

SAR TEST REPORT

for

Texas Instruments Incorporated

TI-Nspire TM CX Navigator TM Wireless Network Adapter-v2

Model No.: TINA VWNA2

FCC ID: V7R-TINA VWNA2

The MAX SAR(1g)	
Body SAR	0.174W/Kg

Prepared for : Texas Instruments Incorporated
12500 TI Boulevard Dallas, TX 75243-4136 USA

Prepared By : Audix Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.
No. 6, Ke Feng Rd., 52 Block,
Shenzhen Science & Industrial Park,
Nantou, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

Tel: (0755) 26639496
Fax: (0755) 26632877

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SAR TEST REPORT

Applicant : Texas Instruments Incorporated
Manufacturer : Inventec Appliances(Pudong) Corporation
EUT Description : TI-Nspire TM CX Navigator TM Wireless Network Adapter-v2
(A) Model No. : TINAVWNA2
(B) Serial No. : N/A
(C) Test Voltage : DC 3.7V From Battery

Measurement Standard Used:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- IEEE C95.1-1999
- IEEE 1528-2003
- FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01)
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02
- FCC KDB 616217 D04 v01r02
- FCC KDB 865664 D01/D02
- OET Inquiry System Inquiry Tracking Number 937561

The device described above is tested by Audix Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. to determine the maximum emission levels emanating from the device and the severe levels of the device can endure and its performance criterion. The test results are contained in this test report and Audix Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. is assumed full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of test. This report contains data that are not covered by the NVLAP accreditation. Also, this report shows that the EUT is technically compliant with the FCC SAR test requirements.

This report applies to above tested sample only. This report shall not be reproduced in part without written approval of Audix Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

The report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any agency of the federal government.

Date of Test : Apr.12~27, 2016 Report of date: Jul.07, 2016

Prepared by : Monica Liu Reviewed by : Sunny Lu

Monica Liu / Assistant Sunny Lu / Assistant Manager



信華科技(深圳)有限公司

Audix Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

EMC 部門 報告 專用 章

Stamp only for EMC Dept. Report

Signature: David Jin

David Jin / Manager

Approved & Authorized Signer:

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1. Description of Device (EUT)

Product Name : TI-Nspire TM CX Navigator TM Wireless Network Adapter-v2

Model Number : TINAVWNA2

Radio : IEEE802.11 a/b/g/n

Operation Frequency : IEEE 802.11a:
5180MHz—5240MHz; 5745MHz—5825MHz
IEEE 802.11b: 2412MHz—2462MHz
IEEE 802.11g: 2412MHz—2462MHz
IEEE802.11nHT20: 2412MHz—2462MHz;
5180MHz—5240MHz; 5745MHz—5825MHz

Modulation Technology : IEEE 802.11b: DSSS(CCK,DQPSK,DBPSK)
IEEE 802.11a/g: OFDM(64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK)
IEEE 802.11n HT20: OFDM (64QAM, 6QAM,QPSK,BPSK)

Antenna Assembly : Antenna type: Chip
Gain WiFi 2.4GHz: 1.5 dBi
WiFi 5GHz: 1.5 dBi

Applicant : Texas Instruments Incorporated
12500 TI Boulevard Dallas, TX 75243-4136 USA

Manufacturer : Inventec Appliances(Pudong) Corporation
No.789 Pu Xing Road, Shanghai, PRC

Date of Test : Apr.12~27, 2016

Date of Receipt : Apr.10, 2016

2. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

2.1. Product Description For EUT

[None]

2.2. Applied Standards

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- IEEE C95.1-1999
- IEEE 1528-2003
- FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01)
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02
- FCC KDB 616217 D04 v01r02
- FCC KDB 865664 D01/D02
- OET Inquiry System Inquiry Tracking Number 937561

2.3. Device Category and SAR Limits

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user. Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.

2.4. Test Conditions

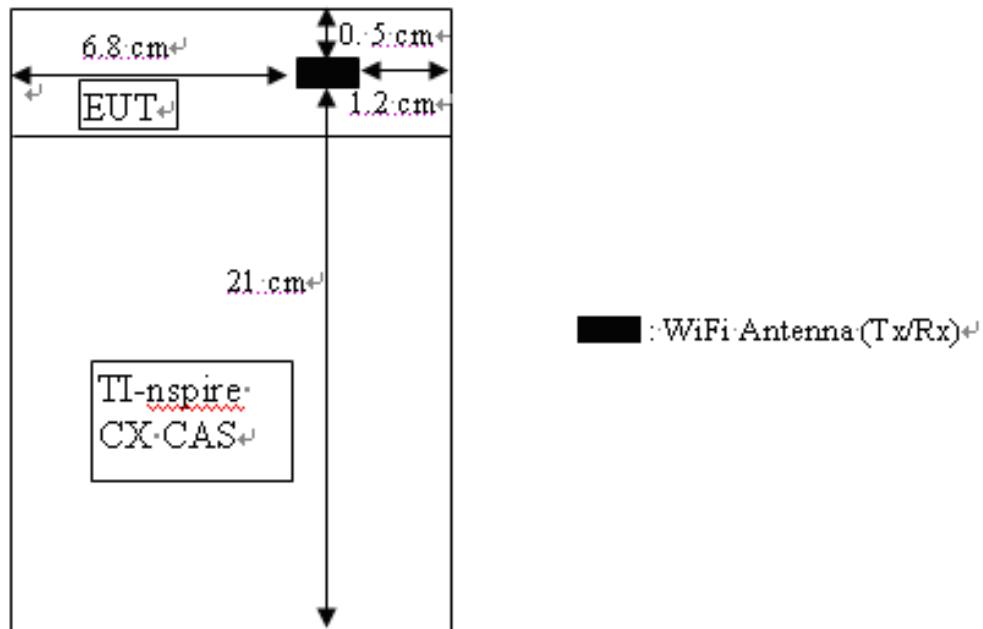
2.4.1. Ambient Condition

Ambient Temperature	20 to 24 °C
Humidity	< 60 %

2.4.2. Test Configuration

The distance between the EUT and the antenna of the emulator is larger than 50 cm and the output power radiated from the emulator antenna is at least 30dB smaller than the output power of EUT. The EUT was set from the emulator to radiate maximum output power during all tests.

2.5. Exposure Positions Consideration



Antenna	Description
WiFi Antenna	802.11 a/b/g/nHT20

Note:

1. The distance from the WLAN antenna to the back surface is 5mm.
2. The distance from the WLAN antenna to the Front surface is 5mm.
3. The length of the diagonal dimension of the EUT is larger than 20cm.

Sides for Body SAR tests Test distance: 0 mm						
Band	Back	Front	Top	Bottom	Right	Left
WLAN 2.4GHz	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓
WLAN 5GHz	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓

Note:

1. The distance is larger than 20 cm between Bottom side and ANT of the EUT, so this Position was no required.
2. The EUT equipped with TI-nspire CX CAS and let TI-nspire CX CAS have wireless connection function, and TI-nspire CX CAS have no wireless function when standalone mode. in this case, it is only as a test peripherals.

2.6. Standalone SAR Test Exclusion Considerations

Standalone 1-g head or body SAR evaluation by measurement or numerical simulation is not required when the corresponding SAR Exclusion Threshold condition, listed below, is satisfied. The 1-g SAR test exclusion threshold for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$ for 1-g SAR, where

- $f(\text{GHz})$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

According to the KDB447498 appendix A, the SAR test exclusion threshold for 2450MHz at 5mm test separation distances is 10 mW, 5.2GHz is 7 mW, 5.4GHz and 5.8GHz is 6mW

Appendix A

SAR Test Exclusion Thresholds for 100 MHz – 6 GHz and ≤ 50 mm

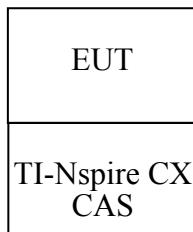
Approximate SAR Test Exclusion Power Thresholds at Selected Frequencies and Test Separation Distances are illustrated in the following Table.

MHz	5	10	15	20	25	mm
150	39	77	116	155	194	SAR Test Exclusion Threshold (mW)
300	27	55	82	110	137	
450	22	45	67	89	112	
835	16	33	49	66	82	
900	16	32	47	63	79	
1500	12	24	37	49	61	
1900	11	22	33	44	54	
2450	10	19	29	38	48	
3600	8	16	24	32	40	
5200	7	13	20	26	33	
5400	6	13	19	26	32	
5800	6	12	19	25	31	

Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

Band/Mode	F(GHz)	SAR test exclusion threshold (mW)	RF output power		SAR test exclusion
			dBm	mW	
2.4GHz WLAN 802.11 b	2.45	10	12.47	17.66	NO
5.2GHz WLAN 802.11a	5.2	7	11.43	13.90	NO
5.8GHz WLAN 802.11 a	5.8	6	12.72	18.71	NO

2.7. EUT Configuration and operation conditions for test.

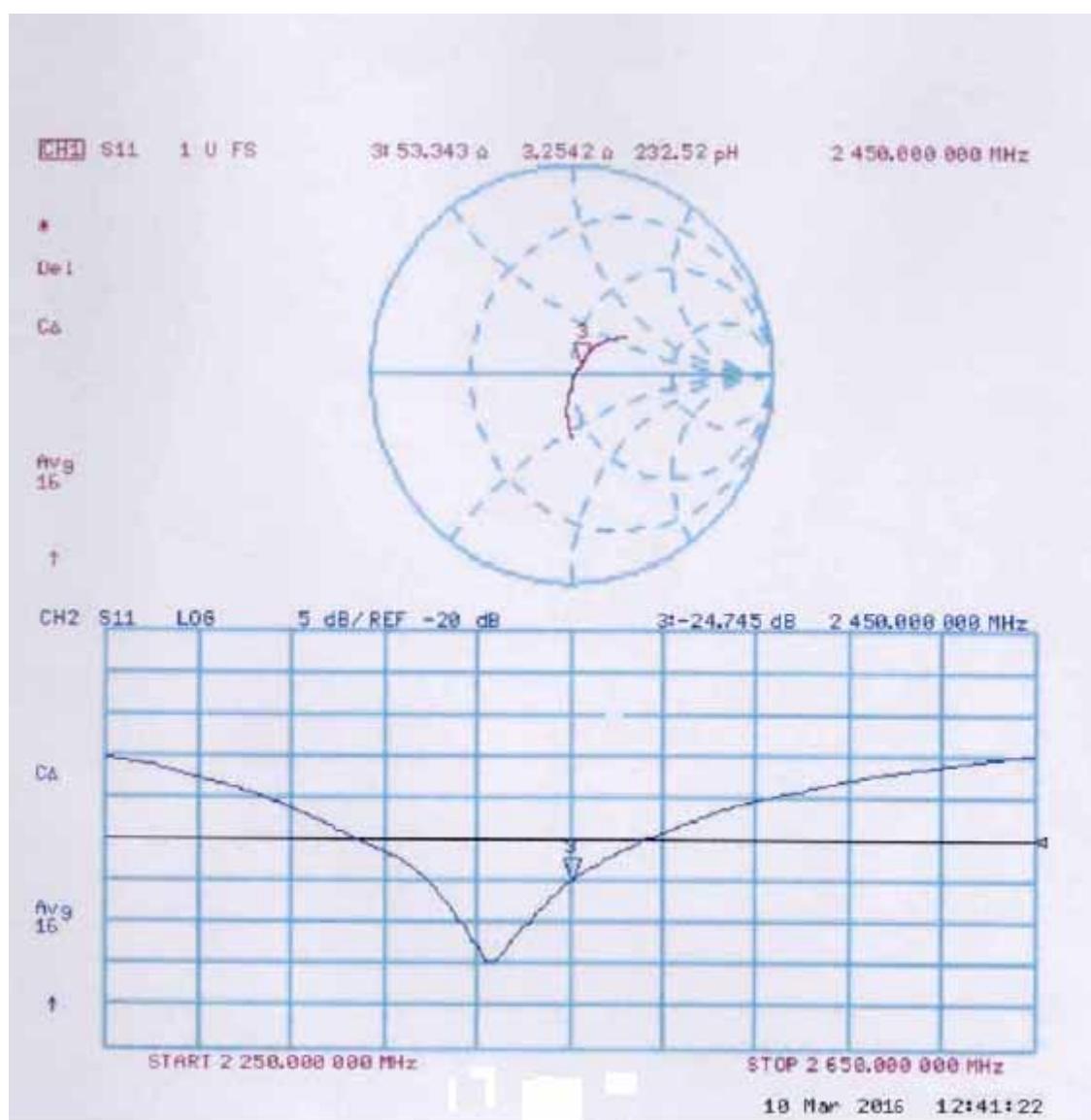


(*EUT: TI-Nspire TM CX Navigator TM Wireless Network Adapter-v2*)

2.8. Test Equipment

Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal Date	Cal. Interval
1.	DASY5 SAR Test System	Speag	TX60 L speag	F09/5B1H1/01	July.12,15	1 Year
2.	Wireless Communication Test Set	Agilent	E5515C	GB44300243	Apr.28,15	1 Year
3.	Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2487A	6K00002472	Aug.21,15	1 Year
4.	Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2491A	0033005	Aug.21,15	1 Year
5.	Signal Generator	HP	83732B	VS34490501	Apr.28,15	1 Year
6.	Amplifier	Milmega	ZHL-42W	C620601316	NCR	N/A
7.	Dipole Validation Kits	Speag	D2450V2	862	May.29,14	3 Year
8.	Dipole Validation Kits	Speag	D5GHzV2	1102	Jun.16,14	3 Year
9.	Attenuator	Mini-Circuits	VAT-10+	NO.1	Apr.28,15	1 Year
10.	Data Acquisition Electronics	Speag	DAE4	899	Feb.02,16	2 Year
11.	E-Field Probe	Speag	EX3DV4	3767	Jan.30,15	3 Year
12.	Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071B	MY42403549	Apr.28,15	1 Year
13.	Test Software	Schmid&Partner Englinnering AG	DASY5	52.8.7.1137	N/A	N/A

Note: Dipole antenna calibration interval is 3 year, annual check result to be follow (Refer to KDB 865664, Dipole calibration)



Calibration date: Mar.10,16

Antenna Parameters at 2450MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point $53.343 \Omega - 3.254j \Omega$

Return Loss -24.745

Antenna Parameters at 5200MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point $52.4 \Omega - 6.98j \Omega$

Return Loss -22.51

Antenna Parameters at 5800MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point $52.1 \Omega - 1.02j \Omega$

Return Loss -31.15

2.9. Laboratory Environment

Temperature	Min:20°C,Max.25°C
Relative humidity	Min. = 30%, Max. = 70%
Note: Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards.	

2.10. Measurement Uncertainty

Test Item	Uncertainty
Uncertainty for SAR test	1g: 21.14
	10g: 20.64
Uncertainty for test site temperature and humidity	0.6°C

Source	Type	Uncertainty Value (%)	Probability Distribution	K	C1(1g)	C1(10g)	Standard uncertainty ul(%))1g	Standard uncertainty ul(%))10g	Degree of freedom Veff or Vi
Measurement system repetitivity	A	0.5	N	1		1	0.5	0.5	9
Probe calibration	B	5.9	N	1	1	1	5.9	5.9	∞
Isotropy	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Linearity	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Probe modulation response	B	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
Detection limits	B	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Boundary effect	B	1.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.1	1.1	∞
Readout electronics	B	1.0	N	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
Response time	B	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
Integration time	B	4.32	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.5	2.5	∞
RF ambient conditions – noise	B	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
RF ambient conditions – reflections	B	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Probe positioner mech. restrictions	B	0.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	B	2.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Post-processing	B	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
Test sample related									
Device holder uncertainty	A	2.94	N	1	1	1	2.94	2.94	M-1
Test sample positioning	A	4.1	N	1	1	1	4.1	4.1	M-1
Power scaling	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Drift of output power (measured SAR drift)	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Phantom and set-up									
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	B	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.1	∞
Algorithm for correcting SAR for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	B	1.9	N	1	1	0,84	1,9	1,6	∞
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	A	0.55	N	1	0.78	0.71	0.24	0.21	M-1
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	A	0.19	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.09	0.06	M
Liquid permittivity – temperature uncertainty	A	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0,78	0,71	1.4	1.1	∞
Liquid conductivity – temperature uncertainty	A	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0,26	1.2	0.8	∞
Combined standard uncertainty	$u_c = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{23} c_i^2 u_i^2}$						10.57	10.32	
Expanded uncertainty (95 % conf. interval)	$u_e = 2u_c$		N	K=2			21.14	20.64	

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Ingredients (% by weight)	Frequency (MHz)									
	450		835		915		1900		2450	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.8	52.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78

Salt: 99+% Pure Sodium Chloride

Sugar: 98+% Pure Sucrose

Water: De-ionized, 16 MΩ+ resistivity

HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose

DGBE: 99+% Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether, [2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol]

Triton X-100 (ultra pure): Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]ether

Simulating Liquids for 5 GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	78
Mineral oil	11
Emulsifiers	9
Additives and Salt	2

3. MEASURE PROCEDURES

3.1. General description of test procedures

For the 802.11a/b/g SAR body tests, a communication link is set up with the test mode software for WIFI mode test. The Absolute Radiofrequency Channel Number (ARFCN) is allocated to 1,6 and 11 respectively in the case of 2450 MHz. During the test, at the each test frequency channel, the EUT is operated at the RF continuous emission mode. Each channel should be tested at the lowest data rate. Testing at higher data rates is not required when the maximum average output power is less than 0.25dB higher than those measured at the lowest data rate.

802.11b/g operating modes are tested independently according to the service requirements in each frequency band. 802.11b/g modes are tested on channels 1,6,11; however, if output power reduction is necessary for channels 1 and /or 11 to meet restricted band requirements the highest output channels closest to each of these channels must be tested instead.

SAR is not required for 802.11g channels when the maximum average output power is less than 0.25dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels. When the maximum average output channel in each frequency band is not included in the “default test channels”, the maximum channel should be tested instead of an adjacent “default test channels”, these are referred to as the “required test channels” and are illustrated in table 1.

Please apply the following guidance for SAR testing:

1. Please use a 0 mm (touching) test separation distance on the flat phantom during SAR testing of this device. This separation distance is based on the guidance found in FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, Section 5.2.3 3)
2. Please utilize a body tissue simulating liquid (TSL) of the appropriate frequency during SAR testing.
3. Please use the guidance found in FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01 to determine which sides of the device need to be tested for SAR.
4. FCC KDB Publication 248227 D01 should be used for selection of the WiFi channels, data rates, etc.

Table C.4 – Reported SAR of initial test configuration determined according to Table C.3 with frequency band test reduction taken into consideration

802.11 Modes		a	g	n (HT) [@]		ac (VHT) [@]			
Channel Bandwidth (MHz)		20	20	20	40	20	40	80	160
§15.247 (2.4 GHz)				1/6/11	1/6/11	6	SAR not required for OFDM; 802.11b adjusted SAR ≤ 1.2 W/kg		
				36/40/44/48	36/40/44/48	38/46			
U-NII-1				U-NII-2A exclusion applied					
				52/56/60/64	52/56/60/64	54/62	52/56/60/64	54/62	58
U-NII-2A		<i>Ch. #</i>	<i>W/kg</i>	0.85					
				100/112/116/128	100/112/116/128	102/110/118/126	100/112/116/128	102/110/118/126	106/112
U-NII-2C				0.95					114
				132/149/165	132/149/165	134/142/151/159	132/149/165	134/142/151/159	138/155
U-NII-3				132/149/165	132/149/165	134/142/151/159	132/149/165	134/142/151/159	138/155
				1.08					

- This example assumes the device has a fixed exposure test position; therefore, initial test position SAR test reduction does not apply.
- It is also assumed that the test separation distance and measured power (illustrated in Table C.3) do not qualify for the standalone SAR test exclusion provisions in KDB Publication 447498 D01.
- SAR probe(s) are assumed to have valid calibrations at 5.25, 5.60 and 5.75 GHz.
- The illustrated SAR values are already scaled to 100% transmission duty factor and according to reported SAR procedure.
- U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands have the same specified maximum output and tolerance; SAR is measured for U-NII-2A band first. Adjusted SAR of U-NII-2A band is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band.

3.2. Position of module in Portable devices

SAR is required for Front, Back, Top, Right and Left with the most conservative exposure conditions, The EUT is tested at the following test positions:

- (1) Test Position Vertical- Back Side: The Vertical-Back Side of the EUT towards and directed tightly to touch the flat phantom.
- (2) Test Position Bottom of the EUT towards and directed tightly to touch the flat phantom.

