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FCC CFR47 PART 15 SUBPART C & IC RSS-247

TEST REPORT

For

City Theatrical, Inc.

**2400MHZ MULTIVERSE MODULE
Model Number: 5995**

**FCC ID: VU65995
IC: 7480A-5995**

Report Number: 0048-170920-02-FCC-IC

Prepared for
**City Theatrical, Inc.
475 Barell Avenue
Carlstadt , NJ, 07072, USA**

Prepared by
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Date: 01/12/2018

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1. TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION

COMPANY NAME: City Theatrical, Inc.
475 Barell Avenue
Carlstadt, NJ, 07072, USA

EUT DESCRIPTION: 2400MHZ MULTIVERSE MODULE

MODEL: 5995

DATE TESTED: 10/20/2017 to 01/12/2018

APPLICABLE STANDARDS	
STANDARD	TEST RESULTS
FCC Part 15.247 & IC RSS-247:Issue 2 & RSS-GEN: Issue 4	NO NON-COMPLIANCE NOTED

Test Summary

Testing Items Per FCC Part 2/ Part 15.247 & IC RSS-247 /RSS-Gen Standard Requirements for 2.4GHz band FHS Modulation	Section	Limit	Result
FHS Bandwidth	15.247(a) (1) RSS-247, 5.1(a)	N/A	Complies
Peak Power Limit	15.247(b) (1) RSS-247, 5.4(b)	Conducted: 1W (30dBm) or 0.125W (21dBm) for Hopping Channel less than 75. e.i.r.p. 4W(36dBm)	Complies
Hopping Channel Separation	15.247(a) (1) RSS-247, 5.1(b)	25 kHz or one /two-thirds of the 20 dB BW of Hopping Channel	Complies
Number of Hopping Frequency	15.247(a) (1)(iii) RSS-247, 5.1(d)	>15 for 2.4GHz band	Complies
Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)	15.247(a)(1)(iii) RSS-247, 5.1(d)	0.4s	Complies
Emissions (Conducted)	15.247(d) RSS-247, 5.5	-20dB/-30dB	Complies
Spurious (Radiated)	15.205(a) RSS-247, 5.5	15.209/RSS-Gen	Complies
RF Safety*	1.1310/RSS-102	1.0/5.0 mW/cm ²	Complies

NOTE: * For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the minimum separation distance is 20 cm, even if calculations indicate that the MPE distance would be less.

Advanced Compliance Laboratory, Inc. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements set forth in the above standards. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

Note: This document reports conditions under which testing was conducted and results of tests performed. This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by Advanced Compliance Laboratory, Inc. (ACL) and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section. Any alteration of this document not carried out by ACL, Advanced Compliance Laboratory, Inc. will constitute fraud and shall nullify the document.

Approved & Released For ACL By:

Tested By:



Wei Li

Manager

Advanced Compliance Laboratory, Inc.



David Tu

EMC Engineer

2. EUT DESCRIPTION

The EUT for this certification is a low power transmitter, using digital modulation & operating in the 2400-2483.5MHz band.

The transmitter has a maximum conducted output power as follows:

Frequency Range (MHz)	Rated Power	Measured Max. Conducted Output Power (dBm/W)	
2400.75-2480.00	17dBm/0.050W*	17.23dBm/ 0.053W	

* upper tolerance +0.25dBm. max. power 0.053W.

The EUT can use the following antennas:

	Manufacture	Model	Type	Connector	Gain (dBi)	Freq. Hz
1	TekFun	W50-SR-V4	Omni Whip	RP-SMA	2/3	900M/2.4G
2	Nearson	S141AH-2450	Omni Whip	RP-SMA	2	2.4G
3	Microchip	TRF1001	Omni Whip	U.FL on 150mm cable	2	2.4G
4	TekFun	PL-M24-08X	Panel	N Female	8	2.4G
5	Tekfun	PL-W26-08M	Panel	N Female	6.5/8.5	900M/2.4G
6	Tekfun	LP-W28-110	Yagi	N Female	11	900M/2.4G
7	TekFun	YG-M04-14X	Yagi	N Female	14	2.4G

With max. 14dBi gain directional Yagi antenna, the most restricted conducted output power limit is: $20.97 - (14 - 6) / 3 = 18.30\text{dBm}$. EUT meets this limit.

EUT Specification:

Data Speed (Mbps)	Operation Frequency (MHz)	Modulation Type	Measured Peak Power at Antenna port (dBm/W)	Occupied Bandwidth (KHz)	Emission Designator
1	2400.75~2480.00	GFSK	16.94	1073	1M07F1D
2	2401.75~2480.00	GFSK	17.12	2128	2M13F1D
5	2402.10~2474.75	8FSK	17.23	3260	3M26F1D

Power Supply for RF Module: +3.3VDC

3. TEST METHODOLOGY

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with ANSI C63.4(2014)/C63.10(2013), FCC CFR 47 Part 2 & 15 and IC RSS-247(Issue 1) & RSS-GEN (Issue 4). Test procedure described in FCC Public Notice “DA 00-705 & ANSI C63.10”& C63.10 is used in this report.

4. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATION

The test sites and measurement facilities used to collect data are located at Hillsborough, New Jersey, USA. The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4, ANSI C63.7 and CISPR Publication. All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, “Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods”

ACL site is accepted by FCC to perform measurements under Part 15 or 18 (Designation Number US5347) and also designated by IC as “ site IC 3130A”. ACL is accredited by NVLAP, Laboratory Code 200101-0. The full accreditation can be viewed at <http://www.ac-lab.com>



No part of this report may be used to claim or imply product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the US Government.

5. CALIBRATION AND UNCERTAINTY

5.1. MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment utilized to perform the tests documented in this report has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, and is traceable to recognized national standards.

5.2. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The estimated uncertainty of the test result is given as following. The method of uncertainty calculation is provided in Advanced Compliance Lab. Doc. No. 0048-01-01.

	Prob. Dist.	Uncertainty(dB)	Uncertainty(dB)	Uncertainty(dB)
		30-1000MHz	1-6.5GHz	Conducted
Combined Std. Uncertainty u_c	norm.	± 2.36	± 2.99	± 1.83

5.3. TEST AND MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT

The following test and measurement equipment was utilized for the tests documented in this report:

Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Description	Cal Due mm/dd/ yy
Agilent	E4440A	US40420700	3Hz-26.5GHz Spec. Analyzer	6/17/18
R & S	ESPI	100018	9KHz-7GHz EMI Receiver	8/25/18
HP	HP8546A	3448A00290	9kHz to 6.5GHz EMI Receiver	9/25/18
EMCO	3104C	9307-4396	20-300MHz Biconical Antenna	11/12/18
EMCO	3146	9008-2860	200-1000MHz Log-Periodic Antenna	11/13/18
Electro-Meterics	ALR-25M/30	289	10KHz-30MHz Active Loop Antenna	5/28/18
EMCO	3115	4945	Double Ridge Guide Horn Antenna	11/28/18
ARA	MWH-1826/B	1013	18-26GHZ Horn Antena	10/2/18
R&S	SMH	8942280/010	Signal Generator	
RES-NET	RFA500NFF30	0108	30dB in-line Power Attenuator	
Lorch Microwave	5NF-800/1000-S	AC3	Notch Filter	
Lorch Microwave	5NF-1800/200-S	AE10	Notch Filter	
Narda	3022	80986	Directional Coupler	
Lorch Microwave	5NF-800/1000-S	AC3	Notch Filter	

All Test Equipment Used is Calibrated, Traceable to NIST Standards. Calibration interval: 2 years

6. SETUP OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

None.

TEST SETUP

Testing Frequency/Channel/Port Selection:

- **L**(owest), **M**(iddle), **H**(ighest) Channels of 900MHz Band selected to perform the test
- Conducted measurement performed at EUT's antenna connector.
- Modulation: GFSK/8FSK
- EUT was set in continuous transmitting mode with modulation
- 3.3V DC power source provided via a "host platform" which can provide power and interface for testing software control.

