

EMI - TEST REPORT

- FCC Part 15.247, RSS210 -



Type / Model Name : KTS340A

Product Description: Vehicle diagnosis tester

Applicant : Robert Bosch GmbH

Address : Franz-Oechsle-Str. 4

73207 PLOCHINGEN, GERMANY

Manufacturer : Robert Bosch GmbH

Address : Franz-Oechsle-Str. 4

73207 PLOCHINGEN, GERMANY

Licence holder: Robert Bosch GmbH

Address : Franz-Oechsle-Str. 4

73207 PLOCHINGEN, GERMANY

Test Result according to the standards listed in clause 1 test	POSITIVE
standards:	



The test report merely corresponds to the test sample. It is not permitted to copy extracts of these test results without the written permission of the test laboratory.



FCC ID:V74-KTS340A Contents

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Attachment A, T35231



1 TEST STANDARDS

The tests were performed according to following standards:

FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15, Subpart A - General (September, 2010)

Part 15, Subpart A, Section 15.31 Measurement standards

Part 15, Subpart A, Section 15.33 Frequency range of radiated measurements

Part 15, Subpart A, Section 15.35 Measurement detector functions and bandwidths

FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15 Subpart B - Unintentional Radiators (September, 2010)

Part 15, Subpart B, Section 15.107 AC Line conducted emission

☐ Class A device ☐ Class B device

Part 15, Subpart B, Section 15.109 Radiated emission, general requirements

FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15, Subpart C - Intentional Radiators (September, 2010)

Part 15, Subpart C, Section 15.203 Antenna requirement

Part 15, Subpart C, Section 15.204 External radio frequency power amplifiers and antenna modifications

Part 15, Subpart C, Section 15.205 Restricted bands of operation

Part 15, Subpart C, Section 15.207 Conducted limits

Part 15, Subpart C, Section 15.209 Radiated emission limits, general requirements

Part 15, Subpart C, Section 15.247 Operation within the bands 902 - 928 MHz, 2400 - 2483.5 MHz and

5725 - 5850 MHz

FCC Rules and Regulations Part 1, Subpart I - Procedures Implementing the National Environmental Policy
Act of 1969

Part 1, Subpart I, Section 1.1310 Radiofreq

Radiofrequency radiation exposure limits

Part 1, Subpart 2, Section 2.1093 Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable device

OET Bulletin 65, 65A, 65B, 65C Edition 97-01, August 1997 – Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields.

ANSI C63.4: 2003 Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-

Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz

to 40 GHz.

ANSI C95.1:1992 IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with respect to Human Exposure

to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz

CISPR 16-4-2: 2003 Uncertainty in EMC measurement

CISPR 22: 2005 Information technology equipment EN 55022: 2006

KDB 558074 Measurement of digital transmission systems operating under

Section 15.247. March 23, 2005.



2 SUMMARY

2.1 Test result summery

WLAN device using digital modulation:

Operating in the 2.400 GHz – 2.4835 GHz band:

FCC Rule Part	RSS Rule Part	Description	Result
15.207(a)	RSS Gen, 7.2.4.	AC power line conducted emissions	passed
15.247(a)(2)	RSS210, A8.2(a)	-6 dB EBW	passed
15.247(b)(3)	RSS-210, A8.4(4)	Peak power	passed
15.247(d)	RSS-210, A8.5	Out-of-band emission, radiated	passed
15.247(d)	RSS-Gen, 7.2.2	Emissions in restricted bands	passed
15.247(e)	RSS-210, A8.2(b)	PSD passed	
15.35(c)	RSS-Gen, 4.5	Pulsed operation not applicable	
15.247(i)	RSS 102, 2.5.2	MPE passed	
15.247(b)(4)	RSS-Gen, 7.1.2	Antenna requirement passed	
15.107	RSS Gen, 7.2.4.	AC power line conducted emissions passed	
15.109(a)	RSS-Gen, 6.1	Receiver spurious emissions, radiated passed	
17	RSS-Gen, 7.2.6	Transmitter frequency stability not applical	
	RSS-Gen, 4.6.1	99% Bandwidth	passed
OET Bulletin 65	RSS102, 3.2	Co-location, Co-transmission	passed

The mentioned RSS Rule Parts in the above table are related to:

RSS Gen, Issue 3, December 2010

RSS 210, Issue 8, December 2010

RSS 102, Issue 4, March 2010



GENERAL REMARKS:

The EUT consists of 1 WLAN module.

Available Features on KTS340A:

The KTS340A is the US-Version of the KTS340.

The EUT works as client only and for transmission the channel of the access point searched. The firmware does not support the adhoc mode and gives the user no possibility to choose the channel for data transmission.

The WLAN module is compatible with 802.11b, 802.11g standard. It supports the 2.4 GHz frequency band.

- 802.11b/g Mode 2.400 GHz – 2.4835 GHz

The module use DSSS or OFDM modulation and are capable to provide following data rates:

- 802.11b Mode 11, 5.5, 2, 1 Mbps (Mbps = *megabits per second*)

- 802.11g Mode 54, 48, 36, 24, 18, 12, 9, 6 Mbps

There is only one intergrated chip-antenna soldered on PCB-Board and listed below:

Number	Characteristic	Certification name	Plug	Frequency (GHz)	Gain (dBi)
1	Omni	ACX3216-B2R7HAA	No	2.4	0.5

The firmware supports the following listed channels and limits its max. power settings:

802.11b mode:

Channel	Max. Power setting	Frequency
1	10	2412 MHz
2	10	2417 MHz
3	10	2422 MHz
4	10	2427 MHz
5	10	2432 MHz
6	10	2437 MHz
7	10	2442 MHz
8	10	2447 MHz
9	10	2452 MHz
10	10	2457 MHz
11	10	2462 MHz

802.11g mode:

oz. i ig illodo.		
Channel	Max. Power setting	Frequency
1	13	2412 MHz
2	13	2417 MHz
3	13	2422 MHz
4	13	2427 MHz
5	13	2432 MHz
6	13	2437 MHz
7	13	2442 MHz
8	13	2447 MHz
9	13	2452 MHz
10	13	2457 MHz
11	13	2462 MHz

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Due to the various abilities of the EUT to be supplied with DC-Power, $9.6\ V$ internally battery, $12\ V$ DC from externally car battery, $15\ V$ DC from AC mains adapter and $24\ V$ from externally car battery, the supply with $24\ V$ DC is the worst case and used for all measurements as nominal voltage. The extreme voltage is stated by the manufacturer as:

Ability	External connector	External	Extrem	Extrem	Internal voltage deviation smaller
		nominal	voltage	voltage	than +/-1% of the WLAN-supply-
		voltage DC	(+)	(-)	voltage of 3.3V DC
1	barrel connector	15V	28 V	12 V	Yes
ı ı	(AC mains adapter)	(115 V/60 Hz)	20 V	12 V	165
2	OBD (car battery)	12V	32 V	7 V	Yes
3	OBD (car battery)	24V	32 V	7 V	Yes

FINAL ASSESSMENT:

The equipment under	test fulfills the l	EMI requirements	cited in clause 1	I test standards.
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Date of receipt of test sample	: _acc. to storage records
Testing commenced on	: <u>07 July 2011</u>
Testing concluded on	: _15 July 2011
Checked by:	Tested by:
Klaus Gegenfurtner Dipl. Ing.(FH) Manager: Radio Group	Hermann Smetana DiplIng.(FH) Radio Expert



3 EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

3.1 Photo documentation of the EUT – Detailed photos see attachment A

3.2 Power supply system utilised

Power supply voltage : 100 VAC – 240 VAC, 50 – 60 Hz, 15 VDC, 4600 mA

3.3 Short description of the equipment under test (EUT)

The EUT is supports the service of a vehicle in terms of reading data and error messages from an event memory via OBD-Cable. Additional it reads the settings of the engine control unit and that can compared with the default data set of the car type downloadable from host via WLAN connection. WLAN supports the storage of the customer data onto host too, in order to compare it the next time in service. It supports the measurement of current, voltage and resistance at a separate input port. The USB-Slave-Port is used for data transmission to or from host if the WLAN access is not available or not used. A USB-Keyboard helps the user to control the diagnosis tester or type data in. The tester may be also controlled about the touch screen. As power supply of the EUT is either available an internal battery or an AC mains adapter. The power supply from the vehicular battery is via the OBD-Cable available for the voltage 12 V and 24 V dependent from the tested car.

Number of tested samples: 1 KTS340 and 1 SD-Card test jig with WLAN module

Serial number: EMV2

EUT operation mode:

The ϵ	eauipment ur	nder test wa	s operated	during th	ne measurement	under the	following	conditions:

- TX continuous mode, modulated
- RX mode

EUT configuration:

(The CDF filled by the applicant can be viewed at the test laboratory.)

The following peripheral devices and interface cables were connected during the measurements:

- AC mains adapter, TenPao, 100 – 240 VAC	Model: S075AQ1500460, P/N 1687023601
- OBD-Cable 3 m	Model : No. 1684465557
- Test jig, Z-COM Inc.	Model: SDIO to XG-182M Adapter, V0.2
- Notebook	Model: HP Compaq 6910, SN CND8032FTW



4 TEST ENVIRONMENT

4.1 Address of the test laboratory

mikes-testingpartners gmbh Ohmstrasse 2-4 94342 STRASSKIRCHEN GERMANY

4.2 Environmental conditions

During the measurement the environ	mental conditions were within the listed ranges
Temperature:	15-35 ° C
Humidity:	30-60 %
Atmospheric pressure:	86-106 kPa

4.3 Statement of the measurement uncertainty

The data and results referenced in this document are true and accurate. The reader may notice that tolerances within the calibration of the equipment and facilities may cause additional uncertainty. The measurement uncertainty is calculated for all measurements listed in this test report acc. to CISPR 16-4-2 "Uncertainties, statistics and limit modelling — Uncertainty in EMC measurement" and documented in the mikes-testingpartners gmbh quality system acc. to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. For all measurements shown in this report, the measurement uncertainty of the test laboratory, mikes-testingpartners gmbh, is below the measurement uncertainty as defined by CISPR. Therefore, no special measures must be taken into consideration with regard to the limits according to CISPR. Furthermore, component diversity and modifications in production process of devices may result in additional deviation. If necessary, refer to the test lab for the actual measurement uncertainty for the specific test. The manufacturer has the sole responsibility of continued compliance of the EUT.

4.4 Measurement protocol for FCC and IC

4.4.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

4.4.1.1 <u>Test methodology</u>

Conducted and radiated disturbance testing is performed according to the procedures set out by the International Special Committee on Radio Interference (CISPR) Publication 22, European Standard EN 55022 as shown under section 1 of this report.

The Open Area test site is a listed Open Site under the Canadian Test-Sites File-No:

IC 3009A-1

In compliance with RSS 210 Issue 7 testing for RSS compliance may be achieved by following the procedures set out in ANSI C63.4 and applying the CISPR 22 limits.

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4.4.1.2 Justification

The equipment under test (EUT) is configured in a typical user arrangement in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. A cable is connected to each available port and either terminated with a peripheral using the appropriate impedance characteristic or left unterminated. Where appropriate, cables are manually manipulated with respect to each other thus obtaining maximum disturbances from the unit.

4.4.1.3 Details of test procedures

The test methods used comply with CISPR Publication 22, EN 55022 - "Information technology equipment - Radio disturbance characteristics - Limits and methods of measurement" and with ANSI C63.4 - "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz". In compliance with 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart A, Section 15.38 testing for FCC compliance may be achieved by following the procedures set out in ANSI C63.4 and applying the CISPR 22 limits.

4.4.1.4 Conducted emission

The final level, expressed in $dB_{\mu}V$, is arrived at by taking the reading directly from the EMI receiver. This level is compared directly to the FCC limit or to the CISPR limit.

To convert between $dB\mu V$ and μV , the following conversion formula apply:

$$dB\mu V = 20*log(\mu V);$$

 $\mu V = 10*(dB\mu V/20);$

Conducted emissions on the 50 Hz and/or 60 Hz power interface of the EUT are measured in the frequency range of 150 kHz to 30 MHz. The measurements are performed using a receiver, which has CISPR characteristic bandwidth and quasi-peak detection and a Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN) with $50\Omega/50~\mu$ H (CISPR 16) characteristics. Table top equipment is placed on a non-conducting table 80 centimetres above the floor and is positioned 40 centimetres from the vertical ground plane (wall) of the screen room. If the minimum limit margin of a peak mode measurement appears to be less than 20 dB, the emissions are remeasured using a tuned receiver with quasi-peak and average detection and recorded on the data sheets.

4.4.1.5 Radiated emission (electrical field 30 MHz - 1 GHz)

Spurious emissions from the EUT are measured in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 1000 MHz using a tuned receiver and appropriate broadband linearly polarised antennas. Measurements between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz are made with 120 kHz/6 dB bandwidth and quasi-peak detection. Table top equipment is placed on a 1.0 X 1.5 m non-conducting table 80 centimetres above the ground plane. Floor standing equipment is placed directly on the turntable/ground plane. The setup of the equipment under test is established in accordance with ANSI C63.4.The interface cables that are closer than 40 cm to the ground plane are bundled in the center in a serpentine fashion so that they are at least 40 cm from the ground plane. Cables to simulators/testers (if used in this test) are routed through the center of the table and to a screened room located outside the test area. The antenna is positioned 3, 10 or 30 m horizontally from the EUT and is repeated vertically. To locate maximum emissions from the test sample the antenna is varied in height from 1 to 4 m and the EUT is rotated 360 degrees.

