



FCC SAR Test Report

APPLICANT : PAX Technology Limited
EQUIPMENT : Wireless Data Terminal
BRAND NAME : PAX
MODEL NAME : X3s
FCC ID : V5PX3S
STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
IEEE 1528-2013

The product was received on Jun. 24, 2019 and testing was started from Nov. 26, 2019 and completed on Dec. 02, 2019. We, Sporton International (Shenzhen) Inc., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures and has been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this variant report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of Sporton International (Shenzhen) Inc., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

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Revision History



1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **PAX Technology Limited, Wireless Data Terminal, X3s**, are as follows.

Highest 10g SAR Summary					
Equipment Class	Frequency Band	Highest SAR Summary		Highest Simultaneous Transmission 10g SAR (W/kg)	
		Body (Separation 0mm)			
		10g SAR (W/kg)			
Licensed	WCDMA	Band V	0.15	1.55	
		Band IV	1.26		
		Band II	0.94		
	LTE	Band 12/17	0.28		
		Band 13	0.22		
		Band 5	0.12		
		Band 4	1.17		
		Band 2	0.88		
DTS	WLAN	2.4GHz WLAN	0.30	1.46	
NII		5GHz WLAN	0.83	1.55	
DSS	Bluetooth	Bluetooth	<0.10	1.28	
Date of Testing:		2019/11/26 ~ 2019/12/02			

Remark :

This device supports both LTE B12 and B17. Since the supported frequency span for LTE B17 falls completely within the supports frequency span for LTE B12, both LTE bands have the same target power, and both LTE bands share the same transmission path; therefore, SAR was only assessed for LTE B12.

Declaration of Conformity:

The test results with all measurement uncertainty excluded are presented in accordance with the regulation limits or requirements declared by manufacturers.

Comments and Explanations:

The declared of product specification for EUT presented in the report are provided by the manufacturer, and the manufacturer takes all the responsibilities for the accuracy of product specification.

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (4.0 W/kg for Extremity SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications.



2. Administration Data

Sportun International (Shenzhen) Inc. is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2017 by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation with Certificate Number 5145.01.

Testing Laboratory		
Test Firm	Sportun International (Shenzhen) Inc.	
Test Site Location	1/F, 2/F, Bldg 5, Shiling Industrial Zone, Xinwei Village, Xili, Nanshan, Shenzhen, 518055 People's Republic of China TEL: +86-755-86379589 FAX: +86-755-86379595	
Test Site No.	FCC Designation No.	FCC Test Firm Registration No.
	CN1256	421272

Applicant	
Company Name	PAX Technology Limited
Address	Room 2416, 24/F., Sun Hung Kai Centre, 30 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong

Manufacturer	
Company Name	PAX Computer Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.
Address	4/F, No.3 Building, Software Park, Second Central Science-Tech Road, High-Tech industrial Park, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R.C.

3. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05



4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

4.1 General Information

Product Feature & Specification	
Equipment Name	Wireless Data Terminal
Brand Name	PAX
Model Name	X3s
FCC ID	V5PX3S
IMEI Code	SIM1: 357225100028770 SIM2: 357225100028788
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1712.4 MHz ~ 1752.6 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850.7 MHz ~ 1909.3 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1754.3 MHz LTE Band 5: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz LTE Band 12: 699.7 MHz ~ 715.3 MHz LTE Band 13: 779.5 MHz ~ 784.5 MHz LTE Band 17: 706.5 MHz ~ 713.5 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5260 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5720MHz WLAN 5.8GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz NFC : 13.56 MHz
Mode	RMC 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA DC-HSDPA HSPA+(16QAM uplink is not supported) LTE: QPSK, 16QAM WLAN 2.4GHz : 802.11b/g/n HT20/ HT40 WLAN 5GHz 802.11a/n HT20/HT40 WLAN 5GHz 802.11ac VHT20/VHT40/VHT80 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE NFC:ASK
HW Version	NA
SW Version	NA
EUT Stage	Production Unit
Remark:	<ol style="list-style-type: none">This device does not support voice function.For dual SIM card mobile has two SIM slots and supports dual SIM dual standby. The WWAN radio transmission will be enabled by either one SIM at a time (single active). After pre-scan two SIM cards power, we found test result of the SIM1 was the worse, so we chose SIM1 slot to perform all tests.



4.2 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

Summarized necessary items addressed in KDB 941225 D05 v02r05													
FCC ID	V5PX3S												
Equipment Name	Wireless Data Terminal												
Operating Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band	LTE Band 2: 1850.7 MHz ~ 1909.3 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1754.3 MHz LTE Band 5: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz LTE Band 12: 699.7 MHz ~ 715.3 MHz LTE Band 13: 779.5 MHz ~ 784.5 MHz LTE Band 17: 706.5 MHz ~ 713.5 MHz												
Channel Bandwidth	LTE Band 2: 1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 4: 1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 5: 1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 12: 1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 13: 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 17: 5MHz, 10MHz												
Uplink Modulations Used	QPSK / 16QAM												
LTE Voice / Data requirements	Data only												
LTE Release Version	R8, Cat4												
CA Support	Not Supported												
Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 1, 2 and 3													
LTE MPR permanently built-in by design	Modulation	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (NRB)						MPR (dB)					
		1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz						
	QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1					
	16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1					
	16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2					
	64 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 2					
	64 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 3					
LTE A-MPR	256 QAM	≥ 1						≤ 5					
	In the base station simulator configuration, Network Setting value is set to NS_01 to disable A-MPR during SAR testing and the LTE SAR tests was transmitting on all TTI frames (Maximum TTI)												
Spectrum plots for RB configuration	A properly configured base station simulator was used for the SAR and power measurement; therefore, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration are not included in the SAR report.												



Transmission (H, M, L) channel numbers and frequencies in each LTE band																	
LTE Band 2																	
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz						
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)					
L	18607	1850.7	18615	1851.5	18625	1852.5	18650	1855	18675	1857.5	18700	1860					
M	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880					
H	19193	1909.3	19185	1908.5	19175	1907.5	19150	1905	19125	1902.5	19100	1900					
LTE Band 4																	
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz						
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)					
L	19957	1710.7	19965	1711.5	19975	1712.5	20000	1715	20025	1717.5	20050	1720					
M	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5					
H	20393	1754.3	20385	1753.5	20375	1752.5	20350	1750	20325	1747.5	20300	1745					
LTE Band 5																	
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz						
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)					
L	20407	824.7	20415	825.5	20425	826.5	20450	829									
M	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5							
H	20643	848.3	20635	847.5	20625	846.5	20600	844									
LTE Band 12																	
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz						
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)					
L	23017	699.7	23025	700.5	23035	701.5	23060	704									
M	23095	707.5	23095	707.5	23095	707.5	23095	707.5									
H	23173	715.3	23165	714.5	23155	713.5	23130	711									
LTE Band 13																	
	Bandwidth 5 MHz					Bandwidth 10 MHz											
	Channel #		Freq.(MHz)			Channel #		Freq.(MHz)									
L	23205		779.5			23230		782									
M	23230		782														
H	23255		784.5														
LTE Band 17																	
	Bandwidth 5 MHz					Bandwidth 10 MHz											
	Channel #		Freq.(MHz)			Channel #		Freq. (MHz)									
L	23755		706.5			23780		709									
M	23790		710			23790		710									
H	23825		713.5			23800		711									



5. RF Exposure Limits

5.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

5.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.



6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

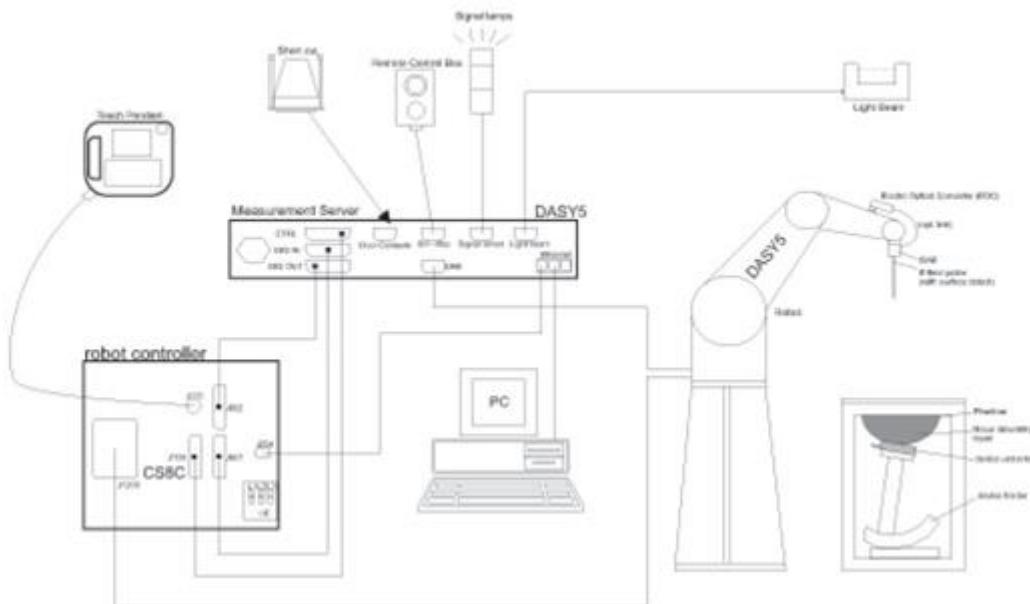
$$\text{SAR} = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.



7. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.



7.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG).The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

<EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz – >6 GHz Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz)	
Directivity	±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ±0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 µW/g – >100 mW/g Linearity: ±0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 µW/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

7.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MΩ; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Fig 5.1 Photo of DAE



7.3 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.



7.4 Device Holder

<Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.



Mounting Device for Hand-Held
Transmitters



Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

<Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops



8. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

- (a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g



8.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

8.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	$\leq 3 \text{ GHz}$	$> 3 \text{ GHz}$
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	$5 \pm 1 \text{ mm}$	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
	$\leq 2 \text{ GHz}: \leq 15 \text{ mm}$ $2 - 3 \text{ GHz}: \leq 12 \text{ mm}$	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \leq 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \leq 10 \text{ mm}$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Area}}, \Delta y_{\text{Area}}$	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be \leq the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	



8.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

		≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}		≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm $2 - 3$ GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	$3 - 4$ GHz: ≤ 5 mm* $4 - 6$ GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$ graded grid	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: ≤ 4 mm $4 - 5$ GHz: ≤ 3 mm $5 - 6$ GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z	≥ 30 mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: ≥ 28 mm $4 - 5$ GHz: ≥ 25 mm $5 - 6$ GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

* When zoom scan is required and the *reported* SAR from the *area scan based 1-g SAR estimation* procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

8.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used to assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remains in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT installed full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.



9. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	750MHz System Validation Kit	D750V3	1099	Dec. 06, 2018	Dec. 05, 2019
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d162	Dec. 05, 2018	Dec. 04, 2019
SPEAG	1750MHz System Validation Kit	D1750V2	1137	Jul. 30, 2018	Jul. 29, 2021
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d182	Dec. 07, 2018	Dec. 06, 2019
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	924	Apr. 15, 2019	Apr. 14, 2020
SPEAG	5000MHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1167	Aug. 03, 2018	Aug. 02, 2021
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	715	Jan. 23, 2019	Jan. 22, 2020
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3819	Mar. 01, 2019	Feb. 29, 2020
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	SAM V5.0	1795	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	MFP V5.1C Triple Modular Phantom	QD 000 P51 CA	1139/3,1153/2, 1153/3	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Anritsu	Radio communication analyzer	MT8820C	6201300653	Jul. 22, 2019	Jul. 21, 2020
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY50267224	Jul. 22, 2019	Jul. 21, 2020
Agilent	Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46523671	Oct. 17, 2019	Oct. 16, 2020
Speag	Dielectric Assessment KIT	DAK-3.5	1071	Oct. 28, 2019	Oct. 27, 2020
Agilent	Signal Generator	N5181A	MY50145381	Dec. 22, 2018	Dec. 21, 2019
Anritsu	Power Senor	MA2411B	1306099	Jul. 22, 2019	Jul. 21, 2020
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1349001	Jul. 22, 2019	Jul. 21, 2020
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1207253	Dec. 22, 2018	Dec. 21, 2019
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1218010	Dec. 22, 2018	Dec. 21, 2019
R&S	CBT BLUETOOTH TESTER	CBT	100963	Dec. 22, 2018	Dec. 21, 2019
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP7	100818	Jul. 22, 2019	Jul. 21, 2020
LKM electronic	Hygrometer	DTM3000	3241	Jul. 25, 2019	Jul. 24, 2020
Anymetre	Thermo-Hygrometer	JR593	2015102801	Dec. 22, 2018	Dec. 21, 2019
ARRA	Power Divider	A3200-2	N/A	Note	
PASTERNACK	Dual Directional Coupler	PE2214-10	N/A	Note	
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	50422	Note	
MCL	Attenuation1	BW-S10W5	N/A	Note	
Weinschel	Attenuation2	3M-20	N/A	Note	
Zhongjilianhe	Attenuation3	MVE2214-03	N/A	Note	
AR	Amplifier	5S1G4	0333096	Note	
mini-circuits	Amplifier	ZVE-3W-83+	599201528	Note	

Note:

Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.



10. System Verification

10.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 10.1.



Fig 10.1 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR



10.2 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)
For Head								
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2

Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	64~78%
Mineral oil	11~18%
Emulsifiers	9~15%
Additives and Salt	2~3%

< Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results >

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ϵ_r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ϵ_r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
750	Head	22.6	0.886	41.532	0.89	41.90	-0.45	-0.88	±5	2019/11/28
835	Head	22.6	0.915	41.529	0.90	41.50	1.67	0.07	±5	2019/11/29
1750	Head	22.4	1.377	41.359	1.37	40.10	0.51	3.14	±5	2019/11/26
1900	Head	22.5	1.417	40.994	1.40	40.00	1.21	2.49	±5	2019/11/27
2450	Head	22.7	1.820	39.753	1.80	39.20	1.11	1.41	±5	2019/11/30
5250	Head	22.8	4.626	37.038	4.71	35.95	-1.78	3.03	±5	2019/12/1
5600	Head	22.5	5.034	36.508	5.07	35.50	-0.71	2.84	±5	2019/12/1
5750	Head	22.9	5.203	36.253	5.22	35.35	-0.33	2.55	±5	2019/12/2

10.3 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

<10g SAR>

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 10g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 10g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2019/11/28	750	Head	250	1099	3819	715	1.45	5.64	5.8	2.84
2019/11/29	835	Head	250	4d162	3819	715	1.64	6.35	6.56	3.31
2019/11/26	1750	Head	250	1137	3819	715	4.78	19.50	19.12	-1.95
2019/11/27	1900	Head	250	5d182	3819	715	5.05	20.70	20.2	-2.42
2019/11/30	2450	Head	250	924	3819	715	5.97	23.90	23.88	-0.08
2019/12/1	5250	Head	100	1167	3819	715	2.18	22.00	21.8	-0.91
2019/12/1	5600	Head	100	1167	3819	715	2.37	23.20	23.7	2.16
2019/12/2	5750	Head	100	1167	3819	715	2.14	21.60	21.4	-0.93

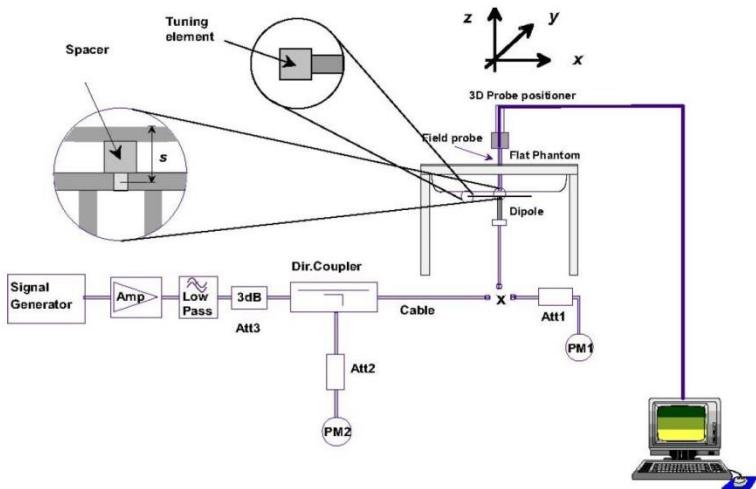


Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup



Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo



11. RF Exposure Positions

11.1 Extremity Position

- (a) To position the device parallel to the phantom surface with all sides of EUT.
- (b) To adjust the device parallel to the flat phantom.
- (c) To adjust the distance between the device surface and the flat phantom to 0 cm.

<EUT Setup Photos>

Please refer to Appendix D for the test setup photos.



12. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

<WCDMA Conducted Power>

1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlined in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01v03r01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
 - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
 - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{hs} (Note 1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note 1: $\Delta_{ACK}, \Delta_{NACK}$ and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, Δ_{ACK} and $\Delta_{NACK} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$, and $\Delta_{CQI} = 24/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 24/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 3: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 11/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Setup Configuration

**HSUPA Setup Configuration:**

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting * :
 - i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
 - ii. Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
 - v. Set UE Target Power
 - vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
 - vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
 - viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} (Note1)	β_{ec}	β_{ed} (Note 4) (Note 5)	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2) (Note 6)	AG Index (Note 5)	E-TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/2 25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed1}: 47/15$ $\beta_{ed2}: 47/15$	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15	0	-	-	5/15	5/15	47/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	12	67

Note 1: For sub-test 1 to 4, Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$. For sub-test 5, Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 5/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 5/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 4: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 5: β_{ed} can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Note 6: For subtests 2, 3 and 4, UE may perform E-DPDCH power scaling at max power which could results in slightly smaller MPR values.

Setup Configuration

**DC-HSDPA 3GPP release 8 Setup Configuration:**

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station referred to the Setup Configuration below
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - ii. Set Cell Power = -25 dBm
 - iii. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 12, QPSK)
 - iv. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - v. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - a). Subtest 1: $\beta_c/\beta_d=2/15$
 - b). Subtest 2: $\beta_c/\beta_d=12/15$
 - c). Subtest 3: $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/8$
 - d). Subtest 4: $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/4$
 - vi. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - vii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - viii. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - ix. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - x. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlined in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

C.8.1.12 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 12

Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12

PARAMETER	UNIT	VALUE
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI's	1
Number of HARQ Processes	Proces ses	6
Information Bit Payload (N_{INF})	Bits	120
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960
Total Available SML's in UE	SML's	19200
Number of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	3200
Coding Rate		0.15
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	1
Modulation		QPSK

Note 1: The RMC is intended to be used for DC-HSDPA mode and both cells shall transmit with identical parameters as listed in the table.

Note 2: Maximum number of transmission is limited to 1, i.e., retransmission is not allowed. The redundancy and constellation version 0 shall be used.