(The distance is more than 2.5 cm between antenna and Front, Top, Left, Right side)

4. SAR MEASUREMENTS SYSTEM

4.1. SAR Measurement Set-up

DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- (1) A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software.
An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- (2) A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage It issue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- (3) A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- (4) A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.
- (5) The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY5 measurement server.
- (6) The DASY5 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows 2003.
- (7) DASY5 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.
- (8) Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- (9) The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.
- (10) The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- (11) Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- (12) System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

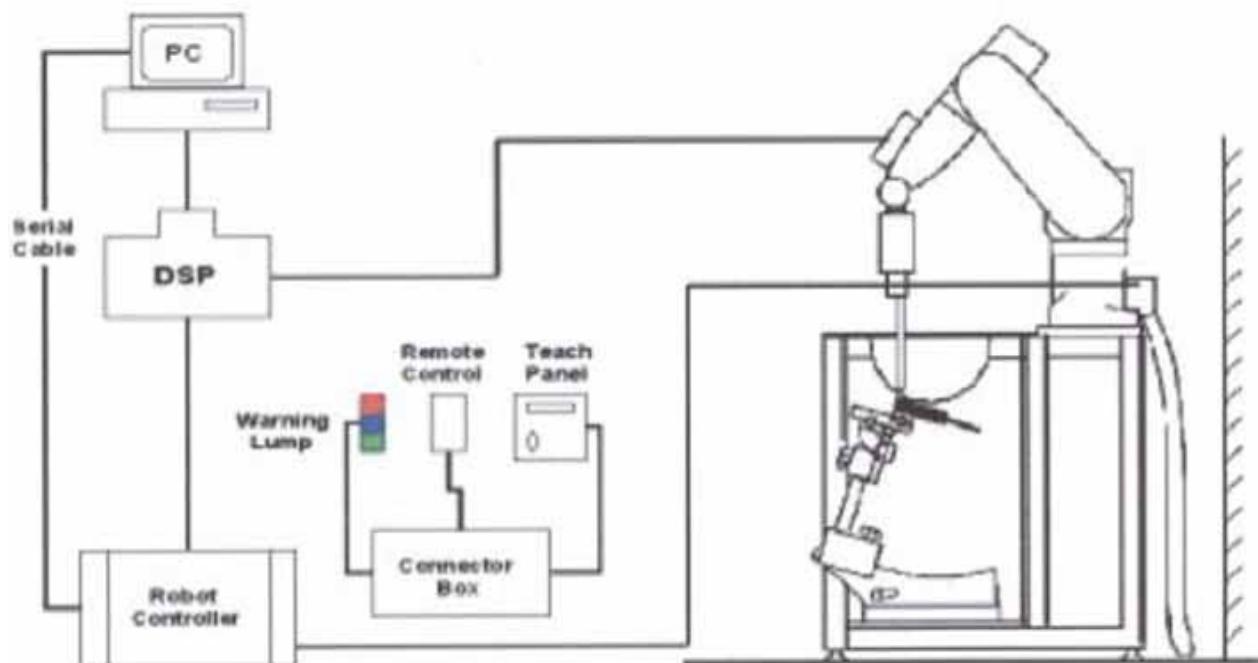
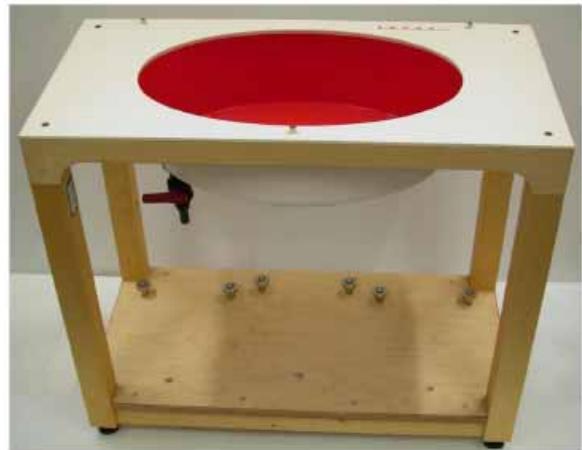


Figure 4.1 SAR Lab Test Measurement Set-up

4.2. ELI Phantom

Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid.

Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.



Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)
Liquid Compatibility	Compatible with all SPEAG tissue simulating liquids (incl. DGBE type)
Shell Thickness	2.0 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate)
Dimensions	Major axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm
Filling Volume	approx. 30 liters
Wooden Support	SPEAG standard phantom table

The bottom plate contains three pairs of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections.

Figure 6.2 Top View of Twin Phantom

A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters.

On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

The phantom can be used with the following tissue simulating liquids:

*Water-sugar based liquid

*Glycol based liquids

4.3. Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom

The SAR in the Phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source in 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of $\pm 0.5\text{mm}$ would produce a SAR uncertainty of $\pm 20\%$. An accurate device position is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurement. The position in which the devices must be measured, are defined by the standards.

The DASY5 device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR).

Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY5 device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\epsilon_r = 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



Figure 4.3 Device Holder

4.4. DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.



4.4.1. EX3DV4 Probe Specification

Figure 4.4 EX3DV4 E-field Probe

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available
Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μ W/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: PRS-T2 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.

4.5. E-field Probe Calibration

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than $\pm 10\%$. The spherical isotropy was evaluated and found to be better than $\pm 0.25\text{dB}$. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies below 1 GHz, and in a wave guide above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$\text{SAR} = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

Where: Δt = Exposure time (30 seconds),
 C = Heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),
 ΔT = Temperature increase due to RF exposure.
Or

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{|E|^2 \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where:
 σ = Simulated tissue conductivity,
 ρ = Tissue density (kg/m^3).

4.6. Scanning procedure

The DASY5 installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and validation. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.

The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the EUT's output power and should vary max. $\pm 5\%$.

The "surface check" measurement tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY5 system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above $\pm 0.1\text{mm}$). To prevent wrong results tests are only executed when the liquid is free of air bubbles.

The difference between the optical surface detection and the actual surface depends on the Probe and is specified with each probe. (It does not depend on the surface reflectivity or the probe angle to the surface within $\pm 30^\circ$.)

Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values before running a detailed measurement around the hot spot. Before starting the area scan a grid spacing of 15 mm x 15 mm is set. During the scan the distance of the probe to the phantom remains unchanged.

After finishing area scan, the field maxima within a range of 2 dB will be ascertained.

Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to estimate the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default Zoom Scan is done by 7x7x7 points within a cube whose base is centered around the maxima found in the preceding area scan.

Spatial Peak Detection

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented and can determine values of masses of 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY5 system allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as:

- maximum search
- extrapolation
- boundary correction
- peak search for averaged SAR

During a maximum search, global and local maxima searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each Area Scan measurement with at least 6 measurement points. It is based on the evaluation of the local SAR gradient calculated by the Quadratic Shepard's method. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within -2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation. Extrapolation routines require at least 10 measurement points in 3-D space. They are used in the Zoom Scan to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The routine uses the modified Quadratic Shepard's method for extrapolation. For a grid using 7x7x7 measurement points with 5mm resolution amounting to 343 measurement points, the uncertainty of the extrapolation routines is less than 1% for 1g and 10g cubes.

A Z-axis scan measures the total SAR value at the x-and y-position of the maximum SAR value found during the cube 7x7x7 scan. The probe is moved away in z-direction from the bottom of the SAM phantom in 5mm steps.

5. DATA STORAGE AND EVALUATION

5.1. Data Storage

The DASY5 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension ".DA4". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

5.2. Data Evaluation by SEMCAD

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	- Sensitivity	Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2
	- Conversion factor	ConvFi
	- Diode compression point	DcpI

Device parameters:	- Frequency	f
	- Crest factor	cf

Media parameters:	- Conductivity	
	- Density	

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics.

If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$Vi =Ui +Ui2 \cdot cf / dcpI$$

With Vi = compensated signal of channel i ($i = x, y, z$)

Ui = input signal of channel i ($i = x, y, z$)

cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

dcp_i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes: $Ei = (Vi / Normi \cdot ConvF)I/2$

H-field probes: $Hi = (Vi)I/2 \cdot (ai0 + ai1f + ai2f^2)/f$

With Vi = compensated signal of channel i ($i = x, y, z$)

$Normi$ = sensor sensitivity of channel i ($i = x, y, z$)

$ConvF$ = sensitivity enhancement in solution

aij = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

Ei = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

Hi = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$Etot = (Ex^2 + EY^2 + Ez^2)^{1/2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = (Etot^2 \cdot \rho) / (4\pi \cdot 1000)$$

with

SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

$Etot$ = total field strength in V/m

ρ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

ϵ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid. The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$Ppwe = Etot^2 / 3770 \quad \text{or} \quad Ppwe = Htot^2 \cdot 37.7$$

with $Ppwe$ = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm²

$Etot$ = total electric field strength in V/m

$Htot$ = total magnetic field strength in A/m

6. SYSTEM CHECK

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the tissue simulates were measured every day using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyzer. A system check measurement was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the simulates, using the dipole validation kit. A power level of 250 mW was supplied to the dipole antenna, which was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom. The system check results (dielectric parameters and SAR values) are given in the ANNEX A.

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration with the relevant liquids and test system ($\pm 10\%$).

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the DASY5 system.

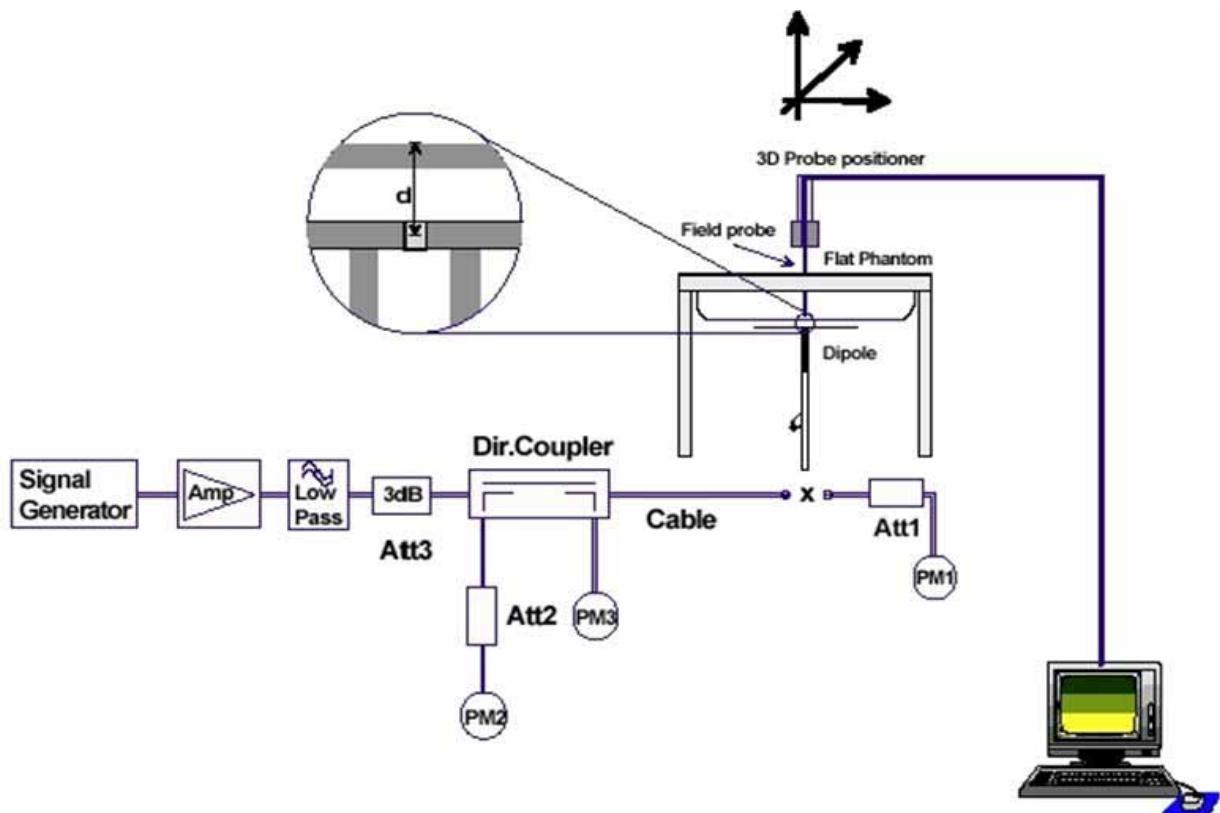
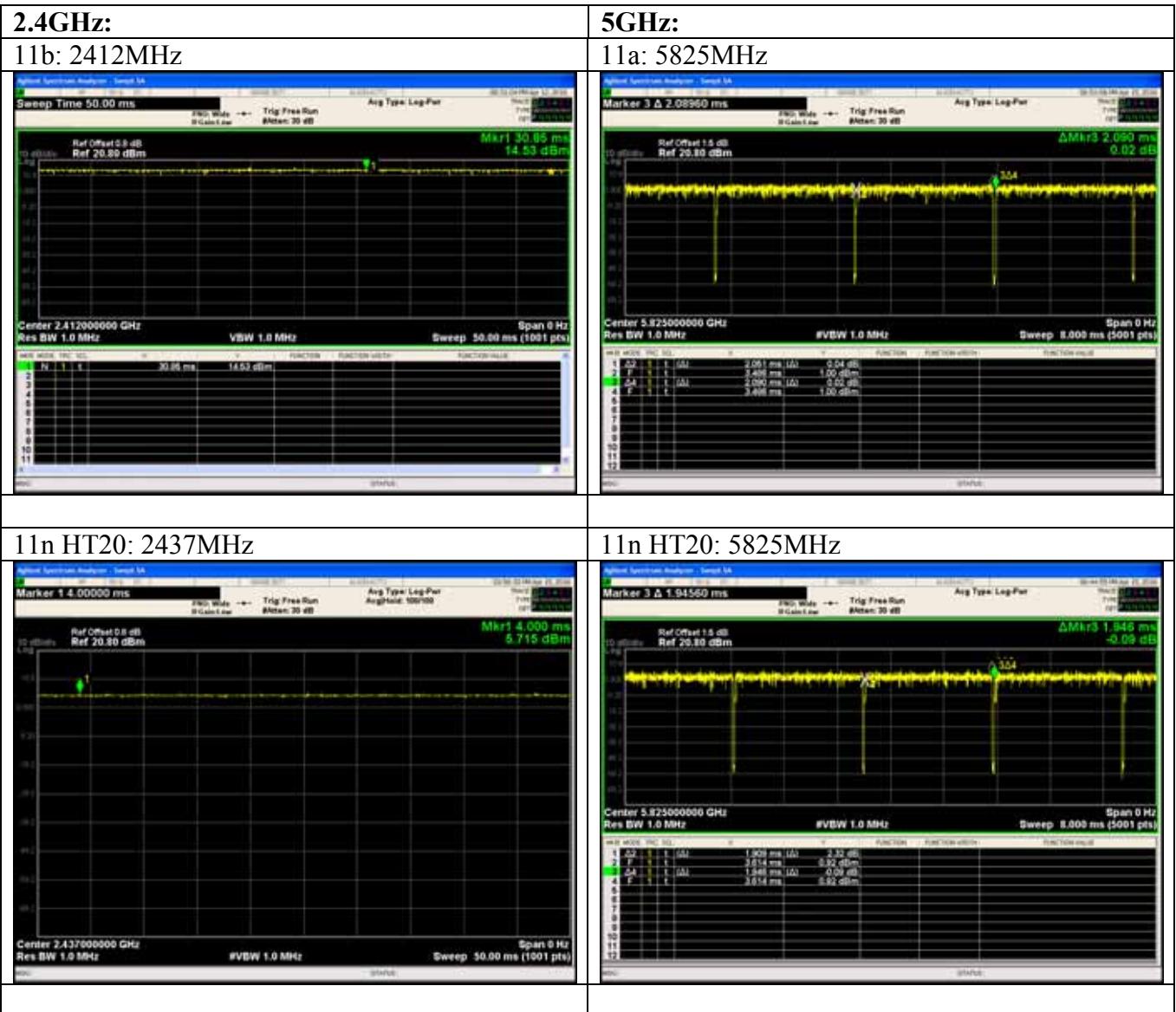


Figure 6.1: System Check Set-up

7. TEST RESULTS

7.1. Duty Cycle



- Note: 1. The WLAN 2.4GHz 11b duty cycle is close to 100%.
 3. The WLAN 2.4GHz 11n HT20 duty cycle is close to 100%.
 4. The WLAN 5GHz 11a duty cycle is 98.13%.
 5. The WLAN 5GHz 11n HT20 duty cycle is 98.10%.

7.2. Output power

(WIFI 2.4G)

Mode	Channel	Rate(Mbps)	Peak Power (dBm)	Average Power (dBm)
11b	CH1	1	14.65	12.33
		2	15.61	11.32
		5.5	14.49	12.47
		11	14.54	10.80
	CH6	1	14.83	11.67
		2	14.78	11.33
		5.5	13.63	11.29
		11	14.57	10.98
	CH11	1	14.89	11.75
		2	14.76	11.76
		5.5	13.79	11.98
		11	14.68	10.76
11g	CH1	6	17.46	10.42
		9	17.43	10.33
		12	17.58	10.81
		18	17.44	11.12
		24	17.65	10.91
		36	17.61	10.78
		48	16.89	10.83
		54	16.01	9.80
	CH6	6	17.74	10.58
		9	17.65	10.76
		12	17.89	11.42
		18	17.76	10.65
		24	17.43	10.76
		36	17.33	10.67
		48	16.21	10.21
		54	16.79	9.75
	CH11	6	17.63	11.72
		9	17.37	10.69
		12	17.65	11.07
		18	17.41	10.66
		24	17.38	10.84
		36	17.61	10.43
		48	16.57	10.12
		54	15.72	9.36

Mode	Channel	Rate(Mbps)	Peak Power (dBm)	Average Power (dBm)
11n HT20	CH1	HT0	17.28	10.63
		HT1	17.56	10.81
		HT2	17.71	10.22
		HT3	17.79	10.32
		HT4	17.91	10.54
		HT5	17.55	10.33
		HT7	16.12	8.25
	CH6	HT0	17.67	11.04
		HT1	17.53	10.24
		HT2	17.60	10.42
		HT3	17.54	10.33
		HT4	16.76	10.61
		HT5	17.12	10.08
		HT7	15.24	8.53
	CH11	HT0	17.97	11.37
		HT1	17.91	10.76
		HT2	17.31	10.69
		HT3	17.51	10.23
		HT4	17.28	10.32
		HT5	16.93	10.24
		HT7	15.43	9.14

Notes:

1. Use the data rate with the maximum output level for the SAR test.
2. WIFI 2.4GHz can't transmit at same time.

(WIFI 5GHz)
Band 1

Mode	Channel	Rate(Mbps)	Peak Power (dBm)	Average Power (dBm)
11a	CH36	6	14.76	10.82
		9	13.81	11.02
		12	14.18	11.43
		18	14.65	10.65
		24	13.89	11.21
		36	13.54	11.12
		48	13.42	10.54
		54	13.65	9.53
	CH44	6	15.21	10.62
		9	14.65	10.68
		12	13.58	10.76
		18	14.19	11.07
		24	13.79	10.26
		36	13.44	11.19
		48	13.56	10.65
		54	13.41	9.35
	CH48	6	14.81	10.51
		9	14.73	10.77
		12	14.76	10.87
		18	14.06	10.69
		24	14.11	10.79
		36	13.76	10.76
		48	13.71	10.85
		54	13.55	9.61

Mode	Channel	Rate(Mbps)	Peak Power (dBm)	Average Power (dBm)
11n HT20	CH36	HT0	14.74	10.75
		HT1	14.21	10.66
		HT2	13.89	10.25
		HT3	13.97	10.54
		HT4	14.20	10.71
		HT5	12.68	10.63
		HT7	12.76	10.14
	CH44	HT0	13.74	10.45
		HT1	14.21	11.21
		HT2	13.76	10.65
		HT3	13.77	10.32
		HT4	13.66	10.76
		HT5	13.21	10.23
		HT7	12.54	10.29
	CH48	HT0	14.76	10.61
		HT1	14.32	10.87
		HT2	14.23	11.21
		HT3	14.13	10.77
		HT4	14.31	10.76
		HT5	13.41	10.32
		HT7	13.21	10.69

Band 4

Mode	Channel	Rate(Mbps)	Peak Power (dBm)	Average Power (dBm)
11a	CH149	6	21.31	12.02
		9	20.76	11.65
		12	20.01	11.78
		18	20.23	11.54
		24	20.74	11.25
		36	20.33	11.19
		48	20.18	11.20
		54	19.21	10.05
	CH157	6	19.63	12.81
		9	20.12	11.78
		12	20.32	11.84
		18	19.86	11.27
		24	20.69	11.95
		36	19.76	11.26
		48	18.85	10.97
		54	18.04	9.29
	CH165	6	20.30	12.37
		9	20.36	11.91
		12	20.09	11.23
		18	20.06	12.17
		24	20.53	11.76
		36	19.81	11.54
		48	19.21	11.09
		54	16.92	8.52

Mode	Channel	Rate(Mbps)	Peak Power (dBm)	Average Power (dBm)
11n HT20	CH149	HT0	21.16	12.72
		HT1	20.21	12.67
		HT2	20.12	12.25
		HT3	20.15	12.54
		HT4	20.65	12.32
		HT5	18.98	11.09
		HT7	15.87	9.02
	CH157	HT0	20.02	12.75
		HT1	20.23	12.56
		HT2	20.31	12.64
		HT3	20.25	12.31
		HT4	20.32	12.69
		HT5	19.67	11.12
		HT7	15.23	9.15
	CH165	HT0	20.82	13.30
		HT1	20.15	12.87
		HT2	20.17	12.71
		HT3	20.66	12.66
		HT4	20.51	12.84
		HT5	19.55	11.65
		HT7	16.02	9.58

Notes:

1. Use the data rate with the maximum output level for the SAR test.
2. WIFI 5GHz can't transmit at same time.

7.3. System Check for Body Tissue simulating liquid

Frequency	Description	SAR(W/kg) (±10% window)		Dielectric Parameters (±5% window)		Temp °C
		1g	10g	εr	σ(s/m)	
2450MHz	Recommended value	12.8 11.52 — 14.08	5.86 5.27 — 6.45	52.7	1.95	/
	Measurement value 2016-04-26	13.09	6.00	52.820	1.981	20.05
5200MHz	Recommended value	19.125 17.21 — 21.04	5.4 4.86 — 5.94	49	5.3	/
	Measurement value 2016-04-27	19.11	5.20	50.129	5.251	20.21
5800MHz	Recommended value	19.041 17.55 — 21.45	5.239 4.93— 6.02	48.2	6	/
	Measurement value 2016-04-27	19.44	5.41	48.50	6.02	20.27

Note: Recommended Values used derive from the calibration certificate and 250 mW is used as feeding power to the calibrated dipole.

