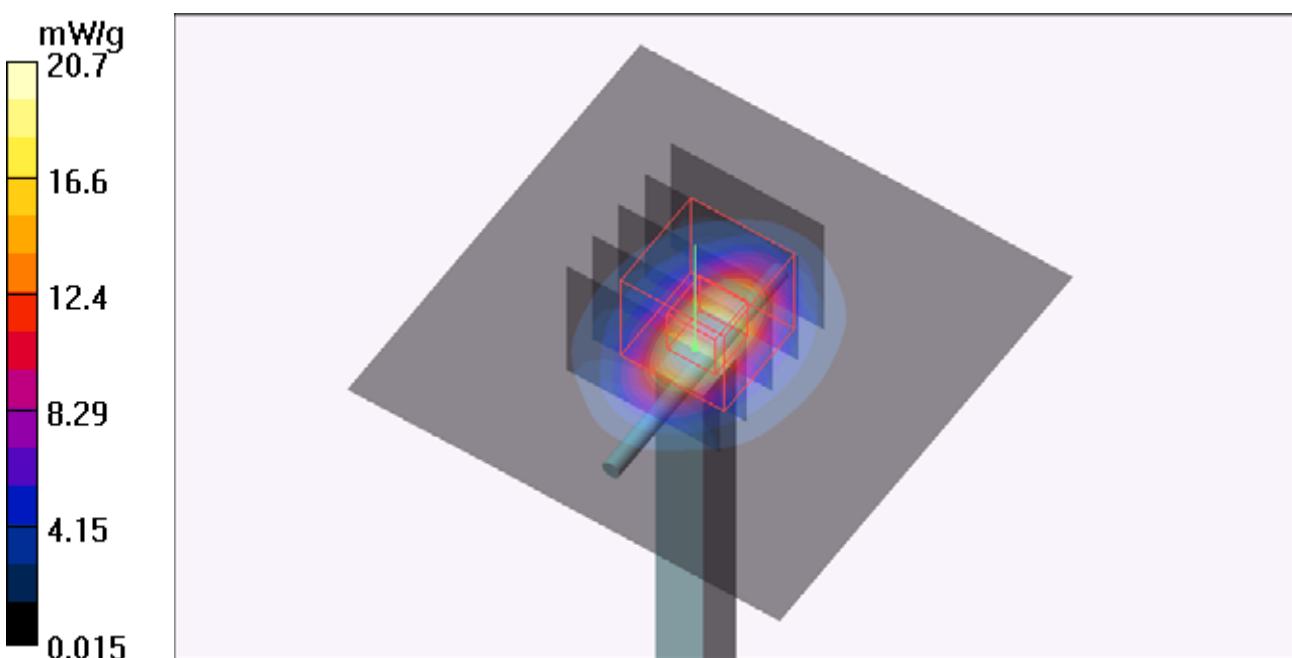
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 102.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.058 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.01 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.6 mW/g



System Check_B5200_120611

DUT: Dipole 5 GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; SN: 1018

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0611 Medium parameters used: $f = 5200$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.19$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 22.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590; ConvF(4.89, 4.89, 4.89); Calibrated: 2012/02/23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2011/08/29
- Phantom: Flat Phantom ELI4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: SN:1039
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.7 mW/g

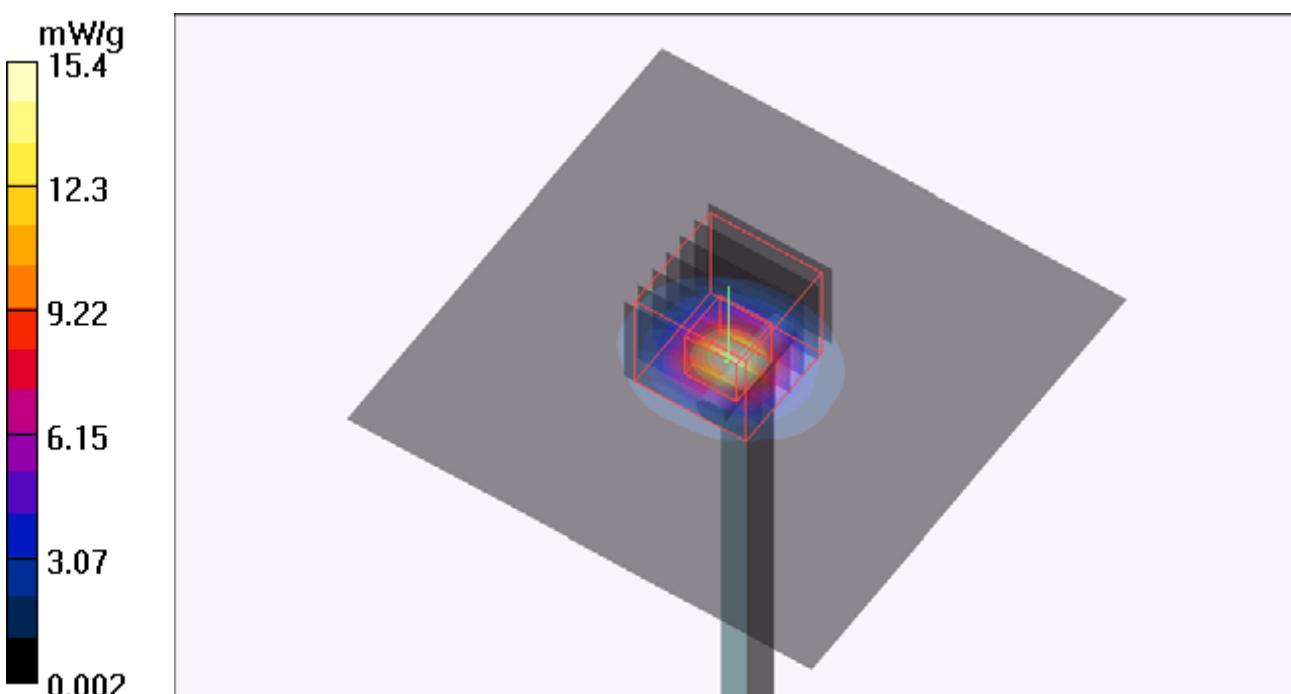
Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 59.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.033 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.25 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.04 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.4 mW/g



System Check_B5200_120613

DUT: Dipole 5 GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; SN: 1018

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0613 Medium parameters used: $f = 5200$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.19$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 22.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.4 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590; ConvF(4.89, 4.89, 4.89); Calibrated: 2012/02/23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2011/08/29
- Phantom: Flat Phantom ELI4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: SN:1039
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.0 mW/g

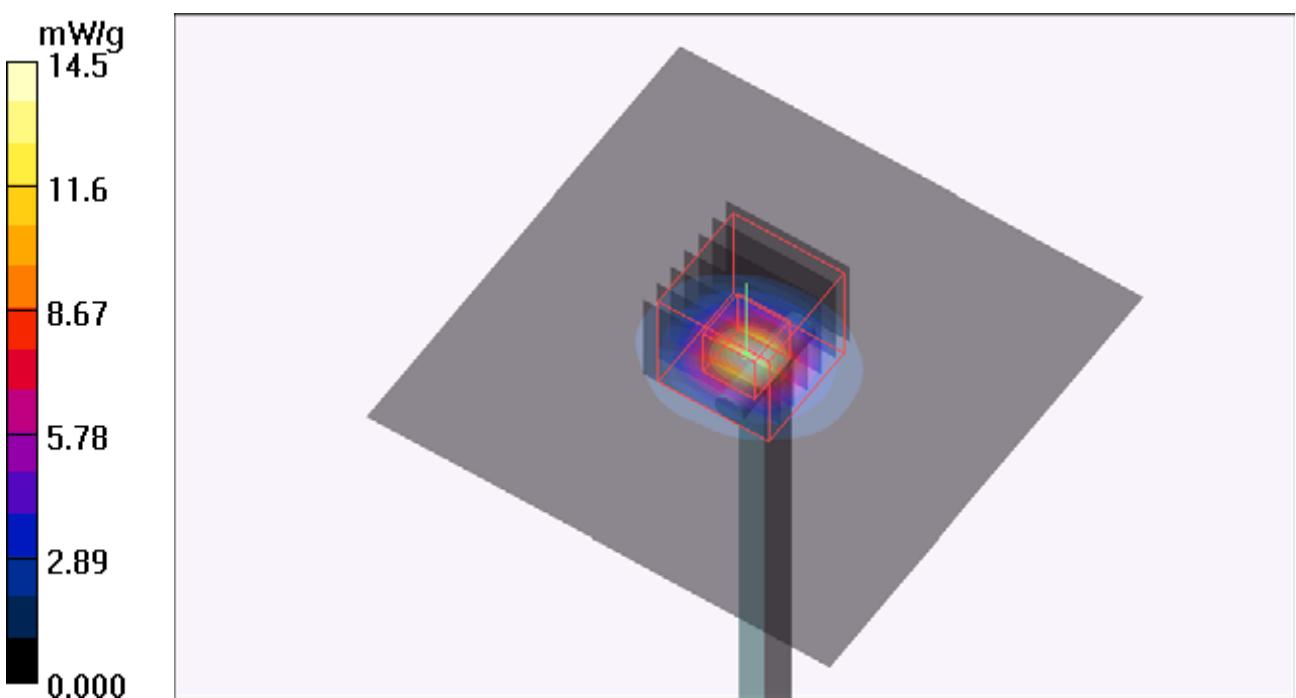
Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 58.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.042 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 6.84 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.94 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.5 mW/g



System Check_B5200_120629**DUT: Dipole 5 GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; SN: 1018**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0629 Medium parameters used: $f = 5200$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.264$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 49.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 22.0 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.1 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(4.28, 4.28, 4.28); Calibrated: 2011/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2011/07/29
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: TP:1043
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

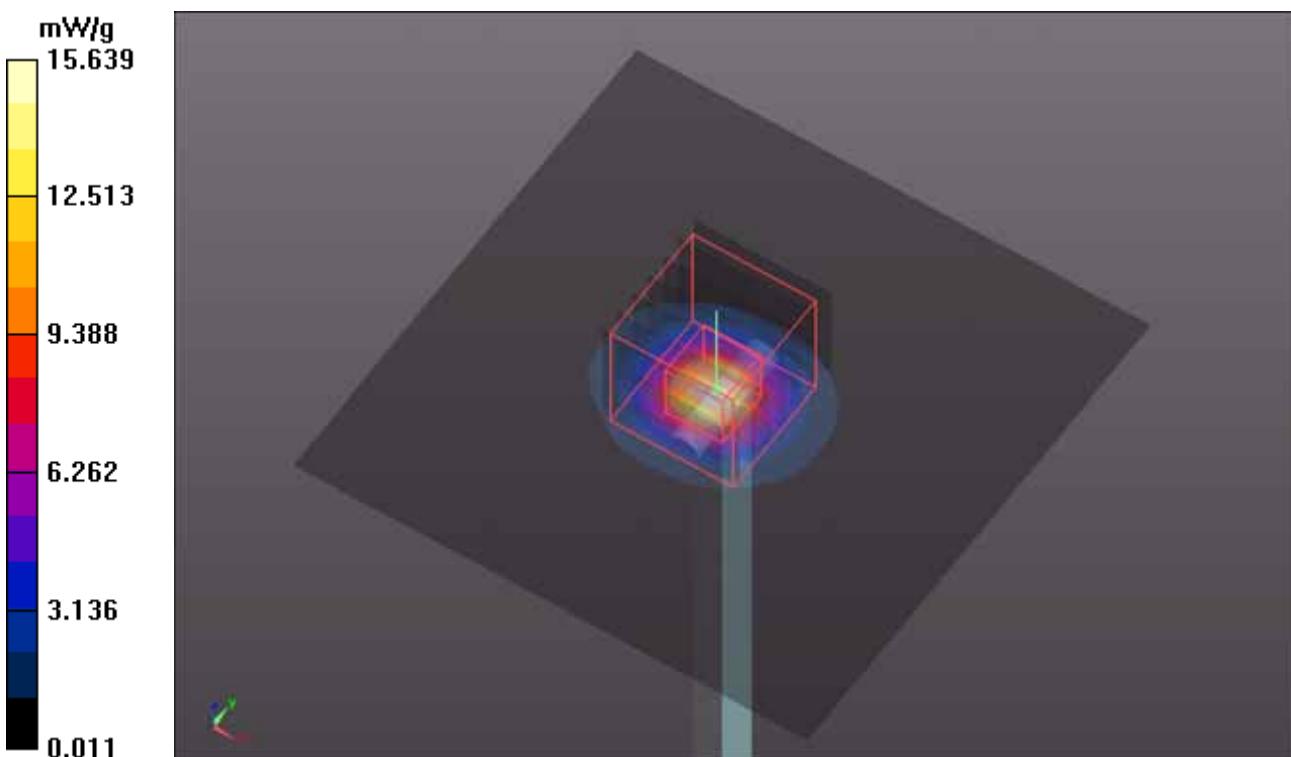
Pin=100mW, f=5200 MHz/Area Scan (91x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.6 mW/g**Pin=100mW, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 59.498 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.718 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 7.5 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.1 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.6 mW/g



System Check_B5500_120613

DUT: Dipole 5 GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; SN: 1018

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5500 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0613 Medium parameters used: $f = 5500$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.71$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 22.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.4 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590; ConvF(4.35, 4.35, 4.35); Calibrated: 2012/02/23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2011/08/29
- Phantom: Flat Phantom ELI4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: SN:1039
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.5 mW/g

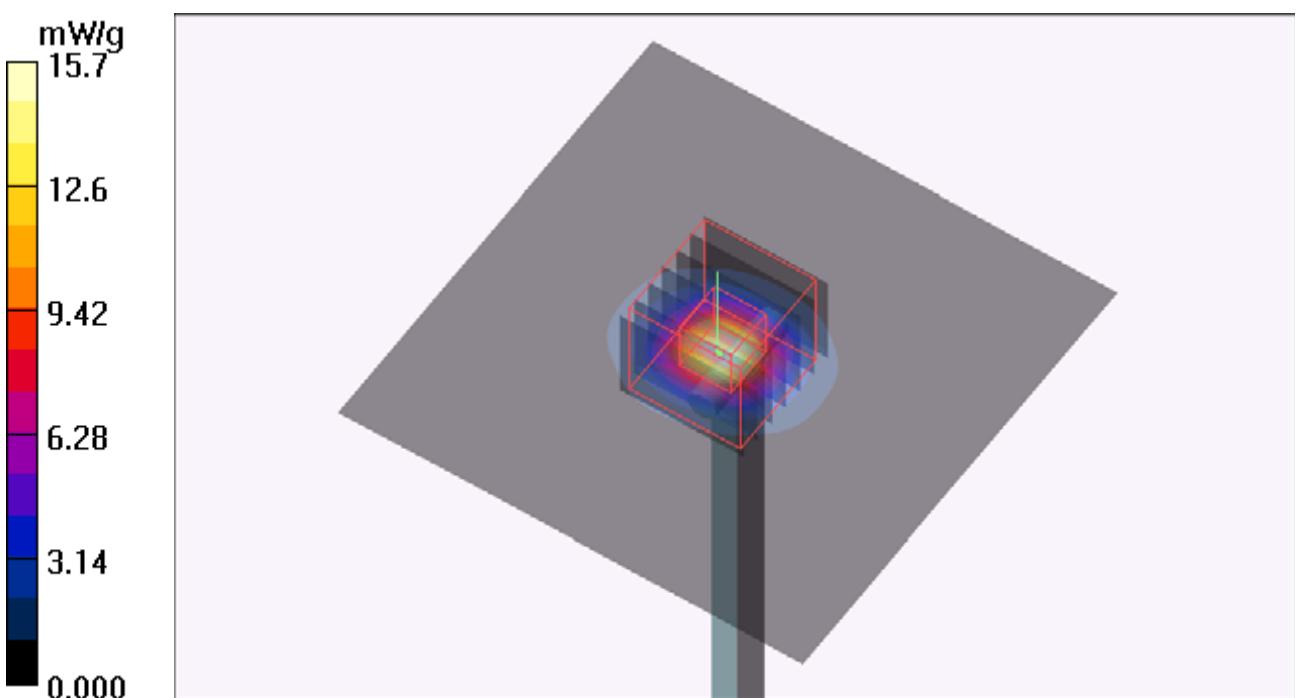
Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 58.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.018 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.7 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.09 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.7 mW/g



System Check_B5500_120614

DUT: Dipole 5 GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; SN: 1018

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5500 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0614 Medium parameters used: $f = 5500$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.754$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.633$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 22.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.2 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(3.73, 3.73, 3.73); Calibrated: 2011/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2011/07/29
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: TP:1043
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Pin=100mW, f=5500 MHz/Area Scan (91x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.1 mW/g

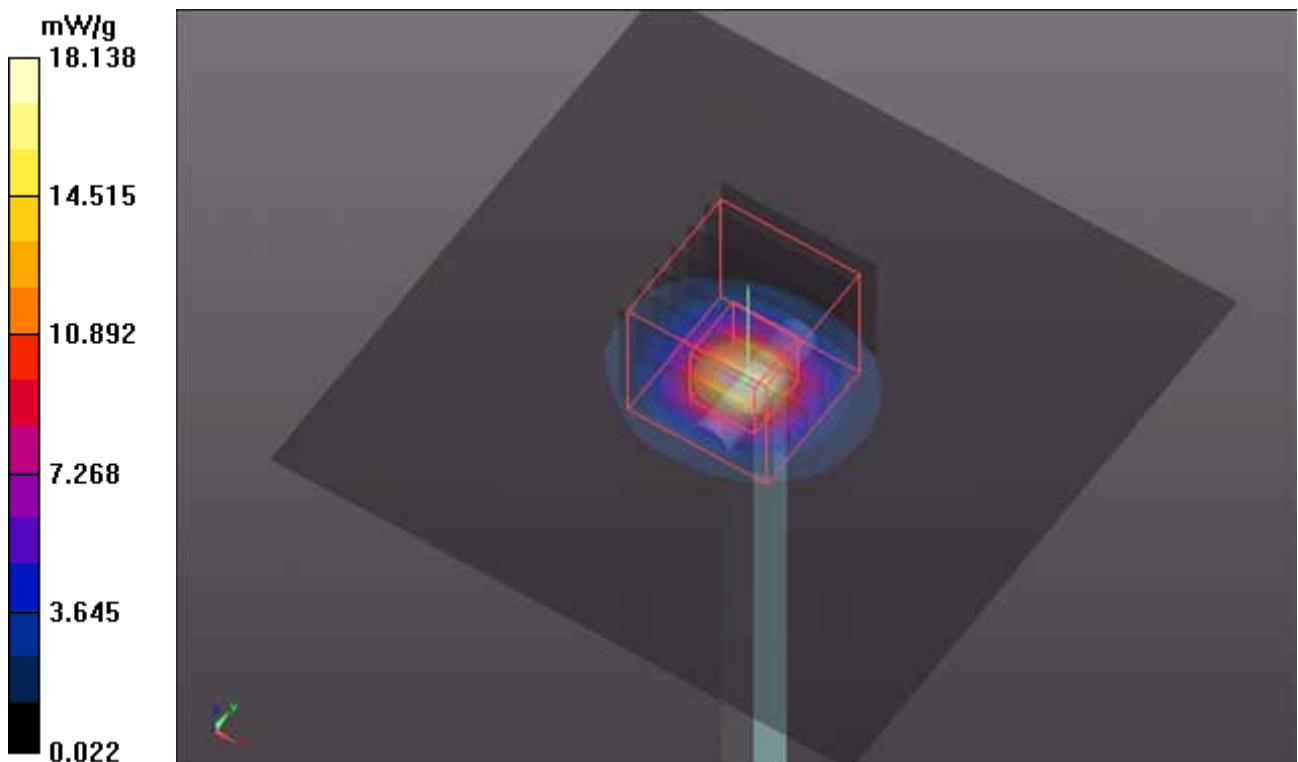
Pin=100mW, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 60.953 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.507 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 8.23 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.29 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.6 mW/g



System Check_B5500_120615

DUT: Dipole 5 GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; SN: 1018

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5500 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0615 Medium parameters used: $f = 5500$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.736$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.591$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 22.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(3.73, 3.73, 3.73); Calibrated: 2011/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2011/07/29
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: TP:1043
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Pin=100mW, f=5500 MHz/Area Scan (91x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.4 mW/g

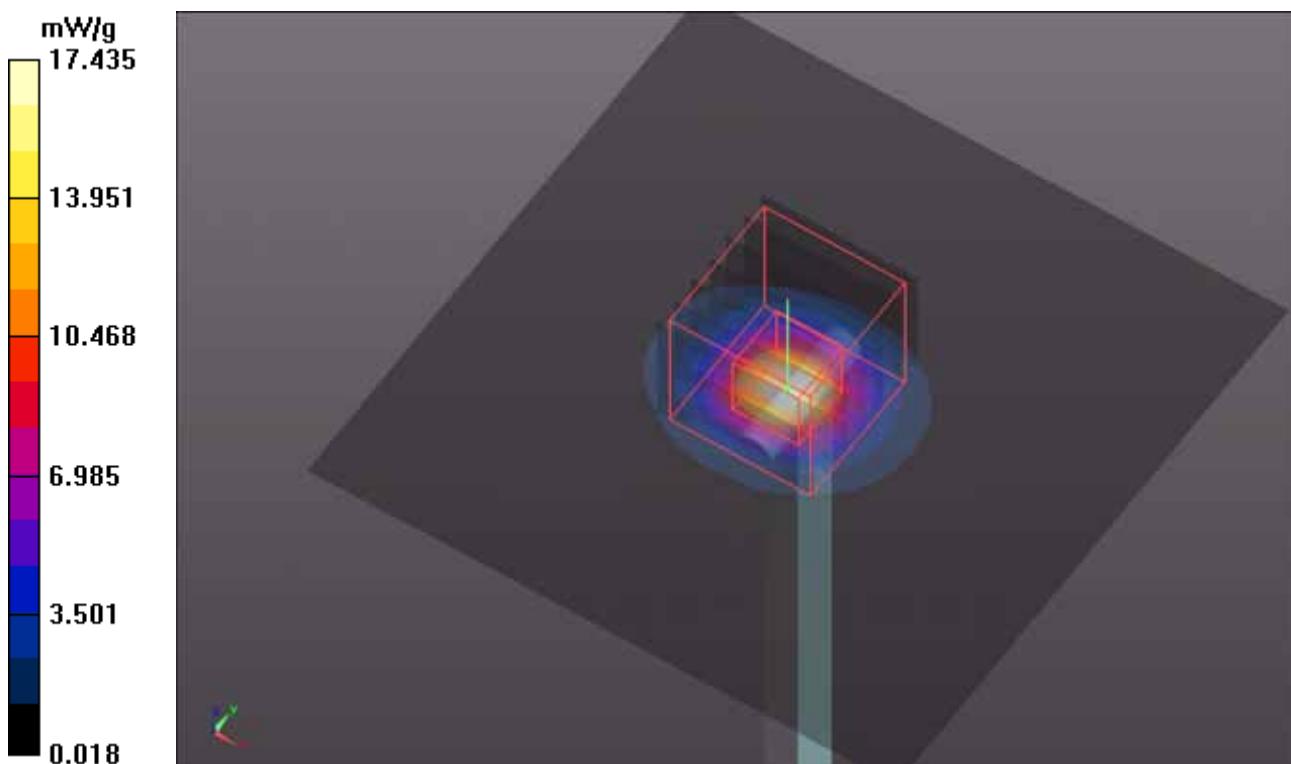
Pin=100mW, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 62.818 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.412 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 8.28 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.3 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.9 mW/g



System Check_B5500_120627

DUT: Dipole 5 GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; SN: 1018

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5500 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0627 Medium parameters used: $f = 5500$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.712$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.682$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 22.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.3 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(3.73, 3.73, 3.73); Calibrated: 2011/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2011/07/29
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: TP:1043
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Pin=100mW, f=5500 MHz/Area Scan (91x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.0 mW/g

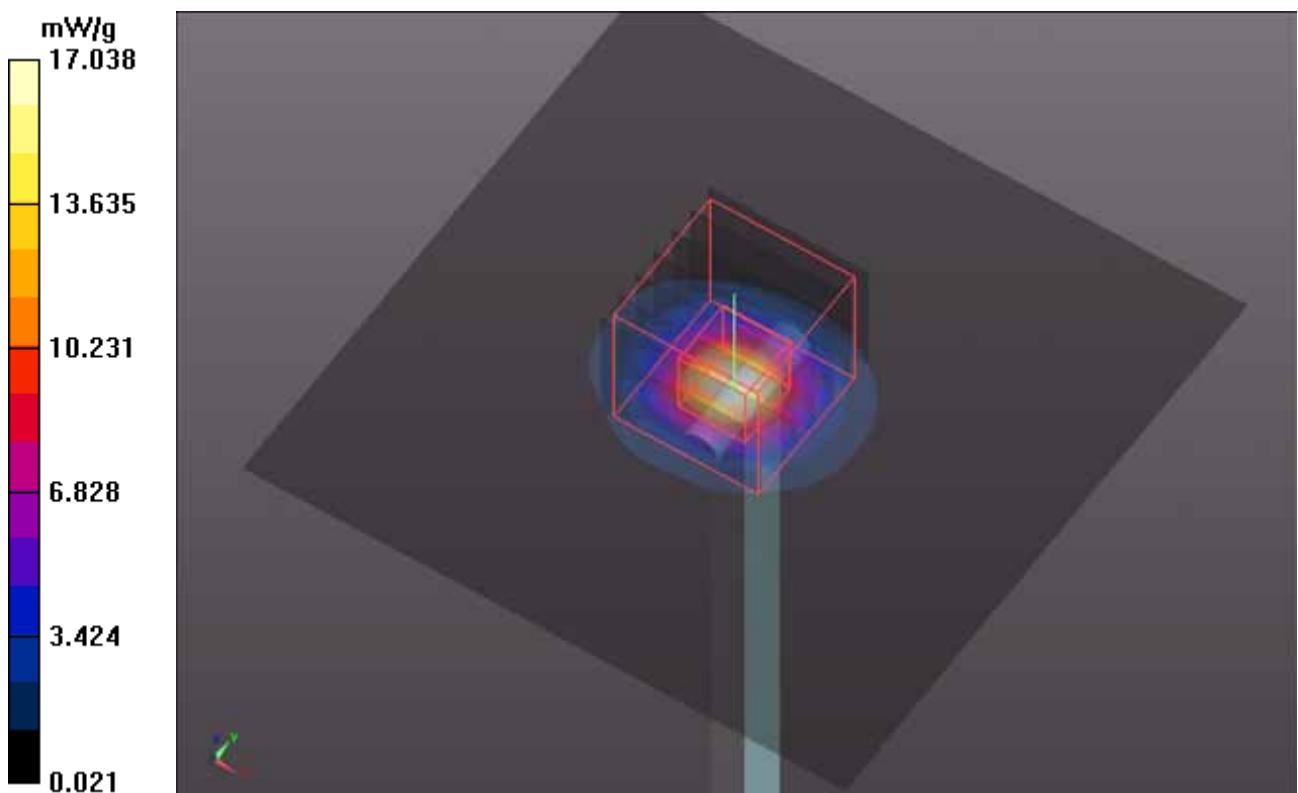
Pin=100mW, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 60.489 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.017 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 7.8 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.17 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.9 mW/g



System Check_B5500_120629

DUT: Dipole 5 GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; SN: 1018

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5500 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0629 Medium parameters used: $f = 5500$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.711$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.808$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 22.0 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.1 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(3.73, 3.73, 3.73); Calibrated: 2011/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2011/07/29
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: TP:1043
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Pin=100mW, f=5500 MHz/Area Scan (91x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.0 mW/g

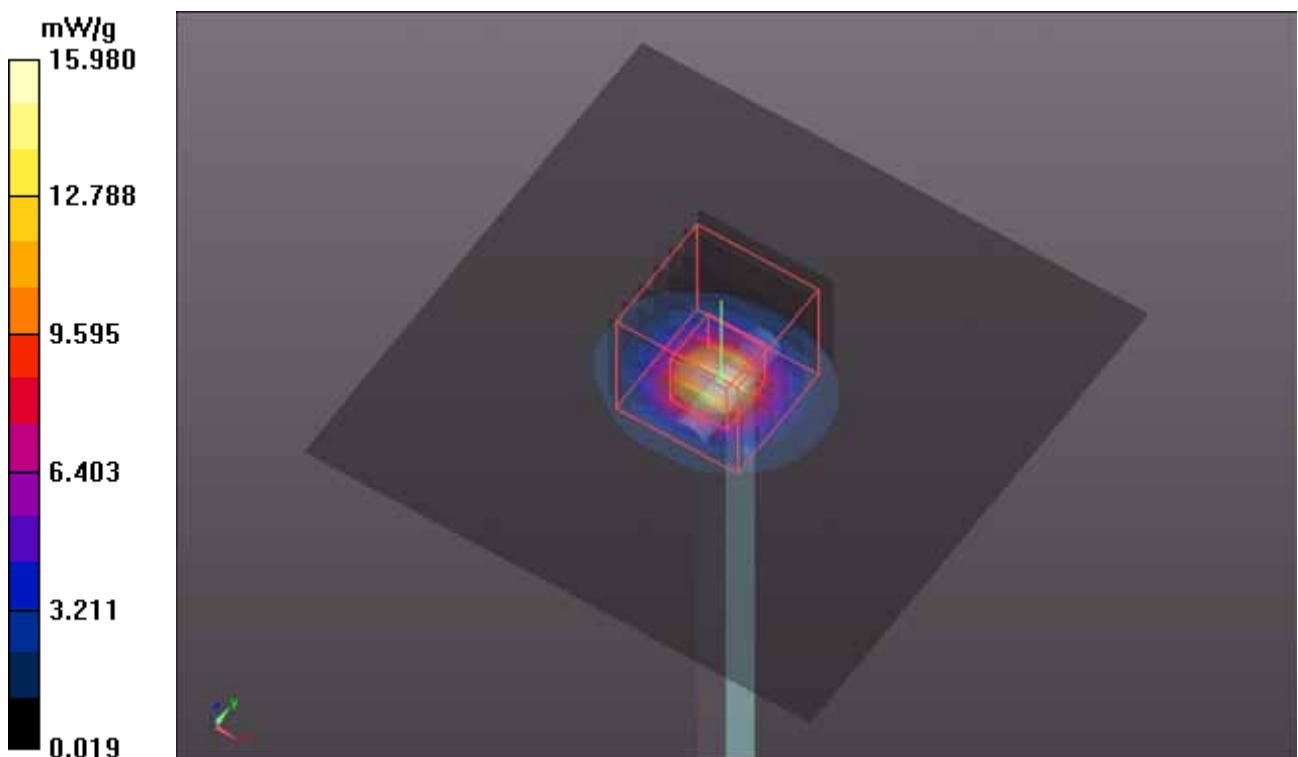
Pin=100mW, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 59.757 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.157 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 7.53 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.1 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.3 mW/g



System Check_B5800_120613

DUT: Dipole 5 GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; SN: 1018

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0613 Medium parameters used: $f = 5800$ MHz; $\sigma = 6.18$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 49.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 22.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.4 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590; ConvF(4.54, 4.54, 4.54); Calibrated: 2012/02/23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2011/08/29
- Phantom: Flat Phantom ELI4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: SN:1039
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.9 mW/g

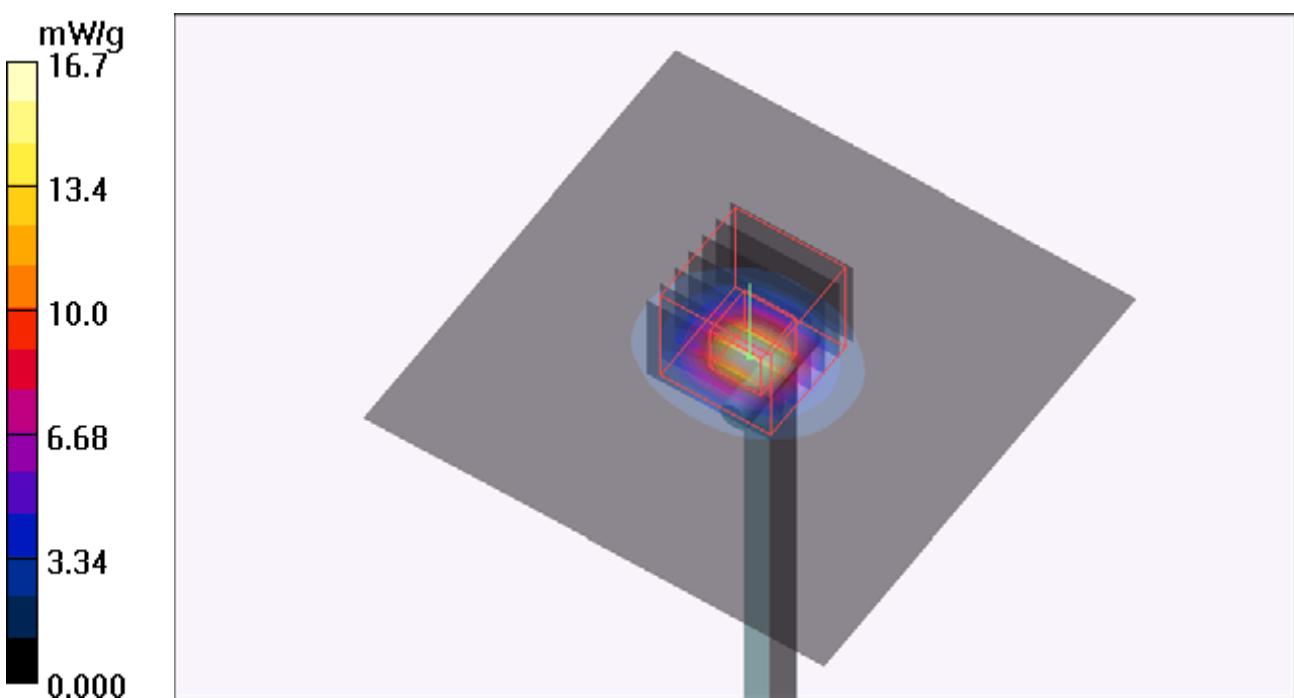
Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 57.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.067 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.79 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.16 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.7 mW/g



System Check_B5800_120627

DUT: Dipole 5 GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; SN: 1018

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0627 Medium parameters used: $f = 5800$ MHz; $\sigma = 6.128$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.929$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 22.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.3 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(3.81, 3.81, 3.81); Calibrated: 2011/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2011/07/29
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: TP:1043
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Pin=100mW, f=5800 MHz/Area Scan (91x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.6 mW/g

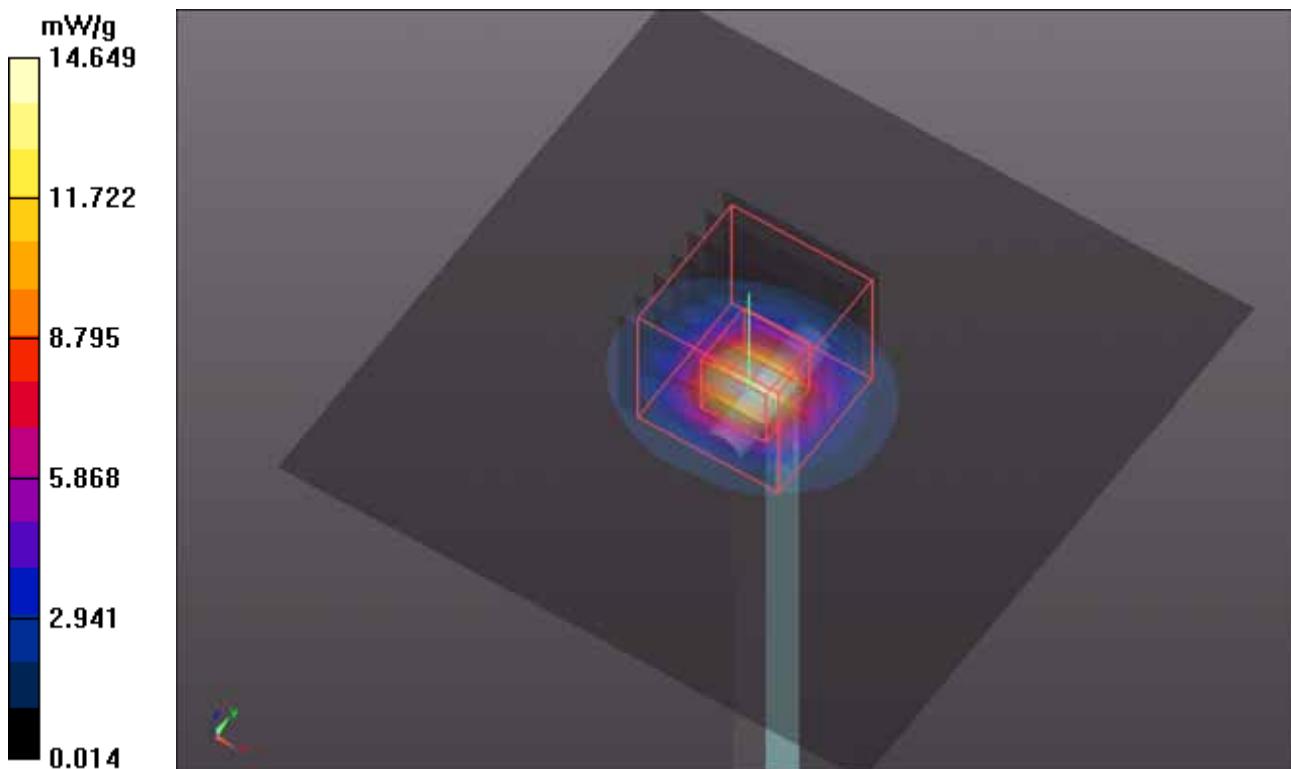
Pin=100mW, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 55.293 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.170 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 6.92 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.92 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.1 mW/g



System Check_B5800_120629

DUT: Dipole 5 GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; SN: 1018

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0629 Medium parameters used: $f = 5800$ MHz; $\sigma = 6.128$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.04$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 22.0 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.1 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(3.81, 3.81, 3.81); Calibrated: 2011/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2011/07/29
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: TP:1043
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Pin=100mW, f=5800 MHz/Area Scan (91x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.4 mW/g

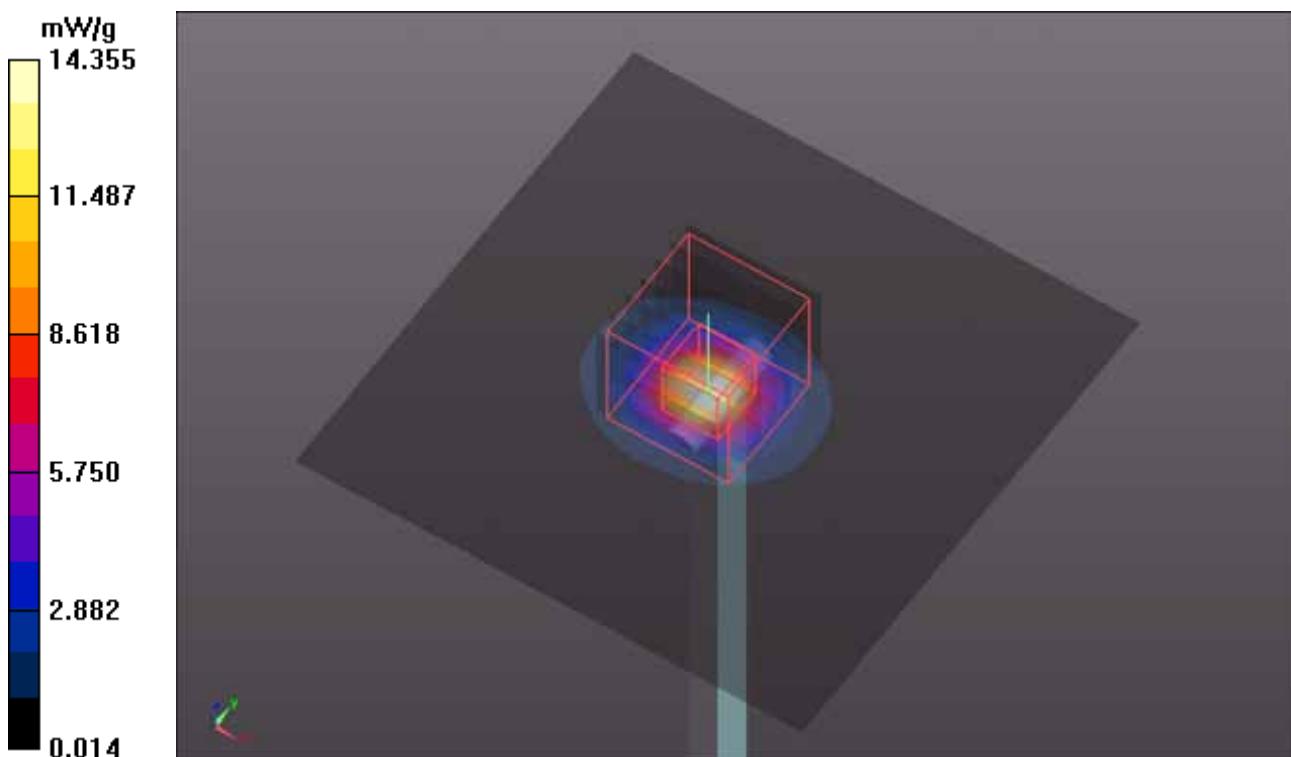
Pin=100mW, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 55.031 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.436 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 6.79 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.9 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.0 mW/g





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Appendix B. SAR Plots of SAR Measurement

The plots for SAR measurement are shown as follows.

