



FCC ID: V2X-PM450
Report No.: DRTFCC1412-1603
Total 70 pages

RF TEST REPORT

Test item : Mobile Computer
Model No. : PM450
Order No. : DTNC1409-03750
Date of receipt : 2014-09-01
Test duration : 2014-10-01 ~ 2014-10-14
Date of issue : 2014-12-10
Use of report : FCC Original Grant

Applicant : POINT MOBILE CO.,LTD
GASAN-DONG B-9F KABUL GREAT VALLEY 32 DIGITAL-RO9-GIL
GEUMCHEON-GU SEOUL 153-709 KOREA

Test laboratory : DT&C Co., Ltd.
42, Yurim-ro, 154beon-gil, Cheoin-gu, Yongin-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea 449-935

Test specification : FCC Part 15.407 Subpart E
Test environment : See appended test report
Test result : Pass Fail

The test results presented in this test report are limited only to the sample supplied by applicant and the use of this test report is inhibited other than its purpose. This test report shall not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of DT&C Co., Ltd.

Tested by:

A handwritten signature in blue ink.

Engineer
HoonPyo Lee

Reviewed by:

A handwritten signature in blue ink.

Technical Manager
Geunki Son

Test Report Version

Test Report No.	Date	Description
DRTFCC1412-1603	Dec. 10, 2014	Initial issue

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1. EUT DESCRIPTION

FCC Equipment Class	Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (UNII)
Product	Mobile Computer
Model Name	PM450
Add Model Name	N/A
Power Supply	DC 3.7 V
Frequency Range	Band I(5150 ~ 5250MHz) ▪ 802.11a/n(HT20): 5180 ~ 5240 MHz Band II(5250 ~ 5350MHz) ▪ 802.11a/n(HT20): 5260 ~ 5320 MHz Band III(5470 ~ 5725MHz) ▪ 802.11a/n(HT20): 5500 ~ 5700 MHz Band IV(5725 ~ 5850MHz) ▪ 802.11a/n(HT20): 5745 ~ 5825 MHz
Modulation type	64-QAM, 16QAM, QPSK BPSK for OFDM
Antenna Specification	Antenna type: Internal Antenna Antenna gain ▪ Band I: 3.290 dBi ▪ Band II: 2.515 dBi ▪ Band III: 3.667 dBi ▪ Band IV: 1.232 dBi

2. Information about test items

2.1 Test mode / Channel Information

5GHz Band	Mode	Data Rate
Band I	802.11a	6Mbps
	802.11n(HT20)	MCS 0
	-	-
Band II	802.11a	6Mbps
	802.11n(HT20)	MCS 0
	-	-
Band III	802.11a	6Mbps
	802.11n(HT20)	MCS 0
	-	-
Band IV	802.11a	6Mbps
	802.11n(HT20)	MCS 0
	-	-

The worst case data rate for each modulation is determined as above table. And all tests conducted in this report were made at the worst case data rate of each modulation.

2.2 Tested Channel Information

5GHz Band	802.11a/n(HT20)		802.11n(HT40)	
	Channel	Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Frequency [MHz]
Band I	36	5180	-	-
	40	5200	-	-
	48	5240	-	-
Band II	52	5260	-	-
	60	5300	-	-
	64	5320	-	-
Band III	100	5500	-	-
	116	5580	-	-
	140	5700	-	-
Band IV	149	5745	-	-
	157	5785	-	-
	165	5825	-	-

2.3 Auxiliary equipment

Equipment	Model No.	Serial No.	Manufacturer	Note
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-

2.4 Tested environment

Temperature	: 20 °C ~ 24 °C
Relative humidity content	: 40 % ~ 45 % R.H.
Details of power supply	: DC 3.7 V

2.5 EMI Suppression Device(s)/Modifications

EMI suppression device(s) added and/or modifications made during testing
→ None

3. SUMMARY OF TESTS

FCC Part Section(s)	RSS Section(s)	Parameter	Limit	Test Condition	Status Note 1
I. Transmitter Mode (TX)					
15.407(a)	N/A	Emission Bandwidth (26 dB Bandwidth)	N/A	Conducted	C
15.407(e)	RSS-210 [A8.2]	Minimum Emission Bandwidth (6 dB Bandwidth)	> 500 kHz (5725-5850)		C
15.407(a)	RSS-210 [A9.2]	Maximum Conducted Output Power	5150 ~ 5250MHz For FCC: < 30 dBm or < 23.97 dBm 5150 ~ 5250MHz For IC: 200mW or <10 + 10log ₁₀ (B) dBm, whichever power is less. 5250 ~ 5350MHz & 5470 ~ 5725MHz For FCC & IC: 250mW or <11 + 10log ₁₀ (B) dBm, whichever power is less. 5725 ~ 5850MHz For FCC: < 30 dBm		C Note 3
15.407(a)	RSS-210 [A9.2]	Peak Power Spectral Density	5150 ~ 5250MHz For FCC: 11dBm/MHz or 17dBm/MHz 5150 ~ 5250MHz For IC: 10dBm/MHz 5250 ~ 5350MHz & 5470 ~ 5725MHz For FCC & IC: 11dBm/MHz 5725 ~ 5850MHz For FCC: 30dBm/500kHz		C Note 4
15.407(g)	RSS Gen [6.11]	Frequency Stability	N/A		C
-	RSS Gen [6.6]	Occupied Bandwidth (99%)	N/A		NA
15.407(b)	RSS-210 [A9.2]	Undesirable Emissions	5150 ~ 5725MHz: < -27 dBm/MHz EIRP 5725 ~ 5850MHz: < -17 dBm/MHz EIRP or < -27 dBm/MHz EIRP	Radiated	C Note 5
15.205 15.209 15.407(b)	RSS-Gen [8.9&8.10]	General Field Strength Limits(Restricted Bands and Radiated Emission Limits)	Emissions in restricted bands must meet the radiated limits detailed in 15.209		C Note 6
15.407(h)	RSS-210 [A9.3]	Dynamic Frequency Selection	See DFS test report	-	C Note 7
15.207	RSS-Gen [8.8]	AC Conducted Emissions	FCC 15.207	AC Line Conducted	C
15.203	RSS-Gen [6.7]	Antenna Requirements	FCC 15.203	-	C

Note 1: C=Comply NC=Not Comply NT=Not Tested NA=Not Applicable

Note 2: The test items were performed according to the KDB789033 D02 V01 and ANSI C63.10-2009.

Note 3: (i) For access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz: < 30 dBm

(ii) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band: < 23.97 dBm

Note 4: (i) For access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz: < 17 dBm/MHz

(ii) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band: < 11 dBm/MHz

Note 5: For transmitters operating in the 5.725-5.85 GHz band: All emissions within the frequency range from the band edge to 10 MHz above or below the band edge shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -17 dBm/MHz; for frequencies 10 MHz or greater above or below the band edge, emissions shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz

Note 6: These test items were performed in each axis and the worst case data was reported.

Note 7: For DFS testing, please refer to DFS test report.

4. TEST METHODOLOGY

Generally the tests were performed according to the KDB789033 D02 v01. And ANSI C63.10-2009 was used to reference appropriate EUT setup and maximizing procedures of radiated spurious emission and AC line conducted emission testing

4.1 EUT configuration

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner that intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

4.2 EUT exercise

The EUT was operated in the test mode to fix the Tx frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements. According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the Section 15.207, 15.209 and 15.407 under the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart C.

4.3 General test procedures

Conducted Emissions

The power-line conducted emission test procedure is not described on the KDB789033 D02 v01. So this test was fulfilled with the requirements in Section 6.2 of ANSI C63.10-2009.

The EUT is placed on the non-conductive table, which is 0.8 m above ground plane and the conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15MHz and 30MHz using CISPR Quasi-peak and Average detector.

Radiated Emissions

Basically the radiated tests were performed with KDB789033 D02 v01. But some requirements and procedures like test site requirements, EUT setup and maximizing procedure were fulfilled with the requirements in Section 5 and 6 of the ANSI C63.10-2009 as stated on KDB789033 D02 v01.

The EUT is placed on a non-conductive table, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. The turntable shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 3 m away from the receiving antenna, which varied from 1 m to 4 m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the highest emission, the relative positions of the EUT were rotated through three orthogonal axis.

4.4 Description of test modes

A test program is used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting mode with maximum fixed duty cycle.

5. INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment, which was utilized in performing the tests documented herein, has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for utilizing calibration equipments, which is traceable to recognized national standards.

6. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS

6.1 Facilities

The open area test site(OATS) or semi anechoic chamber and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated and conducted test data are located at the 683-3, Yubang-Dong, Cheoin-Gu, Yongin-Si, Gyeonggi-Do, 449-080, Korea. The site is constructed in conformance with the requirements.

- **Semi anechoic chamber registration Number: 678747(FCC) & 5740A-2(IC)**

6.2 Equipment

Radiated emissions are measured with one or more of the following types of Linearly polarized antennas: tuned dipole, bi-conical, log periodic, bi-log, and/or ridged waveguide, horn. Spectrum analyzers with pre-selectors and peak, quasi-peak detectors are used to perform radiated measurements. Conducted emissions are measured with Line Impedance Stabilization Networks and EMI Test Receivers. Calibrated wideband preamplifiers, coaxial cables, and coaxial attenuators are also used for making measurements. All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

7. ANTENNA REQUIREMENTS

7.1 According to FCC 47 CFR §15.203& RSS-Gen [7.1.2]:

An intentional radiator antenna shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party can be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

The internal antenna is attached on the main PCB using the special spring tension.

(Please refer to the internal photo.)

Therefore this E.U.T Complies with the requirement of §15.203

8. TEST RESULT

8.1 Emission Bandwidth (26 dB Bandwidth)

Test Requirements

The bandwidth at 26 dB down from the highest in-band spectral density is measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal while the EUT is operating in transmission mode at the appropriate frequencies. The 26dB bandwidth is used to determine the conducted output power limit.

TEST CONFIGURATION

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer and used following test procedure of **KDB789033 D02 V01**.

1. Set resolution bandwidth (RBW) = approximately **1 %** of the EBW.
2. Set the video bandwidth (**VBW**) > **RBW**.
3. Detector = **Peak**.
4. Trace mode = **max hold**.

Measure the maximum width of the emission that is 26 dB down from the peak of the emission. Compare this with the RBW setting of the analyzer. Readjust RBW and repeat measurement as needed until the RBW/EBW ratio is approximately 1%.

TEST RESULTS: Comply

Mode	Band	Channel	Frequency [MHz]	Test Result [MHz]
802.11a	Band I	36	5180	21.35
		40	5200	20.86
		48	5240	21.23
	Band II	52	5260	21.80
		60	5300	21.04
		64	5320	21.89
	Band III	100	5500	20.86
		116	5580	21.53
		140	5700	20.64
802.11n (HT20)	Band I	36	5180	22.61
		40	5200	21.71
		48	5240	21.87
	Band II	52	5260	22.46
		60	5300	21.66
		64	5320	22.37
	Band III	100	5500	22.03
		116	5580	22.16
		140	5700	21.26

Result Plots

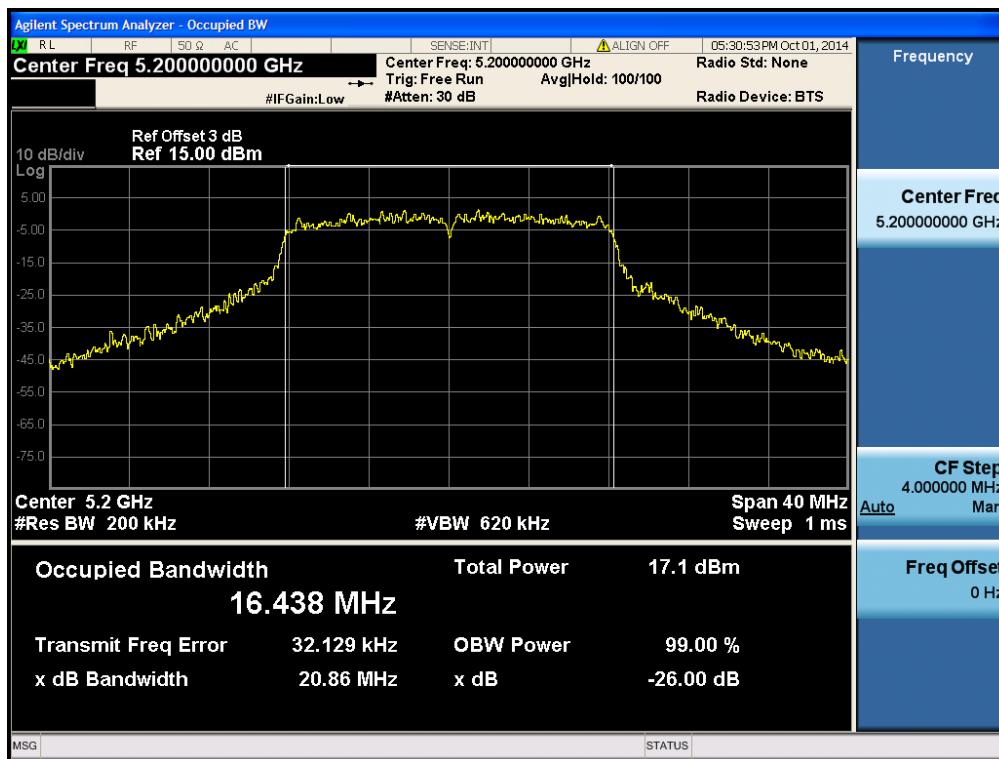
26 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: 802.11a & Ch.36



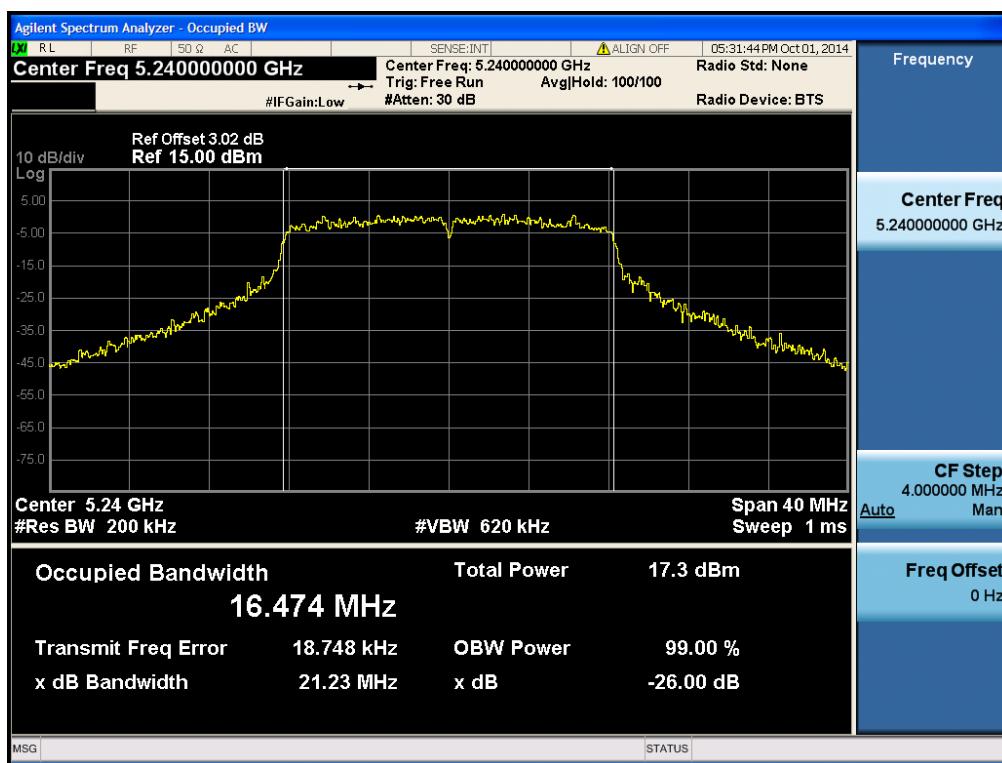
26 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: 802.11a & Ch.40



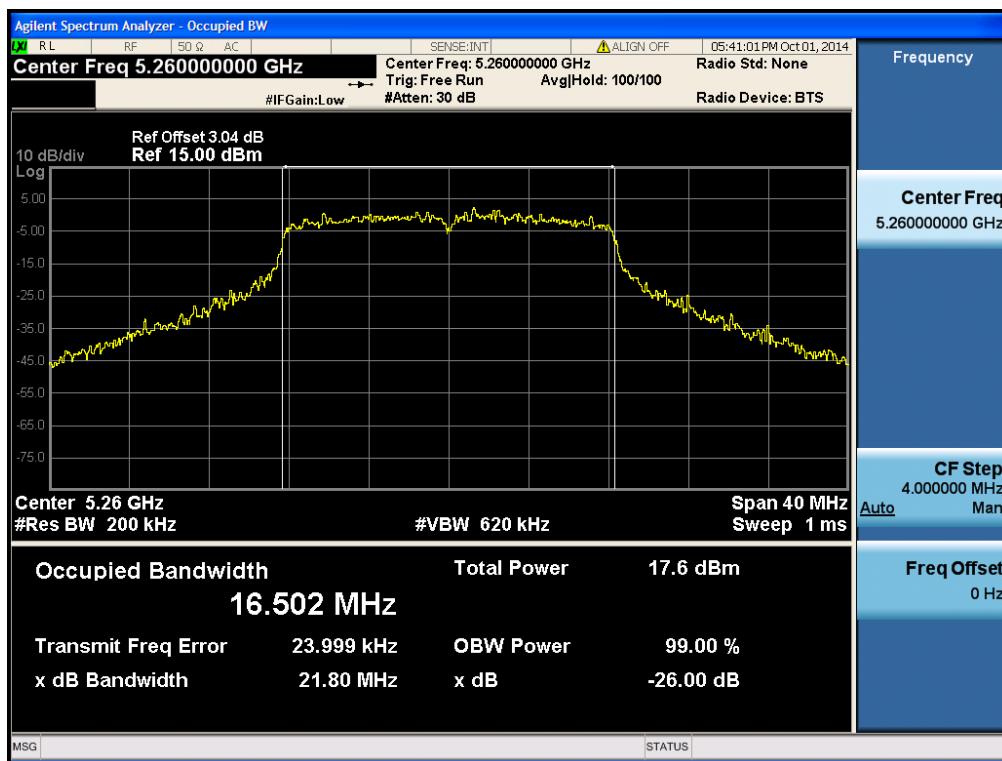
26 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: 802.11a & Ch.48

