

TEST REPORT

Date: 2010-04-15

Report No.: 60.870.10.008.01F

Applicant: Acoustic Arc International Ltd.

Unit 207, 2/F., Photonics Centre, No.2 Science Park East Avenue, Hong Kong Science Park,

Shatin, N.T. Hong Kong

Description of Samples: Model name: 2.4GHz Wireless Digital Speaker System

(Transmitter)

Brand name: aai

Model no.: DS0620B / BD9674 FCCID: VHC-AAI-DS0620B-0

Date Samples Received: 2010-03-30

Date Tested: 2010-03-31 to 2010-04-14

Investigation Requested: FCC Part 15 Subpart C, Section 15.247

Conclusions: The submitted product <u>COMPLIED</u> with the

requirements of Federal Communications Commission [FCC] Rules and Regulations Part 15. The tests were performed in accordance with the standards described above and on Section 2.2

in this Test Report.

Remarks: ----

Checked by: Approved by:-

Nicolog Chann

Nicolas Cheng Victor Kwan
Assistant Project Manager Manager

Telecom department Telecom department

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1.0 General Details

1.1 Test Laboratory

EMC Laboratory registered by FCC with FCC Registration Number: 607756

1.2 Applicant Details Applicant

Acoustic Arc International Ltd.

Unit 207, 2/F., Photonics Centre, NO.2 Science Park East Avenue, Hong Kong Science Park, Shatin, N.T. Hong Kong

Manufacturer

Acoustic Arc International Ltd.

Unit 207, 2/F., Photonics Centre, NO.2 Science Park East Avenue, Hong Kong Science Park, Shatin, N.T. Hong Kong

1.3 Equipment Under Test [EUT]

Description of EUT

Product Description: 2.4GHz Wireless Digital Speaker System (Transmitter)

Model No.: DS0620B / BD9674

Brand Name: aai

FCCID: VHC-AAI-DS0620B-0

Rating: - DC 6.0V, 300mA powered by AC/DC power adaptor

or 4 x 1.5V "AA" sizes battery.

Operated Frequency: 2406 -2472 MHz

No. of Operated Channel: 31

Accessories and Auxiliary Equipments: - AC/DC power adaptor.

- Cassette player

Antenna Type: Integral

Manufacture of Antenna: Acoustic Arc International Ltd.

Antenna Gain: 0dBi Antenna Model: N/A

General Operation of EUT

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) is a transmitter of the wireless speaker system operated at 2.4GHz.

As per Client Declaration, the circuit design, PCB Layout, shielding and interface of DS0620B and BD9674 are identical, only the cosmetic are different. So we use DS0620B as a representative model to perform all testing

FHSS Operation Principle:

This module is controlled by microchip to generate Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence, this module support 31 hopping channels. Refer to section 4.5 of this report to have more detail of Pseudorandom Hopping Algorithm.

1.4 Related Submittal(s) Grants

This is a signal application subjected to Certificate Authorization.

2.0 Technical Details

2.1 Investigations Requested

Perform ElectroMagnetic Interference measurement in accordance with FCC 47CFR [Codes of Federal Regulations] Part 15: 2008 and ANSI C63.4: 2003 for FCC Verification

2.2 Test Standards and Results Summary Tables

Test Condition	Test Requirement	Test Re	sult
		Pass	N/A
Number of Frequency Hopping	Section 15.247 (a1)		
20dB Bandwidth Measurement	Section 15.247 (a1)		
Hopping Channel Carrier Frequency Separation	Section 15.247 (a1)		
Average Time of Occupancy	Section 15.247 (a1)		
Pseudorandom Hopping Algorithm	Section 15.247 (a1)		
Band Edge Measurement	Section 15.247		
Maximum Output Power	Section 15.247 (b1)		
Out of Band Emission	Section 15.247 (d)		
Radiated Emission in Restricted Band	Section 15.247 (d)		
Conducted Emission on AC Mains	Section 15.207		
RF Exposure	Section 15.247 (i)		
Antenna Requirement	Section 15.203	See note 1	

Note 1: The EUT uses a permanently attached antenna, which in accordance to Section 15.203, is considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

Remark: N/A - Not Applicable

3.0 Test Methodology

3.1 Radiated Emission

The sample was placed 0.8m above the ground plane on a standard emission test site *. Measurements in both horizontal and vertical polarities were performed. During the test, each emission was maximized by: having the EUT continuously working, investigated all operating modes, rotated about all 3 axis (X, Y & Z) and considered typical configuration to obtain worst position, manipulating interconnecting cables, rotating turntable, varying antenna height from 1m to 4m in both horizontal and vertical polarizations. The emissions worst-case are shown in Test Results of the following pages.

