

Report No. : SA150707C10

Applicant : Kyocera Corporation c/o Kyocera Communications, Inc.

Address : 9520 Towne Centre Drive, Suite 200, San Diego, CA 92121

Product : Clamshell phone

FCC ID : V65E4710

Brand : Kyocera

Model No. : E4710

Standards : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093) / IEEE C95.1:1992 / IEEE 1528:2003

IEEE 1528a-2005 / KDB 865664 D01 v01r03 / KDB 865664 D02 v01r01

KDB 248227 D01 v02r01 / KDB 447498 D01 v05r02 / KDB 648474 D04 v01r02

KDB 941225 D01 v03 / KDB 941225 D05 v02r03 / KDB 941225 D06 v02

Sample Received Date : Jul. 07, 2015

Date of Testing : Jul. 15, 2015 ~ Jul. 25, 2015

CERTIFICATION: The above equipment have been tested by **Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch – Lin Kou Laboratories**, and found compliance with the requirement of the above standards. The test record, data evaluation & Equipment Under Test (EUT) configurations represented herein are true and accurate accounts of the measurements of the sample's SAR characteristics under the conditions specified in this report. It should not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of our laboratory. The client should not use it to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by TAF or any government agencies.

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Release Control Record

Report No.	Reason for Change	Date Issued
SA150707C10	Initial release	Aug. 07, 2015

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1. Summary of Maximum SAR Value

Equipment Class	Mode	Highest Reported Head SAR _{1q} (W/kg)	Highest Reported Body SAR _{1q} (1.5 cm Gap) (W/kg)	Highest Reported Hotspot SAR _{1q} (1.0 cm Gap) (W/kg)
	GSM850	0.22	0.41	0.67
	GSM1900	0.14	0.46	0.77
	WCDMA II	0.23	0.59	1.11
	WCDMA V	0.47	0.77	1.19
PCE	LTE 2	0.22	0.61	1.06
	LTE 4	0.43	0.78	1.05
	LTE 5	0.53	0.81	1.17
	LTE 12	0.21	0.35	0.60
	LTE 17	0.30	0.42	0.65
DTS	2.4G WLAN	0.02	0.02	0.03
	5.3G WLAN	0.00	0.10	N/A
NII	5.6G WLAN	0.00	0.07	N/A
	5.8G WLAN	0.00	0.05	N/A
DSS	Bluetooth	N/A	N/A	N/A
Highest Simultaneous Transmission SAR		Head (W/kg)	Body-worn (W/kg)	Hotspot (W/kg)
PCE + DTS		0.55	0.83	1.22
PCE + NII		0.53	0.91	N/A
PCE + DSS		N/A	1.12	N/A

Note:

1. The SAR limit (Head & Body: SAR_{1g} 1.6 W/kg, Extremity: SAR_{10g} 4.0 W/kg) for general population / uncontrolled exposure is specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992.

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2. <u>Description of Equipment Under Test</u>

EUT Type	Clamshell phone
FCC ID	V65E4710
Brand Name	Kyocera
Model Name	E4710
Tx Frequency Bands (Unit: MHz)	GSM850: 824.2 ~ 848.8 GSM1900: 1850.2 ~ 1909.8 WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 ~ 1907.6 WCDMA Band V: 826.4 ~ 846.6 LTE Band 2: 1850.7 ~ 1909.3 (1.4M), 1851.5 ~ 1908.5 (3M), 1852.5 ~ 1907.5 (5M), 1855 ~ 1905 (10M), 1857.5 ~ 1902.5 (15M), 1860 ~ 1900 (20M) LTE Band 4: 1710.7 ~ 1754.3 (1.4M), 1711.5 ~ 1753.5 (3M), 1712.5 ~ 1752.5 (5M), 1715 ~ 1750 (10M), 1717.5 ~ 1747.5 (15M), 1720 ~ 1745 (20M) LTE Band 5: 824.7 ~ 848.3 (1.4M), 825.5 ~ 847.5 (3M), 826.5 ~ 846.5 (5M), 829 ~ 844 (10M) LTE Band 12: 699.7 ~ 715.3 (1.4M), 700.5 ~ 714.5 (3M), 701.5 ~ 713.5 (5M), 704 ~ 711 (10M) LTE Band 17: 706.5 ~ 713.5 (5M), 709 ~ 711 (10M) WLAN: 2412 ~ 2462, 5180 ~ 5240, 5260 ~ 5320, 5500 ~ 5700, 5745 ~ 5825 Bluetooth: 2402 ~ 2480
Uplink Modulations	GSM & GPRS : GMSK EDGE : 8PSK WCDMA : QPSK CDMA : QPSK LTE : QPSK, 16QAM 802.11b : DSSS 802.11a/g/n : OFDM Bluetooth : GFSK, π/4-DQPSK, 8-DPSK
Maximum Tune-up Conducted Power (Unit: dBm)	Please refer to section 4.6.1 of this report.
Antenna Type	Fixed Internal Antenna
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype

Note:

1. The above EUT information is declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description please refers to the manufacturer's specifications or User's Manual.

List of Accessory:

	Brand Name	KYOCERA
Battery	Model Name	SCP-63LBPS
Dattery	Power Rating	3.7Vdc, 1530mAh
	Туре	Li-ion Li-ion

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3. SAR Measurement System

3.1 Definition of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (p). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

3.2 SPEAG DASY System

DASY system consists of high precision robot, probe alignment sensor, phantom, robot controller, controlled measurement server and near-field probe. The robot includes six axes that can move to the precision position of the DASY4/5 software defined. The DASY software can define the area that is detected by the probe. The robot is connected to controlled box. Controlled measurement server is connected to the controlled robot box. The DAE includes amplifier, signal multiplexing, AD converter, offset measurement and surface detection. It is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (ECO). The ECO performs the conversion form the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC.

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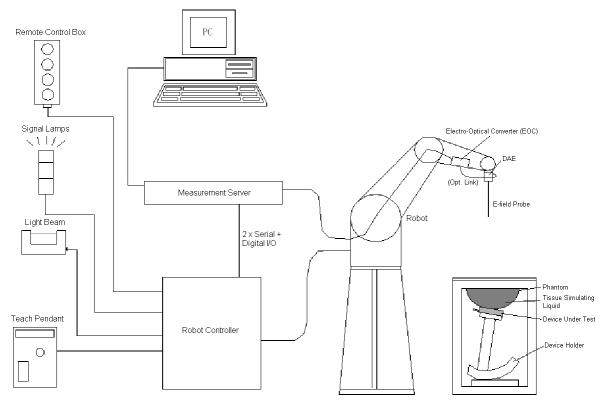
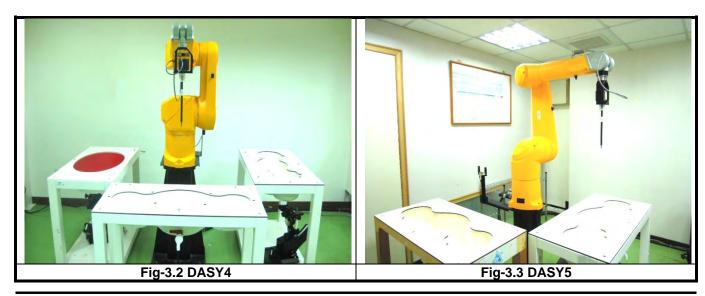


Fig-3.1 DASY System Setup

3.2.1 Robot

The DASY system uses the high precision robots from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY4: CS7MB; DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability ±0.035 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- · Jerk-free straight movements
- · Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)



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3.2.2 Probes

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency.

Model	EX3DV4	
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE).	/
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)	///
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

Model	ES3DV3	
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core. Interleaved sensors. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE).	A. Committee of the com
Frequency	10 MHz to 4 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	5 μW/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	AST
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm	

3.2.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

Model	DAE3, DAE4	
Construction	Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic. Serial optical link for communication with DASY embedded system (fully remote controlled). Two step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop.	
Measurement Range	-100 to +300 mV (16 bit resolution and two range settings: 4mV, 400mV)	الطالبا
Input Offset Voltage	< 5μV (with auto zero)	
Input Bias Current	< 50 fA	
Dimensions	60 x 60 x 68 mm	

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3.2.4 Phantoms

Model	Twin SAM	
Construction	The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.	
Material	Material Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)	
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (6 ± 0.2 mm at ear point)	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm Width: 500 mm Height: adjustable feet	
Filling Volume	approx. 25 liters	



Model	ELI
Construction	Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.
Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)
Shell Thickness	2.0 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate)
Dimensions	Major axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm
Filling Volume	approx. 30 liters



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3.2.5 Device Holder

Model	Mounting Device	-
Construction	In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom or ELI4, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter device in spherical coordinates. Rotation point is the ear opening point. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat).	
Material	POM	

Model	Laptop Extensions Kit	
Construction	Simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for Mounting Device that facilitates the testing of larger devices according to IEC 62209-2 (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.). It is lightweight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner.	
Material	POM, Acrylic glass, Foam	

3.2.6 System Validation Dipoles

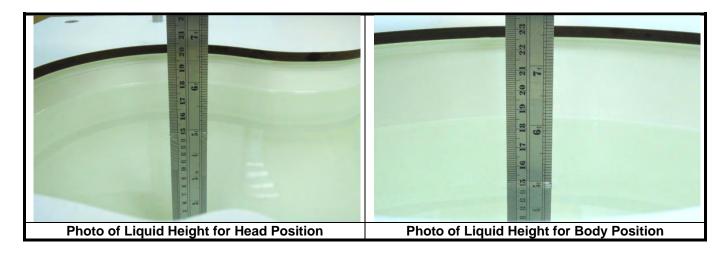
Model	D-Serial	
Construction	Symmetrical dipole with I/4 balun. Enables measurement of feed point impedance with NWA. Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with tissue simulating solutions.	
Frequency	750 MHz to 5800 MHz	
Return Loss	> 20 dB	
Power Capability	> 100 W (f < 1GHz), > 40 W (f > 1GHz)	

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3.2.7 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5% are listed in Table-3.1.



The dielectric properties of the head tissue simulating liquids are defined in IEEE 1528, and KDB 865664 D01 Appendix A. For the body tissue simulating liquids, the dielectric properties are defined in KDB 865664 D01 Appendix A. The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using a dielectric assessment kit and a network analyzer.

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Table-3.1 Targets of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Erogueney		Range of	Target	Range of
Frequency (MHz)	Target Permittivity	±5%	Conductivity	±5%
		For Head		
750	41.9	39.8 ~ 44.0	0.89	0.85 ~ 0.93
835	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6	0.90	0.86 ~ 0.95
900	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6	0.97	0.92 ~ 1.02
1450	40.5	38.5 ~ 42.5	1.20	1.14 ~ 1.26
1640	40.3	38.3 ~ 42.3	1.29	1.23 ~ 1.35
1750	40.1	38.1 ~ 42.1	1.37	1.30 ~ 1.44
1800	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
1900	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
2000	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
2300	39.5	37.5 ~ 41.5	1.67	1.59 ~ 1.75
2450	39.2	37.2 ~ 41.2	1.80	1.71 ~ 1.89
2600	39.0	37.1 ~ 41.0	1.96	1.86 ~ 2.06
3500	37.9	36.0 ~ 39.8	2.91	2.76 ~ 3.06
5200	36.0	34.2 ~ 37.8	4.66	4.43 ~ 4.89
5300	35.9	34.1 ~ 37.7	4.76	4.52 ~ 5.00
5500	35.6	33.8 ~ 37.4	4.96	4.71 ~ 5.21
5600	35.5	33.7 ~ 37.3	5.07	4.82 ~ 5.32
5800	35.3	33.5 ~ 37.1	5.27	5.01 ~ 5.53
	•	For Body	<u> </u>	
750	55.5	52.7 ~ 58.3	0.96	0.91 ~ 1.01
835	55.2	52.4 ~ 58.0	0.97	0.92 ~ 1.02
900	55.0	52.3 ~ 57.8	1.05	1.00 ~ 1.10
1450	54.0	51.3 ~ 56.7	1.30	1.24 ~ 1.37
1640	53.8	51.1 ~ 56.5	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
1750	53.4	50.7 ~ 56.1	1.49	1.42 ~ 1.56
1800	53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0	1.52	1.44 ~ 1.60
1900	53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0	1.52	1.44 ~ 1.60
2000	53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0	1.52	1.44 ~ 1.60
2300	52.9	50.3 ~ 55.5	1.81	1.72 ~ 1.90
2450	52.7	50.1 ~ 55.3	1.95	1.85 ~ 2.05
2600	52.5	49.9 ~ 55.1	2.16	2.05 ~ 2.27
3500	51.3	48.7 ~ 53.9	3.31	3.14 ~ 3.48
5200	49.0	46.6 ~ 51.5	5.30	5.04 ~ 5.57
5300	48.9	46.5 ~ 51.3	5.42	5.15 ~ 5.69
5500	48.6	46.2 ~ 51.0	5.65	5.37 ~ 5.93
5600	48.5	46.1 ~ 50.9	5.77	5.48 ~ 6.06
5800	48.2	45.8 ~ 50.6	6.00	5.70 ~ 6.30

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The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquids.

Table-3.2 Recipes of Tissue Simulating Liquid

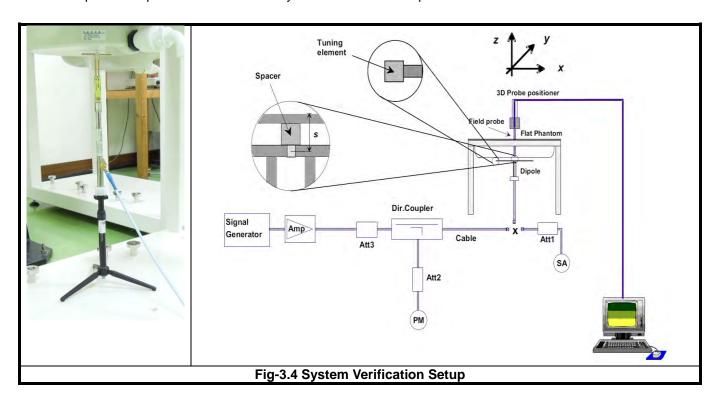
Tissue Type	Bactericide	DGBE	HEC	NaCl	Sucrose	Triton X-100	Water	Diethylene Glycol Mono- hexylether
H750	0.2	-	0.2	1.5	56.0	-	42.1	-
H835	0.2	-	0.2	1.5	57.0	-	41.1	-
H900	0.2	-	0.2	1.4	58.0	-	40.2	-
H1450	-	43.3	-	0.6	-	-	56.1	-
H1640	-	45.8	-	0.5	-	-	53.7	-
H1750	-	47.0	-	0.4	-	-	52.6	-
H1800	-	44.5	-	0.3	-	-	55.2	-
H1900	-	44.5	-	0.2	-	-	55.3	-
H2000	-	44.5	-	0.1	-	-	55.4	-
H2300	-	44.9	-	0.1	-	-	55.0	-
H2450	-	45.0	-	0.1	-	-	54.9	-
H2600	-	45.1	-	0.1	-	-	54.8	-
H3500	-	8.0	-	0.2	-	20.0	71.8	-
H5G	-	-	-	•	-	17.2	65.5	17.3
B750	0.2	-	0.2	0.8	48.8	-	50.0	-
B835	0.2	-	0.2	0.9	48.5	-	50.2	-
B900	0.2	-	0.2	0.9	48.2	-	50.5	-
B1450	-	34.0	-	0.3	-	-	65.7	-
B1640	-	32.5	-	0.3	-	-	67.2	-
B1750	-	31.0	-	0.2	-	-	68.8	-
B1800	-	29.5	-	0.4	-	-	70.1	-
B1900	-	29.5	-	0.3	-	-	70.2	-
B2000	-	30.0	-	0.2	-	-	69.8	-
B2300	-	31.0	-	0.1	-		68.9	-
B2450	-	31.4	-	0.1	-	1	68.5	-
B2600	-	31.8	-	0.1	-	-	68.1	-
B3500	-	28.8	-	0.1	-	-	71.1	-
B5G	-	-	-	-	-	10.7	78.6	10.7

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3.3 SAR System Verification

The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It is performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurements in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system verification setup is shown as below.



The validation dipole is placed beneath the flat phantom with the specific spacer in place. The distance spacer is touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The spectrum analyzer measures the forward power at the location of the system check dipole connector. The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power (250 mW is used for 700 MHz to 3 GHz, 100 mW is used for 3.5 GHz to 6 GHz) at the dipole connector and the power meter is read at that level. After connecting the cable to the dipole, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter.

After system check testing, the SAR result will be normalized to 1W forward input power and compared with the reference SAR value derived from validation dipole certificate report. The deviation of system check should be within 10 %.

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3.4 SAR Measurement Procedure

According to the SAR test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

The SAR measurement procedures for each of test conditions are as follows:

- (a) Make EUT to transmit maximum output power
- (b) Measure conducted output power through RF cable
- (c) Place the EUT in the specific position of phantom
- (d) Perform SAR testing steps on the DASY system
- (e) Record the SAR value

3.4.1 Area & Zoom Scan Procedure

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. According to KDB 865664 D01, the resolution for Area and Zoom scan is specified in the table below.

Items	<= 2 GHz	2-3 GHz	3-4 GHz	4-5 GHz	5-6 GHz
Area Scan (Δx, Δy)	<= 15 mm	<= 12 mm	<= 12 mm	<= 10 mm	<= 10 mm
Zoom Scan (Δx, Δy)	<= 8 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 4 mm	<= 4 mm
Zoom Scan (Δz)	<= 5 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 4 mm	<= 3 mm	<= 2 mm
Zoom Scan Volume	>= 30 mm	>= 30 mm	>= 28 mm	>= 25 mm	>= 22 mm

Note:

When zoom scan is required and report SAR is <= 1.4 W/kg, the zoom scan resolution of $\Delta x / \Delta y$ (2-3GHz: <= 8 mm, 3-4GHz: <= 7 mm, 4-6GHz: <= 5 mm) may be applied.

3.4.2 Volume Scan Procedure

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

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3.4.3 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

3.4.4 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

3.4.5 SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

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4. SAR Measurement Evaluation

4.1 EUT Configuration and Setting

<LTE and WCDMA transmitter power reduction conditions and modes>

This device supports Hotspot mode. During Hotspot mode operation with Flip Closed position, the phone utilizes reduced limits for the maximum transmit power for its transmitters to ensure SAR exposure compliance is maintained.

<Connections between EUT and System Simulator>

For WWAN SAR testing, the EUT was linked and controlled by base station emulator (Agilent E5515C is used for GSM/WCDMA/CDMA, and Anritsu MT8820C is used for LTE). Communication between the EUT and the emulator was established by air link. The distance between the EUT and the communicating antenna of the emulator is larger than 50 cm and the output power radiated from the emulator antenna is at least 30 dB smaller than the output power of EUT. The EUT was set from the emulator to radiate maximum output power during SAR testing.

<Considerations Related to GSM / GPRS / EDGE for Setup and Testing>

The maximum multi-slot capability supported by this device is as below.

- 1. This EUT is class B device
- 2. This EUT supports GPRS multi-slot class 12 (max. uplink: 4, max. downlink: 4, total timeslots: 5)
- 3. This EUT supports EDGE multi-slot class 10 (max. uplink: 2, max. downlink: 4, total timeslots: 5)

For GSM850 frequency band, the power control level is set to 5 for GSM mode and GPRS (GMSK: CS1), and set to 8 for EDGE (GMSK: MCS1, 8PSK: MCS9). For GSM1900 frequency band, the power control level is set to 0 for GSM mode and GPRS (GMSK: CS1), and set to 2 for EDGE (GMSK: MCS1, 8PSK: MCS9).

SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance. The data mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested.

<Considerations Related to WCDMA for Setup and Testing> WCDMA Handsets Head SAR

SAR for next to the ear head exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's". The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to AMR configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode.

WCDMA Handsets Body-worn SAR

SAR for body-worn configurations is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's". The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to other spreading codes and multiple DPDCH_n configurations supported by the handset with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode.

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Handsets with Release 5 HSDPA

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSDPA body-worn configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSDPA using the HSDPA body SAR procedures in the "Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices", for the highest reported SAR body-worn exposure configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. Handsets with both HSDPA and HSUPA are tested according to Release 6 HSPA test procedures.

Handsets with Release 6 HSUPA

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA with RMC) body-worn configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSPA using the HSPA body SAR procedures in the "Release 6 HSPA Data Devices", for the highest reported body-worn exposure SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. When VOIP is applicable for next to the ear head exposure in HSPA, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode; otherwise, the same HSPA configuration used for body-worn measurements is tested for next to the ear head exposure.

Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to body SAR with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, body SAR for HSDPA is measured using an FRC with H-Set 1 in Sub-test 1 and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1, for the highest reported SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSDPA. HSDPA is configured according to the applicable UE category of a test device. The number of HS-DSCH / HS-PDSCHs, HARQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the H-set. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission conditions, QPSK is used in the H-set for SAR testing. HS-DPCCH should be configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 4 ms and a CQI repetition factor of 2 to maintain a constant rate of active CQI slots. DPCCH and DPDCH gain factors (β_c , β_d), and HS-DPCCH power offset parameters (Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} , Δ_{CQI}) are set according to values indicated in below. The CQI value is determined by the UE category, transport block size, number of HS-PDSCHs and modulation used in the H-set.

Sub-test	βς	β_d	β _d (SF)	β _c / β _d	β _{hs} ⁽¹⁾	CM (dB) ⁽²⁾	MPR
1	2 / 15	15 / 15	64	2 / 15	4 / 15	0.0	0
2	12 / 15 ⁽³⁾	15 / 15 ⁽³⁾	64	12 / 15 ⁽³⁾	24 / 15	1.0	0
3	15 / 15	8 / 15	64	15 / 8	30 / 15	1.5	0.5
4	15 / 15	4 / 15	64	15 / 4	30 / 15	1.5	0.5

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}$ / $\beta_c = 30$ / 15 $\Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30$ / 15 * β_c .

Note 2: CM = 1 for β_c / β_d = 12 / 15, β_{hs} / β_c = 24 / 15.

Note 3: For subtest 2 the β_c / β_d ratio of 12 / 15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 11 / 15 and β_d = 15 / 15.

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Release 6 HSUPA Data Devices

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to body SAR with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, body SAR for HSPA is measured with E-DCH Sub-test 5, using H-Set 1 and QPSK for FRC and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1 and power control algorithm 2, according to the highest reported body SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSPA. When VOIP applies to head exposure, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, the same HSPA configuration used for body SAR measurements are applied to head exposure testing. Due to inner loop power control requirements in HSPA, a communication test set is required for output power and SAR tests. The 12.2 kbps RMC, FRC H-set 1 and E-DCH configurations for HSPA are configured according to the β values indicated in below.

