# SAR TEST REPORT

**Reference No.** : WTS16S1165622E V2

FCC ID..... : V5PA920

Applicant .....: PAX Technology Limited

Hong Kong

Manufacturer .....: PAX Computer Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

High-Tech industrial Park, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R.C.

Product Name .....: Wireless POS Terminal

 Model No.
 : A920

 Brand.
 : PAX

FCC 47 CFR Part2(2.1093)

**Standards** ..... : ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2006

IEEE 1528-2013 & Published RF Exposure KDB Procedures

Date of Receipt sample .... : Nov. 18, 2016

Date of Test ...... : Nov. 28, 2016 - Dec. 03, 2016

**Date of Issue** ..... : Dec. 08, 2016

Test Result .....: Pass

#### Remarks:

The results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested, this test report cannot be reproduced, except in full, without prior written permission of the company. The report would be invalid without specific stamp of test institute and the signatures of compiler and approver.

#### Prepared By:

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Reference No.: WTS16S1165622E V2 Page 2 of 172

#### 2 Laboratories Introduction

Waltek Services Test Group Ltd is a professional third-party testing and certification organization with multi-year product testing and certification experience, established strictly in accordance with ISO/IEC 17025 requirements, and accredited by CNAS (China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment) AQSIQ, CMA and IECEE for CBTL. Meanwhile, Waltek has got recognition as registration and accreditation laboratory from EMSD (Electrical and Mechanical Services Department), and American Energy star, FCC(The Federal Communications Commission), CPSC(Consumer Product Safety Commission), CEC(California energy efficiency), IC(Industry Canada) and ELI(Efficient Lighting Initiative). It's the strategic partner and data recognition laboratory of international authoritative organizations, such as UL, Intertek(ETL-SEMKO), CSA, TÜV Rheinland, TÜV SÜD, etc.



Waltek Services Test Group Ltd. is one of the largest and the most comprehensive third party testing organizations in China, our headquarter located in Shenzhen and have branches in Foshan, Dongguan, Zhongshan, Suzhou,Ningbo and Hong Kong, Our test capability covered four large fields: safety test. ElectroMagnetic Compatibility(EMC), reliablity and energy performance, Chemical test. As a professional, comprehensive, justice international test organization, we still keep the scientific and rigorous work attitude to help each client satisfy the international standards and assist their product enter into globe market smoothly.

# 3 Contents

		Page
1	COVER PAGE	1
2	LABORATORIES INTRODUCTION	2
3	CONTENTS	3
4	REVISION HISTORY	4
5	GENERAL INFORMATION	5
	<ul><li>5.1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF E.U.T.</li><li>5.2 DETAILS OF E.U.T.</li><li>5.3 TEST FACILITY</li></ul>	5
6	EQUIPMENT USED DURING TEST	7
	6.1 EQUIPMENT LIST	
7	SAR INTRODUCTION	8
	7.1 Introduction	
8	SAR MEASUREMENT SETUP	9
9	EXPOSURE LIMIT	19
10	SYSTEM AND LIQUID VALIDATION	20
	10.1 SYSTEM VALIDATION	
11	TYPE A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	30
12	OUTPUT POWER VERIFICATION	
13	EXPOSURE CONDITIONS CONSIDERATION	56
14	SAR TEST RESULTS	58
15	SAR MEASUREMENT REFERENCE	64
	MAXIMUM SAR MEASUREMENT PLOTS	65
16	CALIBRATION REPORTS-PROBE AND DIPOLE	91
17	RE-CALIBRATION FOR DIPOLE	160
18	SAR SYSTEM PHOTOS	170
19	SETUP PHOTOS	171
20	EUT PHOTOS	172

Reference No.: WTS16S1165622E V1 Page 4 of 172

4 Revision History

Test report No.	Date of Receipt sample	Date of Test	Date of Issue	Purpose	Comment	Approved
WTS16S1165622E	Nov.18, 2016	Nov.28- Dec.03, 2016	Dec.08, 2016	original	-	Replaced
WTS16S1165622E V1	Nov.18, 2016	Nov.28- Dec.03, 2016	Jan.03, 2016	Version 1	Updated	Replaced
WTS16S1165622E V2	Nov.18, 2016	Nov.28- Dec.03, 2016	Jan.05, 2016	Version 2	Updated	Valid

Page 5 of 172 Reference No.: WTS16S1165622E V2

### **General Information**

GPRS/EGPRS Class:

## 5.1 General Description of E.U.T.

Product Name: Wireless POS Terminal

Model No.: A920 Model Description: N/A N/A GSM Band(s): N/A

FDD Band II/IV/V WCDMA Band(s):

FDD Band 2/4/5/17 LTE Bnad(s)

2.4G-802.11b/g/n HT20 Wi-Fi Specification: Bluetooth Version: Bluetooth v4.0 with BLE

Support GPS: NFC: Support Hardware Version v 01.01.01

Software Version 24.00.xxxx

> This EUT has two SIM card slots, and use same one RF module. We found that RF parameters are the same, when we insert the card 1 and card 2. So we usually performed the test under main

card slot 1.

#### 5.2 Details of E.U.T.

Note:

WCDMA Band II: 1850~1910MHz **Operation Frequency** 

> WCDMA Band IV: 1710~1785MHz WCDMA Band V: 824~849MHz LTE Band 2: 1850~1910MHz LTE Band 4: 1710~1755MHz LTE Band 5: 824~849MHz LTE Band 17: 706~714MHz

WiFi:

802.11b/g/n HT20: 2412~2462MHz

Bluetooth: 2402~2480MHz

NFC:13.56MHZ

WCDMA Band II: 22.67dBm Max. RF output power

> WCDMA Band V: 22.66dBm WCDMA Band IV: 22.13dBm LTE Band 2: 22.22dBm

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Reference No.: WTS16S1165622E V2 Page 6 of 172

LTE Band 4: 22.08dBm LTE Band 5: 22.91Bm LTE Band 17: 22.83dBm WiFi(2.4G): 22.67dBm Bluetooth: 10.88dBm

Max.SAR: 0.76 W/Kg 1g Body-worn Tissue

Max Simultaneous SAR 0.91 W/Kg

Type of Modulation: WCDMA: BPSK

LTE: QPSK, 16QAM WiFi: CCK, OFDM

Bluetooth: GFSK, Pi/4 DQPSK, 8DPSK

NFC: ASK,2ASK

Antenna installation WCDMA/LTE: internal permanent antenna

WiFi/Bluetooth: internal permanent antenna

NFC: Loop antenna

Antenna Gain WCDMA Band II: 3.0dBi

WCDMA Band V: 0.5dBi WCDMA Band IV: 3.0dBi

LTE Band 2: 3.0dBi LTE Band 4: 3.0dBi LTE Band 5: 0.5dBi LTE Band 17: 0.5dBi WiFi(2.4G): -0.8dBi Bluetooth: -0.8dBi

Technical Data Battery DC 3.7V, 3400mAh

DC 5V, 2.0A, charging from adapter (Adapter Input: 100-240V~50/60Hz 0.5A)

Adapter Manufacture: SHENZHEN HUNTKEY ELECTRIC CO., LTD.

Model No.: HKC0115020-1B

#### 5.3 Test Facility

The test facility has a test site registered with the following organizations:

#### IC – Registration No.: 7760A-1

Waltek Services(Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the Industry Canada. The acceptance letter from the Industry Canada is maintained in our files. Registration 7760A-1, October 15, 2015

# • FCC Test Site 1#- Registration No.: 880581

Waltek Services(Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory `has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the (FCC) Federal Communications Commission. The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files. Registration 880581, April 29, 2014.

## • FCC Test Site 2#— Registration No.: 328995

Waltek Services(Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory `has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the (FCC) Federal Communications Commission. The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files. Registration 328995, December 3, 2014.

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## Reference No.: WTS16S1165622E V2

# 6 Equipment Used during Test

# 6.1 Equipment List

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due
6 AXIS ROBOT	KUKA	KR6 R900 SIXX	502635	N/A	N/A
SATIMO Test Software	MVG	OPENSAR	OPENSAR V_4_02_27	N/A	N/A
PHANTOM TABLE	MVG	N/A	SAR_1215_01	N/A	N/A
SAM PHANTOM	MVG	SAM118	SN 11/15 SAM118	N/A	N/A
MultiMeter	Keithley	MiltiMeter 2000	4073942	2016-03-16	2017-03-15
Data Acquisition Electronics	MVG	DAE4	915	2016-03-16	2017-03-15
S-Parameter Network Analyzer	Agilent	8753E	JP38160684	2016-04-02	2017-04-01
Universal Radio Communication Tester	ROHDE&SCHW ARZ	CMU200	112461	2016-03-23	2017-03-22
Wideband Radio Communication Tester	ROHDE&SCHW ARZ	CMW500	/	2016-09-12	2017-09-11
E-Field Probe	MVG	SSE5	SN 07/15 EP249	2016-09-23	2017-09-22
DIPOLE 750	MVG	SID750	SN 09/15 DIP 0G750-357	2015-03-16	2017-03-15
DIPOLE 835	MVG	SID835	SN 09/15 DIP 0G835-358	2015-03-16	2017-03-15
DIPOLE 1800	MVG	SID1800	SN 09/15 DIP 1G800-360	2015-03-16	2017-03-15
DIPOLE 1900	MVG	SID1900	SN 09/15 DIP 1G900-361	2015-03-16	2017-03-15
DIPOLE 2450	MVG	SID2450	SN 09/15 DIP 2G450-363	2015-03-16	2017-03-15
Limesar Dielectric Probe	MVG	SCLMP	SN 11/15 OCPG 69	2016-03-16	2017-03-15
Power Amplifier	BONN	BLWA 0830 -160/100/40D	128740	2016-09-12	2017-09-11
Signal Generator	R&S	SMB100A	105942	2016-09-12	2017-09-11
Power Meter	R&S	NRP2	102031	2016-09-12	2017-09-11

# **6.2 Test Equipment Calibration**

All the test equipments used are valid and calibrated by CEPREI Certification Body that Waltek Services (Shenzhen) Co.,Ltd. <a href="http://www.waltek.com.cn">http://www.waltek.com.cn</a>

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address is No.110 Dongguan Zhuang RD. Guangzhou, P.R.China.

#### 7 SAR Introduction

#### 7.1 Introduction

This measurement report shows compliance of the EUT with ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2006 and FCC 47 CFR Part2 (2.1093)

The test procedures, as described in IEEE 1528-2013 Standard for IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques(300MHz~6GHz) and Published RF Exposure KDB Procedures

#### 7.2 SAR Definition

SAR : Specific Absorption Rate

The SAR characterize the absorption of energy by a quantity of tissue

This is related to a increase of the temperature of these tissues during a time period.

DAS = 
$$\frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dV} \right)$$

$$DAS = \frac{\sigma E^2}{\rho}$$
DAS =  $\frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dt} \right)$ 

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma E^2}{\rho}$$

SAR : Specific Absorption Rate

σ : Liquid conductivity

$$oe_r = e' - je''$$
 (complex permittivity of liquid)

$$\circ \sigma = \frac{\varepsilon'' \omega}{\varepsilon_0}$$

ρ: Liquid density
 ρ = 1000 g/L = 1000Kg/m³

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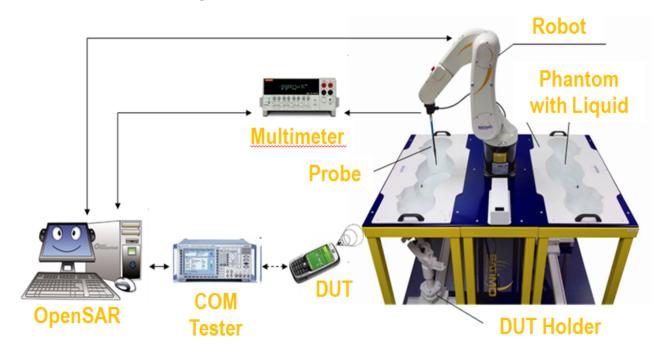
Reference No.: WTS16S1165622E V2 Page 9 of 172

where:

 $\sigma$  = conductivity of the tissue (S/m)  $\rho$  = mass density of the tissue (kg/m3) E = rms electric field strength (V/m)

# 8 SAR Measurement Setup

# SAR bench sub-systems



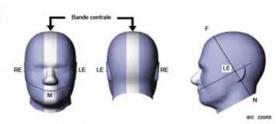
# Scanning System (robot)

- It must be able to scan all the volume of the phantom to evaluate the tridimensional distribution of SAR.
- Must be able to set the probe orthogonal of the surface of the phantom (±30°).
- Detects stresses on the probe and stop itself if necessary to keep the integrity of the probe.



# SAM Phantom (Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin)

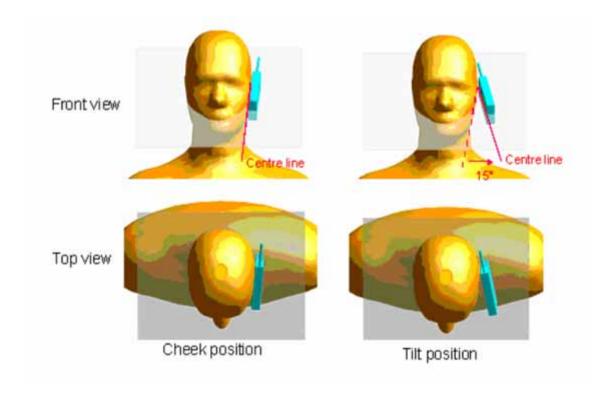
- The probe scanning of the E-Field is done in the 2 half of the normalized head.
- The normalized shape of the phantom corresponds to the dimensions of 90% of an adult head size.
- The materials for the phantom should not affect the radiation of the device under test (DUT)
  - Permittivity < 5</li>
- The head is filled with tissue simulating liquid.
- The hand holding the DUT does not have to be modeled.



lustration du fantôme donnant les points de référence des oreilles, RE et LE, le poin de référence de la bouche, M, la ligne de référence M-F et la bande centrale



Bi-section sagittale du fantôme avec périmètre étendu (montrée sur le côté comme lors des essais de DAS de l'appareil)



Reference No.: WTS16S1165622E V2 Page 11 of 172

# The OPENSAR system for performing compliance tests consist of the following items:

- 1. A standard high precision 6-axis robot (KUKA) with controller and software.
- 2. KUKA Control Panel (KCP).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- 4. The functions of the PC plug-in card are to perform the time critical task such as signal filtering, surveillance of the robot operation fast movement interrupts.
- 5. A computer operating Windows 7.
- 6. OPENSAR software.
- 7. Remote control with teaches pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- 8. The SAM phantom enabling testing left-hand right-hand and body usage.
- 9. The Position device for handheld EUT.
- 10. Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes (see Application Note).
- 11. System validation dipoles to validate the proper functioning of the system.

