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Certificate of Compliance

	certificate of c	ompilan					
Test Report No.:	SKTTRT-071117-029						
KOLAS NO.:	KT191						
Applicant:	Nano Semiconductor	Nano Semiconductor					
Applicant Address:	GOLDEN PLAZA #226, MAESAN-RO 2GA 40-4 PALDAL-GU, SUWON, KYUNGKI-DO, KOREA						
Manufacturer:	Nano Semiconductor						
Manufacturer Address:	GOLDEN PLAZA #226, MAESA SUWON, KYUNGKI-DO, KOREA		AL-GU,				
Device Under Test:	Socket Wireless Sound Transmit	ter					
FCC ID:	VS6-NANOS106	Model No.:	N-S106				
Receipt No.:	SKTEU07-0922	Date of receipt:	September 10, 2007				
Date of Issue:	November 17, 2007	BITATION					
Location of Testing:	SK TECH CO., LTD. 820-2, Wolmoon-Ri, Wabu-Up, Na	amyangju-Si, <mark>K</mark> yunggi	-Do, Korea				
Test Procedure:	ANSI C63.4 / 2003	1					
Test Specification:	47CFR, Part 15 Subpart C G NO	. 191					
Equipment Class:	DXX - Part 15 Low Power Comm	unication Device Trans	smitter				
Test Result:	The above-mentioned device ha	as been tested and pa	assed.				
Tested & Reported by:	Seong-Baek, Ko	Approved by: Jong-Sc	oo, Yoon				
	TEN -						
	2007. 11. 17		2007. 11. 17				
Signature	Date	Signature	Date				
Other Aspects:							
Abbreviations:	\cdot OK, Pass = passed \cdot Fail = failed \cdot	N/A = not applicable					
 The above test certificate is the accredited test results by Korea Laboratory Accreditation Scheme, which signed the ILAC-MRA. This test report is not permitted to copy partly without our permission. This test result is dependent on only equipment to be used. This test result is based on a single evaluation of one sample of the above mentioned. 							

We certify that this test report has been based on the measurement standards that is traceable to the

national or International standards.



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1. GENERAL

These tests were performed using the test procedure outlined in ANSI C63.4, 2003 for intentional radiators, and in accordance with the limits set forth in FCC Part 15.239 for Low Power Communication Device Transmitter. The EUT (Equipment Under Test) has been shown to be capable of compliance with the applicable technical standards.

We attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by SK TECH CO., LTD. and were made under Chief Engineer's supervision.

We assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

2. TEST SITE

SK TECH Co., Ltd.



2.1 Location

820-2, Wolmoon Ri, Wabu-Up, Namyangju-Si, Kyunggi-Do, Korea (FCC Registered Test Site Number: 90752)

This test site is in compliance with ISO/IEC 17025 for general requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories.

This laboratory is recognized as a Conformity Assessment Body(CAB) for CAB's Designation Number: **KR0007** by FCC, is accredited by NVLAP for NVLAP Lab. Code: **200220-0**, DATech for DAR-Registration No.: **DAT-P-076/97-01** and KOLAS for Accreditation No.: **KT191**.

Report No.: SKTTRT-071117-029 FCC ID: VS6-NANOS106



SK TECH CO., LTD.

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2.2 List of Test and Measurement Instruments

