

Report No.: SZ12100083S02





SAR TEST REPORT

Issued to

Group Sense Mobile-Tech Limited

For

Handheld POS

Model Name

: DT4000

Trade Name

: Xplore

Brand Name

: Group Sense Mobile Technology

Limited

FCC ID

: VRI-B176

Standard

: FCC Oet65 Supplement C Jun.2001

47CFR 2.1093

ANSI C95.1-1999

IEEE 1528-2003

MAX SAR

Test date

Issue date

Shenzhen MORL

echnology Co., Ltd.

Tested by Zhu Zhan

(Test Engineer)

Approved by Wa

(Department Manager)

201.30 Date

(SAR Manager)

2013.1.30













IEEE 1725

BQTF 741109

The report refers only to the sample tested and does not apply to the bulk. This report is issued in confidence to the client and it will be strictly treated as such by the Shenzhen MORLAB Communication Technology Co., Ltd. It may not be reproduced rather in its entirety or in part and it may not be used for adverting. The client to whom the report is issued may, however, show or send it . or a certified copy there of prepared by the Shenzhen MORLAB Telecommunication Co., Ltd to his GPRSer. Supplier or others persons directly concerned. Shenzhen MORLAB Telecommunication Co., Ltd will not, without the consent of the client enter into any discussion of correspondence with any third party concerning the contents of the report. In the event of the improper use of the report. Shenzhen MORLAB Telecommunication Co., Ltd reserves the rights to withdraw it and to adopt any other remedies which may be appropriate.



DIRECTORY

| DIRECTORY | 2 |
|---|----|
| TESTING LABORATORY | 4 |
| 1.1. Identification of the Responsible Testing Laboratory | 4 |
| 1.2. Identification of the Responsible Testing Location | 4 |
| 1.3. Accreditation Certificate | 4 |
| 1.4. List of Test Equipments. | 4 |
| 2. TECHNICAL INFORMATION | 5 |
| 2.1. Identification of Applicant | 5 |
| 2.2. Identification of Manufacturer | 5 |
| 2.3. Equipment Under Test (EUT) | 5 |
| 2.3.1. Photographs of the EUT | 5 |
| 2.3.2. Identification of all used EUT | 5 |
| 2.4. Applied Reference Documents | 6 |
| 2.5. Device Category and SAR Limits | 6 |
| 2.6. Test Environment/Conditions | 7 |
| 3. SPECIFIC ABSORPTION RATE (SAR) | 8 |
| 3.1. Introduction. | 8 |
| 3.2. SAR Definition | 8 |
| 4. SAR MEASUREMENT SETUP | 9 |
| 4.1. The Measurement System. | 9 |
| 4.2. Probe | 9 |
| 4.3. Probe Calibration Process. | 11 |
| 4.3.1 Dosimetric Assessment Procedure | 11 |
| 4.3.2 Free Space Assessment Procedure | 11 |
| 4.3.2 Temperature Assessment Procedure | 11 |
| 4.4. Phantom | |
| 4.5. Device Holder | 12 |
| 5. TISSUE SIMULATING LIQUIDS | 13 |
| 6. UNCERTAINTY ASSESSMENT | |
| 6.1. UNCERTAINTY EVALUATION FOR EUT SAR TEST | 15 |
| 6.2. UNCERTAINTY FOR SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK | 16 |
| 7. SAR MEASUREMENT EVALUATION | 18 |
| | |



| 7.1. System Setup | 18 |
|--|----|
| 7.2. Validation Results. | 19 |
| 8. OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS DURING TEST | 20 |
| 8.1. Body-worn Configurations | 20 |
| 8.2. Measurement procedure | 20 |
| 8.3. Description of interpolation/extrapolation scheme | 21 |
| 9. MEASUREMENT OF CONDUCTED PEAK OUTPUT POWER | 22 |
| 10. TEST RESULTS LIST | 23 |
| ANNEX A EUT SETUP PHOTOS | 24 |
| ANNEX B GRAPH TEST RESULTS | 27 |
| | |

| | | Change History | | | | |
|-------|------------------------------|----------------|--|--|--|--|
| Issue | Issue Date Reason for change | | | | | |
| 1.0 | Jan. 30, 2013 | First edition | | | | |



Testing Laboratory

1.1. Identification of the Responsible Testing Laboratory

Company Name: Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd.

Department: Morlab Laboratory

Address: 3/F, Electronic Testing Building, Shahe Road, Nanshan

District, Shenzhen, 518055 P. R. China

Responsible Test Lab Manager: Mr. Shu Luan
Telephone: +86 755 86130268
Facsimile: +86 755 86130218

1.2. Identification of the Responsible Testing Location

Name: Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd.

Morlab Laboratory

Address: 3/F, Electronic Testing Building, Shahe Road, Nanshan

District, Shenzhen, 518055 P. R. China

1.3. Accreditation Certificate

Accredited Testing Laboratory: No. CNAS L3572

1.4. List of Test Equipments

| No. | Instrument | Туре | Cal. Date | Cal. Due |
|-----|----------------------|---|------------|-------------|
| 1 | PC | Dell (Pentium IV 2.4GHz, SN:X10-23533) | (n.a) | (n.a) |
| 2 | Network Emulator | Aglient (8960, SN:10752) | 2012-9-26 | 1 year |
| 3 | Network Analyzer | Agilent(E5071B ,SN:MY42404762) | 2012-9-26 | 1 year |
| 4 | Voltmeter | Keithley (2000, SN:1000572) | 2012-9-24 | 1 year |
| 5 | Signal Generator | Rohde&Schwarz (SMP_02) | 2012-9-24 | 1 year |
| 6 | Power Amplifier | PRANA (Ap32 SV125AZ) | 2012-9-24 | 1 year |
| 7 | Power Meter | Agilent (E4416A, SN:MY45102093) | 2012-5-07 | 1 year |
| 8 | Power Sensor | Agilent (N8482A, SN:MY41091706) | 2012-5-07 | 1 year |
| 9 | Directional coupler | Giga-tronics(SN:1829112) | 2012-9-24 | 1 year |
| 10 | Probe | Satimo (SN:SN_3708_EP80) | 2012-10-04 | 1 year |
| 11 | Power Meter | KRITHLEY (2000 MULTIMETER) | 2012-9-24 | 1 year |
| 12 | Dielectric Probe Kit | Agilent (85033E) | 2012-9-24 | 1 year |
| 13 | Phantom | Satimo (SN:SN_36_08_SAM62) | 2012-9-24 | 1 year |
| 14 | Liquid | Satimo(Last Calibration: 2013-1-10) | N/A | N/A |
| 15 | Dipole 2450MHz | Satimo (SN 36/08 DIPJ 103) | 2012-10-05 | 1 year |



2. Technical Information

Note: the following data is based on the information by the applicant.

