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May 13, 2015

Autonet Mobile 1700 Montgomery Suite 111 San Francisco, CA 94111

Dear Doug Moeller,

Enclosed is the EMC Wireless test report for compliance testing of the Autonet Mobile, Kanaan4 as tested to the requirements of Title 47 of the CFR, Ch. 1 (10-1-06 ed.), Part 15, Subpart B for a Class A Digital Device and FCC Part 15 Subpart C for Intentional Radiators.

Thank you for using the services of MET Laboratories, Inc. If you have any questions regarding these results or if MET can be of further service to you, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely yours,

MET LABORATORIES, INC.

Jennifer Warnell

Documentation Department

Reference: (\Autonet Mobile\EMCS42581B-FCC247 Rev. 1)

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Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria Test Report

for the

Autonet Mobile Kanaan4

Tested under

the FCC Certification Rules
contained in

Title 47 of the CFR, Parts 15 Subpart B for Class A Digital Devices
&

15.247 Subpart C for Intentional Radiators

MET Report: EMCS42581B-FCC247 Rev. 1

May 13, 2015

Prepared For:

Autonet Mobile 1700 Montgomery Suite 111 San Francisco, CA 94111

> Prepared By: MET Laboratories, Inc. 3162 Belick St. Santa Clara, CA 95054



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15.247 Subpart C for Intentional Radiators

Ajaz Khan, Project Engineer Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab Jennifer Warnell
Documentation Department

Engineering Statement: The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures indicated, and the emissions from this equipment were found to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them. It is further stated that upon the basis of the measurements made, the equipment tested is capable of operation in accordance with the requirements of the FCC Rules Parts 15B, 15.247 under normal use and maintenance.

Asad Bajwa,

a Bajura.

Director, Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab



Report Status Sheet

Revision	Report Date	Reason for Revision
Ø	April 29, 2015	Initial Issue.
1	May 13, 2015	Engineer corrections.



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List of Terms and Abbreviations

AC	Alternating Current
ACF	Antenna Correction Factor
Cal	Calibration
d	Measurement Distance
dB	Decibels
dBμA	Decibels above one microamp
dBμV	Decibels above one microvolt
dBμA/m	Decibels above one microamp per meter
$dB\mu V/m$	Decibels above one microvolt per meter
DC	Direct Current
E	Electric Field
DSL	Digital Subscriber Line
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge
EUT	Equipment Under Test
f	Frequency
FCC	Federal Communications Commission
GRP	Ground Reference Plane
H	Magnetic Field
НСР	Horizontal Coupling Plane
Hz	H ert z
IEC	International Electrotechnical Commission
kHz	kilohertz
kPa	k ilo pa scal
kV	kilovolt
LISN	Line Impedance Stabilization Network
MHz	Megahertz
μΗ	microhenry
μ	microfarad
μs	microseconds
NEBS	Network Equipment-Building System
PRF	Pulse Repetition Frequency
RF	Radio Frequency
RMS	Root-Mean-Square
TWT	Traveling Wave Tube
V/m	Volts per meter
VCP	Vertical Coupling Plane



I. Executive Summary



A. Purpose of Test

An EMC evaluation was performed to determine compliance of the Autonet Mobile Kanaan4, with the requirements of Part 15, §15.247. All references are to the most current version of Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations in effect. In accordance with §2.1033, the following data is presented in support of the Certification of the Kanaan4. Autonet Mobile should retain a copy of this document which should be kept on file for at least two years after the manufacturing of the Kanaan4, has been **permanently** discontinued.

B. Executive Summary

The following tests were conducted on a sample of the equipment for the purpose of demonstrating compliance with Part 15, §15.247, in accordance with Autonet Mobile, purchase order number 739. All tests were conducted using measurement procedure ANSI C63.4-2003.

FCC Reference 47 CFR Part 15.247:2005	Description	Compliance
47 CFR Part 15.107 (a)	Conducted Emission Limits for a Class A Digital Device	Not Applicable – The unit is DC powered.
47 CFR Part 15.109 (a)	Radiated Emission Limits for a Class A Digital Device	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.203	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.207(a)	Conducted Emission Limits	Not Applicable – The unit is DC powered.
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(a)(1)	20 dB Occupied Bandwidth	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(a)(1)	Average Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(a)(1)	Number of RF Channels	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(a)(1)	RF Channel Separation	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(b)	Peak Power Output	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(d); §15.209; §15.205	Radiated Spurious Emissions	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(d)	Spurious Conducted Emissions	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(g) & (h)	Declaration Statements for FHSS	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(i)	Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)	Compliant

Table 1. Executive Summary of EMC Part 15.247 ComplianceTesting



II. Equipment Configuration



A. Overview

MET Laboratories, Inc. was contracted by Autonet Mobile to perform testing on the Kanaan4, under Autonet Mobile's purchase order number 739.

This document describes the test setups, test methods, required test equipment, and the test limit criteria used to perform compliance testing of the Autonet Mobile, Kanaan4.

The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.

Model(s) Tested:	Kanaan4		
Model(s) Covered:	Kanaan4		
	Primary Power: 12 VDC, 50 Hz		
	FCC ID: VOI-ANMKNN	4RTR-01	
EUT	Type of Modulations:	DSSS	
Specifications:	Equipment Code:	DSS	
	Peak RF Output Power:	0.867 dBm	
	EUT Frequency Ranges: 2402 – 2480 MHz		
Analysis:	The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.		
	Temperature: 15-35° C		
Environmental Test Conditions:	Relative Hilmidity: 30-60%		
	1060 mbar		
Evaluated by:	Ajaz Khan		
Report Date(s):	May 13, 2015		

Table 2. EUT Summary Table



B. References

CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart C	Federal Communication Commission, Code of Federal Regulations, Title 47, Part 15: General Rules and Regulations, Allocation, Assignment, and Use of Radio Frequencies
CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart B	Electromagnetic Compatibility: Criteria for Radio Frequency Devices
ANSI C63.4:2003	Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical And Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz
ANSI/NCSL Z540-1-1994	Calibration Laboratories and Measuring and Test Equipment - General Requirements
ANSI/ISO/IEC 17025;2000	General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories
ANSI C63.10-2009	American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices

Table 3. References

C. Test Site

All testing was performed at MET Laboratories, Inc., 3162 Belick St., Santa Clara, CA 95054. All equipment used in making physical determinations is accurate and bears recent traceability to the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

Radiated Emissions measurements were performed in a 5 meter semi-anechoic chamber (equivalent to an Open Area Test Site). In accordance with §2.948(a)(3), a complete site description is contained at MET Laboratories.



D. Description of Test Sample

The Autonet Mobile Kanaan4, Equipment Under Test (EUT), is as follows:

Telematics Control Unit (TCU) for cars which provides connectivity for embedded applications in the head unit or standalone applications that can be accessed from a smartphone with desktop.

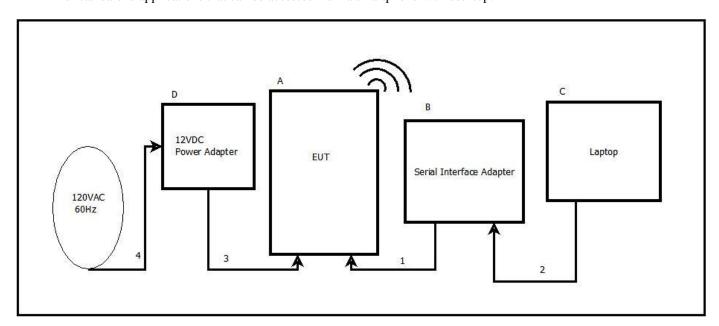


Figure 1. Block Diagram of Test Configuration



E. Equipment Configuration

The EUT was set up as outlined in Figure 1, Block Diagram of Test Setup. All cards, racks, etc., incorporated as part of the EUT is included in the following list.