Frequency settings:

Mode	1	2	3
Modulation	5Mbps	2Mbps	1Mbps
Lowest Channel (L)	2401.10	2401.75	2400.75
Middle Channel (M)	2436.70	2442.00	2440.98
Highest Channel (H)	2474.75	2480.00	2480.00

7. APPLICABLE LIMITS AND TEST RESULTS

7.1 20dB &99% BANDWIDTH

LIMIT

§15.247 (a) (1) & RSS-247 Sec. 5.1(a):

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW. The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

The system's radio frequency (RF) bandwidth is equal to the channel bandwidth multiplied by the number of channels in the hop set.

TEST PROCEDURE *per FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 & ANSI C63.10*

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The RBW is set to 1% to 3% of the 99% bandwidth. The VBW/RBW is set to one or three. The sweep time is coupled.

RESULTS

No non-compliance noted.

Mode No.1: 5Mbps

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)
Low	2402.10	1.650	3.172
Middle	2436.70	1.650	3.176
High	2474.75	1.646	3.184

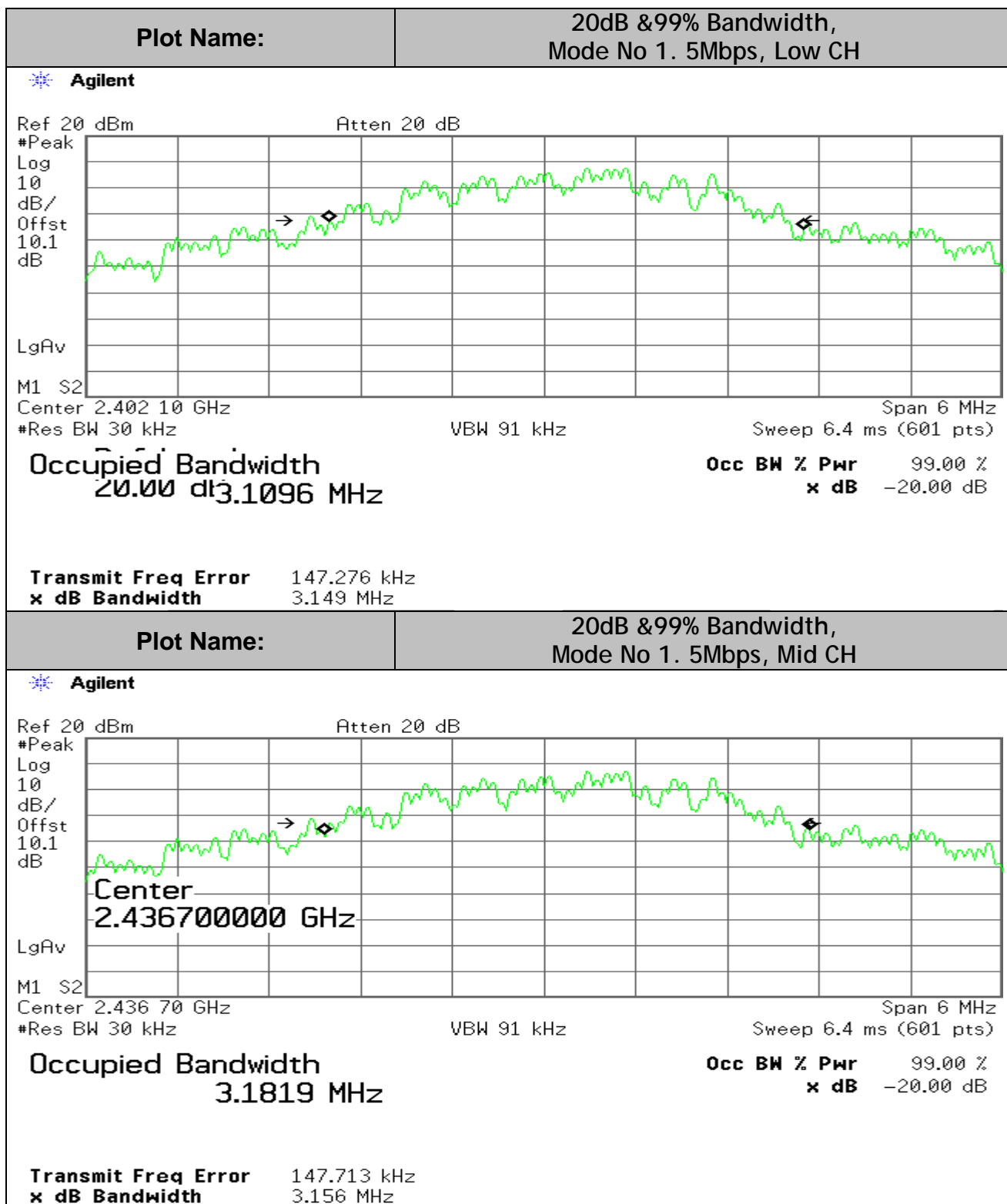
Mode No.2: 2Mbps

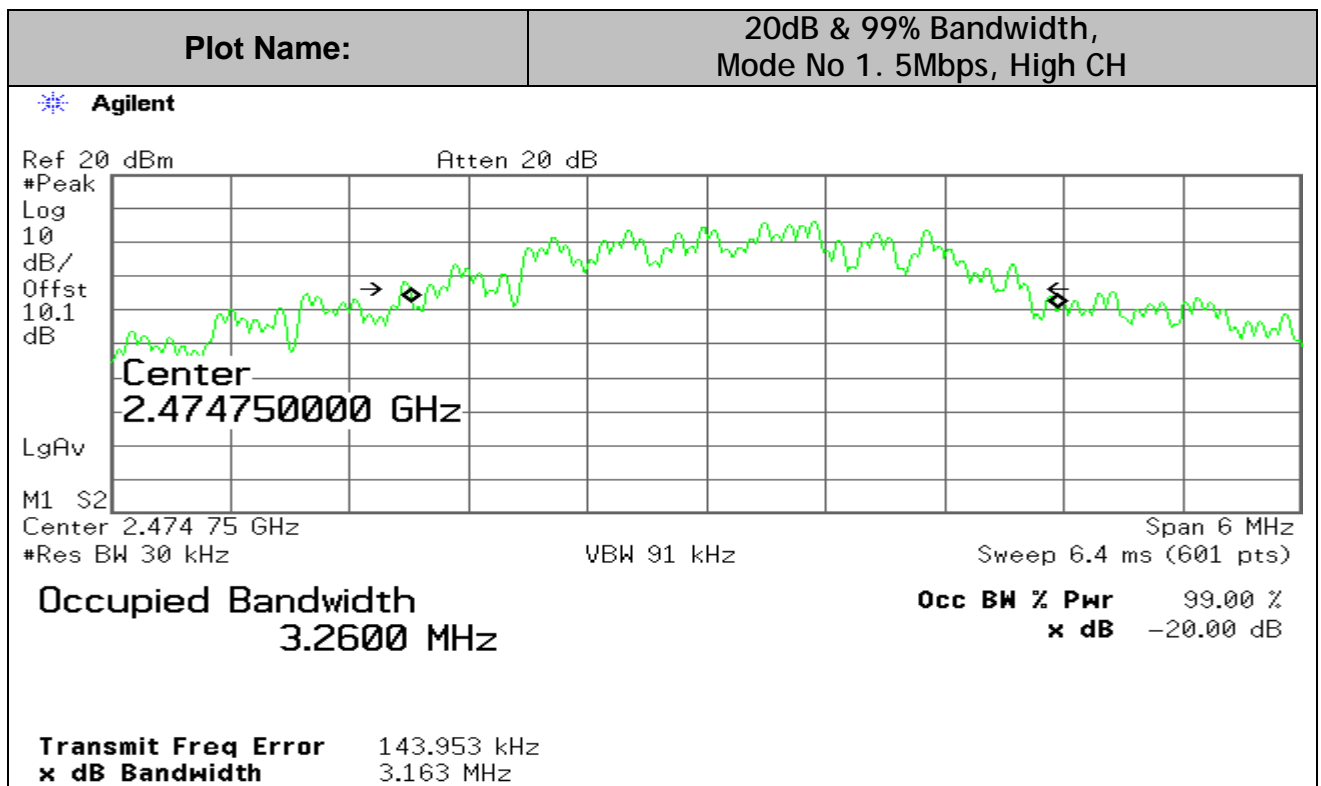
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)
Low	2401.75	0.914	1.508
Middle	2442.00	0.918	1.507
High	2480.00	0.903	1.513