2.1. Identification of Applicant

Company Name: Group Sense Mobile-Tech Limited

Address: 6/F, Building 9, No. 5 Science Park West Avenue, Hong Kong Science

Park, Shatin, N.T., Hong Kong

2.2. Identification of Manufacturer

Company Name: Group Sense Mobile-Tech Limited

Address: 6/F, Building 9, No. 5 Science Park West Avenue, Hong Kong Science

Park, Shatin, N.T., Hong Kong

2.3. Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Model Name: DT4000 Trade Name: Xplore

Brand Name: Group Sense Mobile Technology Limited

Hardware Version: QA2

Software Version: B176-POS-V1.00.0010-R10.3.1-20121109-user Frequency Bands: WIFI802.11 B/G/N; Bluetooth; NFC:13.56MHz; Modulation Mode: WIFI802.11B: DSSS; WIFI802.11G: OFDM;

WIFI802.11N: OFDM;

Bluetooth:GFSK/∏/4-DQPSK/8-DPSK; NFC: ASK;

Antenna type: Fixed Internal Antenna Development Stage: Identical prototype

Battery Model: BT-DT4000 Battery specification: 3.7V, 2700mAh

2.3.1. Photographs of the EUT

Please see for photographs of the EUT.

2.3.2. Identification of all used EUT

The EUT identity consists of numerical and letter characters, the letter character indicates the test sample, and the following two numerical characters indicate the software version of the test sample.

| EUT Identity | Hardware Version | Software Version | | | | |
|-----------------|------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| 1# | QA2 | B176-POS-V1.00.0010-R10.3.1-20121 109-user | | | | |



2.4. Applied Reference Documents

Leading reference documents for testing:

| No. | Identity | Document Title |
|------|---------------------|---|
| INO. | | |
| 1 | 47 CFR§2.1O93 | Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable |
| | | Devices |
| 2 | FCC OET Bulletin | Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human |
| | 65 (Edition 97-01), | Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields |
| | Supplement C | |
| | (Edition 01-01) | |
| 3 | ANSI C95.1-1999 | IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human |
| | | Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3kHz to |
| | | 300 GHz |
| 4 | IEEE 1528-2003 | Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak |
| | | Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate(SAR) in the Human |
| | | Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental |
| | | Techniques. |
| 5 | KDB 616217 D03 | SAR Evaluation Considerations for Laptop/Notebook/Netbook |
| | | and Tablet Computers |
| 6 | KDB 447498 D01 | General RF Exposure Guidance v05 |
| 7 | KDB 248227 D01 | SAR Measurement Procedures for 802.11a/b/g Transmitters |

2.5. Device Category and SAR Limits

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user. Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.



2.6. Test Environment/Conditions

Normal Temperature (NT): 20 ... 25 °C
Relative Humidity: 30 ... 75 %
Air Pressure: 980 ... 1020 hPa
Test frequency: WIFI 802.11B/G/N
Operation mode: Call established

Power Level: WIFI Maximum output power

During SAR test, EUT is in Traffic Mode (Channel Allocated) at Normal Voltage Condition. A communication link is set up with a System Simulator (SS) by air link, and a call is established.

During WIFI SAR test, the EUT was located at channel 1, 6, 11. And EUT was commanded to operate at maximum transmitting power.

The EUT shall use its internal transmitter. The antenna(s), battery and accessories shall be those specified by the manufacturer. The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power output. If a wireless link is used, the antenna connected to the output of the base station simulator shall be placed at least 50 cm away from the handset.

The signal transmitted by the simulator to the antenna feeding point shall be lower than the output power level of the handset by at least 35 dB.

Engineering testing software installed on the EUT can provide continuous transmitting RF signal. The RF signal utilized in SAR measurement has almost 100% duty cycle, and its crest factor is 1.



3. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

3.1. Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

3.2. SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density. ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = C \frac{\delta T}{\delta t}$$

, where C is the specific head capacity, $\,\delta\,$ T is the temperature rise and $\,\delta\,$ t the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

, where σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the rms electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.



4. SAR Measurement Setup

4.1. The Measurement System

Comosar is a system that is able to determine the SAR distribution inside a phantom of human being according to different standards. The Comosar system consists of the following items:

- Main computer to control all the system
- 6 axis robot
- Data acquisition system
- Miniature E-field probe
- Phone holder
- Head simulating tissue

The following figure shows the system.



The EUT under test operating at the maximum power level is placed in the phone holder, under the phantom, which is filled with head simulating liquid. The E-Field probe measures the electric field inside the phantom. The OpenSAR software computes the results to give a SAR value in a 1g or 10g mass.

4.2. Probe

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SN 37/08 EP80 with following specifications is used

- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg

- Tip Diameter: 6.5 mm

- Distance between probe tip and sensor center: 2.5mm

- Distance between sensor center and the inner phantom surface: 4 mm (repeatability better than +/- 1mm)



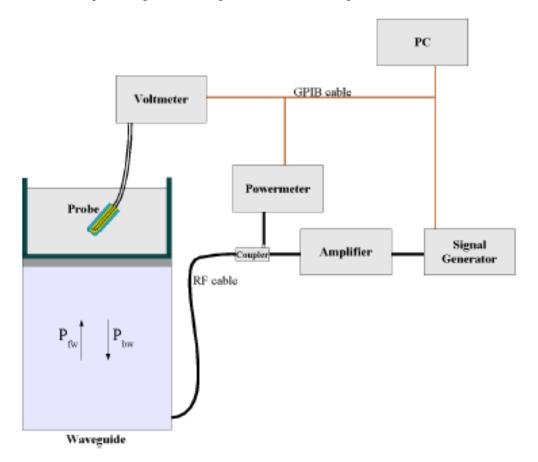
- Probe linearity: <0.25 dB- Axial Isotropy: <0.25 dB

- Spherical Isotropy: <0.25 dB

- Calibration range: 835to 2500MHz for head & body simulating liquid.

Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and suface normal line:1ess than 30°

Probe calibration is realized, in compliance with CENELEC EN 62209 and IEEE 1528 std, with CALISAR, Antennessa proprietary calibration system. The calibration is performed with the EN 62209-1 annexe technique using reference guide at the five frequencies.



$$SAR = \frac{4\left(P_{fw} - P_{bw}\right)}{ab\delta} \cos^2\left(\pi \frac{y}{a}\right) e^{-(2z/\delta)}$$

Where:

Pfw = Forward Power Pbw = Backward Power

a and b = Waveguide dimensions

Skin depthKeithley configuration:

Rate = Medium; Filter =ON; RDGS=10; FILTER TYPE =MOVING AVERAGE; RANGE AUTO After each calibration, a SAR measurement is performed on a validation dipole and compared with a NPL calibrated probe, to verify it.



