RF Exposure Evaluation

Product Description: Bluetooth headset

Model Number: A

FCC ID: VO8-A

According to 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05 The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances \leq 50 mm are determined by: [(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \leq 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and \leq 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation

The transmitter output power (P_t) formula was showed as the follow:

$$P_t = (E \times d)^2 / (30 \times g_t)$$

P_t=transmitter output power in watts

g_t=numeric gain of the transmitting antenna (unitess)

E=electric field strength in V/m

d=measurement distance in meters (m)

According to the formula described above:

Emax=96.78dBuv/m=0.069V/m, d=3m, g_t=1

$$P_t$$
= (E x d) 2 / (30 x g_t) =(**0.069**x3) 2 / (30x1)=**0.0014283**W=**1.43**mW

The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Worse case is as below: [2402MHz -1.43mW output power]

 $(1.43 \text{mW} / 5 \text{mm})^* [\sqrt{2.402(GHz)}] = 0.443 \text{mW} < 3.0 \text{ for } 1 - \text{g SAR}$

Then SAR evaluation is not required

NOTE: For the maximum power, you can refer FCC test report.