*On a standard emission test site with a metal ground plane filed with the FCC pursuant to section 2.948 of the FCC rules, with Registration Number: 607756.

3.2 Field Strength Calculation

The field strength at 3 m was established by adding the meter reading of the spectrum analyzer to the factors associated with antenna correction factor, cable loss, preamplifiers and filter attenuation.

The equation is expressed as follow:

FS = R + System Factor System Factor = AF + CF + FA - PA

Where FS = Net Field Strength in dBuV/m at 3 meters.

R = Reading of Spectrum Analyzer / Test Receiver in dBuV.

AF = Antenna Factor in dB.

CF = Cable Attenuation Factor in dB.

FA = Filter Attenuation Factor in dB.

PA = Preamplifier Factor in dB.

FA and PA are only be used for the measuring frequency above 1 GHz.

3.3 Conducted Emissions

The test was performed in accordance with ANSI C63.4: 2003, with the following: initial measurements were performed in peak and average detection modes on the live line of personal computer, any emissions recorded within 30dB of the relevant limit lines were re-measured using quasi-peak and average detection on the live and neutral lines with the worst case recorded in the table of results.

4.0 **Test Results**

4.1 **Number of Hopping Frequency**

Test Requirement: FCC part 15 section 15.247 (a1)(iii)

Test Date: 2010-04-14

Mode of Operation: Transmitting mode.

Detector Function: Max Hold

Result: PASS

Measured Result:

Operating Channel Frequency in sequence:

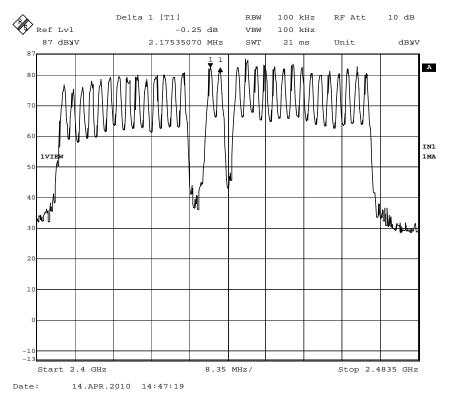
2406; 2408; 2410; 2412; 2414; 2416; 2418; 2420 2422 ; 2424 ; 2426 ; 2428 ; 2430 ; 2432 ; 2438 ; 2440 2444; 2446; 2448; 2450; 2452; 2454; 2456; 2458

2460; 2462; 2464; 2466; 2468; 2470; 2472

Limit for Number of Hopping Channel [Section 15.247 (a1)(iii)]

At least 15 non-overlapping channels for 2400-2483.5MHz.

Figure 1 – Result data graph shows the number of operation channels:



4.2 20dB Bandwidth Measurement

Test Requirement: FCC part 15 section 15.247 (a1)

Test Date: 2010-04-14

Mode of Operation: Transmitting mode.

Detector Function: Max Hold

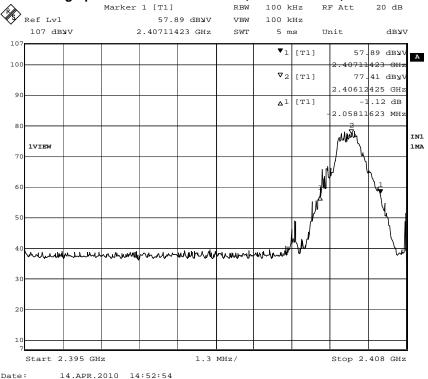
Test Setup:

The bandwidth is measured at an amplitude level reduced from the reference level by a specified ratio. The reference level is the level of the highest amplitude signal observed from the transmitter at the fundamental frequency. Once the reference level is established, the equipment is conditioned with typical modulating signal to produce the worst-case (i.e. the widest) bandwidth.

Channel	Measured frequency	20dB Bandwidth
	(MHz)	(MHz)
Lowest	2.406	2.060
Middle	2.440	2.090
Highest	2.472	2.010

This result is used for checking the hopping channel carrier frequencies separation.