The calibration factors, CF(N), for the 3 sensors corresponding to dipole 1, dipole 2 and dipole 3 are:

$$CF(N)=SAR(N)/Vlin(N)$$
 (N=1,2,3)

The linearised output voltage Vlin(N) is obtained from the displayed output voltage V(N) using

$$Vlin(N)=V(N)*(1+V(N)/DCP(N))$$
 (N=1,2,3)

where DCP is the diode compression point in mV.

4.3. Probe Calibration Process

4.3.1 Dosimetric Assessment Procedure

Each E-Probe/Probe Amplifier combination has unique calibration parameters. SATIMO Probe calibration procedure is conducted to determine the proper amplifier settings to enter in the probe parameters. The amplifier settings are determined for a given frequency by subjecting the probe to a known E-field density (1 mW/cm2) using an with CALISAR, Antenna proprietary calibration system.

4.3.2 Free Space Assessment Procedure

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This calibration can be performed in a TEM cell if the frequency is below 1 GHz and in a waveguide or other methodologies above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is rotated 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to 1 mW/cm2.

4.3.2 Temperature Assessment Procedure

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated head tissue. The E-field in the medium correlates with the temperature rise in the dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

Where:

$$SAR = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

 $\Delta t = \text{exposure time (30 seconds)},$

C = heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

 Δ T = temperature increase due to RF exposure.

SAR is proportional to $\Delta T/\Delta t$, the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place. The electric field in the simulated tissue can be used to estimate SAR by equating the thermally derived SAR to that with the E- field component.

$$SAR = \frac{|E|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where:

 $\sigma = \text{simulated tissue conductivity}$

 ρ = Tissue density (1.25 g/cm3 for brain tissue)

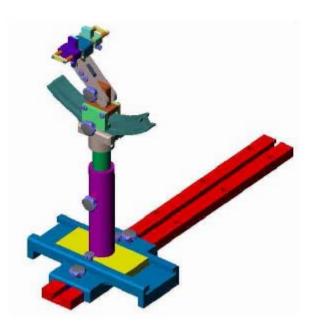


4.4. Phantom

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.

4.5. Device Holder

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1°.



Device holder

| System Material | Permittivity | Loss Tangent |
|-----------------|--------------|--------------|
| Delrin | 3.7 | 0.005 |



5. Tissue Simulating Liquids

Simulant liquids that are used for testing at frequencies of 2450MHz. which are made mainly of sugar, salt and water solutions may be left in the phantoms. Approximately 20litres are needed for an upright head compared to about 25 litres for a horizontal bath phantom. The liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is or from the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is 15cm.

Following are the recipes for one liter of head and body tissue simulating liquid for frequency band 2450 MHz.

| Ingredients | Frequency Band |
|---------------------|----------------|
| (% by weight) | 2450MHz |
| Tissue Type | Body |
| Water | 73.2 |
| Salt(NaCl) | 0.04 |
| Sugar | 0.0 |
| HEC | 0.0 |
| Bactericide | 0.0 |
| Triton | 0.0 |
| DGBE | 0.0 |
| Acticide SPX | 26.7 |
| Dielectric Constant | 52.7 |
| Conductivity (S/m) | 1.97 |

Recipes for Tissue Simulating Liquid

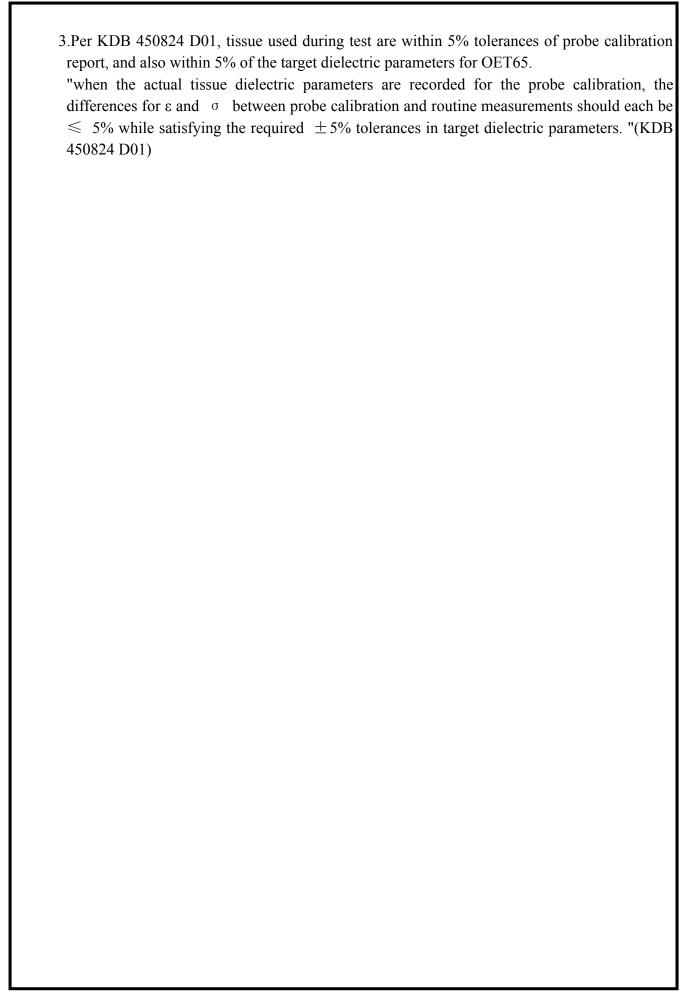
Table 1: Dielectric Performance of Body Tissue Simulating Liquid

| Temperature: 22.0~23.8°C, humidity: 54~60%. | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------------|---|----------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Frequency | Description | Description Permittivity ε Conductivity σ (Section 1) | | | | | | | |
| | Reference result per OET65 | 52.7 | 1.95 | | | | | | |
| | ±5% window | 50.635 to 55.965 | 1.853 to 2.048 | | | | | | |
| | Reference result per probe | 52.5 | 1.78 | | | | | | |
| 2450MHz | calibration | | | | | | | | |
| - | ±5% window | 49.875 to 55.125 | 1.691 to 1.869 | | | | | | |
| | Validation value (Jan. 10) | 53.147625 | 1.854861 | | | | | | |

Note:1.The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using an Agilent 85033E Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

2. For body-worn measurements, the device was tested against flat phantom representing the user body. Under measurement phone was put on in the phone holder.







6. Uncertainty Assessment

The following table includes the uncertainty table of the IEEE 1528. The values are determined by Antennessa.