The final level in $dB\mu V/m$ is calculated by add on the reading value from the EMI receiver (level $dB\mu V$) the correction factor. The FCC or CISPR limit is subtracted from this result in order to provide the limit margin listed in the measurement protocol.

The resolution bandwidth setting:

30 MHz - 1000 MHz: RBW: 120 kHz

Example:

Frequency	Level	+	Factor	=	Level -	CISPR Limit	Delta
(MHz)	(dBµV)		(dB)		(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
719.0	75.0	+	32.6	=	107.6 -	110.0	= -2.4

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4.4.1.6 Radiated emission (electrical field 1 GHz - 40 GHz)

Radiated emissions from the EUT are measured in the frequency range 1 GHz up to the maximum frequency as specified in 47 CFR Part 15, Subpart A, Section 15.33, using a spectrum analyser and appropriate linearly polarized antennas. Table top equipment is placed on a 1.0 X 1.5 metre non-conducting table 80 centimetres above the ground plane. Floor standing equipment is placed directly on the turntable/ground plane. The setup of the equipment under test is following set out in ANSI C63.4. The interface cables that are closer than 40 centimetres to the ground plane are bundled in the center in a serpentine fashion so they are at least 40 centimetres from the ground plane. Cables to simulators/testers (if used in this test) are routed through the center of the table and to a screened room located outside the test area. Measurements are made in both the horizontal and vertical polarization planes in a fully anechoic room using a spectrum analyser set to max peak detector function and a resolution 1 MHz and video bandwidth 3 MHz for peak and 10 Hz for average measurement. The conditions determined as worst case will then be used for the final measurements. When the EUT is larger than the beam width of the measuring antenna it will be moved over the surface for the four sides of the equipment. Where appropriate, the test distance may be reduced in order to detect emissions under better uncertainty and are calculated at the specified test distance.

4.5 Determination of worst case measurement conditions

Measurements have been made in all three orthogonal axes and the settings of the EUT were changed to locate at which position and at what setting of the EUT produce the maximum of the emissions. For the further measurement the EUT is set in X position.

The tests are carried out in the following frequency band:

2400 MHz - 2.4835 MHz

Preliminary tests were performed to find the worse case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates. The maximum output power depends on used data rate. As worse case the 802.11b mode (data rate of 1 Mbps) and 802.11g mode (data rate of 6 Mbps) is used.

The EUT is controlled for several tests with special test software (Lab tool sd8686 XG182M) used for testing only where continuous signals are needed. The WLAN module is placed onto a test jig applied to a SD slot of a notebook. For the tests a duty cycle (x) of x = 1 is set.

Following channels and test modes were selected for the final test as listed below:

WLAN	Available	Tested	Power	Modulation	Modulation	Data rate
	channel	channels	setting		type	(Mbps)
802.11b	1 to 11	1, 6, 11	10	CCK	DBPSK	1
802.11g	1 to 11	1, 6, 11	13	OFDM	BPSK	6



FCC ID: V74-KTS340A 5 TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS

5.1 Conducted emissions

For test instruments and accessories used see section 6 Part A 4.

5.1.1 Description of the test location

Test location: Shielded Room S2

5.1.2 Photo documentation of the test set-up



5.1.3 Applicable standard

According to FCC Part 15, Section 15.207(a):

Except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this Section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the given limits.

5.1.4 Description of Measurement

The measurements are performed following the procedures set out in ANSI C63.4 described under item 4.4.3. If the minimum limit margin appears to be less than 20 dB with a peak mode measurement, the emissions are remeasured using a tuned receiver with quasi-peak and average detection and recorded on the data sheets.

5.1.5 Test result

Frequency range: 0.15 MHz - 30 MHz

Min. limit margin 8.8 dB at 0.485 MHz



Limit according to FCC Part 15, Section 15.207(a):

Frequency of Emission	Conducted Limit (dBµV)		
(MHz)	Quasi-peak	Average	
0.15-0.5	66 to 56 *	56 to 46 *	
0.5-5	56	46	
5-30	60	50	

^{*} Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency

The requirements are **FULFILLED**.

Remarks: For detailed test result please refer to following test protocols



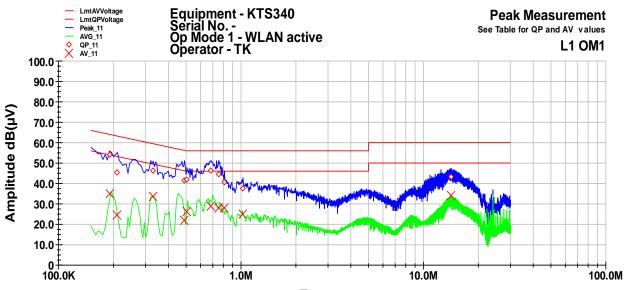


5.1.6 Test protocol

Test point L1 Result: passed

Operation mode: TX continuous mode, modulated

. Remarks:



Frequency Standard: EN55022B File Number: T35231

Frequency	QP Level	QP Margin	QP Limit	AV Level	AV Margin	AV Limit
MHz	dΒ(μV)	dB	dB	dB(μV)	dB	dB
0.19	54.0	-10.1	64.0	35.0	-19.0	54.0
0.21	45.6	-17.6	63.2	24.5	-28.7	53.2
0.33	46.2	-13.3	59.5	33.7	-15.7	49.5
0.49	41.6	-14.5	56.2	21.9	-24.3	46.2
0.505	42.0	-14.0	56.0	26.1	-19.9	46.0
0.685	46.2	-9.8	56.0	29.0	-17.0	46.0
0.755	44.6	-11.4	56.0	28.0	-18.0	46.0
0.81	40.7	-15.3	56.0	27.9	-18.1	46.0
1.025	37.8	-18.2	56.0	24.8	-21.2	46.0
14.19	43.2	-16.8	60.0	34.2	-15.8	50.0

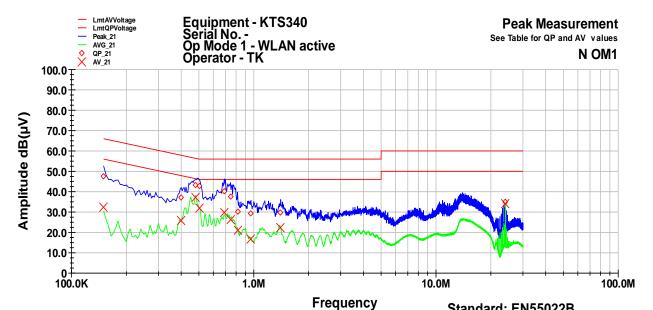


Test point Operation mode:

Ν

TX continuous mode, modulated

Remarks:



Standard: EN55022B File Number: T35231

Result: passed

Frequency MHz	QP Level dB(μV)	QP Margin dB	QP Limit dB	AV Level dB(μV)	AV Margin dB	AV Limit dB
0.15	47.7	-18.3	66.0	32.3	-23.7	56.0
0.4	37.0	-20.9	57.9	25.7	-22.1	47.9
0.48	43.2	-13.1	56.3	37.3	-9.0	46.3
0.505	42.8	-13.2	56.0	31.8	-14.2	46.0
0.69	40.4	-15.6	56.0	29.7	-16.3	46.0
0.745	37.4	-18.6	56.0	26.1	-19.9	46.0
0.815	30.0	-26.0	56.0	21.0	-25.0	46.0
0.965	29.4	-26.6	56.0	16.8	-29.2	46.0
1.405	29.8	-26.3	56.0	22.4	-23.6	46.0
24	35.0	-25.0	60.0	34.0	-16.0	50.0

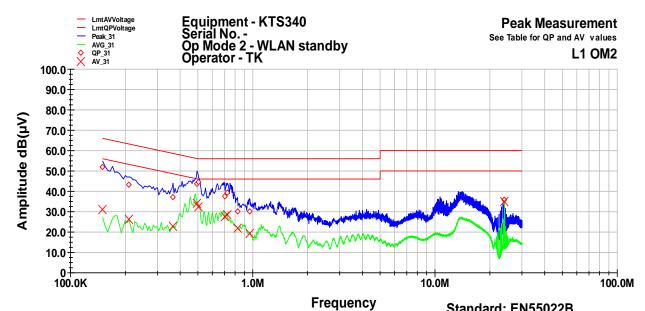
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Test point Operation mode: L1

Remarks:

Result: passed RX mode



Standard: EN55022B File Number: T35231

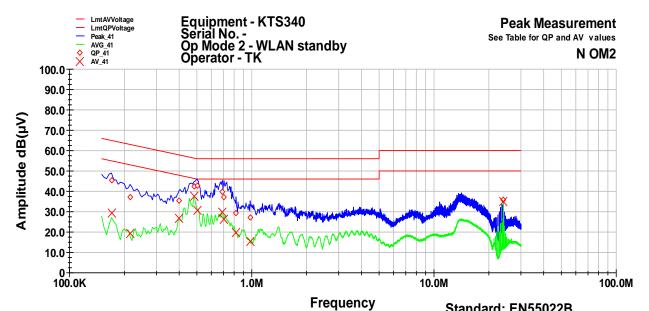
Frequency MHz	QP Level dB(µV)	QP Margin dB	QP Limit dB	AV Level dB(μV)	AV Margin dB	AV Limit dB
0.15	51.8	-14.2	66.0	31.1	-24.9	56.0
0.21	43.0	-20.2	63.2	26.4	-26.8	53.2
0.365	37.0	-21.7	58.6	22.9	-25.7	48.6
0.495	43.8	-12.2	56.1	34.2	-11.9	46.1
0.505	44.4	-11.6	56.0	32.5	-13.5	46.0
0.7	37.6	-18.4	56.0	27.7	-18.3	46.0
0.725	39.1	-16.9	56.0	28.3	-17.7	46.0
0.825	30.1	-25.9	56.0	22.0	-24.0	46.0
0.96	30.0	-26.0	56.0	19.5	-26.5	46.0
24	35.8	-24.2	60.0	34.9	-15.1	50.0



Test point
Operation mode:

N RX mode Result: passed

Remarks:



Standard: EN55022B File Number: T35231

Frequency MHz	QP Level dB(μV)	QP Margin dB	QP Limit dB	AV Level dB(μV)	AV Margin dB	AV Limit dB
0.17	45.3	-19.6	65.0	29.1	-25.8	55.0
0.215	37.0	-26.0	63.0	19.4	-33.7	53.0
0.4	35.3	-22.5	57.9	26.8	-21.1	47.9
0.485	42.5	-13.8	56.3	37.5	-8.8	46.3
0.505	42.9	-13.1	56.0	30.5	-15.5	46.0
0.69	39.9	-16.1	56.0	29.6	-16.4	46.0
0.705	37.1	-18.9	56.0	26.4	-19.6	46.0
0.82	29.5	-26.5	56.0	19.9	-26.1	46.0
0.98	27.3	-28.7	56.0	15.5	-30.5	46.0
24	35.7	-24.3	60.0	34.8	-15.2	50.0



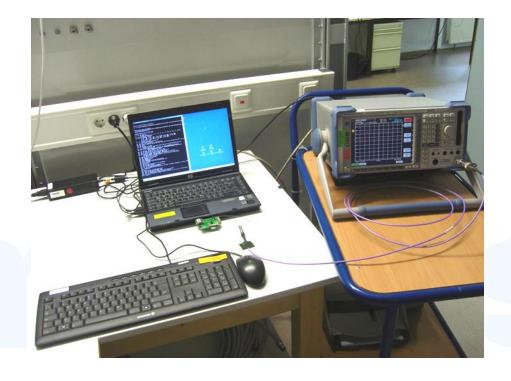
5.2 Emission bandwidth

For test instruments and accessories used see section 6 Part MB.

5.2.1 Description of the test location

Test location: AREA 4

5.2.2 Photo documentation of the test set-up



5.2.3 Applicable standard

According to FCC Part 15, Section 15.247(a)(2):

Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902 - 928 MHz, 2400 - 2483.5 MHz and 5725 - 5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

5.2.4 Description of Measurement

The bandwidth was measured at an amplitude level reduced from the reference level of a modulated channel by a ratio of -6 dB. The reference level is the level of the highest signal amplitude observed at the transmitter at either the fundamental frequency or the first order modulation products in all typical modes of operation, including the unmodulated carrier, even if atypical. An alternative is to use the bandwidth measurement of the analyser.

