

MET Laboratories, Inc. Safety Certification - EMI - Telecom Environmental Simulation

914 WEST PATAPSCO AVENUE • BALTIMORE, MARYLAND 21230-3432 • PHONE (410) 354-3300 • FAX (410) 354-3313 33439 WESTERN AVENUE • UNION CITY, CALIFORNIA 94587 • PHONE (510) 489-6300 • FAX (510) 489-6372 3162 BELICK STREET • SANTA CLARA, CA 95054 • PHONE (408) 748-3585 • FAX (510) 489-6372 13301 MCCALLEN PASS • AUSTIN, TEXAS 78753 • PHONE (512) 287-2500 • FAX (512) 287-2513

August 4, 2014

Autonet Mobile 1700 Montgomery Suite 111 San Francisco, CA 94111

Dear Doug Moeller,

Enclosed is the EMC Wireless test report for compliance testing of the Autonet Mobile, HELIO as tested to the requirements of Title 47 of the CFR, Ch. 1 (10-1-06 ed.), Part 15, Subpart B for a Class B Digital Device and FCC Part 15 Subpart C for Intentional Radiators.

Thank you for using the services of MET Laboratories, Inc. If you have any questions regarding these results or if MET can be of further service to you, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely yours,

MET LABORATORIES, INC.

Jennifer Warnell

Documentation Department

Reference: (\Autonet Mobile\EMCS42492A-FCC247)

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Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria Test Report

for the

Autonet Mobile HELIO

Tested under

the FCC Certification Rules
contained in
Title 47 of the CFR, Parts 15 Subpart B
for Class B Digital Devices
&
15.247 Subpart C for Intentional Radiators

MET Report: EMCS42492A-FCC247

August 4, 2014

Prepared For:

Autonet Mobile 1700 Montgomery Suite 111 San Francisco, CA 94111

> Prepared By: MET Laboratories, Inc. 3162 Belick St. Santa Clara, CA 95054



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15.247 Subpart C for Intentional Radiators

Ajaz Khan, Project Engineer Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab Jennifer Warnell Documentation Department

Juife Wands

Engineering Statement: The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures indicated, and the emissions from this equipment were found to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them. It is further stated that upon the basis of the measurements made, the equipment tested is capable of operation in accordance with the requirements of the FCC Rules Parts 15B, 15.247 under normal use and maintenance.

Asad Bajwa,

Director, Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab

a Bajura.



Report Status Sheet

Revision Report Date		Reason for Revision		
Ø	August 4, 2014	Initial Issue.		



Table of Contents

I.	Executive Summary	1
	A. Purpose of Test	2
	B. Executive Summary	2
II.	Equipment Configuration	3
	A. Overview	4
	B. References	5
	C. Test Site	5
	D. Description of Test Sample	6
	E. Equipment Configuration	7
	F. Support Equipment	7
	G. Ports and Cabling Information	7
	H. Mode of Operation	8
	I. Modifications	8
	a) Modifications to EUT	8
	b) Modifications to Test Standard	8
	J. Disposition of EUT	8
III.	Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Unintentional Radiators	
	§ 15.107(a) Conducted Emissions Limits	
	§ 15.109(a) Radiated Emissions Limits	
IV.	Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators	17
	§ 15.203 Antenna Requirement	
	§ 15.207(a) Conducted Emissions Limits	19
	§ 15.247(a)(a) 6 dB Bandwidth	
	§ 15.247(b) Peak Power Output	24
	§ 15.247(d) Radiated Spurious Emissions Requirements and Band Edge	
	§ 15.247(d) RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Requirements and Band Edge	41
	§ 15.247(e) Peak Power Spectral Density	48
V.	Test Equipment	
VI.	Certification & User's Manual Information	54
	A. Certification Information	
	B. Label and User's Manual Information	59

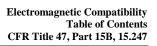


List of Tables

Table 1. Executive Summary of EMC Part 15.24/ Compliance Lesting	2
Table 2. EUT Summary Table	4
Table 3. References	5
Table 4. Equipment Configuration	
Table 5. Support Equipment	
Table 6. Ports and Cabling Information	
Table 7. Conducted Limits for Radio Frequency Devices calculated from FCC Part 15 Subsections 15.107(a) (b)	
15.207(a)	
Table 8. Radiated Emissions Limits calculated from FCC Part 15, §15.109 (a) (b)	
Table 9. Radiated Emissions Limits, Test Results, 30 MHz – 1 GHz, Standby Sleep Mode	
Table 9. Radiated Emissions Limits, Test Results, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Standby Sleep Mode	
Table 9. Radiated Emissions Limits, Test Results, 30 MHz – 1 GHz, Transmitting Mode	
Table 9. Radiated Emissions Limits, Test Results, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Transmitting Mode	
Table 10. Antenna List	
Table 11. Conducted Limits for Intentional Radiators from FCC Part 15 § 15.207(a)	
Table 12. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Test Results	
Table 13. Output Power Requirements from §15.247(b)	
Table 14. Peak Power Output, Test Results, 802.11b	
Table 16. Restricted Bands of Operation	
Table 17. Radiated Emissions Limits Calculated from FCC Part 15, § 15.209 (a)	
Table 18. Peak Power Spectral Density, Test Results, 802.11b	
Table 19. Peak Power Spectral Density, Test Results, 802.116	
Table 20. Test Equipment List	
Plot 1. Radiated Emissions, 30 MHz - 1 GHz, Standby Sleep Mode	12
Plot 1. Radiated Emissions, 30 MHz - 1 GHz, Standby Sleep Mode	
Plot 1. Radiated Emissions, 30 MHz - 1 GHz, Transmitting Mode	
Plot 1. Radiated Emissions, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Transmitting Mode	
Plot 2. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Low Channel, 802.11b.	
Plot 3. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Mid Channel, 802.11b	
Plot 4. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, High Channel, 802.11b	
Plot 5. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Low Channel, 802.11g	
Plot 6. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Mid Channel, 802.11g	23
Plot 7. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, High Channel, 802.11g	23
Plot 8. Peak Power Output, Low Channel, 802.11b	
Plot 9. Peak Power Output, Mid Channel, 802.11b	
Plot 10. Peak Power Output, High Channel, 802.11b	
Plot 11. Peak Power Output, Low Channel, 802.11g	
Plot 12. Peak Power Output, Mid Channel, 802.11g	
Plot 13. Peak Power Output, High Channel, 802.11g	
Plot 14. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 802.11b, 30 MHz – 1 GHz	
Plot 15. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 802.11b, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Average	
Plot 16. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 802.11b, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Peak	
Plot 17. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 802.11b, 30 MHz – 1 GHz	
Plot 19. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 802.11b, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Average	
Plot 20. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 802.11b, 30 MHz – 1 GHz	
Plot 21. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 802.11b, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Average	
Plot 22. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 802.11b, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Peak	
1 , the state of t	



Plot 23.	Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 802.11g, 30 MHz – 1 GHz	33
	Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 802.11g, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Average	
	Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 802.11g, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Peak	
Plot 26.	Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 802.11g, 30 MHz – 1 GHz	34
Plot 27.	Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 802.11g, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Average	34
	Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 802.11g, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Peak	
	Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 802.11g, 30 MHz – 1 GHz	
Plot 30.	Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 802.11g, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Average	35
	Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 802.11g, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Peak	
Plot 32.	Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Low Channel, 802.11b, Average	36
	Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Low Channel, 802.11b, Peak	
	Radiated Restricted Band Edge, High Channel, 802.11b, Average	
	Radiated Restricted Band Edge, High Channel, 802.11b, Peak	
	Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Low Channel, 802.11g, Average	
	Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Low Channel, 802.11g, Peak	
	Radiated Restricted Band Edge, High Channel, 802.11g, Average	
	Radiated Restricted Band Edge, High Channel, 802.11g, Peak	
	Conducted Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 30 MHz – 1 GHz, 802.11b	
	Conducted Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 1 GHz – 26.5 GHz, 802.11b	
	Conducted Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 30 MHz – 1 GHz, 802.11b	
	Conducted Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 1 GHz – 26.5 GHz, 802.11b	
	Conducted Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 30 MHz – 1 GHz, 802.11b	
	Conducted Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 1 GHz – 26.5 GHz, 802.11b	
	Conducted Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 30 MHz – 1 GHz, 802.11g	
	Conducted Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 1 GHz – 26.5 GHz, 802.11g	
	Conducted Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 30 MHz – 1 GHz, 802.11g	
	Conducted Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 1 GHz – 26.5 GHz, 802.11g	
	Conducted Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 30 MHz – 1 GHz, 802.11g	
	Conducted Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 1 GHz – 26.5 GHz, 802.11g	
	Conducted Band Edge, 802.11b, Low Channel	
	Conducted Band Edge, 802.11b, High Channel	
Plot 54	Conducted Band Edge, 802.11g, Low Channel	47
	Conducted Band Edge, 802.11g, High Channel	
	Peak Power Spectral Density, Low Channel, 802.11b	
Plot 57	Peak Power Spectral Density, Mid Channel, 802.11b	50
	Peak Power Spectral Density, High Channel, 802.11b	
	Peak Power Spectral Density, Ingit Channel, 802.116	
	Peak Power Spectral Density, Mid Channel, 802.11g	
	Peak Power Spectral Density, High Channel, 802.11g	
1 101 01.	Teak Tower Spectral Delisity, High Chamier, 602.11g	
	List of Figures	
Figure 1	. Block Diagram of Test Configuration	6
	2. Block Diagram, Occupied Bandwidth Test Setup	
	3. Peak Power Output Test Setup	
	l. Block Diagram, Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Setup	
	5. Block Diagram, Peak Power Spectral Density Test Setup	
1 iguic 3		
	List of Photographs	
Photogra	aph 1. Autonet Mobile HELIO	6
	aph 2. Radiated Emissions, Test Setup, 30 MHz – 1 GHz	
	aph 3. Radiated Emission, Test Setup, 1 GHz – 18 GHz	
Ū	-	





