Electronic ballast operating principle

This series of electronic ballast has three models LEB-204~213,LEB-214~218, LEB-219~236, Power 2*13W, 2*18W, 2*36W. The circuit of the unit comprises AC/DC transfer circuit, transfer circuit, booster circuit and Protection circuit for lamp abnormity.

AC/DC transfer circuit: It comprises D1-D4 and CD1 CD2, the C1-C3, CY1, CY2, L1, L2 remove high frequency noise and interferences which were from network supply and this ballst. In the AC/DC transfer circuit a 120VAC input is rectified by the diode D1 D2 C14 C15 to a DC voltage.

Transfer circuit: It comprises T1 T2 L5 L6 C6 C7 and Tr,it converts the DC voltage into a high frequency AC voltage.

Booster circuit: It comprises L3 L4 and C11 C12, it boosts the high frequency AC voltage high enough to start the lamp, it stabilities the lamp current when the lamp is operating.

Protection circuit for lamp abnormity: It comprises D11 D12 D9 SCR DB3-1 CD3 and T3, it supplies signal for transfer cricuit stop working when the lamp become abnormity (end of life, dropout or break).