Ref. ID	Name / Description	Model Number	Serial Number
1	802.11b/g and Bluetooth Access Point	Kanaan	

Table 4. Equipment Configuration

F. Ports and Cabling Information

Ref. ID	Port Name on EUT	Cable Description	Qty.	Length (m)	Shielded (Y/N)	Termination Point
1	Data	wiring harness	1			
2	12 VDC Power input	DC Power Cable	1	1.5	No	120VAC 60Hz

Table 5. Ports and Cabling Information

G. Mode of Operation

2 AC power connectors simulate battery power and ignition power. When ignition power is applied the unit will turn on. Battery power should be applied all of the time.

H. Monitoring Method

- 1. A Wifi hotspot named autonet-XXXX is visible (where XXXX is the last 4 digits of the serial number).
- 2. WiFi hotspot is not visible.

I. Modifications

a) Modifications to EUT

No modifications were made to the EUT.

b) Modifications to Test Standard

No modifications were made to the test standard.

J. Disposition of EUT

The test sample including all support equipment submitted to the Electro-Magnetic Compatibility Lab for testing was returned to Autonet Mobile upon completion of testing.





Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria

§ 15.107 Conducted Emissions Limits

Test Requirement(s):

15.107 (a) Except for Class A digital devices, for equipment that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in Table 6. Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminals.

15.107 (b) For a Class A digital device that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in Table 6. Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminals. The lower limit applies at the band edges.

15.207(a), Except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section*, charging, AC adapters or battery eliminators the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the Table 6, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequencies ranges.

Frequency range	Class A Cond (dB)		*Class B Conducted Limits (dBµV)	
(MHz)	Quasi-Peak	Average	Quasi-Peak	Average
* 0.15- 0.45	79	66	66 - 56	56 - 46
0.45 - 0.5	79	66	56	46
0.5 - 30	73	60	60	50

Note 1 — The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies.

Note 2 — The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm if the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.5 MHz.

Table 6. Conducted Limits for Radio Frequency Devices calculated from FCC Part 15 Subsections 15.107(a) (b) and 15.207(a)

Test Results:

The EUT was not applicable with the Class B requirement(s) of this section. The unit is DC powered.

^{* --} Limits per Subsection 15.207(a).



Radiated Emission Limits

§ 15.109 Radiated Emissions Limits

Test Requirement(s):

15.109 (a) Except for Class A digital devices, the field strength of radiated emissions from unintentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the Class B limits expressed in Table 7.

15.109 (b) The field strength of radiated emissions from a Class A digital device, as determined at a distance of 10 meters, shall not exceed the Class A limits expressed in Table 7.

	Field Strength (dBµV/m)			
Frequency (MHz)	§15.109 (b), Class A Limit (dBμV) @ 10m	§15.109 (a),Class B Limit (dBμV) @ 3m		
30 - 88	39.00	40.00		
88 - 216	43.50	43.50		
216 - 960	46.40	46.00		
Above 960	49.50	54.00		

Table 7. Radiated Emissions Limits calculated from FCC Part 15, §15.109 (a) (b)

Test Procedures:

The EUT was placed on a non-metallic table, 80 cm above the ground plane inside a semi-anechoic chamber. The method of testing and test conditions of ANSI C63.4 were used. An antenna was located 3m from the EUT on an adjustable mast. A pre-scan was first performed in order to find prominent radiated emissions. For final emissions measurements at each frequency of interest, the EUT was rotated and the antenna height was varied between 1 m and 4 m in order to maximize the emission. Measurements in both horizontal and vertical polarities were made and the data was recorded. Unless otherwise specified, measurements were made using a quasi-peak detector with a 120 kHz bandwidth.

Test Results:

The EUT was compliant with the Class A requirement(s) of this section. Measured emissions were below applicable limits.

Test Engineer(s):

Dan Phan

Test Date(s):

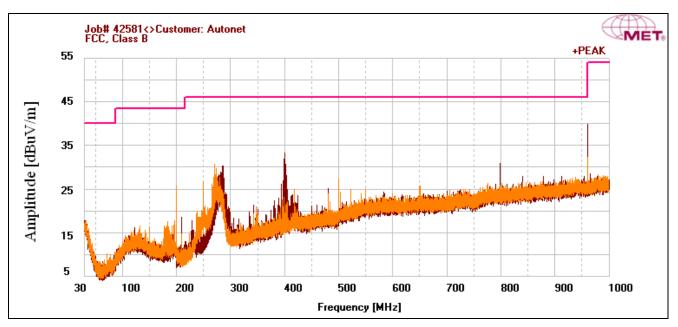
02/03/15



Radiated Emissions Limits Test Results, Class B

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Polarity	EUT Azimuth (Degrees)	Antenna Height (cm)	Uncorrected Amplitude (dBµV)	ACF (dB/m)	Pre Amp Gain (dB)	CBL (dB)	DCF (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV)	Margin (dB)
270.701	V	137	100	9.21	12.596	0	2.992	0	24.798	46	-21.202
284.457	Н	109	100	11.5	12.774	0	3.063	0	27.337	46	-18.663
400.936	Н	305	100	2.9	15.6	0	3.613	0	22.113	46	-23.887
960.014	Н	111	100	14.26	20.841	0	5.677	0	40.778	54	-13.222
798.014	Н	91	100	6.39	19.706	0	5.174	0	31.27	46	-14.73
249.99	V	198	100	18.53	12.079	0	2.884	0	33.493	46	-12.507

Table 8. Radiated Emissions Limits, Test Results, 30 MHz - 1 GHz, Active Mode

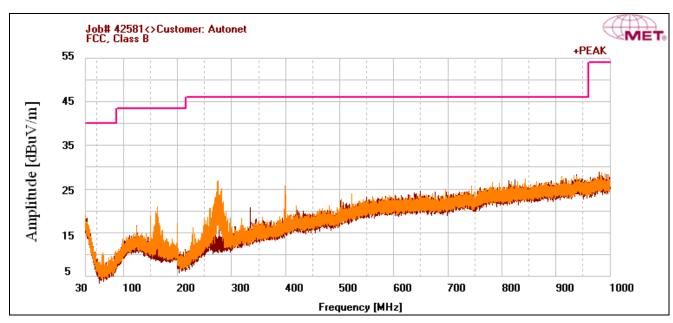


Plot 1. Radiated Emissions, 30 MHz - 1 GHz, Active Mode



Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Polarity	EUT Azimuth (Degrees)	Antenna Height (cm)	Uncorrected Amplitude (dBµV)	ACF (dB/m)	Pre Amp Gain (dB)	CBL (dB)	DCF (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV)	Margin (dB)
154.811	V	360	100	-5.06	10.569	0	2.226	0	7.735	43.5	-35.765
199.94	V	360	100	-4.58	9.327	0	2.512	0	7.259	43.5	-36.241
274.988	V	360	100	-6.58	12.695	0	3.014	0	9.129	46	-36.871
335.17	Н	87	100	1.59	13.774	0	3.302	0	18.666	46	-27.334
396.593	V	0	100	-6.29	15.448	0	3.594	0	12.752	46	-33.248
519.478	V	0	100	-5.22	17.322	0	4.113	0	16.215	46	-29.785

