



FCC PART 15 SUBPART C  
IC RSS-210, ISSUE 8, DEC 2010





## TEST AND MEASUREMENT REPORT

For

### NVIDIA Corporation

2701 San Tomas Expressway, Santa Clara, CA 95050, USA

**FCC ID: VOB-P1761W**  
**IC: 7361A-P1761W**

<b>Report Type:</b> Original Report		<b>Product Type:</b> 802.11a/b/g/n WLAN+BT Combo Radio Tablet PC
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\* This report may contain data that are not covered by the A2LA accreditation and are marked with an asterisk "\*" (Rev 2)

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**DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY**

<b>Revision Number</b>	<b>Report Number</b>	<b>Description of Revision</b>	<b>Date of Revision</b>
0	R1405121 BT4.0	Original Report	2014-06-16
1	R1405121 BT4.0 Rev A	Revised Report	2014-07-11

## 1 General Description

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### 1.1 Product Description for Equipment Under Test (EUT)

This test and measurement report has been compiled on behalf of NVIDIA Corporation, and their product, FCC ID: VOB-P1761W, IC: 7361A-P1761W, model number: P1761W, which henceforth is referred to as the EUT (Equipment Under Test), The EUT is a Tablet PC operates in 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands.

### 1.2 Mechanical Description of EUT

The EUT measures approximately 218 mm (L) x 123 mm (W) x 8 mm (H) and weighs approximately 350 g.

*The data gathered are from a typical production sample provided by the manufacturer with serial number: 0411414000303*

### 1.3 Objective

This report is prepared on behalf of *NVIDIA Corporation* in accordance with Part 2, Subpart J, and Part 15, Subparts B and C of the Federal Communication Commission's rules and IC RSS-210 Issue 8, Dec 2010.

The objective is to determine compliance with FCC Part 15.247 and IC RSS-210 rules.

### 1.4 Related Submittal(s)/Grant(s)

N/A.

### 1.5 Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted in accordance with ANSI C63.4-2003, American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz and ANSI C63.10-2009, American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices.

### 1.6 Measurement Uncertainty

All measurements involve certain levels of uncertainties, especially in the field of EMC. The factors contributing to uncertainties are spectrum analyzer, cable loss, antenna factor calibration, antenna directivity, antenna factor variation with height, antenna phase center variation, antenna factor frequency interpolation, measurement distance variation, site imperfections, mismatch (average), and system repeatability.

Based on CISPR16-4-2:2011, The Treatment of Uncertainty in EMC Measurements, the values ranging from  $\pm 2.0$  dB for Conducted Emissions tests and  $\pm 4.0$  dB for Radiated Emissions tests are the most accurate estimates pertaining to uncertainty of EMC measurements at BACL Corp.

## 1.7 Test Facility

Bay area compliance Laboratories Corp. (BACL) is:

1- An independent Commercial Test Laboratory accredited to **ISO 17025:2005** by **A2LA**, in the fields of: Electromagnetic Compatibility & Telecommunications covering Emissions, Immunity, Radio, RF Exposure, Safety and Telecom. This includes NEBS (Network Equipment Building System), Wireless RF, Telecommunications Terminal Equipment (TTE); Network Equipment; Information Technology Equipment (ITE); Medical Electrical Equipment; Industrial, Commercial, and Medical Test Equipment; Professional Audio and Video Equipment; Electronic (Digital) Products; Industrial and Scientific Instruments; Cabled Distribution Systems and Energy Efficiency Lighting.

2- An ENERGY STAR Recognized Laboratory, for the LM80 Testing, a wide variety of Luminaires and Computers.

3- A NIST Designated Phase-I and Phase-II CAB including: ACMA (Australian Communication and Media Authority), BSMI (Bureau of Standards, Metrology and Inspection of Taiwan), IDA (Infocomm Development Authority of Singapore), IC (Industry Canada), Korea (Ministry of Communications Radio Research Laboratory), NCC (Formerly DGT; Directorate General of Telecommunication of Chinese Taipei) OFTA (Office of the Telecommunications Authority of Hong Kong), Vietnam, VCCI - Voluntary Control Council for Interference of Japan and a designated EU CAB (Conformity Assessment Body) (Notified Body) for the EMC and R&TTE Directives.

4- A Product Certification Body accredited to **ISO Guide 65:1996** by **A2LA** to certify:

2. Radio Standards Specifications (RSS) in the Category I Equipment Standards List and All Broadcasting Technical Standards (BETS) in Category I Equipment Standards List for Industry Canada.

3. Radio Communication Equipment for Singapore.

4. Radio Equipment Specifications, GMDSS Marine Radio Equipment Specifications, and Fixed Network Equipment Specifications for Hong Kong.

5. Japan MIC Telecommunication Business Law (A1, A2) and Radio Law (B1, B2 and B3).

6. Audio/Video, Battery Charging Systems, Computers, Displays, Enterprise Servers, Imaging Equipment, Set-Top Boxes, Telephony, Televisions, Ceiling Fans, CFLs (Including GU24s), Decorative Light Strings, Integral LED Lamps, Luminaires, Residential Ventilating Fans.

The test site used by BACL Corp. to collect radiated and conducted emissions measurement data is located at its facility in Sunnyvale, California, USA.

The test site at BACL Corp. has been fully described in reports submitted to the Federal Communication Commission (FCC) and Voluntary Control Council for Interference (VCCI). The details of these reports have been found to be in compliance with the requirements of Section 2.948 of the FCC Rules on February 11 and December 10, 1997, and Article 8 of the VCCI regulations on December 25, 1997. The test site also complies with the test methods and procedures set forth in CISPR 22:2008 §10.4 for measurements below 1 GHz and §10.6 for measurements above 1 GHz as well as ANSI C63.4-2009, ANSI C63.4-2009, TIA/EIA-603 & CISPR 24:2010.

The Federal Communications Commission and Voluntary Control Council for Interference have the reports on file and they are listed under FCC registration number: 90464 and VCCI Registration No.: A-0027. The test site has been approved by the FCC and VCCI for public use and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database.

Additionally, BACL Corp. is an American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) accredited laboratory (Lab Code 3297-02). The current scope of accreditations can be found at

<http://www.a2la.org/scopepdf/3297-02.pdf?CFID=1132286&CFTOKEN=e42a3240dac3f6ba-6DE17DCB-1851-9E57-477422F667031258&jsessionid=8430d44f1f47cf2996124343c704b367816b>

## 2 System Test Configuration

### 2.1 Justification

The EUT was configured for testing according to ANSI C63.4-2009.

The EUT was tested in a testing mode to represent worst-case results during the final qualification test.

### 2.2 EUT Exercise Software

The software “Android Debug Bridge version 1.0.31” is provided by customer. The EUT exercise program used during testing was designed to exercise the system components.

### 2.3 Equipment Modifications

No modifications were made to the EUT.

### 2.4 Local Support Equipment

Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.
DELL	Monitor	U2410f FP63	-
-	Headset	-	-

### 2.5 EUT Internal Configuration Details

Manufacturer	Description	Type	Serial Number
NVIDIA	Main PCB Board	P1761	-
Yuko	Battery	027-0021-000	-

### 2.6 Power Supply and Line Filters

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Part Number
NVIDIA Corporation	Power Adapter	Switching Power Adapter	SPA011AU5W2

### 2.7 Interface Ports and Cabling

Cable Description	Length (m)	To	From
HDMI	1.5	Monitor	EUT
USB Cable	1.5	Adapter	EUT

### 3 Summary of Test Results

FCC & IC Rules	Description of Test	Results
FCC §15.247(i), §2.1093 IC RSS-102	RF Exposure	Compliant
FCC §15.203 IC RSS-Gen §7.1.2	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
FCC §15.207(a) IC RSS-Gen §7.2.4	AC Line Conducted Emissions	Compliant
FCC §15.247 (d) IC RSS-210 §A8.5	Spurious Emissions at Antenna Port	Compliant
FCC §15.205 IC RSS-210 §2.2	Restricted Bands	Compliant
FCC §15.209, §15.247 (d) IC RSS-210 §A8.5	Radiated Spurious Emissions	Compliant
FCC §15.247(a)(2) IC RSS-210 §A8.2	6 dB Emission Bandwidth	Compliant
FCC §15.247(b)(3) IC RSS-210 §A8.4	Maximum Peak Output Power	Compliant
FCC §15.247(d) IC RSS-210 §A8.5	100 kHz Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edge	Compliant
FCC §15.247(e) IC RSS-210 §A8.2(b)	Power Spectral Density	Compliant



## **4 FCC §15.247 (i), §2.1093 & IC RSS-102 – RF Exposure**

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### **4.1 Applicable Standard**

FCC §2.1093, §15.247(i) and IC RSS-102

### **4.2 Test Result**

Compliance, please refer to the SAR report: R1405121-SAR.

## **5 FCC §15.203 & IC RSS-Gen §7.1.2 – Antenna Requirements**

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### **5.1 Applicable Standard**

According to FCC §15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this Section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

And according to FCC §15.247 (b) (4), if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

According to IC RSS-Gen §7.1.2: A transmitter can only be sold or operated with antennas with which it was approved. Transmitter may be approved with multiple antenna types. An antenna type comprises antennas having similar in-band and out-of-band radiation patterns. Testing shall be performed using the highest gain antenna of each combination of transmitter and antenna type for which approval is being sought, with the transmitter output power set at the maximum level. Any antenna of the same type having equal or lesser gain as an antenna that had been successfully tested with the transmitter, will also be considered approved with the transmitter, and may be used and marketed with the transmitter. For Category I transmitters, the manufacturer shall include with the application for certification a list of acceptable antenna types to be used with the transmitter.

