

MET Laboratories, Inc. Safety Certification - EMI - Telecom Environmental Simulation

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February 5, 2013

Rajant Corporation 400 E. King Street Malvern, PA 19355

Dear Keith Sullivan,

Enclosed is the EMC Wireless test report for compliance testing of the Rajant Corporation, BreadCrumb ME4-2424 as tested to the requirements of Title 47 of the CFR, Ch. 1 (10-1-06 ed.), Part 15, Subpart B and ICES-003, Issue 5 August 2012 for a Class A Digital Device, and FCC Part 15 Subpart C and RSS-210, Issue 8, Dec. 2010 for Intentional Radiators.

Thank you for using the services of MET Laboratories, Inc. If you have any questions regarding these results or if MET can be of further service to you, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely yours,

MET LABORATORIES, INC.

Jennifer Warnell

Documentation Department

Reference: (\Rajant Corporation\EMC36544B-FCC247 Rev. 2)

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Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria Test Report

for the

Rajant Corporation BreadCrumb ME4-2424

Tested under

the FCC Certification Rules
contained in

Title 47 of the CFR, Parts 15 Subpart B & ICES-003
for Class A Digital Devices
&

15.247 Subpart C & RSS-210, Issue 8, Dec. 2010
for Intentional Radiators

MET Report: EMC36544B-FCC247 Rev. 2

February 5, 2013

Prepared For:

Rajant Corporation 400 E. King Street Malvern, PA 19355

> Prepared By: MET Laboratories, Inc. 914 W. Patapsco Ave Baltimore, MD 21230



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for Intentional Radiators

Zijun Tong, Project Engineer Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab

Jennifer Warnell
Documentation Department

Engineering Statement: The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures indicated, and the emissions from this equipment were found to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them. It is further stated that upon the basis of the measurements made, the equipment tested is capable of operation in accordance with the requirements of the FCC Rules Parts 15B, 15.247 and Industry Canada standards ICES-003, Issue 5 August 2012, RSS-210, Issue 8, Dec. 2010 under normal use and maintenance.

Asad Bajwa,

Director, Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab



Report Status Sheet

Revision	Report Date	Reason for Revision	
Ø	January 28, 2013	Initial Issue.	
1	January 31, 2013	Revised to reflect customer and engineer corrections.	
2	February 5, 2013	Revised to reflect engineer corrections.	



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List of Terms and Abbreviations

AC	Alternating Current
ACF	Antenna Correction Factor
Cal	Calibration
d	Measurement Distance
dB	Decibels
dBμA	Decibels above one microamp
dBμV	Decibels above one microvolt
dBμA/m	Decibels above one microamp per meter
$dB\mu V/m$	Decibels above one microvolt per meter
DC	Direct Current
E	Electric Field
DSL	Digital Subscriber Line
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge
EUT	Equipment Under Test
f	Frequency
FCC	Federal Communications Commission
GRP	Ground Reference Plane
H	Magnetic Field
НСР	Horizontal Coupling Plane
Hz	Hertz
IEC	International Electrotechnical Commission
kHz	kilohertz
kPa	kilopascal
kV	kilovolt
LISN	Line Impedance Stabilization Network
MHz	Megahertz
μΗ	microhenry microhenry
μ	microfarad microfarad
μs	microseconds
NEBS	Network Equipment-Building System
PRF	Pulse Repetition Frequency
RF	Radio Frequency
RMS	Root-Mean-Square
TWT	Traveling Wave Tube
V/m	Volts per meter
VCP	Vertical Coupling Plane



I. Executive Summary

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A. Purpose of Test

An EMC evaluation was performed to determine compliance of the Rajant Corporation BreadCrumb ME4-2424, with the requirements of Part 15, §15.247. All references are to the most current version of Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations in effect. In accordance with §2.1033, the following data is presented in support of the Certification of the BreadCrumb ME4-2424. Rajant Corporation should retain a copy of this document which should be kept on file for at least two years after the manufacturing of the BreadCrumb ME4-2424, has been **permanently** discontinued.

B. Executive Summary

The following tests were conducted on a sample of the equipment for the purpose of demonstrating compliance with Part 15, §15.247, in accordance with Rajant Corporation, purchase order number 2012372. All tests were conducted using measurement procedure ANSI C63.4-2003.

FCC Reference 47 CFR Part 15.247:2005	IC Reference RSS-210 Issue 8: 2010; RSS-GEN Issue 3: 2010	Description	Compliance	
47 CFR Part 15.107 (a)	ICES-003 Issue 5 August 2012	Conducted Emission Limits for a Class A Digital Device	Completed	
47 CFR Part 15.109 (a)	ICES-003 Issue 5 August 2012	Radiated Emission Limits for a Class A Digital Device	Completed	
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.203	N/A	Antenna Requirement	Compliant	
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.207(a)	RSS-GEN (7.2.4)	Conducted Emission Limits	Compliant	
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15	DSS C(4 C)	6dB Occupied Bandwidth	Compliant	
§15.247(a)(2)	RSS-Gen(4.6)	99% Occupied Bandwidth	Compliant.	
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(b)	RSS-210(A8.4)	Peak Power Output	Compliant	
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(d); §15.209; §15.205	RSS-210(A8.5)	Radiated Spurious Emissions Requirements	Compliant	
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(d)	RSS-210(A8.5)	RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Requirements	Refer to FCC ID: SWX-XR2.	
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(d)	RSS-210(A8.5)	RF Conducted Band Edge	Refer to FCC ID: SWX-XR2.	
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15; §15.247(e)	RSS-210(A8.2)	Peak Power Spectral Density	Refer to FCC ID: SWX-XR2.	
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(i)	RSS-Gen(5.6)	Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)	Compliant	
N/A RSS-Gen(4.10)		Receiver Spurious Emissions Refer to FCC ID: SW2		

Table 1. Executive Summary of EMC Part 15.247 Compliance Testing



II. Equipment Configuration



A. Overview

MET Laboratories, Inc. was contracted by Rajant Corporation to perform testing on the BreadCrumb ME4-2424, under Rajant Corporation's purchase order number 2012372.

This document describes the test setups, test methods, required test equipment, and the test limit criteria used to perform compliance testing of the Rajant Corporation, BreadCrumb ME4-2424.

The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.

Model(s) Tested:	BreadCrumb ME4-2424			
Model(s) Covered:	BreadCrumb ME4-2424			
EUT	Primary Power: 120 VAC, 60 Hz FCC ID: VJA-ME4-2424 IC: 7382A-ME42424 Type of Modulations: DSSS			
Specifications:	Equipment Code:	DTS		
	Peak RF Output Power:	2.4 GHz: 27.33 dBm		
	EUT Frequency Ranges: 2412 – 2462 MHz			
Analysis:	The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.			
	Temperature: 15-35° C			
Environmental Test Conditions:	Relative Humidity: 30-60%			
	Barometric Pressure: 860-	1060 mbar		
Evaluated by:	Zijun Tong			
Report Date(s):	February 5, 2013			

Table 2. EUT Summary Table

Note: The wireless approval for this product is conditional on maintaining at least 20 cm separation between the antennas. At least one of the antennas must be connected using a 50 ohm co-axial cable.



B. References

CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart C	Federal Communication Commission, Code of Federal Regulations, Title 47, Part 15: General Rules and Regulations, Allocation, Assignment, and Use of Radio Frequencies		
CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart B	Electromagnetic Compatibility: Criteria for Radio Frequency Devices		
RSS-210, Issue 8, Dec. 2010	Low-power Licence-exempt Radiocommunications Devices (All Frequency Bands): Category I Equipment		
RSS-GEN, Issue 3, Dec. 2010	General Requirements and Information for the Certification of Radio Apparatus		
ICES-003, Issue 5 August 2012	Information Technology Equipment (ITE) — Limits and methods of measurement		
ANSI C63.4:2003	Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical And Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz		
ISO/IEC 17025:2005	General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories		
ANSI C63.10-2009	American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices		

Table 3. References

C. Test Site

All testing was performed at MET Laboratories, Inc., 914 W. Patapsco Ave., Baltimore, MD 21230. All equipment used in making physical determinations is accurate and bears recent traceability to the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

Radiated Emissions measurements were performed in a 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber (equivalent to an Open Area Test Site). In accordance with §2.948(a)(3), a complete site description is contained at MET Laboratories.



D. Description of Test Sample

The Rajant Corporation BreadCrumb ME4-2424, Equipment Under Test (EUT), is a portable networking device that supports wired and wireless routing, and 802.11 b/g access point / bridging / meshing functionality. The BreadCrumb is powered from a DC power supply, 48VDC nominal output.

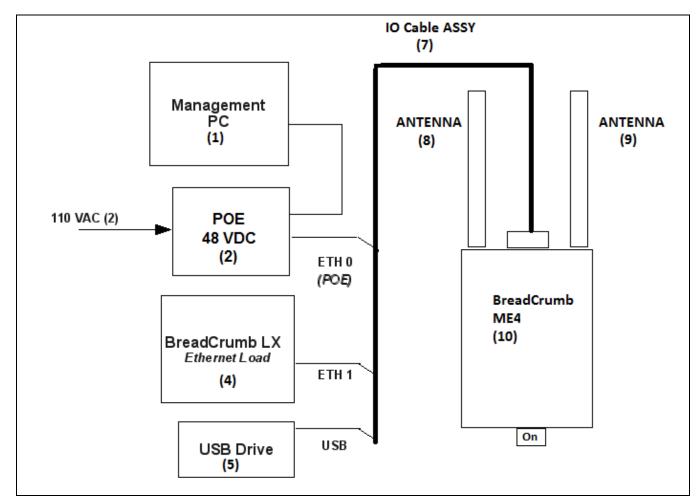


Figure 1. Block Diagram of Test Configuration



E. Equipment Configuration

The EUT was set up as outlined in Figure 1, Block Diagram of Test Setup. All cards, racks, etc., incorporated as part of the EUT is included in the following list.

Ref. ID	Name / Description	Model Number
2	AC/DC POE	Cincon TR60A-POE-L
8	2.4 GHz 5dBi Omni Antenna	OD24M-5
9	2.4 GHz 5dBi Omni Antenna	OD24M-5
10	Breadcrumb ME4-2424	Breadcrumb ME4-2424

Table 4. Equipment Configuration

F. Support Equipment

Support equipment necessary for the operation and testing of the EUT is included in the following list.

Ref. ID	Name / Description	Manufacturer	Model Number
1	Management PC	NA	NA
4	Ethernet Load	Rajant	BreadCrumb LX
5	USB Drive	San Disk	Cruzer 2GB

Table 5. Support Equipment

G. Ports and Cabling Information

Ref. ID	Port Name on EUT	Cable Description	Qty.	Length (m)	Shielded (Y/N)	Termination Point
8/10	2.4 GHz Antenna	WLAN Antenna	1	NA	NA	8/10
9/10	2.4 GHz Antenna	WLAN Antenna	1	NA	NA	9/10
7/10	IO Cable ASSY	PWR/Data	1	0.3	Y	7/10
7/4	ETH1 data cable	ETH1 termination	1	1	Y	7/4
1 / 2	PC to POE Data In	ETH data connection to PC	1	7.7	Y	1/2
5/6	USB DRIVE	USB termination	1	=	=	5/6
2/7	POE Power Out	POE Power/Data connection to EUT	1	1	Y	2/7

Table 6. Ports and Cabling Information



H. Mode of Operation

The ME4-2424 test article will be configured with BreadCrumb firmware, and will operate in the worst case condition as required to determine compliance with Part 15B and 15C requirements. A management PC will monitor the operation of the EUT and generate data to produce the test waveform to verify PART 15C compliance.

I. Method of Monitoring EUT Operation

Operation of the test article shall be verified in two ways. The operation of the device under test (DUT) will be observed from network management software (BC|Commander) running on a management PC configured for a wired bridge connection to the DUT. The status indicator on the DUT will also be used to verify the operation and mode setting of the DUT.

J. Modifications

a) Modifications to EUT

No modifications were made to the EUT.

b) Modifications to Test Standard

No modifications were made to the test standard.

K. Disposition of EUT

The test sample including all support equipment submitted to the Electro-Magnetic Compatibility Lab for testing was returned to Rajant Corporation upon completion of testing.

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Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria

§ 15.107 Conducted Emissions Limits

Test Requirement(s):

15.107 (a) Except for Class A digital devices, for equipment that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in Table 7. Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminals.

15.107 (b) For a Class A digital device that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in Table 7. Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminals. The lower limit applies at the band edges.

Frequency range	Class A Cond (dB)		*Class B Conducted Limits (dBµV)										
(MHz)	Quasi-Peak	Average	Quasi-Peak	Average									
* 0.15- 0.45	79	66	66 - 56	56 - 46									
0.45 - 0.5	79	66	56	46									
0.5 - 30	73	60	60	50									
N. 1 77 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 11 0		NV 4 771 1 11 12 11 1 4 4 4 12 6 12										

Note 1 — The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies.

Note 2 — The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm if the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.5 MHz.