Table 9. Radiated Emissions Limits, Test Results, 30 MHz - 1 GHz, Standby Mode

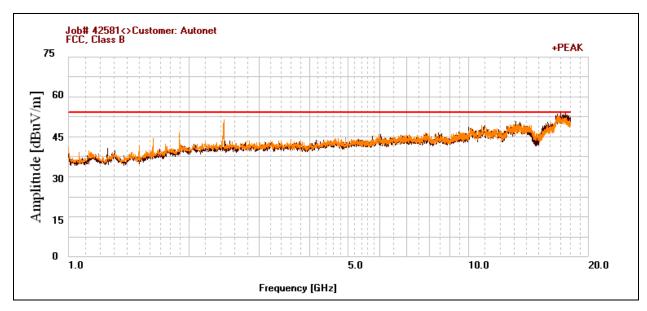


Plot 2. Radiated Emissions, 30 MHz - 1 GHz, Standby Mode



Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Polarity	EUT Azimuth (Degrees)	Antenna Height (cm)	Uncorrected Amplitude (dBµV)	ACF (dB/m)	Pre Amp Gain (dB)	CBL (dB)	DCF (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV)	Margin (dB)
16763.33	Н	0	100	26.43	42.4	28.341	0	0	40.489	54	-13.511
17545.833	Н	0	100	26.06	42.1	27.766	0	0	40.394	54	-13.606
2413.333	V	0	100	32.35	32.596	34.023	0	0	30.923	54	-23.077
1626.667	V	360	100	31.09	29.213	33.287	0	0	27.016	54	-26.984
1500	V	360	100	41.79	28.2	33.34	0	0	36.65	54	-17.35
1925	V	360	100	30.6	31.18	33.162	0	0	28.618	54	-25.382

Table 10. Radiated Emissions Limits, Test Results, 1 GHz - 18 GHz, Standby Mode



Plot 3. Radiated Emissions, 1 GHz - 18 GHz, Standby Mode



Radiated Emission Limits Test Setup



Photograph 1. Radiated Emissions, Test Setup, 30 MHz – 1 GHz





§ 15.203 Antenna Requirement

Test Requirement:

§ 15,203: An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

The structure and application of the EUT were analyzed to determine compliance with Section 15.203 of the Rules. Section 15.203 states that the subject device must meet at least one of the following criteria:

- a.) Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.
- b.) Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.
- c.) Unit must be professionally installed. Installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.

Results: The EUT as tested is compliant the criteria of §15.203. The EUT has an integral antenna.

Test Engineer(s): Ajaz Khan

Test Date(s): 02/02/2015

Gain	Type	Manufacturer				
1.88dBi	Ceramic Chip	Autonet				

Table 11. Antenna List



§ 15.207(a) Conducted Emissions Limits

Test Requirement(s):

§ 15.207 (a): For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 Σ line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency range	§ 15.207(a), Conducted Limit (dBμV)					
(MHz)	Quasi-Peak	Average				
* 0.15- 0.45	66 - 56	56 - 46				
0.45 - 0.5	56	46				
0.5 - 30	60	50				

Table 12. Conducted Limits for Intentional Radiators from FCC Part 15 § 15.207(a)

Test Results:

The EUT was not applicable with this requirement. The EUT is battery powered and powered by Car Battery.



§ 15.247(a)(1) 20 dB Occupied Bandwidth

Test Requirements:

§ 15.247(a): Operation under the provisions of this section is limited to frequency hopping and digitally modulated intentional radiators that comply with the following provisions:

For systems using digital modulation techniques, the EUT may operate in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz and 5725-5850 MHz bands. For DTS, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz. For frequency hopping systems, the EUT shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400 – 2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

Test Procedure:

The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using a RBW approximately equal to 1% of the total emission bandwidth. The 20 dB bandwidth measured and recorded. For frequency separation, the channel separation has to be greater than two-thirds of the 20dB bandwidth (805 kHz). See plots 19-21 for measured channel separation.

Test Results

The EUT was compliant with § 15.247 (a)(2).

Test Engineer(s):

Ajaz Khan

Test Date(s):

02/03/2015

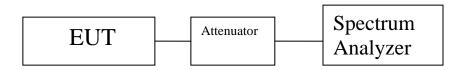
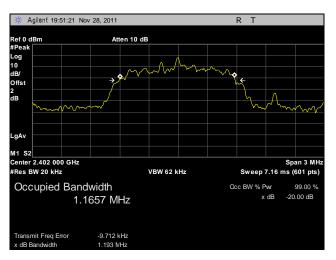


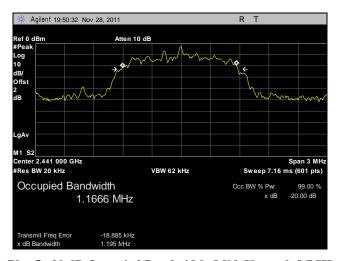
Figure 2. Block Diagram, Occupied Bandwidth Test Setup



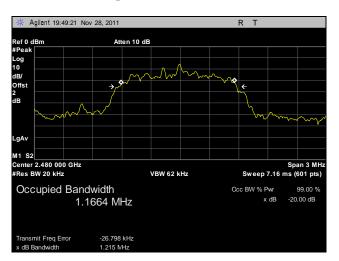
Occupied Bandwidth Test Results, 8 PSK



Plot 4. 20 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Low Channel, 8 PSK



Plot 5. 20 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Mid Channel, 8 PSK

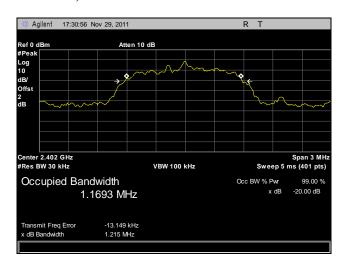


Plot 6. 20 dB Occupied Bandwidth, High Channel, 8 PSK

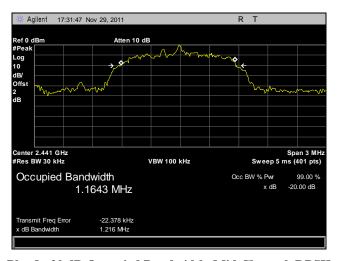
MET Report: EMCS42581B-FCC247 Rev. 1



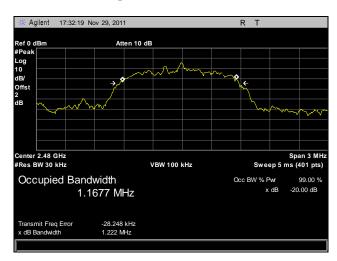
Occupied Bandwidth Test Results, DPSK



Plot 7. 20 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Low Channel, DPSK



Plot 8. 20 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Mid Channel, DPSK

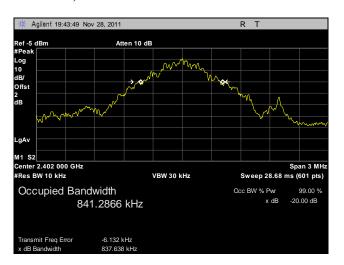


Plot 9. 20 dB Occupied Bandwidth, High Channel, DPSK

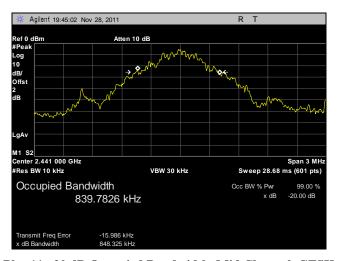
MET Report: EMCS42581B-FCC247 Rev. 1



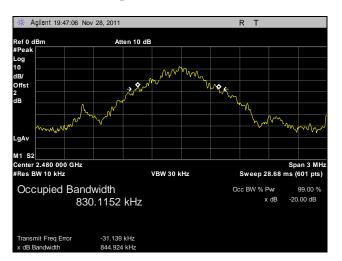
Occupied Bandwidth Test Results, GFSK



Plot 10. 20 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Low Channel, GFSK



Plot 11. 20 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Mid Channel, GFSK



Plot 12. 20 dB Occupied Bandwidth, High Channel, GFSK

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§ 15.247(a)(1) Average Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)

Remarks:

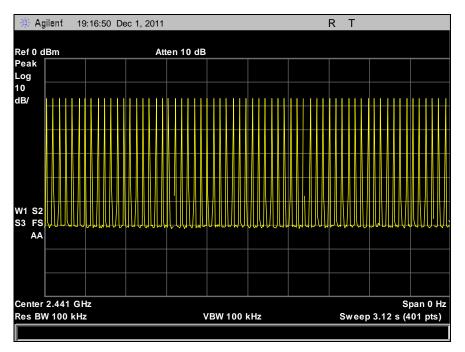
The Average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 400ms within a period of 400ms multiplied by the number of hopping channelings.