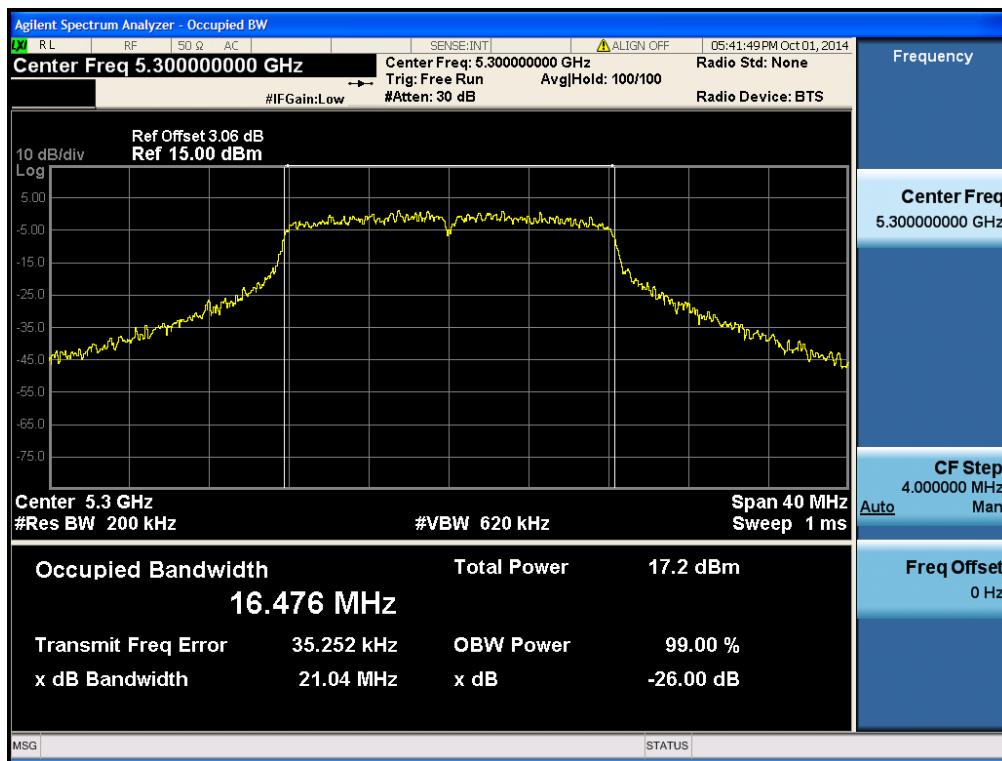


26 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: 802.11a & Ch.52

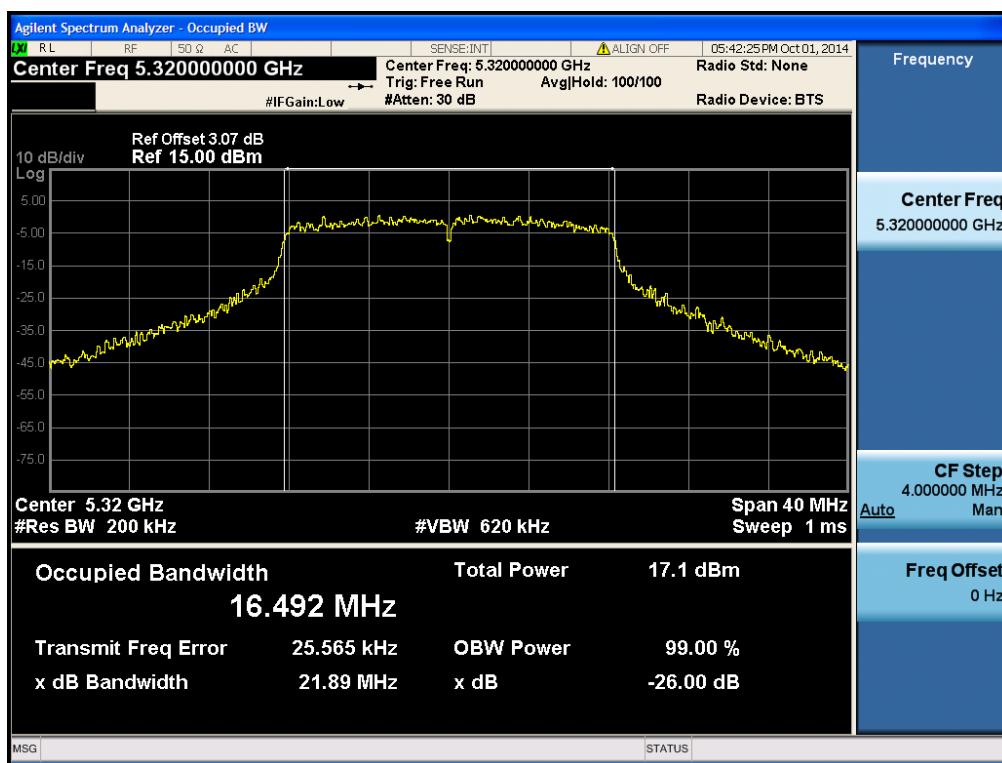
**26 dB Bandwidth**

Test Mode: 802.11a & Ch.60



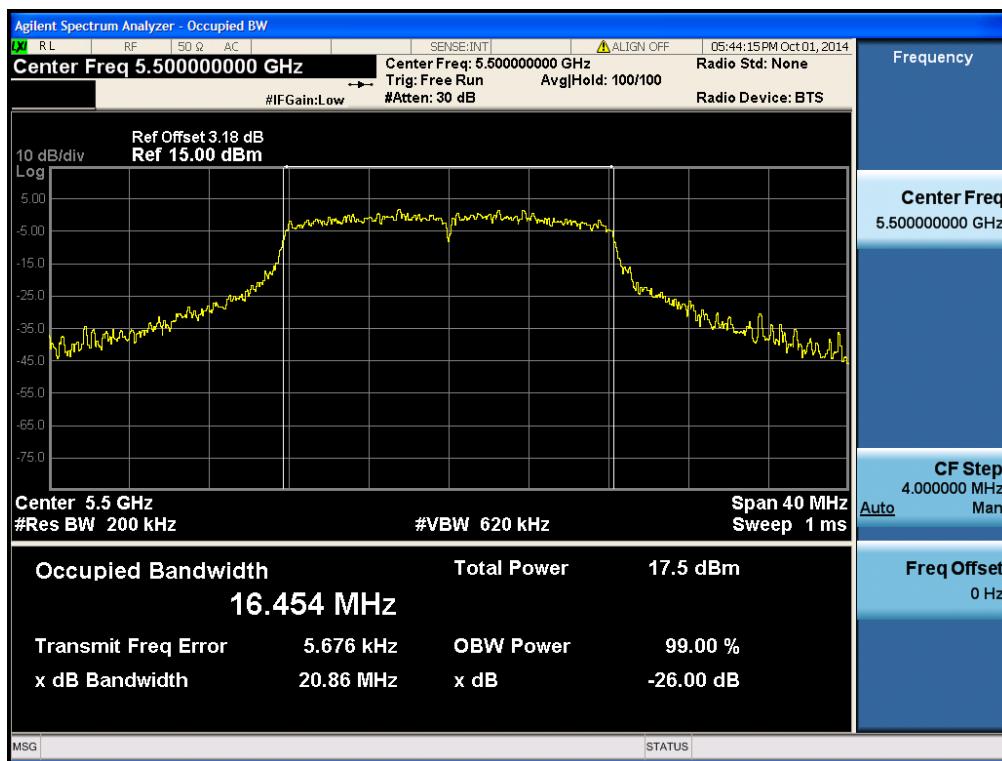
26 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: 802.11a & Ch.64

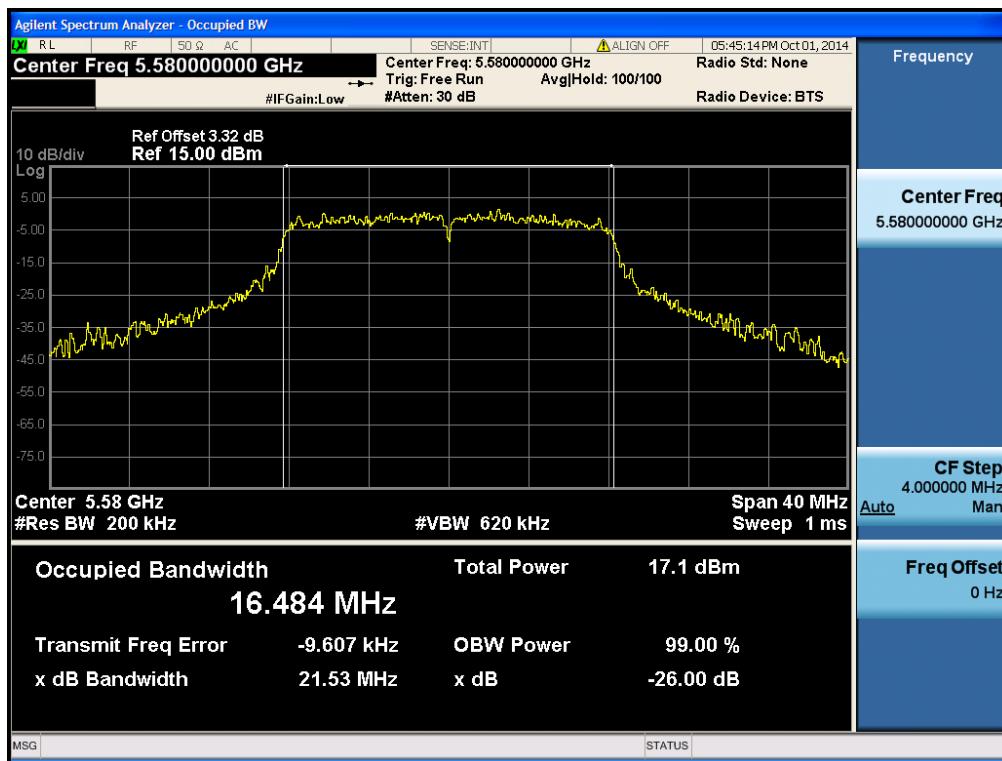


26 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: 802.11a & Ch.100

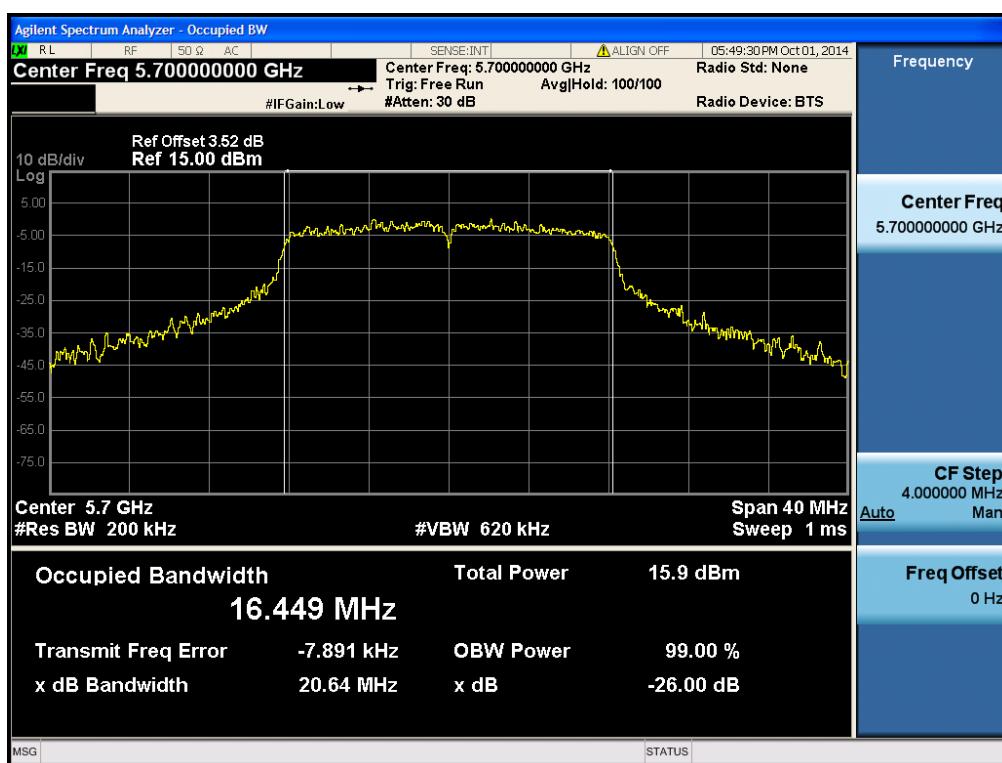
**26 dB Bandwidth**

Test Mode: 802.11a & Ch.116



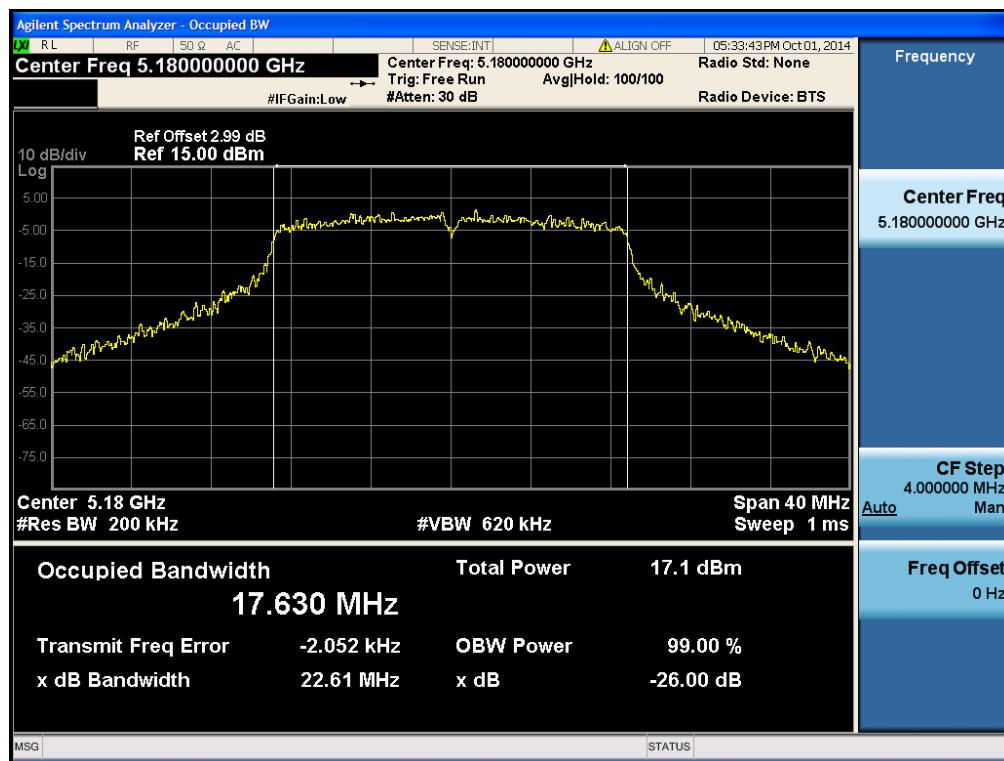
26 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: 802.11a & Ch.140

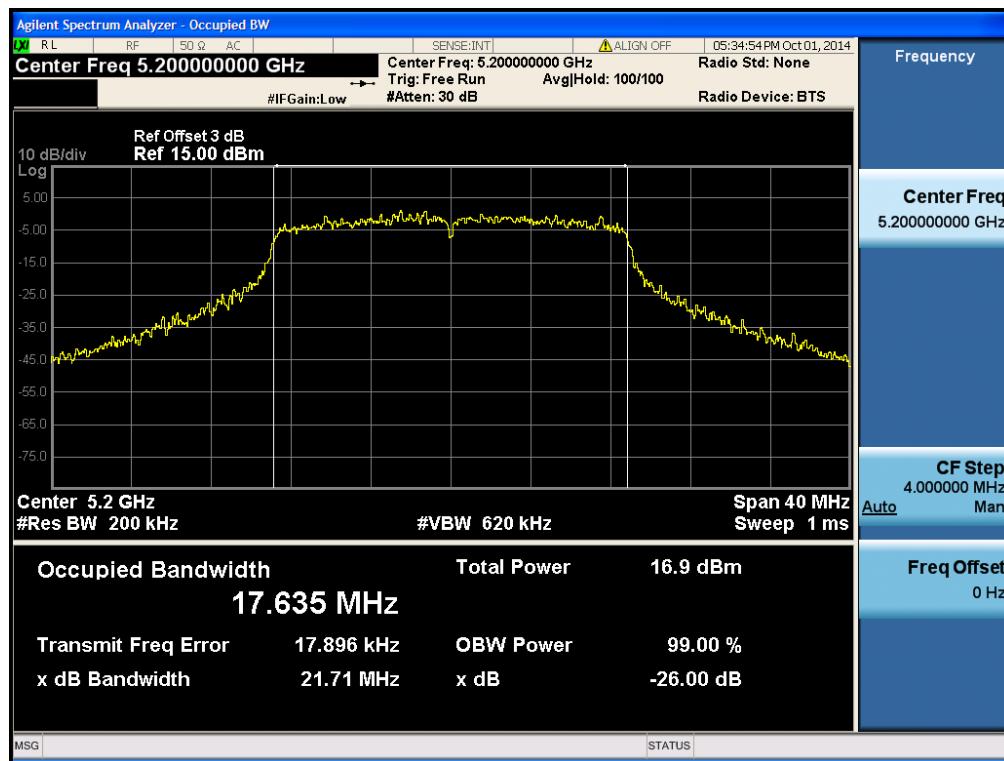


26 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: 802.11n HT20 & Ch.36

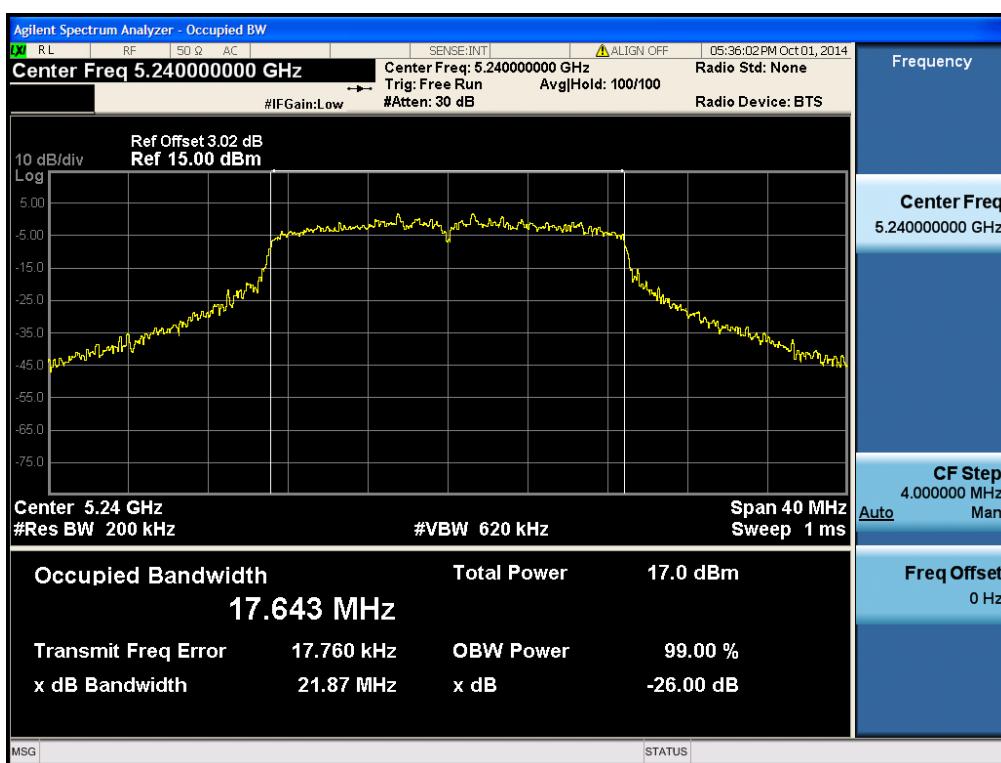
**26 dB Bandwidth**

Test Mode: 802.11n HT20 & Ch.40



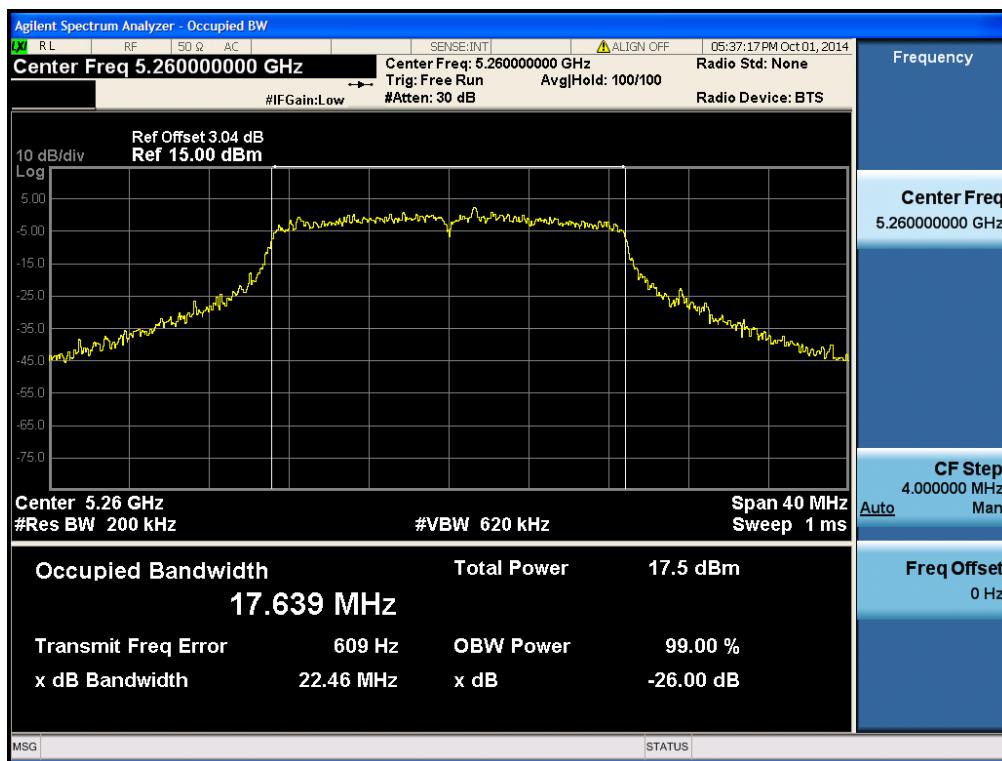
26 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: 802.11n HT20 & Ch.48