Photograph 4.	Radiated Spurious Emissions, 30 MHz – 18 GHz, Test Setup	.40
Photograph 5.	Radiated Spurious Emissions, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Test Setup	.40



List of Terms and Abbreviations

AC	Alternating Current
ACF	Antenna Correction Factor
Cal	Calibration
d	Measurement Distance
dB	Decibels
dBμA	Decibels above one microamp
dBμV	Decibels above one microvolt
dBμA/m	Decibels above one microamp per meter
dBμV/m	Decibels above one microvolt per meter
DC	Direct Current
E	Electric Field
DSL	Digital Subscriber Line
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge
EUT	Equipment Under Test
f	Frequency
FCC	Federal Communications Commission
GRP	Ground Reference Plane
Н	Magnetic Field
НСР	Horizontal Coupling Plane
Hz	Hertz
IEC	International Electrotechnical Commission
kHz	kilohertz
kPa	kilopascal
kV	kilovolt
LISN	Line Impedance Stabilization Network
MHz	Megahertz
μΗ	microhenry
μ	microfarad
μs	microseconds
NEBS	Network Equipment-Building System
PRF	Pulse Repetition Frequency
RF	Radio Frequency
RMS	Root-Mean-Square
TWT	Traveling Wave Tube
V/m	Volts per meter
VCP	Vertical Coupling Plane



I. Executive Summary



A. Purpose of Test

An EMC evaluation was performed to determine compliance of the Autonet Mobile HELIO, with the requirements of Part 15, §15.247. All references are to the most current version of Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations in effect. In accordance with §2.1033, the following data is presented in support of the Certification of the HELIO. Autonet Mobile should retain a copy of this document which should be kept on file for at least two years after the manufacturing of the HELIO, has been **permanently** discontinued.

B. Executive Summary

The following tests were conducted on a sample of the equipment for the purpose of demonstrating compliance with Part 15, §15.247, in accordance with Autonet Mobile, purchase order number 731. All tests were conducted using measurement procedure ANSI C63.4-2003.

FCC Reference 47 CFR Part 15.247:2005	Description	Compliance	
47 CFR Part 15.107 (a)	Conducted Emission Limits for a Class B Digital Device	Not Applicable	
47 CFR Part 15.109 (a)	Radiated Emission Limits for a Class B Digital Device	Compliant	
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.203	Antenna Requirement	Compliant	
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.207(a)	Conducted Emission Limits	Not Applicable	
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(a)(2)	6dB Occupied Bandwidth	Compliant	
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(b)	Peak Power Output	Compliant	
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(d); §15.209; §15.205	Radiated Spurious Emissions Requirements	Compliant	
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(d)	RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Requirements	Compliant	
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(d)	RF Conducted Band Edge	Compliant	
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15; §15.247(e)	Peak Power Spectral Density	Compliant	
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(i)	Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)	Compliant	

Table 1. Executive Summary of EMC Part 15.247 ComplianceTesting



II. Equipment Configuration



A. Overview

MET Laboratories, Inc. was contracted by Autonet Mobile to perform testing on the HELIO, under Autonet Mobile's purchase order number 731.

This document describes the test setups, test methods, required test equipment, and the test limit criteria used to perform compliance testing of the Autonet Mobile, HELIO.

The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.

Model(s) Tested:	HELIO			
Model(s) Covered:	HELIO			
	Primary Power: 120 VAC	C, 60 Hz		
	FCC ID: VOI-ANMKNN	3RTR-01		
EUT	Type of Modulations:	OFDM		
Specifications:	Equipment Code:	DTS		
	Peak RF Output Power:	15.69dBm		
	EUT Frequency Ranges: 2412 – 2462 MHz			
Analysis:	The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.			
	Temperature: 15-35° C			
Environmental Test Conditions:	Relative Humidity: 30-60%			
	Barometric Pressure: 860-1060 mbar			
Evaluated by:	Ajaz Khan			
Report Date(s):	August 4, 2014			

Table 2. EUT Summary Table



B. References

CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart C	Federal Communication Commission, Code of Federal Regulations, Title 47, Part 15: General Rules and Regulations, Allocation, Assignment, and Use of Radio Frequencies	
CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart B	Electromagnetic Compatibility: Criteria for Radio Frequency Devices	
ANSI C63.4:2003	Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical And Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz	
ANSI/NCSL Z540-1-1994	Calibration Laboratories and Measuring and Test Equipment - General Requirements	
ANSI/ISO/IEC 17025;2000	General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories	
ANSI C63.10-2009 American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless De		

Table 3. References

C. Test Site

All testing was performed at MET Laboratories, Inc., 3162 Belick St., Santa Clara, CA 95054. All equipment used in making physical determinations is accurate and bears recent traceability to the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

Radiated Emissions measurements were performed in a 5 meter semi-anechoic chamber (equivalent to an Open Area Test Site). In accordance with §2.948(a)(3), a complete site description is contained at MET Laboratories.



D. Description of Test Sample

The Autonet Mobile HELIO, Equipment Under Test (EUT), is as follows:

Telematics Control Unit (TCU) for cars which provides connectivity for embedded applications in the head unit or standalone applications that can be accessed from a smartphone with desktop.



Photograph 1. Autonet Mobile HELIO

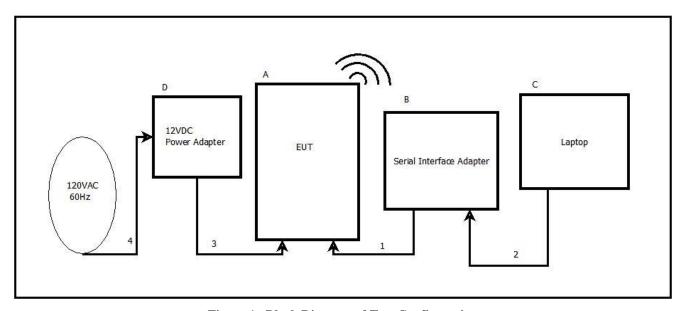


Figure 1. Block Diagram of Test Configuration

MET Report: EMCS42492A-FCC247



E. Equipment Configuration

The EUT was set up as outlined in Figure 1, Block Diagram of Test Setup. All cards, racks, etc., incorporated as part of the EUT is included in the following list.

Ref. ID Name / Description		Model Number	Serial Number	
A 802.11b/g and Bluetooth Access Point		HELIO	HELIO-0022	

Table 4. Equipment Configuration

F. Support Equipment

Support equipment necessary for the operation and testing of the EUT is included in the following list.

Ref. ID Name / Description		Manufacturer	Model Number
B Laptop		Dell	Latitude D500
С	Serial interface module	Autonet	SE-1
D 12VDC Power Supply		SMP Technology Inc.	SAU212

Table 5. Support Equipment

G. Ports and Cabling Information

Ref. ID	Port Name on EUT	Cable Description	Qty.	Length (m)	Shielded (Y/N)	Termination Point
1	COM Port	Serial	1	.4	No	Serial Interface Module
2	Serial Interface Module	Serial	1	1.5	Yes	Serial Port on Laptop
3	12 VDC Power input	DC Power Cable	1	1.5	No	120VAC 60Hz

Table 6. Ports and Cabling Information



H. Mode of Operation

Using ART & BCCMD Software.

I. Modifications

a) Modifications to EUT

No modifications were made to the EUT.

b) Modifications to Test Standard

No modifications were made to the test standard.

J. Disposition of EUT

The test sample including all support equipment submitted to the Electro-Magnetic Compatibility Lab for testing was returned to Autonet Mobile upon completion of testing.





Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria

§ 15.107 Conducted Emissions Limits

Test Requirement(s):

15.107 (a) Except for Class A digital devices, for equipment that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in Table 7. Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminals.

15.107 (b) For a Class A digital device that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in Table 7. Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminals. The lower limit applies at the band edges.

15.207(a), Except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section*, charging, AC adapters or battery eliminators the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the Table 7, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequencies ranges.

Frequency range	Class A Cond (dB)		*Class B Conducted Limits (dBµV)		
(MHz)	Quasi-Peak	Average	Quasi-Peak	Average	
* 0.15- 0.45	79	66	66 - 56	56 - 46	
0.45 - 0.5	79	66	56	46	
0.5 - 30	73	60	60	50	

Note 1 — The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies.

Note 2 — The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm if the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.5 MHz.

Table 7. Conducted Limits for Radio Frequency Devices calculated from FCC Part 15 Subsections 15.107(a) (b) and 15.207(a)

Test Results:

The EUT was not applicable with the Class B requirement(s) of this section. The EUT is battery powered by 12VDC from car battery.