P01 802.11b_Front Face_0 cm_Ch06_ANT 0_SE4500_K53_Holster 1**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B2450_0611 Medium parameters used: $f = 2437 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.95 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 22.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.4 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590; ConvF(7.8, 7.8, 7.8); Calibrated: 2012/02/23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2011/08/29
- Phantom: Flat Phantom ELI4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: SN:1039
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Ch06/Area Scan (71x131x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.207 mW/g

Ch06/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.46 V/m; Power Drift = -0.173 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.277 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.150 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.083 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.207 mW/g

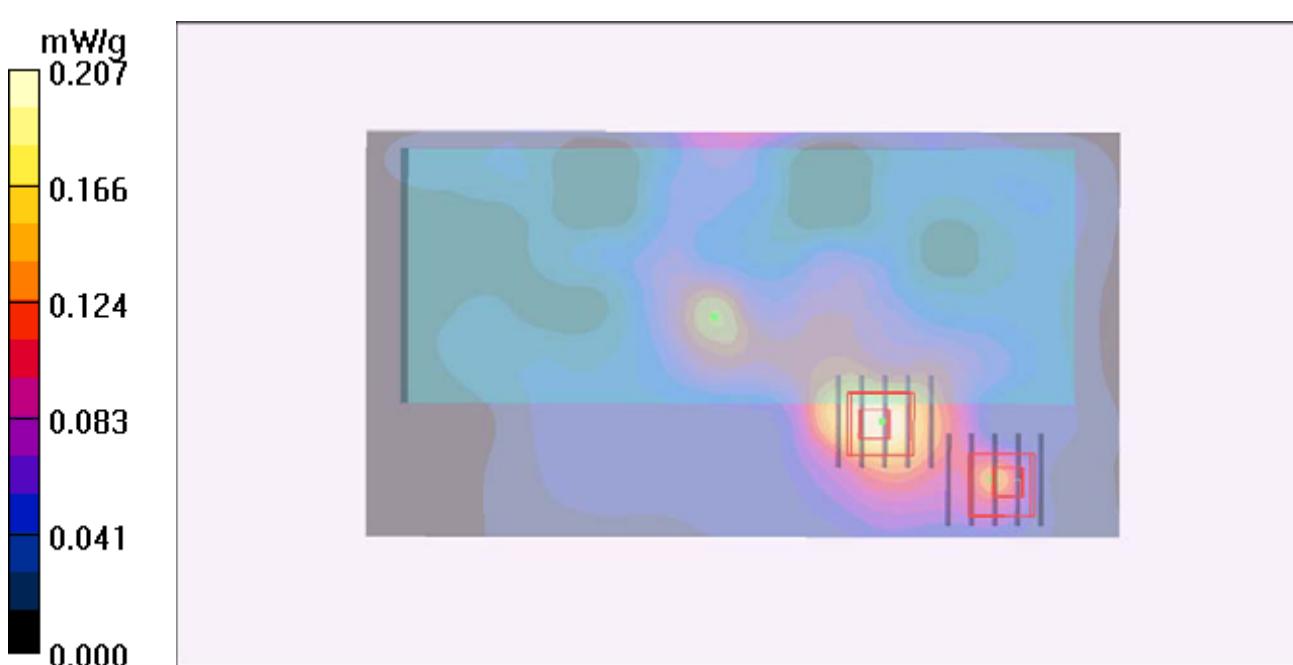
Ch06/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.46 V/m; Power Drift = -0.173 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.191 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.087 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.041 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.151 mW/g



P02 802.11b_Left Side_0 cm_Ch06_ANT 0_SE4500_K53_Holster 1**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B2450_0611 Medium parameters used: $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.95$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 22.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.4 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590; ConvF(7.8, 7.8, 7.8); Calibrated: 2012/02/23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2011/08/29
- Phantom: Flat Phantom ELI4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: SN:1039
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Ch06/Area Scan (51x131x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.443 mW/g

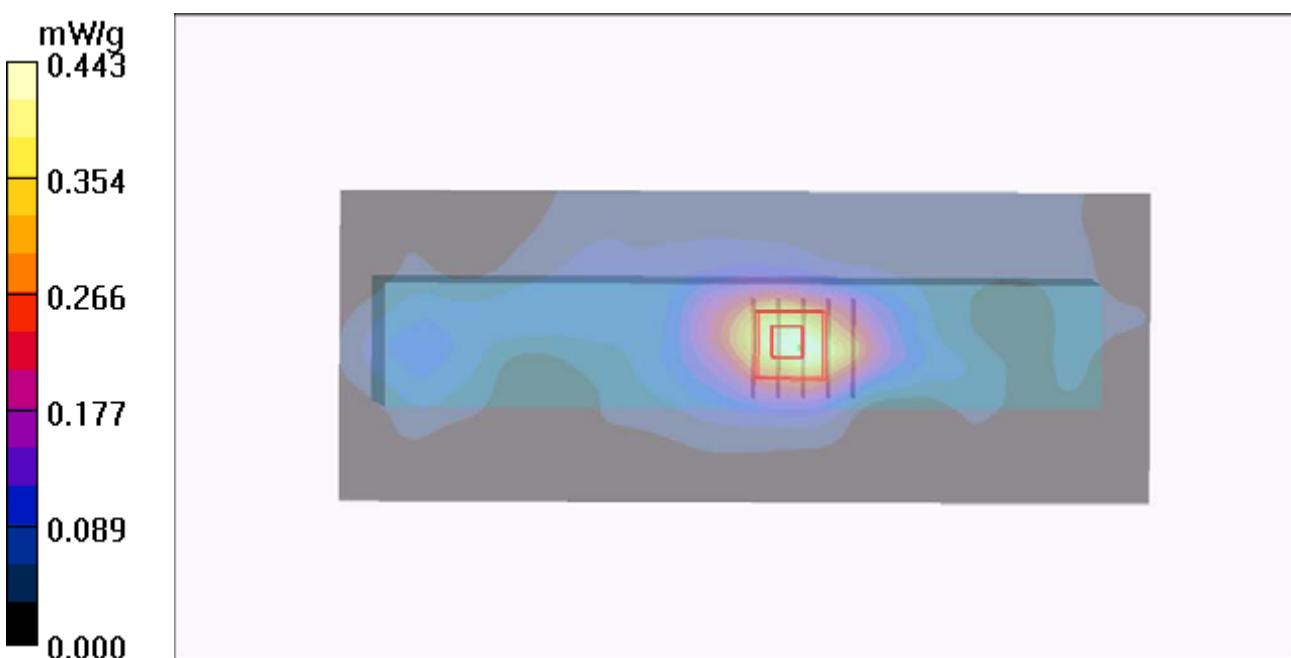
Ch06/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.129 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.594 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.320 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.171 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.439 mW/g



P03 802.11b_Right Side_0 cm_Ch06_ANT 0_SE4500_K53_Holster 1**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B2450_0611 Medium parameters used: $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.95$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 22.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.4 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590; ConvF(7.8, 7.8, 7.8); Calibrated: 2012/02/23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2011/08/29
- Phantom: Flat Phantom ELI4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: SN:1039
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Ch06/Area Scan (51x131x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.410 mW/g

Ch06/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.81 V/m; Power Drift = -0.031 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.501 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.270 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.140 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.377 mW/g

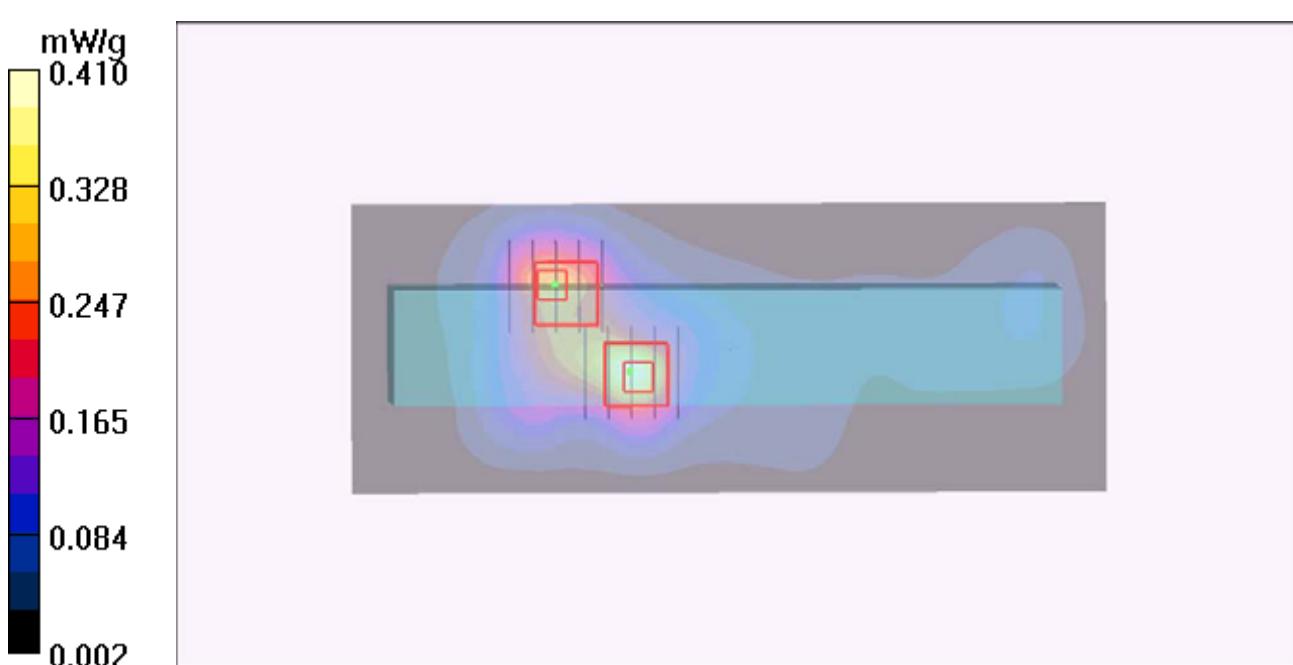
Ch06/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.81 V/m; Power Drift = -0.031 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.427 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.213 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.123 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.312 mW/g



P04 802.11b_Front Face_0 cm_Ch06_ANT 1_SE4500_K53_Holster 1**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B2450_0611 Medium parameters used: $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.95$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 22.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.4 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590; ConvF(7.8, 7.8, 7.8); Calibrated: 2012/02/23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2011/08/29
- Phantom: Flat Phantom ELI4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: SN:1039
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Ch06/Area Scan (71x131x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.083 mW/g

Ch06/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.40 V/m; Power Drift = 0.004 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.106 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.058 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.033 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.080 mW/g

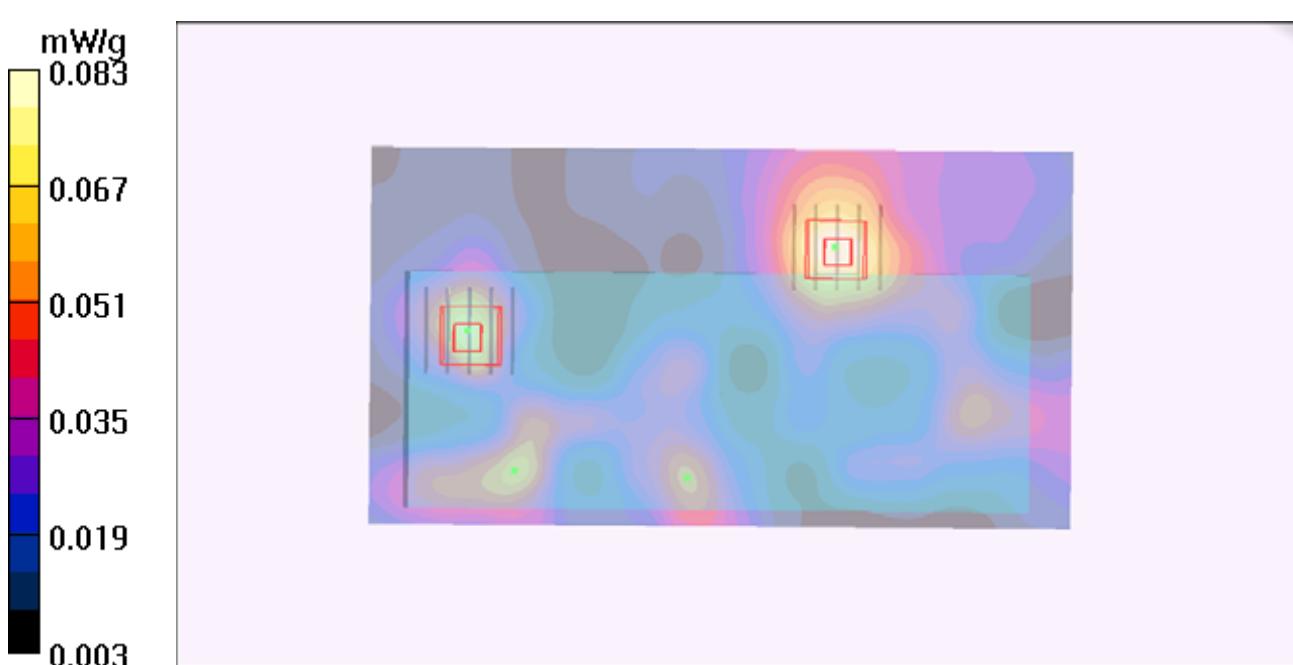
Ch06/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.40 V/m; Power Drift = 0.004 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.249 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.057 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.029 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.249 mW/g



P05 802.11b_Left Side_0 cm_Ch06_ANT 1_SE4500_K53_Holster 1**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B2450_0611 Medium parameters used: $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.95$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 22.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.4 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590; ConvF(7.8, 7.8, 7.8); Calibrated: 2012/02/23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2011/08/29
- Phantom: Flat Phantom ELI4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: SN:1039
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Ch06/Area Scan (51x131x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.749 mW/g

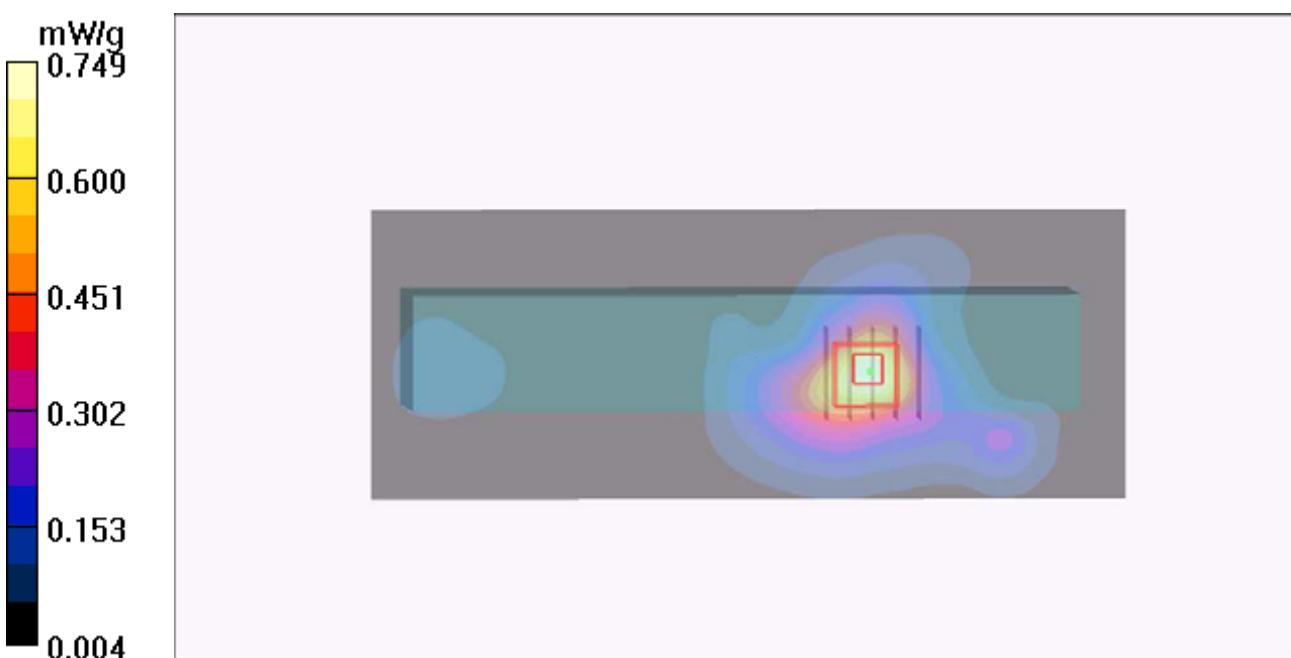
Ch06/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.45 V/m; Power Drift = -0.117 dB

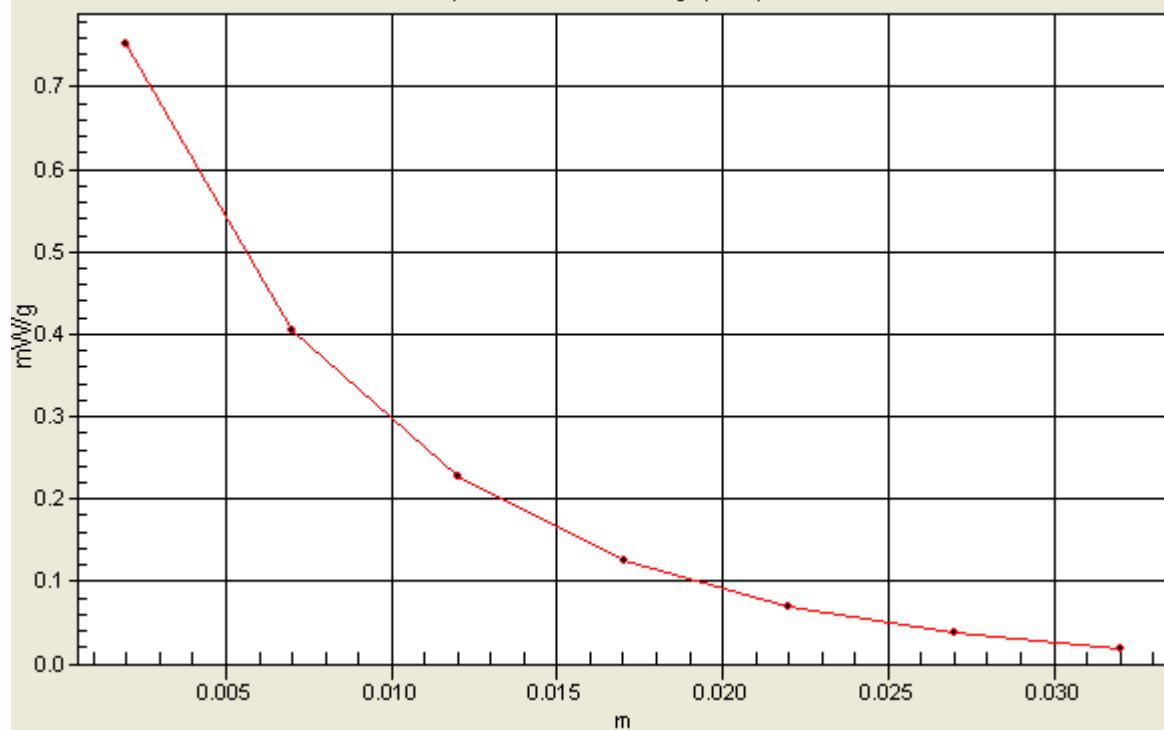
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.994 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.537 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.292 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.753 mW/g



1g/10g Averaged SAR
SAR; Zoom Scan:Value Along Z, X=2, Y=2



P06 802.11b_Right Side_0 cm_Ch06_ANT 1_SE4500_K53_Holster 1**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B2450_0611 Medium parameters used: $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.95$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 22.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.4 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590; ConvF(7.8, 7.8, 7.8); Calibrated: 2012/02/23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2011/08/29
- Phantom: Flat Phantom ELI4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: SN:1039
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Ch06/Area Scan (51x131x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.100 mW/g

Ch06/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.13 V/m; Power Drift = 0.134 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.196 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.081 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.035 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.121 mW/g

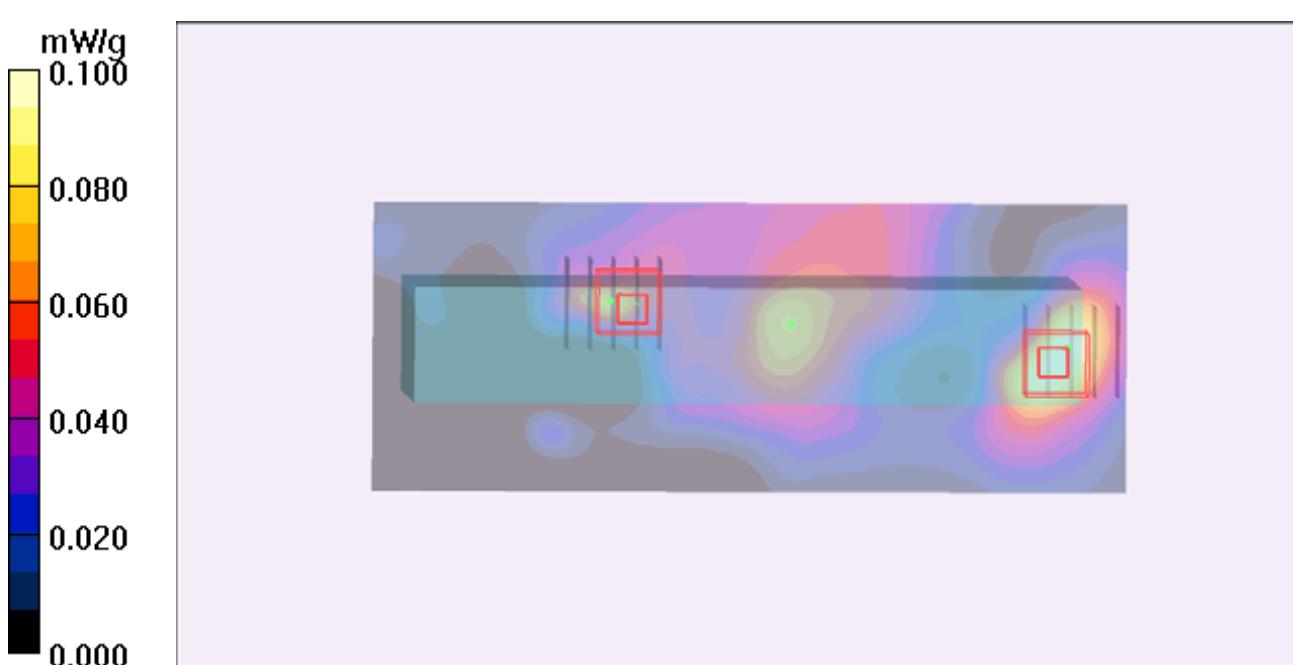
Ch06/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.13 V/m; Power Drift = 0.134 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.139 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.075 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.041 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.104 mW/g



P13 802.11a_Front Face_0 cm_Ch48_ANT 0_SE4500_K53_Holster 1**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: 802.11a; Frequency: 5240 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0611 Medium parameters used: $f = 5240$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.26$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 22.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590; ConvF(4.89, 4.89, 4.89); Calibrated: 2012/02/23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2011/08/29
- Phantom: Flat Phantom ELI4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: SN:1039
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Ch48/Area Scan (161x281x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.059 mW/g

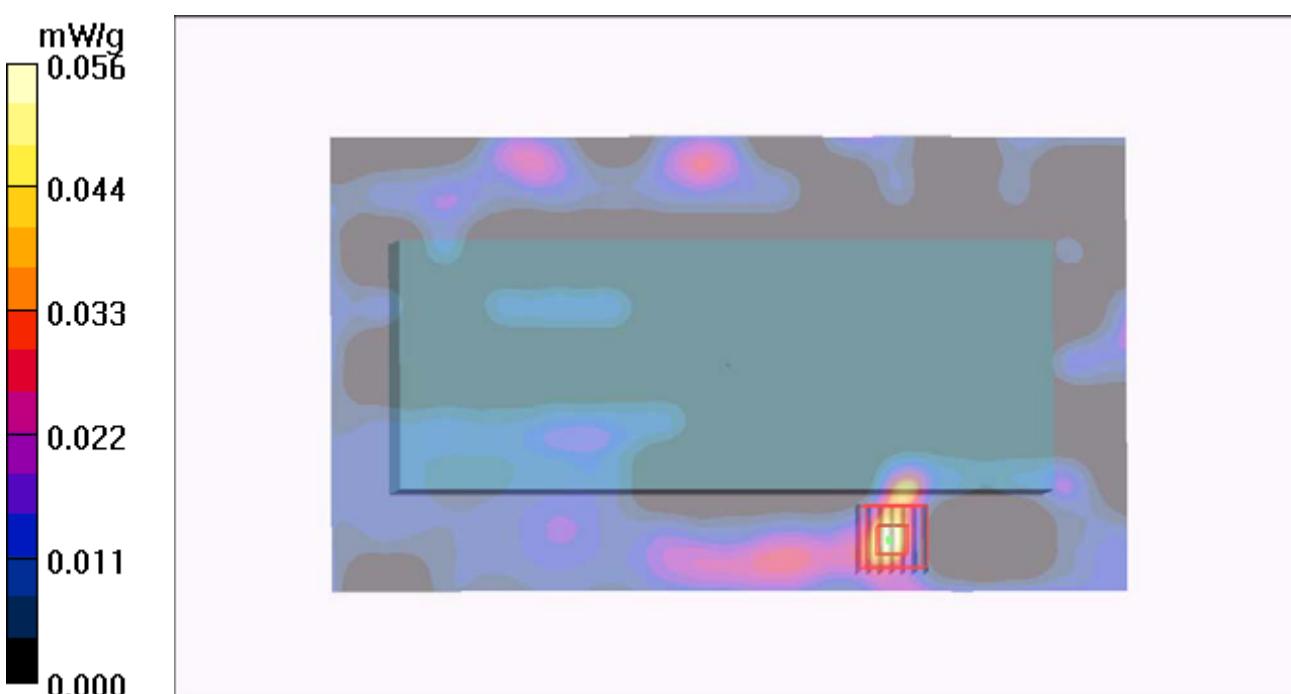
Ch48/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 0.000 V/m; Power Drift = 0.000 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.245 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.029 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00948 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.056 mW/g



P14 802.11a_Left Sife_0 cm_Ch48_ANT 0_SE4500_K53_Holster 1**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: 802.11a; Frequency: 5240 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0611 Medium parameters used: $f = 5240$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.26$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 22.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590; ConvF(4.89, 4.89, 4.89); Calibrated: 2012/02/23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2011/08/29
- Phantom: Flat Phantom ELI4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: SN:1039
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Ch48/Area Scan (101x261x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.097 mW/g

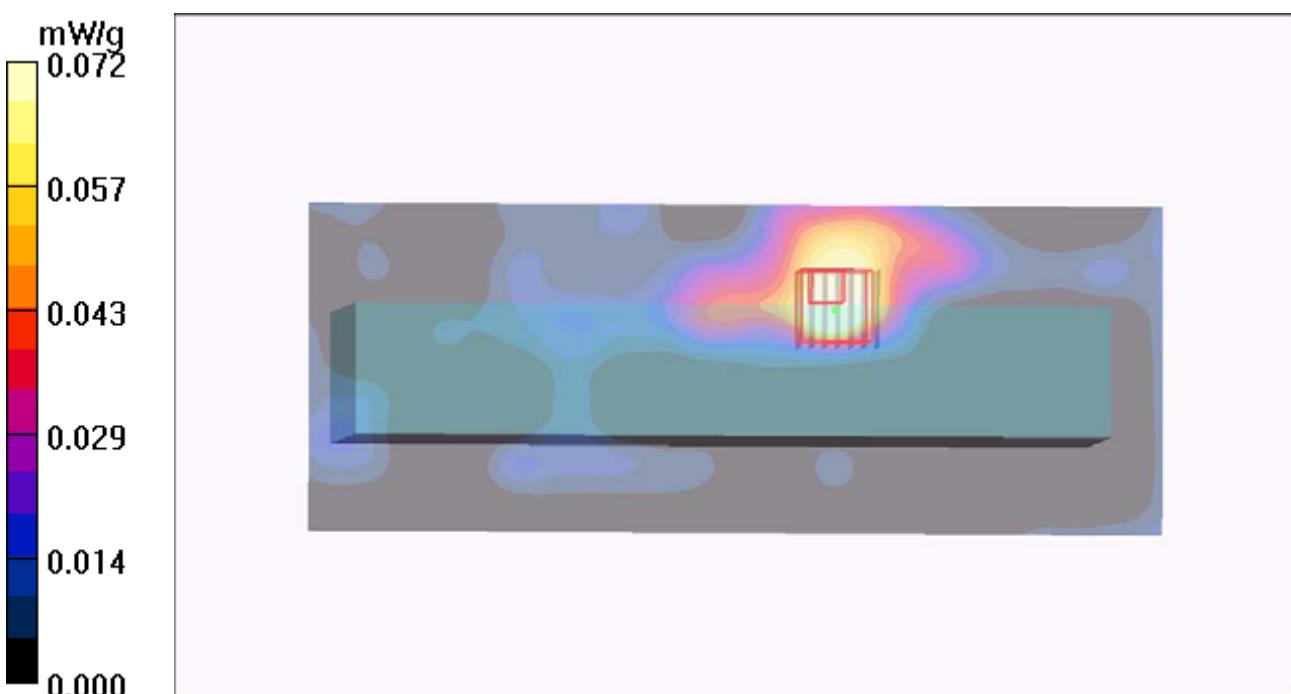
Ch48/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 14.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.108 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.041 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.016 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.072 mW/g



P15 802.11a_Right Sife_0 cm_Ch48_ANT 0_SE4500_K53_Holster 1**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: 802.11a; Frequency: 5240 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0611 Medium parameters used: $f = 5240$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.26$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 22.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590; ConvF(4.89, 4.89, 4.89); Calibrated: 2012/02/23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2011/08/29
- Phantom: Flat Phantom ELI4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: SN:1039
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Ch48/Area Scan (101x261x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.040 mW/g

Ch48/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 1.12 V/m; Power Drift = -0.158 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.082 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.025 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00902 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.055 mW/g

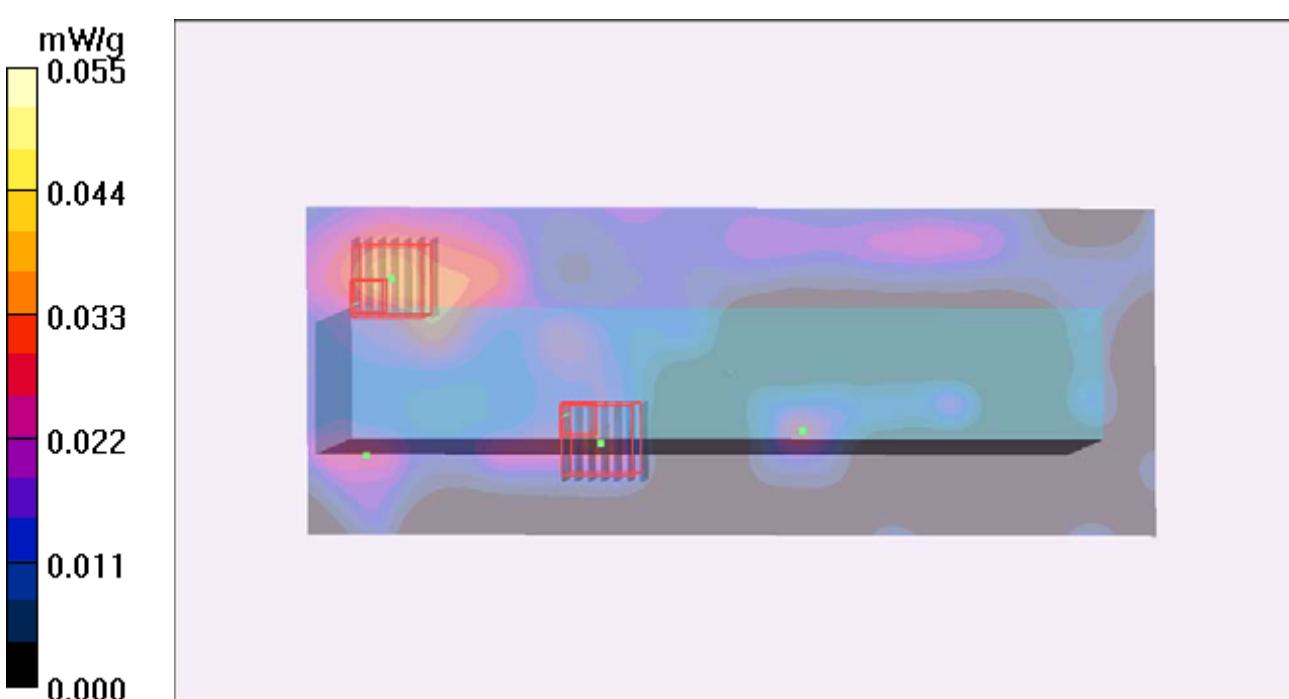
Ch48/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 1.12 V/m; Power Drift = -0.158 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.052 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00693 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00186 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.022 mW/g



P16 802.11a_Front Face_0 cm_Ch48_ANT 1_SE4500_K53_Holster 1**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: 802.11a; Frequency: 5240 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0611 Medium parameters used: $f = 5240 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.26 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 22.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590; ConvF(4.89, 4.89, 4.89); Calibrated: 2012/02/23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2011/08/29
- Phantom: Flat Phantom ELI4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: SN:1039
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Ch48/Area Scan (161x281x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.044 mW/g

Ch48/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 0.000 V/m; Power Drift = 0.000 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.081 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.012 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00367 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.024 mW/g

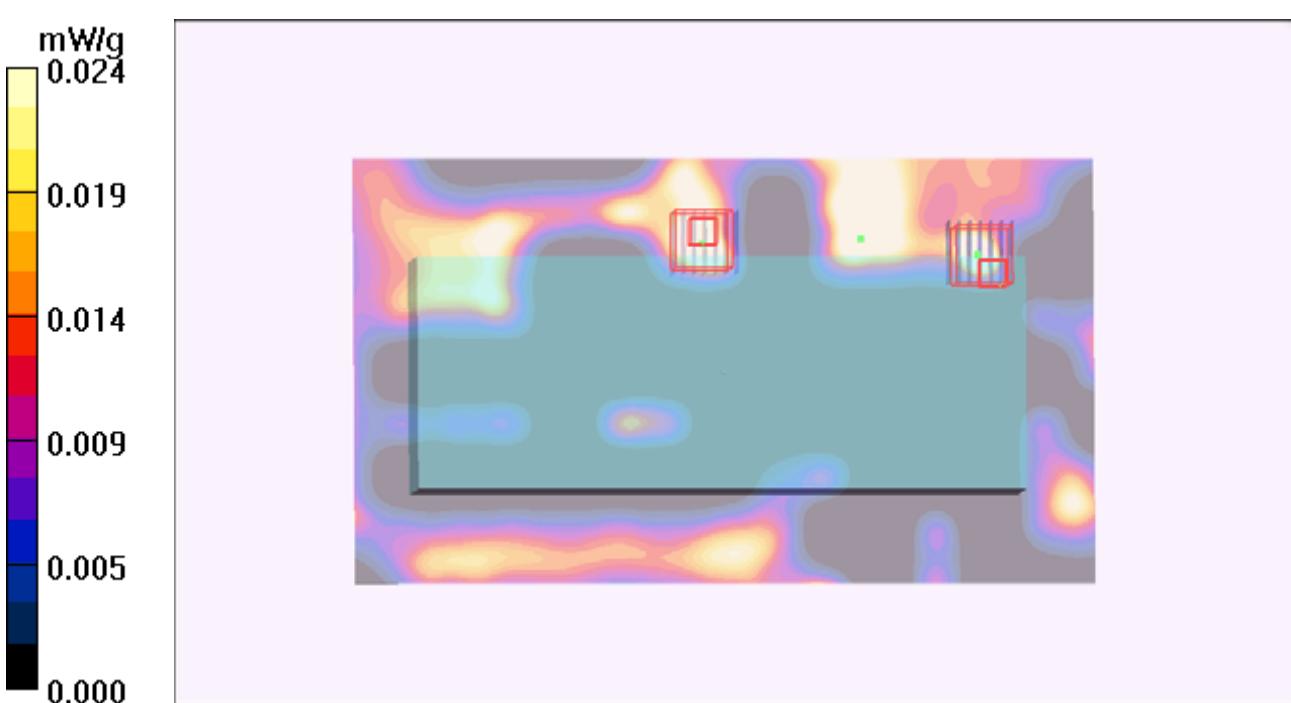
Ch48/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 0.000 V/m; Power Drift = 0.000 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.133 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.010 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00136 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.022 mW/g