6.1. UNCERTAINTY EVALUATION FOR EUT SAR TEST

| a | b | С | d | e= f(d,k) | f | g | h= c*f/e | i= c*g/ e | k |
|--|---------|------------|----------------|------------|------------|----------|----------------|------------------------|---------|
| Uncertainty Component | Sec. | Tol (+- %) | Prob. Dist. | Div. | Ci (1g) | Ci (10g) | 1g Ui (+-%) | 10g Ui (+- %) | Vi |
| Measurement System | 1 | 1 | | 1 | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Probe calibration | E.2.1 | 4.76 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 4.76 | 4.76 | ∞ |
| Axial Isotropy | E.2.2 | 2.5 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.7 | 0.7 | 1.01 | 1.01 | ∞ |
| Hemispherical Isotropy | E.2.2 | 4.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.7 | 0.7 | 1.62 | 1.62 | ∞ |
| Boundary effect | E.2.3 | 1.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.58 | 0.58 | ∞ |
| Linearity | E.2.4 | 5.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 2.89 | 2.89 | ∞ |
| System detection limits | E.2.5 | 1.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.58 | 0.58 | ∞ |
| Readout Electronics | E.2.6 | 0.02 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0.02 | 0.02 | ∞ |
| Reponse Time | E.2.7 | 3.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 1.73 | 1.73 | ∞ |
| Integration Time | E.2.8 | 2.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 1.15 | 1.15 | ∞ |
| RF ambient Conditions | E.6.1 | 3.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 1.73 | 1.73 | ∞ |
| Probe positioner Mechanical Tolerance | E.6.2 | 2.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 1.15 | 1.15 | ∞ |
| Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell | E.6.3 | 0.05 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.03 | 0.03 | ∞ |
| Extrapolation, interpolation and integration Algoritms for Max. SAR Evaluation | E.5.2 | 5.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 2.89 | 2.89 | ∞ |
| Test sample Related | 1 | 1 | | 1 | | | | ' | |
| Test sample positioning | E.4.2.1 | 0.03 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0.03 | 0.03 | N- 1 |
| Device Holder Uncertainty | E.4.1.1 | 5.00 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 5.00 | 5.00 | N- 1 |
| Output power Power drift - SAR drift measurement | 6.6.2 | 4.04 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 2.33 | 2.33 | ∞ |
| Phantom and Tissue Paramete | 1 | T | 1 | | 1 | 1 | 1 | T | _ |
| Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and thickness tolerances) | E.3.1 | 0.05 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.03 | 0.03 | ∞ |
| Liquid conductivity - deviation | E.3.2 | 4.57 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.64 | 0.43 | 1.69 | 1.13 | ∞ |



| from target value | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------|-------|-----|------------|------|------|-------|------|---|
| Liquid conductivity - | E.3.3 | 5.00 | N | 1 | 0.64 | 0.43 | 3.20 | 2.15 | M |
| measurement uncertainty | | | | | | | | | |
| Liquid permittivity - deviation | E.3.2 | 3.69 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.6 | 0.49 | 1.28 | 1.04 | ∞ |
| from target value | | | | | | | | | |
| Liquid permittivity - | E.3.3 | 10.00 | N | 1 | 0.6 | 0.49 | 6.00 | 4.90 | M |
| measurement uncertainty | | | | | | | | | |
| Combined Standard | | | RSS | | | | 11.55 | 10.6 | |
| Uncertainty | | | | | | | | 7 | |
| Expanded Uncertainty | | | K=2 | | | | 23.11 | 21.3 | |
| (95% Confidence interval) | | | | | | | | 3 | |

6.2. UNCERTAINTY FOR SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK

| a | b | С | d | e=f(d,k) | f | g | h= c*f/e | i= | k |
|----------------------------------|---------|------|-------|------------|------|-------|----------|------|----------|
| | | | | | | | | c*g/ | |
| Uncertainty Component | Sec. | Tol | Prob. | Div. | Ci | Ci | 1g Ui | 10g | Vi |
| | | (+- | Dist. | | (1g) | (10g) | (+-%) | Ui | |
| | | %) | | | | | | (+- | |
| | | | | | | | | %) | |
| Measurement System | 1 | | | 1 | | | | | |
| Probe calibration | E.2.1 | 4.76 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 4.76 | 4.76 | ∞ |
| Axial Isotropy | E.2.2 | 2.5 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.7 | 0.7 | 1.01 | 1.01 | ∞ |
| Hemispherical Isotropy | E.2.2 | 4.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.7 | 0.7 | 1.62 | 1.62 | ∞ |
| Boundary effect | E.2.3 | 1.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.58 | 0.58 | ∞ |
| Linearity | E.2.4 | 5.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 2.89 | 2.89 | ∞ |
| System detection limits | E.2.5 | 1.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.58 | 0.58 | ∞ |
| Readout Electronics | E.2.6 | 0.02 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0.02 | 0.02 | ∞ |
| Reponse Time | E.2.7 | 3.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 1.73 | 1.73 | ∞ |
| Integration Time | E.2.8 | 2.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 1.15 | 1.15 | ∞ |
| RF ambient Conditions | E.6.1 | 3.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 1.73 | 1.73 | ∞ |
| Probe positioner Mechanical | E.6.2 | 2.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 1.15 | 1.15 | ∞ |
| Tolerance | | | | | | | | | |
| Probe positioning with respect | E.6.3 | 0.05 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.03 | 0.03 | ∞ |
| to Phantom Shell | F. 5.0 | 7.0 | | <u></u> | | | 2.00 | 2.00 | |
| Extrapolation, interpolation and | E.5.2 | 5.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 2.89 | 2.89 | ∞ |
| integration Algoritms for Max. | | | | | | | | | |
| SAR Evaluation | | | | | | | | | |
| Dipole | 1 . | T | | \ | | | T | | |
| Dipole axis to liquid Distance | 8,E.4.2 | 1.00 | N | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.58 | 0.58 | ∞ |
| Input power and SAR drift | 8,6.6.2 | 4.04 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 2.33 | 2.33 | ∞ |



| measurement | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------|-------|-----|------------|------|------|-------|------|---|
| Phantom and Tissue Parameters | | | | | | | | | |
| Phantom Uncertainty (Shape | E.3.1 | 0.05 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.03 | 0.03 | ∞ |
| and thickness tolerances) | | | | | | | | | |
| Liquid conductivity - deviation | E.3.2 | 4.57 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.64 | 0.43 | 1.69 | 1.13 | ∞ |
| from target value | | | | | | | | | |
| Liquid conductivity - | E.3.3 | 5.00 | N | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.64 | 0.43 | 1.85 | 1.24 | M |
| measurement uncertainty | | | | | | | | | |
| Liquid permittivity - deviation | E.3.2 | 3.69 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.6 | 0.49 | 1.28 | 1.04 | ∞ |
| from target value | | | | | | | | | |
| Liquid permittivity - | E.3.3 | 10.00 | N | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.6 | 0.49 | 3.46 | 2.83 | M |
| measurement uncertainty | | | | | | | | | |
| Combined Standard | | | RSS | | | | 8.83 | 8.37 | |
| Uncertainty | | | | | | | | | |
| Expanded Uncertainty | | | K=2 | | | | 17.66 | 16.7 | |
| (95% Confidence interval) | | | | | | | | 3 | |