^{* --} Limits per Subsection 15.207(a).



Radiated Emission Limits

§ 15.109 Radiated Emissions Limits

Test Requirement(s):

15.109 (a) Except for Class A digital devices, the field strength of radiated emissions from unintentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the Class B limits expressed in Table 8.

15.109 (b) The field strength of radiated emissions from a Class A digital device, as determined at a distance of 10 meters, shall not exceed the Class A limits expressed in Table 8.

	Field Strength (dBµV/m)					
Frequency (MHz)	§15.109 (b), Class A Limit (dBμV) @ 10m	§15.109 (a),Class B Limit (dBμV) @ 3m				
30 - 88	39.00	40.00				
88 - 216	43.50	43.50				
216 - 960	46.40	46.00				
Above 960	49.50	54.00				

Table 8. Radiated Emissions Limits calculated from FCC Part 15, §15.109 (a) (b)

Test Procedures:

The EUT was placed on a non-metallic table, 80 cm above the ground plane inside a semi-anechoic chamber. The method of testing and test conditions of ANSI C63.4 were used. An antenna was located 3m from the EUT on an adjustable mast. A pre-scan was first performed in order to find prominent radiated emissions. For final emissions measurements at each frequency of interest, the EUT was rotated and the antenna height was varied between 1 m and 4 m in order to maximize the emission. Measurements in both horizontal and vertical polarities were made and the data was recorded. Unless otherwise specified, measurements were made using a quasi-peak detector with a 120 kHz bandwidth.

Test Results:

The EUT was compliant with the Class B requirement(s) of this section. Measured emissions were below applicable limits.

Test Engineer(s): Cliff DePuy

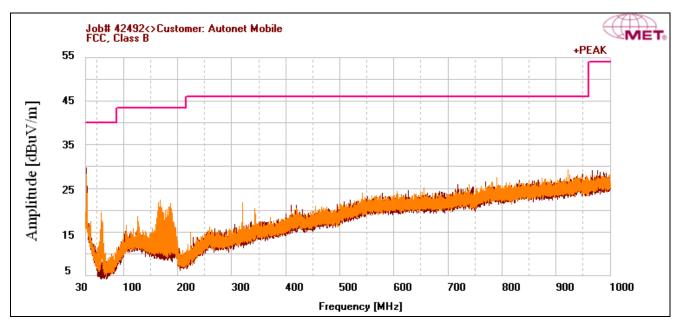
Test Date(s): 07/08/14



Radiated Emissions Limits Test Results, Class B

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Polarity	EUT Azimuth (Degrees)	Antenna Height (cm)	Uncorrected Amplitude (dBµV)	ACF (dB/m)	Pre Amp Gain (dB)	CBL (dB)	DCF (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV)	Margin (dB)
31.96	Н	86	269.82	9.2	17.721	0	0.989	0	27.91	40	-12.09
31.96	V	112	100	8.5	17.721	0	0.989	0	27.21	40	-12.79
59.96	V	5	100	8.2	6.604	0	1.364	0	16.168	40	-23.832
166.58	V	235	100	7.5	10.008	0	2.301	0	19.809	43.5	-23.691
320	V	0	155	4.7	13.6	0	3.234	0	21.534	46	-24.466
903.84	V	0	100	2.7	20.506	0	5.512	0	28.718	46	-17.282

Table 9. Radiated Emissions Limits, Test Results, 30 MHz - 1 GHz, Standby Sleep Mode

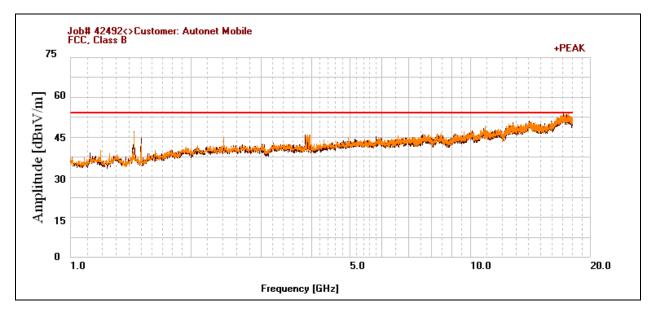


Plot 1. Radiated Emissions, 30 MHz - 1 GHz, Standby Sleep Mode



Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Polarity	EUT Azimuth (Degrees)	Antenna Height (cm)	Uncorrected Amplitude (dBµV)	ACF (dB/m)	Pre Amp Gain (dB)	CBL (dB)	DCF (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV)	Margin (dB)
1440	V	157	100	32.69	28.344	33.365	0	0	27.669	54	-26.331
1440	Н	262	100	33.83	28.344	33.365	0	0	28.809	54	-25.191
1500	Н	85	102.2	47.34	28.2	33.34	0	0	42.2	54	-11.8
3940	V	0	100	30.78	33.7	35.403	0	0	29.077	54	-24.923
17233	V	0	100	25.76	42.12	27.826	0	0	40.054	54	-13.946
16715	Н	0	140.47	25.81	42.33	28.437	0	0	39.703	54	-14.297

Table 10. Radiated Emissions Limits, Test Results, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Standby Sleep Mode



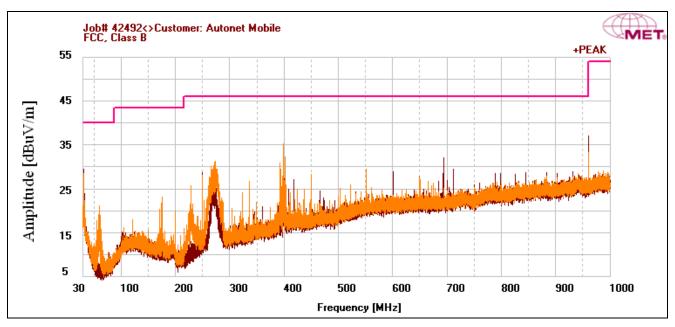
Plot 2. Radiated Emissions, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Standby Sleep Mode



Radiated Emissions Limits Test Results, Class B

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Polarity	EUT Azimuth (Degrees)	Antenna Height (cm)	Uncorrected Amplitude (dBµV)	ACF (dB/m)	Pre Amp Gain (dB)	CBL (dB)	DCF (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV)	Margin (dB)
32.04	Н	0	241.88	12.4	17.683	0	0.99	0	31.073	40	-8.927
32.04	V	359.9	100	10.2	17.683	0	0.99	0	28.873	40	-11.127
273.96	V	65	100	13.9	12.671	0	3.009	0	29.58	46	-16.42
399	V	186	135.64	17.2	15.513	0	3.605	0	36.318	46	-9.682
401.28	V	234	100	7.2	15.622	0	3.615	0	26.437	46	-19.563
960	Н	22	100	10.3	20.84	0	5.677	0	36.817	54	-17.183

Table 11. Radiated Emissions Limits, Test Results, 30 MHz - 1 GHz, Transmitting Mode

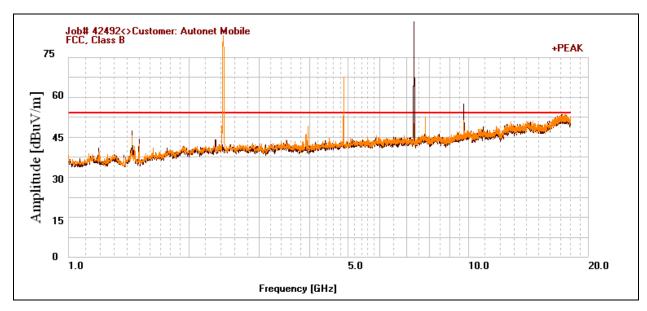


Plot 3. Radiated Emissions, 30 MHz - 1 GHz, Transmitting Mode



Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Polarity	EUT Azimuth (Degrees)	Antenna Height (cm)	Uncorrected Amplitude (dBµV)	ACF (dB/m)	Pre Amp Gain (dB)	CBL (dB)	DCF (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV)	Margin (dB)
1439	Н	255	100	38.65	28.346	33.366	0	0	33.63	54	-20.37
1440	V	237	100	36.14	28.344	33.365	0	0	31.119	54	-22.881
1500	Н	86	103.1	47.16	28.2	33.34	0	0	42.02	54	-11.98
7798	V	144	140.05	46.13	36.3	32.263	0	0	50.167	54	-3.833
17353	V	0	100	26.29	42.1	27.803	0	0	40.587	54	-13.413
17148	Н	0	100	25.4	42.222	27.842	0	0	39.78	54	-14.22

Table 12. Radiated Emissions Limits, Test Results, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Transmitting Mode



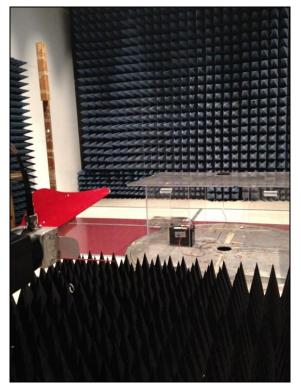
Plot 4. Radiated Emissions, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Transmitting Mode



Radiated Emission Limits Test Setup



Photograph 2. Radiated Emissions, Test Setup, 30 MHz – 1 GHz



Photograph 3. Radiated Emission, Test Setup, 1 GHz – 18 GHz





§ 15.203 Antenna Requirement

Test Requirement:

§ 15,203: An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

The structure and application of the EUT were analyzed to determine compliance with Section 15.203 of the Rules. Section 15.203 states that the subject device must meet at least one of the following criteria:

- a.) Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.
- b.) Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.
- c.) Unit must be professionally installed. Installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.