P17 802.11a_Left Sife_0 cm_Ch48_ANT 1_SE4500_K53_Holster 1**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: 802.11a; Frequency: 5240 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0611 Medium parameters used: $f = 5240$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.26$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 22.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590; ConvF(4.89, 4.89, 4.89); Calibrated: 2012/02/23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2011/08/29
- Phantom: Flat Phantom ELI4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: SN:1039
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Ch48/Area Scan (101x261x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.238 mW/g

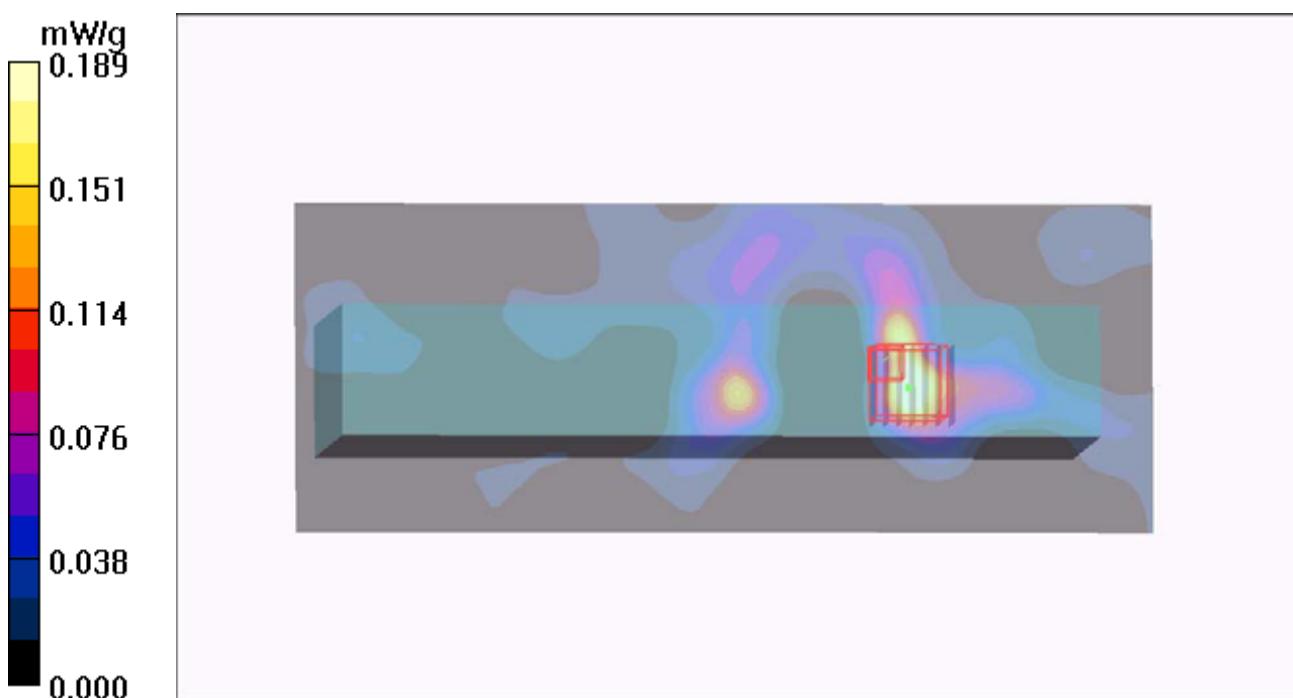
Ch48/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 3.82 V/m; Power Drift = -0.121 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.655 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.099 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.028 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.189 mW/g



P18 802.11a_Right Sife_0 cm_Ch48_ANT 1_SE4500_K53_Holster 1**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: 802.11a; Frequency: 5240 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0611 Medium parameters used: $f = 5240$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.26$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 22.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590; ConvF(4.89, 4.89, 4.89); Calibrated: 2012/02/23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2011/08/29
- Phantom: Flat Phantom ELI4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: SN:1039
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Ch48/Area Scan (101x261x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.053 mW/g

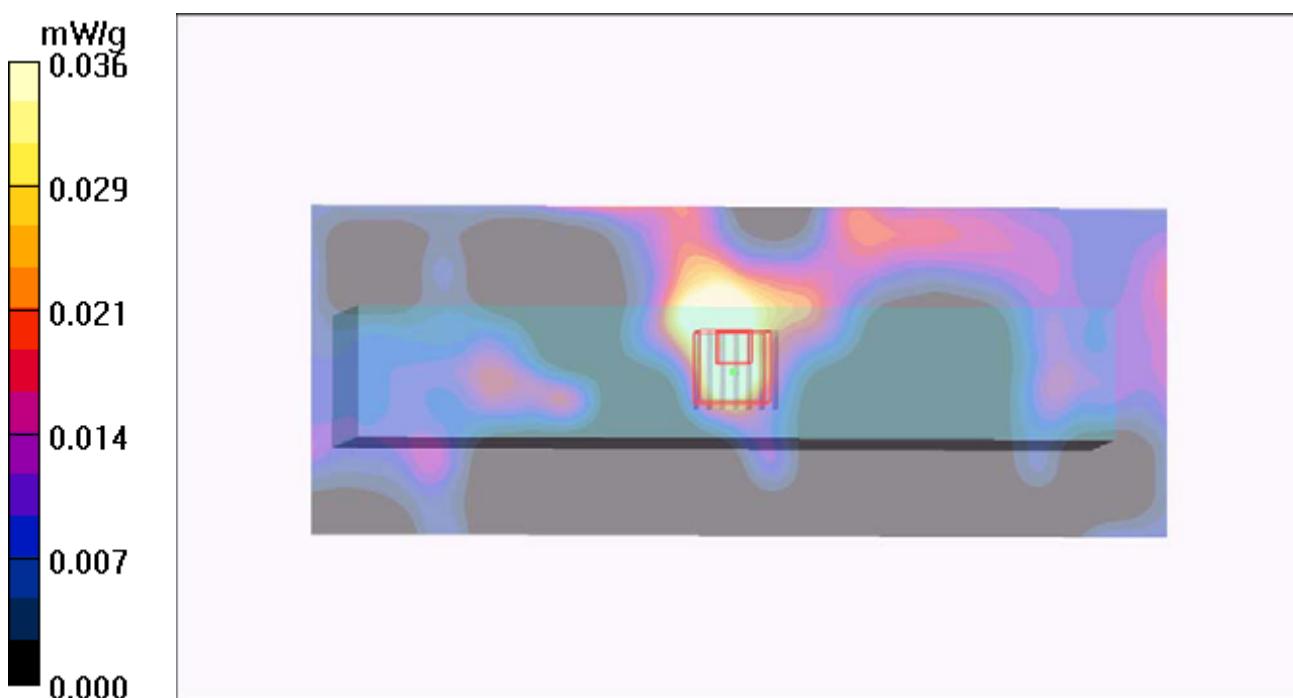
Ch48/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 1.89 V/m; Power Drift = 0.124 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.057 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.020 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00702 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.036 mW/g



P19 802.11a_Front Face_0 cm_Ch52ANT 0_SE4500_K53_Holster 1**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5260 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0629 Medium parameters used: $f = 5260 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.383 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 49.236$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 22.0 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.1 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(4.11, 4.11, 4.11); Calibrated: 2011/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2011/07/29
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: TP:1043
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Ch52/Area Scan (8161x281x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0311 mW/g

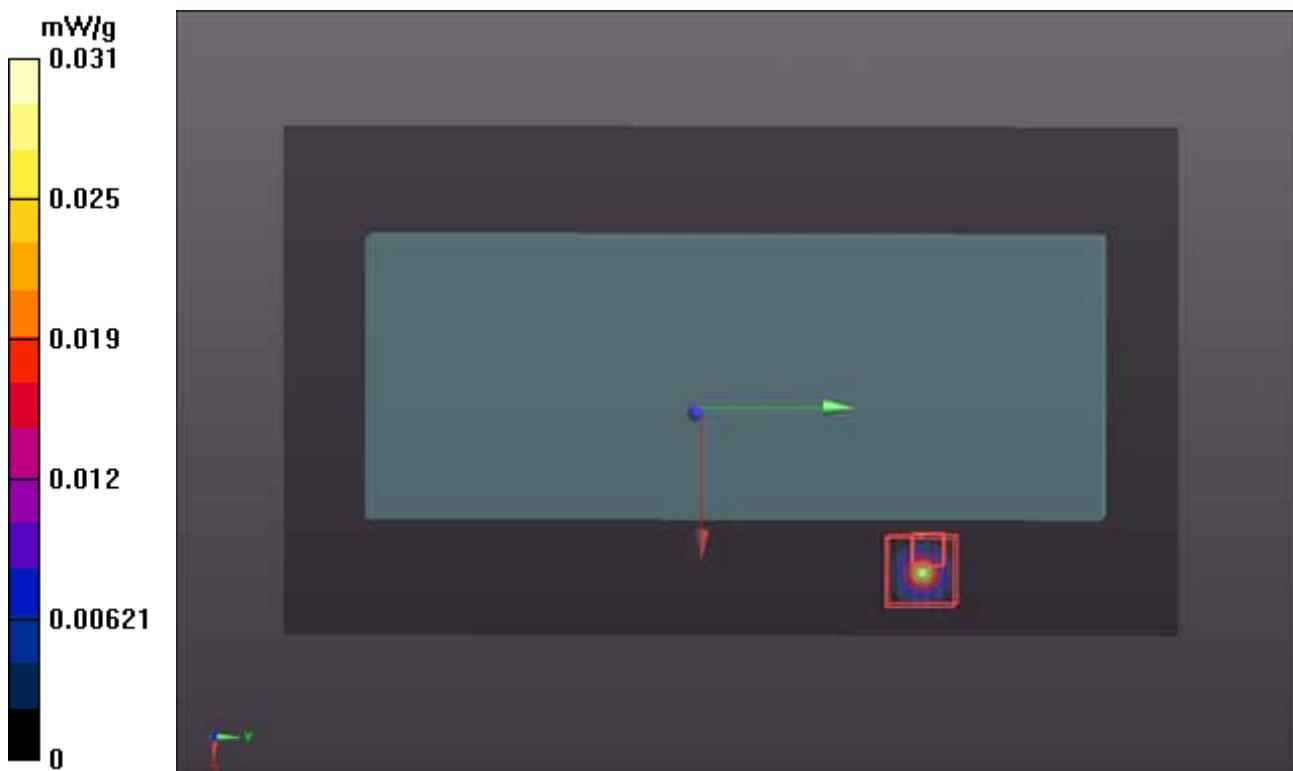
Ch52/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.254 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.020 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00412 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0439 mW/g



P20 802.11a_Left Side_0 cm_Ch52_ANT 0_SE4500_K53_Holster 1**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5260 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0629 Medium parameters used: $f = 5260$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.383$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 49.236$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 22.0 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.1 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(4.11, 4.11, 4.11); Calibrated: 2011/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2011/07/29
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: TP:1043
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Ch52/Area Scan (141x281x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.305 mW/g

Ch52/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.368 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.128 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.045 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.246 mW/g

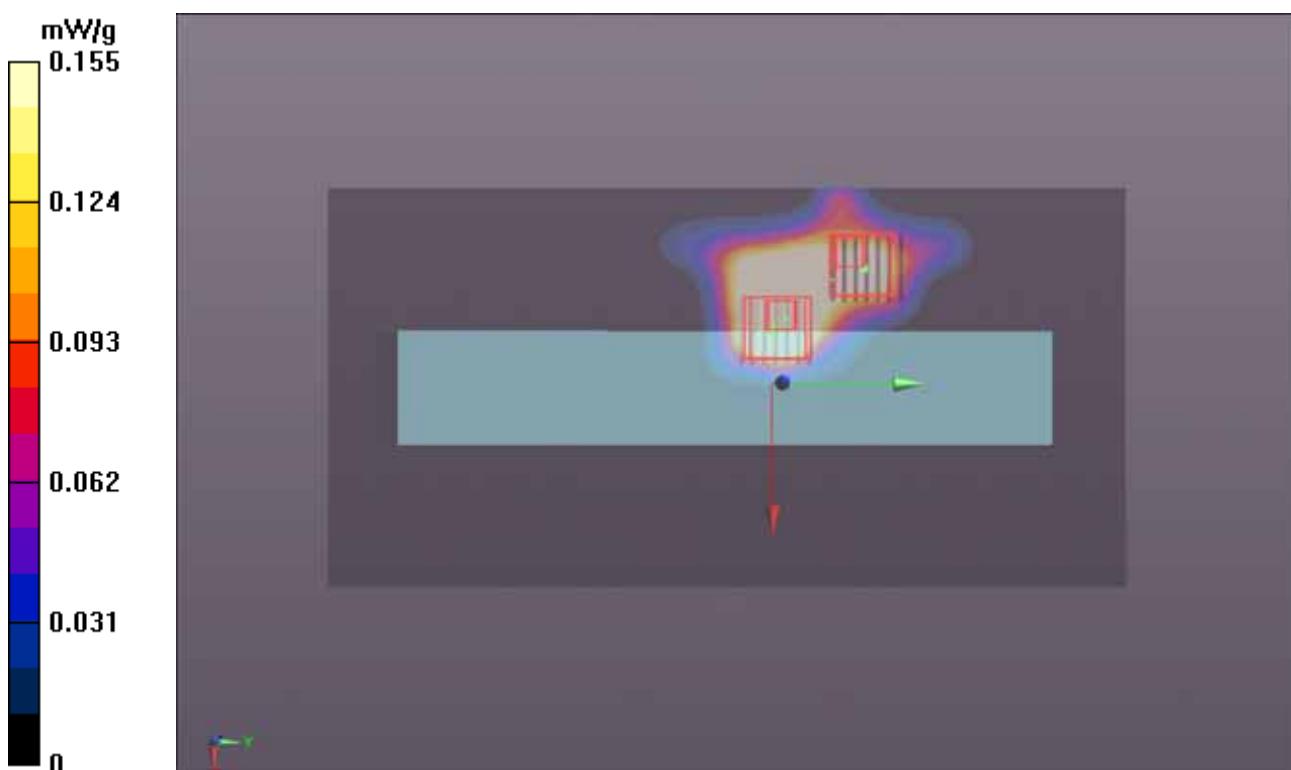
Ch52/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.157 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.060 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.024 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.155 mW/g



P21 802.11a_Right Side_0 cm_Ch52_ANT 0_SE4500_K53_Holster 1**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5260 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0629 Medium parameters used: $f = 5260 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.383 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 49.236$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 22.0 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.1 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(4.11, 4.11, 4.11); Calibrated: 2011/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2011/07/29
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: TP:1043
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Ch52/Area Scan (141x281x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.140 mW/g

Ch52/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 0.172 V/m; Power Drift = 0.144 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.281 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.055 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.013 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.147 mW/g

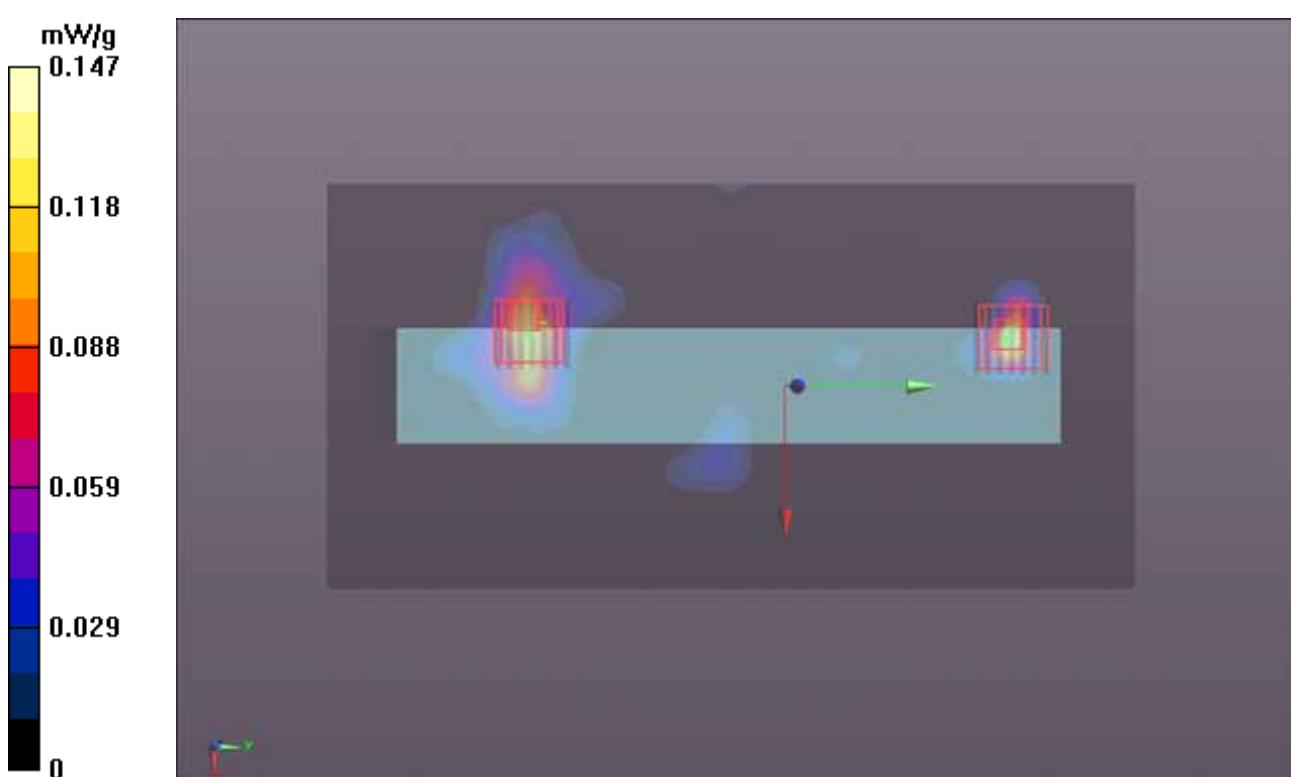
Ch52/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 0.172 V/m; Power Drift = 0.144 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.219 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.032 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.014 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0744 mW/g



P22 802.11a_Front Face_0 cm_Ch52ANT 1_SE4500_K53_Holster 1**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5260 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0629 Medium parameters used: $f = 5260$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.383$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 49.236$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 22.0 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.1 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(4.11, 4.11, 4.11); Calibrated: 2011/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2011/07/29
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: TP:1043
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Ch52/Area Scan (161x281x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.216 mW/g

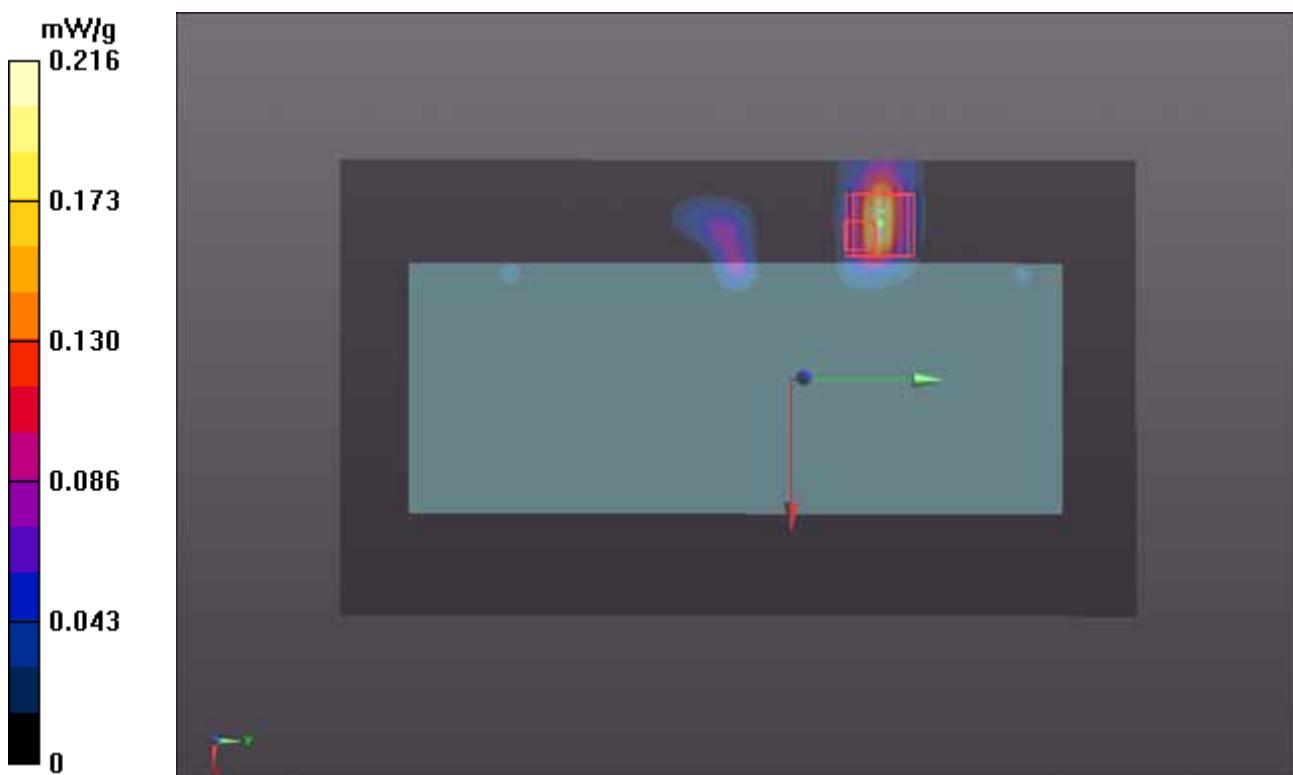
Ch52/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.202 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.032 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.014 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0799 mW/g



P23 802.11a_Left Side_0 cm_Ch52_ANT 1_SE4500_K53_Holster 1**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: 802.11a; Frequency: 5260 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0613 Medium parameters used: $f = 5260$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.29$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 22.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.4 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590; ConvF(4.81, 4.81, 4.81); Calibrated: 2012/02/23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2011/08/29
- Phantom: Flat Phantom ELI4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: SN:1039
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Ch52/Area Scan (101x281x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.374 mW/g

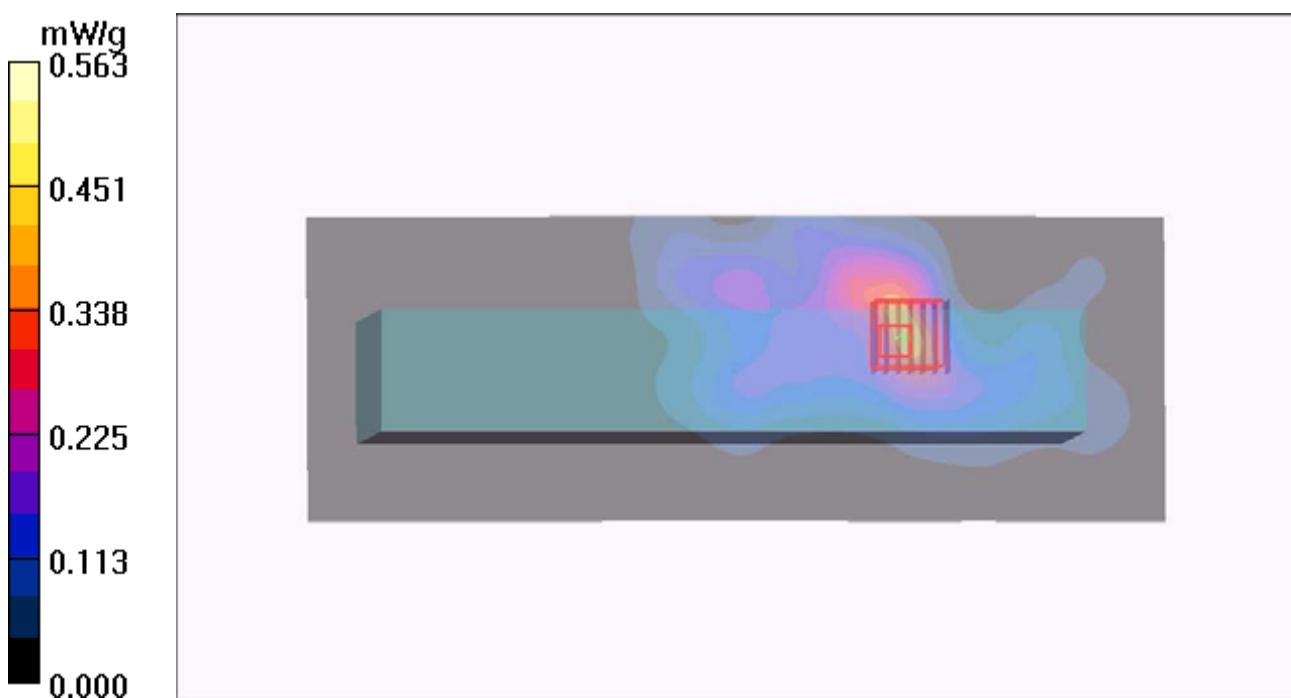
Ch52/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 6.53 V/m; Power Drift = -0.186 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.911 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.314 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.118 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.563 mW/g



P24 802.11a_Right Side_0 cm_Ch52_ANT 1_SE4500_K53_Holster 1**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5260 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0629 Medium parameters used: $f = 5260$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.383$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 49.236$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 22.0 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.1 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(4.11, 4.11, 4.11); Calibrated: 2011/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2011/07/29
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: TP:1043
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Ch52/Area Scan (141x281x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0755 mW/g

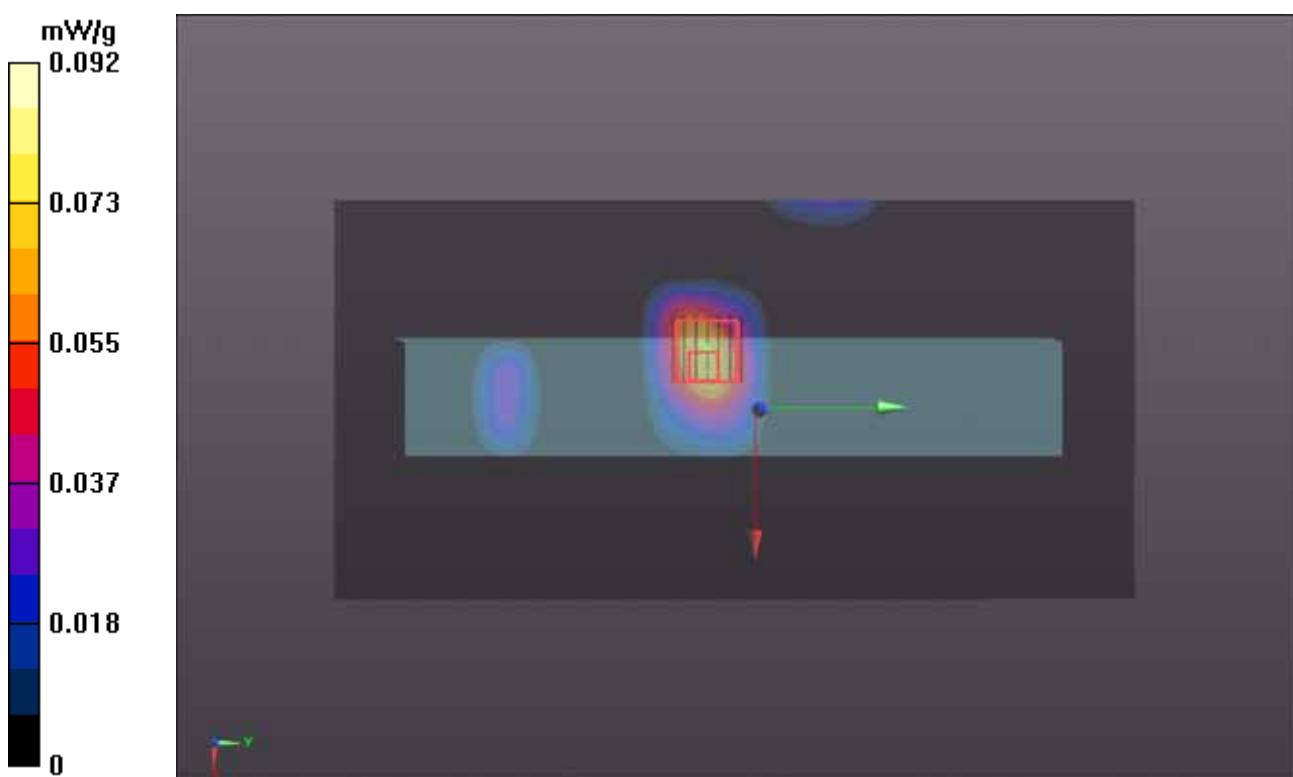
Ch52/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 3.412 V/m; Power Drift = -0.021 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.227 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.039 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.015 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0917 mW/g



P25 802.11a_Front Face_0 cm_Ch104_ANT 0_SE4500_K53_Holster 1**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5520 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0629 Medium parameters used: $f = 5520 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.702 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 48.749$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 22.0 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.1 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(3.73, 3.73, 3.73); Calibrated: 2011/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2011/07/29
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: TP:1043
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Ch104/Area Scan (161x281x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0178 mW/g

Ch104/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.150 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.015 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00404 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0284 mW/g

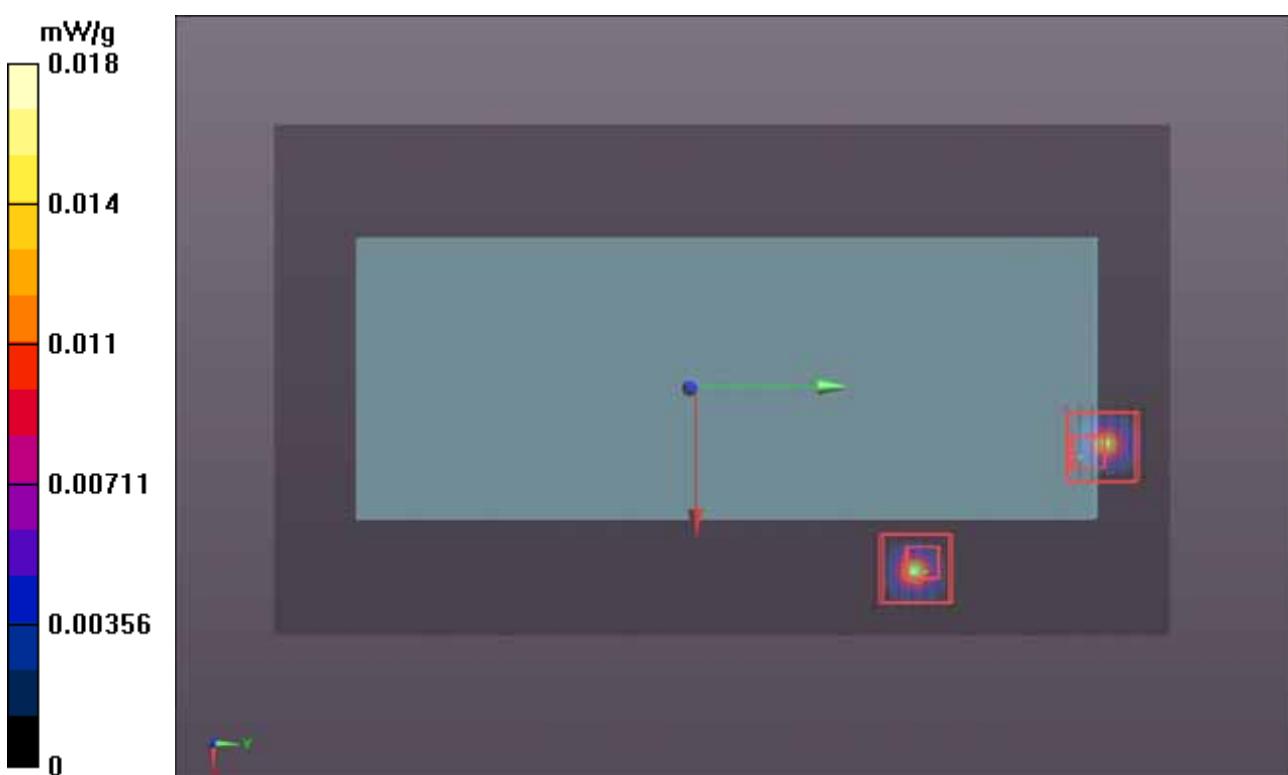
Ch104/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.119 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.0098 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.0015 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0218 mW/g



P26 802.11a_Left Side_0 cm_Ch104_ANT 0_SE4500_K53_Holster 1**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5520 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0629 Medium parameters used: $f = 5520 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.702 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 48.749$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 22.0 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.1 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(3.73, 3.73, 3.73); Calibrated: 2011/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2011/07/29
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: TP:1043
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Ch104/Area Scan (141x281x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.508 mW/g

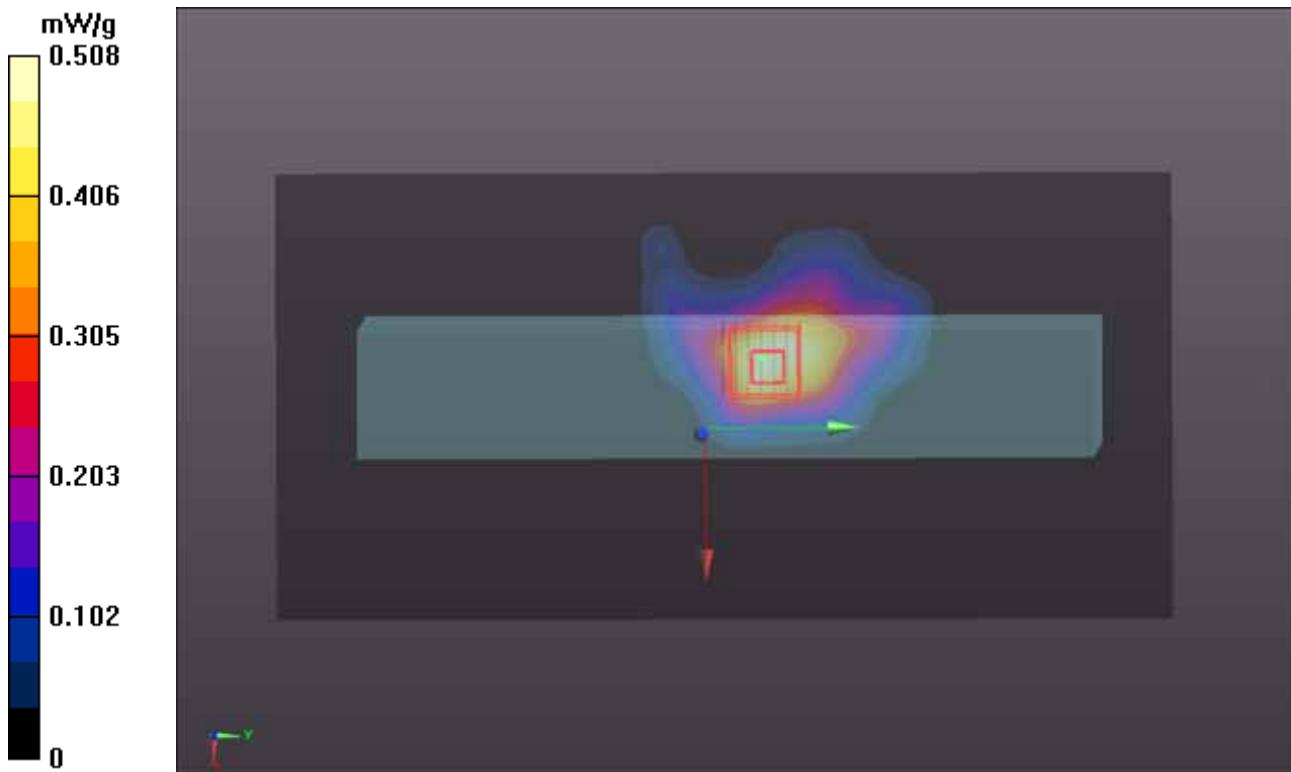
Ch104/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 7.712 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.798 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.282 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.113 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.508 mW/g



P27 802.11a_Right Side_0 cm_Ch104_ANT 0_SE4500_K53_Holster 1**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5520 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0629 Medium parameters used: $f = 5520 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.702 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 48.749$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 22.0 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.1 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(3.73, 3.73, 3.73); Calibrated: 2011/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2011/07/29
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: TP:1043
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Ch104/Area Scan (141x281x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.377 mW/g

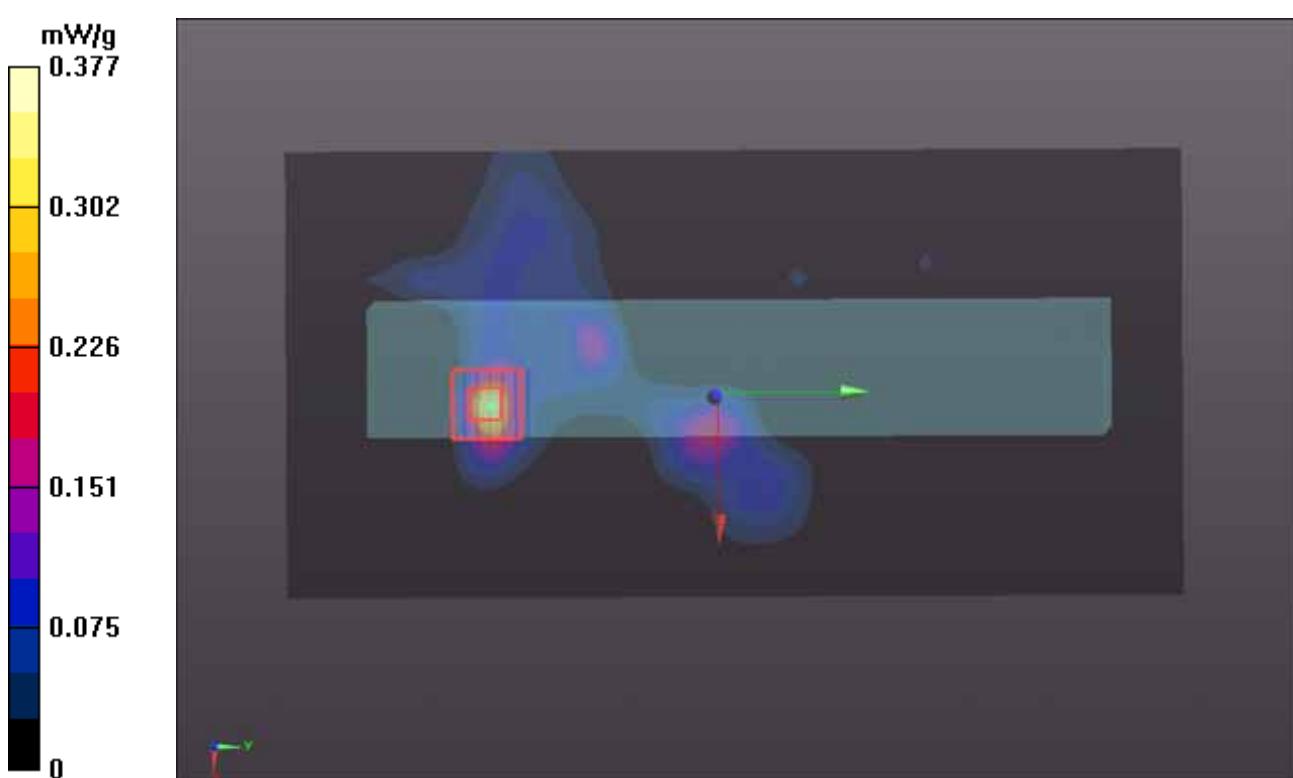
Ch104/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 3.401 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.476 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.143 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.041 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.295 mW/g



