

APPENDIX E (DIPOLE CALIBRATION DATA)



Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

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HCT (Dymstec) Certificate No: CD835V3-1024 Mar13 CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE CD835V3 - SN: 1024 Object QA CAL-20.v6 Calibration procedure(s) Calibration procedure for dipoles in air March 15, 2013 Calibration date: This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) ID# Scheduled Calibration Primary Standards Cal Date (Certificate No.) Power meter EPM-442A GB37480704 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) Oct-13 Power sensor HP 8481A US37292783 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) Oct-13 Reference 10 dB Attenuator SN: 5047.2 (10q) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01527) Apr-13 28-Dec-12 (No. ER3-2336_Dec12) Dec-13 Probe FR30V6 SN: 2336 Probe H3DV6 SN: 6065 28-Dec-12 (No. H3-6065_Dec12) Dec-13 DAE4 SN: 781 29-May-12 (No. DAE4-781_May12) May-13 Scheduled Check ID # Check Date (in house) Secondary Standards In house check: Oct-13 Power meter Agilent 44198 SN: GB42420191 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-12) Power sensor HP E4412A SN: MY41495277 01-Apr-08 (in house check Oct-12) In house check: Oct-13 In house check: Oct-13 Power sensor HP 8482A SN: US37295597 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-12) In house check: Oct-13 Network Analyzer HP 8753E US37390585 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12) In house check: Oct-14 RF generator R&S SMT-06 SN: 832283/011 27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-12) Name Function Signature Leif Klysner Laboratory Technician Calibrated by: Fin Bomholt Deputy Technical Manage Approved by: Issued: March 19, 2013 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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References

ANSI-C63.19-2007

American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms, z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 10 mm above the top edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 10 mm (in z) above the top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, 10mm above the dipole surface.
- H-field distribution: H-field is measured with an isotropic H-field probe with 100mW forward power to the antenna feed point, in the x-y-plane. The scan area and sensor distance is equivalent to the E-field scan. The maximum of the field is available at the center (subgrid 5) above the feed point. The H-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated H-field, 10mm above the dipole surface at the feed point.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.5
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	10mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

Maximum Field values at 835 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	105.9 V / m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	105.6 V / m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	105.8 V / m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

Appendix

Antenna Parameters

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
800 MHz	16.7 dB	41.4 Ω - 10.2 jΩ
835 MHz	24.1 dB	48.8 Ω + 6.1 jΩ
900 MHz	18.9 dB	57.1 Ω - 9.9 jΩ
950 MHz	14.0 dB	55.3 Ω + 20.9 jΩ
960 MHz	10.1 dB	72.6 Ω + 32.4 jΩ

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

3.3 Dipole modification by end user

The dipole had been damaged and was re-soldered by the end user near the feed point! Gap distance is slightly larger than originally. This can influence the return loss values.

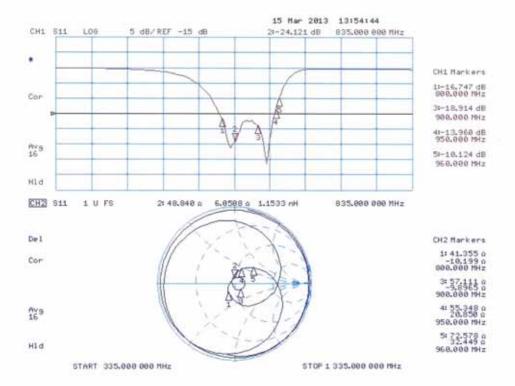
The E-field values are not affected as long as the arms are straight in a line.

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Impedance Measurement Plot



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DASY5 E-field Result

Date: 15.03.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: CD835V3 - SN: 1024

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ϵ_r = 1; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 29.05.2012
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.8.5(1059); SEMCAD X 14.6.8(7028)

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 835MHz/E-Scan - 835MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test

(41x361x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0,5000 mm, dy=0,5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

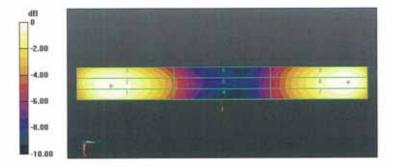
Reference Value = 105.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

E-field emissions = 105.9 V/m

Near-field category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

PMF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4 105.0 V/m		
Grid 4 M4 64.67 V/m	Grid 5 M4 65.31 V/m	
Grid 7 M4 103.6 V/m		