Results: The EUT as tested is compliant the criteria of §15.203. The EUT has an integral antenna.

Test Engineer(s): Anderson Soungpanya

Test Date(s): 11/21/11

Gain	Type	Manufacturer		
1.88dBi	Ceramic Chip	Autonet		

Table 13. Antenna List



§ 15.207(a) Conducted Emissions Limits

Test Requirement(s):

§ 15.207 (a): For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 Σ line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency range	§ 15.207(a), Cond	ucted Limit (dBµV)
(MHz)	Quasi-Peak	Average
* 0.15- 0.45	66 - 56	56 - 46
0.45 - 0.5	56	46
0.5 - 30	60	50

Table 14. Conducted Limits for Intentional Radiators from FCC Part 15 § 15.207(a)

Test Results: The EUT was not applicable with this requirement. The EUT is battery powered by 12 VDC

from car battery.



§ 15.247(a)(2) 6 dB Bandwidth

Test Requirements: § 15.247(a)(2): Operation under the provisions of this section is limited to frequency hopping

and digitally modulated intentional radiators that comply with the following provisions:

For systems using digital modulation techniques, the EUT may operate in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz and 5725-5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least

500 kHz.

Test Procedure: The transmitter was on and transmitting at the highest output power. The bandwidth of the

fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using a RBW approximately 1% of the total emission bandwidth, VBW > RBW. The 6 dB Bandwidth was measured and

recorded. The measurements were performed on the low, mid and high channels.

Test Results The EUT was compliant with § 15.247 (a)(2).

The 6 dB Bandwidth was determined from the plots on the following pages.

Test Engineer(s): Anderson Soungpanya

Test Date(s): 11/21/11



Figure 2. Block Diagram, Occupied Bandwidth Test Setup



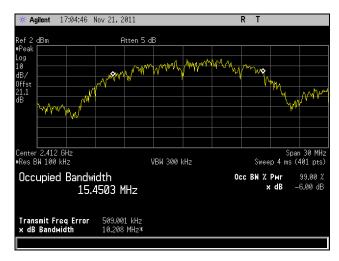
Occupied Bandwidth Test Results

	Occupied Bandwidth							
Mode	Carrier Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured 6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)					
	Low	2412	10.208					
802.11b	Mid	2437	11.597					
	High	2462	10.842					
	Low	2412	15.368					
802.11g	Mid	2437	16.521					
	High	2462	16.526					

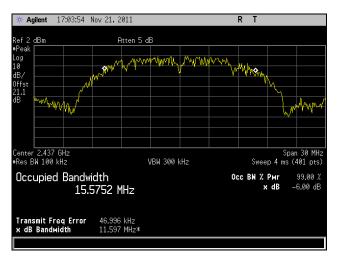
Table 15. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Test Results



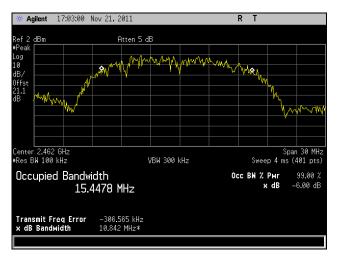
Occupied Bandwidth Test Results, 802.11b



Plot 5. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Low Channel, 802.11b



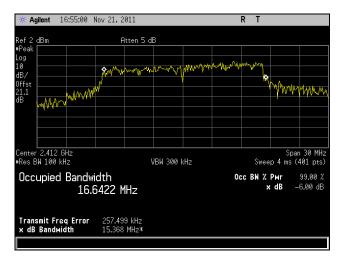
Plot 6. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Mid Channel, 802.11b



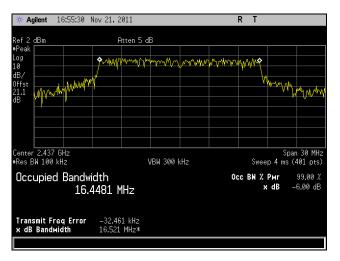
Plot 7. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, High Channel, 802.11b



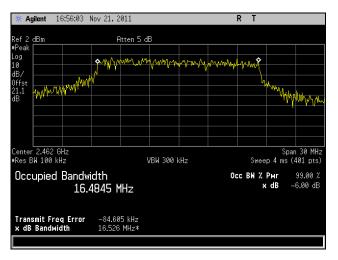
Occupied Bandwidth Test Results, 802.11g



Plot 8. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Low Channel, 802.11g



Plot 9. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Mid Channel, 802.11g



Plot 10. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, High Channel, 802.11g



§ 15.247(b) Peak Power Output

Test Requirements:

§15.247(b): The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

Digital Transmission Systems (MHz)	Output Limit (Watts)
902-928	1.000
2400–2483.5	1.000
5725-5850	1.000

Table 16. Output Power Requirements from §15.247(b)

§15.247(c): if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used the peak output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in the Table 16, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Systems operating in the 2400 – 2483.5 MHz band and using a point to point application may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi provided the maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Systems operating in the 5725 - 5850 MHz band that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter peak output power.

Fixed, point-to-point operation excludes the use of point-to-multipoint systems, Omnidirectional applications, and multiple co-located intentional radiators transmitting the same information. The operator of the spread spectrum intentional radiator or, if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer is responsible for ensuring that the system is used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations. The instruction manual furnished with the intentional radiator shall contain language in the installation instructions informing the operator and the installer of this responsibility.

Test Procedure:

The transmitter was connected to a calibrated spectrum analyzer. The EUT was measured at the low, mid and high channels of each band at the maximum power level.

Test Results:

The EUT was compliant with the Peak Power Output limits of §15.247(b).

Test Engineer(s):

Anderson Soungpanya

Test Date(s):

11/21/11

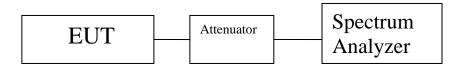


Figure 3. Peak Power Output Test Setup



Peak Power Output Test Results

Peak Conducted Output Power						
Carrier Frequency Measured Peak Output Power						
Channel	(MHz)	dBm				
Low	2412	4.55				
Mid	2437	9.82				
High	2462	8.15				

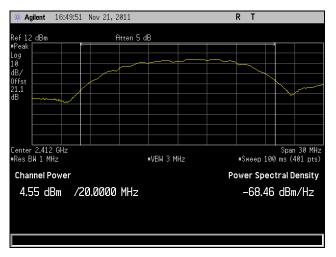
Table 17. Peak Power Output, Test Results, 802.11b

Peak Conducted Output Power								
Carrier	Carrier Frequency Measured Peak Output Power							
Channel	(MHz)	dBm						
Low	2412	10.38						
Mid	2437	15.69						
High	2462	14.24						

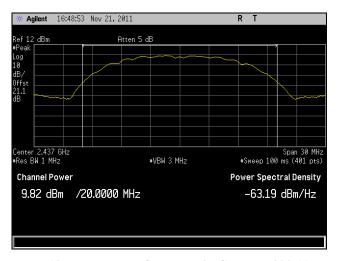
Table 18. Peak Power Output, Test Results, 802.11g



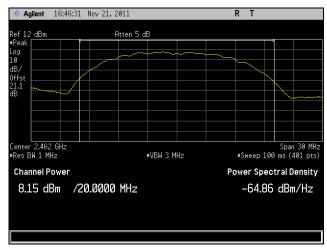
Peak Power Output Test Results, 802.11b



Plot 11. Peak Power Output, Low Channel, 802.11b



Plot 12. Peak Power Output, Mid Channel, 802.11b

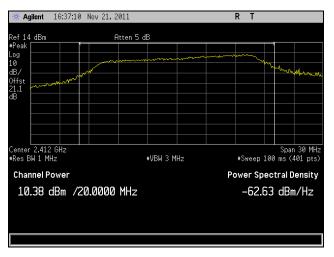


Plot 13. Peak Power Output, High Channel, 802.11b

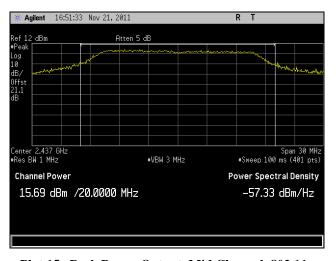
MET Report: EMCS42492A-FCC247



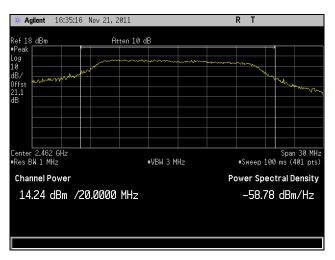
Peak Power Output Test Results, 802.11g



Plot 14. Peak Power Output, Low Channel, 802.11g



Plot 15. Peak Power Output, Mid Channel, 802.11g



Plot 16. Peak Power Output, High Channel, 802.11g

MET Report: EMCS42492A-FCC247



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(d) Radiated Spurious Emissions Requirements and Band Edge

Test Requirements: §15.247(d); §15.205: Emissions outside the frequency band.