The Average time of occupancy in the specified 3.12 seconds (79*.4) is equal to number of pulses in 3.12 seconds * the pulse width.

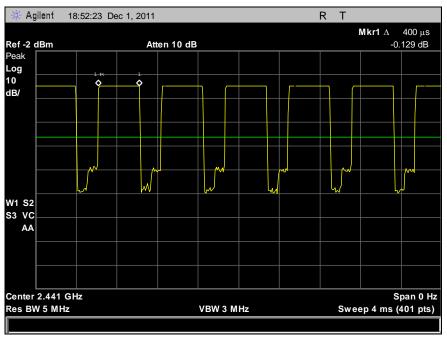
# of Channels	Burst Duration (ms)	Number of Pulses in 3.12 seconds	Average Time of Occupancy (ms)	Limit (ms)	Margin (ms)
79	0.400	63	25.20	400	-374.800
79	1.650	16	26.40	400	-373.600
79	2.926	12	35.112	400	-364.888

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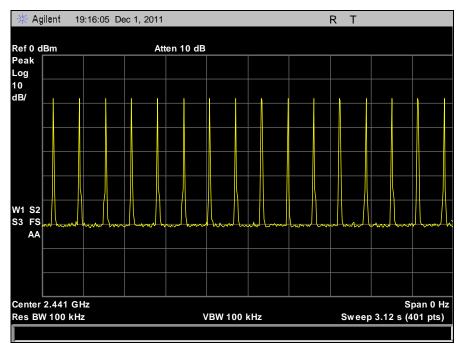


Plot 13. DH 1 Burst (63)

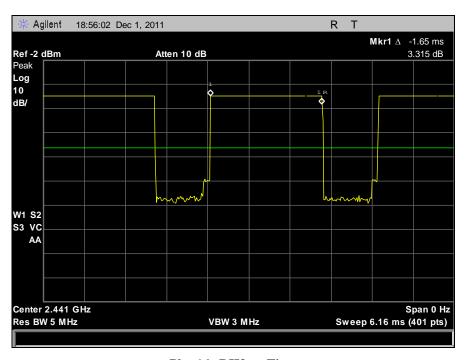


Plot 14. DH1 on Time



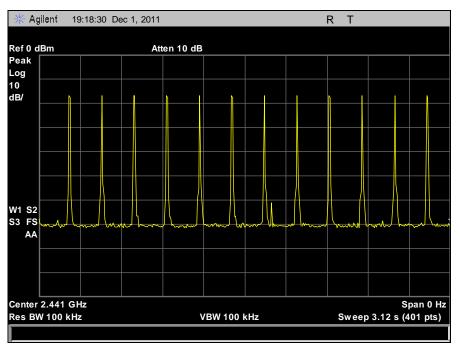


Plot 15. DH3 Burst (16)

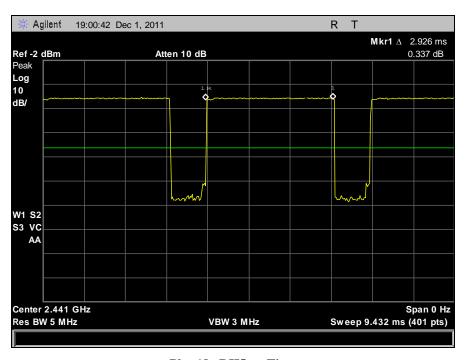


Plot 16. DH3 on Time





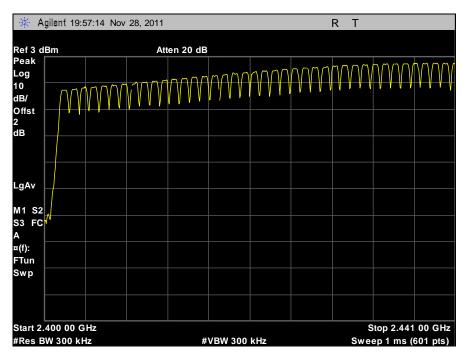
Plot 17. DH5 Burst (12)



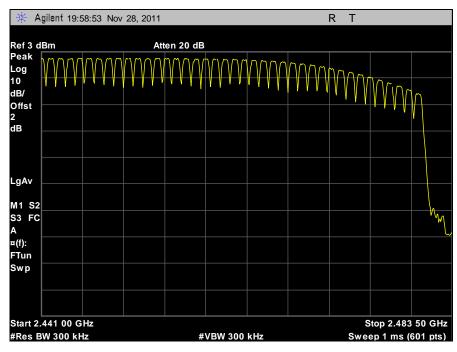
Plot 18. DH5 on Time



§ 15.247(a)(1) Number of RF Channels



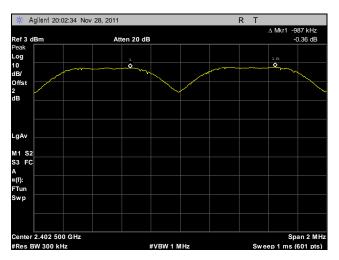
Plot 19. No. of Channels, Chart 1 (2400 – 2441 MHz)



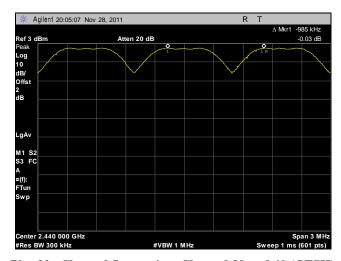
Plot 20. No. of Channels, Chart 2 (2441 – 2483.5 MHz)



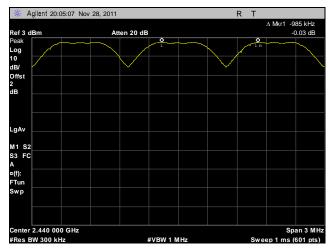
§ 15.247(a)(1) RF Channel Separation



Plot 21. Channel Separation, Channel 0 and 1 (GFSK)



Plot 22. Channel Separation, Channel 39 and 40 (GFSK)



Plot 23. Channel Separation, Channel 77 and 78 (GFSK)



§ 15.247(b) Peak Power Output

Test Requirements:

§15.247(b)(1): The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed 0.125 Watts for frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band.

§15.247(c): if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used the peak output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Systems operating in the 2400 – 2483.5 MHz band and using a point to point application may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi provided the maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Systems operating in the 5725 – 5850 MHz band that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter peak output power.

Fixed, point-to-point operation excludes the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple co-located intentional radiators transmitting the same information. The operator of the spread spectrum intentional radiator or, if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer is responsible for ensuring that the system is used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations. The instruction manual furnished with the intentional radiator shall contain language in the installation instructions informing the operator and the installer of this responsibility.

Test Procedure:

The transmitter was connected to a calibrated spectrum analyzer. The EUT was measured at the low, mid and high channels of each band at the maximum power level.

Test Results:

The EUT was compliant with the Peak Power Output limits of §15.247(b).

