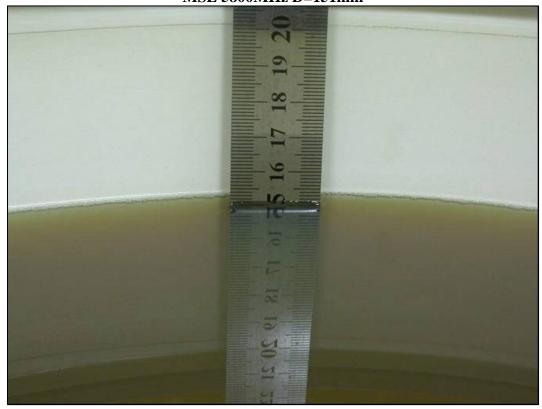


bAPPENDIX A: TEST DATA Liquid Level Photo





MSL 5800MHz D=151mm





Date/Time: 2007/10/17 11:22:03

Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

Ant A-11b-Ch1-M01

DUT: Front End; Type: Pixium FE 3543 pR; Test Frequency: 2412 MHz

Communication System: 802.11b ; Frequency: 2412 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: DBPSK Medium: MSL2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; $\sigma = 1.9$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section; Separation distance: 0 mm (The front side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type: Patch Antenna; Air temp.: 23.2 degrees; Liquid temp.: 22.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

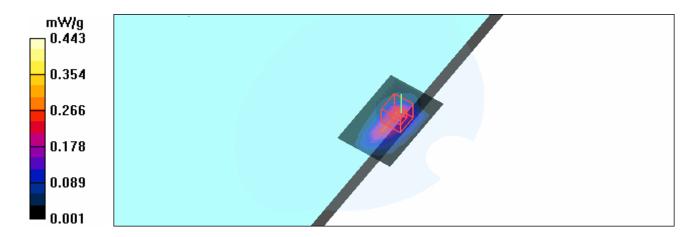
- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1790; ConvF(4.35, 4.35, 4.35); Calibrated: 2006/11/23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Low Channel 1/Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.269 mW/g

Low Channel 1/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 12.1 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.24 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.393 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.164 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.443 mW/g





Date/Time: 2007/10/17 11:37:22

Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

Ant A-11b-Ch6-M01

DUT: Front End; Type: Pixium FE 3543 pR; Test Frequency: 2437 MHz

Communication System: 802.11b ; Frequency: 2437 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: DBPSK Medium: MSL2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.95$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section; Separation distance: 0 mm (The front side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type: Patch Antenna; Air temp.: 23.2 degrees; Liquid temp.: 22.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

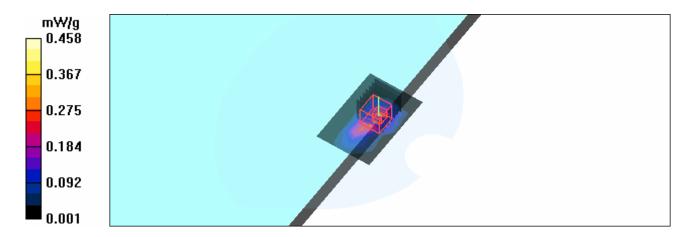
- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1790; ConvF(4.35, 4.35, 4.35); Calibrated: 2006/11/23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 6/Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.255 mW/g

Mid Channel 6/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 12.3 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.35 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.349 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.145 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.458 mW/g





Date/Time: 2007/10/17 11:52:31

Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

Ant A-11b-Ch11-M01

DUT: Front End; Type: Pixium FE 3543 pR; Test Frequency: 2462 MHz

Communication System: 802.11b ; Frequency: 2462 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: DBPSK Medium: MSL2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; $\sigma = 1.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section; Separation distance: 0 mm (The front side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type: Patch Antenna; Air temp.: 23.2 degrees; Liquid temp.: 22.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

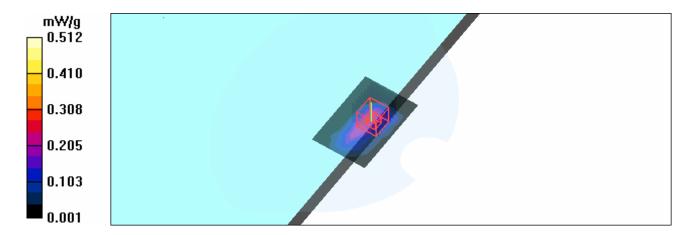
- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1790; ConvF(4.35, 4.35, 4.35); Calibrated: 2006/11/23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

High Channel 11/Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.266 mW/g

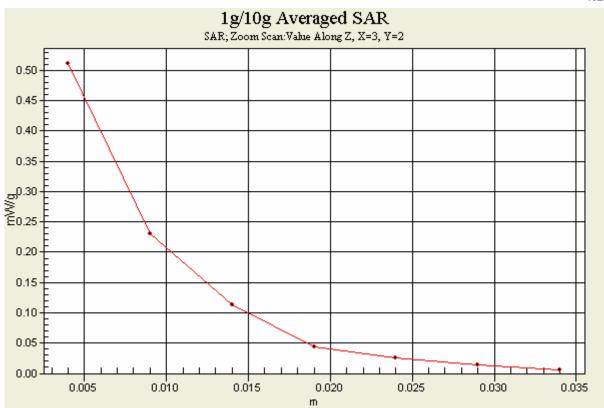
High Channel 11/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 12.9 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.45 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.432 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.171 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.512 mW/g









Date/Time: 2007/10/17 03:03:00

Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

Ant A-11g-Ch1-M02

DUT: Front End; Type: Pixium FE 3543 pR; Test Frequency: 2412 MHz

Communication System: 802.11g ; Frequency: 2412 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK Medium: MSL2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; $\sigma = 1.9$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section; Separation distance: 0 mm (The front side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type: Patch Antenna; Air temp.: 23.2 degrees; Liquid temp.: 22.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

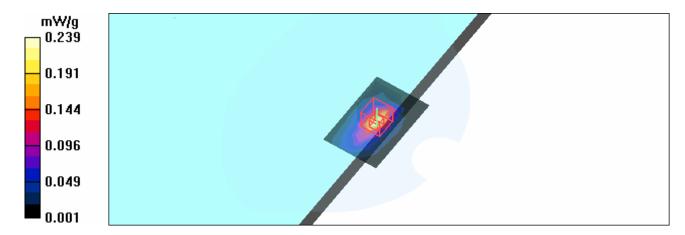
- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1790; ConvF(4.35, 4.35, 4.35); Calibrated: 2006/11/23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Low Channel 1/Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.250 mW/g

Low Channel 1/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 9.59 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.683 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.219 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.100 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.239 mW/g





Date/Time: 2007/10/17 03:18:16

Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

Ant A-11g-Ch6-M02

DUT: Front End; Type: Pixium FE 3543 pR; Test Frequency: 2437 MHz

Communication System: 802.11g ; Frequency: 2437 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK Medium: MSL2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.95$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section; Separation distance: 0 mm (The front side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type: Patch Antenna; Air temp.: 23.2 degrees; Liquid temp.: 22.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

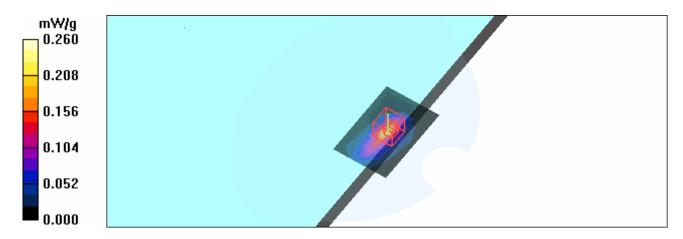
- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1790; ConvF(4.35, 4.35, 4.35); Calibrated: 2006/11/23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 6/Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.241 mW/g

Mid Channel 6/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 9.02 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.628 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.227 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.103 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.260 mW/g





Date/Time: 2007/10/17 03:33:50

Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

Ant A-11g-Ch11-M02

DUT: Front End; Type: Pixium FE 3543 pR; Test Frequency: 2462 MHz

Communication System: 802.11g ; Frequency: 2462 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK Medium: MSL2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; $\sigma = 1.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section; Separation distance: 0 mm (The front side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type: Patch Antenna; Air temp.: 23.2 degrees; Liquid temp.: 22.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