Sub-test	βε	βd	β _d (SF)	β _c / β _d	β _{hs} ⁽¹⁾	βec	β_{ed}	β _{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (codes)	CM ⁽²⁾ (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG ⁽⁴⁾ Index	E-TFCI
1	11 / 15 (3)	15 / 15 (3)	64	11 / 15 (3)	22 / 15	209 / 225	1039 / 225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6 / 15	15 / 15	64	6 / 15	12 / 15	12 / 15	94 / 75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15 / 15	9 / 15	64	15 / 9	30 / 15	30 / 15	β _{ed1} : 47/15 β _{ed2} : 47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2 / 15	15 / 15	64	2 / 15	4 / 15	2 / 15	56 / 75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15 / 15 (4)	15 / 15 (4)	64	15 / 15 (4)	30 / 15	24 / 15	134 / 15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = β_{hs} / β_c = 30 / 15 \Leftrightarrow β_{hs} = 30 / 15 * β_c .

<Considerations Related to LTE for Setup and Testing>

This device contains LTE transmitter which follows 3GPP standards, is category 3, supports both QPSK and 16QAM modulations, and supported LTE band and channel bandwidth is listed in below. The output power was tested per 3GPP TS 36.521-1 maximum transmit procedures for both QPSK and 16QAM modulation. The results please refer to section 4.6 of this report.

	EUT Supported LTE Band and Channel Bandwidth										
LTE Band	BW 1.4 MHz	BW 3 MHz	BW 5 MHz	BW 10 MHz	BW 15 MHz	BW 20 MHz					
2	V	V	V	V	V	V					
4	V	V	V	V	V	V					
5	V	V	V	V							
12	V	V	V	V							
17			V	V							

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Note 2: CM = 1 for β_c / β_d = 12 / 15, β_{hs} / β_c = 24 / 15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c / β_d ratio of 11 / 15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 10 / 15 and β_d = 15 / 15.

Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c / β_d ratio of 15 / 15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 14 / 15 and β_d = 15 / 15.

Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 6: β_{ed} cannot be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.





The LTE maximum power reduction (MPR) in accordance with 3GPP TS 36.101 is active all times during LTE operation. The allowed MPR for the maximum output power is specified in below.

		Ch	annel Bandwidth	/ RB Configuration	ons		LTE MPR
Modulation	BW 1.4 MHz	BW 3 MHz	BW 5 MHz	BW 10 MHz	BW 15 MHz	BW 20 MHz	Setting (dB)
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	1
16QAM	<= 5	<= 4	<= 8	<= 12	<= 16	<= 18	1
16QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	2

Note: MPR is according to the standard and implemented in the circuit (mandatory).

In addition, the device is compliant with additional maximum power reduction (A-MPR) requirements defined in 3GPP TS 36.101 section 6.2.4 that was disabled for all FCC compliance testing.

During LTE SAR testing, the related parameters of operating band, channel bandwidth, uplink channel number, modulation type, and RB was set in base station simulator. When the EUT has registered and communicated to base station simulator, the simulator set to make EUT transmitting the maximum radiated power.

<Considerations Related to WLAN for Setup and Testing>

In general, various vendor specific external test software and chipset based internal test modes are typically used for SAR measurement. These chipset based test mode utilities are generally hardware and manufacturer dependent, and often include substantial flexibility to reconfigure or reprogram a device. A Wi-Fi device must be configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools for SAR measurement. The test frequencies established using test mode must correspond to the actual channel frequencies. When 802.11 frame gaps are accounted for in the transmission, a maximum transmission duty factor of 92 - 96% is typically achievable in most test mode configurations. A minimum transmission duty factor of 85% is required to avoid certain hardware and device implementation issues related to wide range SAR scaling. In addition, a periodic transmission duty factor is required for current generation SAR systems to measure SAR correctly. The reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.

According to KDB 248227 D01, this device has installed WLAN engineering testing software which can provide continuous transmitting RF signal. During WLAN SAR testing, this device was operated to transmit continuously at the maximum transmission duty with specified transmission mode, operating frequency, lowest data rate, and maximum output power.

Initial Test Configuration

An initial test configuration is determined for OFDM transmission modes in 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands according to the channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate combination(s) with the highest maximum output power specified for production units in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel in the initial test configuration, for each frequency band.

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Subsequent Test Configuration

SAR measurement requirements for the remaining 802.11 transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the initial test configuration are determined separately for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, in each exposure condition, according to the maximum output power specified for production units. Additional power measurements may be required to determine if SAR measurements are required for subsequent highest output power channels in a subsequent test configuration. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration according to the initial test position or fixed exposure position requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.

SAR Test Configuration and Channel Selection

When multiple channel bandwidth configurations in a frequency band have the same specified maximum output power, the initial test configuration is using largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate, and lowest order 802.11 mode (i.e., 802.11a is chosen over 802.11n then 802.11ac or 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n). After an initial test configuration is determined, if multiple test channels have the same measured maximum output power, the channel chosen for SAR measurement is determined according to the following.

- 1) The channel closest to mid-band frequency is selected for SAR measurement.
- 2) For channels with equal separation from mid-band frequency; for example, high and low channels or two mid-band channels, the higher frequency (number) channel is selected for SAR measurement.

4.2 EUT Testing Position

According to KDB 648474 D04, handsets are tested for SAR compliance in head, body-worn accessory and other use configurations described in the following subsections.

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4.2.1 Head Exposure Conditions

Head exposure is limited to next to the ear voice mode operations. Head SAR compliance is tested according to the test positions defined in IEEE Std 1528-2003 using the SAM phantom illustrated as below.

- 1. Define two imaginary lines on the handset
- (a) The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset the midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset.
- (b) The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the face of the handset at point A.
- (c) The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.

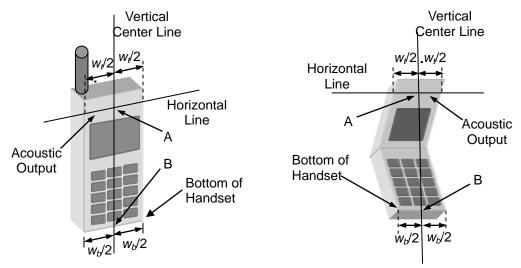


Fig-4.1 Illustration for Handset Vertical and Horizontal Reference Lines

2. Cheek Position

- (a) To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the three ear and mouth reference point (M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear, and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.
- (b) To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost (see Fig-4.2).

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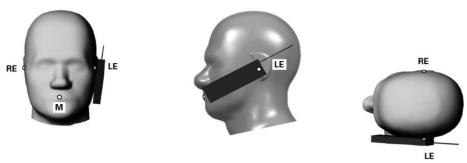


Fig-4.2 Illustration for Cheek Position

- 3. Tilted Position
- (a) To position the device in the "cheek" position described above.
- (b) While maintaining the device the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear is lost (see Fig-4.3).



Fig-4.3 Illustration for Tilted Position

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4.2.2 Body-worn Accessory Exposure Conditions

Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in KDB 447498 D01 are used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

Body-worn accessories that do not contain metallic or conductive components may be tested according to worst-case exposure configurations, typically according to the smallest test separation distance required for the group of body-worn accessories with similar operating and exposure characteristics. All body-worn accessories containing metallic components are tested in conjunction with the host device.

Body-worn accessory SAR compliance is based on a single minimum test separation distance for all wireless and operating modes applicable to each body-worn accessory used by the host, and according to the relevant voice and/or data mode transmissions and operations. If a body-worn accessory supports voice only operations in its normal and expected use conditions, testing of data mode for body-worn compliance is not required.

A conservative minimum test separation distance for supporting off-the-shelf body-worn accessories that may be acquired by users of consumer handsets is used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance. This distance is determined by the handset manufacturer, according to the requirements of Supplement C 01-01. Devices that are designed to operate on the body of users using lanyards and straps, or without requiring additional body-worn accessories, will be tested using a conservative minimum test separation distance <= 5 mm to support compliance.

It's general operation as the device is flip closed, therefore, only this mode was verified in body-worn position.

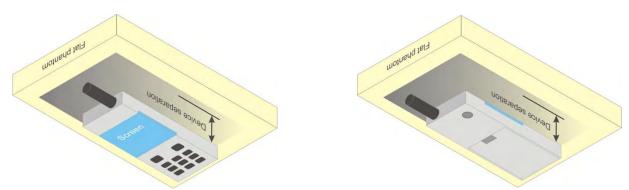


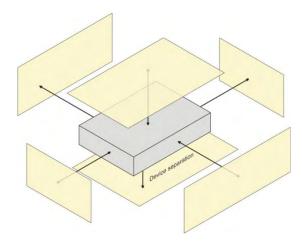
Fig-4.4 Illustration for Body Worn Position

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4.2.3 Hotspot Mode Exposure Conditions

For handsets that support hotspot mode operations, with wireless router capabilities and various web browsing functions, the relevant hand and body exposure conditions are tested according to the hotspot SAR procedures in KDB 941225 D06. A test separation distance of 10 mm is required between the phantom and all surfaces and edges with a transmitting antenna located within 25 mm from that surface or edge. When the form factor of a handset is smaller than 9 cm x 5 cm, a test separation distance of 5 mm (instead of 10 mm) is required for testing hotspot mode. When the separation distance required for body-worn accessory testing is larger than or equal to that tested for hotspot mode, in the same wireless mode and for the same surface of the phone, the hotspot mode SAR data may be used to support body-worn accessory SAR compliance for that particular configuration (surface).



Based on the antenna location shown on appendix D of this report, the SAR testing required for hotspot mode is listed as below.

Antenna	Front Face	Rear Face	Left Side	Right Side	Top Side	Bottom Side
WWAN Ant-0	V	V		V		V
WWAN Ant-1	V	V	V			V
WLAN / BT	V	V		V		

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4.2.4 SAR Test Exclusion Evaluations

According to KDB 447498 D01, the SAR test exclusion condition is based on source-based time-averaged maximum conducted output power, adjusted for tune-up tolerance, and the minimum test separation distance required for the exposure conditions. The SAR exclusion threshold is determined by the following formula.

$$\frac{\text{Max. Tune up Power}_{(mW)}}{\text{Min. Test Separation Distance}_{(mm)}} \times \sqrt{f_{(GHz)}} \le 3.0 \text{ for SAR-1g}, \le 7.5 \text{ for SAR-10g}$$

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

	Max.	Max.		Body-Worn						
Mode	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (mW)	Ant. to Surface (mm)	Calculated Result	Require SAR Testing?					
BT (2.48 GHz)	13.5	22.39	15	2.4	No					

Note:

1. When separation distance <= 50 mm and the calculated result shown in above table is <= 3.0 for SAR-1g exposure condition, or <= 7.5 for SAR-10g exposure condition, the SAR testing exclusion is applied.

4.2.5 Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities

The simultaneous transmission possibilities for this device are listed as below.

Simultaneous TX Combination	Capable Transmit Configurations	Head (Voice / VoIP)	Body-worn (Voice / VoIP)	Hotspot (Data)
1	GSM850 (Voice / Data) + WLAN (Data)	Yes	Yes	Yes
2	GSM1900 (Voice / Data) + WLAN (Data)	Yes	Yes	Yes
3	WCDMA II (Voice / Data) + WLAN (Data)	Yes	Yes	Yes
4	WCDMA V (Voice / Data) + WLAN (Data)	Yes	Yes	Yes
5	LTE 2 (Data) + WLAN (Data)	Yes	Yes	Yes
6	LTE 4 (Data) + WLAN (Data)	Yes	Yes	Yes
7	LTE 5 (Data) + WLAN (Data)	Yes	Yes	Yes
8	LTE 12 (Data) + WLAN (Data)	Yes	Yes	Yes
9	LTE 17 (Data) + WLAN (Data)	Yes	Yes	Yes
10	GSM850 (Voice / Data) + BT (Data)	No	Yes	No
11	GSM1900 (Voice / Data) + BT (Data)	No	Yes	No
12	WCDMA II (Voice / Data) + BT (Data)	No	Yes	No
13	WCDMA V (Voice / Data) + BT (Data)	No	Yes	No
14	LTE 2 (Data) + BT (Data)	No	Yes	No
15	LTE 4 (Data) + BT (Data)	No	Yes	No
16	LTE 5 (Data) + BT (Data)	No	Yes	No
17	LTE 12 (Data) + BT (Data)	No	Yes	No
18	LTE 17 (Data) + BT (Data)	No	Yes	No

Note:

- 1. The 2.4G WLAN and 5G WLAN cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 2. The WLAN and Bluetooth cannot transmit simultaneously, so there is no co-location test requirement for WLAN and Bluetooth
- 3. Only 2.4G WLAN (802.11b/g/n) supports wireless hotspot capability. 5G WLAN (802.11a/n/ac) does not support wireless hotspot mode.

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4.3 Tissue Verification

The measuring results for tissue simulating liquid are shown as below.

Test Date	Tissue Type	Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Temp. (℃)	Measured Conductivity (σ)	Measured Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Target Conductivity (σ)	Target Permittivity (ε _r)	Conductivity Deviation (%)	Permittivity Deviation (%)
Jul. 17, 2015	Head	750	23.0	0.890	43.198	0.89	41.9	0.00	3.10
Jul. 17, 2015	Head	835	23.2	0.909	41.114	0.90	41.5	1.00	-0.93
Jul. 17, 2015	Head	1750	23.3	1.328	41.493	1.37	40.1	-3.07	3.47
Jul. 17, 2015	Head	1900	23.3	1.459	40.970	1.40	40.0	4.21	2.43
Jul. 25, 2015	Head	2450	22.2	1.869	37.934	1.80	39.2	3.83	-3.23
Jul. 25, 2015	Head	5300	22.2	4.684	35.648	4.76	35.9	-1.60	-0.70
Jul. 25, 2015	Head	5600	22.2	4.976	35.187	5.07	35.5	-1.85	-0.88
Jul. 25, 2015	Head	5800	22.2	5.189	34.912	5.27	35.3	-1.54	-1.10
Jul. 18, 2015	Body	750	23.1	0.992	55.096	0.96	55.5	3.33	-0.73
Jul. 16, 2015	Body	835	23.1	1.001	55.293	0.97	55.2	3.20	0.17
Jul. 17, 2015	Body	1750	22.9	1.457	51.200	1.49	53.4	-2.21	-4.12
Jul. 24, 2015	Body	1750	22.7	1.438	51.394	1.49	53.4	-3.49	-3.76
Jul. 15, 2015	Body	1900	22.7	1.584	50.865	1.52	53.3	4.21	-4.57
Jul. 17, 2015	Body	1900	23.0	1.585	50.818	1.52	53.3	4.28	-4.66
Jul. 24, 2015	Body	1900	22.6	1.573	50.998	1.52	53.3	3.49	-4.32
Jul. 24, 2015	Body	2450	22.3	1.997	51.382	1.95	52.7	2.41	-2.50
Jul. 25, 2015	Body	5300	22.4	5.453	49.141	5.42	48.9	0.61	0.49
Jul. 25, 2015	Body	5600	22.4	5.809	48.516	5.77	48.5	0.68	0.03
Jul. 25, 2015	Body	5800	22.4	6.058	48.593	6.00	48.2	0.97	0.82

Note:

The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquid must be measured within 24 hours before the SAR testing and within $\pm 5\%$ of the target values. Liquid temperature during the SAR testing must be within $\pm 2\%$.

4.4 System Validation

The SAR measurement system was validated according to procedures in KDB 865664 D01. The validation status in tabulated summary is as below.

Test	Probe				Measured	Va	lidation for C	w	Valida	tion for Modu	lation
Date	S/N	Calibrati	on Point	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Sensitivity Range	Probe Linearity	Probe Isotropy	Modulation Type	Duty Factor	PAR
Jul. 17, 2015	3578	Head	750	0.890	43.198	Pass	Pass	Pass	N/A	N/A	N/A
Jul. 17, 2015	3971	Head	835	0.909	41.114	Pass	Pass	Pass	GMSK	Pass	N/A
Jul. 17, 2015	3971	Head	1750	1.328	41.493	Pass	Pass	Pass	N/A	N/A	N/A
Jul. 17, 2015	3971	Head	1900	1.459	40.970	Pass	Pass	Pass	GMSK	Pass	N/A
Jul. 25, 2015	3971	Head	2450	1.869	37.934	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
Jul. 25, 2015	3971	Head	5300	4.684	35.648	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
Jul. 25, 2015	3971	Head	5600	4.976	35.187	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
Jul. 25, 2015	3971	Head	5800	5.189	34.912	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
Jul. 18, 2015	3820	Body	750	0.992	55.096	Pass	Pass	Pass	N/A	N/A	N/A
Jul. 16, 2015	3578	Body	835	1.001	55.293	Pass	Pass	Pass	GMSK	Pass	N/A
Jul. 17, 2015	3578	Body	1750	1.457	51.200	Pass	Pass	Pass	N/A	N/A	N/A
Jul. 24, 2015	3590	Body	1750	1.438	51.394	Pass	Pass	Pass	N/A	N/A	N/A
Jul. 15, 2015	3820	Body	1900	1.584	50.865	Pass	Pass	Pass	GMSK	Pass	N/A
Jul. 17, 2015	3578	Body	1900	1.585	50.818	Pass	Pass	Pass	N/A	N/A	N/A
Jul. 24, 2015	3590	Body	1900	1.573	50.998	Pass	Pass	Pass	N/A	N/A	N/A
Jul. 24, 2015	3590	Body	2450	1.997	51.382	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
Jul. 25, 2015	3971	Body	5300	5.453	49.141	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
Jul. 25, 2015	3971	Body	5600	5.809	48.516	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
Jul. 25, 2015	3971	Body	5800	6.058	48.593	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass

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4.5 System Verification

The measuring result for system verification is tabulated as below.

Test Date	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	1W Target SAR-1g (W/kg)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Normalized to 1W SAR-1g (W/kg)	Deviation (%)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N
Jul. 17, 2015	Head	750	8.35	2.06	8.24	-1.32	1013	3578	510
Jul. 17, 2015	Head	835	9.43	2.43	9.72	3.08	4d121	3971	1431
Jul. 17, 2015	Head	1750	37.30	8.93	35.72	-4.24	1055	3971	1431
Jul. 17, 2015	Head	1900	40.70	9.75	39.00	-4.18	5d036	3971	1431
Jul. 25, 2015	Head	2450	51.00	13.50	54.00	5.88	737	3971	1431
Jul. 25, 2015	Head	5300	83.40	7.92	79.20	-5.04	1019	3971	1431
Jul. 25, 2015	Head	5600	83.80	8.03	80.30	-4.18	1019	3971	1431
Jul. 25, 2015	Head	5800	80.20	7.49	74.90	-6.61	1019	3971	1431
Jul. 18, 2015	Body	750	8.71	2.22	8.88	1.95	1013	3820	915
Jul. 16, 2015	Body	835	9.55	2.46	9.84	3.04	4d121	3578	510
Jul. 17, 2015	Body	1750	37.70	9.29	37.16	-1.43	1055	3578	510
Jul. 24, 2015	Body	1750	37.70	8.97	35.88	-4.83	1055	3590	861
Jul. 15, 2015	Body	1900	40.50	10.70	42.80	5.68	5d036	3820	915
Jul. 17, 2015	Body	1900	40.50	10.00	40.00	-1.23	5d036	3578	510
Jul. 24, 2015	Body	1900	40.50	10.30	41.20	1.73	5d036	3590	861
Jul. 24, 2015	Body	2450	49.50	12.50	50.00	1.01	737	3590	861
Jul. 25, 2015	Body	5300	77.10	7.38	73.80	-4.28	1019	3971	1431
Jul. 25, 2015	Body	5600	80.80	7.91	79.10	-2.10	1019	3971	1431
Jul. 25, 2015	Body	5800	73.90	7.35	73.50	-0.54	1019	3971	1431

Note:

Comparing to the reference SAR value provided by SPEAG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %. The result indicates the system check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

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4.6 Maximum Output Power

4.6.1 Maximum Conducted Power

The maximum conducted average power (Unit: dBm) including tune-up tolerance is shown as below.

Mode	GSM850	GSM1900
GSM (GMSK, 1Tx-slot)	33.4	30.7
GPRS (GMSK, 1Tx-slot)	33.4	30.7
GPRS (GMSK, 2Tx-slot)	30.7	28.2
GPRS (GMSK, 3Tx-slot)	28.9	26.4
GPRS (GMSK, 4Tx-slot)	27.7	25.2
EDGE (8PSK, 1Tx-slot)	27.7	27.2
EDGE (8PSK, 2Tx-slot)	27.7	27.2

Hotspot Mode	WCDMA Band II (without Power Reduction)	WCDMA Band II (Hotsport Mode) (with Power Reduction)	Power Reduction (dB)
RMC 12.2K	24.4	24.0	0.4
HSDPA	24.4	24.0	0.4
HSUPA	24.4	24.0	0.4

Mode	WCDMA Band V
RMC 12.2K	24.4
HSDPA	24.4
HSUPA	24.4

Mode	LTE 2	LTE 5	LTE 12
QPSK / 16QAM	24.6	24.4	24.9

Mode	LTE 17
QPSK / 16QAM	24.9

Hotspot Mode	LTE 4 (without Power Reduction)	LTE 4 (Hotsport Mode) (with Power Reduction)	Power Reduction (dB)	
QPSK / 16QAM	24.6	24.0	0.6	

Mode	2.4G WLAN	5.2G WLAN	5.3G WLAN	5.6G WLAN	5.8G WLAN
802.11b	17.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11g	15.5	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11a	N/A	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0
802.11n HT20	15.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0
802.11n HT40	N/A	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0

Mode	2.4G Bluetooth
Bluetooth DH	13.5

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4.6.2 Measured Conducted Power Result

The measuring conducted average power (Unit: dBm) is shown as below.