Table 7. Conducted Limits for Radio Frequency Devices calculated from FCC Part 15 Subsections 15.107(a) (b)

Test Procedures:

The EUT was placed on a non-metallic table, 80 cm above the ground plane inside a semi-anechoic chamber. The method of testing, test conditions, and test procedures of ANSI C63.4 were used. The EUT was powered through a $50\Omega/50\mu H$ LISN. An EMI receiver, connected to the measurement port of the LISN, scanned the frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz in order to find the peak conducted emissions. All peak emissions within 6 dB of the limit were re-measured using a quasi-peak and/or average detector as appropriate.

Test Results:

The EUT was compliant with the Class A requirement(s) of this section. Measured emissions were below applicable limits.

Test Engineer(s): Zijun Tong

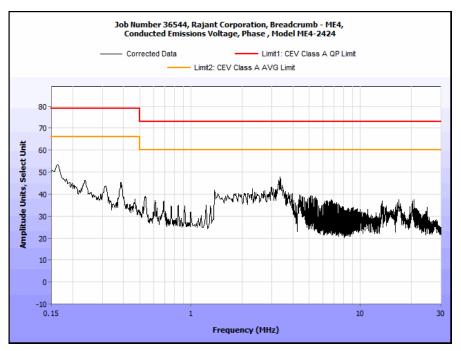
Test Date(s): 10/11/12 - 12/20/12

BreadCrumb ME4-2424

Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Phase Line (120 VAC, 60 Hz)

Frequency (MHz)	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBuV) QP	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBuV) QP	Limit (dBuV) QP	Margin (dB) QP	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBuV) Avg.	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBuV) AVG	Limit (dBuV) AVG	Margin (dB) AVG
0.1542	49.85	0	49.85	79	-29.15	40.43	0	40.43	66	-25.57
0.231	45.51	0.01	45.52	79	-33.48	35.51	0.01	35.52	66	-30.48
0.309	39.45	0	39.45	79	-39.55	33.8	0	33.8	66	-32.2
0.384	40.29	0	40.29	79	-38.71	35.04	0	35.04	66	-30.96
1.92	38.3	0	38.3	73	-34.7	31.98	0	31.98	60	-28.02
3.382	43.51	0.01	43.52	73	-29.48	39.68	0.01	39.69	60	-20.31

Table 8. Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Phase Line (120 VAC, 60 Hz)

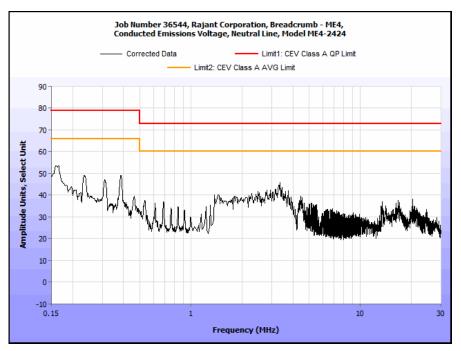


Plot 1. Conducted Emissions, Phase Line Plot

Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Neutral Line (120 VAC, 60 Hz)

Frequency (MHz)	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBuV) QP	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBuV) QP	Limit (dBuV) QP	Margin (dB) QP	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBuV) Avg.	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBuV) AVG	Limit (dBuV) AVG	Margin (dB) AVG
0.156	48.31	0	48.31	79	-30.69	38.09	0	38.09	66	-27.91
0.23	43.94	0.01	43.95	79	-35.05	34.48	0.01	34.49	66	-31.51
0.3067	42.71	0	42.71	79	-36.29	34.77	0	34.77	66	-31.23
0.385	43.8	0	43.8	79	-35.2	35.78	0	35.78	66	-30.22
2.608	34	0	34	73	-39	24.48	0	24.48	60	-35.52
3.308	43.53	0.01	43.54	73	-29.46	38.85	0.01	38.86	60	-21.14

Table 9. Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Neutral Line (120 VAC, 60 Hz)



Plot 2. Conducted Emissions, Neutral Line Plot



Radiated Emission Limits

§ 15.109 Radiated Emissions Limits

Test Requirement(s):

15.109 (a) Except for Class A digital devices, the field strength of radiated emissions from unintentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the Class B limits expressed in Table 10.

15.109 (b) The field strength of radiated emissions from a Class A digital device, as determined at a distance of 10 meters, shall not exceed the Class A limits expressed in Table 10.

	Field Strength (dBµV/m)						
Frequency (MHz)	§15.109 (b), Class A Limit (dBμV) @ 10m	§15.109 (а),Class В Limit (dВµV) @ 3m					
30 - 88	39.00	40.00					
88 - 216	43.50	43.50					
216 - 960	46.40	46.00					
Above 960	49.50	54.00					

Table 10. Radiated Emissions Limits calculated from FCC Part 15, §15.109 (a) (b)

Test Procedures:

The EUT was placed on a non-metallic table, 80 cm above the ground plane inside a semi-anechoic chamber. The method of testing and test conditions of ANSI C63.4 were used. An antenna was located 3 m from the EUT on an adjustable mast. A pre-scan was first performed in order to find prominent radiated emissions. For final emissions measurements at each frequency of interest, the EUT was rotated and the antenna height was varied between 1 m and 4 m in order to maximize the emission. Measurements in both horizontal and vertical polarities were made and the data was recorded. Unless otherwise specified, measurements were made using a quasi-peak detector with a 120 kHz bandwidth.

Test Results:

The EUT was compliant with the Class A requirement(s) of this section. Measured emissions were below applicable limits.

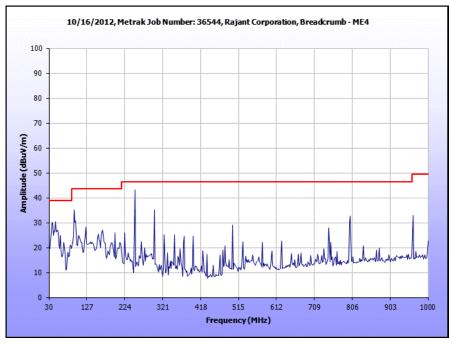
Test Engineer(s): Zijun Tong

Test Date(s): 10/10/12 - 12/20/12

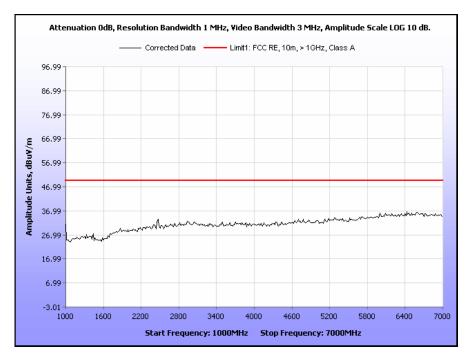
Radiated Emissions Limits Test Results, Class A

Frequency (MHz)	EUT Azimuth (Degrees)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Antenna HEIGHT (m)	Uncorrected Amplitude (dBuV)	Antenna Correction Factor (dB) (+)	Cable Loss (dB) (+)	Distance Correction Factor (dB) (-)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
39.451891	360	Н	2.25	6.02	14.68	0.58	10.46	10.82	39.00	-28.18
39.451891	265	V	1.03	22.39	14.68	0.58	10.46	27.19	39.00	-11.81
95.094876	73	Н	1.91	25.36	8.93	0.92	10.46	24.75	43.50	-18.75
95.094876	149	V	1.00	34.63	8.93	0.92	10.46	34.02	43.50	-9.48
95.166715	301	Н	3.36	27.90	8.95	0.92	10.46	27.31	43.50	-16.19
95.166715	179	V	1.00	33.31	8.95	0.92	10.46	32.72	43.50	-10.78
250.00295	134	Н	1.29	41.12	12.10	1.41	10.46	44.17	46.40	-2.23
250.00295	212	V	1.76	41.42	12.10	1.41	10.46	44.47	46.40	-1.93
300.00626	126	Н	1.01	30.82	14.10	1.55	10.46	36.01	46.40	-10.39
300.00626	18	V	1.29	27.50	14.10	1.55	10.46	32.69	46.40	-13.71
800.02085	286	Н	1.61	17.71	22.10	2.60	10.46	31.95	46.40	-14.45
800.02085	344	V	2.22	16.56	22.10	2.60	10.46	30.80	46.40	-15.60
959.99195	131	Н	1.80	20.30	23.30	3.02	10.46	36.16	46.40	-10.24
959.99195	26	V	1.05	16.98	23.30	3.02	10.46	32.84	46.40	-13.56

Table 11. Radiated Emissions Limits, Test Results, 30 MHz – 1 GHz, FCC Limit



Plot 3. Radiated Emissions, 30 MHz - 1 GHz, FCC Limits



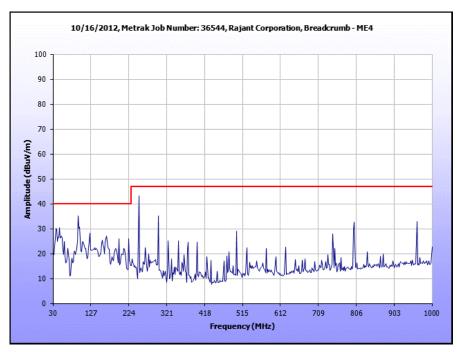
Plot 4. Radiated Emissions, 1 GHz – 7 GHz, FCC Limits



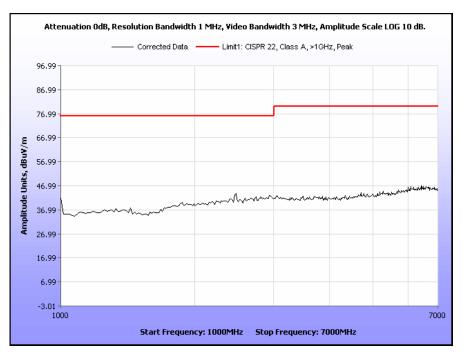
Radiated Emissions Limits Test Results, Class A

Frequency (MHz)	EUT Azimuth (Degrees)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Antenna HEIGHT (m)	Uncorrected Amplitude (dBuV)	Antenna Correction Factor (dB) (+)	Cable Loss (dB) (+)	Distance Correction Factor (dB) (-)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
39.451891	360	Н	2.25	6.02	14.68	0.58	10.46	10.82	40.00	-29.18
39.451891	265	V	1.03	22.39	14.68	0.58	10.46	27.19	40.00	-12.81
95.094876	73	Н	1.91	25.36	8.93	0.92	10.46	24.75	40.00	-15.25
95.094876	149	V	1.00	34.63	8.93	0.92	10.46	34.02	40.00	-5.98
95.166715	301	Н	3.36	27.90	8.95	0.92	10.46	27.31	40.00	-12.69
95.166715	179	V	1.00	33.31	8.95	0.92	10.46	32.72	40.00	-7.28
250.00295	134	Н	1.29	41.12	12.10	1.41	10.46	44.17	47.00	-2.83
250.00295	212	V	1.76	41.42	12.10	1.41	10.46	44.47	47.00	-2.53
300.00626	126	Н	1.01	30.82	14.10	1.55	10.46	36.01	47.00	-10.99
300.00626	18	V	1.29	27.50	14.10	1.55	10.46	32.69	47.00	-14.31
800.02085	286	Н	1.61	17.71	22.10	2.60	10.46	31.95	47.00	-15.05
800.02085	344	V	2.22	16.56	22.10	2.60	10.46	30.80	47.00	-16.20
959.99195	131	Н	1.80	20.30	23.30	3.02	10.46	36.16	47.00	-10.84
959.99195	26	V	1.05	16.98	23.30	3.02	10.46	32.84	47.00	-14.16

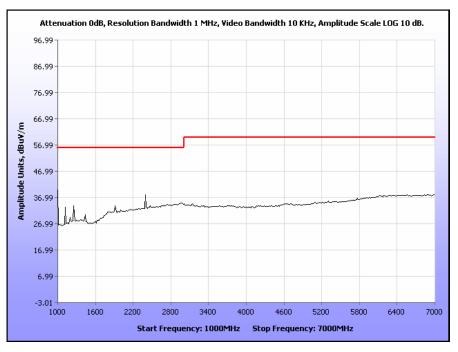
Table 12. Radiated Emissions Limits, Test Results, ICES-003 Limits



Plot 5. Radiated Emissions, ICES-003 Limits



Plot 6. Radiated Emissions, 1 GHz – 7 GHz, ICES-003 Limits



Plot 7. Radiated Emissions, 1 GHz – 7 GHz, Average, ICES-003 Limits





§ 15.203 Antenna Requirement

Test Requirement:

§ 15.203: An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

The structure and application of the EUT were analyzed to determine compliance with Section 15.203 of the Rules. Section 15.203 states that the subject device must meet at least one of the following criteria:

- a.) Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.
- b.) Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.
- c.) Unit must be professionally installed. Installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.

Results:

The EUT as tested is compliant the criteria of §15.203. The antenna is professionally installed. The 2.4 GHz antenna gain is 5 dBi.

Test Engineer(s): Zijun Tong

Test Date(s): 12/12/12



§ 15.207(a) Conducted Emissions Limits

Test Requirement(s):

§ 15.207 (a): For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 Ω line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency range	§ 15.207(a), Cond	ucted Limit (dBµV)
(MHz)	Quasi-Peak	Average
* 0.15- 0.45	66 - 56	56 - 46
0.45 - 0.5	56	46
0.5 - 30	60	50

Table 13. Conducted Limits for Intentional Radiators from FCC Part 15 § 15,207(a)

Test Procedure:

The EUT was placed on a 0.8 m-high wooden table inside a screen room. The EUT was situated such that the back of the EUT was 0.4 m from one wall of the vertical ground plane, and the remaining sides of the EUT were no closer than 0.8 m from any other conductive surface. The EUT was powered from a 50 Ω /50 μ H Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN). The EMC receiver scanned the frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz. Conducted Emissions measurements were made in accordance with ANSI C63.4-2003 "Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40 GHz". The measurements were performed over the frequency range of 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz using a 50 Ω /50 μ H LISN as the input transducer to an EMC/field intensity meter. For the purpose of this testing, the transmitter was turned on. Scans were performed with the transmitter on.