#### **Data Evaluation**

The OPENSAR software automatically executes the following procedure to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the valuation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe	- Sensitivity	Norm <sub>i</sub>
Parameters	- Conversion factor	ConvFi
	- Diode compression point	
	Dcpi	
Device	- Frequency	f
Parameter	- Crest factor	cf
Media Parametrs	- Conductivity	σ
i alametis	- Density	ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can either be found in the component documents or be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the OPENSAR components.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

Where  $V_i$  = Compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

 $U_i$  = Input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

cf = Crest factor of exciting field(DASY parameter)

 $dcp_i = Diode\ compression\ point\ (DASY\ parameter)$ 

Reference No.: WTS16S1165622E V2 Page 13 of 172

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes:  $E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$ 

H-field probes:  $H_i = \sqrt{Vi} \cdot \frac{a_{i10} + a_{i11}f + a_{i12}f^2}{f}$ 

Where  $V_i$  = Compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

 $Norm_i$  = Sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)

μV/(V/m)2 for E0field Probes

ConvF= Sensitivity enhancement in solution

a<sub>ii</sub> = Sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = Carrier frequency (GHz)

 $E_i$  = Electric field strength of channel i in V/m

H<sub>i</sub> = Magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_z^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

 $SAR - E_{ist}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$ 

where SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

 $E_{tot}$  = total field strength in V/m

 $\sigma$  = conductivity in [mho/m] or [siemens/m]

 $\rho$  = equivalent tissue density in g/cm3

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field as a free space field.

 $P_{per} = \frac{E_{ser}^2}{3770}$  Or  $P_{per} = H_{ser}^2 \cdot 37.7$ 

where  $P_{pwe}$  = Equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm2

 $E_{tot}$  = total electric field strength in V/m  $H_{tot}$  = total magnetic field strength in A/m

#### SAR Evaluation - Peak Spatial - Average

The procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps

#### Power Reference Measurement

The reference and drift jobs are useful jobs for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. Both jobs measure the field at a specified reference position, at a selectable distance from the phantom surface. The reference position can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a user point in this section. The reference job projects the selected point onto the phantom surface, orients the probe perpendicularly to the surface, and approaches the surface using the selected detection method.

#### Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a finer measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in OPENSAR software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. The scan area is defined by an editable grid. This grid is anchored at the grid reference point of the selected section in the phantom. When the area scan's property sheet is brought-up, grid was at to 15 mm by 15 mm and can be edited by a user.

#### Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default zoom scan measures 5 x 5 x 7 points within a cube whose base faces are centered around the maximum found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. If the preceding Area Scan job indicates more then one maximum, the number of Zoom Scans has to be enlarged accordingly (The default number inserted is 1).

#### Power Drift measurement

The drift job measures the field at the same location as the most recent reference job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The drift measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last reference measurement. Several drift measurements are possible for one reference measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. In the properties of the Drift job, the user can specify a limit for the drift and have OPENSAR software stop the measurements if this limit is exceeded.

Reference No.: WTS16S1165622E V2 Page 15 of 172

#### **SAR Evaluation – Peak SAR**

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the IEEE1528 standard. It can be conducted for 1 g and 10 g. The OPENSAR system allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as:

- maximum search
- extrapolation
- · boundary correction
- peak search for averaged SAR

During a maximum search, global and local maximum searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each Area Scan measurement with at least 6 measurement points. It is based on the evaluation of the local SAR gradient calculated by the Quadratic Shepard's method. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within -2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions.

#### **Extrapolation**

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation. They are used in the Cube Scan to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The routine uses the fourth order least square polynomial method for extrapolation. For a grid using 5x5x7 measurement points with 5mm resolution amounting to 343 measurement points, the uncertainty of the extrapolation routines is less than 1% for 1 g and 10 g cubes.

#### **Definition of Reference Points**

#### Ear Reference Point

Figure 6.2 shows the front, back and side views of the SAM Phantom. The point "M" is the reference point for the center of the mouth, "LE" is the left ear reference point (ERP), and "RE" is the right ERP. The ERPs are 15mm posterior to the entrance to the ear canal (EEC) along the B-M line (Back-Mouth), as shown in Figure 6.1. The plane passing through the two ear canals and M is defined as the Reference Plane. The line N-F (Neck-Front) is perpendicular to the reference plane and passing through the RE (or LE) is called the Reference Pivoting Line (see Figure 6.1). Line B-M is perpendicular to the N-F line. Both N-F and B-M lines are marked on the external phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning [5].

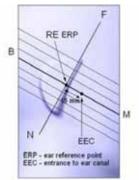


Figure 6.1 Close-up side view of ERP's



Figure 6.2 Front, back and side view of SAM

#### **Device Reference Points**

Two imaginary lines on the device need to be established: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The test device is placed in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point" (See Fig. 6.3). The "test device reference point" is than located at the same level as the center of the ear reference point. The test device is positioned so that the "vertical centerline" is bisecting the front surface of the device at it's top and bottom edges, positioning the "ear reference point" on the outer surface of both the left and right head phantoms on the ear reference point [5].

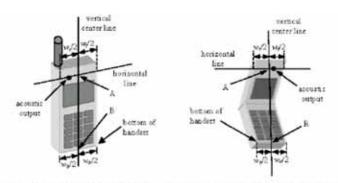


Figure 6.3 Handset Vertical Center & Horizontal Line Reference Points

#### Test Configuration - Positioning for Cheek / Touch

1. Position the device close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure below), such that the plane defined by the vertical center line and the horizontal line of the device is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom



Figure 7.1 Front, Side and Top View of Cheek/Touch Position

- 2. Translate the device towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until the device touches the ear.
- 3. While maintaining the device in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to MB-NF including the line MB (called the reference plane).
- 4. Rotate the device around the vertical centerline until the device (horizontal line) is symmetrical with respect to the line NF.
- 5. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the reference plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE and maintaining the device contact with the ear, rotate the device about the line NF until any point on the device is in contact with a phantom point below the ear (cheek). See Figure below.

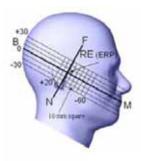


Figure 7.2 Side view w/ relevant markings

#### Test Configuration - Positioning for Ear / 15° Tilt

With the test device aligned in the Cheek/Touch Position":

- 1. While maintaining the orientation of the device, retracted the device parallel to the reference plane far enough to enable a rotation of the device by 15 degrees.
- 2. Rotate the device around the horizontal line by 15 degrees.
- 3. While maintaining the orientation of the device, move the device parallel to the reference plane until any part of the device touches the head. (In this position, point A is located on the line RE-LE). The tilted position is obtained when the contact is on the pinna. If the contact is at any location other than the pinna, the angle of the device shall be reduced. The tilted position is obtained when any part of the device is in contact with the ear as well as a second part of the device is in contact with the head (see Figure below).

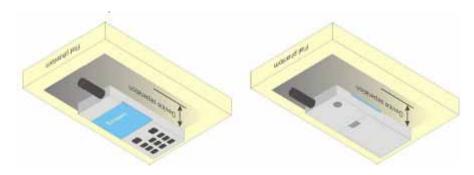


Figure 7.3 Front, Side and Top View of Ear/15° Tilt Position

#### **Test Position – Body Configurations**

## **Body Worn Position**

- (a) To position the device parallel to the phantom surface with either keypad up or down.
- (b) To adjust the device parallel to the flat phantom.
- (c) To adjust the distance between the device surface and the flat phantom to 1.0 cm or holster surface and the flat phantom to 0 cm.



# 9 Exposure limit

In order for users to be aware of the body-worn operating requirements for meeting RF exposure compliance, operating instructions and cautions statements are included in the user's manual.

#### **Uncontrolled Environment**

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

#### **Controlled Environment**

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

**Table 8.1 Human Exposure Limits** 

	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT General Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIROMENT Professional Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR <sup>1</sup> Brain	1.60	8.00
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR <sup>2</sup> Whole Body	0.08	0.40
SPATIAL PEAK SAR <sup>3</sup> Hands, Feet, Ankles, Wrists	4.00	20.00

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

# 10 System and liquid validation

## 10.1 System validation

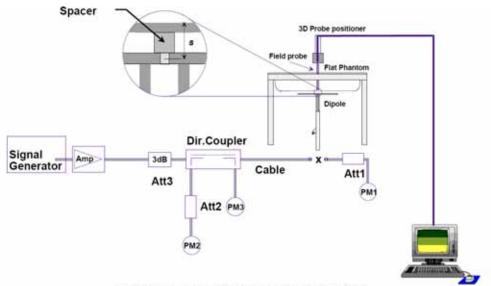


Fig 8.1 System Setup for System Evaluation

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the DUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:

- 1. Signal Generator
- 2. Amplifier
- 3. Directional Coupler
- 4. Power Meter
- 5. Calibrated Dipole

The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 30 dBm (1000 mW) before dipole is connected.

# Numerical reference SAR values (W/kg) for reference dipole and flat phantom

Frequency (MHz)	1g SAR	10g SAR	Local SAR at surface(above feed-point)	Local SAR at surface(y = 2 cm offset from feedpoint)
300	3.02	2.04	4.40	2.10
450	4.92	3.28	7.20	3.20
750	8.49	5.55	12.6	4.59
835	9.56	6.22	14.1	4.90
900	10.9	6.99	16.4	5.40
1450	29.0	16.0	50.2	6.50
1800	38.4	20.1	69.5	6.80
1900	39.7	20.5	72.1	6.60
2000	41.1	21.1	74.6	6.50
2450	52.4	24.0	104	7.70
2600	55.3	24.6	113	8.29
3000	63.8	25.7	140	9.50

Table 1: system validation (1g)

rabio ii dybtoiii vandation (19)						
Measurement Date	Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type (head/body)	1W Target SAR1g (W/kg)	Measured SAR1g (W/kg)	1W Normalized SAR1g (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
Dec 03,2016	750	body	8.53	0.0824	8.24	-3.4
Dec 01,2016	835	body	9.44	0.0926	9.26	-1.9
Nov 30,2016	1800	body	37.91	0.3960	39.60	4.5
Nov 29,2016	1900	body	38.58	0.3686	36.86	-4.5
Nov 28,2016	2450	body	50.67	0.5153	51.53	1.7

Note: system check input power: 10mW

Reference No.: WTS16S1165622E V2

#### 10.2 liquid validation

The dielectric parameters were checked prior to assessment using the HP85070C dielectric probe kit. The dielectric parameters measured are reported in each correspondent section.

#### **KDB 865664 recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters**

The head and body tissue parameters given in this below table should be used to measure the SAR of transmitters operating in 100 MHz to 6 GHz frequency range. The tissue dielectric parameters of the tissue medium at the test frequency should be within the tolerance required in this document. The dielectric parameters should be linearly interpolated between the closest pair of target frequencies to determine the applicable dielectric parameters corresponding to the device test frequency.

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by IEEE Std 1528-2013 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in 1528 are derived from tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described above and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in 1528.

Target Frequency	Head 1	Tissue	Body	Tissue
MHz	εr	O' (S/m)	εr	O' (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
2600	39.0	1.96	52.5	2.16
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

### Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness Power drifts in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

**Table 2: Recommended Dielectric Performance of Tissue** 

	Recommended Dielectric Performance of Tissue									
Ingredients					Freque	ncy (MHz	z)			
(% by weight )	75	<b>60</b>	83	35	18	00	19	00	24	50
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	40.52	51.83	41.46	52.4	55.2	70.2	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2
Salt (Nacl)	1.61	1.52	1.45	1.4	0.3	0.4	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04
Sugar	57.67	46.45	56.0	45.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.1	0.1	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Triton x-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.5	29.4	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.4
Dielectric	40.93	54.32	42.54	56.1	40.0	53.3	39.9	54.0	39.8	52.5
Conductivity	0.87	0.95	0.91	0.95	1.40	1.52	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78

Table 3: Dielectric Performance of Body Tissue Simulating Liquid

		: 57%, Measured Date: N		-1		
Frequency(MHz)	Measured Date	Description	Dielectric Pa	Dielectric Parameters		
r requericy(Wiriz)	Wiedsured Date	Description	εr	σ(s/m)		
700	Dec 03,2016	Target Value ±5% window	55.2 52.25 — 57.75	0.97 0.922 — 1.018		
		Measurement Value	54.19	<b>σ(s/m)</b> 0.97		
750	Dec 03,2016	Target Value ±5% window	55.2 52.25 — 57.75			
. •••	200 00,2010	Measurement Value	54.65	0.98		
835	Dec 01,2016	Target Value ±5% window	55.2 52.25 — 57.75			
000	20001,2010	Measurement Value	55.76	0.98 0.97 0.922 — 1.018 0.98 1.52 1.44 — 1.60 1.50		
1700	Nov 30,2016	Target Value ±5% window	53.30 50.64 — 55.97	-		
	1407 00,2010	Measurement Value	53.85	1.50		
1800	Nov 30,2016	Target Value ±5% window	53.30 50.64 — 55.97	_		
	,	Measurement Value	53.71	1.50		
1900	Nov 29,2016	Target Value ±5% window	53.30 50.64 — 55.97	_		
		Measurement Value	53.62	1.50		
2450	Nov 28,2016	Target Value ±5% window	52.70 50.07 — 55.34			
	,	Measurement Value	52.95	1.94		

# System Verification Plots Product Description: Dipole Model: SID750

Test Date: Dec 03,2016

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_750
Frequency (MHz)	750.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	54.65
Conductivity (S/m)	0.98
Input power	10mW
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP249
Duty cycle	1:1
Conversion Factor	4.85
Sensor-surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	0.13
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.054487
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.082422
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
Self-translation traphonal later from	SAR Visualization Graphical Interface
2071 Carroll  2 to 1 to	0.001002 0.007124 0.007124 0.007124 0.007126 0.000110 0.0

Product Description: Dipole Model: SID835

**Test Date: Dec 01,2016** 

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_835
Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.76
Conductivity (S/m)	0.98
Input power	10mW
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP249
Duty cycle	1:1
Conversion Factor	5.22
Sensor-surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.37
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.059746
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.092602
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
Idah Propinsation Braghonal Interfere   Good Section of Interfere   Interfere	508 Visualisation Graphical Interface  Volume Redicted Intensity Ion Infort
Colored Stude   Colored Stud	Colors Scale 0/Ac) 0/Ac) 0.00402 0.004

Product Description: Dipole Model: SID1800 Test Date: Nov 30,2016

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_1800
Frequency (MHz)	1800.000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.71
Conductivity (S/m)	1.50
Input power	10mW
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP249
Duty cycle	1:1
Conversion Factor	4.33
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	0.18
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.209895
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.396029
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
100 Finalization Segment Literature	508 Visualization Graphical Interface
2-17   County   Count	0. 47036   120 - 0. 00022   120 - 0. 000

Product Description: Dipole Model: SID1900

**Test Date: Nov 29,2016** 

Medium(liquid type)	MSL 1900
Frequency (MHz)	1900.000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.62
Conductivity (S/m)	1.50
Input power	10mW
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP249
Duty cycle	1:1
Conversion Factor	5.05
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.43
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.198502
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.368621
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR Side Visualization Graphical Zetur Gare
Culture Totals   State   Sta	Column Scale  (N/hg)  120  0. 2049720  0.