7. SAR Measurement Evaluation

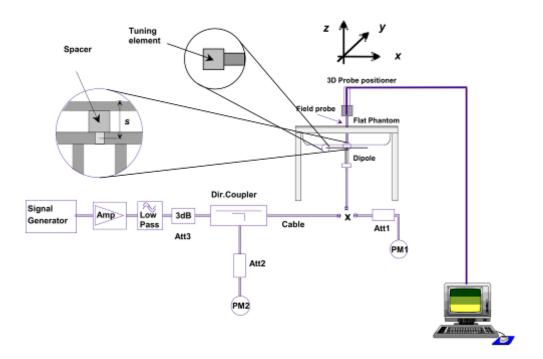
7.1. System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the DUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave which comes from a signal generator at frequency 2450MHz. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom.

Equipments:

| name | Type and specification |
|---------------------|---------------------------|
| Signal generator | Rohde&Schwarz (SMP_02) |
| Directional coupler | Giga-tronics(SN:1829112) |
| Amplifier | PRANA (Ap32 SV125AZ) |
| Reference dipole | 2450MHz:SN 36/08 DIPJ 103 |

System Verification Setup Block Diagram





7.2. Validation Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SATIMO, the validation data should be within its specification of 10%.

| Frequency | 2450MHz(Body) |
|--------------------|---------------|
| Target value (1g) | 53.590 W/Kg |
| 250 mW input power | 12.861 W/Kg |
| Test value (1g) | 51.444W/Kg |

Note: System checks the specific test data please see page 36~37.



8. Operational Conditions During Test

The EUT antenna and battery are those specified by the manufacturer. The battery is fully charged before each measurement. The output power and frequency are controlled using a base station simulator. The EUT is set to transmit at its highest output peak power level.

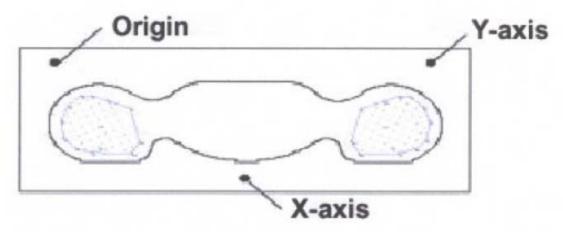
Remark: Please refer to Appendix B for the test setup photos.

8.1. Body-worn Configurations

The body-worn configurations shall be tested with the supplied accessories (belt-clips, holsters, etc.) attached to the device in normal use configuration.

The depth of the body tissue was 15.1cm. The distance between the back of the device and the bottom of the flat phantom is 1.5cm(taking into account of the IEEE 1528 and the place of the antenna)

For body-worn and other configurations a flat phantom shall be used which is comprised of material with electrical properties similar to the corresponding tissues.



SAR Measurement Points in Area Scan

8.2. Measurement procedure

The following steps are used for each test position

- Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator. The connection between the mobile and the base station simulator is established via air interface
- Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location. This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.
- Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16mm * 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors can not directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme.



- Around this point, a cube of 30 * 30 * 30 mm or 32 * 32 * 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 * 5 or 8*4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

8.3. Description of interpolation/extrapolation scheme

The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimize measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.

An extrapolation is using to determinate this highest local SAR values. The extrapolation is based on a fourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated from the liquid surface with a 1mm step.

The measurements have to be performed over a limited time (due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR averaged over 10 grams and 1 gram requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensional scanned data array.



9. Measurement Of Conducted Peak Output Power.

1. Wifi peak output power

| Band | Frequency | | Output Power(dBm) | | | | |
|------|-----------|---------------|-------------------|---------|-----------|--|--|
| | Channel | Channel (MHz) | 802.11B | 802.11G | 802.11N20 | | |
| | | (11112) | (DSSS) | (OFDM) | (OFDM) | | |
| | 1 | 2412 | 9.31 | 10.50 | 7.61 | | |
| WiFi | 6 | 2437 | 12.13 | 11.30 | 8.76 | | |
| | 11 | 2462 | 12.16 | 11.19 | 8.61 | | |

2. Bluetooth peak output power

| Band | Channel Frequency | | Output Power(dBm) | | | |
|------|-------------------|-------|-------------------|-----------|--------|--|
| | Channel | (MHz) | GFSK | ∏/4-DQPSK | 8-DPSK | |
| | 0 | 2402 | 7.355 | 5.059 | 5.573 | |
| BT | 39 | 2441 | 9.441 | 7.686 | 7.697 | |
| | 78 | 2480 | 8.143 | 6.356 | 6.380 | |



10. Test Results List

Summary of Measurement Results (WLAN 802.11 Band)

| Temperature: 21.0~23.8°C, humidity: 54~60%. | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------------|------|---------|------------|---------|------------------------|--|--|
| Phantom | Description | | | SAR(W/Kg), | Scaling | Scaled | | |
| Configurations | Device Test Positions | Mode | Channel | 1g Peak | Factor | SAR(W/Kg) , 1g Peak | | |
| | Face upward | В | 11 | 0.072 | 1.081 | 0.078 | | |
| Body | Back Upward | | | 0.109 | | 0.118 | | |
| (5mm) | Edge A | | 11 | 0.022 | | 0.024 | | |
| | Edge B | | | 0.033 | | 0.036 | | |

Note:

- 1.According to KDB 447498 D1v05 Appendix A SAR Test Exclusion Thresholds for 100 MHz -6 GHz and ≤ 50 mm, the power threshold for 2450MHz at the test distance of 5mm is 10mW, so 802.11Wifi is required for SAR Evaluation., the SAR test for 802.11b high channel is required, 802.11g/HT20 is not required , for the maximum average output power is less than 1/4 dB higher than measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels, the SAR test for BT is not required for its highest power is 9mW.
- 2. The SAR is performed on the highest power channel, refer to KDB 447498, when the SAR of highest power channel of each configurations is less than 0.8 W/kg, testing for the other channels is not required.
- 3. Simultaneous Transmission SAR evaluation is not required for BT and WiFi, because they share the same antenna and can't transmission simultaneously.

