

Report No. : FA322231

FCC SAR Test Report

APPLICANT : FUJITSU LIMITED

EQUIPMENT: Mobile Phone

BRAND NAME : Xi

MODEL NAME : F-06E

FCC ID : VQK-F06E

STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992

IEEE 1528-2003

FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01)

The product was completely tested on Mar. 25, 2013. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and shown the compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Reviewed by: Eric Huang / Deputy Manager

Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager





SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

No. 52, Hwa Ya 1st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan Hsiang, Tao Yuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.

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Revision History

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FA322231	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Apr. 17, 2013
FA322231	Rev. 02	Modified narrative of GSM1900 conducted Power in page29	Apr. 29, 2013

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1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **FUJITSU LIMITED Mobile Phone**, **Xi**, **F-06E**, are as follows.

Exposure Position	Frequency Band	Reported 1g-SAR (W/kg)	Equipment Class	Highest Reported 1g-SAR (W/kg)	
	GPRS850	0.37			
	GPRS1900	0.41	PCE	0.72	
	WCDMA Band V	0.72			
Head	WLAN 5.2GHz Band	0.08			
	WLAN 5.3GHz Band	0.13	NII	0.13	
	WLAN 5.5GHz Band	0.08			
	WLAN 2.4GHz Band	0.03	DTS	0.03	
	GPRS850	0.645		0.98	
Hotspot	GPRS1900	0.429	PCE		
(1cm Gap)	WCDMA Band V	0.980			
	WLAN 2.4GHz Band	0.013	DTS	0.01	
	GPRS850	0.54			
	GPRS1900	0.41	PCE	0.80	
	WCDMA Band V	0.80			
Body-worn (1cm Gap)	WLAN 5.2GHz Band	0.04			
(Tom Gup)	WLAN 5.3GHz Band	0.06	NII	0.06	
	WLAN 5.5GHz Band	0.02			
	WLAN 2.4GHz Band	0.01	DTS	0.01	

<Highest Simultaneous transmission SAR>

Frequency Band	Equipment Class	Exposure Position	Highest Reported Simultaneous Transmission 1g-SAR (W/kg)	
WCDMA V	PCE	Right Side	0.99	
WLAN 2.4GHz Band	DTS	(1cm Gap)	0.99	

Frequency Band	Equipment Class	Exposure Position	Highest Reported Simultaneous Transmission 1g-SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA V	PCE	Back	0.86
WLAN 5.3GHz Band	NII	(1cm Gap)	0.80

Frequency Band	Equipment Class	Exposure Position	Highest Reported Simultaneous Transmission 1g-SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA V	PCE	Right Side	1.05
2.4GHz Bluetooth	DSS	(1cm Gap)	1.05

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2003 and FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01).

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2. Administration Data

2.1 Testing Laboratory

Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.	
Test Site Location	No. 52, Hwa Ya 1 st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan Hsiang, Tao Yuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.	
	TEL: +886-3-327-3456 FAX: +886-3-328-4978	

2.2 Applicant

Company Name	FUJITSU LIMITED
Address	1-1, Kamikodanaka 4-chome, Nakahara-ku, Kawasaki 211-8588, Japan

2.3 Manufacturer

Company Name	FUJITSU LIMITED
Address	1-1, Kamikodanaka 4-chome, Nakahara-ku, Kawasaki 211-8588, Japan

2.4 Application Details

Date of Start during the Test	Feb. 28, 2013
Date of End during the Test	Mar. 25, 2013

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3. General Information

3.1 <u>Description of Equipment Under Test (EUT)</u>

Product Feature & Specification			
EUT	Mobile Phone		
Brand Name	Xi		
Model Name	F-06E		
FCC ID	VQK-F06E		
IMEI Code	355250050007675		
TX Frequency	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5260 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5700 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz NFC: 13.56 MHz RFID: 13.56 MHz		
Antenna Type	WWAN: $\lambda/4$ Monopole Antenna WLAN: $\lambda/4$ Monopole Antenna Bluetooth: $\lambda/4$ Monopole Antenna NFC: Loop Antenna RFID: Loop Antenna		
HW Version V2.1.0			
SW Version	R20.3e		
Uplink Modulations	GSM: GMSK GPRS: GMSK WCDMA (Rel 99): QPSK HSDPA (Rel 6): QPSK HSUPA (Rel 6): QPSK HSUPA (Rel 6): QPSK 802.11b: DSSS (DBPSK / DQPSK / CCK) 802.11a/g/n/ac: OFDM (BPSK / QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM/ 256QAM) Bluetooth : GFSK Bluetooth EDR : π/4-DQPSK, 8-DPSK Bluetooth 4.0 LE: GFSK NFC : ASK RFID : ASK		
Dual Transfer Mode Category	Class A – EUT can support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously.		

Remark

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The above EUT's information was declared by manufacturer. Please refer to the specifications or user's manual for more detailed description.

^{2. 5600} MHz ~ 5650 MHz is notched.

^{3.} This device, WLAN 2.4GHz supports hotspot operation; WLAN 5 GHz does not support those operations.

3.2 Maximum RF output power among production units

Mode		GSM 850	GSM 1900
		Average power(dBm)	
1	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	33.5	30.5
GPR	S/EDGE (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	33.5	30.5
GPR	S/EDGE (GMSK, 2 Tx slots)	31	28.5
GPR	S/EDGE (GMSK, 3 Tx slots)	29.5	27
GPR	S/EDGE (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	27	26
DTM 5	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	31	28.5
DTM 5	GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	31	28.5
DTM 9	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	31	28.5
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)		31	28.5
DTM 11	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	29.5	27
ווווווו	GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots)	29.5	27

Mode	WCDMA Band V
Mode	average power(dBm)
AMR 12.2Kbps	25
RMC 12.2Kbps	25
HSDPA Subtest-1	24
HSUPA Subtest-5	24

Band / Mode	IEEE 802.11 average power(dBm)							
Band / Wode	а	b	g	HT20	HT40	VHT20	VHT40	VHT80
WLAN2.4GHz Band		11.5	12	12				
WLAN5.2GHz Band	10.5			10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10
WLAN5.3GHz Band	10.5			10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10
WLAN5.5GHz Band	10			10	9.5	10	9.5	9

	Bluetooth					
Mode / Band	1Mbps	2Mbps	3Mbps	BT4.0-LE		
	(GFSK)	π/4-DQPSK	(8-DPSK)	(GFSK)		
2.4GHz Bluetooth	8	7	7	0		

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3.3 Applied Standard

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

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- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2003
- FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01)
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 v05
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 v01r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 v02
- FCC KDB 941225 D03 v01
- FCC KDB 941225 D04 v01
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 v01
- FCC KDB 644545 D01 v01

3.4 Device Category and SAR Limits

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user. Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.

3.5 Test Conditions

3.5.1 Ambient Condition

Ambient Temperature	20 to 24 ℃
Humidity	< 60 %

3.5.2 Test Configuration

For WWAN SAR testing, the device was controlled by using a base station emulator. Communication between the device and the emulator was established by air link. The distance between the EUT and the antenna of the emulator is larger than 50 cm and the output power radiated from the emulator antenna is at least 30 dB smaller than the output power of EUT.

During WLAN SAR testing EUT is configured with the WLAN continuous TX tool, and the transmission duty factor was monitored on the spectrum analyzer with zero-span setting

Duty factor observed as below:

802.11b, 1Mbps: 100%

802.11n HT20, MCS0: 87.26%

802.11a, 6Mbps: 88.43%

802.11 VHT80, MCS0,: 84.06%

For WLAN SAR testing, WLAN engineering testing software installed on the EUT can provide continuous transmitting RF signal.

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4. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

4.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

4.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = C\left(\frac{\delta T}{\delta t}\right)$$

Where: C is the specific heat capacity, δT is the temperature rise and δt is the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

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5. SAR Measurement System



Fig 5.1 SPEAG DASY System Configurations

The DASY system for performance compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, a teach pendant and software
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) attached to the robot arm extension
- A dosimetric probe equipped with an optical surface detector system
- > The electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical signals
- A measurement server performs the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the accuracy of the probe positioning
- A computer operating Windows XP
- DASY software
- > Remove control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warming lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom
- A device holder
- > Tissue simulating liquid
- Dipole for evaluating the proper functioning of the system

Component details are described in in the following sub-sections.

5.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

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5.1.1 E-Field Probe Specification

<ET3DV6 Probe >

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	6
Frequency	10 MHz to 3 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	T
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	100
Dynamic Range	5 μW/g to 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 16 mm) Tip diameter: 6.8 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm	Fig 5.2 Photo of ET3DV6

<ES3DV3 Probe >

< <u>CO3D V3 1 10BC ></u>				
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)			THE STATE OF THE S
Frequency	10 MHz to 3 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB			
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)			100
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB			
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 10 mm) Tip diameter: 4 mm (Body: 10 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 3 mm			
		Fig	5.3	Photo of ES3DV3

<EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges		
	PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)		
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB		
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)		
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)		1
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm		
		Fig 5.4	Photo of EX3DV4

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5.1.2 E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than \pm 10%. The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within \pm 0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, and NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested. The calibration data can be referred to appendix C of this report.