Test Engineer(s):

Ajaz Khan

Test Date(s):

02/03/2015

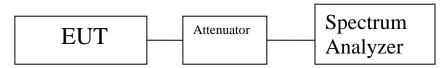


Figure 3. Peak Power Output Test Setup



Peak Power Output Test Results

Peak Conducted Output Power				
Carrier Frequency Measured Peak Output Po				
Channel	(MHz)	dBm		
Low	2402	-9.886		
Mid	2441	0.144		
High	2480	-12.67		

Table 13. Peak Power Output, Test Results, 8PSK

Peak Conducted Output Power				
Carrier Frequency Measured Peak Output				
Channel	(MHz)	dBm		
Low	2402	-10.16		
Mid	2441	-0.186		
High	2480	-13.13		

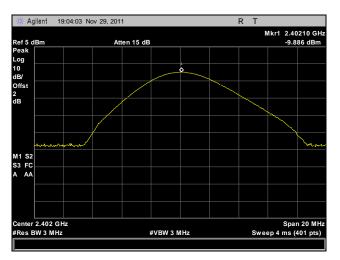
Table 14. Peak Power Output, Test Results, DPSK

Peak Conducted Output Power			
Carrier Frequency Measured Peak Output Powe			
Channel	(MHz)	dBm	
Low	2402	-9.073	
Mid	2441	0.867	
High	2480	-11.51	

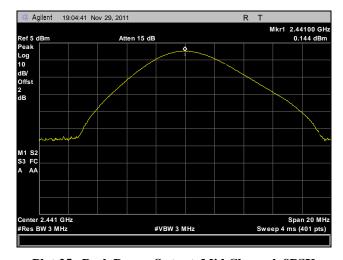
Table 15. Peak Power Output, Test Results, GFSK



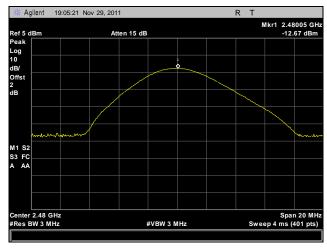
Peak Power Output Test Results, 8PSK



Plot 24. Peak Power Output, Low Channel, 8PSK



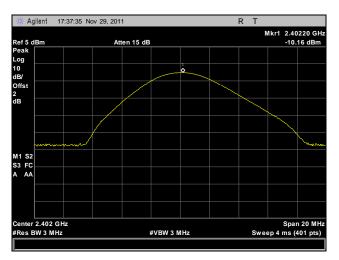
Plot 25. Peak Power Output, Mid Channel, 8PSK



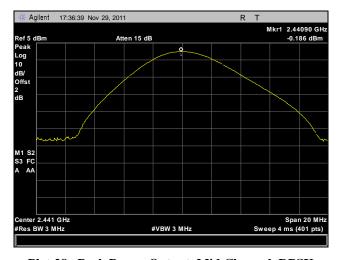
Plot 26. Peak Power Output, High Channel, 8PSK



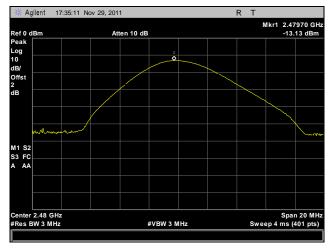
Peak Power Output Test Results, DPSK



Plot 27. Peak Power Output, Low Channel, DPSK



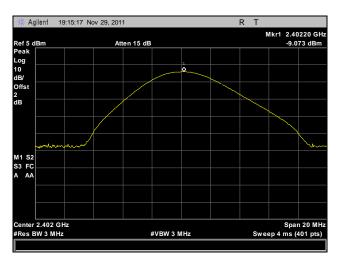
Plot 28. Peak Power Output, Mid Channel, DPSK



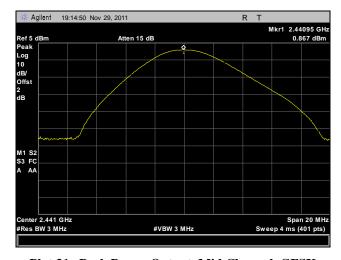
Plot 29. Peak Power Output, High Channel, DPSK



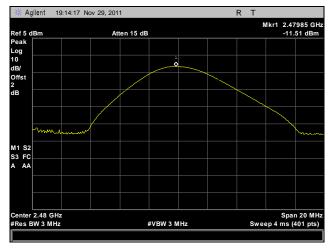
Peak Power Output Test Results, GFSK



Plot 30. Peak Power Output, Low Channel, GFSK



Plot 31. Peak Power Output, Mid Channel, GFSK



Plot 32. Peak Power Output, High Channel, GFSK



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(d) Radiated Spurious Emissions Requirements and Band Edge

Test Requirements: §15.247(d); §15.205: Emissions outside the frequency band.

§15.247(d): In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a).

§15.205(a): Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090-0.110	16.42–16.423	399.9–410	4.5–5.15
1 0.495–0.505	16.69475–16.69525	608–614	5.35–5.46
2.1735–2.1905	16.80425–16.80475	960–1240	7.25–7.75
4.125–4.128	25.5–25.67	1300–1427	8.025-8.5
4.17725–4.17775	37.5–38.25	1435–1626.5	9.0–9.2
4.20725-4.20775	73–74.6	1645.5–1646.5	9.3–9.5
6.215–6.218	74.8–75.2	1660–1710	10.6–12.7
6.26775–6.26825	108–121.94	1718.8–1722.2	13.25–13.4
6.31175–6.31225	123–138	2200–2300	14.47–14.5
8.291-8.294	149.9–150.05	2310–2390	15.35–16.2
8.362-8.366	156.52475-156.52525	2483.5–2500	17.7–21.4
8.37625-8.38675	156.7–156.9	2655–2900	22.01–23.12
8.41425–8.41475	162.0125–167.17	3260–3267	23.6–24.0
12.29–12.293	167.72–173.2	3332–3339	31.2–31.8
12.51975–12.52025	240–285	3345.8–3358 36.	43–36.5
12.57675–12.57725	322–335.4	3600–4400	(²)

Table 16. Restricted Bands of Operation

 $^{^{1}}$ Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be $0.490-0.510~\mathrm{MHz}.$

² Above 38.6



Test Requirement(s):

§ 15.209 (a): Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in Table 17.

Frequency (MHz)	§ 15.209(a),Radiated Emission Limits (dBμV) @ 3m
30 - 88	40.00
88 - 216	43.50
216 - 960	46.00
Above 960	54.00

Table 17. Radiated Emissions Limits Calculated from FCC Part 15, § 15,209 (a)

Test Procedure:

The transmitter was set to the low, mid and high channels at the highest output power and placed on a 0.8 m high wooden table inside in a semi-anechoic chamber. Measurements were performed with the EUT rotated 360 degrees and varying the adjustable antenna mast with 1 m to 4 m height to determine worst case orientation for maximum emissions. Measurement were repeated the measurement at the low and highest channels.

For frequencies from 30 MHz to 1 GHz, measurements were made using a quasi-peak detector with a 120 kHz bandwidth.

For intentional radiators with a digital device portion which operates below 10 GHz, the spectrum was investigated as per §15.33(a)(1) and §15.33(a)(4); i.e., the lowest RF signal generated or used in the device up to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower.

In accordance with §15.35(b) the limit on the radio frequency emissions as measured using instrumentation with a peak detector function shall be 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit for the frequency being investigated unless a different peak emission limit is otherwise specified in the rules. Measurements were made with GFSK modulation. GFSK modulation is the highest measured power, which is considered the worst case.

Test Results:

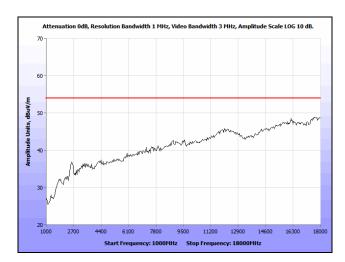
The EUT was compliant with the Radiated Spurious Emission limits of § 15.247(d). No Spurious Emissions were found above 18GHz.