When a measurement at the antenna connector is used to determine RF output power, the effective gain of the device's antenna shall be stated, based on measurement or on data from the antenna manufacturer. For transmitters of RF output power of 10 milliwatts or less, only the portion of the antenna gain that is in excess of 6 dBi (6 dB above isotropic gain) shall be added to the measured RF output power to demonstrate compliance with the radiated power limits specified in the applicable standard. For transmitters of output power greater than 10 milliwatts, the total antenna gain shall be added to the measured RF output power to demonstrate compliance to the specified radiated power limits.

### **5.2 Antenna Description**

The antenna consists of non-standard (UFL) connectors with 1.6 dBi gain for Bluetooth; Antenna gain that exceeds 6 dBi was added to RF measurement therefore, it complies with the antenna requirement. Please refer to the internal photos.

## 6 FCC §15.207 & IC RSS-Gen §7.2.4 – AC Line Conducted Emissions

### 6.1 Applicable Standards

As per FCC §15.207 and IC RSS-Gen §7.2.4 Conducted limits:

For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50  $\mu$ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequencies ranges.

Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBuV)	
	Quasi-Peak	Average
0.15-0.5	66 to 56 <sup>Note</sup>	56 to 46 <sup>Note</sup>
0.5-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

*Note: Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.*

### 6.2 Test Setup

The measurement was performed at P2450 room, using the setup per ANSI C63.4-2009 measurement procedure. The specification used was FCC §15.207 and IC RSS-Gen §7.2.4 limits.

External I/O cables were draped along the edge of the test table and bundle when necessary.

The AC/DC power adapter of the EUT was connected with LISN-1 which provided 120 V / 60 Hz AC power.

### 6.3 Test Procedure

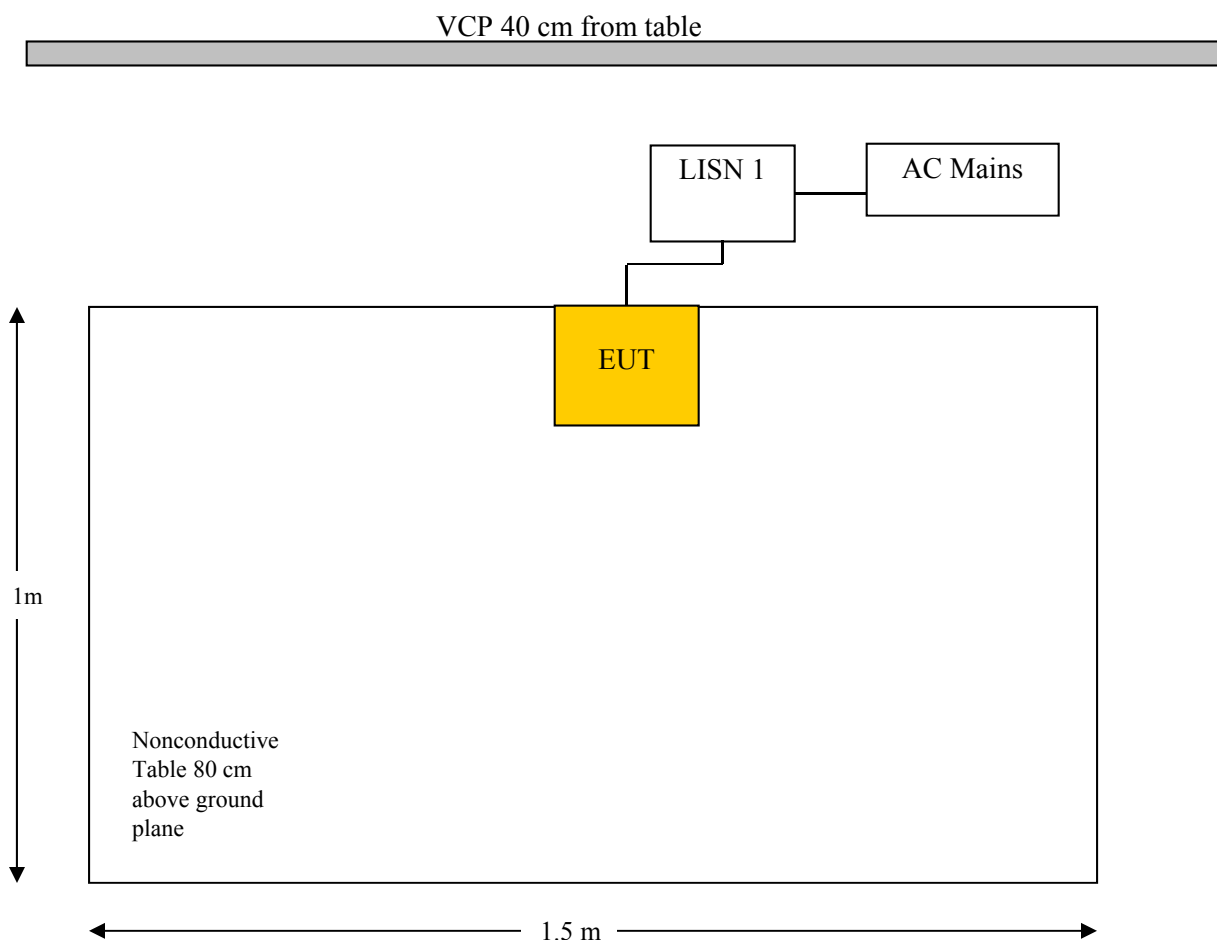
During the conducted emissions test, the power cord of the EUT host system was connected to the mains outlet of the LISN-1 and the power cord of the support equipment was connected to LISN-2.

Maximizing procedure was performed on the six (6) highest emissions of the EUT.

All data was recorded in the peak detection mode, quasi-peak and average. Quasi-Peak readings are distinguished with a “QP.” Average readings are distinguished with an “Ave”.

## 6.4 Test Setup Block Diagram

### AC/DC Adaptor:



## 6.5 Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The Corrected Amplitude (CA) is calculated by adding the Cable Loss (CL), the Attenuator Factor (Atten) to indicated Amplitude (Ai) reading. The basic equation is as follows:

$$CA = Ai + CL + Atten$$

For example, a corrected amplitude of 46.2 dBuV = Indicated Reading (32.5 dBuV) + Cable Loss (3.7 dB) + Attenuator (10 dB)

The “**Margin**” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance within the applicable limit. For example, a margin of -7 dB means the emission is 7 dB below the maximum limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

$$\text{Margin} = \text{Corrected Amplitude} - \text{Limit}$$

## 6.6 Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI 1166.5950K03	100337	2013-09-28	1 year
Solar Electronics	LISN	9252-50-R-24-N	511205	2013-06-25	1 year
TTE	Filter, High Pass	H962-150k-50-21378	K7133	2014-01-30	1 year

**Statement of Traceability:** *BACL Corp.* attests that all calibrations have been performed per the A2LA requirements, traceable to the NIST.

## 6.7 Test Environmental Conditions

<b>Temperature:</b>	22-24° C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	40-41 %
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	103.1-104.1 KPa

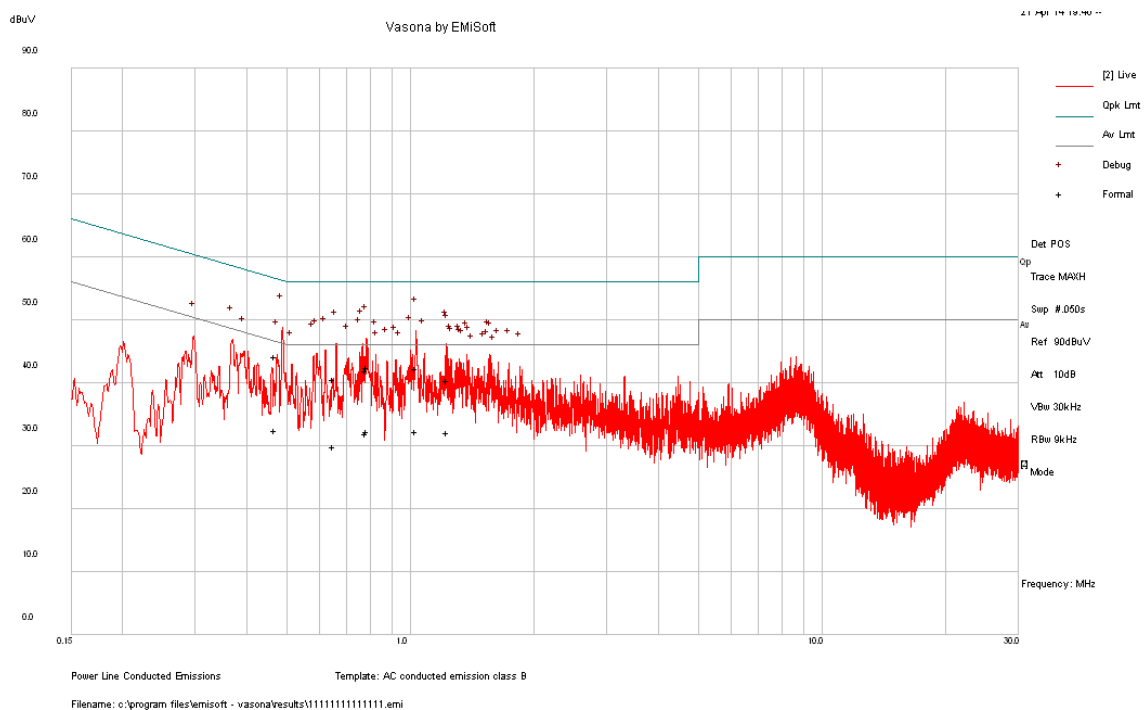
The testing was performed by Cipher Chu on 2014-05-14 to 2014-05-23 in 5m chamber3.