5.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock. The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



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Fig 5.5 Photo of DAE

5.3 Robot

The SPEAG DASY system uses the high precision robots (DASY4: RX90BL; DASY5: TX90XL) type from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY4: CS7MB; DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- ➤ High precision (repeatability ±0.035 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- > Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)



Fig 5.6 Photo of DASY4



Fig 5.7 Photo of DASY5

5.4 Measurement Server

The measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with CPU (DASY4: 166 MHz, Intel Pentium; DASY5: 400 MHz, Intel Celeron), chipdisk (DASY4: 32 MB; DASY5: 128 MB), RAM (DASY4: 64 MB, DASY5: 128 MB). The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronic box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

The measurement server performs all the real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operations.

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Fig 5.8 Photo of Server for DASY4

Fig 5.9 Photo of Server for DASY5

5.5 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	THE THE PARTY OF T
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	Fig 5.10 Photo of SAM Phantom

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI4 Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	11111
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	Fig 5.11 Photo of ELI4 Phantom

The ELI4 phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

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5.6 <u>Device Holder</u>

<Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom>

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of \pm 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of \pm 20 %. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity ϵ = 3 and loss tangent δ = 0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



Fig 5.12 Device Holder

<Laptop Extension Kit>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Fig 5.13 Laptop Extension Kit

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5.7 <u>Data Storage and Evaluation</u>

5.7.1 Data Storage

The DASY software stores the assessed data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all the necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files. The post-processing software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of erroneous parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with an incorrect crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be reevaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type (e.g., [V/m], [A/m], [mW/g]). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or give meaningless results, e.g., a SAR-output in a non-lose media, will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

5.7.2 Data Evaluation

Device parameters:

The DASY post-processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: - Sensitivity Norm_i, a_{i0}, a_{i1}, a_{i2}

- Conversion factor ConvF_i dcpi - Diode compression point - Frequency - Crest factor cf

Media parameters: - Conductivity σ - Density ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi-meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power.

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The formula for each channel can be given as :

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

 U_i = input signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter) dcp_i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals, the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field Probes : $E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$

H-field Probes : $H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

Norm_i = sensor sensitivity of channel i, (i = x, y, z), $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ for E-field Probes

ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution a_{ij} = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

 E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m H_i = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

 E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m

 σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

 ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

Note that the density is set to 1, to account for actual head tissue density rather than the density of the tissue simulating liquid.

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5.8 Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Emiliament	Turne /Mandal	Carial Namehau	Calib	ration
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	499	Mar. 22, 2010	Mar. 21, 2013
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d041	Mar. 23, 2010	Mar. 22, 2013
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	736	Jul. 25, 2011	Jul. 24, 2013
SPEAG	5GHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1006	Dec. 11, 2012	Dec. 10, 2013
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	778	Aug. 27, 2012	Aug. 26, 2013
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE3	495	Apr. 23, 2012	Apr. 22, 2013
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1338	Jun. 12, 2012	Jun. 11, 2013
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	ET3DV6	1787	May. 29, 2012	May. 28, 2013
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3792	Jun. 21, 2012	Jun. 20, 2013
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	ES3DV3	3270	Sep. 28, 2012	Sep. 27, 2013
Wisewind	Thermometer	ETP-101	TM560	Nov. 13, 2012	Nov. 12, 2013
Wisewind	Thermometer	ETP-101	TM685	Nov. 13, 2012	Nov. 12, 2013
H.M.IRIS	Thermometer	TH-08	TM658	Nov. 13, 2012	Nov. 12, 2013
SPEAG	SAM Phantom	QD 000 P40 C	TP-1383	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Phantom	QD 000 P40 C	TP-1446	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Phantom	QD 000 P40 C	TP-1478	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Phantom	QD 000 P40 CD	TP-1644	NCR	NCR
Agilent	ENA Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46316648	Feb. 07, 2013	Feb. 06, 2014
Agilent	ESG Vector Series Signal Generator	E4438C	MY49070755	Oct. 02, 2012	Oct. 01, 2013
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1132003	Aug. 14, 2012	Aug. 13, 2013
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY50266977	Nov. 13, 2011	Nov. 12, 2013
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	50422	Note 4	
Woken	Attenuator 1	WK0602-XX	N/A	Note 4	
PE	Attenuator 2	PE7005-10	N/A	Note 4	
PE	Attenuator 3	PE7005- 3	N/A	Note 4	
Agilent	Dielectric Probe Kit	85070D	US01440205	Note 5	
AR	Power Amplifier	5S1G4M2	328767	No	te 6
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP	101131	Jul. 23, 2012	Jul. 22, 2013

Table 5.1 Test Equipment List

Note:

- 1. The calibration certificate of DASY can be referred to appendix C of this report.
- 2. Referring to KDB 865664 D01v01, the dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval.
- 3. The justification data of dipole D835V2, SN: 499, D1900V2, SN: 5d041, D2450V2, SN: 736, can be found in appendix C. The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration, the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration.
- 4. The Insertion Loss calibration of Dual Directional Coupler and Attenuator were characterized via the network analyzer and compensated during system check.
- 5. The dielectric probe kit was calibrated via the network analyzer, with the specified procedure (calibrated in pure water) and calibration kit (standard) short circuit, before the dielectric measurement. The specific procedure and calibration kit are provided by Agilent.
- 6. In system check we need to monitor the level on the power meter, and adjust the power amplifier level to have precise power level to the dipole; the measured SAR will be normalized to 1W input power according to the ratio of 1W to the input power to the dipole. For system check, the calibration of the power amplifier is deemed not critically required for correct measurement; the power meter is critical and we do have calibration for it
- 7. Attenuator 1 insertion loss is calibrated by the network Analyzer, which the calibration is valid, before system check

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6. Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 6.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 6.2.





Fig 6.1 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR

Fig 6.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquid.

Frequency	Water	Sugar	Cellulose	Salt	Preventol	DGBE	Conductivity	Permittivity
(MHz)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(σ)	(ε _r)
				For Head				
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
900	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.97	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
				For Body				
750	51.7	47.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.96	55.5
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
900	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	1.05	55.0
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7

Table 6.1 Recipes of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Simulating Liquid for 5G, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	64~78%
Mineral oil	11~18%
Emulsifiers	9~15%
Additives and Salt	2~3%

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The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using an Agilent 85070D Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

The following table shows the measuring results for simulating liquid.

Frequency (MHz)	J	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)		Conductivity Target (σ)		Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε _r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
835	Head	21.3	0.916	41.115	0.9	41.5	1.78	-0.93	±5	Feb. 28, 2013
835	Body	21.4	0.962	54.559	0.97	55.2	-0.82	-1.16	±5	Feb. 28, 2013
1900	Head	21.5	1.427	39.815	1.4	40	1.93	-0.46	±5	Mar. 01, 2013
1900	Body	21.6	1.545	53.277	1.52	53.3	1.64	-0.04	±5	Feb. 28, 2013
2450	Head	21.2	1.824	37.873	1.8	39.2	1.33	-3.39	±5	Mar. 21, 2013
2450	Body	21.3	1.968	53.802	1.95	52.7	0.92	2.09	±5	Mar. 21, 2013
5200	Head	21.2	4.795	35.46	4.66	36.0	2.90	-1.51	±5	Mar. 25, 2013
5200	Body	21.6	5.131	47.488	5.3	49	-3.19	-3.09	±5	Mar. 23, 2013
5300	Head	21.2	4.898	35.314	4.80	35.9	2.04	-1.63	±5	Mar. 25, 2013
5300	Body	21.6	5.264	47.249	5.30	49.0	-0.68	-3.57	±5	Mar. 23, 2013
5600	Head	21.2	5.206	34.73	5.1	35.5	2.08	-2.17	±5	Mar. 25, 2013
5600	Body	21.6	5.642	46.786	5.65	48.6	-0.14	-3.73	±5	Mar. 23, 2013

Table 6.2 Measuring Results for Simulating Liquid

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7. SAR System Verification

Each DASY system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the DASY software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System validation kit includes a dipole, tripod holder to fix it underneath the flat phantom and a corresponding distance holder.