Figure 2 – Result data graph shows 20 dB bandwidth, CF = 2.406GHz, BW = 2.06MHz



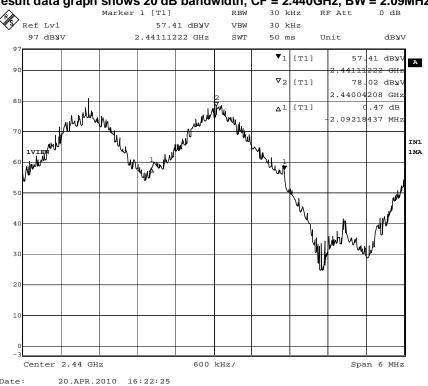
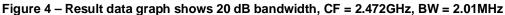
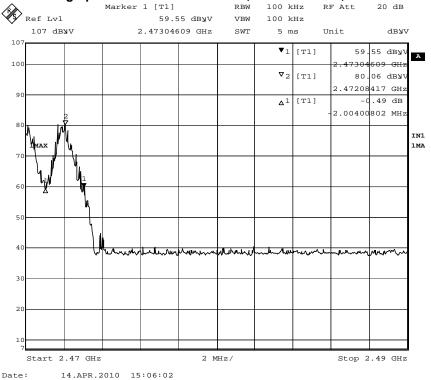


Figure 3 - Result data graph shows 20 dB bandwidth, CF = 2.440GHz, BW = 2.09MHz





4.3 Hopping Channel Carrier Frequency Separation

Test Requirement: FCC part 15 section 15.247 (a1)

Test Date: 2010-04-14

Mode of Operation: Transmitting mode.

Detector Function: Max Hold

Result: PASS

Measured Result:

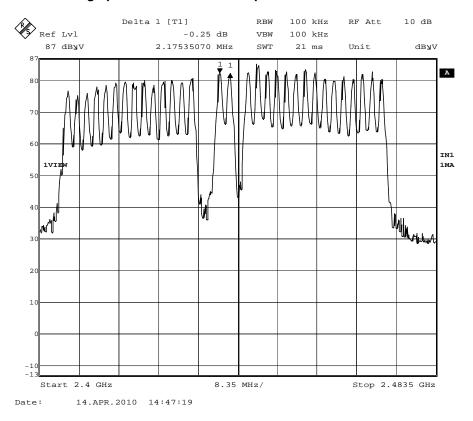
Refer to the delta marker, the frequency separation between two adjacent channels is 2.17MHz, therefore, the requirement of channel separated by a two-third of the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is applied.

According to the test result shown in section 4.2, the maximum 20dB bandwidth is 2.06MHz, so the hopping channel separation of this EUT is found to comply with the requirement.

Limits for Hopping Channel Separation [Section 15.247 (a1)]:

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25kHz or the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25KHz or two-thirds of the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

Figure 5 – Result data graph shows the channel separation:



4.4 Average Time of Channel Occupancy

Test Requirement: FCC part 15 section 15.247 (a1)(iii)

Test Date: 2010-04-14

Mode of Operation: Transmitting mode.

Detector Function: Zero span, Sweep time 1s

Result: PASS

Measured Result:

During each transmission, only 15 channels will be used.

Figure 6 shows the observing time for total 15 hopping channels is $15 \times 0.4s = 6s$

Figure 7 shows total 18 pulse is detected within 1s

Figure 7 shows each pulse occupies 1.8ms.

Therefore, the average channel occupancy times (ms)

 $= 15 \times 0.4 \times 18 \times 1.8 \text{ms}$

So, total transmitting time is 0.194s. (<0.4s).

Limits for Average Time of Occupancy [Section 15.247 (a1)(iii)]:

The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 second within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

Figure 6 – Result data graph shows total 15 channels are used.