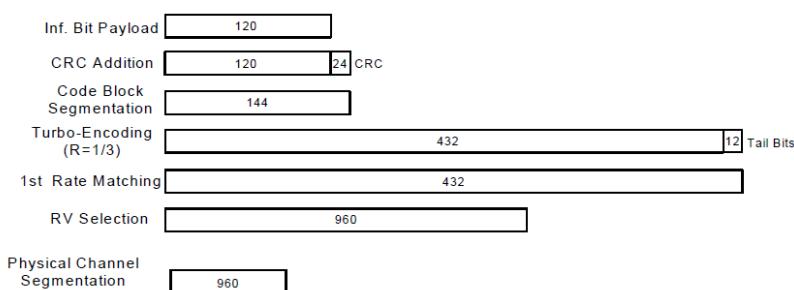


Figure C.8.19: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 12 (QPSK)

Setup Configuration

**<WCDMA Conducted Power>****General Note:**

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSUPA, HSDPA, DC-HSDPA) are less than $\frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA.

Band		WCDMA Band II			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	WCDMA Band IV			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	WCDMA Band V			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
Tx Channel		9262	9400	9538		1312	1413	1513		4132	4182	4233	
Rx Channel		9662	9800	9938		1537	1638	1738		4357	4407	4458	
Frequency (MHz)		1852.4	1880	1907.6		1712.4	1732.6	1752.6		826.4	836.4	846.6	
3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	22.43	22.55	22.32	23.00	22.08	22.14	22.44	23.00	22.93	23.04	22.97	23.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	21.41	21.36	21.25	22.00	20.96	21.01	21.06	22.00	21.93	21.98	21.95	22.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	21.54	21.40	21.11	22.00	21.06	21.16	21.15	22.00	21.99	22.07	22.06	22.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	20.99	20.94	20.94	21.50	20.65	20.72	20.73	21.50	21.55	21.29	21.62	22.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	20.98	20.94	20.94	21.50	20.66	20.66	20.74	21.50	21.55	21.27	21.63	22.00
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-1	21.32	21.31	21.24	22.00	20.96	20.84	20.97	22.00	21.80	21.83	21.91	22.50
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-2	21.47	21.34	20.97	22.00	20.96	20.99	21.02	22.00	21.96	22.02	22.06	22.50
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-3	20.90	20.79	20.80	21.50	20.47	20.55	20.72	21.50	21.35	21.25	21.55	22.00
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-4	20.90	20.80	20.82	21.50	20.54	20.66	20.62	21.50	21.55	21.11	21.55	22.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	21.49	20.82	21.03	22.00	20.79	20.58	20.57	22.00	21.19	21.66	21.39	22.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	20.36	20.25	20.38	21.00	19.98	19.64	19.97	21.00	20.92	20.62	20.86	21.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	20.06	20.26	20.38	21.00	19.87	20.04	20.09	21.00	20.58	20.73	21.14	21.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	20.10	20.40	20.28	21.00	20.16	20.62	20.70	21.00	21.11	21.23	21.00	21.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	21.50	21.50	21.30	22.00	21.00	21.00	21.10	22.00	22.10	22.00	22.10	22.50

**<LTE Conducted Power>****General Note:**

1. Anritsu MT8820C base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.
2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, for QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are \leq 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is $>$ 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
6. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is \leq 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is \leq 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
8. For LTE B4 / B5 / B12 / B17 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
9. LTE band 17 SAR test was covered by Band 12; according to April 2015 TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
 - a. the maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is \leq the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion
 - b. the channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band



<LTE Band 2>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
		Channel		18700	18900	19100		
		Frequency (MHz)		1860	1880	1900		
20	QPSK	1	0	21.92	21.91	21.79	23	0
20	QPSK	1	49	22.42	22.36	22.29		
20	QPSK	1	99	21.79	21.67	21.81		
20	QPSK	50	0	21.15	21.12	21.10	22	1
20	QPSK	50	24	21.11	21.13	21.03		
20	QPSK	50	50	21.10	21.00	21.09		
20	QPSK	100	0	21.13	21.12	21.11		
20	16QAM	1	0	20.77	20.25	20.66	22	1
20	16QAM	1	49	21.00	20.60	20.85		
20	16QAM	1	99	20.75	20.09	20.73		
20	16QAM	50	0	20.13	20.25	20.07	21	2
20	16QAM	50	24	20.14	20.34	20.07		
20	16QAM	50	50	20.12	20.12	20.20		
20	16QAM	100	0	20.14	20.24	20.15		
		Channel		18675	18900	19125	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
		Frequency (MHz)		1857.5	1880	1902.5		
15	QPSK	1	0	21.71	21.78	21.81	23	0
15	QPSK	1	37	22.41	22.31	22.27		
15	QPSK	1	74	21.90	22.05	21.83		
15	QPSK	36	0	21.00	21.14	21.13	22	1
15	QPSK	36	20	21.18	21.11	21.13		
15	QPSK	36	39	21.18	21.10	21.12		
15	QPSK	75	0	21.10	21.14	21.13		
15	16QAM	1	0	20.86	20.33	20.82	22	1
15	16QAM	1	37	21.31	20.77	20.81		
15	16QAM	1	74	21.18	20.67	20.75		
15	16QAM	36	0	20.06	20.22	20.15	21	2
15	16QAM	36	20	20.15	20.30	20.07		
15	16QAM	36	39	20.17	20.11	20.16		
15	16QAM	75	0	20.09	20.06	20.17		


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Channel				18650	18900	19150	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1855	1880	1905		
10	QPSK	1	0	21.83	21.93	21.92	23	0
10	QPSK	1	25	22.28	22.22	22.39		
10	QPSK	1	49	21.97	21.82	22.00		
10	QPSK	25	0	21.03	21.12	21.13		
10	QPSK	25	12	21.02	21.13	21.16		
10	QPSK	25	25	21.07	21.09	21.04		
10	QPSK	50	0	20.99	21.18	21.13		
10	16QAM	1	0	20.77	20.44	20.84	22	1
10	16QAM	1	25	20.68	20.73	21.19		
10	16QAM	1	49	20.77	20.31	20.67		
10	16QAM	25	0	20.06	20.22	20.17		
10	16QAM	25	12	20.15	20.24	20.19	21	2
10	16QAM	25	25	19.93	20.19	20.16		
10	16QAM	50	0	20.04	20.22	20.17		
Channel				18625	18900	19175		
Frequency (MHz)				1852.5	1880	1907.5	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
5	QPSK	1	0	21.80	21.86	22.01	23	0
5	QPSK	1	12	22.05	22.30	22.33		
5	QPSK	1	24	21.82	22.06	22.07		
5	QPSK	12	0	20.94	21.14	21.18	22	1
5	QPSK	12	7	20.98	21.06	21.20		
5	QPSK	12	13	20.98	21.11	21.13		
5	QPSK	25	0	21.02	21.12	21.15		
5	16QAM	1	0	20.46	20.65	20.84	22	1
5	16QAM	1	12	20.67	20.81	20.78		
5	16QAM	1	24	20.43	20.67	20.73		
5	16QAM	12	0	20.02	19.98	19.93		
5	16QAM	12	7	20.08	19.91	20.14	21	2
5	16QAM	12	13	19.98	20.13	20.05		
5	16QAM	25	0	20.12	20.15	20.10		


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Channel				18615	18900	19185	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1851.5	1880	1908.5		
3	QPSK	1	0	21.72	21.89	22.10	23	0
3	QPSK	1	8	21.85	21.91	22.06		
3	QPSK	1	14	21.73	21.97	21.90		
3	QPSK	8	0	20.89	20.98	21.07		
3	QPSK	8	4	20.92	21.17	21.21		
3	QPSK	8	7	20.90	21.12	21.00		
3	QPSK	15	0	20.94	20.95	21.02		
3	16QAM	1	0	20.86	20.60	20.61		22
3	16QAM	1	8	20.99	20.58	20.62		
3	16QAM	1	14	20.92	20.52	20.64		
3	16QAM	8	0	19.96	19.82	19.78		
3	16QAM	8	4	19.93	19.95	19.88	21	2
3	16QAM	8	7	19.64	19.90	19.79		
3	16QAM	15	0	19.86	19.87	19.88		
Channel				18607	18900	19193		
Frequency (MHz)				1850.7	1880	1909.3	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
1.4	QPSK	1	0	21.75	22.00	22.05	23	0
1.4	QPSK	1	3	21.67	22.15	22.15		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	21.59	22.07	22.04		
1.4	QPSK	3	0	21.96	22.27	22.18		
1.4	QPSK	3	1	22.06	22.29	22.27		
1.4	QPSK	3	3	22.02	22.24	22.28		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	20.90	21.15	21.10		22
1.4	16QAM	1	0	21.04	20.62	20.67		
1.4	16QAM	1	3	20.71	20.90	20.77		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	20.43	20.59	20.44		
1.4	16QAM	3	0	20.75	20.85	20.99		
1.4	16QAM	3	1	20.93	20.85	21.07		
1.4	16QAM	3	3	20.73	20.87	21.00		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	19.93	19.93	19.98		



<LTE Band 4>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				20050	20175	20300		
Frequency (MHz)				1720	1732.5	1745		
20	QPSK	1	0	21.15	21.30	21.37	22.5	0
20	QPSK	1	49	21.19	21.39	21.74		
20	QPSK	1	99	21.08	21.01	21.43		
20	QPSK	50	0	20.60	20.49	20.54	21.5	1
20	QPSK	50	24	20.37	20.42	20.46		
20	QPSK	50	50	20.38	20.41	20.35		
20	QPSK	100	0	20.54	20.46	20.45		
20	16QAM	1	0	19.98	20.67	19.83	21.5	1
20	16QAM	1	49	20.06	20.08	19.82		
20	16QAM	1	99	19.97	19.94	19.92		
20	16QAM	50	0	19.34	19.61	19.55	20.5	2
20	16QAM	50	24	19.47	19.56	19.54		
20	16QAM	50	50	19.47	19.48	19.40		
20	16QAM	100	0	19.55	19.26	19.49		
Channel				20025	20175	20325	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1717.5	1732.5	1747.5		
15	QPSK	1	0	21.37	21.54	21.44	22.5	0
15	QPSK	1	37	21.52	21.51	21.64		
15	QPSK	1	74	21.47	21.22	21.41		
15	QPSK	36	0	20.52	20.51	20.48	21.5	1
15	QPSK	36	20	20.32	20.34	20.36		
15	QPSK	36	39	20.45	20.33	20.29		
15	QPSK	75	0	20.54	20.43	20.33		
15	16QAM	1	0	20.67	20.66	20.22	21.5	1
15	16QAM	1	37	20.50	20.18	20.08		
15	16QAM	1	74	20.32	20.45	19.77		
15	16QAM	36	0	19.41	19.28	19.40	20.5	2
15	16QAM	36	20	19.29	19.30	19.43		
15	16QAM	36	39	19.36	19.31	19.27		
15	16QAM	75	0	19.37	19.40	19.39		


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Channel				20000	20175	20350	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1715	1732.5	1750		
10	QPSK	1	0	21.24	21.25	21.09	22.5	0
10	QPSK	1	25	21.12	21.23	21.30		
10	QPSK	1	49	21.20	21.11	21.31		
10	QPSK	25	0	20.48	20.47	20.39		
10	QPSK	25	12	20.47	20.36	20.33	21.5	1
10	QPSK	25	25	20.44	20.36	20.45		
10	QPSK	50	0	20.46	20.46	20.42		
10	16QAM	1	0	20.09	19.76	19.86		
10	16QAM	1	25	20.10	19.98	20.19	21.5	1
10	16QAM	1	49	19.83	19.76	20.05		
10	16QAM	25	0	19.42	19.26	19.45		
10	16QAM	25	12	19.41	19.26	19.41		
10	16QAM	25	25	19.36	19.27	19.33	20.5	2
10	16QAM	50	0	19.40	19.54	19.40		
Channel				19975	20175	20375	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1712.5	1732.5	1752.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	21.36	21.41	21.30	22.5	0
5	QPSK	1	12	21.18	21.30	21.11		
5	QPSK	1	24	21.24	21.21	21.38		
5	QPSK	12	0	20.40	20.55	20.45		
5	QPSK	12	7	20.35	20.41	20.41	21.5	1
5	QPSK	12	13	20.41	20.48	20.48		
5	QPSK	25	0	20.36	20.50	20.46		
5	16QAM	1	0	20.60	20.10	20.16	21.5	1
5	16QAM	1	12	20.43	20.16	20.13		
5	16QAM	1	24	19.87	20.46	20.06		
5	16QAM	12	0	19.49	19.44	19.25		
5	16QAM	12	7	19.30	19.40	19.18	20.5	2
5	16QAM	12	13	19.34	19.30	19.30		
5	16QAM	25	0	19.40	19.32	19.27		


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Channel				19965	20175	20385	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1711.5	1732.5	1753.5		
3	QPSK	1	0	21.62	21.44	21.24	22.5	0
3	QPSK	1	8	21.33	21.61	20.97		
3	QPSK	1	14	21.44	21.58	21.27		
3	QPSK	8	0	20.60	20.57	20.43		
3	QPSK	8	4	20.65	20.50	20.36	21.5	1
3	QPSK	8	7	20.48	20.51	20.33		
3	QPSK	15	0	20.45	20.48	20.32		
3	16QAM	1	0	20.57	20.91	20.41		
3	16QAM	1	8	20.44	20.52	20.13	21.5	1
3	16QAM	1	14	20.69	20.56	20.50		
3	16QAM	8	0	19.27	19.30	19.34		
3	16QAM	8	4	19.37	19.33	19.37		
3	16QAM	8	7	19.52	19.17	19.35	20.5	2
3	16QAM	15	0	19.49	19.46	19.12		
Channel				19957	20175	20393	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1710.7	1732.5	1754.3		
1.4	QPSK	1	0	21.46	21.41	21.28	22.5	0
1.4	QPSK	1	3	21.51	21.45	21.44		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	21.42	21.35	21.28		
1.4	QPSK	3	0	21.67	21.57	21.37		
1.4	QPSK	3	1	21.62	21.57	21.47		
1.4	QPSK	3	3	21.61	21.50	21.44		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	20.49	20.59	20.47		
1.4	16QAM	1	0	20.16	20.79	20.02	21.5	1
1.4	16QAM	1	3	20.33	20.76	20.25		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	20.18	20.63	20.13		
1.4	16QAM	3	0	20.27	20.65	20.15		
1.4	16QAM	3	1	20.20	20.56	20.18		
1.4	16QAM	3	3	20.23	20.50	20.25		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	19.22	19.48	19.02		



<LTE Band 5>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				20450	20525	20600		
Frequency (MHz)				829	836.5	844		
10	QPSK	1	0	21.77	21.85	21.97	23	0
10	QPSK	1	25	21.96	22.24	22.17		
10	QPSK	1	49	21.85	22.39	21.86		
10	QPSK	25	0	21.12	21.05	21.10	22	1
10	QPSK	25	12	21.05	21.07	21.07		
10	QPSK	25	25	20.97	21.14	21.09		
10	QPSK	50	0	21.00	21.05	21.12		
10	16QAM	1	0	20.53	20.54	20.48	22	1
10	16QAM	1	25	20.60	21.24	20.84		
10	16QAM	1	49	20.44	21.36	20.55		
10	16QAM	25	0	20.01	20.15	20.21	21	2
10	16QAM	25	12	20.12	20.17	20.18		
10	16QAM	25	25	20.14	20.34	20.13		
10	16QAM	50	0	20.18	20.25	20.24		
Channel				20425	20525	20625	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				826.5	836.5	846.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	21.79	21.95	21.93		
5	QPSK	1	12	22.22	22.19	22.00	23	0
5	QPSK	1	24	22.03	22.20	21.71		
5	QPSK	12	0	21.03	21.14	21.05		
5	QPSK	12	7	21.06	21.07	21.02	22	1
5	QPSK	12	13	20.99	21.02	21.01		
5	QPSK	25	0	21.04	21.03	21.12		
5	16QAM	1	0	21.00	21.06	20.82		
5	16QAM	1	12	20.65	21.29	20.79	22	1
5	16QAM	1	24	20.96	20.64	20.54		
5	16QAM	12	0	19.78	20.07	20.02		
5	16QAM	12	7	19.86	20.09	20.13	21	2
5	16QAM	12	13	20.16	20.14	19.94		
5	16QAM	25	0	20.10	20.14	20.05		


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Channel				20415	20525	20635	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				825.5	836.5	847.5		
3	QPSK	1	0	21.96	22.17	21.97	23	0
3	QPSK	1	8	21.84	21.97	21.87		
3	QPSK	1	14	21.96	22.13	21.83		
3	QPSK	8	0	21.08	21.13	21.06		22
3	QPSK	8	4	21.02	21.07	21.08		
3	QPSK	8	7	21.02	21.09	21.05		
3	QPSK	15	0	20.95	21.13	21.06		
3	16QAM	1	0	20.51	21.22	20.67	22	1
3	16QAM	1	8	20.48	21.16	20.82		
3	16QAM	1	14	20.63	20.68	20.60		
3	16QAM	8	0	20.00	20.11	19.84		
3	16QAM	8	4	19.81	20.23	19.90	21	2
3	16QAM	8	7	20.06	20.50	20.16		
3	16QAM	15	0	20.03	20.19	20.21		
Channel				20407	20525	20643		
Frequency (MHz)				824.7	836.5	848.3	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
1.4	QPSK	1	0	21.92	21.93	22.02	23	0
1.4	QPSK	1	3	21.99	22.07	22.12		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	21.67	22.00	21.92		
1.4	QPSK	3	0	22.02	22.08	22.24		
1.4	QPSK	3	1	22.09	22.19	22.27		
1.4	QPSK	3	3	22.06	22.15	22.25		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	20.91	20.99	20.98		22
1.4	16QAM	1	0	21.11	20.58	20.65		
1.4	16QAM	1	3	21.25	20.56	20.55		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	21.06	20.44	20.38		
1.4	16QAM	3	0	20.93	20.68	20.83	22	1
1.4	16QAM	3	1	20.98	20.99	21.00		
1.4	16QAM	3	3	20.93	20.94	20.82		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	19.84	20.07	20.10		