Spectrum analyser settings:

RBW: 100 kHz, VBW: 300 kHz, Detector: Peak, Sweep time: 5 s;



The table below shows the settings according to ANSI C63.4:

Fundamental frequency	Minimum resolution bandwidth
9 kHz to 30 MHz	1kHz
30 to 1000 MHz	10 kHz
1000 MHz to 40 GHz	100 kHz

5.2.5 Test result

WLAN Standard 802.11b

Channel number	Fundamental frequency (MHz)	6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Minimum limit (MHz)
1	2412	10.08	0.5
6	2437	10.08	0.5
11	2462	10.08	0.5

WLAN Standard 802.11g

Channel	Fundamental frequency	6 dB Bandwidth	Minimum limit
number	(MHz)	(MHz)	(MHz)
1	2412	16.56	0.5
6	2437	16.62	0.5
11	2462	16.68	0.5

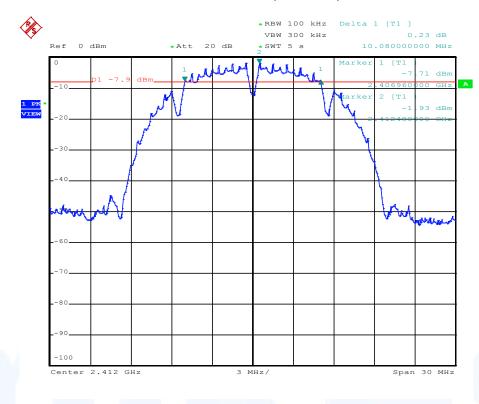
The requirements are FULFILLED.

Remarks: For detailed test results please refer to following test protocols.

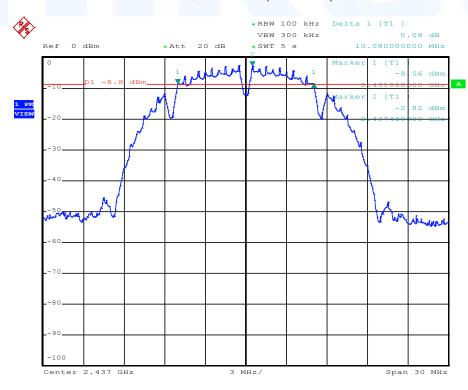


5.2.6 Test protocols



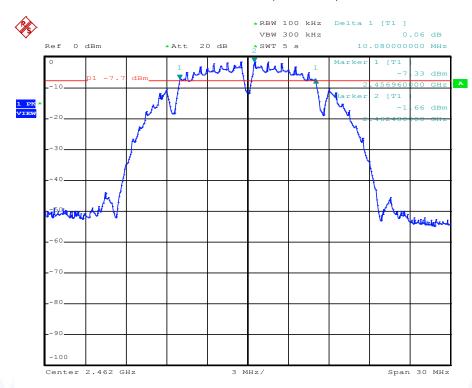


802.11b, Channel 6 (2437 MHz)

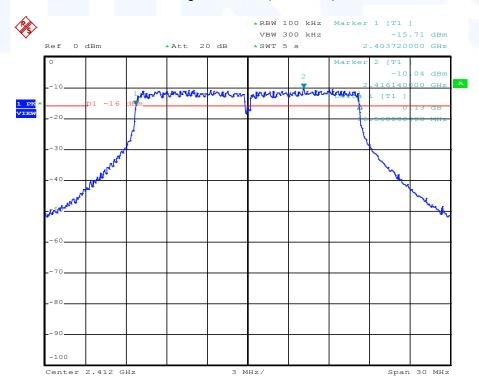




802.11b, Channel 11 (2462 MHz)

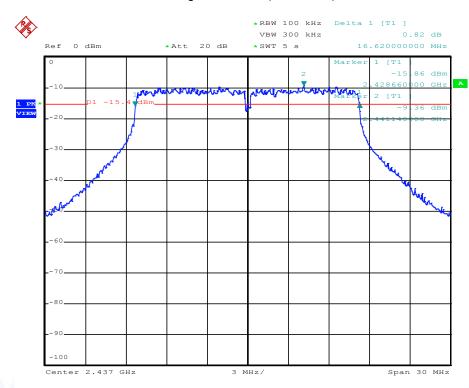


802.11g, Channel 1 (2412 MHz)

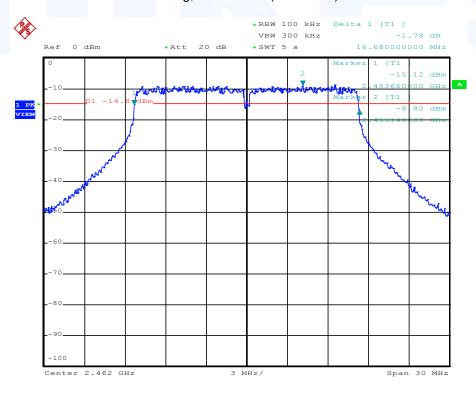




802.11g, Channel 6 (2437 MHz)



802.11g, Channel 11 (2462 MHz)





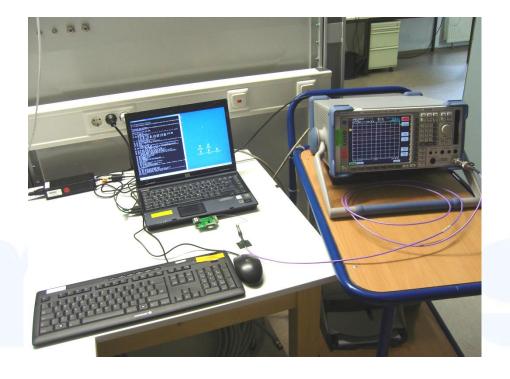
5.3 Occupied bandwidth

For test instruments and accessories used see section 6 Part MB.

5.3.1 Description of the test location

Test location: AREA 4

5.3.2 Photo documentation of the test set-up



5.3.1 Applicable standard

According to RSS-Gen, 4.6.1:

When an occupied bandwidth value is not specified in the applicable RSS, the transmitted signal bandwidth to be reported is to be its 99% emission bandwidth, as calculated or measured.

5.3.2 Description of Measurement

The bandwidth was measured with the function "bandwidth measurement" of the spectrum analyser. The EUT is connected via suitable attenuator at the spectrum analyser. The measurement is repeated for every different modulation standard of the EUT and recorded.

Spectrum analyser settings:

RBW: 300 kHz, VBW: 1 MHz, Detector: Peak, Sweep time: auto;

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5.3.3 Test result

WLAN Standard 802.11b

Channel number	Fundamental frequency (MHz)	99 % Bandwidth (MHz)
1	2412	13.80
6	2437	13.86
11	2462	13.68

WLAN Standard 802.11g

Channel number	Fundamental frequency (MHz)	99 % Bandwidth (MHz)
1	2412	16.56
6	2437	16.56
11	2462	16.86

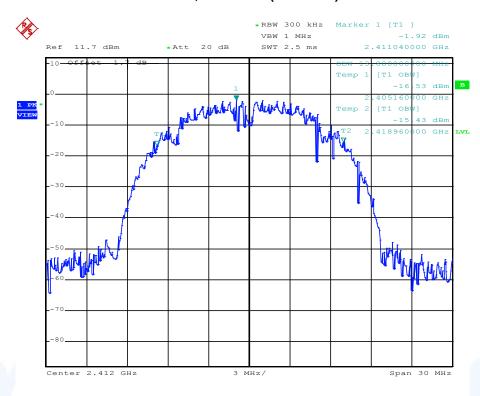
Remarks: For detailed test result please refer to following test protocols. The RSS Gen defines no limit for

the occupied bandwidth!

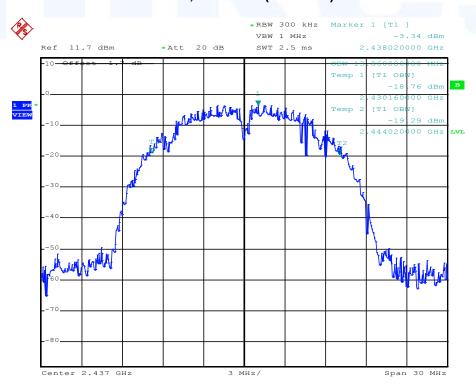


5.3.1 Test protocols

802.11b, Channel 1 (2412 MHz)

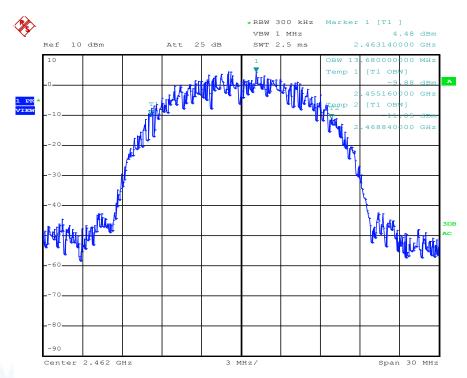


802.11b, Channel 6 (2437 MHz)

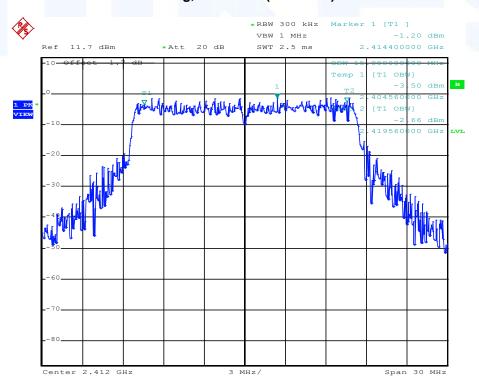




802.11b, Channel 11 (2462 MHz)

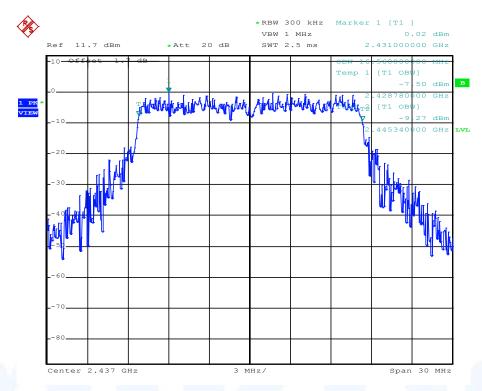


802.11g, Channel 1 (2412 MHz)

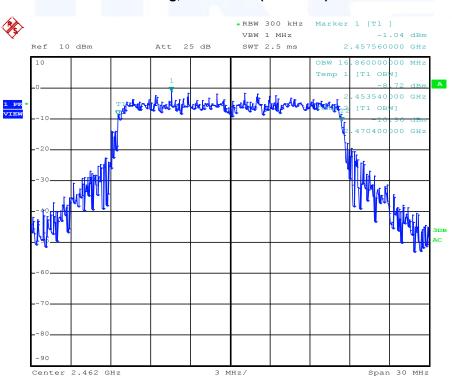




802.11g, Channel 6 (2437 MHz)



802.11g, Channel 11 (2462 MHz)





5.4 Maximum peak conducted output power

For test instruments and accessories used see section 6 Part CPC 3.

5.4.1 Description of the test location

Test location: AREA 4

5.4.2 Photo documentation of the test set-up



5.4.3 Applicable standard

According to FCC Part 15, Section 15.247(b)(3):

For systems using digital modulation in the 2400-2483.5 MHz and 5725 – 5850 MHz bands, the maximum peak output power of the transmitter shall not exceed 1 Watt. The limit is based on transmitting antennas of directional gain that do not exceed 6 dBi.

5.4.4 Description of measurement

The output power is measured using the power meter method according ANSI C63.10, clause 6.10.2.1(a) and KDB -558074, Option 1. The EUT is set while measuring in TX continuous mode with a duty cycle, x = 1. The output power is related to the output of the UFL-Cable. No further cable is used for this measurement.

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5.4.5 Test result

WLAN Standard 802.11b

Channel	Frequency	Power settings	Measured power	Cable loss correction	Corr. peak power	Peak power limit	Delta
	(MHz)	, and the second	(dBm)	(dB)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
1	2412	10	7.6	-	7.6	30.0	-22.4
6	2437	10	8.3	-	8.3	30.0	-21.7
11	2462	10	8.7	-	8.7	30.0	-21.3

WLAN Standard 802.11g

The requirements are **FULFILLED.**

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Power settings	Measured power (dBm)	Cable loss correction (dB)	Corr. peak power (dBm)	Peak power limit (dBm)	Delta (dB)
1	2412	13	11.0	-	11.0	30.0	-19.0
6	2437	13	10.5	-	10.5	30.0	-19.5
11	2462	13	11.3	-	11.3	30.0	-18.7

Peak Power Limit according to FCC Part 15, Section 15.247(b)(3):

Frequency	Peak Power Limit		
(MHz)	(dBm)	(Watt)	
902-928	30	1.0	
2400-2483.5	30	1.0	
5725-5850	30	1.0	

Remarks:			



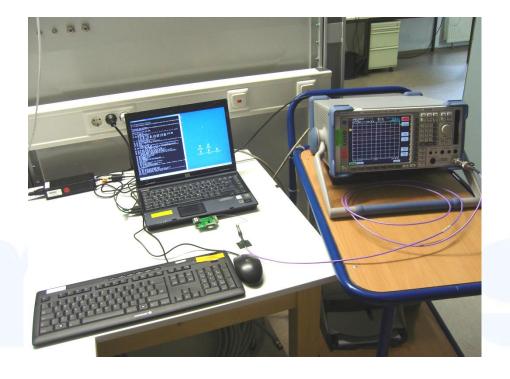
5.5 Power spectral density

For test instruments and accessories used see section 6 Part MB.