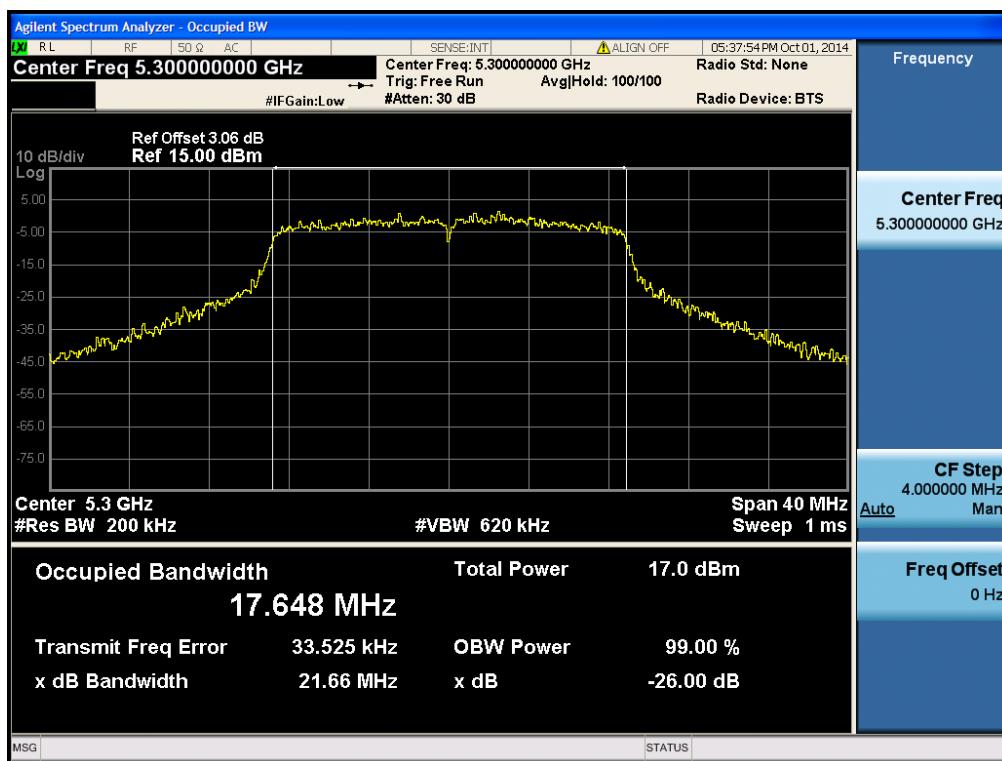


26 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: 802.11n HT20 & Ch.52

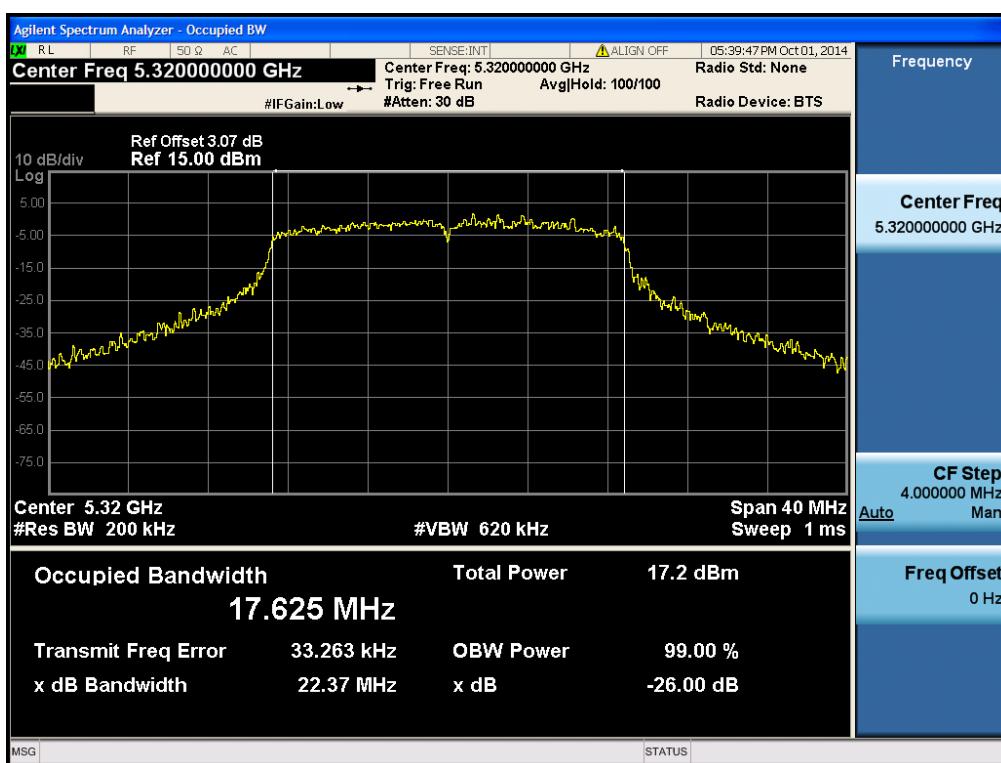
**26 dB Bandwidth**

Test Mode: 802.11n HT20 & Ch.60



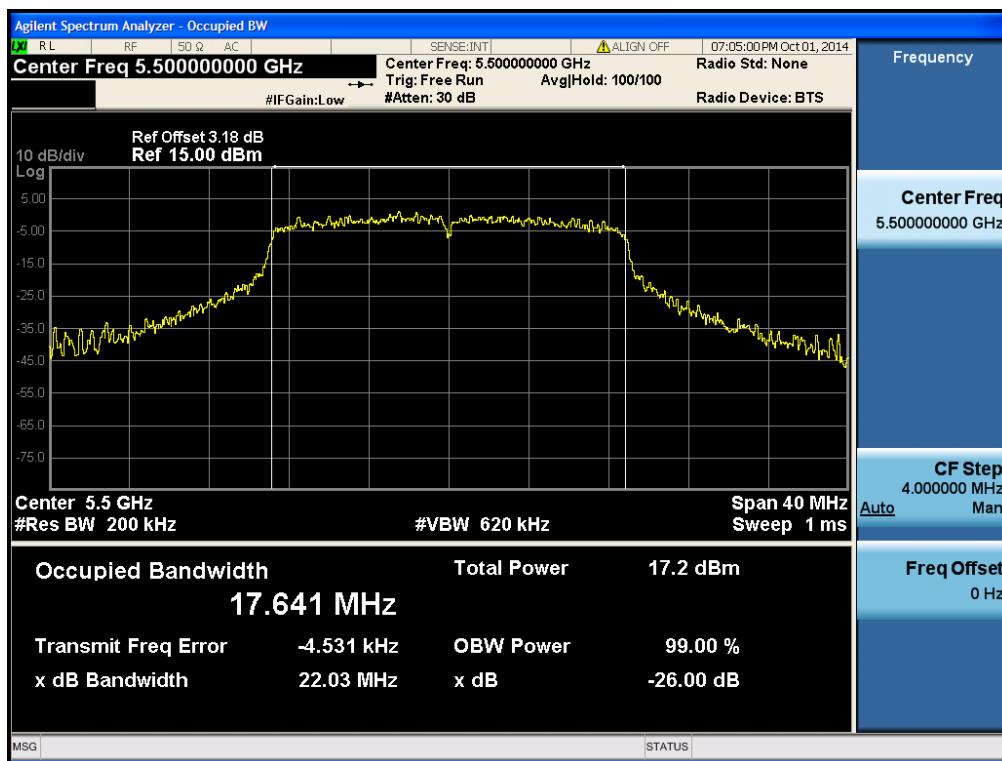
26 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: 802.11n HT20 & Ch.64

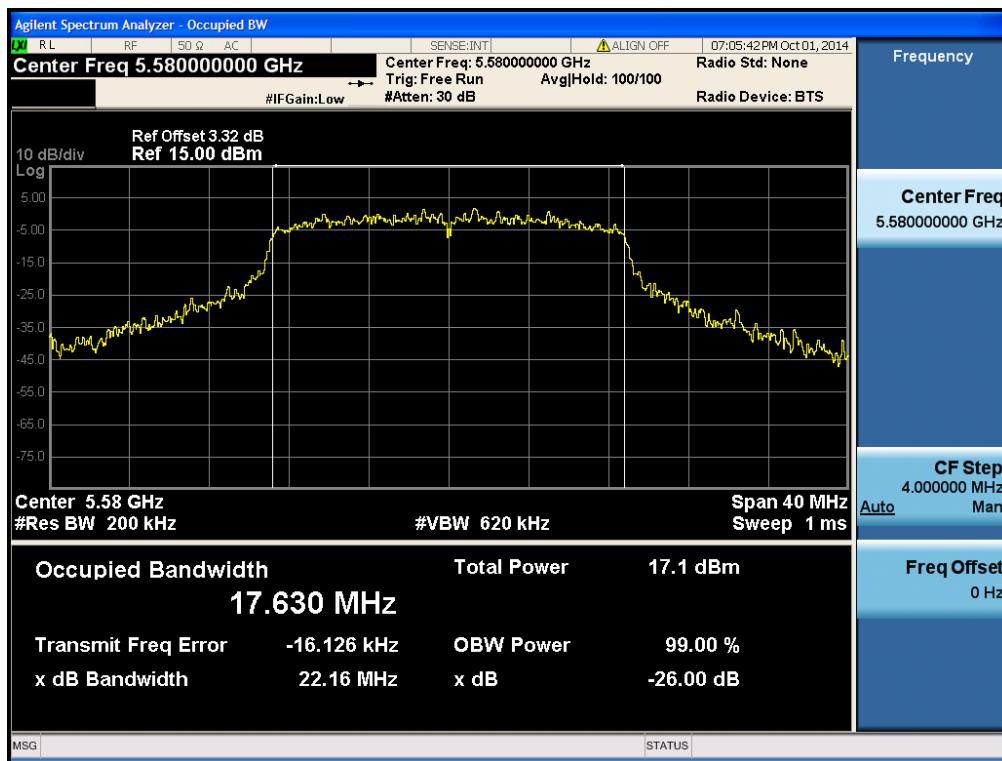


26 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: 802.11n HT20 & Ch.100

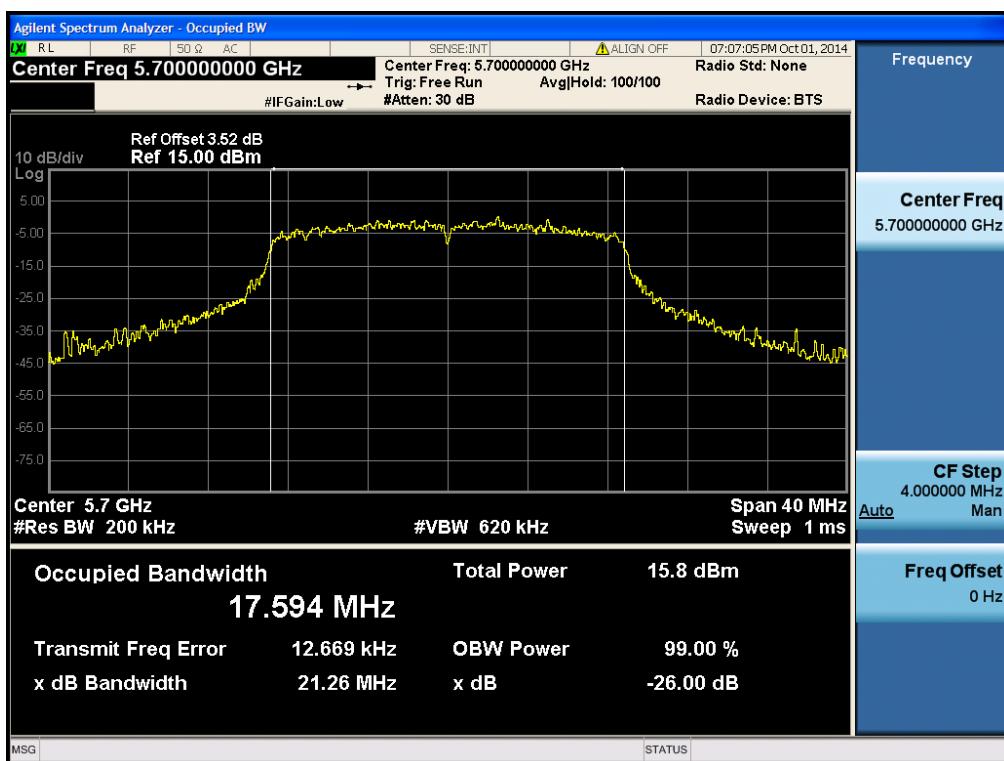
**26 dB Bandwidth**

Test Mode: 802.11n HT20 & Ch.116



26 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: 802.11n HT20 & Ch.140



8.2 Minimum Emission Bandwidth (6 dB Bandwidth)

Test Requirements

Within the 5.725-5.85 GHz band, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth of U-NII devices shall be at least 500 kHz.

TEST CONFIGURATION

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer and used following test procedure of **KDB789033 D02 V01**.

1. Set resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 100 kHz
2. Set the video bandwidth $\geq 3 \times RBW$.
3. Detector = **Peak**.
4. Trace mode = **max hold**.

Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

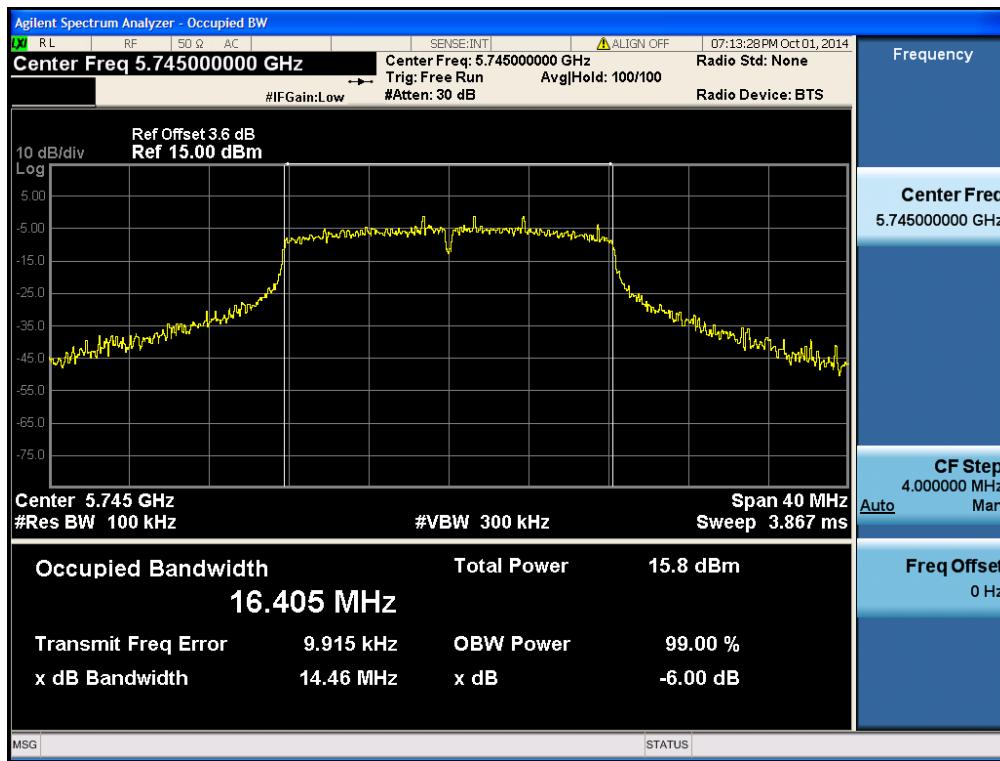
TEST RESULTS: Comply

Mode	Band	Channel	Frequency [MHz]	Test Result [MHz]
802.11a	Band IV	149	5745	14.46
		157	5785	14.51
		165	5825	15.12
802.11n (HT20)	Band IV	149	5745	14.95
		157	5785	15.09
		165	5825	15.09

RESULT PLOTS

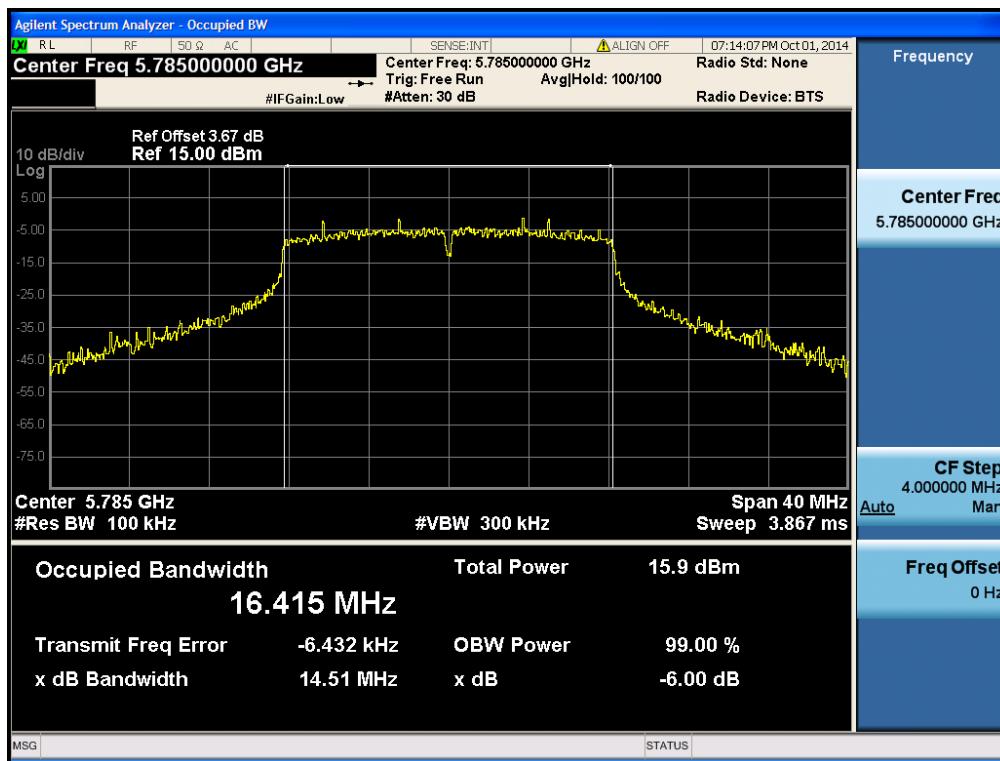
6 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: 802.11a & Ch.149



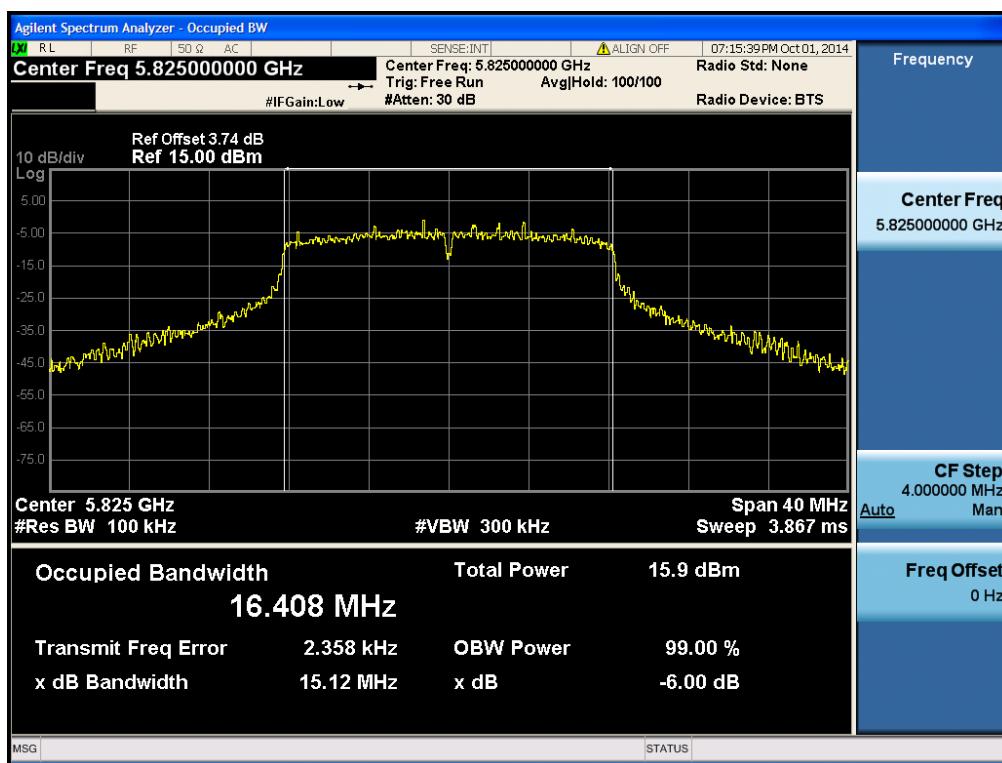
6 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: 802.11a & Ch.157



6 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: 802.11a & Ch.165

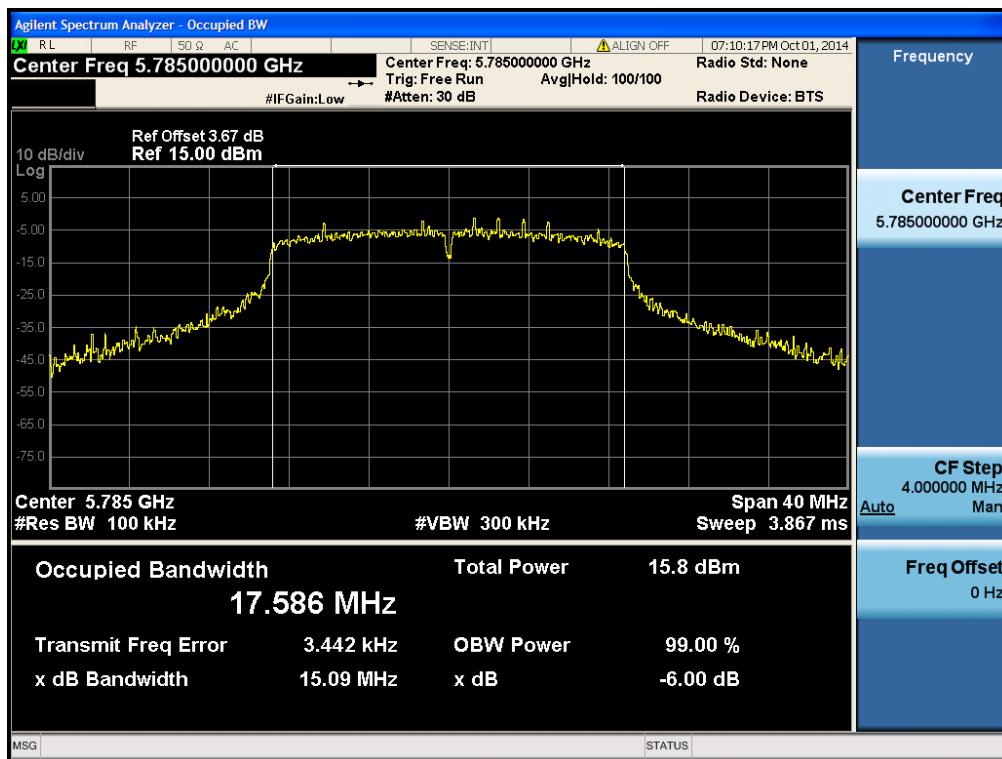


6 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: 802.11n HT20 & Ch.149

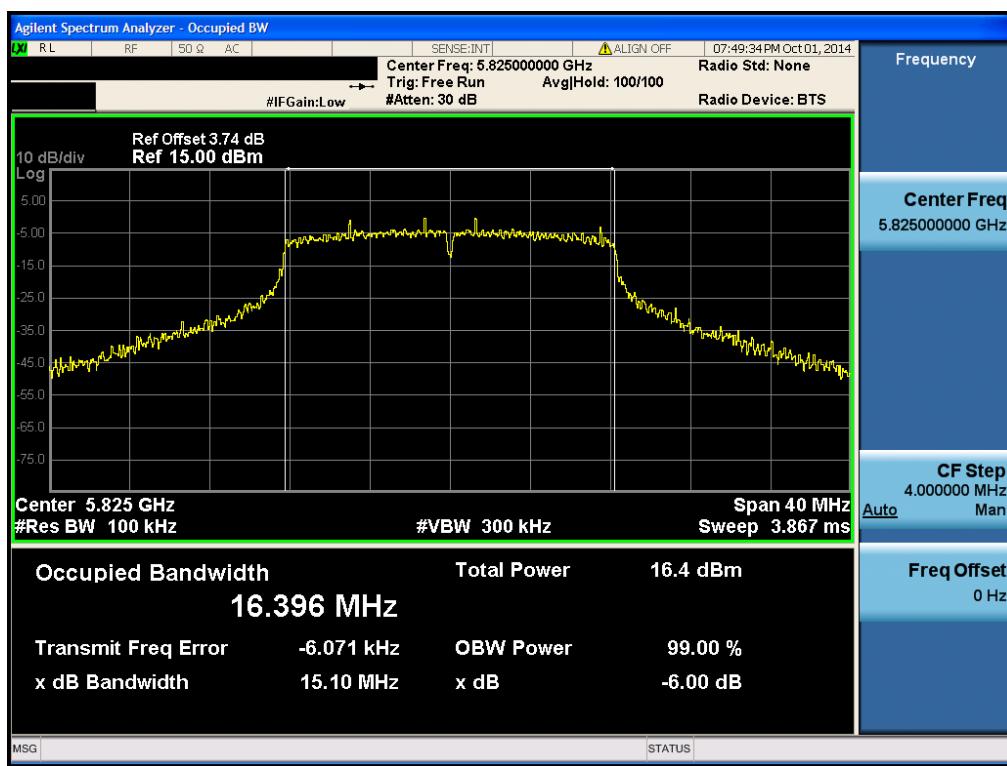
**6 dB Bandwidth**

Test Mode: 802.11a HT20 & Ch.157



6 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: 802.11n HT20 & Ch.165



8.3 Maximum Conducted Output Power

Test Requirements

(1) For the band 5.15-5.25 GHz.