## 6.8 Summary of Test Results

According to the recorded data in following table, the EUT complied with the FCC 15C and IC standard's conducted emissions limits, with the margin reading of:

Transmitting:

Connection: AC/DC adapter connected to 120 V/60 Hz, AC			
Margin (dB)	Frequency (MHz)	Conductor Mode (Line/Neutral)	Range (MHz)
-12.09	1.378296	Neutral	0.15-30



Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBμV)	Conductor (Line/Neutral)	Limit (dBμV)	Margin (dB)	Detector (QP/Ave.)
1.033323	32.42	Line	46	-13.58	Ave.
0.786771	32.26	Line	46	-13.74	Ave.
1.231464	32.18	Line	46	-13.82	Ave.
0.470574	32.58	Line	46.5	-13.92	Ave.
0.77988	31.98	Line	46	-14.02	Ave.
0.65076	29.89	Line	46	-16.11	Ave.

[illegible]

Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBμV)	Conductor (Line/Neutral)	Limit (dBμV)	Margin (dB)	Detector (QP/Ave.)
1.378296	33.91	Neutral	46	-12.09	Ave.
0.796683	33.69	Neutral	46	-12.31	Ave.
1.564611	33.35	Neutral	46	-12.65	Ave.
0.373047	35.67	Neutral	48.43	-12.77	Ave.
0.541152	32.32	Neutral	46	-13.68	Ave.
0.75009	31.16	Neutral	46	-14.84	Ave.

## 7 FCC §2.1051, §15.247(d) & IC RSS-210 §A8.5 – Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals

### 7.1 Applicable Standard

For FCC §15.247(d) and IC RSS-210 §A8.5 in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits.

### 7.2 Measurement Procedure

The RF output of the EUT was connected to a spectrum analyzer through appropriate attenuation. The resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer was set at 100 kHz. Sufficient scans were taken to show any out of band emissions up to 10th harmonic.

### 7.3 Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	E4440A	MY44303352	2013-10-16	1 year

**Statement of Traceability:** BACL Corp. attests that all calibrations have been performed according to A2LA requirements, traceable to the NIST.

### 7.4 Test Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	24° C
Relative Humidity:	41 %
ATM Pressure:	103.17 KPa

*The testing was performed by Cipher Chu on 2014-05-19 at RF site.*

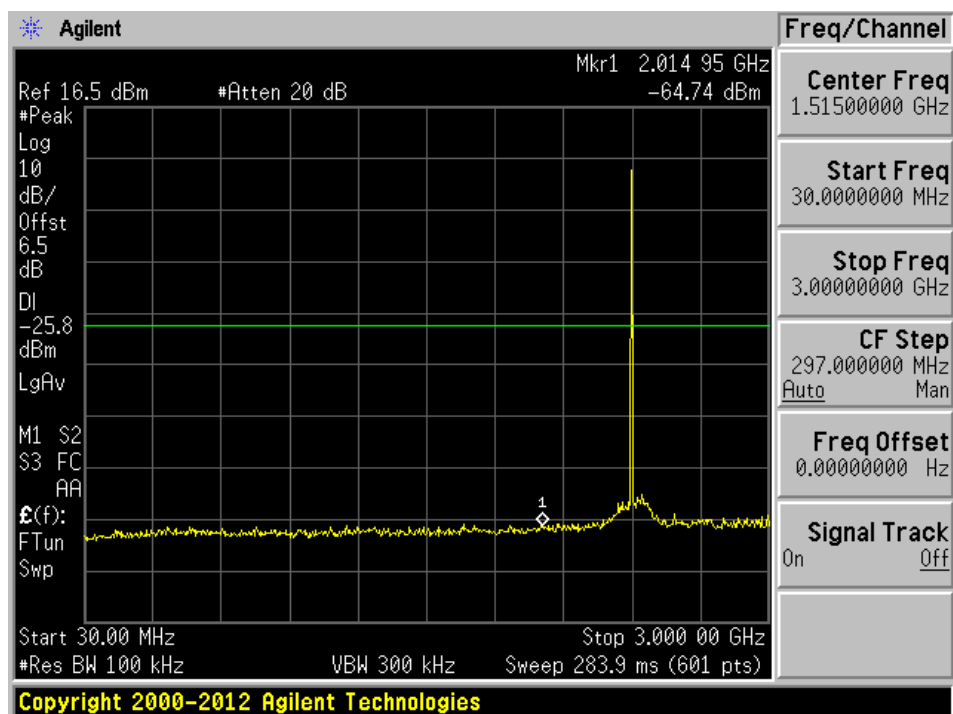
### 7.5 Test Results

Please refer to the following plots.