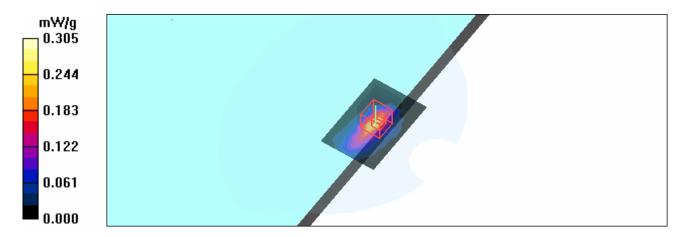
- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1790; ConvF(4.35, 4.35, 4.35); Calibrated: 2006/11/23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

High Channel 11/Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.282 mW/g

High Channel 11/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 9.02 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.736 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.266 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.108 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.305 mW/g





Date/Time: 2007/10/17 05:34:17

Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

Ant B-11b-Ch11-M03

DUT: Front End; Type: Pixium FE 3543 pR; Test Frequency: 2462 MHz

Communication System: 802.11b ; Frequency: 2462 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: DBPSK Medium: MSL2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; $\sigma = 1.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section; Separation distance: 0 mm (The front side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type: Patch Antenna; Air temp.: 23.2 degrees; Liquid temp.: 22.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

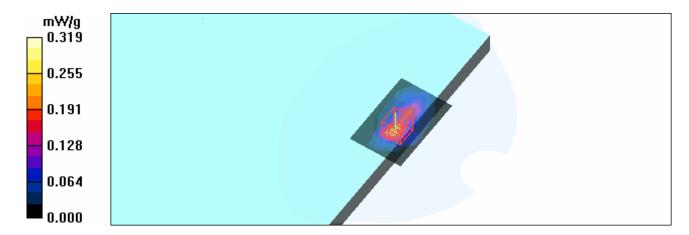
- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1790; ConvF(4.35, 4.35, 4.35); Calibrated: 2006/11/23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

High Channel 11/Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.285 mW/g

High Channel 11/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 9.02 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.25 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.319 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.114 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.319 mW/g





Date/Time: 2007/10/18 09:58:23

Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

Ant A-11a-Ch36-M04

DUT: Front End; Type: Pixium FE 3543 pR; Test Frequency: 5180 MHz

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5180 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: f = 5180 MHz; $\sigma = 5.21$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 151 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section; Separation distance: 0 mm (The front side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type: Patch Antenna; Air temp.: 23.5 degrees; Liquid temp.: 22.2 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 SN3506; ConvF(4.48, 4.48, 4.48); Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 2.5mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

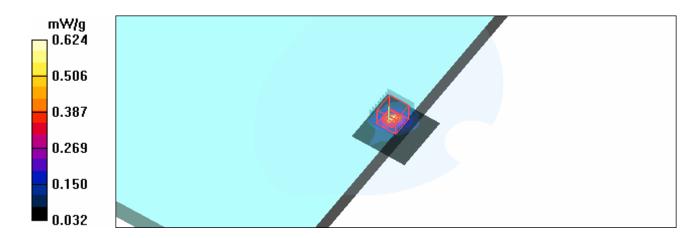
Low Channel 36/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.624 mW/g

Low Channel 36/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 5.88 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.853 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.300 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.131 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.455 mW/g





Date/Time: 2007/10/18 10:22:24

Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

Ant A-11a-Ch40-M04

DUT: Front End; Type: Pixium FE 3543 pR; Test Frequency: 5200 MHz

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5200 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; $\sigma = 5.24$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 151 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section; Separation distance: 0 mm (The front side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type: Patch Antenna; Air temp.: 23.5 degrees; Liquid temp.: 22.2 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 SN3506; ConvF(4.48, 4.48, 4.48); Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 2.5mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

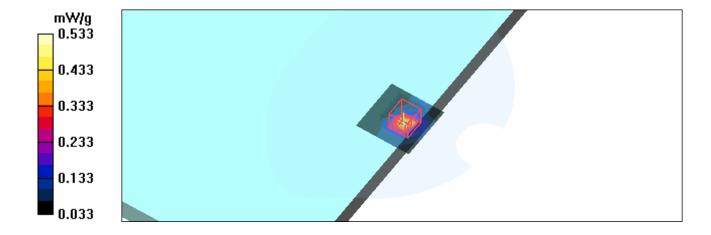
Mid Channel 40/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.492 mW/g

Mid Channel 40/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 7.70 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.917 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.345 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.147 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.533 mW/g





Date/Time: 2007/10/18 10:45:36

Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

Ant A-11a-Ch44-M04

DUT: Front End; Type: Pixium FE 3543 pR; Test Frequency: 5220 MHz

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5220 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: f = 5220 MHz; σ = 5.26 mho/m; ϵ_r = 50.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 151 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section; Separation distance: 0 mm (The front side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type: Patch Antenna; Air temp.: 23.5 degrees; Liquid temp.: 22.2 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 SN3506; ConvF(4.48, 4.48, 4.48); Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 2.5mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

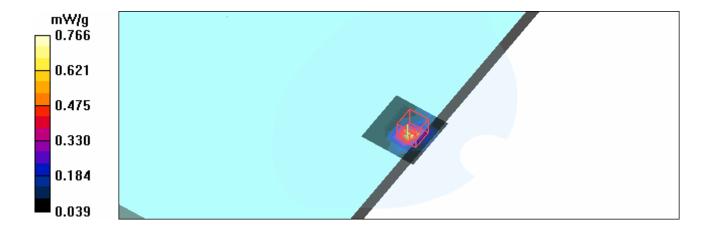
Mid Channel 44/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.661 mW/g

Mid Channel 44/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 7.66 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.55 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.465 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.182 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.766 mW/g





Date/Time: 2007/10/18 11:06:05

Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

Ant A-11a-Ch48-M04

DUT: Front End; Type: Pixium FE 3543 pR; Test Frequency: 5240 MHz

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5240 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: f = 5240 MHz; $\sigma = 5.3$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 151 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section; Separation distance: 0 mm (The front side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type: Patch Antenna; Air temp.: 23.5 degrees; Liquid temp.: 22.2 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 SN3506; ConvF(4.48, 4.48, 4.48); Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 2.5mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

High Channel 48/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.708 mW/g

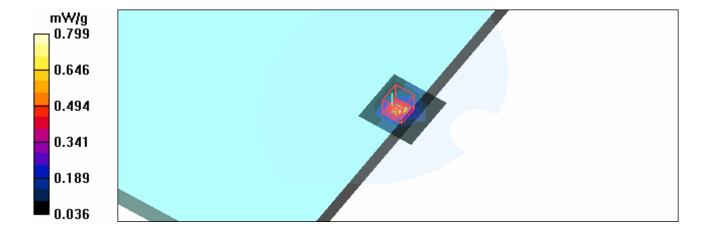
High Channel 48/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 7.96 V/m

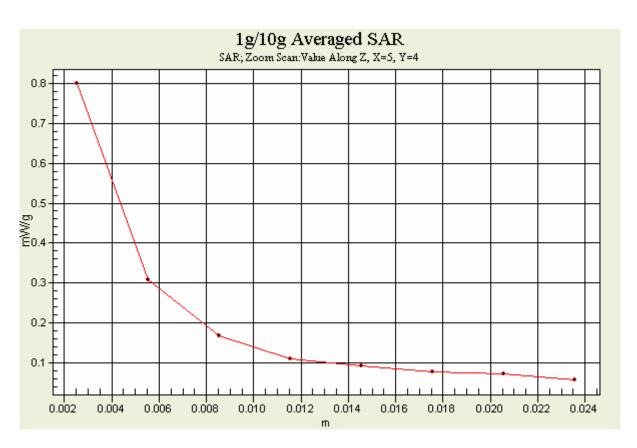
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.95 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.477 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.194 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.799 mW/g