7.1 Purpose of System Performance check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure

7.2 System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:

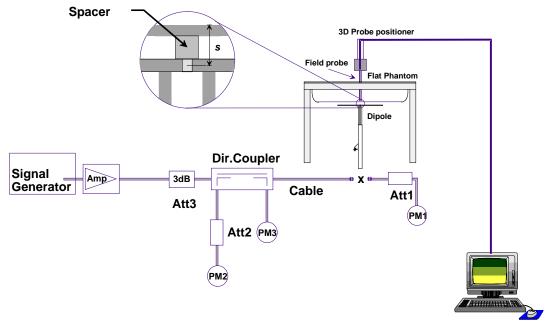


Fig 7.1 System Setup for System Evaluation

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- 1. Signal Generator
- 2. Amplifier
- 3. Directional Coupler
- 4. Power Meter
- 5. Calibrated Dipole



Fig 7.2 Photo of Dipole Setup

7.3 SAR System Verification Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Table 7.1 shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Power fed onto reference dipole (mW)	Targeted SAR (W/kg)	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Normalized SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
Feb. 28, 2013	835	Head	250	9.71	2.44	9.76	0.51
Feb. 28, 2013	835	Body	250	9.82	2.5	10	1.83
Mar. 01, 2013	1900	Head	250	39.8	10.3	41.2	3.52
Feb. 28, 2013	1900	Body	250	40	10	40	0.00
Mar. 21, 2013	2450	Head	250	54.8	13.9	55.6	1.46
Mar. 21, 2013	2450	Body	250	52.3	13.6	54.4	4.02
Mar. 25, 2013	5200	Head	100	79.80	7.76	77.6	-2.76
Mar. 23, 2013	5200	Body	100	71.4	7.07	70.7	-0.98
Mar. 25, 2013	5300	Head	100	82.60	8.23	82.3	-0.36
Mar. 23, 2013	5300	Body	100	73.5	7.3	73	-0.68
Mar. 25, 2013	5600	Head	100	83.60	8.64	86.4	3.35
Mar. 23, 2013	5600	Body	100	76.8	7.99	79.9	4.04

Table 7.1 Target and Measurement SAR after Normalized

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8. EUT Testing Position

This EUT was tested in ten different positions. They are right cheek/right tilted/left cheek/left tilted for Head, Front/Band/Right Side/Left Side/Top Side/Bottom Side of the EUT with phantom 1 cm gap, as illustrated below, please refer to Appendix D for the test setup photos.

8.1 Define two imaginary lines on the handset

- (a) The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset the midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset.
- (b) The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the face of the handset at point A.
- (c) The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.

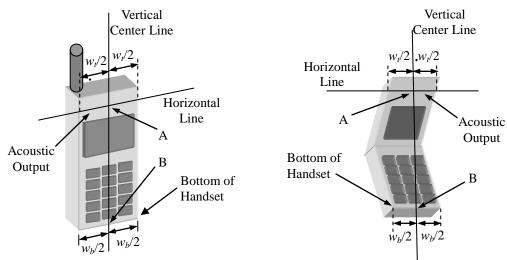


Fig 8.1 Illustration for Handset Vertical and Horizontal Reference Lines

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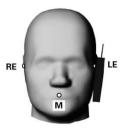
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8.2 Cheek Position

- (a) To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the three ear and mouth reference point (M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear, and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.
- b) To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost (see Fig. 8.2).





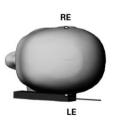


Fig 8.2 Illustration for Cheek Position

8.3 Tilted Position

- (a) To position the device in the "cheek" position described above.
- (b) While maintaining the device the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear is lost (see Fig. 8.3).





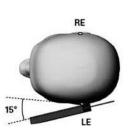


Fig 8.3 Illustration for Tilted Position

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8.4 Body Worn Position

- (a) To position the device parallel to the phantom surface with either keypad up or down.
- (b) To adjust the device parallel to the flat phantom.
- (c) To adjust the distance between the device surface and the flat phantom to 1 cm.

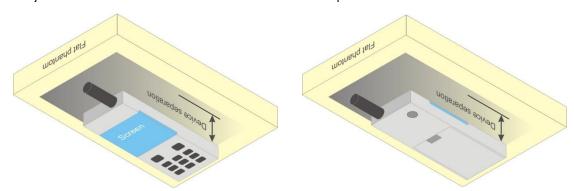


Fig 8.4 Illustration for Body Worn Position

8.5 Hotspot Position

- (a) To position the device parallel to the phantom surface with all sides and either keypad up or down.
- (b) To adjust the device parallel to the flat phantom.
- (c) To adjust the distance between the device and the flat phantom to 1.0cm.

<EUT Setup Photos>

Please refer to Appendix D for the test setup photos.

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9. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

(a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

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- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

9.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

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9.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

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9.3 Area & Zoom Scan Procedures

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. Area scan and zoom scan resolution setting follows KDB 865664 D01v01 quoted below.

For any secondary peaks found in the area scan which are within 2 dB of the maximum peak and are not within this zoom scan, the zoom scan should be repeated

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance fron (geometric center of pro			5 ± 1 mm	½-8-ln(2) ± 0.5 mm
Maximum probe angle to normal at the measurem		exis to phantom surface	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx _{Area} , Δy _{Area}			When the x or y dimension of t measurement plane orientation measurement resolution must be dimension of the test device with point on the test device.	, is smaller than the above, the e ≤ the corresponding x or y
Maximum zoom scan sp	oatial resolu	tion: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 - 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
	uniform g	zrid: ∆z _{Zoom} (n)	≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	grid	Δz _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points	≤ 1.5·Δz	z _{Zoom} (n-1)
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z	1	≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

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When zoom scan is required and the reported SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

9.4 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband

9.5 SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

9.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

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10. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

<GSM Conducted Power>

Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.

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- 2. The EUT do not support DTM function.
- 3. For DTM multi-slot class mode, the device was linked with base station simulator (Agilent E5515C) and transmit maximum power on maximum number of TX slots, i.e. one CS timeslot, and additional PS timeslots (1 for DTM class 5 and 9, 2 for DTM class 11) in one TDMA frame.
- 4. Agilent E5515C was used to setup the device operated under DTM mode for power measurement and SAR testing. For conducted power, the power of the burst for voice and the power of the bursts for data was reported separately in the table above, and the frame-average power is derived below to determine SAR testing.

DTM frame average power (dBm) = $10*log [\sum (power of each slot, in mW)/8]$

	Band GSM850	Burst A	verage Powe	r (dBm)	Frame-A	verage Powe	er (dBm)
	128	189	251	128	189	251	
Fr	824.2	836.4	848.8	824.2	836.4	848.8	
GSM	32.88	33.05	33.08	23.88	24.05	24.08	
GPRS (G	MSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1	32.91	33.04	33.07	23.91	24.04	24.07
GPRS (G	MSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1	29.25	29.27	29.33	23.25	23.27	23.33
GPRS (G	MSK, 3 Tx slots) – CS1	27.63	27.64	27.64	23.37	23.38	23.38
GPRS (G	MSK, 4 Tx slots) – CS1	25.02	25.02	25.04	22.02	22.02	22.04
DTM 5 (2Tx slots)	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	29.23	29.25	29.29	23.20	23.22	23.25
DTW 5 (21X SIOLS)	GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) - CS1	29.21	29.23	29.26	23.20	23.22	23.23
DTM 9 (2Tx slots)	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	29.20	29.22	29.26	23.18	23.19	23.22
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1		29.20	29.20	29.23	23.10	23.19	23.22
DTM 44 (2Ty clotc)	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)		27.58	27.59	23.30	23.32	23.32
(אווטו אווטן) וו ואווטן	GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1	27.56	27.58	27.58	23.30	23.32	23.32

Remark: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.

The calculated method are shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9 dB Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6 dB Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) - 3 dB

Note:

- For Head SAR testing, GSM and DTM should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GSM Voice for GSM850 due to its highest frame-average power.
- 2. For Body worn SAR testing, GSM and DTM should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GSM Voice for GSM850 due to its highest frame-average power.
- 3. For hotspot mode SAR testing, GPRS and DTM should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GPRS 1 Tx slot for GSM850 due to its highest frame-average power.

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E	Band GSM1900	Burst A	verage Powe	r (dBm)	Frame-A	verage Powe	er (dBm)
	TX Channel	512	661	810	512	661	810
Fr	1850.2	1880	1909.8	1850.2	1880	1909.8	
GSM	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)			30.00	20.93	20.85	21.00
GPRS (G	MSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1	29.88	29.87	29.94	20.88	20.87	20.94
GPRS (G	MSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1	26.80	26.74	26.86	20.80	20.74	20.86
GPRS (G	MSK, 3 Tx slots) – CS1	25.42	25.34	25.48	21.16	21.08	21.22
GPRS (G	MSK, 4 Tx slots) – CS1	24.47	24.34	24.56	21.47	21.34	21.56
DTM 5 (2Tx slots)	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	26.76	26.75	26.83	20.73	20.72	20.00
DTW 5 (21X SIOLS)	GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) - CS1	26.75	26.75	26.82	20.73	20.73	20.80
DTM 9 (2Tx slots)	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	26.79	26.77	26.84	20.70	20.75	00.04
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1		26.78	26.77	26.83	20.76	20.75	20.81
DTM 44 (2Tv clate)	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)		25.41	25.46	04.47	04.44	04.40
וו אווטן (31X SIOTS)	GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1	25.42	25.39	25.45	21.17	21.14	21.19

Remark: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.

The calculated method are shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) - 3 dB

Note

- 1. For Head SAR testing, GSM and DTM should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in DTM Multi-slot class 11 for GSM1900 due to its highest frame-average power.
- 2. For Body worn SAR testing, GSM and DTM should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in DTM Multi-slot class 11 for GSM1900 due to its highest frame-average power.
- 3. For hotspot mode SAR testing, GPRS and DTM should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GPRS 4 Tx slots for GSM1900 due to its highest frame-average power.