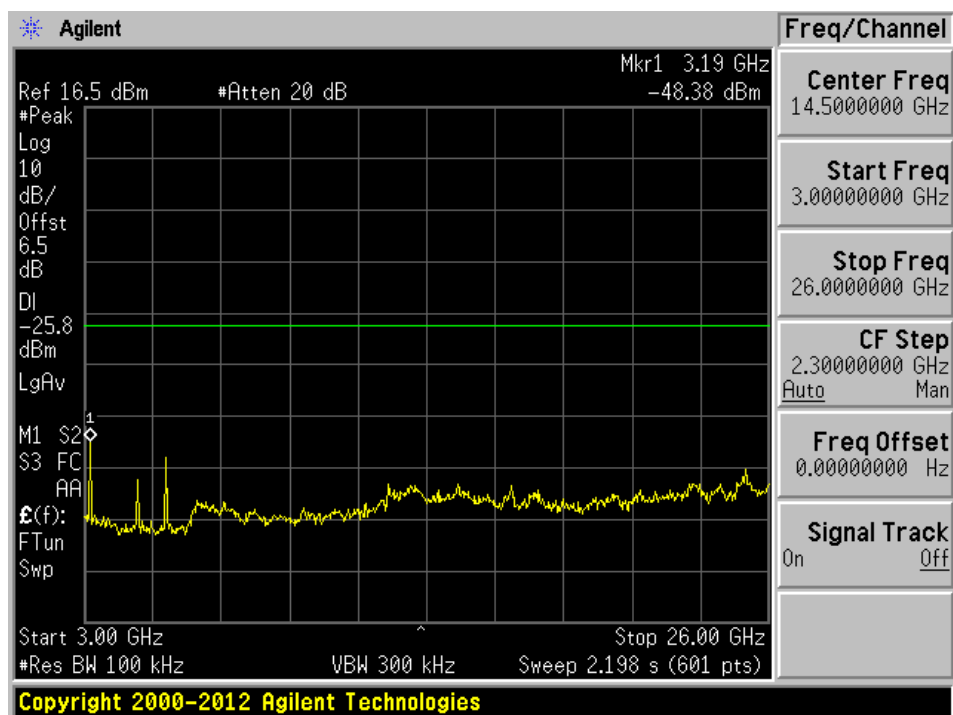


## Low Channel, 2402 MHz

30 MHz – 3 GHz

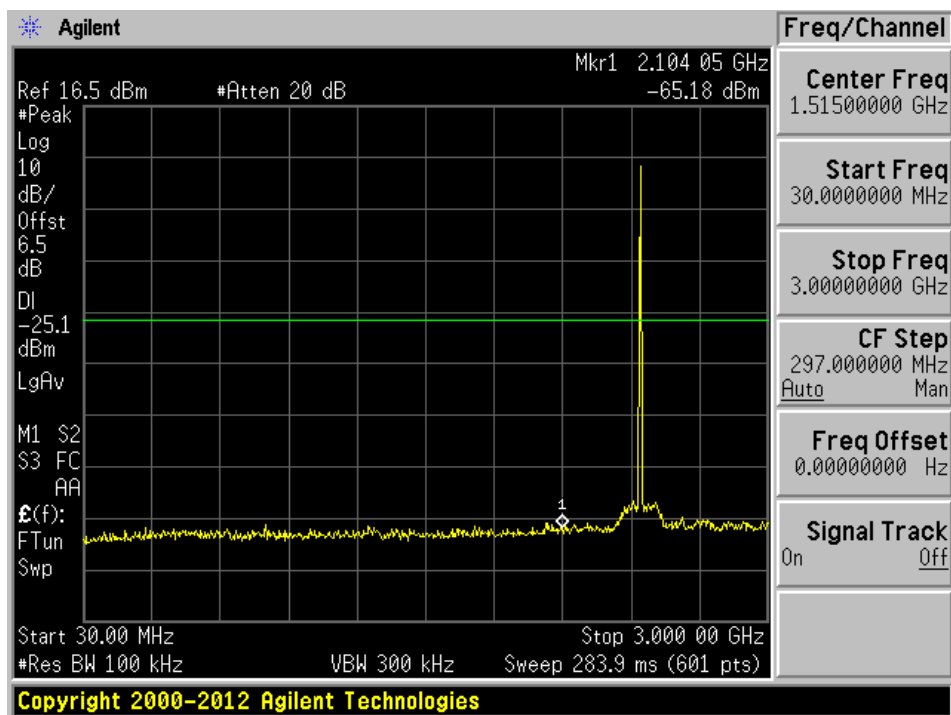


3 GHz – 26 GHz

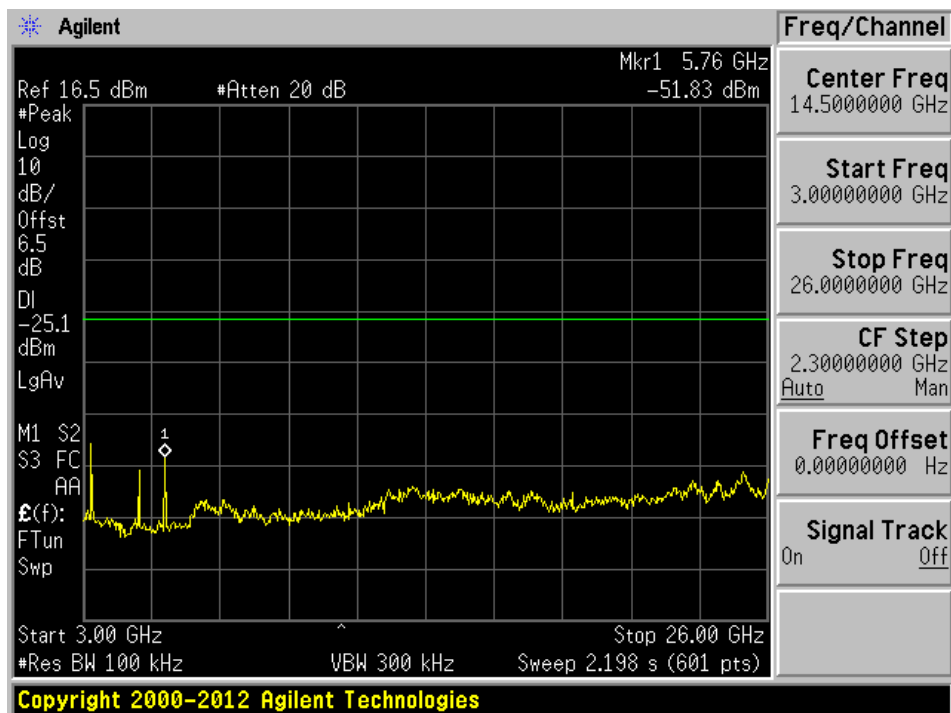


## Middle Channel, 2440 MHz

30 MHz – 3 GHz

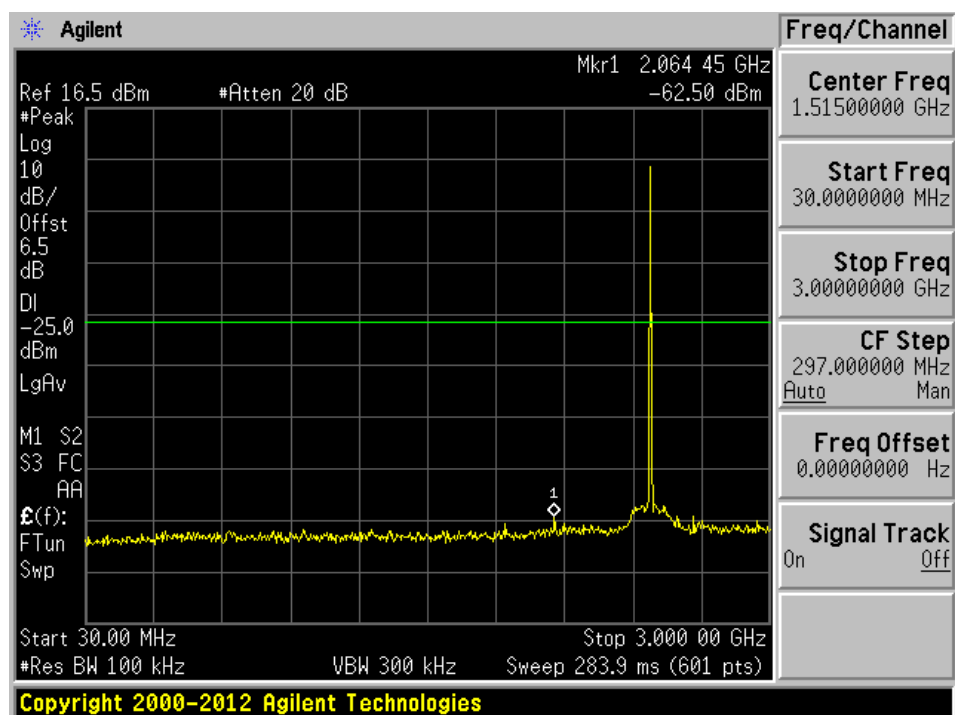


3 GHz – 26 GHz

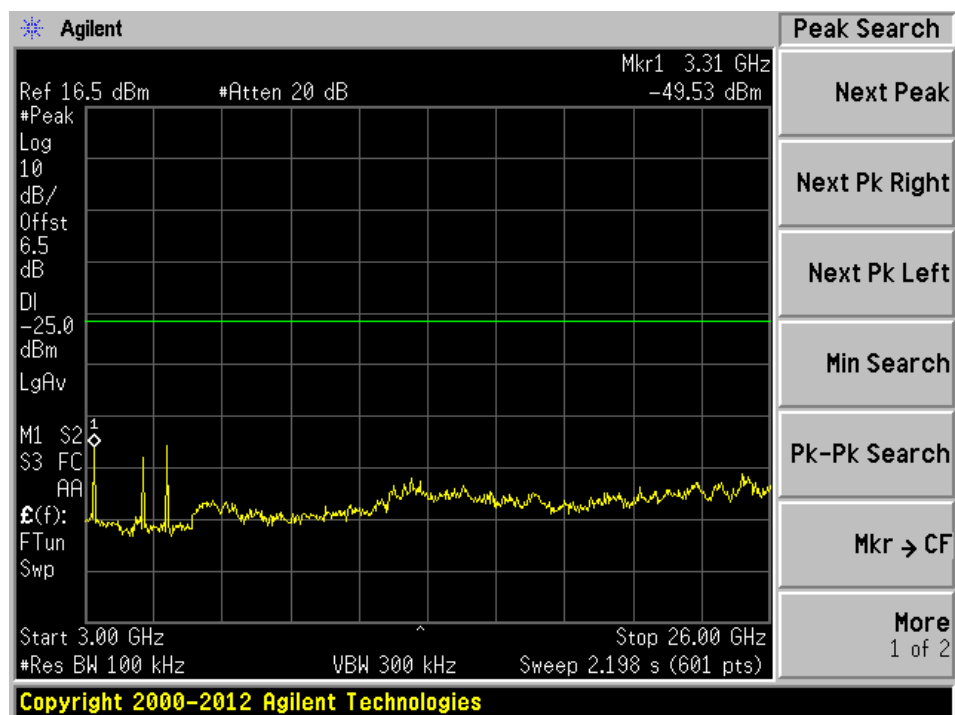


## High Channel, 2480 MHz

30 MHz – 3 GHz



3 GHz – 26 GHz



## 8 FCC §15.205, §15.209 & §15.247(d) & IC RSS-210 §A8.5 – Spurious Radiated Emissions

### 8.1 Applicable Standard

As per FCC §15.35(d): Unless otherwise specified, on any frequency or frequencies above 1000 MHz, the radiated emission limits are based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing an average detector function. Unless otherwise specified, measurements above 1000 MHz shall be performed using a minimum resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz.

As per FCC §15.209(a) and RSS-210: Except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (micro volts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100 <sup>Note 2</sup>	3
88 - 216	150 <sup>Note 2</sup>	3
216 - 960	200 <sup>Note 2</sup>	3
Above 960	500	3

Note 2: Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g., Sections 15.231 and 15.241.