Band	GSM850			GSM1900					
Channel	128	189	251	512	661	810			
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8			
	Maximum Burst-Averaged Output Power								
GSM (GMSK, 1Tx-slot)	32.57	32.71	32.37	29.14	29.17	29.15			
GPRS (GMSK, 1Tx-slot)	32.55	32.69	32.35	29.08	29.11	29.09			
GPRS (GMSK, 2Tx-slot)	29.68	29.82	29.48	26.55	26.75	26.56			
GPRS (GMSK, 3Tx-slot)	27.41	27.55	27.21	24.52	24.55	24.53			
GPRS (GMSK, 4Tx-slot)	25.97	26.11	25.77	23.69	23.72	23.70			
EDGE (8PSK, 1Tx-slot)	26.62	26.76	26.42	25.42	25.45	25.43			
EDGE (8PSK, 2Tx-slot)	26.47	26.61	26.27	25.38	25.41	25.39			
		Maximum Frame	-Averaged Outp	ut Power					
GSM (GMSK, 1Tx-slot)	23.57	23.71	23.37	20.14	20.17	20.15			
GPRS (GMSK, 1Tx-slot)	23.55	23.69	23.35	20.08	20.11	20.09			
GPRS (GMSK, 2Tx-slot)	23.68	23.82	23.48	20.55	20.75	20.56			
GPRS (GMSK, 3Tx-slot)	23.15	23.29	22.95	20.26	20.29	20.27			
GPRS (GMSK, 4Tx-slot)	22.97	23.11	22.77	20.69	20.72	20.70			
EDGE (8PSK, 1Tx-slot)	17.62	17.76	17.42	16.42	16.45	16.43			
EDGE (8PSK, 2Tx-slot)	20.47	20.61	20.27	19.38	19.41	19.39			

Note:

- 1. SAR testing was performed on the maximum frame-averaged power mode.
- 2. The frame-averaged power is linearly proportion to the slot number configured and it is linearly scaled the maximum burst-averaged power based on time slots. The calculated method is shown as below: Frame-averaged power = 10 x log (Burst-averaged power mW x Slot used / 8)

Band WCDMA Band II			V	3GPP			
Channel	9262	9400	9538	4132	4182	4233	MPR
Frequency (MHz)	1852.4	1880.0	1907.6	826.4	836.4	846.6	(dB)
RMC 12.2K	24.37	24.18	24.39	23.96	23.94	23.98	-
HSDPA Subtest-1	23.07	22.88	23.09	22.91	22.89	22.93	0
HSDPA Subtest-2	23.14	22.95	23.16	23.00	22.98	23.02	0
HSDPA Subtest-3	22.61	22.42	22.63	22.43	22.41	22.45	0.5
HSDPA Subtest-4	22.67	22.48	22.69	22.51	22.49	22.53	0.5
HSUPA Subtest-1	22.97	22.78	22.99	22.46	22.44	22.48	0
HSUPA Subtest-2	21.96	21.75	21.90	21.44	21.42	21.43	2
HSUPA Subtest-3	22.22	22.03	22.24	21.86	21.84	21.88	1
HSUPA Subtest-4	21.96	21.75	21.98	21.44	21.43	21.41	2
HSUPA Subtest-5	23.25	23.06	23.27	23.09	23.07	23.11	0
EUT with Po	wer Reduction	า (Hotspot mo	de)				
RMC 12.2K	23.35	23.38	23.55				
HSDPA Subtest-1	22.55	22.58	22.75				
HSDPA Subtest-2	22.44	22.47	22.64				
HSDPA Subtest-3	21.91	21.94	22.11				
HSDPA Subtest-4	21.86	21.89	22.06				
HSUPA Subtest-1	22.60	22.63	22.80				
HSUPA Subtest-2	21.20	21.23	21.40				
HSUPA Subtest-3	20.70	20.73	20.90				
HSUPA Subtest-4	22.22	22.25	22.42				
HSUPA Subtest-5	22.51	22.54	22.71				

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				QPSK				16QAM		
LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 18607 1850.7	Mid CH 18900 1880.0	High CH 19193 1909.3	3GPP MPR (dB)	Low CH 18607 1850.7	Mid CH 18900 1880.0	High CH 19193 1909.3	3GPP MPR (dB)
			MHz	MHz	MHz	()	MHz	MHz	MHz	()
	1	0	24.19	24.33	24.46	0	23.13	23.27	23.40	1
	1	2	23.98	24.12	24.25	0	22.92	23.06	23.19	1
	1	5	24.08	24.22	24.35	0	23.02	23.16	23.29	1
2 / 1.4M	3	0	23.24	23.38	23.42	0	22.18	22.32	22.45	1
	3	1	23.06	23.20	23.51	0	22.00	22.14	22.27	1
	3	3	23.02	23.16	23.33	0	21.96	22.10	22.23	1
	6	0	23.03	23.17	23.29	1	21.97	22.11	22.24	2

				QPSK		_		16QAM		
LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 18615 1851.5	Mid CH 18900 1880.0	High CH 19185 1908.5	3GPP MPR (dB)	Low CH 18615 1851.5	Mid CH 18900 1880.0	High CH 19185 1908.5	3GPP MPR (dB)
	1	0	MHz 24.23	MHz 24.37	MHz 24.50	0	MHz 23.21	MHz 23.35	MHz 23.48	1
	ı	U				0	_			I
	1	7	24.02	24.16	24.29	0	23.00	23.14	23.27	1
	1	14	24.12	24.26	24.39	0	23.10	23.24	23.37	1
2 / 3M	8	0	23.19	23.33	23.46	1	22.17	22.31	22.44	2
	8	3	23.01	23.15	23.28	1	21.99	22.13	22.26	2
	8	7	22.97	23.11	23.24	1	21.95	22.09	22.22	2
	15	0	23.07	23.21	23.34	1	22.05	22.19	22.32	2

				QPSK				16QAM		
LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 18625	Mid CH 18900	High CH 19175	3GPP MPR	Low CH 18625	Mid CH 18900	High CH 19175	3GPP MPR
Ballu / BVV	312e	Onset	1852.5 MHz	1880.0 MHz	1907.5 MHz	(dB)	1852.5 MHz	1880.0 MHz	1907.5 MHz	(dB)
	1	0	24.28	24.42	24.52	0	23.33	23.47	23.60	1
	1	12	24.07	24.21	24.31	0	23.12	23.26	23.39	1
	1	24	24.17	24.31	24.41	0	23.22	23.36	23.49	1
2 / 5M	12	0	23.24	23.38	23.48	1	22.29	22.43	22.56	2
	12	6	23.06	23.20	23.30	1	22.11	22.25	22.38	2
	12	13	23.02	23.16	23.26	1	22.07	22.21	22.34	2
	25	0	23.12	23.26	23.36	1	22.17	22.31	22.44	2

				QPSK				16QAM		
LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 18650	Mid CH 18900	High CH 19150	3GPP MPR	Low CH 18650	Mid CH 18900	High CH 19150	3GPP MPR
Ballu / BVV	Size	Oliset	1855.0 MHz	1880.0 MHz	1905.0 MHz	(dB)	1855.0 MHz	1880.0 MHz	1905.0 MHz	(dB)
	1	0	24.31	24.45	24.56	0	23.49	23.63	23.76	1
	1	24	24.10	24.24	24.37	0	23.28	23.42	23.55	1
	1	49	24.20	24.34	24.47	0	23.38	23.52	23.65	1
2 / 10M	25	0	23.27	23.41	23.54	1	22.45	22.59	22.72	2
	25	12	23.09	23.23	23.36	1	22.27	22.41	22.54	2
	25	25	23.05	23.19	23.32	1	22.23	22.37	22.50	2
	50	0	23.15	23.29	23.42	1	22.33	22.47	22.60	2

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				QPSK				16QAM		
LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 18675	Mid CH 18900	High CH 19125	3GPP MPR	Low CH 18675	Mid CH 18900	High CH 19125	3GPP MPR
Band / BW	Size	Oliset	1857.5 MHz	1880.0 MHz	1902.5 MHz	(dB)	1857.5 MHz	1880.0 MHz	1902.5 MHz	(dB)
	1	0	24.32	24.47	24.57	0	23.29	23.45	23.54	1
	1	37	24.11	24.26	24.38	0	23.08	23.24	23.35	1
	1	74	24.21	24.36	24.48	0	23.18	23.34	23.45	1
2 / 15M	36	0	23.28	23.43	23.55	1	22.25	22.41	22.52	2
	36	19	23.10	23.25	23.37	1	22.07	22.23	22.34	2
	36	39	23.06	23.21	23.33	1	22.03	22.19	22.30	2
	75	0	23.16	23.31	23.43	1	22.13	22.29	22.40	2

				QPSK				16QAM		
LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 18700	Mid CH 18900	High CH 19100	3GPP MPR	Low CH 18700	Mid CH 18900	High CH 19100	3GPP MPR
Bana / BW	0.20	Onset	1860.0 MHz	1880.0 MHz	1900.0 MHz	(dB)	1860.0 MHz	1880.0 MHz	1900.0 MHz	(dB)
	1	0	24.34	24.48	24.59	0	23.32	23.36	23.58	1
	1	50	24.13	24.27	24.40	0	23.11	23.15	23.39	1
	1	99	24.23	24.37	24.50	0	23.21	23.25	23.49	1
2 / 20M	50	0	23.30	23.44	23.57	1	22.28	22.32	22.56	2
	50	25	23.12	23.26	23.39	1	22.10	22.14	22.38	2
	50	50	23.08	23.22	23.35	1	22.06	22.10	22.34	2
	100	0	23.18	23.32	23.45	1	22.16	22.20	22.80	2

				QPSK				16QAM		
LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 19957	Mid CH 20175	High CH 20393	3GPP MPR	Low CH 19957	Mid CH 20175	High CH 20393	3GPP MPR
band / bw	Size	Oliset	1710.7 MHz	1732.5 MHz	1754.3 MHz	(dB)	1710.7 MHz	1732.5 MHz	1754.3 MHz	(dB)
	1	0	24.03	24.09	24.06	0	23.01	23.07	23.04	1
	1	2	23.97	24.03	24.00	0	22.95	23.01	22.98	1
	1	5	23.82	23.88	23.85	0	22.80	22.86	22.83	1
4 / 1.4M	3	0	23.99	24.05	24.02	0	22.88	22.94	22.91	1
	3	1	23.78	23.84	23.81	0	22.67	22.73	22.70	1
	3	3	23.67	23.73	23.70	0	22.56	22.62	22.59	1
	6	0	22.95	23.01	22.98	1	21.93	21.99	21.96	2
			EUT	with Power	Reduction	(Hotspot n	node)			
	1	0	23.10	22.95	23.03	0	22.05	21.90	21.98	1
	1	2	23.07	22.92	23.00	0	22.02	21.87	21.95	1
	1	5	22.97	22.82	22.90	0	21.92	21.77	21.85	1
4 / 1.4M	3	0	22.07	21.92	22.00	0	21.02	20.87	20.95	1
	3	1	21.88	21.73	21.81	0	20.83	20.68	20.76	1
	3	3	21.83	21.68	21.76	0	20.78	20.63	20.71	1
	6	0	21.99	21.84	21.92	1	20.94	20.79	20.87	2

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				QPSK				16QAM		
LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 19965	Mid CH 20175	High CH 20385	3GPP MPR	Low CH 19965	Mid CH 20175	High CH 20385	3GPP MPR
			1711.5 MHz	1732.5 MHz	1753.5 MHz	(dB)	1711.5 MHz	1732.5 MHz	1753.5 MHz	(dB)
	1	0	24.16	24.22	24.19	0	23.14	23.20	23.17	1
	1	7	24.10	24.16	24.13	0	23.08	23.14	23.11	1
	1	14	23.95	24.01	23.98	0	22.93	22.99	22.96	1
4 / 3M	8	0	23.23	23.29	23.26	1	22.21	22.27	22.24	2
	8	3	23.02	23.08	23.05	1	22.00	22.06	22.03	2
	8	7	22.91	22.97	22.94	1	21.89	21.95	21.92	2
	15	0	23.08	23.14	23.11	1	22.06	22.12	22.09	2
			EUT	with Power	Reduction	(Hotspot n	node)			
	1	0	23.17	23.02	23.10	0	22.12	21.97	22.05	1
	1	7	23.14	22.99	23.07	0	22.09	21.94	22.02	1
	1	14	23.04	22.89	22.97	0	21.99	21.84	21.92	1
4 / 3M	8	0	22.14	21.99	22.07	1	21.09	20.94	21.02	2
	8	3	21.95	21.80	21.88	1	20.90	20.75	20.83	2
	8	7	21.90	21.75	21.83	1	20.85	20.70	20.78	2
	15	0	22.06	21.91	21.99	1	21.01	20.86	20.94	2

				QPSK				16QAM		
LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 19975 1712.5	Mid CH 20175 1732.5	High CH 20375 1752.5	3GPP MPR (dB)	Low CH 19975 1712.5	Mid CH 20175 1732.5	High CH 20375 1752.5	3GPP MPR (dB)
			MHz	MHz	MHz	(GB)	MHz	MHz	MHz	(db)
	1	0	24.25	24.31	24.28	0	23.23	23.29	23.26	1
	1	12	24.19	24.25	24.22	0	23.17	23.23	23.20	1
	1	24	24.04	24.10	24.07	0	23.02	23.08	23.05	1
4 / 5M	12	0	23.32	23.38	23.35	1	22.30	22.36	22.33	2
	12	6	23.11	23.17	23.14	1	22.09	22.15	22.12	2
	12	13	23.00	23.06	23.03	1	21.98	22.04	22.01	2
	25	0	23.17	23.23	23.20	1	22.15	22.21	22.18	2
			EUT	with Power	Reduction	(Hotspot n	node)			
	1	0	23.22	23.07	23.15	0	22.17	22.02	22.10	1
	1	12	23.19	23.04	23.12	0	22.14	21.99	22.07	1
	1	24	23.09	22.94	23.02	0	22.04	21.89	21.97	1
4 / 5M	12	0	22.19	22.04	22.12	1	21.14	20.99	21.07	2
	12	6	22.00	21.85	21.93	1	20.95	20.80	20.88	2
	12	13	21.95	21.80	21.88	1	20.90	20.75	20.83	2
	25	0	22.11	21.96	22.04	1	21.06	20.91	20.99	2

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				QPSK				16QAM		
LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 20000	Mid CH 20175	High CH 20350	3GPP MPR	Low CH 20000	Mid CH 20175	High CH 20350	3GPP MPR
			1715.0 MHz	1732.5 MHz	1750.0 MHz	(dB)	1715.0 MHz	1732.5 MHz	1750.0 MHz	(dB)
	1	0	24.36	24.42	24.39	0	23.34	23.40	23.37	1
	1	24	24.30	24.36	24.33	0	23.28	23.34	23.31	1
	1	49	24.15	24.21	24.18	0	23.13	23.19	23.16	1
4 / 10M	25	0	23.43	23.49	23.46	1	22.41	22.47	22.44	2
	25	12	23.22	23.28	23.25	1	22.20	22.26	22.23	2
	25	25	23.11	23.17	23.14	1	22.09	22.15	22.12	2
	50	0	23.28	23.34	23.31	1	22.26	22.32	22.29	2
			EUT	with Power	Reduction	(Hotspot n	node)			
	1	0	23.30	23.15	23.23	0	22.25	22.10	22.18	1
	1	24	23.27	23.12	23.20	0	22.22	22.07	22.15	1
	1	49	23.17	23.02	23.10	0	22.12	21.97	22.05	1
4 / 10M	25	0	22.27	22.12	22.20	1	21.22	21.07	21.15	2
	25	12	22.08	21.93	22.01	1	21.03	20.88	20.96	2
	25	25	22.03	21.88	21.96	1	20.98	20.83	20.91	2
	50	0	22.19	22.04	22.12	1	21.14	20.99	21.07	2

				QPSK				16QAM		
LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 20025	Mid CH 20175	High CH 20325	3GPP MPR	Low CH 20025	Mid CH 20175	High CH 20325	3GPP MPR
			1717.5 MHz	1732.5 MHz	1747.5 MHz	(dB)	1717.5 MHz	1732.5 MHz	1747.5 MHz	(dB)
	1	0	24.44	24.50	24.47	0	23.42	23.48	23.45	1
	1	37	24.38	24.44	24.41	0	23.36	23.42	23.39	1
	1	74	24.23	24.29	24.26	0	23.21	23.27	23.24	1
4 / 15M	36	0	23.51	23.57	23.54	1	22.49	22.55	22.52	2
	36	19	23.30	23.36	23.33	1	22.28	22.34	22.31	2
	36	39	23.19	23.25	23.22	1	22.17	22.23	22.20	2
	75	0	23.36	23.42	23.39	1	22.34	22.40	22.37	2
			EUT	with Power	Reduction	(Hotspot n	node)			
	1	0	23.37	23.22	23.30	0	22.32	22.17	22.25	1
	1	37	23.34	23.19	23.27	0	22.29	22.14	22.22	1
	1	74	23.24	23.09	23.17	0	22.19	22.04	22.12	1
4 / 15M	36	0	22.34	22.19	22.27	1	21.29	21.14	21.22	2
	36	19	22.15	22.00	22.08	1	21.10	20.95	21.03	2
	36	39	22.10	21.95	22.03	1	21.05	20.90	20.98	2
	75	0	22.26	22.11	22.19	1	21.21	21.06	21.14	2

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				QPSK				16QAM		
LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 20050 1720.0 MHz	Mid CH 20175 1732.5 MHz	High CH 20300 1745.0 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)	Low CH 20050 1720.0 MHz	Mid CH 20175 1732.5 MHz	High CH 20300 1745.0 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)
	1	0	24.46	24.52	24.49	0	23.44	23.51	23.47	1
	1	50	24.40	24.46	24.43	0	23.38	23.45	23.41	1
	1	99	24.25	24.31	24.28	0	23.23	23.30	23.26	1
4 / 20M	50	0	23.53	23.59	23.56	1	22.51	22.58	22.54	2
	50	25	23.32	23.38	23.35	1	22.30	22.37	22.33	2
	50	50	23.21	23.27	23.24	1	22.19	22.26	22.22	2
	100	0	23.38	23.44	23.41	1	22.36	22.43	22.39	2
			EUT	with Power	Reduction	(Hotspot n	node)			
	1	0	23.43	23.28	23.36	0	22.38	22.23	22.31	1
	1	50	23.40	23.25	23.33	0	22.35	22.20	22.28	1
	1	99	23.30	23.15	23.23	0	22.25	22.10	22.18	1
4 / 20M	50	0	22.40	22.25	22.33	1	21.35	21.20	21.28	2
	50	25	22.21	22.06	22.14	1	21.16	21.01	21.09	2
	50	50	22.16	22.01	22.09	1	21.11	20.96	21.04	2
	100	0	22.32	22.17	22.25	1	21.27	21.12	21.20	2

LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	QPSK Low CH Mid CH High CH 20407 20525 20643			3GPP MPR	16QAM Low CH Mid CH High CH 20407 20525 20643			3GPP MPR
			824.7 MHz	836.5 MHz	848.3 MHz	(dB)	824.7 MHz	836.5 MHz	848.3 MHz	(dB)
	1	0	23.51	23.49	23.55	0	22.47	22.45	22.51	1
	1	2	23.78	23.76	23.82	0	22.74	22.72	22.78	1
	1	5	23.50	23.48	23.54	0	22.46	22.44	22.50	1
5 / 1.4M	3	0	23.65	23.63	23.69	0	22.61	22.59	22.65	1
	3	1	23.51	23.49	23.55	0	22.47	22.45	22.51	1
	3	3	23.53	23.51	23.57	0	22.49	22.47	22.53	1
	6	0	22.55	22.53	22.59	1	21.51	21.49	21.55	2

			QPSK							
LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 20415	Mid CH 20525	High CH 20635	3GPP MPR	Low CH 20415	Mid CH 20525	High CH 20635	3GPP MPR
			825.5 836.5 847.5 MHz MHz MHz		(dB)	825.5 MHz	836.5 MHz	847.5 MHz	(dB)	
	1	0	23.64	23.62	23.68	0	22.60	22.58	22.64	1
	1	7	23.91	23.89	23.95	0	22.87	22.85	22.91	1
	1	14	23.63	23.61	23.67	0	22.59	22.57	22.63	1
5 / 3M	8	0	22.83	22.81	22.87	1	21.79	21.77	21.83	2
	8	3	22.69	22.67	22.73	1	21.65	21.63	21.69	2
	8	7	22.71	22.69	22.75	1	21.67	21.65	21.71	2
	15	0	22.68	22.66	22.72	1	21.64	21.62	21.68	2

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		QPSK								
LTE	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 20425	Mid CH 20525	High CH 20625	3GPP MPR	Low CH 20425	Mid CH 20525	High CH 20625	3GPP MPR
Band / BW	Size	Offset	826.5 MHz	836.5 MHz	846.5 MHz	(dB)	826.5 MHz	836.5 MHz	846.5 MHz	(dB)
	1	0	23.73	23.71	23.77	0	22.69	22.67	22.73	1
	1	12	24.00	23.98	24.04	0	22.96	22.94	23.00	1
	1	24	23.72	23.70	23.76	0	22.68	22.66	22.72	1
5 / 5M	12	0	22.92	22.90	22.96	1	21.88	21.86	21.92	2
	12	6	22.78	22.76	22.82	1	21.74	21.72	21.78	2
	12	13	22.80	22.78	22.84	1	21.76	21.74	21.80	2
	25	0	22.77	22.75	22.81	1	21.73	21.71	21.77	2

				QPSK						
LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 20450	Mid CH 20525	High CH 20600	3GPP MPR	Low CH 20450	Mid CH 20525	High CH 20600	3GPP MPR
Bana / BW	O12C	Onset	829.0 MHz	836.5 MHz	844.0 MHz	(dB)	829.0 MHz	836.5 MHz	844.0 MHz	(dB)
	1	0	23.84	23.82	23.88	0	22.80	22.78	22.84	1
	1	24	24.11	24.09	24.15	0	23.07	23.05	23.11	1
	1	49	23.83	23.81	23.87	0	22.79	22.77	22.83	1
5 / 10M	25	0	23.03	23.01	23.07	1	21.99	21.97	22.03	2
	25	12	22.89	22.87	22.93	1	21.85	21.83	21.89	2
	25	25	22.91	22.89	22.95	1	21.87	21.85	21.91	2
	50	0	22.88	22.86	22.92	1	21.84	21.82	21.88	2

				QPSK						
LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 23017	Mid CH 23095	High CH 23173	3GPP MPR	Low CH 23017	Mid CH 23095	High CH 23173	3GPP MPR
			699.7 MHz	707.5 MHz	715.3 MHz	(dB)	699.7 MHz	707.5 MHz	715.3 MHz	(dB)
	1	0	24.10	23.69	23.87	0	23.06	22.65	22.83	1
	1	2	24.36	23.95	24.13	0	23.32	22.91	23.09	1
10 /	1	5	24.33	23.92	24.10	0	23.29	22.88	23.06	1
12 / 1.4M	3	0	24.12	23.71	23.89	0	23.08	22.67	22.85	1
1.4111	3	1	24.26	23.85	24.03	0	23.22	22.81	22.99	1
	3	3	24.30	23.89	24.07	0	23.26	22.85	23.03	1
	6	0	23.19	22.78	22.96	1	22.15	21.74	21.92	2

LTE Band / BW				QPSK				16QAM		
	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 23025	Mid CH 23095	High CH 23165	3GPP MPR	Low CH 23025	Mid CH 23095	High CH 23165	3GPP MPR
Ballu / BVV			700.5 MHz	707.5 MHz	714.5 MHz	(dB)	700.5 MHz	707.5 MHz	714.5 MHz	(dB)
	1	0	24.22	23.81	23.99	0	23.18	22.77	22.95	1
	1	7	24.48	24.07	24.25	0	23.44	23.03	23.21	1
	1	14	24.45	24.04	24.22	0	23.41	23.00	23.18	1
12 / 3M	8	0	23.32	22.91	23.09	1	22.28	21.87	22.05	2
	8	3	23.46	23.05	23.23	1	22.42	22.01	22.19	2
	8	7	23.50	23.09	23.27	1	22.46	22.05	22.23	2
	15	0	23.31	22.90	23.08	1	22.27	21.86	22.04	2