Test Engineer(s): Ajaz Khan

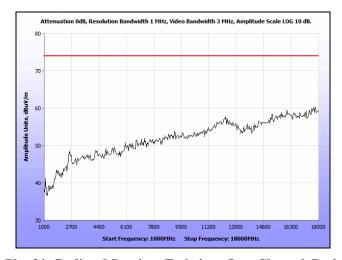
Test Date(s): 02/03/2015



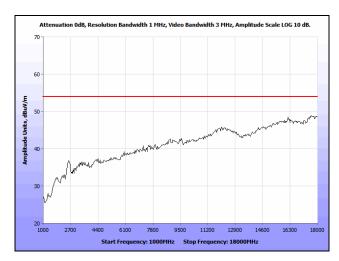
Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Results



Plot 33. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, Average

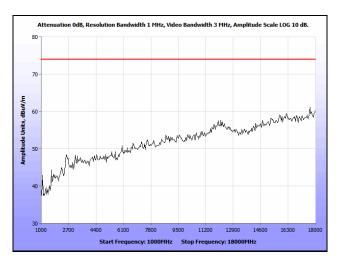


Plot 34. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, Peak

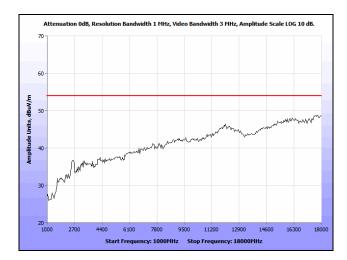


Plot 35. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, Average

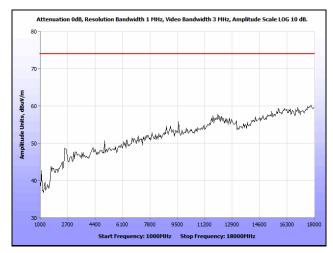




Plot 36. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, Peak



Plot 37. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, Average



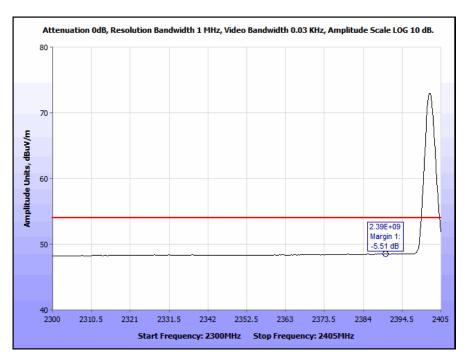
Plot 38. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, Peak



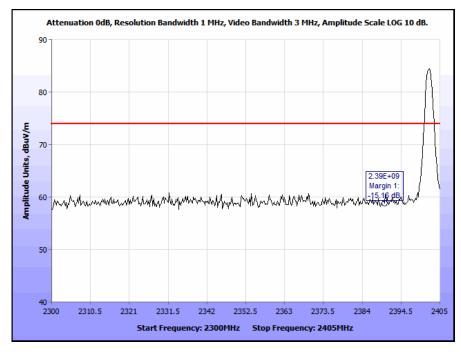
Radiated Band Edge Measurements

Test Procedures:

The transmitter was turned on. Measurements were performed of the low and high Channels. The EUT was rotated orthogonally through all three axes. Plots shown are corrected for both antenna correction factor and distance.

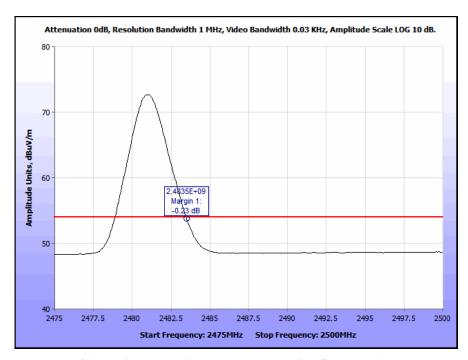


Plot 39. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Low Channel, Average

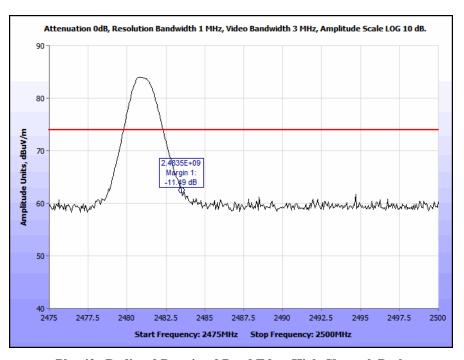


Plot 40. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Low Channel, Peak





Plot 41. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, High Channel, Average



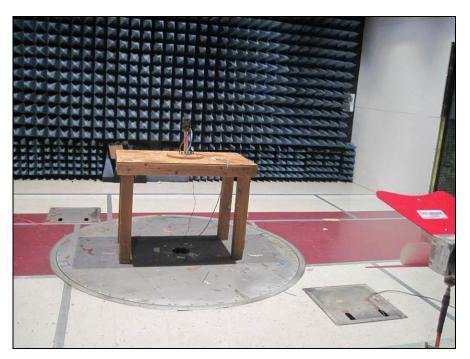
Plot 42. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, High Channel, Peak



Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Setup



Photograph 2. Radiated Spurious Emissions 30 MHz – 1 GHz, Test Setup



Photograph 3. Radiated Spurious Emissions 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Test Setup



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(d) RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Requirements and Band Edge

Test Requirement:

15.247(d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.

Test Procedure:

For intentional radiators with a digital device portion which operates below 10 GHz, the spectrum was investigated as per §15.33(a)(1) and §15.33(a)(4); i.e., the lowest RF signal generated or used in the device up to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower.

See following pages for detailed test results with RF Conducted Spurious Emissions.

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the Conducted Spurious Emission limits of §15.247(d).

Test Engineer(s): Ajaz Khan

Test Date(s): 02/04/15

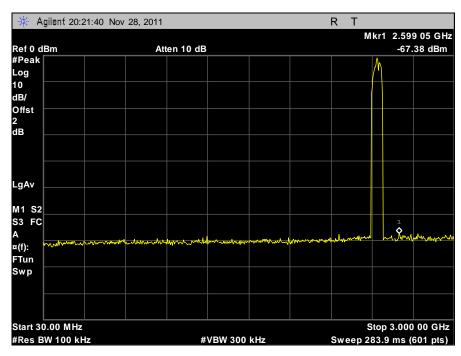


Figure 4. Block Diagram, Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Setup

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Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Results, 8PSK



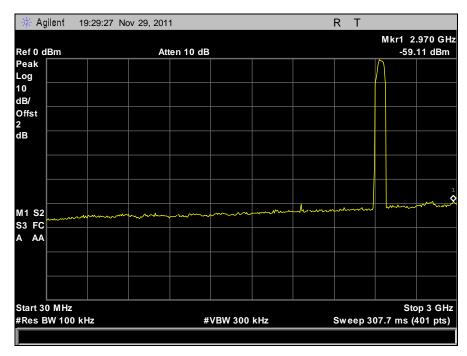
Plot 43. Conducted Spurious Emissions, 30 MHz - 3 GHz, 8PSK



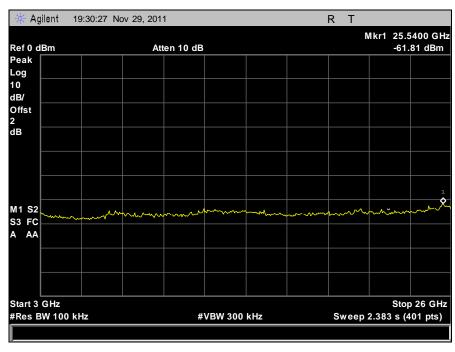
Plot 44. Conducted Spurious Emissions, 3 GHz - 26 GHz, 8PSK



Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Results, DPSK



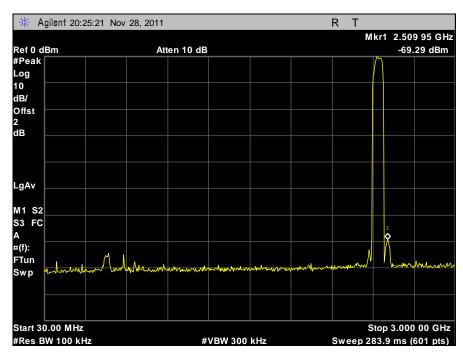
Plot 45. Conducted Spurious Emissions, 30 MHz – 3 GHz, DPSK