7.4. Test Results

WIFI 2.4G:

Mode	Channel	Test Position	Output Power		Measured Results		Scaled-1		Scaled-Final		Power Drift (dBm)	
			Max. Scaled AV Power (dBm)	Measured AV Power (dBm)	SAR1g (W/kg)	SAR10g (W/kg)	SAR1g (W/kg)	SAR10g (W/kg)	SAR1g (W/kg)	SAR10g (W/kg)		
11b	CH1	Back	12.5	12.33	0.167	0.080	0.174	0.083	0.174	0.083	0.02	
		Front	12.5	12.33	0.061	0.032	0.063	0.033	0.063	0.033	0.08	
		Top	12.5	12.33	0.117	0.051	0.122	0.0530	0.122	0.0530	0.06	
		Left	12.5	12.33	0.00256	0.001	0.00266	0.00104	0.00266	0.00104	0.11	
		Right	12.5	12.33	0.037	0.015	0.0385	0.0156	0.0385	0.0156	0.01	
Conclusion: PASS												
Note :												
Factor= Max. Scaled AV Power(W)/Measured Power(W)												
Scaled SAR-1= Measured SAR*Factor												
Scaled-Final= Scaled SAR-1*(1/Duty Cycle)												
The Max Reported SAR : 0.174W/kg for 1g SAR												

Notes:

1. The Max. Scaled AV power get from measured AV power base on the duty cycle.
2. For 11b mode, choose the channel which has the max output level for test, because the test result is less than 0.8W/kg and Max. Scaled SAR<1.2W/kg, so other channel can be excluded from SAR test.

WIFI 5G:

Mode	Channel	Test Position	Output Power		Measured Results		Scaled-1		Scaled-Final		Power Drift (dBm)
			Max. Scaled AV Power (dBm)	Measured AV Power (dBm)	SAR1g (W/kg)	SAR10g (W/kg)	SAR1g (W/kg)	SAR10g (W/kg)	SAR1g (W/kg)	SAR10g (W/kg)	
11a	CH36	Back	11.00	10.82	0.042	0.0092	0.044	0.0096	0.045	0.0098	0.08
		Front	11.00	10.82	0.00449	0.0017	0.00468	0.0018	0.00477	0.0018	0.00
		Top	11.00	10.82	0.036	0.010	0.0375	0.010	0.0382	0.011	0.01
		Left	11.00	10.82	0.023	0.00761	0.024	0.00793	0.024	0.00808	0.02
		Right	11.00	10.82	0.00195	0.00427	0.00203	0.00445	0.00207	0.00454	0.02
	CH157	Back	13.00	12.81	0.038	0.00781	0.040	0.00816	0.040	0.00832	0.09
		Front	13.00	12.81	0.00548	0.0022	0.00573	0.0023	0.00583	0.0023	0.14
		Top	13.00	12.81	0.024	0.00408	0.025	0.00427	0.026	0.00434	0.16
		Left	13.00	12.81	0.0049	0.00247	0.0051	0.00258	0.0052	0.00263	0.03
		Right	13.00	12.81	0.00338	0.00162	0.00353	0.00169	0.00360	0.00173	-0.03
	CH165	Back	12.50	12.37	0.011	0.00187	0.011	0.00193	0.012	0.00196	0.00
		Front	12.50	12.37	0.00531	0.00321	0.00547	0.00331	0.00558	0.00337	-0.00
		Top	12.50	12.37	0.054	0.013	0.056	0.013	0.057	0.014	-0.04
		Left	12.50	12.37	0.028	0.00805	0.029	0.00830	0.029	0.00845	-0.08
		Right	12.50	12.37	0.0056	0.00311	0.0058	0.00321	0.0059	0.00327	-0.06
11nHT20	CH36	Back	11.00	10.75	0.029	0.00663	0.031	0.00702	0.031	0.00716	0.09
		Front	11.00	10.75	0.00994	0.00324	0.0105	0.00343	0.0107	0.00350	0.07
		Top	11.00	10.75	0.031	0.010	0.033	0.011	0.33	0.011	0.03
		Left	11.00	10.75	0.017	0.00194	0.018	0.00206	0.018	0.00210	0.01
		Right	11.00	10.75	0.0047	0.00214	0.0050	0.00227	0.0051	0.00231	0.09
	CH165	Back	13.50	13.30	0.011	0.00211	0.012	0.00221	0.012	0.00225	0.09
		Front	13.50	13.30	0.00945	0.00448	0.00990	0.00470	0.0101	0.00478	0.06
		Top	13.50	13.30	0.055	0.012	0.056	0.013	0.058	0.013	0.12
		Left	13.50	13.30	0.014	0.00258	0.015	0.00270	0.015	0.00275	0.07
		Right	13.50	13.30	0.0045	0.00106	0.0047	0.00111	0.0048	0.00113	-0.02

Conclusion: PASS

Note :

Factor= Max. Scaled AV Power(W)/Measured Power(W)

Scaled SAR-1= Measured SAR*Factor

Scaled-Final= Scaled SAR-1*(1/Duty Cycle)

The Max.Reported SAR : 0.058W/kg for 1g SAR

Notes:

1. The Max. Scaled AV power get from measured AV power base on the duty cycle.
2. For 11a mode, choose the channel which has the max output level for test, because the test result is less then 0.8W/kg, so other channel can be excluded from SAR test.
3. 11n HT20 mode has the max output power, so choose the channel which has max. output in this mode. Because the SAR result is less than 0.8W/kg, so other channel can be excluded, and Max. Scaled SAR less then 1.2W/kg, so other mode can be excluded.

7.5. Dielectric Performance for Body Tissue simulating liquid

Frequency	Description	Dielectric Parameters (±5% window)		Temp °C
		εr	σ(s/m)	
2450MHz	Recommended value	52.7	1.95	/
	Measurement value 2016-04-26	52.820	1.981	20.05
5200MHz	Recommended value	49	5.3	/
	Measurement value 2016-04-27	50.129	5.251	20.21
5800MHz	Recommended value	48.2	6	/
	Measurement value 2016-04-27	48.50	6.02	20.27



Figure 4.4: Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom

8. ANNEX A: SYSTEM CHECK RESULTS

Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab

Date: 26/04/2016

CW 2450

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:862

Communication System: UID 0, CW ; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.981 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.820$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3767; ConvF(7.35, 7.35, 7.35); Calibrated: 30/01/2015;
- Modulation Compensation:
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn889; Calibrated: 02/02/2016
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1112
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/CW 2450/Area Scan (41x61x1):

Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.22 W/kg

Configuration/ CW 2450/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

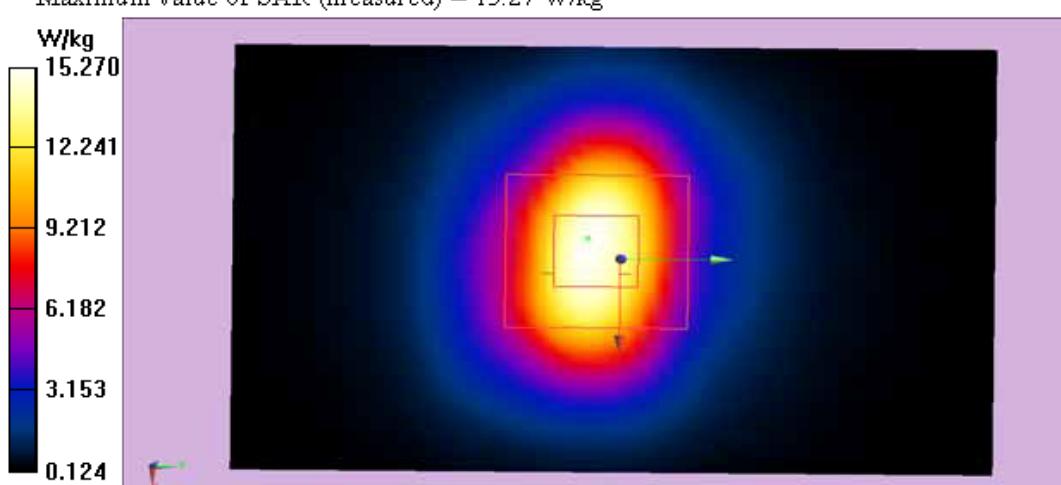
Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 56.44 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 20.01 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.09 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.00 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.27 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab

Date: 27/04/2016

CW 5200

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1102

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: D5GHz (5000.0 - 6000.0 MHz); Frequency: 5200 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 5200$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.251$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.129$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3767; ConvF(4.98, 4.98, 4.98); Calibrated: 30/01/2015;
- Modulation Compensation:
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn889; Calibrated: 02/02/2016
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1112
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/CW 5200/Area Scan (51x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.44 W/kg

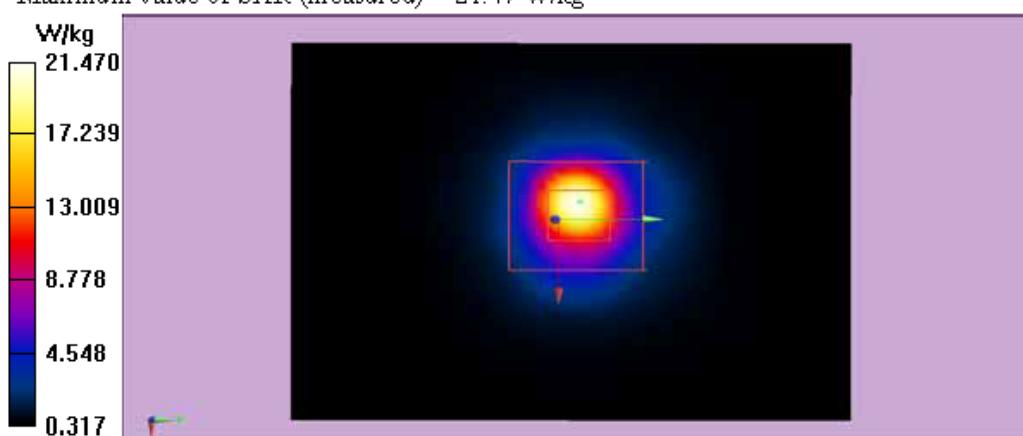
Configuration/CW 5200/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 97.20 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.59 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.83 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.20 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.47 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab

Date: 27/04/2016

CW 5800

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1102

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: D5GHz (5000.0 - 6000.0 MHz); Frequency: 5800 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 5800$ MHz; $\sigma = 6.02$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.50$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3767; ConvF(4.33, 4.33, 4.33); Calibrated: 30/01/2015;
- Modulation Compensation:
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn889; Calibrated: 02/02/2016
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1112
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/CW 5800/Area Scan (41x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 22.80 W/kg

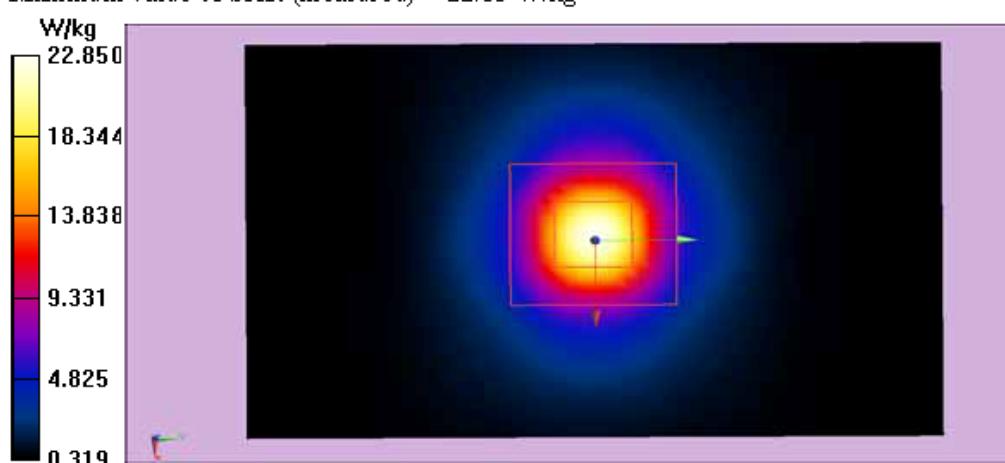
Configuration/CW 5800/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 84.71 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.01 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.39 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.41 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.83 W/kg



9. ANNEX B: GRAPH RESULTS WITH BANDS OF WATCH

WIFI 2.4G

Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab

Date: 26/04/2016

11b CH1(2412MHz Back)

DUT: TI-Nspire TM Navigator TM Wireless Network Adapter-v 2;

M/N:TINAVWNA2

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps) (0);

Communication System Band: ISM 2.4GHz Band (2400.0-2483.5MHz); Frequency: 2412

MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB. Medium parameters used: $f = 2412 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.931 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.485$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$. Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3767; ConvF(7.35, 7.35, 7.35); Calibrated: 30/01/2015;
- Modulation Compensation:
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn889; Calibrated: 02/02/2016
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1112
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/CH1(2412MHz Back)/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid:

$dx=2.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=2.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.190 W/kg

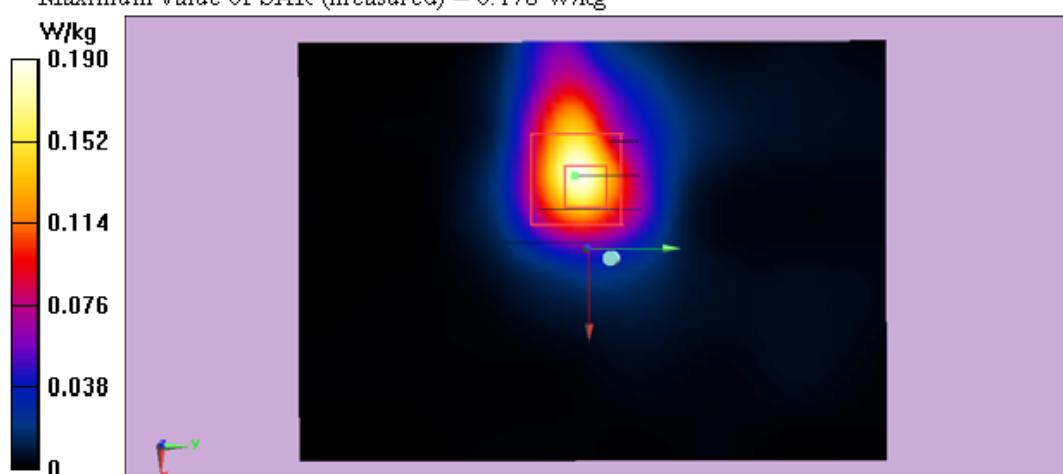
Configuration/CH1(2412MHz Back)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 5.833 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.332 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.167 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.080 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.178 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab

Date: 26/04/2016

11b CH1(2412 MHz Front)

DUT: TI-Nspire TM Navigator TM Wireless Network Adapter-v 2;

MN:TINA V WNA2

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps) (0);

Communication System Band: ISM 2.4GHz Band (2400.0-2483.5MHz); Frequency: 2412

MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB. Medium parameters used: $f = 2412 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.931 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.485$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$. Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3767; ConvF(7.35, 7.35, 7.35); Calibrated: 30/01/2015;
- Modulation Compensation:
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn889; Calibrated: 02/02/2016
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1112
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/CH1(2412MHz Front)/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid:

$dx=2.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=2.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0663 W/kg

Configuration/CH1(2412MHz Front)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

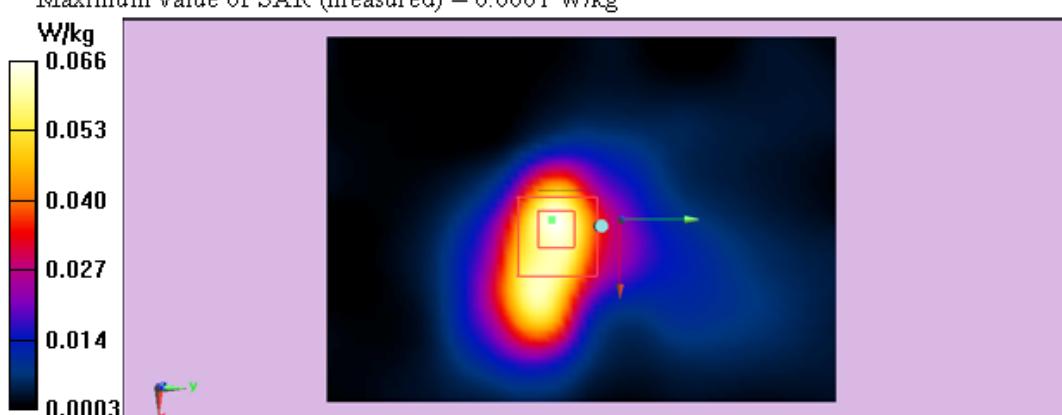
Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 4.361 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.114 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.061 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.032 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0661 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab

Date: 26/04/2016

11b CH1(2412 MHz Left)

DUT: TI-Nspire TM Navigator TM Wireless Network Adapter-v 2;

MN:TINA V WNA2

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps) (0);

Communication System Band: ISM 2.4GHz Band (2400.0-2483.5MHz); Frequency: 2412

MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB. Medium parameters used: $f = 2412 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.931 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.485$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$. Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3767; ConvF(7.35, 7.35, 7.35); Calibrated: 30/01/2015;
- Modulation Compensation:
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn889; Calibrated: 02/02/2016
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1112
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/CH1(2412MHz Left)/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid:

$dx=2.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=2.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.00442 W/kg

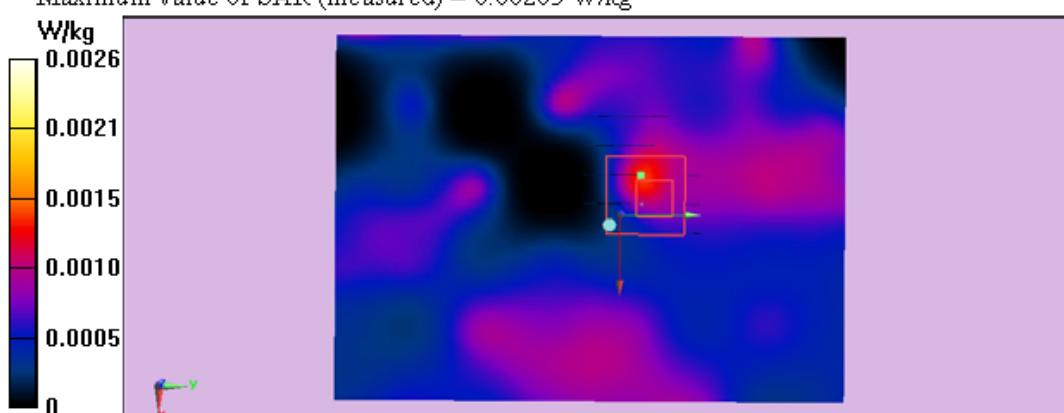
Configuration/CH1(2412MHz Left)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 0.8530 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.00742 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00256 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.001 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00265 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab

Date: 26/04/2016

11b CH1(2412 MHz Right)

DUT: TI-Nspire TM Navigator TM Wireless Network Adapter-v 2;

MN:TINA V WNA2

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps) (0);

Communication System Band: ISM 2.4GHz Band (2400.0-2483.5MHz); Frequency: 2412

MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB. Medium parameters used: $f = 2412 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.931 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.485$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$. Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3767; ConvF(7.35, 7.35, 7.35); Calibrated: 30/01/2015;
- Modulation Compensation:
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn889; Calibrated: 02/02/2016
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1112
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/CH1(2412MHz Right)/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=2.000 mm, dy=2.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0359 W/kg

Configuration/CH1(2412MHz Right)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

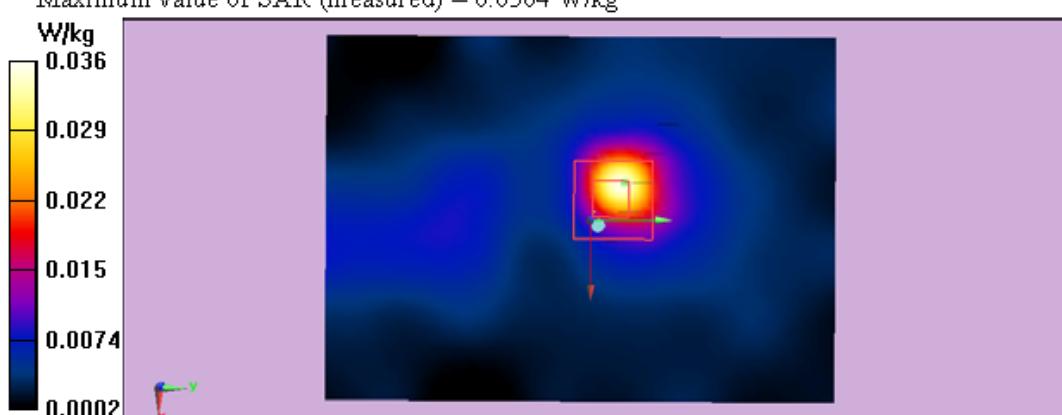
grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.018 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0850 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.037 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.015 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0364 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab

Date: 26/04/2016

11b CH1(2412 MHz Top)

DUT: TI-Nspire TM Navigator TM Wireless Network Adapter-v 2;

MIN: TINA V WNA2

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps) (0);

Communication System Band: ISM 2.4GHz Band (2400.0-2483.5MHz); Frequency: 2412

MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB. Medium parameters used: $f = 2412 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.931 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.485$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$. Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3767; ConvF(7.35, 7.35, 7.35); Calibrated: 30/01/2015;
- Modulation Compensation:
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn889; Calibrated: 02/02/2016
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1112
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/CH1(2412MHz Top)/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=2.000 mm, dy=2.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.108 W/kg

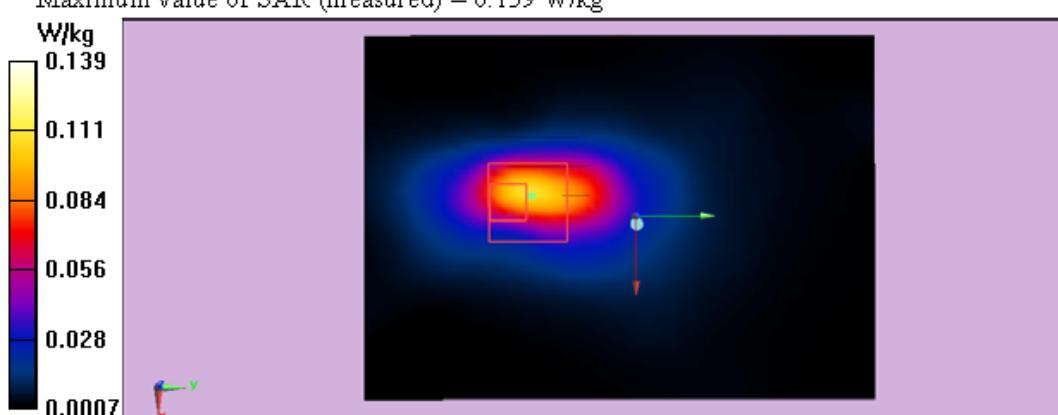
Configuration/CH1(2412MHz Top)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.209 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.278 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.117 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.051 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.139 W/kg



WIFI 5G

Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab

Date: 27/04/2016

11a CH36(5180MHz Back)

DUT: TI-Nspire TM Navigator TM Wireless Network Adapter-v 2;

M/N:TINAVWNA2

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11a WiFi 5.2GHz (0); Communication System Band: IEEE 802.11a WiFi 5.2GHz; Frequency: 5180 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB. Medium parameters used: $f = 5180$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.3$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³.