0 dB = 105.9 V/m = 40.50 dBV/m

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1019 Mar13

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE Object CD1880V3 - SN: 1019 QA CAL-20.v6 Calibration procedure(s) Calibration procedure for dipoles in air March 15, 2013 Calibration date: This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) ID# Primary Standards Cal Date (Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Power meter EPM-442A GB37480704 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) Oct-13 Power sensor HP 8481A US37292783 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) Oct-13 Reference 10 dB Attenuator SN: 5047.2 (10q) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01527) Apr-13 Probe FR3DV6 SN: 2336 28-Dec-12 (No. ER3-2336 Dec12) Dec-13 Probe H3DV6 SN: 6065 28-Dec-12 (No. H3-6065_Dec12) Dec-13 DAE4 SN: 781 29-May-12 (No. DAE4-781_May12) May-13 Scheduled Check ID# Check Date (in house) Secondary Standards Power meter Agilent 44198 SN: GB42420191 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-12) In house check: Oct-13 Power sensor HP E4412A SN: MY41495277 01-Apr-08 (in house check Oct-12) In house check: Oct-13 Power sensor HP 8482A SN: US37295597 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-12) In house check: Oct-13 Network Analyzer HP 8753E US37390585 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12) In house check: Oct-13 RF generator R&S SMT-06 SN: 832283/011 27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-12) In house check: Oct-14 Name Function Calibrated by: Leif Klysner Laboratory Technician Fin Bomholt Deputy Technical Manager Approved by: Issued: March 19, 2013

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1019_Mar13

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FCC ID: V65C6530 Date of Issue: HCT-A-1403-F006 Mar. 14, 2014

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References

ANSI-C63.19-2007 [1]

> American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms, z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 10 mm above the top edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections, It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 10 mm (in z) above the top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, 10mm above the dipole surface.
- H-field distribution: H-field is measured with an isotropic H-field probe with 100mW forward power to the antenna feed point, in the x-y-plane. The scan area and sensor distance is equivalent to the E-field scan. The maximum of the field is available at the center (subgrid 5) above the feed point. The H-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated H-field, 10mm above the dipole surface at the feed point.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.5
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	10mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	1880 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

Maximum Field values at 1880 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	91.9 V / m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	90.6 V / m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	91.3 V / m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

Appendix

Antenna Parameters

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
1730 MHz	31.0 dB	51.5 Ω + 2.4 jΩ
1880 MHz	18.8 dB	48.7 Ω + 11.3 jΩ
1900 MHz	19.3 dB	51.8 Ω + 11.0 jΩ
1950 MHz	22.8 dB	56.0 Ω + 4.9 jΩ
2000 MHz	26.5 dB	46.1 Ω + 2.4 jΩ

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

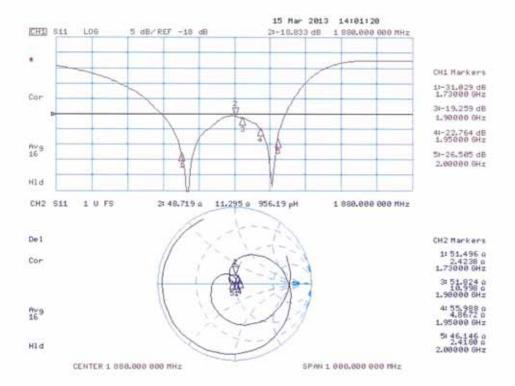
The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

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Impedance Measurement Plot



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DASY5 E-field Result

Date: 15.03.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: CD1880V3 - SN: 1019

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: RF Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 29.05.2012
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.8.5(1059); SEMCAD X 14.6.8(7028)

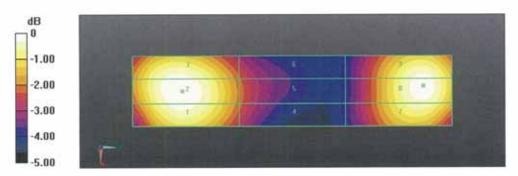
Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/E-Scan - 1880MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm
Reference Value = 159.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.
E-field emissions = 91.94 V/m

Near-field category: M3 (AWF 0 dB)

PMF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M3	Grid 2 M3	Grid 3 M3
90.33 V/m	91.94 V/m	90.35 V/m
Grid 4 M3	Grid 5 M3	Grid 6 M3
71.70 V/m	72.39 V/m	71.22 V/m
Grid 7 M3	Grid 8 M3	Grid 9 M3
87.65 V/m	90.56 V/m	89.89 V/m



0 dB = 91.94 V/m = 39.27 dBV/m

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