Product Description: Dipole Model: SID2450

**Test Date: Nov 28,2016** 

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_2450
Frequency (MHz)	2450.000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.95
Conductivity (S/m)	1.94
Input power	10mW
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP249
Duty cycle	1:1
Conversion Factor	4.36
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	0.25
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.233289
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.515317
SURFĂCE SĂR	VOLUME SAR
SM Freedmanton Segúnsial Exteriors  Bartiera Salamai Exteriors  Jose Salamai	(iii) Finalization (regional Interfere  Webson Subsect Internets See Subsec
0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0	2-178 (Care) (Ca

# 11 Type a Measurement Uncertainty

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience and specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in Table below:

Uncertainty Distribution	Normal	Rectangle	Triangular	U Shape
Multi-plying Factor <sup>(a)</sup>	1/k <sup>(b)</sup>	1 / √3	1 / √6	1 / √2

(a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity

(b) κ is the coverage factor

Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type -sumby taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %.

The COMOSAR Uncertainty Budget is show in below table:

UNCERTAINTY FOR SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK								
Uncertainty Component	Tol. (± %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	1 g ui (± %)	10 g ui (± %)	vi
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	5,8	N	1	1	1	5,8	5,8	∞
Axial Isotropy	3,5	R	√3	(1- cp)1/2	(1- cp)1/2	1,42887	1,42887	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	5,9	R	√3	√Ср	√Cp	2,40866	2,40866	∞
Boundary Effect	1	R	√3	1	1	0,57735	0,57735	8
Linearity	4,7	R	√3	1	1	2,71355	2,71355	8
System Detection Limits	1	R	√3	1	1	0,57735	0,57735	8
Readout Electronics	0,5	N	1	1	1	0,5	0,5	8
Response Time	0	R	√3	1	1	0	0	8
Integration Time	1,4	R	√3	1	1	0,80829	0,80829	8
RF Ambient Conditions	3	R	√3	1	1	1,73205	1,73205	8
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	1,4	R	√3	1	1	0,80829	0,80829	∞
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	1,4	R	√3	1	1	0,80829	0,80829	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	2,3	R	√3	1	1	1,32791	1,32791	∞
Dipole		•	•	•	•			
Dipole Axis to Liquid Distance	2	N	√3	1	1	1,1547	1,1547	N-1
Input Power and SAR drift measurement	5	R	√3	1	1	2,88675	2,88675	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters			1	r	r	1	1	
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4	R	√3	1	1	2,3094	2,3094	∞
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values	5	R	√3	0,64	0,43	1,84752	1,2413	∞
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	4	N	1	0,64	0,43	2,56	1,72	М
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values	5	R	√3	0,6	0,49	1,73205	1,41451	∞
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	5	N	1	0,6	0,49	3	2,45	М
Combined Standard Uncertainty		RSS				9.6671	9.1646	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE INTERVAL)		k				19.3342	18.3292	

UNCERTAINTY EVALUATION FOR HANDSET SAR TEST								
Uncertainty Component	Tol. (± %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	c <sub>i</sub> (1 g)	c <sub>i</sub> (10 g)	1 g u <sub>i</sub> (± %)	10 g u <sub>i</sub> (± %)	Vi
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	5,8	N	1	1	1	5,8	5,8	8
Axial Isotropy	3,5	R	√3	$(1-c_p)^{1/2}$	$(1-c_p)^{1/2}$	1,43	1,43	8
Hemispherical Isotropy	5,9	R	√3	√Cp	√Cp	2,41	2,41	8
Boundary Effect	1	R	√3	1	1	0,58	0,58	8
Linearity	4,7	R	√3	1	1	2,71	2,71	8
System Detection Limits	1	R	√3	1	1	0,58	0,58	8
Readout Electronics	0,5	N	1	1	1	0,50	0,50	8
Response Time	0	R	√3	1	1	0,00	0,00	8
Integration Time	1,4	R	√3	1	1	0,81	0,81	8
RF Ambient Conditions	3	R	√3	1	1	1,73	1,73	8
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	1,4	R	√3	1	1	0,81	0,81	8
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	1,4	R	√3	1	1	0,81	0,81	8
Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	2,3	R	√3	1	1	1,33	1,33	8
Test sample Related								
Test Sample Positioning	2,6	N	1	1	1	2,60	2,60	N-1
Device Holder Uncertainty	3	N	1	1	1	3,00	3,00	N-1
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	5	R	√3	1	1	2,89	2,89	8
<b>Phantom and Tissue Parameters</b>								
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4	R	√3	1	1	2,31	2,31	8
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values	5	R	√3	0,64	0,43	1,85	1,24	8
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	4	N	1	0,64	0,43	2,56	1,72	M
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values	5	R	√3	0,6	0,49	1,73	1,41	8
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	5	N	1	0,6	0,49	3,00	2,45	M
Combined Standard Uncertainty		RSS				10.39	9.92	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE INTERVAL)		k				20.78	19.84	

# 12 Output Power Verification

#### **Test Condition:**

1. Conducted Measurement

EUT was set for low, mid, high channel with modulated mode and highest RF output power.

The base station simulator was connected to the antenna terminal.

2 Conducted Emissions Measurement Uncertainty

All test measurements carried out are traceable to national standards. The uncertainty of the measurement at a confidence level of approximately 95% (in the case where distributions are normal), with a coverage factor of 2, in the range 30MHz = 40GHz is +1.5dB.

normal), with a coverage factor of 2, in the range 30MHz – 40GHz is ±1.5dB.

Environmental Conditions Temperature 23°C

Temperature 23°C Relative Humidity 53%

Atmospheric Pressure 1019mbar

4 Test Date : Dec 01,2016 Tested By : Damon Wang

#### **Test Procedures:**

#### Wireless POS Terminal radio output power measurement

- 1. The transmitter output port was connected to base station emulator.
- 2. Establish communication link between emulator and EUT and set EUT to operate at maximum output power all the time.
- 3. Select lowest, middle, and highest channels for each band and different possible test mode.
- 4. Measure the conducted peak burst power and conducted average burst power from EUT antenna port.

#### Other radio output power measurement:

The output power was measured using power meter at low, mid, and hi channels.

# Source-based Time Averaged Burst Power Calculation:

For TDMA, the following duty cycle factor was used to calculate the source-based time average power

Number of Time slot	1	2	3	4
Duty Cycle	1:8	1:4	1:2.66	1:2
Duty cycle factor	-9.03 dB	-6.02 dB	-4.26 dB	-3.01 dB
Crest Factor	8	4	2.66	2

# Remark: <u>Time slot duty cycle factor = 10 \* log (Time Slot Duty Cycle)</u>

Source based time averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Uplink) – 9.03 dB Source based time averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Uplink) – 6.02 dB Source based time averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 Uplink) – 4.26 dB Source based time averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Uplink) – 3.01 dB

# **Test Result:**

WCDMA - Average Power (dBm)								
Band		WCDN	IA Band I	ı	WCDMA Band V			IV
Channel	9262	9400	9538 Tune up Power tolerant		4132	4183	4233	Tune up Power tolerant
Frequency (MHz)	1852.4	1880	1907.6	1	826.4	836.6	846.6	1
RMC 12.2k	22.67	22.05	22.25	22±1	22.10	22.66	22.27	22±1
HSDPA Subtest-1	21.78	21.06	21.33	21±1	21.21	21.62	21.28	21±1
HSDPA Subtest-2	21.25	21.36	21.47	21±1	21.58	21.47	21.36	21±1
HSDPA Subtest-3	21.25	21.47	21.58	21±1	21.35	21.25	21.47	21±1
HSDPA Subtest-4	21.36	21.45	21.36	21±1	21.58	21.47	21.36	21±1
HSUPA Subtest-1	21.77	21.01	21.30	21±1	21.18	21.55	21.16	21±1
HSUPA Subtest-2	21.47	21.25	21.36	21±1	21.47	21.58	21.69	21±1
HSUPA Subtest-3	21.47	21.23	21.14	21±1	21.32	21.25	21.36	21±1
HSUPA Subtest-4	21.36	21.41	21.25	21±1	21.21	21.25	21.47	21±1
HSUPA Subtest-5	21.25	21.36	21.25	21±1	21.36	21.47	21.36	21±1

WCDMA - Average Power (dBm)								
Band		WCDN	IA Band I\	/				
Channel	1312 1413 151		1513	Tune up Power tolerant				
Frequency (MHz)	1712.4	1732.6	1752.6	1				
RMC 12.2k	22.13	22.03	22.07	22±1				
HSDPA Subtest-1	21.41	21.30	21.23	21±1				
HSDPA Subtest-2	21.25	21.36	21.47	21±1				
HSDPA Subtest-3	21.25	21.47	21.58	21±1				
HSDPA Subtest-4	21.36	21.45	21.36	21±1				
HSUPA Subtest-1	21.42	21.42	21.25	21±1				
HSUPA Subtest-2	21.47	21.25	21.36	21±1				
HSUPA Subtest-3	21.47	21.23	21.14	21±1				
HSUPA Subtest-4	21.36	21.41	21.25	21±1				
HSUPA Subtest-5	21.25	21.36	21.25	21±1				

## **LTE Power Reduction**

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlined in section 6.2 of the 3GPP TS36.101 specification.

The allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power due to higher order modulation and transmit bandwidth configuration (resource blocks) is specified in Table 6.2.3-1 of the 3GPP TS36.101.

Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 3

Modulation	Cha	MPR (dB)					
	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	
QPSK	>5	>4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	>5	>4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	< 2

The allowed A-MPR values specified below in Table 6.2.4.-1 of 3GPP TS36.101 are in addition to the allowed MPR requirements. All the measurements below were performed with A-MPR disabled, by using Network Signalling Value of "NS\_01".

Table 6.2.4-1: Additional Maximum Power Reduction (A-MPR)

Network Signalling value	Requirements (sub-clause)	E-UTRA Band	Channel bandwidth (MHz)	Resources Blocks (N <sub>RB</sub> )	A-MPR (dB)
NS_01	6.6.2.1.1	Table 5.5-1	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	Table 5.6-1	NA
			3	>5	≤ 1
	NS_03 6.6.2.2.1 <sup>2</sup> ,	0 4 10 00 05	5	>6	≤ 1
NS_03		2, 4,10, 23, 25, 35, 36	10	>6	≤ 1
			15	>8	≤ 1
			20	>10	≤ 1
NS 04	6.6.2.2.2	41	5	>6	≤ 1
140_04	0.0.2.2.2	41	10, 15, 20	See Tab	le 6.2.4-4
NS_05	6.6.3.3.1	1	10,15,20	≥ 50	≤ 1
NS_06	6.6.2.2.3	12, 13, 14, 17	1.4, 3, 5, 10	Table 5.6-1	n/a
NS_07	6.6.2.2.3 6.6.3.3.2	13	10	Table 6.2.4-2	Table 6.2.4-2
NS_08	6.6.3.3.3	19	10, 15	> 44	≤ 3
NS_09	6.6.3.3.4	21	10, 15	> 40 > 55	≤ 1 ≤ 2
NS_10		20	15, 20	Table 6.2.4-3	Table 6.2.4-3
NS_11	6.6.2.2.1	231	1.4, 3, 5, 10	Table 6.2.4-5	Table 6.2.4-5
NS_32	-	-	-	-	-
Note 1: A	pplies to the lower l	block of Band 23, i.e.	a carrier place	d in the 2000-20	10 MHz region.