As Per FCC §15.205(a) except as show in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 – 0.110	16.42 – 16.423	960 – 1240	4.5 – 5.15
0.495 – 0.505	16.69475 – 16.69525	1300 – 1427	5.35 – 5.46
2.1735 – 2.1905	25.5 – 25.67	1435 – 1626.5	7.25 – 7.75
4.125 – 4.128	37.5 – 38.25	1645.5 – 1646.5	8.025 – 8.5
4.17725 – 4.17775	73 – 74.6	1660 – 1710	9.0 – 9.2
4.20725 – 4.20775	74.8 – 75.2	1718.8 – 1722.2	9.3 – 9.5
6.215 – 6.218	108 – 121.94	2200 – 2300	10.6 – 12.7
6.26775 – 6.26825	123 – 138	2310 – 2390	13.25 – 13.4
6.31175 – 6.31225	149.9 – 150.05	2483.5 – 2500	14.47 – 14.5
8.291 – 8.294	156.52475 – 156.52525	2690 – 2900	15.35 – 16.2
8.362 – 8.366	156.7 – 156.9	3260 – 3267	17.7 – 21.4
8.37625 – 8.38675	162.0125 – 167.17	3.332 – 3.339	22.01 – 23.12
8.41425 – 8.41475	167.72 – 173.2	3.3458 – 3.358	23.6 – 24.0
12.29 – 12.293	240 – 285	3.600 – 4.400	31.2 – 31.8
12.51975 – 12.52025	322 – 335.4		36.43 – 36.5
12.57675 – 12.57725	399.9 – 410		Above 38.6
13.36 – 13.41	608 – 614		

As per FCC §15.247 (d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

As per IC RSS-210 §A8.5, In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under Section A8.4 (4), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required.

## 8.2 Test Setup

The radiated emissions tests were performed in the 5-meter Chamber, using the setup in accordance with ANSI C63.4-2009. The specification used was the FCC 15C and IC RSS-210 limits.

The spacing between the peripherals was 10 centimeters.

External I/O cables were draped along the edge of the test table and bundle when necessary.

## 8.3 Test Procedure

For the radiated emissions test, the EUT host, and all support equipment power cords was connected to the AC floor outlet.

Maximizing procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure that the EUT complied with all installation combinations.

The EUT is set 3 meter away from the testing antenna, which is varied from 1-4 meter, and the EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8 meter above ground plane, the table shall be rotated for 360 degrees to find out the highest emission. The receiving antenna should be changed the polarization both of horizontal and vertical.

The spectrum analyzer or receiver is set as:

Below 1000 MHz:

RBW = 100 kHz / VBW = 300 kHz / Sweep = Auto

Above 1000 MHz:

- (1) Peak: RBW = 1MHz / VBW = 1MHz / Sweep = Auto
- (2) Average: RBW = 1MHz / VBW = 10Hz / Sweep = Auto

## 8.4 Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The Corrected Amplitude (CA) is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor (AF), the Cable Loss (CL), the Attenuator Factor (Atten) and subtracting the Amplifier Gain (Ga) to the indicated Amplitude (Ai) reading. The basic equation is as follows:

$$CA = Ai + AF + CL + Atten - Ga$$

For example, the Corrected Amplitude (CA) of 40.3 dBuV/m = indicated Amplitude reading (Ai) 32.5 dBuV + Antenna Factor (AF) 23.5dB + Cable Loss (CL) 3.7 dB + Attenuator (Atten) 10 dB - Amplifier Gain (Ga) 29.4 dB

The “**Margin**” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance within the applicable limit. For example, a margin of -7 dB means the emission is 7 dB below the maximum limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

$$\text{Margin (dB)} = \text{Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)} - \text{Limit (dBuV/m)}$$

## 8.5 Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI 1166.5950K03	100337	2013-09-28	1 year
Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	E4440A	MY44303352	2013-10-16	1 year
Sunol Science Corp	System Controller	SC99V	011003-1	N/R	N/R
Sunol Science Corp	Combination Antenna	JB3	A020106-3	2013-09-18	1 year
EMCO	Horn Antenna	3115	9511-4627	2013-10-17	1 year
Hewlett Packard	Pre-amplifier	8447D	2944A10187	2013-08-08	1 year
Mini-Circuits	Pre-amplifier	ZVA-183-S	570400946	2013-07-09	1 year

**Statement of Traceability:** BACL attests that all calibrations have been performed per the A2LA requirements, traceable to NIST.

## 8.6 Test Environmental Conditions

<b>Temperature:</b>	24° C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	41 %
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	103.17 KPa

*The testing was performed by Cipher Chu on 2014-05-19 in 5m chamber3.*

## 8.7 Summary of Test Results

According to the data hereinafter, the EUT complied with the FCC Title 47, Part 15C and IC RSS-210 standard's radiated emissions limits, and had a worst case margin of:

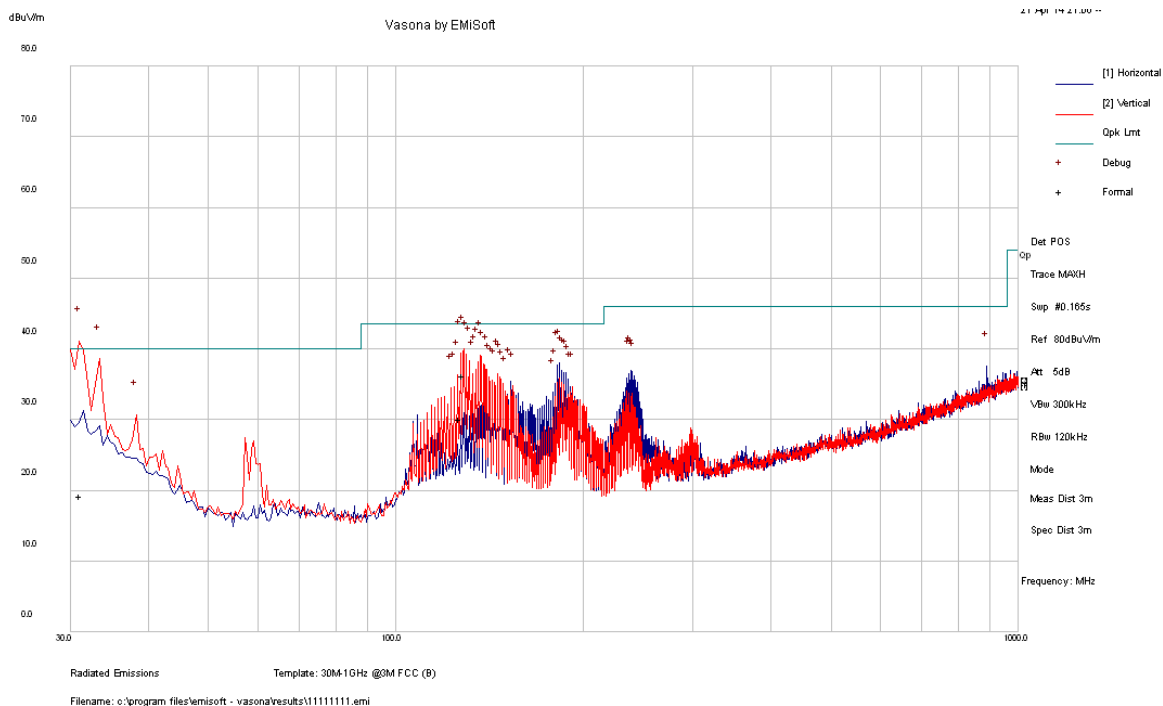
Mode: Transmitting			
Margin (dB)	Frequency (MHz)	Polarization (Horizontal/Vertical)	Worst Channel, Range
-7.24	128.444	Vertical	802.11b Middle Channel 30 MHz-1 GHz

*Please refer to the following table and plots for specific test result details.*

Please refer to the following table for specific test result details

## 8.8 Radiated Emissions Test Data and Plots

### 1) 30 MHz – 1 GHz, Measured at 3 meters



Frequency MHz	Cord. Reading (dBμV/m)	Measurement Type	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Antenna Height (cm)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
128.444	36.26	QP	V	131	86	43.5	-7.24
126.9818	30.07	QP	V	98	0	43.5	-13.43
31.12175	19.26	QP	V	155	157	40	-20.74