No.	Description	Manufacturer	Model #	Serial #	Calibrated until	Used
1	Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4405B	US40520856	2008.07.23	
2	EMC Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E7405A	US40240203	2008.02.02	\boxtimes
3	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde&Schwarz	ESIB40	100277	2008.07.23	\boxtimes
4	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde&Schwarz	ESVS10	825120/008	2008.07.24	
5	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde&Schwarz	ESHS10	862970/019	2008.07.24	
6	Artificial Mains Network	Rohde&Schwarz	ESH2-Z5	834549/011	2008.07.25	
7	Pre-amplifier	HP	8447F	3113A05153	2008.02.23	
8	Pre-amplifier	MITEQ	AFS44	1116321	2008.03.07	
9	Pre-amplifier	MITEQ	AFS44	1116322	2008.02.06	
10	Power Meter	Agilent	E4417A	MY45100426	2008.07.24	
11	Power Sensor	Agilent	E9327A	MY44420696	2008.07.24	
12	Attenuator (10dB)	HP	8491B	38067	2008.07.25	
13	Oscilloscope	Agilent	54820A	US40240160	2008.03.06	
14	Diode detector	Agilent	8473C	1882A03173	2008.02.06	
15	High Pass Filter	Wainwright	WHKX3.0/18G	8	2008.07.25	
16	VHF Precision Dipole Antenna (TX/RX)	Schwarzbeck	VHAP	1014 / 1015	2007.11.27	
17	UHF Precision Dipole Antenna (TX/RX)	Schwarzbeck	UHAP	989 / 990	2007.11.27	
18	Loop Antenna	Schwarzbeck	HFH2-Z2	863048/019	2007.12.01	
19	TRILOG Broadband Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB9160	3141	2008.05.29	\boxtimes
20	Horn Antenna	AH Systems	SAS-200/571	304	N/A	
21	Horn Antenna	EMCO	3115	00040723	2008.03.15	
22	Horn Antenna	EMCO	3115	00056768	2008.07.24	
23	Vector Signal Generator	Agilent TING NO	E4438C	MY42080359	2008.07.25	
24	PSG analog signal generator	Agilent	E8257D-520	MY45141255	2008.07.25	
25	DC Power Supply	HP	6622A	3448A03950	2008.07.23	
26	DC Power Supply	HP	6268B	2542A-07856	2008.07.23	
27	DC Power Supply	Goldstar	GP-4303D	-	-	
28	Digital Multimeter	HP	HP3458A	2328A14389	2008.03.07	\boxtimes
29	PCS Interface	HP	83236B	3711J00881	2008.03.09	
30	CDMA Mobile Test Set	HP	8924C	US35360253	2008.03.09	
31	Hygro/Thermo Graph	SATO	PC-5000TRH-II	-	2008.04.09	\boxtimes
32	Temperature/Humidity Chamber	All Three	ATM-50M	20030425	2008.03.06	
33	Temperature/Humidity Chamber	DAEJIN	DJ-THC02	06071	2008.03.07	

2.3 Test Date

Date of Application: September 10, 2007

Date of Test: October 26, 2007 ~ November 16, 2007

2.4 Test Environment

See each test item's description.



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3. DESCRIPTION OF THE EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

The EUT is a portable FM transmitter to transmit audio signals from any music source, i.e. tape, MP3, or CD player, to a FM broadcast receiver. The product specification described herein was obtained from product data sheet or user's manual.

3.1 Rating and Physical Characteristics

Model Name	N-S106	
Power source	12 V or 24 V lead-acid battery on vehicles	
Local Oscillator or X-Tal	X-Tal: 19 MHz	
Transmit Frequency	88.3/ 88.7/ 88.9 MHz(only 3 channels used)	
Antenna Type	Integral (Prmanently fxed cable, 0.7 meters fully stretched out.)	
	Earphone Jack used to accept audio signals	
Interface Ports	Cgarette adaptor [DC Input]	
	Cgarette adaptor socket[DC Output] × 3	

3.2 Equipment Modifications

None.

3.3 Submitted Documents

Block diagram

Schematic diagram

Part List

User manual



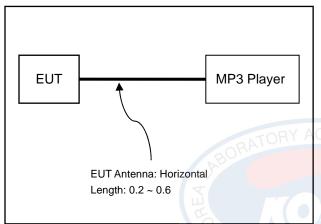
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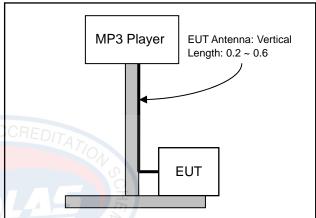
4. MEASUREMENT CONDITIONS

4.1 Description of test configuration

The EUT was configured for testing in a typical fashion (as a user would normally use it).

During the exploratory tests, the EUT was set to transmit the audio signals from a MP3 player to conduct Subpart C tests. To find the worst radiated emissions, the length of the EUT antenna was varied with the polarization. The final radiated data were taken in the worst operating condition.





< Test Configuration >

4.2 List of Peripherals

Equipment Type	Manufacture/Model	Serial No.
MP3 Player	iRiver/ IFP-380T	403601030914450

4.3 Uncertainty

Measurement Item	Combined Standard Uncertainty Uc	Expanded Uncertainty U = KUc (K = 2)
Radiated disturbance	± 2.30 dB	± 4.60 dB



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5. TEST AND MEASUREMENTS

Summary of Test Results

Requirement	CFR Section	Report Section	Test Result
Antenna Requirement	15.203	5.1	PASS
Conducted Emissions	15.207	*	*
Occupied bandwidth	15.239(a)	5.2	PASS
Field Strength (Fundamental)	15.239(b)	5.3	PASS
Radiated Spurious Emissions	15.239(c), 15.209	5.4	PASS

^{*} Not required, the EUT is only lead-acid battery powered on vehicles.