5.5.1 Description of the test location

Test location: AREA 4

5.5.2 Photo documentation of the test set-up



5.5.3 Applicable standard

According to FCC Part 15, Section 15.247(e):

For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

5.5.4 Description of Measurement

The measurement is performed using the procedure set out in KDB-558074. The power measurement was done using a power meter, option 1. Therefore the PSD is measured with PSD option 1. The max peak was located and zoomed in with the spectrum analyser. The cable loss of 1.7 dB @ 2.4 GHz is taken into account with an amplitude offset at the spectrum analyser. No further correction has to be done. The zoom is done with the following settings.

Spectrum analyser settings:

RBW: 3 kHz, VBW: 10 kHz, Detector: Peak, Sweep time: 10 s,



5.5.5 Test result

WLAN Standard 802.11b

Channel	Fundamental frequency	Level reading	Correction	Total PSD	Limit
	(MHz)	(dBm/3 kHz)	(dB)	(dBm/3 kHz)	(dBm/3 kHz)
1	2412	-20.7	-	-20.7	8
6	2437	-20.5	-	-20.5	8
11	2462	-19.6	-	-19.6	8

WLAN Standard 802.11g

Channel	Fundamental frequency	Level reading	Correction	Total PSD	Limit
	(MHz)	(dBm/3 kHz)	(dB)	(dBm/3 kHz)	(dBm/3 kHz)
1	2412	-13.6	-	-13.6	8
6	2437	-12.1	-	-12.1	8
11	2462	-12.9	-	-12.9	8

Power spectral density limit according to FCC Part 15, Section 15.247(e):

Frequency	Power spectral density limit		
(MHz)	(dBm/3 kHz)		
2400 - 2483.5	8		

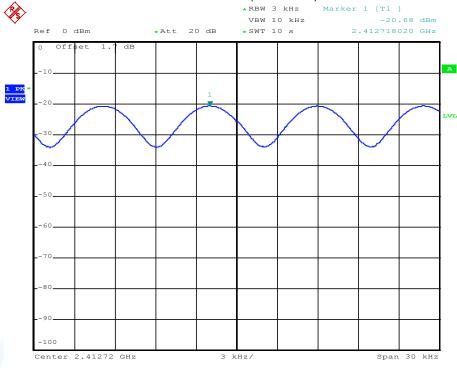
The requirements are **FULFILLED**.

Remarks: For detailed test results please refer to following test protocols.

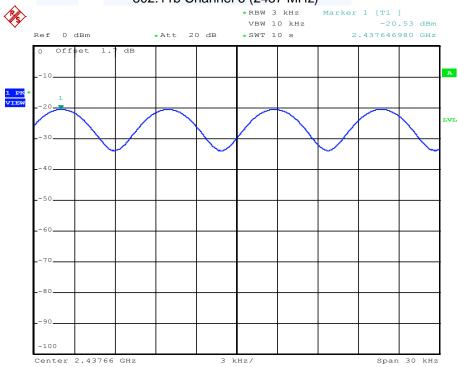


5.5.6 Test protocols power spectral density



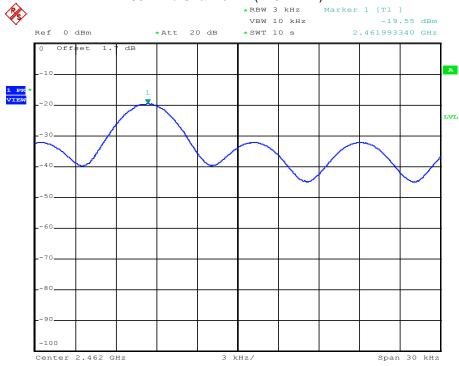


802.11b Channel 6 (2437 MHz)





802.11b Channel 11 (2462 MHz)

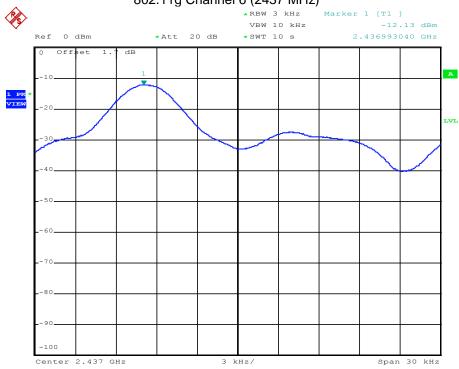




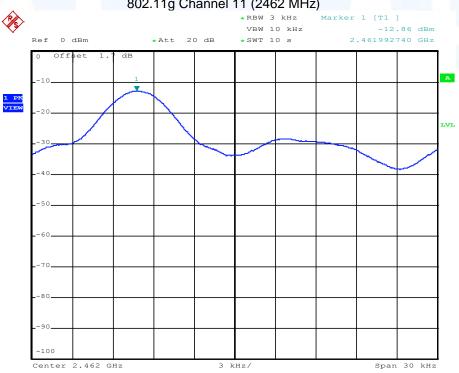




802.11g Channel 6 (2437 MHz)



802.11g Channel 11 (2462 MHz)





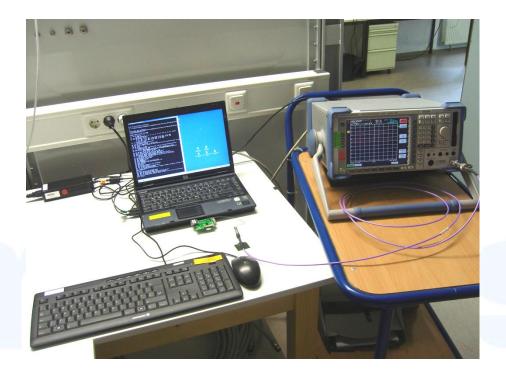
5.6 Spurious emissions conducted

For test instruments and accessories used see section 6 Part SEC 1, SEC 2 and SEC 3.

5.6.1 Description of the test location

Test location: AREA4

5.6.2 Photo documentation of the test set-up



5.6.3 Applicable standard

According to FCC Part 15, Section 15.247(d):

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency bands 2400 – 2483.50 MHz and 5725 – 5850 MHz, the digitally modulated radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or an radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limit specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

5.6.4 Description of measurement

The spurious emissions are measured conducted using a spectrum analyser in a test setup following the procedures set out in KDB 558074 for DTS. The transmitter is set to the lowest operating frequency (CH1), the middle (CH6) and to the highest operating frequency (CH11). The frequency spectrum outside from the operating frequency range (2400 - 2483.5 MHz) is scanned for emissions that exceed the defined limit. The measurement is performed at normal test conditions in modulated TX continuous mode.

Spectrum analyser search setting:

RBW: 100 kHz, VBW: 300 kHz, Detector: Max peak, Trace Mode: Max hold, Sweep time: 1 s;



5.6.5 Test result

Lowest frequency generated in the EUT is 6 MHz.

802.11b

Highest level of the desired power:

101.7 dBµV

	CH1 (2412 MHz) CH6 (2437 MHz)		CH6 (2437 MH		lz)	CH	111 (2462 MF	Hz)
f	Level PK	Limit	f	Level PK	Limit	f	Level PK	Limit
(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dBµV)	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dBµV)	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dBµV)
-	-	81.7	1	-	81.7	-	-	81.7

802.11g

Highest level of the desired power:

102.1 dBµV

CH1 (2412 N		CH1 (2412 MHz)		CH6 (2437 MHz		CH	l11 (2462 Mł	Hz)
f	Level PK	Limit	f	Level PK	Limit	f	Level PK	Limit
(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dBµV)	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dBµV)	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dBµV)
-	-	82.1	-	-	82.1	-	-	82.1

Limit according to FCC Part 15, Section 15.247(d):

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency bands 2400 – 2483.50 MHz and 5725 – 5850 MHz, the digitally modulated radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or an radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required.

Frequency (MHz)	Spurious emission limit
Below 960	20 dB below the highest level of the desired power
Above 960	20 dB below the highest level of the desired power

The requirements are FULFILLED.

Remarks:

All emissions more than 20 dB below the specified limit need not to be reported. For detailed

test results please refer to following test protocols. Due to no significant emissions could be

detected in the range f < 30 MHz, no radiated measurement were done in this range.

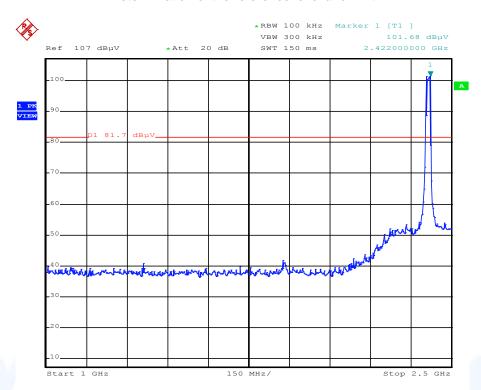
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5.6.6 Test protocols

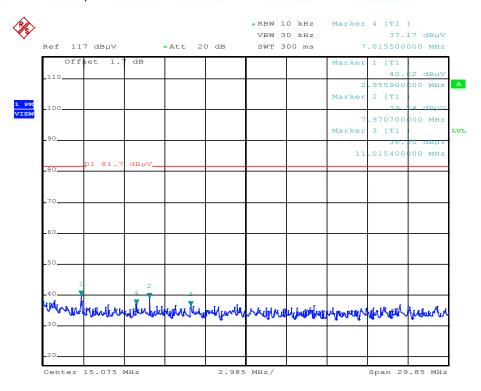
Determination of the reference level and limit



Plots of spurious emissions conducted out of operating frequency bands (-20 dBc)

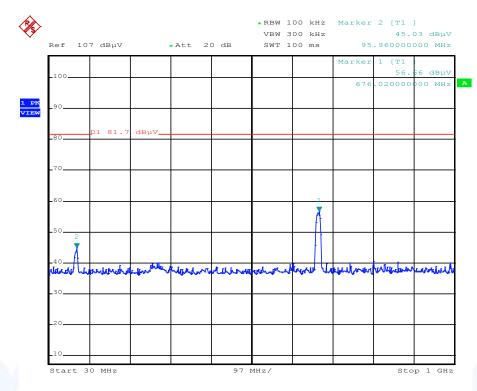
802.11b, Ch1

Spurious emissions conducted from 150 kHz to 30 MHz

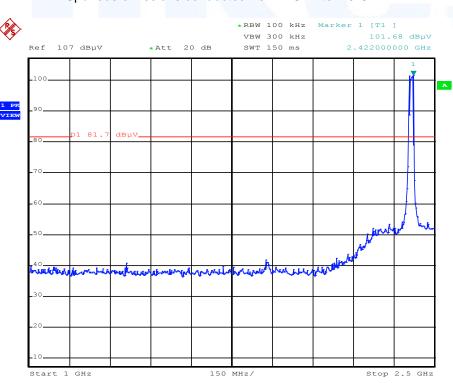




Spurious emissions conducted from 30 MHz to 1 GHz

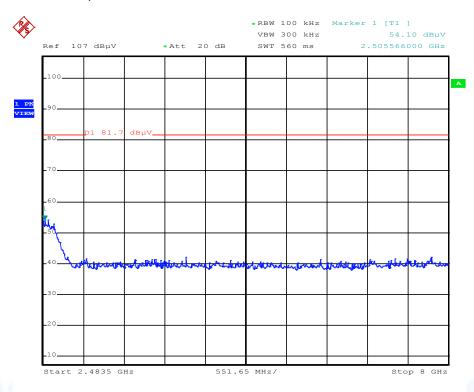


Spurious emissions conducted from 1 GHz to 2.5 GHz

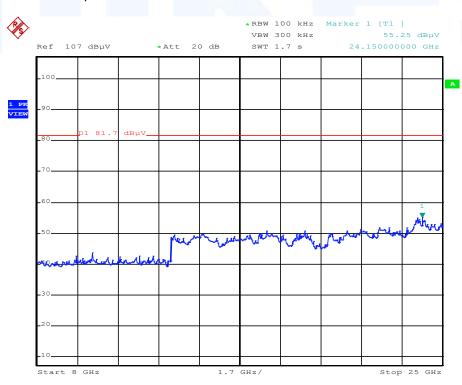




Spurious emissions conducted from 2.5 GHz to 8 GHz



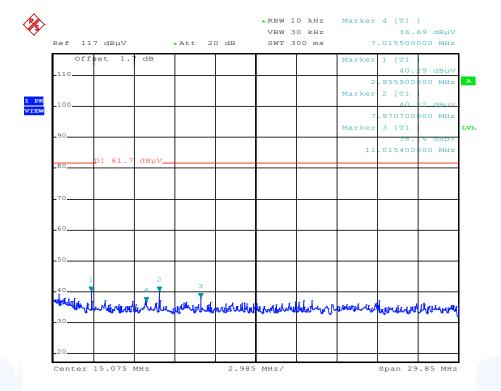
Spurious emissions conducted from 8 GHz to 25 GHz