### LTE Band 2:

BW(MHz)	Ch	Freq(MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Offset	Average Power (dbm)	Tune up limited(dBm)	MPR (dB)
				1	0	21.8	21.5±1	1
				1	2	21.86	21.5±1	1
				1	5	21.97	21.5±1	/
			QPSK	3	0	21.92	21.0±1	/
				3	1	21.87	21.0±1	1
				3	2	21.86	21.0±1	1
	18607	1850.7		6	0	20.94	21.0±1	0.5
	10007	1650.7		1	0	20.65	20.0±1	1.0
				1	2	20.81	20.0±1	1.0
				1	5	20.79	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	3	0	20.89	20.0±1	1.0
				3	1	20.86	20.0±1	1.0
				3	2	20.88	20.0±1	1.0
				6	0	20.07	20.0±1	1.0
				1	0	21.73	21.5±1	1
				1	2	21.68	21.5±1	1
				1	5	21.47	21.5±1	1
			QPSK	3	0	21.51	21.0±1	1
				3	1	21.43	21.0±1	1
				3	2	21.53	21.0±1	1
1.4MHz	18900	1880		6	0	20.55	21.0±1	0.5
1. 11411 12	10000	1000		1	0	20.62	20.0±1	1.0
				1	2	20.5	20.0±1	1.0
				1	5	20.49	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	3	0	20.46	20.0±1	1.0
				3	1	20.33	20.0±1	1.0
				3	2	20.3	20.0±1	1.0
				6	0	19.2	20.0±1	1.0
				1	0	21.24	21.5±1	1
				1	2	21.23	21.5±1	1
				1	5	21.18	21.5±1	1
			QPSK	3	0	21.29	21.0±1	1
				3	1	21.22	21.0±1	1
				3	2	21.18	21.0±1	1
	19193	1909.3		6	0	20.15	21.0±1	0.5
				1	0	19.74	20.0±1	1.0
				1	2	19.69	20.0±1	1.0
				1	5	19.68	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	3	0	20.42	20.0±1	1.0
				3	1	20.37	20.0±1	1.0
				3	2	20.36	20.0±1	1.0
				6	0	19.36	20.0±1	1.0

BW(MHz)	Ch	Freq(MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Offset	Average Power (dbm)	Tune up limited(dBm)	MPR (dB)
				1	0	21.77	21.5±1	1
				1	8	21.95	21.5±1	1
				1	14	21.95	21.5±1	/
			QPSK	6	0	20.96	21.0±1	0.5
				6	4	21.04	21.0±1	0.5
				6	9	21.02	21.0±1	0.5
	40045	4054.5		15	0	21.01	21.0±1	0.5
	18615	1851.5		1	0	20.45	20.0±1	1.0
				1	8	20.62	20.0±1	1.0
				1	14	20.55	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	6	0	19.97	20.0±1	1.0
				6	4	20.15	20.0±1	1.0
				6	9	20.17	20.0±1	1.0
				15	0	19.99	20.0±1	1.0
				1	0	21.34	21.5±1	1
				1	8	21.44	21.5±1	/
				1	14	21.49	21.5±1	1
			QPSK	6	0	20.46	21.0±1	0.5
				6	4	20.3	21.0±1	0.5
				6	9	20.34	21.0±1	0.5
0.00	40000	4000		15	0	20.43	21.0±1	0.5
3MHz	18900	1880		1	0	20.5	20.0±1	1.0
				1	8	20.47	20.0±1	1.0
				1	14	20.48	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	6	0	19.31	20.0±1	1.0
				6	4	19.29	20.0±1	1.0
				6	9	19.14	20.0±1	1.0
				15	0	19.42	20.0±1	1.0
				1	0	21.57	21.5±1	1
				1	8	21.2	21.5±1	/
				1	14	21.03	21.5±1	1
			QPSK	6	0	20.45	21.0±1	0.5
				6	4	20.21	21.0±1	0.5
				6	9	20.16	21.0±1	0.5
	10105	1000 5		15	0	20.24	21.0±1	0.5
	19185	1908.5		1	0	20.08	20.0±1	1.0
				1	8	19.77	20.0±1	1.0
				1	14	19.56	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	6	0	19.5	20.0±1	0.5 0.5 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0
				6	4	19.32	20.0±1	1.0
				6	9	19.25	20.0±1	1.0
			15	0	19.27	20.0±1		

BW(MHz)	Ch	Freq(MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Offset	Average Power (dbm)	Tune up limited(dBm)	MPR (dB)
				1	0	21.98	21.5±1	1
				1	12	22.16	21.5±1	/
				1	24	21.98	21.5±1	/
			QPSK	12	0	21.05	21.0±1	0.5
				12	6	21.07	21.0±1	0.5
				12	11	21.06	21.0±1	0.5
	18625	1852.5		25	0	21	21.0±1	0.5
	10023	1032.3		1	0	20.72	20.0±1	1.0
				1	12	20.93	20.0±1	1.0
				1	24	20.9	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	12	0	19.91	20.0±1	1.0
				12	6	19.94	20.0±1	1.0
				12	11	20.01	20.0±1	1.0
				25	0	19.93	20.0±1	1.0
				1	0	21.39	21.5±1	1
				1	12	21.46	21.5±1	/
				1	24	21.5	21.5±1	/
			QPSK	12	0	20.33	21.0±1	0.5
				12	6	20.49	21.0±1	0.5
				12	11	20.4	21.0±1	0.5
5MHz	18900	1880		25	0	20.41	21.0±1	0.5
JIVII IZ	10900	1000		1	0	20.28	20.0±1	1.0
				1	12	20.33	20.0±1	1.0
				1	24	20.53	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	12	0	19.42	20.0±1	1.0
				12	6	19.47	20.0±1	1.0
				12	11	19.61	20.0±1	1.0
				25	0	19.43	20.0±1	1.0
				1	0	21.59	21.5±1	1
				1	12	21.63	21.5±1	/
				1	24	21.28	21.5±1	1
			QPSK	12	0	20.53	21.0±1	0.5
				12	6	20.47	21.0±1	0.5
				12	11	20.26	21.0±1	0.5
	19175	1907.5		25	0	20.4	21.0±1	0.5
	18170	0.1061		1	0	20.24	20.0±1	1.0
				1	12	20.29	20.0±1	1.0
				1	24	20.01	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	12	0	19.41	20.0±1	1.0
				12	6	19.53	20.0±1	1.0
				12	11	19.28	20.0±1	1.0
				25	0	19.48	20.0±1	1.0

BW(MHz)	Ch	Freq(MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Offset	Average Power (dbm)	Tune up limited(dBm)	MPR (dB)
				1	0	21.89	21.5±1	/ // 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0
				1	24	21.97	21.5±1	1
				1	49	22.13	21.5±1	1
			QPSK	25	0	21.13	21.0±1	0.5
				25	12	21	21.0±1	0.5
				25	24	21.06	21.0±1	0.5
	10050	1055		50	0	21.11	21.0±1	0.5
	18650	1855		1	0	20.53	20.0±1	1.0
				1	24	20.61	20.0±1	1.0
				1	49	20.73	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	25	0	20.05	20.0±1	1.0
				25	12	20.02	20.0±1	1.0
				25	24	20.07	20.0±1	1.0
				50	0	20.02	20.0±1	1.0
				1	0	21.48	21.5±1	1
				1	24	21.39	21.5±1	1
				1	49	21.51	21.5±1	1
			QPSK	25	0	20.37	21.0±1	0.5
				25	12	20.42	21.0±1	0.5
				25	24	20.44	21.0±1	0.5
10MHz	18900	1880		50	0	20.37	21.0±1	0.5
TOWN 12	10900	1000		1	0	20.58	20.0±1	1.0
				1	24	20.57	20.0±1	1.0
				1	49	20.58	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	25	0	19.4	20.0±1	1.0
				25	12	19.32	20.0±1	1.0
				25	24	19.44	20.0±1	1.0
				50	0	19.43	20.0±1	1.0
				1	0	21.35	21.5±1	1
				1	24	21.41	21.5±1	1
				1	49	21.17	21.5±1	1
			QPSK	25	0	20.42	21.0±1	0.5
				25	12	20.42	21.0±1	0.5
				25	24	20.38	21.0±1	0.5
	10150	1905		50	0	20.42	21.0±1	0.5
	19150	1905		1	0	19.98	20.0±1	1.0
				1	24	19.96	20.0±1	0.5 0.5 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0
				1	49	19.56	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	25	0	19.45	20.0±1	1.0
				25	12	19.54	20.0±1	1.0
				25	24	19.54	20.0±1	1.0
				50	0	19.49	20.0±1	1.0

BW(MHz)	Ch	Freq(MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Offset	Average Power (dbm)	Tune up limited(dBm)	MPR (dB)
				1	0	21.95	21.5±1	/
				1	37	22.09	21.5±1	1
				1	74	22.06	21.5±1	1
			QPSK	36	0	21.09	21.0±1	0.5
				36	16	21.05	21.0±1	0.5
				36	35	21.05	21.0±1	0.5
	10675	1057.5		75	0	21.07	21.0±1	0.5
	18675	1857.5		1	0	20.49	20.0±1	1.0
				1	37	20.68	20.0±1	1.0
				1	74	20.65	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	36	0	20.18	20.0±1	1.0
				36	16	20.19	20.0±1	1.0
				36	35	20.13	20.0±1	1.0
				75	0	20.04	20.0±1	1.0
				1	0	21.67	21.5±1	/
				1	37	21.39	21.5±1	1
				1	74	21.52	21.5±1	/
			QPSK	36	0	20.35	21.0±1	0.5
				36	16	20.45	21.0±1	0.5
				36	35	20.43	21.0±1	0.5
15MHz	18900	1880		75	0	20.34	21.0±1	0.5
ISIVITZ	10900	1000		1	0	20.75	20.0±1	1.0
				1	37	20.47	20.0±1	1.0
				1	74	20.5	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	36	0	19.28	20.0±1	1.0
				36	16	19.39	20.0±1	1.0
				36	35	19.45	20.0±1	1.0
				75	0	19.32	20.0±1	1.0
				1	0	21.52	21.5±1	1
				1	37	21.33	21.5±1	/
				1	74	21.14	21.5±1	/
			QPSK	36	0	20.37	21.0±1	0.5
				36	16	20.37	21.0±1	0.5
				36	35	20.44	21.0±1	0.5
	19125	1902.5		75	0	20.45	21.0±1	0.5
	19120	1902.3		1	0	20.6	20.0±1	1.0
				1	37	20.48	20.0±1	1.0
				1	74	20.26	20.0±1	1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0
			16QAM	36	0	19.41	20.0±1	1.0
				36	16	19.29	20.0±1	1.0
			<del> </del>	36	35	19.38	20.0±1	1.0
			75	0	19.4	20.0±1	1.0	

BW(MHz)	Ch	Freq(MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Offset	Average Power (dbm)	Tune up limited(dBm)	MPR (dB)
				1	0	21.96	21.5±1	/
				1	49	22.22	21.5±1	1
				1	99	21.73	21.5±1	/
			QPSK	50	0	21.09	21.0±1	0.5
				50	24	21.04	21.0±1	0.5
				50	49	20.96	21.0±1	0.5
	18700	1860		100	0	20.93	21.0±1	0.5
	16700	1000		1	0	20.73	20.0±1	1.0
				1	49	20.28	20.0±1	1.0
				1	99	20.84	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	50	0	20.08	20.0±1	1.0
				50	24	20.11	20.0±1	1.0
				50	49	19.94	20.0±1	1.0
				100	0	20.06	20.0±1	1.0
				1	0	21.85	21.5±1	1
				1	49	22.18	21.5±1	/
				1	99	21.91	21.5±1	/
			QPSK	50	0	21.39	21.0±1	0.5
				50	24	21.68	21.0±1	0.5
				50	49	21.17	21.0±1	0.5
20MHz	18900	1880		100	0	20.77	21.0±1	0.5
ZUIVII IZ	10900	1000		1	0	20.96	20.0±1	1.0
				1	49	20.54	20.0±1	1.0
				1	99	20.7	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	50	0	19.25	20.0±1	1.0
				50	24	19.44	20.0±1	1.0
				50	49	19.35	20.0±1	1.0
				100	0	19.35	20.0±1	1.0
				1	0	21.27	21.5±1	/
				1	49	21.36	21.5±1	1
				1	99	21.21	21.5±1	/
			QPSK	50	0	20.43	21.0±1	0.5
				50	24	20.46	21.0±1	0.5
				50	49	20.39	21.0±1	0.5
	10100	1000		100	0	20.56	21.0±1	0.5
	19100	1900		1	0	20.34	20.0±1	1.0
				1	49	20.45	20.0±1	/ / / / 0.5
				1	99	20.29	20.0±1	
		16QAN	16QAM	50	0	19.37	20.0±1	1.0
				50	24	19.39	20.0±1	1.0
				50	49	19.39	20.0±1	1.0
			100	0	19.52	20.0±1		

### LTE Band 4:

BW(MHz)	Ch	Freq(MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Offset	Average Power (dbm)	Tune up limited(dBm)	MPR (dB)
				1	0	22	21.5±1	/ // // // // // // // // 0.5 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 // // // // // // // // // // // // //
				1	2	21.91	21.5±1	1
				1	5	21.99	21.5±1	1
			QPSK	3	0	21.23	21.0±1	1
				3	1	21.37	21.0±1	1
				3	2	21.51	21.0±1	1
	19957	1710.7		6	0	21	21.0±1	0.5
	19907	1710.7		1	0	20.76	20.0±1	1.0
				1	2	20.8	20.0±1	1.0
				1	5	20.79	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	3	0	21.03	20.0±1	1.0
				3	1	20.9	20.0±1	1.0
				3	2	21.02	20.0±1	1.0
				6	0	20	20.0±1	1.0
				1	0	21.85	21.5±1	1
				1	2	21.81	21.5±1	1
				1	5	21.77	21.5±1	1
			QPSK	3	0	20.82	21.0±1	1
				3	1	21.12	21.0±1	1
				3	2	21.26	21.0±1	1
1.4MHz	20475	4700 F		6	0	20.88	21.0±1	0.5
1.4111112	20175	1732.5		1	0	21.06	20.0±1	1.0
				1	2	20.92	20.0±1	1.0
				1	5	20.86	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	3	0	20.76	20.0±1	1.0
				3	1	20.72	20.0±1	1.0
				3	2	20.74	20.0±1	1.0
,				6	0	19.61	20.0±1	1.0
				1	0	21.73	21.5±1	1
į				1	2	21.68	21.5±1	1
				1	5	21.74	21.5±1	1
			QPSK	3	0	20.76	21.0±1	1
				3	1	21.18	21.0±1	1
				3	2	20.93	21.0±1	1
	20393	1754.3		6	0	20.33	21.0±1	
	20393	1734.3		1	0	20.28	20.0±1	1.0
				1	2	20.32	20.0±1	1.0
				1	5	20.28	20.0±1	1.0
		1	16QAM	3	0	21.03	20.0±1	1.0
				3	1	20.9	20.0±1	1.0
				3	2	20.87	20.0±1	1.0
			6	0	20.02	20.0±1	1.0	