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with this requirement.

Test Engineer(s): Zijun Tong

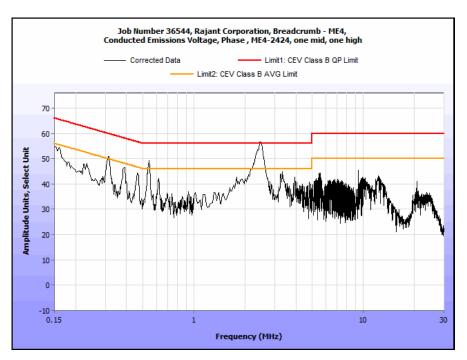
Test Date(s): 12/05/12 - 12/20/12



15.207(a) Conducted Emissions Test Results

Frequency (MHz)	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBuV) QP	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBuV) QP	Limit (dBuV) QP	Margin (dB) QP	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBuV) Avg.	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBuV) AVG	Limit (dBuV) AVG	Margin (dB) AVG
0.1555	50.13	0	50.13	65.7	-15.57	38.85	0	38.85	55.7	-16.85
0.3105	42.54	0	42.54	59.96	-17.42	36.38	0	36.38	49.96	-13.58
0.3891	37.56	0	37.56	58.08	-20.52	31.65	0	31.65	48.08	-16.43
0.4656	36.67	0	36.67	56.59	-19.92	27.8	0	27.8	46.59	-18.79
0.5435	41.88	0	41.88	56	-14.12	31.4	0	31.4	46	-14.6
0.6213	37.3	0	37.3	56	-18.7	28.47	0	28.47	46	-17.53
2.476	50.8	0	50.8	56	-5.2	38.68	0	38.68	46	-7.32
3.358	34.53	0	34.53	56	-21.47	24.05	0	24.05	46	-21.95
9.931	38.95	0.17	39.12	60	-20.88	34.02	0.17	34.19	50	-15.81

Table 14. Conducted Emissions, 15.207(a), Phase Line, Test Results



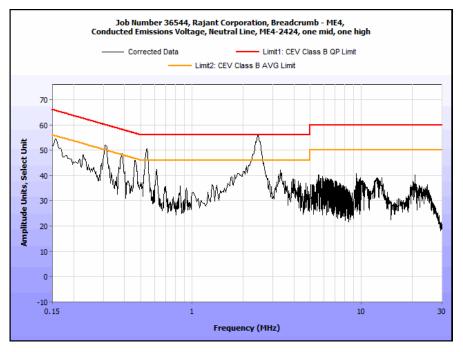
Plot 8. Conducted Emissions, 15.207(a), Phase Line, Mid and High Channels



15.207(a) Conducted Emissions Test Results

Frequency (MHz)	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBuV) QP	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBuV) QP	Limit (dBuV) QP	Margin (dB) QP	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBuV) Avg.	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBuV) AVG	Limit (dBuV) AVG	Margin (dB) AVG
0.155	49.93	0	49.93	65.73	-15.8	40.21	0	40.21	55.73	-15.52
0.3111	47.25	0	47.25	59.94	-12.69	37.51	0	37.51	49.94	-12.43
0.3887	43.04	0	43.04	58.09	-15.05	35.62	0	35.62	48.09	-12.47
0.4654	40.2	0	40.2	56.6	-16.4	29.71	0	29.71	46.6	-16.89
0.5436	44.44	0	44.44	56	-11.56	33.11	0	33.11	46	-12.89
0.6214	36.68	0	36.68	56	-19.32	28.36	0	28.36	46	-17.64
2.46	51.88	0	51.88	56	-4.12	39.61	0	39.61	46	-6.39
3.368	36.22	0	36.22	56	-19.78	24.18	0	24.18	46	-21.82

Table 15. Conducted Emissions, 15.207(a), Neutral Line, Test Results



Plot 9. Conducted Emissions, 15.207(a), Neutral Line, Mid and High Channels



§ 15.247(a)(2) 6 dB and 99% Bandwidth

Test Requirements: § 15.247(a)(2): Operation under the provisions of this section is limited to frequency hopping

and digitally modulated intentional radiators that comply with the following provisions:

For systems using digital modulation techniques, the EUT may operate in the 2400-2483.5 MHz

bands. The minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

For systems using digital modulation techniques, the EUT may operate in the 902-928 MHz,

2400-2483.5 MHz. The minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

Test Procedure: The transmitter was set to the mid channel at the highest output power and connected to the

spectrum analyzer through an attenuator. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using a RBW approximately equal to 1% of the total emission bandwidth, VBW > RBW. The 6 dB Bandwidth was measured and recorded. The

measurements were repeated at the low and high channels.

Test Results Equipment complies with § 15.247 (a). The 6 dB and 99% Bandwidth was determined from the

plots on the following pages.

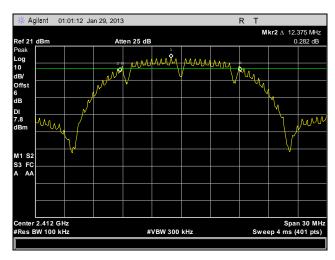
Test Engineer(s): Zijun Tong

Test Date(s): 01/29/13

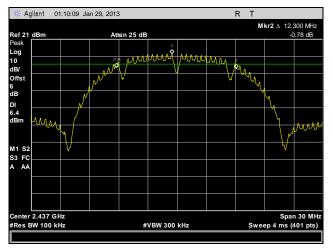


Block Diagram 1. Occupied Bandwidth Test Setup

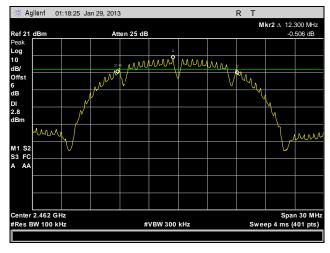




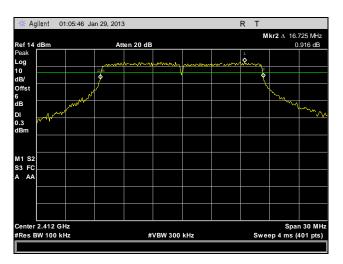
Plot 10. Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11b, Low Channel, FCC



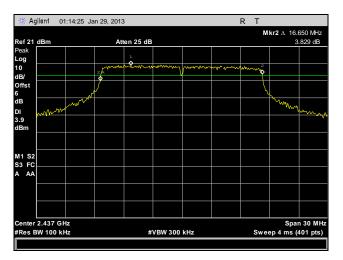
Plot 11. Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11b, Mid Channel, FCC



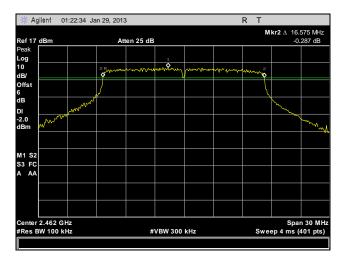
Plot 12. Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11b, High Channel, FCC



Plot 13. Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11g, Low Channel, FCC

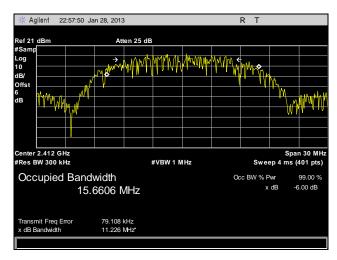


Plot 14. Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11g, Mid Channel, FCC

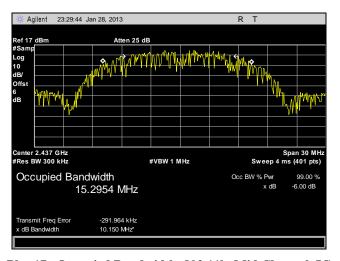


Plot 15. Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11g, High Channel, FCC

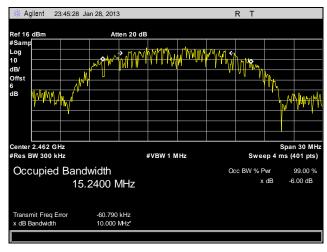




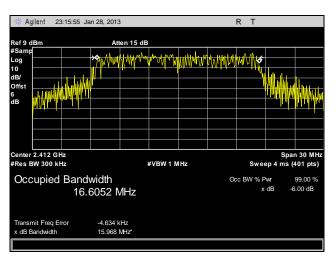
Plot 16. Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11b, Low Channel, IC



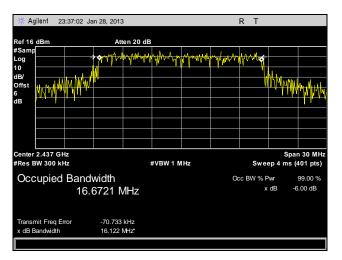
Plot 17. Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11b, Mid Channel, IC



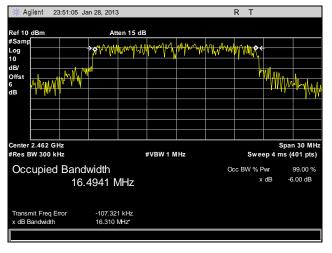
Plot 18. Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11b, High Channel, IC



Plot 19. Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11g, Low Channel, IC



Plot 20. Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11g, Mid Channel, IC



Plot 21. Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11g, High Channel, IC



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(b) Peak Power Output

Test Requirements:

§15.247(b): The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

Digital Transmission Systems (MHz)	Output Limit (Watts)
902-928	1.000
2400–2483.5	1.000
5725– 5850	1.000

Table 16. Output Power Requirements from §15.247(b)

§15.247(c): if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used the peak output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in the Table 16, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Systems operating in the 2400 – 2483.5 MHz band and using a point to point application may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi provided the maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Systems operating in the 5725 – 5850 MHz band that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter peak output power.

Fixed, point-to-point operation excludes the use of point-to-multipoint systems, Omnidirectional applications, and multiple co-located intentional radiators transmitting the same information. The operator of the spread spectrum intentional radiator or, if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer is responsible for ensuring that the system is used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations. The instruction manual furnished with the intentional radiator shall contain language in the installation instructions informing the operator and the installer of this responsibility.

Test Procedure:

The transmitter was connected to a calibrated spectrum analyzer. The EUT was measured at the low, mid and high channels of each band at the maximum power level.

Test Results:

The EUT was compliant with the Peak Power Output limits of §15.247(b).

Test Engineer(s):

Zijun Tong

Test Date(s):

10/12/12 - 12/20/12

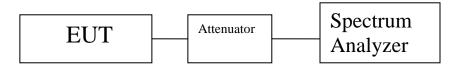


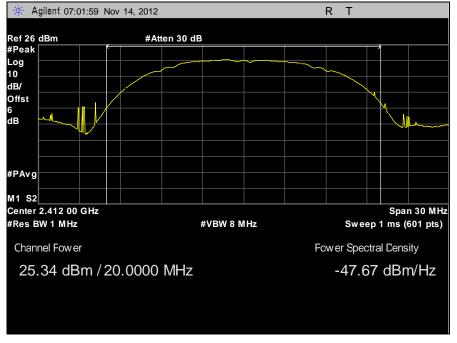
Figure 2. Peak Power Output Test Setup



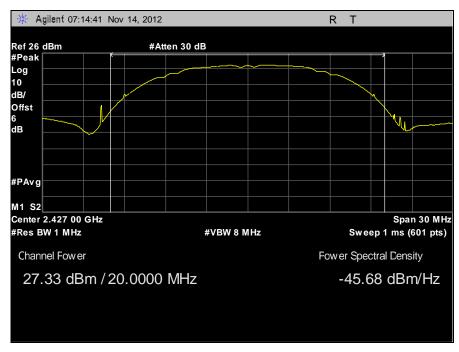
Peak Power Output Test Results, 2.4GHz

Channel	Mode	Conducted Peak Power (dBm)	
1	b	25.34	
4	b	27.33	
6	b	23.55	
11	b	18.21	
1	g 21.17		
4	g 27.24		
6	g	27	
11	g	19.75	

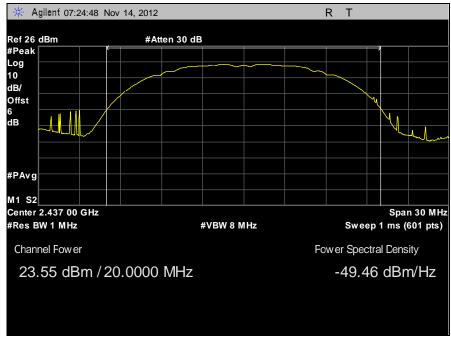
Table 17. 2.4 GHz Radio Power Table



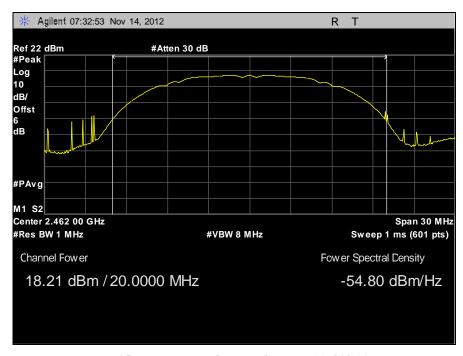
Plot 22. Peak Power Output, Channel 1, 802.11b