## 2) 1–25 GHz

Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dBμV)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Test Antenna			Cable Loss (dB)	Pre- Amp. (dB)	Cord. Reading (dBμV/m)	FCC/IC		Comments
			Height (cm)	Polarity (H/V)	Factor (dB/m)				Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	
Low Channel 2402 MHz											
2402	67.38	171	100	V	28.707	2.94	-	99.027	-	-	Peak
2402	74.94	230	132	H	28.707	2.94	-	106.587	-	-	Peak
2402	58.02	171	100	V	28.707	2.94	-	89.667	-	-	Ave
2402	65.86	230	132	H	28.707	2.94	-	97.507	-	-	Ave
2354	27.18	0	100	V	28.707	2.87	-	58.757	74	-15.243	Peak
2354	27.02	0	100	H	28.707	2.87	-	58.597	74	-15.403	Peak
2354	12.34	0	100	V	28.707	2.87	-	43.917	54	-10.083	Ave
2354	12.31	0	100	H	28.707	2.87	-	43.887	54	-10.113	Ave
4804	45.78	321	100	V	32.752	4.06	36.5	46.092	74	-27.908	Peak
4804	45.1	288	100	H	32.752	4.06	36.5	45.412	74	-28.588	Peak
4804	41.59	321	100	V	32.752	4.06	36.5	41.902	54	-12.098	Ave
4804	40.36	288	100	H	32.752	4.06	36.5	40.672	54	-13.328	Ave
7206	37.56	312	100	V	36.463	4.93	36.7	42.253	79.027	-36.774	Peak
7206	36.06	274	100	H	36.463	4.93	36.7	40.753	86.587	-45.834	Peak
7206	29.48	312	100	V	36.463	4.93	36.7	34.173	69.667	-35.494	Ave
7206	23.97	274	100	H	36.463	4.93	36.7	28.663	77.507	-48.844	Ave
9608	33.44	0	100	V	37.248	5.82	36.9	39.608	79.027	-39.419	Peak
9608	32.75	0	100	H	37.248	5.82	36.9	38.918	86.587	-47.669	Peak
9608	19.24	0	100	V	37.248	5.82	36.9	25.408	69.667	-44.259	Ave
9608	19.26	0	100	H	37.248	5.82	36.9	25.428	77.507	-52.079	Ave
Middle Channel 2440 MHz											
2440	67.34	140	100	V	28.707	2.94	-	98.987	-	-	Peak
2440	73.96	235	100	H	28.707	2.94	-	105.607	-	-	Peak
2440	61.59	140	100	V	28.707	2.94	-	93.237	-	-	Ave
2440	65.05	235	100	H	28.707	2.94	-	96.697	-	-	Ave
4880	43.41	319	100	V	32.752	4.06	36.5	43.722	74	-30.278	Peak
4880	42.5	250	100	H	32.752	4.06	36.5	42.812	74	-31.188	Peak
4880	38.69	319	100	V	32.752	4.06	36.5	39.002	54	-14.998	Ave
4880	36.93	250	100	H	32.752	4.06	36.5	37.242	54	-16.758	Ave
7320	36.24	321	100	V	36.463	4.93	36.7	40.933	74	-33.067	Peak
7320	34.55	274	100	H	36.463	4.93	36.7	39.243	74	-34.757	Peak
7320	29.84	321	100	V	36.463	4.93	36.7	34.533	54	-19.467	Ave
7320	25.57	274	100	H	36.463	4.93	36.7	30.263	54	-23.737	Ave
9760	33.35	0	100	V	37.248	5.82	36.9	39.518	78.987	-39.469	Peak
9760	32.22	0	100	H	37.248	5.82	36.9	38.388	85.607	-47.219	Peak
9760	18.4	0	100	V	37.248	5.82	36.9	24.568	73.237	-48.669	Ave
9760	18.45	0	100	H	37.248	5.82	36.9	24.618	76.697	-52.079	Ave

Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dBμV)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Test Antenna			Cable Loss (dB)	Pre- Amp. (dB)	Cord. Reading (dBμV/m)	FCC/IC		Comments
			Height (cm)	Polarity (H/V)	Factor (dB/m)				Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	
High Channel 2480 MHz											
2480	66.19	227	100	V	28.707	2.94	-	97.837	-	-	Peak
2480	74.75	307	100	H	28.707	2.94	-	106.397	-	-	Peak
2480	64.99	227	100	V	28.707	2.94	-	96.637	-	-	Ave
2480	65.64	307	100	H	28.707	2.94	-	97.287	-	-	Ave
2483.5	27.82	0	100	V	28.944	2.94	-	59.704	74	-14.296	Peak
2483.5	28.74	0	100	H	28.944	2.94	-	60.624	74	-13.376	Peak
2483.5	13.33	0	100	V	28.944	2.94	-	45.214	54	-8.786	Ave
2483.5	12.87	0	100	H	28.944	2.94	-	44.754	54	-9.246	Ave
4960	46.52	95	100	V	32.752	4.06	36.5	46.832	74	-27.168	Peak
4960	40.67	71	100	H	32.752	4.06	36.5	40.982	74	-33.018	Peak
4960	42.64	95	100	V	32.752	4.06	36.5	42.952	54	-11.048	Ave
4960	35.2	71	100	H	32.752	4.06	36.5	35.512	54	-18.488	Ave
7440	37.17	120	100	V	36.463	4.93	36.7	41.863	74	-32.137	Peak
7440	35.3	54	100	H	36.463	4.93	36.7	39.993	74	-34.007	Peak
7440	31.67	120	100	V	36.463	4.93	36.7	36.363	54	-17.637	Ave
7440	27.03	54	100	H	36.463	4.93	36.7	31.723	54	-22.277	Ave
9920	31.85	0	100	V	37.248	5.82	36.9	38.018	77.837	-39.819	Peak
9920	30.89	0	100	H	37.248	5.82	36.9	37.058	86.397	-49.339	Peak
9920	17.11	0	100	V	37.248	5.82	36.9	23.278	76.637	-53.359	Ave
9920	17.08	0	100	H	37.248	5.82	36.9	23.248	77.287	-54.039	Ave

## 9 FCC§15.247(a)(2) & IC RSS-210 §A8.2 – 6 dB & 99% Emission Bandwidth

### 9.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC §15.247(a)(2) and IC RSS-210 A8.2 (a), systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902~928 MHz, 2400~2483.5 MHz, and 5725~5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz

### 9.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect it to measurement instrument. Then set it to any one convenient frequency within its operating range. Set a reference level on the measuring instrument equal to the highest peak value.
3. Measure the frequency difference of two frequencies that were attenuated 6 dB from the reference level. Record the frequency difference as the emissions bandwidth.
4. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

### 9.3 Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	E4446A	US44300386	2013-09-29	1 year

**Statement of Traceability:** *BACL Corp.* attests that all calibrations have been performed per the A2LA requirements, traceable to the NIST.

### 9.4 Test Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	22-24° C
Relative Humidity:	40-41 %
ATM Pressure:	103.1-104.1 KPa

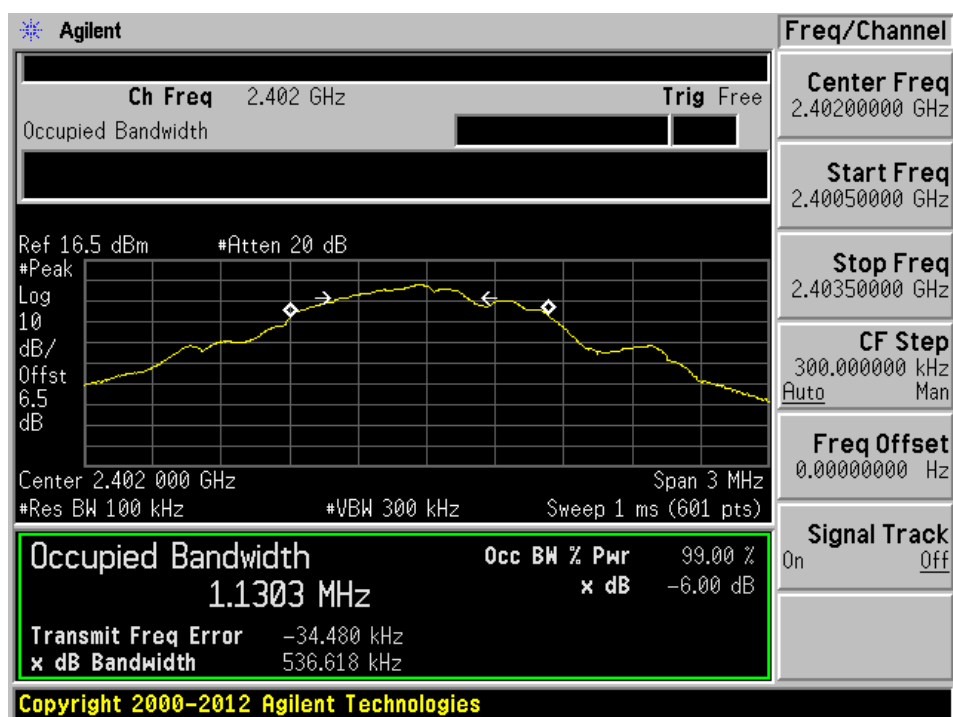
The testing was performed by Cipher Chu on 2014-05-14 to 2014-05-23 at RF site.

## 9.5 Test Results

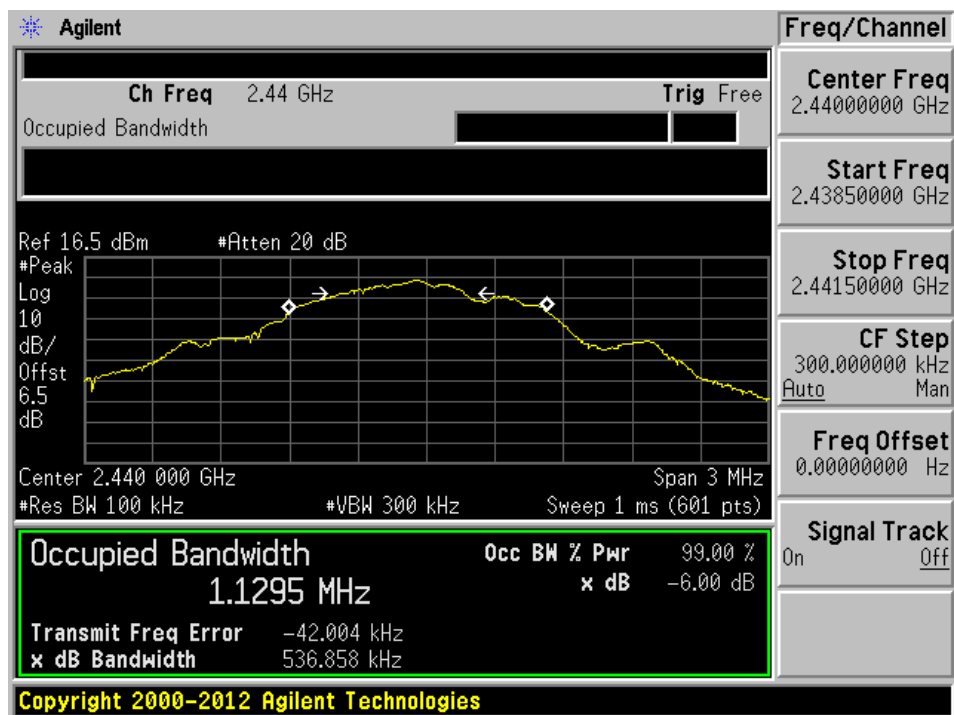
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6 dB Emission Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Emission Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (MHz)	Results
Low	2402	0.536	1.1303	> 0.5	Compliant
Middle	2440	0.536	1.1295	> 0.5	Compliant
High	2480	0.535	1.1306	> 0.5	Compliant