BW(MHz)	Ch	Freq(MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Offset	Average Power (dbm)	Tune up limited(dBm)	MPR (dB)
				1	0	21.87	21.5±1	/
				1	8	21.85	21.5±1	1
				1	14	21.78	21.5±1	1
			QPSK	6	0	20.9	21.0±1	0.5
				6	4	20.8	21.0±1	0.5
				6	9	20.9	21.0±1	0.5
	40005	4744 5		15	0	20.92	21.0±1	0.5
	19965	1711.5		1	0	20.49	20.0±1	1.0
				1	8	20.44	20.0±1	1.0
				1	14	20.28	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	8	0	20.1	20.0±1	1.0
				8	4	20.05	20.0±1	(dB) / / / 0.5 0.5 0.5 1.0 1.0
				8	9	20.06	20.0±1	1.0
				15	0	19.88	20.0±1	1.0
				1	0	21.86	21.5±1	1
				1	8	21.87	21.5±1	1
				1	14	21.8	21.5±1	/
			QPSK	6	0	20.88	21.0±1	0.5
				6	4	20.76	21.0±1	0.5
				6	9	20.74	21.0±1	0.5
2001	20475	4700 F		15	0	20.75	21.0±1	0.5
3MHz	20175	1732.5		1	0	20.96	20.0±1	1.0
				1	8	20.92	20.0±1	1.0
				1	14	20.89	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	6	0	19.84	20.0±1	1.0
				6	4	19.71	20.0±1	1.0
				6	9	19.63	20.0±1	1.0
				15	0	19.88	20.0±1	1.0
				1	0	21.63	21.5±1	1
				1	8	21.72	21.5±1	1
				1	14	21.7	21.5±1	/
			QPSK	6	0	20.71	21.0±1	0.5
				6	4	20.73	21.0±1	0.5
				6	9	20.92	21.0±1	0.5
	20205	1750 5		15	0	20.74	21.0±1	0.5
	20385	1753.5		1	0	20.22	20.0±1	1.0
				1	8	20.36	20.0±1	1.0
				1	14	20.32	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	6	0	19.66	20.0±1	0.5 0.5 0.5 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0
				6	4	19.71	20.0±1	1.0
				6	9	19.87	20.0±1	1.0
				15	0	19.64	20.0±1	1.0

BW(MHz)	Ch	Freq(MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Offset	Average Power (dbm)	Tune up limited(dBm)	MPR (dB)
				1	0	22.08	21.5±1	/
				1	49	21.91	21.5±1	1
				1	99	21.88	21.5±1	1
			QPSK	12	0	20.95	21.0±1	0.5
				12	24	20.8	21.0±1	0.5
				12	49	20.85	21.0±1	0.5
	40075	4740.5		25	0	20.88	21.0±1	0.5
	19975	1712.5		1	0	20.8	20.0±1	1.0
				1	49	20.64	20.0±1	1.0
				1	99	20.71	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	12	0	20.02	20.0±1	1.0
				12	24	19.81	20.0±1	(dB) / / 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 1.0 1.0
				12	49	19.85	20.0±1	1.0
				25	0	19.82	20.0±1	1.0
				1	0	21.84	21.5±1	/
				1	49	21.75	21.5±1	1
				1	99	21.8	21.5±1	1
			QPSK	12	0	20.85	21.0±1	0.5
				12	24	20.77	21.0±1	0.5
				12	49	20.78	21.0±1	0.5
5MHz	20175	1732.5		25	0	20.73	21.0±1	0.5
SIVITZ	20175	1732.5		1	0	20.81	20.0±1	1.0
				1	49	20.82	20.0±1	1.0
				1	99	20.87	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	12	0	19.94	20.0±1	1.0
				12	24	19.85	20.0±1	1.0
				12	49	19.76	20.0±1	1.0
				25	0	19.72	20.0±1	1.0
				1	0	21.87	21.5±1	1
				1	49	21.81	21.5±1	1
				1	99	21.93	21.5±1	/
			QPSK	12	0	20.67	21.0±1	0.5
				12	24	20.64	21.0±1	0.5
				12	49	20.7	21.0±1	0.5
	20375	1752.5		25	0	20.59	21.0±1	0.5
	20373	1732.5		1	0	20.52	20.0±1	1.0
				1	49	20.54	20.0±1	
				1	99	20.68	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	12	0	19.65	20.0±1	1.0
				12	24	19.66	20.0±1	1.0
			-	12	49	19.69	20.0±1	1.0
				25	0	19.67	20.0±1	1.0

BW(MHz)	Ch	Freq(MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Offset	Average Power (dbm)	Tune up limited(dBm)	MPR (dB)
				1	0	21.86	21.5±1	1
				1	49	21.89	21.5±1	1
				1	99	21.91	21.5±1	1
			QPSK	25	0	20.88	21.0±1	0.5
				25	24	20.85	21.0±1	0.5
				25	49	20.96	21.0±1	0.5
	20000	4745		50	0	20.85	21.0±1	0.5
	20000	1715		1	0	20.47	20.0±1	1.0
				1	49	20.45	20.0±1	1.0
				1	99	20.49	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	25	0	19.92	20.0±1	1.0
				25	24	19.93	20.0±1	1.0
				25	49	19.99	20.0±1	0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0
				50	0	19.87	20.0±1	1.0
				1	0	21.81	21.5±1	1
				1	49	21.78	21.5±1	1
				1	99	21.75	21.5±1	1
			QPSK	25	0	20.76	21.0±1	0.5
				25	24	20.77	21.0±1	0.5
				25	49	20.71	21.0±1	0.5
10MHz	20475	4700 F		50	0	20.72	21.0±1	0.5
TUIVIEZ	20175	1732.5		1	0	20.9	20.0±1	1.0
				1	49	20.92	20.0±1	1.0
				1	99	20.9	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	25	0	19.75	20.0±1	1.0
				25	24	19.73	20.0±1	1.0
				25	49	19.68	20.0±1	1.0
				50	0	19.67	20.0±1	1.0
				1	0	21.57	21.5±1	/
				1	49	21.59	21.5±1	1
				1	99	21.74	21.5±1	1
			QPSK	25	0	20.63	21.0±1	0.5
				25	24	20.68	21.0±1	0.5
				25	49	20.7	21.0±1	0.5
	20250	1750		50	0	20.6	21.0±1	0.5
	20350	1750		1	0	20.2	20.0±1	1.0
				1	49	20.27	20.0±1	1.0 1.0 1.0 / / 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 1.0 1.0
				1	99	20.3	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	25	0	19.72	20.0±1	1.0
				25	24	19.69	20.0±1	1.0
				25	49	19.7	20.0±1	1.0
			50	0	19.65	20.0±1	1.0	

BW(MHz)	Ch	Freq(MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Offset	Average Power (dbm)	Tune up limited(dBm)	MPR (dB)
				1	0	21.92	21.5±1	/
				1	49	21.98	21.5±1	/
				1	99	21.88	21.5±1	/
			QPSK	36	0	20.85	21.0±1	0.5
				36	24	20.88	21.0±1	0.5
				36	49	20.93	21.0±1	0.5
	20025	1717.5		75	0	20.75	21.0±1	0.5
	20023	1717.5		1	0	20.43	20.0±1	1.0
				1	49	20.45	20.0±1	1.0
				1	99	20.46	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	36	0	19.91	20.0±1	1.0
				36	24	19.88	20.0±1	1.0
				36	49	19.91	20.0±1	1.0
				75	0	19.82	20.0±1	1.0
				1	0	21.92	21.5±1	1
				1	49	21.81	21.5±1	1
				1	99	21.82	21.5±1	1
			QPSK	36	0	20.74	21.0±1	0.5
				36	24	20.77	21.0±1	0.5
				36	49	20.6	21.0±1	0.5
15MHz	20175	1732.5		75	0	20.67	21.0±1	0.5
TOWNIZ	20170	1702.0		1	0	20.97	20.0±1	
				1	49	20.91	20.0±1	
				1	99	20.95	20.0±1	
			16QAM	36	0	19.73	20.0±1	1.0
				36	24	19.72	20.0±1	1.0
				36	49	19.59	20.0±1	1.0
				75	0	19.69	20.0±1	1.0
				1	0	21.71	21.5±1	1
				1	49	21.63	21.5±1	1
				1	99	21.71	21.5±1	1
			QPSK	36	0	20.53	21.0±1	0.5
				36	24	20.62	21.0±1	0.5
				36	49	20.62	21.0±1	0.5
	20325	1747.5		75	0	20.56	21.0±1	0.5
	20020	1747.5		1	0	20.89	20.0±1	1.0
				1	49	20.82	20.0±1	(dB) / / 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 / 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5
				1	99	20.92	20.0±1	
		16QA	16QAM	36	0	19.52	20.0±1	1.0
				36	24	19.6	20.0±1	1.0
			-	36	49	19.51	20.0±1	1.0
				75	0	19.53	20.0±1	1.0

BW(MHz)	Ch	Freq(MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Offset	Average Power (dbm)	Tune up limited(dBm)	MPR (dB)
				1	0	21.91	21.5±1	/
				1	49	21.85	21.5±1	1
				1	99	21.81	21.5±1	/
			QPSK	50	0	20.88	21.0±1	0.5
				50	24	21.11	21.0±1	0.5
				50	49	20.8	21.0±1	0.5
	00050	4700		100	0	20.81	21.0±1	0.5
	20050	1720		1	0	21	20.0±1	1.0
				1	49	21.01	20.0±1	1.0
				1	99	20.97	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	50	0	19.94	20.0±1	1.0
				50	24	19.8	20.0±1	1.0
				50	49	19.76	20.0±1	1.0
				100	0	19.75	20.0±1	1.0
				1	0	21.78	21.5±1	1
				1	49	21.71	21.5±1	/
				1	99	21.76	21.5±1	/
			QPSK	50	0	21.29	21.0±1	0.5
				50	24	21.38	21.0±1	0.5
				50	49	20.91	21.0±1	0.5
201411-	20475	4700 F		100	0	20.74	21.0±1	0.5
20MHz	20175	1732.5		1	0	20.96	20.0±1	1.0
				1	49	20.89	20.0±1	1.0
				1	99	20.95	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	50	0	19.58	20.0±1	1.0
				50	24	19.67	20.0±1	1.0
				50	49	19.6	20.0±1	1.0
				100	0	19.69	20.0±1	1.0
				1	0	21.73	21.5±1	/
				1	49	21.59	21.5±1	1
				1	99	21.76	21.5±1	1
			QPSK	50	0	20.62	21.0±1	0.5
				50	24	20.58	21.0±1	0.5
				50	49	20.67	21.0±1	0.5
	20200	1745		100	0	20.64	21.0±1	0.5
	20300	1745		1	0	20.81	20.0±1	1.0
				1	49	20.62	20.0±1	1.0
				1	99	20.9	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	50	0	19.61	20.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	50	24	19.6	20.0±1	1.0
				50	49	19.59	20.0±1	1.0
			100	0	19.57	20.0±1	1.0	

### LTE Band 5:

BW(MHz)	Ch	Freq(MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Offset	Average Power (dbm)	Tune up limited(dBm)	MPR (dB)
				1	0	22.44	22.0±1	1
				1	2	22.3	22.0±1	/
				1	5	22.3	22.0±1	1
			QPSK	3	0	22.11	21.5±1	/
				3	1	22.04	21.5±1	/
				3	2	22.17	21.5±1	/
	20407	924.7		6	0	21.44	21.5±1	0.5
	20407	824.7		1	0	21.29	21.0±1	1.0
				1	2	21.25	21.0±1	1.0
				1	5	21.22	21.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	3	0	21.45	21.0±1	1.0
				3	1	21.39	21.0±1	1.0
				3	2	21.39	21.0±1	1.0
				6	0	20.53	21.0±1	1.0
				1	0	22.89	22.0±1	1
		836.5		1	2	22.9	22.0±1	1
				1	5	22.91	22.0±1	1
			QPSK	3	0	22.38	21.5±1	1
				3	1	22.22	21.5±1	1
				3	2	22.35	21.5±1	1
1.4MHz	20525			6	0	21.81	21.5±1	0.5
	20020			1	0	21.88	21.0±1	1.0
				1	2	21.92	21.0±1	1.0
				1	5	21.71	21.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	3	0	21.51	21.0±1	1.0
				3	1	21.78	21.0±1	1.0
				3	2	21.44	21.0±1	1.0
				6	0	20.85	21.0±1	1.0
				1	0	22.7	22.0±1	/
				1	2	22.57	22.0±1	/
			050:1	1	5	22.56	22.0±1	1
			QPSK	3	0	21.94	21.5±1	,
				3	1	21.67	21.5±1	/
				3	2	21.72	21.5±1	/
	20634	848.3		6	0	21.18	21.5±1	0.5
				1	0	21.21	21.0±1	1.0
				1	2	21.15	21.0±1	1.0
			400 ***	1	5	21.13	21.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	3	0	21.82	21.0±1	1.0
				3	1	21.8	21.0±1	1.0
				3	2	21.76	21.0±1	1.0
				6	0	20.88	21.0±1	1.0

BW(MHz)	Ch	Freq(MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Offset	Average Power (dbm)	Tune up limited(dBm)	MPR (dB)
				1	0	22.27	22.0±1	/
				1	8	22.09	22.0±1	1
				1	14	22.07	22.0±1	1
		825.5	QPSK	6	0	21.38	21.5±1	0.5
				6	4	21.26	21.5±1	0.5
	20415			6	9	21.18	21.5±1	0.5
	20415			15	0	21.29	21.5±1	0.5
	20413	023.3		1	0	20.96	21.0±1	1.0
				1	8	20.78	21.0±1	1.0
				1	14	20.75	21.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	8	0	20.49	21.0±1	1.0
				8	4	20.39	21.0±1	1.0
				8	9	20.37	21.0±1	1.0
				15	0	20.41	21.0±1	1.0
				1	0	22.78	22.0±1	1
				1	8	22.87	22.0±1	1
				1	14	22.78	22.0±1	1
		836.5	QPSK	6	0	21.95	21.5±1	0.5
				6	4	21.94	21.5±1	0.5
				6	9	21.99	21.5±1	0.5
3MHz	20525			15	0	21.9	21.5±1	0.5
0.011.12	20020			1	0	21.81	21.0±1	1.0
				1	8	21.58	21.0±1	1.0
				1	14	21.43	21.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	6	0	20.9	21.0±1	1.0
				6	4	20.93	21.0±1	1.0
				6	9	20.99	21.0±1	1.0
				15	0	20.99	21.0±1	1.0
				1	0	22.58	22.0±1	1
				1	8	22.65	22.0±1	1
				1	14	22.48	22.0±1	1
			QPSK	6	0	21.7	21.5±1	0.5
				6	4	21.72	21.5±1	0.5
				6	9	21.64	21.5±1	0.5
	20635	847.5		15	0	21.6	21.5±1	0.5
		0 17 .0		1	0	21.19	21.0±1	1.0
				1	8	21.21	21.0±1	1.0
				1	14	21.04	21.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	8	0	20.76	21.0±1	1.0
				8	4	20.8	21.0±1	1.0
				8	9	20.75	21.0±1	1.0
				15	0	20.63	21.0±1	1.0