(i) For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The maximum e.i.r.p. at any elevation angle above 30 degrees as measured from the horizon must not exceed 125 mW (21 dBm).

(ii) For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(iii) For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. Fixed point-to-point U-NII devices may employ antennas with directional gain up to 23 dBi without any corresponding reduction in the maximum conducted output power or maximum power spectral density. For fixed point-to-point transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in maximum conducted output power and maximum power spectral density is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

(iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(2) For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or $11 \text{ dBm } 10 \log B$, where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(3) For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

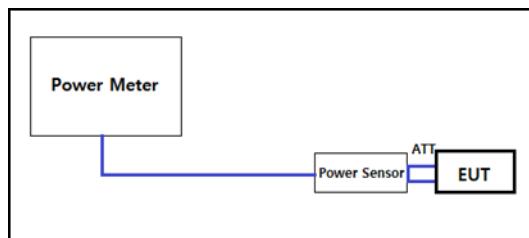
- Output power Limit Calculation

Bands	Mode	Power Limit [mW]	Calculated Limit [dBm]	ANT Gain	Determined Limit [dBm]
Band I	802.11a	250	23.97	3.290	23.97
	802.11n HT20	250	23.97		23.97
	802.11n HT40	-	-		-

Bands	Mode	Power Limit [mW]	Calculation Limit [dBm]	ANT Gain	Determined Limit [dBm]
		Least 26dBC BW [MHz]			
Band II	802.11a	250	23.97	2.515	23.97
		21.037	24.22		
	802.11n HT20	250	23.97		23.97
		21.664	24.35		
Band III	802.11a	-	-	3.667	-
		-	-		
	802.11n HT20	250	23.97		23.97
		21.255	24.27		23.97
	802.11n HT40	-	-		-
		-	-		

Bands	Mode	Power Limit [mW]	Calculated Limit [dBm]	ANT Gain	Determined Limit [dBm]
Band IV	802.11a	1000	30.00	1.232	30.00
	802.11n HT20	1000	30.00		30.00
	802.11n HT40	-	-		-

□ Test Configuration



□ Test Procedure

Maximum Conducted Output Power is measured using Measurement Procedure **Method PM-G of KDB789033 D02 V01**

Measurements may be performed using a wideband gated RF power meter provided that the gate parameters are adjusted such that the power is measured only when the EUT is transmitting at its maximum power control level. Since the measurement is made only during the ON time of the transmitter, no duty cycle correction factor is required.

□ Test Results: Comply

Mode	Channel	Frequency [MHz]	Test Result [dBm]
802.11a	36	5180	11.700
	40	5200	11.660
	48	5240	11.540
	52	5260	11.590
	60	5300	11.340
	64	5320	11.170
	100	5500	11.110
	116	5580	11.350
	140	5700	9.890
	149	5745	9.560
	157	5785	9.360
	165	5825	9.270

Mode	Channel	Frequency [MHz]	Test Result [dBm]
802.11n HT20	36	5180	11.590
	40	5200	11.540
	48	5240	11.360
	52	5260	11.470
	60	5300	11.200
	64	5320	11.070
	100	5500	10.970
	116	5580	11.250
	140	5700	9.770
	149	5745	9.470
	157	5785	9.220
	165	5825	11.590

8.4 Maximum Power Spectral Density

■ Test requirements

(1) For the band 5.15-5.25 GHz.

(i) For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1MHz band.^{note1}

(ii) For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1MHz band.^{note1}

(iii) For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in maximum power spectral density is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi.

(iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1MHz band.^{note1}

(2) For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the peak power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 MHz band.^{note1}

(3) For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band.^{note1,note2}

Note1: If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Note2: fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information.

- Peak Power Spectral Density Limit Calculation

Band	Limit [dBm]	ANT Gain [dBi]	Determined Limit [dBm]
Band I	4	3.290	4
Band II	11	2.515	11
Band III	11	3.667	11
Band IV	30	1.232	30

■ Test configuration

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

□ Test procedure

Maximum Power Spectral Density is measured using Measurement Procedure of **KDB789033 D02 V01**

- 1) Create an average power spectrum for the EUT operating mode being tested by following the instructions in section II.E.2. for measuring maximum conducted output power using a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver: select the appropriate test method (SA-1, SA-2, SA-3, or alternatives to each) and apply it up to, but not including, the step labeled, "Compute power...". (This procedure is required even if the maximum conducted output power measurement was performed using a power meter, method PM.)
- 2) Use the peak search function on the instrument to find the peak of the spectrum and record its value.
- 3) Make the following adjustments to the peak value of the spectrum, if applicable:
 - a) **If Method SA-2 or SA-2 Alternative was used, add $10 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle, to the peak of the spectrum.**
 - b) If Method SA-3 Alternative was used and the linear mode was used in step II.E.2.g)(viii), add 1 dB to the final result to compensate for the difference between linear averaging and power averaging.
- 4) The result is the Maximum PSD over 1 MHz reference bandwidth.
- 5) For devices operating in the bands 5.15-5.25 GHz, 5.25-5.35 GHz, and 5.47-5.725 GHz, the above procedures make use of 1 MHz RBW to satisfy directly the 1 MHz reference bandwidth specified in §15.407(a)(5). For devices operating in the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the rules specify a measurement bandwidth of 500 kHz. Many spectrum analyzers do not have 500 kHz RBW, thus a narrower RBW may need to be used. The rules permit the use of a RBWs less than 1 MHz, or 500 kHz, "provided that the measured power is integrated over the full reference bandwidth" to show the total power over the specified measurement bandwidth (i.e., 1 MHz, or 500 kHz). If measurements are performed using a reduced resolution bandwidth (< 1 MHz, or < 500 kHz) and integrated over 1 MHz, or 500 kHz bandwidth, the following adjustments to the procedures apply:
 - a) Set RBW $\geq 1/T$, where T is defined in section II.B.1.a). (Refer to Appendix II)
 - b) Set VBW ≥ 3 RBW.
 - c) If measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 500 kHz, add $10\log(500\text{kHz}/\text{RBW})$ to the measured result, whereas RBW (< 500 kHz) is the reduced resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer set during measurement.
 - d) If measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 1 MHz, add $10\log(1\text{MHz}/\text{RBW})$ to the measured result, whereas RBW (< 1 MHz) is the reduced resolution bandwidth of spectrum analyzer set during measurement.
 - e) Care must be taken to ensure that the measurements are performed during a period of continuous transmission or are corrected upward for duty cycle.

Note: As a practical matter, it is recommended to use reduced RBW of 100 kHz for the sections 5.c) and 5.d) above, since RBW=100 kHz is available on nearly all spectrum analyzers.

Test result: Comply

Mode	Channel	Frequency [MHz]	Reading [dBm]	DCF [dB] Note 1	Test Result [dBm]
802.11a	36	5180	-1.11	2.450	1.34
	40	5200	-2.06		0.39
	48	5240	-1.77		0.68
	52	5260	-1.21		1.24
	60	5300	-1.52		0.93
	64	5320	-0.42		2.03
	100	5500	-1.59		0.86
	116	5580	-1.28		1.17
	140	5700	-2.98		-0.53
	149	5745	-4.24		-1.79
	157	5785	-4.09		-1.64
	165	5825	-3.72		-1.27

Mode	Channel	Frequency [MHz]	Reading [dBm]	DCF [dB] Note 1	Test Result [dBm]
802.11n HT20	36	5180	-1.42	2.520	1.10
	40	5200	-1.79		0.73
	48	5240	-1.54		0.98
	52	5260	-1.64		0.88
	60	5300	-1.95		0.57
	64	5320	-1.83		0.69
	100	5500	-1.16		1.36
	116	5580	-1.86		0.66
	140	5700	-2.72		-0.20
	149	5745	-5.27		-2.75
	157	5785	-5.25		-2.73
	165	5825	-5.50		-2.98

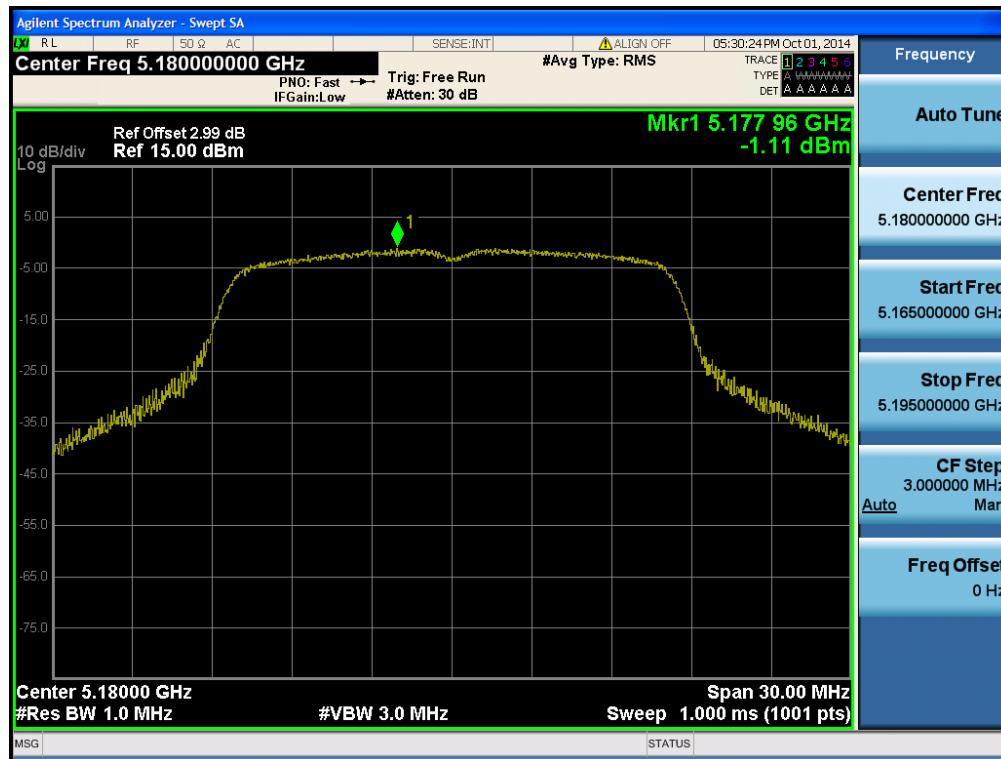
Note 1: Refer to Appendix II. Only applied when Duty cycle < 0.98