5.1 ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

5.1.1 Regulation

FCC section 15.203, An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of Part 15C. The manufacturer may design the unit so that the user can replace a broken antenna, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of Sections 15.211, 15.213, 15.217, 15.219, or 15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with Section 15.31 (d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this Part are not exceeded.

5.1.2 Result: PASS

The transmitter has a permanently attached antenna and meets the requirements of this section.



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5.2 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH

5.2.1 Regulation

According to §15.239(a), Emissions from the intentional radiator shall be confined within a band 200 kHz wide centered on the operating frequency. The 200 kHz band shall lie wholly within the frequency range of 88-108 MHz.

5.2.2 Test Procedure

ANSI C63.4-2003 Section 13.1.7, Occupied Bandwidth Measurements. The bandwidth is measured at an amplitude level reduced from the reference level by a specified ratio. The reference level is the level of the highest amplitude signal observed from the transmitter at either the fundamental frequency or first-order modulation products in all typical modes of operation, including the unmodulated carrier, even if atypical. Once the reference level is established, the equipment is conditioned with typical modulating signals to produce worst-case (i.e., the widest) bandwidth.

The occupied bandwidth measurements were made using a typical audio file from the typical MP3 player with the maximum volume setting.

TESTING NO

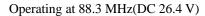
5.2.3 Test Results:

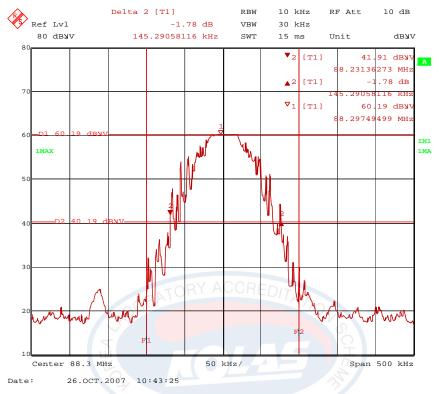
Table 1: Measured values of the Occupied bandwidth						
Power Source	Center frequency (MHz)	Limit (kHz)	Measured occupied bandwidth (kHz)			
	88.3	200.0	145.3			
DC 26.4 V	88.7	200.0	122.2			
	88.9	200.0	129.3			



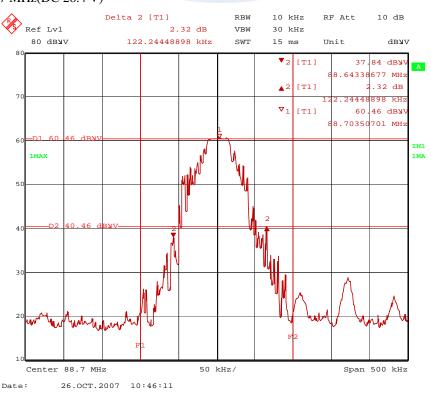
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Figure 1: Plot of the Occupied bandwidth





Operating at 88.7 MHz(DC 26.4 V)

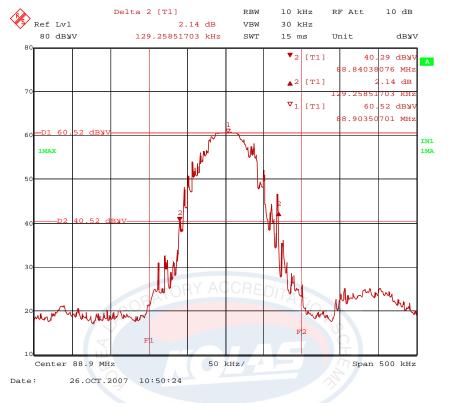




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Figure 1: Plot of the Occupied bandwidth(continued)

Operating at 88.9 MHz(DC 26.4 V)





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5.3 RADIATED EMISSIONS

5.3.1 Regulation

According to §15.239(b), The field strength of any emissions within the permitted 200 kHz band shall not exceed the 250 microvolts/meter at 3 meters. The emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector. The provisions in Section 15.35 for limiting peak emissions apply.

Fundamental frequency (MHz)	Field strength of fundamental (uV/m @ 3 m)	Field strength of fundamental (dBuV/m @ 3 m)	
88-108	250	48.0	

According to \$15.239(c), the field strength of any emissions radiated on any frequency outside of the specified 200 kHz band shall not exceed the general radiated emission limits in \$15.209.