4. Scaled SAR calculation

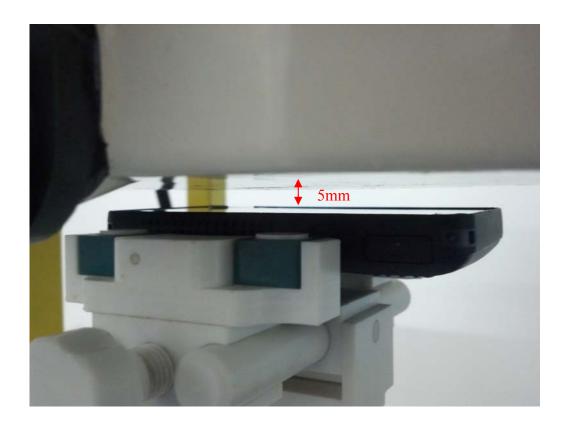
| Band | Turn up Power (dBm) | SAR test Channel Power (dBm) | Scaling Factor |
|--------------|---------------------|------------------------------|----------------|
| 802.11B band | 12 ± 0.5 | 12.16(High) | 1.081 |

5. The NFC function operates at 13.56MHz, the power threshold of SAR evaluation is 474mW(Per KDB 447498 D01v05 Appendix C), the NFC operates at relatively much lower power; It's a handhold device, and the NFC function is not active when carrying on the body. So SAR evaluation is not need for NFC function.

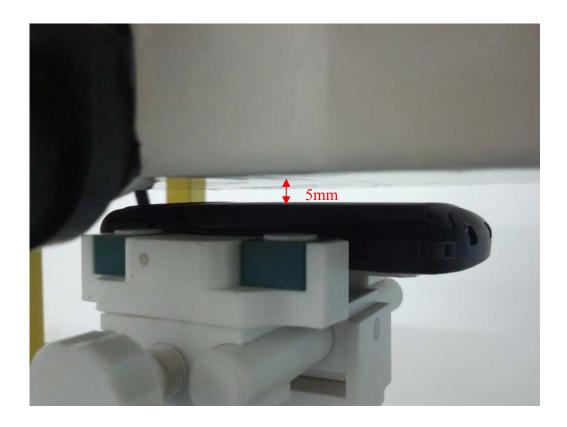


Annex A EUT Setup Photos

1. Face upward



2. Back upward

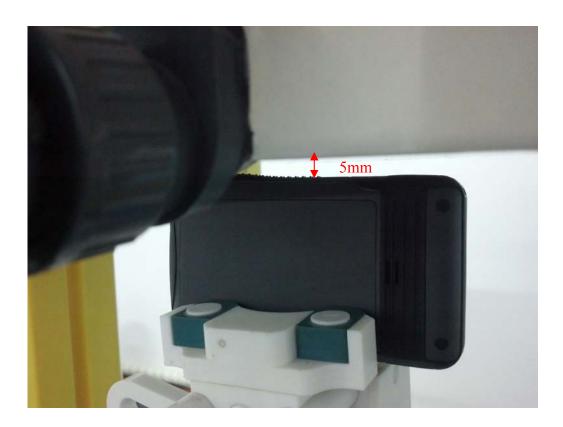




3. Edge A

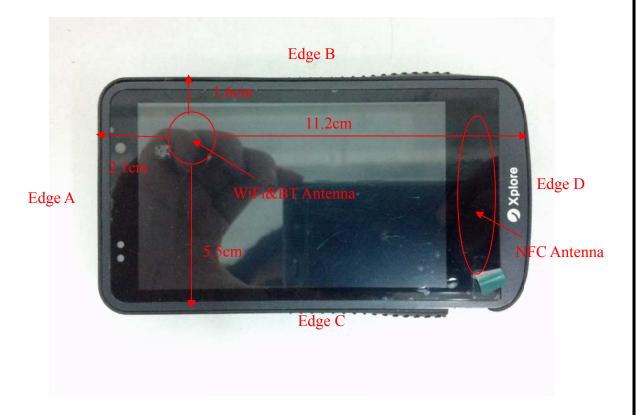


4. Edge B





Edge configuration



Liquid Level Photo



Liquid depth:15.5cm



Annex B Graph Test Results

| BAND | <u>PARAMETERS</u> | | | | | | | |
|-------------|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Measurement 1: Flat Plane with Body device position on Hig | | | | | | | |
| | channel (Face upward) | | | | | | | |
| | Measurement 2: Flat Plane with Body device position on High | | | | | | | |
| <u>WIFI</u> | channel (Back upward) | | | | | | | |
| 802.11B | Measurement 3: Flat Plane with Body device position on High | | | | | | | |
| | channel (Edge A) | | | | | | | |
| | Measurement 4: Flat Plane | Measurement 4: Flat Plane with Body device position on High | | | | | | |
| | channel | (Edge B) | | | | | | |



MEASUREMENT 1

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2013.1.10

Measurement duration: 9 minutes 5 seconds

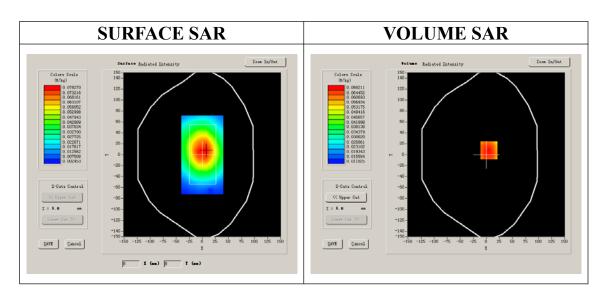
A. Experimental conditions.

| Phantom File | surf_sam_plan.txt | | |
|------------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| Phantom | Flat Plane | | |
| Device Position | Body | | |
| Band | 802.11B | | |
| Channels | High | | |
| Signal | Duty Cycle: 1.00 | | |

B. SAR Measurement Results

Higher band SAR (channel 11):

| <u> </u> | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------|
| Frequency (MHz) | 2462.000000 |
| Relative permittivity (real part) | 53.147625 |
| Relative permittivity | 12.991650 |
| Conductivity (S/m) | 1.854861 |
| Power drift (%) | -0.720000 |
| Ambient Temperature: | 22.6°C |
| Liquid Temperature: | 22.3°C |
| ConvF: | 39.772,33.946,37.835 |
| Crest factor: | 1:1 |