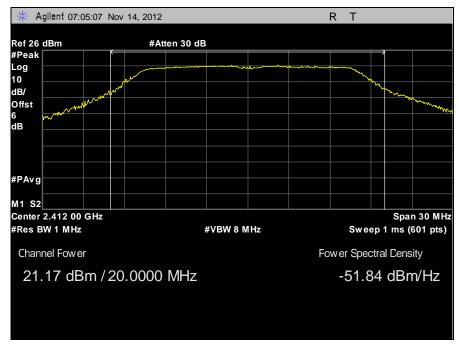
Plot 23. Peak Power Output, Channel 4, 802.11b



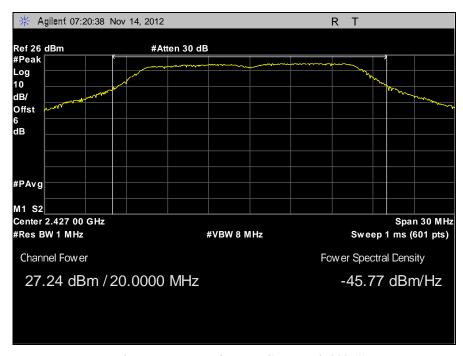
Plot 24. Peak Power Output, Channel 6, 802.11b



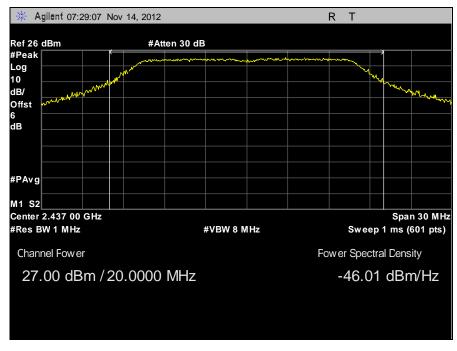
Plot 25. Peak Power Output, Channel 11, 802.11b



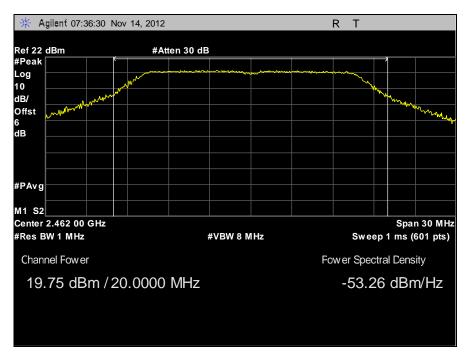
Plot 26. Peak Power Output, Channel 1, 802.11g



Plot 27. Peak Power Output, Channel 4, 802.11g



Plot 28. Peak Power Output, Channel 6, 802.11g



Plot 29. Peak Power Output, Channel 11, 802.11g



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(d) Radiated Spurious Emissions Requirements and Band Edge

Test Requirements: §15.247(d); §15.205: Emissions outside the frequency band.

§15.247(d): In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a).

§15.205(a): Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090-0.110	16.42–16.423	399.9–410	4.5–5.15
1 0.495–0.505	16.69475–16.69525	608–614	5.35-5.46
2.1735–2.1905	16.80425–16.80475	960–1240	7.25–7.75
4.125–4.128	25.5–25.67	1300–1427	8.025-8.5
4.17725–4.17775	37.5–38.25	1435–1626.5	9.0–9.2
4.20725-4.20775	73–74.6	1645.5–1646.5	9.3–9.5
6.215–6.218	74.8–75.2	1660–1710	10.6–12.7
6.26775–6.26825	108-121.94	1718.8–1722.2	13.25–13.4
6.31175–6.31225	123–138	2200–2300	14.47–14.5
8.291-8.294	149.9–150.05	2310–2390	15.35–16.2
8.362-8.366	156.52475-156.52525	2483.5–2500	17.7–21.4
8.37625-8.38675	156.7–156.9	2655–2900	22.01–23.12
8.41425-8.41475	162.0125–167.17	3260–3267	23.6–24.0
12.29–12.293	167.72–173.2	3332–3339	31.2–31.8
12.51975–12.52025	240–285	3345.8–3358 36.	43–36.5
12.57675–12.57725	322–335.4	3600–4400	(²)

Table 18. Restricted Bands of Operation

 $^{^{1}}$ Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be $0.490-0.510\,\mathrm{MHz}.$

² Above 38.6



Test Requirement(s):

§ 15.209 (a): Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in Table 19.

Frequency (MHz)	§ 15.209(a),Radiated Emission Limits (dBµV) @ 3m
30 - 88	40.00
88 - 216	43.50
216 - 960	46.00
Above 960	54.00

Table 19. Radiated Emissions Limits Calculated from FCC Part 15, § 15.209 (a)

Test Procedures: The transmitter was turned on. Measurements were performed of the low, mid and high

Channels. The EUT was rotated orthogonally through all three axes. Plots shown are corrected for both antenna correction factor and distance and compared to a 3 m limit line. Only noise

floor was measured above 18 GHz.

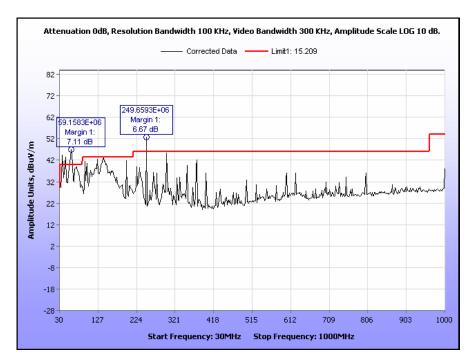
Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the Radiated Spurious Emission limits of § 15.247(d).

Test Engineer(s): Zijun Tong

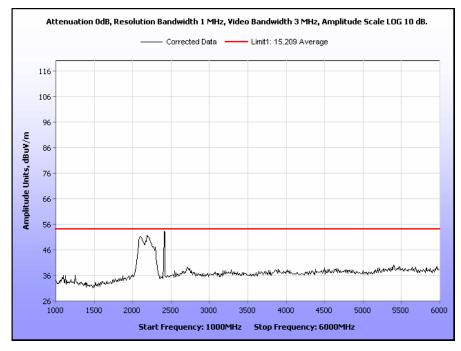
Test Date(s): 10/08/12 - 12/20/12



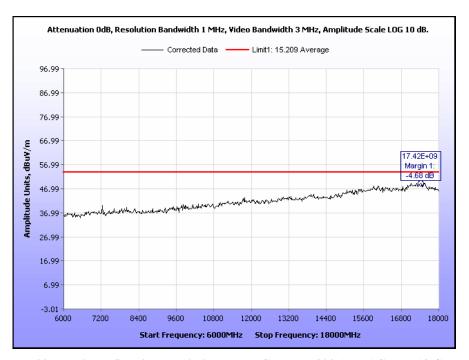
Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Results



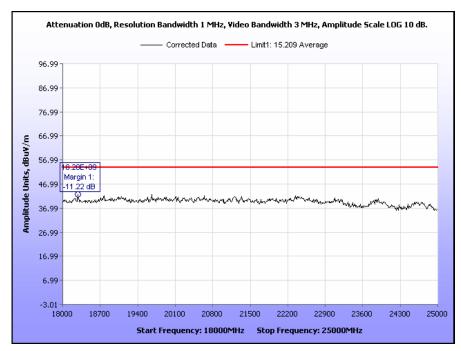
Plot 30. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 802.11b, 30 MHz - 1 GHz



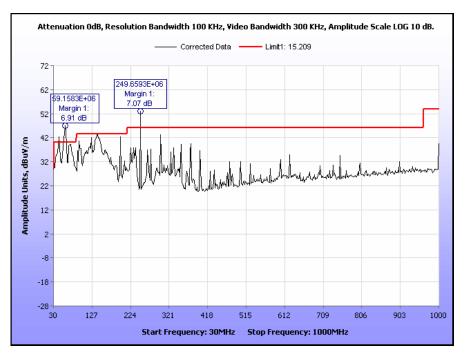
Plot 31. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 802.11b, 1 GHz – 6 GHz



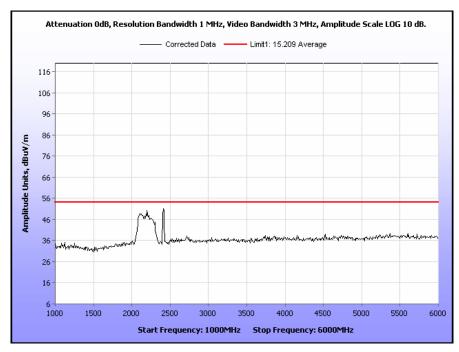
Plot 32. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 802.11b, 6 GHz - 18 GHz



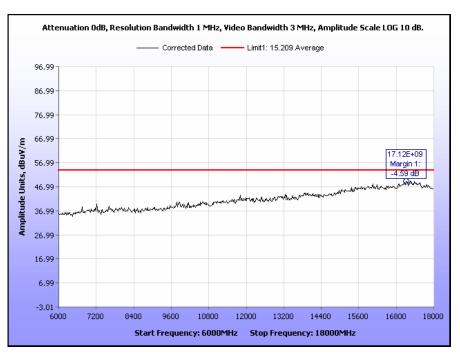
Plot 33. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 802.11b, 18 GHz - 25 GHz



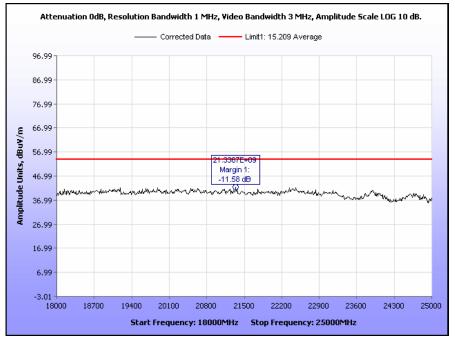
Plot 34. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 802.11g, $30\,MHz-1\,GHz$



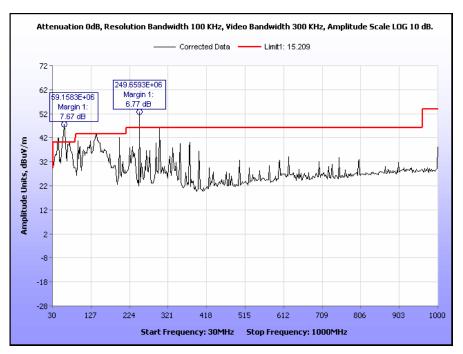
Plot 35. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 802.11g, 1 GHz – 6 GHz



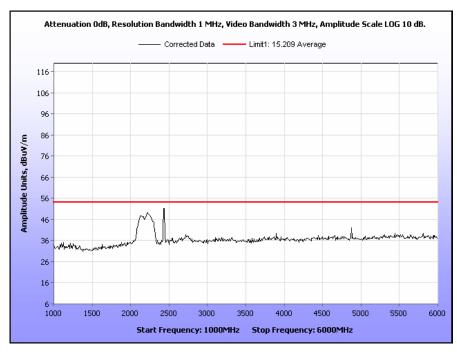
Plot 36. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 802.11g, 6 GHz - 18 GHz



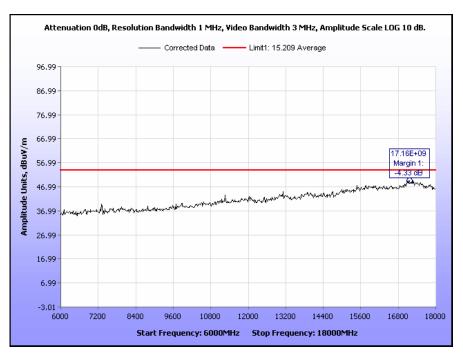
Plot 37. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 802.11g, 18 GHz - 25 GHz



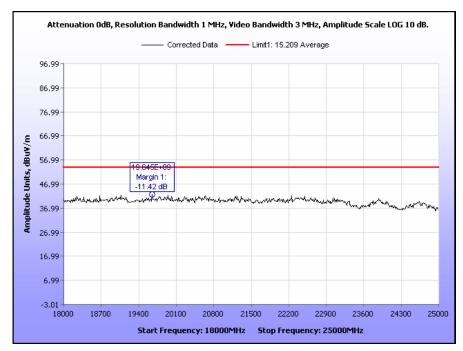
Plot 38. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 802.11b, 30 MHz – 1 GHz



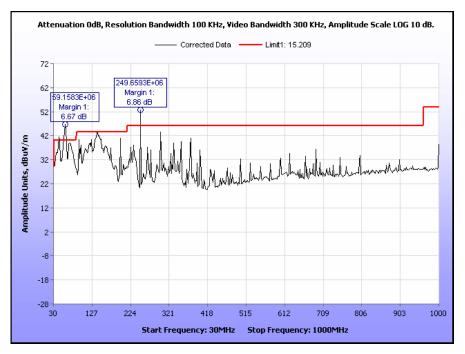
Plot 39. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 802.11b, 1 GHz - 6 GHz