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3767; ConvF(4.98, 4.98, 4.98); Calibrated: 30/01/2015;
- Modulation Compensation:
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn889; Calibrated: 02/02/2016
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1112
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/CH36(5180MHz Back)/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=2.000 mm, dy=2.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0166 W/kg

Configuration/CH36(5180MHz Back)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

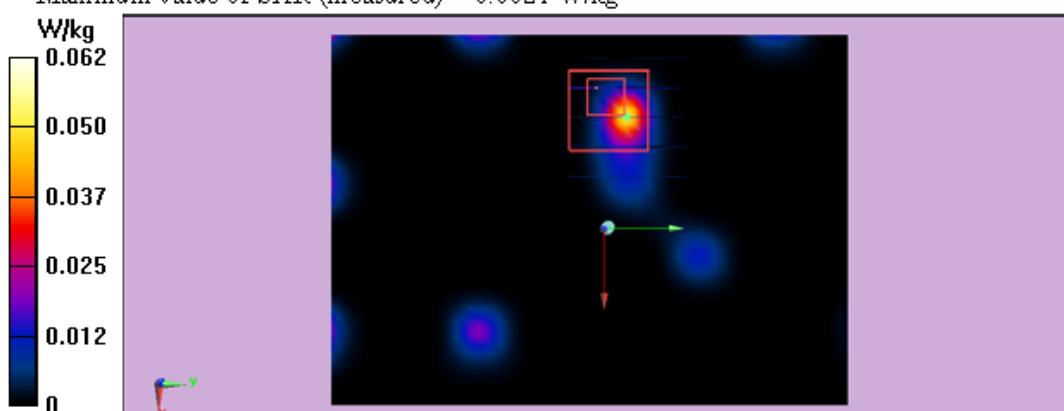
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0.5870 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.198 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.042 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.0092 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0621 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab

Date: 27/04/2016

11a CH36(5180MHz Front)

DUT: TI-Nspire TM Navigator TM Wireless Network Adapter-v 2;

M/N: TINA VVWNA2

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11a WiFi 5.2GHz (0); Communication System

Band: IEEE 802.11a WiFi 5.2GHz; Frequency: 5180 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0

dB. Medium parameters used: $f = 5180 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.3 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 47.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$.

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3767; ConvF(4.98, 4.98, 4.98); Calibrated: 30/01/2015;
- Modulation Compensation:
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn889; Calibrated: 02/02/2016
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1112
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/CH36(5180MHz Front)/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid:

$dx=2.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=2.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.00599 W/kg

Configuration/CH36(5180MHz Front)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

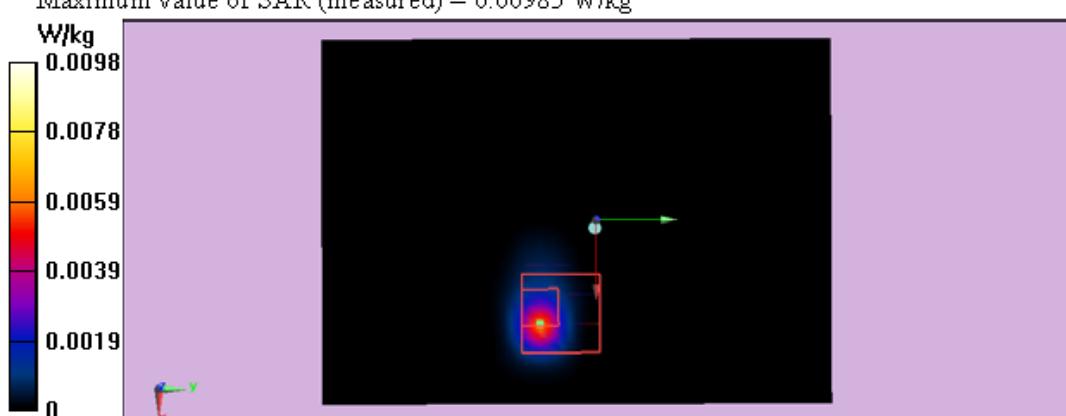
Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 0.6541 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0200 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00449 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.000981 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00985 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab

Date: 27/04/2016

11a CH36(5180MHz Left)

DUT: TI-Nspire TM Navigator TM Wireless Network Adapter-v 2;

M/N: TINA VVWNA2

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11a WiFi 5.2GHz (0); Communication System

Band: IEEE 802.11a WiFi 5.2GHz; Frequency: 5180 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0

dB. Medium parameters used: $f = 5180 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.3 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 47.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$.

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3767; ConvF(4.98, 4.98, 4.98); Calibrated: 30/01/2015;
- Modulation Compensation:
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn889; Calibrated: 02/02/2016
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1112
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/CH36(5180MHz Left)/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid:

$dx=2.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=2.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0141 W/kg

Configuration/CH36(5180MHz Left)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

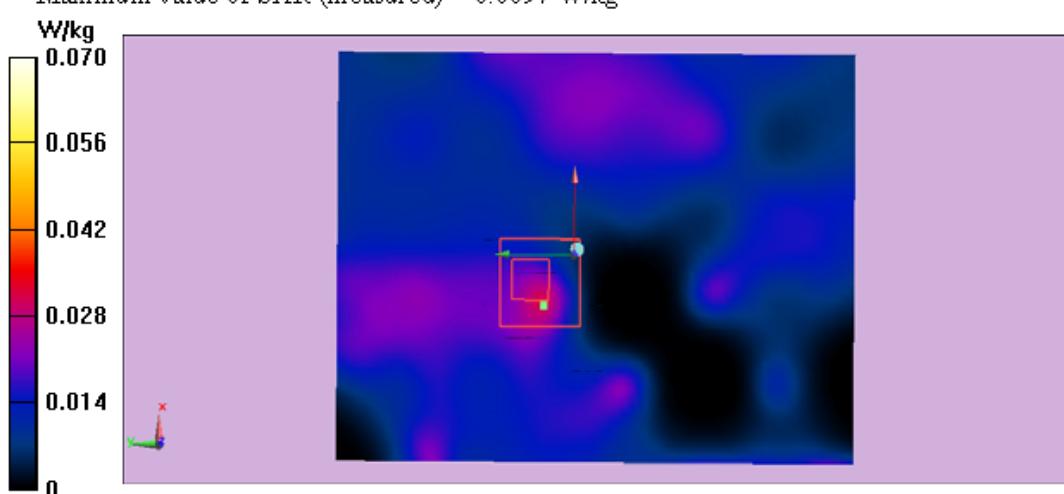
grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 0.6570 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.00999 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.023 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00798 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0697 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab

Date: 27/04/2016

11a CH36(5180MHz Right)

DUT: TI-Nspire TM Navigator TM Wireless Network Adapter-v 2;

M/N: TINA VVWNA2

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11a WiFi 5.2GHz (0); Communication System

Band: IEEE 802.11a WiFi 5.2GHz; Frequency: 5180 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0

dB. Medium parameters used: $f = 5180 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.3 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 47.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$.

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3767; ConvF(4.98, 4.98, 4.98); Calibrated: 30/01/2015;
- Modulation Compensation:
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn889; Calibrated: 02/02/2016
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1112
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/CH36(5180MHz Right)/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid:

$dx=2.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=2.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0131 W/kg

Configuration/CH36(5180MHz Right)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

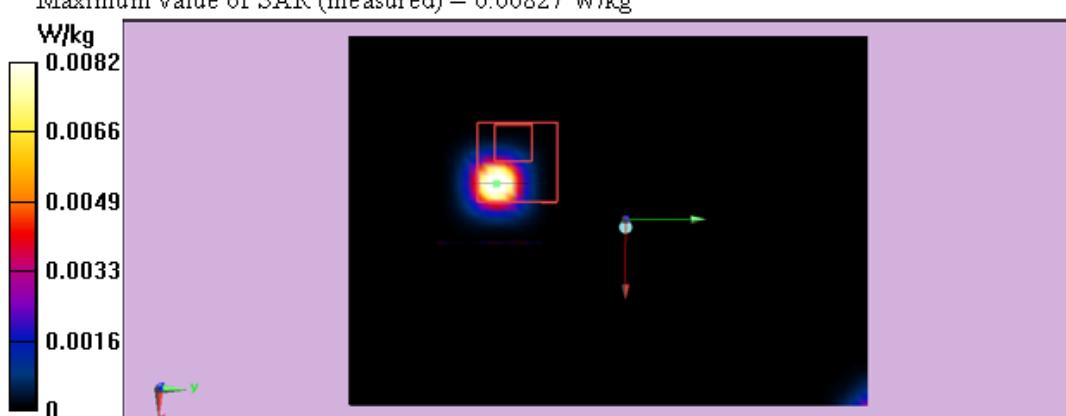
Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 0.3660 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0220 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00195 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00427 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00827 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab

Date: 27/04/2016

11a CH36(5180MHz Top)

DUT: TI-Nspire TM Navigator TM Wireless Network Adapter-v 2;

M/N: TINA VVWNA2

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11a WiFi 5.2GHz (0); Communication System

Band: IEEE 802.11a WiFi 5.2GHz; Frequency: 5180 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0

dB. Medium parameters used: $f = 5180 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.3 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 47.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$.

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3767; ConvF(4.98, 4.98, 4.98); Calibrated: 30/01/2015;
- Modulation Compensation:
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn889; Calibrated: 02/02/2016
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1112
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/CH36(5180MHz Top)/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid:

$dx=2.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=2.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0498 W/kg

Configuration/CH36(5180MHz Top)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

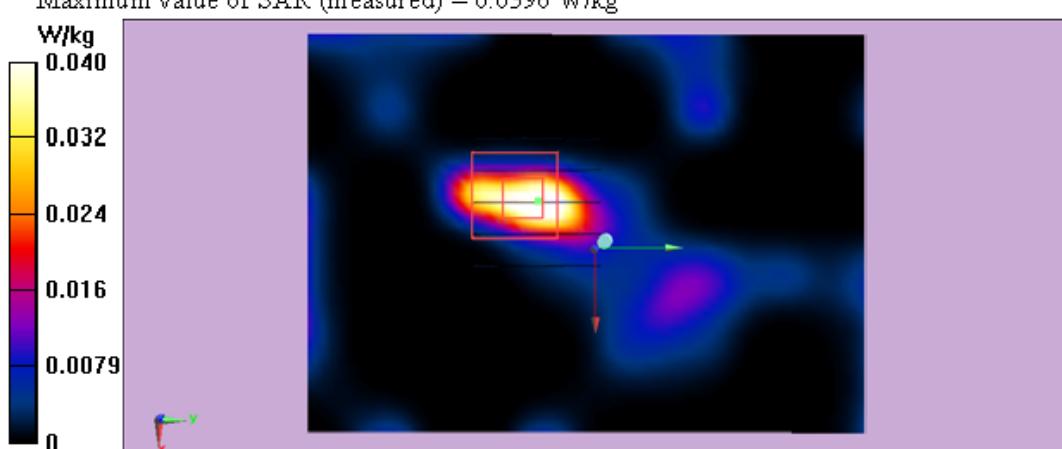
grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 0.9650 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.152 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.036 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.010 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0396 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab

Date: 27/04/2016

11nHT20 CH36(5180MHz Back)

DUT: TI-Nspire TM Navigator TM Wireless Network Adapter-v 2;

M/N: TINA VVWNA2

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11n WiFi 5.2GHz (0); Communication System

Band: IEEE 802.11nHT20 WiFi 5.2GHz; Frequency: 5180 MHz; Communication System

PAR: 0 Db. Medium parameters used: $f = 5180$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.3$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.4$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³. Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3767; ConvF(4.98, 4.98, 4.98); Calibrated: 30/01/2015;
- Modulation Compensation:
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn889; Calibrated: 02/02/2016
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1112
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/CH36(5180MHz Back)/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=2.000 mm, dy=2.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0393 W/kg

Configuration/CH36(5180MHz Back)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

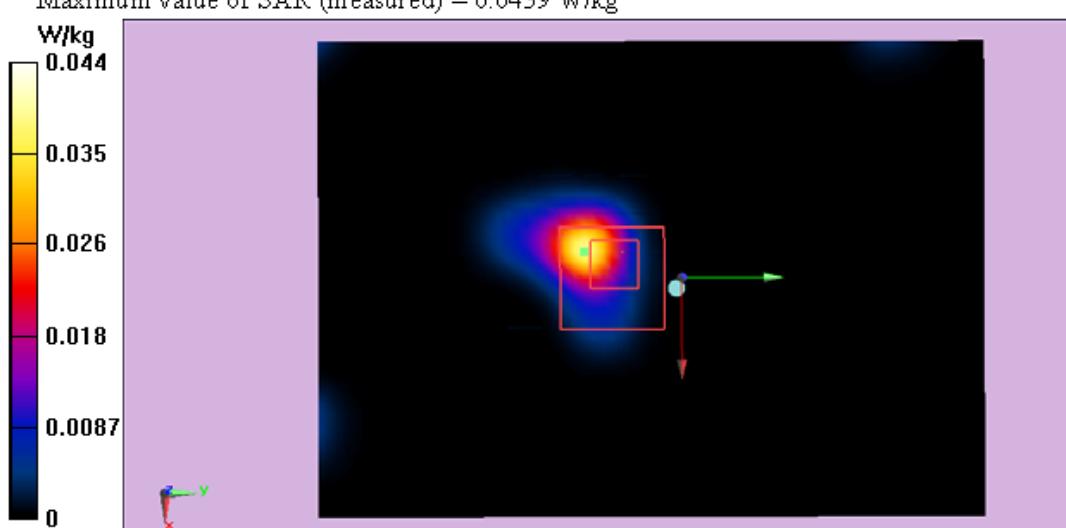
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0.7820 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.140 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.029 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00663 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0439 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab

Date: 27/04/2016

11nHT20 CH36(5180MHz Front)

DUT: TI-Nspire TM Navigator TM Wireless Network Adapter-v 2;

M/N: TINA VVWNA2

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11n WiFi 5.2GHz (0); Communication System

Band: IEEE 802.11nHT20 WiFi 5.2GHz; Frequency: 5180 MHz; Communication System

PAR: 0 Db. Medium parameters used: $f = 5180$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.3$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.4$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³. Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3767; ConvF(4.98, 4.98, 4.98); Calibrated: 30/01/2015;
- Modulation Compensation:
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn889; Calibrated: 02/02/2016
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1112
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/CH36(5180MHz Front)/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=2.000 mm, dy=2.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0140 W/kg

Configuration/CH36(5180MHz Front)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

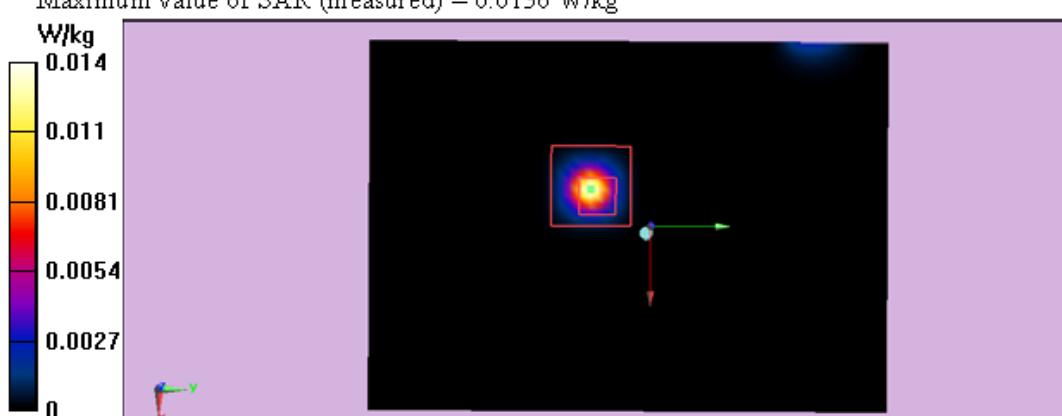
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0.5040 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0400 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00994 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00324 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0136 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab

Date: 27/04/2016

11nHT20 CH36(5180MHz Left)

DUT: TI-Nspire TM Navigator TM Wireless Network Adapter-v 2;

M/N:TINAVWNA2

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11n WiFi 5.2GHz (0); Communication System

Band: IEEE 802.11nHT20 WiFi 5.2GHz; Frequency: 5180 MHz; Communication System

PAR: 0 Db. Medium parameters used: $f = 5180$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.3$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.4$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m^3 . Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3767; ConvF(4.98, 4.98, 4.98); Calibrated: 30/01/2015;
- Modulation Compensation:
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn889; Calibrated: 02/02/2016
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1112
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/CH36(5180MHz Left)/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid:

$\text{dx}=2.000$ mm, $\text{dy}=2.000$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0138 W/kg

Configuration/CH36(5180MHz Left)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

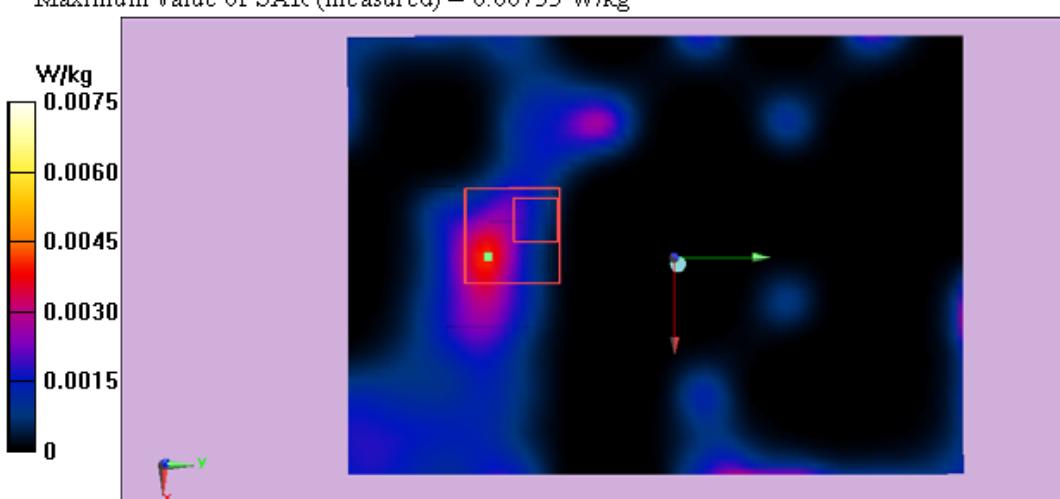
grid: $\text{dx}=8$ mm, $\text{dy}=8$ mm, $\text{dz}=5$ mm