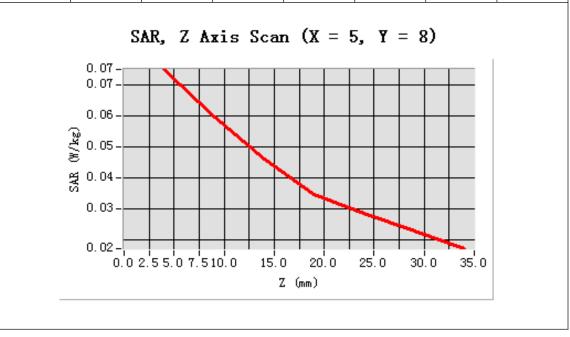


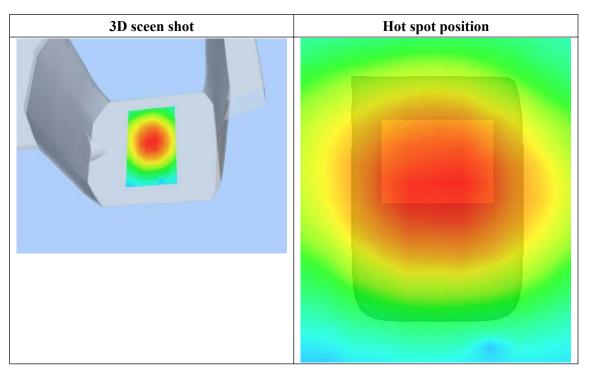
Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=8.00

| SAR 10g (W/Kg) | 0.054318 |
|----------------|----------|
| SAR 1g (W/Kg) | 0.072099 |

Z Axis Scan

| Z (mm) | 0.00 | 4.00 | 9.00 | 14.00 | 19.00 | 24.00 | 29.00 |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| SAR | 0.0000 | 0.0749 | 0.0595 | 0.0460 | 0.0345 | 0.0284 | 0.0230 |
| (W/Kg) | | | | | | | |







MEASUREMENT 2

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2013.1.10

Measurement duration: 9 minutes 4 seconds

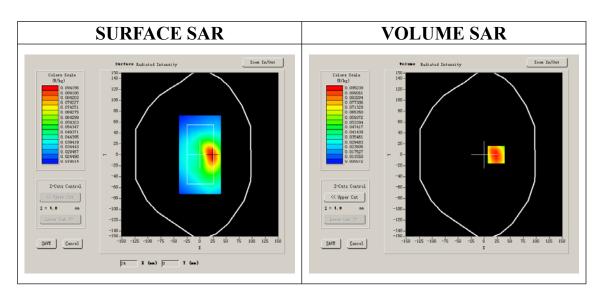
A. Experimental conditions.

| Phantom File | surf_sam_plan.txt |
|------------------------|-------------------|
| Phantom | Flat Plane |
| Device Position | Body |
| Band | 802.11B |
| Channels | High |
| Signal | Duty Cycle: 1.00 |

B. SAR Measurement Results

Higher band SAR (channel 11):

| <u> </u> | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------|--|--|--|
| Frequency (MHz) | 2462.000000 | | | |
| Relative permittivity (real part) | 53.147625 | | | |
| Relative permittivity | 12.991650 | | | |
| Conductivity (S/m) | 1.854861 | | | |
| Power drift (%) | -1.210000 | | | |
| Ambient Temperature: | 22.6°C | | | |
| Liquid Temperature: | 22.3°C | | | |
| ConvF: | 39.772,33.946,37.835 | | | |
| Crest factor: | 1:1 | | | |



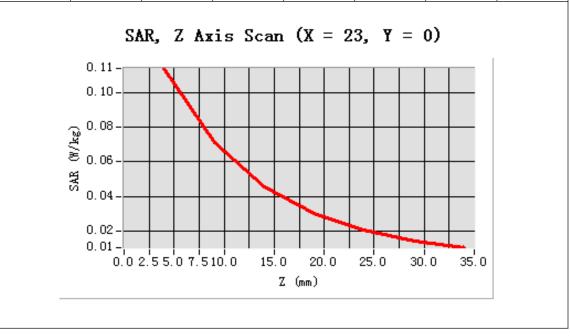


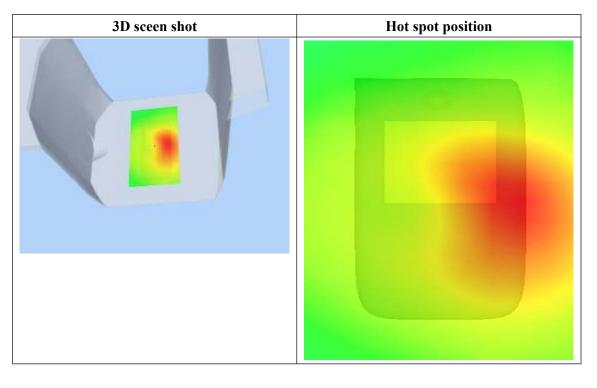
Maximum location: X=23.00, Y=0.00

| SAR 10g (W/Kg) | 0.068229 | | |
|----------------|----------|--|--|
| SAR 1g (W/Kg) | 0.109468 | | |

Z Axis Scan

| Z (mm) | 0.00 | 4.00 | 9.00 | 14.00 | 19.00 | 24.00 | 29.00 |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| SAR | 0.0000 | 0.1143 | 0.0712 | 0.0453 | 0.0299 | 0.0203 | 0.0137 |
| (W/Kg) | | | | | | | |







MEASUREMENT 3

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2013.1.10

Measurement duration: 9 minutes 5 seconds

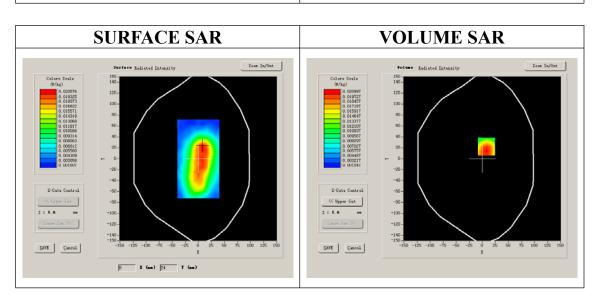
A. Experimental conditions.

| Phantom File | surf_sam_plan.txt |
|------------------------|-------------------|
| Phantom | Flat Plane |
| Device Position | Body |
| Band | 802.11B |
| Channels | High |
| Signal | Duty Cycle: 1.00 |

B. SAR Measurement Results

Higher band SAR (channel 11):

| Frequency (MHz) | 2462.000000 | | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------|--|--|--|
| Relative permittivity (real part) | 53.147625 | | | |
| Relative permittivity | 12.991650 | | | |
| Conductivity (S/m) | 1.854861 | | | |
| Power drift (%) | -1.130000 | | | |
| Ambient Temperature: | 22.6°C | | | |
| Liquid Temperature: | 22.3°C | | | |
| ConvF: | 39.772,33.946,37.835 | | | |
| Crest factor: | 1:1 | | | |