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				QPSK				16QAM		
LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 23035	Mid CH 23095	High CH 23155	3GPP MPR	Low CH 23035	Mid CH 23095	High CH 23155	3GPP MPR
Balla / BW	0.20	Onser	701.5 MHz	707.5 MHz	713.5 MHz	(dB)	701.5 MHz	707.5 MHz	713.5 MHz	(dB)
	1	0	24.33	23.92	24.10	0	23.29	22.88	23.06	1
	1	12	24.59	24.18	24.36	0	23.55	23.14	23.32	1
	1	24	24.56	24.15	24.33	0	23.52	23.11	23.29	1
12 / 5M	12	0	23.43	23.02	23.20	1	22.39	21.98	22.16	2
	12	6	23.57	23.16	23.34	1	22.53	22.12	22.30	2
	12	13	23.61	23.20	23.38	1	22.57	22.16	22.34	2
	25	0	23.42	23.01	23.19	1	22.38	21.97	22.15	2

				QPSK				16QAM		
LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 23060	Mid CH 23095	High CH 23130	3GPP MPR	Low CH 23060	Mid CH 23095	High CH 23130	3GPP MPR
Bana / Bw	Size	Oliset	704.0 MHz	707.5 MHz	711.0 MHz	(dB)	704.0 MHz	707.5 MHz	711.0 MHz	(dB)
	1	0	24.41	24.00	24.18	0	23.37	22.96	23.14	1
	1	24	24.67	24.26	24.44	0	23.63	23.22	23.40	1
	1	49	24.64	24.23	24.41	0	23.60	23.19	23.37	1
12 / 10M	25	0	23.51	23.10	23.28	1	22.47	22.06	22.24	2
	25	12	23.65	23.24	23.42	1	22.61	22.20	22.38	2
	25	25	23.69	23.28	23.46	1	22.65	22.24	22.42	2
	50	0	23.50	23.09	23.27	1	22.46	22.05	22.23	2

				QPSK				16QAM		
LTE	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 23755	Mid CH 23790	High CH 23825	3GPP MPR	Low CH 23755	Mid CH 23790	High CH 23825	3GPP MPR
Band / BW	Size	Offset	706.5 MHz	710.0 MHz	713.5 MHz	(dB)	706.5 MHz	710.0 MHz	713.5 MHz	(dB)
	1	0	23.97	24.04	24.09	0	22.91	22.98	23.03	1
	1	12	24.12	24.19	24.24	0	23.06	23.13	23.18	1
	1	24	23.87	23.94	23.99	0	22.81	22.88	22.93	1
17 / 5M	12	0	23.11	23.18	23.23	1	22.05	22.12	22.17	2
	12	6	23.15	23.22	23.27	1	22.09	22.16	22.21	2
	12	13	23.05	23.12	23.18	1	21.99	22.06	22.12	2
	25	0	22.95	23.02	23.09	1	21.89	21.96	22.03	2

				QPSK				16QAM		
LTE	RB Size	RB	Low CH 23780	Mid CH 23790	High CH 23800	3GPP MPR	Low CH 23780	Mid CH 23790	High CH 23800	3GPP MPR
Band / BW	Size	Offset	709.0 MHz	710.0 MHz	711.0 MHz	(dB)	709.0 MHz	710.0 MHz	711.0 MHz	(dB)
	1	0	24.10	24.17	24.22	0	23.04	23.11	23.16	1
	1	24	24.25	24.32	24.37	0	23.19	23.26	23.31	1
	1	49	24.00	24.07	24.12	0	22.94	23.01	23.06	1
17 / 10M	25	0	23.24	23.31	23.36	1	22.18	22.25	22.30	2
	25	12	23.28	23.35	23.40	1	22.22	22.29	22.34	2
	25	25	23.18	23.25	23.31	1	22.12	22.19	22.25	2
	50	0	23.08	23.15	23.22	1	22.02	22.09	22.16	2

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<WLAN 2.4G>

Mode	802.11b							
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	1 (2412)	6 (2437)	11 (2462)					
Average Power	14.84	16.45	15.07					
Mode	802.11g							
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	1 (2412)	6 (2437)	11 (2462)					
Average Power	11.41	15.11	9.69					
Mode		802.11n (HT20)						
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	1 (2412)	6 (2437)	11 (2462)					
Average Power	11.03	14.55	8.60					

<WLAN 5.2G>

Mode		802	2.11a		
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	36 (5180)	40 (5200)	44 (5220)	48 (5240)	
Average Power	10.80	12.79	13.36	13.41	
Mode		802.11r	n (HT20)	-	
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	36 (5180)	40 (5200)	44 (5220)	48 (5240)	
Average Power	10.34	12.81	13.36	13.38	
Mode		802.11r	n (HT40)		
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	38 (5190)	46 (5230)		
Average Power	9.	01	11	.65	

<WLAN 5.3G>

Mode		802	2.11a			
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	52 (5260)	56 (5280)	60 (5300)	64 (5320)		
Average Power	12.98	13.33	13.43	12.43		
Mode		802.11	n (HT20)			
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	52 (5260)	56 (5280)	60 (5300)	64 (5320)		
Average Power	13.50	13.36	13.21	12.33		
Mode		802.11	n (HT40)			
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	54 (5270)	62 (5310)			
Average Power	11	.99	10.10			

<WLAN 5.6G>

Mode				802	.11a				
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	100 (5500)	104 (5520)	108 (5540)	112 (5560)	116 (5580)	132 (5660)	136 (5680)	140 (5700)	
Average Power	11.37	13.21	13.31	13.31	13.33	13.29	13.21	10.11	
Mode		802.11n (HT20)							
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	100 (5500)	104 (5520)	108 (5540)	112 (5560)	116 (5580)	132 (5660)	136 (5680)	140 (5700)	
Average Power	10.90	13.26	13.33	13.31	13.35	12.90	13.21	10.07	
Mode				802.11n	(HT40)	<u>-</u>			
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	102 (5510) 110 (5550)						134 (5670)		
Average Power		10.20		11.75			12.05		

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<WLAN 5.8G>

Mode			802.11a						
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	149 (5745)	153 (5765)	157 (5785)	161 (5805)	165 (5825)				
Average Power	10.18	13.22	13.26	13.17	12.48				
Mode	802.11n (HT20)								
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	149 (5745)	153 (5765)	157 (5785)	161 (5805)	165 (5825)				
Average Power	10.12	13.21	13.26	13.17	12.13				
Mode			802.11n (HT40)						
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	151 (5755) 159 (5795)								
Average Power		10.35 11.65							

<Bluetooth>

Mode		Bluetooth							
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	0 (2402)	39 (2441)	78 (2480)						
Average Power	10.09	11.41	11.89						

4.7 SAR Testing Results

4.7.1 SAR Test Reduction Considerations

<KDB 447498 D01, General RF Exposure Guidance>

Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

- (1) ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
- (2) ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
- (3) ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz

<KDB 941225 D01, 3G SAR Measurement Procedures>

The mode tested for SAR is referred to as the primary mode. The equivalent modes considered for SAR test reduction are denoted as secondary modes. Both primary and secondary modes must be in the same frequency band. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq 1/4$ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

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<KDB 941225 D05, SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices>

(1) QPSK with 1 RB and 50% RB allocation

Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel. When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.

(2) QPSK with 100% RB allocation

SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100% RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are \leq 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

(3) Higher order modulations

SAR is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is > 1/2 dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg.

(4) Other channel bandwidth

SAR is required when the highest maximum output power of the smaller channel bandwidth is > 1/2 dB higher than the equivalent channel configurations in the largest channel bandwidth configuration or the reported SAR of a configuration for the largest channel bandwidth is > 1.45 W/kg.

<KDB 248227 D01, SAR Guidance for Wi-Fi Transmitters>

- (1) For handsets operating next to ear, hotspot mode or mini-tablet configurations, the initial test position procedures were applied. The test position with the highest extrapolated peak SAR will be used as the initial test position. When the reported SAR of initial test position is <= 0.4 W/kg, SAR testing for remaining test positions is not required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR positions until the reported SAR result is <= 0.8 W/kg or all test positions are measured.
- (2) For WLAN 2.4 GHz, the highest measured maximum output power channel for DSSS was selected for SAR measurement. When the reported SAR is <= 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel. For OFDM modes (802.11g/n), SAR is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and it is <= 1.2 W/kg.
- (3) For WLAN 5 GHz, the initial test configuration was selected according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum output power. When the reported SAR of initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for the subsequent highest measured output power channel until the reported SAR result is <= 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are measured. For other transmission modes, SAR is not required when the highest reported SAR for initial test configuration is adjusted by the ratio of subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and it is <= 1.2 W/kg.

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4.7.2 SAR Results for Head Exposure Condition

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS10	Right Cheek	189	30.7	29.82	1.22	0.04	0.150	0.18
	GSM850	GPRS10	Right Tilted	189	30.7	29.82	1.22	0.03	0.073	0.09
01	GSM850	GPRS10	Left Cheek	189	30.7	29.82	1.22	-0.04	0.180	<mark>0.22</mark>
	GSM850	GPRS10	Left Tilted	189	30.7	29.82	1.22	0.10	0.091	0.11
	GSM1900	GPRS10	Right Cheek	661	28.2	26.75	1.40	0.03	0.086	0.12
	GSM1900	GPRS10	Right Tilted	661	28.2	26.75	1.40	0.02	0.050	0.07
02	GSM1900	GPRS10	Left Cheek	661	28.2	26.75	1.40	0.05	0.102	<mark>0.14</mark>
	GSM1900	GPRS10	Left Tilted	661	28.2	26.75	1.40	0.01	0.082	0.11
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Right Cheek	9538	24.4	24.39	1.00	0.05	0.169	0.17
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Right Tilted	9538	24.4	24.39	1.00	0.05	0.112	0.11
03	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Left Cheek	9538	24.4	24.39	1.00	0.01	0.230	<mark>0.23</mark>
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Left Tilted	9538	24.4	24.39	1.00	0.03	0.152	0.15
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Right Cheek	4233	24.4	23.98	1.10	-0.10	0.418	0.46
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Right Tilted	4233	24.4	23.98	1.10	0.11	0.188	0.21
04	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Left Cheek	4233	24.4	23.98	1.10	0.11	0.424	<mark>0.47</mark>
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Left Tilted	4233	24.4	23.98	1.10	0.08	0.190	0.21

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	RB#	RB Offset	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Right Cheek	19100	1	0	24.6	24.59	1.00	-0.12	0.147	0.15
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Right Cheek	19100	50	0	23.6	23.57	1.01	0.11	0.121	0.12
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Right Tilted	19100	1	0	24.6	24.59	1.00	0.02	0.140	0.14
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Right Tilted	19100	50	0	23.6	23.57	1.01	0.05	0.116	0.12
05	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Left Cheek	19100	1	0	24.6	24.59	1.00	0.14	0.224	<mark>0.22</mark>
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Left Cheek	19100	50	0	23.6	23.57	1.01	0.08	0.185	0.19
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Left Tilted	19100	1	0	24.6	24.59	1.00	0.04	0.213	0.21
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Left Tilted	19100	50	0	23.6	23.57	1.01	0.09	0.177	0.18
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Right Cheek	20175	1	0	24.6	24.52	1.02	-0.01	0.233	0.24
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Right Cheek	20175	50	0	23.6	23.59	1.00	0.11	0.205	0.21
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Right Tilted	20175	1	0	24.6	24.52	1.02	0.02	0.0929	0.09
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Right Tilted	20175	50	0	23.6	23.59	1.00	0.05	0.0718	0.07
06	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Left Cheek	20175	1	0	24.6	24.52	1.02	0.00	0.421	<mark>0.43</mark>
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Left Cheek	20175	50	0	23.6	23.59	1.00	0.12	0.379	0.38
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Left Tilted	20175	1	0	24.6	24.52	1.02	0.10	0.172	0.18
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Left Tilted	20175	50	0	23.6	23.59	1.00	0.05	0.133	0.13
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	Right Cheek	20600	1	24	24.4	24.15	1.06	0.05	0.426	0.45
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	Right Cheek	20600	25	0	23.4	23.07	1.08	0.00	0.364	0.39
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	Right Tilted	20600	1	24	24.4	24.15	1.06	0.06	0.177	0.19
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	Right Tilted	20600	25	0	23.4	23.07	1.08	0.09	0.143	0.15
07	LTE 5	QPSK10M	Left Cheek	20600	1	24	24.4	24.15	1.06	0.12	0.496	<mark>0.53</mark>
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	Left Cheek	20600	25	0	23.4	23.07	1.08	0.10	0.449	0.48
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	Left Tilted	20600	1	24	24.4	24.15	1.06	0.07	0.218	0.23
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	Left Tilted	20600	25	0	23.4	23.07	1.08	0.04	0.177	0.19

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Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	RB#	RB Offset	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	LTE 12	QPSK10M	Right Cheek	23060	1	24	24.9	24.67	1.05	0.03	0.191	0.20
	LTE 12	QPSK10M	Right Cheek	23060	25	25	23.9	23.69	1.05	0.11	0.191	0.20
	LTE 12	QPSK10M	Right Tilted	23060	1	24	24.9	24.67	1.05	0.15	0.076	0.08
	LTE 12	QPSK10M	Right Tilted	23060	25	25	23.9	23.69	1.05	0.07	0.067	0.07
80	LTE 12	QPSK10M	Left Cheek	23060	1	24	24.9	24.67	1.05	0.09	0.202	<mark>0.21</mark>
	LTE 12	QPSK10M	Left Cheek	23060	25	25	23.9	23.69	1.05	0.06	0.192	0.20
	LTE 12	QPSK10M	Left Tilted	23060	1	24	24.9	24.67	1.05	0.04	0.076	0.08
	LTE 12	QPSK10M	Left Tilted	23060	25	25	23.9	23.69	1.05	0.05	0.067	0.07
09	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Right Cheek	23800	1	24	24.9	24.37	1.13	0.06	0.265	<mark>0.30</mark>
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Right Cheek	23800	25	12	23.9	23.40	1.12	0.02	0.240	0.27
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Right Tilted	23800	1	24	24.9	24.37	1.13	0.03	0.114	0.13
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Right Tilted	23800	25	12	23.9	23.40	1.12	0.01	0.095	0.11
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Left Cheek	23800	1	24	24.9	24.37	1.13	0.04	0.251	0.28
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Left Cheek	23800	25	12	23.9	23.40	1.12	0.05	0.204	0.23
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Left Tilted	23800	1	24	24.9	24.37	1.13	0.01	0.097	0.11
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Left Tilted	23800	25	12	23.9	23.40	1.12	0.06	0.081	0.09

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	2.4G WLAN	802.11b	Right Cheek	6	17.0	16.45	1.14	0.15	0.00874	0.01
	2.4G WLAN	802.11b	Right Tilted	6	17.0	16.45	1.14	0.12	0	0.00
10	2.4G WLAN	802.11b	Left Cheek	6	17.0	16.45	1.14	0.11	0.016	<mark>0.02</mark>
	2.4G WLAN	802.11b	Left Tilted	6	17.0	16.45	1.14	0.13	0	0.00
	5.3G WLAN	802.11a	Right Cheek	60	14.0	13.43	1.14	0.02	0	0.00
	5.3G WLAN	802.11a	Right Tilted	60	14.0	13.43	1.14	0.04	0	0.00
	5.3G WLAN	802.11a	Left Cheek	60	14.0	13.43	1.14	0.06	0	0.00
	5.3G WLAN	802.11a	Left Tilted	60	14.0	13.43	1.14	0.09	0	0.00
	5.6G WLAN	802.11a	Right Cheek	116	14.0	13.33	1.17	0.11	0	0.00
	5.6G WLAN	802.11a	Right Tilted	116	14.0	13.33	1.17	0.15	0	0.00
	5.6G WLAN	802.11a	Left Cheek	116	14.0	13.33	1.17	0.04	0	0.00
	5.6G WLAN	802.11a	Left Tilted	116	14.0	13.33	1.17	0.01	0	0.00
	5.8G WLAN	802.11a	Right Cheek	157	14.0	13.26	1.19	0.03	0	0.00
	5.8G WLAN	802.11a	Right Tilted	157	14.0	13.26	1.19	0.11	0	0.00
	5.8G WLAN	802.11a	Left Cheek	157	14.0	13.26	1.19	0.08	0	0.00
	5.8G WLAN	802.11a	Left Tilted	157	14.0	13.26	1.19	0.12	0	0.00

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4.7.3 SAR Results for Body Exposure Condition (Separation Distance is 1.5 cm Gap)

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS10	Front Face	189	30.7	29.82	1.22	0.05	0.164	0.20
11	GSM850	GPRS10	Rear Face	189	30.7	29.82	1.22	-0.02	0.334	<mark>0.41</mark>
	GSM1900	GPRS10	Front Face	661	28.2	26.75	1.40	0.01	0.079	0.11
12	GSM1900	GPRS10	Rear Face	661	28.2	26.75	1.40	-0.08	0.332	<mark>0.46</mark>
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Front Face	9538	24.4	24.39	1.00	0.02	0.142	0.14
13	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	9538	24.4	24.39	1.00	0.02	0.593	<mark>0.59</mark>
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Front Face	4233	24.4	23.98	1.10	-0.12	0.330	0.36
14	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	4233	24.4	23.98	1.10	0.08	0.699	<mark>0.77</mark>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	RB#	RB Offset	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Front Face	19100	1	0	24.6	24.59	1.00	0.12	0.148	0.15
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Front Face	19100	50	0	23.6	23.57	1.01	0.18	0.123	0.12
15	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Rear Face	19100	1	0	24.6	24.59	1.00	-0.10	0.613	<mark>0.61</mark>
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Rear Face	19100	50	0	23.6	23.57	1.01	-0.05	0.552	0.56
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Front Face	20175	1	0	24.6	24.52	1.02	0.08	0.254	0.26
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Front Face	20175	50	0	23.6	23.59	1.00	0.02	0.205	0.21
16	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Rear Face	20175	1	0	24.6	24.52	1.02	0.19	0.770	<mark>0.78</mark>
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Rear Face	20175	50	0	23.6	23.59	1.00	0.02	0.708	0.71
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	Front Face	20600	1	24	24.4	24.15	1.06	0.03	0.366	0.39
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	Front Face	20600	25	0	23.4	23.07	1.08	0.07	0.320	0.35
17	LTE 5	QPSK10M	Rear Face	20600	1	24	24.4	24.15	1.06	0.05	0.764	<mark>0.81</mark>
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	Rear Face	20450	1	24	24.4	24.11	1.07	0.05	0.741	0.79
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	Rear Face	20525	1	24	24.4	24.09	1.07	0.05	0.755	0.81
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	Rear Face	20600	25	0	23.4	23.07	1.08	-0.05	0.678	0.73
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	Rear Face	20600	50	0	23.4	22.92	1.12	0.05	0.626	0.70
	LTE 12	QPSK10M	Front Face	23060	1	24	24.9	24.67	1.05	0.11	0.167	0.18
	LTE 12	QPSK10M	Front Face	23060	25	25	23.9	23.69	1.05	0.12	0.136	0.14
18	LTE 12	QPSK10M	Rear Face	23060	1	24	24.9	24.67	1.05	0.06	0.334	<mark>0.35</mark>
	LTE 12	QPSK10M	Rear Face	23060	25	25	23.9	23.69	1.05	0.15	0.325	0.34
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Front Face	23800	1	24	24.9	24.37	1.13	0.15	0.171	0.19
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Front Face	23800	25	12	23.9	23.40	1.12	0.05	0.142	0.16
19	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Rear Face	23800	1	24	24.9	24.37	1.13	0.11	0.372	<mark>0.42</mark>
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Rear Face	23800	25	12	23.9	23.40	1.12	0.12	0.338	0.38

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	2.4G WLAN	802.11b	Front Face	6	17.0	16.45	1.14	-0.03	0.00577	0.01
20	2.4G WLAN	802.11b	Rear Face	6	17.0	16.45	1.14	-0.10	0.020	0.02
	5.3G WLAN	802.11a	Front Face	60	14.0	13.43	1.14	0.00	0.000	0.00
21	5.3G WLAN	802.11a	Rear Face	60	14.0	13.43	1.14	0.15	0.087	<mark>0.10</mark>
	5.6G WLAN	802.11a	Front Face	116	14.0	13.33	1.17	0.00	0.000	0.00
22	5.6G WLAN	802.11a	Rear Face	116	14.0	13.33	1.17	-0.17	0.059	<mark>0.07</mark>
	5.8G WLAN	802.11a	Front Face	157	14.0	13.26	1.19	0.00	0.000	0.00
23	5.8G WLAN	802.11a	Rear Face	157	14.0	13.26	1.19	0.15	0.041	<mark>0.05</mark>

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4.7.4 SAR Results for Hotspot Exposure Condition (Separation Distance is 1.0 cm Gap)

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS10	Front Face	189	30.7	29.82	1.22	0.03	0.243	0.30
24	GSM850	GPRS10	Rear Face	189	30.7	29.82	1.22	-0.03	0.547	<mark>0.67</mark>
	GSM850	GPRS10	Right Side	189	30.7	29.82	1.22	0.07	0.291	0.36
	GSM850	GPRS10	Bottom Side	189	30.7	29.82	1.22	0.11	0.071	0.09
	GSM1900	GPRS10	Front Face	661	28.2	26.75	1.40	0.12	0.142	0.20
25	GSM1900	GPRS10	Rear Face	661	28.2	26.75	1.40	-0.13	0.550	<mark>0.77</mark>
	GSM1900	GPRS10	Left Side	661	28.2	26.75	1.40	0.15	0.247	0.34
	GSM1900	GPRS10	Bottom Side	661	28.2	26.75	1.40	0.02	0.247	0.34
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Front Face	9538	24.0	23.55	1.11	0.15	0.220	0.24
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	9538	24.0	23.55	1.11	-0.11	0.856	0.95
26	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	9262	24.0	23.35	1.16	-0.08	0.956	<mark>1.11</mark>
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	9262	24.0	23.35	1.16	-0.03	0.913	1.06
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	9400	24.0	23.38	1.15	-0.01	0.872	1.01
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Left Side	9538	24.0	23.55	1.11	0.06	0.491	0.54
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Bottom Side	9538	24.0	23.55	1.11	0.18	0.410	0.45
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Front Face	4233	24.4	23.98	1.10	-0.07	0.526	0.58
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	4233	24.4	23.98	1.10	0.04	1.010	1.11
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	4132	24.4	23.96	1.11	0.01	0.990	1.10
27	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	4182	24.4	23.94	1.11	-0.02	1.070	<mark>1.19</mark>
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	4182	24.4	23.94	1.11	0.05	1.050	1.17
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Right Side	4233	24.4	23.98	1.10	0.04	0.583	0.64
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Bottom Side	4233	24.4	23.98	1.10	0.01	0.113	0.12