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<WCDMA Conducted Power>

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.

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A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
 - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
 - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	βε	βd	βd (SF)	β₀/βd	βнs (Note1,	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
					Note 2)		
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15	15/15	64	12/15	24/15	1.0	0.0
	(Note 4)	(Note 4)		(Note 4)			
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

- Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{bs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.
- Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, \triangle ACK and \triangle NACK = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c , and \triangle CQI = 24/15 with β_{hs} = 24/15 * β_c .
- Note 3: CM = 1 for β_o/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HSDPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.
- Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_d/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 11/15 and β_d = 15/15

Setup Configuration

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HSUPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting *:
 - i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
 - ii. Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121

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- iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
- iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
- v. Set UE Target Power
- vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
- vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
- viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub- test	βς	βa	β _d (SF)	βε/βα	βнs (Note1)	βес	β _{ed} (Note 5) (Note 6)	β _{ed} (SF)	β _{ed} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 6)	E- TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/2 25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β _{ed} 1: 47/15 β _{ed} 2: 47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	15/15 (Note 4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

- Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c .
- Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
- Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 10/15 and β_d = 15/15.
- Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_d/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 14/15 and β_d = 15/15.
- Note 5: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to
- TS25.306 Table 5.1g. Note 6: β_{ed} can not be set directly, it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

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Note:

- 1.
- Applying the subtest setup in Table C.11.1.3 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1 V9.1.0 to Rel. 6 HSPA. Per KDB 941225 D01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If AMR 12.2kbps power is < 0.25dB higher 2. than RMC 12.2kbps, SAR tests with AMR 12.2kbps can be excluded.
- By design, AMR, HSDPA/HSUPA RF power will not be larger than RMC 12.2kbps. 3.

Ва	ınd		WCDMA V	
TX CI	nannel	4132	4182	4233
Rx Ch	nannel	4357	4407	4458
Frequen	cy (MHz)	826.4	836.4	846.6
3GPP Rel 99	AMR 12.2Kbps	23.56	24.19	23.78
3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	23.59	24.21	23.82
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	22.87	23.27	22.96
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	22.91	23.11	22.85
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	22.34	22.57	22.35
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	22.38	22.57	22.34
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	22.77	22.86	22.81
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	21.42	21.62	21.55
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	21.52	21.90	21.79
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	22.13	22.40	22.35
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	22.92	23.18	22.97
3GPP MPR specification	MPR result		WCDMA V	
0	HSDPA Subtest-1	0.00	0.00	0.00
0	HSDPA Subtest-2	-0.04	0.16	0.11
≦0.5	HSDPA Subtest-3	0.53	0.70	0.61
≦0.5	HSDPA Subtest-4	0.49	0.70	0.62
≦0	HSUPA Subtest-1	0.15	0.32	0.16
≦2	HSUPA Subtest-2	1.50	1.56	1.42
≦1	HSUPA Subtest-3	1.40	1.28	1.18
≦2	HSUPA Subtest-4	0.79	0.78	0.62
≦0	HSUPA Subtest-5	0.00	0.00	0.00

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<WLAN 2.4GHz Conducted Power>

	WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11b Average Power (dBm)										
	Power vs. Chan	nel	Power vs. Data Rate								
Channel	Freq.	Data Rate (bps)	Channal		Data Rate (bps)						
Chamilei	(MHz)	1M	Channel 2M 5.5M 11								
CH 1	2412	10.64									
CH 6	2437	9.83	CH 1	10.58	10.55	10.59					
CH 11	2462	10.43									

	WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11g Average Power (dBm)										
Power vs. Channel			Power vs. Data Rate								
Channel	Frequency	Data Rate (bps)	Channel	nnel Data Rate (bps)							
	(MHz)	6M		9M	12M	18M	24M	36M	48M	54M	
CH 1	2412	10.59									
CH 6	2437	10.47	CH 1	10.55	10.53	10.56	10.52	10.49	10.46	10.57	
CH 11	2462	10.31									

	WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11n-HT20 Average Power (dBm)									
Po	Power vs. Channel Power vs. Data Rate									
Channel	Frequency	MCS Index	Channal	MCS Index						
Channel	(MHz)	MCS0	Channel	Channel MCS1 MCS2 MCS3 MCS4 MCS5 MCS				MCS6	MCS7	
CH 1	2412	11.88								
CH 6	2437	11.64	CH 1	11.85	11.83	11.86	11.80	11.78	11.75	11.84
CH 11	2462	11.65								

Note:

- Per KDB 248227 D01 v01r02, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion
- 2. For each frequency band, testing at higher data rates and higher order modulations is not required when the maximum average output power for each of these configurations is less than 1/4dB higher than those measured at the lowest data rate.
- 3. Per KDB 248227 D01 v01r02, 11g output power is less than 1/4dB higher than 11b mode, thus the SAR can be excluded.
- 4. Per KDB 248227 D01 v01r02, 11n-HT20 average output power is higher than 1/4dB higher than 11b mode, these modes SAR will be verified at the highest RF exposure position found in 802.11b SAR testing.

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<Bluetooth Conducted Power>

	F		Average power (dBm)						
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Mode							
	(1411 12)	GFSK	π/4-DQPSK	8-DPSK					
CH 0	2402	7.27	5.61	5.87					
CH 39	2441	7.49	6.09	6.27					
CH 78	2480	7.76 6.27 6.50							

Channel	Frequency	Average power (dBm) Mode
	(MHz)	BT v4.0 LE, GFSK
CH 0	2402	-0.53
CH 19	2440	-0.74
CH 39	2480	-1.09

Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- · The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Bluetooth Max Power (dBm)	mW	Test Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	exclusion thresholds
8	6.31	5	2.48	1.99

2. Per KDB 447498 D01v05 exclusion thresholds is 1.99 < 3, RF exposure evaluation is not required.

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<WLAN 5GHz Conducted Power>

			WLAN	5GHz 802.1	1a Averag	e Power (d	Bm)										
Po	wer vs. Cha	nnel	Power vs. Data Rate														
Channel	Frequency	Data Rate (bps)	Channel	Data Rate (bps)							Channel Data Rate (bps)						
	(MHz)	6M		9M	12M	18M	24M	36M	48M	54M							
CH 36	5180	9.86															
CH 40	5200	9.59	CH 36	9.83	9.82	9.80	9.74	9.78	9.76	9.79							
CH 44	5220	9.53	CH 30	9.03			9.74	9.76	9.76	9.79							
CH 48	5240	9.75															
CH 52	5260	9.73		9.68	9.64			9.55	9.61								
CH 56	5280	9.13	CH 52			9.62	9.58			9.63							
CH 60	5300	9.16	CH 52			9.02	3.30			9.03							
CH 64	5320	9.64															
CH 100	5500	8.71															
CH 104	5520	8.74															
CH 108	5540	8.43															
CH 112	5560	8.62	CH 126	8.75	8.72	8.69	8.70	8.67	8.73	8.74							
CH 116	5580	8.28	CH 136	6.75	0.72	0.09	6.70	0.07	0.73	0.74							
CH 132	5660	8.66															
CH 136	5680	8.79															
CH 140	5700	8.26															

			WLAN 5GH	z 802.11n-	HT20 Ave	rage Powe	r (dBm)							
Po	wer vs. Cha	nnel		Power vs. Data Rate										
Channel	Frequency	MCS Index	Channel	nnel MCS Index										
Chamile	(MHz)	MCS0	Chamilei	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7				
CH 36	5180	9.97												
CH 40	5200	9.57	CH 36	9.96	9.93	9.89	9.87	0.05	0.00	9.90				
CH 44	5220	9.59	CH 30	9.90	9.93		9.07	9.85	9.88	9.90				
CH 48	5240	9.92												
CH 52	5260	9.82	CH 52	9.79	9.77	9.80	9.75	9.71	9.67					
CH 56	5280	9.16								9.68				
CH 60	5300	9.18	OH 52		9.77		9.75			9.00				
CH 64	5320	9.69												
CH 100	5500	8.98					8.90	8.88	0.05	8.91				
CH 104	5520	8.79												
CH 108	5540	8.49												
CH 112	5560	8.32	CH 100	8.96	8.93	8.94								
CH 116	5580	8.31	CH 100	0.90	0.93	0.94	0.90		8.85					
CH 132	5660	8.71												
CH 136	5680	8.89												
CH 140	5700	8.32												

	WLAN 5GHz 802.11n-HT40 Average Power (dBm)												
Po	wer vs. Cha	nnel		Power vs. Data Rate									
Channel	Frequency	MCS Index	Channel				MCS Index						
Chamilei	(MHz)	MCS0	Chamilei	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7			
CH 38	5190	9.28	CH 46	CH 46 9.96 9	9.92	9.90	9.88	9.86	9.83	9.85			
CH 46	5230	9.99	CH 46		9.92					9.00			
CH 54	5270	8.93	CH 54	8.91	8.87	8.85	8.83	8.81	8.79	8.82			
CH 62	5310	8.82	CH 54	0.91		0.00	0.03			0.02			
CH 102	5510	8.31					8.34	8.31	8.32				
CH 110	5550	7.86	CH 134	8.41	8.38	8.37				8.30			
CH 134	5670	8.49											