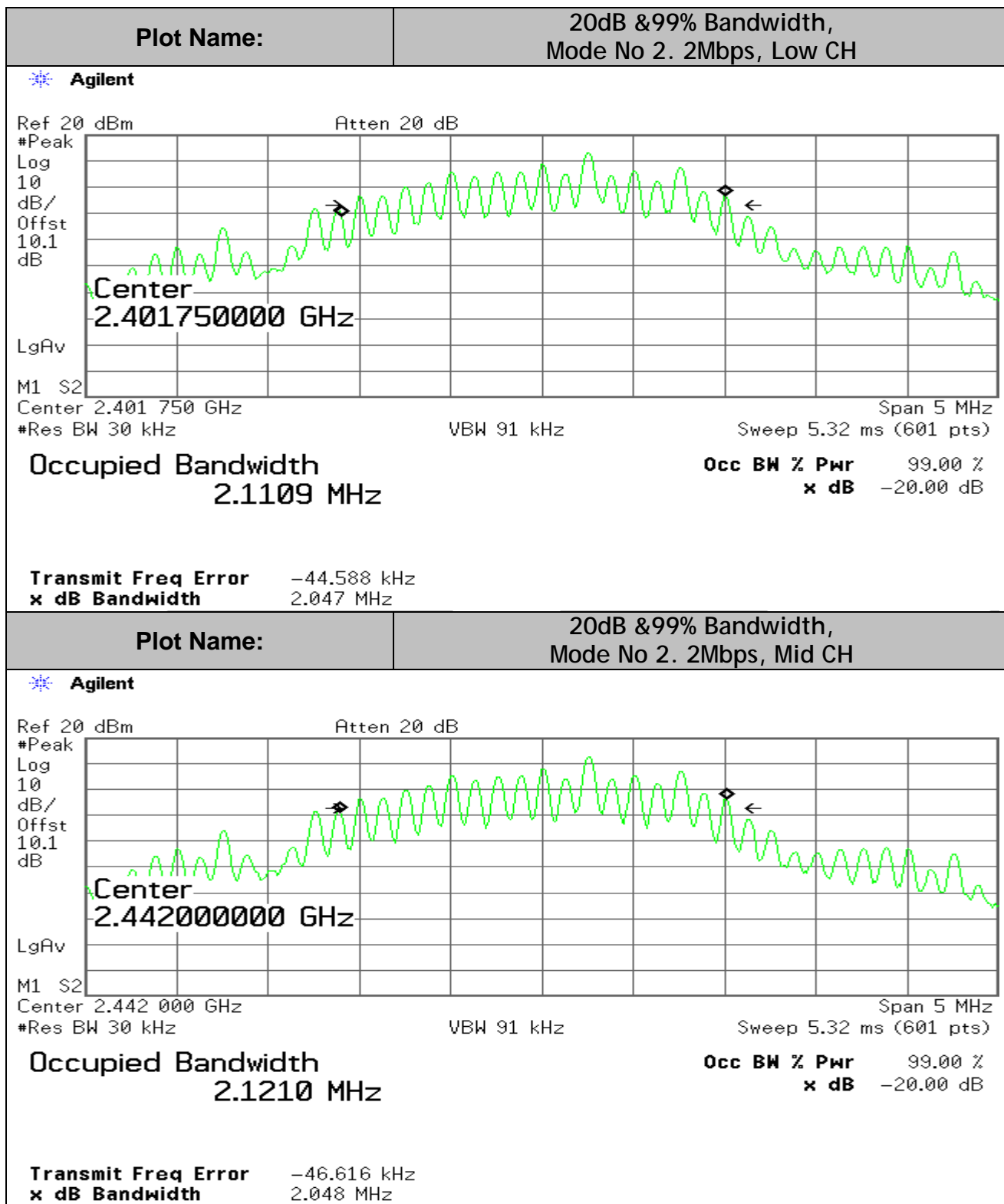
Mode No.3: 1Mbps

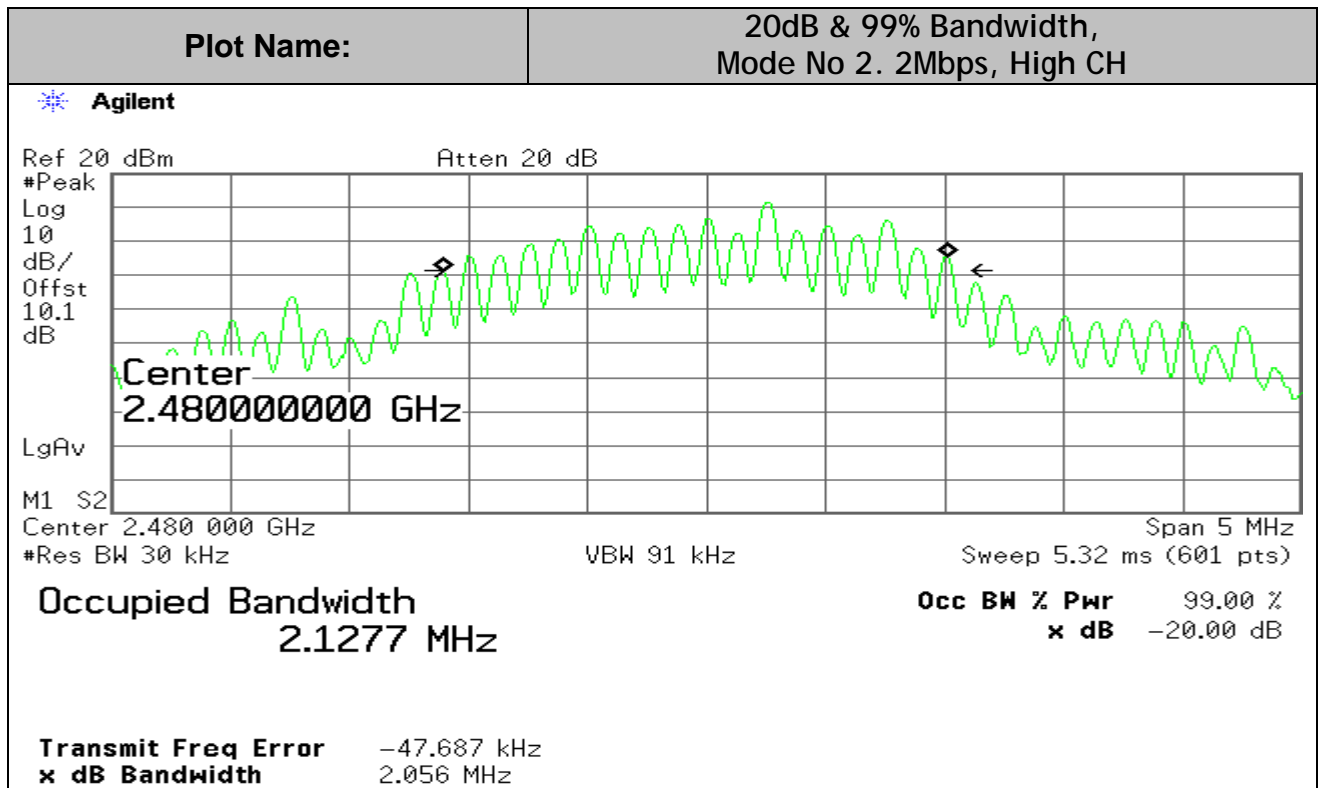
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)
Low	2400.75	0.525	1.067
Middle	2440.98	0.533	1.088
High	2480.00	0.541	1.096