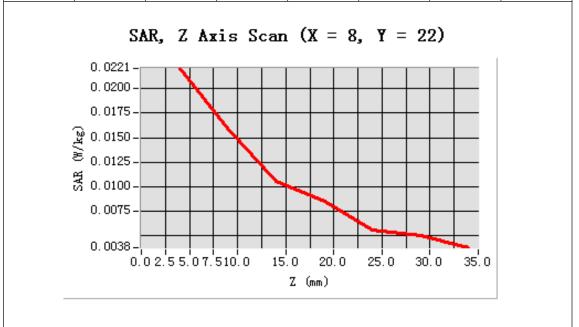


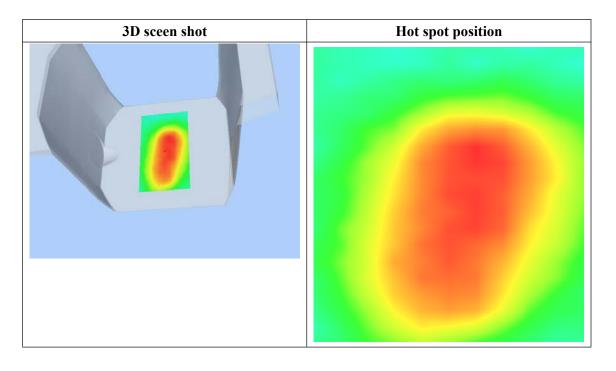
Maximum location: X= X=8.00, Y=22.00

| SAR 10g (W/Kg) | 0.015112 | | |
|----------------|----------|--|--|
| SAR 1g (W/Kg) | 0.022286 | | |

Z Axis Scan

| Z (mm) | 0.00 | 4.00 | 9.00 | 14.00 | 19.00 | 24.00 | 29.00 |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| SAR | 0.0000 | 0.0221 | 0.0160 | 0.0105 | 0.0085 | 0.0055 | 0.0049 |
| (W/Kg) | | | | | | | |







MEASUREMENT 4

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2013.1.10

Measurement duration: 9 minutes 4 seconds

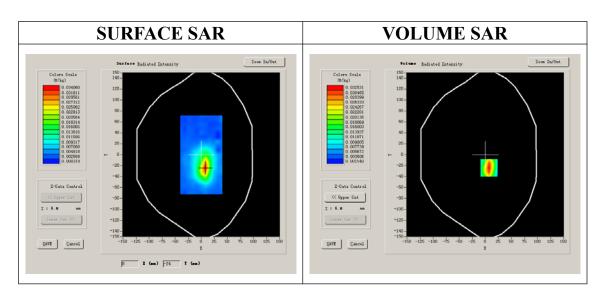
A. Experimental conditions.

| Phantom File | surf_sam_plan.txt |
|------------------------|-------------------|
| Phantom | Flat Plane |
| Device Position | Body |
| Band | 802.11B |
| Channels | High |
| Signal | Duty Cycle: 1.00 |

B. SAR Measurement Results

Higher band SAR (channel 11):

| Frequency (MHz) | 2462.000000 | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| Relative permittivity (real part) | 53.147625 | | |
| Relative permittivity | 12.991650 | | |
| Conductivity (S/m) | 1.854861 | | |
| Power drift (%) | -0.450000 | | |
| Ambient Temperature: | 22.6°C | | |
| Liquid Temperature: | 22.3°C | | |
| ConvF: | 39.772,33.946,37.835 | | |
| Crest factor: | 1:1 | | |



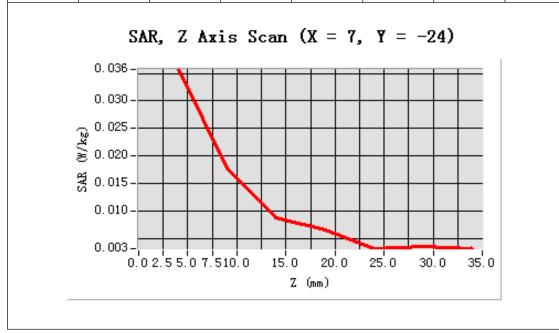


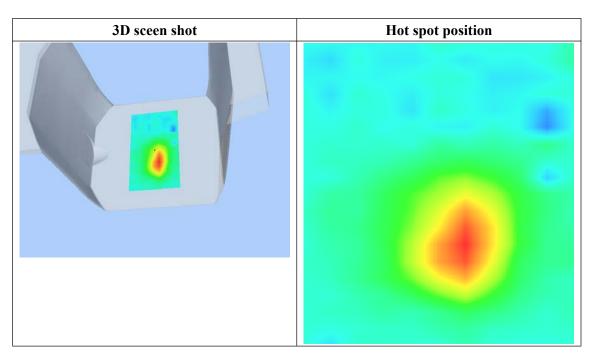
Maximum location: X=7.00, Y=-24.00

| SAR 10g (W/Kg) | 0.016719 | | |
|----------------|----------|--|--|
| SAR 1g (W/Kg) | 0.033007 | | |

Z Axis Scan

| Z (mm) | 0.00 | 4.00 | 9.00 | 14.00 | 19.00 | 24.00 | 29.00 |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| SAR | 0.0000 | 0.0357 | 0.0179 | 0.0089 | 0.0065 | 0.0033 | 0.0036 |
| (W/Kg) | | | | | | | |







System Performance Check Data(Body)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2013.1.10

Measurement duration: 13 minutes 27 seconds

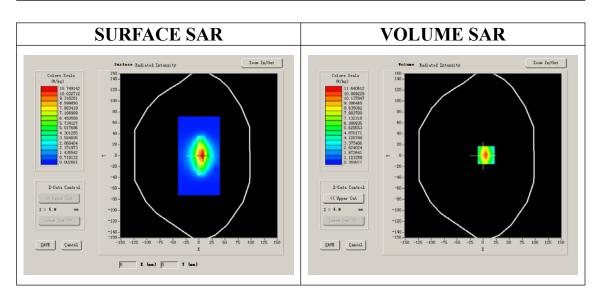
A. Experimental conditions.

| Phantom File | surf_sam_plan.txt | | | |
|------------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|
| Phantom | Flat Plane | | | |
| Device Position | | | | |
| Band | 2450MHz | | | |
| Channels | | | | |
| Signal | CW | | | |

B. SAR Measurement Results

Band SAR

| Frequency (MHz) | 2450.000000 | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| Relative permittivity (real part) | 53.147625 | | |
| Relative permittivity | 12.991650 | | |
| Conductivity (S/m) | 1.854861 | | |
| Power Drift (%) | -1.080000 | | |
| Ambient Temperature: | 22.0°C | | |
| Liquid Temperature: | 21.8°C | | |
| ConvF: | 39.772,33.946,37.835 | | |
| Crest factor: | 1:1 | | |





Maximum location: X=-1.00, Y=-50.00

| SAR 10g (W/Kg) | 6.156774 |
|----------------|-----------|
| SAR 1g (W/Kg) | 12.861319 |

Z Axis Scan

| Z (mm) | 0.00 | 4.00 | 9.00 | 14.00 | 19.00 |
|------------|--------|---------|--------|---------|--------|
| SAR (W/Kg) | 0.0000 | 13.1279 | 6.8312 | 3. 5991 | 1.3473 |