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	RB#	RB Offset	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Front Face	19100	1	0	24.6	24.59	1.00	0.10	0.231	0.23
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Front Face	19100	50	0	23.6	23.57	1.01	-0.11	0.191	0.19
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Rear Face	19100	1	0	24.6	24.59	1.00	-0.06	0.905	0.91
28	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Rear Face	18700	1	0	24.6	24.34	1.06	-0.06	1.000	<mark>1.06</mark>
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Rear Face	18700	1	0	24.6	24.34	1.06	-0.05	0.988	1.05
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Rear Face	18900	1	0	24.6	24.48	1.03	-0.15	0.981	1.01
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Rear Face	19100	50	0	23.6	23.57	1.01	-0.11	0.808	0.81
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Rear Face	18700	50	0	23.6	23.30	1.07	0.09	0.889	0.95
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Rear Face	18900	50	0	23.6	23.44	1.04	0.07	0.821	0.85
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Rear Face	19100	100	0	23.6	23.45	1.04	0.05	0.824	0.85
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Left Side	19100	1	0	24.6	24.59	1.00	0.15	0.364	0.36
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Left Side	19100	50	0	23.6	23.57	1.01	-0.06	0.312	0.31
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	19100	1	0	24.6	24.59	1.00	0.08	0.380	0.38
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	19100	50	0	23.6	23.57	1.01	0.18	0.319	0.32

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Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	RB#	RB Offset	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Front Face	20050	1	0	24.0	23.43	1.14	0.15	0.251	0.29
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Front Face	20050	50	0	23.0	22.40	1.15	0.11	0.236	0.27
29	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Rear Face	20050	1	0	24.0	23.43	1.14	-0.16	0.925	1.05
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Rear Face	20050	1	0	24.0	23.43	1.14	-0.11	0.918	1.05
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Rear Face	20175	1	0	24.0	23.28	1.18	0.11	0.883	1.04
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Rear Face	20300	1	0	24.0	23.36	1.16	0	0.876	1.02
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Rear Face	20050	50	0	23.0	22.40	1.15	0.05	0.790	0.91
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Rear Face	20175	50	0	23.0	22.25	1.19	-0.11	0.775	0.92
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Rear Face	20300	50	0	23.0	22.33	1.17	-0.05	0.741	0.86
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Rear Face	20050	100	0	23.0	22.32	1.17	-0.11	0.789	0.92
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Left Side	20050	1 50	0	24.0	23.43	1.14	-0.18	0.376	0.43
	LTE 4	QPSK20M QPSK20M	Left Side	20050 20050	50 1	0	23.0 24.0	22.40 23.43	1.15 1.14	-0.18 0.05	0.277 0.352	0.32 0.40
	LTE 4		Bottom Side Bottom Side	20050	50	0	23.0	23.43	1.14	-0.01	0.352	0.40
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	Front Face	20600	1	24	24.4	24.15	1.06	0.05	0.521	0.55
	LTE 5	QPSK10M QPSK10M	Front Face Rear Face	20600 20600	25	0 24	23.4 24.4	23.07 24.15	1.08 1.06	-0.03 0.02	0.455 1.10	0.49 1.17
					1							
30	LTE 5	QPSK10M	Rear Face	20450	1	24	24.4	24.11	1.07	-0.07	1.09	1.17
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	Rear Face	20450	1	24	24.4	24.11	1.07	0.09	1.07	1.14
	LTE 5	QPSK10M QPSK10M	Rear Face	20525	1 25	24 0	24.4	24.09 23.07	1.07	0.05	1.08 0.999	1.16
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	Rear Face Rear Face	20600 20450	25	0	23.4	23.07	1.08	-0.11 -0.06	1.05	1.08 1.14
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	Rear Face	20525	25	0	23.4	23.03	1.09	0.09	1.05	1.14
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	Rear Face	20600	50	0	23.4	22.92	1.12	0.09	0.892	1.00
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	Right Side	20600	1	24	24.4	24.15	1.06	0.04	0.541	0.57
			- u					1				
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	Right Side	20600	25	0	23.4	23.07	1.08	0.06	0.488	0.53
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	Bottom Side	20600	1	24	24.4	24.15	1.06	-0.01	0.111	0.12
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	Bottom Side	20600	25	0	23.4	23.07	1.08	0.02	0.088	0.10
	LTE 12	QPSK10M	Front Face	23060	1	24	24.9	24.67	1.05	0.14	0.212	0.22
	LTE 12	QPSK10M	Front Face	23060	25	25	23.9	23.69	1.05	0.13	0.186	0.20
31	LTE 12	QPSK10M	Rear Face	23060	1	24	24.9	24.67	1.05	0.15	0.572	0.60
	LTE 12	QPSK10M	Rear Face	23060	25	25	23.9	23.69	1.05	0.15	0.503	0.53
	LTE 12	QPSK10M	Right Side	23060	1	24	24.9	24.67	1.05	0.13	0.354	0.37
	LTE 12	QPSK10M	Right Side	23060	25	25	23.9	23.69	1.05	0.05	0.317	0.33
	LTE 12	QPSK10M	Bottom Side	23060	1	24	24.9	24.67	1.05	0.12	0.0646	0.07
	LTE 12		Bottom Side	23060	25	25	23.9	23.69	1.05	0.12	0.0548	0.07
					-					-		
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Front Face	23800	1 25	24 12	24.9 23.9	24.37	1.13	0.12	0.233	0.26
00	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Front Face	23800		24		23.40	1.12	0.13	0.195	0.22
32	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Rear Face	23800	1		24.9	24.37	1.13	-0.04	0.574	0.65
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Rear Face	23800	25	12	23.9	23.40	1.12	0.15	0.497	0.56
	LTE 17 LTE 17	QPSK10M QPSK10M	Right Side Right Side	23800	1	24 12	24.9 23.9	24.37 23.40	1.13 1.12	0.11 0.13	0.378 0.322	0.43 0.36
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Bottom Side	23800 23800	25 1	24	24.9	24.37	1.12	0.13	0.322	0.36
	LTE 17		Bottom Side	23800	25	12	23.9	23.40	1.13	-0.15	0.0564	0.08
	LIL II	QI OKTOW	Dottom Side	20000	25	12	20.0	20.40	1.12	-0.10	0.0304	0.00

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Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	2.4G WLAN	802.11b	Front Face	6	17.0	16.45	1.14	0.16	0.00754	0.01
33	2.4G WLAN	802.11b	Rear Face	6	17.0	16.45	1.14	0.07	0.024	0.03
	2.4G WLAN	802.11b	Right Side	6	17.0	16.45	1.14	0.15	0.01714	0.02
	2.4G WLAN	802.11b	Bottom Side	6	17.0	16.45	1.14	-0.1	0.00960	0.01

4.7.5 SAR Measurement Variability

According to KDB 865664 D01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. Alternatively, if the highest measured SAR for both head and body tissue-equivalent media are ≤ 1.45 W/kg and the ratio of these highest SAR values, i.e., largest divided by smallest value, is ≤ 1.10 , the highest SAR configuration for either head or body tissue-equivalent medium may be used to perform the repeated measurement. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR repeated measurement procedure:

- 1. When the highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg, repeated measurement is not required.
- 2. When the highest measured SAR is >= 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20, or when the original or repeated measurement is >= 1.45 W/kg, perform a second repeated measurement.
- 4. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20, and the original, first or second repeated measurement is >= 1.5 W/kg, perform a third repeated measurement.

Band	Test Position	Ch.	Original Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	1st Repeated SAR-1g (W/kg)	L/S Ratio	2nd Repeated SAR-1g (W/kg)	L/S Ratio	3rd Repeated SAR-1g (W/kg)	L/S Ratio
WCDMA II	Rear Face	9262	0.956	0.913	1.05	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
WCDMA V	Rear Face	4182	1.070	1.050	1.02	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
LTE 2	Rear Face	18700	1.000	0.988	1.01	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
LTE 4	Rear Face	20050	0.925	0.918	1.01	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
LTE 5	Rear Face	20450	1.090	1.070	1.02	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

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4.7.6 Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission Evaluation

<Estimated SAR Calculation>

According to KDB 447498 D01, when standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR was estimated according to following formula to result in substantially conservative SAR values of <= 0.4 W/kg to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion.

$$\text{Estimated SAR} = \frac{\text{Max. Tune up Power}_{(mW)}}{\text{Min. Test Separation Distance}_{(mm)}} \times \frac{\sqrt{f_{(GHz)}}}{7.5}$$

If the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is used for estimated SAR calculation. When the test separation distance is > 50 mm, the 0.4 W/kg is used for SAR-1g.

Mode / Band	Frequency (GHz)	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Test Position	Separation Distance (mm)	Estimated SAR (W/kg)
BT (DSS)	2.48	13.5	Body	15	0.31

Note:

- 1. The separation distance is determined from the outer housing of the EUT to the user.
- 2. When standalone SAR testing is not required, an estimated SAR can be applied to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion.

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<SAR Summation Analysis>

Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmitting antenna. When the sum of SAR_{1g} of all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit (SAR_{1g} 1.6 W/kg), the simultaneous transmission SAR is not required. When the sum of SAR_{1g} is greater than the SAR limit (SAR_{1g} 1.6 W/kg), SAR test exclusion is determined by the SPLSR.

No.	Conditions (SAR1 + SAR2)	Exposure Condition	Test Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	SPLSR Analysis							
			Right Cheek	0.18	0.01	0.19	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required							
		llaad	Right Tilted	0.09	0.00	0.09	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required							
		Head	Left Cheek	0.22	0.02	0.24	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required							
			Left Tilted	0.11	0.00	0.11	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required							
		Body-Worn	Front Face	0.20	0.01	0.21	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required							
1	GSM850 +	Body-Worn	Rear Face	0.41	0.02	0.43	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required							
'	WLAN (DTS)		Front Face	0.30	0.01	0.31	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required							
		Hotspot -	Rear Face	0.67	0.03	0.70	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required							
			Left Side	0.00	0.00	0.00	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required							
		Ποισμοί	Right Side	0.36	0.02	0.38	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required							
			Top Side	0.00	0.00	0.00	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required							
			Bottom Side	0.09	0.01	0.10	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required							
			Right Cheek	0.18	0.00	0.18	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required							
		Head -	Head -	Head -	Head -	Head -	Head -	Head -	Head -	Right Tilted	0.09	0.00	0.09	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
2	GSM850 +									Head	Head	Head	Left Cheek	0.22
_	WLAN (NII)		Left Tilted	0.11	0.00	0.11	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required							
		Body-Worn	Front Face	0.20	0.00	0.20	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required							
		Body-World	Rear Face	0.41	0.10	0.51	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required							
2	GSM850	Body-Worn —	Front Face	0.20	0.31	0.51	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required							
3	+ BT (DSS)		Rear Face	0.41	0.31	0.72	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required							

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No.	Conditions (SAR1 + SAR2)	Exposure Condition	Test Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	SPLSR Analysis
			Right Cheek	0.12	0.01	0.13	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Head	Right Tilted	0.07	0.00	0.07	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		пеац	Left Cheek	0.14	0.02	0.16	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Tilted	0.11	0.00	0.11	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Body-Worn	Front Face	0.11	0.01	0.12	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
4	GSM1900	Body-worn	Rear Face	0.46	0.02	0.48	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
4	+ WLAN (DTS)		Front Face	0.20	0.01	0.21	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.77	0.03	0.80	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Hotspot	Left Side	0.34	0.00	0.34	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		поіѕроі	Right Side	0.00	0.02	0.02	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0.00	0.00	0.00	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.34	0.01	0.35	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Cheek	0.12	0.00	0.12	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Head	Right Tilted	0.07	0.00	0.07	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
_	GSM1900	Head	Left Cheek	0.14	0.00	0.14	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
5	+ WLAN (NII)		Left Tilted	0.11	0.00	0.11	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Pady Warn	Front Face	0.11	0.00	0.11	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Body-Worn	Rear Face	0.46	0.10	0.56	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
	GSM1900	D - d · M/- ·	Front Face	0.11	0.31	0.42	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
6	+ BT (DSS)	Body-Worn	Rear Face	0.46	0.31	0.77	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required

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No.	Conditions (SAR1 + SAR2)	Exposure Condition	Test Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	SPLSR Analysis
			Right Cheek	0.17	0.01	0.18	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Head	Right Tilted	0.11	0.00	0.11	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		пеац	Left Cheek	0.23	0.02	0.25	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Tilted	0.15	0.00	0.15	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Body-Worn	Front Face	0.14	0.01	0.15	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
7	WCDMA II	Body-worn	Rear Face	0.59	0.02	0.61	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
'	+ WLAN (DTS)		Front Face	0.24	0.01	0.25	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	1.11	0.03	1.14	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Untopot	Left Side	0.54	0.00	0.54	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Hotspot	Right Side	0.00	0.02	0.02	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0.00	0.00	0.00	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.45	0.01	0.46	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Cheek	0.17	0.00	0.17	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Tilted	0.11	0.00	0.11	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
	WCDMA II	Head	Left Cheek	0.23	0.00	0.23	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
8	+ WLAN (NII)		Left Tilted	0.15	0.00	0.15	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Dady Ware	Front Face	0.14	0.00	0.14	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Body-Worn	Rear Face	0.59	0.10	0.69	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
	WCDMA II	D - d - M/	Front Face	0.14	0.31	0.45	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
9	+ BT (DSS)	Body-Worn	Rear Face	0.59	0.31	0.90	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required

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No.	Conditions (SAR1 + SAR2)	Exposure Condition	Test Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	SPLSR Analysis
			Right Cheek	0.46	0.01	0.47	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Head	Right Tilted	0.21	0.00	0.21	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		пеац	Left Cheek	0.47	0.02	0.49	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Tilted	0.21	0.00	0.21	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Body-Worn	Front Face	0.36	0.01	0.37	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
10	WCDMA V	Body-worn	Rear Face	0.77	0.02	0.79	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
10	+ WLAN (DTS)		Front Face	0.58	0.01	0.59	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	1.19	0.03	1.22	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Hotspot	Left Side	0.00	0.00	0.00	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		поіѕроі	Right Side	0.64	0.02	0.66	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0.00	0.00	0.00	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.12	0.01	0.13	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Cheek	0.46	0.00	0.46	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Tilted	0.21	0.00	0.21	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
44	WCDMA V	Head	Left Cheek	0.47	0.00	0.47	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
11	+ WLAN (NII)		Left Tilted	0.21	0.00	0.21	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Dady Ware	Front Face	0.36	0.00	0.36	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Body-Worn	Rear Face	0.77	0.10	0.87	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
40	WCDMA V	D = dr : 14/- :	Front Face	0.36	0.31	0.67	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
12	+ BT (DSS)	Body-Worn	Rear Face	0.77	0.31	1.08	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required

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No.	Conditions (SAR1 + SAR2)	Exposure Condition	Test Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	SPLSR Analysis
			Right Cheek	0.15	0.01	0.16	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Head	Right Tilted	0.14	0.00	0.14	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		пеац	Left Cheek	0.22	0.02	0.24	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Tilted	0.21	0.00	0.21	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Body-Worn	Front Face	0.15	0.01	0.16	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
13	LTE 2	Body-worn	Rear Face	0.61	0.02	0.63	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
13	+ WLAN (DTS)		Front Face	0.23	0.01	0.24	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Hotspot	Rear Face	1.06	0.03	1.09	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0.36	0.00	0.36	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		поіѕроі	Right Side	0.00	0.02	0.02	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0.00	0.00	0.00	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.38	0.01	0.39	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Cheek	0.15	0.00	0.15	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Tilted	0.14	0.00	0.14	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
	LTE 2	Head	Left Cheek	0.22	0.00	0.22	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
14	+ WLAN (NII)		Left Tilted	0.21	0.00	0.21	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Dady Ware	Front Face	0.15	0.00	0.15	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Body-Worn	Rear Face	0.61	0.10	0.71	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
4-	LTE 2	D - dr. MA	Front Face	0.15	0.31	0.46	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
15	+ BT (DSS)	Body-Worn	Rear Face	0.61	0.31	0.92	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required

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No.	Conditions (SAR1 + SAR2)	Exposure Condition	Test Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	SPLSR Analysis
			Right Cheek	0.24	0.01	0.25	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Head	Right Tilted	0.09	0.00	0.09	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		пеац	Left Cheek	0.43	0.02	0.45	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Tilted	0.18	0.00	0.18	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Body-Worn	Front Face	0.26	0.01	0.27	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
16	LTE 4	Body-worn	Rear Face	0.78	0.02	0.80	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
16	+ WLAN (DTS)	Hotspot	Front Face	0.29	0.01	0.30	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	1.05	0.03	1.08	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0.43	0.00	0.43	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		поіѕроі	Right Side	0.00	0.02	0.02	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0.00	0.00	0.00	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.40	0.01	0.41	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Cheek	0.24	0.00	0.24	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Tilted	0.09	0.00	0.09	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
47	LTE 4	Head	Left Cheek	0.43	0.00	0.43	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
17	+ WLAN (NII)		Left Tilted	0.18	0.00	0.18	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Dady Ware	Front Face	0.26	0.00	0.26	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Body-Worn	Rear Face	0.78	0.10	0.88	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
4.5	LTE 4	D - dr. MA	Front Face	0.26	0.31	0.57	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
18	+ BT (DSS)	Body-Worn	Rear Face	0.78	0.31	1.09	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required

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No.	Conditions (SAR1 + SAR2)	Exposure Condition	Test Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	SPLSR Analysis
			Right Cheek	0.45	0.01	0.46	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		l la a d	Right Tilted	0.19	0.00	0.19	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Head	Left Cheek	0.53	0.02	0.55	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Tilted	0.23	0.00	0.23	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Body-Worn	Front Face	0.39	0.01	0.40	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
19	LTE 5	Body-worn	Rear Face	0.81	0.02	0.83	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
19	+ WLAN (DTS)		Front Face	0.55	0.01	0.56	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Hotspot	Rear Face	1.17	0.03	1.20	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0.00	0.00	0.00	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		поіѕроі	Right Side	0.57	0.02	0.59	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0.00	0.00	0.00	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.12	0.01	0.13	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Cheek	0.45	0.00	0.45	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Tilted	0.19	0.00	0.19	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
	LTE 5	Head	Left Cheek	0.53	0.00	0.53	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
20	+ WLAN (NII)		Left Tilted	0.23	0.00	0.23	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Dady Ware	Front Face	0.39	0.00	0.39	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Body-Worn	Rear Face	0.81	0.10	0.91	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
	LTE 5	D - d - M/	Front Face	0.39	0.31	0.70	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
21	+ BT (DSS)	Body-Worn	Rear Face	0.81	0.31	1.12	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required

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No.	Conditions (SAR1 + SAR2)	Exposure Condition	Test Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	SPLSR Analysis
			Right Cheek	0.20	0.01	0.21	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Head	Right Tilted	0.08	0.00	0.08	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		пеац	Left Cheek	0.21	0.02	0.23	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Tilted	0.08	0.00	0.08	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Dady Mare	Front Face	0.18	0.01	0.19	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
22	LTE 12	Body-Worn	Rear Face	0.35	0.02	0.37	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
22	+ WLAN (DTS)		Front Face	0.22	0.01	0.23	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.60	0.03	0.63	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Hotopot	Left Side	0.00	0.00	0.00	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Hotspot	Right Side	0.37	0.02	0.39	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0.00	0.00	0.00	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.07	0.01	0.08	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Cheek	0.20	0.00	0.20	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Tilted	0.08	0.00	0.08	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
23	LTE 12	Head	Left Cheek	0.21	0.00	0.21	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
	+ WLAN (NII)		Left Tilted	0.08	0.00	0.08	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Dady War	Front Face	0.18	0.00	0.18	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Body-Worn	Rear Face	0.35	0.10	0.45	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
	LTE 12	D 1 W	Front Face	0.18	0.31	0.49	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
24	+ BT (DSS)	Body-Worn	Rear Face	0.35	0.31	0.66	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required

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No.	Conditions (SAR1 + SAR2)	Exposure Condition	Test Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	SPLSR Analysis
			Right Cheek	0.30	0.01	0.31	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Head	Right Tilted	0.13	0.00	0.13	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		пеац	Left Cheek	0.28	0.02	0.30	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Tilted	0.11	0.00	0.11	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Body-Worn	Front Face	0.19	0.01	0.20	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
25	LTE 17 +	Body-World	Rear Face	0.42	0.02	0.44	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
25	WLAN (DTS)		Front Face	0.26	0.01	0.27	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Hotspot	Rear Face	0.65	0.03	0.68	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0.00	0.00	0.00	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	0.43	0.02	0.45	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0.00	0.00	0.00	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.08	0.01	0.09	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Cheek	0.30	0.00	0.30	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Tilted	0.13	0.00	0.13	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
26	LTE 17	Head	Left Cheek	0.28	0.00	0.28	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
20	+ WLAN (NII)		Left Tilted	0.11	0.00	0.11	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Body-Worn	Front Face	0.19	0.00	0.19	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.42	0.10	0.52	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
07	LTE 17	Dody Ware	Front Face	0.19	0.31	0.50	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
27	+ BT (DSS)	Body-Worn	Rear Face	0.42	0.31	0.73	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required

Test Engineer : $\underline{\text{Willy Chang}}$, and $\underline{\text{Eric Wu}}$

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5. Calibration of Test Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	SN	Cal. Date	Cal. Interval
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D750V3	1013	Aug. 28, 2014	2 Years
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D835V2	4d121	Aug. 28, 2014	2 Years
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1750V2	1055	Aug. 28, 2014	2 Years
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d036	Jan. 26, 2015	2 Years
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	737	Aug. 21, 2014	2 Years
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D5GHzV2	1019	Aug. 25, 2014	2 Years
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3578	Mar. 31, 2015	1 Year
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3820	Jun. 19, 2015	1 Year
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3971	Mar. 26, 2015	1 Year
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3590	Feb. 26, 2015	1 Year
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE3	510	Aug. 26, 2014	1 Year
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4	915	Jun. 11, 2015	1 Year
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4	1431	Mar. 20, 2015	1 Year
Wireless Communication Test Set	Agilent	E5515C	MY50260642	Nov. 25, 2013	2 Years
Radio Communication Analyzer	Anritsu	MT8802C	6201381727	May. 07, 2015	1 Year
ENA Series Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	MY46214281	Jun. 23, 2015	1 Year
ENA Series Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	MY46107999	Apr. 07, 2015	1 Year
EXA Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9010A	MY53470455	Feb. 26, 2015	1 Year
MXG Vector Signal Generator	Agilent	N5182B	MY53050430	Oct. 30, 2014	1 Year
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	1218009	Jul. 06, 2015	1 Year
Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	1207252	Jul. 06, 2015	1 Year
Thermometer	YFE	YF-160A	130504579	Aug. 21, 2014	1 Year

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6. Measurement Uncertainty

Source of Uncertainty	Tolerance (± %)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Standard Uncertainty (± %, 1g)	Standard Uncertainty (± %, 10g)	Vi
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	6.0	Normal	1	1	1	6.0	6.0	8
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	0.707	0.707	1.9	1.9	8
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	0.707	0.707	3.9	3.9	8
Boundary Effect	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	8
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	8
System Detection Limits	0.25	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.14	0.14	8
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	8
Response Time	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	8
Integration Time	1.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.0	1.0	8
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	8
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	8
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.2	0.2	8
Probe Positioning with Respect to Phantom Shell	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	8
Extrapolation, interpolation, and integration algorithms for max. SAR evaluation	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2	8
Test Sample Related								
Test Sample Positioning	1.5 / 0.7	Normal	1	1	1	1.5	0.7	32
Device Holder Uncertainty	4.2 / 1.8	Normal	1	1	1	4.2	1.8	32
Output Power Variation - SAR Drift Measurement	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	8
Phantom and Tissue Parameters								
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and Thickness Tolerances)	7.2	Rectangular	√3	1	1	4.2	4.2	8
Liquid Conductivity - Deviation from Target Values	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	8
Liquid Conductivity - Measurement Uncertainty	1.0	Normal	1	0.64	0.43	0.6	0.4	25
Liquid Permittivity - Deviation from Target Values	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	8
Liquid Permittivity - Measurement Uncertainty	0.5	Normal	1	0.60	0.49	0.3	0.2	25
Combined Standard Uncertainty						± 11.2 %	± 10.4 %	
Expanded Uncertainty (K=2)						± 22.4 %	± 20.8 %	

Uncertainty budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

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Source of Uncertainty	Tolerance (± %)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Standard Uncertainty (± %, 1g)	Standard Uncertainty (± %, 10g)	Vi
Measurement System						_		
Probe Calibration	6.55	Normal	1	1	1	6.55	6.55	8
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	0.707	0.707	1.9	1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	0.707	0.707	3.9	3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	8
System Detection Limits	0.25	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.14	0.14	8
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	8
Response Time	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Integration Time	1.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning with Respect to Phantom Shell	6.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation, and integration algorithms for max. SAR evaluation	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Test Sample Related								
Test Sample Positioning	1.5 / 0.7	Normal	1	1	1	1.5	0.7	32
Device Holder Uncertainty	4.2 / 1.8	Normal	1	1	1	4.2	1.8	32
Output Power Variation - SAR Drift Measurement	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	8
Phantom and Tissue Parameters								
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and Thickness Tolerances)	7.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	4.4	4.4	8
Liquid Conductivity - Deviation from Target Values	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	8
Liquid Conductivity - Measurement Uncertainty	1.0	Normal	1	0.64	0.43	0.6	0.4	25
Liquid Permittivity - Deviation from Target Values	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	8
Liquid Permittivity - Measurement Uncertainty	0.5	Normal	1	0.60	0.49	0.3	0.2	25
Combined Standard Uncertainty						± 12.3 %	± 11.5 %	
Expanded Uncertainty (K=2)						± 24.6 %	± 23.0 %	

Uncertainty budget for frequency range 3 GHz to 6 GHz

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7. Information on the Testing Laboratories

We, Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch, were founded in 1988 to provide our best service in EMC, Radio, Telecom and Safety consultation. Our laboratories are accredited and approved according to ISO/IEC 17025.