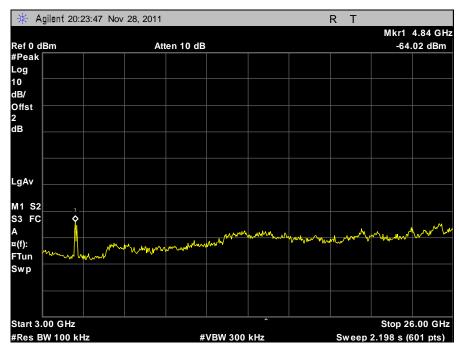
Plot 46. Conducted Spurious Emissions, 3 GHz - 26 GHz, DPSK



Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Results, GFSK



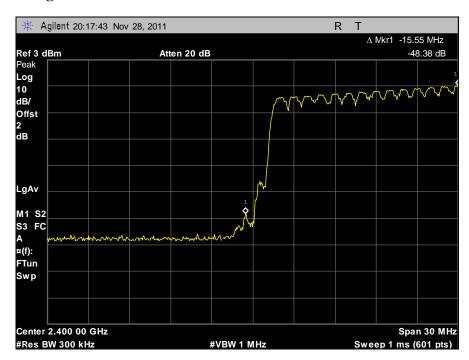
Plot 47. Conducted Spurious Emissions, 30 MHz – 3 GHz, GFSK



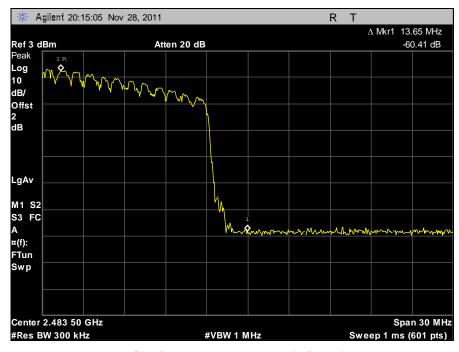
Plot 48. Conducted Spurious Emissions, 3 GHz - 26 GHz, GFSK



Conducted Band Edge Test Results

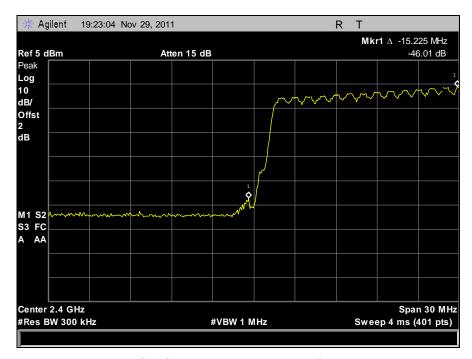


Plot 49. Conducted Band Edge, 8PSK, Low

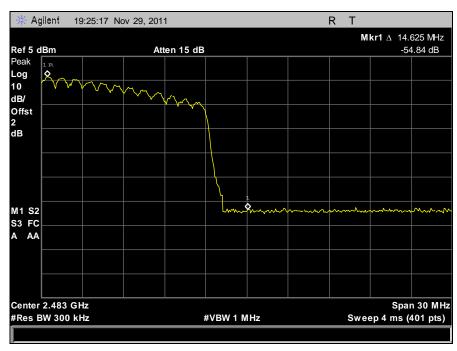


Plot 50. Conducted Band Edge, 8PSK, High



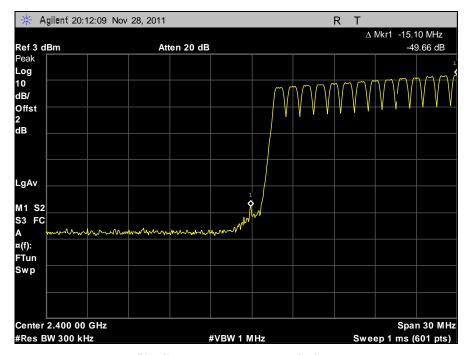


Plot 51. Conducted Band Edge, DPSK, Low

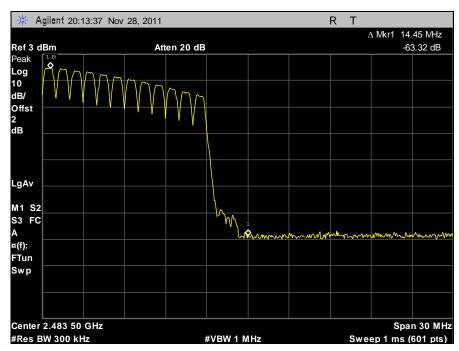


Plot 52. Conducted Band Edge, DPSK, High





Plot 53. Conducted Band Edge, GFSK, Low



Plot 54. Conducted Band Edge, GFSK, High



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(g)(h) Declaration Statements for FHSS



12/30/2011

MET Laboratories, Inc.

914 West Patapsco Ave.

Baltimore, MD 21230

RE: DECLARATION FOR modem AS-HLRTR-01 with FCC ID VOI-ANMHLORTR-01

To Whom it May Concern:

This letter serves as an official statement that the above mentioned product is compliant with FCC Specifications 15.247h and 15.247h.

15.247 (g) Frequency hopping spread spectrum systems are not required to employ all available hopping channels during each transmission. However, the system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations

in this section should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream. In addition, a system employing short transmission bursts must comply with the definition of a frequency hopping system and must distribute its transmissions over the minimum number of hopping channels specified in this section.

15.247 (h) The incorporation of intelligence within a frequency hopping spread spectrum system that permits the system to recognize other users within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently chooses and adapts its hopsets to avoid hopping on occupied channels is permitted. The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

Please contact me if there is any information you need.

Sincerely,

Doug Moeller Chief Technology Officer

Autonet Mobile, Inc. 1700 Montgomery Ste. 111, San Francisco, CA 94111 Support - 1-800-977-2107 support@autonetmobile.com www.autonetmobile.com



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(i) Maximum Permissible Exposure

RF Exposure Requirements: §1.1307(b)(1) and §1.1307(b)(2): Systems operating under the provisions of this

section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to

radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

RF Radiation Exposure Limit: §1.1310: As specified in this section, the Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)

Limit shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radiofrequency (RF) radiation as specified in Sec. 1.1307(b), except in the case of portable devices which shall be evaluated according to the provisions of Sec. 2.1093 of

this chapter.

MPE Limit Calculation: EUT's operating frequencies @ $\underline{2400-2483.5 \text{ MHz}}$; highest conducted power = $0.867 \, dBm$ (peak) therefore, **Limit for Uncontrolled exposure:** 1 mW/cm² or 10 W/m²

EUT maximum antenna gain = 1.88 dBi.

Equation from page 18 of OET 65, Edition 97-01

 $S = PG / 4\pi R^2$ or $R = \sqrt{PG / 4\pi S}$

where, $S = Power Density (1 mW/cm^2)$

P = Power Input to antenna (1.221mW)

G = Antenna Gain (1.542 numeric)

R = Minimum Distance between User and Antenna (20 cm)

 $S = (1.221*1.542)/(4*3.14*20^2) = 1.883/5024 = 0.000375 \text{ mW/cm}^2$

Since $S < 1 \text{ mW/cm}^2$, the minimum distance (R) is 20cm



IV. Test Equipment



Test Equipment

Calibrated test equipment utilized during testing was maintained in a current state of calibration per the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025:2005.