P28 802.11a_Front Face_0 cm_Ch104_ANT 1_SE4500_K53_Holster 1**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5520 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0629 Medium parameters used: $f = 5520 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.702 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 48.749$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 22.0 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.1 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(3.73, 3.73, 3.73); Calibrated: 2011/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2011/07/29
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: TP:1043
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Ch104/Area Scan (161x281x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.244 mW/g

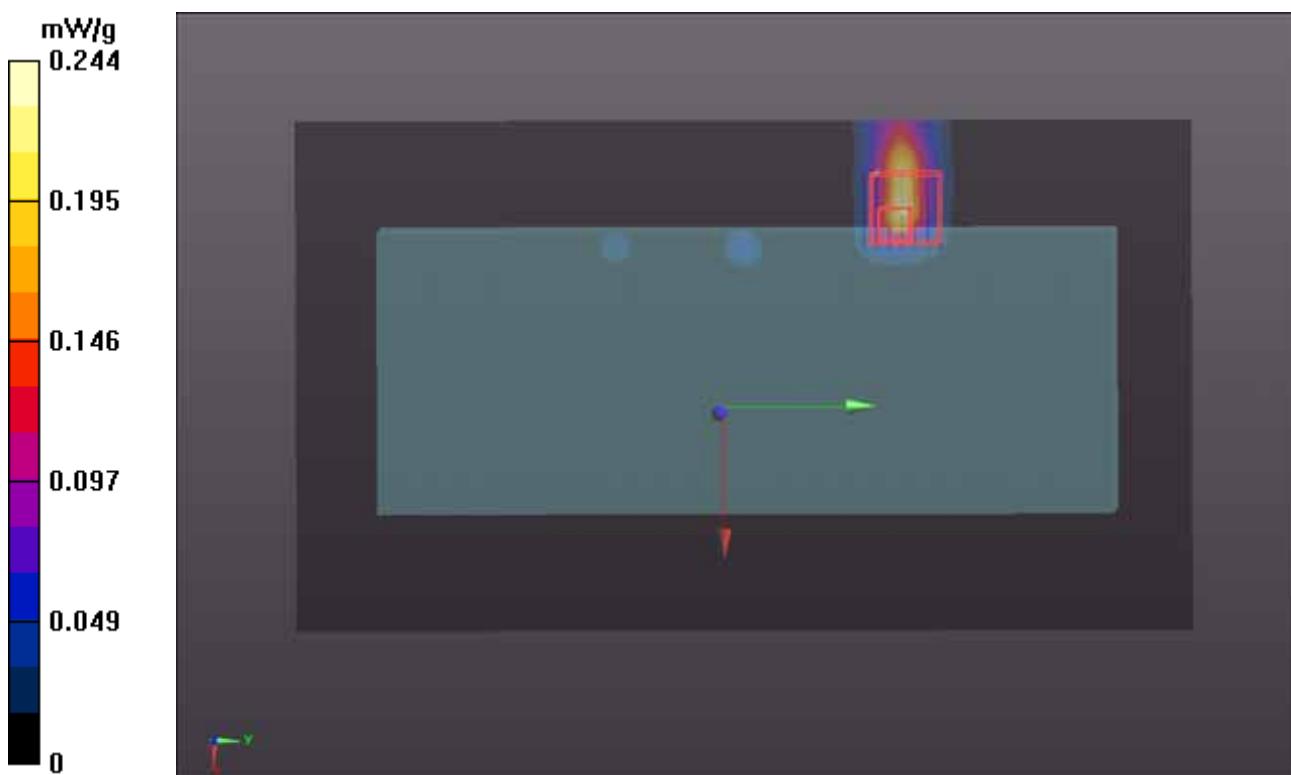
Ch104/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.309 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.030 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.013 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0733 mW/g



P29 802.11a_Left Side_0 cm_Ch104_ANT 1_SE4500_K53_Holster 1**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: 802.11a; Frequency: 5520 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0613 Medium parameters used: $f = 5520$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.73$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 22.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.4 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590; ConvF(4.35, 4.35, 4.35); Calibrated: 2012/02/23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2011/08/29
- Phantom: Flat Phantom ELI4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: SN:1039
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Ch104/Area Scan (101x281x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.354 mW/g

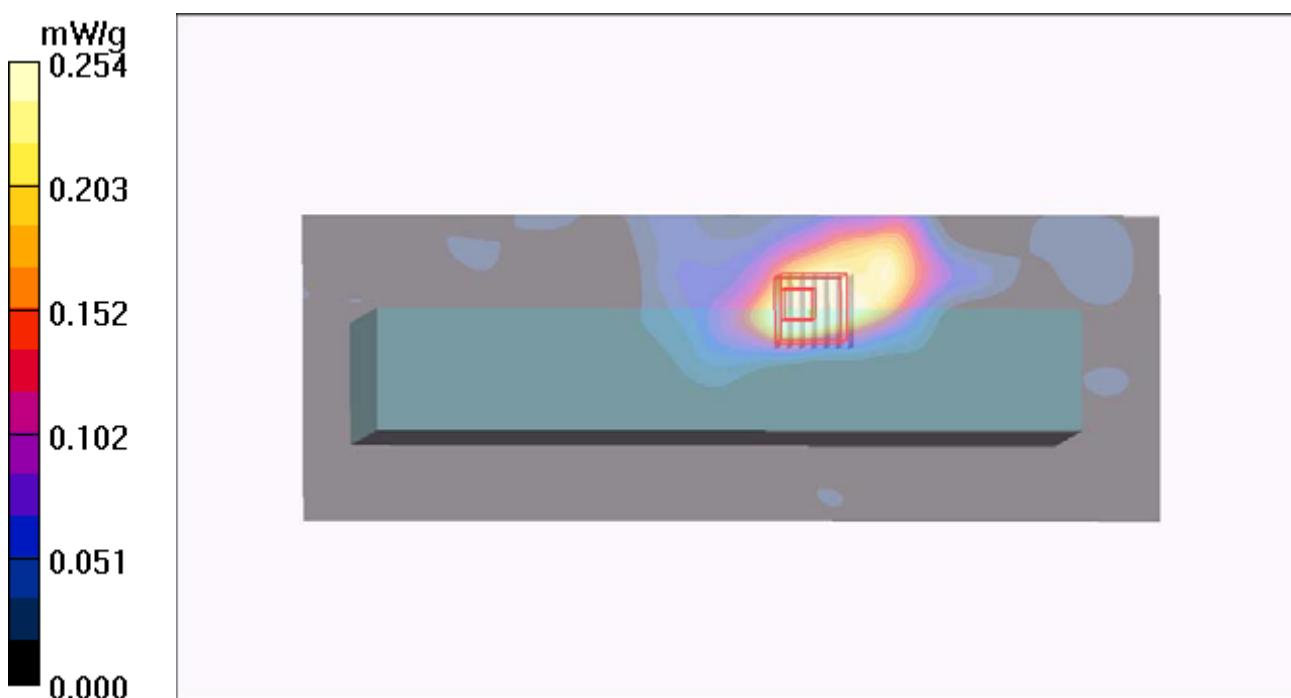
Ch104/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 2.02 V/m; Power Drift = -0.146 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.425 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.150 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.064 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.254 mW/g



P30 802.11a_Right Side_0 cm_Ch104_ANT 1_SE4500_K53_Holster 1**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5520 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0629 Medium parameters used: $f = 5520 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.702 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 48.749$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 22.0 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.1 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(3.73, 3.73, 3.73); Calibrated: 2011/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2011/07/29
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: TP:1043
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Ch104/Area Scan (141x281x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.109 mW/g

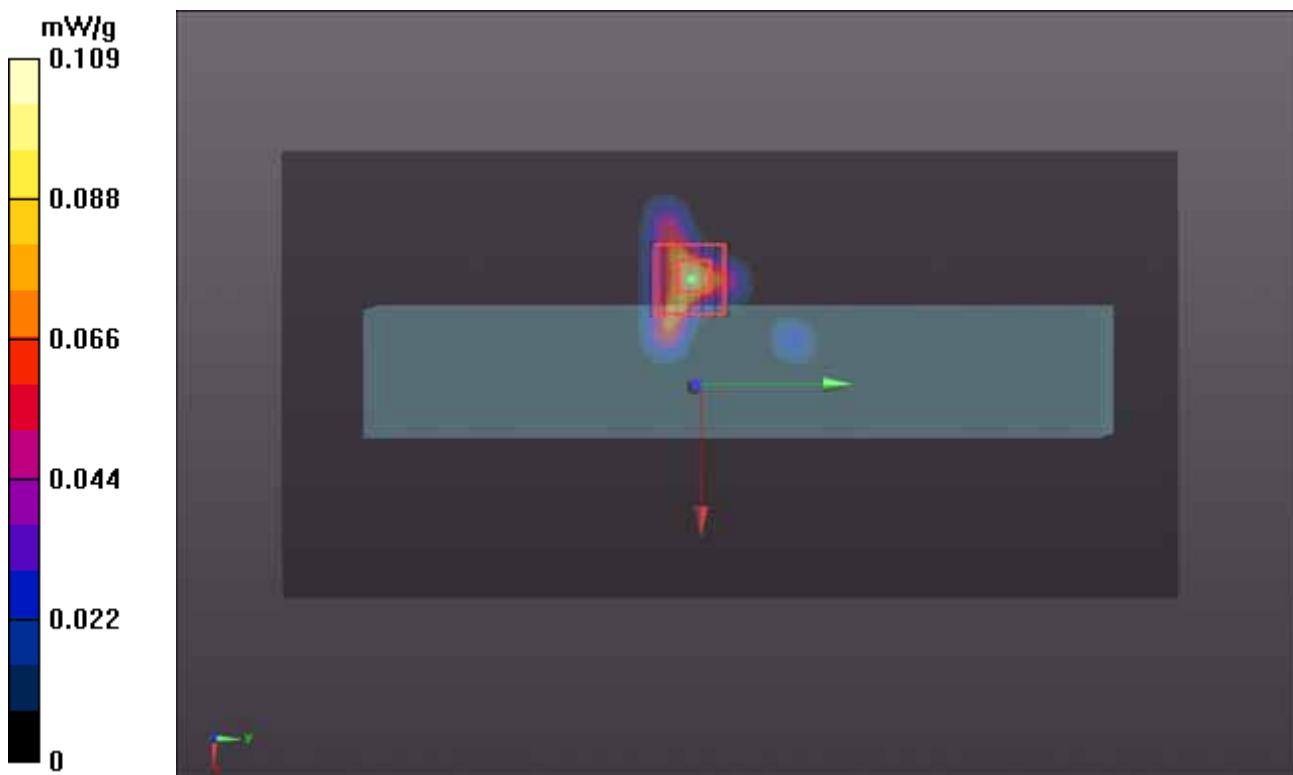
Ch104/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 1.710 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.451 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.047 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.017 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0856 mW/g



P31 802.11a_Front Face_0 cm_Ch165_ANT 0_SE4500_K53_Holster 1**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5825 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0629 Medium parameters used: $f = 5825 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 6.203 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 48.118$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 22.0 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.1 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(3.81, 3.81, 3.81); Calibrated: 2011/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2011/07/29
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: TP:1043
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Ch165/Area Scan (161x281x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.290 mW/g

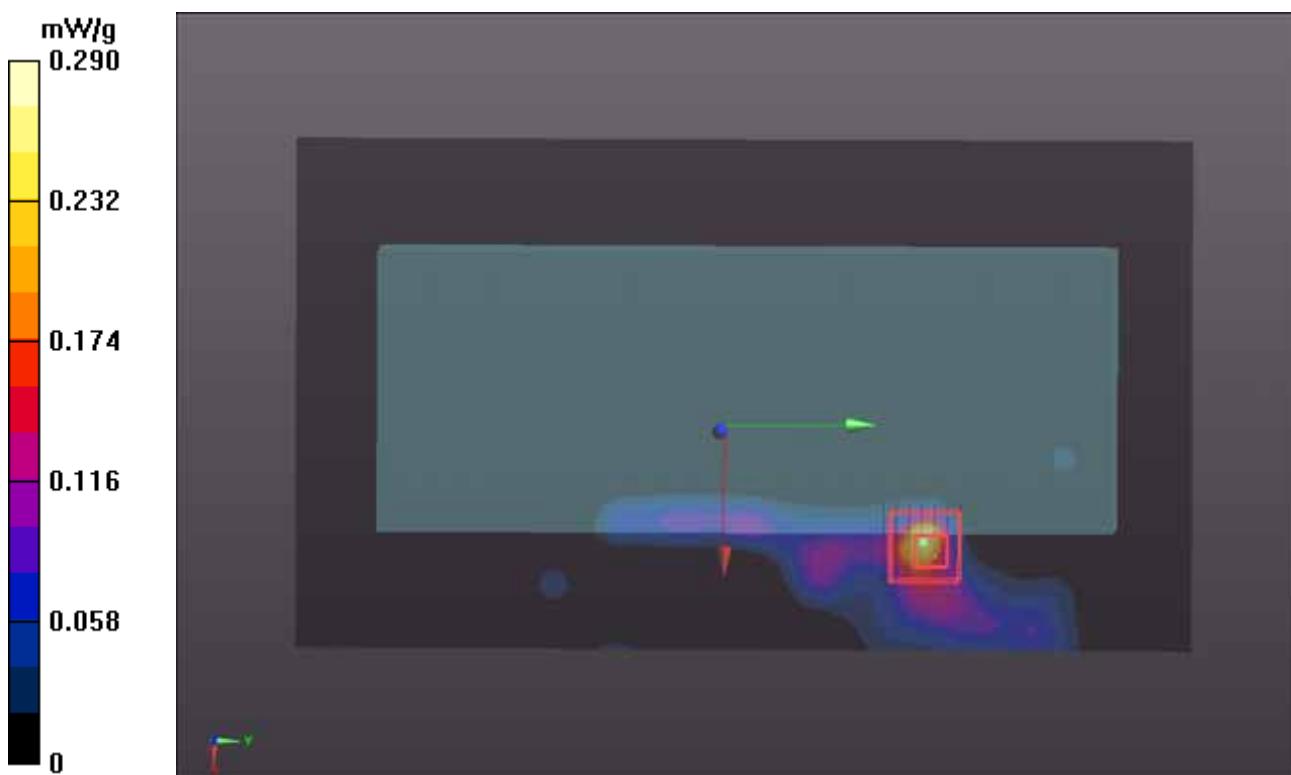
Ch165/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.310 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.085 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.030 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.177 mW/g



P32 802.11a_Left Side_0 cm_Ch165_ANT 0_SE4500_K53_Holster 1**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5825 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0629 Medium parameters used: $f = 5825 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 6.203 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 48.118$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 22.0 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.1 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(3.81, 3.81, 3.81); Calibrated: 2011/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2011/07/29
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: TP:1043
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Ch165/Area Scan (141x281x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.634 mW/g

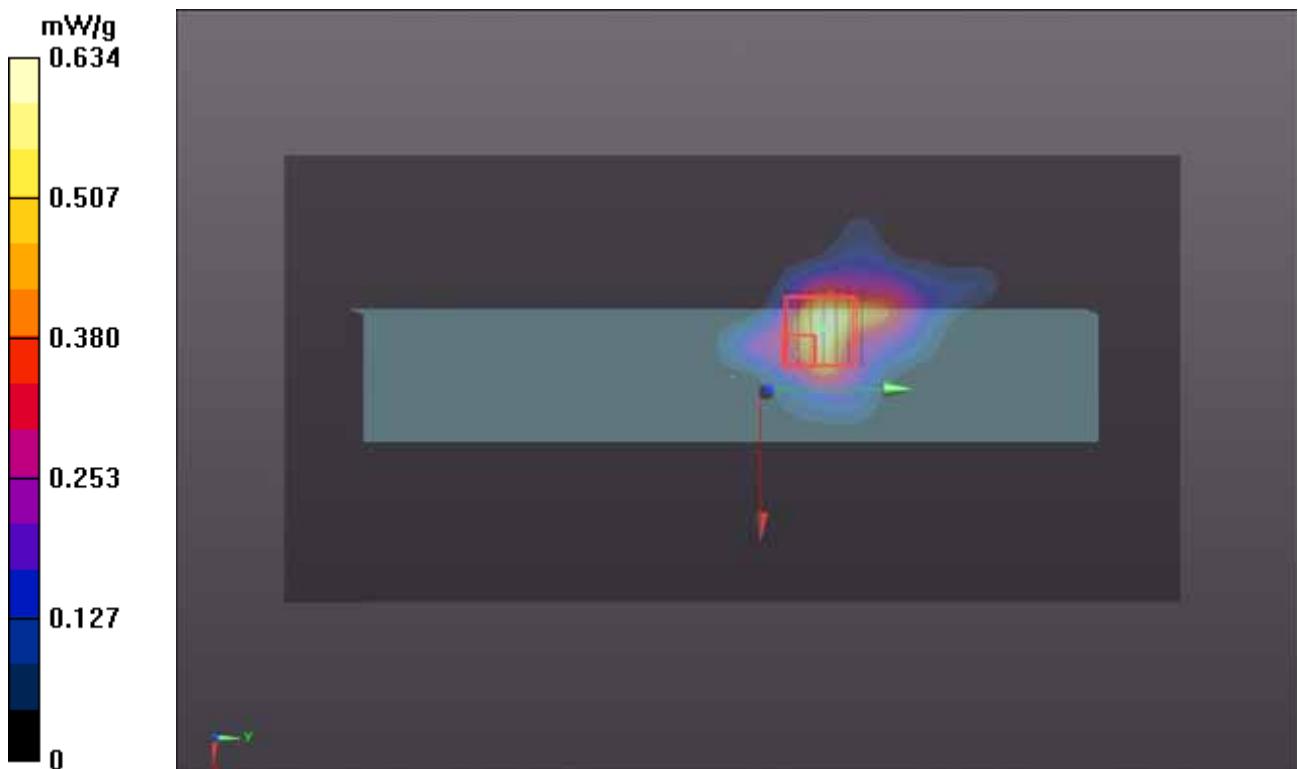
Ch165/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 4.629 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.583 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.193 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.073 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.392 mW/g



P33 802.11a_Right Side_0 cm_Ch165_ANT 0_SE4500_K53_Holster 1**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5825 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0629 Medium parameters used: $f = 5825$ MHz; $\sigma = 6.203$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.118$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 22.0 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.1 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(3.81, 3.81, 3.81); Calibrated: 2011/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2011/07/29
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: TP:1043
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Ch165/Area Scan (141x281x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.335 mW/g

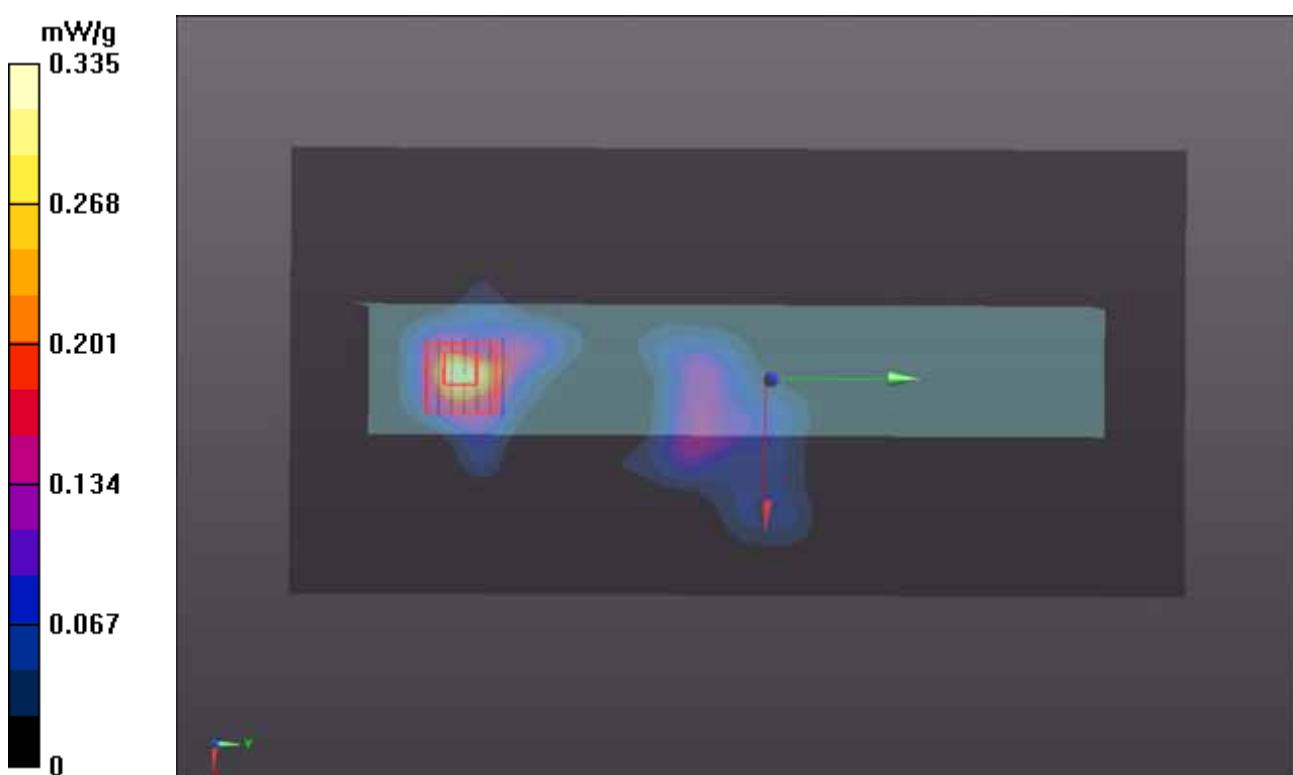
Ch165/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 3.623 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.473 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.139 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.046 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.289 mW/g



P34 802.11a_Front Face_0 cm_Ch165_ANT 1_SE4500_K53_Holster 1**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5825 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0629 Medium parameters used: $f = 5825 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 6.203 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 48.118$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 22.0 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.1 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(3.81, 3.81, 3.81); Calibrated: 2011/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2011/07/29
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: TP:1043
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Ch165/Area Scan (161x281x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.278 mW/g

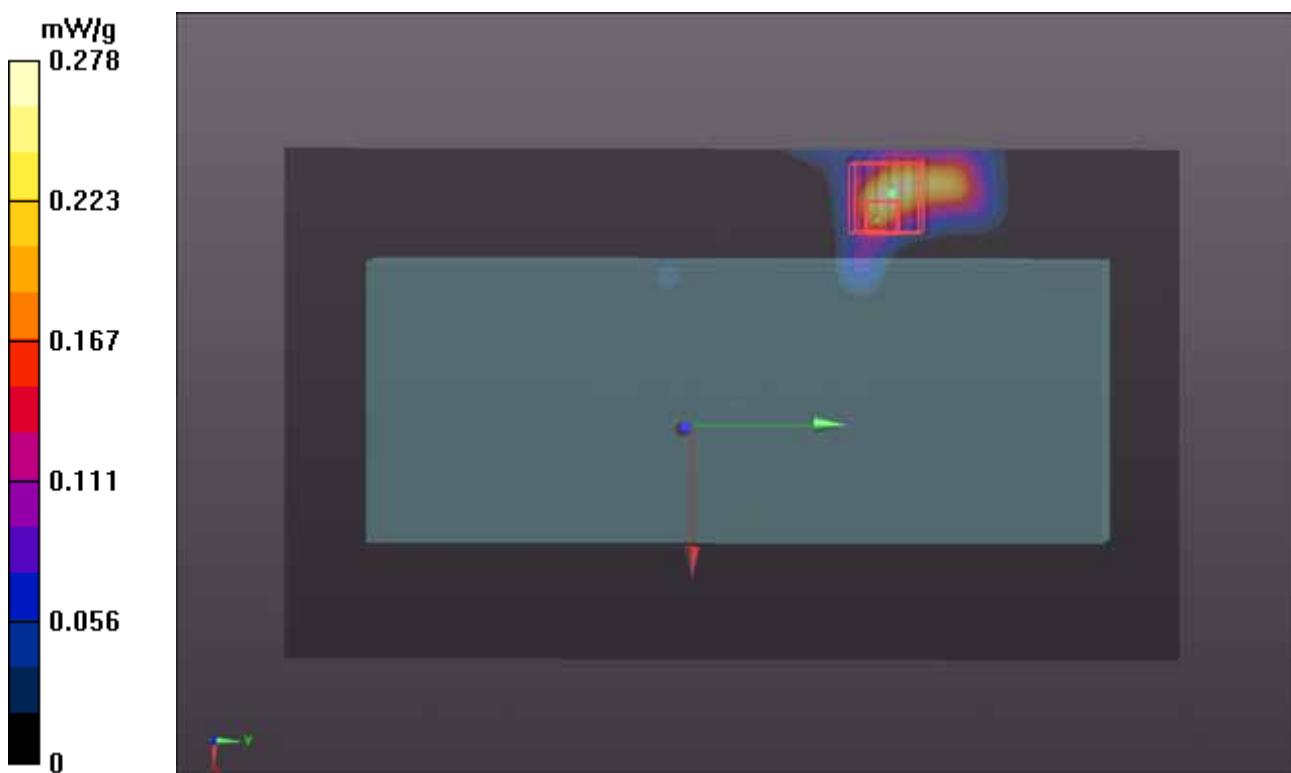
Ch165/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.221 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.062 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.022 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.177 mW/g



P35 802.11a_Left Side_0 cm_Ch165_ANT 1_SE4500_K53_Holster 1**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: 802.11a; Frequency: 5825 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0613 Medium parameters used: $f = 5825$ MHz; $\sigma = 6.22$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 49.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 22.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.4 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590; ConvF(4.54, 4.54, 4.54); Calibrated: 2012/02/23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2011/08/29
- Phantom: Flat Phantom ELI4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: SN:1039
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Ch165/Area Scan (101x281x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.441 mW/g

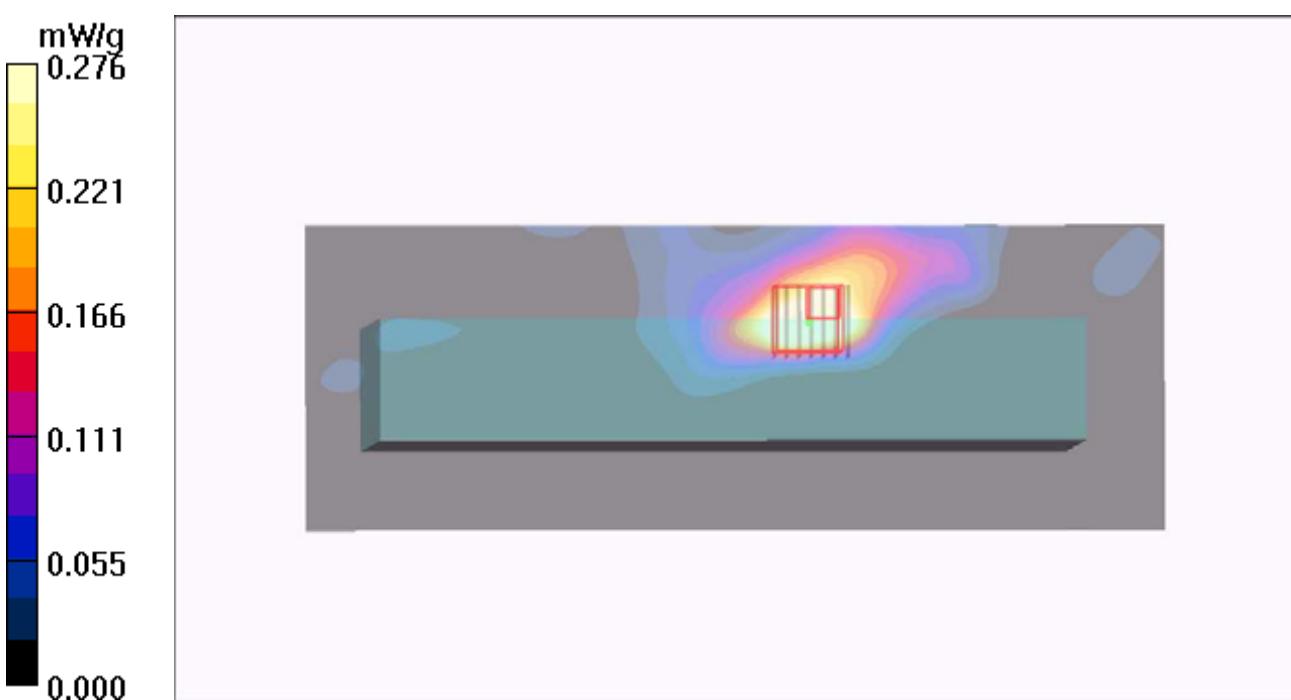
Ch165/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 1.96 V/m; Power Drift = -0.185 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.445 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.152 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.066 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.276 mW/g



P36 802.11a_Right Side_0 cm_Ch165_ANT 1_SE4500_K53_Holster 1**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5825 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0629 Medium parameters used: $f = 5825 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 6.203 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 48.118$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 22.0 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.1 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(3.81, 3.81, 3.81); Calibrated: 2011/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2011/07/29
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: TP:1043
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Ch165/Area Scan (141x281x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.191 mW/g

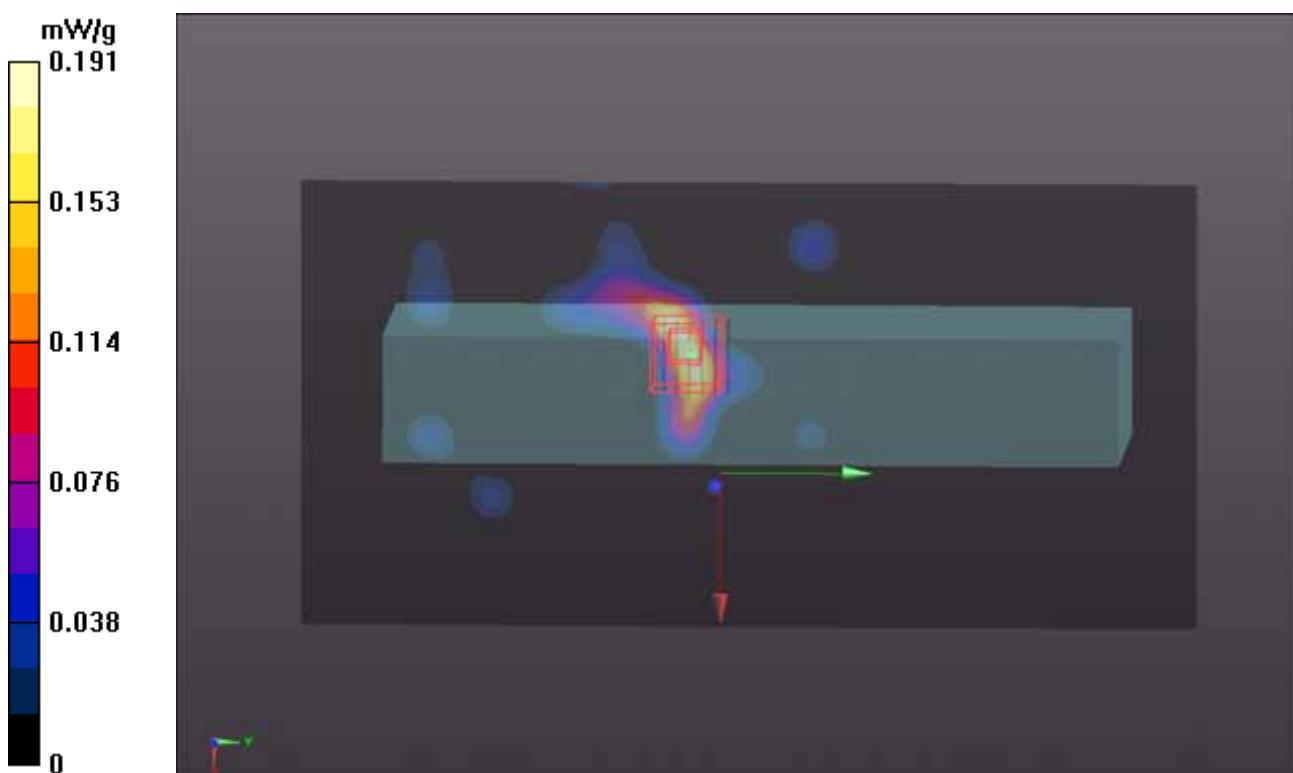
Ch165/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 1.819 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.256 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.070 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.027 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.171 mW/g



P07 802.11b_Front Face_0 cm_Ch06_ANT 0_SE4500_K53_Holster 2_Earphone**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B2450_0611 Medium parameters used: $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.95$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 22.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.4 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590; ConvF(7.8, 7.8, 7.8); Calibrated: 2012/02/23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2011/08/29
- Phantom: Flat Phantom ELI4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: SN:1039
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Ch06/Area Scan (71x131x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.142 mW/g

Ch06/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.13 V/m; Power Drift = -0.124 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.191 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.090 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.049 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.148 mW/g

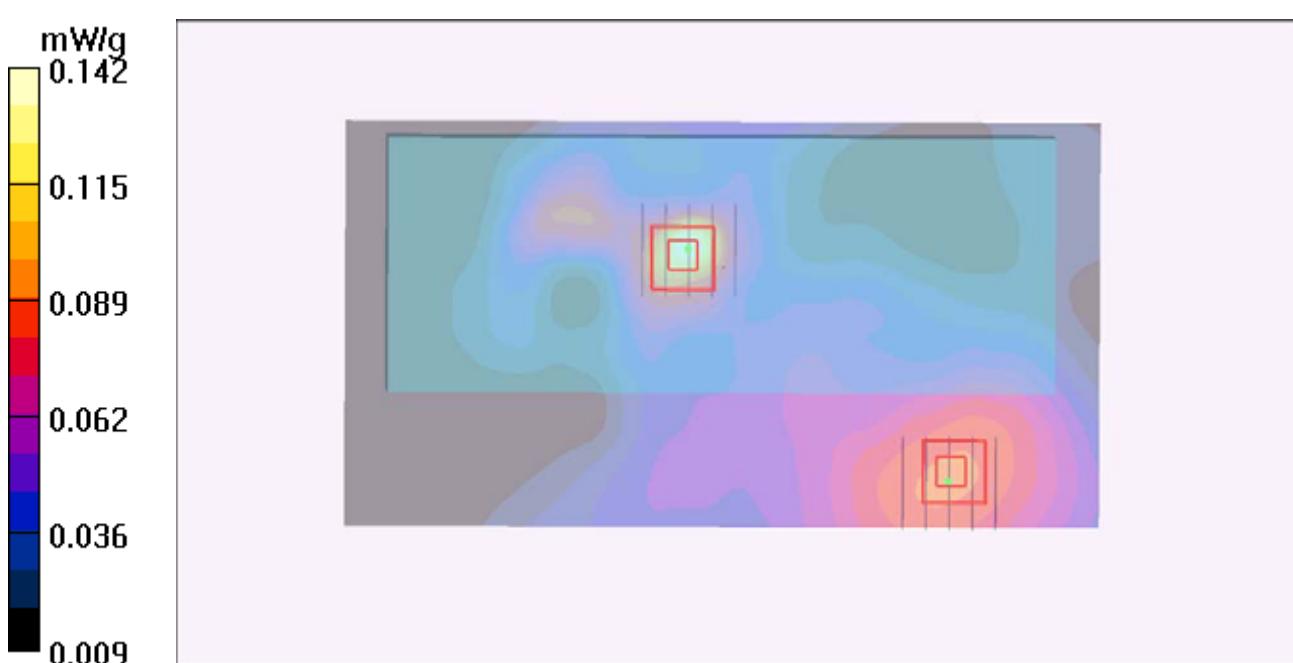
Ch06/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.13 V/m; Power Drift = -0.124 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.118 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.069 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.045 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.091 mW/g



P08 802.11b_Left Side_0 cm_Ch06_ANT 0_SE4500_K53_Holster 2_Earphone**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B2450_0611 Medium parameters used: $f = 2437 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.95 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 22.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.4 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590; ConvF(7.8, 7.8, 7.8); Calibrated: 2012/02/23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2011/08/29
- Phantom: Flat Phantom ELI4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: SN:1039
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Ch06/Area Scan (51x131x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.143 mW/g

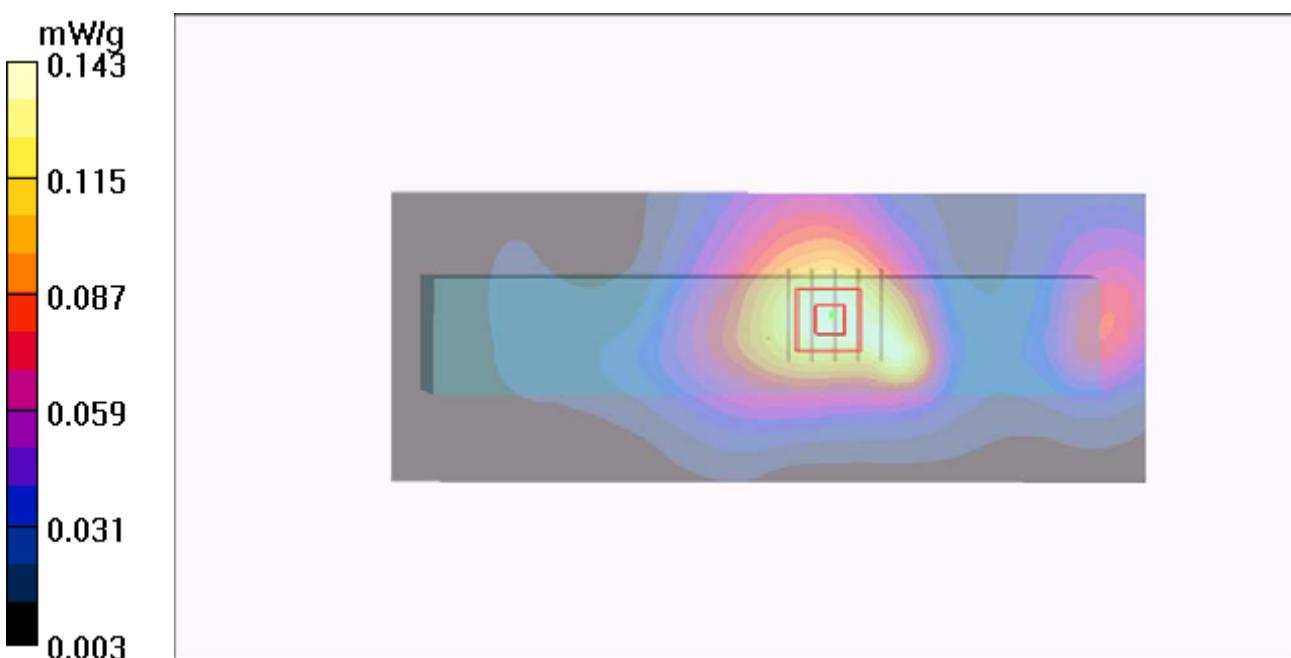
Ch06/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.53 V/m; Power Drift = -0.138 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.188 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.104 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.061 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.143 mW/g