§15.247(d): In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a).

§15.205(a): Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090-0.110	16.42–16.423	399.9–410	4.5–5.15
1 0.495–0.505	16.69475–16.69525	608–614	5.35–5.46
2.1735–2.1905	16.80425–16.80475	960–1240	7.25–7.75
4.125–4.128	25.5–25.67	1300–1427	8.025-8.5
4.17725–4.17775	37.5–38.25	1435–1626.5	9.0–9.2
4.20725-4.20775	73–74.6	1645.5–1646.5	9.3–9.5
6.215–6.218	74.8–75.2	1660–1710	10.6–12.7
6.26775–6.26825	108–121.94	1718.8–1722.2	13.25–13.4
6.31175–6.31225	123–138	2200–2300	14.47–14.5
8.291-8.294	149.9–150.05	2310–2390	15.35–16.2
8.362-8.366	156.52475-156.52525	2483.5–2500	17.7–21.4
8.37625-8.38675	156.7–156.9	2655–2900	22.01–23.12
8.41425–8.41475	162.0125–167.17	3260–3267	23.6–24.0
12.29–12.293	167.72–173.2	3332–3339	31.2–31.8
12.51975–12.52025	240–285	3345.8–3358 36.	43–36.5
12.57675–12.57725	322–335.4	3600–4400	(²)

Table 19. Restricted Bands of Operation

 $^{^{1}}$ Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be $0.490-0.510~\mathrm{MHz}.$

² Above 38.6



Test Requirement(s):

§ 15.209 (a): Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in Table 20.

Frequency (MHz)	§ 15.209(a),Radiated Emission Limits (dBμV) @ 3m
30 - 88	40.00
88 - 216	43.50
216 - 960	46.00
Above 960	54.00

Table 20. Radiated Emissions Limits Calculated from FCC Part 15, § 15.209 (a)

Test Procedures: The transmitter was turned on. Measurements were performed of the low, mid and high

Channels. The EUT was rotated orthogonally through all three axes. Plots shown are corrected for both antenna correction factor and distance and compared to a 3 m limit line. Only noise

floor was measured above 18 GHz.

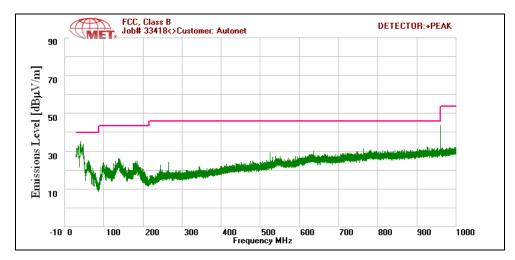
Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the Radiated Spurious Emission limits of § 15.247(d).

Test Engineer(s): Anderson Soungpanya

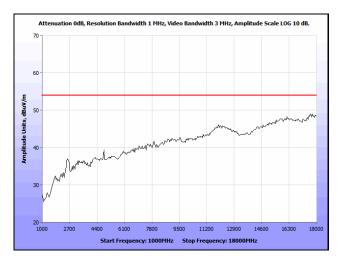
Test Date(s): 11/23/11



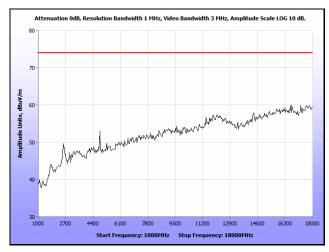
Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Results, 802.11b



Plot 17. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 802.11b, 30 MHz - 1 GHz

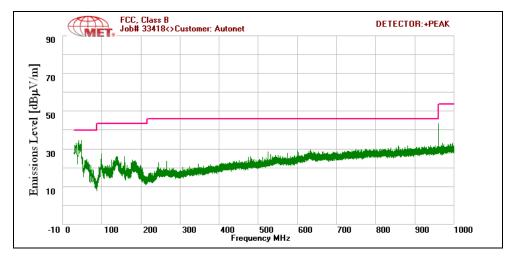


Plot 18. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 802.11b, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Average

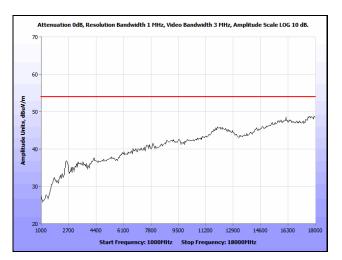


Plot 19. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 802.11b, 1 GHz - 18 GHz, Peak

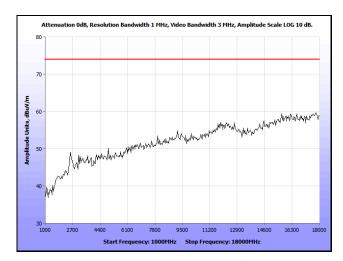




Plot 20. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 802.11b, 30 MHz - 1 GHz

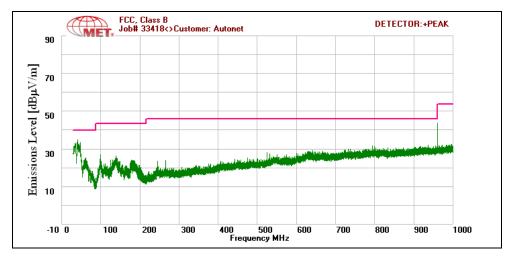


Plot 21. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 802.11b, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Average

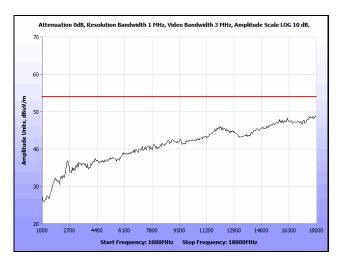


Plot 22. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 802.11b, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Peak

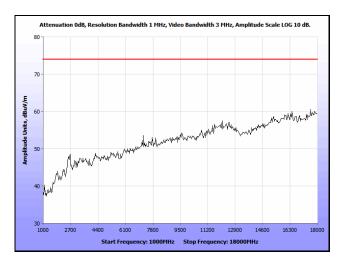




Plot 23. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 802.11b, 30 MHz - 1 GHz



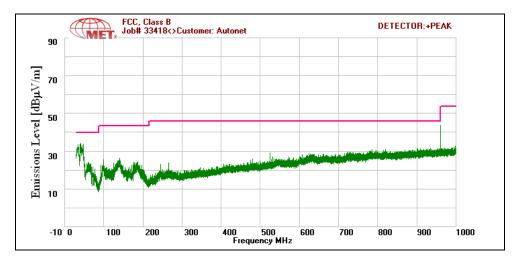
Plot 24. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 802.11b, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Average



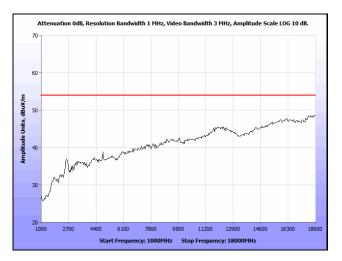
Plot 25. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 802.11b, 1 GHz - 18 GHz, Peak



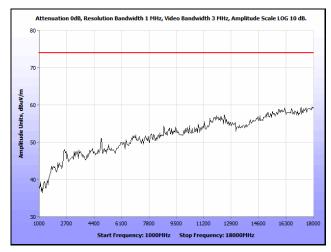
Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Results, 802.11g



Plot 26. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 802.11g, 30 MHz - 1 GHz

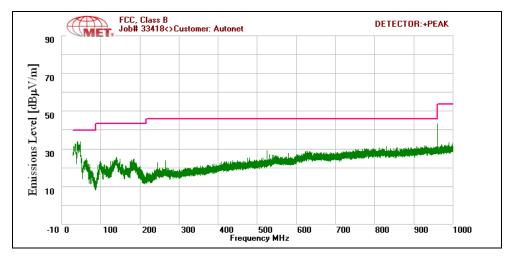


Plot 27. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 802.11g, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Average

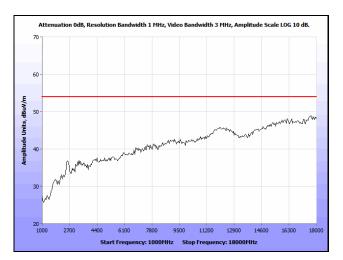


Plot 28. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 802.11g, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Peak

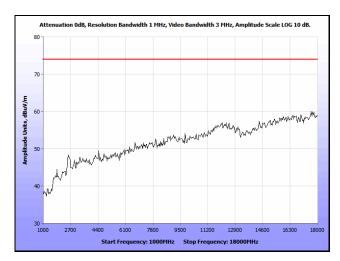




Plot 29. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 802.11g, 30 MHz - 1 GHz

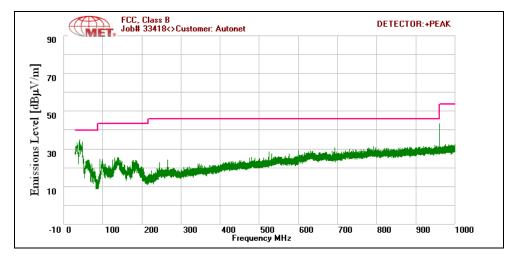


Plot 30. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 802.11g, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Average