Note 2: Test Result = Measurement Data + DCF

□ RESULT PLOTS

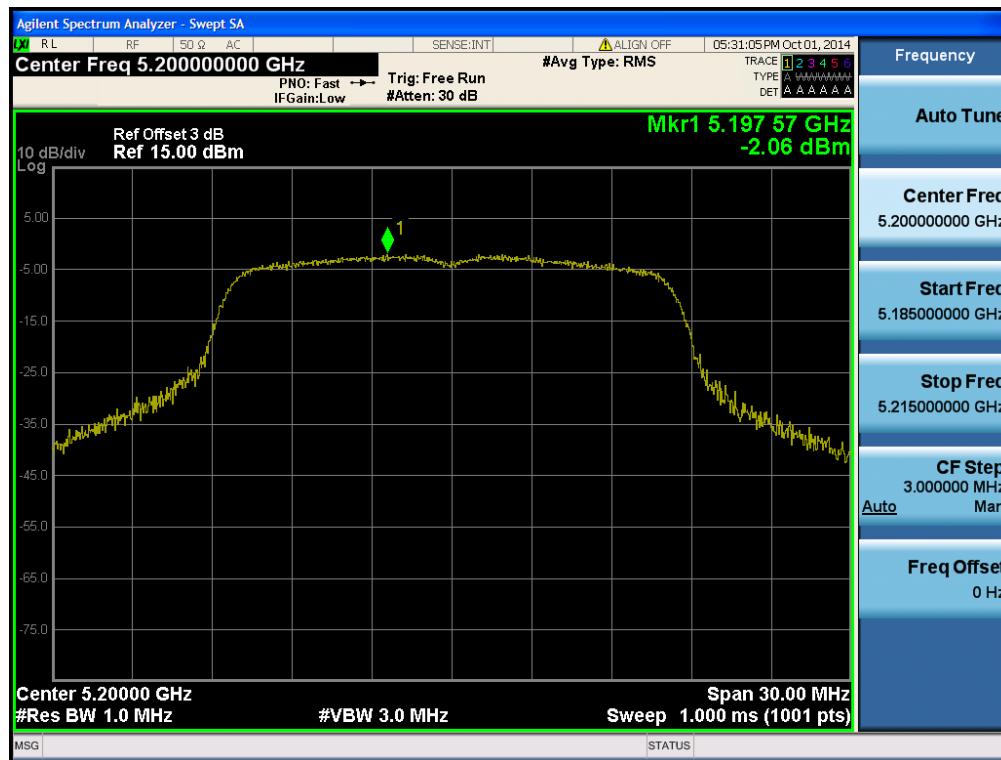
Maximum Power Spectral Density

Test Mode: 802.11a & Ch.36



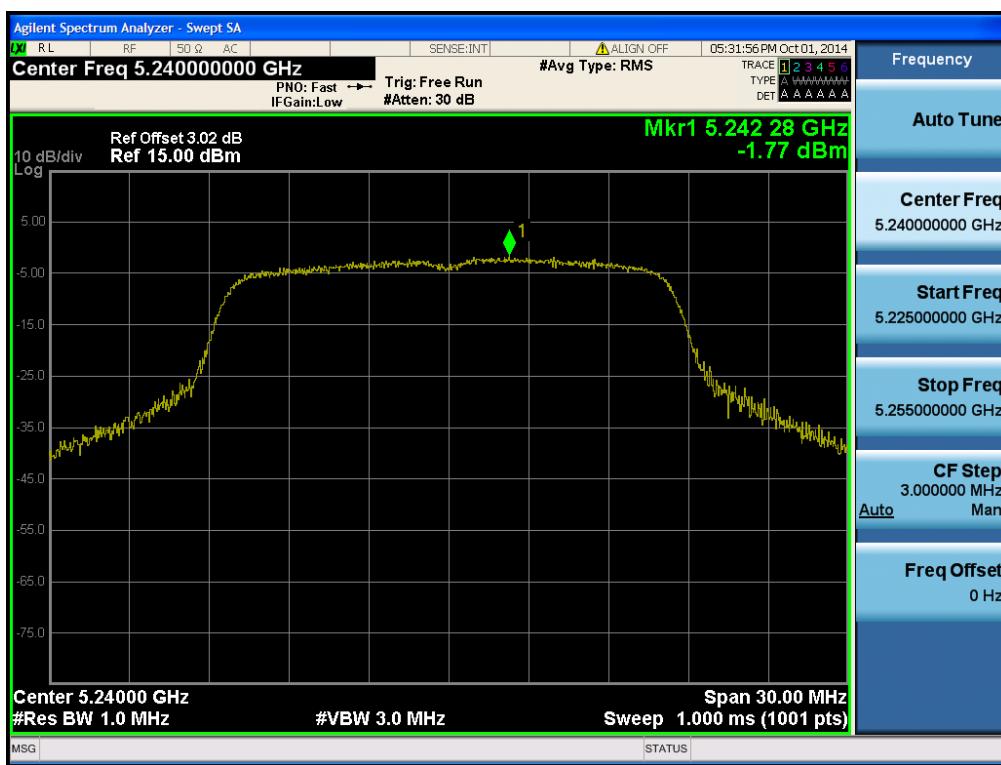
Maximum Power Spectral Density

Test Mode: 802.11a & Ch.40



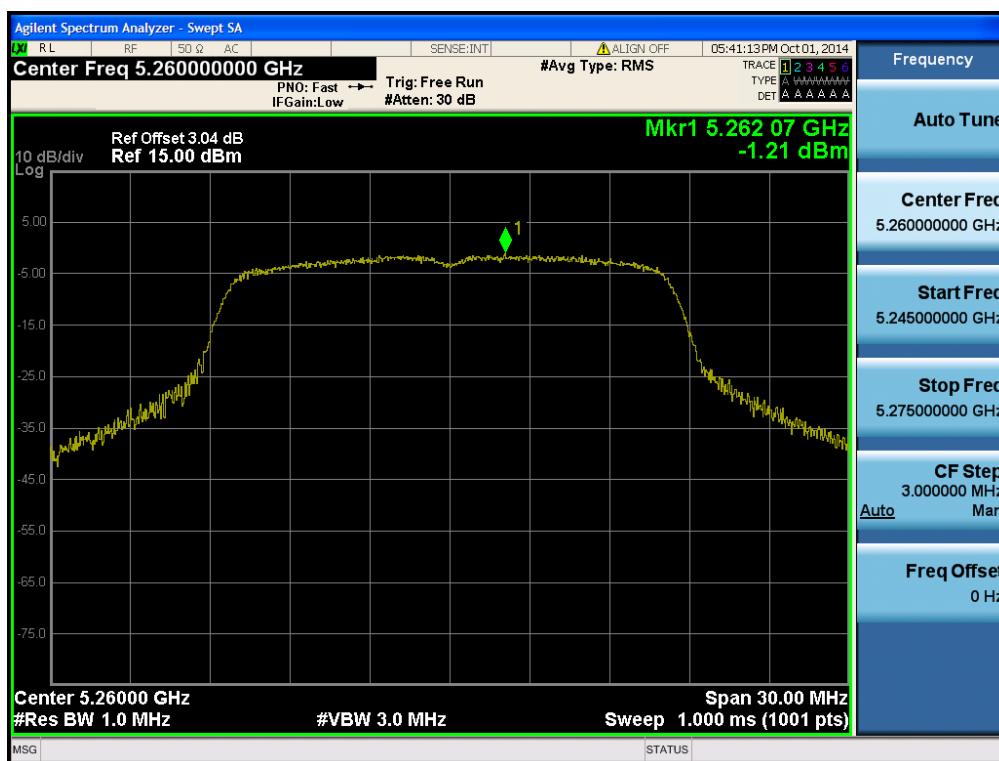
Maximum Power Spectral Density

Test Mode: 802.11a & Ch.48



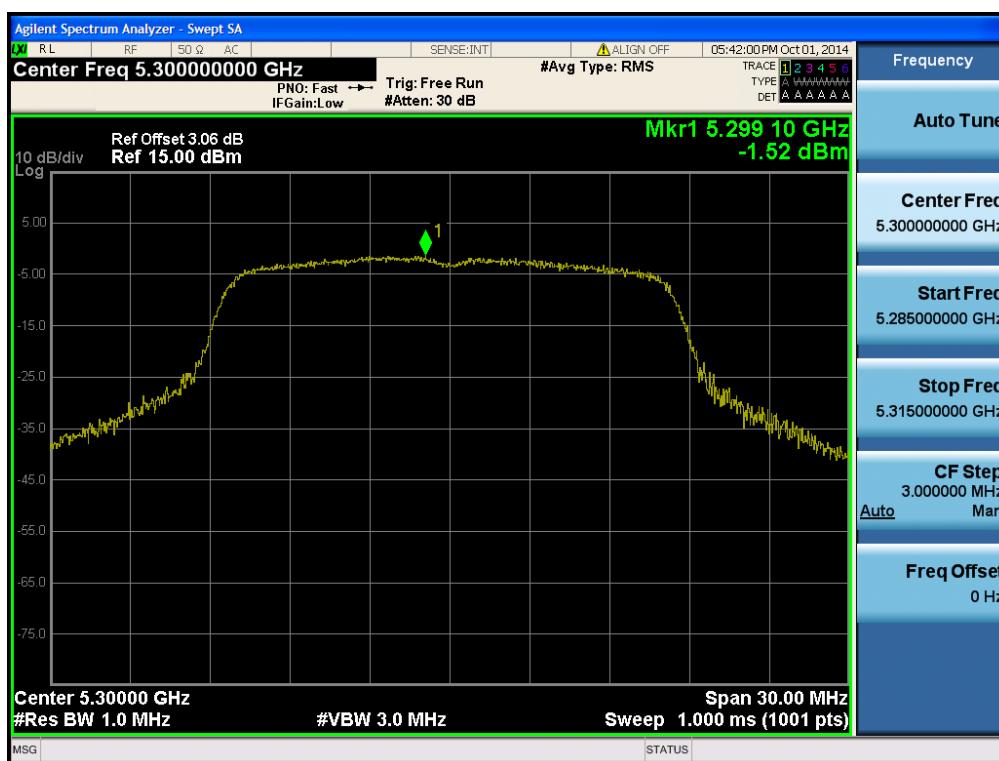
Maximum Power Spectral Density

Test Mode: 802.11a & Ch.52



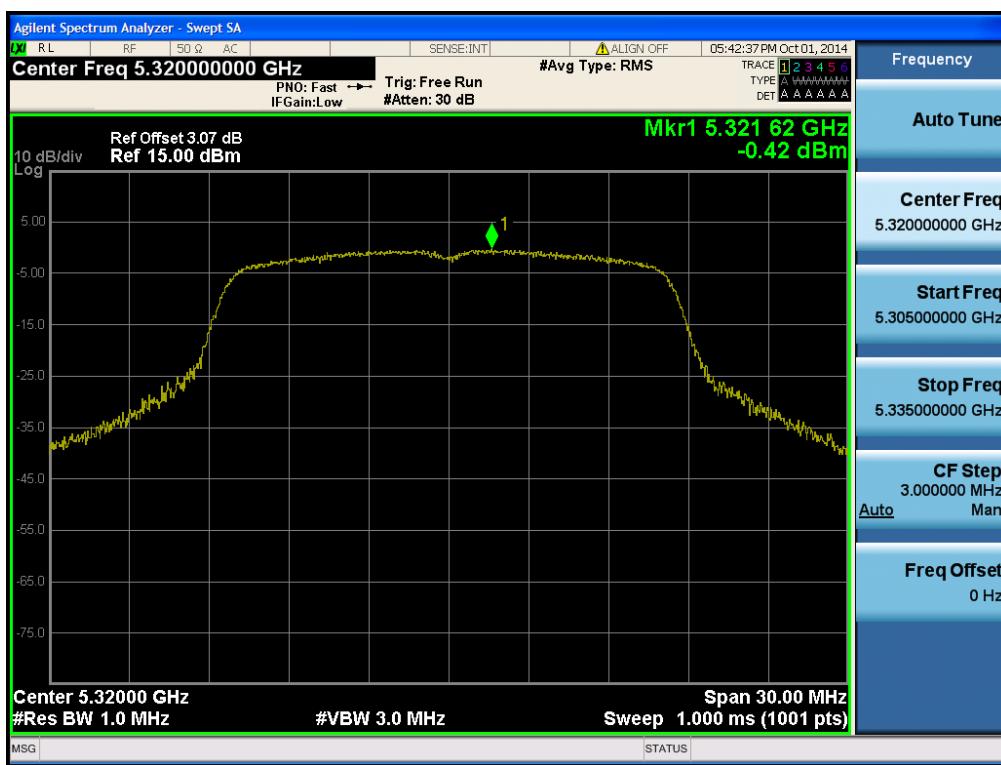
Maximum Power Spectral Density

Test Mode: 802.11a & Ch.60



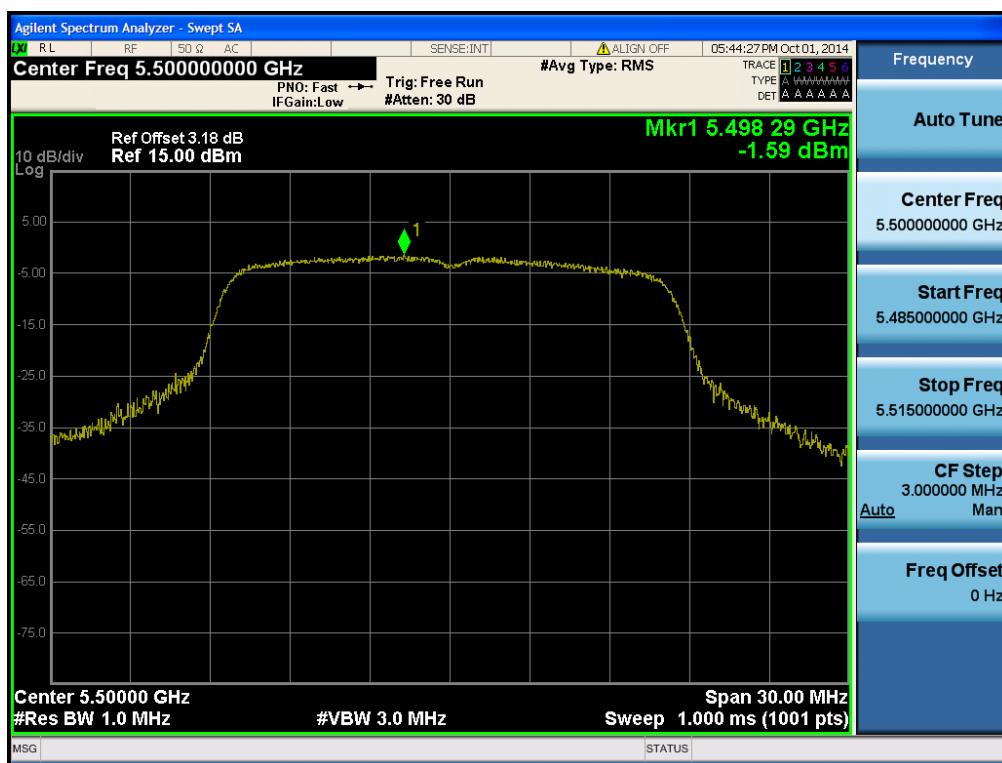
Maximum Power Spectral Density

Test Mode: 802.11a & Ch.64

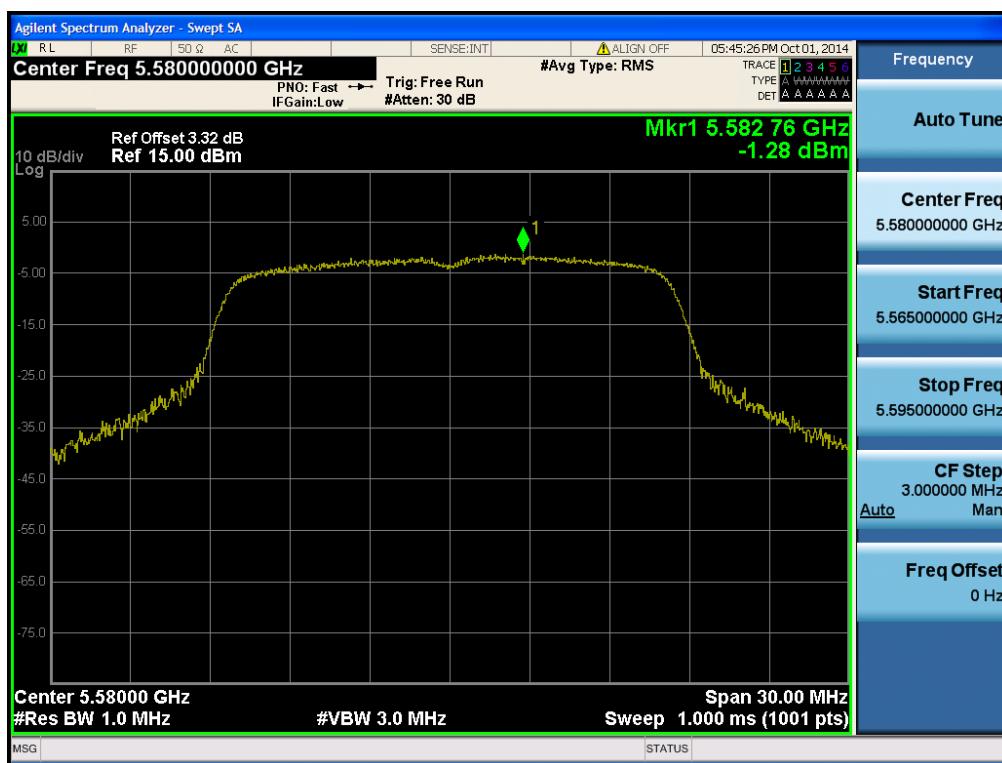


Maximum Power Spectral Density

Test Mode: 802.11a & Ch.100

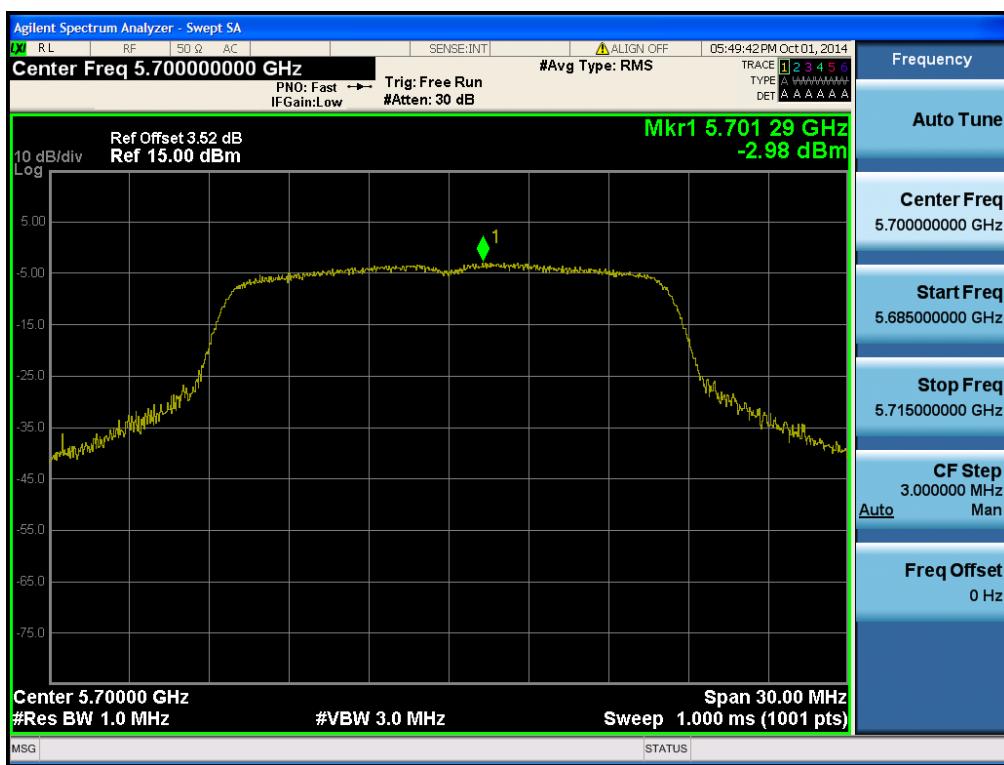
**Maximum Power Spectral Density**

Test Mode: 802.11a & Ch.116



Maximum Power Spectral Density

Test Mode: 802.11a & Ch.140



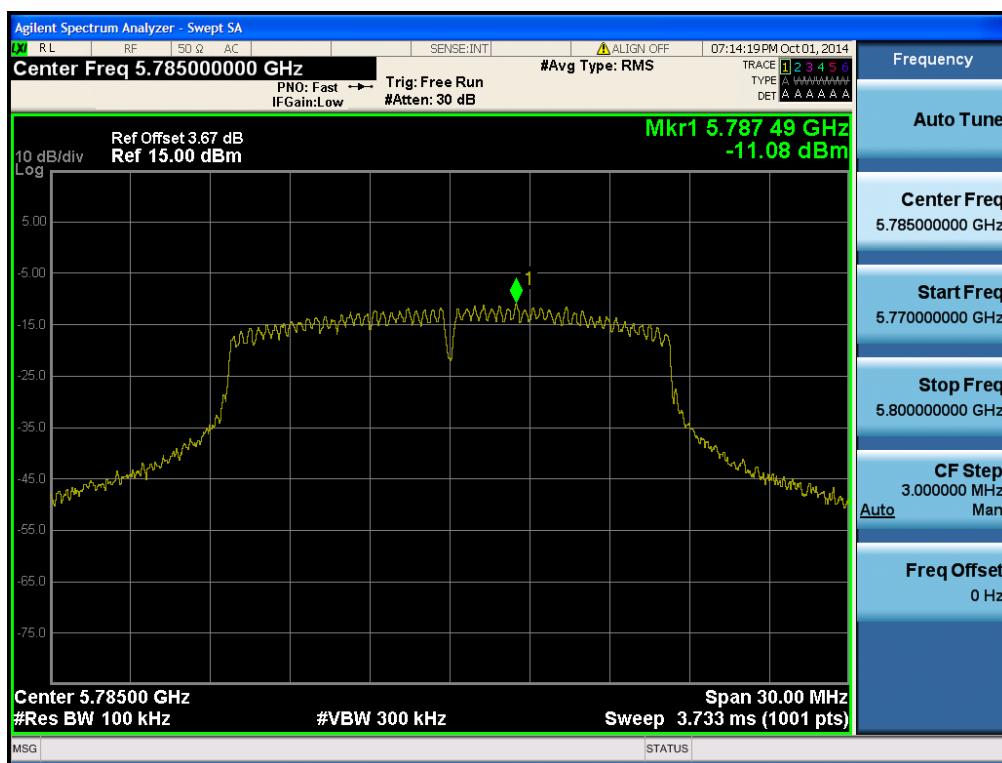
Maximum Power Spectral Density

Test Mode: 802.11a & Ch.149



Maximum Power Spectral Density

Test Mode: 802.11a & Ch.157



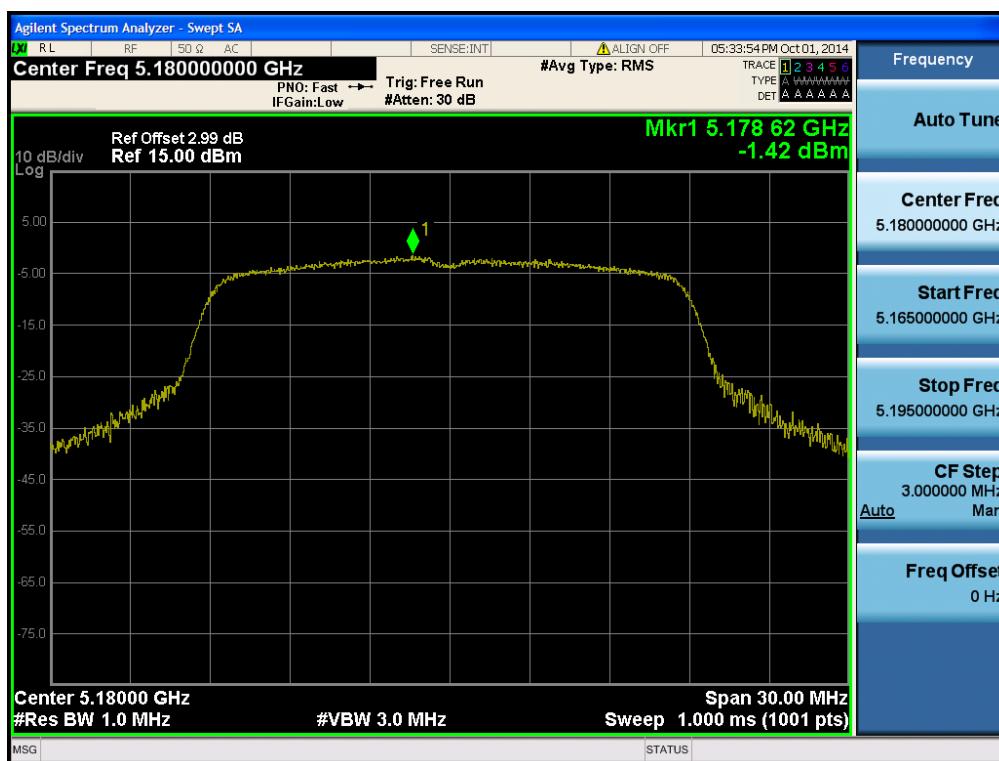
Maximum Power Spectral Density

Test Mode: 802.11a & Ch.165



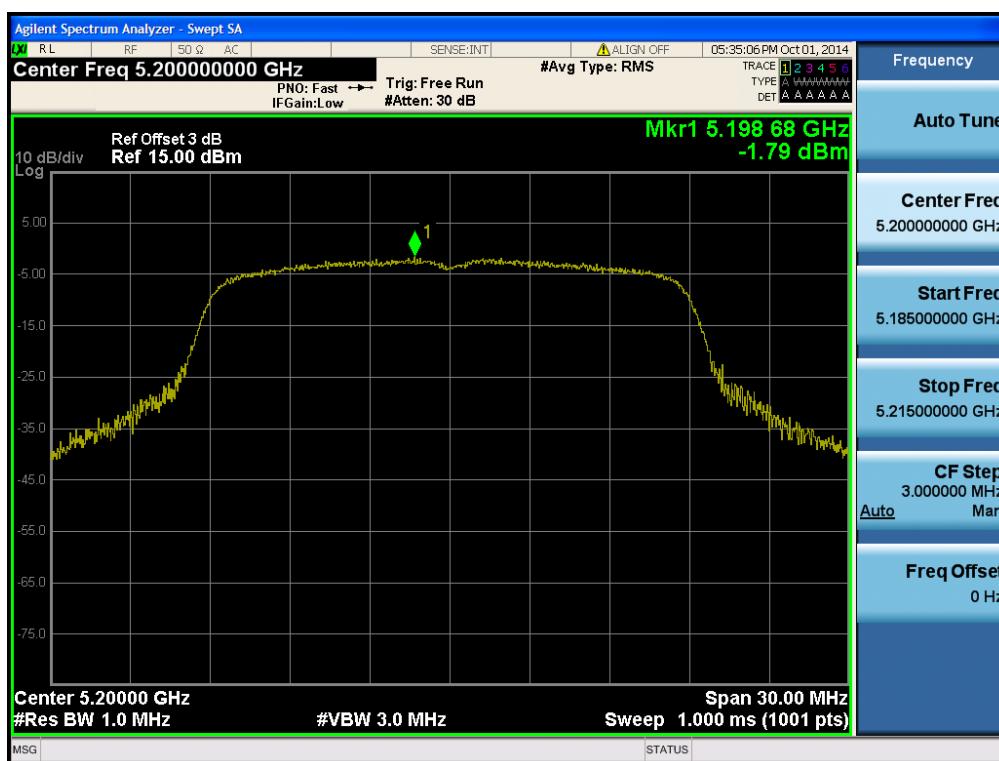
Maximum Power Spectral Density

Test Mode: 802.11n HT20 & Ch.36



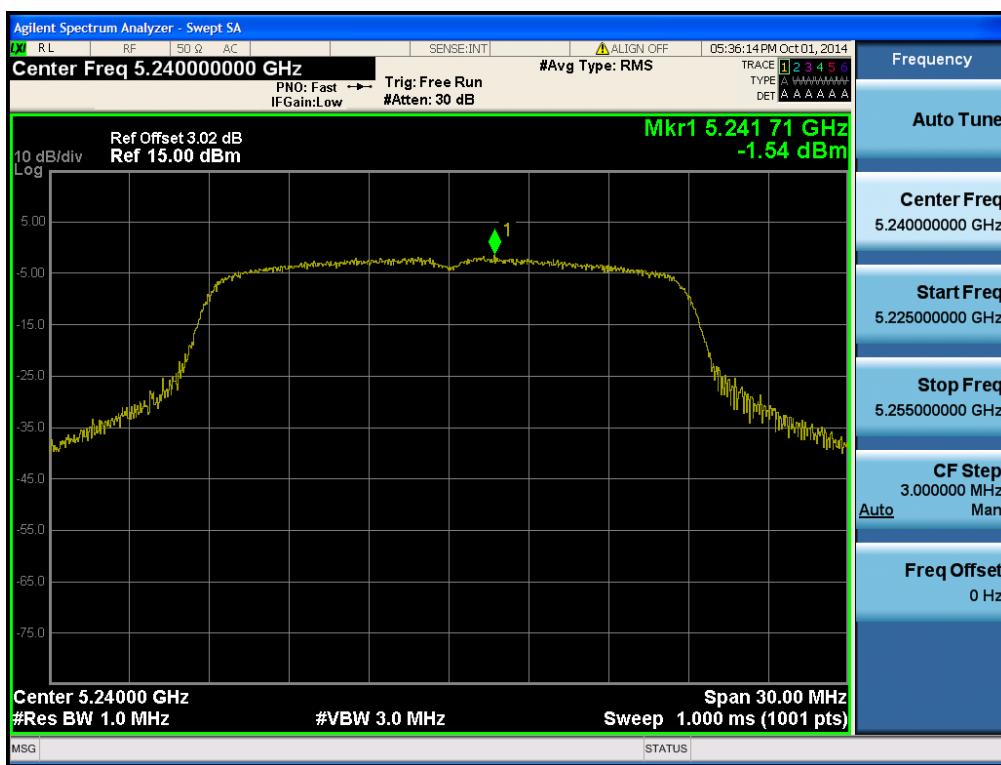
Maximum Power Spectral Density

Test Mode: 802.11n HT20 & Ch.40



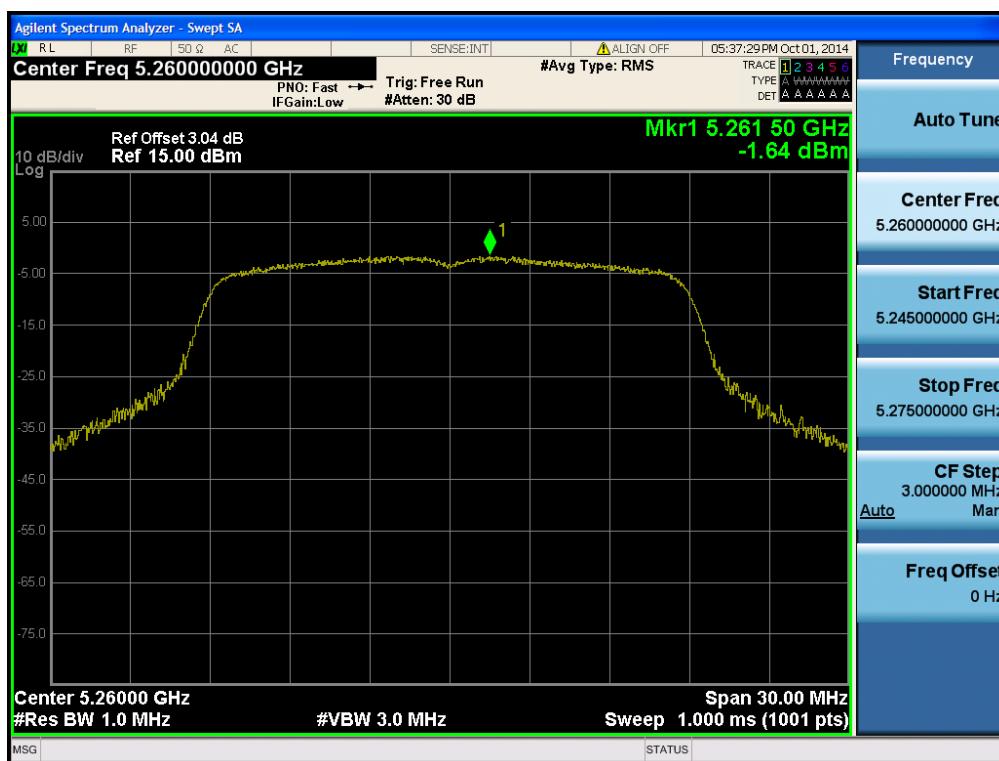
Maximum Power Spectral Density

Test Mode: 802.11n HT20 & Ch.48



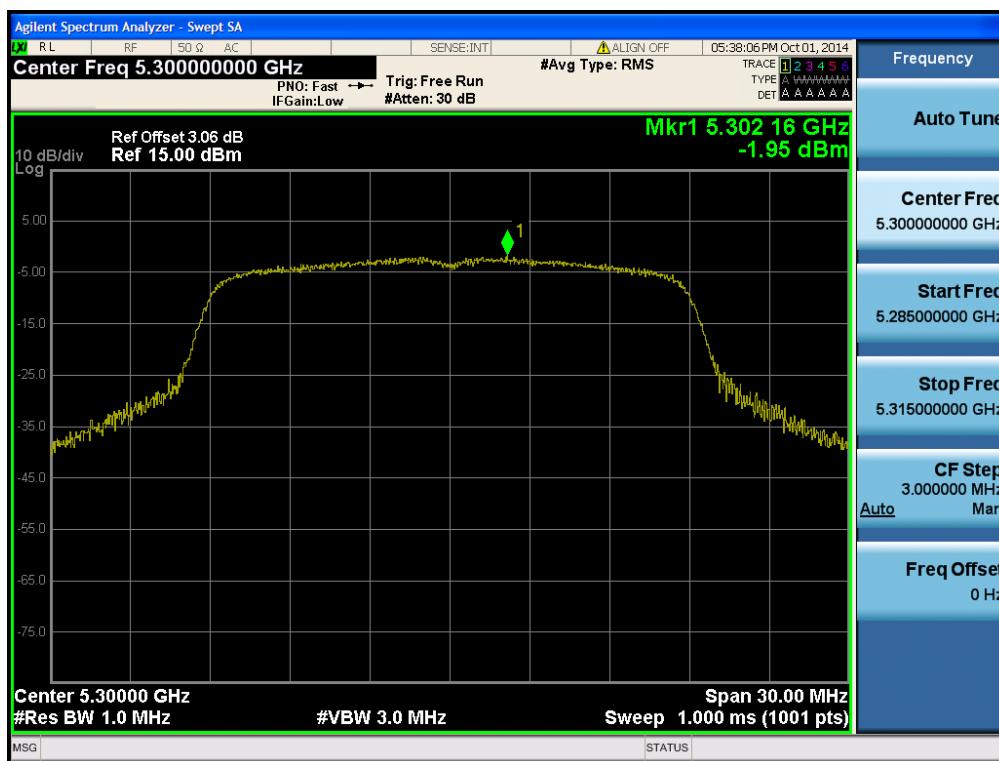
Maximum Power Spectral Density

Test Mode: 802.11n HT20 & Ch.52



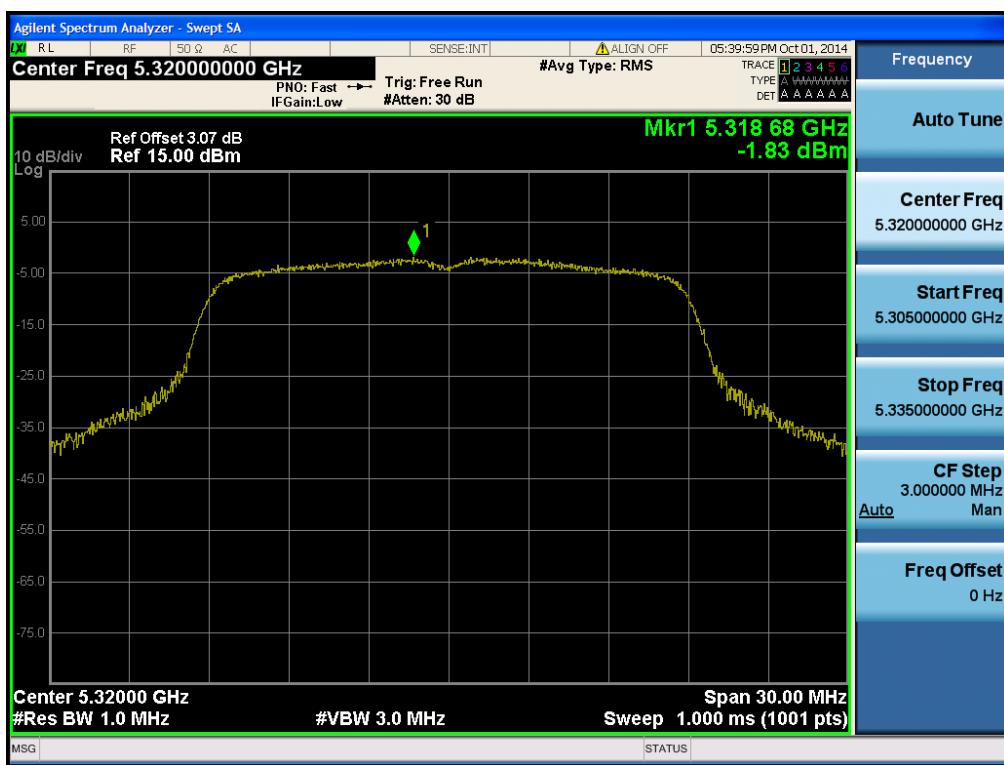
Maximum Power Spectral Density

Test Mode: 802.11n HT20 & Ch.60



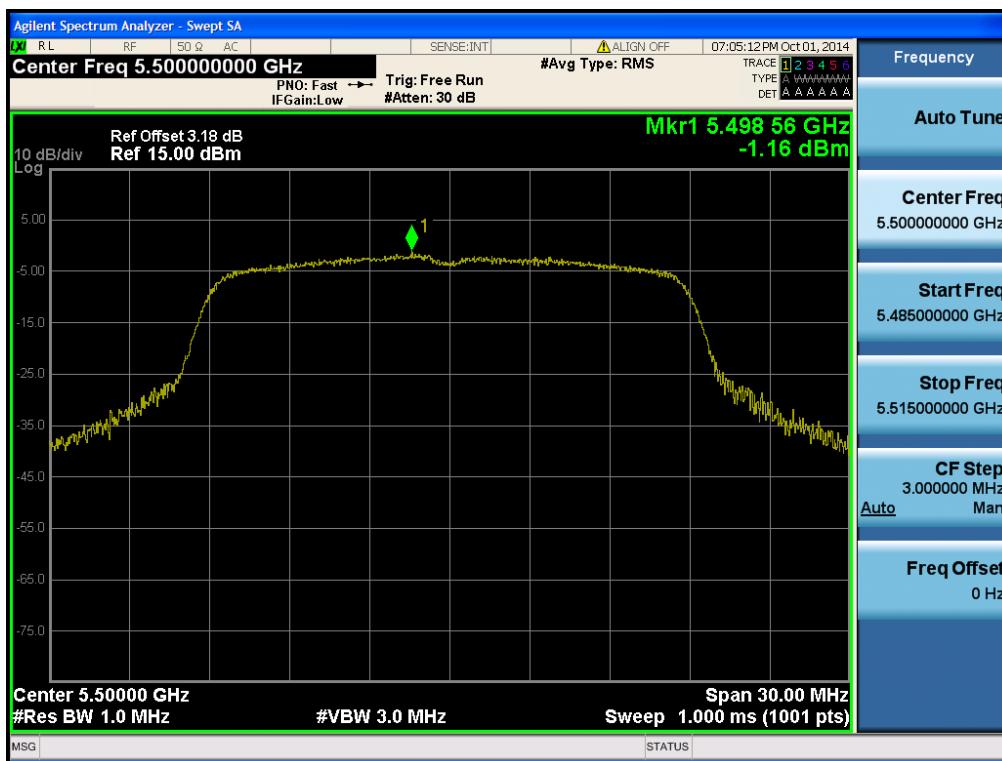
Maximum Power Spectral Density

Test Mode: 802.11n HT20 & Ch.64



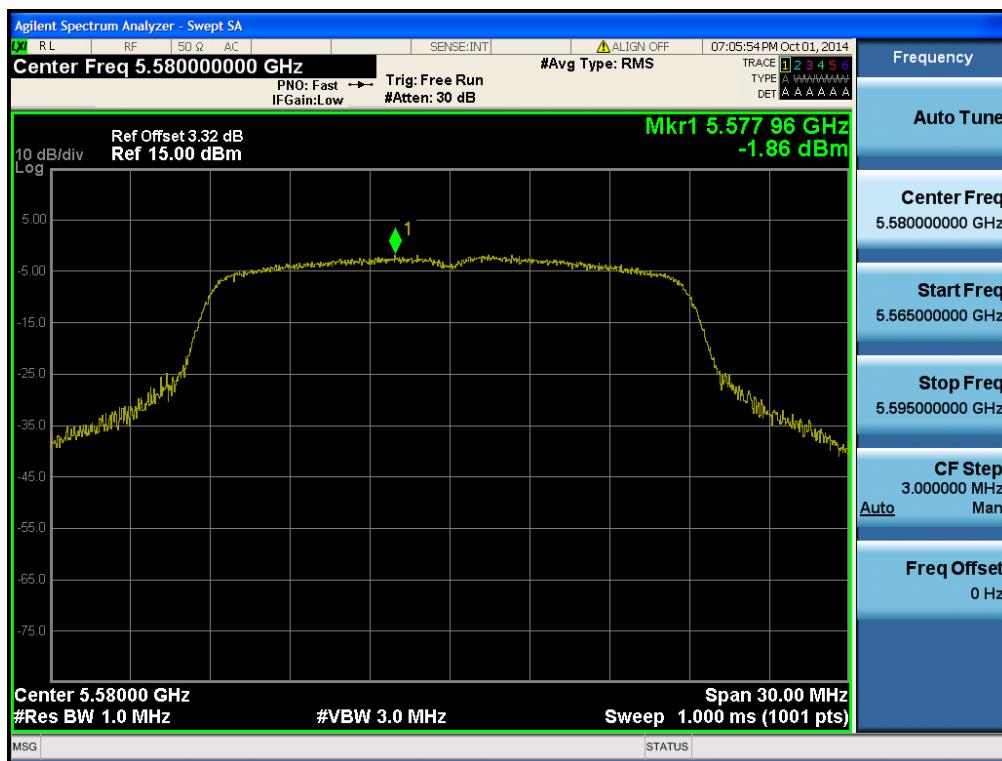
Maximum Power Spectral Density

Test Mode: 802.11n HT20 & Ch.100



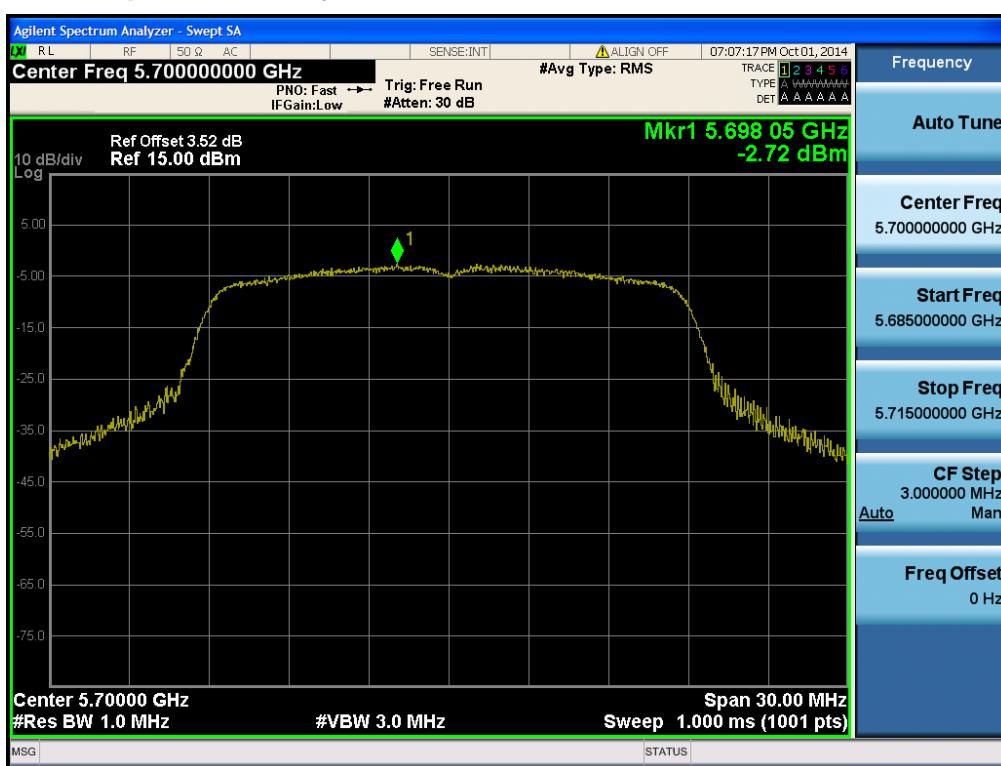
Maximum Power Spectral Density

Test Mode: 802.11n HT20 & Ch.116



Maximum Power Spectral Density

Test Mode: 802.11n HT20 & Ch.140



Maximum Power Spectral Density

Test Mode: 802.11n HT20 & Ch.149



Maximum Power Spectral Density

Test Mode: 802.11n HT20 & Ch.157



Maximum Power Spectral Density

Test Mode: 802.11n HT20 & Ch.165



8.5 Frequency Stability

■ Test requirements

Manufacturers of U-NII devices are responsible for ensuring frequency stability such that an emission is maintained within the band of operation under all conditions of normal operation as specified in the user's manual.

■ Test Procedure

The EUT was placed inside of an environmental chamber as the temperature in the chamber was varied between -20°C and +50°C. The temperature was incremented by 10°C intervals and the unit was allowed to stabilize at each measurement. The center frequency of the transmitting channel was evaluated at each temperature and the frequency deviation from the channel's center frequency was recorded.

■ Test Result : Comply

Supply Voltage (V DC)	TEMP (°C)	Band I		Band II		Band III		Band IV	
		Frequency (Hz)	Deviation (%)						
3.700	+25	5,199,996,632	-0.000065	5,299,996,578	-0.000065	5,579,996,229	-0.000068	5,784,996,325	-0.000064
	+50	5,199,995,655	-0.000084	5,299,995,579	-0.000083	5,579,995,125	-0.000087	5,784,995,188	-0.000083
	+40	5,199,995,798	-0.000081	5,299,995,803	-0.000079	5,579,995,807	-0.000075	5,784,995,800	-0.000073
	+30	5,199,996,039	-0.000076	5,299,996,045	-0.000075	5,579,996,036	-0.000071	5,784,996,040	-0.000068
	+20	5,199,996,650	-0.000064	5,299,996,652	-0.000063	5,579,996,651	-0.000060	5,784,996,645	-0.000058
	+10	5,199,996,702	-0.000063	5,299,996,709	-0.000062	5,579,996,709	-0.000059	5,784,996,708	-0.000057
	0	5,199,996,769	-0.000062	5,299,996,774	-0.000061	5,579,996,763	-0.000058	5,784,996,770	-0.000056
	-10	5,199,996,842	-0.000061	5,299,996,832	-0.000060	5,579,996,832	-0.000057	5,784,996,839	-0.000055
	-20	5,199,996,876	-0.000060	5,299,996,826	-0.000060	5,579,996,920	-0.000055	5,784,996,833	-0.000055
3.145	+25	5,199,996,639	-0.000065	5,299,996,571	-0.000065	5,579,996,222	-0.000068	5,784,996,329	-0.000063
4.255	+25	5,199,996,644	-0.000065	5,299,996,575	-0.000065	5,579,996,198	-0.000068	5,784,996,321	-0.000064

8.6 Radiated Spurious Emission Measurements

■ Test Procedure

- FCC Part 15.209(a) and (b)

Frequency (MHz)	Limit (uV/m)	Measurement Distance (meter)
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F(KHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F(KHz)	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	30
30 ~ 88	100 **	3
88 ~ 216	150 **	3
216 ~ 960	200 **	3
Above 960	500	3

** Except as provided in 15.209(g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88MHz, 174-216MHz or 470-806MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g. 15.231 and 15.241.

- FCC Part 15.205 (a): Only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz	GHz
0.009 ~ 0.110	8.41425 ~ 8.41475	108 ~ 121.94	1300 ~ 1427	4.5 ~ 5.15	14.47 ~ 14.5
0.495 ~ 0.505	12.29 ~ 12.293	123 ~ 138	1435 ~ 1626.5	5.35 ~ 5.46	15.35 ~ 16.2
2.1735 ~ 2.1905	12.51975 ~	149.9 ~ 150.05	1645.5 ~ 1646.5	7.25 ~ 7.75	17.7 ~ 21.4
4.125 ~ 4.128	12.52025	160.52475 ~	1660 ~ 1710	8.025 ~ 8.5	22.01 ~ 23.12
4.17725 ~ 4.17775	12.57675 ~	160.52525	1718.8 ~ 1722.2	9.0 ~ 9.2	23.6 ~ 24.0
4.20725 ~ 4.20775	12.57725	160.7 ~ 160.9	2200 ~ 2300	9.3 ~ 9.5	31.2 ~ 31.8
6.215 ~ 6.218	13.36 ~ 13.41	162.0125 ~ 167.17	2310 ~ 2390	10.6 ~ 12.7	36.43 ~ 36.5
6.26775 ~ 6.26825	16.42 ~ 16.423	167.72 ~ 173.2	2483.5 ~ 2500	13.25 ~ 13.4	Above 38.6
6.31175 ~ 6.31225	16.69475 ~	240 ~ 285	2655 ~ 2900		
8.291 ~ 8.294	16.69525	322 ~ 335.4	3260 ~ 3267		