BW(MHz)	Ch	Freq(MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Offset	Average Power (dbm)	Tune up limited(dBm)	MPR (dB)
				1	0	22.35	22.0±1	/
				1	49	22.18	22.0±1	1
				1	99	22.14	22.0±1	/
		826.5	QPSK	12	0	21.26	21.5±1	0.5
				12	24	21.09	21.5±1	0.5
				12	49	21.19	21.5±1	0.5
	20425			25	0	21.12	21.5±1	0.5
	20423	020.5		1	0	21.17	21.0±1	1.0
				1	49	21.03	21.0±1	1.0
				1	99	21.05	21.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	12	0	20.3	21.0±1	1.0
				12	24	20.15	21.0±1	1.0
				12	49	20.25	21.0±1	1.0
				25	0	20.14	21.0±1	1.0
		836.5		1	0	22.83	22.0±1	1
				1	49	22.87	22.0±1	1
				1	99	22.75	22.0±1	1
			QPSK	12	0	21.89	21.5±1	0.5
				12	24	21.93	21.5±1	0.5
				12	49	21.81	21.5±1	0.5
5MHz	20525			25	0	21.85	21.5±1	0.5
0.01.12	20020			1	0	21.87	21.0±1	1.0
				1	49	21.96	21.0±1	1.0
				1	99	21.83	21.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	12	0	20.97	21.0±1	1.0
				12	24	21.04	21.0±1	1.0
				12	49	20.94	21.0±1	1.0
				25	0	20.93	21.0±1	1.0
				1	0	22.61	22.0±1	1
				1	49	22.74	22.0±1	1
				1	99	22.67	22.0±1	1
			QPSK	12	0	21.47	21.5±1	0.5
				12	24	21.65	21.5±1	0.5
				12	49	21.59	21.5±1	0.5
	20625	846.5		25	0	21.48	21.5±1	0.5
	20020	0-0.0		1	0	21.3	21.0±1	1.0
				1	49	21.4	21.0±1	1.0
				1	99	21.45	21.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	12	0	20.56	21.0±1	1.0
				12	24	20.8	21.0±1	1.0
				12	49	20.75	21.0±1	1.0
				25	0	20.63	21.0±1	1.0

BW(MHz)	Ch	Freq(MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Offset	Average Power (dbm)	Tune up limited(dBm)	MPR (dB)
				1	0	22.2	22.0±1	1
				1	49	22.05	22.0±1	1
				1	99	22.59	22.0±1	1
			QPSK	25	0	21.19	21.5±1	0.5
				25	24	21.24	21.5±1	0.5
	20450			25	49	21.41	21.5±1	0.5
	20450	829		50	0	21.18	21.5±1	0.5
	20430	029		1	0	20.88	21.0±1	1.0
				1	49	20.74	21.0±1	1.0
				1	99	21.27	21.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	25	0	20.27	21.0±1	1.0
				25	24	20.22	21.0±1	1.0
				25	49	20.5	21.0±1	1.0
				50	0	20.25	21.0±1	1.0
				1	0	22.55	22.0±1	1
				1	49	22.82	22.0±1	1
				1	99	22.46	22.0±1	1
			QPSK	25	0	21.76	21.5±1	0.5
		836.5	16QAM	25	24	21.79	21.5±1	0.5
				25	49	21.69	21.5±1	0.5
10MHz	20525			50	0	21.65	21.5±1	0.5
TOWNIZ	20020	000.0		1	0	21.72	21.0±1	1.0
				1	49	22.04	21.0±1	1.0
				1	99	21.75	21.0±1	1.0
				25	0	20.86	21.0±1	1.0
				25	24	20.81	21.0±1	1.0
				25	49	20.84	21.0±1	1.0
				50	0	20.78	21.0±1	1.0
				1	0	22.51	22.0±1	1
				1	49	22.26	22.0±1	1
				1	99	22.46	22.0±1	1
			QPSK	25	0	21.47	21.5±1	0.5
				25	24	21.45	21.5±1	0.5
				25	49	21.5	21.5±1	0.5
	20600	844		50	0	21.4	21.5±1	0.5
	20000	0-7-7		1	0	21.2	21.0±1	1.0
				1	49	20.95	21.0±1	1.0
				1	99	21.05	21.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	25	0	20.55	21.0±1	1.0
				25	24	20.52	21.0±1	1.0
				25	49	20.69	21.0±1	1.0
				50	0	20.52	21.0±1	1.0

### LTE Band 17:

BW(MHz)	Ch	Freq(MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Offset	Average Power (dbm)	Tune up limited(dBm)	MPR (dB)
				1	0	22.8	22.0±1	1
				1	49	22.75	22.0±1	/
				1	99	22.43	22.0±1	/
			QPSK	12	0	21.79	21.5±1	0.5
		706.5		12	24	21.71	21.5±1	0.5
				12	49	21.55	21.5±1	0.5
	23755			25	0	21.54	21.5±1	0.5
	23733	700.5		1	0	21.78	21.0±1	1.0
				1	49	21.74	21.0±1	1.0
				1	99	21.51	21.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	12	0	20.91	21.0±1	1.0
				12	24	20.72	21.0±1	1.0
				12	49	20.57	21.0±1	1.0
				25	0	20.64	21.0±1	1.0
				1	0	22.57	22.0±1	1
				1	49	22.58	22.0±1	1
				1	99	22.59	22.0±1	1
			QPSK	12	0	21.51	21.5±1	0.5
				12	24	21.44	21.5±1	0.5
		710		12	49	21.44	21.5±1	0.5
5MHz	23790			25	0	21.44	21.5±1	0.5
OWN 12	20700			1	0	21.31	21.0±1	1.0
				1	49	21.3	21.0±1	1.0
				1	99	21.33	21.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	12	0	20.34	21.0±1	1.0
				12	24	20.39	21.0±1	1.0
				12	49	20.35	21.0±1	1.0
				25	0	20.37	21.0±1	1.0
				1	0	22.52	22.0±1	1
				1	49	22.5	22.0±1	/
				1	99	22.13	22.0±1	/
			QPSK	12	0	21.47	21.5±1	0.5
				12	24	21.42	21.5±1	0.5
				12	49	21.3	21.5±1	0.5
	23825	713.5		25	0	21.38	21.5±1	0.5
	23025			1	0	21.23	21.0±1	1.0
				1	49	21.25	21.0±1	1.0
			400 444	1	99	20.93	21.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	12	0	20.44	21.0±1	1.0
				12	24	20.39	21.0±1	1.0
				12	49	20.32	21.0±1	1.0
				25	0	20.28	21.0±1	1.0

BW(MHz)	Ch	Freq(MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Offset	Average Power (dbm)	Tune up limited(dBm)	MPR (dB)
				1	0	22.77	22.0±1	/
				1	49	22.39	22.0±1	1
				1	99	22.43	22.0±1	1
			QPSK	25	0	21.56	21.5±1	0.5
				25	24	21.51	21.5±1	0.5
				25	49	21.35	21.5±1	0.5
	23780	709		50	0	21.42	21.5±1	0.5
	23700	709		1	0	21.28	21.0±1	1.0
				1	49	21.02	21.0±1	1.0
				1	99	20.98	21.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	25	0	20.57	21.0±1	1.0
				25	24	20.44	21.0±1	1.0
				25	49	20.3	21.0±1	1.0
				50	0	20.3	21.0±1	1.0
		710		1	0	22.83	22.0±1	1
				1	49	22.65	22.0±1	1
				1	99	22.42	22.0±1	1
			QPSK	25	0	21.54	21.5±1	0.5
				25	24	21.47	21.5±1	0.5
				25	49	21.36	21.5±1	0.5
10MHz	23790			50	0	21.43	21.5±1	0.5
1011112	20,00			1	0	21.86	21.0±1	1.0
				1	49	21.54	21.0±1	1.0
				1	99	21.59	21.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	25	0	20.45	21.0±1	1.0
				25	24	20.32	21.0±1	1.0
				25	49	20.33	21.0±1	1.0
				50	0	20.33	21.0±1	1.0
				1	0	22.64	22.0±1	1
				1	49	22.28	22.0±1	1
				1	99	22.03	22.0±1	1
			QPSK	25	0	21.48	21.5±1	0.5
				25	24	21.35	21.5±1	0.5
				25	49	21.29	21.5±1	0.5
	23800	711		50	0	21.4	21.5±1	0.5
	20000	'''		1	0	21.24	21.0±1	1.0
				1	49	20.92	21.0±1	1.0
				1	99	20.63	21.0±1	1.0
			16QAM	25	0	20.44	21.0±1	1.0
				25	24	20.33	21.0±1	1.0
				25	49	20.36	21.0±1	1.0
				50	0	20.32	21.0±1	1.0

# WIFI Mode (2.4G)

Mode	Channel number	Frequency (MHz)	Data rate(Mbps)	Average Output Power(dBm)	Average Tune up limited(dBm)
	1	2412	1	19.11	18.5±1
802.11b	6	2437	1	18.50	18.5±1
	11	2462	1	17.78	18.5±1
	1	2412	6	22.58	22.0±1
802.11g	6	2437	6	22.67	22.0±1
	11	2462	6	22.28	22.0±1
000 11	1	2412	MCS0	21.19	21.0±1
802.11n (HT20)	6	2437	MCS0	21.47	21.0±1
(20)	11	2462	MCS0	20.90	21.0±1

# **Bluetooth Measurement Result**

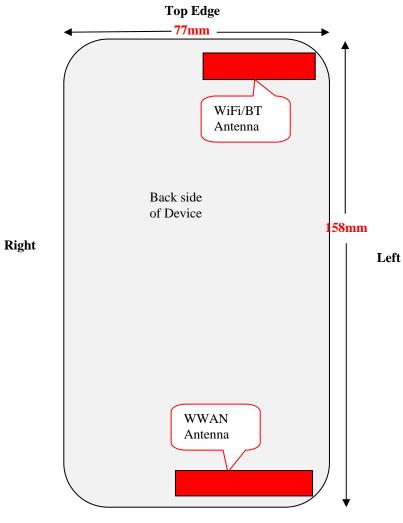
Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power(dBm)	Tune up limited(dBm)
	2402	10.88	10.0±1
GFSK	2441	10.85	10.0±1
	2480	10.22	10.0±1
	2402	9.41	9.0±1
π/4DQPSK	2441	8.91	9.0±1
	2480	8.92	9.0±1
	2402	9.22	8.7±1
8DPSK	2441	9.59	8.7±1
	2480	7.99	8.7±1

# **BLE Measurement Result**

Channel number	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power(dBm)	Tune up limited(dBm)
0	2402	5.39	5.0±1
19	2440	5.58	5.0±1
39	2480	4.73	5.0±1

# 13 Exposure Conditions Consideration

# **EUT antenna location:**



Reference No.: WTS16S1165622E V2 Page 57 of 172

### **RF Exposure**

# Wireless POS Terminal-A920, FCC ID: V5PA920 Standard Requirement:

According to §15.247 (i) and §1.1307(b)(1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]  $\cdot [\sqrt{f_{(GHz)}}] \le 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\le 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR, <sup>16</sup> where

- ullet  $f_{(GHz)}$  is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation<sup>17</sup>
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is  $\leq 50$  mm and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is  $\leq 5$  mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Routine SAR evaluation refers to that specifically required by § 2.1093, using measurements or computer simulation. When routine SAR evaluation is not required, portable transmitters with output power greater than the applicable low threshold require SAR evaluation to qualify for TCB approval.

## Exclusion Thresholds = $P\sqrt{F}/D$

P= Maximum turn-up power in mW

F= Channel frequency in GHz

D= Minimum test separation distance in mm

### **Test Distance (5mm)**

Mode	MAX Power (dBm)	Tune Up Power (dBm)	Max Tune Up Power (dBm)	Max Tune Up Power (mW)	Exclusion Thresholds	Limit
WIFI	22.67	22.0±1	23.0	199.53	62.30	3
Bluetooth	10.88	10.0±1	11.0	12.59	3.90	3
BLE	5.58	5.0±1	6.0	3.98	1.24	3

**Result:** Compliance

SAR measurement for WIFI and Bluetooth are required.

Reference No.: WTS16S1165622E V2 Page 58 of 172

### 14 SAR Test Results

### **Test Condition:**

SAR Measurement

The distance between the EUT and the antenna of the emulator is more than 50 cm and the output power radiated from the emulator antenna is at least 30 dB less than the output power of EUT.

2 Environmental Conditions Temperature 23°C

Relative Humidity 57%

Atmospheric Pressure 1019mbar

3 Test Date: Dec 01,2016-Dec 03,2016

Tested By: Damon Wang

### **Generally Test Procedures:**

1. Establish communication link between EUT and base station emulation by air link.

- 2. Place the EUT in the selected test position. (Cheek, tilt or flat)
- 3. Perform SAR testing at middle or highest output power channel under the selected test mode. If the measured 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, then testing for the other channel will not be performed.
- 4. When SAR is<0.8W/kg, no repeated SAR measurement is required

#### For WCDMA test:

- 1. KDB941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA when the average output of each RF channel with HSDPA active is less than 0.25dB higher than measured without HSDPA using 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC<75% of the SAR limit.
- 2. KDB941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for handset with HSPA capabilities when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSUPA/HSDPA active is less than 0.25dB higher than that measure without HSUPA/HSDPA using 12.2kbps RMC AND THE maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is<75% of the SAR limit

### For LTE test:

- 1. According to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r05:
  - a. Per Section 5.2.1, SAR is required for QPSK 1 RB Allocation for the largest bandwidth
- i. The required channel and offset combination with the highest maximum output power is required for SAR.
  - ii. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required. Otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels using the RB offset configuration with highest output power for that channel.
  - iii. When the reported SAR for a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all RB offset configurations for that channel.
  - b. Per Section 5.2.2, SAR is required for 50% RB allocation using the largest bandwidth following the same procedures outlined in Section 5.2.1.
  - c. Per Section 5.2.3, QPSK SAR is not required for the 100% allocation when the highest maximum output power for the 100% allocation is less than the highest maximum output power of the 1 RB and 50% RB allocations and the reported SAR for the 1 RB and 50% RB allocations is < 0.8 W/kg.
  - d. Per Section 5.2.4 and 5.3, SAR tests for higher order modulations and lower bandwidths configurations are not required when the conducted power of the required test configurations determined by Sections 5.2.1 through 5.2.3 is less than or equal to ½ dB higher than the equivalent configuration using QPSK modulation and when the QPSK SAR for those configurations is <1.45 W/kg.
  - e. A-MPR was disabled for all SAR tests by setting NS=01 on the base station simulator. SAR tests were performed with the same number of RB and RB offsets transmitting on all TTI frames (maximum TTI).