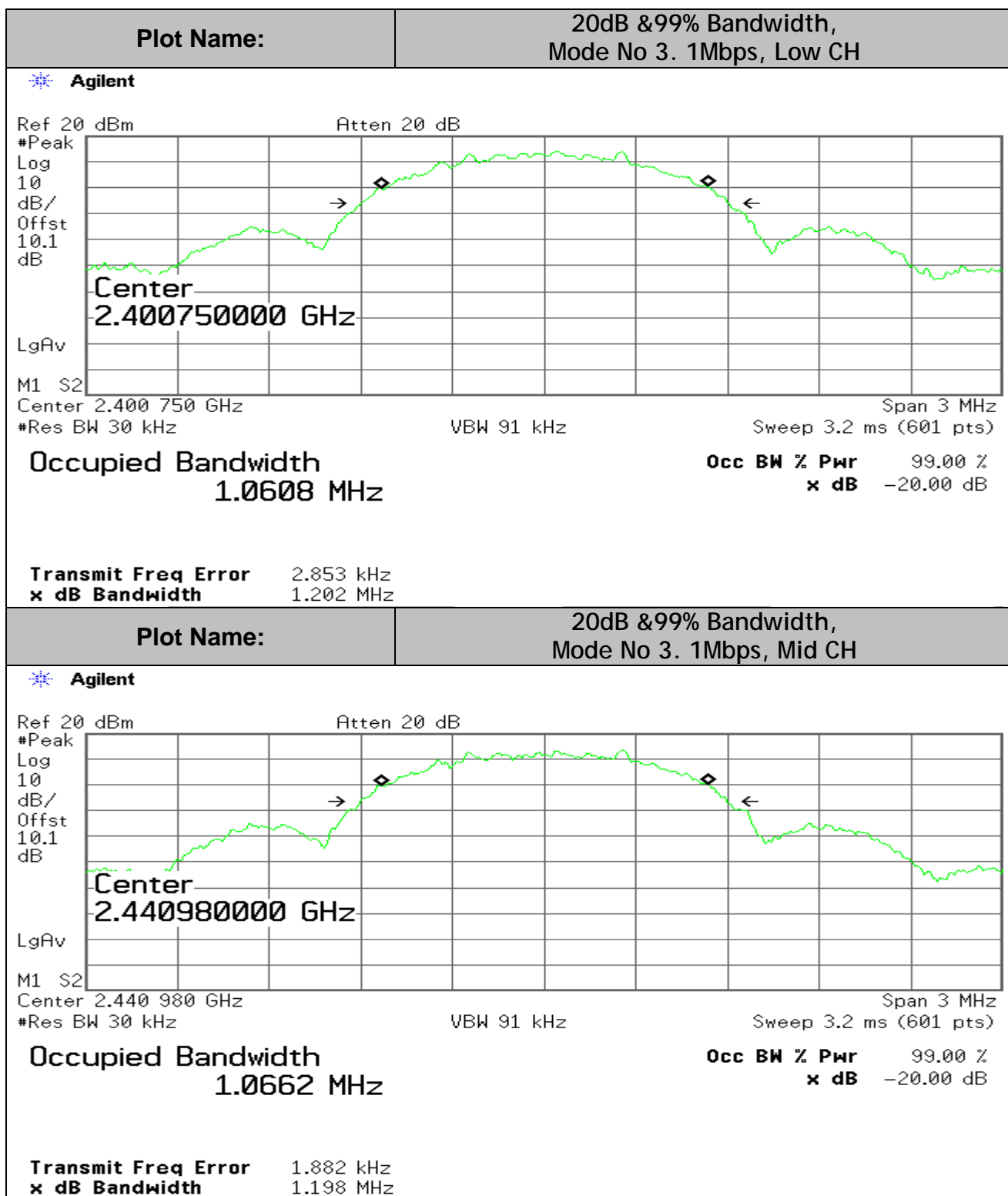
20dB & 99% BANDWIDTH

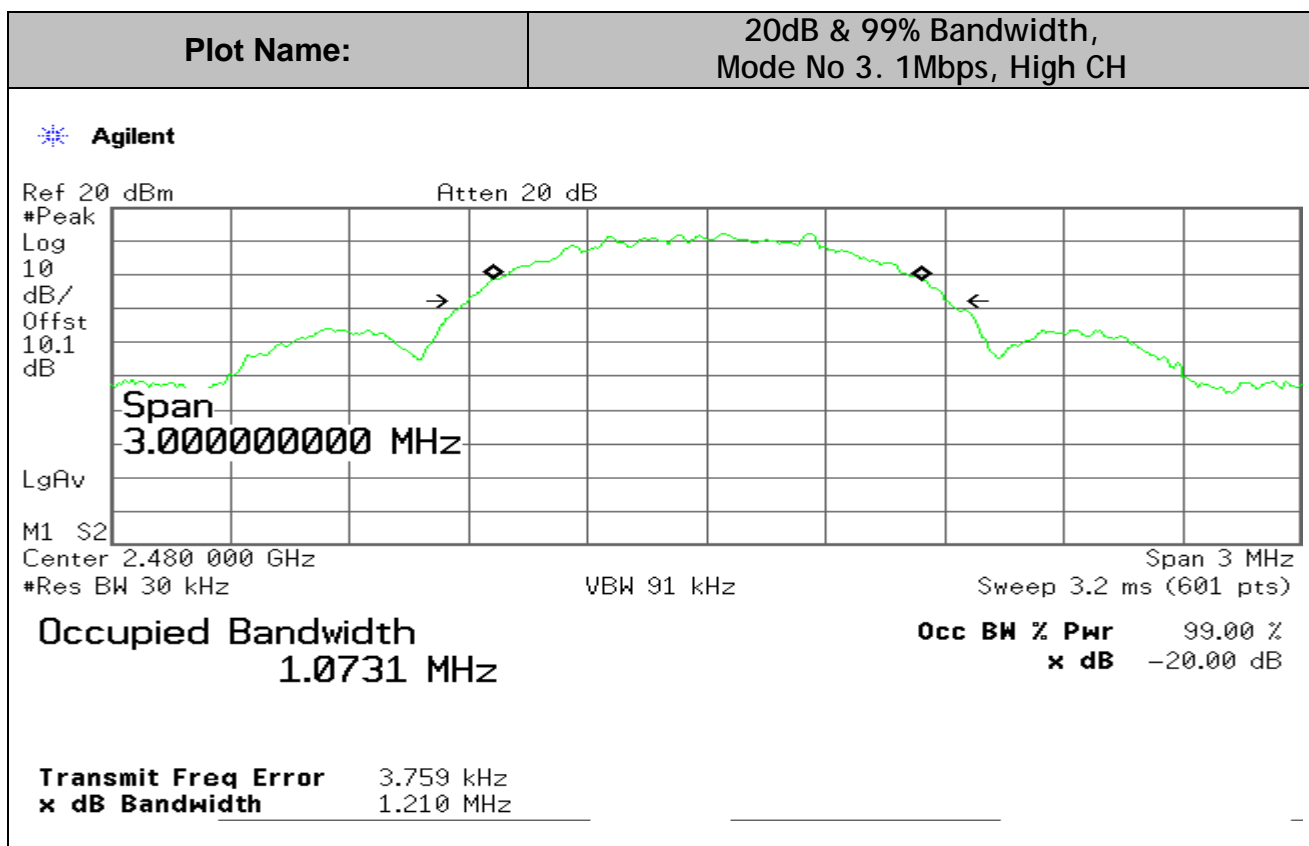












7.2 MAXIMUM OUTPUT POWER

PEAK POWER LIMIT

§15.247 (b)(1) & RSS-247 Sec. 5.4(b)

For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts (20.97dBm).

The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi.

b(4) The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Therefore, the applicable output power limit shall be calculated as follows:

$$P_{out} = 30 - (G_{tx} - 6) \text{ for antenna gain } \leq 6 \text{ dBi or}$$

$$P_{out} = 30 - \text{Floor}[(G_{tx} - 6)/3]$$

G_{Tx} = the maximum transmitting antenna directional gain in dBi.

TEST PROCEDURE *per FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 & ANSI C63.10*

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer and the analyzer bandwidth is set to a value greater than the 20 dB bandwidth of the EUT.

TEST RESULT

No non-compliance noted.

With max. 14dBi gain directional Yagi antenna, the most restricted conducted output power limit is: $20.97 - (14 - 6)/3 = 18.30 \text{ dBm}$. EUT meets this limit.