Reference Value = 0.5680 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.00775 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00406 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00194 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00755 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab

Date: 27/04/2016

11nHT20 CH36(5180MHz Right)

DUT: TI-Nspire TM Navigator TM Wireless Network Adapter-v 2;

M/N: TINA VVWNA2

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11n WiFi 5.2GHz (0); Communication System

Band: IEEE 802.11nHT20 WiFi 5.2GHz; Frequency: 5180 MHz; Communication System

PAR: 0 Db. Medium parameters used: $f = 5180$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.3$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.4$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³. Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3767; ConvF(4.98, 4.98, 4.98); Calibrated: 30/01/2015;
- Modulation Compensation:
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn889; Calibrated: 02/02/2016
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1112
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/CH36(5180MHz Right)/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=2.000 mm, dy=2.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0167 W/kg

Configuration/CH36(5180MHz Right)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

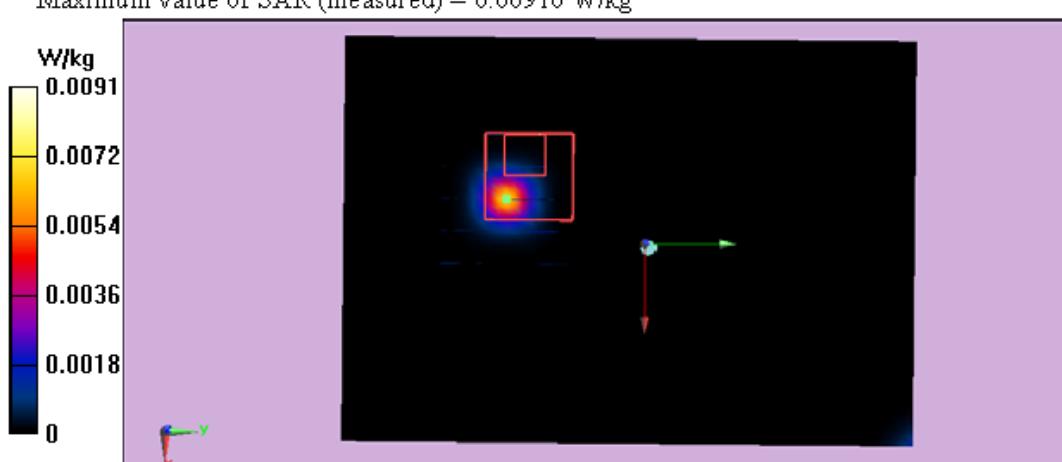
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0.1780 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0120 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.0047 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00214 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00910 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab

Date: 27/04/2016

11nHT20 CH36(5180MHz Top)

DUT: TI-Nspire TM Navigator TM Wireless Network Adapter-v 2;

M/N: TINA VVWNA2

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11n WiFi 5.2GHz (0); Communication System

Band: IEEE 802.11nHT20 WiFi 5.2GHz; Frequency: 5180 MHz; Communication System

PAR: 0 Db. Medium parameters used: $f = 5180$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.3$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.4$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m^3 . Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3767; ConvF(4.98, 4.98, 4.98); Calibrated: 30/01/2015;
- Modulation Compensation:
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn889; Calibrated: 02/02/2016
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1112
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/CH36(5180MHz Top)/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid:

$\text{dx}=2.000$ mm, $\text{dy}=2.000$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0270 W/kg

Configuration/CH36(5180MHz Top)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

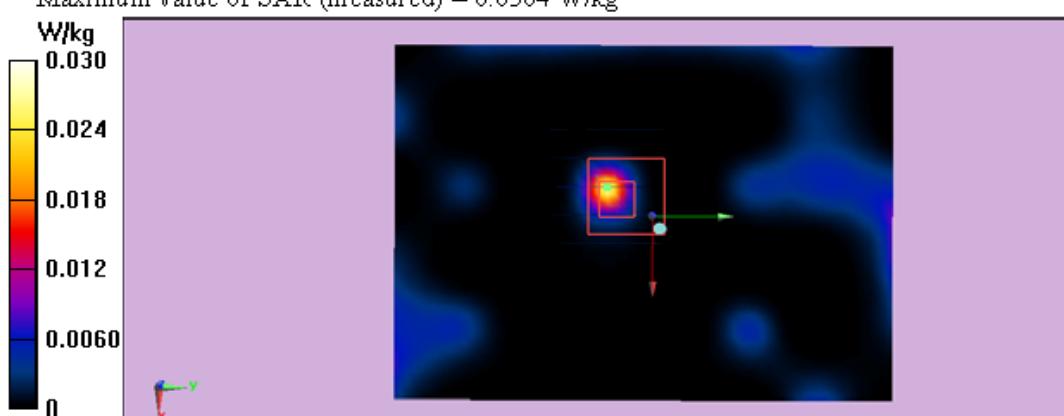
grid: $\text{dx}=8$ mm, $\text{dy}=8$ mm, $\text{dz}=5$ mm

Reference Value = 1.360 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.118 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.031 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.010 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0304 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab

Date: 27/04/2016

11a CH157(5785MHz Back)

DUT: TI-Nspire TM Navigator TM Wireless Network Adapter-v 2;

M/N: TINA VVWNA2

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11a WiFi 5.8GHz (0); Communication System

Band: IEEE 802.11a WiFi 5.8GHz; Frequency: 5785 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0

dB. Medium parameters used: $f = 5785 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 6.07 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 46$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$.

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3767; ConvF(4.33, 4.33, 4.33); Calibrated: 30/01/2015;
- Modulation Compensation:
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn889; Calibrated: 02/02/2016
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1112
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/CH157(5785MHz Front)/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid:

$dx=2.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=2.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0230 W/kg

Configuration/CH157(5785MHz Front)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

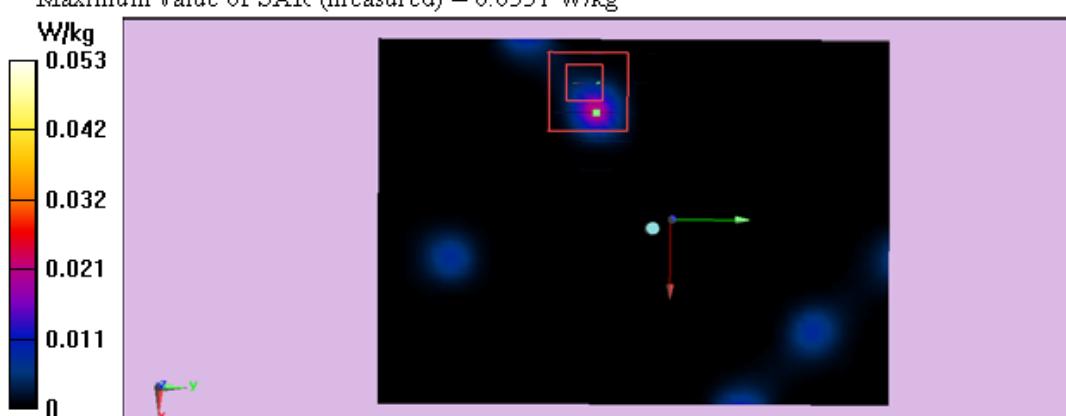
Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 0.7890 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.179 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.038 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00781 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0531 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab

Date: 27/04/2016

11a CH157(5785MHz Front)

DUT: TI-Nspire TM Navigator TM Wireless Network Adapter-v 2;

M/N: TINA VVNA2

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11a WiFi 5.8GHz (0); Communication System

Band: IEEE 802.11a WiFi 5.8GHz; Frequency: 5785 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0

dB. Medium parameters used: $f = 5785 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 6.07 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 46$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$.

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3767; ConvF(4.33, 4.33, 4.33); Calibrated: 30/01/2015;
- Modulation Compensation:
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn889; Calibrated: 02/02/2016
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1112
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/CH157(5785MHz Front)/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid:

$dx=2.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=2.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0109 W/kg

Configuration/CH157(5785MHz Front)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

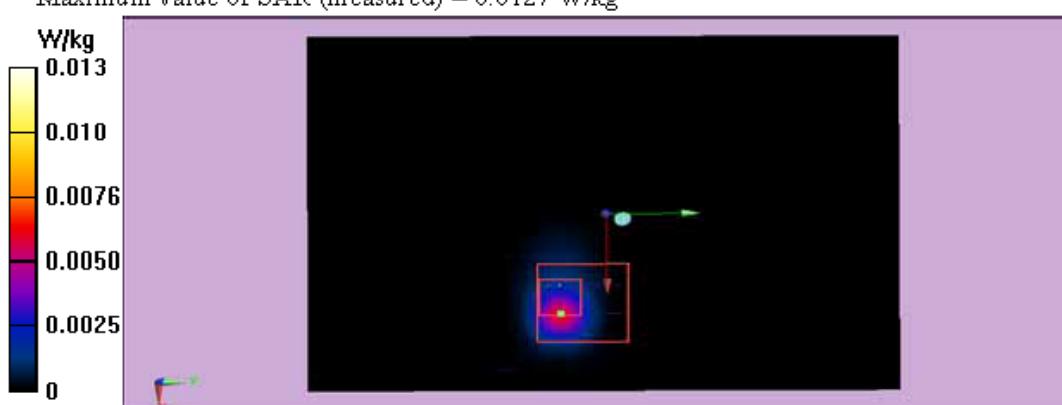
Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 0.4680 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0180 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00548 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.0022 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0127 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab

Date: 27/04/2016

11a CH157(5785MHz Left)

DUT: TI-Nspire TM Navigator TM Wireless Network Adapter-v 2;

M/N:TINAVWNA2

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11a WiFi 5.8GHz (0); Communication System

Band: IEEE 802.11a WiFi 5.8GHz ; Frequency: 5785 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0

dB. Medium parameters used: $f = 5785 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 6.07 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 46$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$.

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3767; ConvF(4.33, 4.33, 4.33); Calibrated: 30/01/2015;
- Modulation Compensation:
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn889; Calibrated: 02/02/2016
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1112
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/CH157(5785MHz Left)/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid:

$dx=2.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=2.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.00856 W/kg

Configuration/CH157(5785MHz Left)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

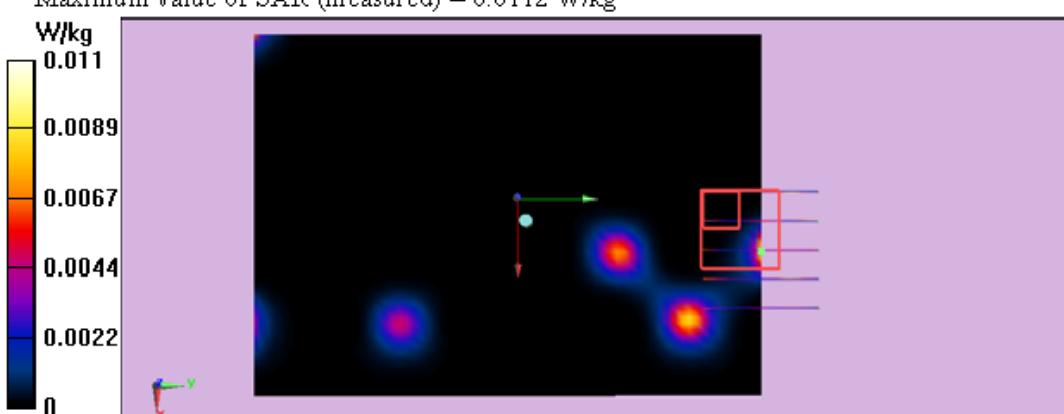
Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 1.697 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0240 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.0049 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00247 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0112 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab

Date: 27/04/2016

11a CH157(5785MHz Right)

DUT: TI-Nspire TM Navigator TM Wireless Network Adapter-v 2;

M/N: TINA VVWNA2

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11a WiFi 5.8GHz (0); Communication System

Band: IEEE 802.11a WiFi 5.8GHz; Frequency: 5785 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0

dB. Medium parameters used: $f = 5785 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 6.07 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 46$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$.

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3767; ConvF(4.33, 4.33, 4.33); Calibrated: 30/01/2015;
- Modulation Compensation:
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn889; Calibrated: 02/02/2016
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1112
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/CH157(5785MHz Right)/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid:

$dx=2.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=2.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.00865 W/kg

Configuration/CH157(5785MHz Right)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

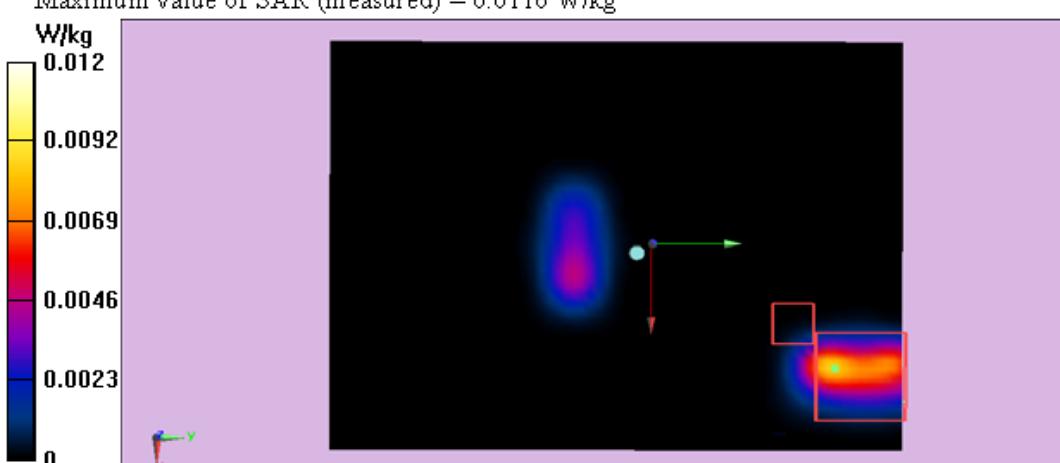
Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 0.9030 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0180 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00338 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00162 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0116 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab

Date: 27/04/2016

11a CH157(5785MHz Top)

DUT: TI-Nspire TM Navigator TM Wireless Network Adapter-v 2;

M/N: TINA VVWNA2

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11a WiFi 5.8GHz (0); Communication System

Band: IEEE 802.11a WiFi 5.8GHz; Frequency: 5785 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0

dB. Medium parameters used: $f = 5785 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 6.07 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 46$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$.

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3767; ConvF(4.33, 4.33, 4.33); Calibrated: 30/01/2015;
- Modulation Compensation:
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn889; Calibrated: 02/02/2016
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1112
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/CH157(5785MHz Top)/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid:

$dx=2.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=2.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0264 W/kg

Configuration/CH157(5785MHz Top)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 0.5980 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0200 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.024 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00408 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0494 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab

Date: 27/04/2016

11a CH165(5825MHz Back)

DUT: TI-Nspire TM Navigator TM Wireless Network Adapter-v 2;

M/N: TINA VVWNA2

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11a WiFi 5.8GHz (0); Communication System

Band: IEEE 802.11a WiFi 5.8GHz; Frequency: 5825 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0

dB. Medium parameters used: $f = 5825 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 6.12 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 46.01$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$.

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3767; ConvF(4.33, 4.33, 4.33); Calibrated: 30/01/2015;
- Modulation Compensation:
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn889; Calibrated: 02/02/2016
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1112
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/CH165(5825MHz Back)/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid:

$dx=2.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=2.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0337 W/kg

Configuration/CH165(5825MHz Back)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

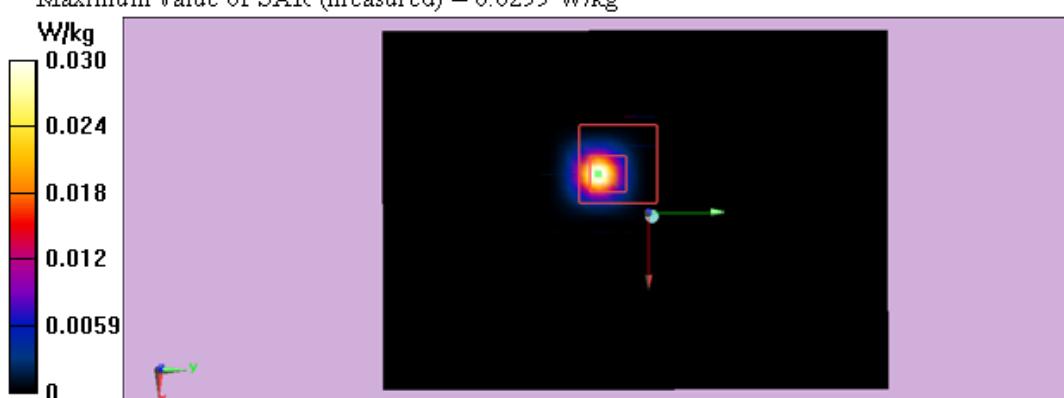
Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 0.7190 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0560 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.011 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00187 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0299 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab

Date: 27/04/2016

11a CH165(5825MHz Front)

DUT: TI-Nspire TM Navigator TM Wireless Network Adapter-v 2;

M/N: TINA VVNA2

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11a WiFi 5.8GHz (0); Communication System

Band: IEEE 802.11a WiFi 5.8GHz; Frequency: 5825 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0

dB. Medium parameters used: $f = 5825 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 6.12 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 46.01$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$.

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3767; ConvF(4.33, 4.33, 4.33); Calibrated: 30/01/2015;
- Modulation Compensation:
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn889; Calibrated: 02/02/2016
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1112
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/CH165(5825MHz Front)/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid:

$dx=2.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=2.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0339 W/kg

Configuration/CH165(5825MHz Front)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

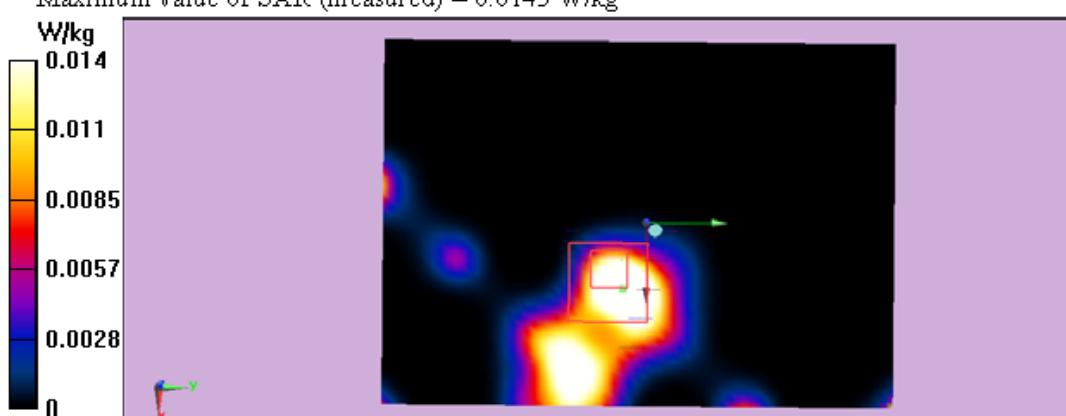
Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 0.8810 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0430 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00531 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00321 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0143 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab

Date: 27/04/2016

11a CH165(5825MHz Left)

DUT: TI-Nspire TM Navigator TM Wireless Network Adapter-v 2;

M/N: TINA VVWNA2

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11a WiFi 5.8GHz (0); Communication System

Band: IEEE 802.11a WiFi 5.8GHz; Frequency: 5825 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0

dB. Medium parameters used: $f = 5825 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 6.12 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 46.01$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$.

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3767; ConvF(4.33, 4.33, 4.33); Calibrated: 30/01/2015;
- Modulation Compensation:
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn889; Calibrated: 02/02/2016
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1112
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/CH165(5825MHz Left)/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid:

$dx=2.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=2.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0169 W/kg

Configuration/CH165(5825MHz Left)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

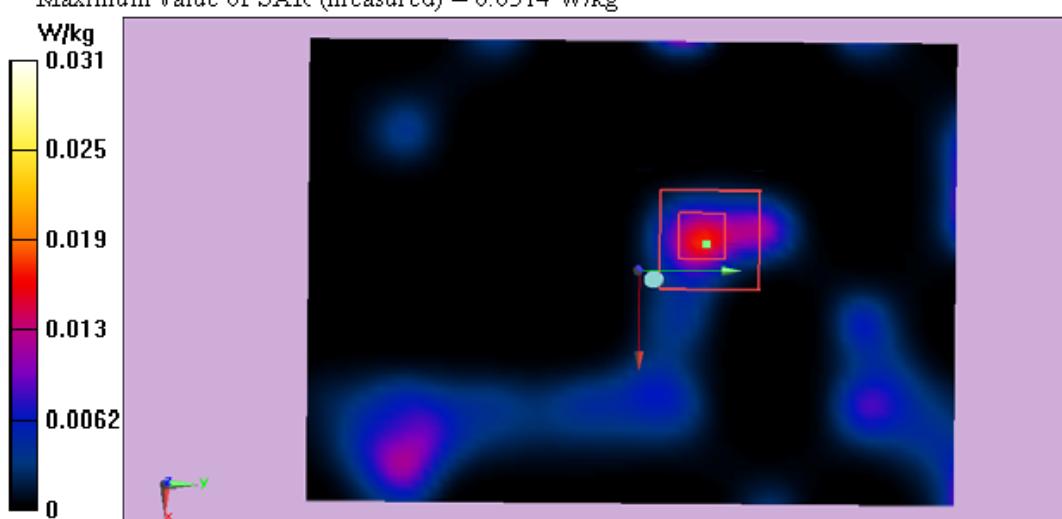
Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 1.427 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.100 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.028 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00805 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0314 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab

Date: 27/04/2016

11a CH165(5825MHz Right)

DUT: TI-Nspire TM Navigator TM Wireless Network Adapter-v 2;

M/N: TINA VVWNA2

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11a WiFi 5.8GHz (0); Communication System

Band: IEEE 802.11a WiFi 5.8GHz; Frequency: 5825 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0

dB. Medium parameters used: $f = 5825 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 6.12 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 46.01$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$.