Date/Time: 2007/10/18 11:28:34

Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

Ant A-11a-Ch149-M04

DUT: Front End; Type: Pixium FE 3543 pR; Test Frequency: 5745 MHz

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5745 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: f = 5745 MHz; $\sigma = 6.04$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 49.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 151 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section; Separation distance: 0 mm (The front side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type: Patch Antenna; Air temp.: 23.5 degrees; Liquid temp.: 22.2 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 SN3506; ConvF(4.2, 4.2, 4.2); Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 2.5mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Low Channel 149/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.404 mW/g

Low Channel 149/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 5.75 V/m

0.041

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.671 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.197 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.102 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.276 mW/g

0.404 0.331 0.259 0.186 0.113



Date/Time: 2007/10/18 11:49:01

Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

Ant A-11a-Ch157-M04

DUT: Front End; Type: Pixium FE 3543 pR; Test Frequency: 5785 MHz

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5785 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: f = 5785 MHz; $\sigma = 6.10$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 49.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 151 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section; Separation distance: 0 mm (The front side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type: Patch Antenna; Air temp.: 23.5 degrees; Liquid temp.: 22.2 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 SN3506; ConvF(4.2, 4.2, 4.2); Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 2.5mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 157/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.354 mW/g

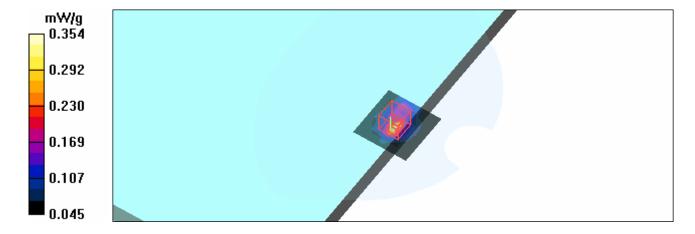
Mid Channel 157/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 5.53 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.831 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.219 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.114 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.332 mW/g





Date/Time: 2007/10/18 13:41:35

Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

Ant A-11a-Ch165-M04

DUT: Front End; Type: Pixium FE 3543 pR; Test Frequency: 5825 MHz

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5825 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: f = 5825 MHz; $\sigma = 6.17$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 49.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 151 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section; Separation distance: 0 mm (The front side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type: Patch Antenna; Air temp.: 23.5 degrees; Liquid temp.: 22.2 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 SN3506; ConvF(4.2, 4.2, 4.2); Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 2.5mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

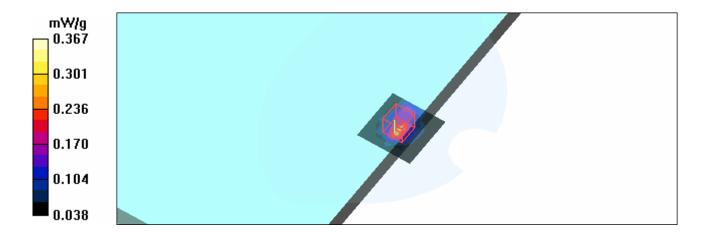
High Channel 165/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.217 mW/g

High Channel 165/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 4.91 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.76 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.208 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.100 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.367 mW/g





Date/Time: 2007/10/18 14:10:35

Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

Ant B-11a-Ch48-M05

DUT: Front End; Type: Pixium FE 3543 pR; Test Frequency: 5240 MHz

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5240 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: BPSK Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: f = 5240 MHz; $\sigma = 5.3$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 151 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section; Separation distance: 0 mm (The front side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type: Patch Antenna; Air temp.: 23.5 degrees; Liquid temp.: 22.2 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 SN3506; ConvF(4.48, 4.48, 4.48); Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 2.5mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

High Channel 48/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.695 mW/g

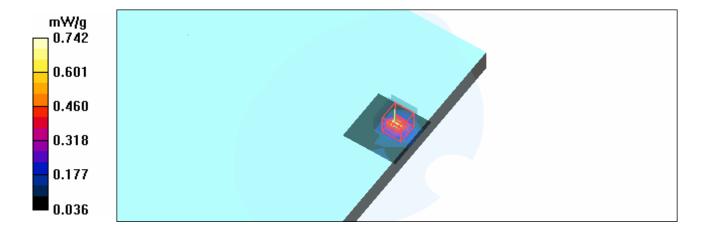
High Channel 48/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 4.72 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.48 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.386 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.175 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.742 mW/g





Date/Time: 2007/10/17 10:44:26

Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

System Validation Check-MSL 2450MHz

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 737; Test Frequency: 2450 MHz

Communication System: CW ; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Modulation type: CW Medium: MSL2450;Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.97 mho/m; ϵ_r = 53.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section; Separation distance: 10 mm (The feetpoint of the dipole to the Phantom) Air temp.: 23.2 degrees; Liquid temp.: 22.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1790; ConvF(4.35, 4.35, 4.35); Calibrated: 2006/11/23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

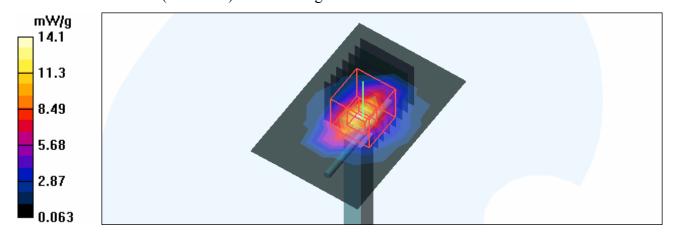
d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.9 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 87.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.088 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.7 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.76 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.1 mW/g





Date/Time: 2007/10/18 08:19:13

Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

System Validation Check-MSL 5GHz

DUT: Dipole 5 GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1018; Test Frequency: 5200 MHz

Communication System: CW ; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Modulation type: CW Medium: MSL5800;Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; σ = 5.24 mho/m; ϵ_r = 50.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 151 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section; Separation distance: 10 mm (The feetpoint of the dipole to the

Phantom)Air temp.: 23.5 degrees; Liquid temp.: 22.2 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 SN3506; ConvF(4.48, 4.48, 4.48); Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 2.5mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

f=5200, d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (6x6x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.4 mW/g

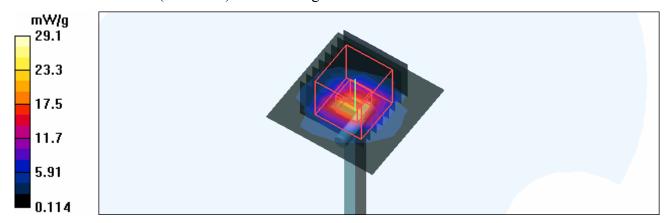
f=5200, d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 82.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.088 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 50.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 18.5 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.17 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 29.1 mW/g





Date/Time: 2007/10/18 08:40:25

Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

System Validation Check-MSL 5GHz

DUT: Dipole 5 GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1018; Test Frequency: 5500 MHz

Communication System: CW ; Frequency: 5500 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Modulation type: CW Medium: MSL5800;Medium parameters used: f = 5500 MHz; σ = 5.68 mho/m; ϵ_r = 50.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m³; Liquid level: 151 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section; Separation distance: 10 mm (The feetpoint of the dipole to the Phantom) Air temp.: 23.5 degrees; Liquid temp.: 22.2 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 SN3506; ConvF(4.11, 4.11, 4.11); Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 2.5mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)Sensor-Surface: 2.5mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

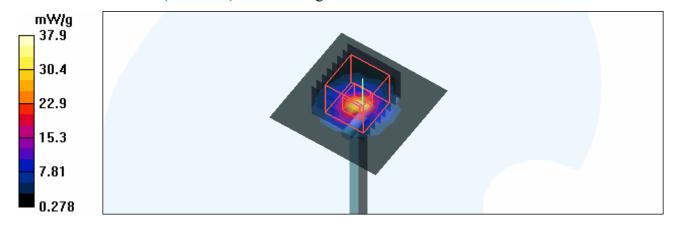
f=5500, d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 37.9 mW/g

f=5500, d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dv=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 79.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.095 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 51.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 18.5 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.09 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 27.8 mW/g