P09 802.11b_Right Side_0 cm_Ch06_ANT 0_SE4500_K53_Holster 2_Earphone**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B2450_0611 Medium parameters used: $f = 2437 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.95 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 22.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.4 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590; ConvF(7.8, 7.8, 7.8); Calibrated: 2012/02/23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2011/08/29
- Phantom: Flat Phantom ELI4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: SN:1039
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Ch06/Area Scan (51x131x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.490 mW/g

Ch06/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.77 V/m; Power Drift = -0.147 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.483 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.271 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.157 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.367 mW/g

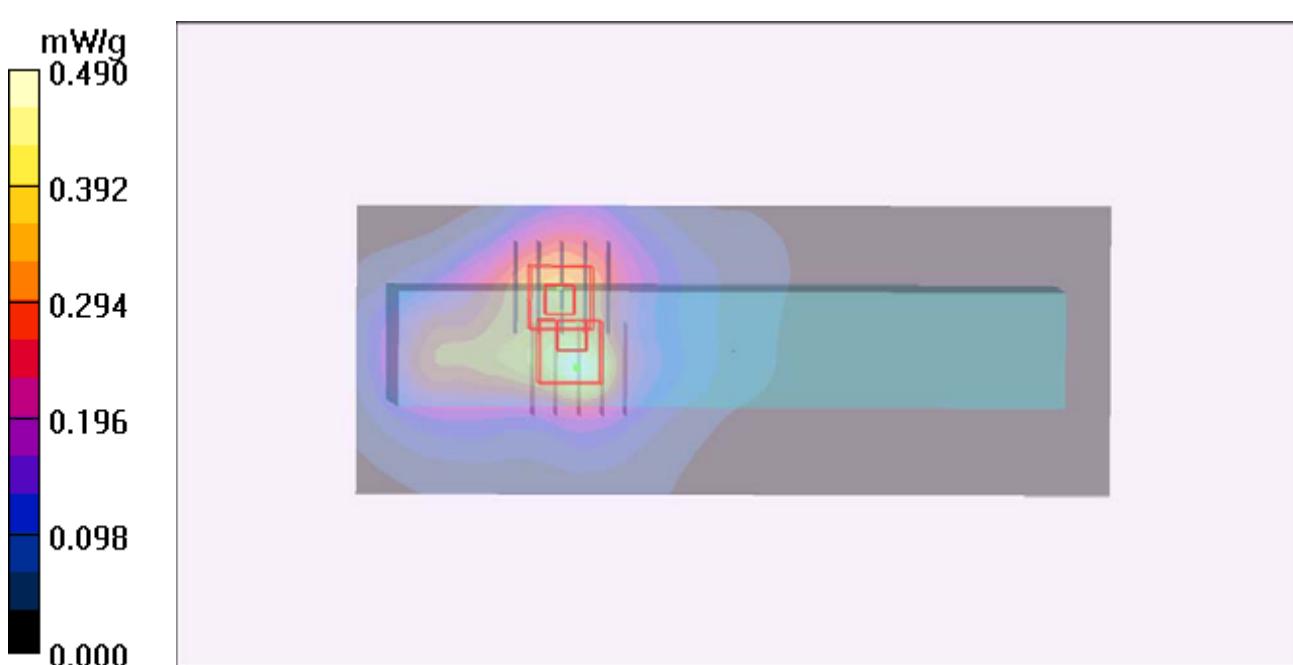
Ch06/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.77 V/m; Power Drift = -0.147 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.465 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.233 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.106 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.344 mW/g



P10 802.11b_Front Face_0 cm_Ch06_ANT 1_SE4500_K53_Holster 2_Earphone**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B2450_0611 Medium parameters used: $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.95$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 22.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.4 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590; ConvF(7.8, 7.8, 7.8); Calibrated: 2012/02/23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2011/08/29
- Phantom: Flat Phantom ELI4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: SN:1039
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Ch06/Area Scan (71x131x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.069 mW/g

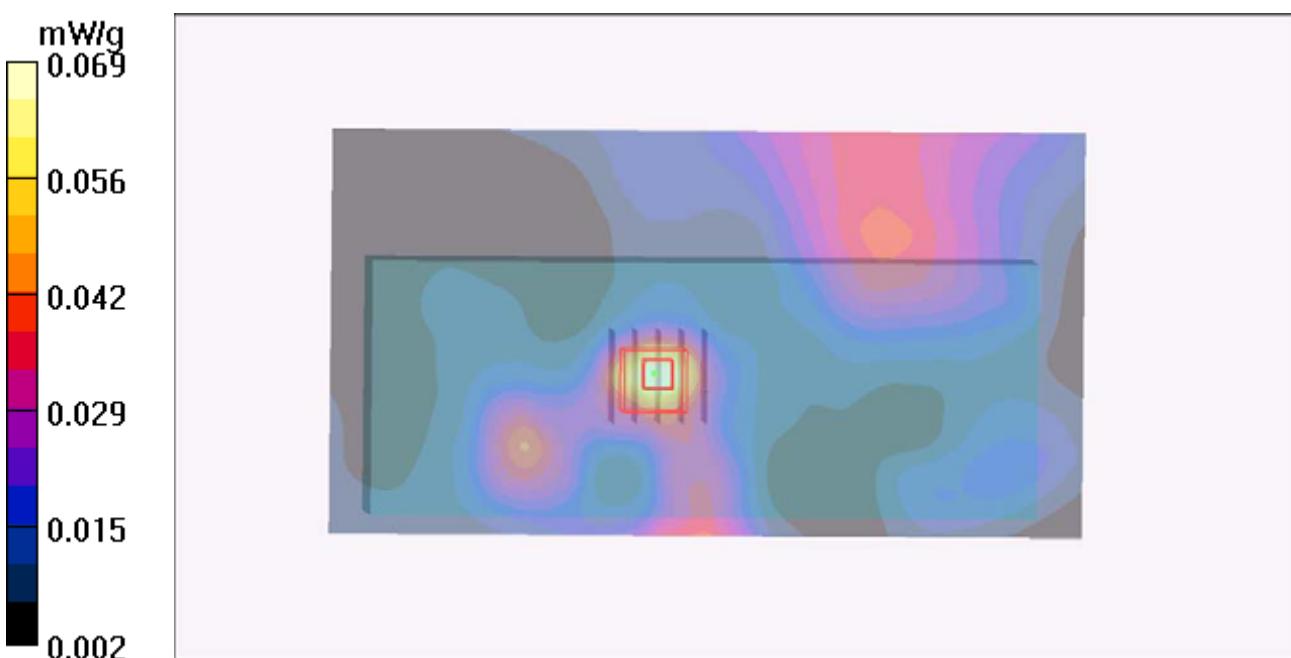
Ch06/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.08 V/m; Power Drift = -0.125 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.091 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.048 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.025 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.066 mW/g



P11 802.11b_Left Side_0 cm_Ch06_ANT 1_SE4500_K53_Holster 2_Earphone**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B2450_0611 Medium parameters used: $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.95$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 22.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.4 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590; ConvF(7.8, 7.8, 7.8); Calibrated: 2012/02/23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2011/08/29
- Phantom: Flat Phantom ELI4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: SN:1039
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Ch06/Area Scan (51x131x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.507 mW/g

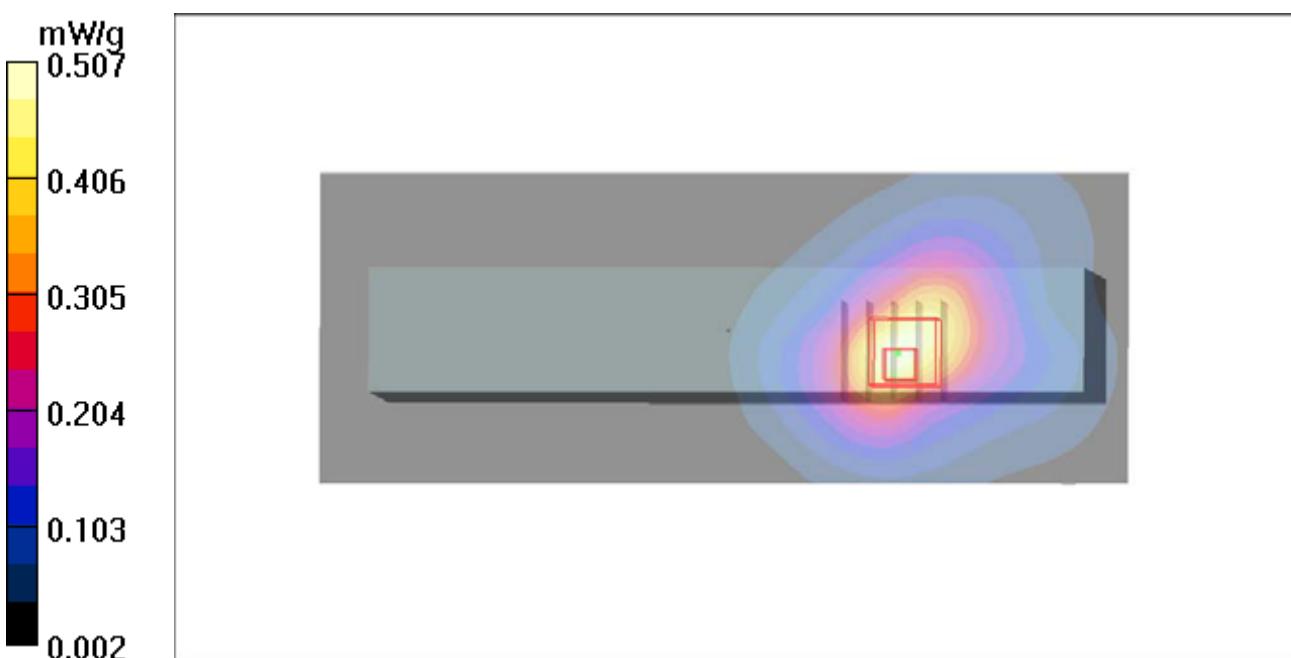
Ch06/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.93 V/m; Power Drift = -0.160 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.851 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.401 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.213 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.621 mW/g



P12 802.11b_Right Side_0 cm_Ch06_ANT 1_SE4500_K53_Holster 2_Earphone**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B2450_0611 Medium parameters used: $f = 2437 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.95 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 22.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.4 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590; ConvF(7.8, 7.8, 7.8); Calibrated: 2012/02/23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2011/08/29
- Phantom: Flat Phantom ELI4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: SN:1039
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Ch06/Area Scan (51x131x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.069 mW/g

Ch06/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.49 V/m; Power Drift = -0.033 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.081 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.046 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.027 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.062 mW/g



P37 802.11a_Front Face_0 cm_Ch48_ANT 0_SE4500_K53_Holster 2_Earphone**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: 802.11a; Frequency: 5240 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0611 Medium parameters used: $f = 5240$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.26$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 22.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590; ConvF(4.89, 4.89, 4.89); Calibrated: 2012/02/23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2011/08/29
- Phantom: Flat Phantom ELI4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: SN:1039
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Ch48/Area Scan (161x281x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.101 mW/g

Ch48/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 2.04 V/m; Power Drift = -0.176 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.181 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.073 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.039 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.113 mW/g

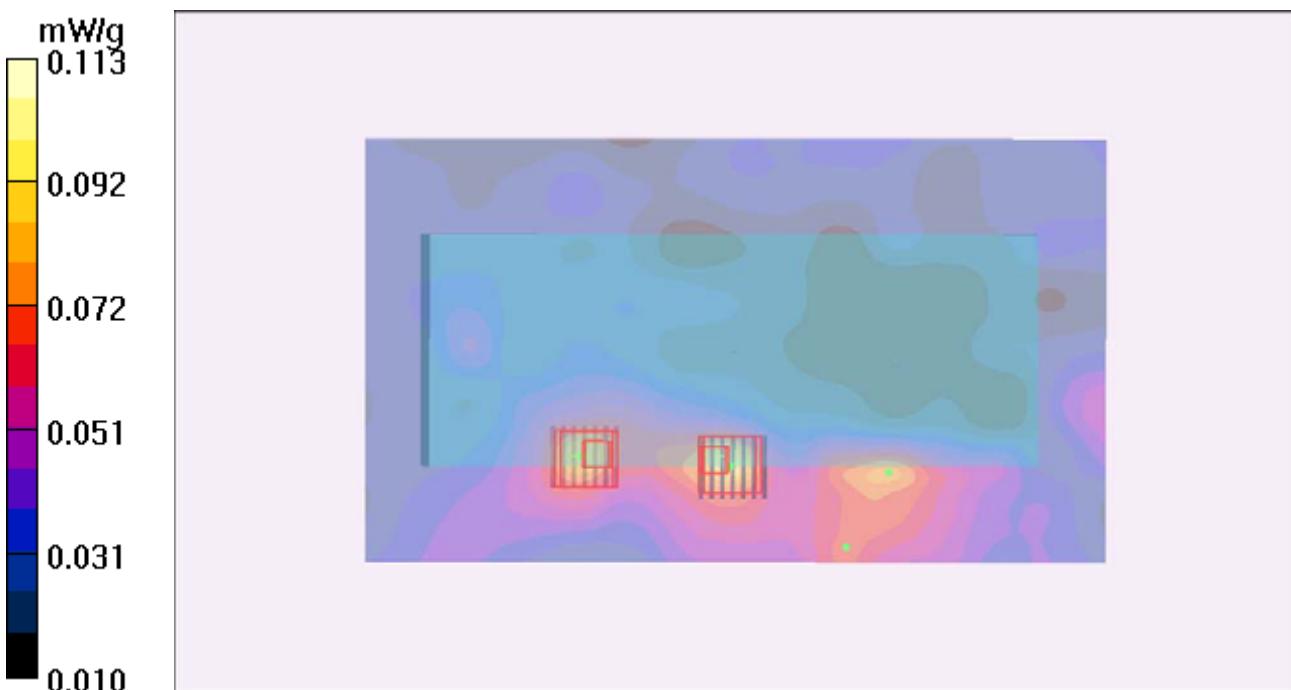
Ch48/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 2.04 V/m; Power Drift = -0.176 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.138 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.059 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.037 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.086 mW/g



P38 802.11a_Left Side_0 cm_Ch48_ANT 0_SE4500_K53_Holster 2_Earphone**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: 802.11a; Frequency: 5240 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0611 Medium parameters used: $f = 5240$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.26$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 22.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590; ConvF(4.89, 4.89, 4.89); Calibrated: 2012/02/23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2011/08/29
- Phantom: Flat Phantom ELI4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: SN:1039
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Ch48/Area Scan (101x261x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.077 mW/g

Ch48/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 0.943 V/m; Power Drift = 0.151 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.164 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.044 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.019 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.081 mW/g

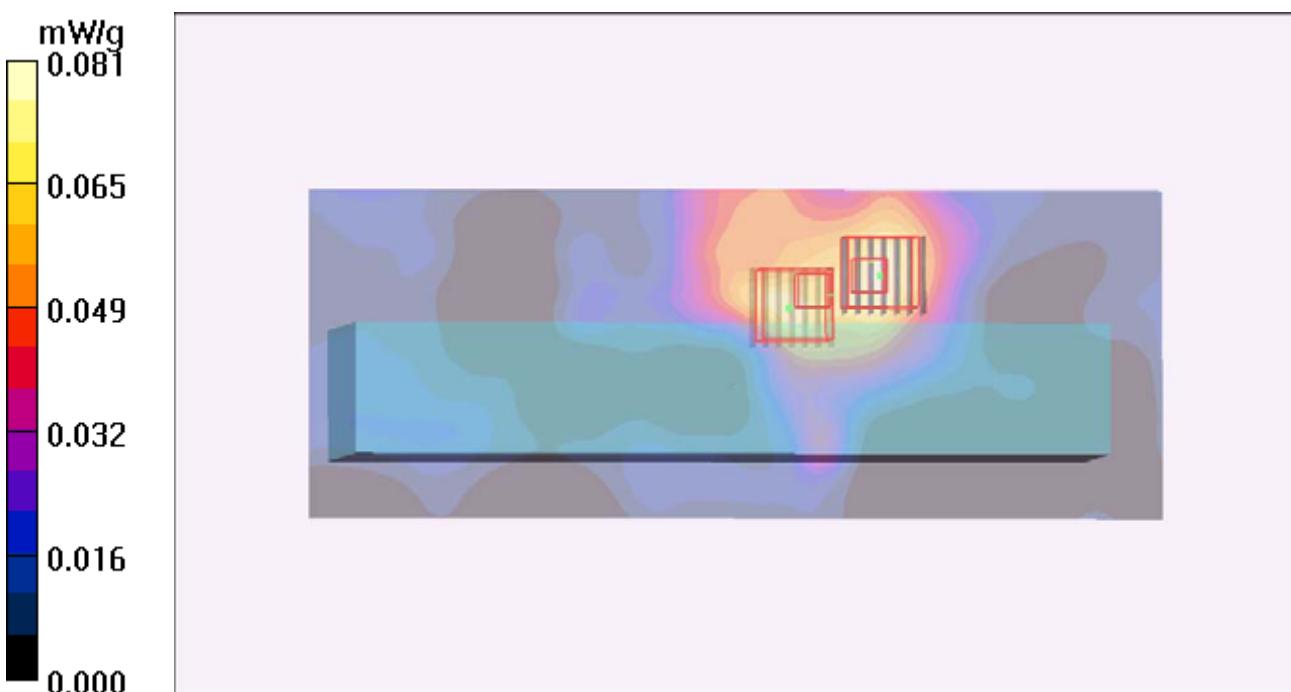
Ch48/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 0.943 V/m; Power Drift = 0.151 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.154 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.042 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.018 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.074 mW/g



P39 802.11a_Right Side_0 cm_Ch48_ANT 0_SE4500_K53_Holster 2_Earphone**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: 802.11a; Frequency: 5240 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0611 Medium parameters used: $f = 5240$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.26$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 22.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590; ConvF(4.89, 4.89, 4.89); Calibrated: 2012/02/23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2011/08/29
- Phantom: Flat Phantom ELI4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: SN:1039
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Ch48/Area Scan (101x261x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.758 mW/g

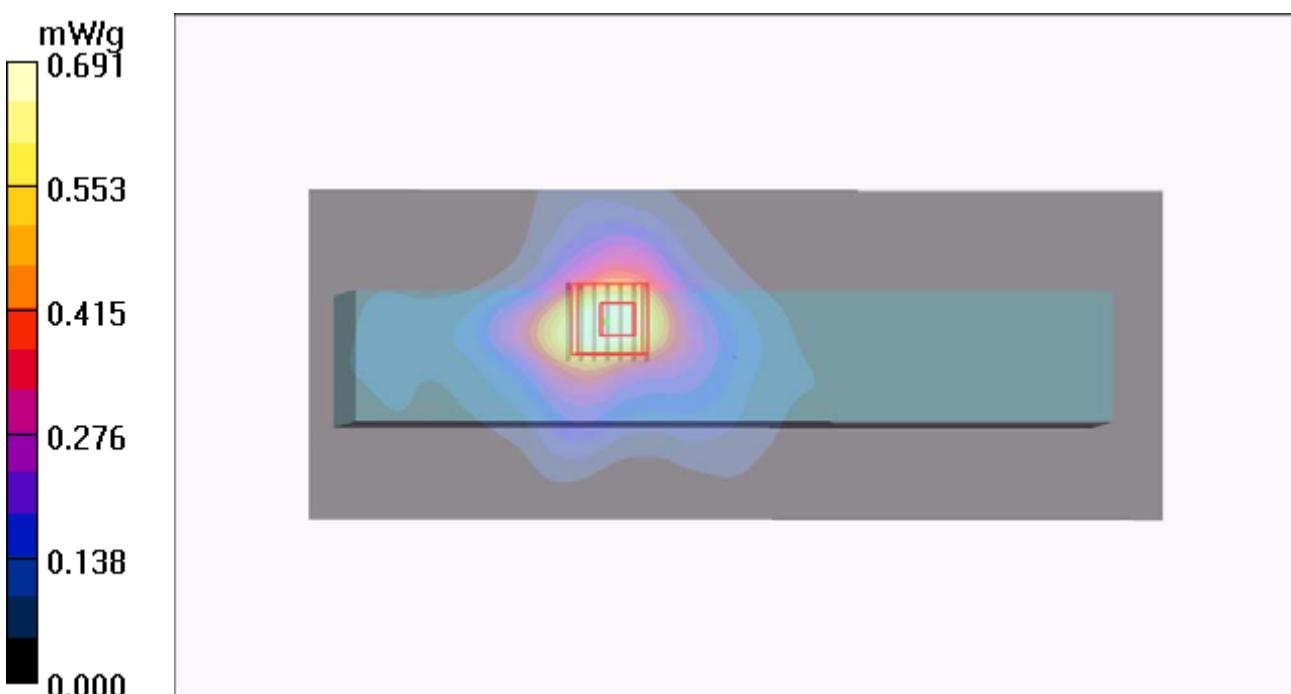
Ch48/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 5.94 V/m; Power Drift = -0.111 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.07 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.394 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.169 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.691 mW/g



P40 802.11a_Front Face_0 cm_Ch48_ANT 1_SE4500_K53_Holster 2_Earphone**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: 802.11a; Frequency: 5240 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0611 Medium parameters used: $f = 5240 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.26 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 22.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590; ConvF(4.89, 4.89, 4.89); Calibrated: 2012/02/23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2011/08/29
- Phantom: Flat Phantom ELI4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: SN:1039
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Ch48/Area Scan (161x281x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.044 mW/g

Ch48/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 1.21 V/m; Power Drift = -0.186 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.059 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.016 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00573 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.029 mW/g

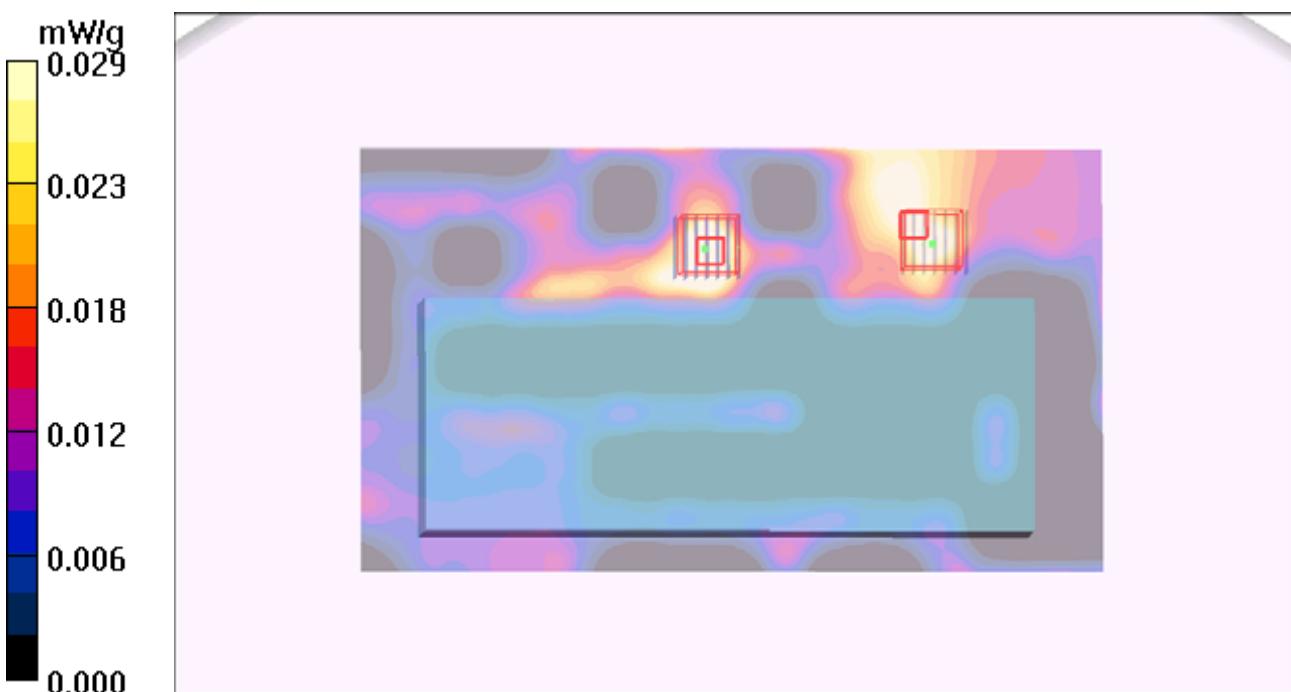
Ch48/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 1.21 V/m; Power Drift = -0.186 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.066 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.015 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.0059 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.028 mW/g



P41 802.11a_Left Side_0 cm_Ch48_ANT 1_SE4500_K53_Holster 2_Earphone**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: 802.11a; Frequency: 5240 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0611 Medium parameters used: $f = 5240 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.26 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 22.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590; ConvF(4.89, 4.89, 4.89); Calibrated: 2012/02/23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2011/08/29
- Phantom: Flat Phantom ELI4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: SN:1039
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Ch48/Area Scan (101x281x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.307 mW/g

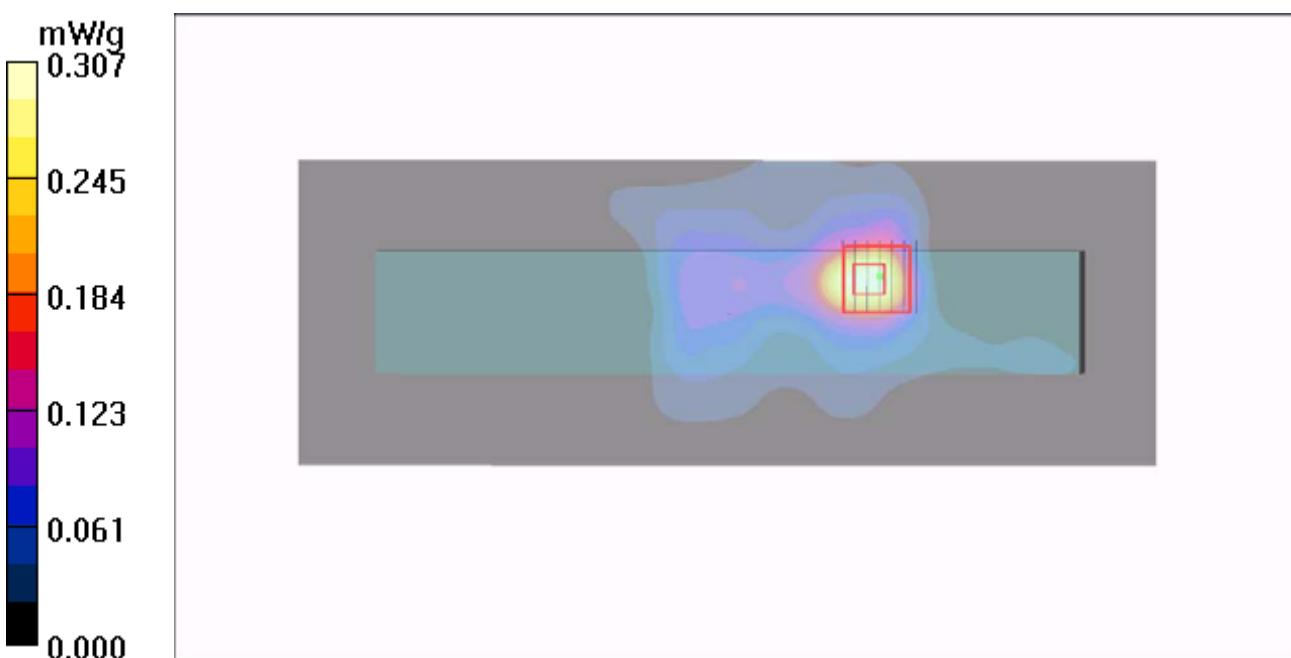
Ch48/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 4.14 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.579 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.187 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.070 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.346 mW/g



P42 802.11a_Right Side_0 cm_Ch48_ANT 1_SE4500_K53_Holster 2_Earphone**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: 802.11a; Frequency: 5240 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0611 Medium parameters used: $f = 5240 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.26 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 22.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590; ConvF(4.89, 4.89, 4.89); Calibrated: 2012/02/23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2011/08/29
- Phantom: Flat Phantom ELI4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: SN:1039
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Ch48/Area Scan (101x281x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.041 mW/g

Ch48/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 1.10 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.130 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.033 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00691 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.087 mW/g

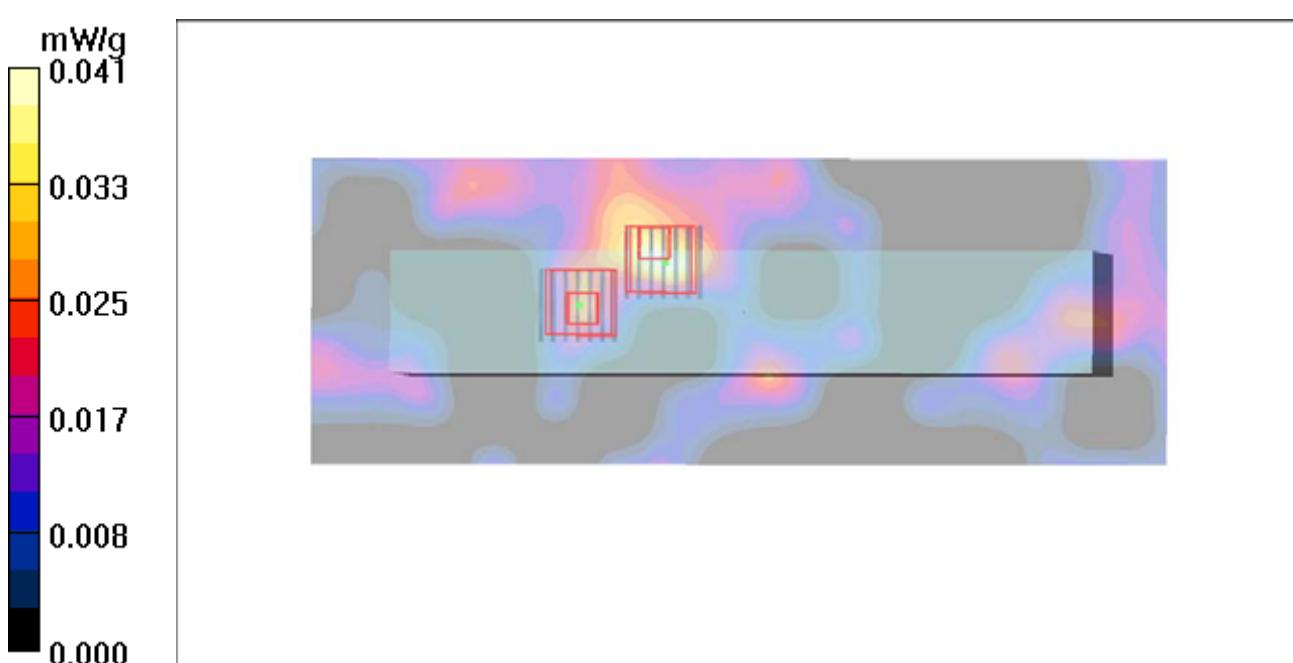
Ch48/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 1.10 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.133 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.022 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00747 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.043 mW/g



P43 802.11a_Front Face_0 cm_Ch52_ANT 0_SE4500_K53_Holster 2_Earphone**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: 802.11a; Frequency: 5260 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0611 Medium parameters used: $f = 5260$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.29$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 22.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590; ConvF(4.81, 4.81, 4.81); Calibrated: 2012/02/23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2011/08/29
- Phantom: Flat Phantom ELI4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: SN:1039
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Ch52/Area Scan (161x281x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.053 mW/g

Ch52/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 1.94 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.111 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.025 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.010 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.048 mW/g

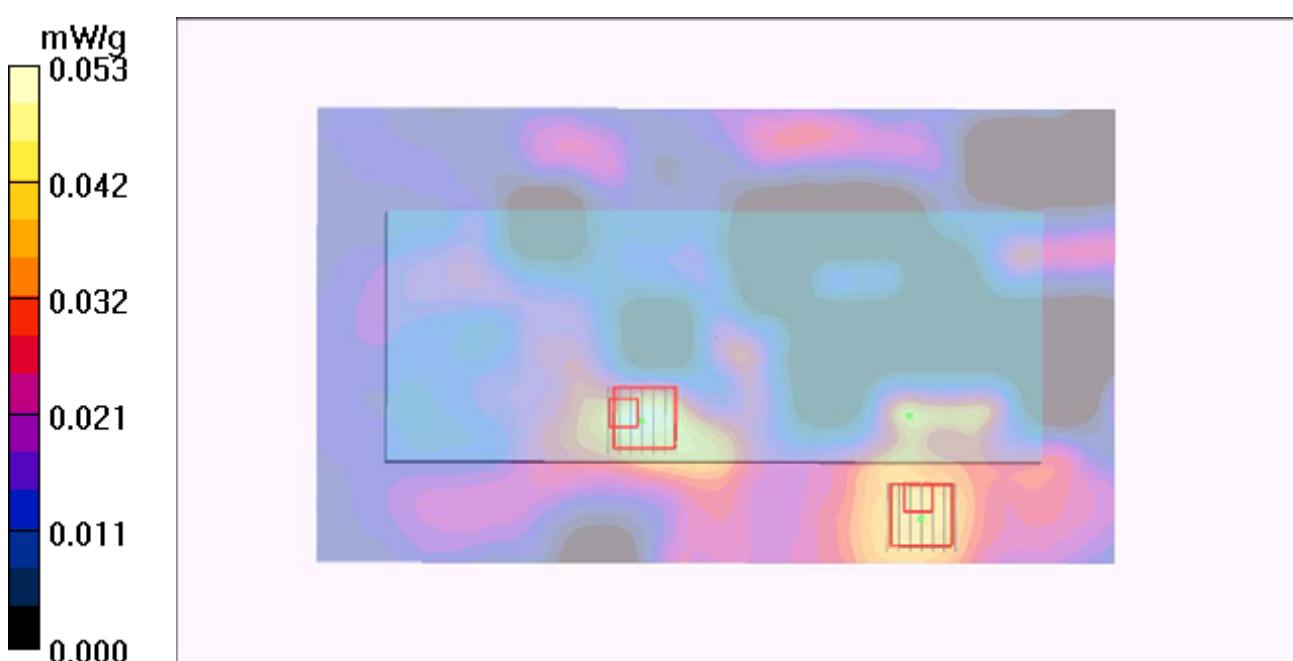
Ch52/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 1.94 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.304 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.021 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00818 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.049 mW/g



P44 802.11a_Left Side_0 cm_Ch52_ANT 0_SE4500_K53_Holster 2_Earphone**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: 802.11a; Frequency: 5260 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0611 Medium parameters used: $f = 5260 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.29 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 22.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590; ConvF(4.81, 4.81, 4.81); Calibrated: 2012/02/23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2011/08/29
- Phantom: Flat Phantom ELI4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: SN:1039
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Ch52/Area Scan (101x261x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.063 mW/g

Ch52/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 1.50 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.126 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.035 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.016 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.061 mW/g

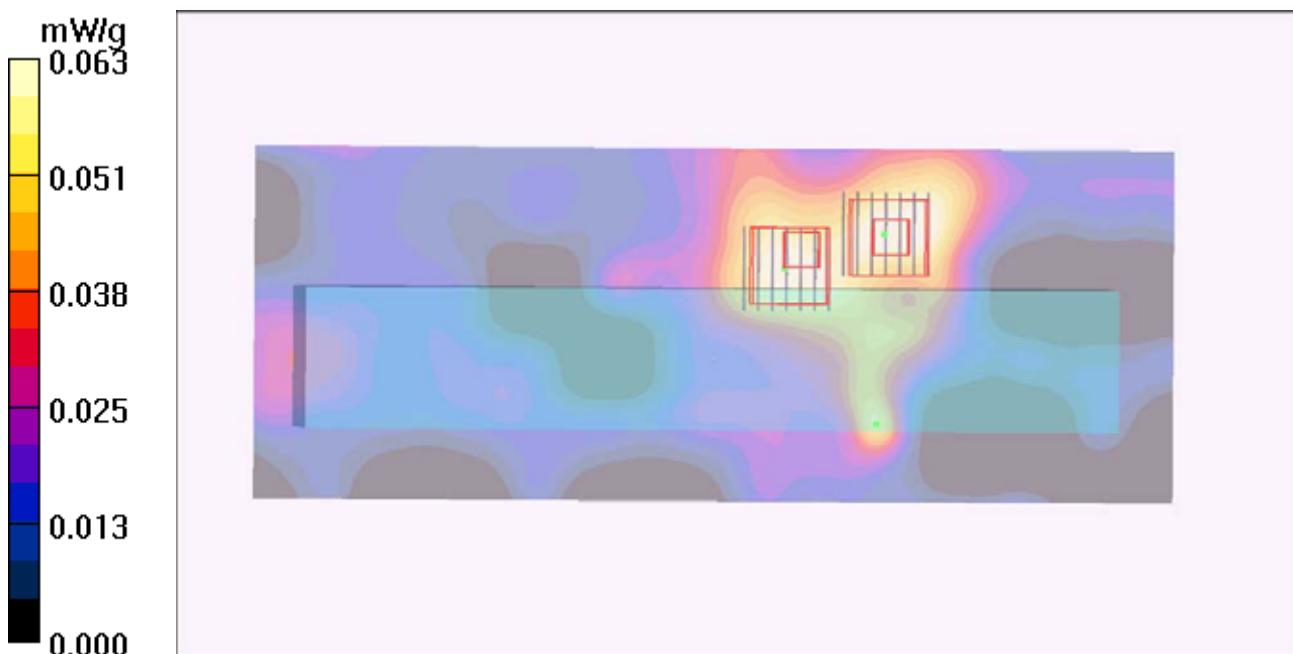
Ch52/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 1.50 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.141 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.035 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.015 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.066 mW/g



P45 802.11a_Right Side_0 cm_Ch52_ANT 0_SE4500_K53_Holster 2_Earphone**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: 802.11a; Frequency: 5260 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0611 Medium parameters used: $f = 5260 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.29 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 22.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590; ConvF(4.81, 4.81, 4.81); Calibrated: 2012/02/23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2011/08/29
- Phantom: Flat Phantom ELI4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: SN:1039
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Ch52/Area Scan (101x261x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.565 mW/g