<LTE Band 12>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				23060	23095	23130		
Frequency (MHz)				704	707.5	711		
10	QPSK	1	0	22.64	22.65	22.76	24	0
10	QPSK	1	25	22.94	23.03	23.26		
10	QPSK	1	49	22.68	22.99	22.69		
10	QPSK	25	0	21.90	22.02	22.11	23	1
10	QPSK	25	12	21.90	22.03	22.09		
10	QPSK	25	25	22.04	22.06	22.19		
10	QPSK	50	0	22.04	22.00	22.06		
10	16QAM	1	0	21.77	22.06	21.81	23	1
10	16QAM	1	25	21.93	21.99	22.05		
10	16QAM	1	49	21.64	22.08	21.45		
10	16QAM	25	0	20.80	21.02	21.17	22	2
10	16QAM	25	12	20.92	20.96	20.98		
10	16QAM	25	25	20.99	21.03	21.13		
10	16QAM	50	0	21.03	21.04	21.09		
Channel				23035	23095	23155	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				701.5	707.5	713.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	22.64	22.98	22.44	24	0
5	QPSK	1	12	22.88	23.16	23.15		
5	QPSK	1	24	22.79	22.84	22.65		
5	QPSK	12	0	22.05	22.08	22.02	23	1
5	QPSK	12	7	22.03	22.08	22.10		
5	QPSK	12	13	22.01	22.05	21.97		
5	QPSK	25	0	21.93	22.09	22.05		
5	16QAM	1	0	22.05	21.87	22.10	23	1
5	16QAM	1	12	21.67	21.80	21.83		
5	16QAM	1	24	21.72	21.27	21.63		
5	16QAM	12	0	20.94	20.99	21.15	22	2
5	16QAM	12	7	20.86	20.90	20.97		
5	16QAM	12	13	20.78	21.10	20.87		
5	16QAM	25	0	21.04	21.15	20.94		


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Channel				23025	23095	23165	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				700.5	707.5	714.5		
3	QPSK	1	0	22.84	23.16	23.07	24	0
3	QPSK	1	8	22.96	23.12	22.74		
3	QPSK	1	14	22.82	23.05	22.72		
3	QPSK	8	0	22.13	22.17	22.23		
3	QPSK	8	4	22.11	22.19	22.15		
3	QPSK	8	7	22.12	22.17	22.10		
3	QPSK	15	0	22.09	22.17	22.08		
3	16QAM	1	0	22.09	22.28	21.52		23
3	16QAM	1	8	22.19	22.23	21.48		
3	16QAM	1	14	22.01	22.14	21.29		
3	16QAM	8	0	21.16	21.27	21.16		
3	16QAM	8	4	21.17	21.21	21.20	22	2
3	16QAM	8	7	21.27	21.29	21.11		
3	16QAM	15	0	21.21	21.19	21.20		
Channel				23017	23095	23173		
Frequency (MHz)				699.7	707.5	715.3	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
1.4	QPSK	1	0	22.59	22.72	22.88	24	0
1.4	QPSK	1	3	23.01	22.83	22.98		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	22.96	22.79	22.91		
1.4	QPSK	3	0	23.06	23.07	22.94		
1.4	QPSK	3	1	23.15	23.15	22.91		
1.4	QPSK	3	3	23.24	23.05	23.07		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	22.20	22.15	22.03		23
1.4	16QAM	1	0	21.97	22.26	21.84		
1.4	16QAM	1	3	21.71	22.42	21.92		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	21.58	22.12	21.51		
1.4	16QAM	3	0	21.87	21.96	21.70		
1.4	16QAM	3	1	22.02	22.14	21.95		
1.4	16QAM	3	3	22.01	22.15	21.92		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	21.07	20.95	20.87		



<LTE Band 13>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				23230				
Frequency (MHz)				782				
10	QPSK	1	0		22.41		23.5	0
10	QPSK	1	25		22.77			
10	QPSK	1	49		22.49			
10	QPSK	25	0		21.67		22.5	1
10	QPSK	25	12		21.58			
10	QPSK	25	25		21.6			
10	QPSK	50	0		21.66			
10	16QAM	1	0		21.36		22.5	1
10	16QAM	1	25		21.44			
10	16QAM	1	49		21.53			
10	16QAM	25	0		20.59		21.5	2
10	16QAM	25	12		20.62			
10	16QAM	25	25		20.67			
10	16QAM	50	0		20.73			
Channel				23205	23230	23255	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				779.5	782	784.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	22.62	22.50	22.27	23.5	0
5	QPSK	1	12	22.72	22.63	22.70		
5	QPSK	1	24	22.36	22.46	22.67		
5	QPSK	12	0	21.76	21.64	21.71	22.5	1
5	QPSK	12	7	21.65	21.64	21.83		
5	QPSK	12	13	21.62	21.68	21.82		
5	QPSK	25	0	21.61	21.66	21.75		
5	16QAM	1	0	21.13	21.36	22.01	22.5	1
5	16QAM	1	12	21.49	21.45	22.10		
5	16QAM	1	24	21.16	21.74	21.28		
5	16QAM	12	0	20.65	20.67	20.60		
5	16QAM	12	7	20.58	20.69	20.79	21.5	2
5	16QAM	12	13	20.49	20.74	20.86		
5	16QAM	25	0	20.70	20.60	20.98		



<LTE Band 17>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				23780	23790	23800		
Frequency (MHz)				709	710	711		
10	QPSK	1	0	22.71	22.42	22.28	23.5	0
10	QPSK	1	25	22.58	22.58	22.57		
10	QPSK	1	49	22.59	22.48	22.34		
10	QPSK	25	0	21.59	21.67	21.78	22.5	1
10	QPSK	25	12	21.73	21.66	21.65		
10	QPSK	25	25	21.73	21.67	21.63		
10	QPSK	50	0	21.77	21.63	21.69		
10	16QAM	1	0	21.92	21.44	21.73	22.5	1
10	16QAM	1	25	22.03	22.00	21.89		
10	16QAM	1	49	22.00	21.87	21.16		
10	16QAM	25	0	20.76	20.72	20.83	21.5	2
10	16QAM	25	12	20.75	20.72	20.80		
10	16QAM	25	25	20.77	20.65	20.88		
10	16QAM	50	0	20.72	20.69	20.67		
Channel				23755	23790	23825	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				706.5	710	713.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	22.63	22.42	22.38	23.5	0
5	QPSK	1	12	22.61	22.65	22.64		
5	QPSK	1	24	22.54	22.48	22.35		
5	QPSK	12	0	21.76	21.48	21.75	22.5	1
5	QPSK	12	7	21.61	21.65	21.76		
5	QPSK	12	13	21.57	21.68	21.63		
5	QPSK	25	0	21.65	21.62	21.71		
5	16QAM	1	0	21.22	20.82	21.06	22.5	1
5	16QAM	1	12	21.26	21.29	21.38		
5	16QAM	1	24	21.55	21.15	20.99		
5	16QAM	12	0	20.61	20.55	20.72	21.5	2
5	16QAM	12	7	20.73	20.71	20.72		
5	16QAM	12	13	20.70	20.68	20.43		
5	16QAM	25	0	20.69	20.69	20.69		

**<WLAN Conducted Power>****General Note:**

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.
2. For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
3. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.
4. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.¹⁸ The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
 - a. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is $\leq 0.4 \text{ W/kg}$, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.
 - b. When the reported SAR of the test position is $> 0.4 \text{ W/kg}$, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closest/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is $\leq 0.8 \text{ W/kg}$ or all required test position are tested.
 - c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is $> 0.8 \text{ W/kg}$, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is $\leq 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$ or all required channels are tested.

<2.4GHz WLAN>

2.4GHz WLAN	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
2.4GHz WLAN	802.11b 1Mbps	1	2412	14.60	16.00	97.70
		6	2437	15.80	17.00	
		11	2462	15.80	17.00	
	802.11g 6Mbps	1	2412	11.70	13.00	84.08
		6	2437	15.00	16.00	
		11	2462	9.10	11.00	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	1	2412	9.80	11.00	83.20
		6	2437	13.10	15.00	
		11	2462	8.20	10.00	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	3	2422	9.10	11.00	76.04
		6	2437	11.20	13.00	
		9	2452	9.30	11.00	

<5GHz WLAN>

5.2GHz WLAN	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
	802.11a 6Mbps	36	5180	14.28	15.50	87.04
		40	5200	14.26	15.50	
		44	5220	14.09	15.50	
		48	5240	14.21	15.50	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	36	5180	14.39	15.40	82.94
		40	5200	14.35	15.40	
		44	5220	14.33	15.40	
		48	5240	14.34	15.40	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	38	5190	14.24	15.40	76.04
		46	5230	14.26	15.40	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	36	5180	14.33	15.40	82.96
		40	5200	14.29	15.40	
		44	5220	14.26	15.40	
		48	5240	14.28	15.40	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	38	5190	14.18	15.40	71.13
		46	5230	14.21	15.40	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	42	5210	14.31	15.40	55.34



5.3GHz WLAN	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
	802.11a 6Mbps	52	5260	14.08	15.50	87.04
		56	5280	14.22	15.50	
		60	5300	14.10	15.50	
		64	5320	14.17	15.50	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	52	5260	14.28	15.40	82.94
		56	5280	14.23	15.40	
		60	5300	14.17	15.40	
		64	5320	14.34	15.40	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	54	5270	14.21	15.40	76.04
		62	5310	14.17	15.40	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	52	5260	14.20	15.40	82.96
		56	5280	14.16	15.40	
		60	5300	14.11	15.40	
		64	5320	14.26	15.40	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	54	5270	14.14	15.40	71.13
		62	5310	14.09	15.40	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	58	5290	14.22	15.40	55.34



FCC SAR Test Report

Report No. : FA962408

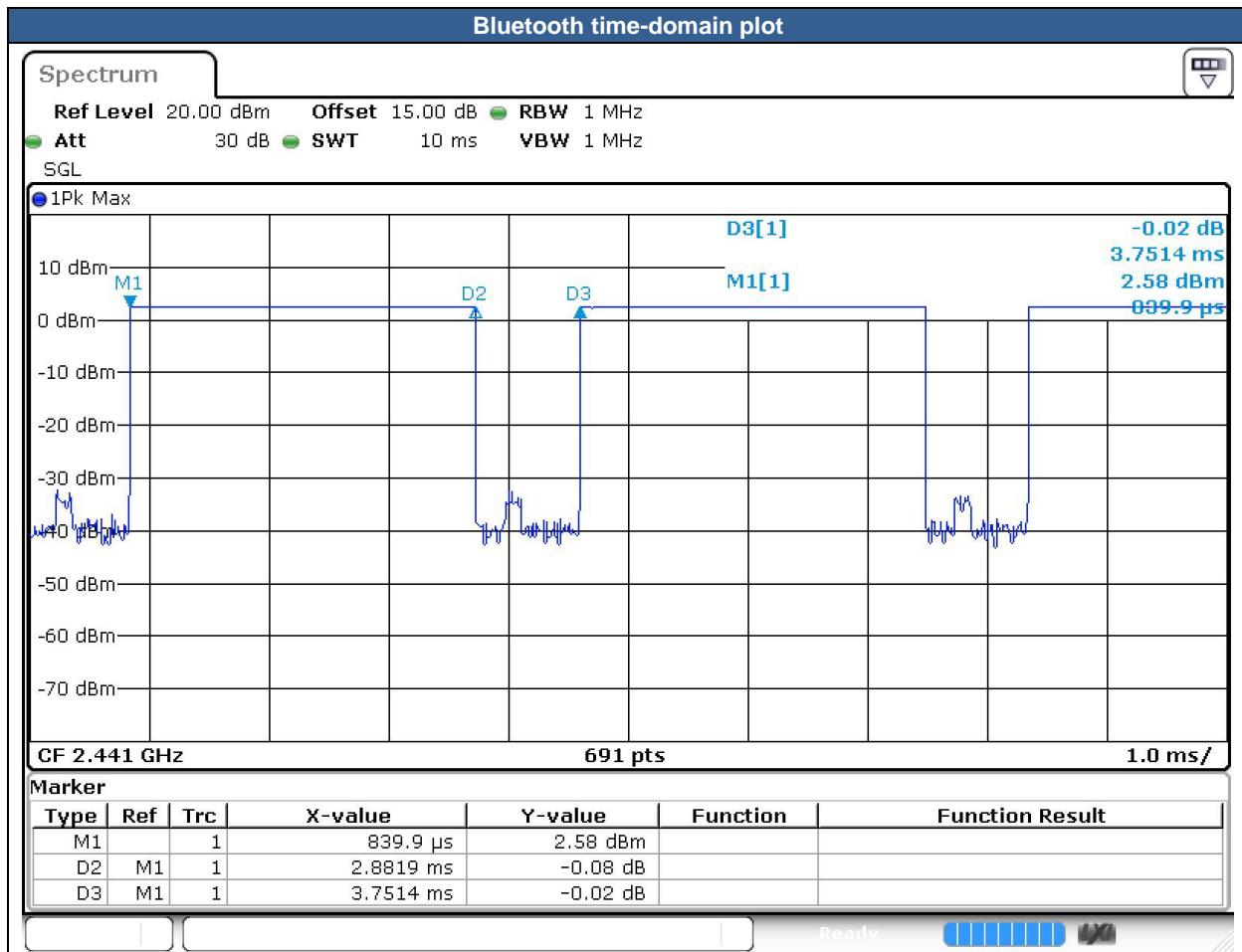
	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
5.5GHz WLAN	802.11a 6Mbps	100	5500	13.67	15.00	87.04
		116	5580	13.93	15.00	
		124	5620	14.08	15.00	
		132	5660	14.11	15.00	
		140	5700	14.00	15.00	
		144	5720	13.95	15.00	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	100	5500	13.86	14.90	82.94
		116	5580	14.16	14.90	
		124	5620	14.18	14.90	
		132	5660	14.22	14.90	
		140	5700	14.25	14.90	
		144	5720	14.19	14.90	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	102	5510	13.84	14.90	76.04
		110	5550	13.78	14.90	
		126	5630	14.09	14.90	
		134	5670	14.43	14.90	
		142	5710	14.29	14.90	
		100	5500	13.79	14.90	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	116	5580	14.08	14.90	82.96
		124	5620	14.11	14.90	
		132	5660	14.16	14.90	
		140	5700	14.19	14.90	
		144	5720	14.13	14.90	
		102	5510	13.78	14.90	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	110	5550	13.71	14.90	71.13
		126	5630	13.99	14.90	
		134	5670	14.37	14.90	
		142	5710	14.21	14.90	
		106	5530	13.94	14.90	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	122	5610	13.99	14.90	55.34
		138	5690	14.03	14.90	

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5.8GHz WLAN	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
	802.11a 6Mbps	149	5745	13.81	15.00	87.04
		157	5785	13.76	15.00	
		165	5825	13.76	15.00	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	149	5745	14.09	14.90	82.94
		157	5785	14.10	14.90	
		165	5825	14.07	14.90	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	151	5755	14.21	14.90	76.04
		159	5795	14.17	14.90	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	149	5745	14.03	14.90	82.96
		157	5785	14.03	14.90	
		165	5825	14.00	14.90	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	151	5755	14.15	14.90	71.13
		159	5795	14.10	14.90	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	155	5775	14.28	14.90	55.34

**<2.4GHz Bluetooth>****General Note:**

- For 2.4GHz Bluetooth SAR testing was selected 1Mbps, due to its highest average power.
- The Bluetooth duty cycle is 76.82 % as following figure, according to 2016 Oct. TCB workshop for Bluetooth SAR scaling need further consideration and the theoretical duty cycle is 83.3%, therefore the actual duty cycle will be scaled up to the theoretical value of Bluetooth reported SAR calculation

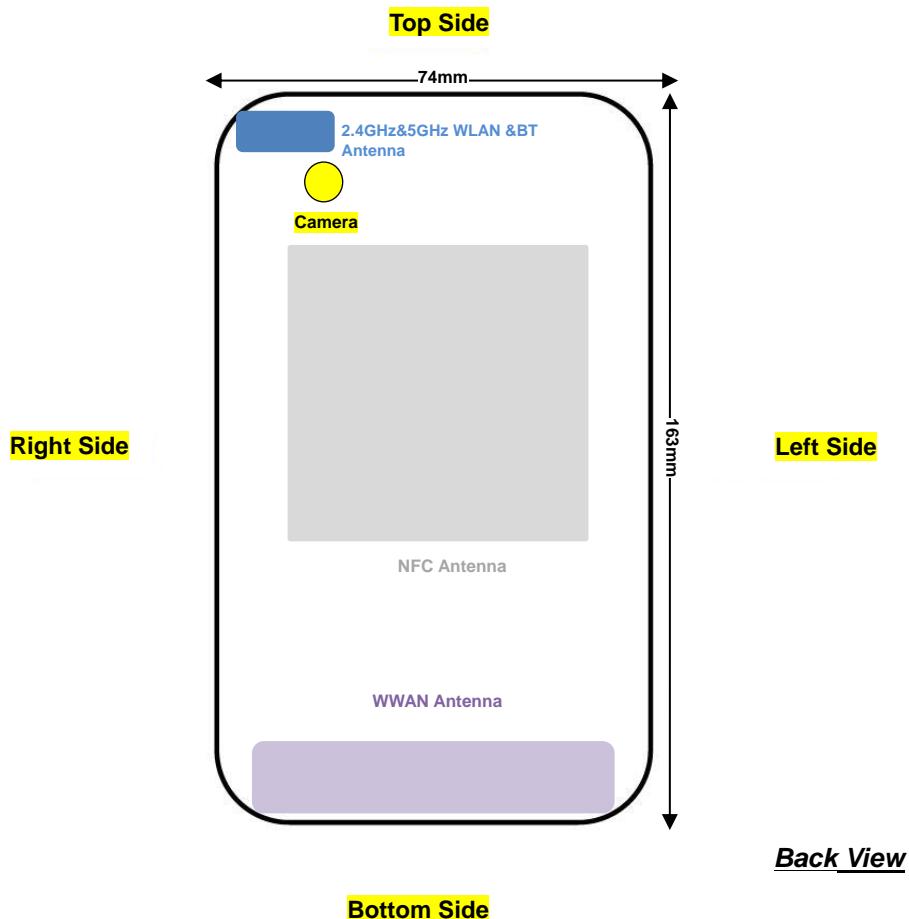


Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-up limit (dBm)
			1Mbps	
v3.0 with EDR	CH 00	2402	6.60	8.00
	CH 39	2441	6.30	
	CH 78	2480	5.40	

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-up limit (dBm)
			GFSK	
v4.0 with LE	CH 00	2402	2.30	3.00
	CH 19	2440	1.70	
	CH 39	2480	1.40	



13. Antenna Location





14. SAR Test Results

General Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
 - b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
 - c. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
 - d. For WLAN/Bluetooth: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor
2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - $\leq 0.8 \text{ W/kg}$ or 2.0 W/kg , for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is $\leq 100 \text{ MHz}$
 - $\leq 0.6 \text{ W/kg}$ or 1.5 W/kg , for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - $\leq 0.4 \text{ W/kg}$ or 1.0 W/kg , for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is $\geq 200 \text{ MHz}$
3. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required when the measured SAR is $\geq 0.8\text{W/kg}$. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the extremity repeated SAR is necessary, the same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.

WCDMA Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA is $\leq \frac{1}{4} \text{ dB}$ higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is $\leq 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSUPA, HSDPA, DC-HSDPA) are less than $\frac{1}{4} \text{ dB}$ higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA.

**LTE Note:**

1. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, for QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
6. For LTE B4 / B5 / B12 / B17 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
7. LTE band 17 SAR test was covered by Band 12; according to TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
 - a. The maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is \leq the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion.
 - b. The channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band.