Date/Time: 2007/10/18 09:01:30

Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

System Validation Check-MSL 5GHz

DUT: Dipole 5 GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1018; Test Frequency: 5800 MHz

Communication System: CW ; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Modulation type: CW Medium: MSL5800;Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; σ = 6.13 mho/m; ϵ_r = 49.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m³; Liquid level : 151 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section; Separation distance: 10 mm (The feetpoint of the dipole to the

Phantom)Air temp.: 23.5 degrees; Liquid temp.: 22.2 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 SN3506; ConvF(4.2, 4.2, 4.2); Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 2.5mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

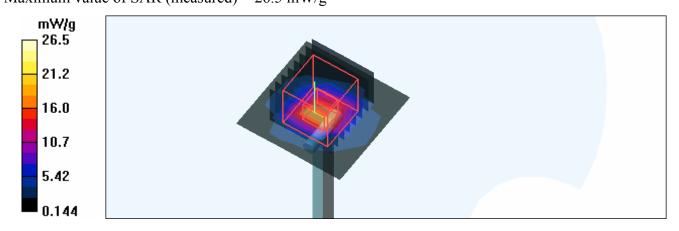
f=5800, d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (6x6x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.0 mW/g

f=5800, d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 72.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.089 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 53.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 16.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.52 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 26.5 mW/g



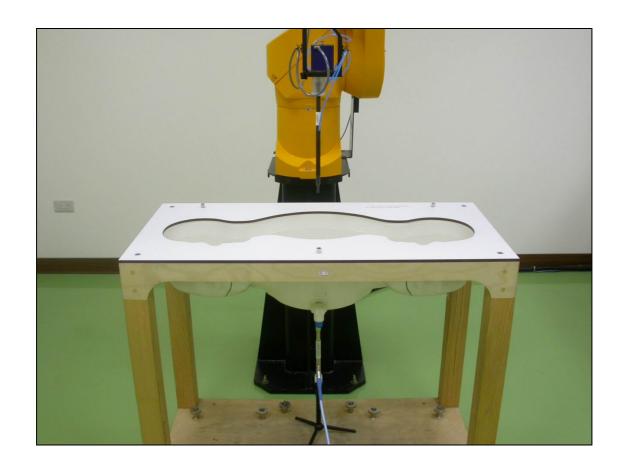


APPENDIX B: ADT SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM





APPENDIX C: PHOTOGRAPHS OF SYSTEM VALIDATION





APPENDIX D: SYSTEM CERTIFICATE & CALIBRATION

D1: SAM PHANTOM

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland, Phone +41 1 245 97 00, Fax +41 1 245 97 79

Certificate of conformity / First Article Inspection

Item .	SAM Twin Phantom V4.0		
Type No	QD 000 P40 CA		<u> </u>
Series No	TP-1150 and higher		
Manufacturer / Origin -	Untersee Composites		
	Hauptstr. 69	•	
	CH-8559 Fruthwilen		
	Switzerland		

Tests

The series production process used allows the limitation to test of first articles. Complete tests were made on the pre-series Type No. QD 000 P40 AA, Serial No. TP-1001 and on the series first article Type No. QD 000 P40 BA, Serial No. TP-1006. Certain parameters have been retested using further series units (called samples).

Test	Requirement	Details	Units tested
Shape	Compliance with the geometry according to the CAD model.	IT'IS CAD File (*)	First article, Samples
Material thickness	Compliant with the requirements according to the standards	2mm +/- 0.2mm in specific areas	First article, Samples
Material parameters	Dielectric parameters for required frequencies	200 MHz - 3 GHz Relative permittivity < 5 Loss tangent < 0.05.	Material sample TP 104-5
Material resistivity	The material has been tested to be compatible with the liquids defined in the standards	Liquid type HSL 1800 and others according to the standard.	Pre-series, First article

Standards

- [1] CENELEC EN 50361
- [2] IEEE P1528-200x draft 6.5
- [3] IEC PT 62209 draft 0.9
- (*) The IT'IS CAD file is derived from [2] and is also within the tolerance requirements of the shapes of [1] and [3].

Conformity

Based on the sample tests above, we certify that this item is in compliance with the uncertainty requirements of SAR measurements specified in standard [1] and draft standards [2] and [3].

Date

28.02.2002

Signature / Stamp

Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, CH-8004 Zurlch
Tel. +41 1 245 97 00, Fex +41 1 245 97 79

Schmid & Partner

Page

1 (1)

F. Bumbult



D2: DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurlch, Switzerland





Schweizerlscher Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

ADT (Auden)

Certificate No: EX3-3506 Mar07

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

C

S

CALIBRATION CERTIFICAT EX3DV3 - SN:3506 Object QA CAL-01.v5 and QA CAL-14.v3 Calibration procedure(s) Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes March 20, 2007 Calibration date: In Tolerance Condition of the calibrated item This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) **Scheduled Calibration** Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) **Primary Standards** Apr-07 GB41293874 5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) Power meter E4419B Apr-07 Power sensor E4412A MY41495277 5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) Apr-07 Power sensor E4412A MY41498087 5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) Aug-07 Reference 3 dB Attenuator SN: S5054 (3c) 10-Aug-06 (METAS, No. 217-00592) Apr-07 Reference 20 dB Attenuator SN: S5086 (20b) 4-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00558) Reference 30 dB Attenuator SN: S5129 (30b) 10-Aug-06 (METAS, No. 217-00593) Aug-07 Reference Probe ES3DV2 SN: 3013 4-Jan-07 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan07) Jan-08 DAE4 SN: 654 21-Jun-06 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-654_Jun06) Jun-07 Secondary Standards Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check US3642U01700 4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05) In house check: Nov-07 RF generator HP 8648C US37390585 In house check: Oct-07 Network Analyzer HP 8753E 18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-06) **Function** Signature Name Katja Pokovic Calibrated by: Technical Manager Approved by: Fin Bomholt R&D Director

Issued: March 21, 2007

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: EX3-3506_Mar07

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space

ConF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z DCP diode compression point

Polarization φ φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization ϑ ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at

measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003

b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

EX3DV3 SN:3506 March 20, 2007

Probe EX3DV3

SN:3506

Manufactured:

Last calibrated:

Recalibrated:

February 18, 2004

April 20, 2006

March 20, 2007

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: EX3-3506_Mar07

Page 3 of 9

EX3DV3 SN:3506 March 20, 2007

DASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV3 SN:3506

Sensitivity in Free Space^A

Diode Compression^B

NormX	0.810 ± 10.1%	μ V/(V/m) ²	DCP X	97 mV
NormY	0.880 ± 10.1%	μ V/(V/m) ²	DCP Y	94 mV
NormZ	0.810 ± 10.1%	μ V/(V/m) ²	DCP Z	92 mV

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

Boundary Effect

TSL

900 MHz

Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm

Sensor Center t	2.0 mm	3.0 mm	
SAR _{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	3.4	1.1
SAR _{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.0	0.1

TSL

1750 MHz

Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm

Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance			3.0 mm
SAR _{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	4.6	2.7
SAR _{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.2	0.4

Sensor Offset

Probe Tip to Sensor Center

1.0 mm

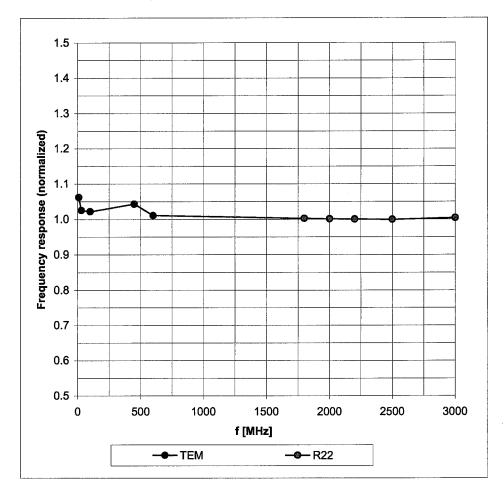
The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