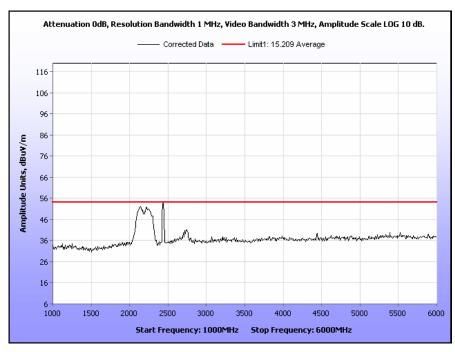
Plot 40. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 802.11b, 6 GHz - 18 GHz



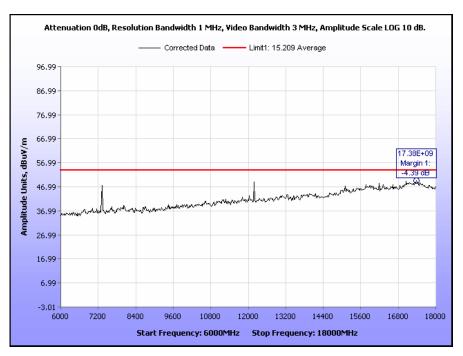
Plot 41. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 802.11b, 18 GHz - 25 GHz



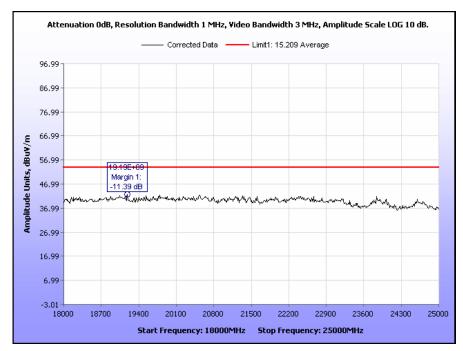
Plot 42. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 802.11g, 30 MHz – 1 GHz
Note: The emissions over the limit in this plot is verified to be either digital emissions or not within the restricted band



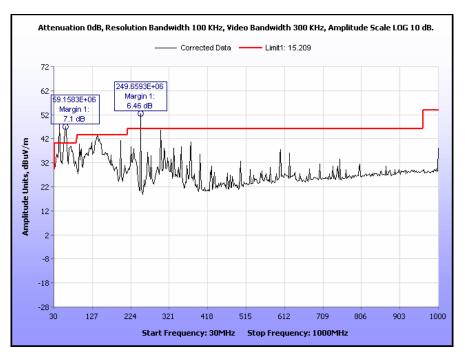
Plot 43. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 802.11g, 1 GHz - 6 GHz



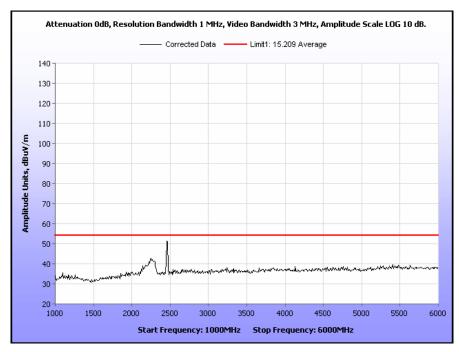
Plot 44. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 802.11g, 6 GHz - 18 GHz



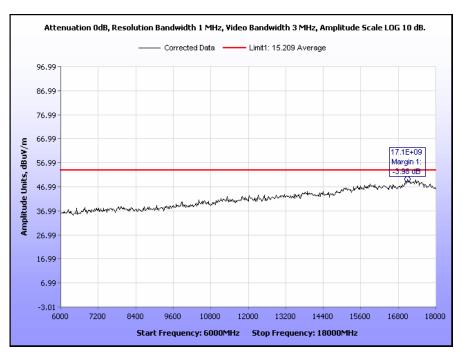
Plot 45. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 802.11g, 18 GHz - 25 GHz



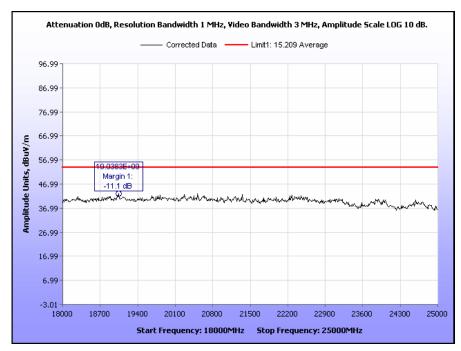
Plot 46. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 802.11b, $30\,\mathrm{MHz} - 1\,\mathrm{GHz}$



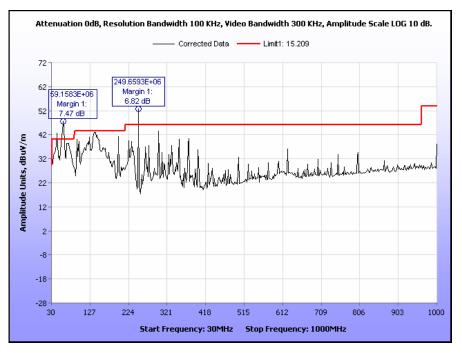
Plot 47. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 802.11b, 1 GHz - 6 GHz



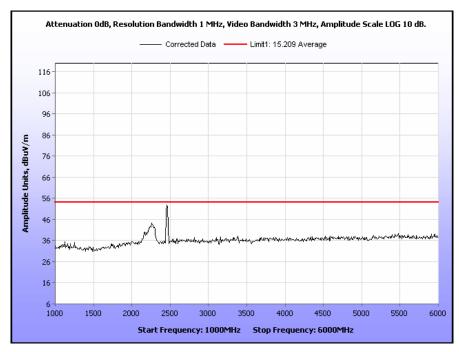
Plot 48. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 802.11b, 6 GHz - 18 GHz



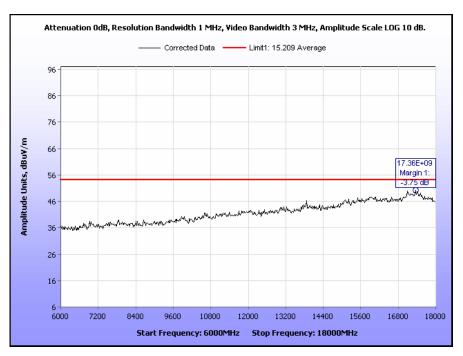
Plot 49. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 802.11b, 18 GHz - 25 GHz



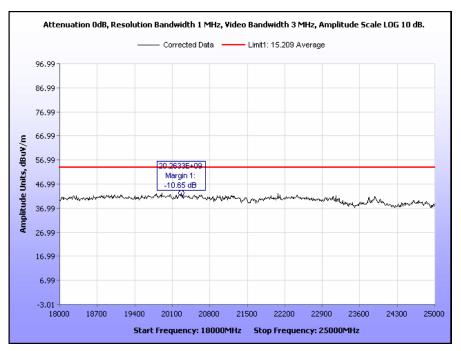
Plot 50. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 802.11g, 30 MHz – 1 GHz



Plot 51. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 802.11g, 1 GHz – 6 GHz



Plot 52. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 802.11g, 6 GHz - 18 GHz



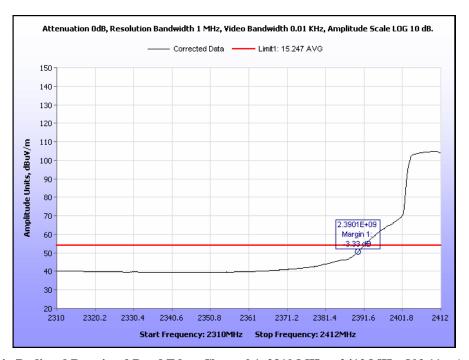
Plot 53. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 802.11g, 18 GHz – 25 GHz



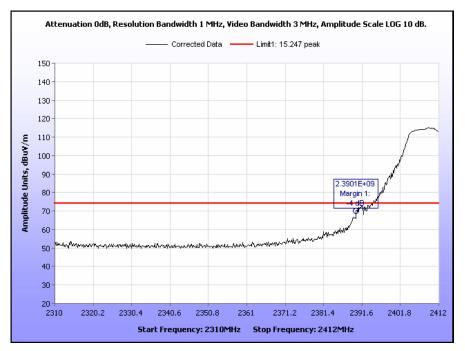
Radiated Band Edge Measurements

Test Procedures:

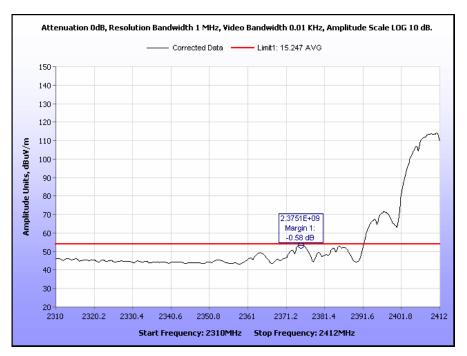
The transmitter was turned on. Measurements were performed of the low, mid and high Channels. The EUT was rotated orthogonally through all three axes. Plots shown are corrected for both antenna correction factor and distance and compared to a 3 m limit line.



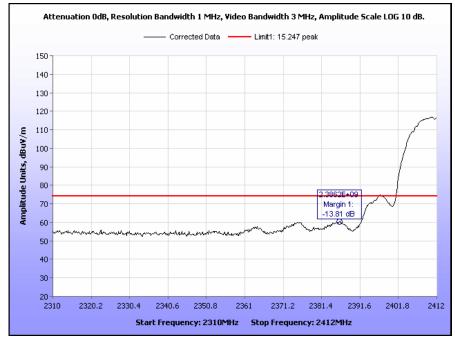
Plot 54. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Channel 1, 2310 MHz – 2412 MHz, 802.11g, Average



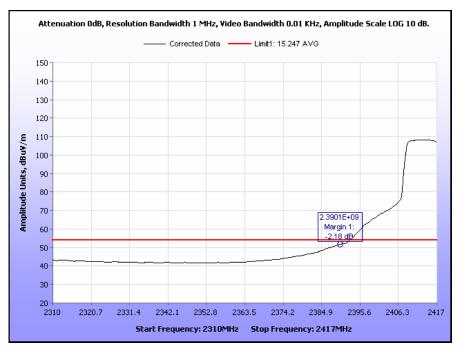
Plot 55. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Channel 1, 2310 MHz - 2412 MHz, 802.11g, Peak



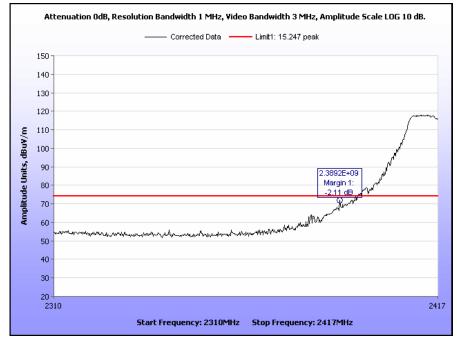
Plot 56. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Channel 1, 2310 MHz - 2412 MHz, Average



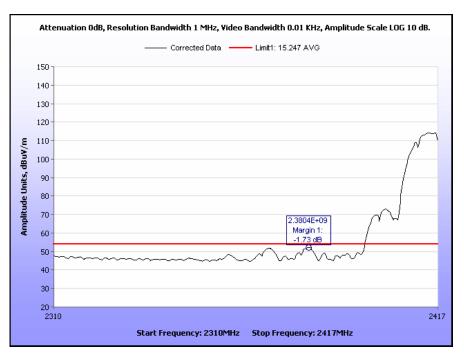
Plot 57. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Channel 1, 2310 MHz - 2412 MHz, 802.11b, Peak



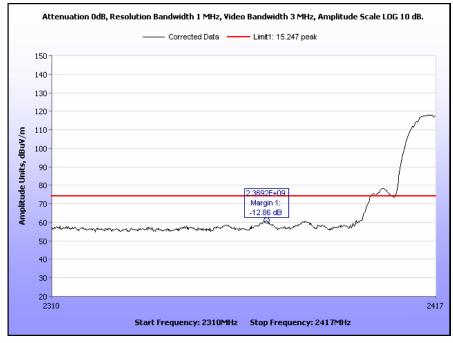
Plot 58. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Channel 2, 2310 MHz – 2417 MHz, 802.11g, Average



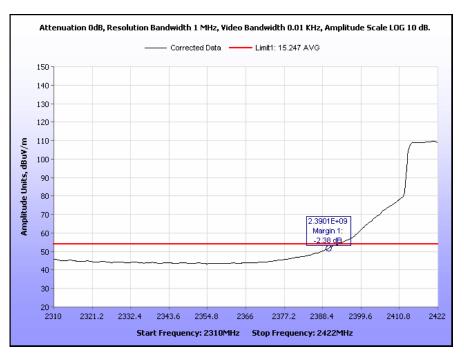
Plot 59. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Channel 2, 2310 MHz - 2417 MHz, 802.11g, Peak



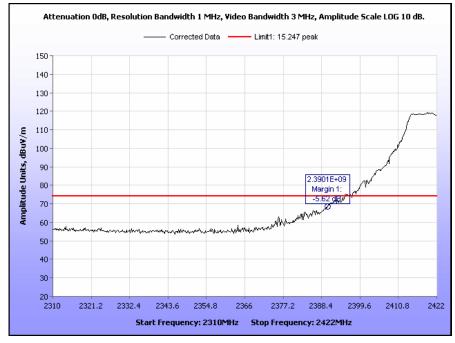
Plot 60. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Channel 2, 2310 MHz - 2417 MHz, 802.11b, Average