WLAN Note:

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 2.4GHz 802.11g/n SAR testing is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
2. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, U-NII-1 SAR testing is not required when the U-NII-2A band highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band.
3. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closest/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
4. For all positions / configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions / configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
5. During SAR testing the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.



14.1 Extremity SAR

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	0	4182	836.4	23.04	23.50	1.112	0.06	0.030	0.033
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	0	4182	836.4	23.04	23.50	1.112	0.07	0.128	0.142
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	0	4182	836.4	23.04	23.50	1.112	0.03	0.015	0.017
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	0	4182	836.4	23.04	23.50	1.112	-0.05	0.008	0.009
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	0	4182	836.4	23.04	23.50	1.112	0.09	0.052	0.058
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Top Side	0	4182	836.4	23.04	23.50	1.112	0.12	0.002	0.002
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	0	4132	826.4	22.93	23.50	1.140	0.04	0.127	0.145
01	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	0	4233	846.6	22.97	23.50	1.130	0.05	0.133	0.150
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	0	1513	1752.6	22.44	23.00	1.138	0.08	0.848	0.965
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	0	1513	1752.6	22.44	23.00	1.138	0.06	1.010	1.149
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	0	1513	1752.6	22.44	23.00	1.138	0.05	0.125	0.142
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	0	1513	1752.6	22.44	23.00	1.138	0.03	0.631	0.718
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	0	1513	1752.6	22.44	23.00	1.138	0.12	0.366	0.416
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Top Side	0	1513	1752.6	22.44	23.00	1.138	0.07	0.034	0.039
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	0	1312	1712.4	22.08	23.00	1.236	0.04	0.883	1.091
02	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	0	1413	1732.6	22.14	23.00	1.219	-0.07	1.030	1.256
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	0	9400	1880	22.55	23.00	1.109	0.06	0.687	0.762
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	0	9400	1880	22.55	23.00	1.109	0.07	0.713	0.791
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	0	9400	1880	22.55	23.00	1.109	0.02	0.079	0.088
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	0	9400	1880	22.55	23.00	1.109	0.12	0.548	0.608
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	0	9400	1880	22.55	23.00	1.109	0.06	0.197	0.219
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Top Side	0	9400	1880	22.55	23.00	1.109	-0.08	0.026	0.029
03	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	0	9262	1852.4	22.43	23.00	1.140	0.15	0.820	0.935
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	0	9538	1907.6	22.32	23.00	1.169	0.03	0.579	0.677



FCC SAR Test Report

Report No. : FA962408

<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	25	Front	0	23095	707.5	23.03	24.00	1.250	0.04	0.022	0.027
04	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	25	Back	0	23095	707.5	23.03	24.00	1.250	0.18	0.224	0.280
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	25	Left Side	0	23095	707.5	23.03	24.00	1.250	0.06	0.076	0.095
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	25	Right Side	0	23095	707.5	23.03	24.00	1.250	-0.05	0.080	0.100
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	25	Bottom Side	0	23095	707.5	23.03	24.00	1.250	0.03	0.015	0.018
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	25	Top Side	0	23095	707.5	23.03	24.00	1.250	0.02	0.001	0.002
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	25	Front	0	23095	707.5	22.06	23.00	1.242	0.1	0.018	0.022
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	25	Back	0	23095	707.5	22.06	23.00	1.242	0.05	0.179	0.222
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	25	Left Side	0	23095	707.5	22.06	23.00	1.242	0.09	0.060	0.074
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	25	Right Side	0	23095	707.5	22.06	23.00	1.242	-0.04	0.063	0.078
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	25	Bottom Side	0	23095	707.5	22.06	23.00	1.242	0.03	0.012	0.015
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	25	Top Side	0	23095	707.5	22.06	23.00	1.242	0.07	0.001	0.001
05	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	25	Front	0	23230	782	22.77	23.50	1.183	0.15	0.185	0.219
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	25	Back	0	23230	782	22.77	23.50	1.183	0.04	0.136	0.161
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	25	Left Side	0	23230	782	22.77	23.50	1.183	0.09	0.110	0.130
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	25	Right Side	0	23230	782	22.77	23.50	1.183	0.07	0.086	0.102
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	25	Bottom Side	0	23230	782	22.77	23.50	1.183	0.05	0.155	0.183
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	25	Top Side	0	23230	782	22.77	23.50	1.183	-0.07	0.033	0.039
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25	0	Front	0	23230	782	21.67	22.50	1.211	0.03	0.135	0.163
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25	0	Back	0	23230	782	21.67	22.50	1.211	0.05	0.110	0.133
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25	0	Left Side	0	23230	782	21.67	22.50	1.211	0.11	0.082	0.099
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25	0	Right Side	0	23230	782	21.67	22.50	1.211	0.04	0.065	0.079
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25	0	Bottom Side	0	23230	782	21.67	22.50	1.211	-0.05	0.131	0.159
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25	0	Top Side	0	23230	782	21.67	22.50	1.211	0.08	0.020	0.025
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	49	Front	0	20525	836.5	22.39	23.00	1.151	0.03	0.023	0.027
06	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	49	Back	0	20525	836.5	22.39	23.00	1.151	0.07	0.103	0.119
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	49	Left Side	0	20525	836.5	22.39	23.00	1.151	-0.05	0.012	0.013
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	49	Right Side	0	20525	836.5	22.39	23.00	1.151	0.06	0.007	0.008
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	0	20525	836.5	22.39	23.00	1.151	0.12	0.042	0.048
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	49	Top Side	0	20525	836.5	22.39	23.00	1.151	0.08	0.002	0.002
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	25	Front	0	20525	836.5	21.14	22.00	1.219	0.04	0.020	0.024
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	25	Back	0	20525	836.5	21.14	22.00	1.219	0.09	0.081	0.099
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	25	Left Side	0	20525	836.5	21.14	22.00	1.219	-0.06	0.010	0.012
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	25	Right Side	0	20525	836.5	21.14	22.00	1.219	0.03	0.006	0.008
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	25	Bottom Side	0	20525	836.5	21.14	22.00	1.219	0.07	0.035	0.043
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	25	Top Side	0	20525	836.5	21.14	22.00	1.219	0.11	0.001	0.001
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	0	20175	1732.5	21.39	22.50	1.291	0.03	0.692	0.894
07	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	0	20175	1732.5	21.39	22.50	1.291	-0.06	0.907	1.171
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Side	0	20175	1732.5	21.39	22.50	1.291	0.08	0.091	0.118
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Side	0	20175	1732.5	21.39	22.50	1.291	0.02	0.444	0.573
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	0	20175	1732.5	21.39	22.50	1.291	0.14	0.326	0.421
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Top Side	0	20175	1732.5	21.39	22.50	1.291	0.06	0.029	0.038
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	0	20175	1732.5	20.49	21.50	1.262	0.07	0.543	0.685
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	0	20175	1732.5	20.49	21.50	1.262	0.09	0.711	0.897
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Side	0	20175	1732.5	20.49	21.50	1.262	-0.05	0.073	0.092
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Side	0	20175	1732.5	20.49	21.50	1.262	0.04	0.318	0.401
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	0	20175	1732.5	20.49	21.50	1.262	0.08	0.271	0.342
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Top Side	0	20175	1732.5	20.49	21.50	1.262	0.06	0.023	0.029

**FCC SAR Test Report****Report No. : FA962408**

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
08	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	0	18700	1860	22.42	23.00	1.143	0.02	0.735	0.840
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	0	18700	1860	22.42	23.00	1.143	0.11	0.767	0.877
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Side	0	18700	1860	22.42	23.00	1.143	0.03	0.080	0.091
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Side	0	18700	1860	22.42	23.00	1.143	0.09	0.572	0.654
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	0	18700	1860	22.42	23.00	1.143	-0.06	0.239	0.273
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Top Side	0	18700	1860	22.42	23.00	1.143	0.05	0.032	0.037
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	0	18900	1880	22.36	23.00	1.159	0.07	0.677	0.784
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	0	19100	1900	22.29	23.00	1.178	0.05	0.611	0.720
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	0	18700	1860	21.15	22.00	1.216	0.04	0.588	0.715
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	0	18700	1860	21.15	22.00	1.216	0.06	0.640	0.778
09	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Side	0	18700	1860	21.15	22.00	1.216	0.15	0.066	0.080
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Side	0	18700	1860	21.15	22.00	1.216	0.09	0.491	0.597
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	0	18700	1860	21.15	22.00	1.216	0.07	0.192	0.234
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Top Side	0	18700	1860	21.15	22.00	1.216	0.06	0.027	0.033
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	0	18900	1880	21.12	22.00	1.225	0.13	0.544	0.666
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	0	19100	1900	21.10	22.00	1.230	-0.05	0.483	0.594
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	0	19100	1900	21.10	22.00	1.230	-0.05	0.483	0.594
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	0	19100	1900	21.10	22.00	1.230	-0.05	0.483	0.594
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	0	19100	1900	21.10	22.00	1.230	-0.05	0.483	0.594
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	0	19100	1900	21.10	22.00	1.230	-0.05	0.483	0.594

**<Bluetooth SAR>**

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
	Bluetooth	DH5 1Mbps	Front	0	0	2402	6.60	8.00	1.380	76.82	1.084	0.04	0.020	0.030
	Bluetooth	DH5 1Mbps	Back	0	0	2402	6.60	8.00	1.380	76.82	1.084	0.005	0.014	0.021
	Bluetooth	DH5 1Mbps	Left Side	0	0	2402	6.60	8.00	1.380	76.82	1.084	0.04	<0.001	<0.001
09	Bluetooth	DH5 1Mbps	Right Side	0	0	2402	6.60	8.00	1.380	76.82	1.084	-0.14	0.021	0.031
	Bluetooth	DH5 1Mbps	Bottom Side	0	0	2402	6.60	8.00	1.380	76.82	1.084	0.01	0.001	0.001
	Bluetooth	DH5 1Mbps	Top Side	0	0	2402	6.60	8.00	1.380	76.82	1.084	0.03	0.012	0.019
	Bluetooth	DH5 1Mbps	Right Side	0	39	2441	6.30	8.00	1.479	76.82	1.084	0.08	0.017	0.027
	Bluetooth	DH5 1Mbps	Right Side	0	78	2480	5.40	8.00	1.820	76.82	1.084	-0.09	0.013	0.025

<WLAN 2.4GHz SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	0	11	2462	15.80	17.00	1.318	97.7	1.024	0.05	0.197	0.266
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	0	11	2462	15.80	17.00	1.318	97.7	1.024	0.03	0.149	0.201
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Side	0	11	2462	15.80	17.00	1.318	97.7	1.024	-0.07	0.018	0.024
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Side	0	11	2462	15.80	17.00	1.318	97.7	1.024	0.09	0.151	0.204
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom Side	0	11	2462	15.80	17.00	1.318	97.7	1.024	0.02	0.001	0.001
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Top Side	0	11	2462	15.80	17.00	1.318	97.7	1.024	0.06	0.157	0.212
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	0	1	2412	14.60	16.00	1.380	97.7	1.024	0.08	0.158	0.223
10	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	0	6	2437	15.80	17.00	1.318	97.7	1.024	0.11	0.223	0.301



FCC SAR Test Report

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<WLAN 5GHz SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN 5.3 GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Front	0	56	5280	14.22	15.5	1.343	87.04	1.149	0.01	0.124	0.191
	WLAN 5.3 GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	0	56	5280	14.22	15.5	1.343	87.04	1.149	0.08	0.107	0.165
	WLAN 5.3 GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Side	0	56	5280	14.22	15.5	1.343	87.04	1.149	0.02	0.024	0.037
	WLAN 5.3 GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Side	0	56	5280	14.22	15.5	1.343	87.04	1.149	0.05	0.381	0.588
	WLAN 5.3 GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom Side	0	56	5280	14.22	15.5	1.343	87.04	1.149	0.04	0.001	0.001
	WLAN 5.3 GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Top Side	0	56	5280	14.22	15.5	1.343	87.04	1.149	0.06	0.378	0.583
	WLAN 5.3 GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Side	0	52	5260	14.08	15.5	1.386	87.04	1.149	0.05	0.369	0.588
	WLAN 5.3 GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Side	0	60	5300	14.10	15.5	1.379	87.04	1.149	0.1	0.406	0.644
11	WLAN 5.3 GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Side	0	64	5320	14.17	15.5	1.357	87.04	1.149	0.06	0.406	0.633
	WLAN 5.5 GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Front	0	132	5660	14.11	15	1.227	87.04	1.149	0.15	0.103	0.145
	WLAN 5.5 GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	0	132	5660	14.11	15	1.227	87.04	1.149	0.09	0.066	0.093
	WLAN 5.5 GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Side	0	132	5660	14.11	15	1.227	87.04	1.149	0.07	0.013	0.018
	WLAN 5.5 GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Side	0	132	5660	14.11	15	1.227	87.04	1.149	0.06	0.443	0.625
	WLAN 5.5 GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom Side	0	132	5660	14.11	15	1.227	87.04	1.149	0.13	0.003	0.004
	WLAN 5.5 GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Top Side	0	132	5660	14.11	15	1.227	87.04	1.149	-0.05	0.392	0.553
	WLAN 5.5 GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Side	0	100	5500	13.67	15	1.357	87.04	1.149	0.04	0.314	0.490
	WLAN 5.5 GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Side	0	116	5580	13.93	15	1.279	87.04	1.149	0.08	0.444	0.652
	WLAN 5.5 GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Side	0	124	5620	14.08	15	1.236	87.04	1.149	0.06	0.429	0.609
12	WLAN 5.5 GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Side	0	140	5700	14.00	15	1.258	87.04	1.149	-0.02	0.577	0.834
	WLAN 5.5 GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Side	0	144	5720	13.95	15	1.273	87.04	1.149	0.09	0.512	0.749
	WLAN 5.8 GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Front	0	149	5745	13.81	15	1.314	87.04	1.149	0.07	0.112	0.169
	WLAN 5.8 GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	0	149	5745	13.81	15	1.314	87.04	1.149	0.09	0.065	0.098
	WLAN 5.8 GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Side	0	149	5745	13.81	15	1.314	87.04	1.149	-0.05	0.020	0.030
13	WLAN 5.8 GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Side	0	149	5745	13.81	15	1.314	87.04	1.149	0.07	0.538	0.812
	WLAN 5.8 GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom Side	0	149	5745	13.81	15	1.314	87.04	1.149	0.08	0.008	0.013
	WLAN 5.8 GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Top Side	0	149	5745	13.81	15	1.314	87.04	1.149	0.06	0.371	0.560
	WLAN 5.8 GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Side	0	157	5785	13.76	15	1.330	87.04	1.149	0.01	0.483	0.738
	WLAN 5.8 GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Side	0	165	5825	13.76	15	1.330	87.04	1.149	0.03	0.426	0.651



15. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Extremity
1.	WCDMA + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes
2.	LTE + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes
3.	WCDMA + WLAN5GHz	Yes
4.	LTE + WLAN5GHz	Yes
5.	WCDMA + Bluetooth	Yes
6.	LTE + Bluetooth	Yes

General Note:

1. EUT will choose either WCDMA or LTE according to the network signal condition; therefore, they will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
2. EUT will choose either WLAN 2.4GHz or WLAN 5GHz according to the network signal condition; therefore, 2.4GHz WLAN and 5GHz WLAN will not operate simultaneously at any moment though they have independent antenna.
3. WLAN and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
4. All licensed modes share the same antenna part and cannot transmit simultaneously
5. The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
6. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
 - i) 10g Scalar SAR summation < 4.0W/kg.
 - ii) SPLSR = $(\text{SAR1} + \text{SAR2})^{1.5} / (\text{min. separation distance, mm})$, and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x_1-x_2)^2 + (y_1-y_2)^2 + (z_1-z_2)^2]$, where (x_1, y_1, z_1) and (x_2, y_2, z_2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
 - iii) If SPLSR ≤ 0.04 for 1g SAR, SPLSR ≤ 0.10 for 10g SAR simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
 - iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band 10g SAR < 4.0W/kg.



15.1 Extremity Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1	2	3	4	1+2 Summed 10g SAR (W/kg)	1+3 Summed 10g SAR (W/kg)	1+4 Summed 10g SAR (W/kg)
			WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	5GHz WLAN	Bluetooth			
			10g SAR (W/kg)	10g SAR (W/kg)	10g SAR (W/kg)	10g SAR (W/kg)			
WCDMA	WCDMA II	Front	0.762	0.301	0.191	0.030	1.06	0.95	0.79
		Back	0.935	0.201	0.165	0.021	1.14	1.10	0.96
		Left side	0.088	0.024	0.037	<0.001	0.11	0.13	0.09
		Right side	0.608	0.204	0.834	0.031	0.81	1.44	0.64
		Top side	0.029	0.212	0.583	0.019	0.24	0.61	0.05
		Bottom side	0.219	0.001	0.013	0.001	0.22	0.23	0.22
	WCDMA IV	Front	0.965	0.301	0.191	0.030	1.27	1.16	1.00
		Back	1.256	0.201	0.165	0.021	1.46	1.42	1.28
		Left side	0.142	0.024	0.037	<0.001	0.17	0.18	0.14
		Right side	0.718	0.204	0.834	0.031	0.92	1.55	0.75
		Top side	0.039	0.212	0.583	0.019	0.25	0.62	0.06
		Bottom side	0.416	0.001	0.013	0.001	0.42	0.43	0.42
	WCDMA V	Front	0.033	0.301	0.191	0.030	0.33	0.22	0.06
		Back	0.150	0.201	0.165	0.021	0.35	0.32	0.17
		Left side	0.017	0.024	0.037	<0.001	0.04	0.05	0.02
		Right side	0.009	0.204	0.834	0.031	0.21	0.84	0.04
		Top side	0.002	0.212	0.583	0.019	0.21	0.59	0.02
		Bottom side	0.058	0.001	0.013	0.001	0.06	0.07	0.06
LTE	LTE Band 12	Front	0.027	0.301	0.191	0.030	0.33	0.22	0.06
		Back	0.280	0.201	0.165	0.021	0.48	0.45	0.30
		Left side	0.095	0.024	0.037	<0.001	0.12	0.13	0.10
		Right side	0.100	0.204	0.834	0.031	0.30	0.93	0.13
		Top side	0.002	0.212	0.583	0.019	0.21	0.59	0.02
		Bottom side	0.018	0.001	0.013	0.001	0.02	0.03	0.02
	LTE Band 13	Front	0.219	0.301	0.191	0.030	0.52	0.41	0.25
		Back	0.161	0.201	0.165	0.021	0.36	0.33	0.18
		Left side	0.130	0.024	0.037	<0.001	0.15	0.17	0.13
		Right side	0.102	0.204	0.834	0.031	0.31	0.94	0.13
		Top side	0.039	0.212	0.583	0.019	0.25	0.62	0.06
		Bottom side	0.183	0.001	0.013	0.001	0.18	0.20	0.18



WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1	2	3	4	1+2 Summed 10g SAR (W/kg)	1+3 Summed 10g SAR (W/kg)	1+4 Summed 10g SAR (W/kg)
			WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	5GHz WLAN	Bluetooth			
			10g SAR (W/kg)	10g SAR (W/kg)	10g SAR (W/kg)	10g SAR (W/kg)			
LTE	LTE Band 5	Front	0.027	0.301	0.191	0.030	0.33	0.22	0.06
		Back	0.119	0.201	0.165	0.021	0.32	0.28	0.14
		Left side	0.013	0.024	0.037	<0.001	0.04	0.05	0.01
		Right side	0.008	0.204	0.834	0.031	0.21	0.84	0.04
		Top side	0.002	0.212	0.583	0.019	0.21	0.59	0.02
		Bottom side	0.048	0.001	0.013	0.001	0.05	0.06	0.05
	LTE Band 4	Front	0.894	0.301	0.191	0.030	1.20	1.09	0.92
		Back	1.171	0.201	0.165	0.021	1.37	1.34	1.19
		Left side	0.118	0.024	0.037	<0.001	0.14	0.16	0.12
		Right side	0.573	0.204	0.834	0.031	0.78	1.41	0.60
		Top side	0.038	0.212	0.583	0.019	0.25	0.62	0.06
		Bottom side	0.421	0.001	0.013	0.001	0.42	0.43	0.42
	LTE Band 2	Front	0.840	0.301	0.191	0.030	1.14	1.03	0.87
		Back	0.877	0.201	0.165	0.021	1.08	1.04	0.90
		Left side	0.091	0.024	0.037	<0.001	0.12	0.13	0.09
		Right side	0.654	0.204	0.834	0.031	0.86	1.49	0.69
		Top side	0.037	0.212	0.583	0.019	0.25	0.62	0.06
		Bottom side	0.273	0.001	0.013	0.001	0.27	0.29	0.27

Test Engineer : Changlin Huang, Bin He, Mengming Dai



16. Uncertainty Assessment

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100MHz to 6GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be $\leq 30\%$, for a confidence interval of $k = 2$. If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. For this device, the highest measured 1-g SAR is less 1.5W/kg and highest measured 10-g SAR is less 3.75W/kg. Therefore, the measurement uncertainty table is not required in this report.