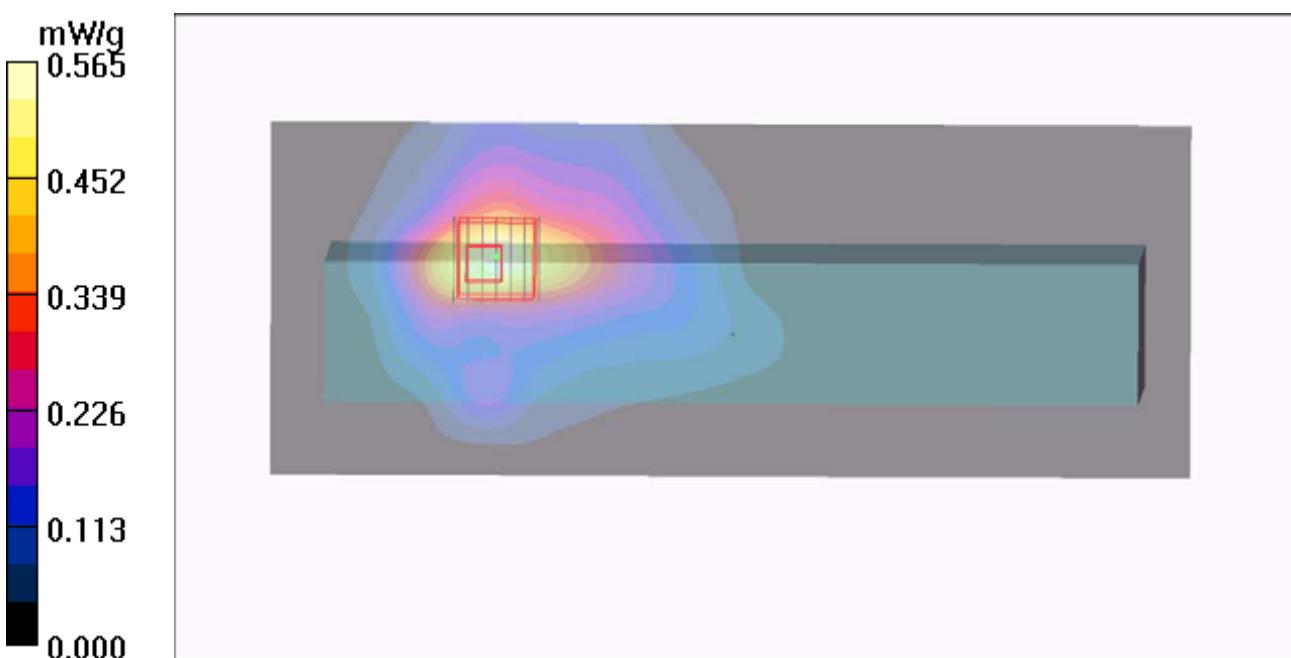
Ch52/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 2.74 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.859 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.310 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.132 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.528 mW/g



P46 802.11a_Front Face_0 cm_Ch52_ANT 1_SE4500_K53_Holster 2_Earphone**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: 802.11a; Frequency: 5260 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0611 Medium parameters used: $f = 5260$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.29$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 22.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590; ConvF(4.81, 4.81, 4.81); Calibrated: 2012/02/23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2011/08/29
- Phantom: Flat Phantom ELI4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: SN:1039
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Ch52/Area Scan (161x281x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.089 mW/g

Ch52/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 1.53 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.146 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.049 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.029 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.076 mW/g

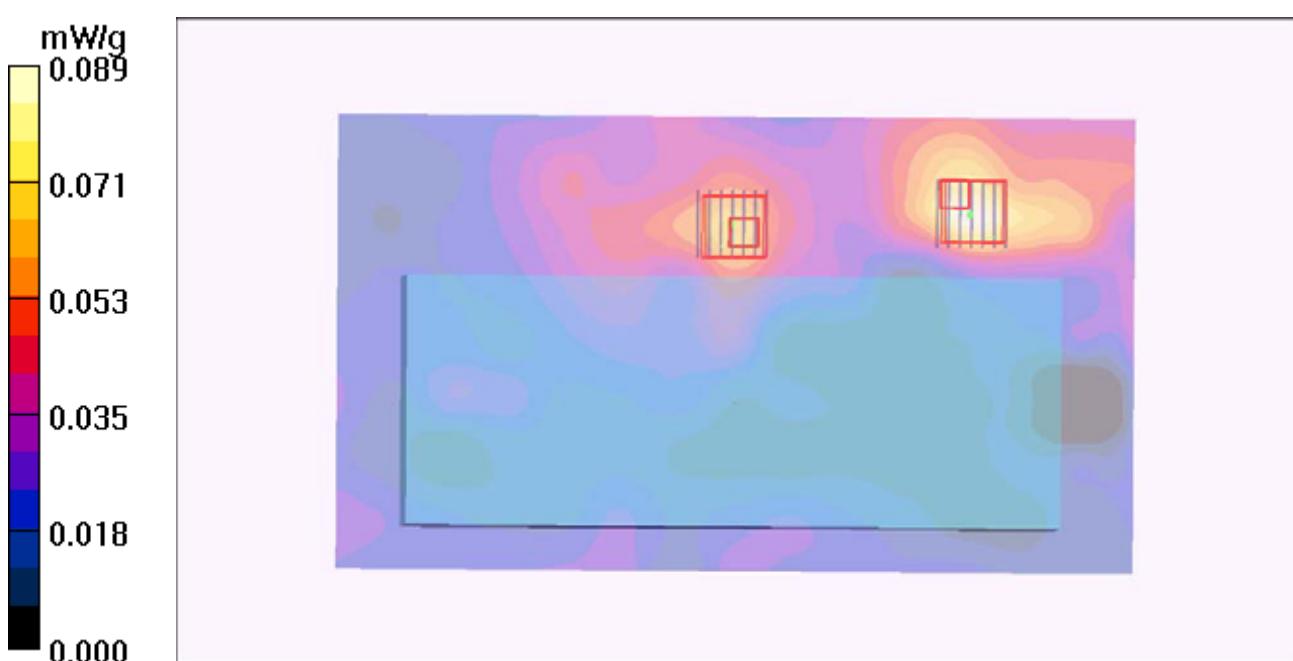
Ch52/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 1.53 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.129 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.048 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.028 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.077 mW/g



P76 802.11a_Left Side_0 cm_Ch52_ANT 1_SE4500_K53_Holster 2_Earphone**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5260 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0629 Medium parameters used: $f = 5260 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.383 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 49.236$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 22.0 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.1 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(4.11, 4.11, 4.11); Calibrated: 2011/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2011/07/29
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: TP:1043
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Ch52/Area Scan (121x281x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.414 mW/g

Ch52/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 9.479 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.934 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.678 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.151 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.19 mW/g

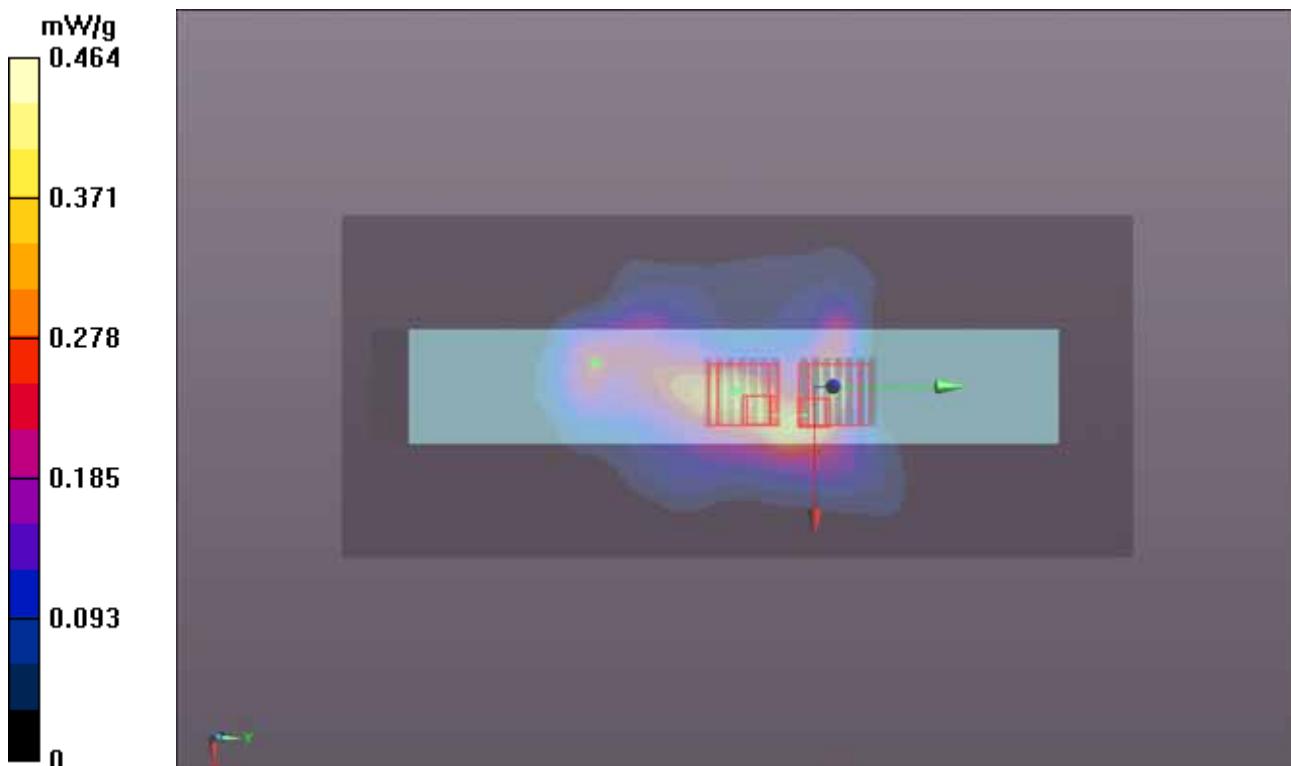
Ch52/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

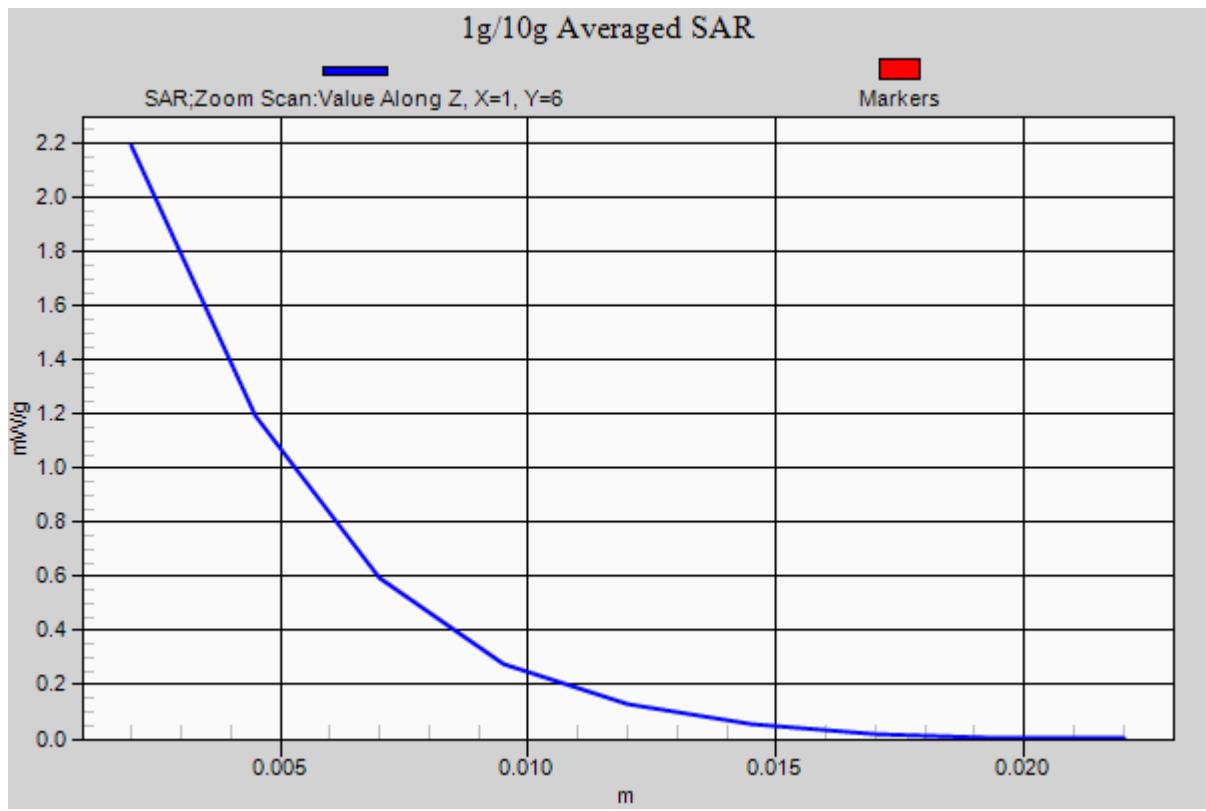
Reference Value = 9.479 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.757 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.169 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.061 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.464 mW/g





P48 802.11a_Right Side_0 cm_Ch52_ANT 1_SE4500_K53_Holster 2_Earphone**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5260 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0629 Medium parameters used: $f = 5260 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.383 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 49.236$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 22.0 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.1 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(4.11, 4.11, 4.11); Calibrated: 2011/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2011/07/29
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: TP:1043
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Ch52/Area Scan (121x281x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.225 mW/g

Ch52/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 4.265 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.154 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.054 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.019 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.101 mW/g

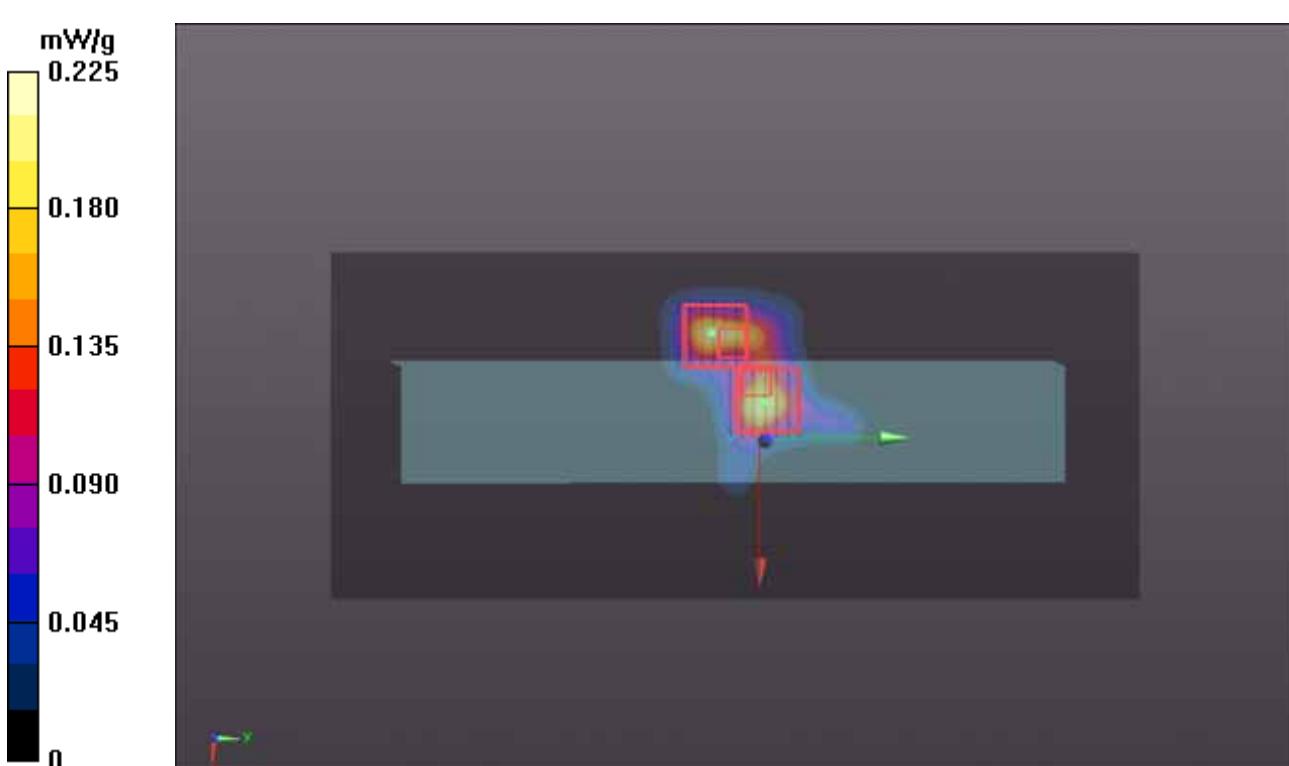
Ch52/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 4.265 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.215 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.043 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.017 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.161 mW/g



P49 802.11a_Front Face_0 cm_Ch104_ANT 0_SE4500_K53_Holster 2_Earphone**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5520 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0615 Medium parameters used: $f = 5520$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.761$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.537$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 22.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(3.73, 3.73, 3.73); Calibrated: 2011/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2011/07/29
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: TP:1043
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Ch104/Area Scan (141x281x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.156 mW/g

Ch104/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.571 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.057 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.020 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.105 mW/g

Ch104/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.440 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.045 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.018 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0911 mW/g



P50 802.11a_Left Side_0 cm_Ch104_ANT 0_SE4500_K53_Holster 2_Earphone**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5520 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0629 Medium parameters used: $f = 5520 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.702 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 48.749$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 22.0 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.1 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(3.73, 3.73, 3.73); Calibrated: 2011/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2011/07/29
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: TP:1043
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Ch104/Area Scan (141x281x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.229 mW/g

Ch104/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 5.947 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.340 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.191 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.037 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.897 mW/g

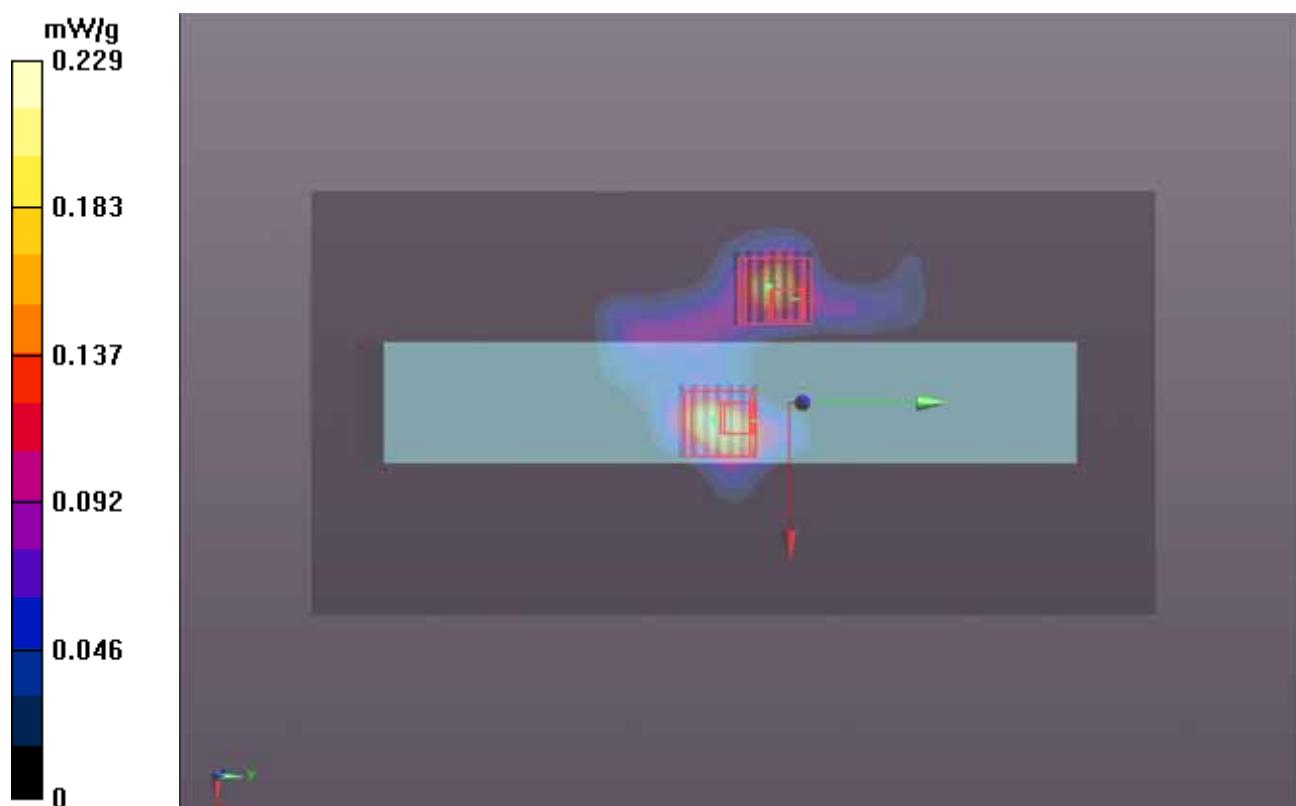
Ch104/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 5.947 V/m; Power Drift = -.0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.320 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.045 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.018 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.106 mW/g



P66 802.11a_Right Side_0 cm_Ch104_ANT 0_SE4500_K53_Holster 2_Earphone**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5520 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0627 Medium parameters used: $f = 5520 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.703 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 48.624$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 22.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.3 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(3.73, 3.73, 3.73); Calibrated: 2011/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2011/07/29
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: TP:1043
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Ch104/Area Scan (141x281x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.140 mW/g

Ch104/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 3.290 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.410 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.354 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.066 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.890 mW/g

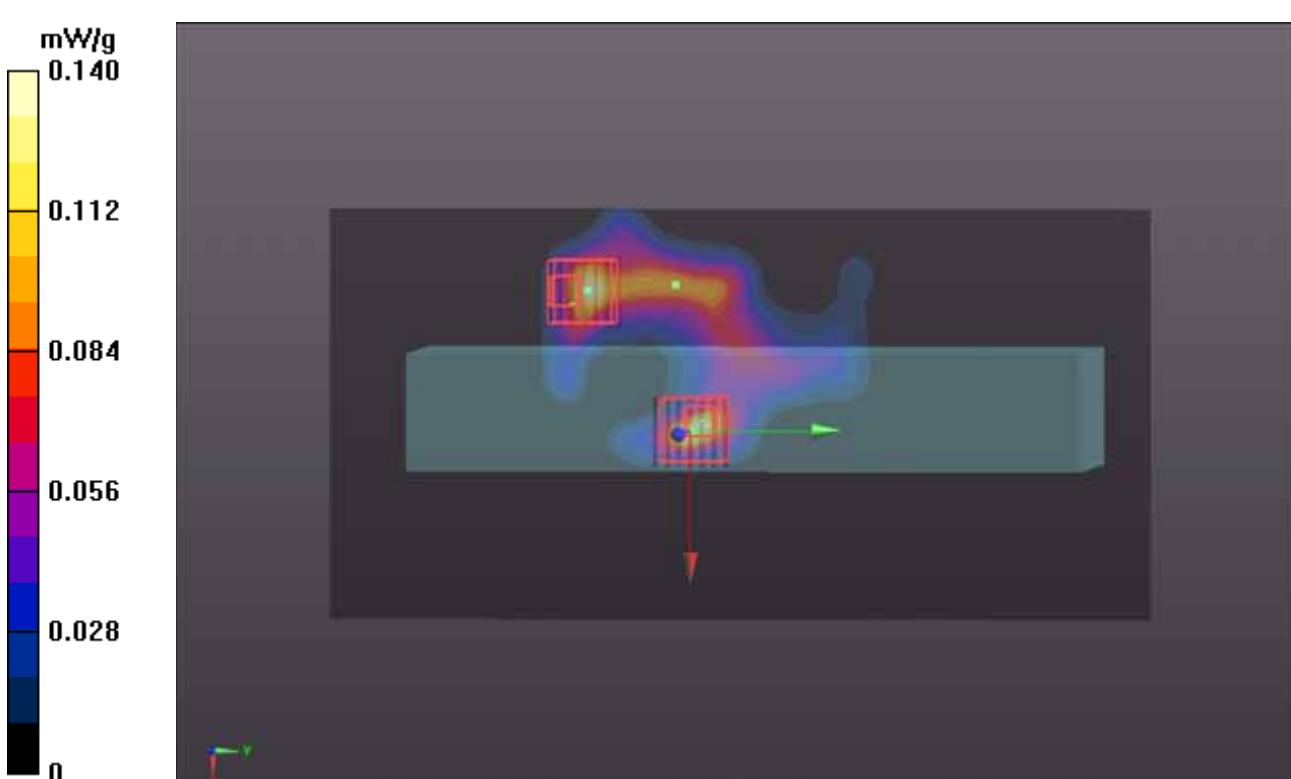
Ch104/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 3.290 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.270 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.029 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.013 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0666 mW/g



P52 802.11a_Front Face_0 cm_Ch104_ANT 1_SE4500_K53_Holster 2_Earphone**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5520 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0614 Medium parameters used: $f = 5520 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.779 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.583$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 22.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.2 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(3.73, 3.73, 3.73); Calibrated: 2011/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2011/07/29
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: TP:1043
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Ch104/Area Scan (141x281x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.227 mW/g

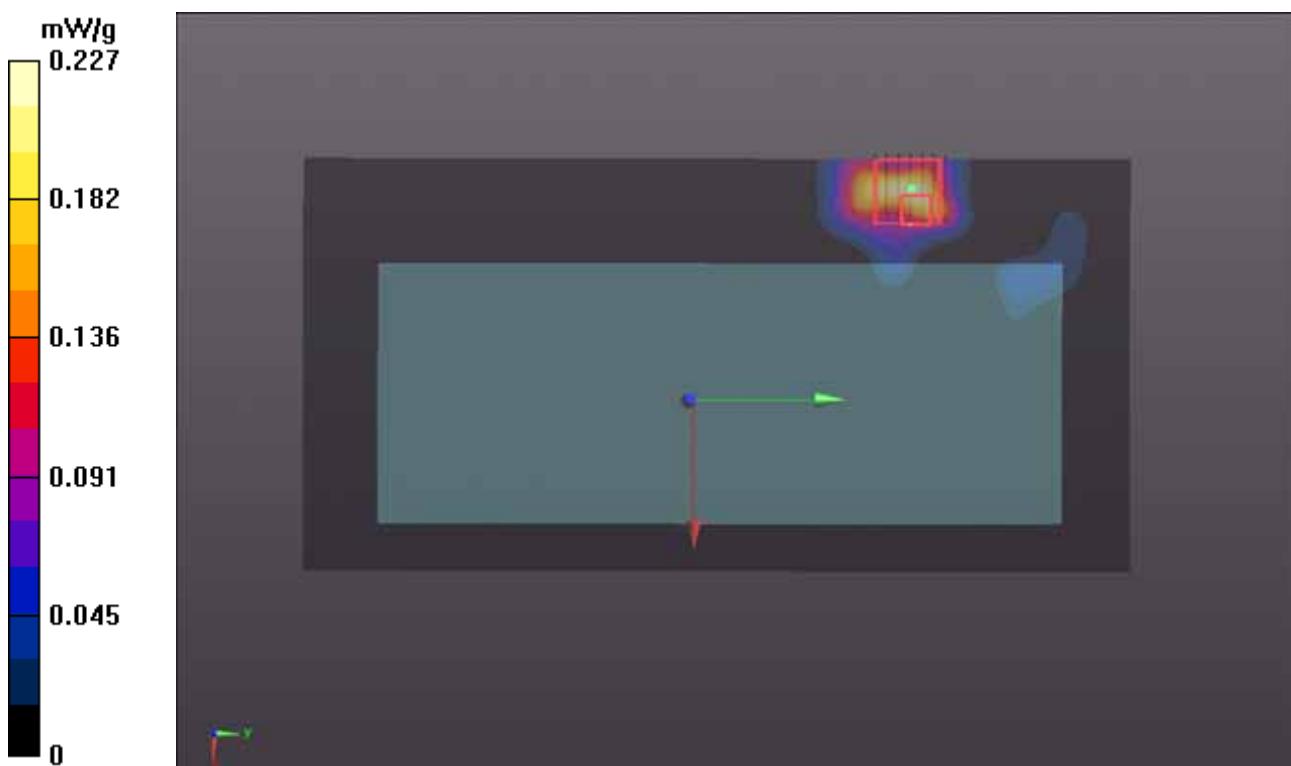
Ch104/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.437 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.048 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.021 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.116 mW/g



P65 802.11a_Left Side_0 cm_Ch104_ANT 1_SE4500_K53_Holster 2_Earphone**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5520 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0627 Medium parameters used: $f = 5520 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.703 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 48.624$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 22.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.3 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(3.73, 3.73, 3.73); Calibrated: 2011/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2011/07/29
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: TP:1043
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Ch104/Area Scan (121x281x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.736 mW/g

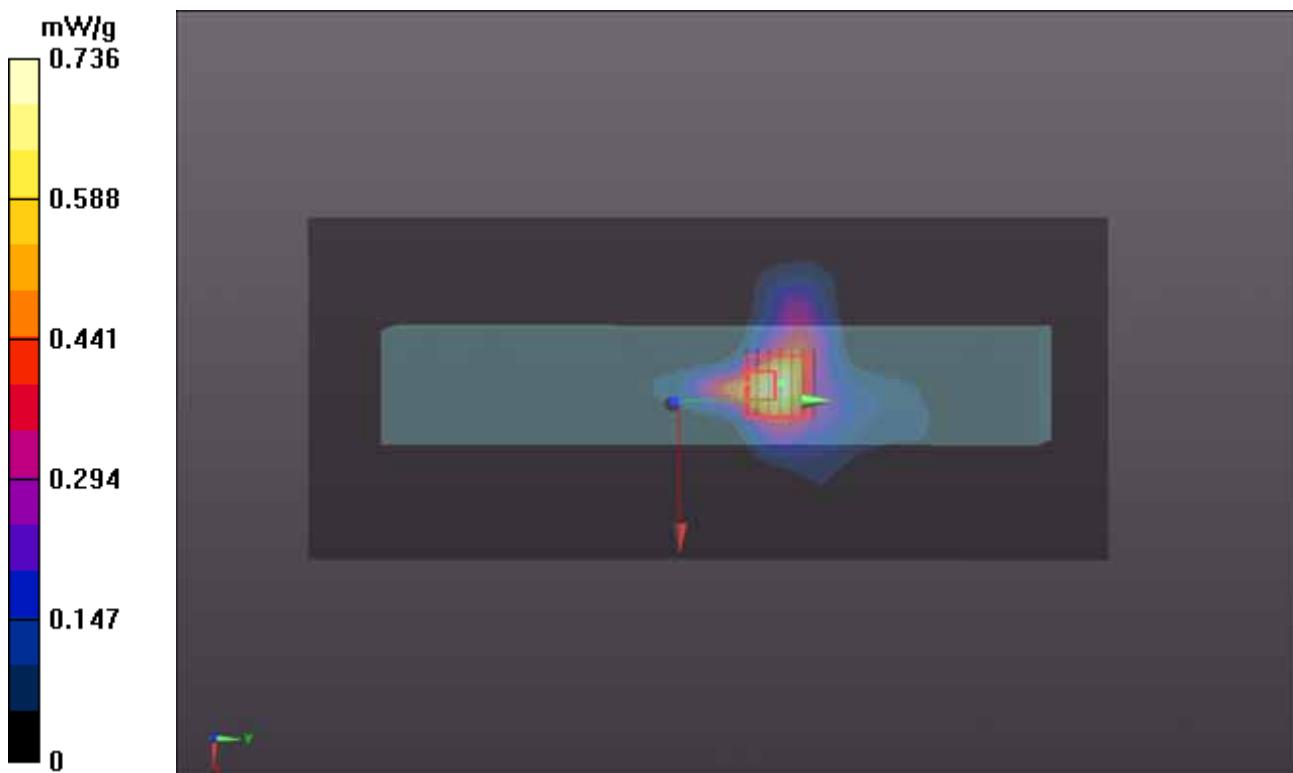
Ch104/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 8.547 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.560 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.547 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.128 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.54 mW/g



P54 802.11a_Right Side_0 cm_Ch104_ANT 1_SE4500_K53_Holster 2_Earphone**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5520 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0614 Medium parameters used: $f = 5520 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.779 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.583$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 22.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.2 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(3.73, 3.73, 3.73); Calibrated: 2011/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2011/07/29
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: TP:1043
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Ch104/Area Scan (101x261x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.279 mW/g

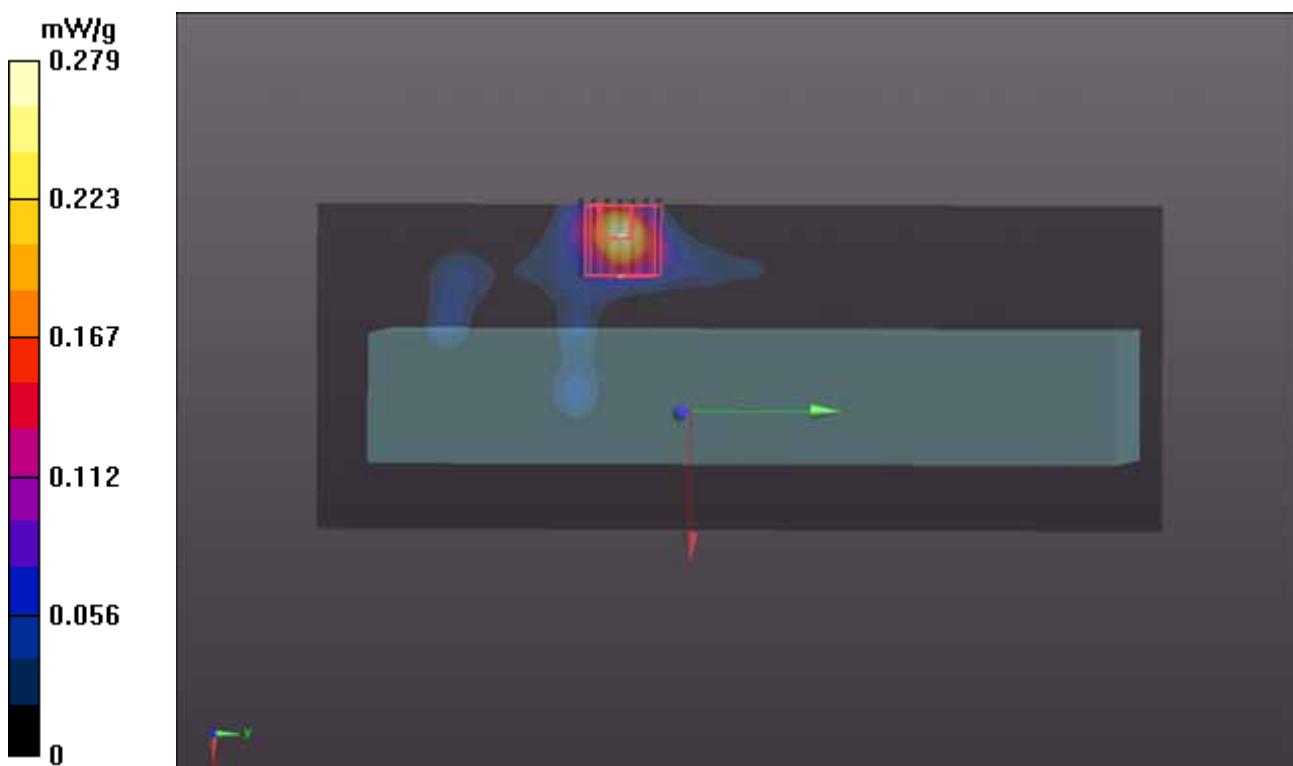
Ch104/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 0.898 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.513 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.052 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.022 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.112 mW/g



P55 802.11a_Front Face_0 cm_Ch165_ANT 0_SE4500_K53_Holster 2_Earphone**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: 802.11a; Frequency: 5825 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0613 Medium parameters used: $f = 5825$ MHz; $\sigma = 6.22$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 49.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 22.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.4 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590; ConvF(4.54, 4.54, 4.54); Calibrated: 2012/02/23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2011/08/29
- Phantom: Flat Phantom ELI4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: SN:1039
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Ch165/Area Scan (161x281x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.214 mW/g

Ch165/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 0.859 V/m; Power Drift = -0.129 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.49 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.127 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.030 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.229 mW/g

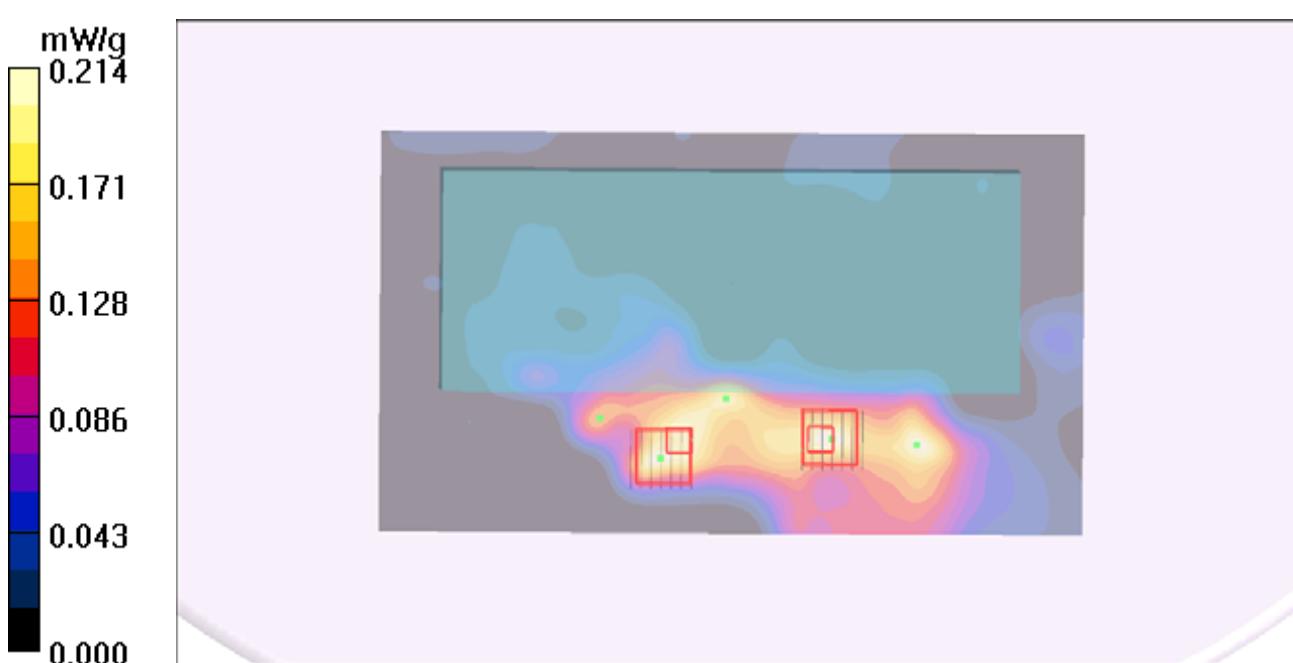
Ch165/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 0.859 V/m; Power Drift = -0.129 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.332 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.079 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.023 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.222 mW/g



P56 802.11a_Left Side_0 cm_Ch165_ANT 0_SE4500_K53_Holster 2_Earphone**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5825 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0629 Medium parameters used: $f = 5825 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 6.203 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 48.118$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 22.0 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.1 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(3.81, 3.81, 3.81); Calibrated: 2011/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2011/07/29
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: TP:1043
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Ch165/Area Scan (121x281x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.402 mW/g