Mode No.1 5Mbps

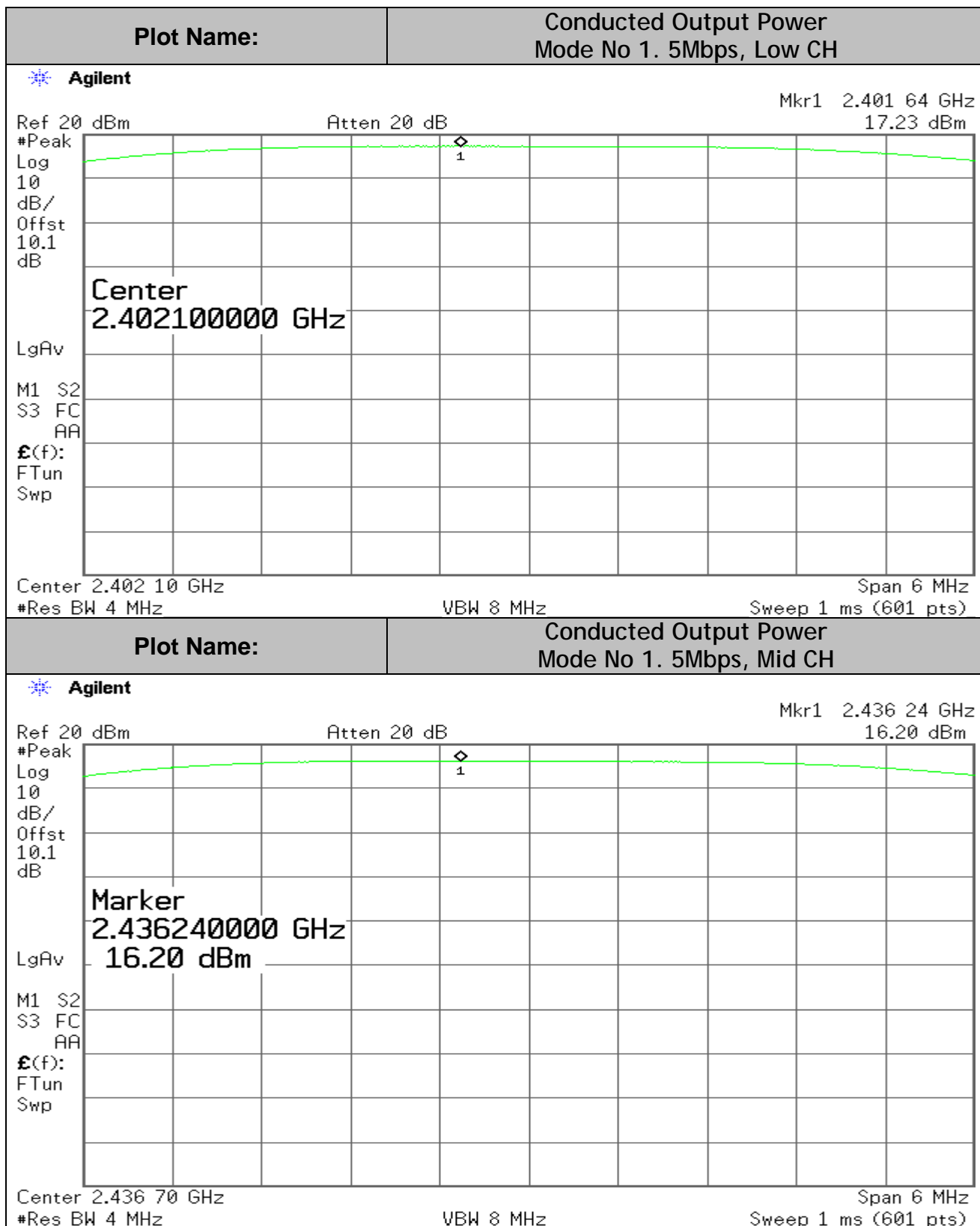
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power* (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Low	2402.10	17.23	18.30	-1.07
Middle	2436.70	16.20	18.30	-2.10
High	2474.75	16.03	18.30	-2.27