17. References

- [1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"
- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992
- [3] IEEE Std. 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", Sep 2013
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [5] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, "SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (WiFi) Transmitters", Oct 2015.
- [6] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", Oct 2015
- [7] FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03r01, "3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES", Oct 2015
- [8] FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r05, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices", Dec 2015
- [9] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Aug 2015.
- [10] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations" Oct 2015.



Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

The plots are shown as follows.

System Check_Head_750MHz

DUT: D750V3-SN:1099

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_750_191128 Medium parameters used: $f = 750 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.886 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.532$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(10, 10, 10); Calibrated: 2019.03.01;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn715; Calibrated: 2019.01.23
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.65 W/kg

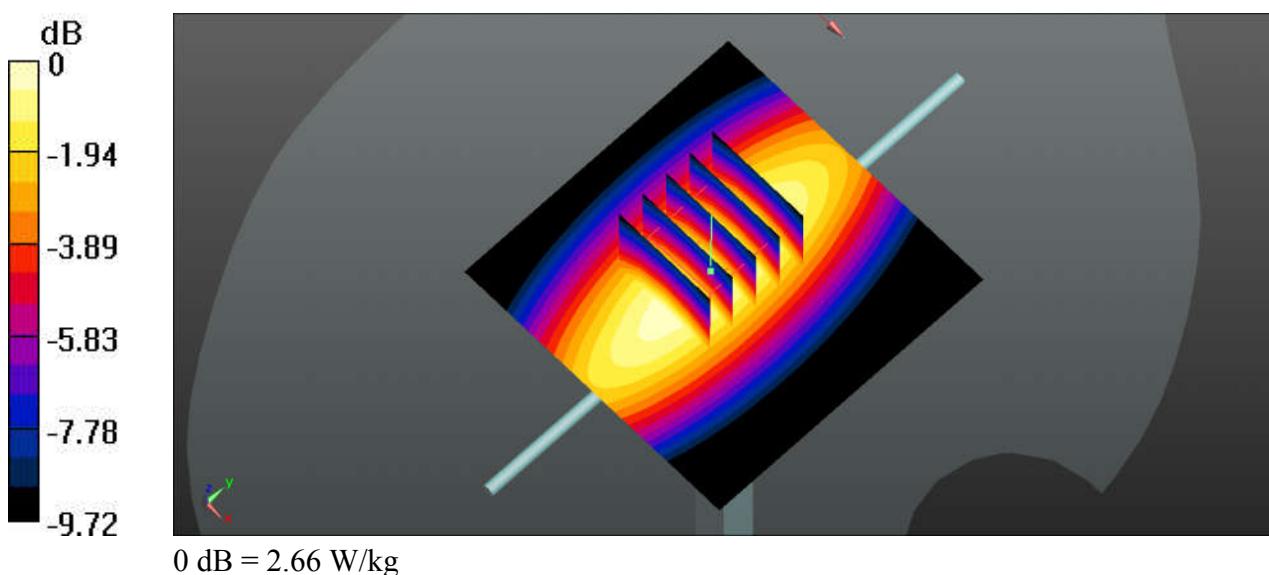
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.40 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.05 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.15 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.45 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.66 W/kg



System Check_Head_835MHz

DUT: D835V2-SN:4d162

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_835_191129 Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.915$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.529$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.57, 9.57, 9.57); Calibrated: 2019.03.01;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn715; Calibrated: 2019.01.23
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.07 W/kg

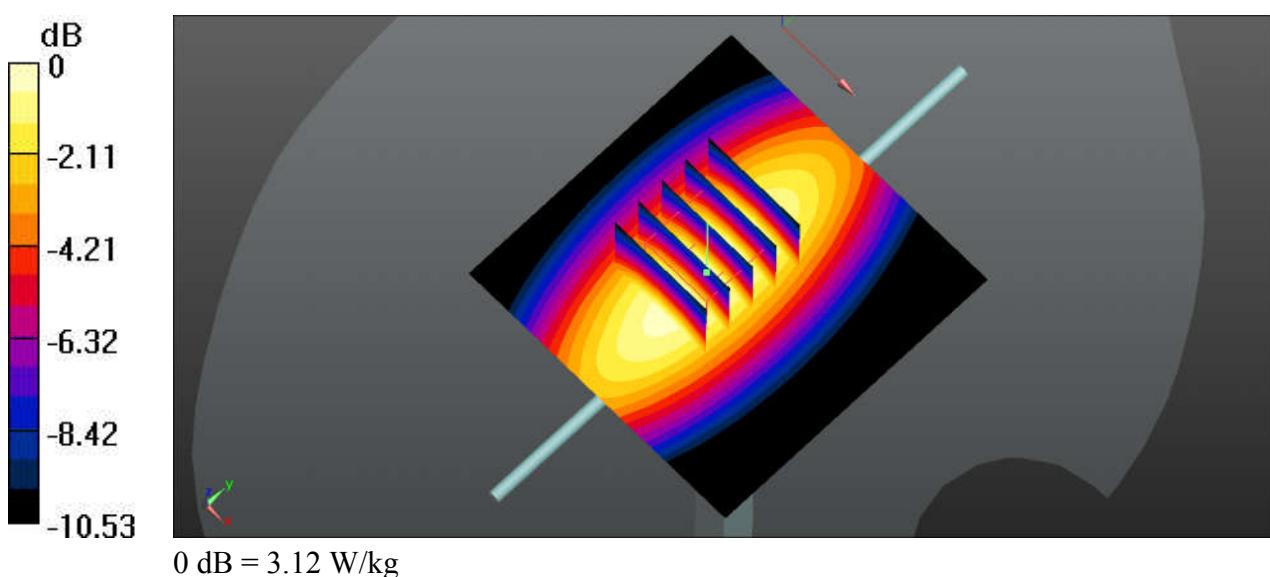
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 58.44 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.63 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.49 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.64 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.12 W/kg



System Check_Head_1750MHz

DUT: D1750V2-SN:1137

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1750_191126 Medium parameters used: $f = 1750$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.377$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.359$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(8.54, 8.54, 8.54); Calibrated: 2019.03.01;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn715; Calibrated: 2019.01.23
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.1 W/kg

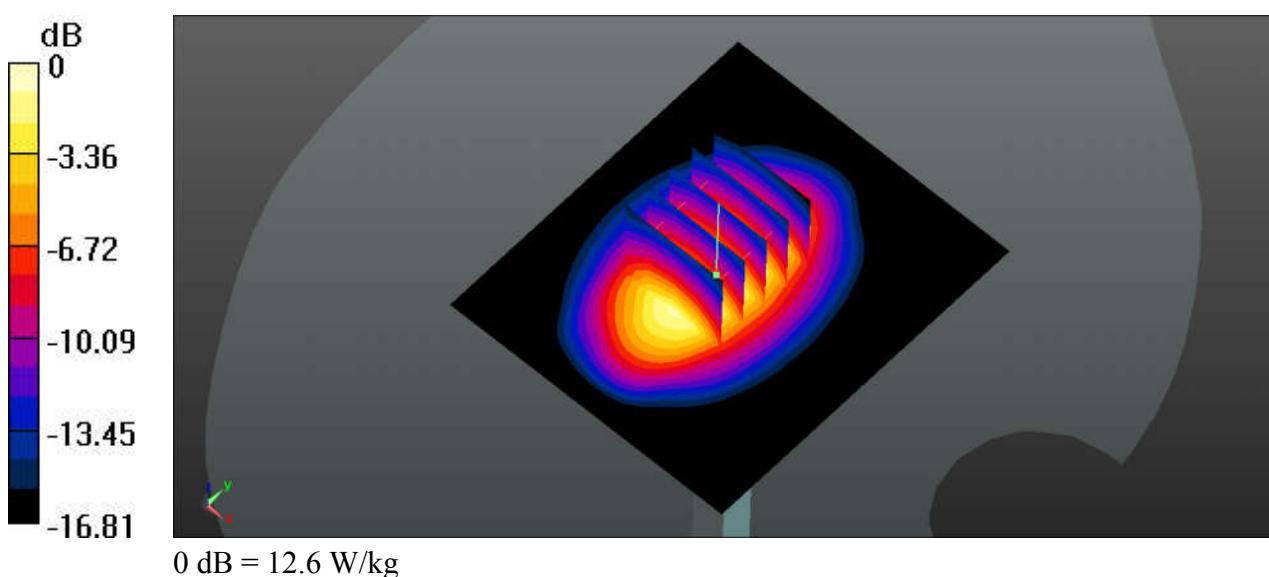
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 92.88 V/m; Power Drift = 0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.93 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.78 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.6 W/kg



System Check_Head_1900MHz

DUT: D1900V2-SN:5d182

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1900_191127 Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.417$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.994$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(8.27, 8.27, 8.27); Calibrated: 2019.03.01;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn715; Calibrated: 2019.01.23
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.2 W/kg

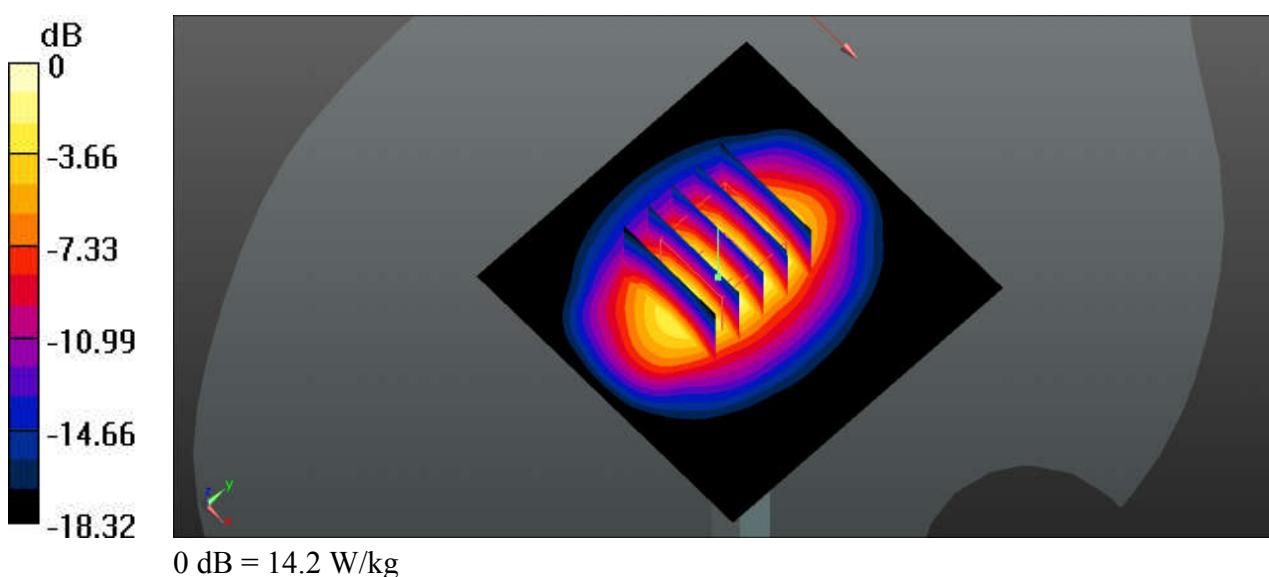
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 96.05 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.82 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.05 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.2 W/kg



System Check_Head_2450MHz

DUT: D2450V2-SN:924

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2450_191130 Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.82$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.753$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.21, 7.21, 7.21); Calibrated: 2019.03.01;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn715; Calibrated: 2019.01.23
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.5 W/kg

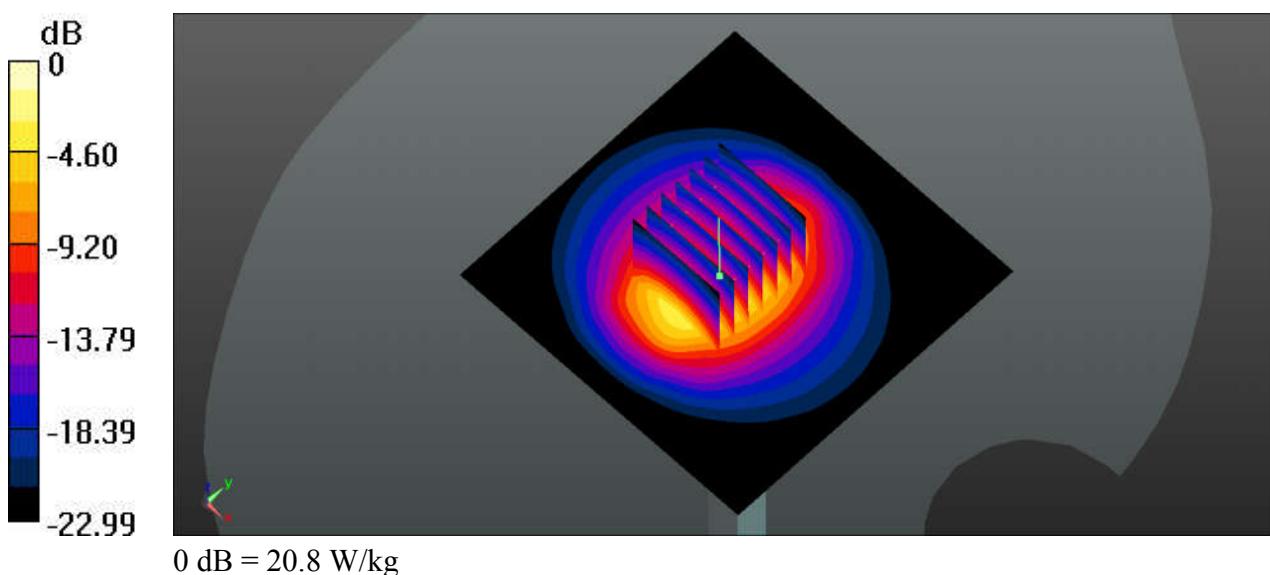
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 87.91 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.97 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.8 W/kg



System Check_Head_5250MHz

DUT: D5GHzV2-1167

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_5250_191201 Medium parameters used: $f = 5250$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.626$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.038$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(5.07, 5.07, 5.07); Calibrated: 2019.03.01;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn715; Calibrated: 2019.01.23
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (71x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.2 W/kg

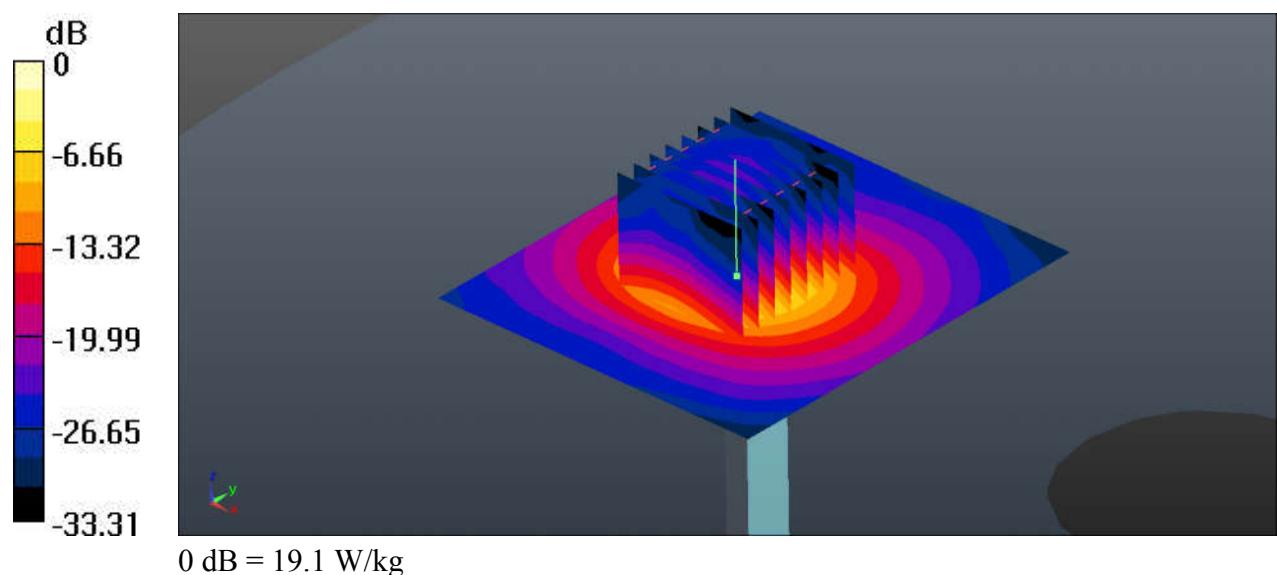
Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 53.46 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.64 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.18 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.1 W/kg



System Check_Head_5600MHz

DUT: D5GHzV2-1167

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_5600_191201 Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.034$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.508$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(4.7, 4.7, 4.7); Calibrated: 2019.03.01;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn715; Calibrated: 2019.01.23
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (71x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 23.1 W/kg