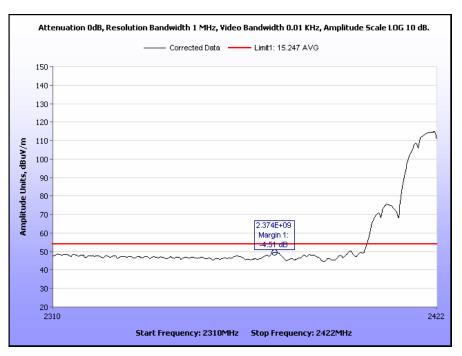
Plot 61. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Channel 2, 2310 MHz - 2417 MHz, 802.11b, Peak



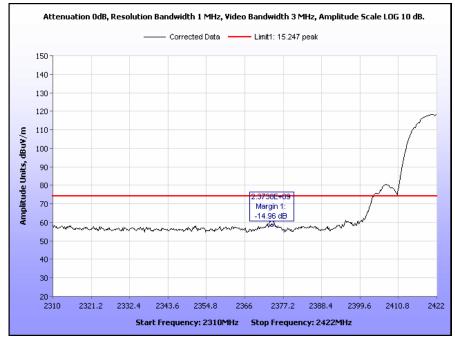
Plot 62. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Channel 3, 2310 MHz - 2422 MHz, 802.11g, Average



Plot 63. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Channel 3, 2310 MHz - 2422 MHz, 802.11g, Peak

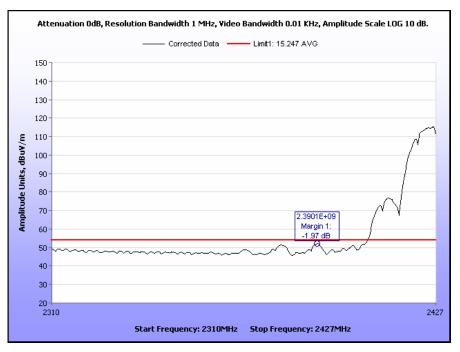


Plot 64. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Channel 3, 2310 MHz - 2422 MHz, 802.11b, Average

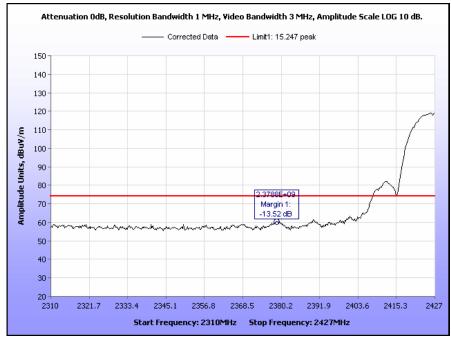


Plot 65. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Channel 3, 2310 MHz - 2422 MHz, 802.11b, Peak

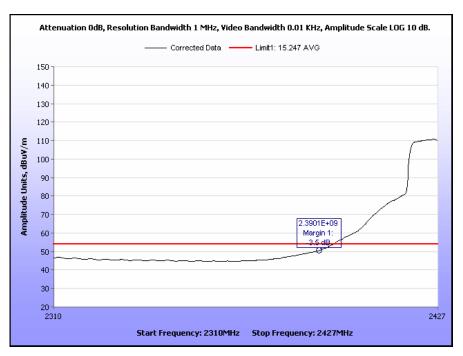




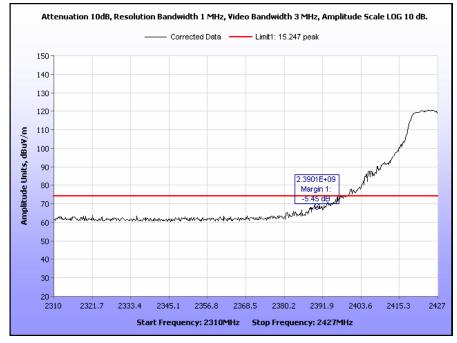
Plot 66. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Channel 4, 2310 MHz - 2427 MHz, 802.11b, Average



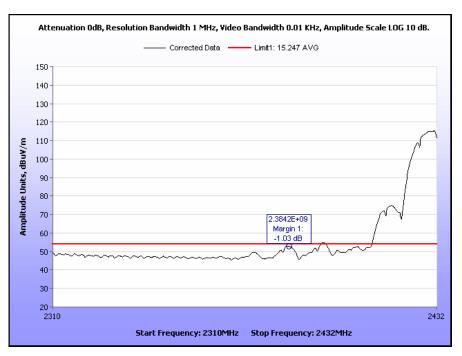
Plot 67. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Channel 4, 2310 MHz - 2427 MHz, 802.11b, Peak



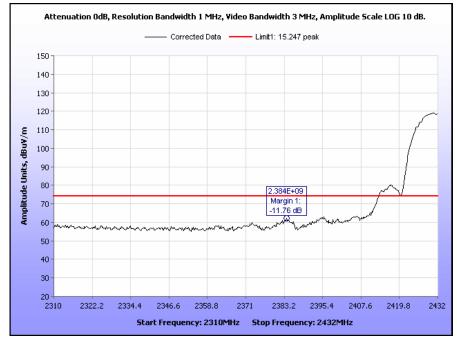
Plot 68. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Channel 4, 2310 MHz - 2427 MHz, 802.11g, Average



Plot 69. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Channel 4, 2310 MHz - 2427 MHz, 802.11g, Peak

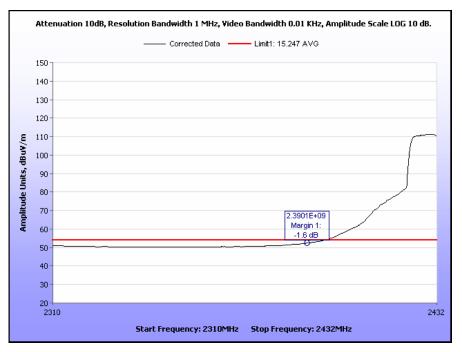


Plot 70. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Channel 5, 2310 MHz – 2432 MHz, 802.11b, Average

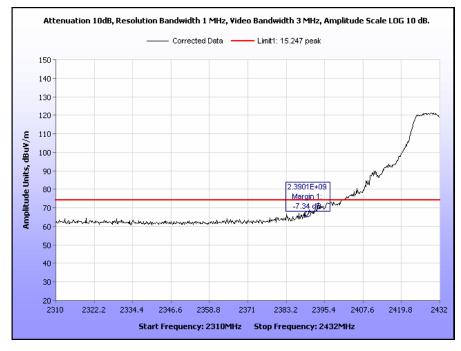


Plot 71. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Channel 5, 2310 MHz - 2432 MHz, 802.11b, Peak

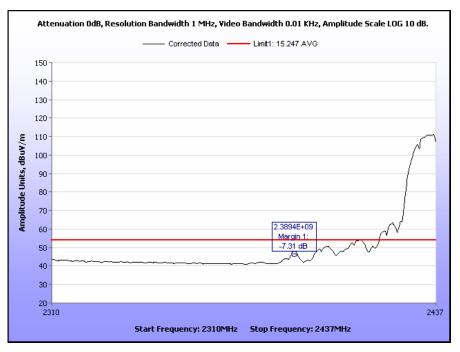




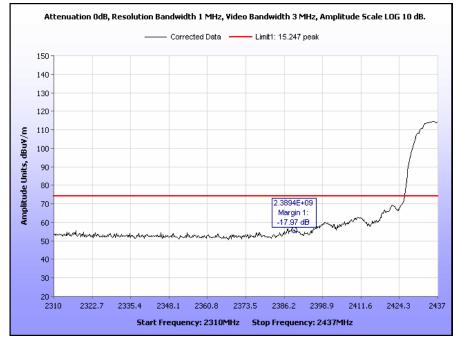
Plot 72. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Channel 5, 2310 MHz - 2432 MHz, 802.11g, Average



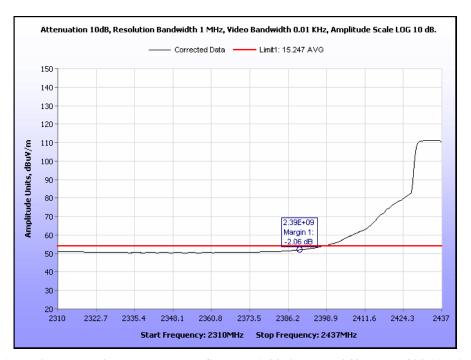
Plot 73. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Channel 5, 2310 MHz - 2432 MHz, 802.11g, Peak



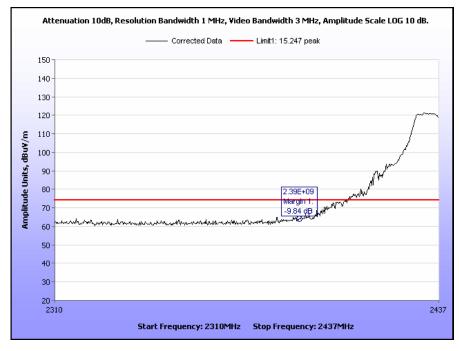
Plot 74. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Channel 6, 2310 MHz - 2437 MHz, 802.11b, Average



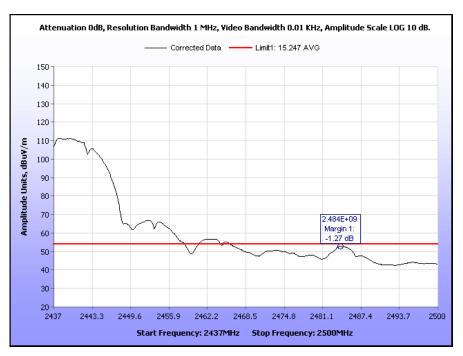
Plot 75. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Channel 6, 2310 MHz - 2437 MHz, 802.11b, Peak



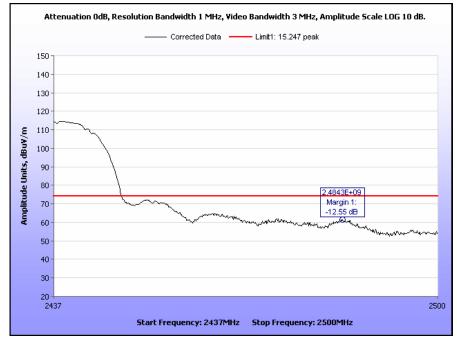
Plot 76. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Channel 6, 2310 MHz - 2437 MHz, 802.11g, Average



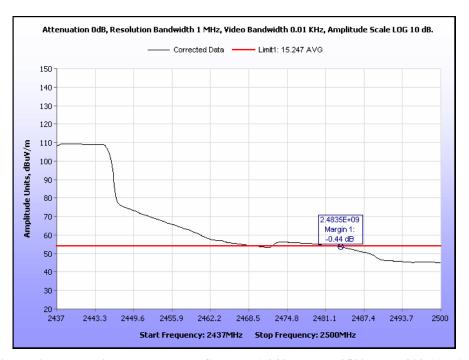
Plot 77. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Channel 6, 2310 MHz - 2437 MHz, 802.11g, Peak



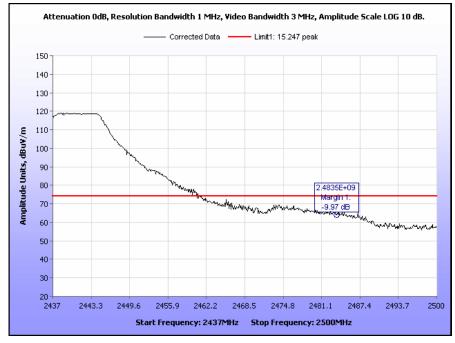
Plot 78. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Channel 6, 2437 MHz - 2500 MHz, 802.11b, Average



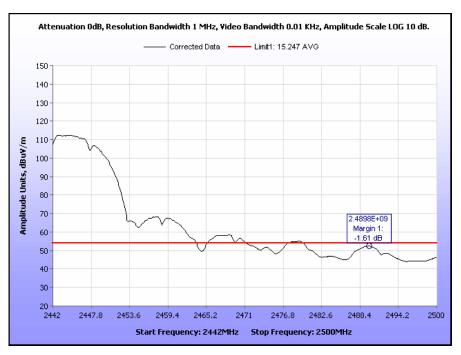
Plot 79. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Channel 6, 2437 MHz - 2500 MHz, 802.11b, Peak



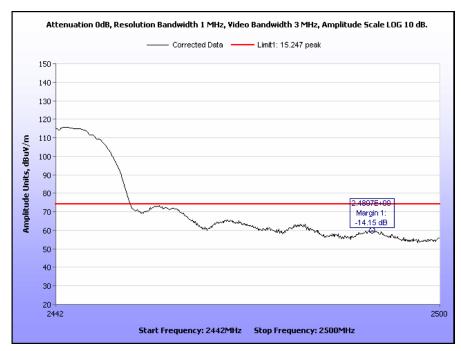
Plot 80. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Channel 6, 2437 MHz - 2500 MHz, 802.11g, Average