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			WLAN 5GH	lz 802.11r	n-VHT20	Average	Power (dl	Bm)				
Po	wer vs. Cha	nnel	Power vs. Data Rate									
Channel	Frequency	MCS Index	Channel				MCS					
Chaine	(MHz)	MCS0	Chamer	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	MCS8	
CH 36	5180	9.93				9.82					9.89	
CH 40	5200	9.61	CH 36	9.87	9.84		9.86	9.88	9.90	9.81		
CH 44	5220	9.54		9.07	9.04		9.00	9.00	9.90	9.81		
CH 48	5240	9.78										
CH 52	5260	9.85		9.84	9.81	9.79	9.83	9.77	9.74	9.78	9.82	
CH 56	5280	9.81	CH 64									
CH 60	5300	9.64	CH 04									
CH 64	5320	9.87										
CH 100	5500	9.46									9.41	
CH 104	5520	9.37										
CH 108	5540	9.26										
CH 112	5560	8.89	CH 100	9.43	9.36	9.37	9.35	9.38	9.40	9.33		
CH 116	5580	9.11	CH 100	9.43	9.30	9.37	9.33	9.30	9.40	9.33		
CH 132	5660	8.91										
CH 136	5680	8.88										
CH 140	5700	8.53										

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	WLAN 5GHz 802.11n-VHT40 Average Power (dBm)												
Po	wer vs. Cha	nnel		Power vs. Data Rate									
Channel	Frequency	MCS Index	Channel	MCS Index									
Channel	(MHz)	MCS0	Channel	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	MCS8	MCS9	
CH 38	5190	9.41	CH 46	9.81	9.83	9.85	9.78	9.75	9.73	9.70	9.77	9.84	
CH 46	5230	9.88	CH 40	9.01	9.03	9.00	9.70	9.75	3.73	9.70	9.11	9.04	
CH 54	5270	9.25	CH 54	9.23	9.19	9.22	9.16	9.14	9.23	9.12	9.13	9.2	
CH 62	5310	8.89	CH 34	9.23		9.22	9.16	9.14					
CH 102	5510	8.89							73 8.70	8.72	8.79	8.75	
CH 110	5550	8.32	CH 102	8.87	8.85	8.78	8.81	8.73					
CH 134	5670	8.61											

	WLAN 5GHz 802.11n-VHT80 Average Power (dBm)											
Po	wer vs. Cha	nnel				Po	wer vs.	Data Rate	е			
Channel	Frequency	MCS Index	Channel				MCS Index					
Channel	(MHz)	MCS0	Channel	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	MCS8	MCS9
CH 42	5210	8.84	CH 42	8.81	8.77	8.73	8.68	8.75	8.71	8.69	8.7	8.77
CH 58	5290	8.89	CH 58	8.86	8.84	8.81	8.78	8.74	8.71	8.73	8.76	8.79
CH 106	5530	8.29	CH 106	8.24	8.21	8.18	8.15	8.19	8.22	8.23	8.2	8.26

Note:

- 1. Per KDB 248227 D01 v01r02, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR
- 2. For each frequency band, testing at higher data rates and higher order modulations is not required when the maximum average output power for each of these configurations is less than 1/4dB higher than those measured at the lowest data rate.
- 3. Per KDB 248227 D01 v01r02, 11n-HT20, 11n-HT40, 11n-VHT20 and 11n-VHT40 output power is less than 1/4dB higher than 802.11a mode, thus the SAR can be excluded.
- 4. For 802.11ac-VHT80 SAR evaluation will be verified at the worst position found in 802.11a SAR testing.

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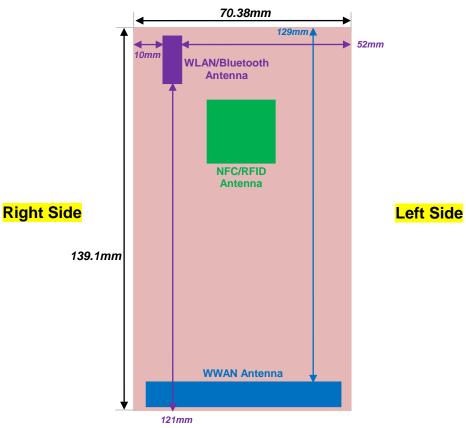


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11. Exposure Positions Consideration

<Mobile Phone>





Bottom Side

Back View

Antennas	Wireless Interface
	GSM850
WWAN Main Antenna (Tx / Rx)	GSM1900
	WCDMA Band V
	WLAN 2.4GHz
BT&WLAN Antenna (Tx / Rx)	WLAN5GHz
	Bluetooth

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	Distanc	e of the Antenr	na to the EUT s	urface/edge								
Antennas Back Front Top Side Bottom Side Right Side Left Side												
WWAN Main	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	129mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm						
BT&WLAN	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	121mm	≤ 25mm	52mm						

	Po	sitions for SAF	R tests; Hotspo	t mode								
Antennas Back Front Top Side Bottom Side Right Side Left Side												
WWAN Main	Yes	Yes	NO	Yes	Yes	Yes						
BT&WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	NO	Yes	NO						

Note:

 Per KDB 941225 D06 v01, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm*5cm, the test distance is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge

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12. SAR Test Results

Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance. Scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

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- Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Scaling Factor
- Per KDB 447498 D01v05, for each exposure position, if the highest output channel reported SAR ≤0.8W/kg, other channels SAR testing is not necessary.

12.1 Test Records for Head SAR Test

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR 1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR 1g (W/kg)
18	GSM850	GSM Voice	Right Cheek	251	848.8	33.08	33.5	1.102	-0.11	0.338	0.372
19	GSM850	GSM Voice	Right Tilted	251	848.8	33.08	33.5	1.102	-0.06	0.263	0.290
20	GSM850	GSM Voice	Left Cheek	251	848.8	33.08	33.5	1.102	0.01	0.315	0.347
21	GSM850	GSM Voice	Left Tilted	251	848.8	33.08	33.5	1.102	-0.06	0.229	0.252
22	GSM1900	DTM Multi-slot class 11	Right Cheek	810	1909.8	25.46	27	1.426	-0.09	0.228	0.325
23	GSM1900	DTM Multi-slot class 11	Right Tilted	810	1909.8	25.46	27	1.426	-0.08	0.104	0.148
24	GSM1900	DTM Multi-slot class 11	Left Cheek	810	1909.8	25.46	27	1.426	-0.03	0.29	0.413
25	GSM1900	DTM Multi-slot class 11	Left Tilted	810	1909.8	25.46	27	1.426	0	0.125	0.178

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR 1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR 1g (W/kg)
26	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	4182	836.4	24.21	25	1.199	-0.07	0.602	0.722
27	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	4182	836.4	24.21	25	1.199	0	0.405	0.486
28	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	4182	836.4	24.21	25	1.199	0.11	0.518	0.621
29	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	4182	836.4	24.21	25	1.199	-0.02	0.369	0.443

<WLAN2.4GHz SAR DTS>

Plot No.		Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Data Rate	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)			Duty Cycle Compensate Factor		Measured SAR 1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR 1g (W/kg)
32	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	Right Cheek	1	2412	1M	10.64	11	1.086	100	1.000	0.09	0.015	0.016
33	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	Right Tilted	1	2412	1M	10.64	11	1.086	100	1.000	0.09	0.012	0.013
34	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	Left Cheek	1	2412	1M	10.64	11	1.086	100	1.000	0.15	0.028	0.030
35	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	Left Tilted	1	2412	1M	10.64	11	1.086	100	1.000	0.1	0.019	0.021
36	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11n-HT20	Left Cheek	1	2412	MCS0	11.88	12	1.028	87.26	1.146	0.03	0.029	0.034