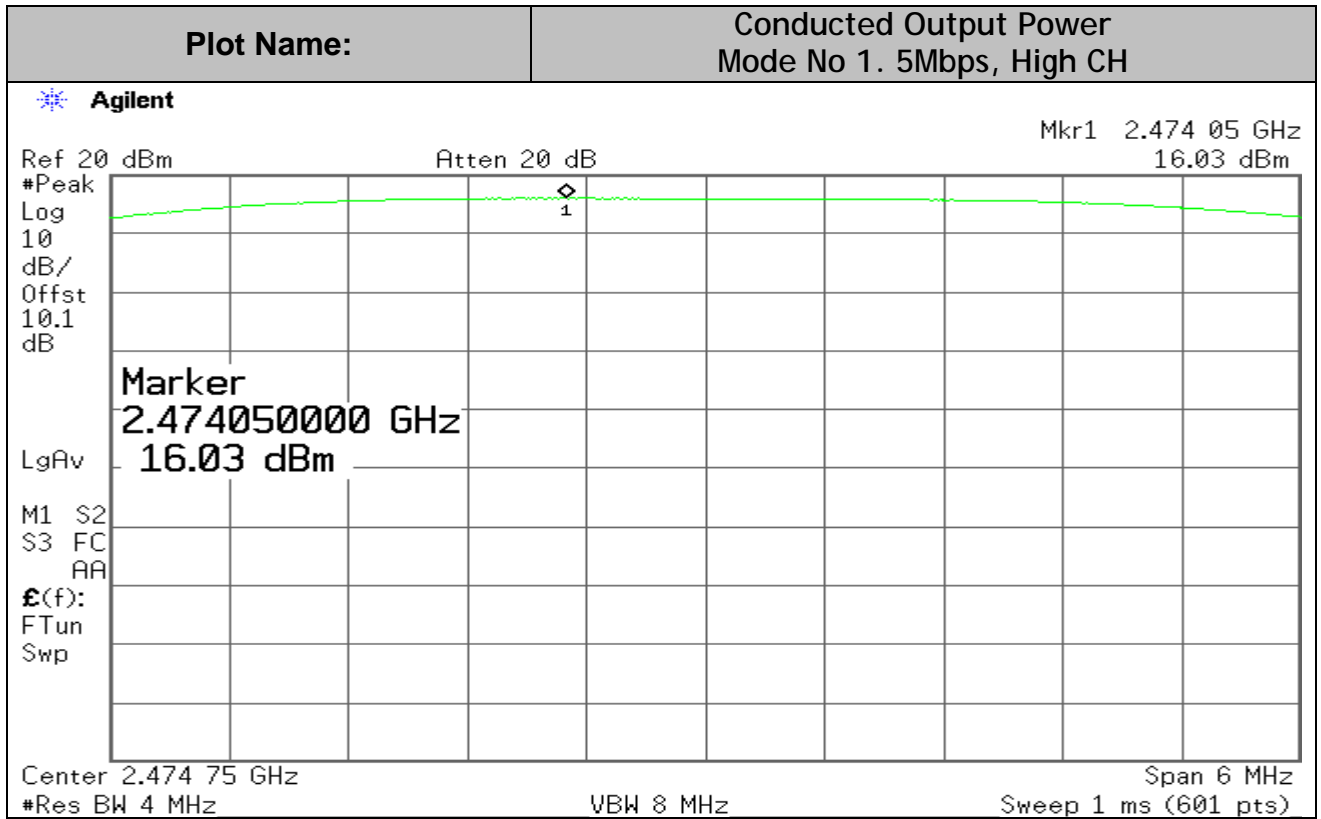
Mode No.2 2Mbps

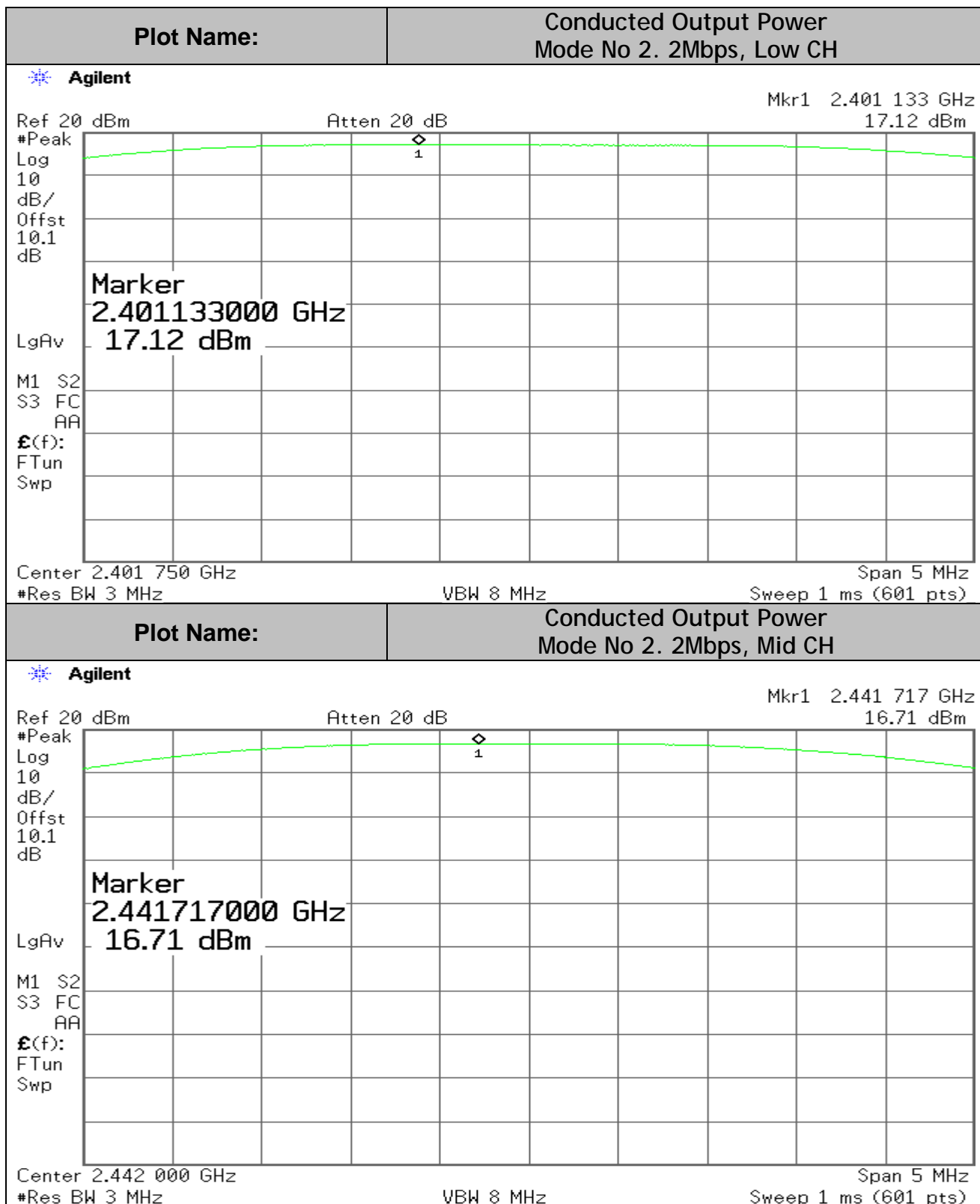
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power* (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Low	2401.75	17.12	18.30	-1.18
Middle	2442.00	16.71	18.30	-1.59
High	2480.00	15.63	18.30	-2.67