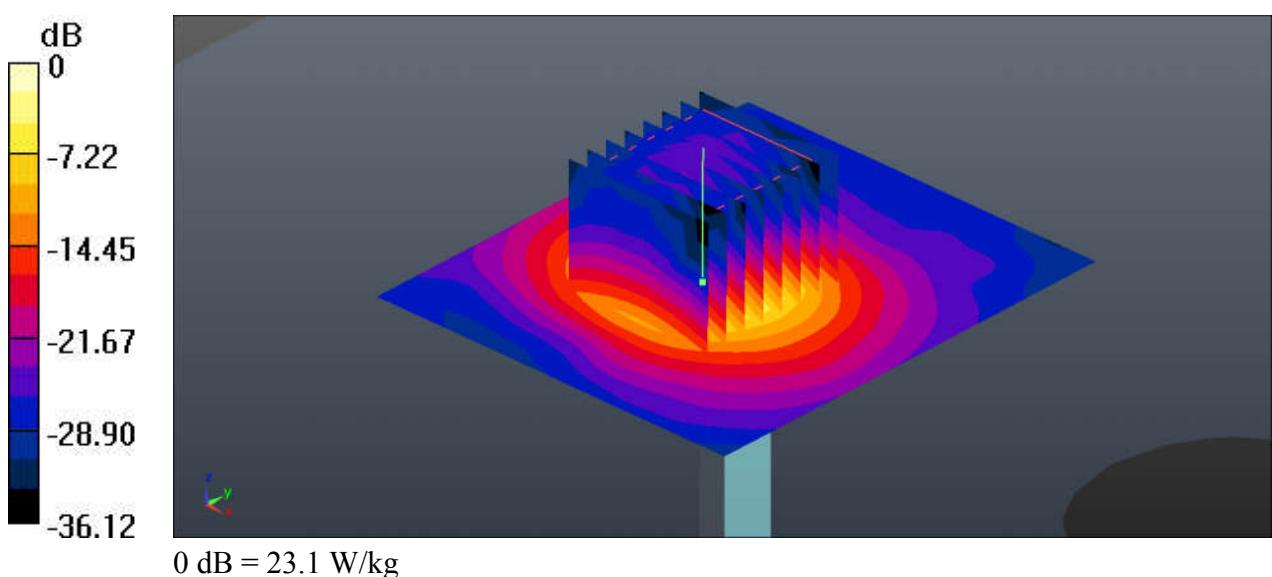
Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 49.99 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 37.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.33 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.37 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.4 W/kg



System Check_Head_5750MHz

DUT: D5GHzV2-1167

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_5750_191202 Medium parameters used: $f = 5750$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.203$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.253$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(4.77, 4.77, 4.77); Calibrated: 2019.03.01;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn715; Calibrated: 2019.01.23
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.7 W/kg

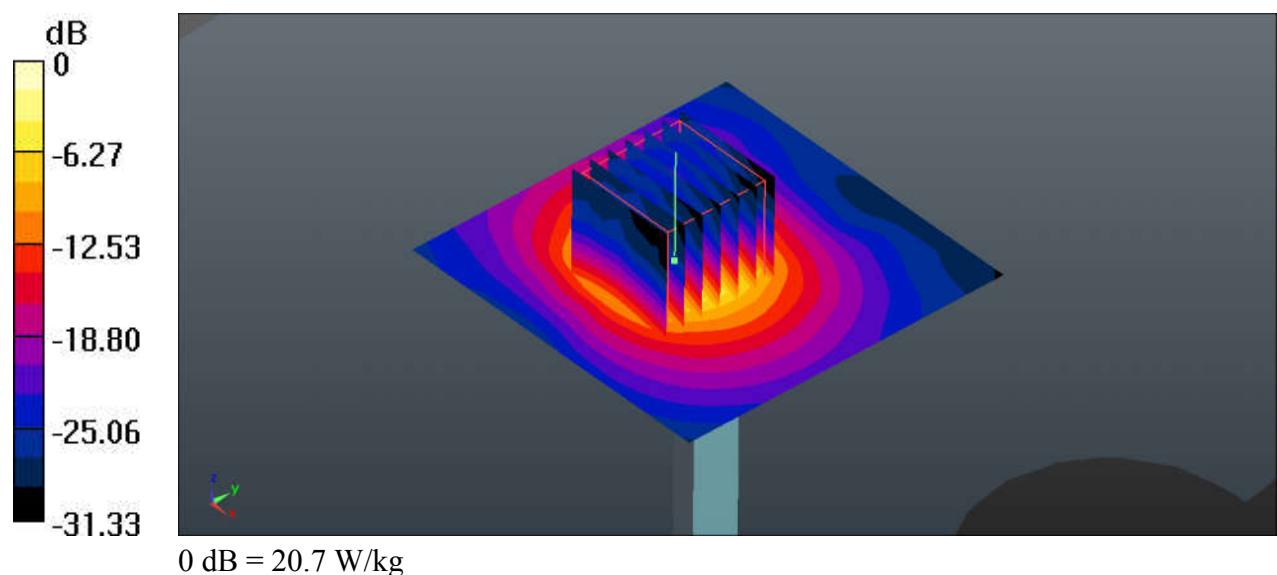
Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 46.75 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.82 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.14 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.5 W/kg





Appendix B. Plots of High SAR Measurement

The plots are shown as follows.

01_WCDMA V_RMC 12.2Kbps_Back_0mm_Ch4233

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_835_191129 Medium parameters used: $f = 846.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.925$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.415$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.57, 9.57, 9.57); Calibrated: 2019.03.01;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn715; Calibrated: 2019.01.23
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch4233/Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.388 W/kg

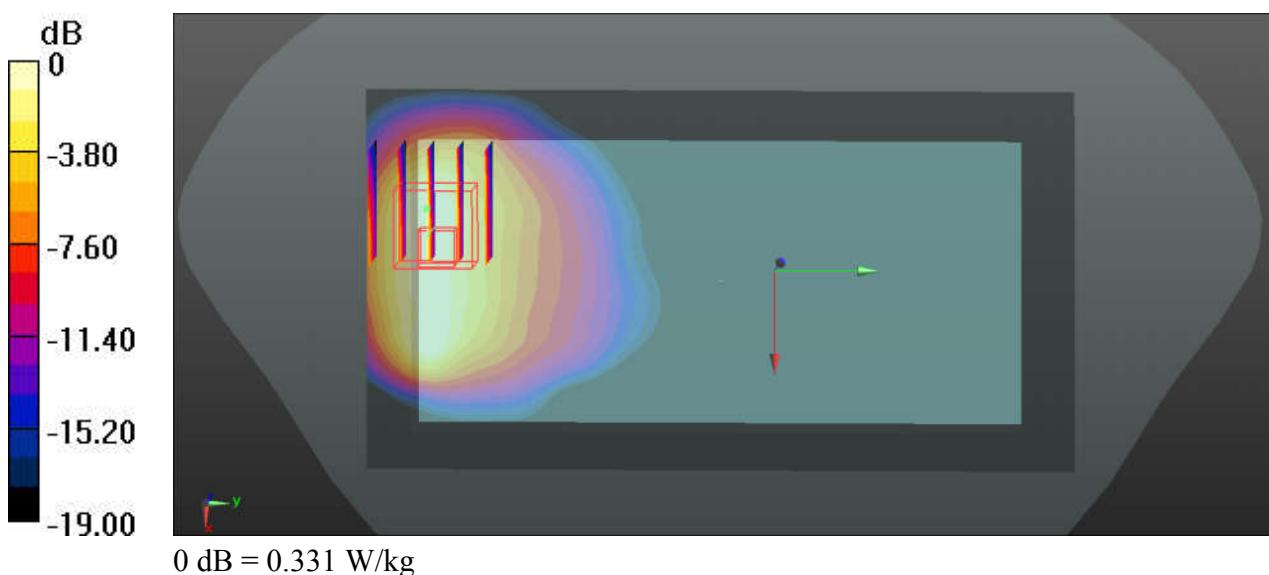
Ch4233/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.569 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.263 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.133 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.331 W/kg



02_WCDMA IV_RMC 12.2Kbps_Back_0mm_Ch1413

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1732.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1750_191126 Medium parameters used: $f = 1733$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.359$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.442$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(8.54, 8.54, 8.54); Calibrated: 2019.03.01;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn715; Calibrated: 2019.01.23
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

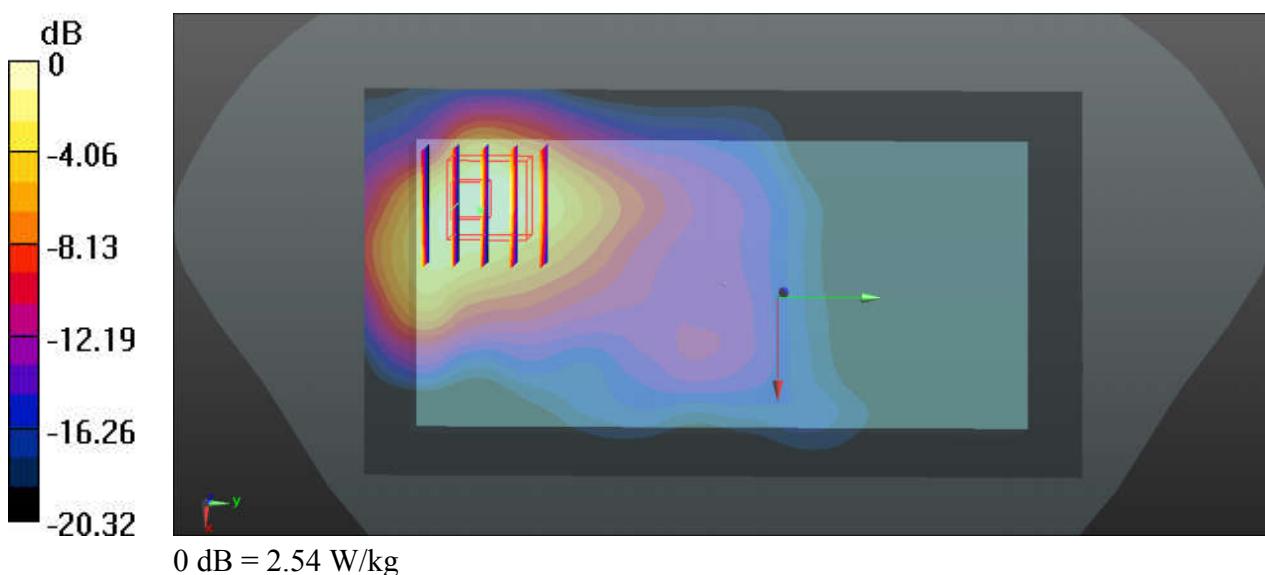
Ch1413/Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.99 W/kg

Ch1413/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.542 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.60 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.06 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.03 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.54 W/kg



03_WCDMA II_RMC 12.2Kbps_Back_0mm_Ch9262

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1900_191127 Medium parameters used: $f = 1852.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.365$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.225$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(8.27, 8.27, 8.27); Calibrated: 2019.03.01;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn715; Calibrated: 2019.01.23
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch9262/Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.33 W/kg

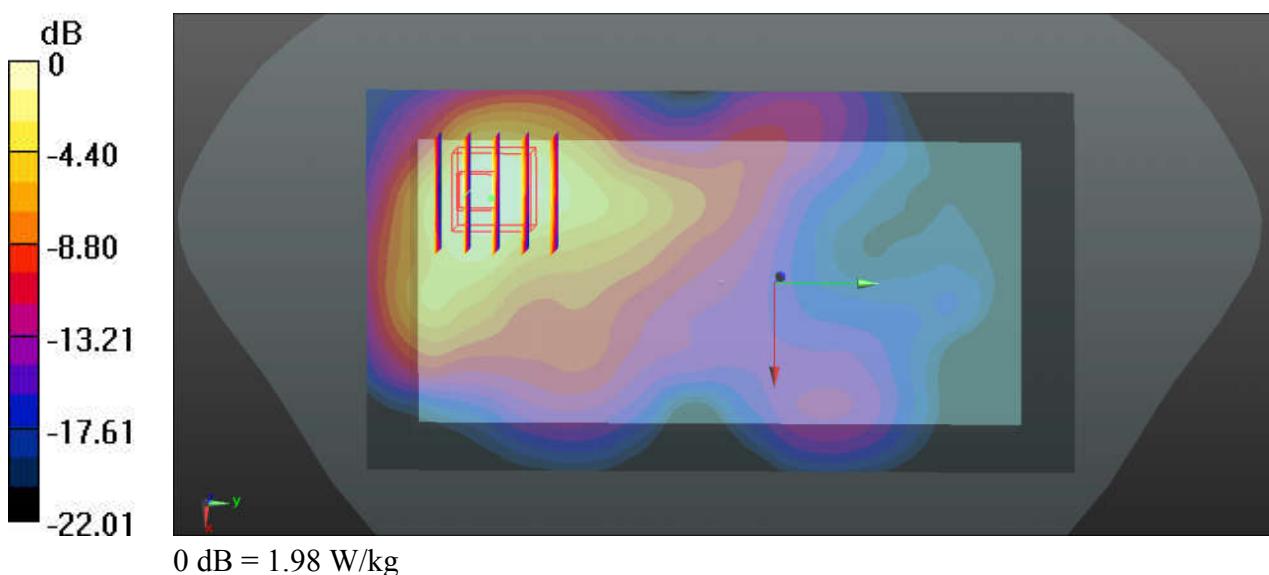
Ch9262/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.553 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.42 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.59 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.820 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.98 W/kg



04_LTE Band 12_10M_QPSK_1RB_25Offset_Back_0mm_Ch23095

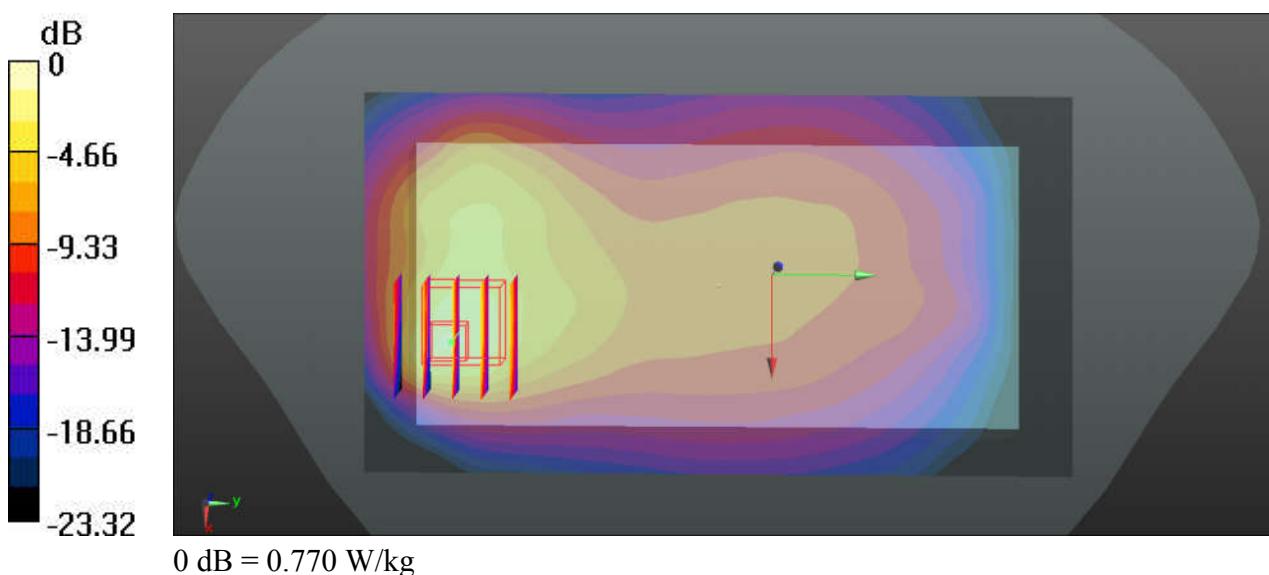
Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 707.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_750_191128 Medium parameters used: $f = 707.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.864$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.444$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(10, 10, 10); Calibrated: 2019.03.01;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn715; Calibrated: 2019.01.23
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch23095/Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.563 W/kg

Ch23095/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 11.27 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.61 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.514 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.224 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.770 W/kg



05_LTE Band 13_10M_QPSK_1RB_25Offset_Front_0mm_Ch23230

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 782 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_750_191128 Medium parameters used: $f = 782 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.905 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.814$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(10, 10, 10); Calibrated: 2019.03.01;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn715; Calibrated: 2019.01.23
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch23230/Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.273 W/kg

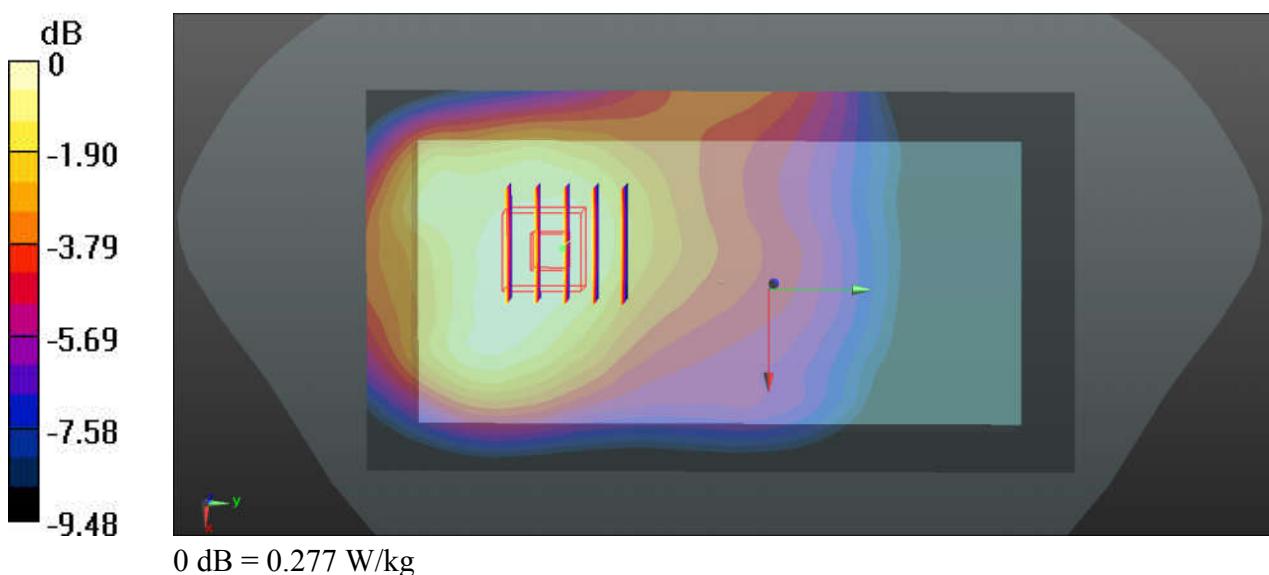
Ch23230/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.570 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.327 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.249 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.185 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.277 W/kg