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<WLAN5GHz SAR NII>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Data Rate	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)		-	Duty Cycle Compensate Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR 1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR 1g (W/kg)
48	WLAN5GHz	802.11a	Right Cheek	36	5180	6M	9.86	10	1.033	88.43	1.131	-0.11	0.053	0.062
49	WLAN5GHz	802.11a	Right Tilted	36	5180	6M	9.86	10	1.033	88.43	1.131	-0.06	0.059	0.069
50	WLAN5GHz	802.11a	Left Cheek	36	5180	6M	9.86	10	1.033	88.43	1.131	-0.09	0.063	0.073
51	WLAN5GHz	802.11a	Left Tilted	36	5180	6M	9.86	10	1.033	88.43	1.131	-0.08	0.065	0.076
52	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80	Left Tilted	42	5210	MCS0	8.84	9	1.038	84.06	1.190	-0.01	0.065	0.080
53	WLAN5GHz	802.11a	Right Cheek	52	5260	6M	9.73	10	1.064	88.43	1.131	-0.08	0.086	0.103
54	WLAN5GHz	802.11a	Right Tilted	52	5260	6M	9.73	10	1.064	88.43	1.131	-0.19	0.095	0.114
55	WLAN5GHz	802.11a	Left Cheek	52	5260	6M	9.73	10	1.064	88.43	1.131	-0.04	0.105	0.127
56	WLAN5GHz	802.11a	Left Tilted	52	5260	6M	9.73	10	1.064	88.43	1.131	-0.01	0.11	0.132
57	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80	Left Tilted	58	5290	MCS0	8.89	9	1.026	84.06	1.190	0.01	0.079	0.096
58	WLAN5GHz	802.11a	Right Cheek	136	5680	6M	8.79	9	1.050	88.43	1.131	-0.19	0.019	0.022
59	WLAN5GHz	802.11a	Right Tilted	136	5680	6M	8.79	9	1.050	88.43	1.131	-0.17	0.024	0.028
60	WLAN5GHz	802.11a	Left Cheek	136	5680	6M	8.79	9	1.050	88.43	1.131	-0.1	0.032	0.038
61	WLAN5GHz	802.11a	Left Tilted	136	5680	6M	8.79	9	1.050	88.43	1.131	0.02	0.036	0.043
62	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80	Left Tilted	106	5530	MCS0	8.29	8.5	1.050	84.06	1.190	-0.01	0.067	0.084

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12.2 Test Records for Hotspot SAR Test

	Distanc	e of the Antenr	na to the EUT s	urface/edge								
Antennas Back Front Top Side Bottom Side Right Side Left Side												
WWAN Main	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	129mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm						
BT&WLAN	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	121mm	≤ 25mm	52mm						

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	Positions for SAR tests of Hotspot mode												
Antennas Back Front Top Side Bottom Side Right Side Left Side													
WWAN Main	Yes	Yes	NO	Yes	Yes	Yes							
BT&WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	NO	Yes	NO							

Note:

Per KDB 941225 D06 v01, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm*5cm, the test distance is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR 1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR 1g (W/kg)
7	GSM850	GPRS (1 Tx slot)	Front	1cm	251	848.8	33.07	33.5	1.104	-0.01	0.429	0.474
8	GSM850	GPRS (1 Tx slot)	Back	1cm	251	848.8	33.07	33.5	1.104	0.16	0.453	0.500
9	GSM850	GPRS (1 Tx slot)	Left Side	1cm	251	848.8	33.07	33.5	1.104	-0.1	0.312	0.344
10	GSM850	GPRS (1 Tx slot)	Right Side	1cm	251	848.8	33.07	33.5	1.104	-0.05	0.584	0.645
11	GSM850	GPRS (1 Tx slot)	Bottom Side	1cm	251	848.8	33.07	33.5	1.104	-0.05	0.366	0.404
1	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Front	1cm	810	1909.8	24.56	26	1.393	-0.07	0.308	0.429
2	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Back	1cm	810	1909.8	24.56	26	1.393	-0.02	0.272	0.379
3	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Left Side	1cm	810	1909.8	24.56	26	1.393	-0.06	0.24	0.334
4	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Right Side	1cm	810	1909.8	24.56	26	1.393	0.02	0.098	0.137
5	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	1cm	810	1909.8	24.56	26	1.393	0.06	0.258	0.359

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR 1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR 1g (W/kg)
13	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	1cm	4182	836.4	24.21	25	1.199	0.02	0.612	0.734
14	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	1cm	4182	836.4	24.21	25	1.199	-0.02	0.665	0.798
15	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	1cm	4182	836.4	24.21	25	1.199	0.06	0.505	0.606
16	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	1cm	4182	836.4	24.21	25	1.199	0.01	0.703	0.843
30	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	1cm	4132	826.4	23.59	25	1.384	-0.05	0.708	0.980
31	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	1cm	4233	846.6	23.82	25	1.312	-0.03	0.662	0.869
17	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	1cm	4182	836.4	24.21	25	1.199	-0.07	0.502	0.602
14	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	1cm	4182	836.4	24.21	25	1.199	-0.02	0.665	0.798

Note:

Per KDB 941225 D01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If HSDPA/HSUPA output power is < 0.25dB higher than RMC, or reported SAR with RMC 12.2kbps setting is ≤ 1.2W/kg, HSDPA/HSUPA SAR evaluation can be excluded.

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<WLAN2.4GHz SAR>

Plot No.		Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)		Freq. (MHz)	Data Rate	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)		-	Duty Cycle Compensate Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR 1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR 1g (W/kg)
37	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	Front	1cm	1	2412	1M	10.64	11	1.086	100	1.000	0.16	0.00745	0.008
38	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	Back	1cm	1	2412	1M	10.64	11	1.086	100	1.000	0.14	0.00993	0.011
39	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	Right Side	1cm	1	2412	1M	10.64	11	1.086	100	1.000	0.13	0.00596	0.007
40	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	Top Side	1cm	1	2412	1M	10.64	11	1.086	100	1.000	0.16	0.00625	0.007
41	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11n-HT20	Back	1cm	1	2412	MCS0	11.88	12	1.028	87.26	1.146	0.19	0.011	0.013

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12.3 Test Records for Body Worn SAR Test

1. Per KDB 941225 D06, when the same wireless mode and device transmission configurations are required for testing body-worn accessories and hotspot mode, it is not necessary to test body-worn accessory SAR for the same device orientation if the test separation distance for hotspot mode is more conservative than that used for body-worn accessories. In this report, the worst exposure position is the back exposure position of the device.

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- 2. Body-worn exposure conditions are intended to voice call operations, therefore GSM voice call or DTM mode is selected to be tested at the back exposure position for GSM850 and at the Front exposure position for GSM1900.
- 3. Per KDB 648474 D04v01, when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required.

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR 1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR 1g (W/kg)
12	GSM850	GSM Voice	Back	1cm	251	848.8	33.08	33.5	1.102	-0.08	0.486	0.535
6	GSM1900	DTM Multi-slot class 11	Front	1cm	810	1909.8	25.46	27	1.426	-0.02	0.287	0.409

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR 1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR 1g (W/kg)
14	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	1cm	4182	836.4	24.21	25	1.199	-0.02	0.665	0.798

<WLAN2.4GHz SAR>

Plot No.		Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Data	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	-	Duty Cycle Compensate Factor		SAR 1g	Scaled SAR 1g (W/kg)
37	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	Front	1cm	1	2412	1M	10.64	11	1.086	100	1.000	0.16	0.00745	0.008
38	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	Back	1cm	1	2412	1M	10.64	11	1.086	100	1.000	0.14	0.00993	0.011
41	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11n-HT20	Back	1cm	1	2412	MCS0	11.88	12	1.028	87.26	1.146	0.19	0.011	0.013

<WLAN5GHz SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Data Rate	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)			Duty Cycle Compensate Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR 1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR 1g (W/kg)
42	WLAN5GHz	802.11a	Front	1cm	36	5180	6M	9.86	10	1.033	88.43	1.131	-0.147	0.012	0.014
43	WLAN5GHz	802.11a	Back	1cm	36	5180	6M	9.86	10	1.033	88.43	1.131	-0.151	0.035	0.041
63	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80	Back	1cm	42	5210	MCS0	8.84	9	1.038	84.06	1.190	-0.051	0.035	0.044
44	WLAN5GHz	802.11a	Front	1cm	52	5260	6M	9.73	10	1.064	88.43	1.131	-0.17	0.017	0.020
45	WLAN5GHz	802.11a	Back	1cm	52	5260	6M	9.73	10	1.064	88.43	1.131	-0.14	0.046	0.055
64	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80	Back	1cm	58	5290	MCS0	8.89	9	1.026	84.06	1.190	-0.14	0.047	0.057
46	WLAN5GHz	802.11a	Front	1cm	136	5680	6M	8.79	9	1.050	88.43	1.131	-0.11	0.0071	0.008
47	WLAN5GHz	802.11a	Back	1cm	136	5680	6M	8.79	9	1.050	88.43	1.131	-0.12	0.02	0.024
65	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80	Back	1cm	106	5530	MCS0	8.29	8.5	1.050	84.06	1.190	-0.12	0.018	0.022

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12.4 Highest SAR Plot

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2013/3/21

#36_WLAN2.4G_802.11n-HT20_Left Cheek_Ch1

DUT: 322231

Communication System: 802.11n; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.146

Medium: HSL_2450_130321 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; $\sigma = 1.785$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.045$; ρ

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Ambient Temperature: 22.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3270; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 2012/9/28;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2012/8/27 Phantom: SAM-Right; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1446 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6477)

Configuration/Ch1/Area Scan (81x141x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0391 mW/g

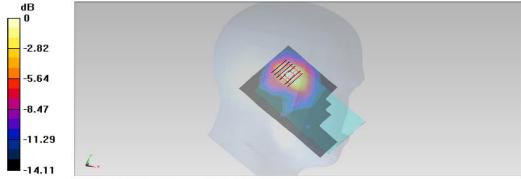
Configuration/Ch1/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.786 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.065 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.029 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.015 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0389 mW/g