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3767; ConvF(4.33, 4.33, 4.33); Calibrated: 30/01/2015;
- Modulation Compensation:
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn889; Calibrated: 02/02/2016
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1112
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/CH165(5825MHz Right)/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid:

$dx=2.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=2.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.00935 W/kg

Configuration/CH165(5825MHz Right)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

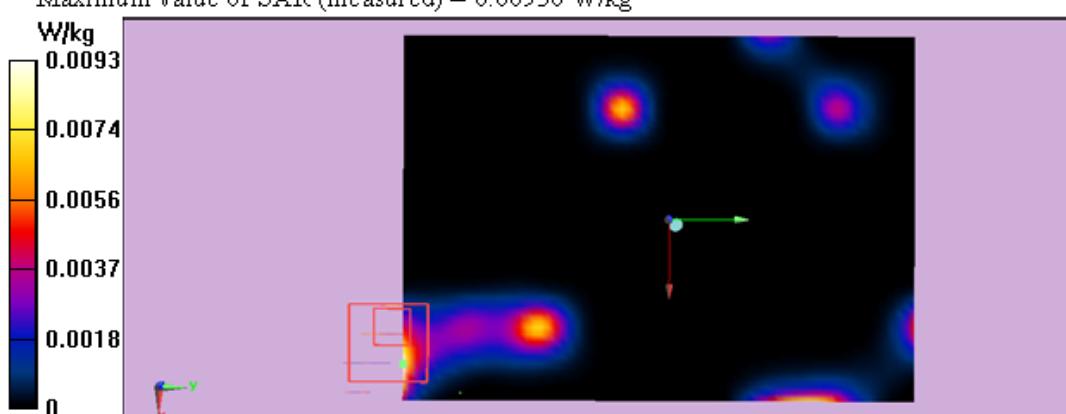
Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 0.7240 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0110 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.0056 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00311 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00936 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab

Date: 27/04/2016

11a CH165(5825MHz Top)

DUT: TI-Nspire TM Navigator TM Wireless Network Adapter-v 2;

M/N: TINA VVWNA2

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11a WiFi 5.8GHz (0); Communication System

Band: IEEE 802.11a WiFi 5.8GHz; Frequency: 5825 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0

dB. Medium parameters used: $f = 5825 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 6.12 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 46.01$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$.

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3767; ConvF(4.33, 4.33, 4.33); Calibrated: 30/01/2015;
- Modulation Compensation:
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn889; Calibrated: 02/02/2016
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1112
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/CH165(5825MHz Top)/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid:

$dx=2.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=2.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0616 W/kg

Configuration/CH165(5825MHz Top)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

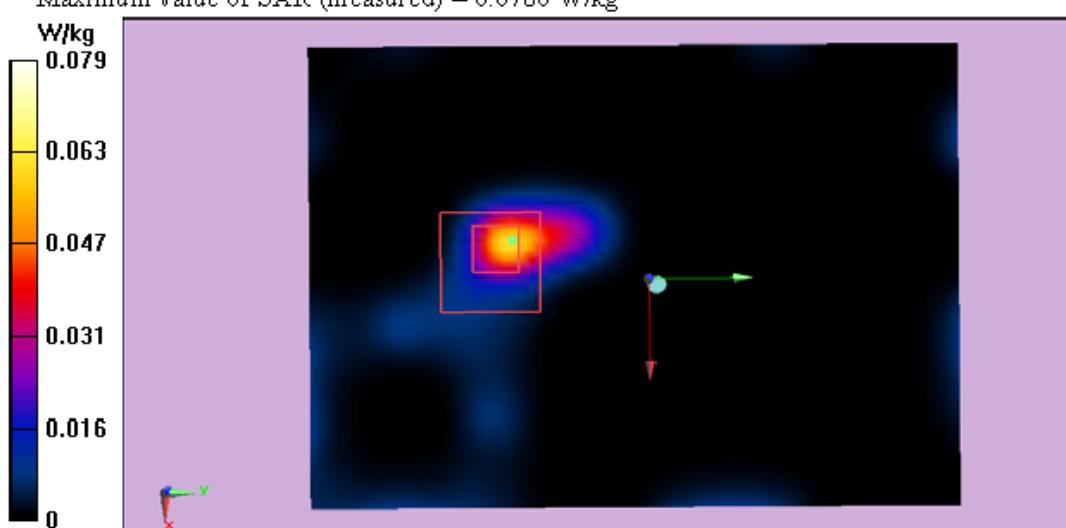
Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 0.9550 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.245 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.054 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.013 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0786 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab

Date: 27/04/2016

11nHT20 CH165(5825MHz Back)

DUT: TI-Nspire TM Navigator TM Wireless Network Adapter-v 2;

M/N: TINA VVWNA2

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11n WiFi 5.8GHz (0); Communication System

Band: IEEE 802.11nHT20 WiFi 5.8GHz ; Frequency: 5825 MHz; Communication System

PAR: 0 dB. Medium parameters used: $f = 5825$ MHz; $\sigma = 6.12$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 46.01$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³. Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3767; ConvF(4.33, 4.33, 4.33); Calibrated: 30/01/2015;
- Modulation Compensation:
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn889; Calibrated: 02/02/2016
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1112
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/CH165(5825MHz Back)/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=2.000 mm, dy=2.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0159 W/kg

Configuration/CH165(5825MHz Back)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

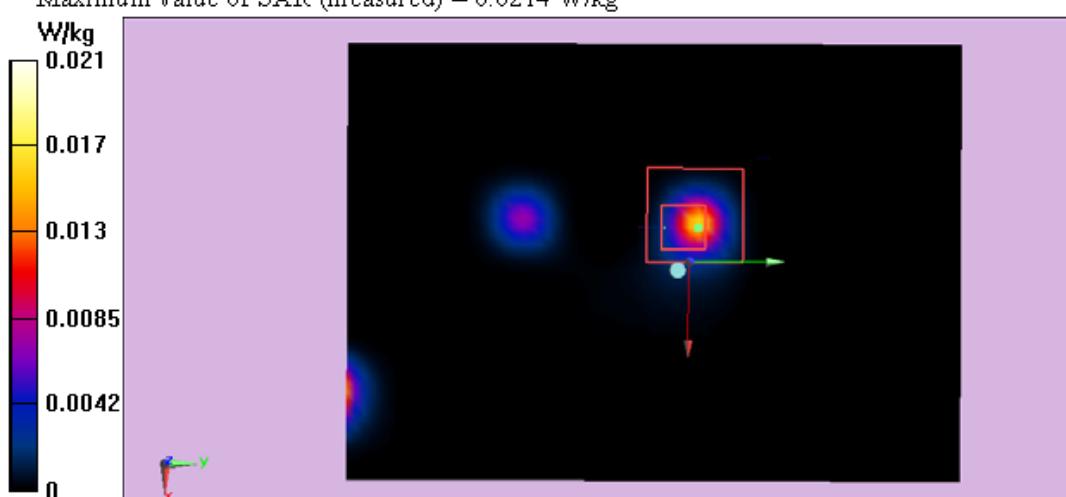
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.037 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0510 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.011 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00211 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0214 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab

Date: 27/04/2016

11nHT20 CH165(5825MHz Front)

DUT: TI-Nspire TM Navigator TM Wireless Network Adapter-v 2;

M/N: TINA VVWNA2

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11n WiFi 5.8GHz (0); Communication System

Band: IEEE 802.11nHT20 WiFi 5.8GHz ; Frequency: 5825 MHz; Communication System

PAR: 0 dB. Medium parameters used: $f = 5825$ MHz; $\sigma = 6.12$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 46.01$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³. Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3767; ConvF(4.33, 4.33, 4.33); Calibrated: 30/01/2015;
- Modulation Compensation:
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn889; Calibrated: 02/02/2016
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1112
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/CH165(5825MHz Front)/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=2.000 mm, dy=2.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0104 W/kg

Configuration/CH165(5825MHz Front)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

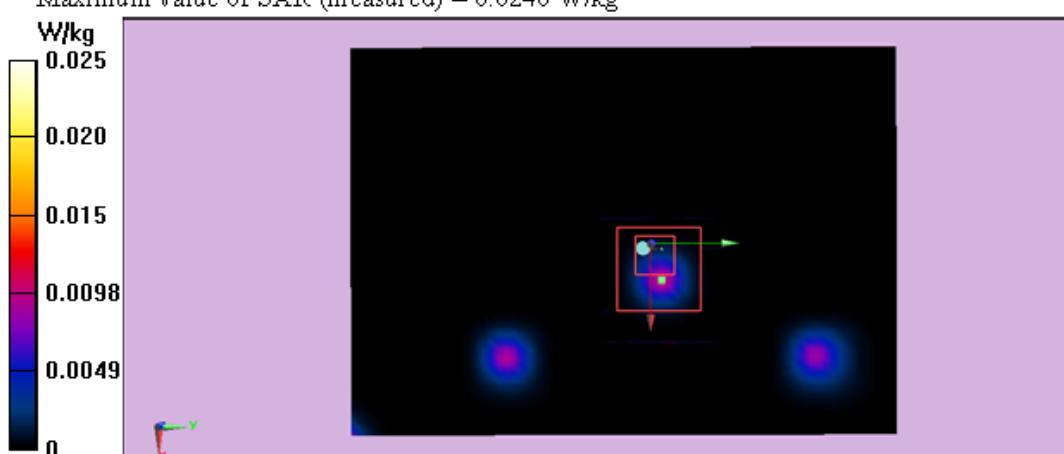
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.918 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0820 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00945 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00448 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0246 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab

Date: 27/04/2016

11nHT20 CH165(5825MHz Left)

DUT: TI-Nspire TM Navigator TM Wireless Network Adapter-v 2;

M/N: TINA VVWNA2

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11n WiFi 5.8GHz (0); Communication System

Band: IEEE 802.11nHT20 WiFi 5.8GHz ; Frequency: 5825 MHz; Communication System

PAR: 0 dB. Medium parameters used: $f = 5825$ MHz; $\sigma = 6.12$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 46.01$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³. Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3767; ConvF(4.33, 4.33, 4.33); Calibrated: 30/01/2015;
- Modulation Compensation:
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn889; Calibrated: 02/02/2016
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1112
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/CH165(5825MHz Left)/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=2.000 mm, dy=2.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0149 W/kg

Configuration/CH165(5825MHz Left)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

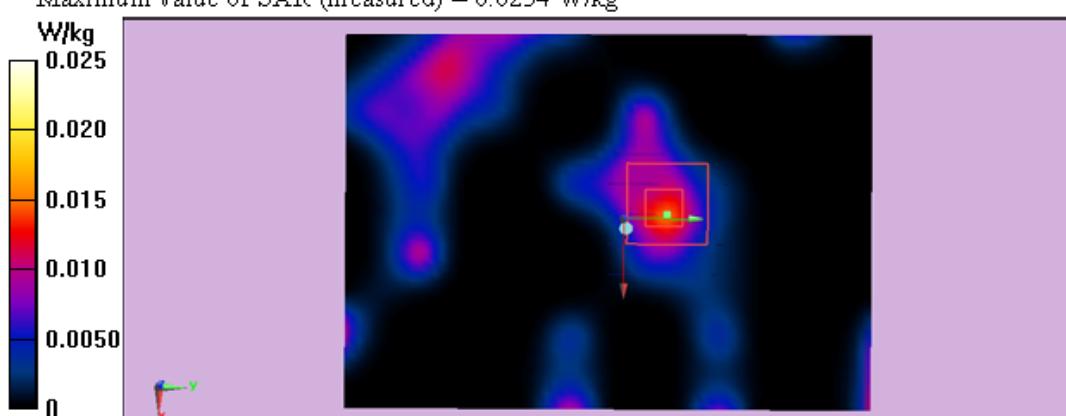
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.150 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0690 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.014 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00258 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0254 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab

Date: 27/04/2016

11nHT20 CH165(5825MHz Right)

DUT: TI-Nspire TM Navigator TM Wireless Network Adapter-v 2;

M/N: TINA VVWNA2

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11n WiFi 5.8GHz (0); Communication System

Band: IEEE 802.11nHT20 WiFi 5.8GHz ; Frequency: 5825 MHz; Communication System

PAR: 0 dB. Medium parameters used: $f = 5825$ MHz; $\sigma = 6.12$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 46.01$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³. Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3767; ConvF(4.33, 4.33, 4.33); Calibrated: 30/01/2015;
- Modulation Compensation:
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn889; Calibrated: 02/02/2016
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1112
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/CH165(5825MHz Left)/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=2.000 mm, dy=2.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0193 W/kg

Configuration/CH165(5825MHz Left)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

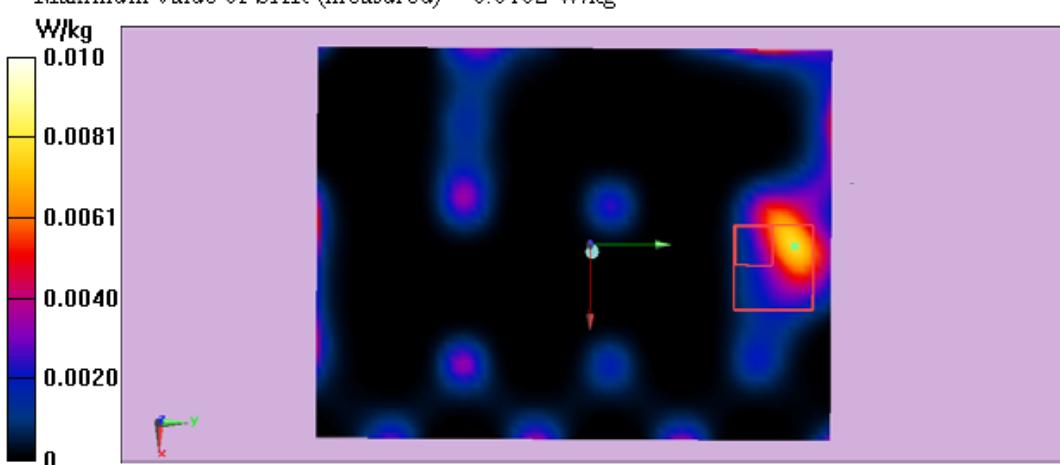
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0.9380 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0100 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.0043 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00106 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0102 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab

Date: 27/04/2016

11nHT20 CH165(5825MHz Top)

DUT: TI-Nspire TM Navigator TM Wireless Network Adapter-v 2;

M/N: TINA VVWNA2

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11n WiFi 5.8GHz (0); Communication System

Band: IEEE 802.11nHT20 WiFi 5.8GHz ; Frequency: 5825 MHz; Communication System

PAR: 0 dB. Medium parameters used: $f = 5825$ MHz; $\sigma = 6.12$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 46.01$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³. Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3767; ConvF(4.33, 4.33, 4.33); Calibrated: 30/01/2015;
- Modulation Compensation:
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn889; Calibrated: 02/02/2016
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1112
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/CH165(5825MHz Top)/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=2.000 mm, dy=2.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0801 W/kg

Configuration/CH165(5825MHz Top)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

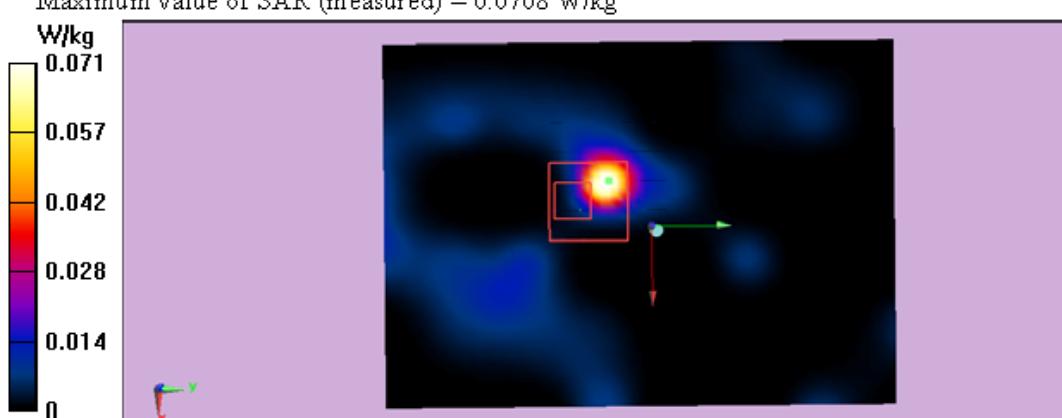
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.378 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.226 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.055 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.012 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0708 W/kg



10. ANNEX C: DASY CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

s p e a g

Zürichstrasse 43, 8004 Zürich, Switzerland
Phone +41 44 245 9700, Fax +41 44 245 9779
info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

IMPORTANT NOTICE

USAGE OF THE DAE 4

The DAE unit is a delicate, high precision instrument and requires careful treatment by the user. There are no serviceable parts inside the DAE. Special attention shall be given to the following points:

Battery Exchange: The battery cover of the DAE4 unit is closed using a screw, over tightening the screw may cause the threads inside the DAE to wear out.

Shipping of the DAE: Before shipping the DAE to SPEAG for calibration, remove the batteries and pack the DAE in an antistatic bag. This antistatic bag shall then be packed into a larger box or container which protects the DAE from impacts during transportation. The package shall be marked to indicate that a fragile instrument is inside.

E-Stop Failures: Touch detection may be malfunctioning due to broken magnets in the E-stop. Rough handling of the E-stop may lead to damage of these magnets. Touch and collision errors are often caused by dust and dirt accumulated in the E-stop. To prevent E-stop failure, the customer shall always mount the probe to the DAE carefully and keep the DAE unit in a non-dusty environment if not used for measurements.

Repair: Minor repairs are performed at no extra cost during the annual calibration. However, SPEAG reserves the right to charge for any repair especially if rough unprofessional handling caused the defect.

DASY Configuration Files: Since the exact values of the DAE input resistances, as measured during the calibration procedure of a DAE unit, are not used by the DASY software, a nominal value of 200 MΩ is given in the corresponding configuration file.

Important Note:

Warranty and calibration is void if the DAE unit is disassembled partly or fully by the Customer.

Important Note:

Never attempt to grease or oil the E-stop assembly. Cleaning and readjusting of the E-stop assembly is allowed by certified SPEAG personnel only and is part of the annual calibration procedure.

Important Note:

To prevent damage of the DAE probe connector pins, use great care when installing the probe to the DAE. Carefully connect the probe with the connector notch oriented in the mating position. Avoid any rotational movement of the probe body versus the DAE while turning the locking nut of the connector. The same care shall be used when disconnecting the probe from the DAE.

Schmid & Partner Engineering

TH_BR040315AD DAE4.doc

11.12.2009



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Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China
Tel: +86-10-62304633-2218 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2209
E-mail: ctll@chinatll.com [Http://www.chinatll.cn](http://www.chinatll.cn)



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校准
CNAS
CALIBRATION
CNAS L0570

Client : Audix

Certificate No: Z16-97013

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object DAE4 - SN: 899

Calibration Procedure(s) FD-Z11-2-002-01
Calibration Procedure for the Data Acquisition Electronics
(DAEx)

Calibration date: February 02, 2016

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22 ± 3)°C and humidity<70%.

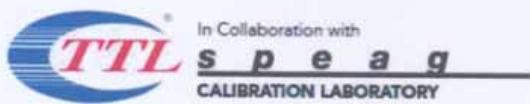
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Process Calibrator 753	1971018	06-July-15 (CTTL, No:J15X04257)	July-16

Calibrated by:	Name	Function	Signature
	Yu Zongying	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	
Approved by:	Lu Bingsong	Deputy Director of the laboratory	

Issued: February 03, 2016

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China
Tel: +86-10-62304633-2218 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2209
E-mail: ctl@chinattl.com Http://www.chinattl.cn

Glossary:

DAE	data acquisition electronics
Connector angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *DC Voltage Measurement:* Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle:* The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The report provide only calibration results for DAE, it does not contain other performance test results.