06_LTE Band 5_10M_QPSK_1RB_49Offset_Back_0mm_Ch20525

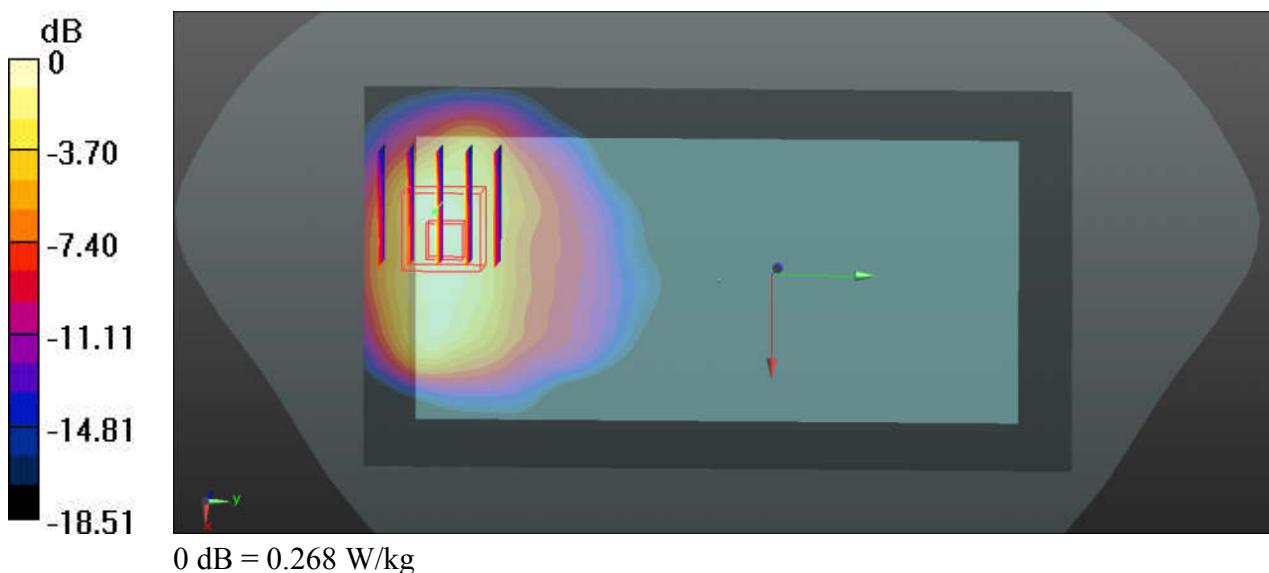
Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_835_191129 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.917$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.516$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.57, 9.57, 9.57); Calibrated: 2019.03.01;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn715; Calibrated: 2019.01.23
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch20525/Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.250 W/kg

Ch20525/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 1.389 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.433 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.198 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.103 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.268 W/kg



07_LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK_1RB_49Offset_Back_0mm_Ch20175

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1750_191126 Medium parameters used: $f = 1732.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.358$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.445$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(8.54, 8.54, 8.54); Calibrated: 2019.03.01;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn715; Calibrated: 2019.01.23
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch20175/Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.47 W/kg

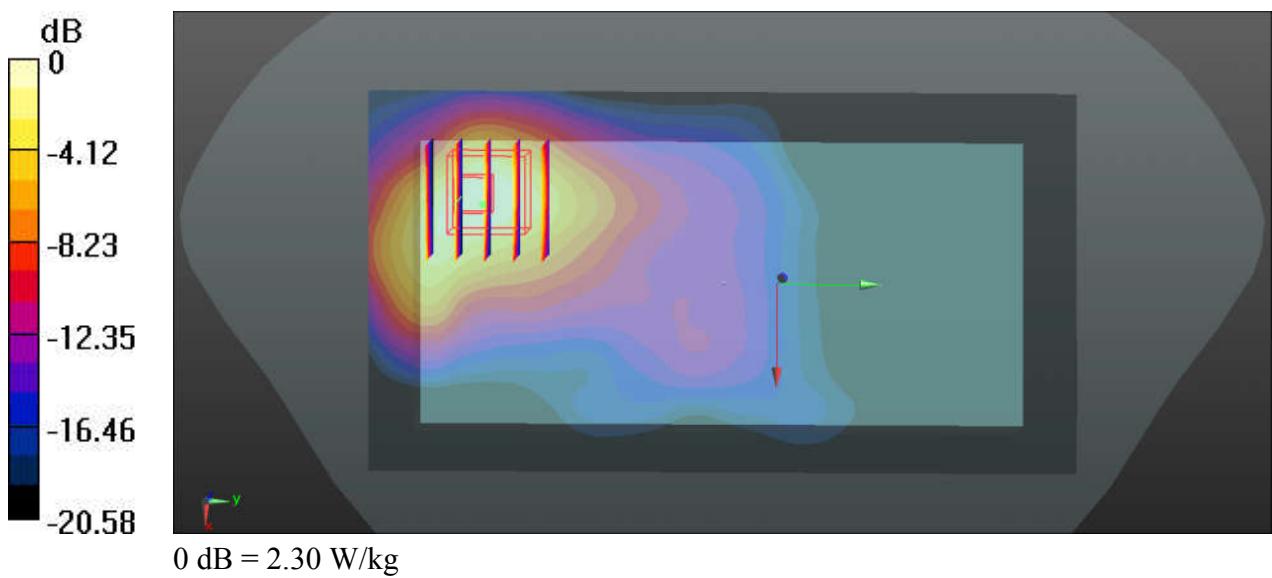
Ch20175/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.883 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.96 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.82 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.907 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.30 W/kg



08_LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK_1RB_49Offset_Back_0mm_Ch18700

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 1860 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1900_191127 Medium parameters used: $f = 1860$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.372$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.179$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(8.27, 8.27, 8.27); Calibrated: 2019.03.01;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn715; Calibrated: 2019.01.23
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch18700/Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.06 W/kg

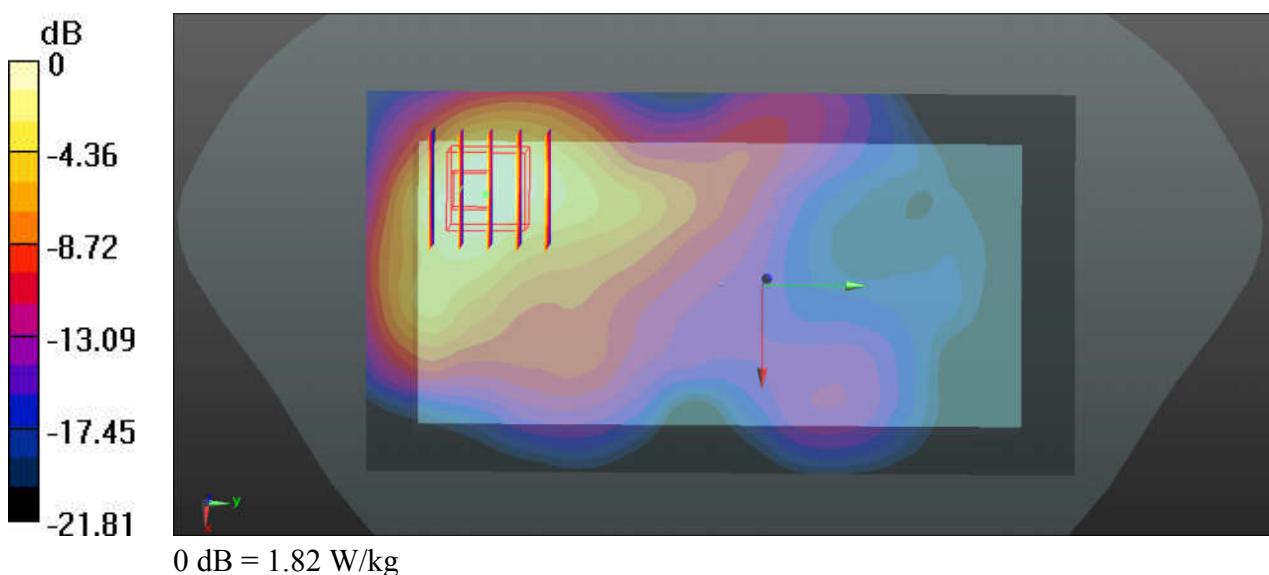
Ch18700/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.223 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.19 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.48 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.767 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.82 W/kg



09_Bluetooth_DH5 1Mbps_Right Side_0mm_Ch0

Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth (0); Frequency: 2402 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.302
Medium: HSL_2450_191130 Medium parameters used: $f = 2402$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.766$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.923$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.21, 7.21, 7.21); Calibrated: 2019.03.01;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn715; Calibrated: 2019.01.23
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch0/Area Scan (41x161x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0678 W/kg

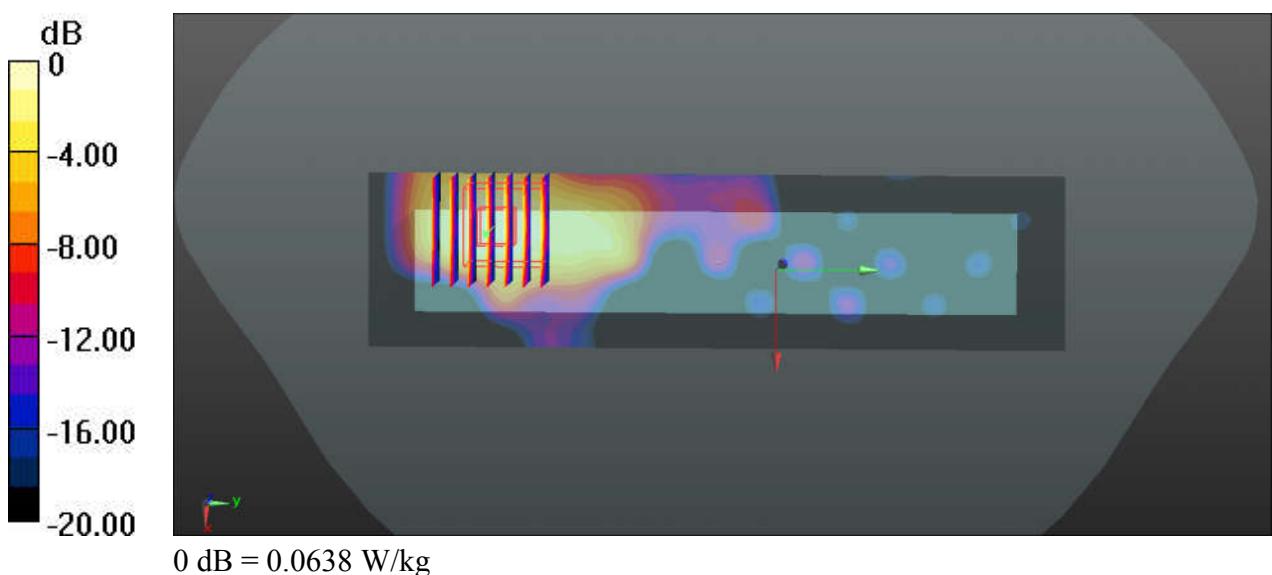
Ch0/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0.6360 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0890 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.043 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.021 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0638 W/kg



10_WLAN2.4GHz_802.11b 1Mbps_Front_0mm_Ch6

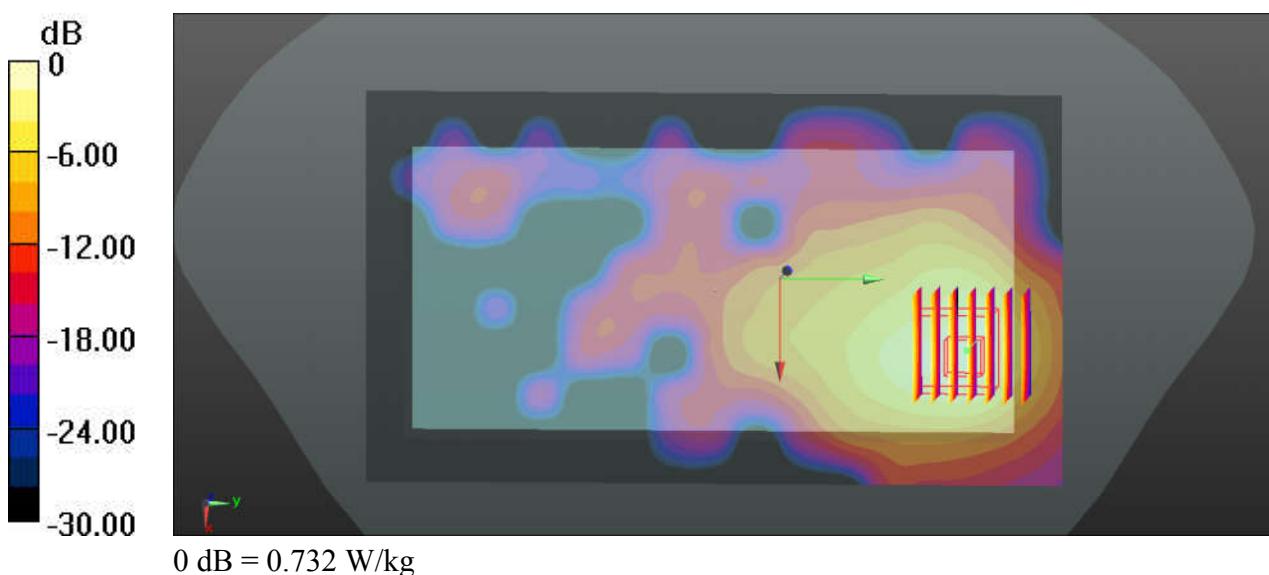
Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.024
Medium: HSL_2450_191130 Medium parameters used: $f = 2437 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.805 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.21, 7.21, 7.21); Calibrated: 2019.03.01;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn715; Calibrated: 2019.01.23
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch6/Area Scan (91x161x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.775 W/kg

Ch6/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 4.117 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.08 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.474 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.223 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.732 W/kg



11_WLAN5GHz_802.11a 6Mbps_Right Side_0mm_Ch64

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 5320 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.149
Medium: HSL_5250_191201 Medium parameters used: $f = 5320$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.709$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.945$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(5.07, 5.07, 5.07); Calibrated: 2019.03.01;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn715; Calibrated: 2019.01.23
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch64/Area Scan (51x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.10 W/kg

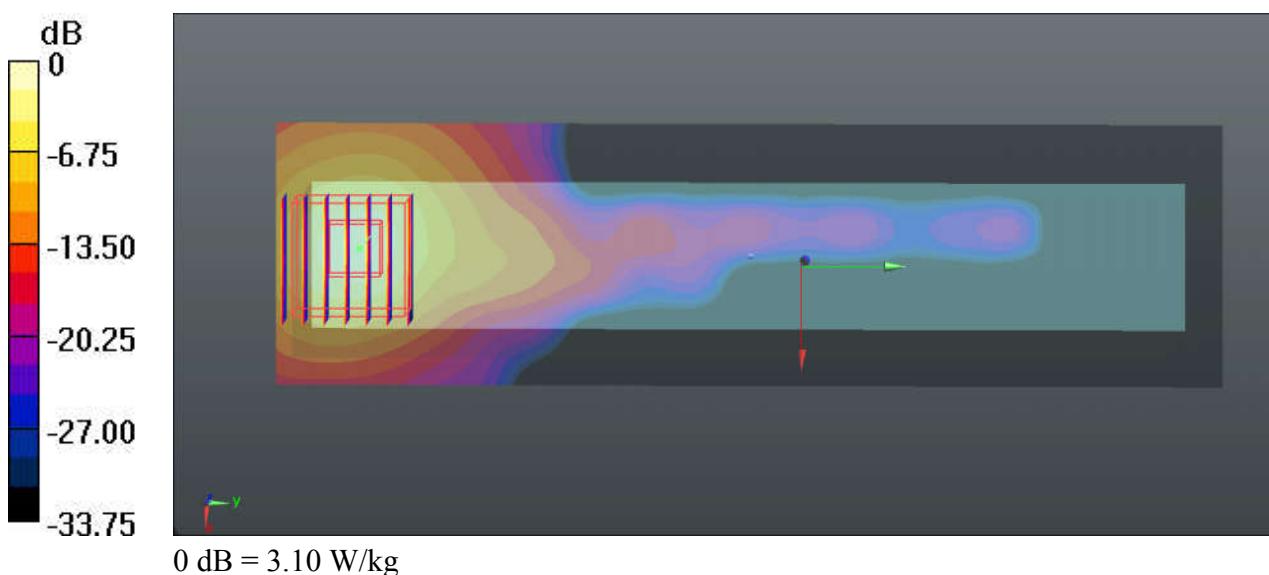
Ch64/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 2.230 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.11 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.46 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.406 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.61 W/kg



12_WLAN5GHz_802.11a 6Mbps_Right Side_0mm_Ch140

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 5700 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.149
Medium: HSL_5600_191201 Medium parameters used: $f = 5700$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.147$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.347$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(4.7, 4.7, 4.7); Calibrated: 2019.03.01;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn715; Calibrated: 2019.01.23
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch140/Area Scan (51x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 5.14 W/kg

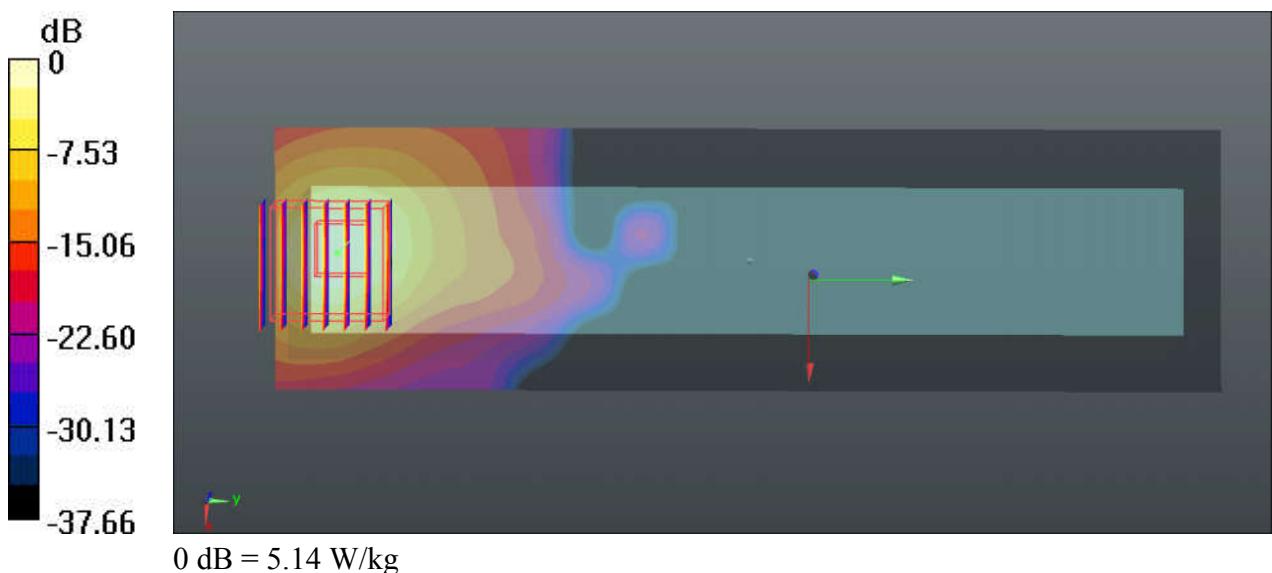
Ch140/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 1.917 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.31 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.577 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.47 W/kg