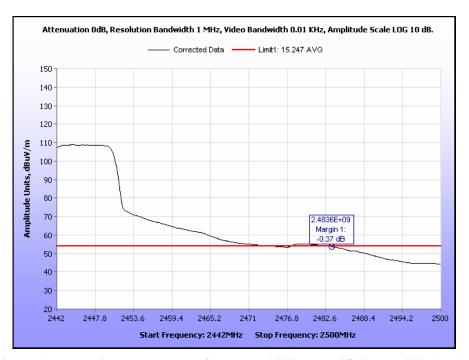
Plot 81. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Channel 6, 2437 MHz - 2500 MHz, 802.11g, Peak



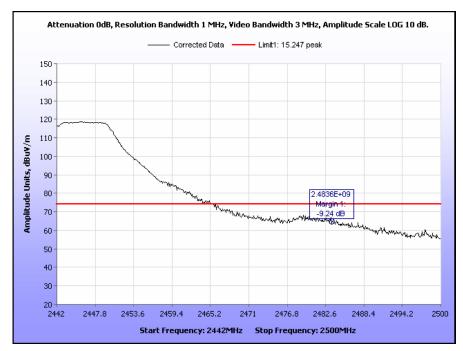
Plot 82. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Channel 7, 2442 MHz – 2500 MHz, 802.11b, Average



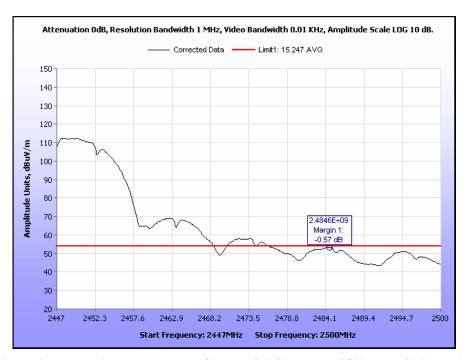
Plot 83. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Channel 7, 2442 MHz - 2500 MHz, 802.11b, Peak



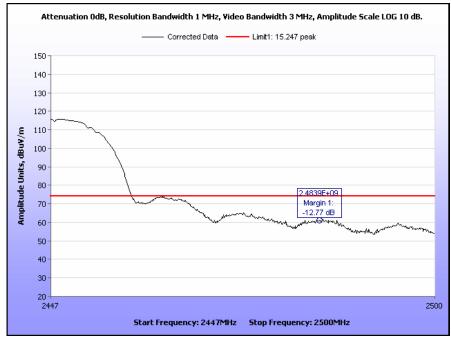
Plot 84. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Channel 7, 2442 MHz - 2500 MHz, 802.11g, Average



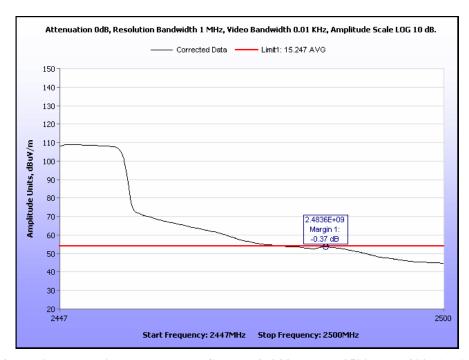
Plot 85. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Channel 7, 2442 MHz - 2500 MHz, 802.11g, Peak



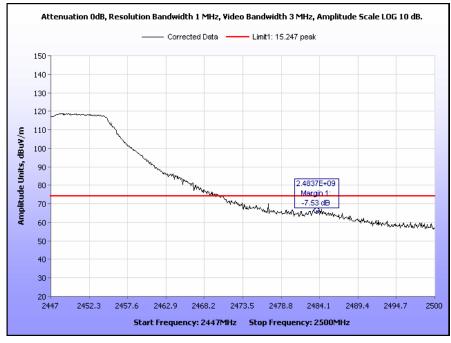
Plot 86. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Channel 8, 2447 MHz – 2500 MHz, 802.11b, Average



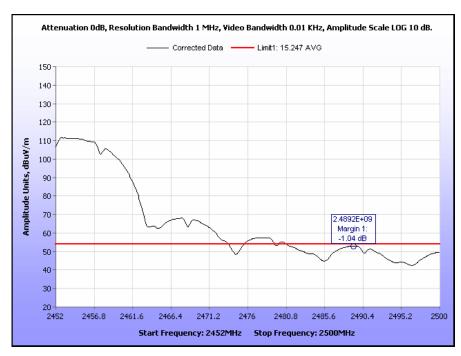
Plot 87. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Channel 8, 2447 MHz - 2500 MHz, 802.11b, Peak



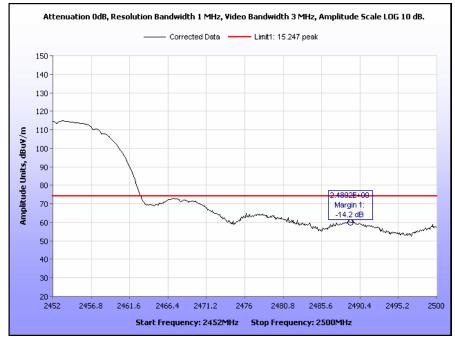
Plot 88. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Channel 8, 2447 MHz - 2500 MHz, 802.11g, Average



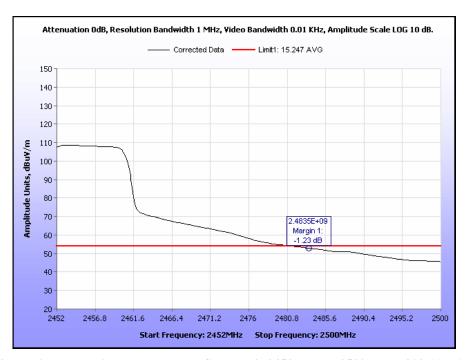
Plot 89. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Channel 8, 2447 MHz - 2500 MHz, 802.11g, Peak



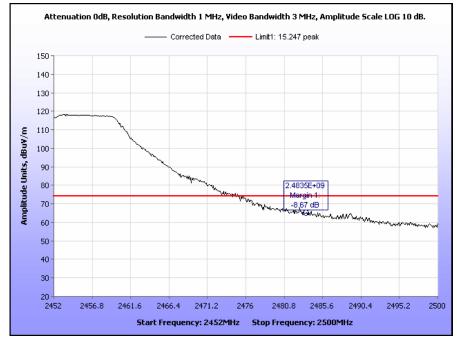
Plot 90. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Channel 9, 2452 MHz – 2500 MHz, 802.11b, Average



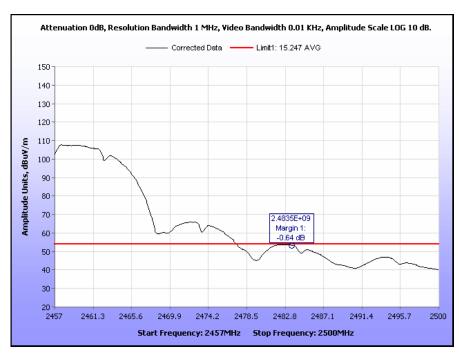
Plot 91. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Channel 9, 2452 MHz - 2500 MHz, 802.11b, Peak



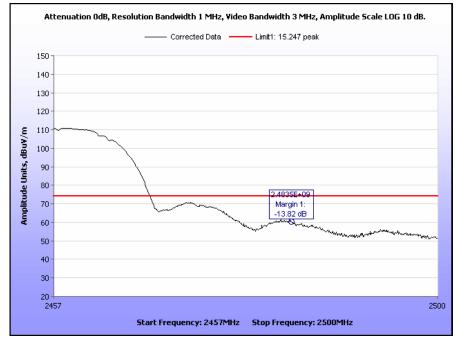
Plot 92. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Channel 9, 2452 MHz – 2500 MHz, 802.11g, Average



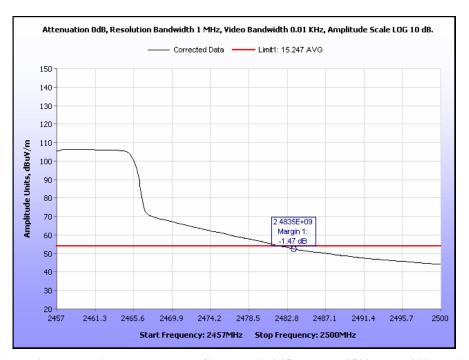
Plot 93. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Channel 9, 2452 MHz - 2500 MHz, 802.11g, Peak



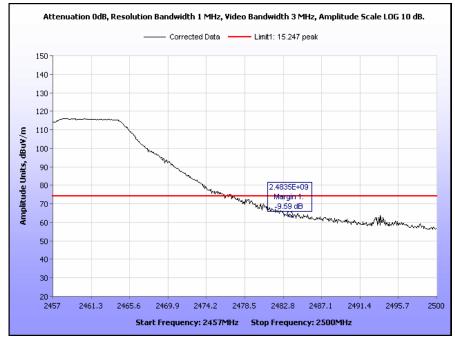
Plot 94. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Channel 10, 2457 MHz – 2500 MHz, 802.11b Average



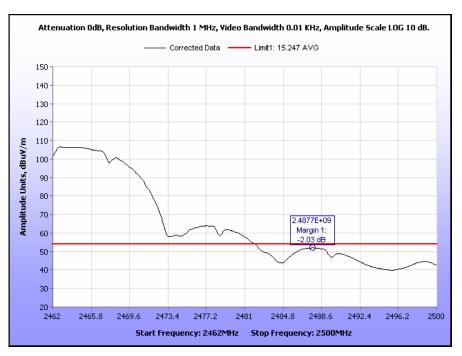
Plot 95. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Channel 10, 2457 MHz - 2500 MHz, 802.11b Peak



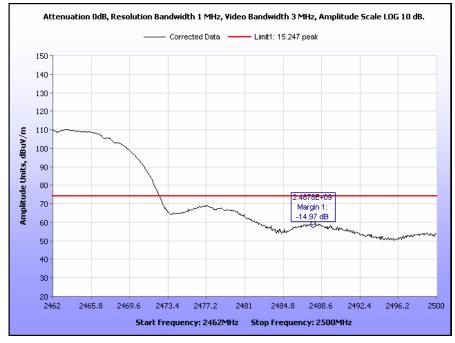
Plot 96. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Channel 10, 2457 MHz – 2500 MHz, 802.11g Average



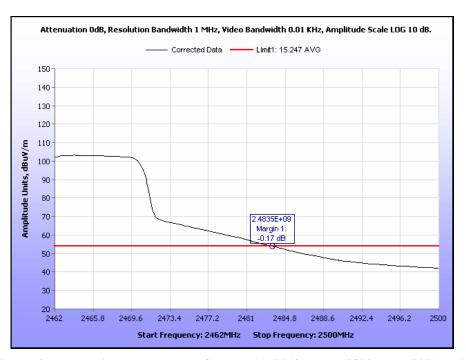
Plot 97. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Channel 10, 2457 MHz - 2500 MHz, 802.11g Peak



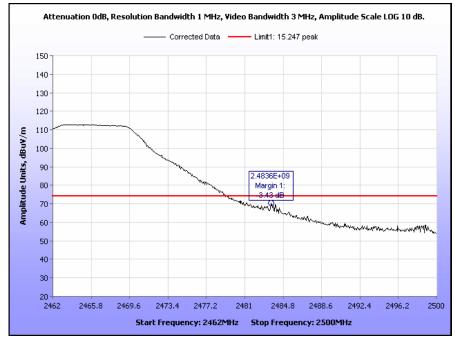
Plot 98. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Channel 11, 2462 MHz – 2500 MHz, 802.11b Average



Plot 99. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Channel 11, 2462 MHz - 2500 MHz, 802.11b Peak



Plot 100. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Channel 11, 2462 MHz - 2500 MHz, 802.11g Average



Plot 101. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Channel 11, 2462 MHz - 2500 MHz, 802.11g Peak



§ 15.247(d) RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Requirements and Band Edge

Test Requirement:

15.247(d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.

Test Results: Please refer to FCC ID: SWX-XR2.



§ 15.247(e) Peak Power Spectral Density

Test Requirements: §15.247(e): For digitally modulated systems, the peak power spectral density conducted from

the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8dBm in any 3 kHz band during

any time interval of continuous transmission.

Test Results: Please refer to FCC ID: SWX-XR2.



§ 15.247(i) Maximum Permissible Exposure

RF Exposure Requirements: §1.1307(b)(1) and §1.1307(b)(2): Systems operating under the provisions of this

section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to

radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

RF Radiation Exposure Limit: §1.1310: As specified in this section, the Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)

Limit shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radiofrequency (RF) radiation as specified in Sec. 1.1307(b), except in the case of portable devices which shall be evaluated according to the provisions of Sec. 2.1093 of

this chapter.

Results: The EUT was compliant with the requirements of this section.

2.4 GHz Band

 $S1 = PG/4\pi R^2$ (540.7 mW)(3.16) $4\pi(20)^2$

 $S1 = 0.34 \text{ mW/cm}^2$

Antennas are not co-located.

RSS-GEN Receiver Spurious Emissions Requirements

Test Requirements:

The following receiver spurious emission limits shall be complied with:

(a) If a radiated measurement is made, all spurious emissions shall comply with the limits of Table 20.

Spurious Frequency	Field Strength		
(MHz)	(microvolt/m at 3 metres)		
30 – 88	100		
88 – 216	150		
216 – 960	200		
Above 960	500		

Table 20. Spurious Emission Limits for Receivers

(b) If a conducted measurement is made, no spurious output signals appearing at the antenna terminals shall exceed 2 nanowatts per any 4 kHz spurious frequency in the band 30-1000 MHz, or 5 nanowatts above 1 GHz.