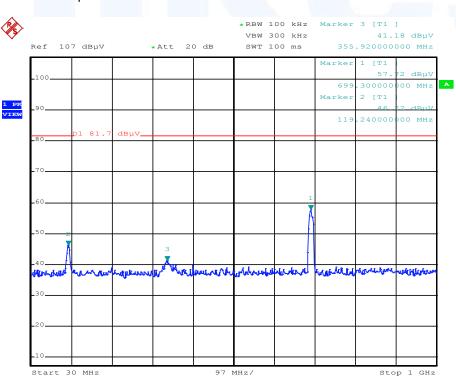


802.11b, Ch6

Spurious emissions conducted from 150 kHz to 30 MHz

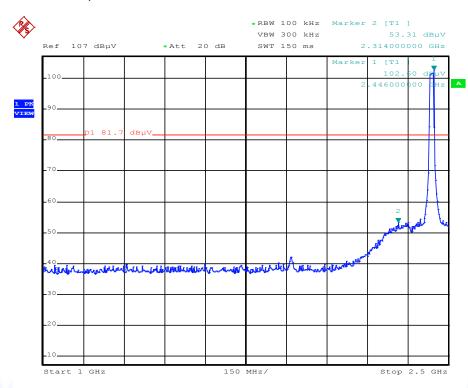


Spurious emissions conducted from 30 MHz to 1 GHz

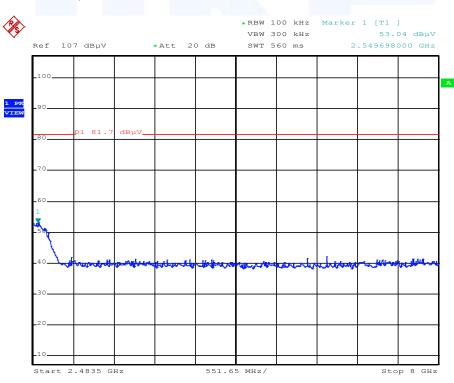




Spurious emissions conducted from 1 GHz to 2.5 GHz

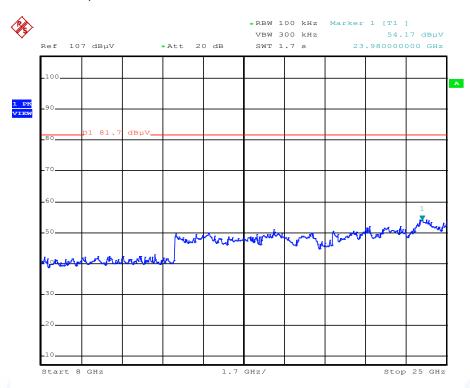


Spurious emissions conducted from 2.5 GHz to 8 GHz



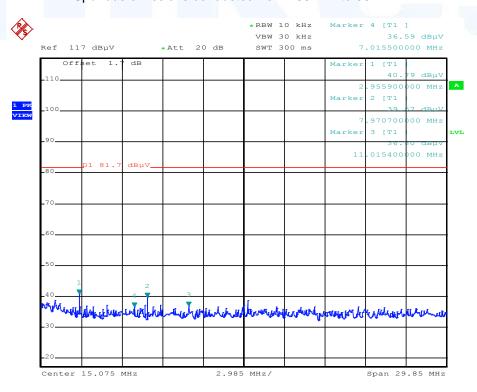


Spurious emissions conducted from 8 GHz to 25 GHz



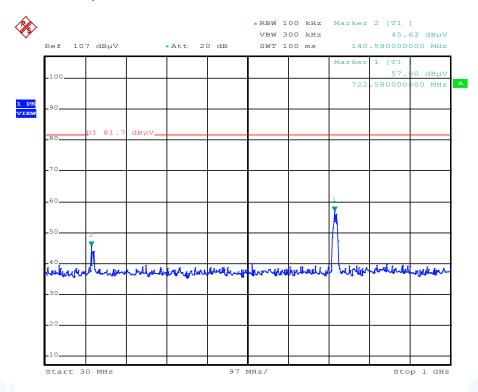
802.11b, Ch11

Spurious emissions conducted from 150 kHz to 30 MHz

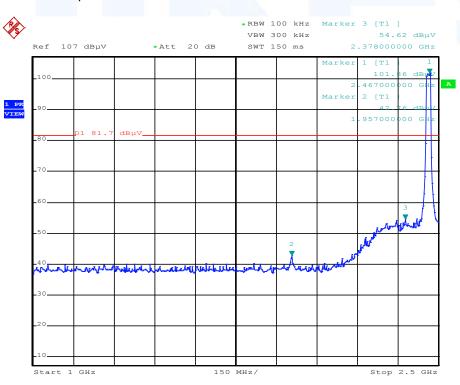




Spurious emissions conducted from 30 MHz to 1 GHz

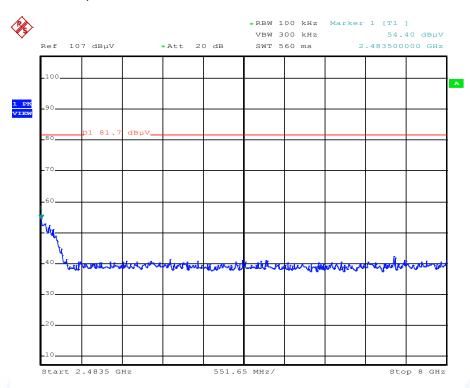


Spurious emissions conducted from 1 GHz to 2.5 GHz

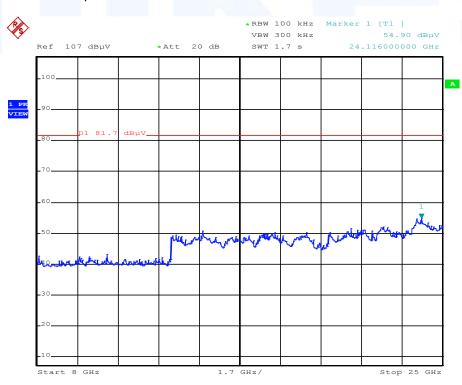




Spurious emissions conducted from 2.5 GHz to 8 GHz

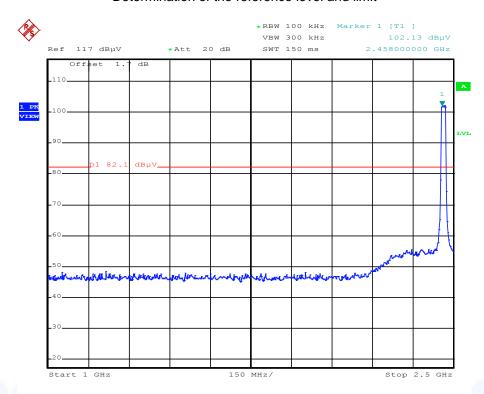


Spurious emissions conducted from 8 GHz to 25 GHz



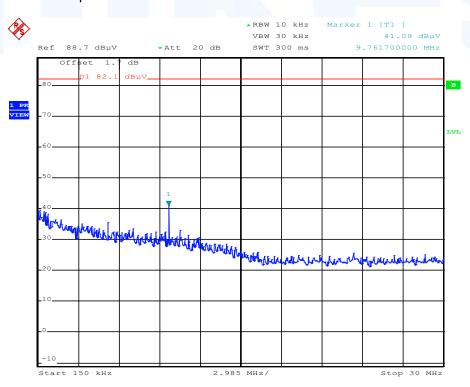


Determination of the reference level and limit



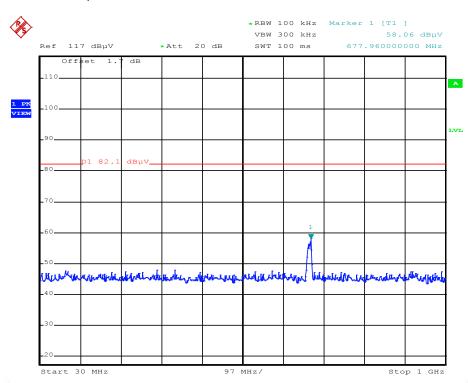
802.11g, Ch1

Spurious emissions conducted from 150 kHz to 30 MHz

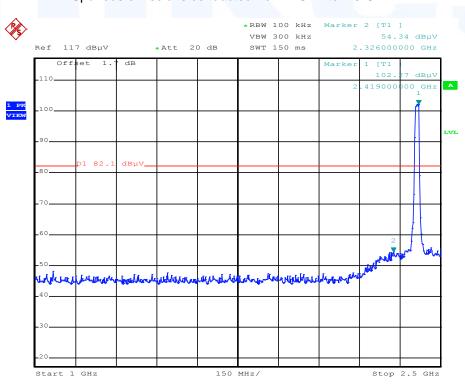




Spurious emissions conducted from 30 MHz to 1 GHz

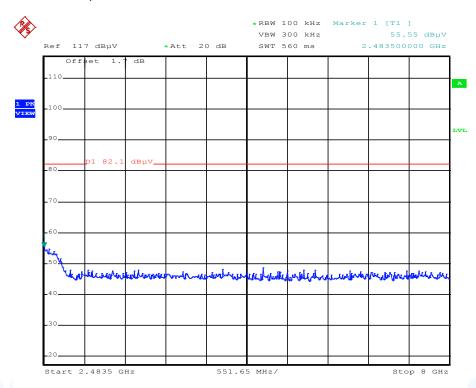


Spurious emissions conducted from 1 GHz to 2.5 GHz

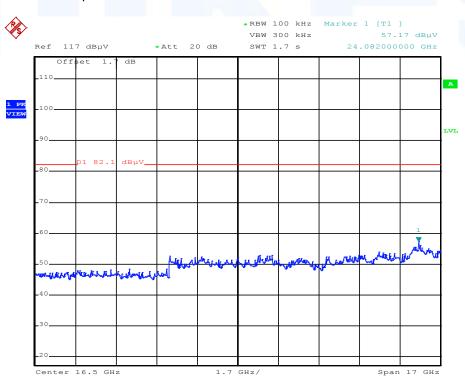




Spurious emissions conducted from 2.5 GHz to 8 GHz



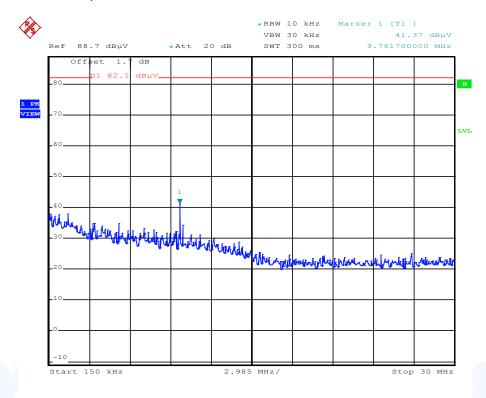
Spurious emissions conducted from 8 GHz to 25 GHz