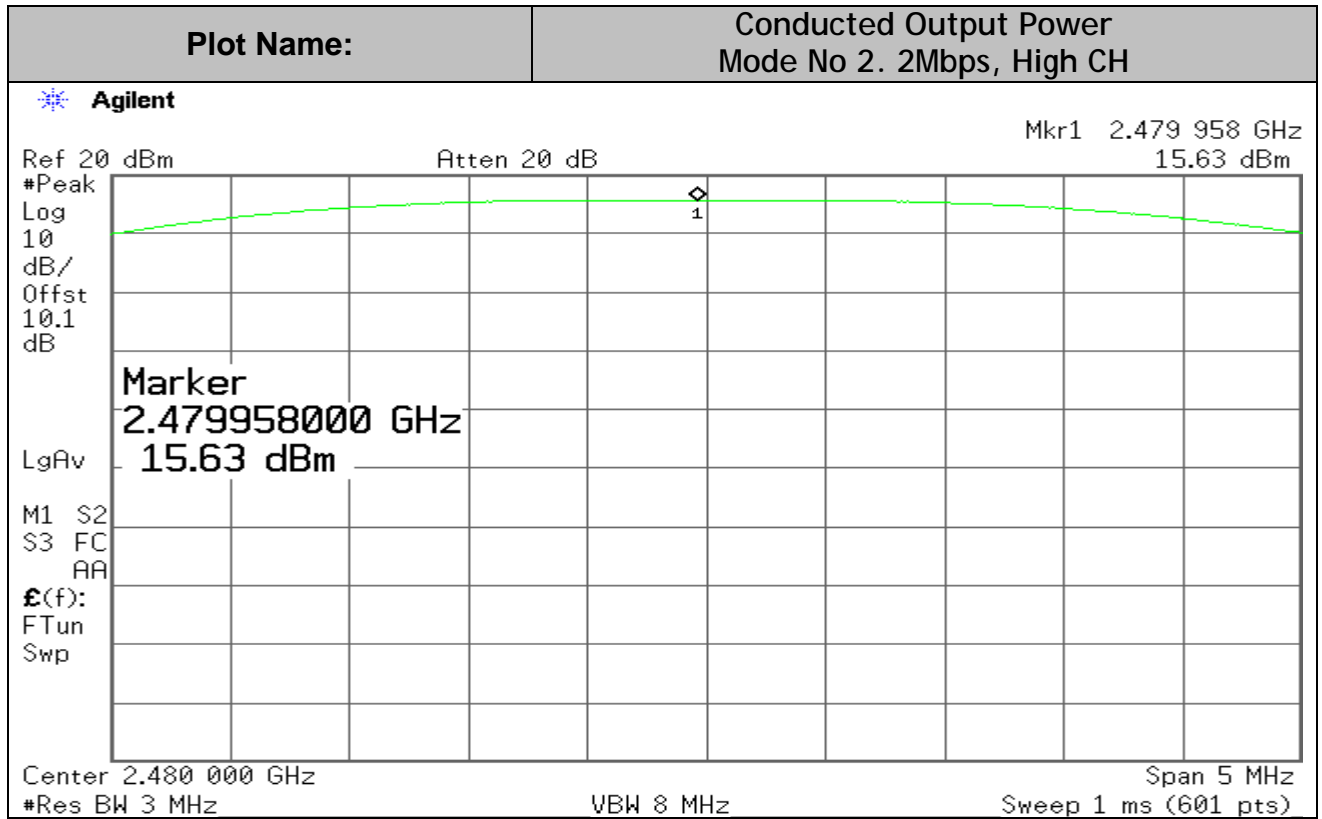
Mode No.3 1Mbps

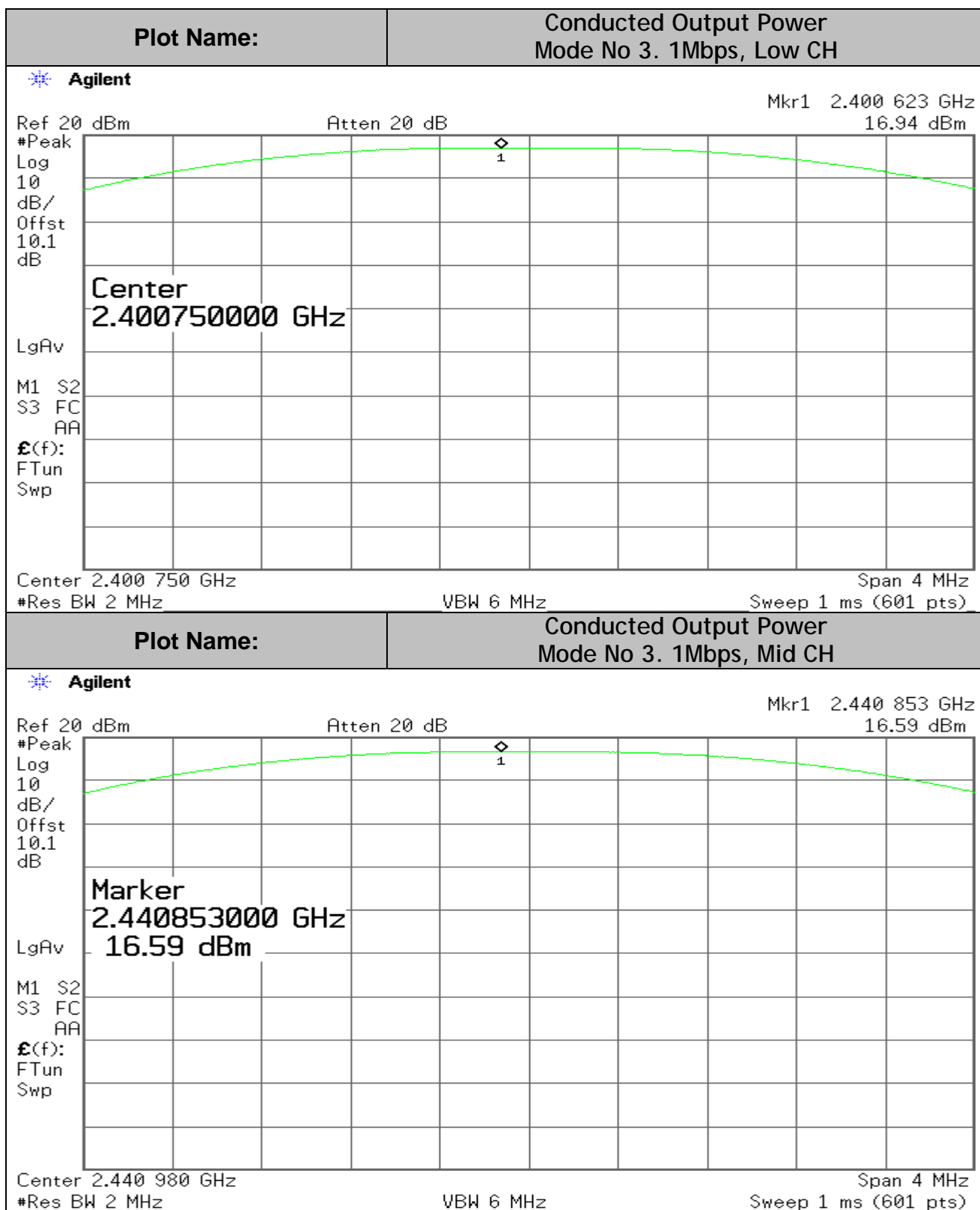
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power* (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Low	2400.75	16.94	18.30	-1.36
Middle	2440.98	16.59	18.30	-1.71
High	2480.00	15.54	18.30	-2.76

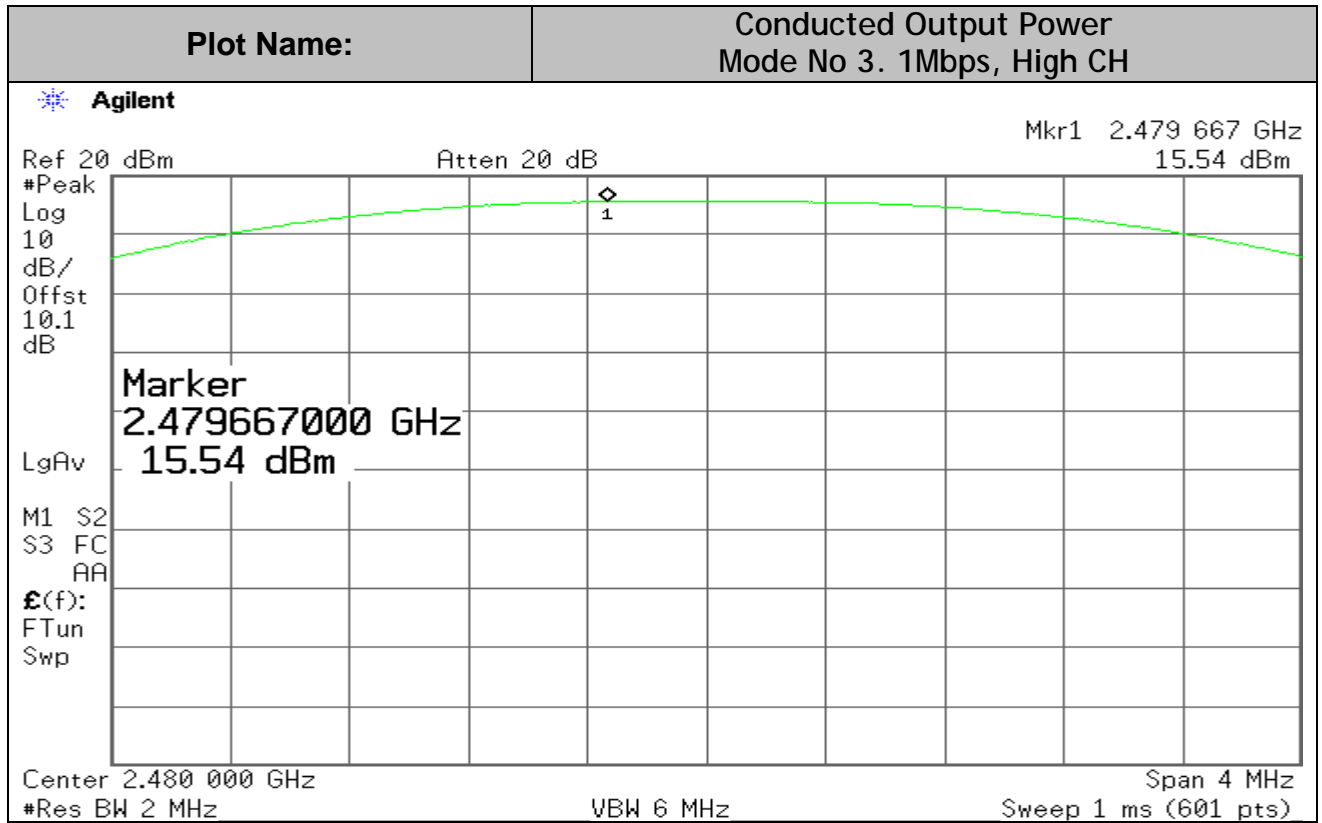












7.3 MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE

LIMITS & RSS-102

§1.1310 The criteria listed in Table 1 shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radio-frequency (RF) radiation as specified in §1.1307(b), except in the case of portable devices which shall be evaluated according to the provisions of §2.1093 of this chapter.

TABLE 1—LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm ²)	Averaging time (minutes)
(A) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposures				
0.3–3.0	614	1.63	*(100)	6
3.0–30	1842/f	4.89/f	*(900/f ²)	6
30–300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300–1500 .....	.....	.....	f/300	6
1500–100,000 .....	.....	.....	5	6
(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure				
0.3–1.34	614	1.63	*(100)	30
1.34–30	824/f	2.19/f	*(180/f ²)	30

TABLE 1—LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)—Continued

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm ²)	Averaging time (minutes)
30–300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300–1500 .....	.....	.....	f/1500	30
1500–100,000 .....	.....	.....	1.0	30

f = frequency in MHz

* = Plane-wave equivalent power density

NOTE 1 TO TABLE 1: Occupational/controlled limits apply in situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment provided those persons are fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. Limits for occupational/controlled exposure also apply in situations when an individual is transient through a location where occupational/controlled limits apply provided he or she is made aware of the potential for exposure.

NOTE 2 TO TABLE 1: General population/uncontrolled exposures apply in situations in which the general public may be exposed, or in which persons that are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be fully aware of the potential for exposure or can not exercise control over their exposure.