MET Asset #	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Last Cal Date	Cal Due Date
1S2607	SPECTRUM ANALYZER ESA	AGILENT/HP	E4407B	9/11/2014	3/11/2016
1S2691	DUAL-LINE V-LISN	TESEQ	NNB-51	12/5/2014	12/5/2015
1S2633	TRANSIENT LIMITER	FISCHER CUSTOM COMMUNICATIONS INC.	FCC-450B-2.4-N	1/8/2014	1/8/2016
1S2399	TURNTABLE CONTROLLER	SUNOL SCIENCE	SC99V	N/A	
1S2501	EMI TEST RECEIVER 20HZ- 40GHZ	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	ESU40	9/12/2014	9/12/2015
1S2482	5 METER CHAMBER	PANASHIELD	641431	8/12/2013	2/12/2015
1S2460	SPECTRUM ANALYZER	AGILENT	E4407B	2/27/2014	8/27/2015
1S2583	SPECTRUM ANALYZER	AGILENT/HP	E4447A	11/1/2013	5/1/2015
1S2600	BILOG ANTENNA	TESEQ	CBL6112D	8/29/2013	8/29/2015
1S2523	PREAMP (1-26.5GHZ)	AGILENT	8449B	SEE NOTE	
1S2198	HORN ANTENNA	EMCO	3115	5/20/2014	11/20/2015
N/A	HIGH PASS FILTER	MICRO-TRONICS	HPM13147	SEE I	NOTE

Table 18. Test Equipment List

Note: Functionally tested equipment is verified using calibrated instrumentation at the time of testing.





A. Certification Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart I — Marketing of Radio frequency devices:

§ 2.801 Radio-frequency device defined.

As used in this part, a radio-frequency device is any device which in its operation is capable of Emitting radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means. Radio-frequency devices include, but are not limited to:

- (a) The various types of radio communication transmitting devices described throughout this chapter.
- (b) The incidental, unintentional and intentional radiators defined in Part 15 of this chapter.
- (c) The industrial, scientific, and medical equipment described in Part 18 of this chapter.
- (d) Any part or component thereof which in use emits radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means.

§ 2.803 Marketing of radio frequency devices prior to equipment authorization.

- (a) Except as provided elsewhere in this chapter, no person shall sell or lease, or offer for sale or lease (including advertising for sale or lease), or import, ship or distribute for the purpose of selling or leasing or offering for sale or lease, any radio frequency device unless:
 - (1) In the case of a device subject to certification, such device has been authorized by the Commission in accordance with the rules in this chapter and is properly identified and labeled as required by §2.925 and other relevant sections in this chapter; or
 - (2) In the case of a device that is not required to have a grant of equipment authorization issued by the Commission, but which must comply with the specified technical standards prior to use, such device also complies with all applicable administrative (including verification of the equipment or authorization under a Declaration of Conformity, where required), technical, labeling and identification requirements specified in this chapter.
- (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, the offer for sale solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical users (but not an offer for sale to other parties or to end users located in a residential environment) of a radio frequency device that is in the conceptual, developmental, design or preproduction stage is permitted prior to equipment authorization or, for devices not subject to the equipment authorization requirements, prior to a determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements provided that the prospective buyer is advised in writing at the time of the offer for sale that the equipment is subject to the FCC rules and that the equipment will comply with the appropriate rules before delivery to the buyer or to centers of distribution.



- (e)(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, prior to equipment authorization or determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements any radio frequency device may be operated, but not marketed, for the following purposes and under the following conditions:
 - (i) Compliance testing;
 - (ii) Demonstrations at a trade show provided the notice contained in paragraph (c) of this section is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;
 - (iii) Demonstrations at an exhibition conducted at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical location, but excluding locations in a residential environment, provided the notice contained in paragraphs (c) or (d) of this section, as appropriate, is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device:
 - (iv) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability, provided such operation takes place at the manufacturer's facilities during developmental, design or pre-production states; or
 - (v) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability where customer acceptability of a radio frequency device cannot be determined at the manufacturer's facilities because of size or unique capability of the device, provided the device is operated at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical user's site, but not at a residential site, during the development, design or pre-production stages.
- (e)(2) For the purpose of paragraphs (e)(1)(iv) and (e)(1)(v) of this section, the term *manufacturer's facilities* includes the facilities of the party responsible for compliance with the regulations and the manufacturer's premises, as well as the facilities of other entities working under the authorization of the responsible party in connection with the development and manufacture, but not the marketing, of the equipment.
- (f) For radio frequency devices subject to verification and sold solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific and medical users (excluding products sold to other parties or for operation in a residential environment), parties responsible for verification of the devices shall have the option of ensuring compliance with the applicable technical specifications of this chapter at each end user's location after installation, provided that the purchase or lease agreement includes a proviso that such a determination of compliance be made and is the responsibility of the party responsible for verification of the equipment.



The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart J — Equipment Authorization Procedures:

§ 2.901 Basis and Purpose

- (a) In order to carry out its responsibilities under the Communications Act and the various treaties and international regulations, and in order to promote efficient use of the radio spectrum, the Commission has developed technical standards for radio frequency equipment and parts or components thereof. The technical standards applicable to individual types of equipment are found in that part of the rules governing the service wherein the equipment is to be operated. In addition to the technical standards provided, the rules governing the service may require that such equipment be verified by the manufacturer or importer, be authorized under a Declaration of Conformity, or receive an equipment authorization from the Commission by one of the following procedures: certification or registration.
- (b) The following sections describe the verification procedure, the procedure for a Declaration of Conformity, and the procedures to be followed in obtaining certification from the Commission and the conditions attendant to such a grant.

§ 2.907 Certification.

(a) Certification is an equipment authorization issued by the Commission, based on representation and test data submitted by the applicant.

(b) Certification attaches to all units subsequently marketed by the grantee which are identical (see Section 2.908) to the sample tested except for permissive changes or other variations authorized by the Commission pursuant to Section 2.1043.

¹ In this case, the equipment is subject to the rules of Part 15. More specifically, the equipment falls under Subpart B (of Part 15), which deals with unintentional radiators.



§ 2.948 Description of measurement facilities.

- (a) Each party making measurements of equipment that is subject to an equipment authorization under Part 15 or Part 18 of this chapter, regardless of whether the measurements are filed with the Commission or kept on file by the party responsible for compliance of equipment marketed within the U.S. or its possessions, shall compile a description of the measurement facilities employed.
 - (1) If the measured equipment is subject to the verification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be retained by the party responsible for verification of the equipment.
 - (i) If the equipment is verified through measurements performed by an independent laboratory, it is acceptable for the party responsible for verification of the equipment to rely upon the description of the measurement facilities retained by or placed on file with the Commission by that laboratory. In this situation, the party responsible for the verification of the equipment is not required to retain a duplicate copy of the description of the measurement facilities.
 - (ii) If the equipment is verified based on measurements performed at the installation site of the equipment, no specific site calibration data is required. It is acceptable to retain the description of the measurement facilities at the site at which the measurements were performed.
 - (2) If the equipment is to be authorized by the Commission under the certification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be filed with the Commission's Laboratory in Columbia, Maryland. The data describing the measurement facilities need only be filed once but must be updated as changes are made to the measurement facilities or as otherwise described in this section. At least every three years, the organization responsible for filing the data with the Commission shall certify that the data on file is current.

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1. Label and User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart A — General:

§ 15.19 Labeling requirements.

- (a) In addition to the requirements in Part 2 of this chapter, a device subject to certification or verification shall be labeled as follows:
 - (1) Receivers associated with the operation of a licensed radio service, e.g., FM broadcast under Part 73 of this chapter, land mobile operation under Part 90, etc., shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the condition that this device does not cause harmful interference.

(2) A stand-alone cable input selector switch, shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device is verified to comply with Part 15 of the FCC Rules for use with cable television service.

(3) All other devices shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

- (4) Where a device is constructed in two or more sections connected by wires and marketed together, the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section is required to be affixed only to the main control unit.
- (5) When the device is so small or for such use that it is not practicable to place the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section on it, the information required by this paragraph shall be placed in a prominent location in the instruction manual or pamphlet supplied to the user or, alternatively, shall be placed on the container in which the device is marketed. However, the FCC identifier or the unique identifier, as appropriate, must be displayed on the device.

§ 15.21 Information to user.

The users manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.



The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart B — Unintentional Radiators:

§ 15.105 Information to the user.

(a) For a Class A digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at own expense.

(b) For a Class B digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a residential environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.



End of Report