If you have any comments, please feel free to contact us at the following:

Taiwan HwaYa EMC/RF/Safety/Telecom Lab:

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The road map of all our labs can be found in our web site also.

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Appendix A. SAR Plots of System Verification

The plots for system verification with largest deviation for each SAR system combination are shown as follows.

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System Check_H750_150717

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; SN: 1013

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H06T09N1_0717 Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; $\sigma = 0.89$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 43.198$; $\rho =$

Date: 2015/07/17

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 23.0 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

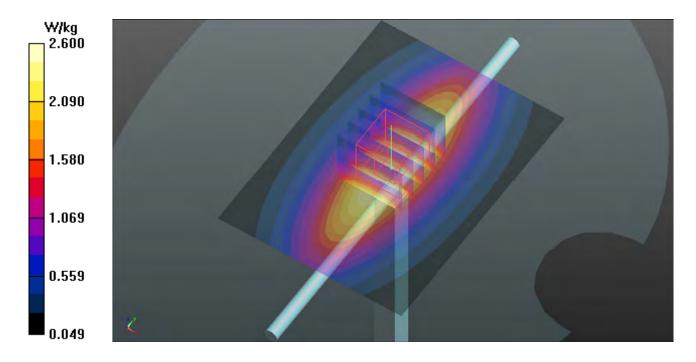
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3578; ConvF(9.59, 9.59, 9.59); Calibrated: 2015/03/31;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2014/08/26
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1652; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.60 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 55.19 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.07 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.06 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.37 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.60 W/kg



System Check_H835_150717

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; SN: 4d121

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H07T10N1_0717 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.909$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 41.114$; $\rho =$

Date: 2015/07/17

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 23.2 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

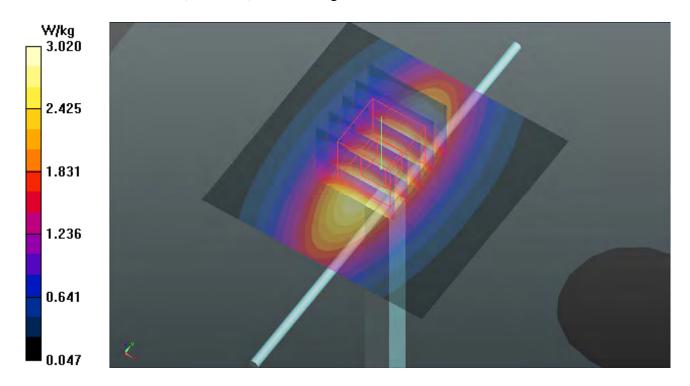
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3971; ConvF(9.88, 9.88, 9.88); Calibrated: 2015/03/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1431; Calibrated: 2015/03/20
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1823; Type: QD000P40CD;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.02 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 58.93 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.50 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.43 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.62 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.03 W/kg



System Check_H1750_150717

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; SN: 1055

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H16T20N1_0717 Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; $\sigma = 1.328$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.493$; ρ

Date: 2015/07/17

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.7 °C; Liquid Temperature : 23.3 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3971; ConvF(8.26, 8.26, 8.26); Calibrated: 2015/03/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1431; Calibrated: 2015/03/20
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1823; Type: QD000P40CD;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

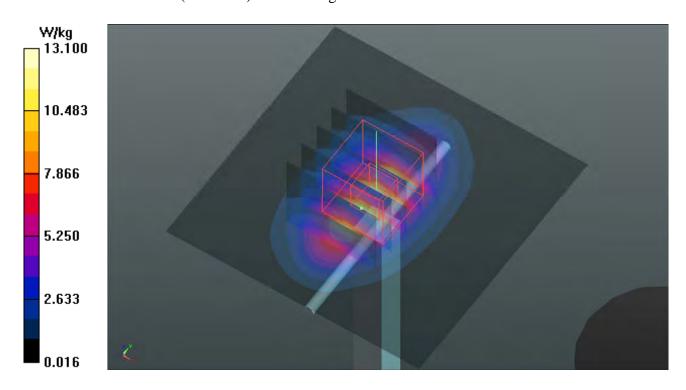
Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.1 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 100.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.93 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.77 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.5 W/kg



System Check_H1900_150717

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; SN: 5d036

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H16T20N1_0717 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.459$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.97$; ρ

Date: 2015/07/17

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.7 °C; Liquid Temperature : 23.3 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

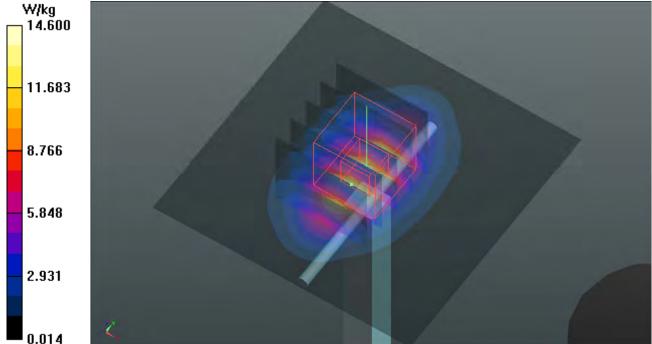
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3971; ConvF(8.11, 8.11, 8.11); Calibrated: 2015/03/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1431; Calibrated: 2015/03/20
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom 1823; Type: QD000P40CD;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.6 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 99.97 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.75 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.05 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.0 W/kg W/kg 14.600



System Check_H2450_150725

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; SN: 737

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H19T27N2_0725 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.869$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 37.934$; $\rho =$

Date: 2015/07/25

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.2 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

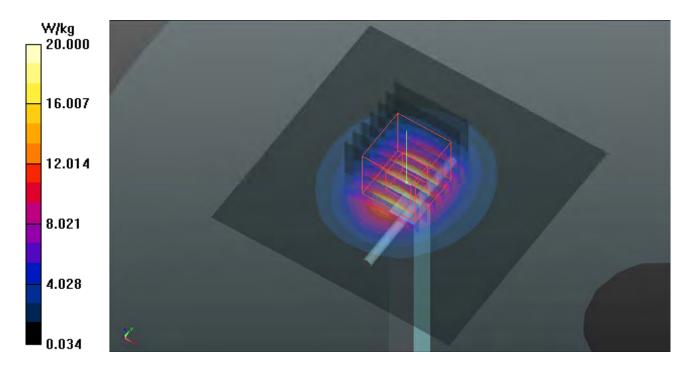
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3971; ConvF(7.38, 7.38, 7.38); Calibrated: 2015/03/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1431; Calibrated: 2015/03/20
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1652; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.0 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 104.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.69 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.0 W/kg



System Check_H5300_150725

DUT: Dipole 5 GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; SN: 1019

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5300 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H34T60N3_0725 Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz; $\sigma = 4.684$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.648$; $\rho =$

Date: 2015/07/25

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.1 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.2 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3971; ConvF(5.18, 5.18, 5.18); Calibrated: 2015/03/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1431; Calibrated: 2015/03/20
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1653; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.4 W/kg

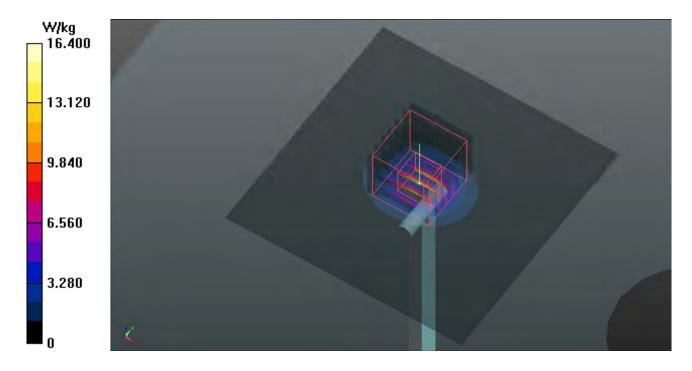
Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 62.74 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.92 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.24 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.8 W/kg



System Check_H5600_150725

DUT: Dipole 5 GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; SN: 1019

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H34T60N3_0725 Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; $\sigma = 4.976$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.187$; $\rho =$

Date: 2015/07/25

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.1 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.2 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3971; ConvF(4.8, 4.8, 4.8); Calibrated: 2015/03/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1431; Calibrated: 2015/03/20
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1653; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.0 W/kg

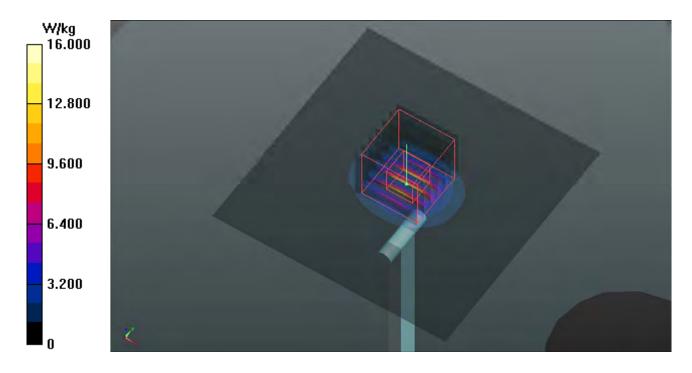
Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 62.93 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.03 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.25 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.8 W/kg



System Check_H5800_150725

DUT: Dipole 5 GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; SN: 1019

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H34T60N3_0725 Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; $\sigma = 5.189$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.912$; $\rho =$

Date: 2015/07/25

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.1 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.2 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3971; ConvF(4.73, 4.73, 4.73); Calibrated: 2015/03/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1431; Calibrated: 2015/03/20
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1653; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.9 W/kg

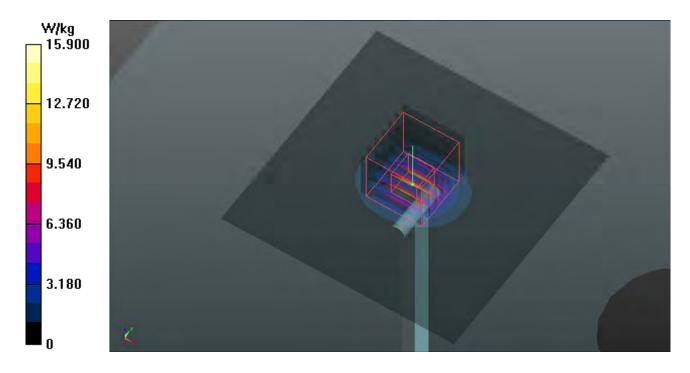
Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 59.81 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.49 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.11 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.0 W/kg



System Check_B750_150718

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; SN: 1013

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B06T09N1_0718 Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; $\sigma = 0.992$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.096$; $\rho = 0.992$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.096$; $\epsilon_r = 55.096$

Date: 2015/07/18

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.7 °C; Liquid Temperature: 23.1 °C

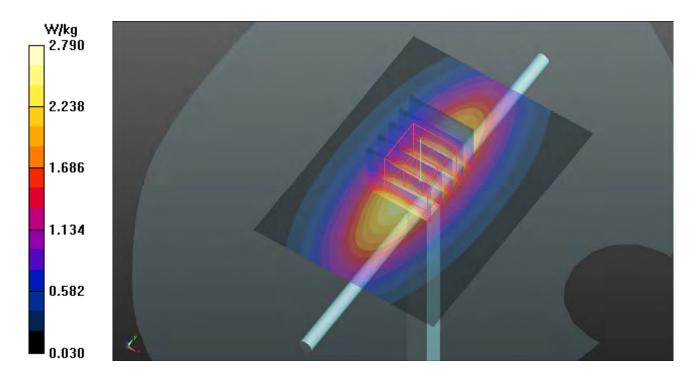
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3820; ConvF(8.91, 8.91, 8.91); Calibrated: 2015/06/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn915; Calibrated: 2015/06/11
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1485; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.79 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 53.73 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.19 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.22 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.51 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.76 W/kg



System Check_B835_150716

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; SN: 4d121

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B07T10N1_0716 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 1.001$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.293$; $\rho = 1.001$ Medium: $\varepsilon_r = 55.293$

Date: 2015/07/16

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.9 °C; Liquid Temperature: 23.1 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

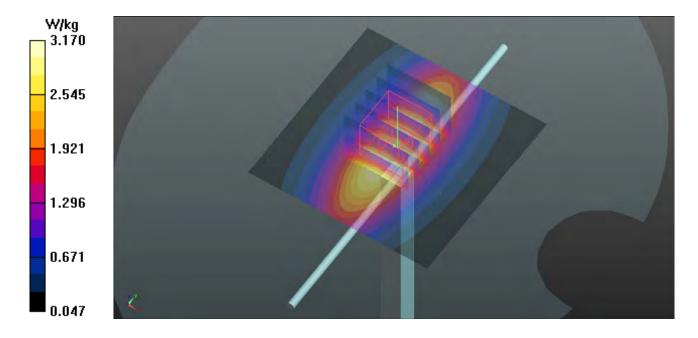
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3578; ConvF(9.27, 9.27, 9.27); Calibrated: 2015/03/31;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2014/08/26
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1653; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.17 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 53.80 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.72 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.46 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.61 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.12 W/kg



System Check_B1750_150724

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; SN: 1055

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B16T20N1_0724 Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; $\sigma = 1.438$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.394$; $\rho =$

Date: 2015/07/24

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3590; ConvF(8.53, 8.53, 8.53); Calibrated: 2015/02/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2015/04/28
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1485; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

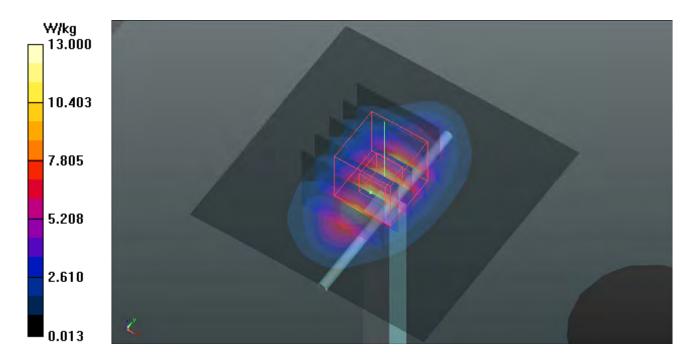
Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.0 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 95.31 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.97 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.86 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.3 W/kg



System Check_B1900_150715

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; SN: 5d036

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B16T20N1_0715 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.584$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.865$; $\rho = 1.584$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.865$; $\epsilon_r = 50.865$

Date: 2015/07/15

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

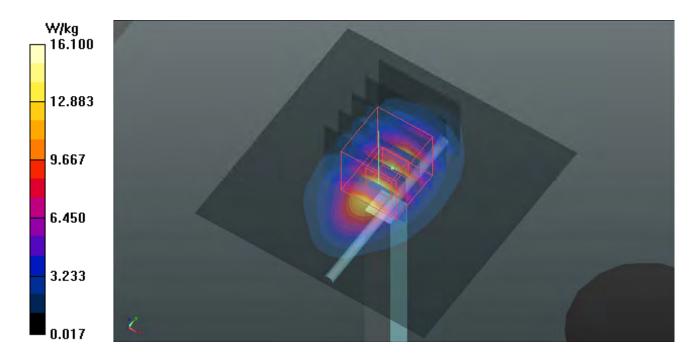
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3820; ConvF(7.52, 7.52, 7.52); Calibrated: 2015/06/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn915; Calibrated: 2015/06/11
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1485; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.1 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 99.09 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.53 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.0 W/kg



System Check_B2450_150724

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; SN: 737

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B19T27N1_0724 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.997$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.382$; $\rho =$

Date: 2015/07/24

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.3 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

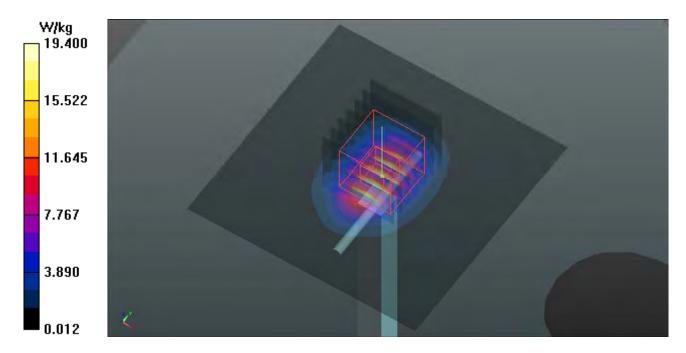
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3590; ConvF(7.78, 7.78, 7.78); Calibrated: 2015/02/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2015/04/28
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1822; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.4 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 99.48 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **12.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g)** = **5.71 W/kg** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.5 W/kg



System Check_B5300_150725

DUT: Dipole 5 GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; SN: 1019

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5300 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B34T60N3_0725 Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz; $\sigma = 5.453$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 49.141$; $\rho =$

Date: 2015/07/25

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.6°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.4°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3971; ConvF(4.3, 4.3, 4.3); Calibrated: 2015/03/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1431; Calibrated: 2015/03/20
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1653; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.6 W/kg

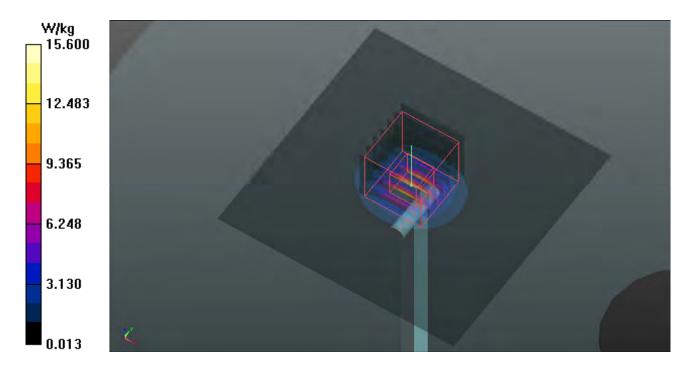
Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 58.22 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.38 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.09 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.3 W/kg



System Check_B5600_150725

DUT: Dipole 5 GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; SN: 1019

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B34T60N3_0725 Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; $\sigma = 5.809$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.516$; $\rho =$

Date: 2015/07/25

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3971; ConvF(3.81, 3.81, 3.81); Calibrated: 2015/03/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1431; Calibrated: 2015/03/20
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1653; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.8 W/kg

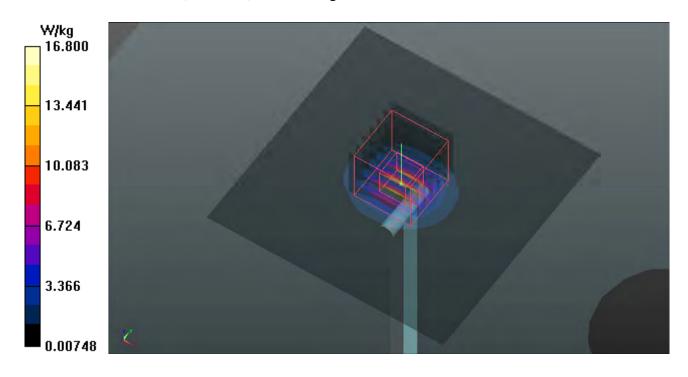
Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 60.59 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.91 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.26 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.7 W/kg



System Check_B5800_150725

DUT: Dipole 5 GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; SN: 1019

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B34T60N3_0725 Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; $\sigma = 6.058$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.593$; $\rho =$

Date: 2015/07/25

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3971; ConvF(4.07, 4.07, 4.07); Calibrated: 2015/03/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1431; Calibrated: 2015/03/20
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1653; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

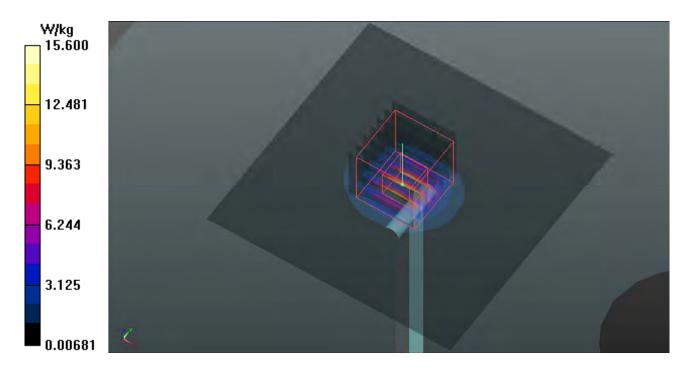
Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.6 W/kg

Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 56.35 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.35 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.1 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.5 W/kg







Appendix B. SAR Plots of SAR Measurement

The SAR plots for highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination, and measured SAR > 1.5 W/kg are shown as follows.