8.362 ~ 8.366	16.80425 ~	399.90 ~ 410	3332 ~ 3339		
8.37625 ~ 8.38675	16.80475	608 ~ 614	3345.8 ~ 3358		
	25.5 ~ 25.67	960 ~ 1240	3600 ~ 4000		
	37.5 ~ 38.25				
	73 ~ 74.6				
	74.8 ~ 75.2				

▪ FCC Part 15.205(b): The field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in §15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in §15.35 apply to these measurements.

▪ FCC Part 15.407 (b): Undesirable emission limits. Except as shown in paragraph (b)(7) of this section, the maximum emissions outside of the frequency bands of operation shall be attenuated in accordance with the following limits:

- (1) For transmitters operating in the **5.15-5.25 GHz band**: all emissions outside of the **5.15-5.35 GHz band** shall not exceed an **EIRP of -27 dBm/MHz**.
- (2) For transmitters operating in the **5.25-5.35 GHz band**: all emissions outside of the **5.15-5.35 GHz band** shall not exceed an **EIRP of -27 dBm/MHz**.
- (3) For transmitters operating in the **5.47-5.725 GHz band**: all emissions outside of the **5.47-5.725 GHz band** shall not exceed an **EIRP of -27 dBm/MHz**.
- (4) For transmitters operating in the **5.725-5.85 GHz band**: All emissions within the frequency range from the band edge to 10 MHz above or below the band edge shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -17 dBm/MHz; for frequencies 10 MHz or greater above or below the band edge, emissions shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.
- (5) The emission measurements shall be performed using a minimum resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz. A lower resolution bandwidth may be employed near the band edge, when necessary, provided the measured energy is integrated to show the total power over 1 MHz.
- (6) Unwanted emissions **below 1 GHz** must comply with the general field strength limits set forth in **Section 15.209**. Further, any U-NII devices using an **AC power line** are required to comply also with the conducted limits set forth in **Section 15.207**.
- (7) The provisions of §15.205 apply to intentional radiators operating under this section
- (8) When measuring the emission limits, the nominal carrier frequency shall be adjusted as close to the upper and lower frequency band edges as the design of the equipment permits.

■ Test Procedure

The EUT was placed on a 0.8m high non-conductive table inside a shielded enclosure. An antenna was placed near the EUT and measurements of frequencies and amplitudes of field strengths were recorded for reference during final measurements. For final radiated testing, measurements were performed in semi anechoic chamber. Measurements were performed with the EUT oriented in 3 orthogonal axis and rotated 360 degrees to determine the worst-case orientation for maximum emissions.

Radiated spurious emission measured using following Measurement Procedure of **KDB789033 D02 V01**

► General Requirements for Unwanted Emissions Measurements

The following requirements apply to all unwanted emissions measurements, both in and outside of the restricted bands:

- EUT Duty Cycle

(1) The EUT shall be configured or modified to **transmit continuously** except as stated in (ii), below. The intent is to test at 100 percent duty cycle; however a small reduction in duty cycle(**to no lower than 98 percent**) is permitted if required by the EUT for amplitude control purposes. Manufacturers are expected to provide software to the test lab to permit such continuous operation.

(2) If **continuous transmission (or at least 98 percent duty cycle) cannot be achieved** due to hardware limitations of the EUT (e.g., overheating), the following additions to the measurement and reporting procedures are required:

- The EUT shall be configured to operate at the maximum achievable duty cycle.
- Measure the duty cycle, x, of the transmitter output signal.
- Adjustments to measurement procedures (e.g., increasing test time and number of traces averaged) shall be performed as described in the procedures below.
- The test report shall include the following additional information:
 - The reason for the duty cycle limitation.
 - The duty cycle achieved for testing and the associated transmit duration and interval between transmissions.
 - The sweep time and the amount of time used for trace stabilization during max-hold measurements for peak emission measurements.

(3) **Reduction of the measured emission amplitude levels to account for operational duty factor is not permitted. Compliance is based on emission levels occurring during transmission - not on an average across on and off times of the transmitter.**

► Measurements below 1000 MHz

- a) Follow the requirements in section II.G.3, "General Requirements for Unwanted Emissions Measurements".
- b) Compliance shall be demonstrated using **CISPR quasi-peak detection**; however, **peak detection** is permitted as an alternative to quasi-peak detection.

► Measurements Above 1000MHz(Peak)

- a) Follow the requirements in section II.G.3, "General Requirements for Unwanted Emissions Measurements".
- b) Peak emission levels are measured by setting the analyzer as follows:
 - (i) **RBW = 1 MHz.**
 - (ii) **VBW ≥ 3 MHz.**
 - (iii) **Detector = Peak.**
 - (iv) Sweep time = auto.
 - (v) Trace mode = max hold.
 - (vi) Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes. Note that if the transmission is not continuous, the time required for the trace to stabilize will increase by a factor of approximately $1/x$, where x is the duty cycle. For example, at 50 percent duty cycle, the measurement time will increase by a factor of two relative to measurement time for continuous transmission.