Please refer to the following plots for detailed test results

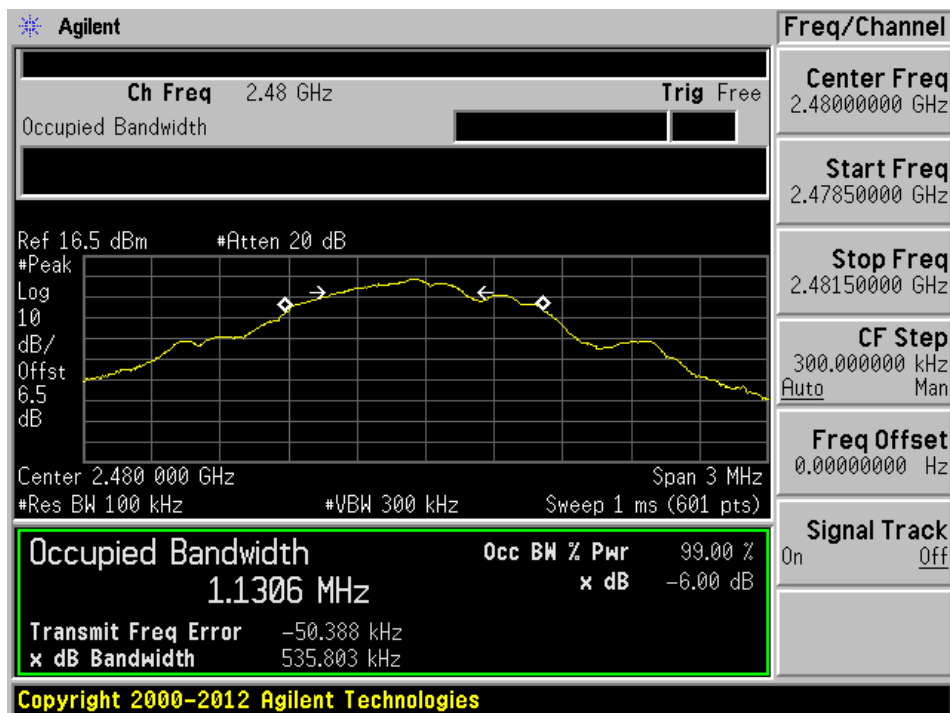
Low channel: 2402 MHz



Middle channel: 2440 MHz



High channel: 2480 MHz



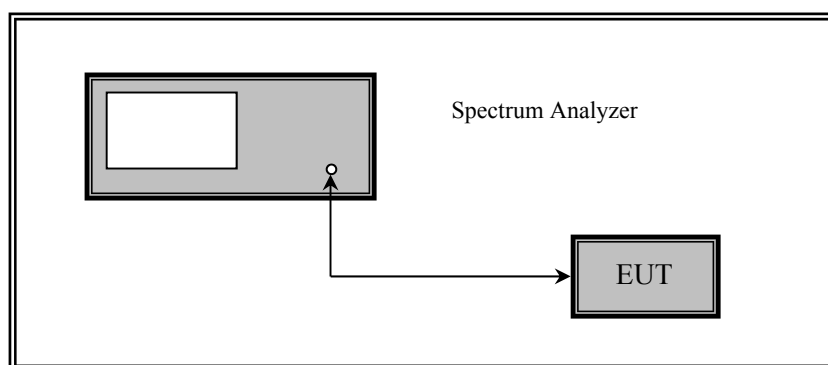
## 10 FCC §15.247(b) & IC RSS-210 §A8.4 – Peak Output Power Measurement

### 10.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC §15.247(b) and IC RSS-210 §A8.4 (4) for systems using digital modulation in the 902~928 MHz, 2400~2483.5 MHz, and 5725~5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt.

### 10.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Place the EUT on a bench and set it in transmitting mode.
2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to a spectrum analyzer.
3. Add a correction factor to the display.



### 10.3 Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	E4446A	US44300386	2013-09-29	1 year

**Statement of Traceability:** *BACL Corp.* attests that all calibrations have been performed per the A2LA requirements, traceable to the NIST.

### 10.4 Test Environmental Conditions

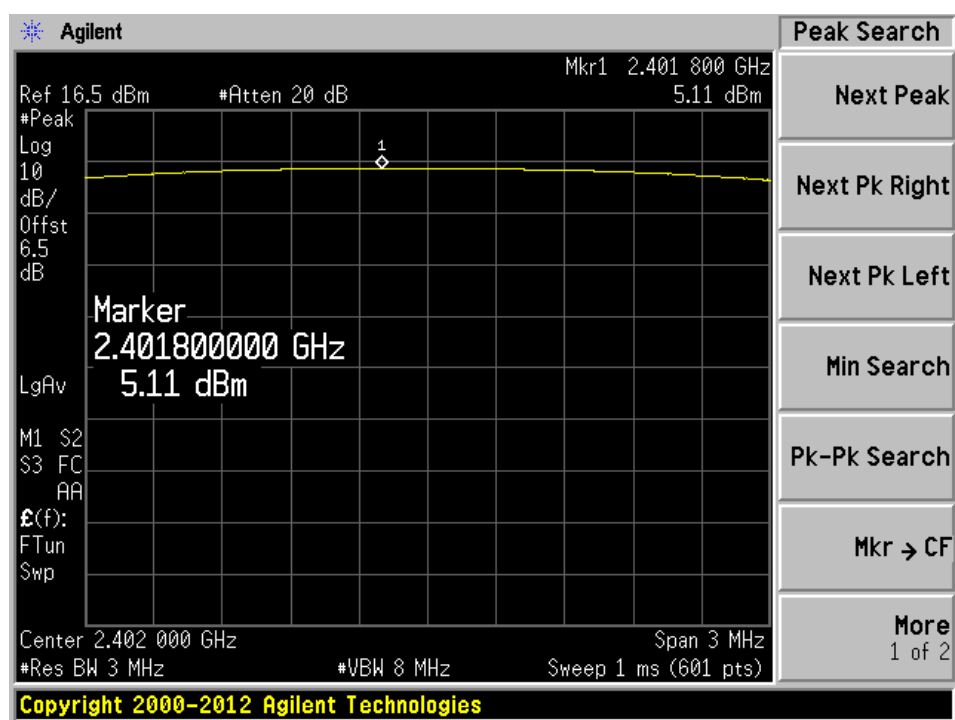
Temperature:	22-24° C
Relative Humidity:	40-41 %
ATM Pressure:	103.1-104.1 KPa

The testing was performed by Cipher Chu on 2014-05-14 to 2014-05-23 at RF site.

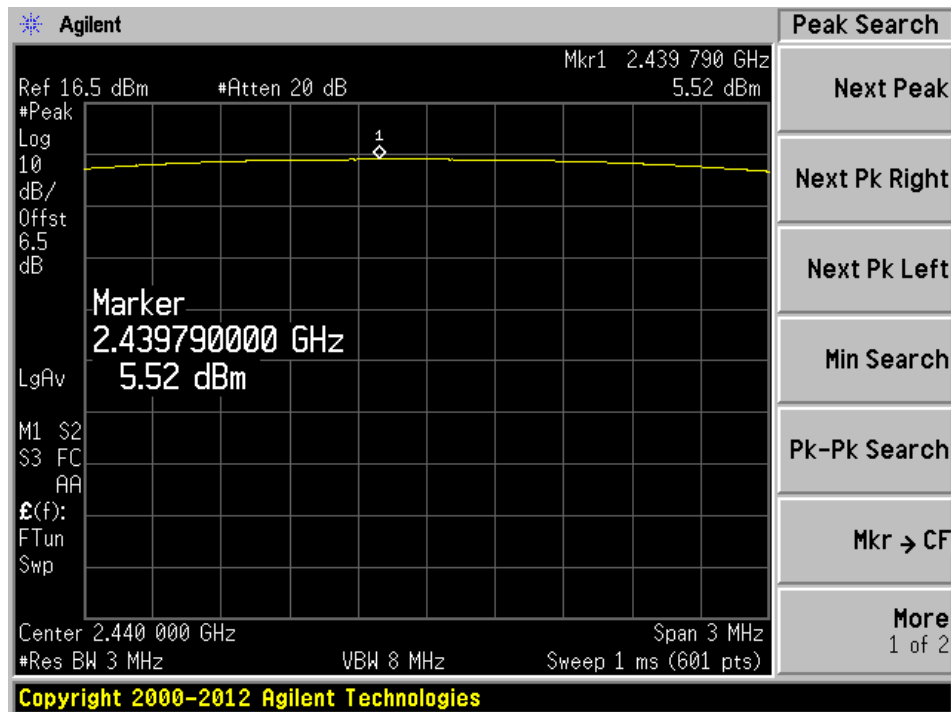
## 10.5 Test Results

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)
Low	2402	5.11	30
Middle	2440	5.52	30
High	2480	5.49	30