0 dB = 0.0389 mW/g = -28.20 dB mW/g

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Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2013/3/25

#56_WLAN5G_802.11a_Left Tilted_Ch52

DUT: 322231

Communication System: 802.11a; Frequency: 5260 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.131 Medium: HSL_5G_130325 Medium parameters used : f = 5260 MHz; σ = 4.863 mho/m; ϵ_r = 35.377; ρ =

Ambient Temperature: 22.2°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.2°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3792; ConvF(4.96, 4.96, 4.96); Calibrated: 2012/6/21;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1338; Calibrated: 2012/6/12
- Phantom: SAM Right; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1383
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (3);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Configuration/Ch52/Area Scan (91x161x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.254 mW/g

Configuration/Ch52/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm,

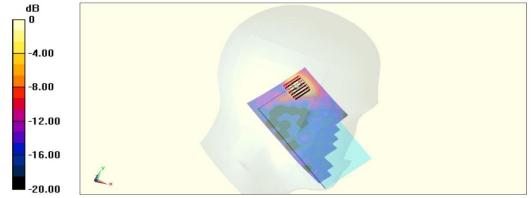
dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 8.359 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.115 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.110 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.030 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.273 mW/g



0 dB = 0.273 mW/g = -11.28 dB mW/g

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Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2013/2/28

#01_GSM1900_GPRS (4 Tx slots)_Front_1cm_Ch810

DUT: 322231

Communication System: PCS; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Medium: MSL1900_130228 Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz, $\sigma = 1.557$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.214$; $\rho =$

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Ambient Temperature : 22.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1787; ConvF(4.58, 4.58, 4.58); Calibrated: 2012/5/29;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn495; Calibrated: 2012/4/23
- Phantom: SAM Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1644
 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Configuration/Ch810/Area Scan (61x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.368 mW/g

Configuration/Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm,

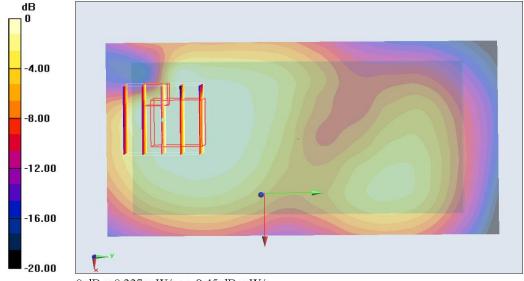
dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.369 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.517 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.308 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.196 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.337 mW/g



0 dB = 0.337 mW/g = -9.45 dB mW/g

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Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2013/2/28

#30_WCDMA V_RMC 12.2Kbps_Right Side_1cm_Ch4132

DUT: 322231

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 850 130228 Medium parameters used: f = 826.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.954$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.647$; ρ

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 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.4°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.4°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1787; ConvF(6.08, 6.08, 6.08); Calibrated: 2012/5/29;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn495; Calibrated: 2012/4/23
- Phantom: SAM Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1644
 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Configuration/Ch4132/Area Scan (31x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.758 mW/g

Configuration/Ch4132/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm,

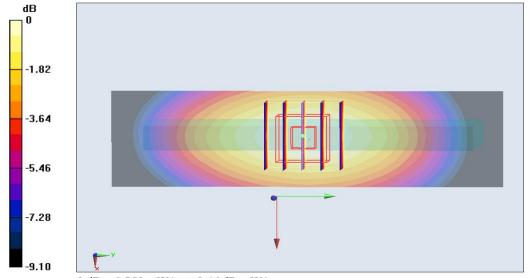
dz=5mm

Reference Value = 29.264 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.945 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.708 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.498 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.753 mW/g



0 dB = 0.753 mW/g = -2.46 dB mW/g

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12.5 Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission Analysis

No.	Applicable Simultaneous Transmission Combination
1.	WWAN(Voice) + BT(data)
2.	WWAM(Voice) + WLAN 2.4GHz data)
3.	WWAN(Voice) + WLAN 5GHz data)
4.	WWAN(data) + WLAN 2.4GHz (Hotspot)

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Note:

- 1. WLAN and Bluetooth share the same antenna and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 2. By design, WLAN 5GHz frequency band does not support mobile hotspot operation
- 3. EUT will choose either WLAN 2.4GHz or WLAN 5GHz according to the network signal condition; therefore, they will not transmit simultaneously.
- 4. The Scaled SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- Per KDB 447498 D01v05, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,

 - i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
 ii) SPLSR = (SAR₁ + SAR₂)^{1.5} / (*min. separation distance, mm*), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of [(x₁-x₂)² + (y₁-y₂)² + (z₁-z₂)²], where (x₁, y₁, z₁) and (x₂, y₂, z₂) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan
 - If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary
 - iii) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg
- For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01v05 based on the formula below.
 - i) (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]-[√f(GHz)/x] W/kg for test separation distances \leq 50 mm; where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.
 - ii) 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm.

Bluetooth Max	Exposure Position	Head	Front	Back	Top Side	Right Side
Power	Test separation	5 mm	10 mm	10 mm	10 mm	10 mm
8 dBm	Antenna to user distance	5 mm	10 mm	10 mm	10 mm	20 mm
o ubili	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	0.265 W/kg	0.132 W/kg	0.132 W/kg	0.132 W/kg	0.066 W/kg

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12.6 Co-location of Head SAR

<WWAN + WLAN2.4GHz Band>

		WWAN		WLAN	N-DTS	1000001		
Position	WWAN Band	Plot No	Reported SAR (W/kg)	Plot No	Reported SAR (W/kg)	WWAN + WLAN	SPLSR	Case No
	GSM850	18	0.372	32	0.016	0.39		
Right Cheek	GSM1900	22	0.325	32	0.016	0.34		
	WCDMA V	26	0.722	32	0.016	0.74		
	GSM850	19	0.29	33	0.013	0.30		
Right Tilted	GSM1900	23	0.148	33	0.013	0.16		
	WCDMA V	27	0.486	33	0.013	0.50		
	GSM850	20	0.347	36	0.034	0.38		
Left Cheek	GSM1900	24	0.413	36	0.034	0.45		
	WCDMA V	28	0.621	36	0.034	0.66		
	GSM850	21	0.252	35	0.021	0.27		
Left Tilted	GSM1900	25	0.178	35	0.021	0.20		
	WCDMA V	29	0.443	35	0.021	0.46		

<WWAN + WLAN5.2GHz Band>

		WWAN		WLA	N-NII	1000/001		
Position	WWAN Band	Plot No	Reported SAR (W/kg)	Plot No	Reported SAR (W/kg)	WWAN + WLAN	SPLSR	Case No
	GSM850	18	0.372	48	0.062	0.43		
Right Cheek	GSM1900	22	0.325	48	0.062	0.39		
	WCDMA V	26	0.722	48	0.062	0.78		
	GSM850	19	0.29	49	0.069	0.36		
Right Tilted	GSM1900	23	0.148	49	0.069	0.22		
	WCDMA V	27	0.486	49	0.069	0.56		
	GSM850	20	0.347	50	0.073	0.42		
Left Cheek	GSM1900	24	0.413	50	0.073	0.49		
	WCDMA V	28	0.621	50	0.073	0.69		
	GSM850	21	0.252	52	0.08	0.33		
Left Tilted	GSM1900	25	0.178	52	0.08	0.26		
	WCDMA V	29	0.443	52	0.08	0.52		

<WWAN + WLAN5.3GHz Band>

		WWAN		WLA	N-NII	1404/41		
Position	WWAN Band	Plot No	Reported SAR (W/kg)	Plot No	Reported SAR (W/kg)	WWAN + WLAN	SPLSR	Case No
	GSM850	18	0.372	53	0.103	0.48		
Right Cheek	GSM1900	22	0.325	53	0.103	0.43		
	WCDMA V	26	0.722	53	0.103	0.83		
	GSM850	19	0.29	54	0.114	0.40		
Right Tilted	GSM1900	23	0.148	54	0.114	0.26		
	WCDMA V	27	0.486	54	0.114	0.60		
	GSM850	20	0.347	55	0.127	0.47		
Left Cheek	GSM1900	24	0.413	55	0.127	0.54		
	WCDMA V	28	0.621	55	0.127	0.75		
	GSM850	21	0.252	56	0.132	0.38		
Left Tilted	GSM1900	25	0.178	56	0.132	0.31		
	WCDMA V	29	0.443	56	0.132	0.58		

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<WWAN + WLAN5.5GHz Band>

		WWAN		WLA	N-NII	2004021		
Position	WWAN Band	Plot No	Reported SAR (W/kg)	Plot No	Reported SAR (W/kg)	WWAN + WLAN	SPLSR	Case No
	GSM850	18	0.372	58	0.022	0.39		
Right Cheek	GSM1900	22	0.325	58	0.022	0.35		
	WCDMA V	26	0.722	58	0.022	0.74		
	GSM850	19	0.29	59	0.028	0.32		
Right Tilted	GSM1900	23	0.148	59	0.028	0.18		
	WCDMA V	27	0.486	59	0.028	0.51		
	GSM850	20	0.347	60	0.038	0.39		
Left Cheek	GSM1900	24	0.413	60	0.038	0.45		
	WCDMA V	28	0.621	60	0.038	0.66		
	GSM850	21	0.252	62	0.084	0.34		
Left Tilted	GSM1900	25	0.178	62	0.084	0.26		
	WCDMA V	29	0.443	62	0.084	0.53		