► Measurements Above 1000MHz(Method AD)

- (i) **RBW = 1 MHz.**
- (ii) **VBW ≥ 3 MHz.**
- (iii) **Detector = RMS**, if $\text{span}/(\# \text{ of points in sweep}) \leq \text{RBW}/2$. Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If the condition is not satisfied, the detector mode shall be set to peak.
- (iv) Averaging type = power (i.e., RMS)
 - As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging. Some analyzers require linear display mode in order to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.
- (v) Sweep time = auto.
- (vi) Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces if the transmission is continuous. If the transmission is not continuous, the number of traces shall be increased by a factor of $1/x$, where x is the duty cycle. For example, with 50 percent duty cycle, at least 200 traces shall be averaged.
- (vii) If tests are performed with the EUT transmitting at a duty cycle less than 98 percent, a correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing to the emission limit in order to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100 percent duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:
 - **If power averaging (RMS) mode was used in step (iv) above, the correction factor is $10 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle.**
For example, if the transmit duty cycle was 50 percent, then 3 dB must be added to the measured emission levels.
 - If linear voltage averaging mode was used in step (iv) above, the correction factor is $20 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle. For example, if the transmit duty cycle was 50 percent, then 6 dB must be added to the measured emission levels.
 - If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous (100 percent duty cycle) rather than turning on and off with the transmit cycle, no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

■ **Measurement Data:**

Radiated Spurious Emissions data(9kHz ~ 40GHz) : 802.11a & Band I

Tested Channel	Frequency (MHz)	ANT Pol	EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	DCCF (dB)	DCF (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
36 (5180MHz)	5149.970	H	Y	PK	46.50	8.45	N/A	N/A	54.95	74.00	19.05
	5149.970	H	Y	AV	34.64	8.45	2.45	N/A	45.54	54.00	8.46
	10359.620	H	Z	PK	44.10	18.14	N/A	-9.54	52.70	68.20	15.50
40 (5200MHz)	10399.520	H	Y	PK	43.77	18.25	N/A	-9.54	52.48	68.20	15.72
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
48 (5240MHz)	10478.770	H	Z	PK	43.40	18.46	N/A	-9.54	52.32	68.20	15.88
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Radiated Spurious Emissions data(9kHz ~ 40GHz) : 802.11a & Band II

Tested Channel	Frequency (MHz)	ANT Pol	EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	DCCF (dB)	DCF (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
52 (5260MHz)	10520.140	H	Y	PK	42.91	18.55	N/A	-9.54	51.92	68.20	16.28
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
60 (5300MHz)	10600.760	H	Y	PK	42.68	18.73	N/A	-9.54	51.87	74.00	22.13
	10600.330	H	Y	AV	34.52	18.73	2.45	-9.54	46.16	54.00	7.84
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64 (5320MHz)	5352.820	H	Y	PK	45.46	8.81	N/A	N/A	54.27	74.00	19.73
	5351.020	H	Y	AV	33.76	8.81	2.45	N/A	45.02	54.00	8.98
	10642.510	H	Y	PK	42.05	18.82	N/A	-9.54	51.33	74.00	22.67
	10640.200	H	Y	AV	33.89	18.82	2.45	-9.54	45.62	54.00	8.38

Note.

- No other spurious and harmonic emissions were found greater than listed emissions on above table.
- Sample Calculation.
Margin = Limit – Result / Result = Reading + T.F+ DCCF + DCF / T.F = AF + CL – AG
Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain,
DCCF = Duty Cycle Correction Factor, DCF = Distance Correction Factor
- Measurement Distance = 3 m for below 10 GHz, Measurement Distance = 1 m for above 10 GHz.
Therefore Distance Correction Factor(DCF) : - 9.54 dB = $20 \log(1m/3m)$
- The limit is converted to field strength.
 $E[\text{dBuV}/\text{m}] = \text{EIRP}[\text{dBm}] + 95.2 \text{ dB} = -27 \text{ dBm} + 95.2 = 68.2 \text{ dBuV}/\text{m}$
- If peak measurement satisfy the average limit, then average measurement are not required.

Measurement Data:

Radiated Spurious Emissions data(9kHz ~ 40GHz) : 802.11a & Band III

Tested Channel	Frequency (MHz)	ANT Pol	EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	DCCF (dB)	DCF (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
100 (5500MHz)	5457.720	H	Y	PK	44.73	9.05	N/A	N/A	53.78	74.00	20.22
	5459.890	H	Y	AV	34.24	9.05	2.45	N/A	45.74	54.00	8.26
	5469.490	H	Y	PK	48.76	9.09	N/A	N/A	57.85	68.20	10.35
	11000.040	H	Y	PK	43.30	19.61	N/A	-9.54	53.37	74.00	20.63
	11000.040	H	Y	AV	34.61	19.61	2.45	-9.54	47.13	54.00	6.87
116 (5580MHz)	11159.870	H	Y	PK	42.94	20.07	N/A	-9.54	53.47	74.00	20.53
	11160.100	H	Y	AV	34.18	20.07	2.45	-9.54	47.16	54.00	6.84
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
140 (5700MHz)	5728.230	H	Y	PK	44.30	9.98	N/A	N/A	54.28	68.20	13.92
	11400.540	H	Y	PK	42.75	20.77	N/A	-9.54	53.98	74.00	20.02
	11400.120	H	Y	AV	34.02	20.77	2.45	-9.54	47.70	54.00	6.30

Radiated Spurious Emissions data(9kHz ~ 40GHz) : 802.11a & Band IV

Tested Channel	Frequency (MHz)	ANT Pol	EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	DCCF (dB)	DCF (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
149 (5745MHz)	11490.050	H	Y	PK	42.02	21.03	N/A	-9.54	53.51	74.00	20.49
	11489.980	H	Y	AV	34.50	21.03	2.45	-9.54	48.44	54.00	5.56
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
157 (5785MHz)	11569.720	H	Y	PK	41.89	21.27	N/A	-9.54	53.62	74.00	20.38
	11570.190	H	Y	AV	34.27	21.27	2.45	-9.54	48.45	54.00	5.55
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
165 (5825MHz)	11650.320	H	Y	PK	41.49	21.51	N/A	-9.54	53.46	74.00	20.54
	11650.090	H	Y	AV	33.71	21.51	2.45	-9.54	48.13	54.00	5.87
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Note.

1. No other spurious and harmonic emissions were found greater than listed emissions on above table.

2. Sample Calculation.

$$\text{Margin} = \text{Limit} - \text{Result} / \text{Result} = \text{Reading} + \text{T.F} + \text{DCCF} + \text{DCF} / \text{T.F} = \text{AF} + \text{CL} - \text{AG}$$

Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain,

DCCF = Duty Cycle Correction Factor, DCF = Distance Correction Factor

3. Measurement Distance = 3 m for below 10 GHz, Measurement Distance = 1 m for above 10 GHz.

Therefore Distance Correction Factor(DCF) : - 9.54 dB = $20 \log(1m/3m)$

4. The limit is converted to field strength.

$$E[\text{dBuV}/\text{m}] = \text{EIRP}[\text{dBm}] + 95.2 \text{ dB} = -27 \text{ dBm} + 95.2 = 68.2 \text{ dBuV}/\text{m}$$

5. If peak measurement satisfy the average limit, then average measurement are not required.

■ **Measurement Data:**

Radiated Spurious Emissions data(9kHz ~ 40GHz) : 802.11n(HT20) & Band I

Tested Channel	Frequency (MHz)	ANT Pol	EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	DCCF (dB)	DCF (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
36 (5180MHz)	5149.870	H	Y	PK	48.47	8.45	N/A	N/A	56.92	74.00	17.08
	5149.450	H	Y	AV	34.66	8.45	2.52	N/A	45.63	54.00	8.37
	10359.860	H	Y	PK	43.50	18.14	N/A	-9.54	52.10	68.20	16.10
40 (5200MHz)	10403.520	H	Z	PK	43.29	18.25	N/A	-9.54	52.00	68.20	16.20
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
48 (5240MHz)	10482.490	H	Z	PK	42.88	18.46	N/A	-9.54	51.80	68.20	16.40
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Radiated Spurious Emissions data(9kHz ~ 40GHz) : 802.11n(HT20) & Band II

Tested Channel	Frequency (MHz)	ANT Pol	EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	DCCF (dB)	DCF (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
52 (5260MHz)	10520.240	H	Y	PK	42.85	18.55	N/A	-9.54	51.86	68.20	16.34
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
60 (5300MHz)	10598.840	H	Y	PK	42.62	18.73	N/A	-9.54	51.81	74.00	22.19
	10601.120	H	Y	AV	34.79	18.73	2.52	-9.54	46.50	54.00	7.50
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
64 (5320MHz)	5352.380	H	Y	PK	47.91	8.81	N/A	N/A	56.72	74.00	17.28
	5351.920	H	Y	AV	33.69	8.81	2.52	N/A	45.02	54.00	8.98
	10642.250	H	Y	PK	42.00	18.82	N/A	-9.54	51.28	74.00	22.72
	10640.210	H	Y	AV	34.00	18.82	2.52	-9.54	45.80	54.00	8.20

Note.

- No other spurious and harmonic emissions were found greater than listed emissions on above table.
- Sample Calculation.
Margin = Limit – Result / Result = Reading + T.F + DCCF + DCF / T.F = AF + CL – AG
Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain,
DCCF = Duty Cycle Correction Factor, DCF = Distance Correction Factor
- Measurement Distance = 3 m for below 10 GHz, Measurement Distance = 1 m for above 10 GHz.
Therefore Distance Correction Factor(DCF) : - 9.54 dB = $20 \log(1m/3m)$
- The limit is converted to field strength.
 $E[\text{dBuV}/\text{m}] = \text{EIRP}[\text{dBm}] + 95.2 \text{ dB} = -27 \text{ dBm} + 95.2 = 68.2 \text{ dBuV}/\text{m}$
- If peak measurement satisfy the average limit, then average measurement are not required.

■ **Measurement Data:**

Radiated Spurious Emissions data(9kHz ~ 40GHz) : 802.11n(HT20) & Band III

Tested Channel	Frequency (MHz)	ANT Pol	EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	DCCF (dB)	DCF (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
100 (5500MHz)	5459.960	H	Y	PK	44.75	9.05	N/A	N/A	53.80	74.00	20.20
	5458.690	H	Y	AV	35.35	9.05	2.52	N/A	46.92	54.00	7.08
	5469.490	H	Y	PK	51.32	9.09	N/A	N/A	60.41	68.20	7.79
	11000.650	H	Y	PK	43.31	19.61	N/A	-9.54	53.38	74.00	20.62
	10999.890	H	Y	AV	34.58	19.61	2.52	-9.54	47.17	54.00	6.83
116 (5580MHz)	11159.910	H	Y	PK	42.87	20.07	N/A	-9.54	53.40	74.00	20.60
	11160.020	H	Y	AV	34.27	20.07	2.52	-9.54	47.32	54.00	6.68
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
140 (5700MHz)	5733.830	H	Y	PK	44.00	9.98	N/A	N/A	53.98	68.20	14.22
	11400.360	H	Y	PK	42.42	20.77	N/A	-9.54	53.65	74.00	20.35
	11400.120	H	Y	AV	34.12	20.77	2.52	-9.54	47.87	54.00	6.13

Radiated Spurious Emissions data(9kHz ~ 40GHz) : 802.11n(HT20) & Band IV

Tested Channel	Frequency (MHz)	ANT Pol	EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	DCCF (dB)	DCF (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
149 (5745MHz)	11490.080	H	Y	PK	42.05	21.03	N/A	-9.54	53.54	74.00	20.46
	11489.940	H	Y	AV	34.51	21.03	2.52	-9.54	48.52	54.00	5.48
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
157 (5785MHz)	11569.780	H	Y	PK	41.82	21.27	N/A	-9.54	53.55	74.00	20.45
	11570.150	H	Y	AV	34.25	21.27	2.52	-9.54	48.50	54.00	5.50
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
165 (5825MHz)	11650.300	H	Y	PK	41.30	21.51	N/A	-9.54	53.27	74.00	20.73
	11649.900	H	Y	AV	33.63	21.51	2.52	-9.54	48.12	54.00	5.88
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Note.

- No other spurious and harmonic emissions were found greater than listed emissions on above table.
- Sample Calculation.
Margin = Limit - Result / Result = Reading + T.F + DCCF + DCF / T.F = AF + CL - AG
Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain,
DCCF = Duty Cycle Correction Factor, DCF = Distance Correction Factor
- Measurement Distance = 3 m for below 10 GHz, Measurement Distance = 1 m for above 10 GHz.
Therefore Distance Correction Factor(DCF) : - 9.54 dB = $20 \log(1m/3m)$
- The limit is converted to field strength.
 $E[\text{dBuV}/\text{m}] = \text{EIRP}[\text{dBm}] + 95.2 \text{ dB} = -27 \text{ dBm} + 95.2 = 68.2 \text{ dBuV}/\text{m}$
- If peak measurement satisfy the average limit, then average measurement are not required.

8.7 AC Conducted Emissions

■ TEST PROCEDURE:

The conducted emissions are measured in the shielded room with a spectrum analyzer in peak hold. Emissions closest to the limit are measured in the quasi-peak mode (QP) and average mode (AV) with the tuned receiver using a bandwidth of 9 kHz. The emissions are maximized further by cable manipulation and Exerciser operation. The highest emissions relative to the limit are listed.

■ Measurement Data: Comply

Note 1: See next pages for actual measured spectrum plots and data.

■ Minimum Standard: FCC Part 15.207(a)/EN 55022

Frequency Range (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBuV)	
	Quasi-Peak	Average
0.15 ~ 0.5	66 to 56 *	56 to 46 *
0.5 ~ 5	56	46
5 ~ 30	60	50

* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency

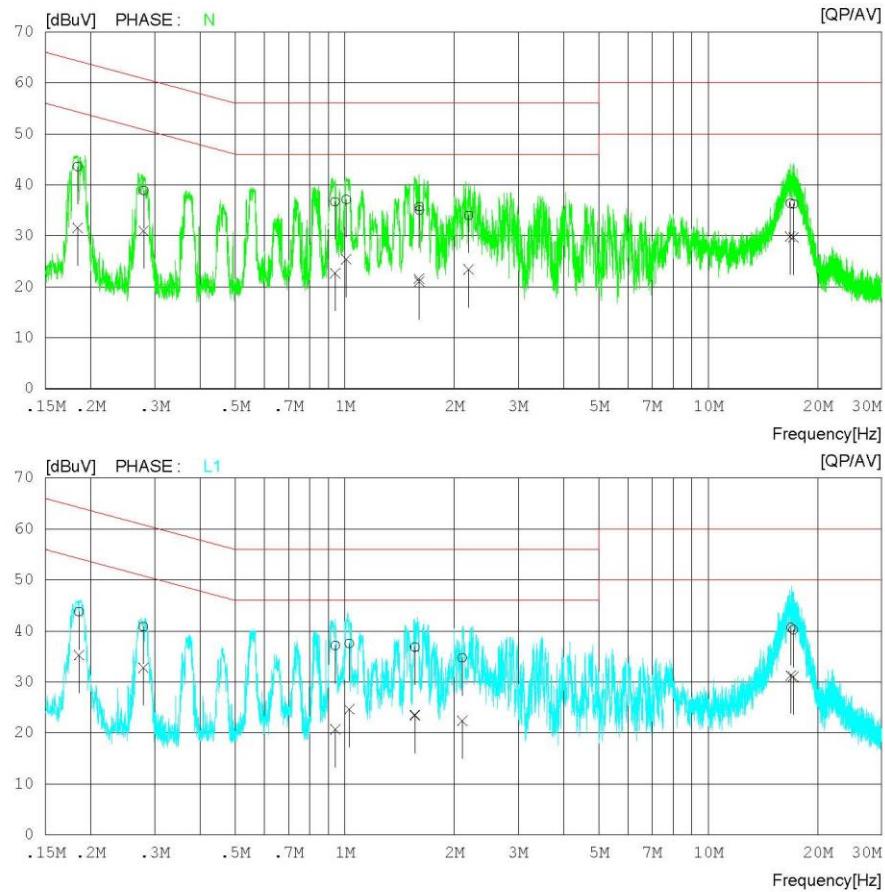
AC Line Conducted Emissions (Graph)

Test Mode: Band I &802.11a HT20

Results of Conducted Emission

Date : 2014-10-07

Model No.	:	PM450	Reference No.	:
Type	:		Power Supply	: 120 V 60 Hz
Serial No.	:		Temp/Humi.	: 24°C 45% R.H.
Test Condition	:	11a/5200	Operator	: H.P Lee
Memo	:	FINAL		

LIMIT : FCC P15.207 QP
FCC P15.207 AV

AC Line Conducted Emissions (Data List)

Test Mode: Band I &802.11a HT20

Results of Conducted Emission

Date : 2014-10-07

Model No.	:	PM450	Reference No.	:
Type	:	Power Supply	120 V	60 Hz
Serial No.	:	Temp/Humi.	24°C	45% R.H.
Test Condition	:	Operator	H.P Lee	

Memo : FINAL

LIMIT : CISPR22_B QP
CISPR22_B AV

NO	FREQ [MHz]	READING		C.FACTOR [dB]	RESULT		LIMIT		MARGIN QP [dBuV]	PHASE AV [dBuV]
		QP [dBuV]	AV [dBuV]		QP [dBuV]	AV [dBuV]	QP [dBuV]	AV [dBuV]		
1	0.18381	33.7	21.6	9.9	43.6	31.5	64.3	54.3	20.7	22.8 N
2	0.27949	29.0	21.1	9.9	38.9	31.0	60.8	50.8	21.9	19.8 N
3	0.93919	26.8	12.8	9.9	36.7	22.7	56.0	46.0	19.3	23.3 N
4	1.00880	27.2	15.5	9.9	37.1	25.4	56.0	46.0	18.9	20.6 N
5	1.60380	25.0	11.0	10.0	35.0	21.0	56.0	46.0	21.0	25.0 N
6	1.60000	25.7	11.6	10.0	35.7	21.6	56.0	46.0	20.3	24.4 N
7	2.19120	24.0	13.4	10.0	34.0	23.4	56.0	46.0	22.0	22.6 N
8	16.82840	26.1	19.6	10.3	36.4	29.9	60.0	50.0	23.6	20.1 N
9	17.15440	25.9	19.4	10.3	36.2	29.7	60.0	50.0	23.8	20.3 N
10	0.18533	33.9	25.4	9.9	43.8	35.3	64.2	54.2	20.4	18.9 L1
11	0.27897	31.0	22.9	9.9	40.9	32.8	60.8	50.8	19.9	18.0 L1
12	0.94205	27.3	10.8	9.9	37.2	20.7	56.0	46.0	18.8	25.3 L1
13	1.02840	27.7	14.8	9.9	37.6	24.7	56.0	46.0	18.4	21.3 L1
14	1.55980	26.8	13.5	10.0	36.8	23.5	56.0	46.0	19.2	22.5 L1
15	1.55760	26.9	13.5	10.0	36.9	23.5	56.0	46.0	19.1	22.5 L1
16	2.10400	24.8	12.4	10.0	34.8	22.4	56.0	46.0	21.2	23.6 L1
17	16.89160	30.4	21.0	10.3	40.7	31.3	60.0	50.0	19.3	18.7 L1
18	17.13840	29.9	20.7	10.3	40.2	31.0	60.0	50.0	19.8	19.0 L1

AC Line Conducted Emissions (Graph)

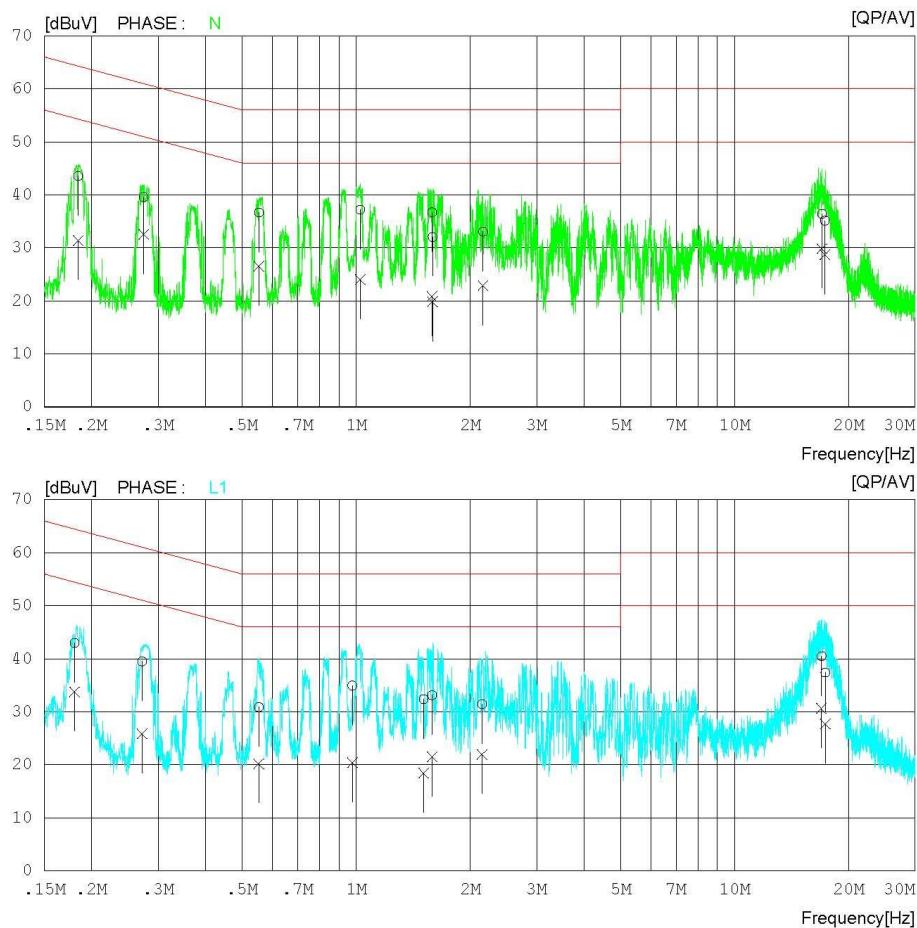
Test Mode: Band II &802.11a HT20

Results of Conducted Emission

Date : 2014-10-07

Model No.	:	PM450	Reference No.	:
Type	:		Power Supply	: 120 V 60 Hz
Serial No.	:		Temp/Humi.	: 24 'C 45 % R.H.
Test Condition	:	11a/5300	Operator	: H.P LEE
Memo	:	FINAL		