# **SAR Summary Test Result:**

### Table 4: SAR Values of WCDMA BAND V

		Channel		Toot	Power	r(dBm)	SAR 1g( Limit(1.	Diet	
Test Posit	ions	CH.	MHz	Turn-up outp		Measured output power(dBm)	Measured SAR 1g(W/kg)	Scaled SAR 1g(W/kg)	Plot No.
Body-worn	Front side	4183	836.6	RMC 12.2kbps	23	22.66	0.064	0.07	1
(0mm Separation)	Back side	4183	836.6	RMC 12.2kbps	23	22.66	0.022	0.02	2

### **Table 5: SAR Values of WCDMA BAND**

		Channel		Toot	Power	(dBm)	SAR 1g( Limit(1.	Plot		
Test Posit	ions	CH. MHz		Test Mode	Maximum Turn-up Power(dBm)	Measured output power(dBm)	Measured SAR 1g(W/kg)	Scaled SAR 1g(W/kg)	No.	
Body-worn	Front side	9262	1852.4	RMC 12.2kbps	23	22.67	0.566	0.61	3	
(0mm Separation)	Back side	9262	1852.4	RMC 12.2kbps	23	22.67	0.279	0.30	4	

### Table 6: SAR Values of WCDMA BAND IV

		Cha	nannel		Power	(dBm)	SAR 1g( Limit(1.	- Plot	
Test Posit	ions	CH.	MHz	Test Mode	Maximum Turn-up Power(dBm)	Measured output power(dBm)	Measured SAR 1g(W/kg)	Scaled SAR 1g(W/kg)	No.
Body-worn (0mm	Front side	1413	1732.6	RMC 12.2kbps	23	22.03	0.435	0.54	5
Separation)	Back side	1413	1732.6	RMC 12.2kbps	23	22.03	0.222	0.28	6

### Table 7: SAR Values of LTE BAND 2, 20MHz, QPSK

Tast	T		Channel		Power(dBm)		мор	SAR 1g(W/Kg), Limit(1.6W/kg)		Dist
Test Mode	Test Posit	ions	CH. MHz		Maximum Turn-up Power(dBm)	Measured output power(dBm)	MPR (dB)	Measured SAR 1g(W/kg)	Scaled SAR 1g(W/kg)	Plot No.
1RB	Body-worn	Front side	18900	1880	22.5	22.18	1	0.481	0.52	7
#49	(0mm Separation)	Back side	18900	1880	22.5	22.18	1	0.208	0.22	8
50%RB	Body-worn	Front side	18900	1880	22	21.68	0.5	0.405	0.44	9
#24	(0mm Separation)	Back side	18900	1880	22	21.68	0.5	0.181	0.19	10

Table 8: SAR Values of LTE BAND 4, 20MHz, QPSK

Toot			Channel		Power(dBm)		MDD	SAR 1g(W/Kg), Limit(1.6W/kg)		Plot
Test Mode	Test Posit	ions	CH.	MHz	Maximum Turn-up Power(dBm)	Measured output power(dBm)	MPR (dB)	Measured SAR 1g(W/kg)	Scaled SAR 1g(W/kg)	No.
1RB	Body-worn	Front side	20175	1732.5	22.5	21.71	1	0.635	0.76	11
#49	(0mm Separation)	Back side	20175	1732.5	22.5	21.71	1	0.175	0.21	12
50%RB	Body-worn	Front side	20175	1732.5	22	21.38	0.5	0.429	0.49	13
#24	(0mm Separation)	Back side	20175	1732.5	22	21.38	0.5	0.165	0.19	14

Table 9: SAR Values of LTE BAND 5, 10MHz, QPSK

Tool			Channel		Power(dBm)		MPR	SAR 1g(W/Kg), Limit(1.6W/kg)		Plot
Test Mode	Test Posit	ions	CH. MHz		Maximum Turn-up Power(dBm)	Measured output power(dBm)	(dB)	Measured SAR 1g(W/kg)	Scaled SAR 1g(W/kg)	No.
1RB	Body-worn	Front side	20525	836.5	23	22.82	1	0.049	0.05	15
#49	(0mm Separation)	Back side	20525	836.5	23	22.82	1	0.016	0.02	16
50%RB	Body-worn	Front side	20525	836.5	22.5	21.79	0.5	0.036	0.04	17
#24	(0mm Separation)	Back side	20525	836.5	22.5	21.79	0.5	0.017	0.02	18

Table 10: SAR Values of LTE BAND 17, 10MHz, QPSK

Total			Channel		Power(dBm)		MPR	SAR 1g(W/Kg), Limit(1.6W/kg)		Diet
Test Mode	Test Posit	ions	CH. MHz		Maximum Turn-up Power(dBm)	Measured output power(dBm)	(dB)	Measured SAR 1g(W/kg)	Scaled SAR 1g(W/kg)	Plot No.
1RB	Body-worn	Front side	23790	710	23	22.65	/	0.206	0.22	19
#49	(0mm Separation)	Back side	23790	710	23	22.65	/	0.076	0.08	20
50%RB	Body-worn	Front side	23790	710	22.5	21.47	0.5	0.178	0.23	21
#24	(0mm Separation)	Back side	23790	710	22.5	21.47	0.5	0.070	0.09	22

Table 11: SAR Values of 802.11g

		Cha	hannel		Power(dBm)		SAR 1g( Limit(1.6	Plot	
Test Positions		CH.	MHz	Test Mode	Maximum Turn-up Power(dBm)	Measured output power(dBm)	Measured SAR 1g(W/kg)	Scaled SAR 1g(W/kg)	No.
Body(0mm	Front side	6	2437	MCS0	23	22.67	0.140	0.15	23
Separation)	Back side	6	2437	MCS0	23	22.67	0.036	0.04	24

### Table 12: SAR Values of Bluetooth

		Cha	annel	Test	Power(dBm)		SAR 1g(W/Kg), Limit(1.6W/kg)		Plot
Test Positions		CH.	MHz	Mode	Maximum Turn-up Power(dBm)	Measured output power(dBm)	Measured SAR 1g(W/kg)	Scaled SAR 1g(W/kg)	No.
Body(0mm	Front side	0	2402	GFSK	11	10.88	0.012	0.01	25
Separation)	Back side	0	2402	GFSK	11	10.88	0.006	0.01	26

### Measurement variability consideration

According to KDB 865664 D01v01r04 section 2.8.1, repeated measurements are required following the procedures as below:

- 1. Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2. When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3. Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4. Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

### No Repeated SAR

# Simultaneous Transmission SAR Analysis.

### **List of Mode for Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission:**

No.	Configurations	Body-worn SAR
1	WCDMA (Data) + WLAN 2.4GHz(Data)	Yes
2	WCDMA (Data) + Bluetooth(Data)	Yes
3	LTE (Date) + WLAN 2.4GHz(Data)	Yes
4	LTE (Date) + Bluetooth(Data)	Yes

#### Remark:

- 1. WCDMA/LTE share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 2. VOIP is not supported.
- 3. WLAN and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 4. The maximum SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.

# Body-worn SAR Simultaneous WWAN and WIFI

VVVVAIV at	IM VVII I			
	WWAN ( maxim	num )	WIFI(5mm)	Currence of CAD
Position	Band	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Summed SAR (W/kg)
Front	WCDMA Band V	0.07	0.15	0.22
Back	WCDMA Band V	0.02	0.04	0.06
Front	WCDMA Band II	0.61	0.15	0.76
Back	WCDMA Band II	0.30	0.04	0.34
Front	WCDMA Band IV	0.54	0.15	0.69
Back	WCDMA Band IV	0.28	0.04	0.32
Front	LTE BAND 2(1RB)	0.52	0.15	0.67
Back	LTE BAND 2(1RB)	0.22	0.04	0.26
Front	LTE BAND 4(1RB)	0.76	0.15	0.91
Back	LTE BAND 4(1RB)	0.21	0.04	0.25
Front	LTE BAND 5(1RB)	0.05	0.15	0.20
Back	LTE BAND 5(1RB)	0.02	0.04	0.06
Front	LTE BAND 17(50RB)	0.23	0.15	0.38
Back	LTE BAND 17(50RB)	0.09	0.04	0.13

Page 63 of 172

Reference No.: WTS16S1165622E V2

### **WWAN** and BT

	WWAN ( maxim	num )	BT(5mm)	Company and CAD
Position	Band	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Summed SAR (W/kg)
Front	WCDMA Band V	0.07	0.01	80.0
Back	WCDMA Band V	0.02	0.01	0.03
Front	WCDMA Band II	0.61	0.01	0.62
Back	WCDMA Band II	0.30	0.01	0.31
Front	WCDMA Band IV	0.54	0.01	0.55
Back	WCDMA Band IV	0.28	0.01	0.29
Front	LTE BAND 2(1RB)	0.52	0.01	0.53
Back	LTE BAND 2(1RB)	0.22	0.01	0.23
Front	LTE BAND 4(1RB)	0.76	0.01	0.77
Back	LTE BAND 4(1RB)	0.21	0.01	0.22
Front	LTE BAND 5(1RB)	0.05	0.01	0.06
Back	LTE BAND 5(1RB)	0.02	0.01	0.03
Front	LTE BAND 17(50RB)	0.23	0.01	0.24
Back	LTE BAND 17(50RB)	0.09	0.01	0.10

**Remark:** BT the 1g SAR value is not being captured by the measurement system, the 1g-SAR value is conservatively used for simultaneous transmission analysis.

### 15 SAR Measurement Reference

### References

- 1. FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"
- 2. IEEE Std. C95.1-2005, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3kHz to 300GHz", 2005
- 3. IEEE Std. 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- 4. IEC 62209-2, "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices—Human models, instrumentation, and procedures Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate(SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body(frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", April 2010
- 5. FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", Oct 23<sup>th</sup>, 2015
- 6. FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03r01, "3G SAR Measurement Procedures", Oct 23th, 2015
- 7. FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r05, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices", Dec 16<sup>th</sup>, 2015
- 8. FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, "SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities", Oct 23<sup>th</sup>, 2015
- 9. FCC KDB865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements 100MHz to 6GHz", Aug 7<sup>th</sup>, 2015
- 10.FCC KDB865664 D02 v01r02, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations", Oct 23<sup>th</sup>, 2015
- 11.FCC KDB648474 D04 v01r03, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets", Oct 23<sup>th</sup>", 2015
- 12.FCC KDB 248227 D01 v01r02, SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) Transmitters, Oct 23<sup>th</sup>, 2015.

### **Maximum SAR measurement Plots**

Plot 1: WCDMA BAND V, Middle channel (Body-worn, Front Surface) Product Description: Wireless POS Terminal

Model: A920

**Test Date: Dec 01,2016** 

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_850
Frequency (MHz)	836.6000
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.76
Conductivity (S/m)	0.98
Signal	WCDMA (Duty cycle: 1:1)
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP249
Conversion Factor	5.22
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.84
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.039405
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.063899
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
C   C   C   C   C   C   C   C   C   C	0 005050 0 0050

Plot 2: WCDMA BAND V, Middle channel (Body-worn, Back Surface) Product Description: Wireless POS Terminal Model: A920

Test Date: Dec 01,2016

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_850
Frequency (MHz)	836.6000
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.76
Conductivity (S/m)	0.98
Signal	WCDMA (Duty cycle: 1:1)
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP249
Conversion Factor	5.22
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-1.78
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.016041
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.022232
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
Sal Presisanto Impirol Interfero Refere Asiana Interes: 2 no 5000	558 Visualisation desphiral Interface  Volume Radiatal Interials Interials Internation International Internation International International Internation International Int
2017 Careck   100 care   100 care	0 0000000 0 0000000 0 0000000 0 0000000 0 000000

Plot 3: WCDMA BAND , Low channel (Body-worn, Front Surface) Product Description: Wireless POS Terminal Model: A920

**Test Date: Nov 29,2016** 

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_1900
Frequency (MHz)	1852.4000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.62
Conductivity (S/m)	1.50
Signal	WCDMA(Duty cycle: 1:1)
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP249
Conversion Factor	5.05
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.64
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.317594
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.566211
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
Colore State    State	Calure Scale (0 Page (0 Page (120 - 120 -

Plot 4: WCDMA BAND , Low channel (Body-worn, Back Surface) Product Description: Wireless POS Terminal

Model: A920

**Test Date: Nov 29,2016** 

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_1900
Frequency (MHz)	1852.4000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.62
Conductivity (S/m)	1.50
Signal	WCDMA(Duty cycle: 1:1)
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP249
Conversion Factor	5.05
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-1.22
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.156286
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.278940
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
Color   Colo	150   150

Plot 5: WCDMA BAND IV, Middle channel (Body-worn, Front Surface) Product Description: Wireless POS Terminal Model: F541

**Test Date: Nov 30,2016** 

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_1800
Frequency (MHz)	1732.5000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.85
Conductivity (S/m)	1.50
Signal	WCDMA (Duty cycle: 1:1)
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP249
Conversion Factor	4.33
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	3.42
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.278259
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.435439
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
(Id) Equipment in Equipment Interfere Surface Subsect Interfere Surface	(iii) Equipment (equipment Interferor  Vectors Audit and Interests See Section
Colors   Toler   Colors   Co	County   C

Plot 6: WCDMA BAND IV, Middle channel (Body-worn, Back Surface) Product Description: Wireless POS Terminal Model: F541