<WWAN + 2.4GHz Bluetooth>

		WWAN		Bluetooth-DSS			
Position	WWAN Band	Plot No	Reported SAR (W/kg)	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	WWAN + Bluetooth	SPLSR	Case No
	GSM850	18	0.372	0.265	0.64		
Right Cheek	GSM1900	22	0.325	0.265	0.59		
	WCDMA V	26	0.722	0.265	0.99		
	GSM850	19	0.29	0.265	0.56		
Right Tilted	GSM1900	23	0.148	0.265	0.41		
	WCDMA V	27	0.486	0.265	0.75		
	GSM850	20	0.347	0.265	0.61		
Left Cheek	GSM1900	24	0.413	0.265	0.68		
	WCDMA V	28	0.621	0.265	0.89		
	GSM850	21	0.252	0.265	0.52		
Left Tilted	GSM1900	25	0.178	0.265	0.44		
	WCDMA V	29	0.443	0.265	0.71		

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12.7 Co-location of Hotspot SAR

<WWAN + WLAN2.4GHz Band>

		WWAN		WLAI	N-DTS	100000		
Position	WWAN Band	Plot No	Reported SAR (W/kg)	Plot No	Reported SAR (W/kg)	WWAN + WLAN	SPLSR	Case No
	GSM850	7	0.474	37	0.008	0.48		
Front	GSM1900	1	0.429	37	0.008	0.44		
	WCDMA V	13	0.734	37	0.008	0.74		
	GSM850	8	0.5	41	0.013	0.51		
Back	GSM1900	2	0.379	41	0.013	0.39		
	WCDMA V	14	0.798	41	0.013	0.81		
	GSM850	9	0.344			0.34		
Left Side	GSM1900	3	0.334			0.33		
	WCDMA V	15	0.606			0.61		
	GSM850	10	0.645	39	0.007	0.65		
Right Side	GSM1900	4	0.137	39	0.007	0.14		
	WCDMA V	30	0.98	39	0.007	0.99		
				40	0.007	0.01		
Top Side				40	0.007	0.01		
				40	0.007	0.01		
	GSM850	11	0.404			0.40		
Bottom Side	GSM1900	5	0.359			0.36		
	WCDMA V	17	0.602			0.60		

<WWAN + 2.4GHz Bluetooth>

		WWAN		Bluetooth-DSS	14004401		
Position	WWAN Band	Plot No	Reported SAR (W/kg)	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	WWAN + Bluetooth	SPLSR	Case No
	GSM850	7	0.474	0.132	0.61		
Front	GSM1900	1	0.429	0.132	0.56		
	WCDMA V	13	0.734	0.132	0.87		
	GSM850	8	0.5	0.132	0.63		
Back	GSM1900	2	0.379	0.132	0.51		
	WCDMA V	14	0.798	0.132	0.93		
	GSM850	9	0.344		0.34		
Left Side	GSM1900	3	0.334		0.33		
	WCDMA V	15	0.606		0.61		
	GSM850	10	0.645	0.066	0.71		
Right Side	GSM1900	4	0.137	0.066	0.20		
	WCDMA V	30	0.98	0.066	1.05		
				0.132	0.13		
Top Side				0.132	0.13		
				0.132	0.13		
	GSM850	11	0.404		0.40		
Bottom Side	GSM1900	5	0.359		0.36	_	
	WCDMA V	17	0.602		0.60		

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12.8 Co-location of Body-Worn SAR

<WWAN + WLAN2.4GHz Band>

		WWAN		WLAN	N-DTS	1000001	SPLSR	Case No
Position	WWAN Band	Plot No	Reported SAR (W/kg)	Plot No	Reported SAR (W/kg)	WWAN + WLAN		
Front	GSM1900	6	0.409	37	0.008	0.42		
Back	GSM850	12	0.535	41	0.013	0.55		
Dack	WCDMA V	14	0.798	41	0.013	0.81		

<WWAN + WLAN5.2GHz Band>

	WWAN		WLA	N-NII	1000/01			
Position	WWAN Band	Plot No	Reported SAR (W/kg)	Plot No	Reported SAR (W/kg)	WWAN + WLAN	SPLSR	Case No
Front	GSM1900	6	0.409	42	0.014	0.42		
Back	GSM850	12	0.535	63	0.044	0.58		
Dack	WCDMA V	14	0.798	63	0.044	0.84		

<WWAN + WLAN5.3GHz Band>

		WWAN		WLAN-NII		1000/021		
Position	WWAN Band	Plot No	Reported SAR (W/kg)	Plot No	Reported SAR (W/kg)	WWAN + WLAN	SPLSR	Case No
Front	GSM1900	6	0.409	44	0.02	0.43		
Back	GSM850	12	0.535	64	0.057	0.59		
Dack	WCDMA V	14	0.798	64	0.057	0.86		

<WWAN + WLAN5.5GHz Band>

	WWAN		WLA	N-NII	1000/001			
Position	WWAN Band	Plot No	Reported SAR (W/kg)	Plot No	Reported SAR (W/kg)	WWAN + WLAN	SPLSR	Case No
Front	GSM1900	6	0.409	46	0.008	0.42		
Back	GSM850	12	0.535	47	0.024	0.56		
Dack	WCDMA V	14	0.798	47	0.024	0.82		

<WWAN + 2.4GHz Bluetooth>

		WWAN		Bluetooth-DSS			
Position	WWAN Band	Plot No	Reported SAR (W/kg)	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	WWAN + Bluetooth	SPLSR	Case No
Front	GSM1900	6	0.409	0.132	0.54		
Back	GSM850	12	0.535	0.132	0.67		
Dack	WCDMA V	14	0.798	0.132	0.93		

Test Engineer: Michael Yang and Michael Yang

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13. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

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A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in Table 12.1

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor ^(a)	1/k ^(b)	1/√3	1/√6	1/√2

- (a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity
- (b) κ is the coverage factor

Table 13.1 Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

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	Uncertainty	Probability		Ci	Ci	Standard	Standard
Error Description	Value	Distribution	Divisor	(1g)	(10g)	Uncertainty	Uncertainty
	(±%)					(1g)	(10g)
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	6.0	Normal	1	1	1	± 6.0 %	± 6.0 %
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 1.9 %	± 1.9 %
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 3.9 %	± 3.9 %
Boundary Effects	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.7 %	± 2.7 %
System Detection Limits	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	± 0.3 %	± 0.3 %
Response Time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %
Integration Time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.5 %	± 1.5 %
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %
Probe Positioner	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.2 %	± 0.2 %
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %
Max. SAR Eval.	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Test Sample Related							
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	± 3.6 %	± 3.6 %
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %
Phantom and Setup							
Phantom Uncertainty	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.3 %	± 2.3 %
Liquid Conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	± 1.8 %	± 1.2 %
Liquid Conductivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.64	0.43	± 1.6 %	± 1.1 %
Liquid Permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	0.49	± 1.7 %	± 1.4 %
Liquid Permittivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.6	0.49	± 1.5 %	± 1.2 %
Combined Standard Uncertainty	± 11.0 %	± 10.8 %					
Coverage Factor for 95 %							=2
Expanded Uncertainty						± 22.0 %	± 21.5 %

Table 13.2 Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz according to IEEE1528-2003

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	Uncertainty	Probability		Ci	Ci	Standard	Standard
Error Description	Value	Distribution	Divisor	(1g)	(10g)	Uncertainty	Uncertainty
	(±%)					(1g)	(10g)
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	6.55	Normal	1	1	1	± 6.55 %	± 6.55 %
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 1.9 %	± 1.9 %
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 3.9 %	± 3.9 %
Boundary Effects	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.2 %	± 1.2 %
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.7 %	± 2.7 %
System Detection Limits	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	± 0.3 %	± 0.3 %
Response Time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %
Integration Time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.5 %	± 1.5 %
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %
Probe Positioner	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %
Probe Positioning	9.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 5.7 %	± 5.7 %
Max. SAR Eval.	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.3 %	± 2.3 %
Test Sample Related							
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	± 3.6 %	± 3.6 %
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %
Phantom and Setup							
Phantom Uncertainty	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.3 %	± 2.3 %
Liquid Conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	± 1.8 %	± 1.2 %
Liquid Conductivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.64	0.43	± 1.6 %	± 1.1 %
Liquid Permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	0.49	± 1.7 %	± 1.4 %
Liquid Permittivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.6	0.49	± 1.5 %	± 1.2 %
Combined Standard Uncertainty	± 12.8 %	± 12.6 %					
Coverage Factor for 95 %							=2
Expanded Uncertainty						± 25.6 %	± 25.2 %

Table 13.3 Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 3 GHz to 6 GHz according to Dasy5 user manual

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