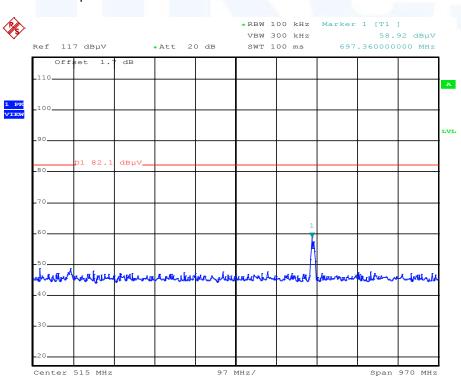


802.11g, Ch6

Spurious emissions conducted from 150 kHz to 30 MHz

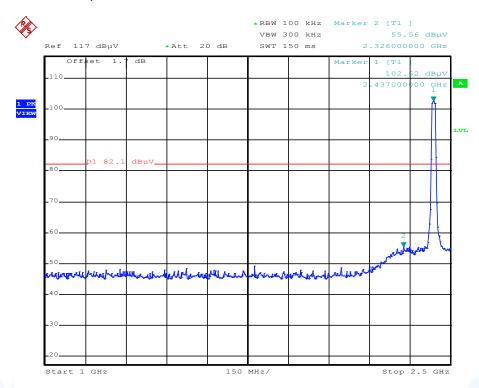


Spurious emissions conducted from 30 MHz to 1 GHz

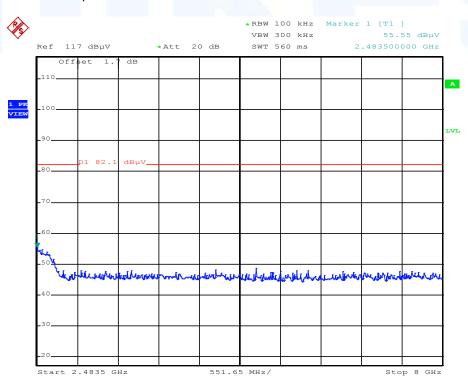




Spurious emissions conducted from 1 GHz to 2.5 GHz

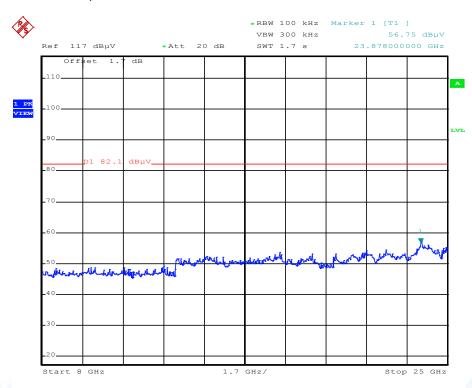


Spurious emissions conducted from 2.5 GHz to 8 GHz



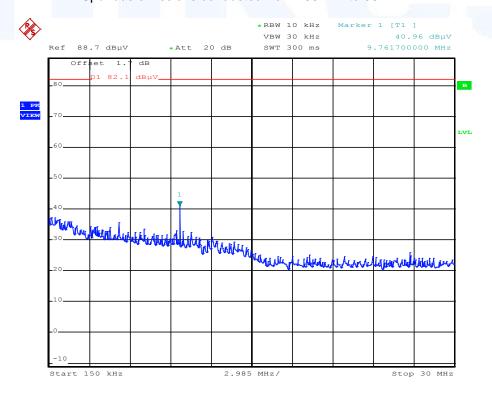


Spurious emissions conducted from 8 GHz to 25 GHz



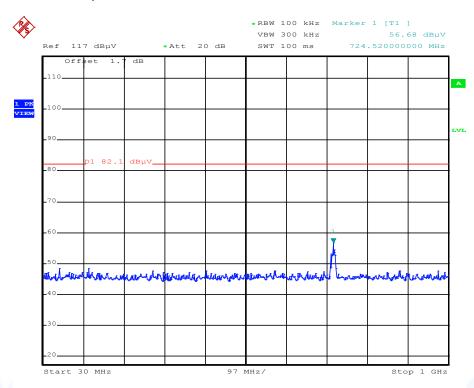
802.11g, Ch11

Spurious emissions conducted from 150 kHz to 30 MHz

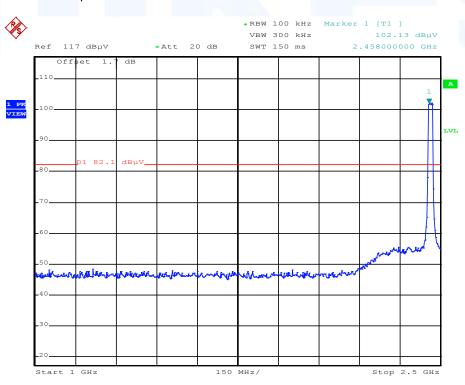




Spurious emissions conducted from 30 MHz to 1 GHz

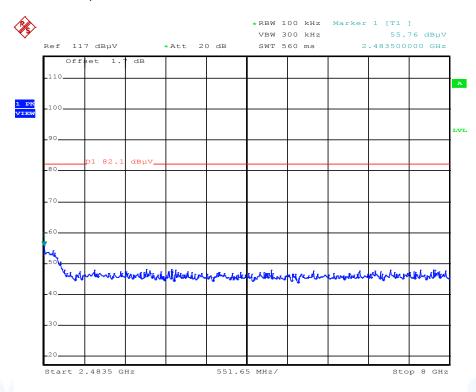


Spurious emissions conducted from 1 GHz to 2.5 GHz

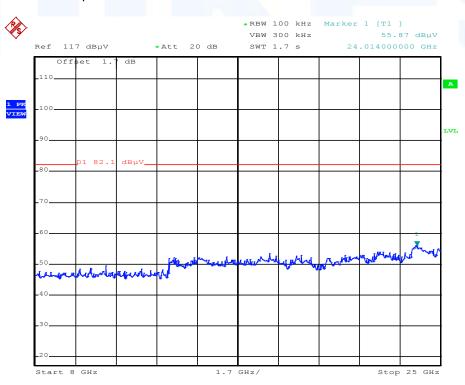




Spurious emissions conducted from 2.5 GHz to 8 GHz



Spurious emissions conducted from 8 GHz to 25 GHz





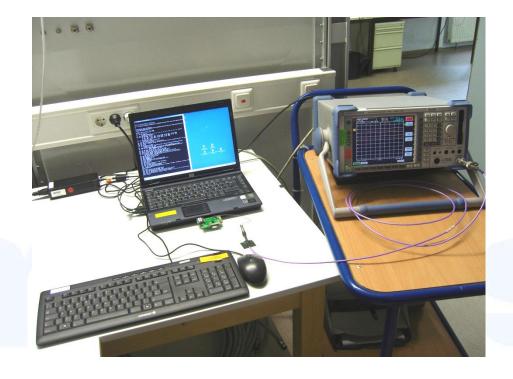
5.7 Band edge compliance

For test instruments and accessories used see section 6 Part MB.

5.7.1 Description of the test location

Test location: AREA4

5.7.2 Photo documentation of the test set-up



5.7.3 Applicable standard

According to FCC Part 15C, Section 15.247(d):

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency bands 2400 – 2483.5 MHz and 5725 – 5850 MHz, the digitally modulated radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or an radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required.

5.7.4 Description of Measurement

A spectrum analyser is connected to the output of the transmitter via a suitable attenuator while EUT was operating in transmit mode at the assigned frequency according Publication Number 913591, 03/26/2007.

Spectrum analyser settings:

RBW: 100 kHz, VBW: 300 kHz, Detector: Max peak, Trace: Max hold, Sweep: auto

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5.7.5 Test result

Standard 802.11b

f	Delta level	Limit			
(MHz)	(dBc)	(dBc)			
Low Channel	-47.0	< -20			
High Channel	-53.4	< -20			

Standard 802.11g

f	Delta level	Limit
(MHz)	(dBc)	(dBc)
Low Channel	-32.1	< -20
High Channel	-45.2	< -20

Peak-Limit according to FCC Subpart 15.247(d):

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band 2400 – 2483.5 MHz, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required.

In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limit specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

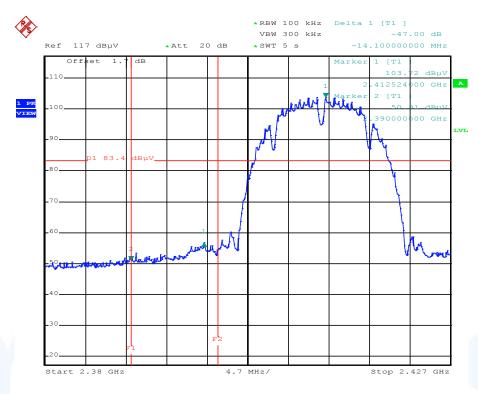
The requirements are FULFILLED.

Remarks: For detailed test results please refer to following test protocols.

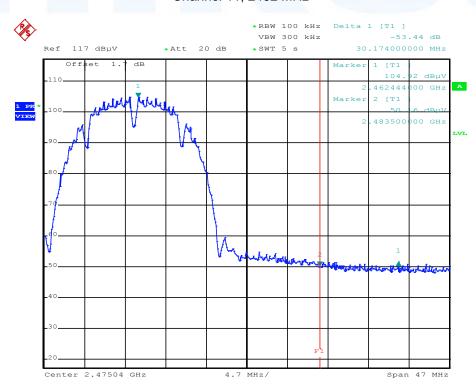


5.7.6 Test protocol802.11b

Channel 1, 2412 MHz



Channel 11, 2462 MHz



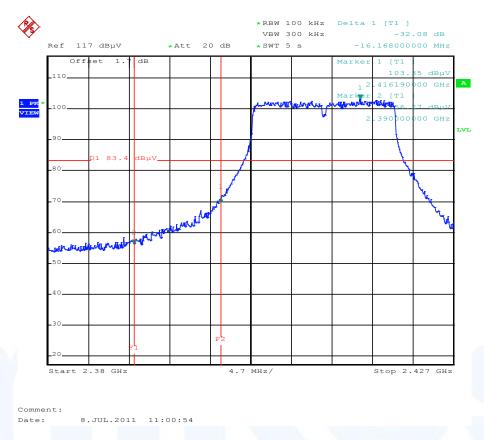
mikes-testingpartners gmbh Ohmstrasse 2-4 · 94342 STRASSKIRCHEN · GERMANY Tel.:+49(0)9424-94810 · Fax: ++49(0)9424-9481240 File No. **T35231-00-02HS**, page **54** of **78**

Rev. No. 1.2, 9.9.2010

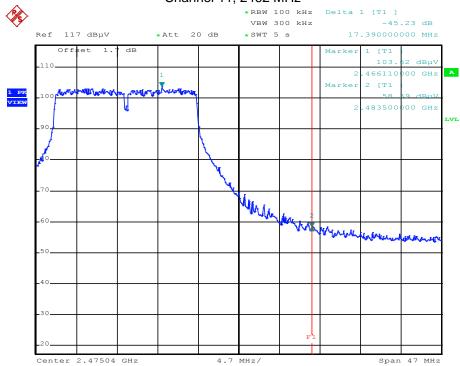


802.11g

Channel 1, 2412 MHz



Channel 11, 2462 MHz



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Rev. No. 1.2, 9.9.2010



5.8 Radiated emissions in restricted bands

For test instruments and accessories used see section 6 Part SER 2, SER 3.

5.8.1 Description of the test location

Test location: OATS 1

Test location: Anechoic Chamber A2

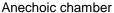
Test distance: 3 metres

5.8.2 Photo documentation of the test set-up











According to FCC Part 15, Section 15.205(a):

In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limit specified in Section 15.209(a).

5.8.3 Description of Measurement

The restricted bands are measured radiated following the methods are set out in the ANSI C93.4. The span of the spectrum analyser is set wide enough to capture the restricted band and measure the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the band edge, as well as any modulation products which fall outside of the authorized band of operation. The restricted bands are measured falling emissions into it and the nearest restricted band are checked for emissions also the restricted band for the harmonics of the carrier.

Spectrum analyser settings:

RBW: 1 MHz, VBW: 3 MHz, Sweep: Auto, Detector function: Peak

For the radiated test a test jig with the PCB antenna ACX3216-B2R7HAA is used. The antenna gain is 0.5 dBi.

5.8.4 Test result

WLAN Standard 802.11b

Power setting 10

Restricted band: 108 - 121.94 MHz

Channel 6 (2437 MHz)

Frequency	Peak		Ave	rage
	Value	Limit	Value	Limit
(MHz)	dB(μV/m)	dB(μV/m)	dB(μV/m)	dB(μV/m)
119.24	24.0	63.5	-	43.5



Restricted band: 2310 - 2390 MHz

Channel 1 (2412 MHz)

Frequency Peak Average		Peak		rage
	Value	Limit	Value	Limit
(MHz)	dB(μV/m)	dB(μV/m)	dB(μV/m)	dB(μV/m)
2835	53.1	74.0	-	54.0

Restricted band: 2483.5 - 2500 MHz

Channel 11 (2462 MHz)

Frequency Peak Average		Peak		rage	
	Value	Limit	Value	Limit	
(MHz)	dB(μV/m)	dB(μV/m)	dB(μV/m)	dB(μV/m)	
2692	46.4	74.0	=	54.0	

Restricted band: 2655 - 2900 MHz (Canada)) Channel 11 (2462 MHz) Channel 6 (2437 MHz)

•	<u> </u>						
	Frequency	Peak		Ave	rage		
		Value	Limit	Value	Limit		
	(MHz)	dB(μV/m)	dB(μV/m)	dB(μV/m)	dB(μV/m)		
	2692	46.4	74.0	-	54.0		

Restricted band: 4500 - 5150 MHz

Channel 1 (2412 MHz)

Frequency	Peak		k Average	
	Value	Limit	Value	Limit
(MHz)	dB(μV/m)	dB(μV/m)	dB(μV/m)	dB(μV/m)
4825	57.0	74.0	53.6	54.0

Channel 6 (2437 MHz)

Frequency	Peak		Average	
	Value	Limit	Value	Limit
(MHz)	dB(μV/m)	dB(μV/m)	dB(μV/m)	dB(μV/m)
4874	56.0	74.0	53.8	54.0

Channel 11 (2462 MHz)

•							
Frequency		Peak		Ave	rage		
		Value	Limit	Value	Limit		
	(MHz)	dB(μV/m)	dB(μV/m)	dB(μV/m)	dB(μV/m)		
	4923	57.1	74.0	53.9	54.0		

WLAN Standard 802.11g

Power setting 13

Restricted band: 2310 - 2390 MHz

Channel 1 (2412 MHz)

Frequency	Peak		Average	
	Value	Limit	Value	Limit
(MHz)	dB(μV/m)	dB(μV/m)	dB(μV/m)	dB(μV/m)
2390	54.0	74.0	-	54.0

Restricted band: 2483.5 - 2500 MHz

Channel 11 (2462 MHz)

Frequency	Peak		Average	
	Value	Limit	Value	Limit
(MHz)	dB(μV/m)	dB(μV/m)	dB(μV/m)	dB(µV/m)
24836	62.1	74.0	44.1	54.0



Restricted band: 2655 - 2900 MHz (Canada)) Channel 11 (2462 MHz) Channel 6 (2437 MHz)