Frequency Response of E-Field

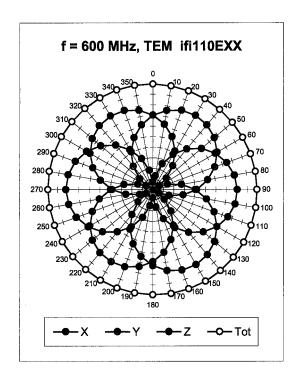
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

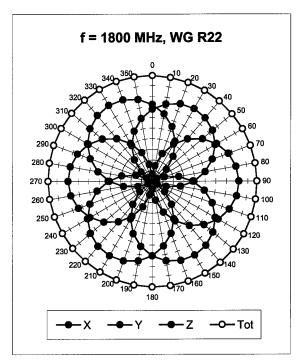


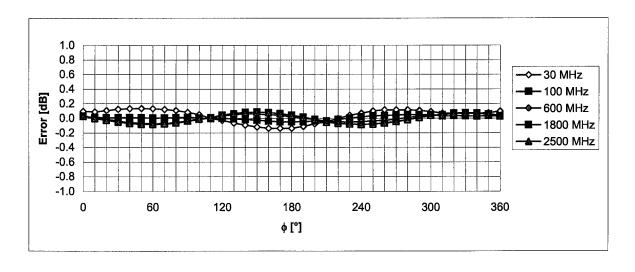
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

March 20, 2007

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), ϑ = 0°



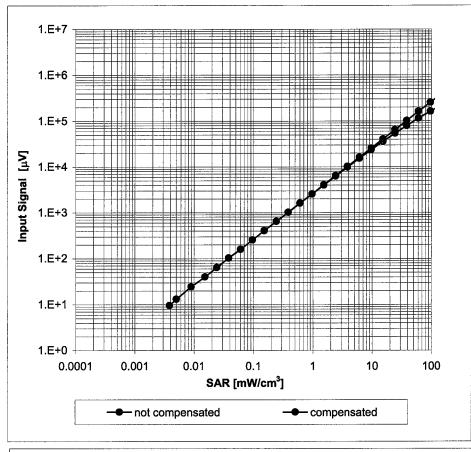


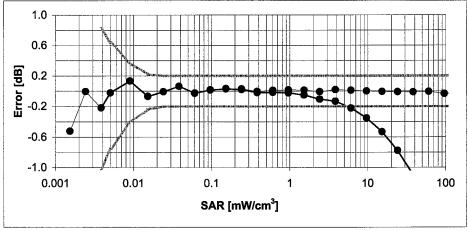


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})

(Waveguide R22, f = 1800 MHz)





Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

March 20, 2007

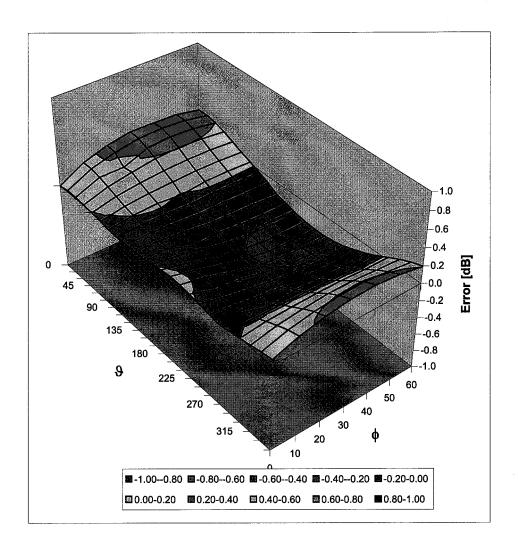
Conversion Factor Assessment

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^C	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF Uncertainty
900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.45	0.80	9.77 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.1 ± 5%	1.37 ± 5%	0.19	1.20	8.48 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.18	1.29	8.12 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	0.39	1.00	7.80 ± 11.8% (k=2)
4950	± 50 / ± 100	Head	36.3 ± 5%	4.40 ± 5%	0.35	1.75	5.54 ± 13.1% (k=2)
5200	± 50 / ± 100	Head	36.0 ± 5%	4.66 ± 5%	0.35	1.75	4.92 ± 13.1% (k=2)
5300	± 50 / ± 100	Head	35.9 ± 5%	4.76 ± 5%	0.33	1.75	4.77 ± 13.1% (k=2)
5500	± 50 / ± 100	Head	35.6 ± 5%	4.96 ± 5%	0.35	1.75	4.55 ± 13.1% (k=2)
5800	± 50 / ± 100	Head	35.3 ± 5%	5.27 ± 5%	0.35	1.75	4.40 ± 13.1% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	0.50	0.80	9.89 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.4 ± 5%	1.49 ± 5%	0.18	1.16	8.72 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.14	1.45	8.09 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2300	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.8 ± 5%	1.85 ± 5%	0.42	1.00	7.92 ± 11.8% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	0.42	1.00	7.67 ± 11.8% (k=2)
2600	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.5 ± 5%	2.16 ± 5%	0.42	1.00	7.28 ± 11.8% (k=2)
3500	± 50 / ± 100	Body	51.3 ± 5%	3.31 ± 5%	0.49	0.88	6.80 ± 13.1% (k=2)
4950	± 50 / ± 100	Body	49.4 ± 5%	5.01 ± 5%	0.37	1.80	4.66 ± 13.1% (k=2)
5200	± 50 / ± 100	Body	49.0 ± 5%	5.30 ± 5%	0.37	1.80	4.48 ± 13.1% (k=2)
5300	± 50 / ± 100	Body	48.5 ± 5%	5.42 ± 5%	0.35	1.80	4.14 ± 13.1% (k=2)
5500	± 50 / ± 100	Body	48.6 ± 5%	5.65 ± 5%	0.33	1.80	4.11 ± 13.1% (k=2)
5800	± 50 / ± 100	Body	48.2 ± 5%	6.00 ± 5%	0.30	1.80	4.20 ± 13.1% (k=2)

^C The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (ϕ , ϑ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst S Service suisse d'étalonnage C Servizio svizzero di taratura

Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates Accreditation No.: SCS 108

S

Client

ADT (Auden)

CONTRACTOR NO. 12 KELLENDYOS

[9/1= 5];V=[6]\]E6			
Object	EERIDVO SNEE	790	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-01.v5 Calibration proc	edure for desimetric E-field probes	
Calibration date:	November 23, 2	006	
Condition of the calibrated item	in Tolerance		
This calibration certificate docum The measurements and the unce	ents the traceability to na rtainties with confidence	ational standards, which realize the physical units of probability are given on the following pages and are	measurements (SI). part of the certificate.
All calibrations have been conduc	cted in the closed laborate	ory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and	d humidity < 70%.
Calibration Equipment used (M&	ΓE critical for calibration)		
Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557)	Apr-07
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557)	Apr-07
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557)	Apr-07
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	10-Aug-06 (METAS, No. 217-00592)	Aug-07
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	4-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00558)	Apr-07
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	10-Aug-06 (METAS, No. 217-00593)	Aug-07
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	2-Jan-06 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan06)	Jan-07
DAE4	SN: 654	21-Jun-06 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-654_Jun06)	Jun-07
Secondary Standards	l ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)	In house check: Nov-07
•	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-06)	In house check: Oct-07
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	0537390363	10-Oct-01 (GPLAG, III House check Oct-00)	III NOOOO ONOON. OOL O.
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	26.14
		<i>-</i>	
Approved by:	Niels Kuster	Quality Manager	
			Jesued: November 23, 2006

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Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Glossary:

TSL NORMx,y,z tissue simulating liquid sensitivity in free space

ConF

sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z

DCP

diode compression point

Polarization φ
Polarization θ

 ϕ rotation around probe axis ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at

measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003

b) CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz), July 2001

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

November 23, 2006

ET3DV6 SN:1790

Probe ET3DV6

SN:1790

Manufactured:

May 28, 2003

Last calibrated:

December 20, 2004

Recalibrated:

November 23, 2006

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Page 3 of 9

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1790

Sensitivity in Free Space ^A			Diode C	ompression	В
NormX	2.04 ± 10.1%	μ V/(V/m) ²	DCP X	91 mV	
NormY	2.10 ± 10.1%	μ V/(V/m) ²	DCP Y	93 mV	
NormZ	1.84 ± 10.1%	μV/(V/m) ²	DCP Z	98 mV	

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

Boundary Effect

TSL 900 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm

Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance		3.7 mm	4.7 mm
SAR _{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	9.2	4.9
SAR _{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.1	0.2

TSL 1750 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm

Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance		3.7 mm	4.7 mm
SAR _{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	12.6	8.4
SAR _{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.5	0.0

Sensor Offset

Probe Tip to Sensor Center 2.7 mm

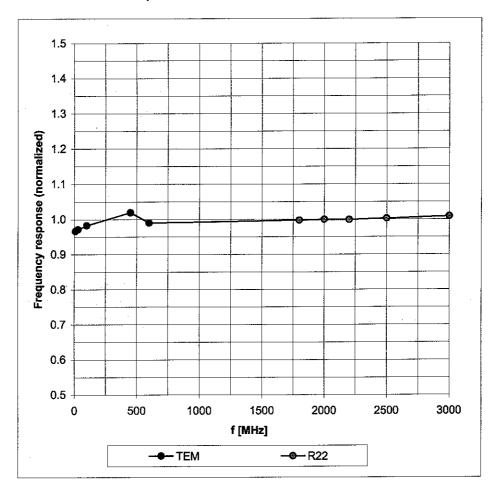
The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

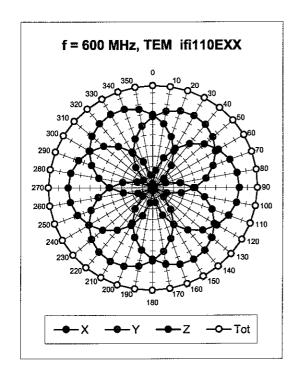
Frequency Response of E-Field

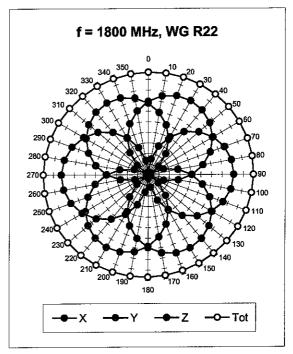
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

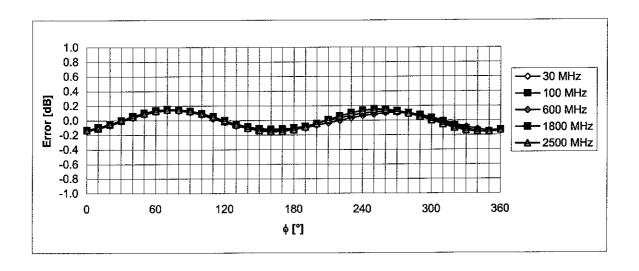


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), θ = 0°



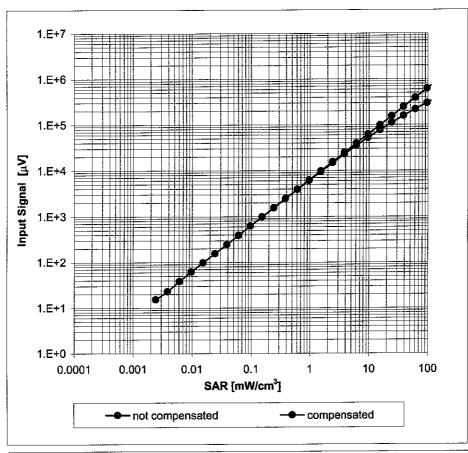


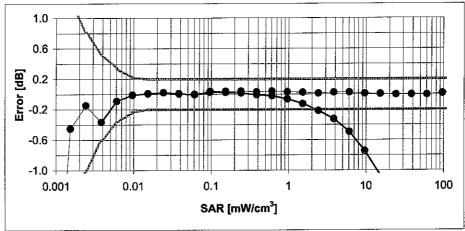


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})

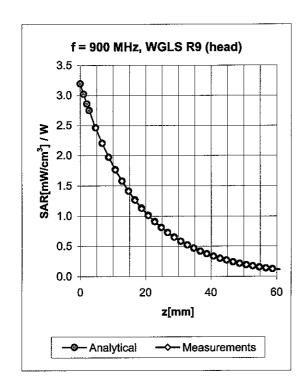
(Waveguide R22, f = 1800 MHz)

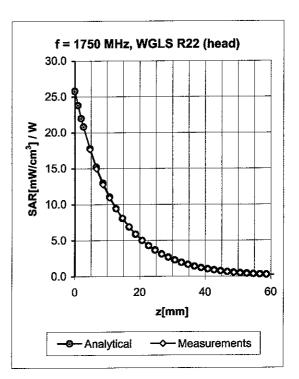




Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment



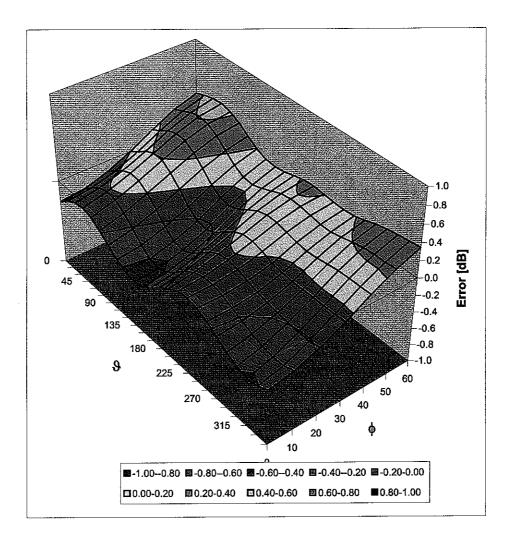


f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^c	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF Uncertainty
900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.32	2.45	6.71 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.1 ± 5%	1.37 ± 5%	0.50	2.47	5.48 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.57	2.47	5.27 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	0.66	1.94	4.76 ± 11.8% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	0.32	2.78	6.35 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.4 ± 5%	1.49 ± 5%	0.55	2.76	4.85 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.70	2.39	4.59 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	0.64	1.81	4.35 ± 11.8% (k=2)

 $^{^{\}rm c}$ The validity of \pm 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (ϕ , ϑ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)



D3: DAE

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Client

ADT (Auden)

Certificate No: DAE3-579 Mar07

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

DAE3 - SD 000 D03 AA - SN: 579

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-06.v12

Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)

¥

Calibration date:

March 23, 2007

Condition of the calibrated item

In Tolerance

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Fluke Process Calibrator Type 702	SN: 6295803	13-Oct-06 (Elcal AG, No: 5492)	Oct-07
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	03-Oct-06 (Elcal AG, No: 5478)	Oct-07
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Calibrator Box V1.1	SE UMS 006 AB 1002	15-Jun-06 (SPEAG, in house check)	In house check Jun-07
,		······································	In house

Calibrated by:

Name Eric Hainfeld Function Technician Signature

Approved by:

Fin Bomholt

R&D Director

/ Issued: March 23, 2007

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Certificate No: DAE3-579_Mar07

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Glossary

DAE

data acquisition electronics

Connector angle

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot

coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
- DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
- Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
- Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
- AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
- Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
- Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
- Input resistance: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
- Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
- Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

 $\begin{array}{lll} \mbox{High Range:} & \mbox{1LSB} = & \mbox{6.1}\mu\mbox{V} \,, & \mbox{full range} = & \mbox{-100...+300 mV} \\ \mbox{Low Range:} & \mbox{1LSB} = & \mbox{61nV} \,, & \mbox{full range} = & \mbox{-1......+3mV} \end{array}$

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	x	Y	Z
Hiĝh Range	404.413 ± 0.1% (k=2)	404.494 ± 0.1% (k=2)	404.245 ± 0.1% (k=2)
Low Range	3.95259 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.97903 ± 0.7% (k=2)	$3.93943 \pm 0.7\%$ (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	0°±1°