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DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = 6.1 μ V, full range = -100...+300 mV

Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV, full range = -1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	$402.452 \pm 0.15\% \text{ (k=2)}$	$403.036 \pm 0.15\% \text{ (k=2)}$	$403.026 \pm 0.15\% \text{ (k=2)}$
Low Range	$3.98069 \pm 0.7\% \text{ (k=2)}$	$3.97751 \pm 0.7\% \text{ (k=2)}$	$3.98419 \pm 0.7\% \text{ (k=2)}$

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	$352.5^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
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CALIBRATION
No. L0570

Client

Audix

Certificate No: Z15-97001

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	EX3DV4 - SN:3767
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Calibration Procedure(s)	FD-Z11-2-004-01 Calibration Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes
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Calibration date:	January 30, 2015
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This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

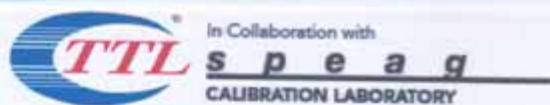
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	101919	01-Jul-14 (CTTL, No.J14X02146)	Jun-15
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101547	01-Jul-14 (CTTL, No.J14X02146)	Jun-15
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101548	01-Jul-14 (CTTL, No.J14X02146)	Jun-15
Reference10dBAttenuator	18N50W-10dB	13-Mar-14(TMC, No.JZ14-1103)	Mar-16
Reference20dBAttenuator	18N50W-20dB	13-Mar-14(TMC, No.JZ14-1104)	Mar-16
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3617	28-Aug-14(SPEAG, No.EX3-3617_Aug14)	Aug-15
DAE4	SN 777	17-Sep-14 (SPEAG, DAE4-777_Sep14)	Sep-15
Secondary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
SignalGeneratorMG3700A	6201052605	01-Jul-14 (CTTL, No.J14X02145)	Jun-15
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46110673	15-Feb-14 (TMC, No.JZ14-781)	Feb-15

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Yu Zongying	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	
Approved by:	Lu Bingsong	Deputy Director of the laboratory	

Issued: January 31, 2015

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Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504
E-mail: ttl@chinattl.com Http://www.chinattl.cn

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A,B,C,D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization Φ	Φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization θ	θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i $\theta=0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *NORM_{x,y,z}*: Assessed for E-field polarization $\theta=0$ ($f \leq 900\text{MHz}$ in TEM-cell; $f > 1800\text{MHz}$: waveguide). *NORM_{x,y,z}* are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of *NORM_{x,y,z}* does not effect the E^2 -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- *NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- *DCPx,y,z*: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- *PAR*: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- *Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; VRx,y,z; A,B,C* are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- *ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters*: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800\text{MHz}$) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800\text{MHz}$. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to *NORMx,y,z * ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from $\pm 50\text{MHz}$ to $\pm 100\text{MHz}$.
- *Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)*: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- *Sensor Offset*: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- *Connector Angle*: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the *NORMx* (no uncertainty required).



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Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504
E-mail: ctl@chinattl.com Http://www.chinattl.cn

Probe EX3DV4

SN: 3767

Calibrated: January 30, 2015

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)



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Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504
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DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 3767

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$) ^A	0.56	0.57	0.47	$\pm 10.8\%$
DCP(mV) ^B	102.2	97.8	103.3	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

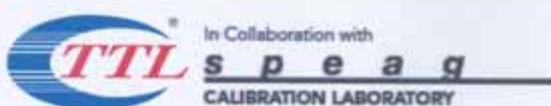
UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB/ μV	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	202.6	$\pm 3.3\%$
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		204.8	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		187.8	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5 and Page 6).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



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DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 3767

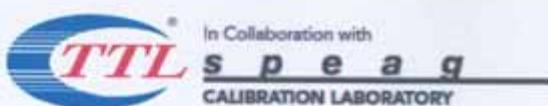
Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	9.79	9.79	9.79	0.22	0.99	±12%
835	41.5	0.90	9.27	9.27	9.27	0.14	1.33	±12%
900	41.5	0.97	9.13	9.13	9.13	0.16	1.22	±12%
1450	40.5	1.20	8.77	8.77	8.77	0.58	0.70	±12%
1750	40.1	1.37	8.20	8.20	8.20	0.25	0.98	±12%
1900	40.0	1.40	7.91	7.91	7.91	0.17	1.30	±12%
2000	40.0	1.40	7.65	7.65	7.65	0.15	1.80	±12%
2450	39.2	1.80	7.18	7.18	7.18	0.53	0.71	±12%
2600	39.0	1.96	7.02	7.02	7.02	0.69	0.63	±12%
5200	36.0	4.66	5.44	5.44	5.44	0.50	1.00	±13%
5300	35.9	4.76	5.09	5.09	5.09	0.43	1.08	±13%
5500	35.6	4.96	4.83	4.83	4.83	0.55	1.03	±13%
5600	35.5	5.07	4.73	4.73	4.73	0.52	1.09	±13%
5800	35.3	5.27	4.65	4.65	4.65	0.50	1.15	±13%

^C Frequency validity of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^F At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



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DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 3767

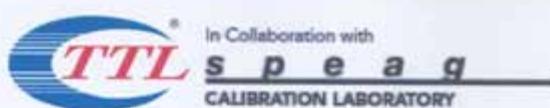
Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	9.67	9.67	9.67	0.15	1.46	±12%
835	55.2	0.97	9.66	9.66	9.66	0.18	1.35	±12%
900	55.0	1.05	9.32	9.32	9.32	0.22	1.15	±12%
1450	54.0	1.30	8.22	8.22	8.22	0.11	1.61	±12%
1750	53.4	1.49	7.77	7.77	7.77	0.12	1.87	±12%
1900	53.3	1.52	7.58	7.58	7.58	0.17	1.39	±12%
2000	53.3	1.52	7.80	7.80	7.80	0.14	1.99	±12%
2450	52.7	1.95	7.35	7.35	7.35	0.31	1.19	±12%
2600	52.5	2.16	7.26	7.26	7.26	0.36	1.00	±12%
5200	49.0	5.30	4.98	4.98	4.98	0.52	1.08	±13%
5300	48.9	5.42	4.73	4.73	4.73	0.56	1.00	±13%
5500	48.6	5.65	4.35	4.35	4.35	0.52	1.26	±13%
5600	48.5	5.77	4.25	4.25	4.25	0.56	1.27	±13%
5800	48.2	6.00	4.33	4.33	4.33	0.44	1.28	±13%

^C Frequency validity of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

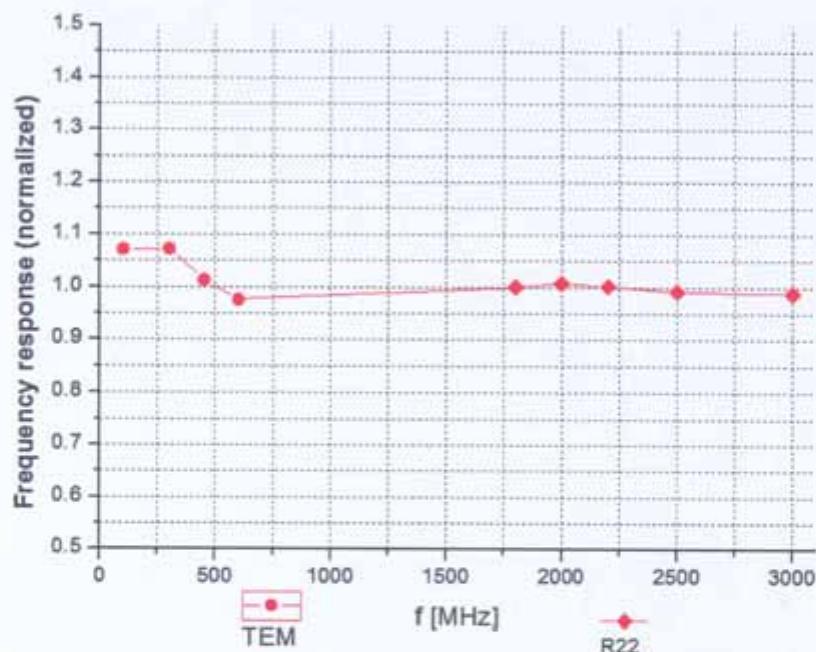
^F At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

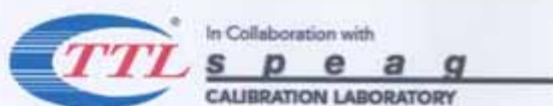


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Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



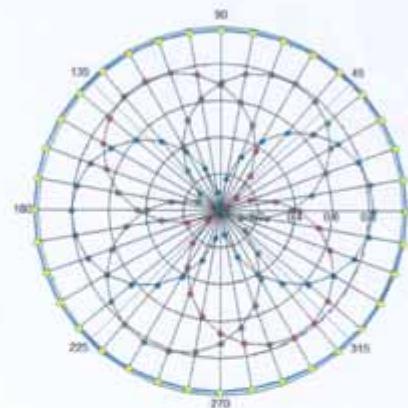
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 7.5\%$ ($k=2$)



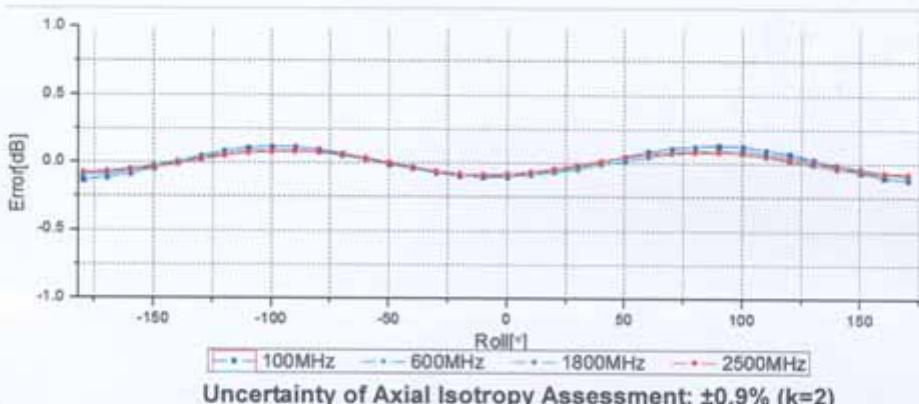
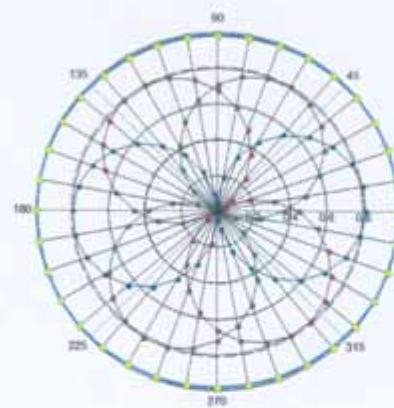
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Receiving Pattern (Φ), $\theta=0^\circ$

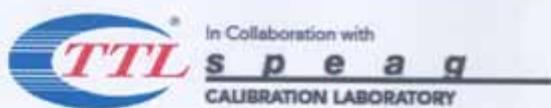
f=600 MHz, TEM



f=1800 MHz, R22

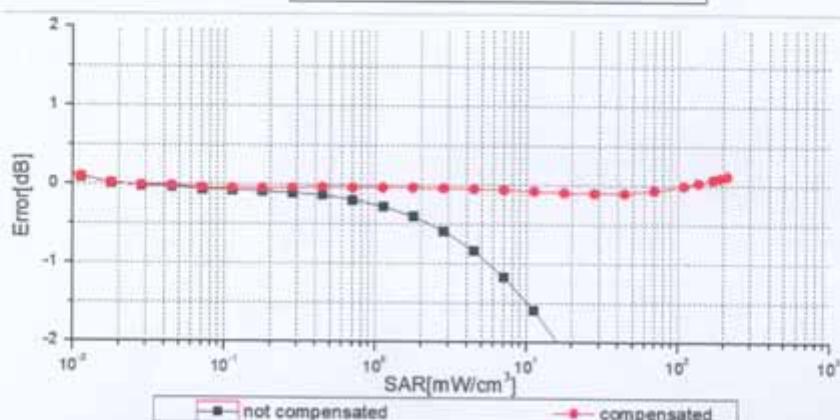
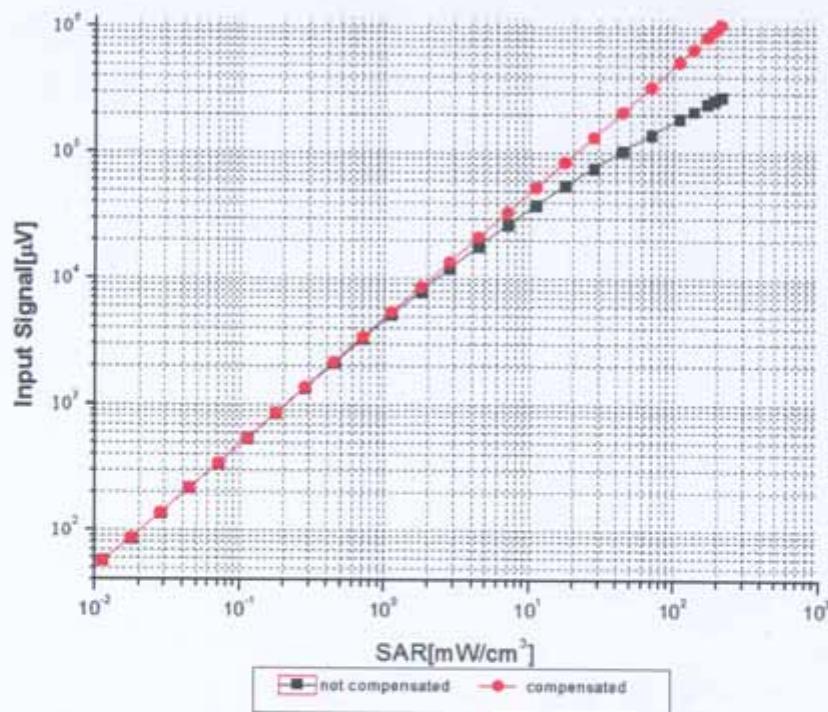


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.9\%$ (k=2)



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Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell, f = 900 MHz)



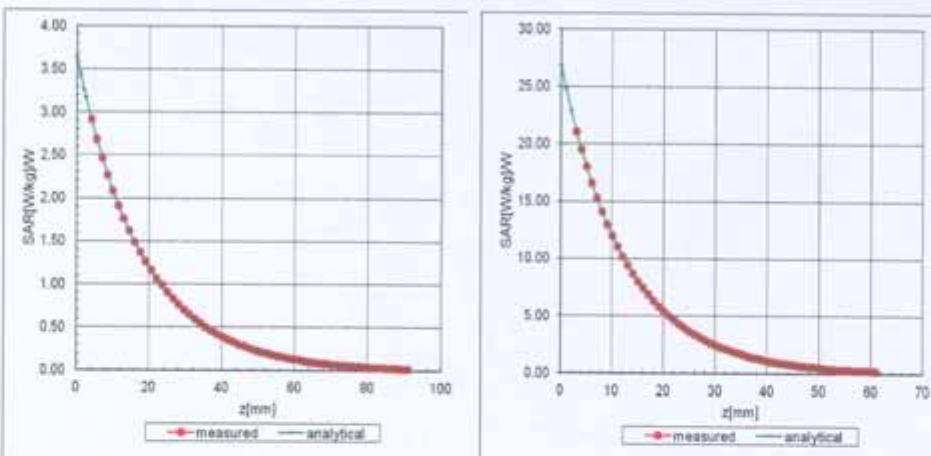
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.9\%$ ($k=2$)



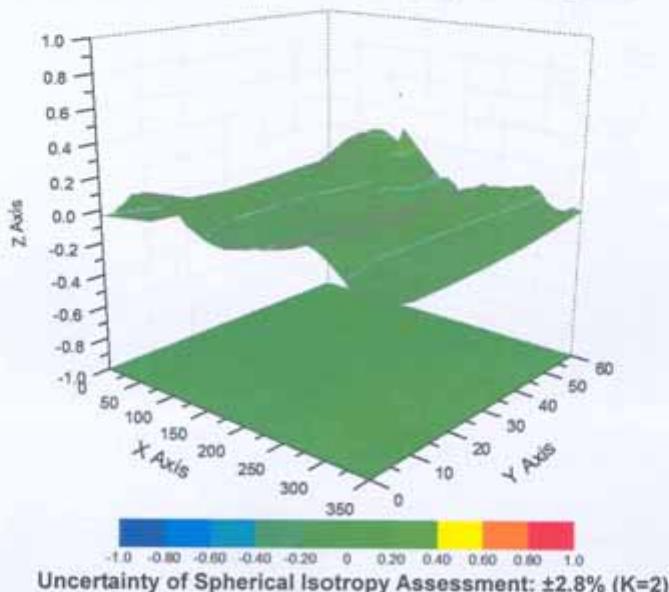
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Conversion Factor Assessment

f=900 MHz, WGLS R9(H_convF) f=1750 MHz, WGLS R22(H_convF)



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 2.8\%$ ($K=2$)



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DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 3767

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	145.7
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disable
Probe Overall Length	337mm
Probe Body Diameter	10mm
Tip Length	9mm
Tip Diameter	2.5mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4mm



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Certificate No: Z14-97048

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D2450V2 - SN: 882

Calibration Procedure(s) TMC-OS-E-02-194
 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: May 29, 2014

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurement(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility, environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRVO	102083	11-Sep-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-443)	Sep-14
Power sensor NRV-Z5	100595	11-Sep-13 (TMC, No. JZ13-443)	Sep-14
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3846	3- Sep-13 (SPEAG, No.EX3-3846_Sep13)	Sep-14
DAE4	SN 1331	23-Jan-14 (SPEAG, DAE4-1331_Jan14)	Jan-15
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49070393	13-Nov-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-394)	Nov-14
Network Analyzer E8362B	MY43021135	19-Oct-13 (TMC, No. JZ13-278)	Oct-14

Calibrated by	Name	Function	Signature
	Yu Zongying	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Oi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	
Approved by:	Lu Bingsong	Deputy Director of the laboratory	

Issued: May 30, 2014

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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February 2005
- c) KDB885664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 8 GHz

Additional Documentation:

- d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- **Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- **Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- **Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- **Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- **SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- **SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- **SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1:

DASY Version	DASY52	52.8.8.1222
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Twin Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied:

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.8 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	38.5 ± 6 %	1.82 mho/m ± 0 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	+1.0 °C	—	—

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.4 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	53.1 mW / g ± 20.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.35 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	25.3 mW / g ± 20.4 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied:

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.2 ± 6 %	1.94 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	+1.0 °C	—	—

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	12.0 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	50.4 mW / g ± 20.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.99 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.9 mW / g ± 20.4 % (k=2)



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Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	45.6Ω - 6.07jΩ
Return Loss	-24.0dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.1Ω - 6.08jΩ
Return Loss	-24.0dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.346 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL.

Date: 27.05.2014

Test Laboratory: TMC, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 862

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $\epsilon = 2450 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.819 \text{ S/m}$; $c_0 = 38.51$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3846; ConvF(6.78, 6.78, 6.78); Calibrated: 2013-09-03
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4-Sn1331; Calibrated: 2014-01-23
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: xxxx
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

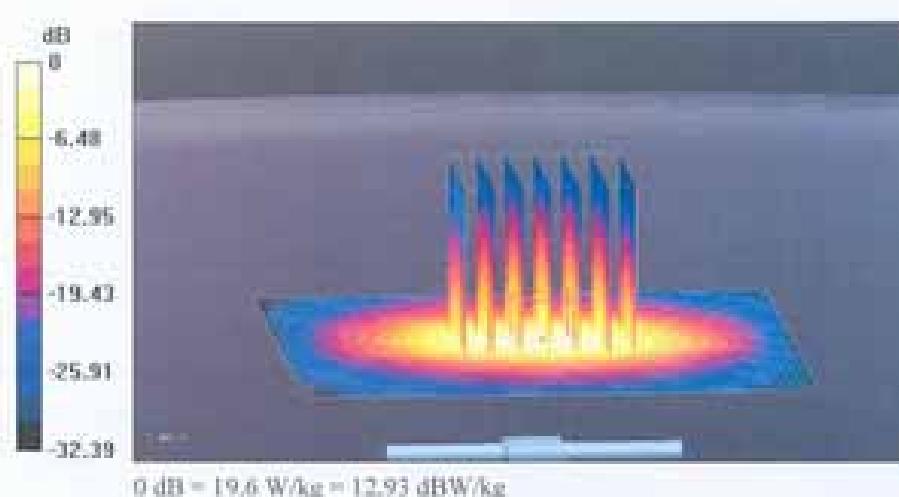
System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/d=10mm, Pin=xx mW,
dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 106.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.35 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.1 W/kg

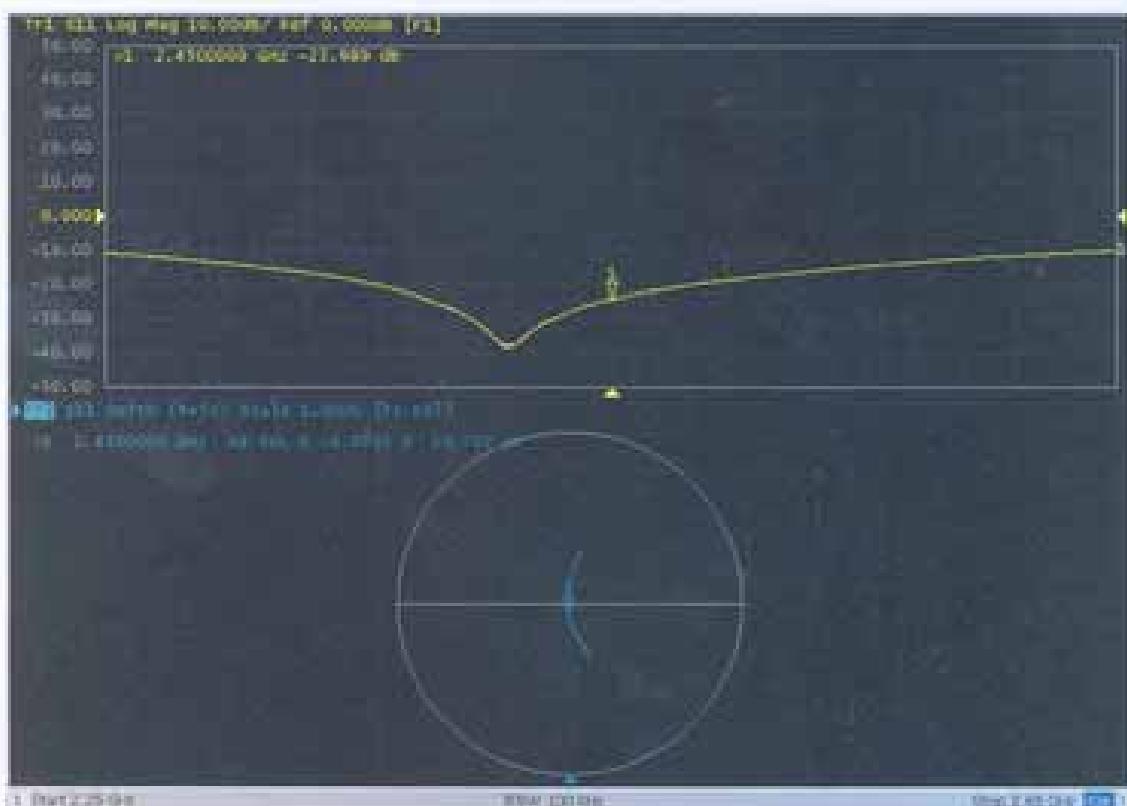




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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Certificate No: Z14-97048

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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL.