Frequency	Peak		Ave	rage
	Value	Limit	Value	Limit
(MHz)	dB(μV/m)	dB(μV/m)	dB(μV/m)	dB(μV/m)
2704	45.6	74.0	-	54.0

Restricted band: 4500 - 5150 MHz

Channel 1 (2412 MHz)

Frequency	Peak		Average	
	Value	Limit	Value	Limit
(MHz)	dB(μV/m)	dB(μV/m)	dB(μV/m)	dB(μV/m)
4815	62.7	74.0	50.4	54.0

Channel 6 (2437 MHz)

•••									
	Frequency	Peak		Average					
		Value	Limit	Value	Limit				
	(MHz)	dB(μV/m)	dB(μV/m)	dB(μV/m)	dB(μV/m)				
	4884	66.7	74.0	53.8	54.0				

Channel 11 (2462 MHz)

١	<u> </u>					
	Frequency	Peak		Average		
		Value	Limit	Value	Limit	
	(MHz)	dB(μV/m)	dB(µV/m)	dB(μV/m)	dB(µV/m)	
	4927	66.7	74.0	52.7	54.0	

Radiated limits according to FCC Part 15 Section 15.209(a) for spurious emissions which fall in restricted bands:

Frequency	Field strength of spurious emissions		Measurement distance	
(MHz)	(µV/m)	dB(μV/m)	(metres)	
0.009-0.490	2400/F (kHz)		300	
0.490-1.705	24000/F (kHz)		30	
1.705-30	30	29.5	30	
30-88	100	40	3	
88-216	150	43.5	3	
216-960	200	46	3	
Above 960	500	54	3	



Restricted bands of operation:

The field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in Section 15.209

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 – 16.423	399.9 – 410	4.5 – 5.15
0.495 - 0.505	16.69475 – 16.69525	608 – 614	5.35 – 5.46
2.1735 – 2.1905	16.80425 – 16.80475	960 – 1240	7.25 – 7.75
4.125 – 4.128	25.5 – 25.67	1300 – 1427	8.025 – 8.5
4.17725 – 4.17775	37.5 – 38.25	1435 – 1626.5	9.0 – 9.2
4.20725 – 4.20775	73 – 74.6	1645.5 – 1646.5	9.3 – 9.5
6.215 – 6.218	74.8 – 75.2	1660 – 1710	10.6 – 12.7
6.26775 - 6.26825	108 – 121.94	1718.8 – 1722.2	13.25 – 13.4
6.31175 – 6.31225	123 – 138	2200 – 2300	14.47 – 14.5
8.291 – 8.294	149.9 – 150.05	2310 – 2390	15.35 – 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.52475 – 156.52525	2483.5 – 2500	17.7 – 21.4
8.37625 - 8.38675	156.7 – 156.9	2690 – 2900	22.01 – 23.12
8.41425 - 8.41475	162.0125 – 167.17	3260 – 3267	23.6 – 24.0
12.29 – 12.293	167.72 – 173.2	3332 – 3339	31.2 – 31.8
12.51975 – 12.52025	240 – 285	3345.8 – 3358	36.43 – 36.5
12.57675 – 12.57725	322 – 335.4	3600 – 4400	Above 38.6

The requirements are **FULFILLED**.

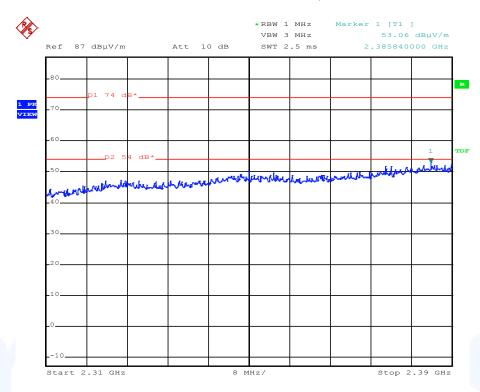
Remarks: The measurement was performed up to the 10th harmonic. For detailed test results please see to

following test protocols. Only the worst cases of the plots are listed.