Test Results:

Please refer to FCC ID: SWX-XR2.



IV. Test Equipment

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Test Equipment

Calibrated test equipment utilized during testing was maintained in a current state of calibration per the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025:2005.

Digital C	Digital Conducted Emissions								
MET	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Last Cal Date	Cal Due Date				
Asset #	1 1								
1T4771	SPECTRUM ANALYZER	AGILENT TECHNOLOGIES	E4446A	12/12/2011	12/12/2012				
1T4791	THERM./CLOCK/HUMIDITY	CONTROL COMPANY	06-662-4	3/8/2012	3/8/2014				
1T4563	LISN (10 AMP)	SOLAR ELECTRONICS	9322-50-R-10-BNC	11/30/2011	11/30/2012				
1T2947	LISN	SOLAR ELECTRONICS	8028-50-TS-24-BNC	1/30/2012	7/30/2013				
1T2948	LISN	SOLAR ELECTRONICS	8028-50-TS-24-BNC	1/30/2012	7/30/2013				
1T4503	SHIELDED ROOM	UNIVERSAL SHIELDING CORP	N/A	NOT REQUIRED					
Digital R	adiated Emissions								
MET Asset #	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Last Cal Date	Cal Due Date				
1T4751	ANTENNA - BILOG	SUNOL SCIENCES	JB6	12/7/2011	12/7/2012				
1T4409	EMI RECEIVER	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	ESIB7	7/16/2012	7/16/2013				
1T4791	THERM./CLOCK/HUMIDITY	CONTROL COMPANY	06-662-4	3/8/2012	3/8/2014				
	Conducted Emissions			l .	l .				
MET		3.6	M 11	I (CID)	GID D				
Asset #	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Last Cal Date	Cal Due Date				
1T4621	SPECTRUM ANALYZER	AGILENT TECHNOLOGIES	E4402B	10/25/2012	10/25/2013				
1T4564	LISN (24 AMP)	SOLAR ELECTRONICS	9252-50-R-24-BNC	11/26/2012	5/26/2014				
1T2947	LISN	SOLAR ELECTRONICS	8028-50-TS-24-BNC	1/30/2012	7/30/2013				
1T2948	LISN	SOLAR ELECTRONICS	8028-50-TS-24-BNC	1/30/2012	7/30/2013				
1T4791	THERM./CLOCK/HUMIDITY	CONTROL COMPANY	06-662-4	3/8/2012	3/8/2014				
§15.205 F	Radiated Emissions								
MET Asset #	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Last Cal Date	Cal Due Date				
1T4757	ANTENNA; HORN	ETS-LINDGREN	3117	2/18/2012	8/18/2013				
1T4737 1T4791	THERM./CLOCK/HUMIDITY	CONTROL COMPANY	06-662-4						
1T4149	HIGH-FREQUENCY ANECHOIC CHAMBER	RAY-PROOF	81	3/8/2012 3/8/2014 NOT REQUIRED					
1T4771	PSA SPECTRUM ANALYZER	AGILENT TECHNOLOGIES	E4446A	12/12/2011	12/12/2012				
815.209 F	Radiated Emissions								
MET Asset #	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Last Cal Date	Cal Due Date				
1T4771	PSA SPECTRUM ANALYZER	AGILENT TECHNOLOGIES	E4446A	12/12/2011	12/12/2012				
1T4442	PRE-AMPLIFIER, MICROWAVE	MITEQ	AFS42-01001800- 30-10P	SEE NOTE					
1T4791	THERM./CLOCK/HUMIDITY	CONTROL COMPANY	06-662-4	3/8/2012	3/8/2014				
1T4757	ANTENNA; HORN	ETS-LINDGREN	3117	2/18/2012	8/18/2013				
1T4752	PRE-AMPLIFIER	MITEQ	JS44-18004000-35- 8P	SEE NOTE					
1T4744	ANTENNA, HORN	ETS-LINDGREN	3116	7/18/2012	7/18/2013				
1T4149	HIGH-FREQUENCY ANECHOIC CHAMBER	RAY-PROOF	81	NOT RE					



§15.247 Peak Power Output									
MET Asset #	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Last Cal Date	Cal Due Date				
1T4771	PSA SPECTRUM ANALYZER	AGILENT TECHNOLOGIES	E4446A	12/12/2011	12/12/2012				
1T4149	HIGH-FREQUENCY ANECHOIC CHAMBER	RAY-PROOF	81	NOT REQUIRED					
1T4791	THERM./CLOCK/HUMIDITY	CONTROL COMPANY	06-662-4	3/8/2012	3/8/2014				

Table 21. Test Equipment List

Note: Functionally tested equipment is verified using calibrated instrumentation at the time of testing.





A. Certification Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart I — Marketing of Radio frequency devices:

§ 2.801 Radio-frequency device defined.

As used in this part, a radio-frequency device is any device which in its operation is capable of Emitting radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means. Radio-frequency devices include, but are not limited to:

- (a) The various types of radio communication transmitting devices described throughout this chapter.
- (b) The incidental, unintentional and intentional radiators defined in Part 15 of this chapter.
- (c) The industrial, scientific, and medical equipment described in Part 18 of this chapter.
- (d) Any part or component thereof which in use emits radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means.

§ 2.803 Marketing of radio frequency devices prior to equipment authorization.

- (a) Except as provided elsewhere in this chapter, no person shall sell or lease, or offer for sale or lease (including advertising for sale or lease), or import, ship or distribute for the purpose of selling or leasing or offering for sale or lease, any radio frequency device unless:
 - (1) In the case of a device subject to certification, such device has been authorized by the Commission in accordance with the rules in this chapter and is properly identified and labeled as required by §2.925 and other relevant sections in this chapter; or
 - (2) In the case of a device that is not required to have a grant of equipment authorization issued by the Commission, but which must comply with the specified technical standards prior to use, such device also complies with all applicable administrative (including verification of the equipment or authorization under a Declaration of Conformity, where required), technical, labeling and identification requirements specified in this chapter.
- (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, the offer for sale solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical users (but not an offer for sale to other parties or to end users located in a residential environment) of a radio frequency device that is in the conceptual, developmental, design or preproduction stage is permitted prior to equipment authorization or, for devices not subject to the equipment authorization requirements, prior to a determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements provided that the prospective buyer is advised in writing at the time of the offer for sale that the equipment is subject to the FCC rules and that the equipment will comply with the appropriate rules before delivery to the buyer or to centers of distribution.

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- (e)(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, prior to equipment authorization or determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements any radio frequency device may be operated, but not marketed, for the following purposes and under the following conditions:
 - (i) Compliance testing;
 - (ii) Demonstrations at a trade show provided the notice contained in paragraph (c) of this section is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;
 - (iii) Demonstrations at an exhibition conducted at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical location, but excluding locations in a residential environment, provided the notice contained in paragraphs (c) or (d) of this section, as appropriate, is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device:
 - (iv) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability, provided such operation takes place at the manufacturer's facilities during developmental, design or pre-production states; or
 - (v) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability where customer acceptability of a radio frequency device cannot be determined at the manufacturer's facilities because of size or unique capability of the device, provided the device is operated at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical user's site, but not at a residential site, during the development, design or pre-production stages.
- (e)(2) For the purpose of paragraphs (e)(1)(iv) and (e)(1)(v) of this section, the term *manufacturer's facilities* includes the facilities of the party responsible for compliance with the regulations and the manufacturer's premises, as well as the facilities of other entities working under the authorization of the responsible party in connection with the development and manufacture, but not the marketing, of the equipment.
- (f) For radio frequency devices subject to verification and sold solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific and medical users (excluding products sold to other parties or for operation in a residential environment), parties responsible for verification of the devices shall have the option of ensuring compliance with the applicable technical specifications of this chapter at each end user's location after installation, provided that the purchase or lease agreement includes a proviso that such a determination of compliance be made and is the responsibility of the party responsible for verification of the equipment.



The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart J — Equipment Authorization Procedures:

§ 2.901 Basis and Purpose

- (a) In order to carry out its responsibilities under the Communications Act and the various treaties and international regulations, and in order to promote efficient use of the radio spectrum, the Commission has developed technical standards for radio frequency equipment and parts or components thereof. The technical standards applicable to individual types of equipment are found in that part of the rules governing the service wherein the equipment is to be operated. In addition to the technical standards provided, the rules governing the service may require that such equipment be verified by the manufacturer or importer, be authorized under a Declaration of Conformity, or receive an equipment authorization from the Commission by one of the following procedures: certification or registration.
- (b) The following sections describe the verification procedure, the procedure for a Declaration of Conformity, and the procedures to be followed in obtaining certification from the Commission and the conditions attendant to such a grant.

§ 2.907 Certification.

- (a) Certification is an equipment authorization issued by the Commission, based on representation and test data submitted by the applicant.
- (b) Certification attaches to all units subsequently marketed by the grantee which are identical (see Section 2.908) to the sample tested except for permissive changes or other variations authorized by the Commission pursuant to Section 2.1043.

¹ In this case, the equipment is subject to the rules of Part 15. More specifically, the equipment falls under Subpart B (of Part 15), which deals with unintentional radiators.



§ 2.948 Description of measurement facilities.

- (a) Each party making measurements of equipment that is subject to an equipment authorization under Part 15 or Part 18 of this chapter, regardless of whether the measurements are filed with the Commission or kept on file by the party responsible for compliance of equipment marketed within the U.S. or its possessions, shall compile a description of the measurement facilities employed.
 - (1) If the measured equipment is subject to the verification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be retained by the party responsible for verification of the equipment.
 - (i) If the equipment is verified through measurements performed by an independent laboratory, it is acceptable for the party responsible for verification of the equipment to rely upon the description of the measurement facilities retained by or placed on file with the Commission by that laboratory. In this situation, the party responsible for the verification of the equipment is not required to retain a duplicate copy of the description of the measurement facilities.
 - (ii) If the equipment is verified based on measurements performed at the installation site of the equipment, no specific site calibration data is required. It is acceptable to retain the description of the measurement facilities at the site at which the measurements were performed.
 - (2) If the equipment is to be authorized by the Commission under the certification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be filed with the Commission's Laboratory in Columbia, Maryland. The data describing the measurement facilities need only be filed once but must be updated as changes are made to the measurement facilities or as otherwise described in this section. At least every three years, the organization responsible for filing the data with the Commission shall certify that the data on file is current.

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1. Label and User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart A — General:

§ 15.19 Labeling requirements.

- (a) In addition to the requirements in Part 2 of this chapter, a device subject to certification or verification shall be labeled as follows:
 - (1) Receivers associated with the operation of a licensed radio service, e.g., FM broadcast under Part 73 of this chapter, land mobile operation under Part 90, etc., shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the condition that this device does not cause harmful interference.

(2) A stand-alone cable input selector switch, shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device is verified to comply with Part 15 of the FCC Rules for use with cable television service.

(3) All other devices shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

- (4) Where a device is constructed in two or more sections connected by wires and marketed together, the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section is required to be affixed only to the main control unit.
- (5) When the device is so small or for such use that it is not practicable to place the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section on it, the information required by this paragraph shall be placed in a prominent location in the instruction manual or pamphlet supplied to the user or, alternatively, shall be placed on the container in which the device is marketed. However, the FCC identifier or the unique identifier, as appropriate, must be displayed on the device.

§ 15.21 Information to user.

The user's manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.



The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart B — Unintentional Radiators:

§ 15.105 Information to the user.

(a) For a Class A digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at own expense.

(b) For a Class B digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a residential environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.



ICES-003 Procedural & Labeling Requirements

From the Industry Canada Electromagnetic Compatibility Advisory Bulletin entitled, "Implementation and Interpretation of the Interference-Causing Equipment Standard for Digital Apparatus, ICES-003" (EMCAB-3, Issue 2, July 1995):

"At present, CISPR 22: 2002 and ICES technical requirements are essentially equivalent. Therefore, if you have CISPR 22: 2002 approval by meeting CISPR Publication 22, the only additional requirements are: to attach a note to the report of the test results for compliance, indicating that these results are deemed satisfactory evidence of compliance with ICES-003 of the Canadian Interference-Causing Equipment Regulations; to maintain these records on file for the requisite five year period; and to provide the device with a notice of compliance in accordance with ICES-003."

Procedural Requirements:

According to Industry Canada's Interference Causing Equipment Standard for Digital Apparatus ICES-003 Issue 5 August 2012:

Section 6.1: A record of the measurements and results, showing the date that the measurements

were completed, shall be retained by the manufacturer or importer for a period of at least five years from the date shown in the record and made available for examination

on the request of the Minister.

Section 6.2: A written notice indicating compliance must accompany each unit of digital apparatus

to the end user. The notice shall be in the form of a label that is affixed to the apparatus. Where because of insufficient space or other constraints it is not feasible to affix a label to the apparatus, the notice may be in the form of a statement in the users'

manual.

Labeling Requirements:

The suggested text for the notice, in English and in French, is provided below, from the Annex of ICES-003:

This Class [²] digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.

Cet appareil numérique de la classe [¹] est conforme à la norme NMB-003 du Canada.

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² Insert either A or B but not both as appropriate for the equipment requirements.



End of Report

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