**Test Date: Nov 30,2016** 

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_1800
Frequency (MHz)	1732.5000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.85
Conductivity (S/m)	1.50
Signal	WCDMA (Duty cycle: 1:1)
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP249
Conversion Factor	4.33
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.51
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.131586
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.222375
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
Colors State   Colo	Value   Facility   Value   Facility   Value   Facility   Value   Facility   Value   Value

Plot 7:LTE BAND2, Middle channel (Body-worn, Front Surface) Product Description:Wireless POS Terminal Model: A920

**Test Date: Nov 29,2016** 

Medium(liquid type) Frequency (MHz) Relative permittivity (real part) Conductivity (S/m) Signal E-Field Probe Conversion Factor Bandwidth(MHz)	MSL_1900 1880.0000 53.62 1.50 Duty cycle: 1:1 SN 07/15 EP249 5.05 20
RB Allocation  RB Offset  Area Scan  Zoom Scan  Variation (%)  SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1 49 dx=8mm dy=8mm 5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm -0.77 0.265543
SAR 1g (W/Kg)  SURFACE SAR  Sab Tracel control Tracelored Later Face  Sac Sac Salver  Sac	## Calculation   Colored   Colored

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Plot 8:LTE BAND2, Middle channel (Body-worn, Back Surface) Product Description:Wireless POS Terminal Model: A920

**Test Date: Nov 29,2016** 

Medium(liquid type) Frequency (MHz) Relative permittivity (real part) Conductivity (S/m) Signal E-Field Probe Conversion Factor Bandwidth(MHz) RB Allocation	MSL_1900 1880.0000 53.62 1.50 Duty cycle: 1:1 SN 07/15 EP249 5.05 20
RB Offset Area Scan Zoom Scan Variation (%) SAR 10g (W/Kg) SAR 1g (W/Kg)	49 dx=8mm dy=8mm 5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm -1.15 0.115080 0.208464 VOLUME SAR
SURFACE SAR  Set Straight Stra	SAN   Value   SAN   Description

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Plot 9:LTE BAND2, Middle channel (Body-worn, Front Surface) Product Description:Wireless POS Terminal Model: A920

**Test Date: Nov 29,2016** 

Medium(liquid type) Frequency (MHz) Relative permittivity (real part) Conductivity (S/m) Signal E-Field Probe Conversion Factor Bandwidth(MHz) RB Allocation RB Offset	MSL_1900 1880.0000 53.62 1.50 Duty cycle: 1:1 SN 07/15 EP249 5.05 20 50 24
Area Scan Zoom Scan Variation (%) SAR 10g (W/Kg) SAR 1g (W/Kg) SURFACE SAR	dx=8mm dy=8mm 5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm -1.64 0.222836 0.405299 VOLUME SAR
See Freedom Sequence to See Section Sequence See Sequence Section Sequence Section Sequence Section Sequence Section Sequence Section Sequence S	SAN Y-small sate on Graphical Later form   Volume   Radioted Later form   Volume   V

Plot 10:LTE BAND2, Middle channel (Body-worn, Back Surface) Product Description:Wireless POS Terminal

Model: A920

**Test Date: Nov 29,2016** 

Medium(liquid type) Frequency (MHz) Relative permittivity (real part) Conductivity (S/m) Signal E-Field Probe Conversion Factor Bandwidth(MHz) RB Allocation	MSL_1900 1880.0000 53.62 1.50 Duty cycle: 1:1 SN 07/15 EP249 5.05 20 50
RB Offset Area Scan Zoom Scan Variation (%) SAR 10g (W/Kg) SAR 1g (W/Kg)	24 dx=8mm dy=8mm 5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm -1.95 0.101666 0.181013
SURFACE SAR  Sit Freelester Surject State for Surject State State State Surject State St	### Color: Sale   ************************************

Plot 11:LTE BAND4, Middle channel (Body-worn, Front Surface) Product Description:Wireless POS Terminal

**Test Date: Nov 30,2016** 

Area Scan Zoom Scan Variation (%) SAR 10g (W/Kg) SAR 1g (W/Kg) SURFACE SAR	dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm  -1.65  0.335240  0.634561  VOLUME SAR

Plot 12:LTE BAND4, Middle channel (Body-worn, Back Surface) Product Description:Wireless POS Terminal

**Test Date: Nov 30,2016** 

Medium(liquid type) Frequency (MHz) Relative permittivity (real part) Conductivity (S/m) Signal E-Field Probe Conversion Factor Bandwidth(MHz) RB Allocation RB Offset Area Scan	MSL_1800 1732.5000 53.85 1.50 Duty cycle: 1:1 SN 07/15 EP249 4.33 20 1 49 dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan Variation (%) SAR 10g (W/Kg) SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm 0.74 0.102883 0.175324
SURFACE SAR  Set Final section trapposed laterature  Section Final Transposed Laterat	### Colors Scale    Colors Scale   Office   Colors Sca

Plot 13:LTE BAND4, Middle channel (Body-worn, Front Surface) Product Description:Wireless POS Terminal

**Test Date: Nov 30,2016** 

Medium(liquid type) Frequency (MHz) Relative permittivity (real part) Conductivity (S/m) Signal E-Field Probe Conversion Factor Bandwidth(MHz) RB Allocation RB Offset	MSL_1800 1732.5000 53.85 1.50 Duty cycle: 1:1 SN 07/15 EP249 4.33 20 50 24
Area Scan Zoom Scan Variation (%) SAR 10g (W/Kg) SAR 1g (W/Kg) SURFACE SAR	dx=8mm dy=8mm 5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm -1.13 0.249408 0.428739 VOLUME SAR
Similar   Frederica   State   State	SAN   Varialization Graphical Interface   Values   End ated Interface   Values   End ated Interface   Interface

Plot 14:LTE BAND4, Middle channel (Body-worn, Back Surface) Product Description:Wireless POS Terminal

**Test Date: Nov 30,2016** 

Medium(liquid type) Frequency (MHz) Relative permittivity (real part) Conductivity (S/m) Signal E-Field Probe Conversion Factor Bandwidth(MHz)	MSL_1800 1732.5000 53.85 1.50 Duty cycle: 1:1 SN 07/15 EP249 4.33 20
RB Allocation RB Offset Area Scan Zoom Scan Variation (%) SAR 10g (W/Kg) SAR 1g (W/Kg)	50 24 dx=8mm dy=8mm 5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm -0.31 0.095989 0.164920
SURFACE SAR  Set Final section to regional later from  Section 5 Tricks  Section 5 T	### Calury Scale   ***OLUME SAR*   ***Stale   ***Stale

Plot 15: LTE BAND5, Middle channel (Body-worn, Front Surface) Product Description: Wireless POS Terminal

Model: A920

Test Date: Dec 01,2016

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_850
Frequency (MHz)	836.5000
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.76
Conductivity (S/m)	0.98
Signal	Duty cycle: 1:1
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP249
Conversion Factor	5.22
Bandwidth(MHz)	10
RB Allocation	1
RB Offset	49
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	1.24
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.029432
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.049433
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1	2 - 0.054 at 0

Plot 16: LTE BAND5, Middle channel (Body-worn, Back Surface) Product Description: Wireless POS Terminal

Model: A920

Test Date: Dec 01,2016

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_850
Frequency (MHz)	836.5000
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.76
Conductivity (S/m)	0.98
Signal	Duty cycle: 1:1
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP249
Conversion Factor	5.22
Bandwidth(MHz)	10
RB Allocation	1
RB Offset	49
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.78
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.011846
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.016271
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
2015 Contail   100 - 100 - 100   100	0 015006 0 015110 0 01523 0 01550 0 01550 0 01550 0 01550 0 01550 0 01550 0 000000 0 000000 0 000000 0 000000 0 000000

Plot 17: LTE BAND5, Middle channel (Body-worn, Front Surface) Product Description: Wireless POS Terminal

Model: A920

Test Date: Dec 01.2016

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_850
Frequency (MHz)	836.5000
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.76
Conductivity (S/m)	0.98
Signal	Duty cycle: 1:1
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP249
Conversion Factor	5.22
Bandwidth(MHz)	10
RB Allocation	50
RB Offset	24
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	0.19
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.021239
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.035594
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
2015 County   County	0.07554

Plot 18: LTE BAND5, Middle channel (Body-worn, Back Surface)
Product Description: Wireless POS Terminal

Model: A920

Test Date: Dec 01.2016

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_850
Frequency (MHz)	836.5000
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.76
Conductivity (S/m)	0.98
Signal	Duty cycle: 1:1
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP249
Conversion Factor	5.22
Bandwidth(MHz)	10
RB Allocation	50
RB Offset	24
Sensor-Surface	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-1.19
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.013233
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.017037
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
1	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Plot 19:LTE BAND17, Middle channel (Body-worn, Front Surface) Product Description:Wireless POS Terminal

**Test Date: Dec 03,2016** 

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_750
Frequency (MHz)	710.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	54.19
Conductivity (S/m)	0.98
Signal	Duty cycle: 1:1
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP249
Conversion Factor	4.85
Bandwidth(MHz)	10
RB Allocation	1
RB Offset	49
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.35
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.123205
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.205746
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
Cut over 20 side   Dom 200   Dom 2	Value

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Plot 20:LTE BAND17, Middle channel (Body-worn, Back Surface) Product Description:Wireless POS Terminal Model: A920

**Test Date: Dec 03,2016** 

Medium(liquid type) Frequency (MHz) Relative permittivity (real part) Conductivity (S/m) Signal E-Field Probe Conversion Factor Bandwidth(MHz) RB Allocation RB Offset Area Scan Zoom Scan	MSL_750 710.0000 54.19 0.98 Duty cycle: 1:1 SN 07/15 EP249 4.85 10 1 49 dx=8mm dy=8mm 5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%) SAR 10g (W/Kg) SAR 1g (W/Kg)	-0.42 0.054615 0.076339
SURFACE SAR    State   State	### Color: Stale   Color: Stale   Values   Red   stale   Interface

Plot 21:LTE BAND17, Middle channel (Body-worn, Front Surface) Product Description:Wireless POS Terminal Model: A920

**Test Date: Dec 03,2016** 

Medium(liquid type)	MSL 750
Frequency (MHz)	710.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	54.19
Conductivity (S/m)	0.98
Signal	Duty cycle: 1:1
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP249
Conversion Factor	4.85
Bandwidth(MHz)	10
RB Allocation	50
RB Offset	24
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-1.12
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.107827
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.177815
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
DM Finalization Regional Statefule	SA Visualisation Graphical Interface
2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0 179-400 0 160643 0 1507124 0 130705 0 120061 0 1007000 0 100700 0 100700 0 100700 0 100700 0 100700 0 100700 0 1007000 0 100700 0 100700 0 100700 0 100700 0 100700 0 100700 0 1007000 0 100700 0 100700 0 100700 0 100700 0 100700 0 100700 0 10070

Plot 22:LTE BAND17, Middle channel (Body-worn, Back Surface) Product Description:Wireless POS Terminal

**Test Date: Dec 03,2016** 

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_750
Frequency (MHz)	710.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	54.19
Conductivity (S/m)	0.98
Signal	Duty cycle: 1:1
E-Field Probe	SN 07/15 EP249
Conversion Factor	4.85
Bandwidth(MHz)	10
RB Allocation	50
RB Offset	24
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.57
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.051690
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.070145
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR  508 Vissalization Graphical Enterface
Colored Study   Colored   Colored Study   Co	Column Scale (9/kg) (0.000000  0.0000000  0.0000000  0.000000

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Plot 23:802.11g, Middle channel (Body-worn, Front Surface) Product Description:Wireless POS Terminal Model: SP4013

Medium(liquid type) Frequency (MHz) Relative permittivity (real part) Conductivity (S/m) Signal E-Field Probe Conversion Factor Area Scan Zoom Scan Variation (%) SAR 10g (W/Kg) SAR 1g (W/Kg)	MSL_2450 2437.0000 52.95 1.94 Duty cycle: 1:1 SN 07/15 EP249 4.36 dx=8mm dy=8mm 5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm 0.01 0.067729 0.140142
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
Select   State   Select   Se	Colors   Scale   Value   Red sted Zatematy   Zee Zate Value   Total Scale   Total Sc

Plot 24:802.11g, Middle channel (Body-worn, Back Surface) Product Description:Wireless POS Terminal Model: SP4013

Medium(liquid type) Frequency (MHz) Relative permittivity (real part) Conductivity (S/m) Signal E-Field Probe Conversion Factor Area Scan Zoom Scan Variation (%) SAR 10g (W/Kg)	MSL_2450 2437.0000 52.95 1.94 Duty cycle: 1:1 SN 07/15 EP249 4.36 dx=8mm dy=8mm 5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm 0.21 0.019761
SAR 1g (W/Kg) SURFACE SAR	0.036463 <b>VOLUME SAR</b>
Callet Stoke   Section   Section	Colors Scale

Plot 25:Bluetooth GFSK, Low Channel(Body-worn, Front Surface) Product Description:Wireless POS Terminal Model: SP4013

Medium(liquid type) Frequency (MHz) Relative permittivity (real part) Conductivity (S/m) Signal E-Field Probe Conversion Factor	MSL_2450 2402.0000 52.95 1.94 Duty cycle: 1:1 SN 07/15 EP249 4.36
Area Scan Zoom Scan Variation (%) SAR 10g (W/Kg)	dx=8mm dy=8mm 5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm -0.12 0.006033
SAR 1g (W/Kg) SURFACE SAR	0.012170 <b>VOLUME SAR</b>
### Section 2 - 20 - 20 - 20 - 20 - 20 - 20 - 20 -	Volume Reducted Intensity  Collect Scale (V/sg)  0.01874 0.01814 0.01814 0.01814 0.00006 0.000

Plot 26: Bluetooth GFSK, Low Channel (Body-worn, Back Surface) Product Description:Wireless POS Terminal Model: SP4013

Medium(liquid type) Frequency (MHz) Relative permittivity (real part) Conductivity (S/m) Signal E-Field Probe Conversion Factor Area Scan Zoom Scan	MSL_2450 2402.0000 52.95 1.94 Duty cycle: 1:1 SN 07/15 EP249 4.36 dx=8mm dy=8mm 5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.30
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.003052
SAR 1g (W/Kg) SURFACE SAR	0.005985 <b>VOLUME SAR</b>
IN Final series trade at Laterton	SM Visualization Graphical Enterface
Columbia   Columbia	Color Sell