Report Format Version 5.0.0 Issued Date : Aug. 07, 2015

Report No. : SA150707C10

P01 GSM850_GPRS10_Left Cheek_Ch189

DUT: 150707C10

Communication System: GPRS10; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

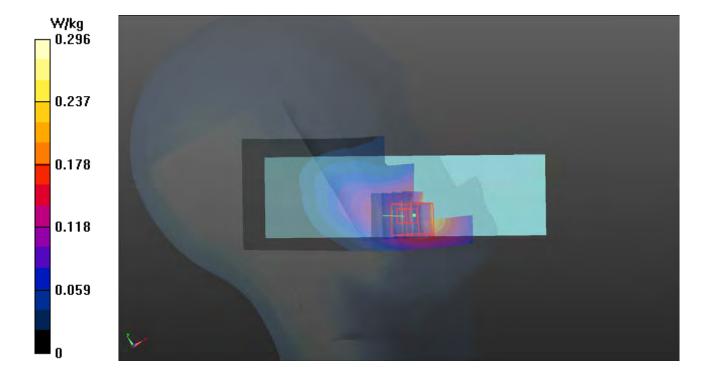
Medium: H07T10N1_0717 Medium parameters used: f = 836 MHz; $\sigma = 0.91$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.105$; $\rho =$

Date: 2015/07/17

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 23.2 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3971; ConvF(9.88, 9.88, 9.88); Calibrated: 2015/03/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1431; Calibrated: 2015/03/20
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1823; Type: QD000P40CD;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (61x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.274 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 2.719 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.358 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.180 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.117 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.296 W/kg



P02 GSM1900_GPRS10_Left Cheek_Ch661

DUT: 150707C10

Communication System: GPRS10; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

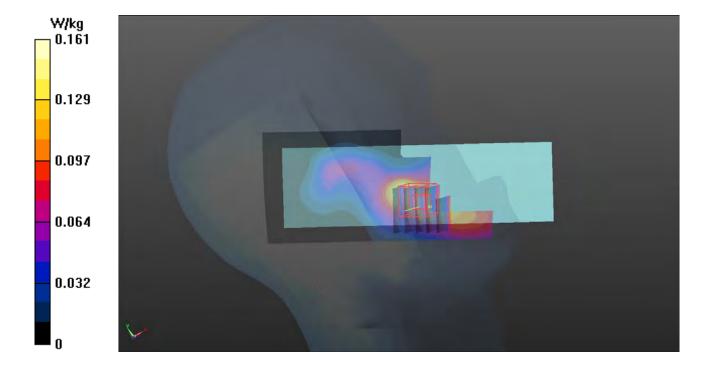
Medium: H16T20N1_0717 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.437$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.035$; ρ

Date: 2015/07/17

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.7 °C; Liquid Temperature : 23.3 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3971; ConvF(8.11, 8.11, 8.11); Calibrated: 2015/03/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1431; Calibrated: 2015/03/20
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1823; Type: QD000P40CD;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (61x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.161 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 3.285 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.263 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.102 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.059 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.197 W/kg



P03 WCDMA II_RMC12.2K_Left Cheek_Ch9538

DUT: 150707C10

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

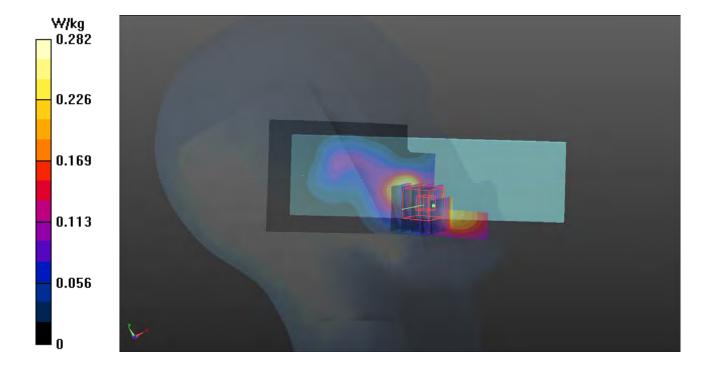
Medium: H16T20N1_0717 Medium parameters used: f=1908 MHz; $\sigma=1.468$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=40.934$; $\rho=1.468$ MHz; $\sigma=1.468$ MHz

Date: 2015/07/17

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.7 °C; Liquid Temperature : 23.3 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3971; ConvF(8.11, 8.11, 8.11); Calibrated: 2015/03/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1431; Calibrated: 2015/03/20
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1823; Type: QD000P40CD;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (61x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.282 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 4.261 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.465 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.230 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.125 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.349 W/kg



P04 WCDMA V_RMC12.2K_Left Cheek_Ch4233

DUT: 150707C10

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

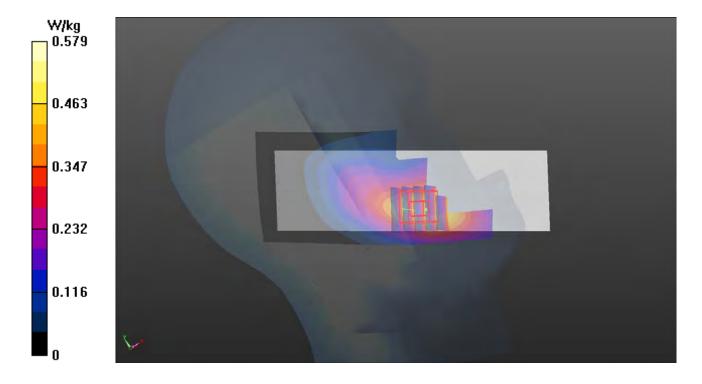
Medium: H07T10N1_0717 Medium parameters used: f = 847 MHz; $\sigma = 0.92$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.993$; $\rho = 0.92$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.993$; $\epsilon_r = 40.993$;

Date: 2015/07/17

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 23.2 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3971; ConvF(9.88, 9.88, 9.88); Calibrated: 2015/03/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1431; Calibrated: 2015/03/20
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1823; Type: QD000P40CD;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (61x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.579 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 4.819 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.724 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.424 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.286 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.609 W/kg



P05 LTE 2_QPSK20M_Left Cheek_Ch19100_1RB_OS0

DUT: 150707C10

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

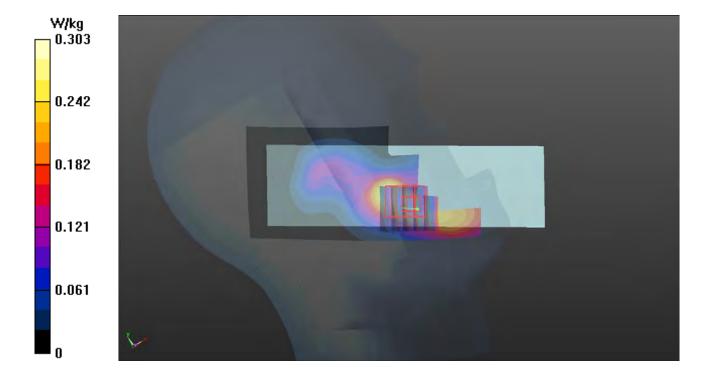
Medium: H16T20N1_0717 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.459$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.97$; ρ

Date: 2015/07/17

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.7 °C; Liquid Temperature : 23.3 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3971; ConvF(8.11, 8.11, 8.11); Calibrated: 2015/03/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1431; Calibrated: 2015/03/20
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1823; Type: QD000P40CD;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (61x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.303 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 3.645 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.403 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.224 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.130 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.294 W/kg



P06 LTE 4_QPSK20M_Left Cheek_Ch20175_1RB_OS0

DUT: 150707C10

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

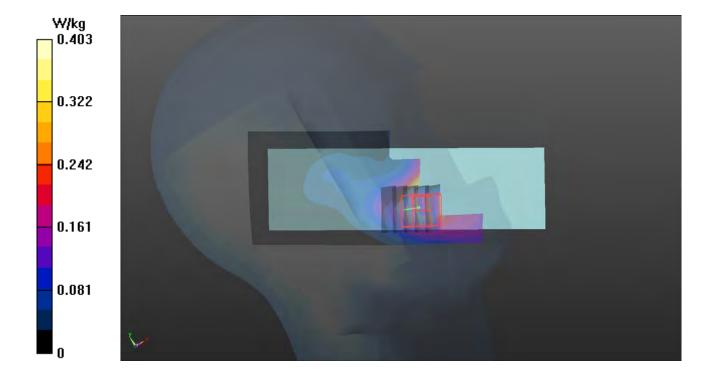
Medium: H16T20N1_0717 Medium parameters used: f=1732 MHz; $\sigma=1.314$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=41.573$; ρ

Date: 2015/07/17

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.7 °C; Liquid Temperature : 23.3 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3971; ConvF(8.26, 8.26, 8.26); Calibrated: 2015/03/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1431; Calibrated: 2015/03/20
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1823; Type: QD000P40CD;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (61x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.403 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 2.676 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.53 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.421 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.204 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.411 W/kg



P07 LTE 5_QPSK10M_Left Cheek_Ch20600_1RB_OS24

DUT: 150707C10

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 844 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

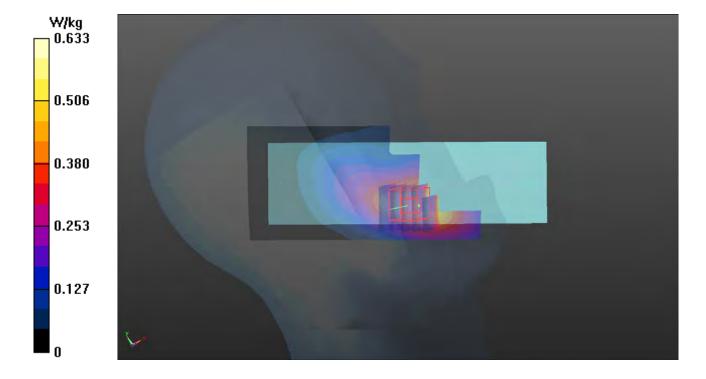
Medium: H07T10N1_0717 Medium parameters used: f = 844.1 MHz; $\sigma = 0.917$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.023$; $\rho = 0.917$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.023$

Date: 2015/07/17

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 23.2 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3971; ConvF(9.88, 9.88, 9.88); Calibrated: 2015/03/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1431; Calibrated: 2015/03/20
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1823; Type: QD000P40CD;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (61x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.633 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 5.131 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.820 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.496 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.328 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.691 W/kg



P08 LTE 12_QPSK10M_Left Cheek_Ch23060_1RB_OS24

DUT: 150707C10

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 704 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

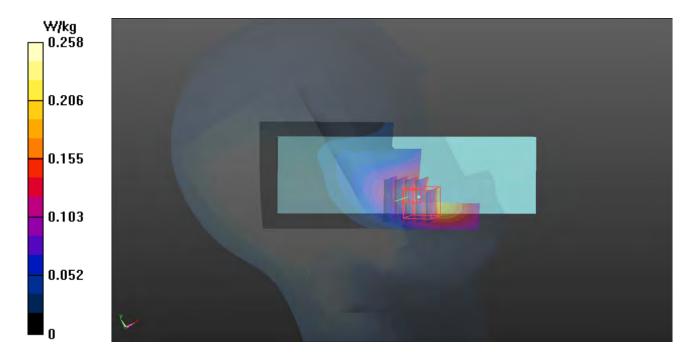
Medium: H06T09N1_0717 Medium parameters used: f = 704 MHz; $\sigma = 0.849$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 43.818$; ρ

Date: 2015/07/17

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 23.0 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3578; ConvF(9.59, 9.59, 9.59); Calibrated: 2015/03/31;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2014/08/26
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1652; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (61x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.258 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 2.636 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.353 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.202 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.140 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.284 W/kg



P09 LTE 17_QPSK10M_Right Cheek_Ch23800_1RB_OS24

DUT: 150707C10

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 711 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

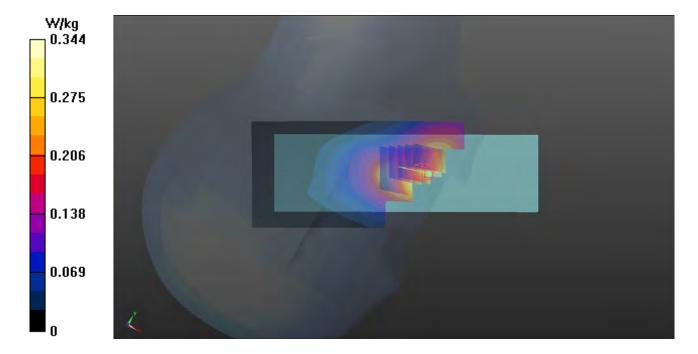
Medium: H06T09N1_0717 Medium parameters used: f = 711 MHz; $\sigma = 0.855$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 43.731$; ρ

Date: 2015/07/17

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 23.0 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3578; ConvF(9.59, 9.59, 9.59); Calibrated: 2015/03/31;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2014/08/26
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1652; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (61x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.344 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 3.188 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.414 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.265 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.173 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.358 W/kg



P10 2.4G WLAN 802.11b Left Cheek Ch6

DUT: 150707C10

Communication System: WLAN_2.4G; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

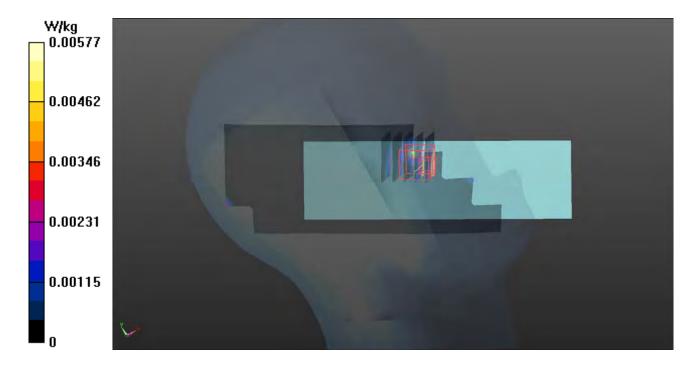
Medium: H19T27N2_0725 Medium parameters used: f = 2436 MHz; $\sigma = 1.853$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.985$; $\rho =$

Date: 2015/07/25

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.2 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3971; ConvF(7.38, 7.38, 7.38); Calibrated: 2015/03/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1431; Calibrated: 2015/03/20
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1652; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (71x221x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.00577 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0510 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.016 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00297 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0230 W/kg



P11 GSM850 GPRS10 Rear Face 1.5cm Ch189

DUT: 150707C10

Communication System: GPRS10; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

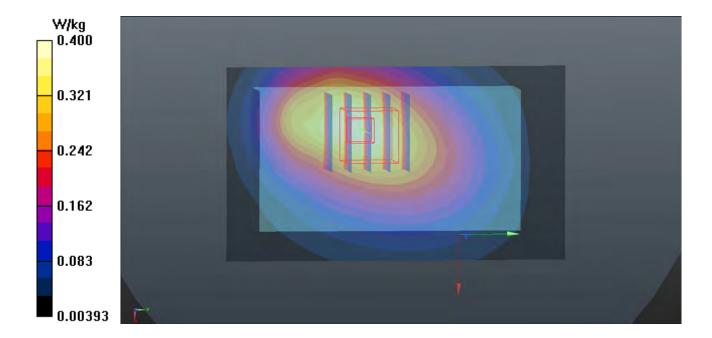
Medium: B07T10N1_0716 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 1.002$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.283$; $\rho = 1.002$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.283$

Date: 2015/07/16

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.9 °C; Liquid Temperature: 23.1 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3578; ConvF(9.27, 9.27, 9.27); Calibrated: 2015/03/31;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2014/08/26
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1653; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (51x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.400 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 18.04 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.451 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.334 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.239 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.396 W/kg



P12 GSM1900_GPRS10_Rear Face_1.5cm_Ch661

DUT: 150707C10

Communication System: GPRS10; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

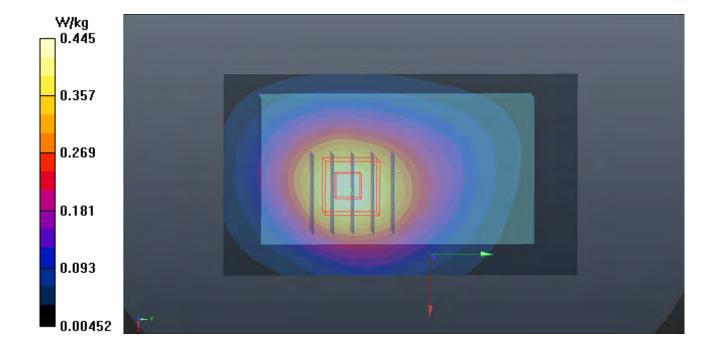
Medium: B16T20N1_0715 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.561$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.907$; $\rho = 1.561$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.907$; $\epsilon_r = 50.907$

Date: 2015/07/15

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.9 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3820; ConvF(7.52, 7.52, 7.52); Calibrated: 2015/06/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn915; Calibrated: 2015/06/11
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1485; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.445 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 14.04 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.500 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.332 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.213 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.421 W/kg



P13 WCDMA II_RMC12.2K_Rear Face_1.5cm_Ch9538

DUT: 150707C10

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

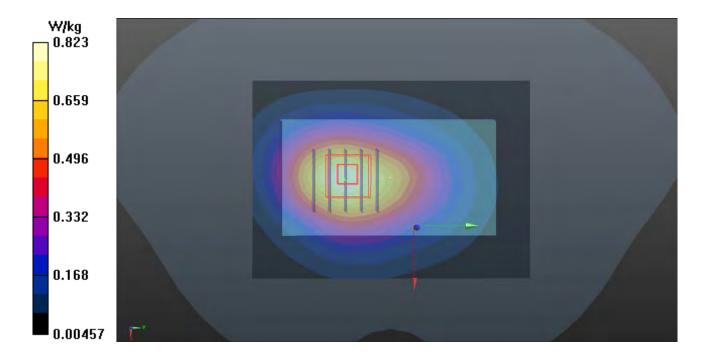
Medium: B16T20N1_0717 Medium parameters used: f=1908 MHz; $\sigma=1.594$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=50.794$; $\rho=1.594$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=50.794$

Date: 2015/07/17

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 23.0 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3578; ConvF(7.28, 7.28, 7.28); Calibrated: 2015/03/31;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2014/08/26
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1653; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (71x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.823 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 19.28 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.890 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.593 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.386 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.749 W/kg



P14 WCDMA V_RMC12.2K_Rear Face_1.5cm_Ch4233

DUT: 150707C10

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

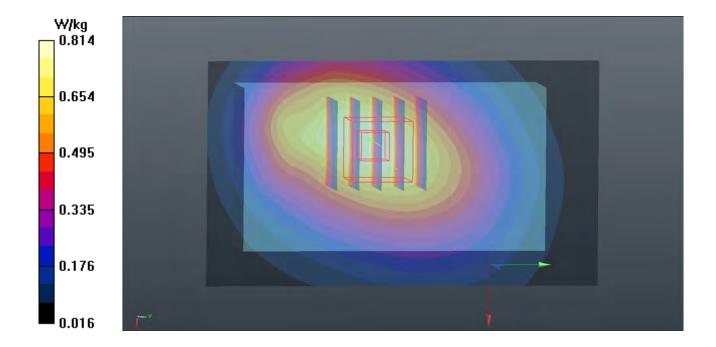
Medium: B07T10N1_0716 Medium parameters used: f = 847 MHz; $\sigma = 1.012$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.219$; $\rho = 1.012$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.219$; $\rho = 1.012$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 1.012$ S/m;

Date: 2015/07/16

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.9 °C; Liquid Temperature: 23.1 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3578; ConvF(9.27, 9.27, 9.27); Calibrated: 2015/03/31;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2014/08/26
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1653; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (51x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.814 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 27.39 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.920 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.699 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.508 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.830 W/kg



P15 LTE 2_QPSK20M_Rear Face_1.5cm_Ch19100_1RB_OS0

DUT: 150707C10

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

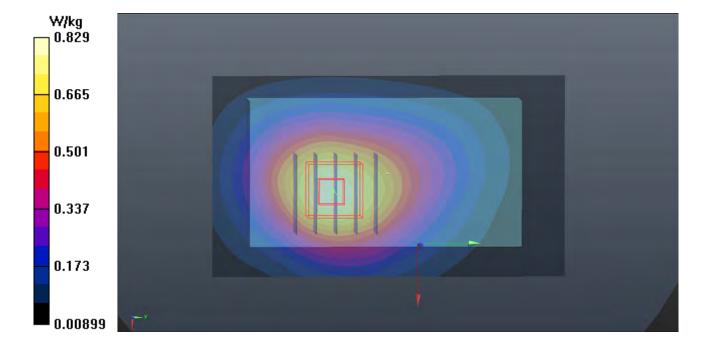
Medium: B16T20N1_0715 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.584$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.865$; $\rho = 1.584$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.865$

Date: 2015/07/15

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.9 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3820; ConvF(7.52, 7.52, 7.52); Calibrated: 2015/06/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn915; Calibrated: 2015/06/11
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1485; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.829 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 19.31 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.917 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.613 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.393 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.772 W/kg



P16 LTE 4_QPSK20M_Rear Face_1.5cm_Ch20175_1RB_OS0

DUT: 150707C10

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

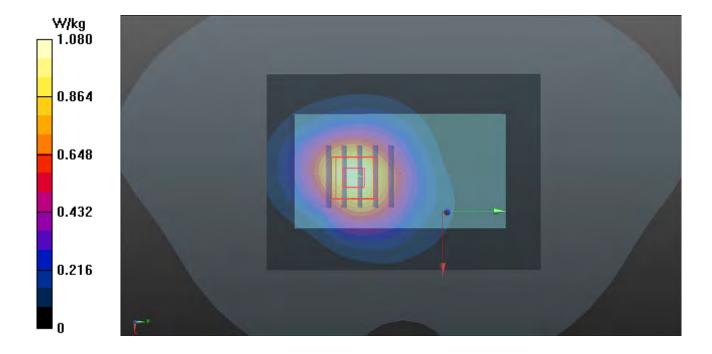
Medium: B16T20N1_0717 Medium parameters used: f = 1732 MHz; $\sigma = 1.443$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 51.27$; ρ