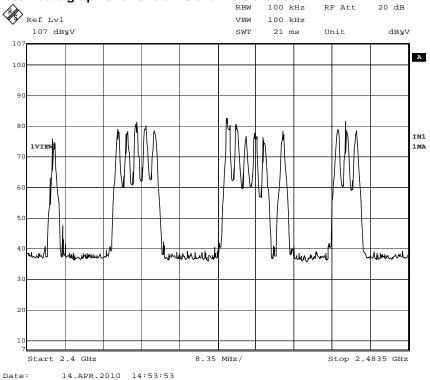
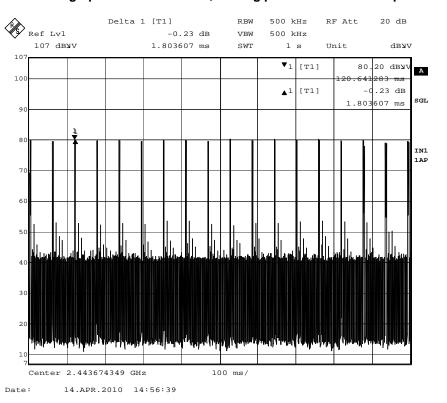


Figure 7 – Result data graph zooms into detail, one big pulse is built from 18 pulses.



4.5 Pseudorandom Hopping Algorithm

Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping

DS0620B uses FHSS technology with 31 hopping frequencies. Each channel frequency is selected from a pseudorandom ordered list of hopping frequencies, from 2406MHz to 2472MHz with separating in 2MHz apart from each of the channels. A single data frame is transmitted on each frequency location before skipping to the next hopping frequency in the list.

There is one step to make the receiver to shift the frequency the frequencies in synchronization with transmitter signal. When simultaneously press CH/ID button both Tx module and ID_LED blinks by 0.25s on/off, ID_Learning process will continue 15s, and Rx module longer than 3s, the ID_Learnong will be enable, so the receiver will be able to shift the receiving frequencies in synchronization with the transmitter signals.

The system will generate a pseudorandom ordered list base on:

- 1. A 16 bit Random ID for pairing
- 2. The audio formats are 16 bit per sample, and sampling frequency is 44.1kHz

Frequency use is equally used on average.

Frequency list (in MHz):

2406; 2408; 2410; 2412 2414; 2416; 2418; 2420 2422; 2424; 2426; 2428 2430; 2432; 2438; 2440 2444; 2446; 2448; 2450 2452; 2454; 2456; 2458 2460; 2462; 2464; 2466 2468; 2470; 2472

Requirement for Pseudorandom Hopping Algorithm [Section 15.247 (a1)]:

The channel frequencies shall be selected from a pseudorandom ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on average by the transmitter.

4.6 Band Edge Measurement

Test Requirement: FCC part 15 section 15.247

Test Date: 2010-04-14

Mode of Operation: Transmitting mode.

Detector Function: Max Hold

Result: PASS

Measured Result:

Refer to the figure 8 and 9, it shows the frequency of lower band edge and upper band edge is 2.406GHz and 2.472GHz separately.

Limits of Band Edge for Carrier Frequencies Operated within the Bands [Section 15.247]:

The carrier frequencies should operate within 2400-2483.5MHz.

Figure 8 – Result data graph shows the frequency of lowest channel.

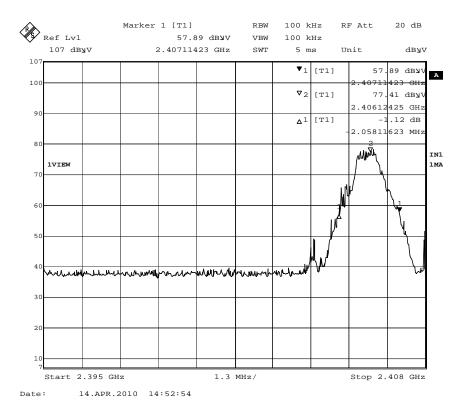
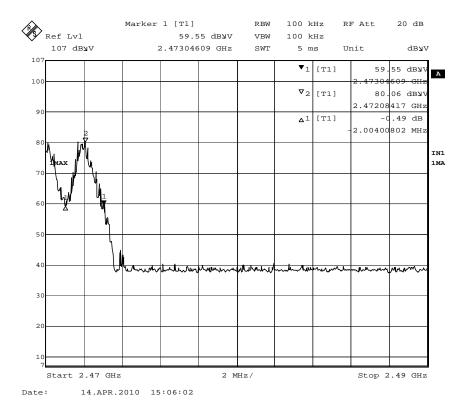


Figure 9 – Result data graph shows the frequency of highest channel.