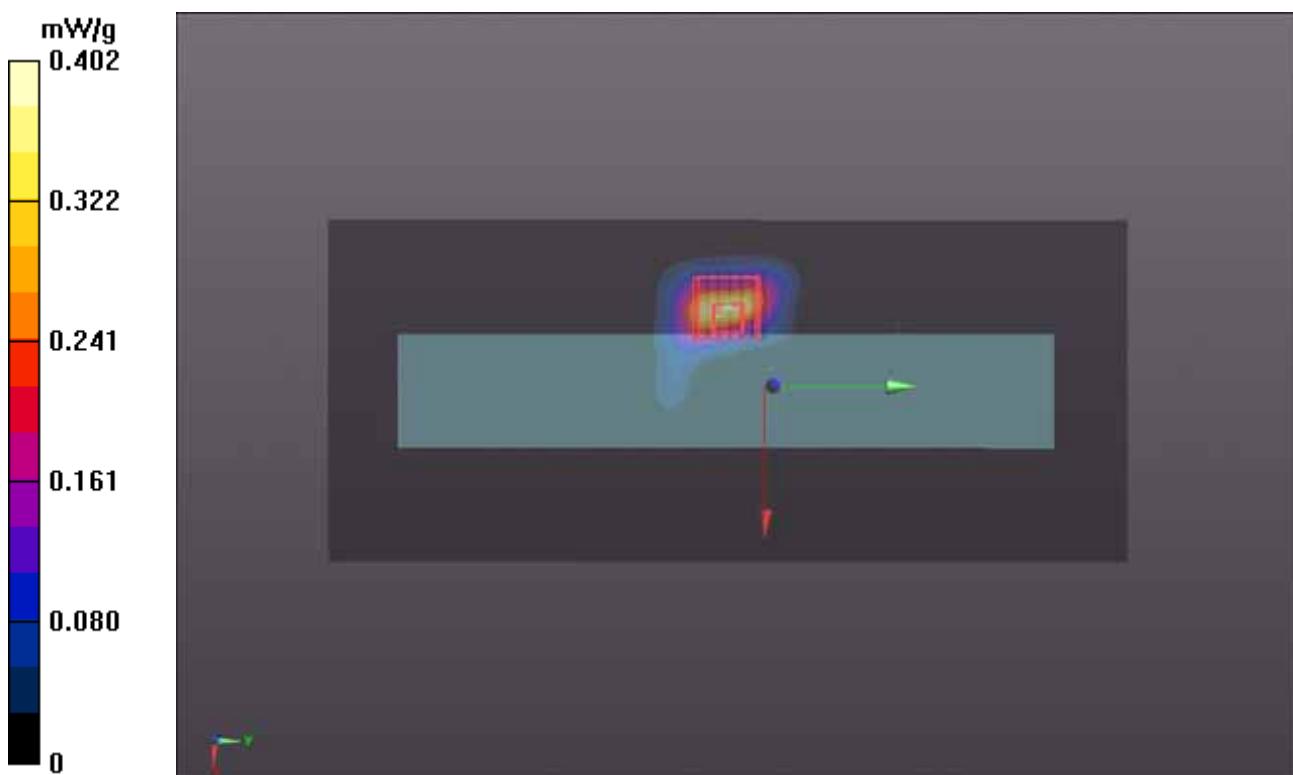
Ch165/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 2.693 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.611 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.075 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.027 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.185 mW/g



P69 802.11a_Right Side_0 cm_Ch165_ANT 0_SE4500_K53_Holster 2_Earphone**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5825 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0627 Medium parameters used: $f = 5825 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 6.203 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 48.002$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 22.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.3 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(3.81, 3.81, 3.81); Calibrated: 2011/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2011/07/29
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: TP:1043
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Ch165/Area Scan (121x281x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.370 mW/g

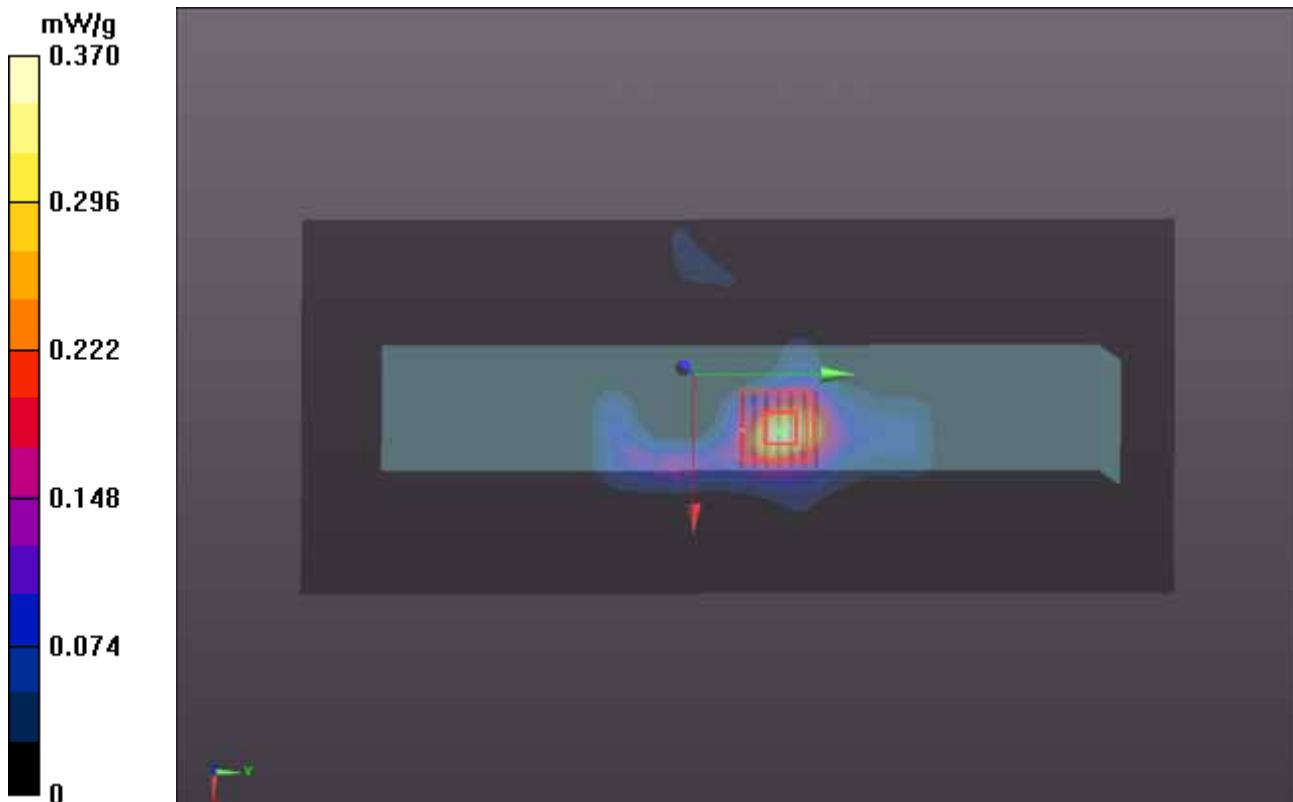
Ch165/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 3.982 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.402 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.124 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.044 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.360 mW/g



P58 802.11a_Front Face_0 cm_Ch165_ANT 1_SE4500_K53_Holster 2_Earphone**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: 802.11a; Frequency: 5825 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0613 Medium parameters used: $f = 5825 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 6.22 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 49.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 22.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.4 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590; ConvF(4.54, 4.54, 4.54); Calibrated: 2012/02/23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2011/08/29
- Phantom: Flat Phantom ELI4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: SN:1039
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Ch165/Area Scan (161x281x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.189 mW/g

Ch165/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 1.05 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.340 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.094 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.038 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.175 mW/g

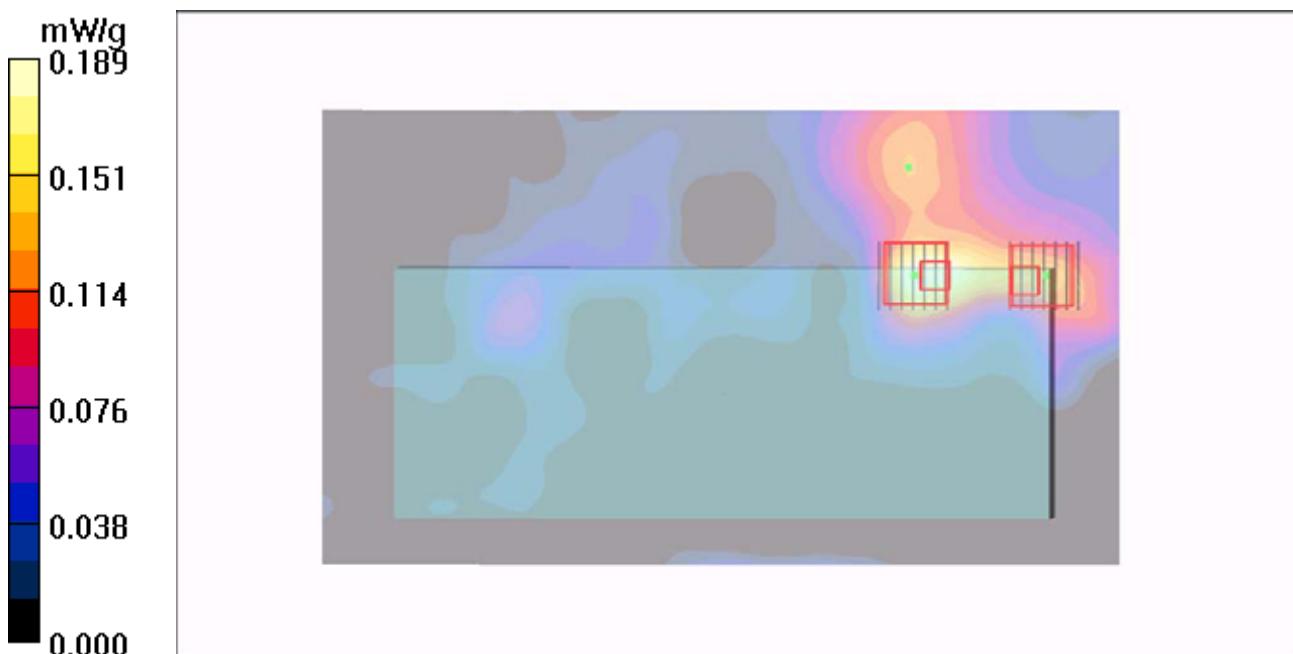
Ch165/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 1.05 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.216 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.059 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.025 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.134 mW/g



P70 802.11a_Left Side_0 cm_Ch165_ANT 1_SE4500_K53_Holster 2_Earphone**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5825 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0627 Medium parameters used: $f = 5825 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 6.203 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 48.002$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 22.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.3 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(3.81, 3.81, 3.81); Calibrated: 2011/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2011/07/29
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: TP:1043
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Ch165/Area Scan (121x281x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.606 mW/g

Ch165/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 4.158 V/m; Power Drift = -0.134 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.285 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.474 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.135 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.23 mW/g

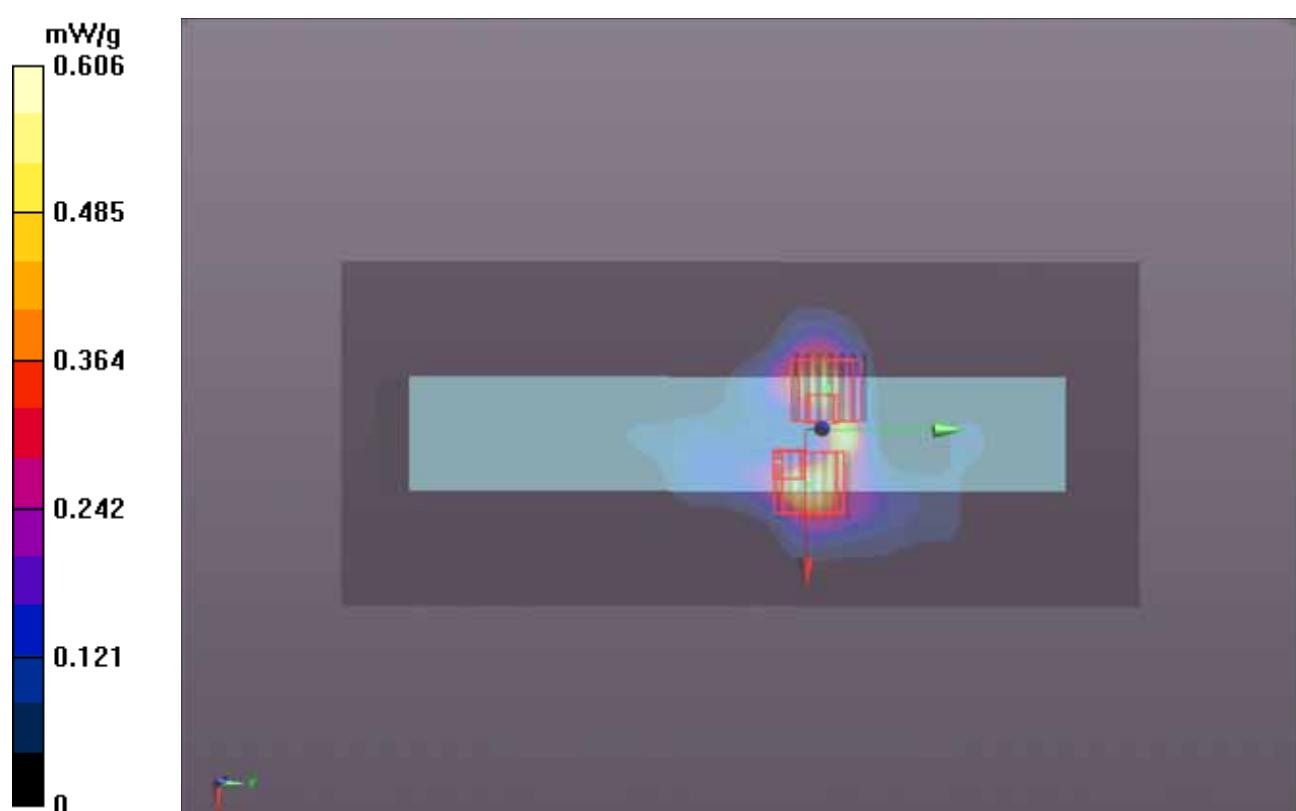
Ch165/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 4.158 V/m; Power Drift = -0.134 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.959 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.273 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.096 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.580 mW/g



P60 802.11a_Right Side_0 cm_Ch165_ANT 1_SE4500_K53_Holster 2_Earphone**DUT: 120522E09**

Communication System: 802.11a; Frequency: 5825 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B5G_0613 Medium parameters used: $f = 5825$ MHz; $\sigma = 6.22$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 49.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 22.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.4 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590; ConvF(4.54, 4.54, 4.54); Calibrated: 2012/02/23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2011/08/29
- Phantom: Flat Phantom ELI4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: SN:1039
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Ch165/Area Scan (101x281x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.363 mW/g

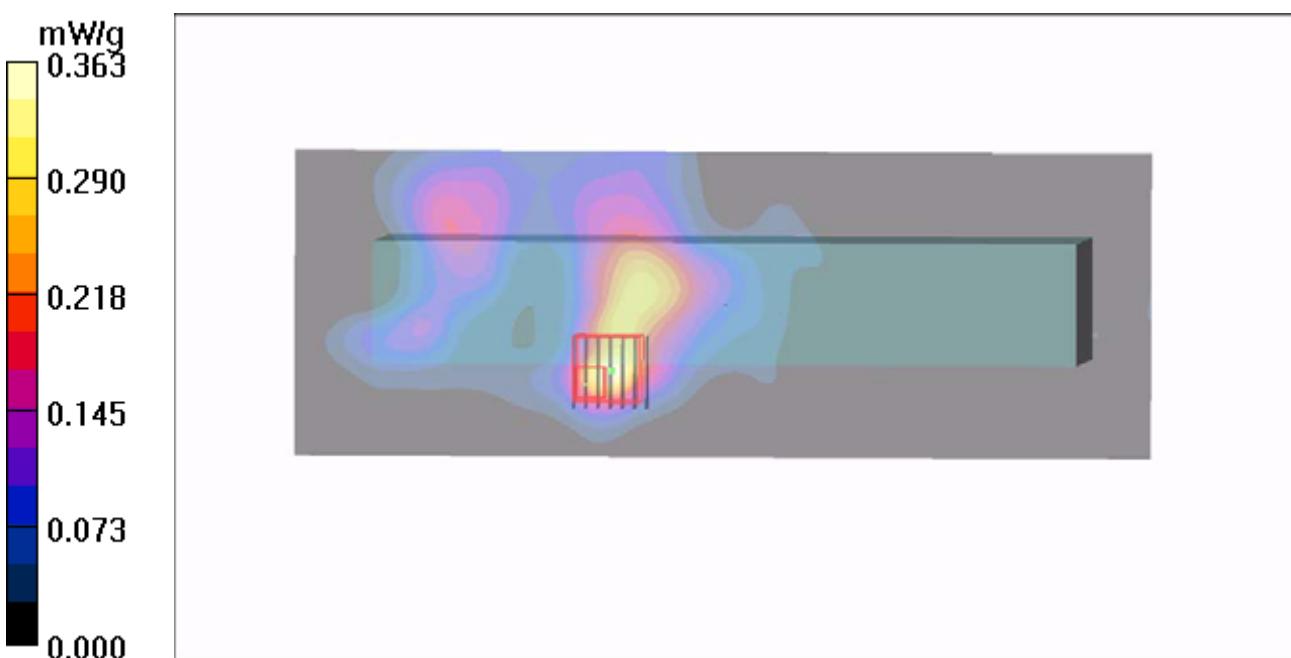
Ch165/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 4.49 V/m; Power Drift = -0.072 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.669 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.167 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.052 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.368 mW/g





A D T

Appendix C. Calibration Certificate for Probe and Dipole

The SPEAG calibration certificates are shown as follows.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client **B.V.ADT (Auden)**

Certificate No: D2450V2-737_Jan12

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D2450V2 - SN: 737**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v8**
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date: **January 24, 2012**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)	Oct-12
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)	Oct-12
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01368)	Apr-12
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01371)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11)	Dec-12
DAE4	SN: 601	04-Jul-11 (No. DAE4-601_Jul11)	Jul-12
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-12

Calibrated by:	Name	Function	Signature
	Israe El-Naouq	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: January 24, 2012

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

- d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.0
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.2 ± 6 %	1.85 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.4 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	52.9 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.18 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.5 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	50.6 ± 6 %	2.01 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	12.8 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	50.0 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.91 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.3 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$54.3 \Omega + 4.3 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 24.7 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$50.6 \Omega + 5.3 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 25.6 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.161 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	August 26, 2003

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 24.01.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 737

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.85 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 30.12.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.0(692); SEMCAD X 14.6.4(4989)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

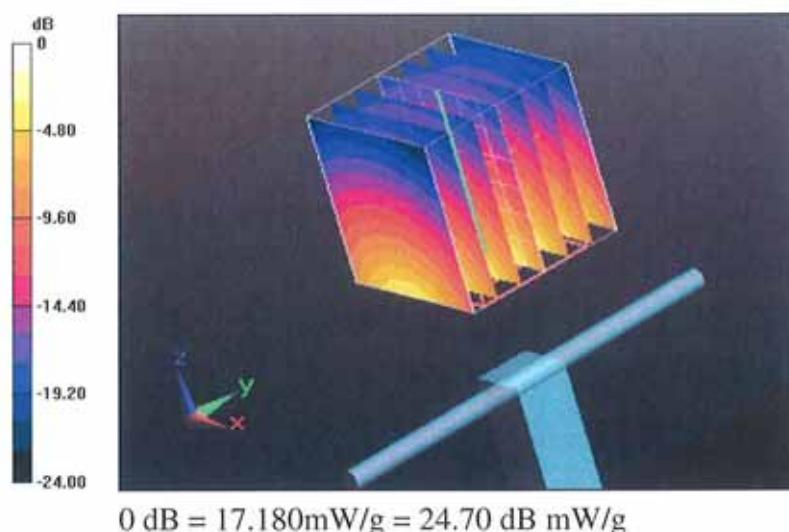
Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 99.933 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

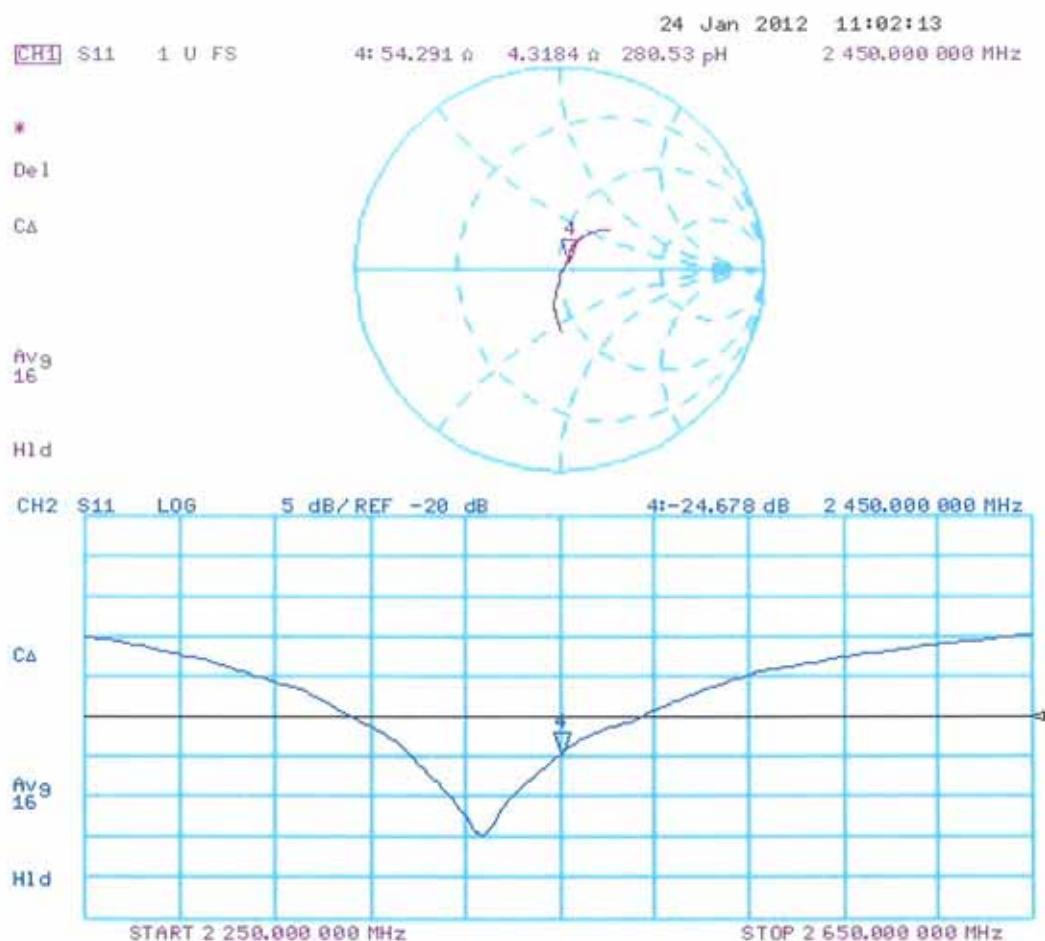
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.6400

SAR(1 g) = 13.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.18 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.183 mW/g



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 23.01.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 737

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 2.01 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.26, 4.26, 4.26); Calibrated: 30.12.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.0(692); SEMCAD X 14.6.4(4989)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

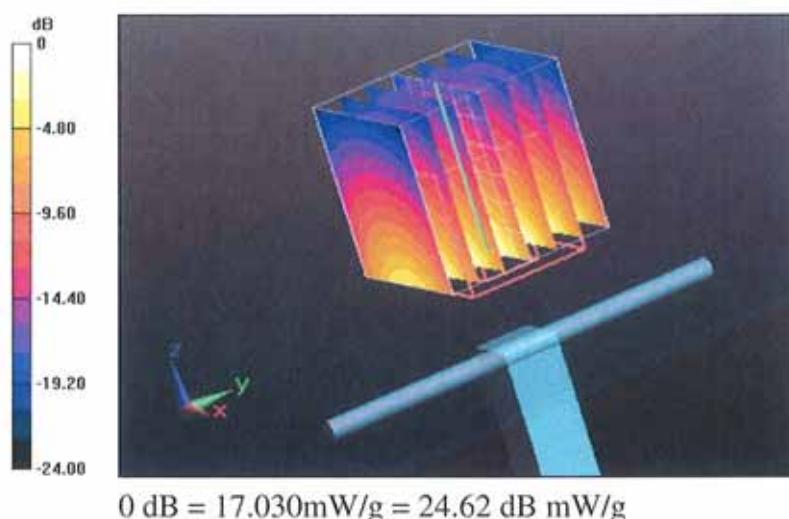
Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 94.889 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

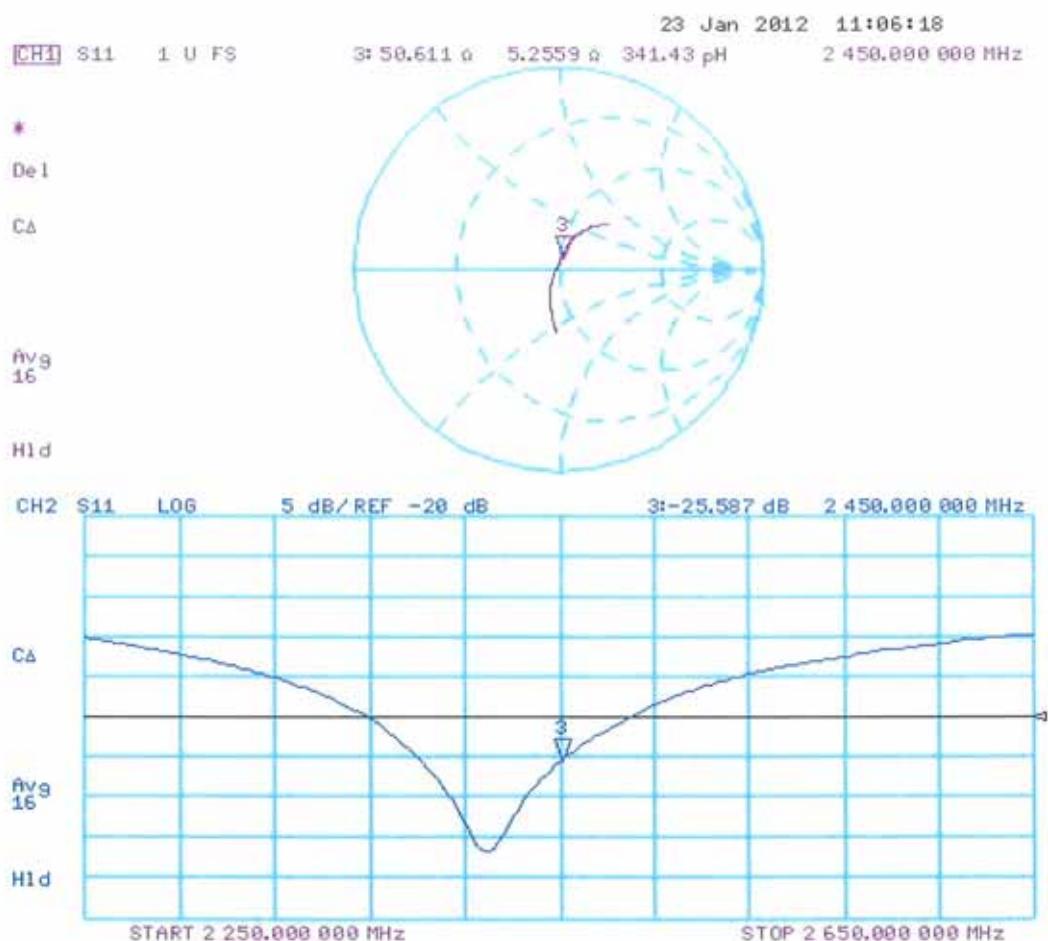
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.6520

SAR(1 g) = 12.8 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.91 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.026 mW/g



Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **B.V.ADT (Auden)**

Certificate No: **D5GHzV2-1018_Jan12**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D5GHzV2 - SN: 1018**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-22.v1**
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits between 3-6 GHz

Calibration date: **January 18, 2012**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)	Oct-12
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)	Oct-12
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01368)	Apr-12
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01371)	Apr-12
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 3503	30-Dec-11 (No. EX3-3503_Dec11)	Dec-12
DAE4	SN: 601	04-Jul-11 (No. DAE4-601_Jul11)	Jul-12
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-12

Calibrated by: Name **Jeton Kastrati** Function **Laboratory Technician**

Approved by: Name **Katja Pokovic** Function **Technical Manager**

Issued: January 18, 2012

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

- d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5		V52.8.0
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation		
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0		
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm		with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	$dx, dy = 4.0 \text{ mm}, dz = 1.4 \text{ mm}$		Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	5200 MHz ± 1 MHz 5500 MHz ± 1 MHz 5800 MHz ± 1 MHz		

Head TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	36.0	4.66 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	36.3 ± 6 %	4.60 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.95 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	79.6 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.27 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.7 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5500 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.6	4.96 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.8 ± 6 %	4.90 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.47 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	84.7 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.41 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.1 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.3	5.27 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.3 ± 6 %	5.22 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.86 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	78.6 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.23 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.3 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	49.0	5.30 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	49.2 ± 6 %	5.46 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.26 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	72.7 mW / g ± 18.1 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.04 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.5 mW / g ± 17.6 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5500 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.6	5.65 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	48.7 ± 6 %	5.86 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL at 5500 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.82 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	78.3 mW / g ± 18.1 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.18 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.8 mW / g ± 17.6 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.2	6.00 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	48.2 ± 6 %	6.28 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.33 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	73.4 mW / g ± 18.1 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.03 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.3 mW / g ± 17.6 % (k=2)

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$53.1 \Omega - 9.5 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 20.3 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$50.7 \Omega - 3.8 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 28.4 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$56.4 \Omega + 1.4 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 24.3 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$52.3 \Omega - 8.4 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 21.4 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5500 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$49.2 \Omega + 0.0 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 42.3 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$54.4 \Omega - 6.9 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 22.1 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.106 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	February 05, 2004

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 17.01.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1018

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5500 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz
Medium parameters used: $f = 5200 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 4.6 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 36.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$, Medium parameters used: $f = 5500 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 4.9 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 35.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$, Medium parameters used: $f = 5800 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.22 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 35.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3503; ConvF(5.41, 5.41, 5.41), ConvF(4.91, 4.91, 4.91), ConvF(4.81, 4.81, 4.81); Calibrated: 30.12.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.0(692); SEMCAD X 14.6.4(4989)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=1.4\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 63.604 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.6500

SAR(1 g) = 7.95 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.27 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.292 mW/g

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=1.4\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 63.798 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.9410

SAR(1 g) = 8.47 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.41 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.236 mW/g

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan,

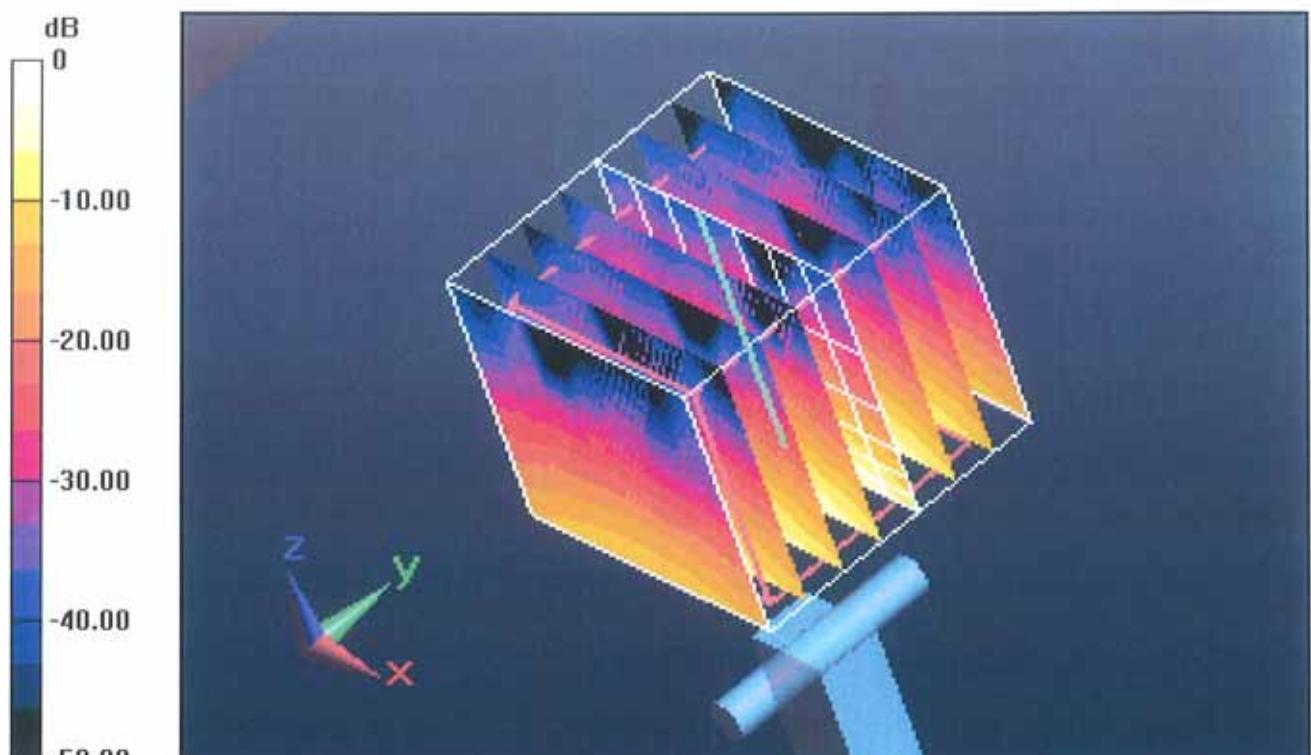
dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=1.4\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 60.556 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.2500

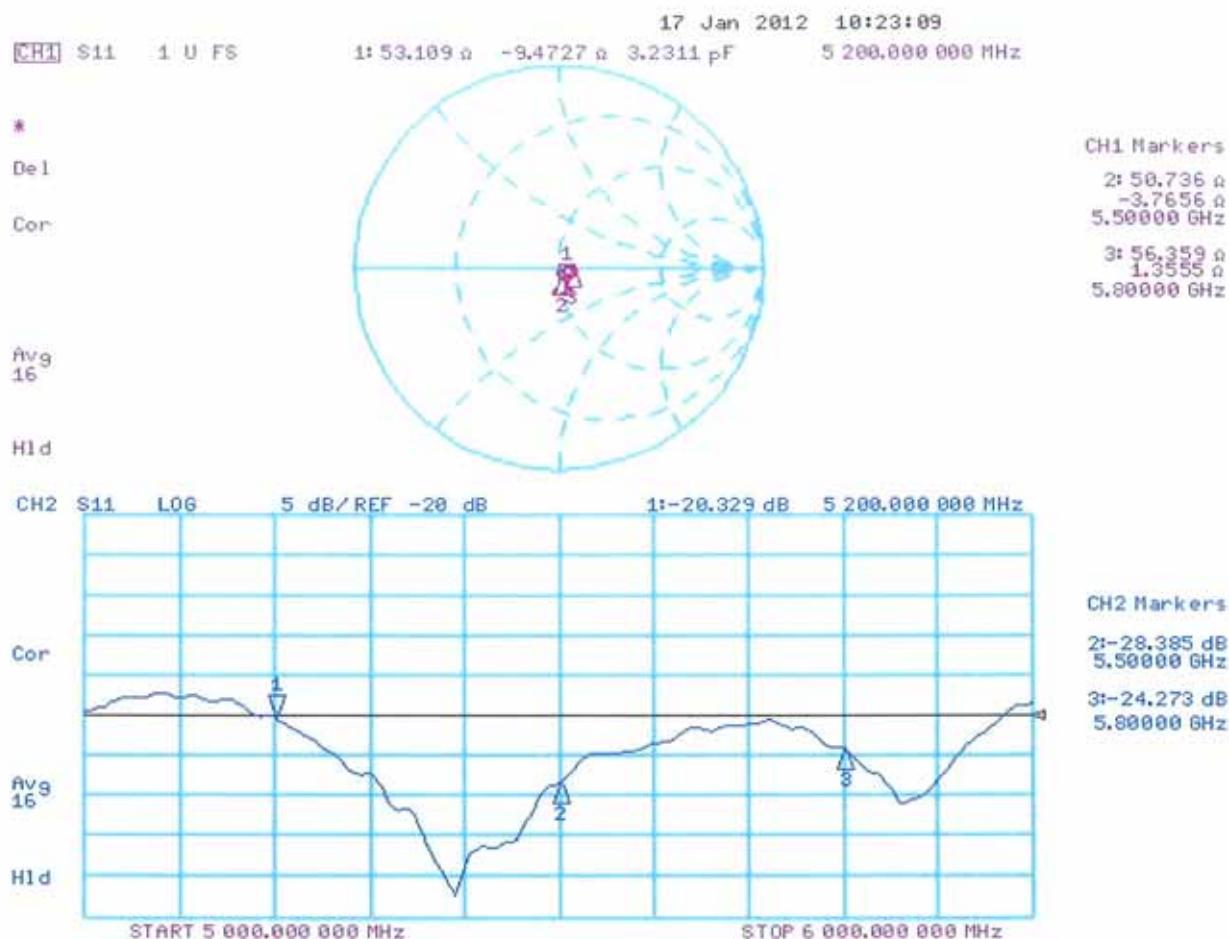
SAR(1 g) = 7.86 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.23 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.231 mW/g



0 dB = 19.230mW/g = 25.68 dB mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 18.01.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1018

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5500 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz
Medium parameters used: $f = 5200 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.46 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 49.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$, Medium parameters used: $f = 5500 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.86 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 48.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$, Medium parameters used: $f = 5800 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 6.28 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 48.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3503; ConvF(4.91, 4.91, 4.91), ConvF(4.43, 4.43, 4.43), ConvF(4.38, 4.38, 4.38); Calibrated: 30.12.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.0(692); SEMCAD X 14.6.4(4989)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=1.4\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 57.349 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.4300

SAR(1 g) = 7.26 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.04 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.187 mW/g

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=1.4\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 57.629 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.3620

SAR(1 g) = 7.82 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.18 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.092 mW/g

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=1.4\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 54.181 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.3080