Date: 2015/07/17

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 23.0 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3578; ConvF(7.65, 7.65, 7.65); Calibrated: 2015/03/31;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2014/08/26
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1653; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (71x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.08 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 17.73 V/m; Power Drift = 0.19 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.16 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.77 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.497 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.980 W/kg



P17 LTE 5_QPSK10M_Rear Face_1.5cm_Ch20600_1RB_OS24

DUT: 150707C10

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 844 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

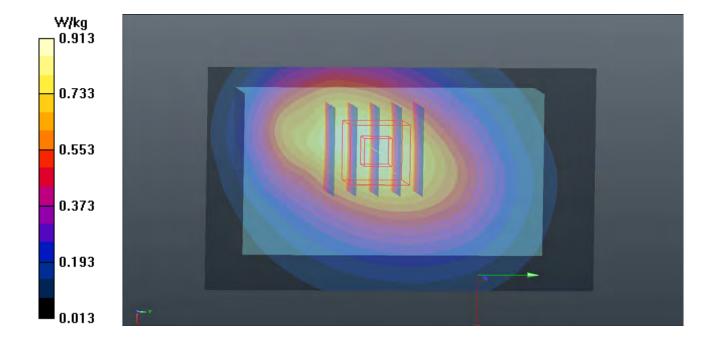
Medium: B07T10N1_0716 Medium parameters used: f = 844 MHz; $\sigma = 1.009$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.236$; $\rho = 1.009$ Medium: $\varepsilon_r = 55.236$

Date: 2015/07/16

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.9 °C; Liquid Temperature: 23.1 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3578; ConvF(9.27, 9.27, 9.27); Calibrated: 2015/03/31;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2014/08/26
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1653; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.913 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 28.47 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.00 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.764 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.560 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.890 W/kg



P18 LTE 12_QPSK10M_Rear Face_1.5cm_Ch23060_1RB_OS24

DUT: 150707C10

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 704 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

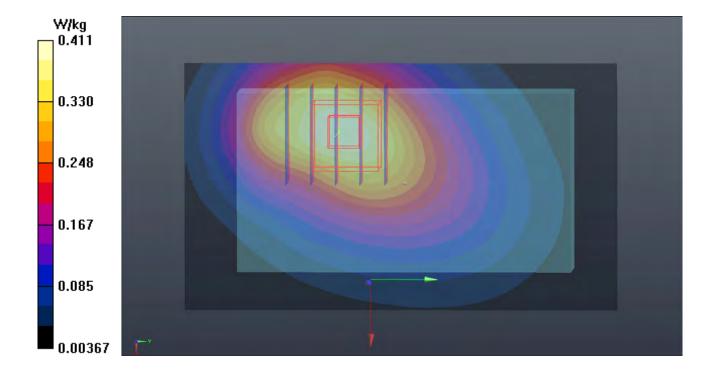
Medium: B06T09N1_0718 Medium parameters used: f = 704 MHz; $\sigma = 0.949$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.594$; $\rho = 0.949$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.594$; $\rho = 0.949$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 0.949$ S/m;

Date: 2015/07/18

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.7 °C; Liquid Temperature: 23.1 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3820; ConvF(8.91, 8.91, 8.91); Calibrated: 2015/06/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn915; Calibrated: 2015/06/11
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1485; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.411 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 16.93 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.452 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.334 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.238 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.400 W/kg



P19 LTE 17_QPSK10M_Rear Face_1.5cm_Ch23800_1RB_OS24

DUT: 150707C10

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 711 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

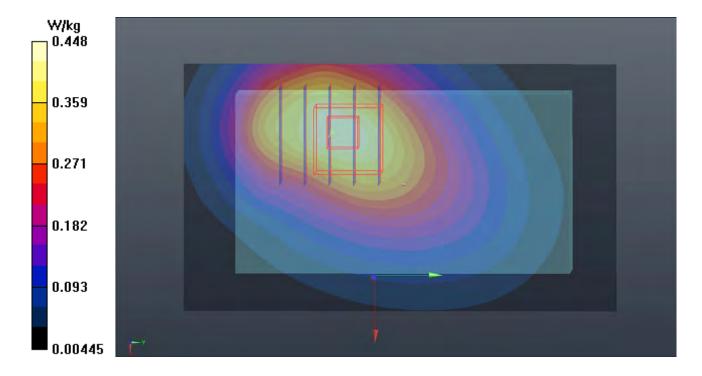
Medium: B06T09N1_0718 Medium parameters used: f = 711 MHz; $\sigma = 0.955$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.533$; $\rho = 0.955$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.533$; $\epsilon_r = 55.533$

Date: 2015/07/18

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.7 °C; Liquid Temperature: 23.1 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3820; ConvF(8.91, 8.91, 8.91); Calibrated: 2015/06/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn915; Calibrated: 2015/06/11
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1485; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.448 W/kg
- **Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 17.91 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.503 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.372 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.265 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.443 W/kg



P20 2.4G WLAN_802.11b_Rear Face_1.5cm_Ch6

DUT: 150707C10

Communication System: WLAN_2.4G; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

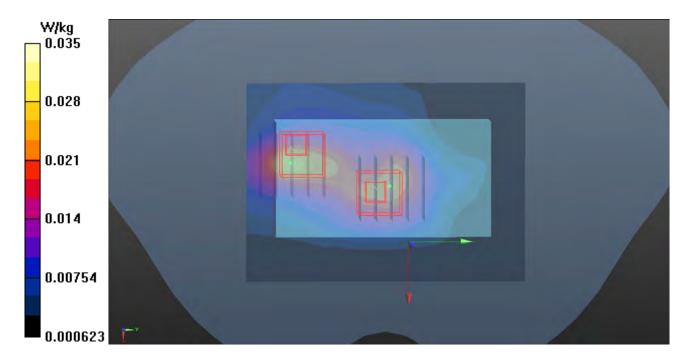
Medium: B19T27N1_0724 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.982$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 51.411$; $\rho =$

Date: 2015/07/24

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.3 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3590; ConvF(7.78, 7.78, 7.78); Calibrated: 2015/02/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2015/04/28
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1822; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (91x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0287 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 3.174 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0580 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.020 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00965 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0352 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 3.174 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0300 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.015 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00784 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0230 W/kg



P21 5.3G WLAN_802.11a_Rear Face_1.5cm_Ch60

DUT: 150707C10

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5300 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

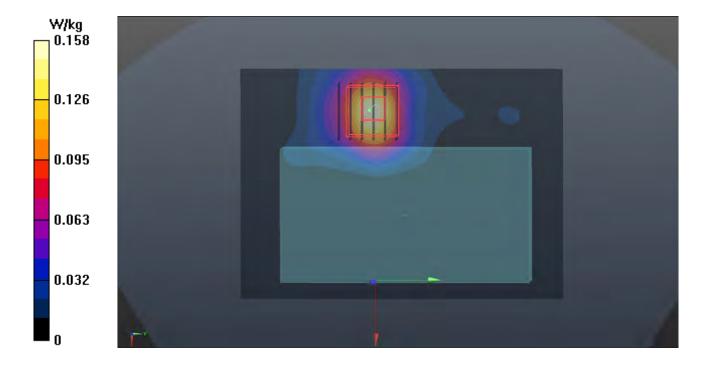
Medium: B34T60N3_0725 Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz; $\sigma = 5.453$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 49.141$; $\rho = 5.453$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 49.141$; $\epsilon_r = 49.141$

Date: 2015/07/25

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.6°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.4°C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3971; ConvF(4.3, 4.3, 4.3); Calibrated: 2015/03/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1431; Calibrated: 2015/03/20
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1653; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (101x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.158 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (6x6x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 0.4570 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.307 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.087 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.033 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.163 W/kg



P22 5.6G WLAN_802.11a_Rear Face_1.5cm_Ch116

DUT: 150707C10

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5580 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

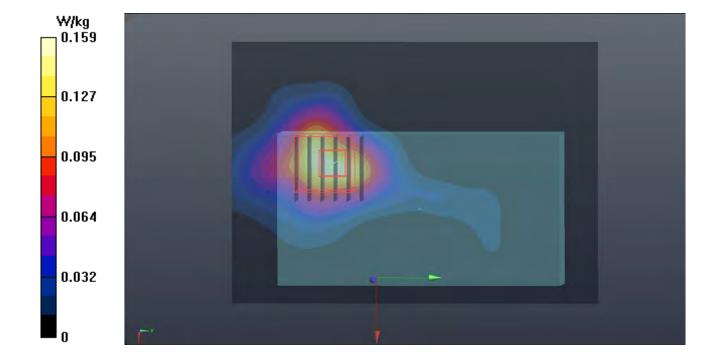
Medium: B34T60N3_0725 Medium parameters used: f = 5580 MHz; $\sigma = 5.711$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.596$; $\rho = 6.711$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.596$; $\epsilon_r = 6.711$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 6.7111$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 6.7111$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 6.7111$

Date: 2015/07/25

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.6°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.4°C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3971; ConvF(3.81, 3.81, 3.81); Calibrated: 2015/03/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1431; Calibrated: 2015/03/20
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1653; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (101x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.159 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (6x6x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 1.562 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.229 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.059 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.024 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.123 W/kg



P23 5.8G WLAN_802.11a_Rear Face_1.5cm_Ch157

DUT: 150707C10

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5785 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

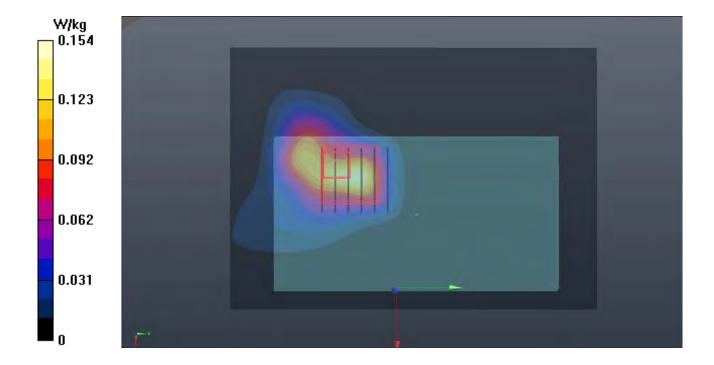
Medium: B34T60N3_0725 Medium parameters used: f = 5785 MHz; $\sigma = 6.056$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.763$; $\rho = 6.056$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.763$; $\epsilon_r = 48.763$

Date: 2015/07/25

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.6°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.4°C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3971; ConvF(4.07, 4.07, 4.07); Calibrated: 2015/03/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1431; Calibrated: 2015/03/20
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1653; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (101x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.154 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (6x6x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 1.369 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.300 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.041 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.016 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0867 W/kg



P24 GSM850_GPRS10_Rear Face_1cm_Ch189

DUT: 150707C10

Communication System: GPRS10; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

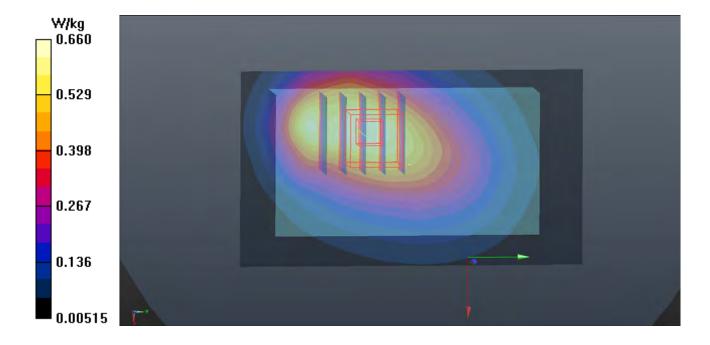
Medium: B07T10N1_0716 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 1.002$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.283$; $\rho =$

Date: 2015/07/16

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.9°C; Liquid Temperature: 23.1°C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3578; ConvF(9.27, 9.27, 9.27); Calibrated: 2015/03/31;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2014/08/26
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1653; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (51x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.660 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 22.03 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.774 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.547 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.381 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.663 W/kg



P25 GSM1900_GPRS10_Rear Face_1cm_Ch661

DUT: 150707C10

Communication System: GPRS10; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: B16T20N1_0715 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.561$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.907$; $\rho = 1.561$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.907$; $\epsilon_r = 50.907$

Date: 2015/07/15

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3820; ConvF(7.52, 7.52, 7.52); Calibrated: 2015/06/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn915; Calibrated: 2015/06/11
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1485; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.784 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 17.08 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.832 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.550 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.349 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.699 W/kg



P26 WCDMA II_RMC12.2K_Rear Face_1cm_Ch9262

DUT: 150707C10

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

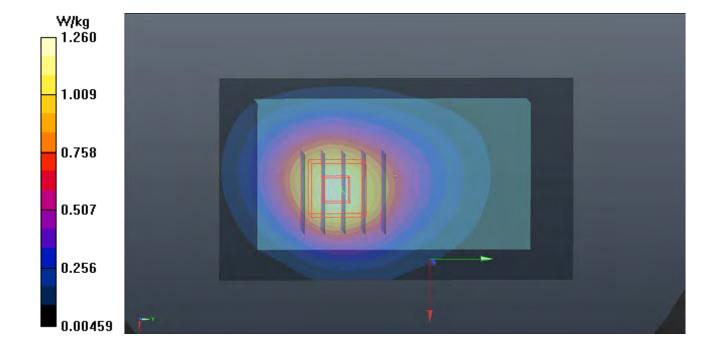
Medium: B16T20N1_0724 Medium parameters used: f = 1852.4 MHz; $\sigma = 1.532$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 51.07$; $\rho = 1.532$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 51.07$

Date: 2015/07/24

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3590; ConvF(8.08, 8.08, 8.08); Calibrated: 2015/02/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2015/04/28
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1485; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.26 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 20.87 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.48 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.956 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.592 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.23 W/kg



P27 WCDMA V_RMC12.2K_Rear Face_1cm_Ch4182

DUT: 150707C10

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

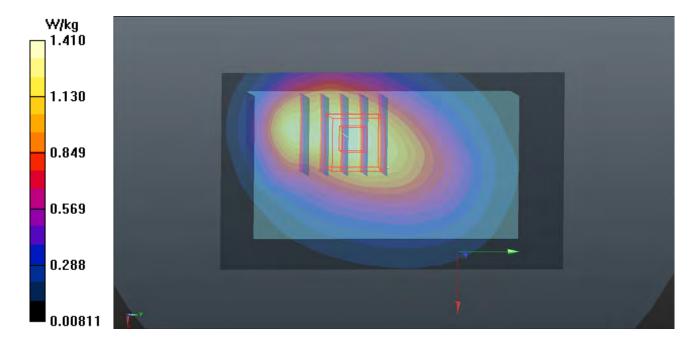
Medium: B07T10N1_0716 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 1.002$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.283$; $\rho =$

Date: 2015/07/16

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.9°C; Liquid Temperature: 23.1°C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3578; ConvF(9.27, 9.27, 9.27); Calibrated: 2015/03/31;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2014/08/26
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1653; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (51x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.41 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 32.95 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.65 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.07 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.735 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.42 W/kg



P28 LTE 2_QPSK20M_Rear Face_1cm_Ch18700_1RB_OS0

DUT: 150707C10

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1860 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

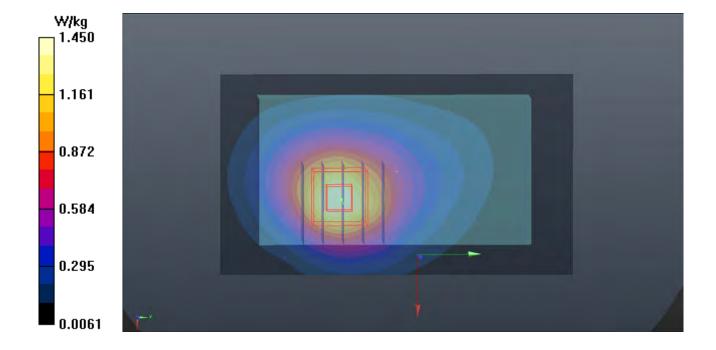
Medium: B16T20N1_0715 Medium parameters used: f = 1860 MHz; $\sigma = 1.544$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.946$; $\rho = 1.544$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.946$; $\epsilon_r = 50.946$

Date: 2015/07/15

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.9 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3820; ConvF(7.52, 7.52, 7.52); Calibrated: 2015/06/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn915; Calibrated: 2015/06/11
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1485; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.45 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 20.55 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.53 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.627 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.28 W/kg



P29 LTE 4_QPSK20M_Rear Face_1cm_Ch20050_1RB_OS0

DUT: 150707C10

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1720 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

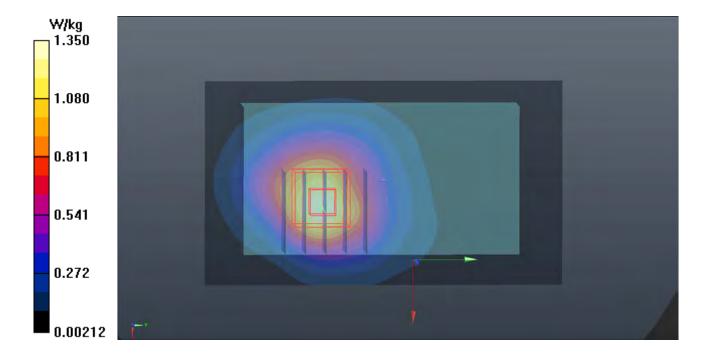
Medium: B16T20N1_0724 Medium parameters used: f = 1720 MHz; $\sigma = 1.416$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 51.5$; $\rho = 1.416$ Medium: $\sigma = 1.416$ S/m; $\sigma = 1.416$

Date: 2015/07/24

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3590; ConvF(8.53, 8.53, 8.53); Calibrated: 2015/02/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2015/04/28
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1485; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.35 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 17.30 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.44 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.925 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.576 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.20 W/kg



P30 LTE 5_QPSK10M_Rear Face_1cm_Ch20450_1RB_OS24

DUT: 150707C10

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 829 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B07T10N1_0716 Medium parameters used: f = 829 MHz; $\sigma = 0.995$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.343$; $\rho = 0.995$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.995$ S/m; $\sigma = 0.995$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.995$ S/m; $\sigma = 0.995$ S

Date: 2015/07/16

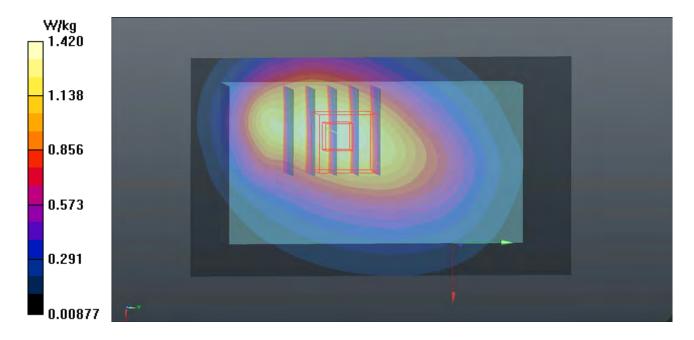
 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.9°C; Liquid Temperature: 23.1°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3578; ConvF(9.27, 9.27, 9.27); Calibrated: 2015/03/31;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2014/08/26
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1653; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (51x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.42 W/kg
- **Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 34.65 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.64 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.09 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.82 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.09 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.82 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.44 W/kg



P31 LTE 12_QPSK10M_Rear Face_1cm_Ch23060_1RB_OS24

DUT: 150707C10

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 704 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

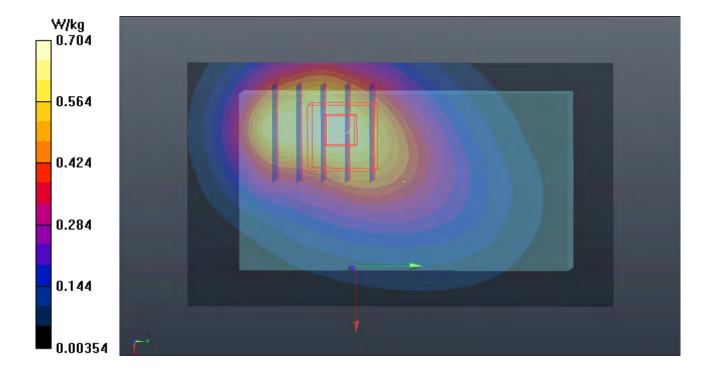
Medium: B06T09N1_0718 Medium parameters used: f = 704 MHz; $\sigma = 0.949$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.594$; $\rho = 0.949$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.594$; $\rho = 0.949$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 0.949$ S/m;

Date: 2015/07/18

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.7 °C; Liquid Temperature: 23.1 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3820; ConvF(8.91, 8.91, 8.91); Calibrated: 2015/06/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn915; Calibrated: 2015/06/11
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1485; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.704 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 21.05 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.796 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.572 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.392 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.695 W/kg



P32 LTE 17_QPSK10M_Rear Face_1cm_Ch23800_1RB_OS24

DUT: 150707C10

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 711 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

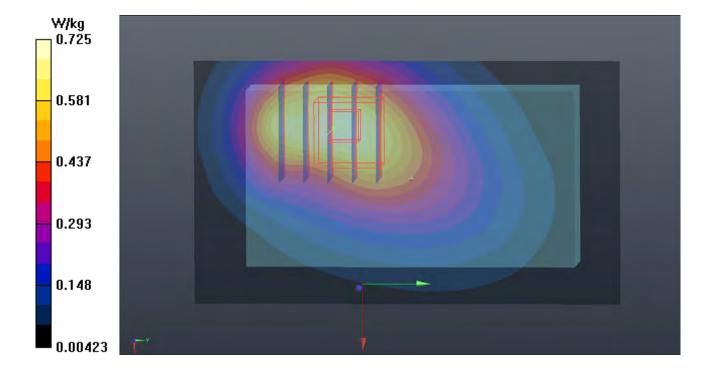
Medium: B06T09N1_0718 Medium parameters used: f = 711 MHz; $\sigma = 0.955$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.533$; $\rho = 0.955$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.533$; $\epsilon_r = 55.533$

Date: 2015/07/18

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.7 °C; Liquid Temperature: 23.1 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3820; ConvF(8.91, 8.91, 8.91); Calibrated: 2015/06/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn915; Calibrated: 2015/06/11
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1485; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.725 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 21.74 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.814 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.574 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.396 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.691 W/kg



P33 2.4G WLAN_802.11b_Rear Face_1cm_Ch6

DUT: 150707C10

Communication System: WLAN_2.4G; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B19T27N1_0724 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.982$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 51.411$; $\rho =$

Date: 2015/07/24

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.3 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3590; ConvF(7.78, 7.78, 7.78); Calibrated: 2015/02/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2015/04/28
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1822; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (91x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0550 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 3.804 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0810 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.037 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.017 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0577 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 3.804 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0450 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.024 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.013 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0330 W/kg