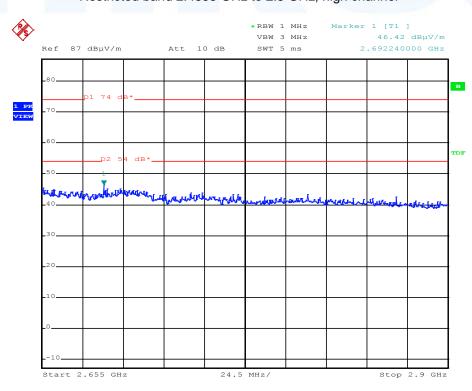


5.8.5 Test protocols of restricted band emissions802.11b

Restricted band 2.31 GHz to 2.39 GHz, low channel

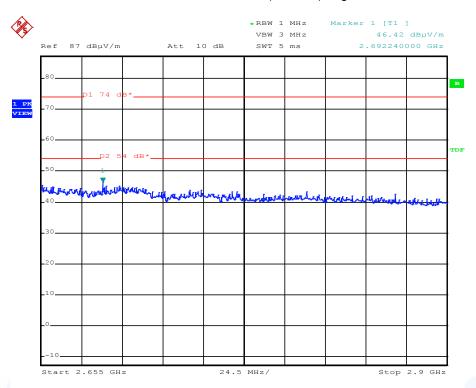


Restricted band 2.4835 GHz to 2.5 GHz, high channel

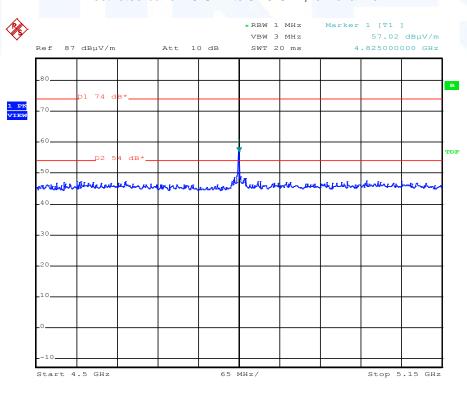




Restricted band 2.655 - 2.9 GHz (Canada), high channel

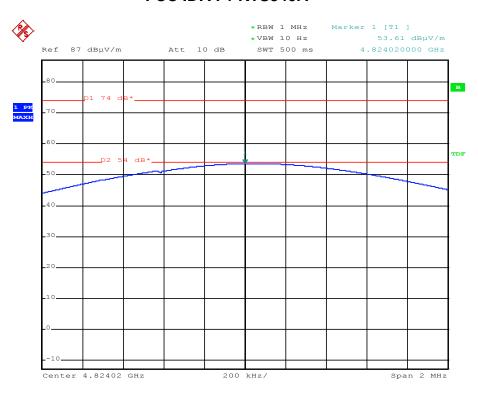


Restricted band 4.5 GHz to 5.15 GHz, low channel

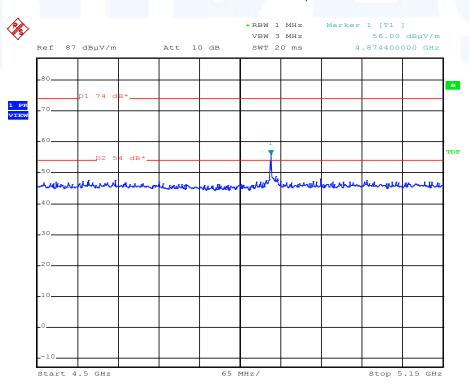




AV-measurement

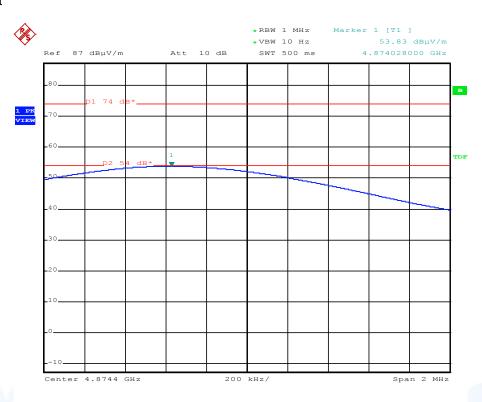


Restricted band 4.5 GHz to 5.15 GHz, mid channel

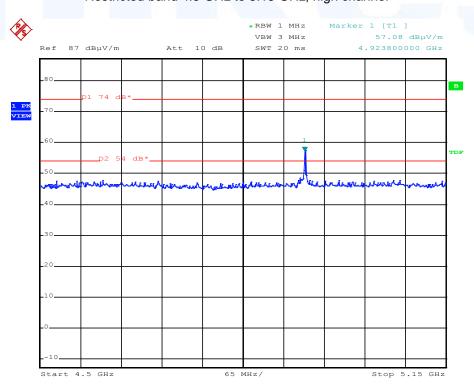




AV-measurement

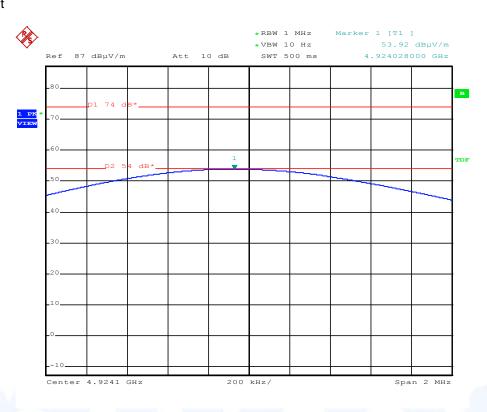


Restricted band 4.5 GHz to 5.15 GHz, high channel



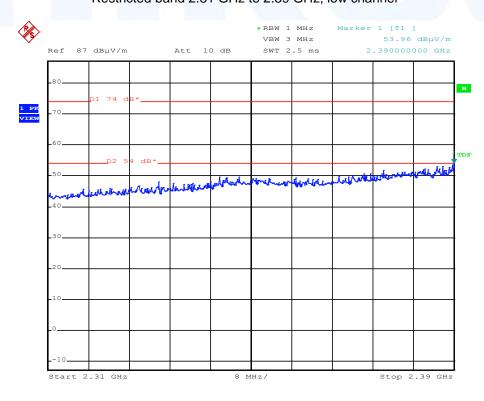


AV-measurement



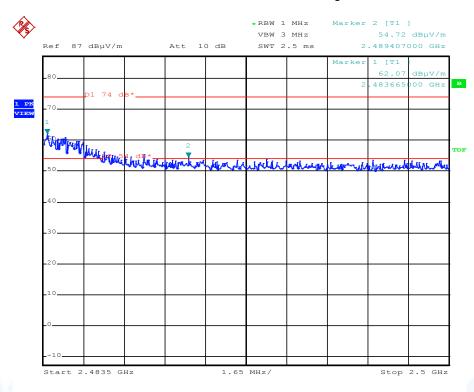
802.11g

Restricted band 2.31 GHz to 2.39 GHz, low channel

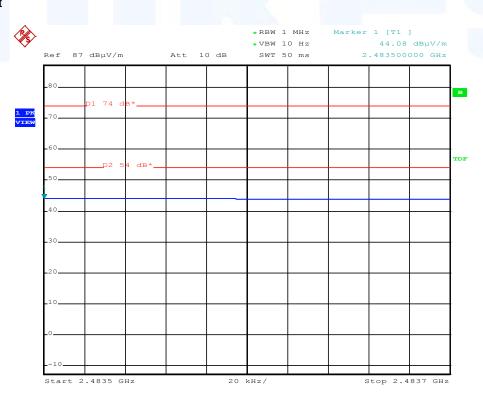




Restricted band 2.4835 GHz to 2.5 GHz, high channel

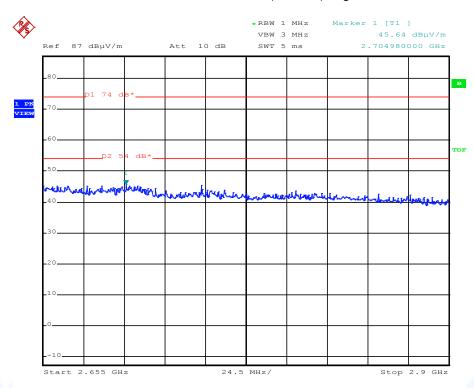


AV-measurement

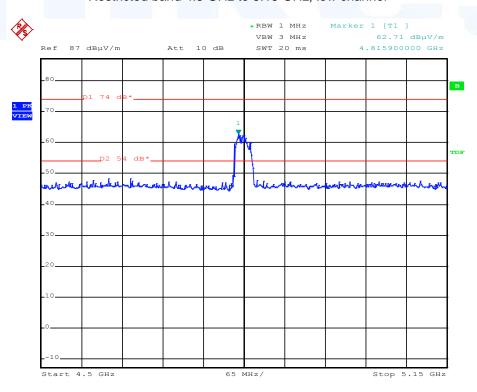




Restricted band 2.655 – 2.9 GHz (Canada), high channel

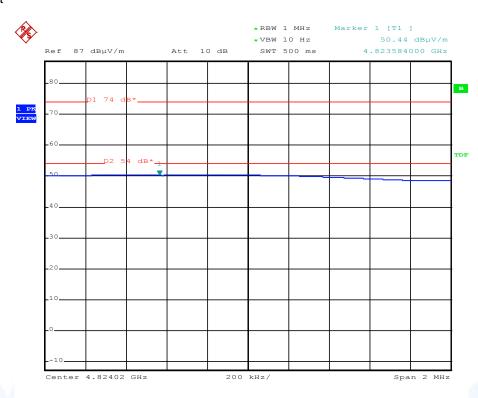


Restricted band 4.5 GHz to 5.15 GHz, low channel

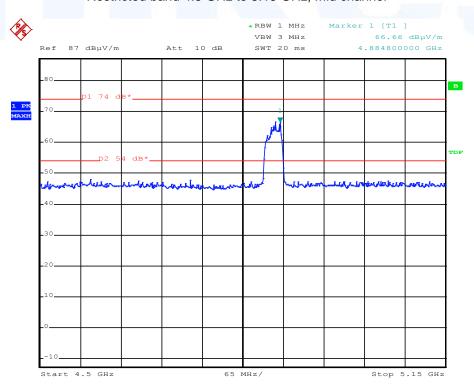




AV-measurement

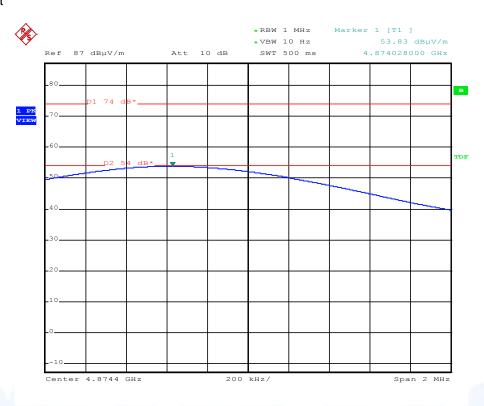


Restricted band 4.5 GHz to 5.15 GHz, mid channel

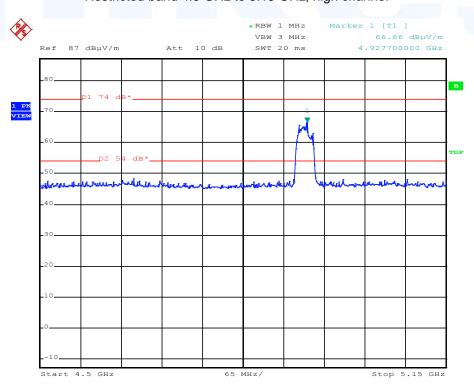




AV-measurement

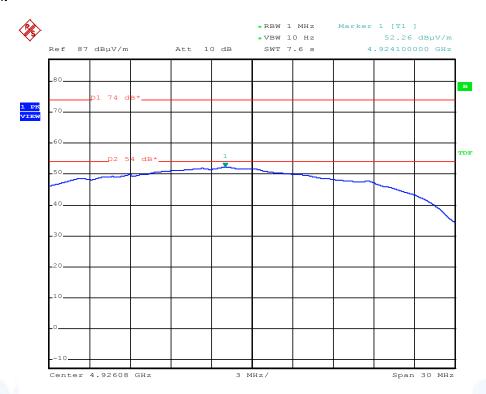


Restricted band 4.5 GHz to 5.15 GHz, high channel





AV-measurement





5.9 Maximum permissible exposure (MPE)

For test instruments and accessories used see section 6 Part CPC 3.

5.9.1 Description of the test location

Test location: AREA 4

5.9.2 Applicable standard

According to FCC Part 15, Section 15.247(i):

Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

The test methods used comply with ANSI/IEEE C95.1, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz".

This test report shows the compliance with the limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) specified in FCC Part 1, Section 1.1310 and the criteria to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radio frequency (RF) radiation as specified in FCC Part 1, Section 1.1307(b).

5.9.3 Description of Measurement

The maximum total power input to the antenna has been measured conducted as described in clause 5.3 of this document. Through the Friis transmission formula, the known maximum gain of the antenna and the maximum power, can be calculated the MPE in a defined distance away from the product.

Friis transmission formula:

$$P_d = \frac{P_{out} * G}{4 * \Pi * r^2}$$

Where:

 P_d =power density (mW/cm²)

 P_{out} = output power to antenna (mW)

G = gain of antenna (linear scale)

r = distance between antenna and observation point (cm)

According to FCC Rules 47CFR 2.1093(b) the EUT is not a portable device. The EUT is designed to be used that radiating structures are 20 cm outside of the body of the user. (r = 20 cm)



5.9.4 Test result

WLAN Standard 802.11b

Worst case: PCB antenna ACX3216-B2R7HAA with an antenna gain of 0.5 dBi, Power setting: 10

Channel No.	Frequency	Max power output to antenna		Antenna gain	Power density	Limit of power density
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(mW)	(lin)	(mW/cm ²)	(mW/cm ²)
1	2412	7.6	5.75	1.12	0.0065	1.0
6	2437	8.3	6.76	1.12	0.0076	1.0
11	2462	8.7	7.41	1.12	0.0083	1.0

WLAN Standard 802.11g

Worst case: PCB antenna ACX3216-B2R7HAA with an antenna gain of 0.5 dBi, Power setting: 13

Channel	Frequency	Max power output to		Antenna	Power density	Limit of power
No.		antenna		gain		density
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(mW)	(lin)	(mW/cm ²)	(mW/cm ²)
1	2412	11	12.59	1.12	0.0028	1.0
6	2437	10.5	11.22	1.12	0.0025	1.0
11	2462	11.3	13.49	1.12	0.0030	1.0

Limits for maximum permissible exposure (MPE):

Frequency range	Electric field strength	Magnetic field strength	Power density	Averaging time		
(MHz)	(V/m)	(A/m)	(mW/cm ²)	(minutes)		
(B) Limits for General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure						
0.3 - 3.0	614	1.63	100	30		
3.0 – 30	824/f	2.19/f	180/ <i>f</i> ²	30		
30 - 300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30		
300-1500			f/1500	30		
1500-100000			1.0	30		

f = Frequency in MHz

The requirements	s are FULFILLED .		
Remarks:			



5.10 Co-location and Co-transmission

Applicable standard:

OET Bulletin 65, Edition 97-01, Section 2: Multiple-transmitter sites and Complex Environments

The FCC's MPE limits vary with frequency. Therefore, in mixed or broadband RF fields where several sources and frequencies are involved, the fraction of the recommended limit (in terms of power density or square of the electric or magnetic field strength) incurred within each frequency interval should be determined, and the sum of all fractional contributions should not exceed 1.0, or 100 % in terms of percentage.

There is no co-location or co-transmission issue because only one transmitter is in the EUT.					
Remarks:					

5.11 Antenna application

5.11.1 Applicable standard

According to FCC Part 15C, Section 15.203:

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit that broken antennas can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack is prohibited.

The EUT has an integrated antenna. No other antenna can be used with the device.

All supplied antennas meet the requirements of part 15.203 and 15.204.

5.11.2 Antenna requirements

According to FCC Part 15C, Section 15.247(b)(4):

The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of 15.247 is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraph (b)(1), (b)(2) and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

The output power has not to be reduced using the antenna type ACX3216-B2R7HAA.



5.12 Receiver radiated emissions

For test instruments and accessories used see section 6 Part SER2 and SER3.

5.12.1 Description of the test location

Test location: OATS 1

Anechoic Chamber A2 Test location:

Test distance: 3 metres

5.12.2 Photo documentation of the test set-up

Open area test site (Test setup for 30 MHz - 1000 MHz)









5.12.3 Applicable standard

According to RSS-Gen, Section 6:

Receivers shall comply with the limits of spurious emissions set out in this section, measured over the frequency range determined in accordance with Section 4.10.

5.12.4 Description of Measurement

Radiated emissions from the EUT are measured following the methods set out in the ANSI C93.4. The measured frequency range of 30 MHz to maximum frequency as specified in section RSS Gen 4.10. For testing above 1 GHz, the emission level of the EUT in peak mode complies with the average limit then testing will be stopped and peak values of the EUT will be reported, otherwise, the emission will be measured again in average mode and reported. In RX test mode no channel and transmission standard can be set.

5.12.5 Test result

f < 1 GHz:

Frequency (MHz)	L: QP (dBµV)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Correct. (dB/m)	L: QP (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Delta (dB)
89	22.0	120	10.3	32.3	43.5	-11.2
90	21.4	120	10.1	31.5	43.5	-12.0
96	26.0	120	11.3	37.3	43.5	-6.2
106.1	27.0	120	12.5	39.5	43.5	-4.0
108.1	25.3	120	12.7	38.0	43.5	-5.5
117.6	16.0	120	12.8	28.8	43.5	-14.7
118.1	16.4	120	12.9	29.3	43.5	-14.2
118.6	20.4	120	13.5	33.9	43.5	-9.6
119.05	20.1	120	13.6	33.7	43.5	-9.8
205.8	29.3	120	13.1	42.4	43.5	-1.1
206.8	30.3	120	13.2	43.5	43.5	0.0
207.4	28.6	120	13.2	41.8	43.5	-1.7
209.5	26.0	120	13.3	39.3	43.5	-4.2
264.0	15.0	120	28.0	43.4	46.0	-2.6

Note: 15.31(o) Emissions more than 20 dB below the permissible value needs not be reported.



f > 1 GHz:

Frequency band 2.4 GHz to 2.4835 GHz

The control software for the EUT enables only RX setting but not to set a channel or the standard b or g.

f	Level	Limit	f	Level	Limit
(MHz)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(MHz)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)
-	-	74.0	-	-	74.0

Note: 15.31(o) Emissions more than 20 dB below the permissible value needs not be reported.

Limit according to RSS-Gen, Table 2:

Frequency	Limit	Limit
(MHz)	(µV/m)	(dBµV/m)
30 - 88	100	40
88 - 216	150	43.5
216 - 960	200	46
Above 960	500	54

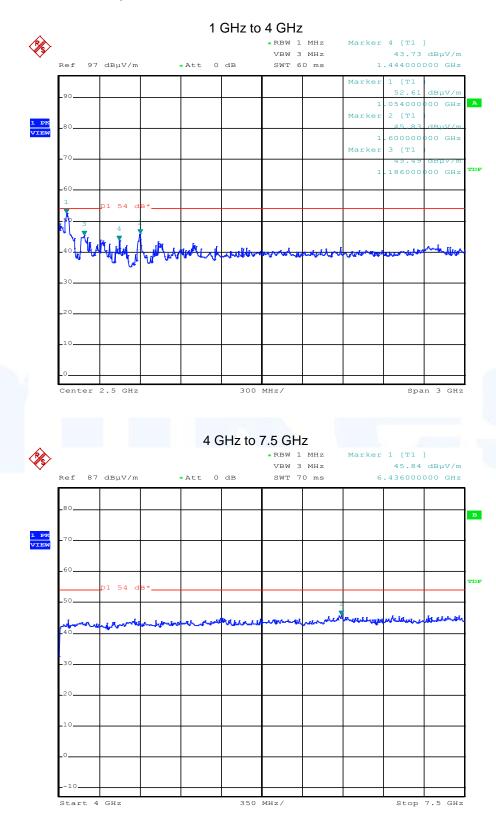
The requirements are **FULFILLED**.

Remarks: During the test, the EUT was set into continuous receiving mode. The measurement was performed

up to the 3rd harmonic (7500 MHz). For detailed test results please see the following test protocols.



5.12.6 Test protocols receiver spurious emissions





FCC ID: V74-KTS340A 6 USED TEST EQUIPMENT AND ACCESSORIES

All test instruments used are calibrated and verified regularly. The calibration history is available on request.

CPC 3 MB SEC 1-3 SER 2	Model Type ESHS 30 ESH 2 - Z 5 EMV D 30000/PAS N-4000-BNC N-1500-N ESH 3 - Z 2 NRVS NRV-Z51 FSP 30 ESVS 30 VULB 9168 S10162-B KK-EF393-21N-16 NW-2000-NB	Equipment No. 02-02/03-05-002 02-02/20-05-004 02-02/30-05-006 02-02/50-05-138 02-02/50-05-155 02-02/07-05-005 02-02/11-05-001 02-02/11-05-001 02-02/24-05-005 02-02/50-05-031 02-02/50-05-133 02-02/50-05-113	Next Calib. 30/06/2012 12/05/2013 06/10/2011 05/08/2011 17/05/2012 17/05/2012 20/06/2012 07/03/2012	Last Calib. 30/06/2011 12/05/2011 06/04/2011 05/08/2010 17/05/2011 17/05/2011 20/06/2011 07/03/2011	Next Verif. 12/11/2011 17/09/2011	Last Verif. 12/05/2011 17/03/2011
SER 3	AFS4-01000400-10-10P-4 AMF-4F-04001200-15-10P AFS5-12001800-18-10P-6 FSP 30 3117 Sucoflex N-1600-SMA Sucoflex N-2000-SMA	02-02/17-05-003 02-02/17-05-004 02-02/17-06-002 02-02/11-05-001 02-02/24-05-009 02-02/50-05-073 02-02/50-05-075	17/05/2012 11/02/2012	17/05/2011 11/02/2011		