Certificate No: DAE3-579_Mar07 Page 3 of 5

Appendix

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range		Input (μV)	Reading (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	200000	200000.1	0.00
Channel X	+ Input	20000	20006.33	0.03
Channel X	- Input	20000	-19997.11	-0.01
Channel Y	+ Input	200000	200000.5	0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	20000	20004.32	0.02
Channel Y	- Input	20000	-20000.97	0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	200000	199999.9	0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	20000	20004.59	0.02
Channel Z	- Input	20000	-19999.75	0.00

Low Range	Input (μV)	Reading (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	2000	2000	0.00
Channel X + Input	200	199.93	-0.03
Channel X - Input	200	-200.74	0.37
Channel Y + Input	2000	2000	0.00
Channel Y + Input	200	199.24	-0.38
Channel Y - Input	200	-200.94	0.47
Channel Z + Input	2000	2000	0.00
Channel Z + Input	200	199.04	-0.48
Channel Z - Input	200	-201.32	0.66

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	6.88	6.91
	- 200	-5.38	-6.84
Channel Y	200	4.74	6.33
	- 200	-2.86	-7.65
Channel Z	200	8.17	8.22
	- 200	-9.67	-10.56

3. Channel separationDASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (μV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200	-	0.28	0.44
Channel Y	200	1.03	-	2.52
Channel Z	200	-2.54	0.78	-

Certificate No: DAE3-579_Mar07 Page 4 of 5

4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	16336	17367
Channel Y	16187	16706
Channel Z	15808	16822

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input 10MΩ

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (μV)
Channel X	-1.09	-2.34	-0.23	0.35
Channel Y	-2.38	-3.71	-1.13	0.33
Channel Z	0.31	₃₉ -1.04	1.49	0.37

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance

·	Zeroing (MOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	0.2001	201.8
Channel Y	0.2001	204.8
Channel Z	0.2001	206.1

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (verified during pre test)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)	
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9	
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6	

9. Power Consumption (verified during pre test)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.0	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	- i 1 - -9

Certificate No: DAE3-579_Mar07 Page 5 of 5



D4: SYSTEM VALIDATION DIPOLE

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Issued: April 24, 2007

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Client

ADT (Auden)

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

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C

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Certificate No: D2450V2-737 Apr07

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE Object D2450V2 - SN: 737 Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v6 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits Calibration date: Condition of the calibrated item In Tolerance This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Primary Standards ID# Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Power meter EPM-442A GB37480704 03-Oct-06 (METAS, No. 217-00608) Oct-07 Power sensor HP 8481A US37292783 03-Oct-06 (METAS, No. 217-00608) Oct-07 Reference 20 dB Attenuator SN: 5086 (20g) 10-Aug-06 (METAS, No 217-00591) Aug-07 Reference 10 dB Attenuator SN: 5047.2 (10r) 10-Aug-06 (METAS, No 217-00591) Aug-07 Reference Probe ES3DV3 SN 3025 19-Oct-06 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3025 Oct06) Oct-07 DAE4 SN 601 30-Jan-07 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-601_Jan07) Jan-08 Secondary Standards ID# Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check Power sensor HP 8481A MY41092317 18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-05) in house check: Oct-07 RF generator Agilent E4421B MY41000675 11-May-05 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05) In house check: Nov-07 Network Analyzer HP 8753E US37390585 S4206 18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-06) In house check: Oct-07 Name **Function** Signature Calibrated by: Mike Meili Laboratory Technician

Katja Pokovic

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Approved by:

Technical Manager

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF

sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,v,z

N/A

not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY4	V4.7
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	38.9 ± 6 %	1.79 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(23.0 ± 0.2) °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.4 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	53.6 m W / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹	normalized to 1W	53.5 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.22 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	24.9 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹	normalized to 1W	24.8 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D2450V2-737_Apr07

¹ Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	50.6 ± 6 %	1.91 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(21.4 ± 0.2) °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	12.9 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	51.6 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters ²	normalized to 1W	50.9 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.97 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	23.9 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters ²	normalized to 1W	23.6 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D2450V2-737_Apr07

² Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.2 Ω + 4.7 jΩ
Return Loss	– 25.8 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	. 52.2 Ω + 2.1 jΩ
Return Loss	– 30.5 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

	1
Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.161 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	August 26, 2003

Certificate No: D2450V2-737_Apr07

DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 24.04.2007 10:42:44

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN737

Communication System: CW-2450; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U10 BB;

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.8 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 38.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3025 (HF); ConvF(4.5, 4.5, 4.5); Calibrated: 19.10.2006

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.012007

• Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

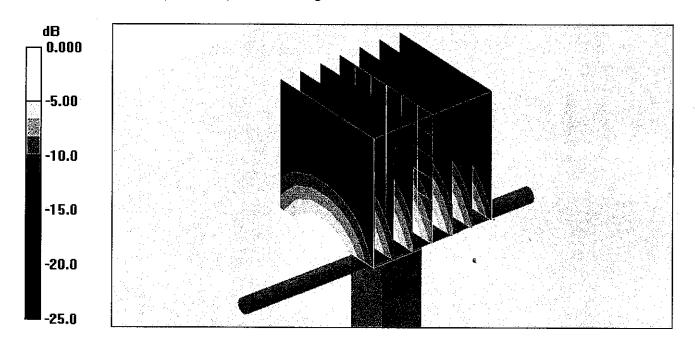
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 92.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.049 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.9 W/kg

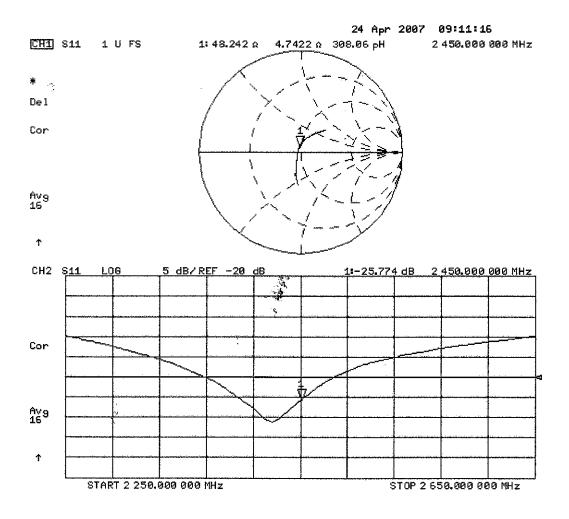
SAR(1 g) = 13.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.22 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.9 mW/g



0 dB = 14.9 mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY4 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 24.04.2007 14:24:46

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN737

Communication System: CW-2450; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U10;

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.92$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 50.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3025 (HF); ConvF(4.16, 4.16, 4.16); Calibrated: 19.10.2006

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.012007

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

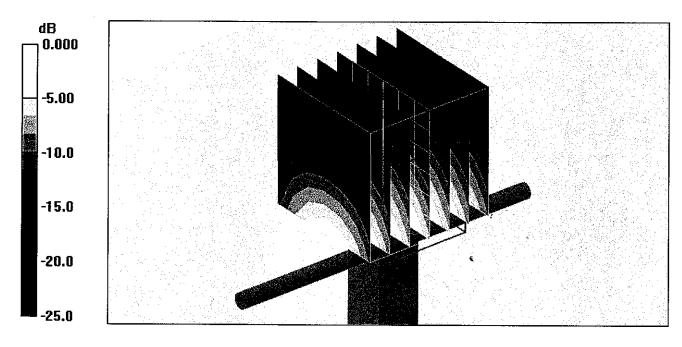
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 88.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.045 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.8 W/kg

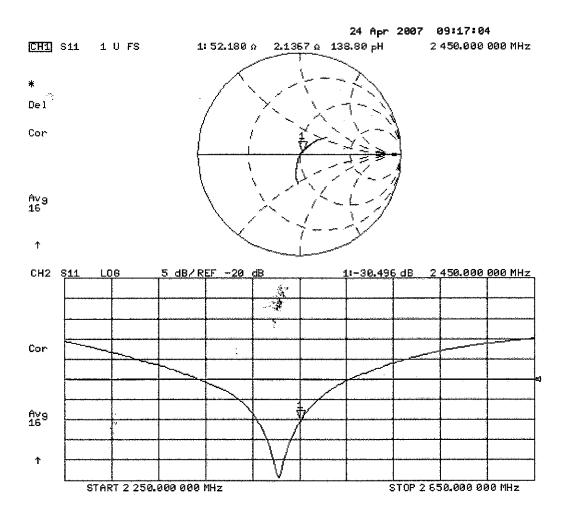
SAR(1 g) = 12.9 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.97 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.6 mW/g