4.7 Maximum Output Power

Test Requirement: FCC part 15 section 15.247 (a1)

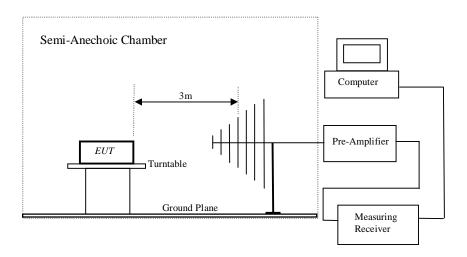
Test Method: ANSI C63.4:2003 Test Date: 2010-04-14

Mode of Operation: Transmitting mode.

Detector Function: Peak

Measurement BW: RBW 5MHz ; VBW 10MHz

Test Setup:



Result: PASS

Frequency	Output	Power	Max. Output Power
(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(V/m)	(mW)
Lowest Channel : 2406	105.90	0.197	11.643
Middle Channel : 2440	107.40	0.234	16.427
Highest Channel: 2472	107.10	0.226	15.323
Limit	116.20	0.645	125.0

Calculate the transmitter's peak power using the following equation:

$$E = \frac{\sqrt{30PG}}{d}$$

Where:E is the measured maximum fundamental field strength in V/m, utilizing a RBW ≥ the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission, VBW > RBW, peak detector function. Follow the procedures in C63.4-2003 with respect to maximizing the emission.

G is the numeric gain of the transmitting antenna with reference to an isotropic radiator. This antenna gain declared by manufacture is 0dBi, antenna is PCB integrated in the actual use. 0dBi logarithmic terms convert to numeric result is nearly 1. So, we apply G =1.0.

d is the distance in meters from which the field strength was measured.

P is the power in watts for which you are solving:

$$P = \frac{(E*d)^2}{30G}$$

Limits for Maximum Output Power [Section 15.247 (a1)(iii)]:

For frequency hopping systems employing at least 75 hopping channels: 1 Watt For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 Watts

4.8 Out of Band Emissions and Emissions in Restricted Bands

Test Requirement: FCC part 15 section 15.247 (d)

Test Method: ANSI C63.4:2003

Test Date: 2010-04-14

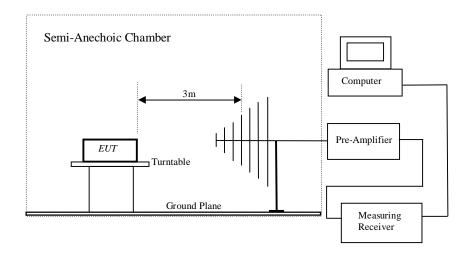
Mode of Operation: Transmitting mode, connected with Cassette

player.

Detector Function: Peak

Measurement BW: RBW 100KHz ; VBW 300KHz

Test Setup:



Result: PASS

Out of Frequency Band Emissions:

For out of band emissions that are close to or exceed 20dB attenuation requirement, and emission falls into restricted band, radiated emission was performed in order to show compliance with the general radiated emission requirement.

Result Summary:

Refer to Figure 10 to 11 for the emission data graph, result shows that the significant emissions detected are with more than 20dB below that in the 100kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power.

Limits for Out of Frequency Band Emission [Section 15.247 (d)]:

In any 100kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required.

Limit for Radiated Emission Falling in Restricted Bands [Section 15.209]:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength	Field Strength
1 requerity (Wir Iz)	[μV/m]	[dBµV/m]
30-88	100	40.0
88-216	150	43.5
216-960	200	46.0
Above 960	500	54.0

Radiated emissions, which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209.

The emission limits shown in the above table are based on measurement employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector and above 1000MHz are based on measurements employing an average detector.

Result : PASS

All Emission and Emissions Fall into Restricted Band were recorded as below:

Radiated Emissions								
	Emissions Frequency	E-Field Polarity	Reading	System Factor	Field strength at 3m	Limit	Delta to Limit	
	MHz		dBuV/m	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	
	Lowest Chann	nel						
PK	4812.00	V	15.00	33.70	48.70	74.00	-25.30	
AV		V	-2.30	33.70	31.40	54.00	-22.60	
	Middle Chann							
PK	4881.00	V	15.80	34.00	49.80	74.00	-24.20	
AV		V	-1.30	34.00	32.70	54.00	-21.30	
	Highest Chani	nel						
PK	4944.00	V	16.50	34.10	50.60	74.00	-23.40	
AV		V	-3.20	34.10	30.90	54.00	-23.10	
	Spurious Emis	ssions						
QP	30.00	Н	13.50	10.80	24.30	40.00	-15.70	
QP	81.00	V	22.11	8.39	30.50	40.00	-9.50	
QP	374.56	Н	12.83	16.07	28.90	46.00	-17.10	
QP	523.21	V	11.47	19.03	30.50	46.00	-15.50	
PK	*18000.00	V	9.00	39.50	48.50	54.00	-5.50	

Refer to Figure 9 to 12 shows the worst case channel's emission data graph from 30MHz-26GHz.