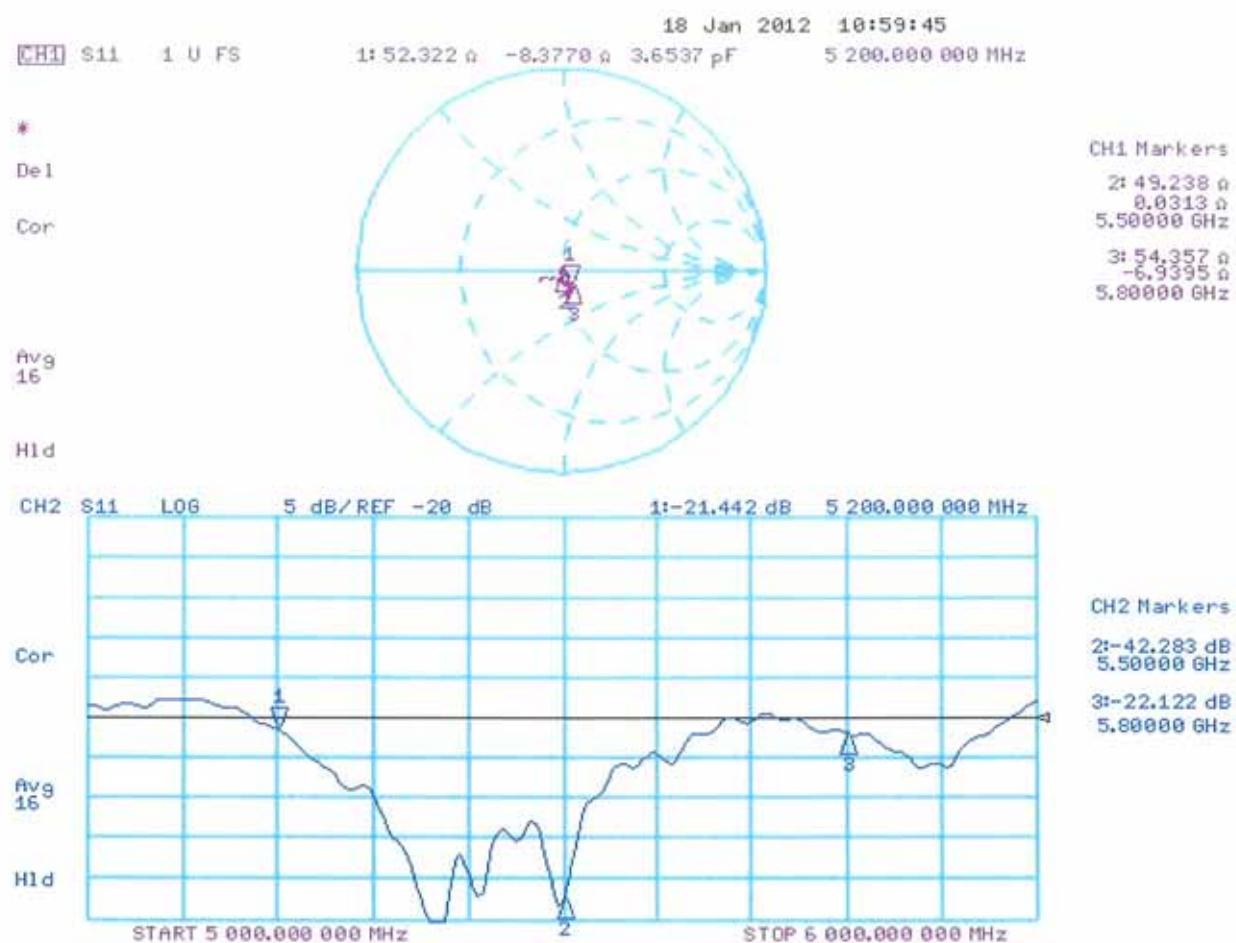
SAR(1 g) = 7.33 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.03 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.527 mW/g



0 dB = 18.530mW/g = 25.36 dB mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client **B.V.ADT (Auden)**

Certificate No: EX3-3590_Feb12

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **EX3DV4 - SN:3590**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v8, QA CAL-14.v3, QA CAL-23.v4, QA CAL-25.v4**
 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: **February 23, 2012**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-12
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-12
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01369)	Apr-12
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367)	Apr-12
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01370)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	29-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3013_Dec11)	Dec-12
DAE4	SN: 654	3-May-11 (No. DAE4-654_May11)	May-12
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-11)	In house check: Apr-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-12

Calibrated by:	Name	Function	Signature
	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: February 23, 2012

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization θ	θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\theta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *NORMx,y,z*: Assessed for E-field polarization $\theta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- *NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- *DCPx,y,z*: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- *PAR*: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- *Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z, VRx,y,z*: A, B, C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- *ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters*: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to *NORMx,y,z * ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- *Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)*: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- *Sensor Offset*: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3590

Manufactured: March 23, 2009
Calibrated: February 23, 2012

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3590

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V/m})^2$) ^A	0.48	0.48	0.50	$\pm 10.1 \%$
DCP (mV) ^B	96.3	97.6	94.0	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dB	C dB	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
10000	CW	0.00	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	106.2	$\pm 2.5 \%$
			Y	0.00	0.00	1.00	117.4	
			Z	0.00	0.00	1.00	109.0	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3590

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^f	Conductivity (S/m) ^f	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	10.62	10.62	10.62	0.43	0.80	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	10.14	10.14	10.14	0.18	1.26	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	10.11	10.11	10.11	0.44	0.75	± 12.0 %
1450	40.5	1.20	9.39	9.39	9.39	0.24	1.23	± 12.0 %
1640	40.3	1.29	9.18	9.18	9.18	0.80	0.56	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.95	8.95	8.95	0.45	0.74	± 12.0 %
1810	40.0	1.40	8.79	8.79	8.79	0.66	0.61	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	8.83	8.83	8.83	0.40	0.80	± 12.0 %
2000	40.0	1.40	8.65	8.65	8.65	0.49	0.70	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	8.27	8.27	8.27	0.39	0.74	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.88	7.88	7.88	0.35	0.83	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.72	7.72	7.72	0.25	1.07	± 12.0 %
3500	37.9	2.91	7.77	7.77	7.77	0.33	1.11	± 13.1 %
5200	36.0	4.66	5.64	5.64	5.64	0.30	1.80	± 13.1 %
5300	35.9	4.76	5.32	5.32	5.32	0.30	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	5.13	5.13	5.13	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.89	4.89	4.89	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.79	4.79	4.79	0.42	1.80	± 13.1 %

^c Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^f At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3590

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

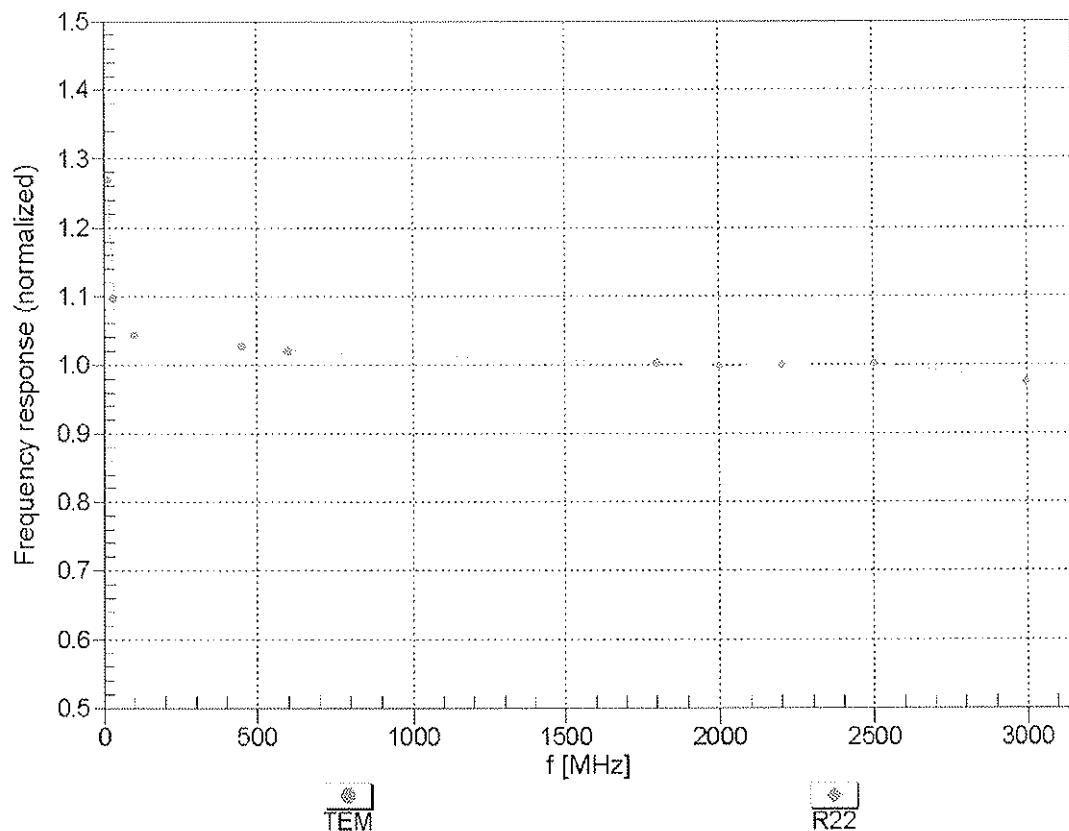
f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^f	Conductivity (S/m) ^f	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	10.61	10.61	10.61	0.30	0.99	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	10.47	10.47	10.47	0.48	0.74	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	10.40	10.40	10.40	0.63	0.66	± 12.0 %
1450	54.0	1.30	9.45	9.45	9.45	0.17	1.66	± 12.0 %
1640	53.8	1.40	9.47	9.47	9.47	0.36	0.94	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	8.64	8.64	8.64	0.28	0.99	± 12.0 %
1810	53.3	1.52	8.27	8.27	8.27	0.31	0.94	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	8.07	8.07	8.07	0.33	0.94	± 12.0 %
2000	53.3	1.52	8.19	8.19	8.19	0.41	0.82	± 12.0 %
2300	52.9	1.81	8.00	8.00	8.00	0.70	0.64	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	7.80	7.80	7.80	0.80	0.55	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	7.57	7.57	7.57	0.65	0.50	± 12.0 %
3500	51.3	3.31	7.18	7.18	7.18	0.49	0.87	± 13.1 %
5200	49.0	5.30	4.89	4.89	4.89	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5300	48.9	5.42	4.81	4.81	4.81	0.48	1.90	± 13.1 %
5500	48.6	5.65	4.35	4.35	4.35	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	3.92	3.92	3.92	0.65	1.90	± 13.1 %
5800	48.2	6.00	4.54	4.54	4.54	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %

^c Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^f At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Frequency Response of E-Field

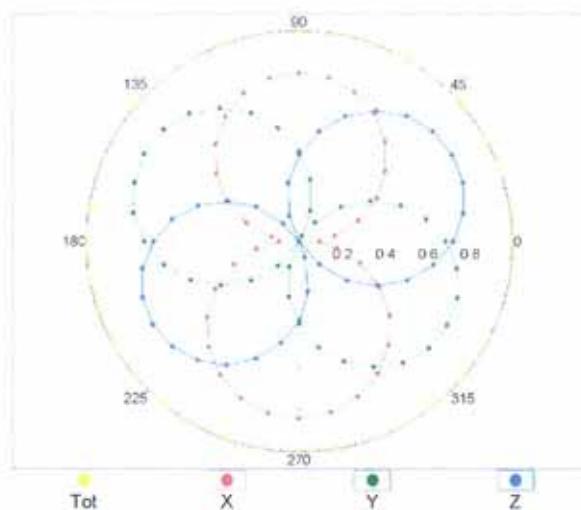
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



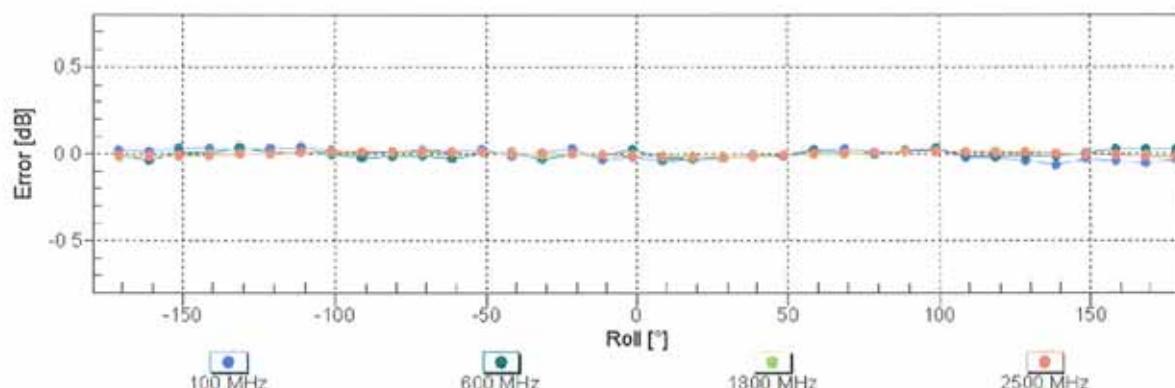
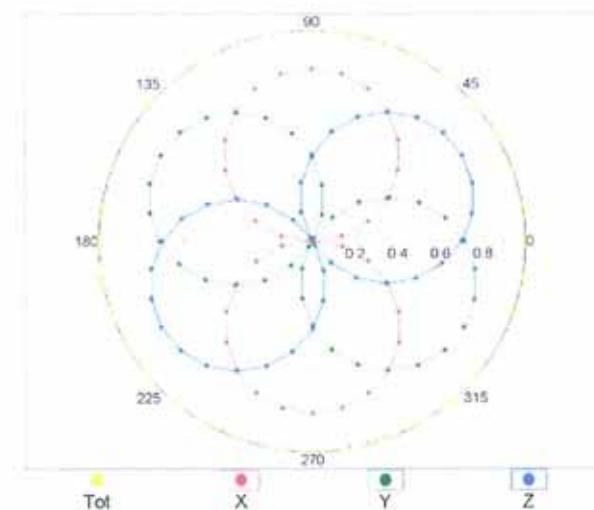
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ ($k=2$)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\theta = 0^\circ$

f=600 MHz, TEM

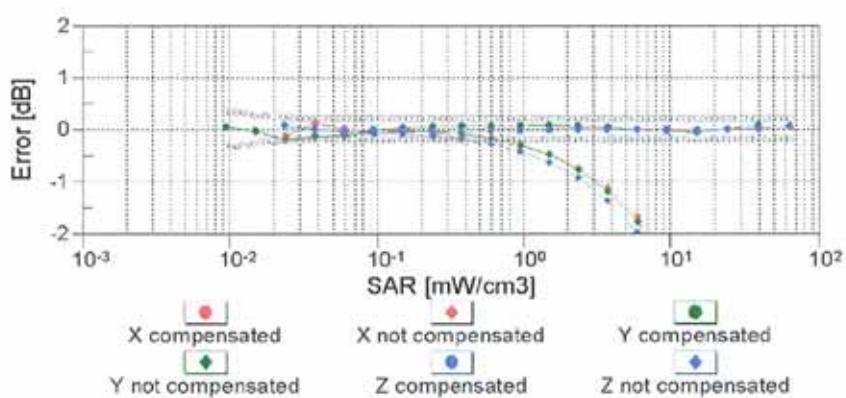
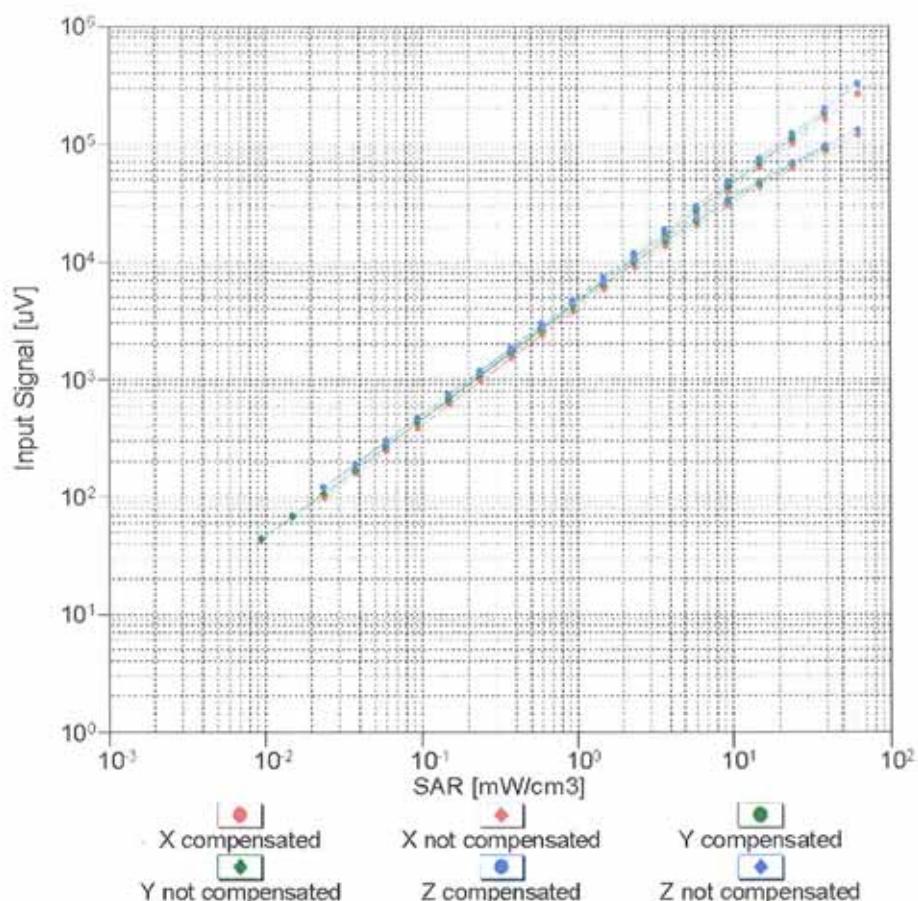


f=1800 MHz, R22

Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ ($k=2$)

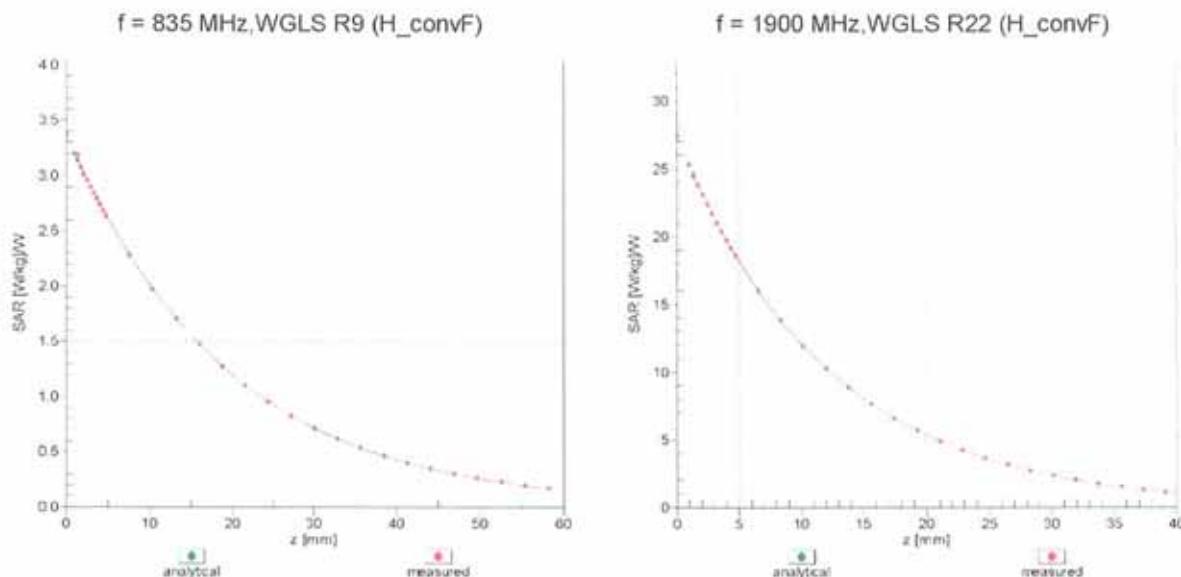
Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})

(TEM cell , f = 900 MHz)

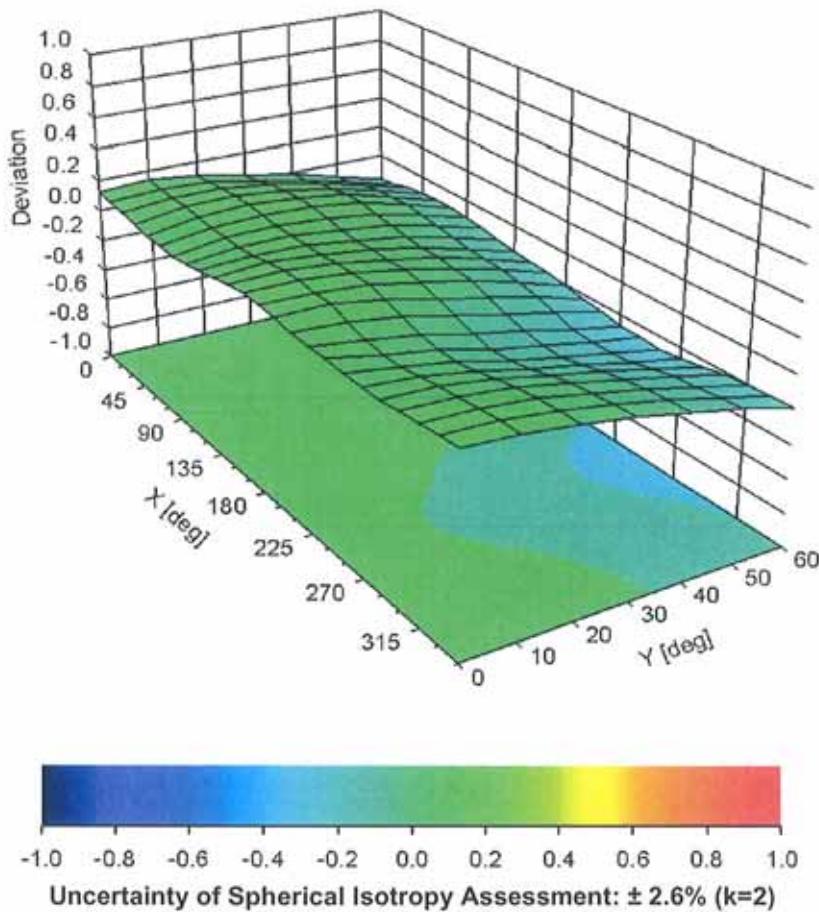


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.6\%$ ($k=2$)

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (ϕ, θ), $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$



DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3590

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	Not applicable
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	2 mm

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client B.V. ADT (Auden)

Certificate No: EX3-3650_Oct11

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EX3DV4 - SN:3650

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v8, QA CAL-14.v3, QA CAL-23.v4, QA CAL-25.v4
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: October 26, 2011

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-12
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-12
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01369)	Apr-12
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367)	Apr-12
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01370)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	29-Dec-10 (No. ES3-3013_Dec10)	Dec-11
DAE4	SN: 654	3-May-11 (No. DAE4-654_May11)	May-12
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-11)	In house check: Apr-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-12

Calibrated by:	Name	Function	Signature
	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: October 27, 2011

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM x,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization θ	θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\theta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- $NORMx,y,z$: Assessed for E-field polarization $\theta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). $NORMx,y,z$ are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of $NORMx,y,z$ does not affect the E^2 -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below $ConvF$).
- $NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response$ (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of $ConvF$.
- $DCPx,y,z$: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR : PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- $Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; VRx,y,z$: A, B, C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- *ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters*: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to $NORMx,y,z * ConvF$ whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for $ConvF$. A frequency dependent $ConvF$ is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- *Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)*: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- *Sensor Offset*: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3650

Manufactured: March 18, 2008
Calibrated: October 26, 2011

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3650

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$) ^A	0.36	0.37	0.46	$\pm 10.1 \%$
DCP (mV) ^B	98.5	94.0	98.2	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dB	C dB	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
10000	CW	0.00	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	94.9	$\pm 2.5 \%$
			Y	0.00	0.00	1.00	90.7	
			Z	0.00	0.00	1.00	114.0	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3650

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^f	Conductivity (S/m) ^f	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	9.20	9.20	9.20	0.79	0.69	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	8.87	8.87	8.87	0.79	0.69	± 12.0 %
1450	40.5	1.20	8.32	8.32	8.32	0.79	0.65	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	7.92	7.92	7.92	0.70	0.63	± 12.0 %
1950	40.0	1.40	7.40	7.40	7.40	0.79	0.54	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	6.80	6.80	6.80	0.59	0.62	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	6.68	6.68	6.68	0.50	0.74	± 12.0 %
5200	36.0	4.66	5.05	5.05	5.05	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5300	35.9	4.76	4.71	4.71	4.71	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	4.56	4.56	4.56	0.45	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.42	4.42	4.42	0.45	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.30	4.30	4.30	0.50	1.80	± 13.1 %

^c Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^f At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3650

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

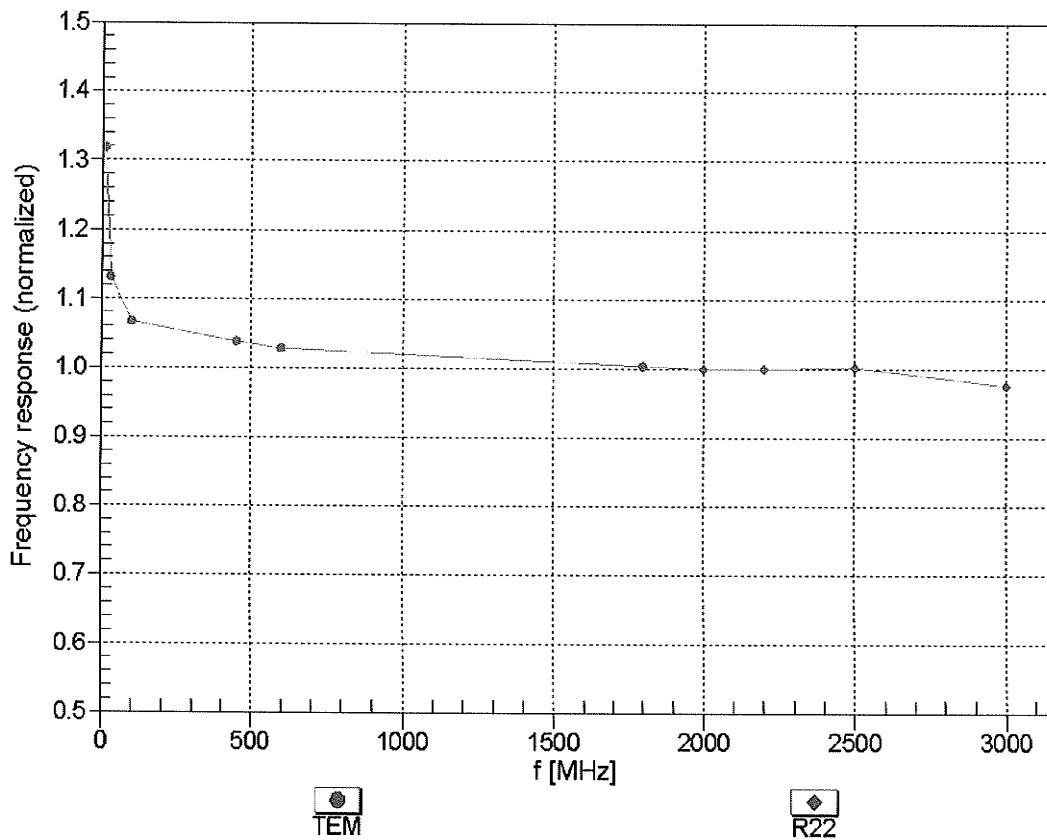
f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^f	Conductivity (S/m) ^f	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	9.21	9.21	9.21	0.78	0.69	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	9.12	9.12	9.12	0.79	0.67	± 12.0 %
1450	54.0	1.30	8.09	8.09	8.09	0.79	0.63	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	7.49	7.49	7.49	0.79	0.64	± 12.0 %
1950	53.3	1.52	7.46	7.46	7.46	0.79	0.65	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	6.89	6.89	6.89	0.79	0.60	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	6.79	6.79	6.79	0.72	0.58	± 12.0 %
5200	49.0	5.30	4.28	4.28	4.28	0.50	1.95	± 13.1 %
5300	48.9	5.42	4.11	4.11	4.11	0.50	1.95	± 13.1 %
5500	48.6	5.65	3.73	3.73	3.73	0.60	1.95	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	3.57	3.57	3.57	0.60	1.95	± 13.1 %
5800	48.2	6.00	3.81	3.81	3.81	0.60	1.95	± 13.1 %

^c Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^f At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Frequency Response of E-Field

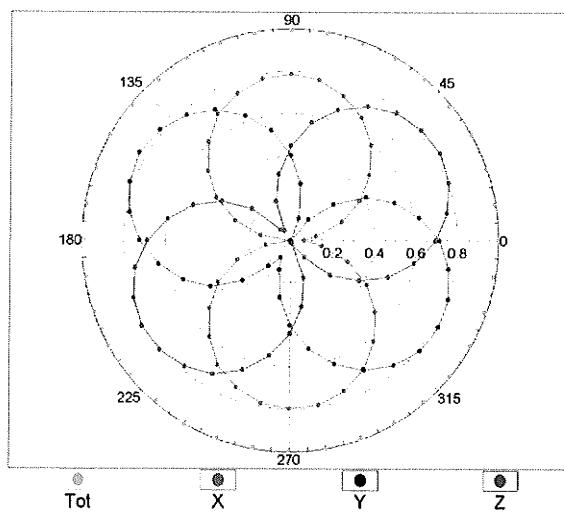
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



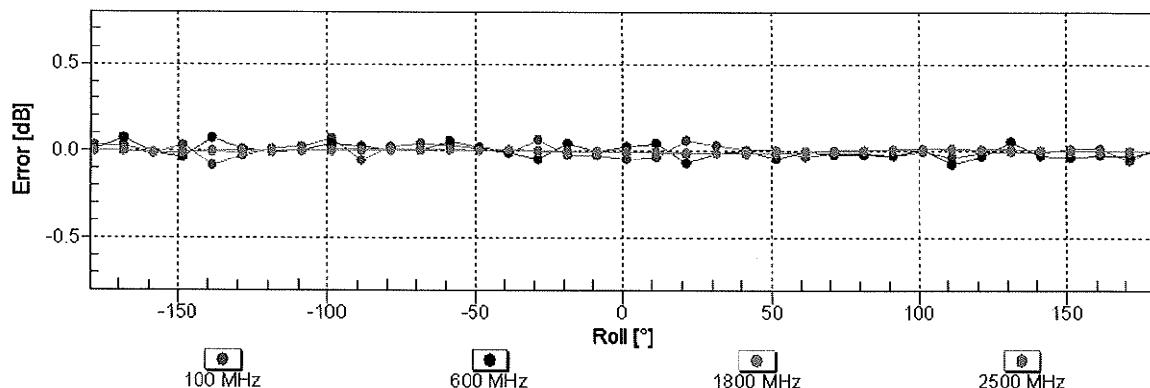
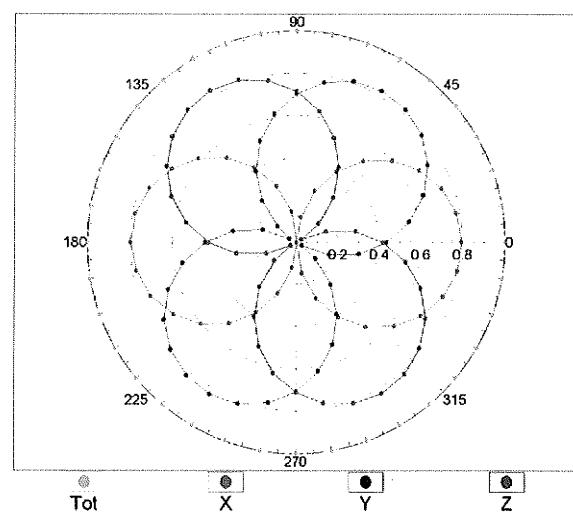
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ ($k=2$)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\theta = 0^\circ$

f=600 MHz, TEM



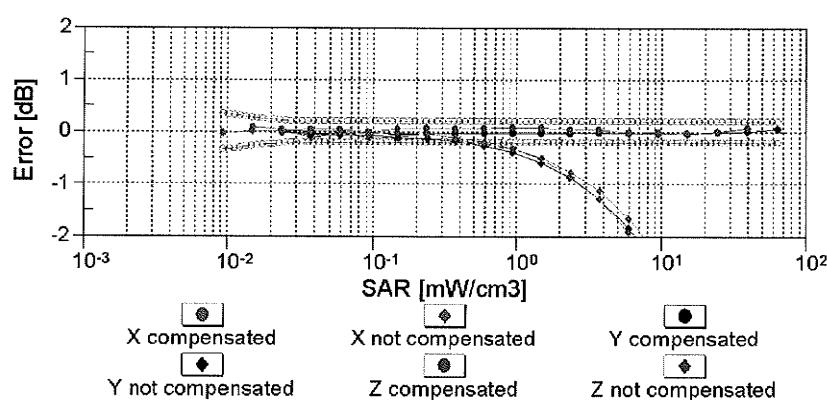
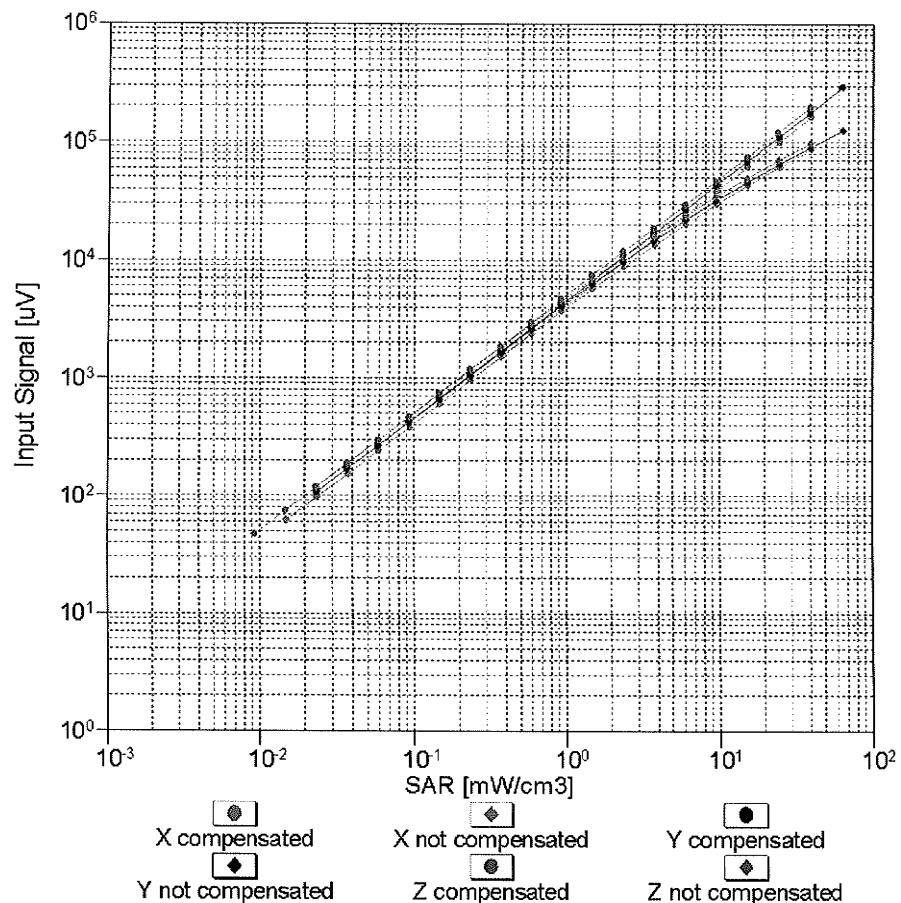
f=1800 MHz, R22



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ (k=2)

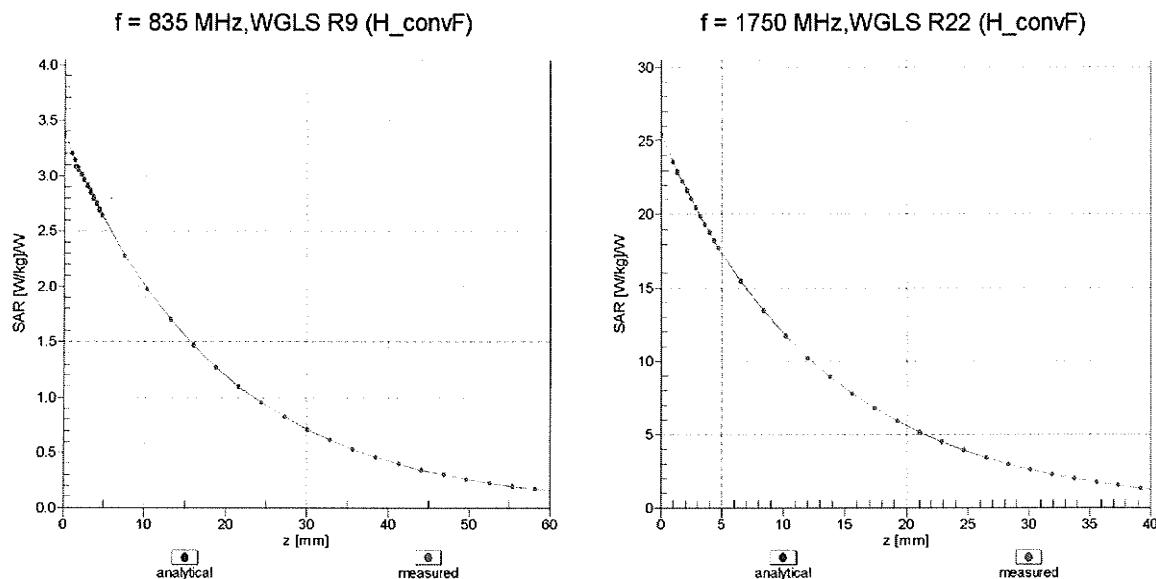
Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})

(TEM cell , f = 900 MHz)

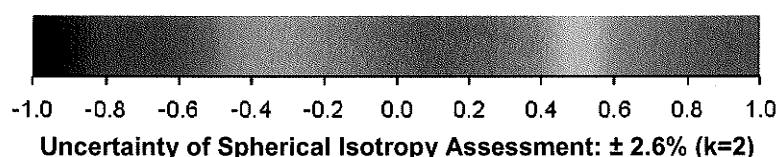
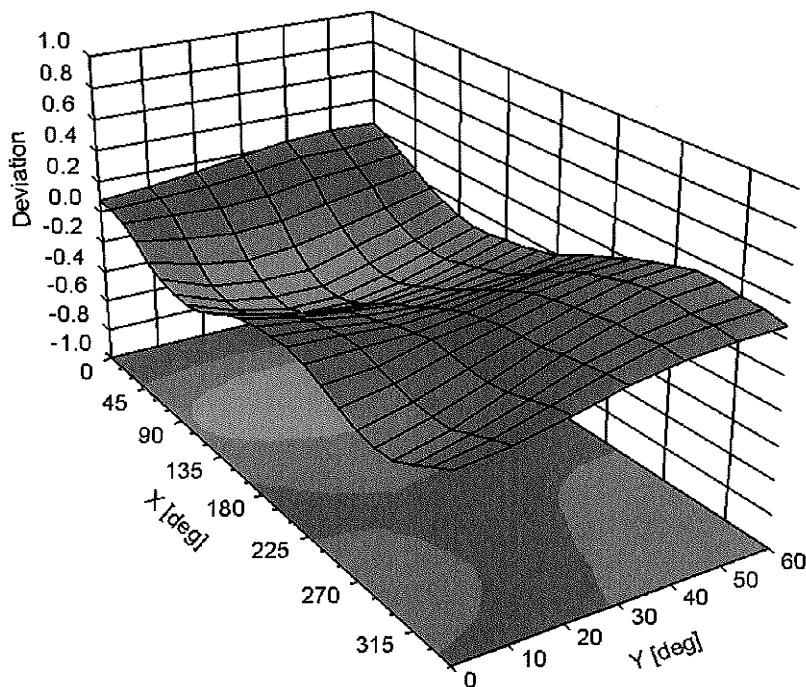


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (ϕ, θ), $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$



DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3650

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	Not applicable
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	2 mm



Appendix D. Photographs of EUT and Setup