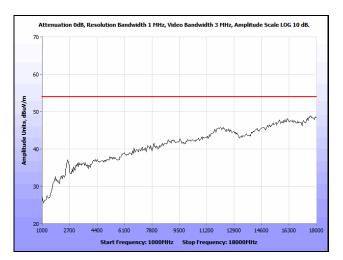


Plot 31. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 802.11g, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Peak

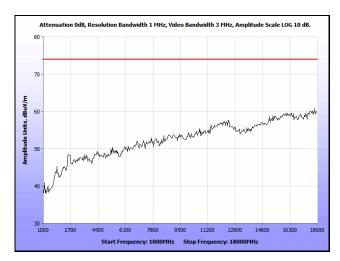




Plot 32. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 802.11g, 30 MHz - 1 GHz



Plot 33. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 802.11g, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Average



Plot 34. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 802.11g, 1 GHz - 18 GHz, Peak



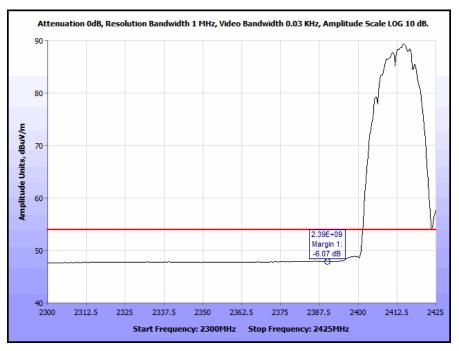
Radiated Band Edge Measurements

Test Procedures: The transmitter was turned on. Measurements were performed of the low and high Channels.

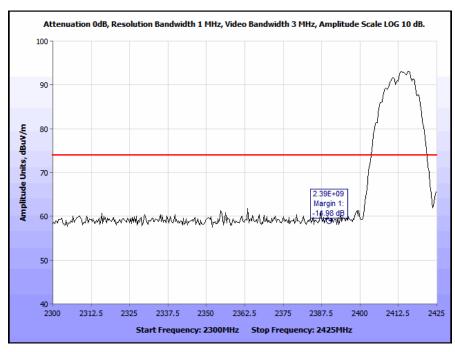
The EUT was rotated orthogonally through all three axes. Plots shown are corrected for both

antenna correction factor and distance and compared to a 3 m limit line.

Radiated Band Edge Measurements, 802.11b

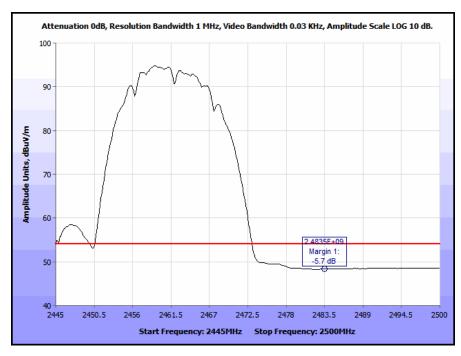


Plot 35. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Low Channel, 802.11b, Average

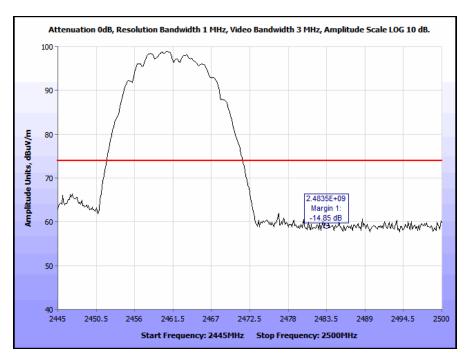


Plot 36. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Low Channel, 802.11b, Peak





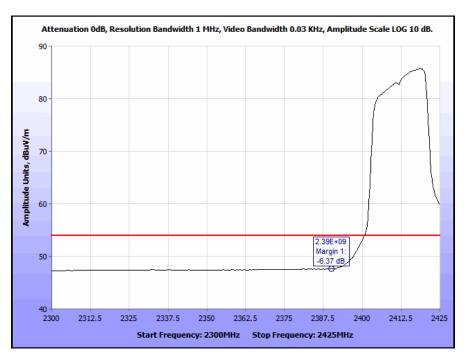
Plot 37. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, High Channel, 802.11b, Average



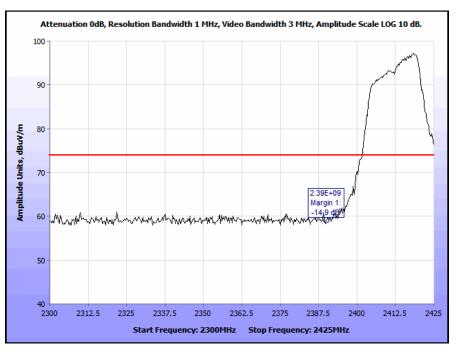
Plot 38. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, High Channel, 802.11b, Peak



Radiated Band Edge Measurements, 802.11g

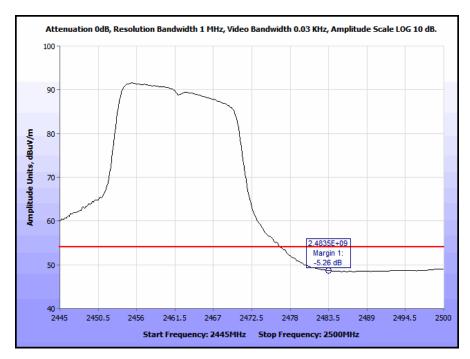


Plot 39. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Low Channel, 802.11g, Average

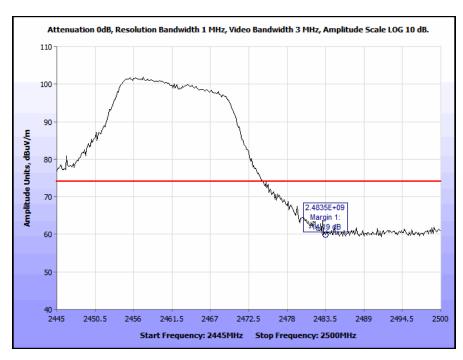


Plot 40. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Low Channel, 802.11g, Peak





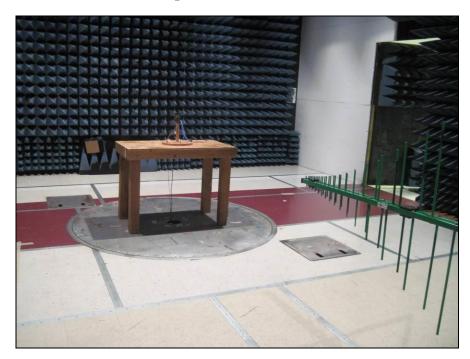
Plot 41. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, High Channel, 802.11g, Average



Plot 42. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, High Channel, 802.11g, Peak



Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Setup



Photograph 4. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 30 MHz – 18 GHz, Test Setup



Photograph 5. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Test Setup



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(d) RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Requirements and Band Edge

Test Requirement:

15.247(d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.

Test Procedure:

For intentional radiators with a digital device portion which operates below 10 GHz, the spectrum was investigated as per §15.33(a)(1) and §15.33(a)(4); i.e., the lowest RF signal generated or used in the device up to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower.

See following pages for detailed test results with RF Conducted Spurious Emissions.

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the Conducted Spurious Emission limits of §15.247(d).

Test Engineer(s): Anderson Soungpanya

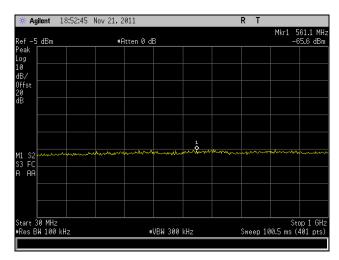
Test Date(s): 11/21/11



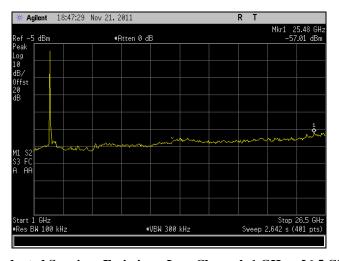
Figure 4. Block Diagram, Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Setup



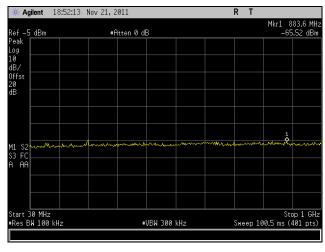
Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Results, 802.11b



Plot 43. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 30 MHz - 1 GHz, 802.11b

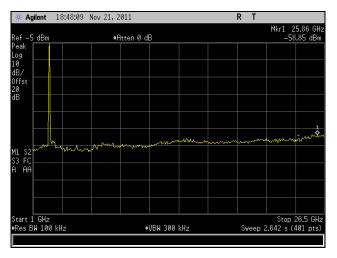


Plot 44. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 1 GHz – 26.5 GHz, 802.11b

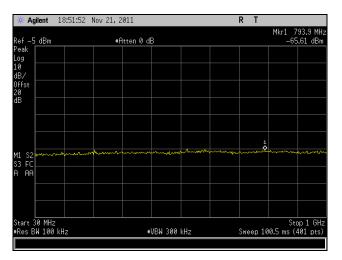


Plot 45. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 30 MHz - 1 GHz, 802.11b