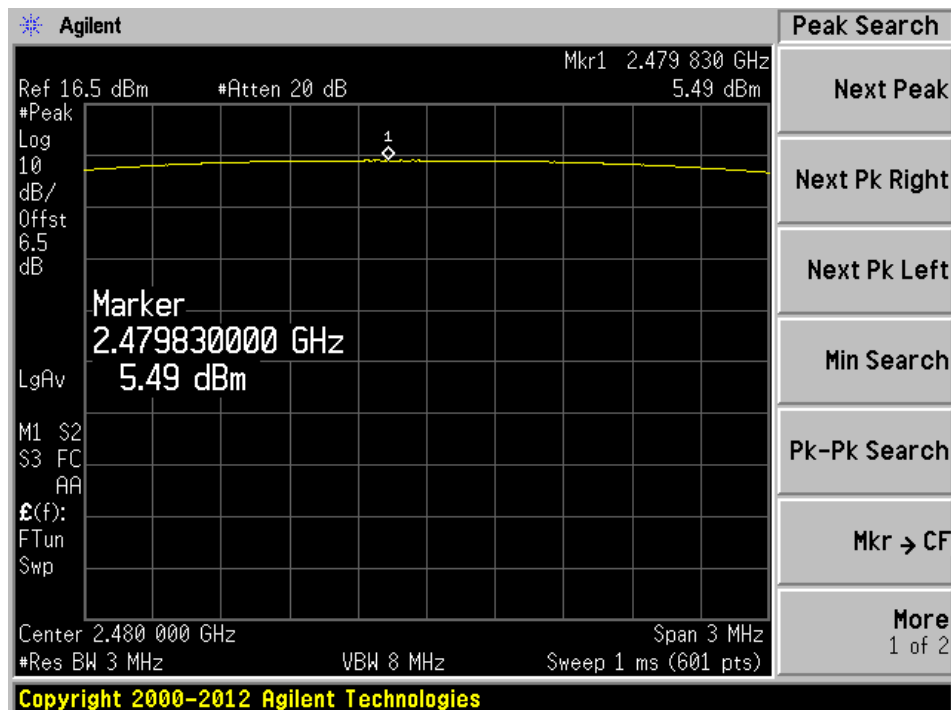
Low channel: 2402 MHz



Middle channel: 2440 MHz



High channel: 2480 MHz





## 11 FCC §15.247(d) & IC RSS-210 §A8.5 – 100 kHz Bandwidth of Band Edges

### 11.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency bands in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emissions limits specified in §15.209(a) see §15.205(c).

According to IC Rss-210 §A8.5, in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under section A8.4(4), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Tables 2 and 3 is not required.

### 11.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set both RBW and VBW of spectrum analyzer to 100 kHz with a convenient frequency span including 100 kHz bandwidth from band edge.
4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

### 11.3 Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	E4440A	MY44303352	2013-10-16	1 year

**Statement of Traceability:** *BACL Corp.* attests that all calibrations have been performed per the A2LA requirements, traceable to the NIST.

### 11.4 Test Environmental Conditions

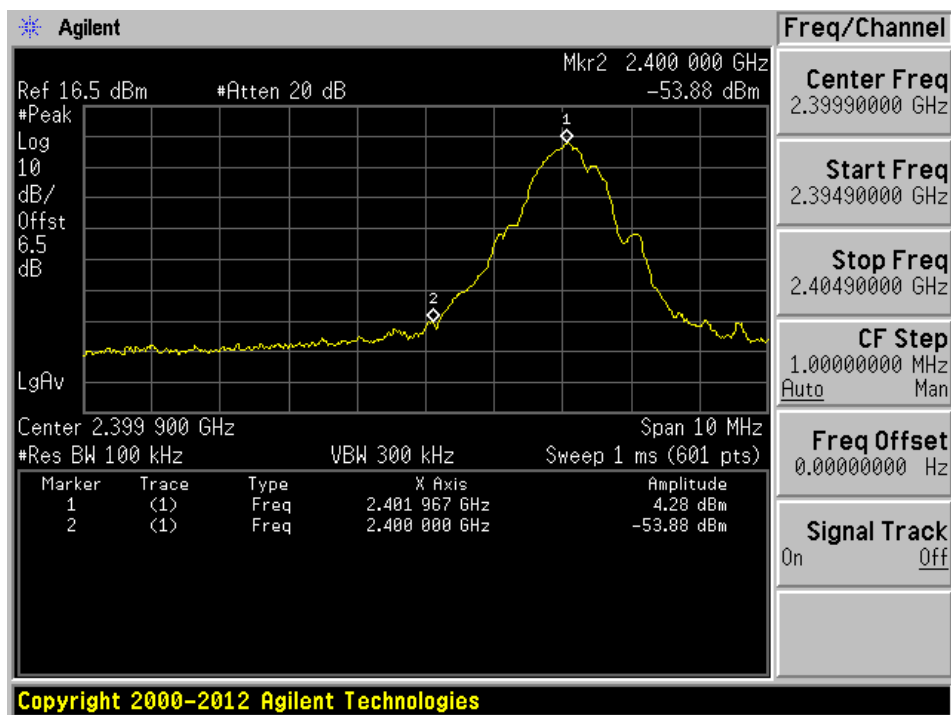
Temperature:	22-24° C
Relative Humidity:	40-41%
ATM Pressure:	103.1-104.1 KPa

*The testing was performed by Cipher Chu on 2014-05-14 to 2014-05-23 at RF site.*

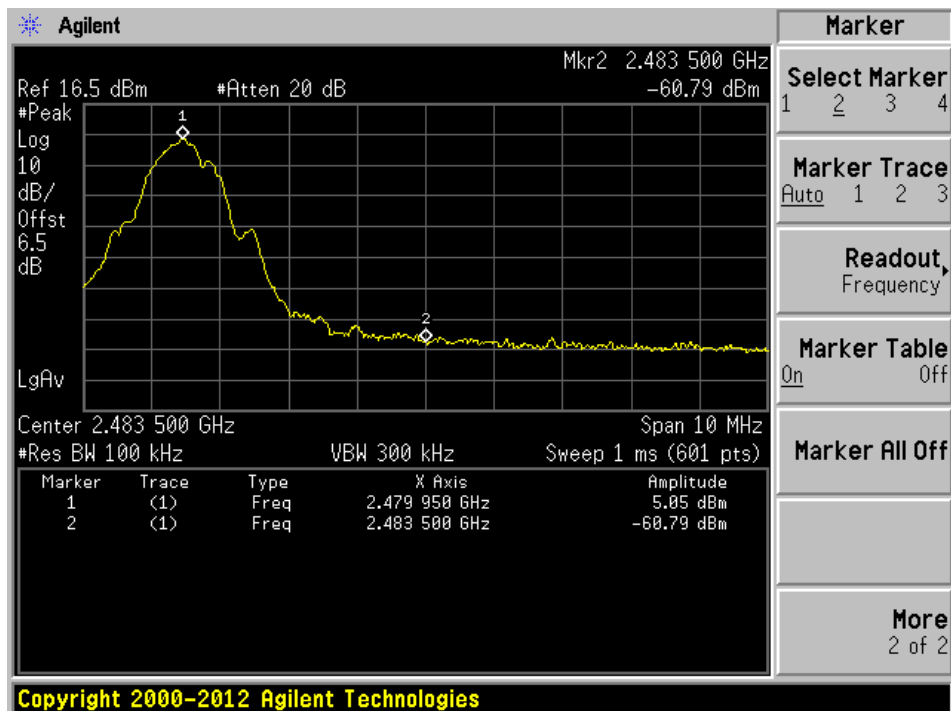
## 11.5 Test Results

Please refer to following pages for plots of band edge.

### Low Band Edge



### High Band Edge



## 12 FCC §15.247(e) & IC RSS-210 §A8.2 (b) – Power Spectral Density

### 12.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC §15.247(e) and RSS-210 §A8.2 (b), for digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

### 12.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
2. Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS channel bandwidth.
3. Set the RBW  $\geq 3$  kHz.
4. Set the VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW.
5. Detector = peak.
6. Sweep time = auto couple.
7. Trace mode = max hold.
8. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
9. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.
10. If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

### 12.3 Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	E4440A	MY44303352	2013-10-16	1 year

**Statement of Traceability:** *BACL Corp.* attests that all calibrations have been performed per the A2LA requirements, traceable to the NIST.

### 12.4 Test Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	22-24° C
Relative Humidity:	40-41 %
ATM Pressure:	103.1-104.1 KPa

The testing was performed by Cipher Chu on 2014-05-14 to 2014-05-23 at RF site

## 12.5 Test Results

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)
Low	2402	3.31	8
Middle	2440	4.03	8
High	2480	4.08	8

Please refer to the following plots for detailed test results:

Low channel: 2402 MHz



Middle channel: 2440 MHz



High channel: 2480 MHz