Result Summary:

- 1) Communication mode: All other emissions are more than 20dB below FCC part 15.209 limit.
- 2) No further spurious emissions found between 30 MHz and lowest internal used/generated frequency and from 30MHz to 1GHz.

Remarks:

- 1. "*" Radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands as defined in Section 15.205(a).
- 2. Emission level with more than 20dB below the FCC required limit is not mentioned in table.
- 3. Delta to Limit = Field strength $(dB\mu V/m)$ Limit $(dB\mu V/m)$.
- 4. Calculated measurement uncertainty: 9kHz -30MHz: 1.8dB.

30MHz -1GHz: 5.2dB. 1GHz -18GHz: 5.1dB.

Figure 10 – Radiated emission data graph (Vertical polarization, 30MHz-1GHz)

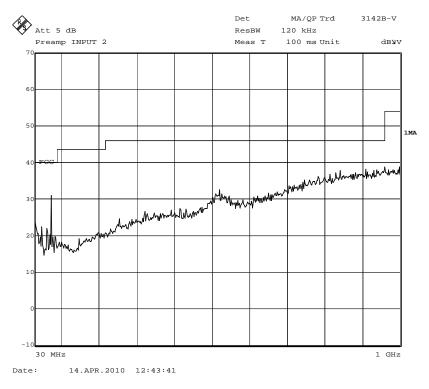
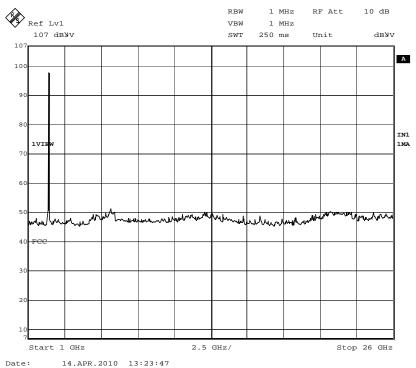


Figure 11 - Radiated emission data graph (Vertical polarization, 1GHz-26GHz



Remark: Only background noise was measured from 18GHz-26GHz.

Figure 12 - Radiated emission data graph (Horizontal polarization, 30MHz-1GHz)

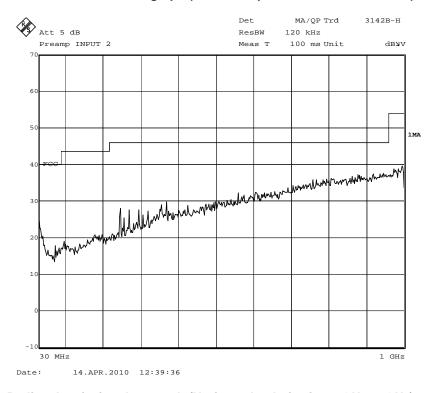
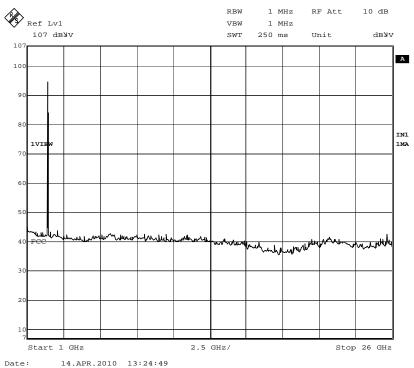


Figure 13 – Radiated emission data graph (Horizontal polarization, 1GHz-26GHz)



Remark: Only background noise was measured from 18GHz-26GHz.

4.9 Conducted Emissions (0.15MHz to 30MHz)

Test Requirement: FCC part 15 Section 15.207 Class B

Test Method: ANSI C63.4:2003 Test Date: 2010-04-14

Mode of Operation: -Transmitting mode, connected with Cassette

player.

Detector Function: CISPR Quasi Peak

Measurement BW: 100 kHz

Worst Case Channel: 1

Results: PASS

- Refer Figure 14 for the result data graph.