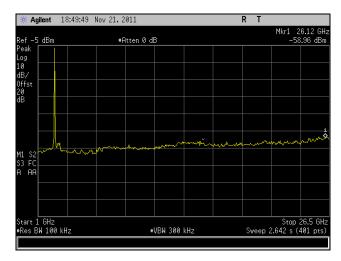




Plot 46. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 1 GHz - 26.5 GHz, 802.11b



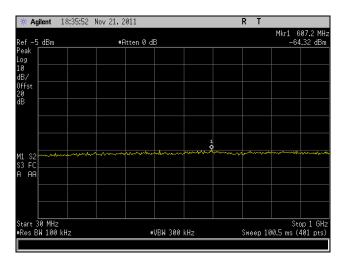
Plot 47. Conducted Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 30 MHz - 1 GHz, 802.11b



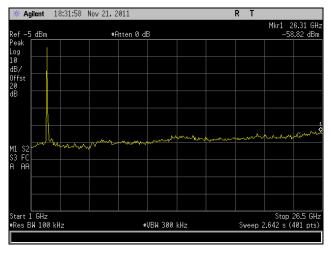
Plot 48. Conducted Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 1 GHz - 26.5 GHz, 802.11b



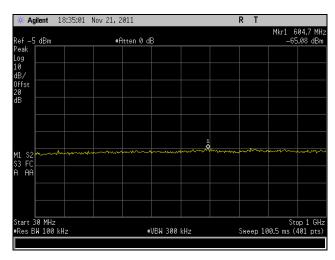
Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Results, 802.11g



Plot 49. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 30 MHz - 1 GHz, 802.11g

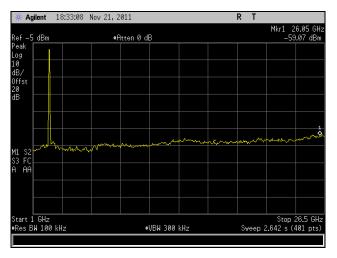


Plot 50. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 1 GHz – 26.5 GHz, 802.11g

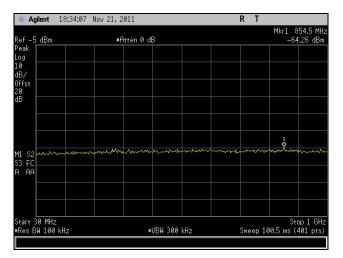


Plot 51. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 30 MHz - 1 GHz, 802.11g

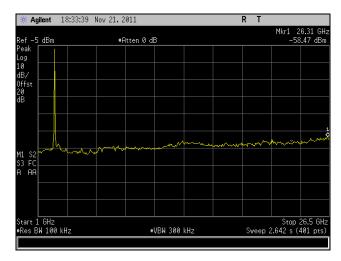




Plot 52. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 1 GHz - 26.5 GHz, 802.11g



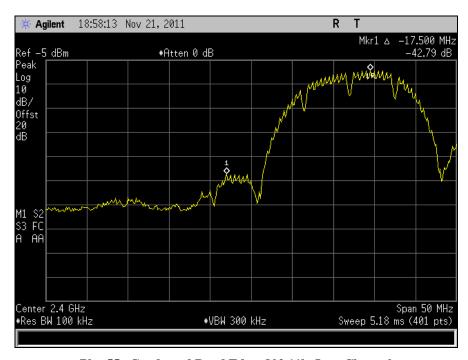
Plot 53. Conducted Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 30 MHz - 1 GHz, 802.11g



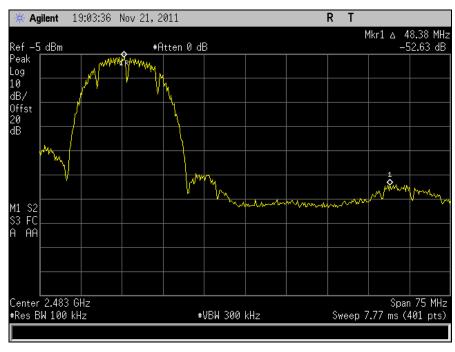
Plot 54. Conducted Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 1 GHz - 26.5 GHz, 802.11g



Conducted Band Edge Test Results

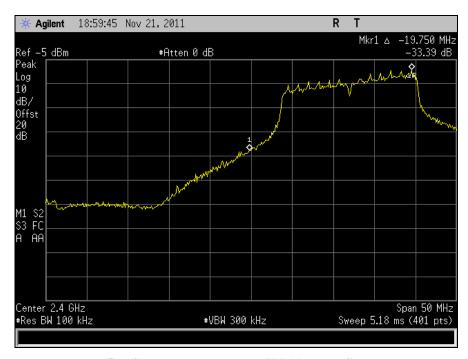


Plot 55. Conducted Band Edge, 802.11b, Low Channel

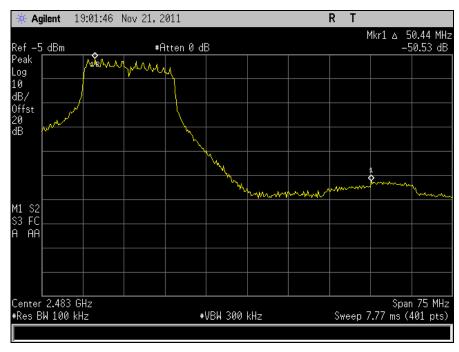


Plot 56. Conducted Band Edge, 802.11b, High Channel





Plot 57. Conducted Band Edge, 802.11g, Low Channel



Plot 58. Conducted Band Edge, 802.11g, High Channel



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(e) **Peak Power Spectral Density**

Test Requirements: §15.247(e): For digitally modulated systems, the peak power spectral density conducted from

the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8dBm in any 3 kHz band during

any time interval of continuous transmission.

Test Procedure: The transmitter was connected directly to a Spectrum Analyzer through an attenuator.

> power level was set to the maximum level. A RBW of 1 MHz and VBW of 3 MHz were used to determine the peak emissions within the band. The Spectrum analyzer was then set to a RBW of 3 kHz and VBW was set to 10 kHz. The SPAN of the analyzer was set to 1 MHz with

a 333.3 second sweep. Measurements were carried out at the low, mid and high channels.

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the peak power spectral density limits of § 15.247 (e

The peak power spectral density was determined from plots on the following page(s).

Test Engineer: Anderson Soungpanya

Test Date: 11/21/11



Figure 5. Block Diagram, Peak Power Spectral Density Test Setup



Peak Power Spectral Density Test Results

Peak Power Spectral Density					
Carrier	Frequency	Measured PPSD	Limit	Margin	
Channel	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	
Low	2412	-22.08	8	-30.08	
Mid	2437	-17.94	8	-25.94	
High	2462	-19.01	8	-27.01	

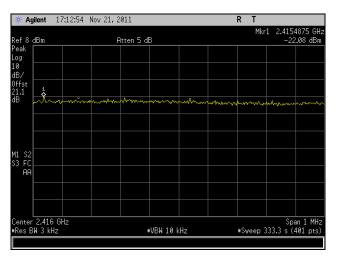
Table 21. Peak Power Spectral Density, Test Results, 802.11b

Peak Power Spectral Density					
Carrier Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured PPSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	
Low	2412	-21.93	8	-29.93	
Mid	2437	-17.93	8	-25.93	
High	2462	-19.89	8	-27.89	

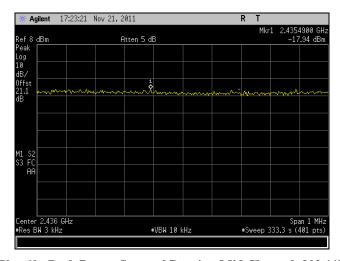
Table 22. Peak Power Spectral Density, Test Results, 802.11g



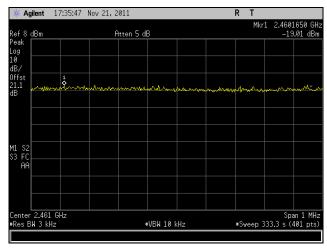
Peak Power Spectral Density, 802.11b



Plot 59. Peak Power Spectral Density, Low Channel, 802.11b



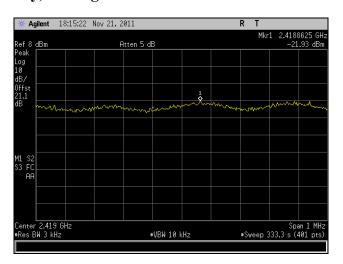
Plot 60. Peak Power Spectral Density, Mid Channel, 802.11b



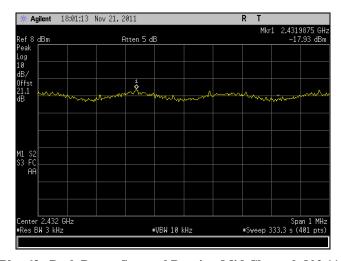
Plot 61. Peak Power Spectral Density, High Channel, 802.11b



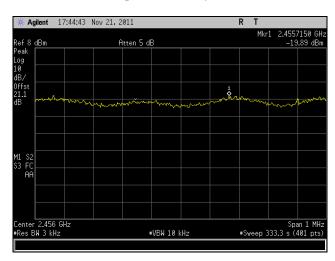
Peak Power Spectral Density, 802.11g



Plot 62. Peak Power Spectral Density, Low Channel, 802.11g



Plot 63. Peak Power Spectral Density, Mid Channel, 802.11g



Plot 64. Peak Power Spectral Density, High Channel, 802.11g



IV. Test Equipment



Test Equipment

Calibrated test equipment utilized during testing was maintained in a current state of calibration per the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025:2005.