0 dB = 14.6 mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client

ADT (Auden)

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1018 Apr0

GAUBRATION GERTIEGATE D5GHzV2 - SN: 1018 Object QA CAL-22.v1 Calibration procedure(s) Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits between 3-6 GHz April 19, 2007 Calibration date: In Tolerance Condition of the calibrated item This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) **Primary Standards** ID# Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration GB41293874 Mar-08 Power meter E4419B 29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00670) Mar-08 Power sensor E4412A MY41495277 29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00670) Power sensor E4412A MY41498087 29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00670) Mar-08 Reference 20 dB Attenuator SN: S5086 (20b) 29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00671) Mar-08 Reference 10 dB Attenuator Aug-07 SN: 5047.2 (10r) 10-Aug-06 (METAS, No 217-00591) Reference Probe EX3DV4 SN: 3503 9-Mar-07 (SPEAG, No. EX3-3503_Mar07) Mar-08 DAE4 SN 601 30-Jan-07 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-601_Jan07) Jan-08 Secondary Standards ID# Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check RF generator R&S SMT-06 100005 4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05) In house check: Nov-07 In house check: Oct-07 Network Analyzer HP 8753E US37390585 S4206 18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-06) Name Function Signature Calibrated by: Claudio Leubler Laboratory Technician Approved by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager Issued: April 25, 2007 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Calibration Laboratory of

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Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF

N/A

sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC Std 62209 Part 2, "Evaluation of Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Fields from Handheld and Body-Mounted Wireless Communication Devices in the Frequency Range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz: Human models, Instrumentation, and Procedures"; Part 2: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for including accessories and multiple transmitters", Draft Version 0.9, December 2004
- b) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

c) DASY4 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected
 power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1018_Apr07 Page 2 of 11

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY4	V4.7
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Area Scan resolution	dx, dy = 10 mm	
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4. mm, dz = 2.5 mm	
Frequency	5200 MHz ± 1 MHz 5500 MHz ± 1 MHz 5800 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	36.0	4.66 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.5 ± 6 %	4.57 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	20.1 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	80.4 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹	normalized to 1W	80.1 mW / g ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.68 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	22.7 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹	normalized to 1W	22.6 mW / g ± 19.5 % (k=2)

¹ Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to c), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Head TSL parameters at 5500 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.6	4.96 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.9 ± 6 %	4.87 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	19.2 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	76.8 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹	normalized to 1W	76.3 mW / g ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.44 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	21.8 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹	normalized to 1W	21.6 mW / g ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.3	5.27 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.4 ± 6 %	5.12 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C		water darker and the second se

SAR result with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	19.3 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	77.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹	normalized to 1W	76.5 mW / g ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	- 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.43 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	° 21.7 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹	normalized to 1W	21.5 mW / g ± 19.5 % (k=2)

¹ Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to c), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Body TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	49.0	5.30 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	47.3 ± 6 %	5.31 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C		bay barrier and

SAR result with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	19.5 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	78.0 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters ¹	normalized to 1W	77.1 mW / g ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Body.TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.48 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	21.9 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters ¹	normalized to 1W	21.7 mW / g ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5500 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.6	5.56 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.6 ± 6 %	5.68 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C		

SAR result with Body TSL at 5500 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	19.6 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	78.4 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters ¹	normalized to 1W	77.4 mW / g ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.47 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	21.9 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters ¹	normalized to 1W	21.6 mW / g ± 19.5 % (k=2)

¹ Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to c), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Body TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.2	6.00 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.0 ± 6 %	6.04 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(22.0± 0.2) °C		

SAR result with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	17.6 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	70.4 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters ¹	normalized to 1W	69.4 mW / g ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Body, TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	4.92 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	19.7 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters ¹	normalized to 1W	19.4 mW / g ± 19.5 % (k=2)

¹ Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to c), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.6 Ω - 10.3 jΩ
Return Loss	-19.8 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	. 48.9 Ω - 2.0 jΩ
Return Loss	-32.5 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	56.4 Ω + 3.8 jΩ
Return Loss	-23.1 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.3 Ω - 9.0 jΩ
Return Loss	-20.9 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5500 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.0 Ω - 1.6 jΩ
Return Loss	-34.3 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	57.3 Ω + 5.3 jΩ
Return Loss	-21.5 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.201 ns

After long term use with 40 W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	February 05, 2004

DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 19.04.2007 20:55:27

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHz; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1018

Communication System: CW-5GHz; Frequency: 5200 MHz Frequency: 5500 MHz Frequency: 5800

MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL 5800 MHz;

Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; $\sigma = 4.57 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 35.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Medium parameters used: f = 5500 MHz; $\sigma = 4.87 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 34.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; $\sigma = 5.12 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 34.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(5.56, 5.56, 5.56)ConvF(5.2, 5.2, 5.2)ConvF(4.97, 4.97, 4.97); Calibrated: 09.03.2007
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.01.2007
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; ;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

d=10mm, Pin=250mW, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan (8x8x10), dist=2mm (8x8x10):

Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 63.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.069 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 75.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 20.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.68 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 41.5 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan (8x8x10), dist=2mm (8x8x10):

Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 62.5 V/m: Power Drift = 0.108 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 75.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 19.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.44 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 40.2 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan (8x8x10), dist=2mm (8x8x10):

Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 62.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.013 dB

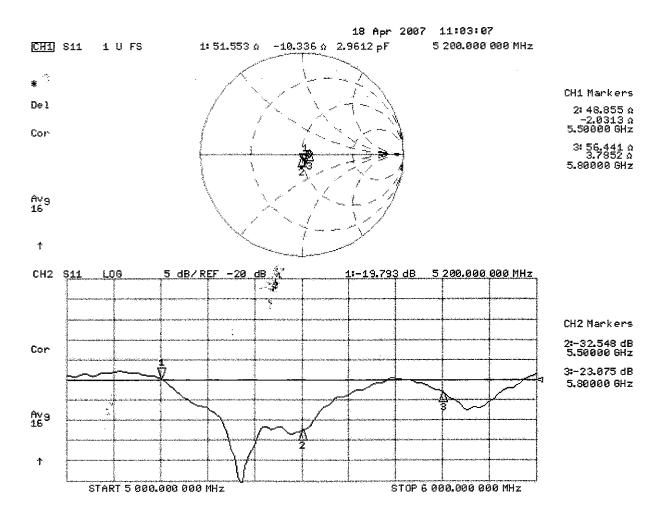
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 79.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 19.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.43 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 41.1 mW/g

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1018_Apr07 Page 8 of 11

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY4 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 19.04.2007 19:34:02

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHz; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1018

Communication System: CW-5GHz; Frequency: 5200 MHzFrequency: 5500 MHzFrequency: 5800

MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL 5800 MHz:

Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; $\sigma = 5.31 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 47.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Medium parameters used: f = 5500 MHz; $\sigma = 5.68 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 46.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; $\sigma = 6.04 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 46$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(4.96, 4.96)ConvF(4.63, 4.63, 4.63)ConvF(4.76, 4.76, 4.76); Calibrated: 09.03.2007
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.01.2007
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; ;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

d=10mm, Pin=250mW, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan (8x8x10), dist=2mm (8x8x10):

Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 79.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.006 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 71.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 19.5 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.48 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 39.0 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan (8x8x10), dist=2mm (8x8x10):

Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 75.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.001 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 77.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 19.6 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.47 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 40.6 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan (8x8x10), dist=2mm (8x8x10):

Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2.5mm

Reference Value = 70.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.046 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 71.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 17.6 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.92 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 35.8 mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