Limits for Conducted Emission [Section 15.207]:

Frequency Range	Quasi-Peak Limit	Average Limit
[MHz]	[dBµV]	[dBµV]
0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5-5.0	56	46
5.0-30.0	60	50

^{*} Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

Remarks:

Calculated measurement uncertainty: ±2.8dB

Level [dB//] 70

60

40

40

20

10

150k 300k 500k 1M 2M 3M 5M 7M 10M 30M

Frequency [Hz]

MES vol.0001 pre AV

LIM FCC part15 clB V AV Voltage QP Limit

LIM FCC part15 clB V AV Voltage AV Limit

Figure 14– Result data graph shows the conducted emission (Live and Neutral).

Refer to the following page for the result details:

Frequency (MHz)	Detector (QP/AV)	Phase	Result (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV)	Margin
0.150	QP	L	23.60	66.00	-42.40
	AV	L	8.70	56.00	-47.30
0.336	QP	L	18.90	59.30	-40.40
	AV	L	7.60	49.30	-41.70
12.138	QP	L	12.50	60.00	-47.50
	AV	L	4.90	50.00	-45.10
0.150	QP	N	21.30	66.00	-44.70
	AV	N	7.90	56.00	-48.10
0.333	QP	N	15.90	59.30	-43.40
	AV	N	6.10	49.30	-43.20
4.422	QP	N	13.60	56.00	-42.40
	AV	N	6.80	46.00	-39.20

5.0 RF Exposure Compliance Requirement

Test Requirement: FCC part 15 section 15.247 (i)
Test Method: FCC part 15 section 1.1307 (b1)
OET Bulletin 65, Edition 01-01

Results: PASS

Systems operation under the provision of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guideline,

The EUT is considered as a mobile device according to OET Bulletin 65, Edition 01-01, therefore distance to human body of min. 20cm is determined.

Frequency Band:	2.402GHz ~2.479GHz
Device Category:	☐ Portable (< 20cm separation) ☐ Mobile (>20cm separation) ☐ Others :
Exposure Classification:	☐ Occupational/ Controlled exposure ☐ General Population / Uncontrolled exposure
Max. Output Power	16.427mW
Antenna Gain	0dBi (Numeric gain:1)
Evaluation Applied:	✓ MPE Evaluation✓ SAR Evaluation

MPE calculation:

The radiated (EIRP) = 16.427 mW

The power density at 20cm from the antenna : = EIRP / 4π R²

 $= 0.0033 \text{mW} / \text{cm}^2$

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure [OET Bulletin 65, Edition 01-01]:

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm²)	Averaging Time $ E ^2$, $ H ^2$ or S (minutes)
0.2.1.24	C1.4	1.62	(100)#	20
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	(100)*	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	$(180/f^2)*$	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500			f/1500	30
1500-100,000			1.0	30

List of Measurement Equipment <u>6.0</u>

Radiated Emission

EQP NO.	DESCRIPTION	MANUFACTUR ER	MODEL NO.	SERIAL NO.	LAST CAL	DUE CAL
EM020	HORN ANTENNA	EMCO	3115	4032	2009/09/02	2010/09/02
EM215	MULTIDEVICE CONTROLLER	EMCO	2090	00024676	N/A	N/A
EM216	MINI MAST SYSTEM	EMCO	2075	00026842	N/A	N/A
EM217	ELECTRIC POWERED TURNTABLE	EMCO	2088	00029144	N/A	N/A
EM218	ANECHOIC CHAMBER	ETS-Linggren	FACT-3		2008/12/01	2011/12/01
EM194	BICONILOG ANTENNA	EMCO	3142B	1795	2008/09/08	2010/09/08
EM229	EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESIB40	100248	2009/09/27	2010/09/27
EM022	LOOP ANTENNA	EMCO	6502	1189-2424	2009/07/26	2011/07/26

Line Conducted

EQP NO.	DESCRIPTION	MANUFACTUR ER	MODEL NO.	SERIAL NO.	LAST CAL	DUE CAL
EM197	LISN	EMCO	4825/2	1193	2009/05/15	2010/05/15
EM181	EMI TEST RECEIVER	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	ESIB7	100072	2009/06/29	2010/06/29
EM154	SHIELDING ROOM	SIEMENS MATSUSHITA COMPONENTS	N/A	803-740- 057-99A	2010/01/23	2011/01/23

N/A Not Applicable or Not Available