Date: 28.05.2014

Test Laboratory: TMC, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 862

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $\epsilon = 2450 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.94 \text{ S/m}$; $c_s = 52.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3848; ConvF(6.73, 6.73, 6.73); Calibrated: 2013-09-03;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4_Sal331; Calibrated: 2014-01-23
- Phantom: EL1 4.0; Type: QDOVA001RA; Serial: xxxx
- Measurement SW: DASY52; Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7731)

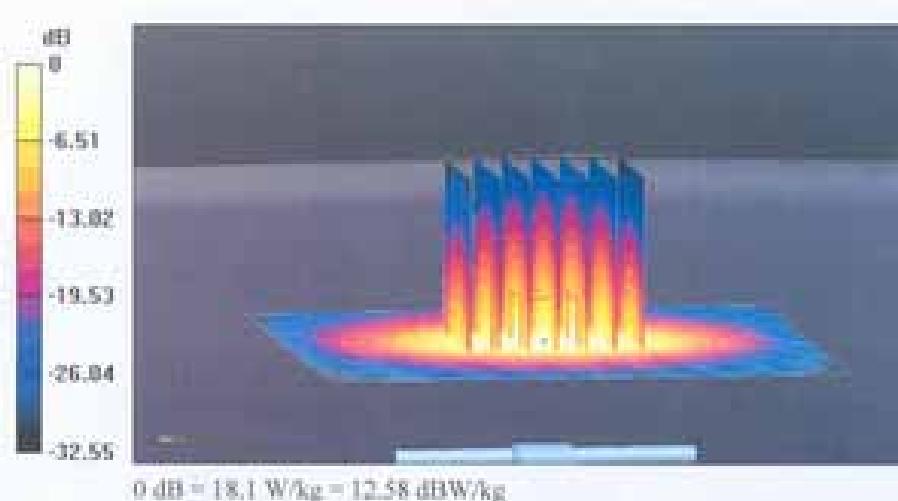
System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/d=10mm, Piso=xx mW,
dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 99.55 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.99 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.0 W/kg

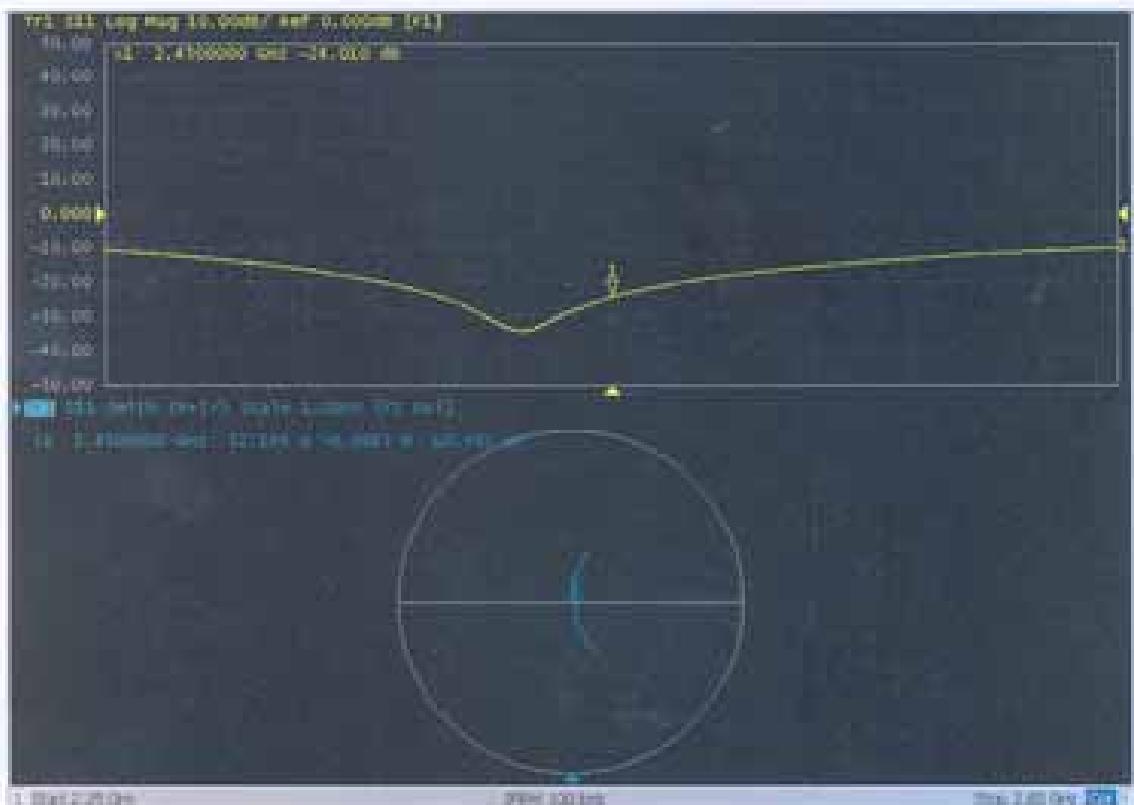




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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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Certificate No: Z14-97049

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D5GHzV2 - SN:1102

Calibration Procedure(s) TMC-OS-E-02-194
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: June 16, 2014

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22 ± 3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRVD	102083	11-Sep-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-443)	Sep-14
Power sensor NRV-Z5	100595	11-Sep-13 (TMC, No. JZ13-443)	Sep -14
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3846	3- Sep-13 (SPEAG, No.EX3-3846_Sep13)	Sep-14
DAE4	SN 1331	23-Jan-14 (SPEAG, DAE4-1331_Jan14)	Jan -15
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49070393	13-Nov-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-394)	Nov-14
Network Analyzer E8362B	MY43021135	19-Oct-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-278)	Oct-14

Calibrated by:	Name	Function	Signature
	Yu Zongying	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	
Approved by:	Lu Bingsong	Deputy Director of the laboratory	

Issued: June 17, 2014

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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February 2005
- c) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

- d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	52.8.8.1222
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4.0 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	
Frequency	5200 MHz ± 1 MHz 5500 MHz ± 1 MHz 5800 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters at 5200MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	36.0	4.66 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	36.3 ± 6 %	4.62 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5200MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.6	4.96 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.2 ± 6 %	5.04 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5500MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.6	4.96 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.2 ± 6 %	5.04 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5500MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Condition
SAR measured	250 mW input power
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W

	Condition
SAR measured	250 mW input power
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W



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Head TSL parameters at 5800MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.3	5.27 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.9 ± 6 %	5.28 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5800MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	7.57 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	75.5 mW /g ± 23.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.15 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.4 mW /g ± 22.2 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5200MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	49.0	5.30 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	48.1 ± 6 %	5.32 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL at 5200MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	7.55 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	75.2 mW /g ± 23.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.18 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.7 mW /g ± 22.2 % (k=2)



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Body TSL parameters at 5500MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.6	5.65 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	47.5 ± 6 %	5.62 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL at 5500MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	8.05 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	80.1 mW /g ± 23.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.30 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.9 mW /g ± 22.2 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5800MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.2	6.00 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	47.2 ± 6 %	6.05 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL at 5800MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	7.23 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	72.0 mW /g ± 23.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.05 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.4 mW /g ± 22.2 % (k=2)

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5200MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.2Ω-8.19jΩ
Return Loss	-21.8dB



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Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5500MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.0Ω- 4.65jΩ
Return Loss	- 26.0dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5800MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.7Ω- 1.58jΩ
Return Loss	- 26.5dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5200MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.6Ω- 7.57jΩ
Return Loss	- 22.4dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5500MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.1Ω- 5.61jΩ
Return Loss	- 25.0dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5800MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.5Ω- 0.89jΩ
Return Loss	- 27.2dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.183 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 16.06.2014

Test Laboratory: TMC, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1102

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 5200 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 4.62 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 36.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3846; ConvF(5.25, 5.25, 5.25); Calibrated: 2013-09-03;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 2014-01-23
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check with D5GHzV2 Dipole (graded grid)/d=10mm,

Pin=100mW, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan (4x4x1.4mm, graded), dist=1.4mm

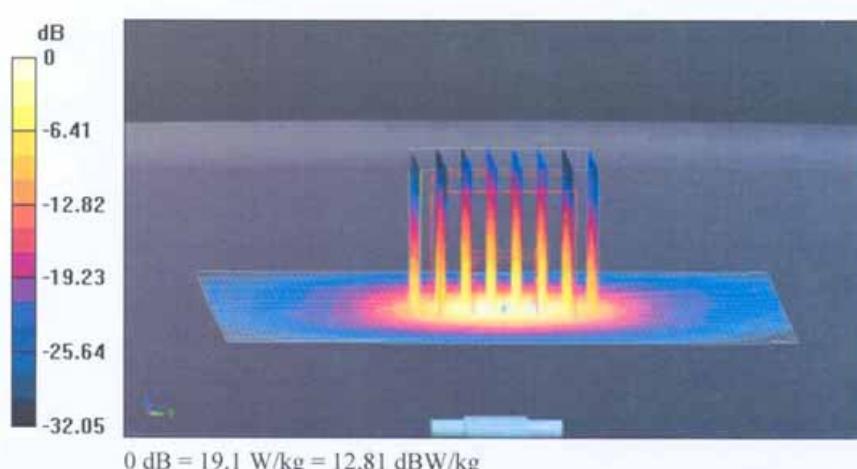
(8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 69.42 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 36.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.81 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.23 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.5 W/kg





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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 16.06.2014

Test Laboratory: TMC, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1102

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5500 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 5500$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.04$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3846; ConvF(4.8, 4.8, 4.8); Calibrated: 2013-09-03;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 2014-01-23
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check with D5GHzV2 Dipole (graded grid)/d=10mm,
Pin=100mW, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan (4x4x1.4mm, graded), dist=1.4mm

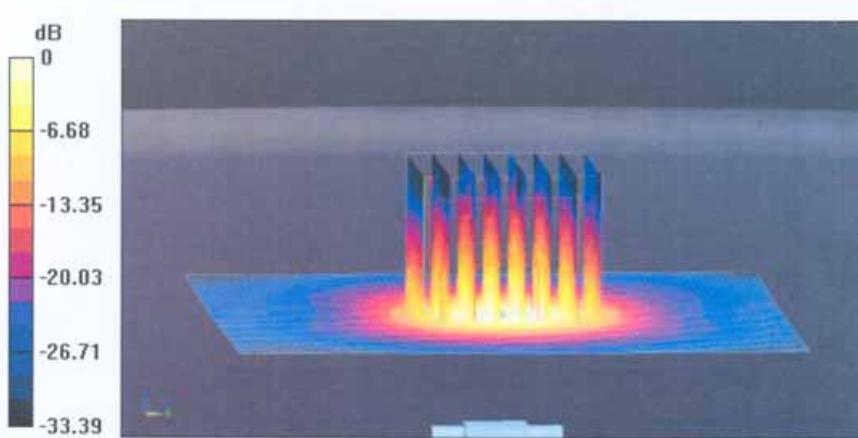
(8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 69.93 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 40.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.38 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.5 W/kg



0 dB = 20.5 W/kg = 13.13 dBW/kg



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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 16.06.2014

Test Laboratory: TMC, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1102

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 5800 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.28 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 34.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3846; ConvF(4.51, 4.51, 4.51); Calibrated: 2013-09-03;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 2014-01-23
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check with D5GHzV2 Dipole (graded grid)/d=10mm,
Pin=100mW, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan (4x4x1.4mm, graded), dist=1.4mm

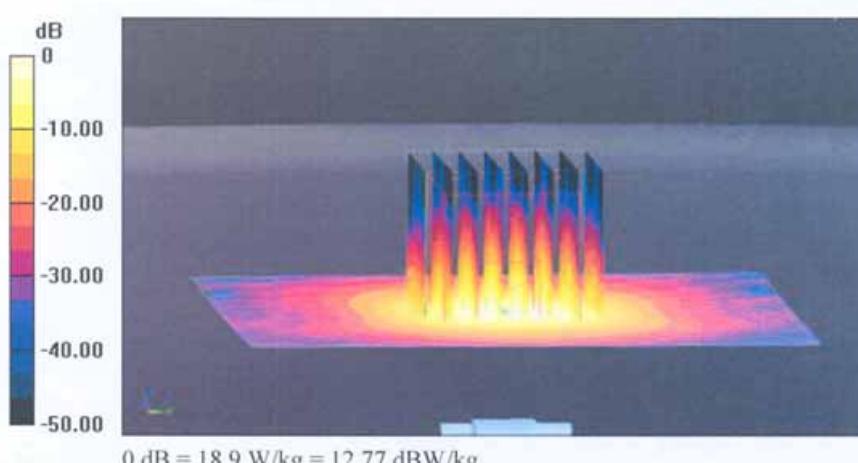
(8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 66.33 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 37.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.57 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.15 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.2 W/kg

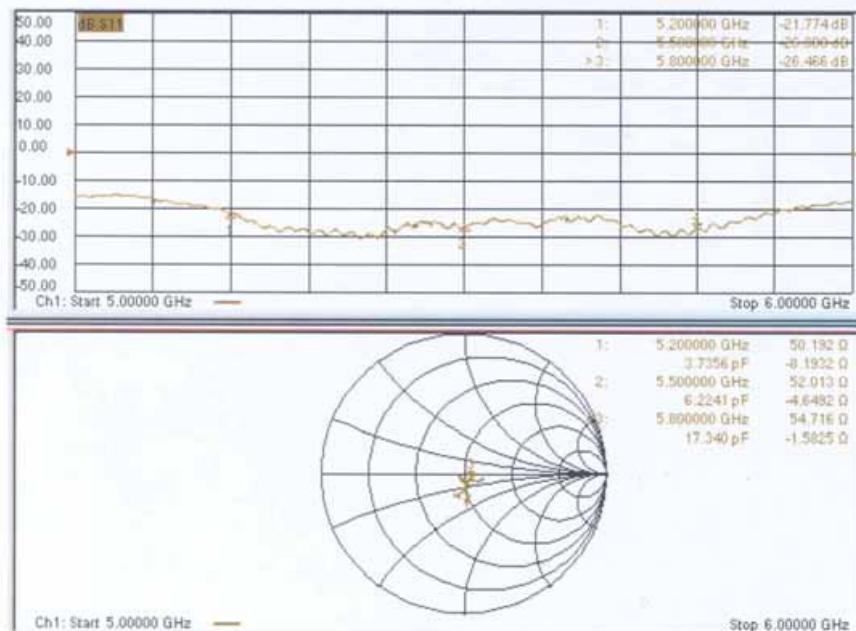




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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 13.06.2014

Test Laboratory: TMC, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1102

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 5200 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.32 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 48.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3846; ConvF(4.36, 4.36, 4.36); Calibrated: 2013-09-03;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 2014-01-23
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check with D5GHzV2 Dipole (graded grid)/d=10mm,

Pin=100mW, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan (4x4x1.4mm, graded), dist=1.4mm

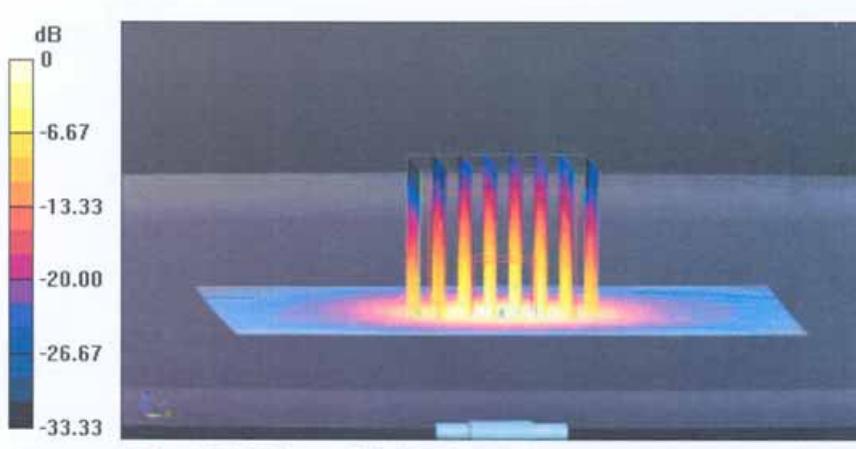
(8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 65.52 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.55 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.18 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.2 W/kg



0 dB = 17.3 W/kg = 12.38 dBW/kg



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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL
Test Laboratory: TMC, Beijing, China

Date: 13.06.2014

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1102

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5500 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 5500 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.62 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 47.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

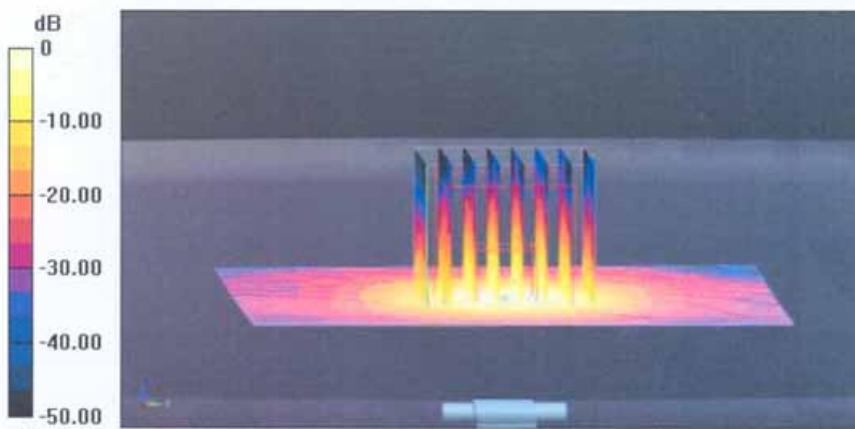
Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3846; ConvF(3.81, 3.81, 3.81); Calibrated: 2013-09-03;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 2014-01-23
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**System Performance Check with D5GHzV2 Dipole (graded grid)/d=10mm,
Pin=100mW, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan (4x4x1.4mm, graded), dist=1.4mm
(8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm**
Reference Value = 68.16 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.5 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 8.05 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.3 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.8 W/kg





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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 13.06.2014

Test Laboratory: TMC, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1102

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 5800 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 6.05 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 47.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3846; ConvF(3.94, 3.94, 3.94); Calibrated: 2013-09-03;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 2014-01-23
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check with D5GHzV2 Dipole (graded grid)/d=10mm,

Pin=100mW, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan (4x4x1.4mm, graded), dist=1.4mm

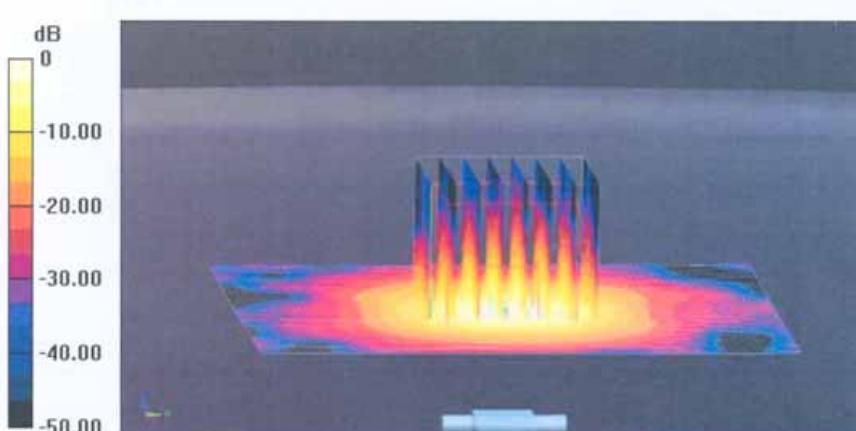
(8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 63.52 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.23 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.05 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.4 W/kg



0 dB = 17.6 W/kg = 12.45 dBW/kg



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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