13_WLAN5GHz_802.11a 6Mbps_Right Side_0mm_Ch149

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 5745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.149
Medium: HSL_5750_191202 Medium parameters used: $f = 5745 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.195 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 36.264$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(4.77, 4.77, 4.77); Calibrated: 2019.03.01;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn715; Calibrated: 2019.01.23
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

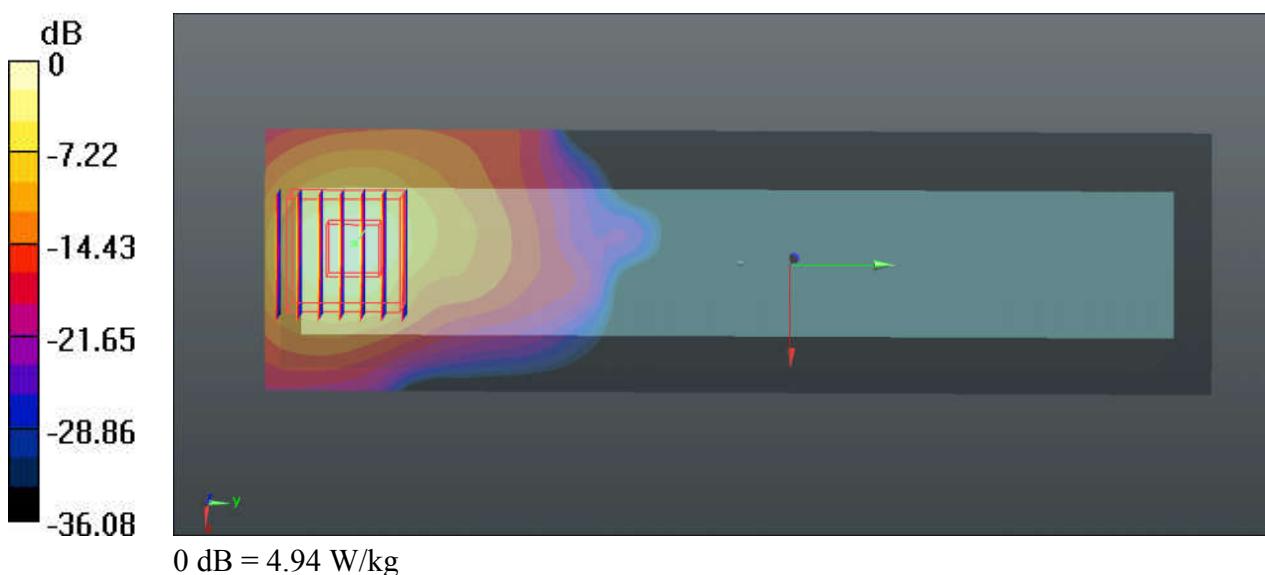
Ch149/Area Scan (51x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.94 W/kg

Ch149/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 1.148 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 10.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.11 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.538 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.46 W/kg





Appendix C. DASY Calibration Certificate

The DASY calibration certificates are shown as follows.



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 校准
 CALIBRATION
 CNAS L0570

Client

Sporton

Certificate No: Z18-60532

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D750V3 - SN: 1099

Calibration Procedure(s) FF.Z11-003-01
 Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: December 6, 2018

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22 ± 3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRVD	102196	07-Mar-18 (CTTL, No.J18X01510)	Mar-19
Power sensor NRV-Z5	100596	07-Mar-18 (CTTL, No.J18X01510)	Mar-19
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 7514	27-Aug-18(SPEAG, No.EX3-7514_Aug18)	Aug-19
DAE4	SN 1555	20-Aug-18(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1555_Aug18)	Aug-19
Secondary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	23-Jan-18 (CTTL, No.J18X00560)	Jan-19
NetworkAnalyzer E5071C	MY46110673	24-Jan-18 (CTTL, No.J18X00561)	Jan-19

Calibrated by:	Name	Function	Signature
	Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	

Issued: December 9, 2018

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

- e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions*: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL*: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss*: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay*: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured*: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized*: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters*: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	52.10.2.1495
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	750 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.9	0.89 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	43.1 ± 6 %	0.87 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.07 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	8.52 mW /g ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.38 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	5.64 mW /g ± 18.7 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.5	0.96 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	54.0 ± 6 %	0.95 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.15 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	8.61 mW /g ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.44 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	5.77 mW /g ± 18.7 % (k=2)



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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.2Ω- 1.12jΩ
Return Loss	- 27.7dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.8Ω- 3.37jΩ
Return Loss	- 29.4dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	0.900 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 12.05.2018

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN: 1099

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 750 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.865 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 43.13$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7514; ConvF(9.47, 9.47, 9.47) @ 750 MHz; Calibrated: 8/27/2018
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1555; Calibrated: 8/20/2018
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C ; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

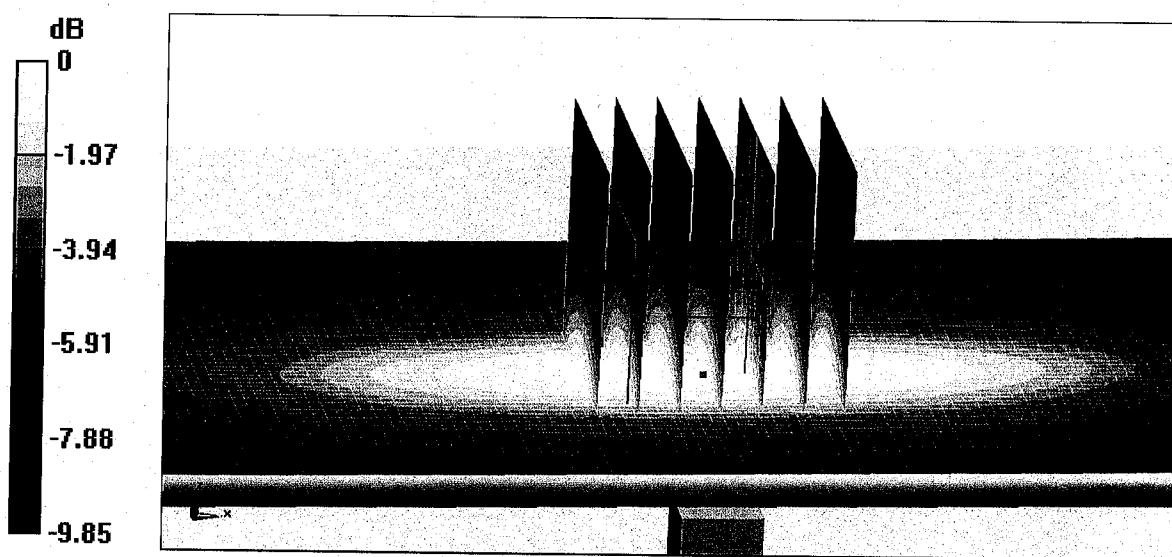
Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 53.37 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.12 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.07 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.38 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.75 W/kg

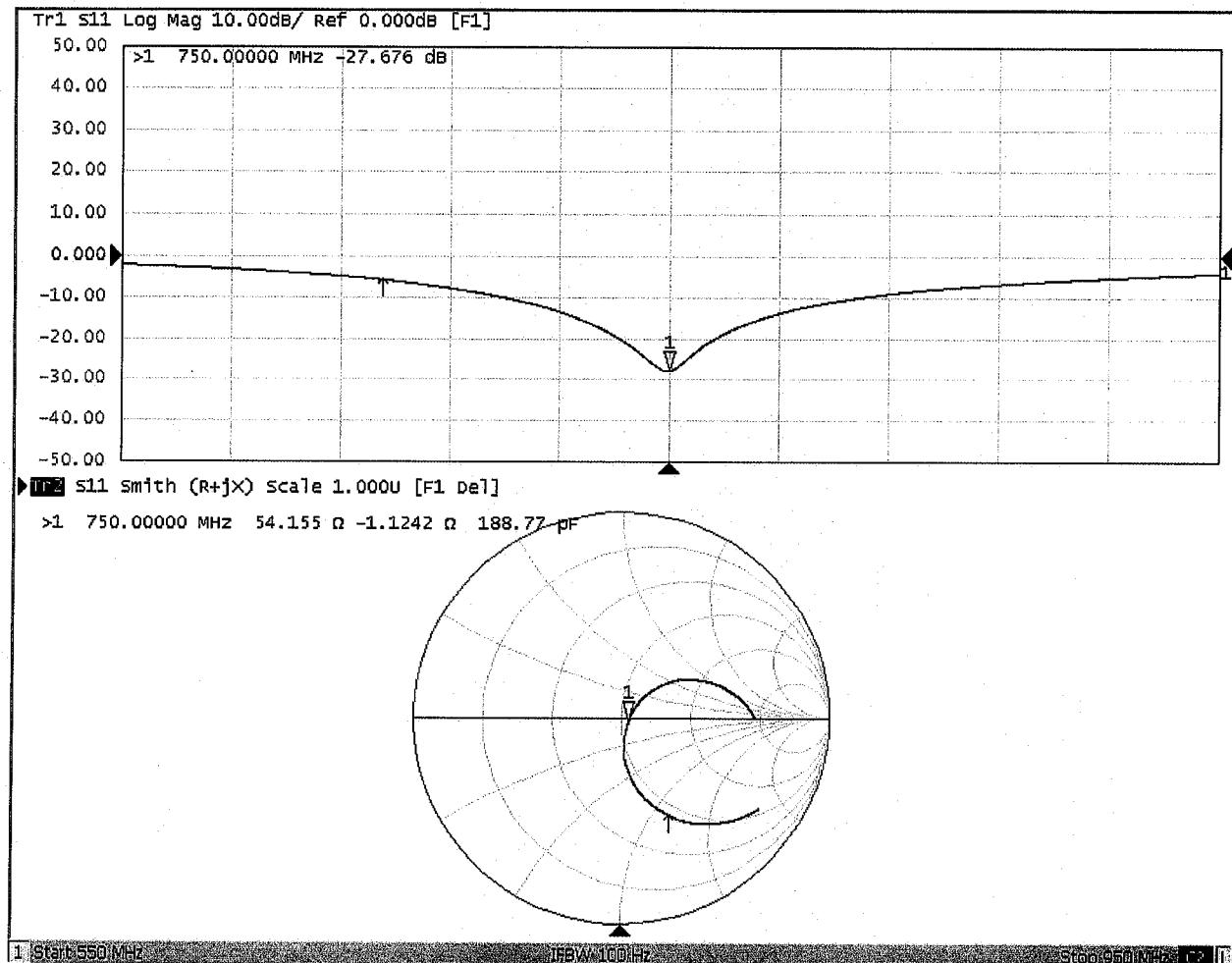




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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 12.05.2018

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN: 1099

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 750 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.951 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.02$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7514; ConvF(9.68, 9.68, 9.68) @ 750 MHz; Calibrated: 8/27/2018
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1555; Calibrated: 8/20/2018
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C ; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

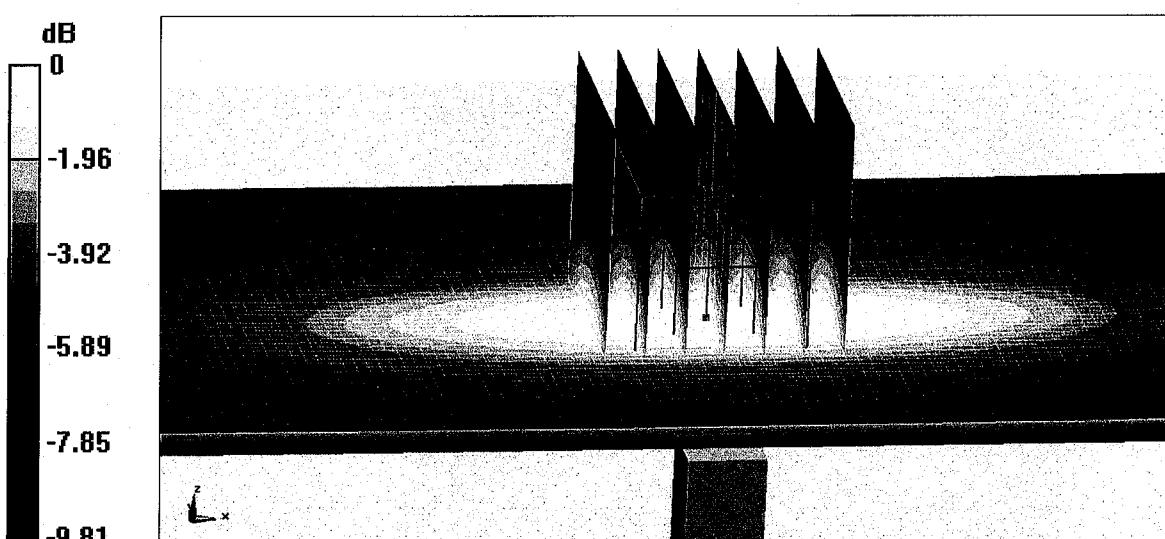
Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 51.51 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.29 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.15 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.44 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.88 W/kg



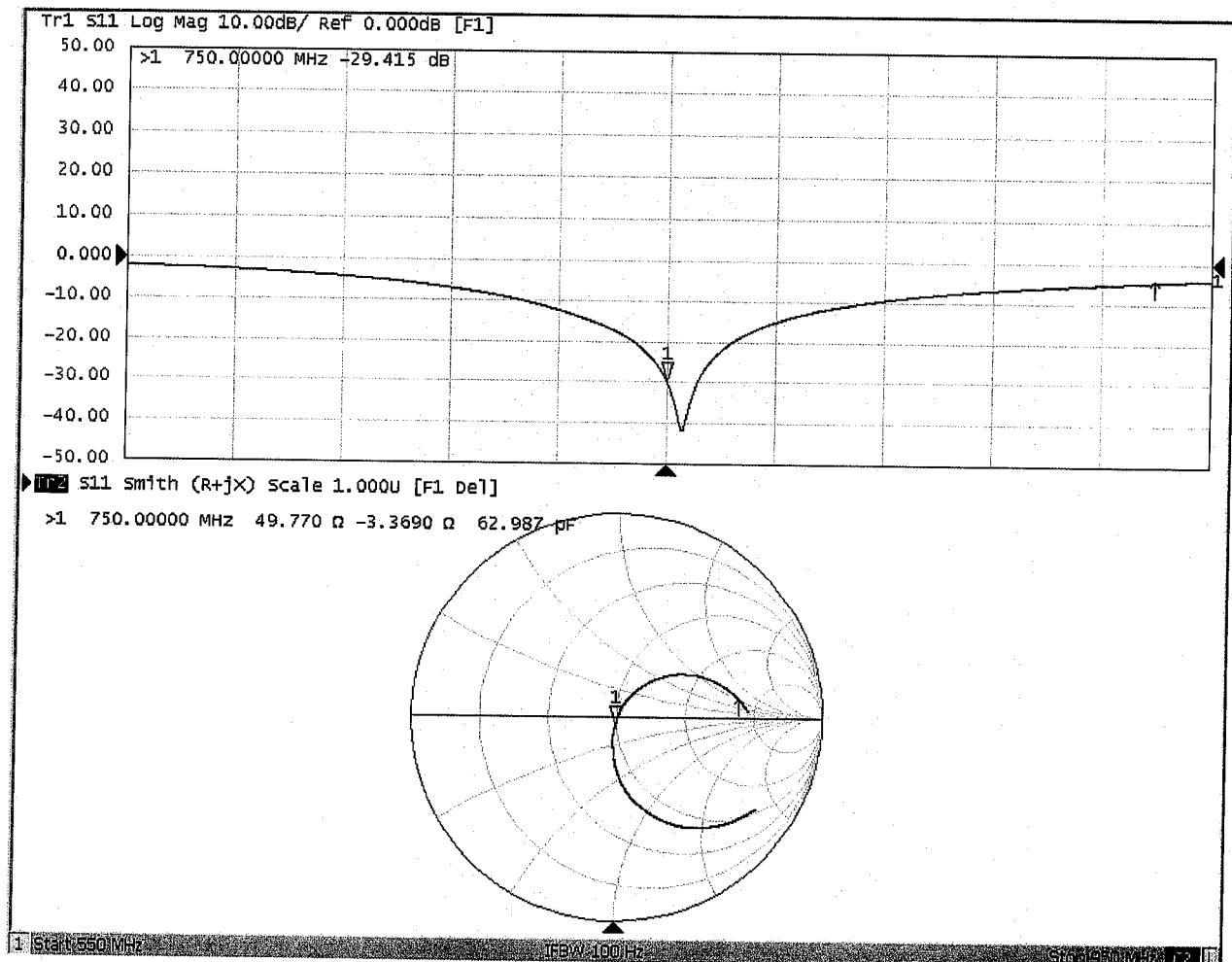
0 dB = 2.88 W/kg = 4.59 dBW/kg



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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





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Client

Sportun

Certificate No: Z18-60533

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D835V2 - SN: 4d162

Calibration Procedure(s) FF-Z11-003-01
 Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: December 5, 2018

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22 ± 3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRVD	102196	07-Mar-18 (CTTL, No.J18X01510)	Mar-19
Power sensor NRV-Z5	100596	07-Mar-18 (CTTL, No.J18X01510)	Mar-19
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 7514	27-Aug-18(SPEAG, No.EX3-7514_Aug18)	Aug-19
DAE4	SN 1555	20-Aug-18(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1555_Aug18)	Aug-19
Secondary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	23-Jan-18 (CTTL, No.J18X00560)	Jan-19
NetworkAnalyzer E5071C	MY46110673	24-Jan-18 (CTTL, No.J18X00561)	Jan-19

Calibrated by:	Name	Function	Signature
	Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	

Issued: December 8, 2018

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

- e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	52.10.2.1495
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	42.7 ± 6 %	0.88 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.35 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.61 mW /g ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.56 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.35 mW /g ± 18.7 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	53.7 ± 6 %	0.99 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.47 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.70 mW /g ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.64 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.47 mW /g ± 18.7 % (k=2)



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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.6Ω- 2.56jΩ
Return Loss	- 28.9dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.2Ω- 6.92jΩ
Return Loss	- 22.3dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.306 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 12.04.2018

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d162

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.881 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.71$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7514; ConvF(9.09, 9.09, 9.09) @ 835 MHz; Calibrated: 8/27/2018
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1555; Calibrated: 8/20/2018
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C ; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 57.75 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.50 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.35 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.56 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.11 W/kg