MET Asset #	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Last Cal Date	Cal Due Date
1S2607	SPECTRUM ANALYZER	AGILENT/HP	E4407B	8/9/2011	8/9/2012
1S2691	DUAL-LINE V-LISN	TESEQ	NNB-51	3/31/2011	3/31/2012
1S2633	TRANSIENT LIMITER	FISCHER CUSTOM COMMUNICATIONS INC.	FCC-450B-2.4-N	2/18/2011	2/18/2012
1S2399	TURNTABLE CONTROLLER	SUNOL SCIENCE	SC99V	NO CALIBRATION REQUIRED	
1S2501	EMI TEST RECEIVER	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	ESU40	06/09/2011	06/09/2012
1S2482	5 METER CHAMBER	PANASHIELD	641431	12/17/2010	12/17/2011
1S2460	SPECTRUM ANALYZER	AGILENT	E4407B	7/12/2011	7/12/2012
1S2583	SPECTRUM ANALYZER	AGILENT/HP	E4447A	3/18/2011	3/18/2012
1S2600	BILOG ANTENNA	TESEQ	CBL6112D	4/14/2010	4/14/2013
1S2501	EMI TEST RECEIVER	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	ESU40	06/09/2011	06/09/2012
1S2198	HORN ANTENNA	EMCO	3115	9/29/2011	9/29/2012
N/A	HIGH PASS FILTER	MICRO-TRONICS	HPM13147	SEE NOTE	
1S2521	THERMO-HYGROMETER	FISHER SCIENTIFIC	11-661-7D	12/2/2009	12/2/2011
1S2523	PREAMP (1-26.5GHZ)	AGILENT	8449B	SEE 1	NOTE

Table 23. Test Equipment List

Note: Functionally tested equipment is verified using calibrated instrumentation at the time of testing.





A. Certification Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart I — Marketing of Radio frequency devices:

§ 2.801 Radio-frequency device defined.

As used in this part, a radio-frequency device is any device which in its operation is capable of Emitting radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means. Radio-frequency devices include, but are not limited to:

- (a) The various types of radio communication transmitting devices described throughout this chapter.
- (b) The incidental, unintentional and intentional radiators defined in Part 15 of this chapter.
- (c) The industrial, scientific, and medical equipment described in Part 18 of this chapter.
- (d) Any part or component thereof which in use emits radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means.

§ 2.803 Marketing of radio frequency devices prior to equipment authorization.

- (a) Except as provided elsewhere in this chapter, no person shall sell or lease, or offer for sale or lease (including advertising for sale or lease), or import, ship or distribute for the purpose of selling or leasing or offering for sale or lease, any radio frequency device unless:
 - (1) In the case of a device subject to certification, such device has been authorized by the Commission in accordance with the rules in this chapter and is properly identified and labeled as required by §2.925 and other relevant sections in this chapter; or
 - (2) In the case of a device that is not required to have a grant of equipment authorization issued by the Commission, but which must comply with the specified technical standards prior to use, such device also complies with all applicable administrative (including verification of the equipment or authorization under a Declaration of Conformity, where required), technical, labeling and identification requirements specified in this chapter.
- (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, the offer for sale solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical users (but not an offer for sale to other parties or to end users located in a residential environment) of a radio frequency device that is in the conceptual, developmental, design or preproduction stage is permitted prior to equipment authorization or, for devices not subject to the equipment authorization requirements, prior to a determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements provided that the prospective buyer is advised in writing at the time of the offer for sale that the equipment is subject to the FCC rules and that the equipment will comply with the appropriate rules before delivery to the buyer or to centers of distribution.

MET Report: EMCS42492A-FCC247 © 2014, MET Laboratories, Inc. Page 55 of 61



- (e)(1)Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, prior to equipment authorization or determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements any radio frequency device may be operated, but not marketed, for the following purposes and under the following conditions:
 - (i) Compliance testing;
 - (ii) Demonstrations at a trade show provided the notice contained in paragraph (c) of this section is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;
 - (iii) Demonstrations at an exhibition conducted at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical location, but excluding locations in a residential environment, provided the notice contained in paragraphs (c) or (d) of this section, as appropriate, is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device:
 - (iv) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability, provided such operation takes place at the manufacturer's facilities during developmental, design or pre-production states; or
 - (v) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability where customer acceptability of a radio frequency device cannot be determined at the manufacturer's facilities because of size or unique capability of the device, provided the device is operated at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical user's site, but not at a residential site, during the development, design or pre-production stages.
- For the purpose of paragraphs (e)(1)(iv) and (e)(1)(v) of this section, the term manufacturer's facilities includes (e)(2)the facilities of the party responsible for compliance with the regulations and the manufacturer's premises, as well as the facilities of other entities working under the authorization of the responsible party in connection with the development and manufacture, but not the marketing, of the equipment.
- (f) For radio frequency devices subject to verification and sold solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific and medical users (excluding products sold to other parties or for operation in a residential environment), parties responsible for verification of the devices shall have the option of ensuring compliance with the applicable technical specifications of this chapter at each end user's location after installation, provided that the purchase or lease agreement includes a proviso that such a determination of compliance be made and is the responsibility of the party responsible for verification of the equipment.



The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart J — Equipment Authorization Procedures:

§ 2.901 Basis and Purpose

- (a) In order to carry out its responsibilities under the Communications Act and the various treaties and international regulations, and in order to promote efficient use of the radio spectrum, the Commission has developed technical standards for radio frequency equipment and parts or components thereof. The technical standards applicable to individual types of equipment are found in that part of the rules governing the service wherein the equipment is to be operated. In addition to the technical standards provided, the rules governing the service may require that such equipment be verified by the manufacturer or importer, be authorized under a Declaration of Conformity, or receive an equipment authorization from the Commission by one of the following procedures: certification or registration.
- (b) The following sections describe the verification procedure, the procedure for a Declaration of Conformity, and the procedures to be followed in obtaining certification from the Commission and the conditions attendant to such a grant.

§ 2.907 Certification.

- (a) Certification is an equipment authorization issued by the Commission, based on representation and test data submitted by the applicant.
- (b) Certification attaches to all units subsequently marketed by the grantee which are identical (see Section 2.908) to the sample tested except for permissive changes or other variations authorized by the Commission pursuant to Section 2.1043.

¹ In this case, the equipment is subject to the rules of Part 15. More specifically, the equipment falls under Subpart B (of Part 15), which deals with unintentional radiators.



§ 2.948 Description of measurement facilities.

- (a) Each party making measurements of equipment that is subject to an equipment authorization under Part 15 or Part 18 of this chapter, regardless of whether the measurements are filed with the Commission or kept on file by the party responsible for compliance of equipment marketed within the U.S. or its possessions, shall compile a description of the measurement facilities employed.
 - (1) If the measured equipment is subject to the verification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be retained by the party responsible for verification of the equipment.
 - (i) If the equipment is verified through measurements performed by an independent laboratory, it is acceptable for the party responsible for verification of the equipment to rely upon the description of the measurement facilities retained by or placed on file with the Commission by that laboratory. In this situation, the party responsible for the verification of the equipment is not required to retain a duplicate copy of the description of the measurement facilities.
 - (ii) If the equipment is verified based on measurements performed at the installation site of the equipment, no specific site calibration data is required. It is acceptable to retain the description of the measurement facilities at the site at which the measurements were performed.
 - (2) If the equipment is to be authorized by the Commission under the certification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be filed with the Commission's Laboratory in Columbia, Maryland. The data describing the measurement facilities need only be filed once but must be updated as changes are made to the measurement facilities or as otherwise described in this section. At least every three years, the organization responsible for filing the data with the Commission shall certify that the data on file is current.

MET Report: EMCS42492A-FCC247 © 2014, MET Laboratories, Inc. Page 58 of 61



1. Label and User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart A — General:

§ 15.19 Labeling requirements.

- (a) In addition to the requirements in Part 2 of this chapter, a device subject to certification or verification shall be labeled as follows:
 - (1) Receivers associated with the operation of a licensed radio service, e.g., FM broadcast under Part 73 of this chapter, land mobile operation under Part 90, etc., shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the condition that this device does not cause harmful interference.

(2) A stand-alone cable input selector switch, shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device is verified to comply with Part 15 of the FCC Rules for use with cable television service.

(3) All other devices shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

- (4) Where a device is constructed in two or more sections connected by wires and marketed together, the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section is required to be affixed only to the main control unit.
- (5) When the device is so small or for such use that it is not practicable to place the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section on it, the information required by this paragraph shall be placed in a prominent location in the instruction manual or pamphlet supplied to the user or, alternatively, shall be placed on the container in which the device is marketed. However, the FCC identifier or the unique identifier, as appropriate, must be displayed on the device.

§ 15.21 Information to user.

The users manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

MET Report: EMCS42492A-FCC247 © 2014, MET Laboratories, Inc. Page 59 of 61



The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart B — Unintentional Radiators:

§ 15.105 Information to the user.

(a) For a Class A digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at own expense.

(b) For a Class B digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a residential environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.



End of Report