LIMIT : FCC P15.207 QP
FCC P15.207 AV



AC Line Conducted Emissions (Data List)

Test Mode: Band II &802.11a HT20

Results of Conducted Emission

Date : 2014-10-07

Model No. : PM450 Reference No. :
Type : Power Supply : 120 V 60 Hz
Serial No. : Temp/Humi. : 24°C 45 % R.H.
Test Condition : 11a/5300 Operator : H.P LEE

Memo : FINAL

LIMIT : CISPR22_B QP
CISPR22_B AV

NO	FREQ [MHz]	READING [dBuV]	C.FACTOR [dB]	RESULT [dBuV]		LIMIT [dBuV]		MARGIN [dBuV]		PHASE
				QP	AV	QP	AV	QP	AV	
1	0.18433	33.6	21.5	9.9	43.5	31.4	64.3	54.3	20.8	22.9 N
2	0.27435	29.7	22.7	9.9	39.6	32.6	61.0	51.0	21.4	18.4 N
3	0.55352	26.7	16.6	9.9	36.6	26.5	56.0	46.0	19.4	19.5 N
4	1.02440	27.3	14.1	9.9	37.2	24.0	56.0	46.0	18.8	22.0 N
5	1.59180	22.1	9.8	10.0	32.1	19.8	56.0	46.0	23.9	26.2 N
6	1.56800	26.7	10.9	10.0	36.7	20.9	56.0	46.0	19.3	25.1 N
7	2.16480	23.0	12.9	10.0	33.0	22.9	56.0	46.0	23.0	23.1 N
8	17.02760	26.1	19.5	10.3	36.4	29.8	60.0	50.0	23.6	20.2 N
9	17.33640	24.8	18.4	10.3	35.1	28.7	60.0	50.0	24.9	21.3 N
10	0.18014	33.1	23.9	9.9	43.0	33.8	64.5	54.5	21.5	20.7 L1
11	0.27162	29.6	15.9	9.9	39.5	25.8	61.1	51.1	21.6	25.3 L1
12	0.55288	21.0	10.3	9.9	30.9	20.2	56.0	46.0	25.1	25.8 L1
13	0.97680	25.0	10.5	9.9	34.9	20.4	56.0	46.0	21.1	25.6 L1
14	1.50740	22.4	8.5	10.0	32.4	18.5	56.0	46.0	23.6	27.5 L1
15	1.58760	23.1	11.5	10.0	33.1	21.5	56.0	46.0	22.9	24.5 L1
16	2.15120	21.5	11.9	10.0	31.5	21.9	56.0	46.0	24.5	24.1 L1
17	16.97400	30.2	20.3	10.3	40.5	30.6	60.0	50.0	19.5	19.4 L1
18	17.37040	27.1	17.4	10.3	37.4	27.7	60.0	50.0	22.6	22.3 L1

AC Line Conducted Emissions (Graph)

Test Mode: Band III &802.11a HT20

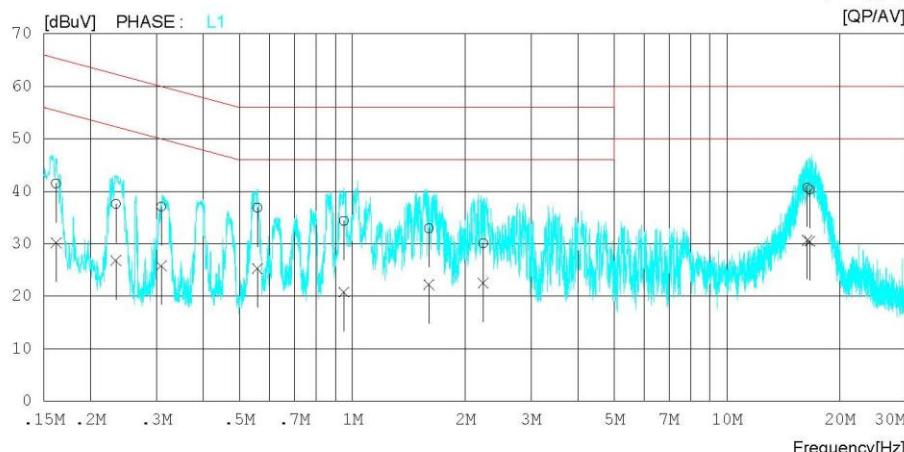
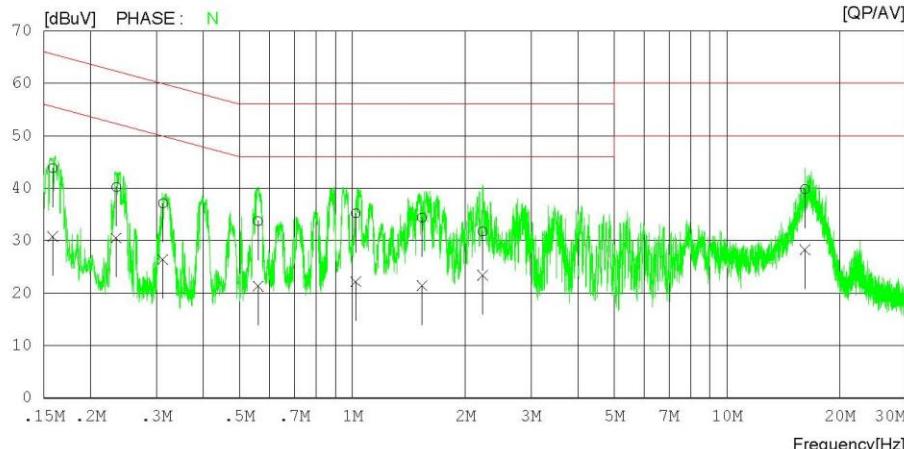
Results of Conducted Emission

Date : 2014-10-07

Model No. : PM450
Type :
Serial No.
Test Condition : 11a/5580

Reference No.
Power Supply : 1200 V 60 Hz
Temp/Humi. : 24 °C 45 % R.H.
Operator : H.P LEE

Memo : FINAL

LIMIT : FCC P15.207 QP
FCC P15.207 AV**AC Line Conducted Emissions (Data List)**

Test Mode: Band III &802.11a HT20

Results of Conducted Emission

Date : 2014-10-07

Model No.	:	PM450	Reference No.	:	
Type	:		Power Supply	:	1200 V 60 Hz
Serial No.	:		Temp/Hum.	:	24°C 45% R.H.
Test Condition	:	11a/5580	Operator	:	H.P LEE

Memo : FINAL

LIMIT : FCC P15.207 QP
FCC P15.207 AV

NO	FREQ [MHz]	READING		C.FACTOR	RESULT		LIMIT		MARGIN		PHASE
		QP [dBuV]	AV [dBuV]		QP [dBuV]	AV [dBuV]	QP [dBuV]	AV [dBuV]	QP [dBuV]	AV [dBuV]	
1	0.15850	33.9	20.9	9.9	43.8	30.8	65.5	55.5	21.7	24.7	N
2	0.23426	30.3	20.6	9.9	40.2	30.5	62.3	52.3	22.1	21.8	N
3	0.31210	27.2	16.5	9.9	37.1	26.4	59.9	49.9	22.8	23.5	N
4	0.55945	23.8	11.4	9.9	33.7	21.3	56.0	46.0	22.3	24.7	N
5	1.02120	25.3	12.3	9.9	35.2	22.2	56.0	46.0	20.8	23.8	N
6	1.53460	24.4	11.4	10.0	34.4	21.4	56.0	46.0	21.6	24.6	N
7	2.22680	21.7	13.4	10.0	31.7	23.4	56.0	46.0	24.3	22.6	N
8	16.16120	29.5	18.0	10.3	39.8	28.3	60.0	50.0	20.2	21.7	N
9	0.16158	31.6	20.3	9.9	41.5	30.2	65.4	55.4	23.9	25.2	L1
10	0.23351	27.7	16.9	9.9	37.6	26.8	62.3	52.3	24.7	25.5	L1
11	0.30850	27.2	15.9	9.9	37.1	25.8	60.0	50.0	22.9	24.2	L1
12	0.55718	27.0	15.4	9.9	36.9	25.3	56.0	46.0	19.1	20.7	L1
13	0.94900	24.5	10.9	9.9	34.4	20.8	56.0	46.0	21.6	25.2	L1
14	1.60040	23.0	12.2	10.0	33.0	22.2	56.0	46.0	23.0	23.8	L1
15	2.23680	20.1	12.5	10.0	30.1	22.5	56.0	46.0	25.9	23.5	L1
16	16.41060	30.4	20.4	10.3	40.7	30.7	60.0	50.0	19.3	19.3	L1
17	16.64120	30.1	20.2	10.3	40.4	30.5	60.0	50.0	19.6	19.5	L1

AC Line Conducted Emissions (Graph)

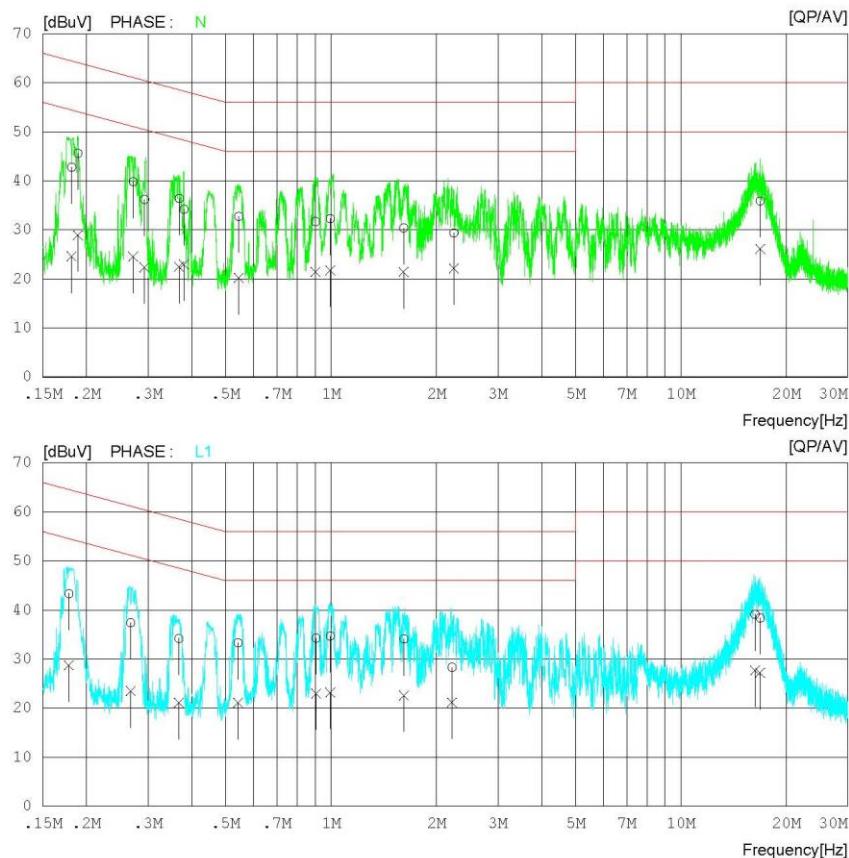
Test Mode: Band IV &802.11a HT20

Results of Conducted Emission

Date : 2014-10-07

Model No.	:	PM450	Reference No.	:
Type	:		Power Supply	: 120 V 60 Hz
Serial No.	:		Temp/Humi.	: 24 °C 45 % R.H.
Test Condition	:	11a/5785	Operator	: H.P LEE

Memo : FINAL

LIMIT : FCC P15.207 QP
FCC P15.207 AV

AC Line Conducted Emissions (Data List)

Test Mode: Band IV &802.11a HT20

Results of Conducted Emission

Date : 2014-10-07

Model No.	:	PM450	Reference No.	:	
Type	:		Power Supply	:	120 V 60 Hz
Serial No.	:		Temp/Humi.	:	24 'C 45 % R.H.
Test Condition	:	11a/5785	Operator	:	H.P LEE
Memo	:	FINAL			

LIMIT : FCC P15.207 QP
FCC P15.207 AV

NO	FREQ [MHz]	READING		C.FACTOR	RESULT		LIMIT		MARGIN QP [dBuV]	PHASE AV [dBuV]
		QP [dBuV]	AV [dBuV]		QP [dB]	AV [dBuV]	QP [dBuV]	AV [dBuV]		
1	0.18120	32.9	14.7	9.9	42.8	24.6	64.4	54.4	21.6	29.8 N
2	0.18875	35.7	19.0	9.9	45.6	28.9	64.1	54.1	18.5	25.2 N
3	0.27180	29.9	14.7	9.9	39.8	24.6	61.1	51.1	21.3	26.5 N
4	0.29279	26.3	12.5	9.9	36.2	22.4	60.4	50.4	24.2	28.0 N
5	0.36799	26.5	12.6	9.9	36.4	22.5	58.5	48.5	22.1	26.0 N
6	0.37952	24.3	13.1	9.9	34.2	23.0	58.3	48.3	24.1	25.3 N
7	0.54428	22.8	10.3	9.9	32.7	20.2	56.0	46.0	23.3	25.8 N
8	0.90214	21.8	11.5	9.9	31.7	21.4	56.0	46.0	24.3	24.6 N
9	0.99447	22.4	11.8	9.9	32.3	21.7	56.0	46.0	23.7	24.3 N
10	1.61200	20.4	11.4	10.0	30.4	21.4	56.0	46.0	25.6	24.6 N
11	2.24280	19.4	12.1	10.0	29.4	22.1	56.0	46.0	26.6	23.9 N
12	16.86020	25.6	15.8	10.3	35.9	26.1	60.0	50.0	24.1	23.9 N
13	0.17807	33.4	18.9	9.9	43.3	28.8	64.6	54.6	21.3	25.8 L1
14	0.26750	27.5	13.6	9.9	37.4	23.5	61.2	51.2	23.8	27.7 L1
15	0.36735	24.3	11.2	9.9	34.2	21.1	58.6	48.6	24.4	27.5 L1
16	0.54230	23.4	11.2	9.9	33.3	21.1	56.0	46.0	22.7	24.9 L1
17	0.90627	24.4	13.1	9.9	34.3	23.0	56.0	46.0	21.7	23.0 L1
18	0.99459	24.8	13.3	9.9	34.7	23.2	56.0	46.0	21.3	22.8 L1
19	1.61600	24.1	12.6	10.0	34.1	22.6	56.0	46.0	21.9	23.4 L1
20	2.21720	18.3	11.1	10.0	28.3	21.1	56.0	46.0	27.7	24.9 L1
21	16.28180	28.8	17.4	10.3	39.1	27.7	60.0	50.0	20.9	22.3 L1
22	16.85000	28.1	16.9	10.3	38.4	27.2	60.0	50.0	21.6	22.8 L1

8.8 Occupied Bandwidth

Test Requirements

When an occupied bandwidth value is not specified in the applicable RSS, the transmitted signal bandwidth to be reported is to be its 99% emission bandwidth, as calculated or measured

Test Configuration

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

Test Procedure :

The resolution bandwidth shall be set to as close to 1% of the selected span as is possible without being below 1%. The video bandwidth shall be set to 3 times the resolution bandwidth. Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sampling detector shall be used given that a peak or peak hold may produce a wider bandwidth than actual

Test Result : NA

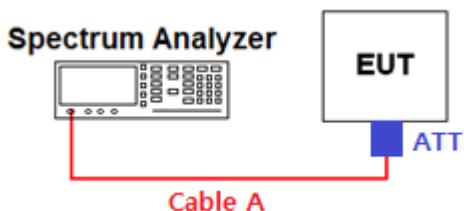
9. LIST OF TEST EQUIPMENT

Type	Manufacturer	Model	Cal.Date (yy/mm/dd)	Next.Cal.Date (yy/mm/dd)	S/N
MXA Signal Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	14/03/28	15/03/28	MY50510026
Digital Multimeter	H.P	34401A	14/02/27	15/02/27	3146A13475
Dynamic Measurement DC Source	Agilent	66332A	14/09/11	15/09/11	US37473627
Thermohygrometer	BODYCOM	BJ5478	14/03/03	15/03/03	1209
Vector Signal Generator	Rohde Schwarz	SMJ100A	14/01/07	15/01/07	100148
Signal Generator	Rohde Schwarz	SMF100A	14/07/01	15/07/01	102341
Attenuator(3dB)	SMAJK	SMAJK-2-3	13/10/22	14/10/22	3
High-pass filter	Wainwright	WHNX8.5	14/09/11	15/09/11	1
High-pass filter	Wainwright	WHKX3.0	14/09/11	15/09/11	9
LOOP Antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB1513	14/04/29	16/04/29	1513-128
BILOG ANTENNA	SCHAFFNER	CBL6112B	12/11/06	14/11/06	2737
Horn Antenna	ETS-LINDGREN	3117	14/05/12	16/05/12	00140394
HORN ANT	A.H.Systems	SAS-574	13/03/20	15/03/20	154
Amplifier (22dB)	H.P	8447E	14/01/07	15/01/07	2945A02865
Amplifier (30dB)	Agilent	8449B	14/02/27	15/02/27	3008A00370
EMI TEST RECEIVER	R&S	ESU	14/01/07	15/01/07	100014
EMI TEST RECEIVER	R&S	ESCI	14/02/27	15/02/27	100910
CVCF	NF	4420	14/05/26	15/05/26	3049354420023
LISN	R&S	ESH2-Z5	14/09/11	15/09/11	828739/006
PULSE LIMITER	R&S	ESH3-Z2	14/01/08	15/01/08	101334
Power Meter & Wide Bandwidth Sensor	Anritsu	ML2496A/MA2411B	13/10/29	14/10/29	1338004 / 1306053

APPENDIX I

Conducted Test set up Diagram

- Conducted Measurement



APPENDIX II

Duty Cycle Information

TEST PROCEDURE

Duty Cycle [X = On Time / (On + Off time)] is measured using Measurement Procedure of KDB789033 D02 V01

- Set the center frequency of the spectrum analyzer to the center frequency of the transmission.
- Set RBW \geq EBW if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value.
- Set VBW \geq RBW.
- Set detector = peak.
- Note : The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both **RBW and VBW are $> 50/T$** , where T is defined in section II.B.1.a), and **the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100**. (For example, if VBW and/or RBW are limited to 3 MHz, then the zero-span method of measuring duty cycle shall not be used if $T \leq 16.7$ microseconds.)

T : The minimum transmission duration over which the transmitter is on and is transmitting at its maximum power control level for the tested mode of operation.

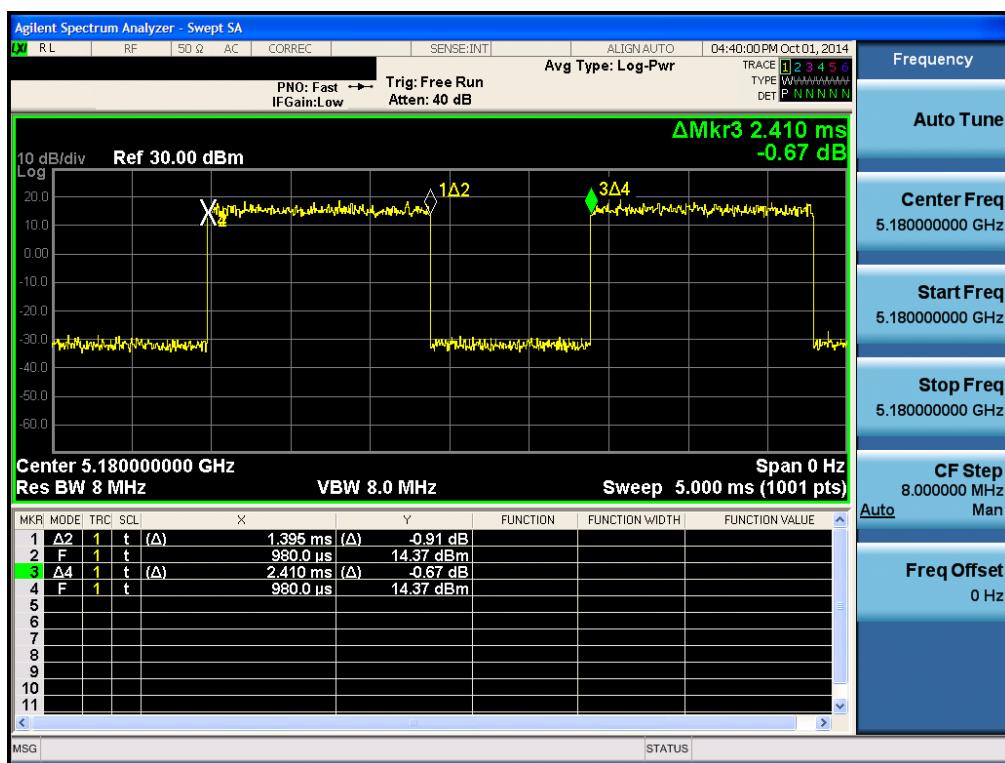
(T = On time of the above table since the EUT operates with above fixed Duty Cycle and it is the minimum On time)

TEST DATA

Mode	Channel	Tested Frequency [MHz]	Maximum Achievable Duty Cycle (x) = On / (On+Off)			Duty Cycle Correction Factor [dB]	$1/T$ [Hz]
			On Time [ms]	On+OffTime [ms]	x		
802.11a	40	5200	1.395	2.410	0.57	2.45	716.85
802.11n (HT20)	40	5200	1.305	2.320	0.56	2.52	766.29
802.11n (HT40)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Duty Cycle

Test Mode: 802.11a & Ch.40

**Duty Cycle**

Test Mode: 802.11n HT20 & Ch.40