Frequency (MHz)	EA	Field strength (uV/m @ 3 m)	Field strength (dBuV/m @ 3 m)
30–88		100	40.0
88–216		150	43.5
216–960		7ESTIN 200	46.0
Above 960		500	54.0

Frequency range	Detector	
f > 1000 MHz	Average and Peak	
f < 1000 MHz	Quasi-Peak	



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5.3.2 Test Procedure

Preliminary radiated measurements were performed to determine the frequency producing the maximum emissions in an anechoic chamber at a distance of 3 meters. The EUT was placed on the top of the 0.8 meter high, 1 x 1.5 meter non-metallic table. To find the maximum emission levels, the height of a measuring antenna was changed and the turntable was rotated 360°. The antenna polarization was also changed from vertical to horizontal. The spectrum was scanned from 30 to 1000 MHz using the TRILOG Broadband Antenna.

To obtain the final test data, the EUT was arranged on a turntable situated on a 4 x 4 meter at the Open Area Test Site. The EUT was tested at a 3-meter test distance. Each frequency found during preliminary measurements was re-examined and investigated. The test-receiver system was set up to average, peak, and quasi-peak detector function with specified bandwidth. The presence of ambient signals was verified by turning the EUT off. In case an ambient signal was detected, the measurement bandwidth was reduced temporarily and verification was made that an additional adjacent peak did not exist. This ensures that the ambient signal does not hide any emissions from the EUT.

The length of the EUT antenna was varied from 0.2 m to 0.8 m(max.) with the polarization of the EUT antenna, Vertical/Horizontal.

The EUT was operated in transmitting mode. The field strength of the carrier frequencies were measured with the EUT un-modulated, the MP3 player paused, and spurious emissions were measured with the EUT modulated with a typical audio file.

Table 2: Worst Radiated Emissions						
Power Source	Operating Frequency(MHz)	EUT antenna polarization	EUT antenna length extended(m)	Peak reading		
	88.3	V	0.2	44.5		
Power Supply 26.4 VDC		Н	0.2	44.1		
	88.7	V	0.4	44.3		
		Н	0.2	43.9		
	99.0	V	0.4	45.2		
	88.9	Н	0.2	44.3		



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5.3.3 Test Results:

PASS

POWER SOURCE: Power Supply Used EUT ANTENNA Polarization: Vertical

Table 3: Measured values of the Field strength											
Frequency [MHz]	RBW [kHz]	POL [V/H]	ANT [m]	Angle [degree]	Reading [dBuV]	Amp Gain [dB]	AF [dB/m]	CL [dB]	Actual [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]
26.4 Vdc I	Power Su	ipply Us	ed								
Length of	the EUT	ANT =	0.2 m/ V	/ertical							
88.30	120	\mathbf{V}	1.0	160	62.9 Pk	28.0	8.7	0.9	44.5 Pk	68.0 Pk	23.5
88.30	120	V	1.0	160	61.4 Av	28.0	8.7	0.9	42.9 Av	48.0 Av	5.1
176.60	120	Н	1.5	134	51.6 <i>Qp</i>	27.6	12.8	1.2	38.1 <i>Qp</i>	43.5 <i>Qp</i>	5.4
Length of	the EUT	ANT =	0.4 m/ V	/ertical							
88.70	120	\mathbf{V}	1.0	163	62.7 Pk	28.0	8.7	0.9	44.3 Pk	68.0 Pk	23.7
88.70	120	V	1.0	163	61.9 Av	28.0	8.7	0.9	43.5 Av	48.0 Av	4.5*
177.40	120	V	1.0	108	47.8 <i>Qp</i>	27.6	12.8	1.2	34.3 <i>Qp</i>	43.5 <i>Qp</i>	9.2
Length of	the EUT	ANT =	0.4 m/ V	/ertical	ATOR	Y ACCRE	DITA				
88.90	120	V	1.0	168	63.6 Pk	28.0	8.7	0.9	45.2 Pk	68.0 Pk	22.8
88.90	120	V	1.0	168	62.2 Av	28.0	8.7	0.9	43.8 Av	48.0 Av	4.2*
177.80	120	V	1.0	98	45.6 <i>Qp</i>	27.6	12.8	1.2	32.1 <i>Qp</i>	43.5 <i>Qp</i>	11.4
				9				13			

^{*} The measured result is within the test standard limit by a margin less than the measurement uncertainty; it is therefore not possible to state compliance based on the 95 % level of confidence. However, the result indicates that compliance is more probable than non-compliance.

- 1. H = Horizontal, V = Vertical Polarization
- 2. AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss
- 3. Pk=Peak, Av=Average, Qp=Quasi-peak detector
- 4. The frequency range was scanned from 30 MHz to 1 GHz. All emissions not reported were more than 20 dB below the specified limit or in the noise floor.

Margin (dB) = Limit - Actual

[Actual = Reading - Amp Gain + AF + CL]