CALCULATIONS

Given

$$E = \sqrt{(30 * P * G) / d}$$

and

$$S = E^2 / 3770$$

where

E = Field Strength in Volts/meter

P = Power in Watts

G = Numeric antenna gain

d = Distance in meters

S = Power Density in milliwatts/square centimeter

Combining equations and rearranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$d = \sqrt{((30 * P * G) / (3770 * S))}$$

Changing to units of Power to mW and Distance to cm, using:

$$P(\text{mW}) = P(\text{W}) / 1000 \text{ and}$$

$$d(\text{cm}) = 100 * d(\text{m})$$

yields

$$d = 100 * \sqrt{((30 * (P / 1000) * G) / (3770 * S))}$$

$$d = 0.282 * \sqrt{(P * G / S)}$$

where

d = distance in cm

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

S = Power Density in mW/cm²

Substituting the logarithmic form of power and gain using: P

$$(\text{mW}) = 10^{(P(\text{dBm}) / 10)} \text{ and}$$

$$G(\text{numeric}) = 10^{(G(\text{dBi}) / 10)}$$

yields

$$d = 0.282 * 10^{((P + G) / 20)} / \sqrt{S}$$

Equation (1)

$$S = 0.0795 * 10^{((P + G) / 10)} / d^2$$

Equation (2)

where

d = MPE distance in cm

P = Power in dBm

G = Antenna Gain in dBi

S = Power Density Limit in mW/cm²

Equation (1) and the measured Output power is used to calculate the MPE distance.

Equation (2) and the measured Output power is used to calculate the Power density.

LIMITS

From §1.1310 Table 1 (B),
for Public $S = 1.0 \text{ mW/cm}^2$
for Professional, $S = 5.0 \text{ mW/cm}^2$

RESULTS

No non-compliance noted:

For this EUT, $P+G=17.23+14=31.23 \text{ dBm}$, and $d=20\text{cm}$

Plug all three items into equation (2), yielding,

Power Density Limit (mW/cm^2)	Output Power (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Power Density (mW/cm^2)
1.0/5.0	17.23	14	0.265

NOTE: For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the minimum separation distance between the antenna & radiating structures of the device and nearby persons is 20 cm, even if calculations indicate that the MPE distance would be less.

7.4. HOPPING FREQUENCY SEPARATION

LIMIT

§15.247 (a)(1) & RSS-247, 5.1(b)

(1) Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW. The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudorandomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

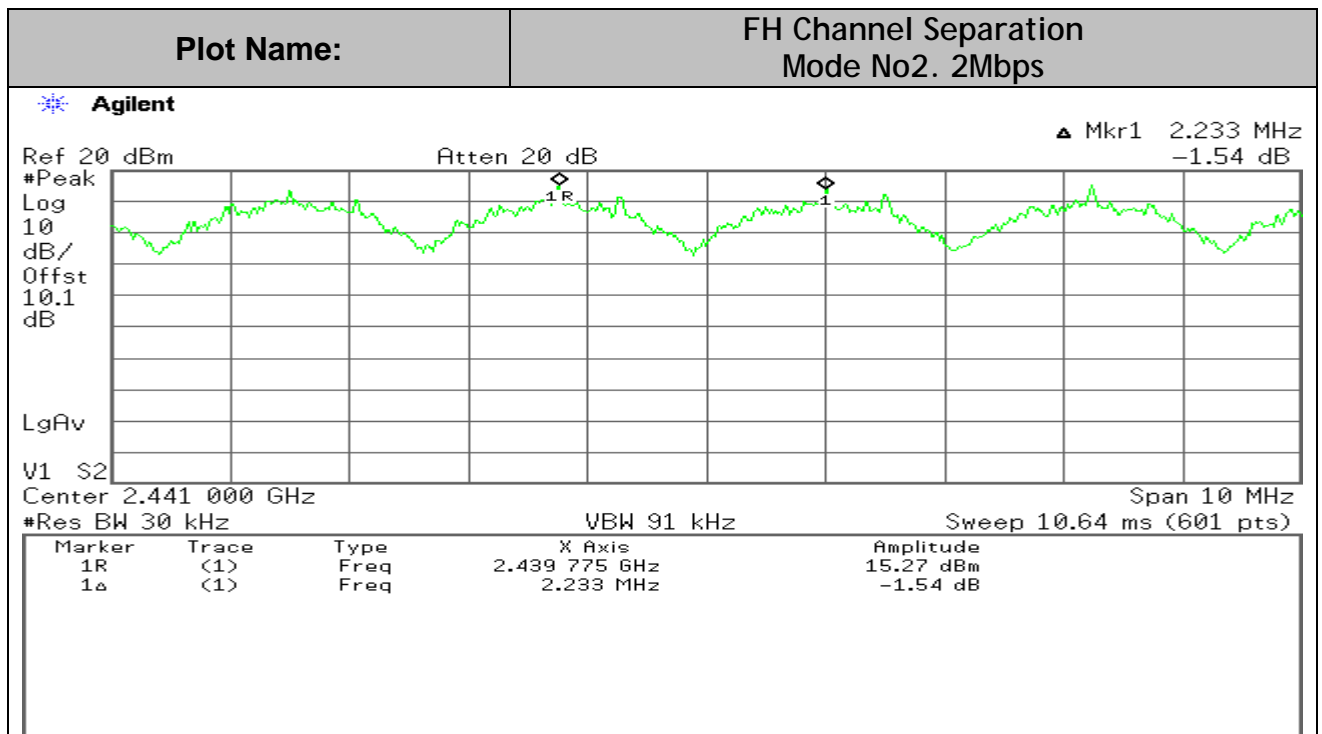
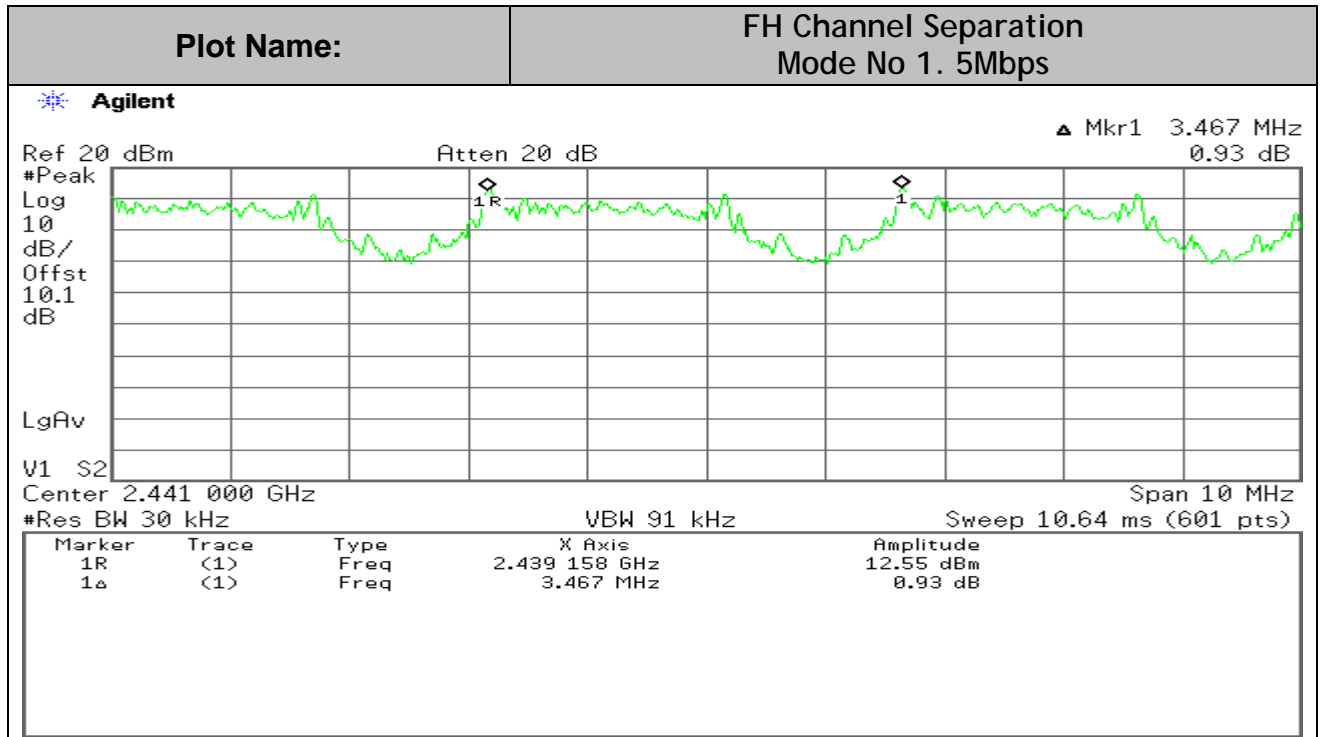
TEST PROCEDURE per FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 & ANSI C63.10

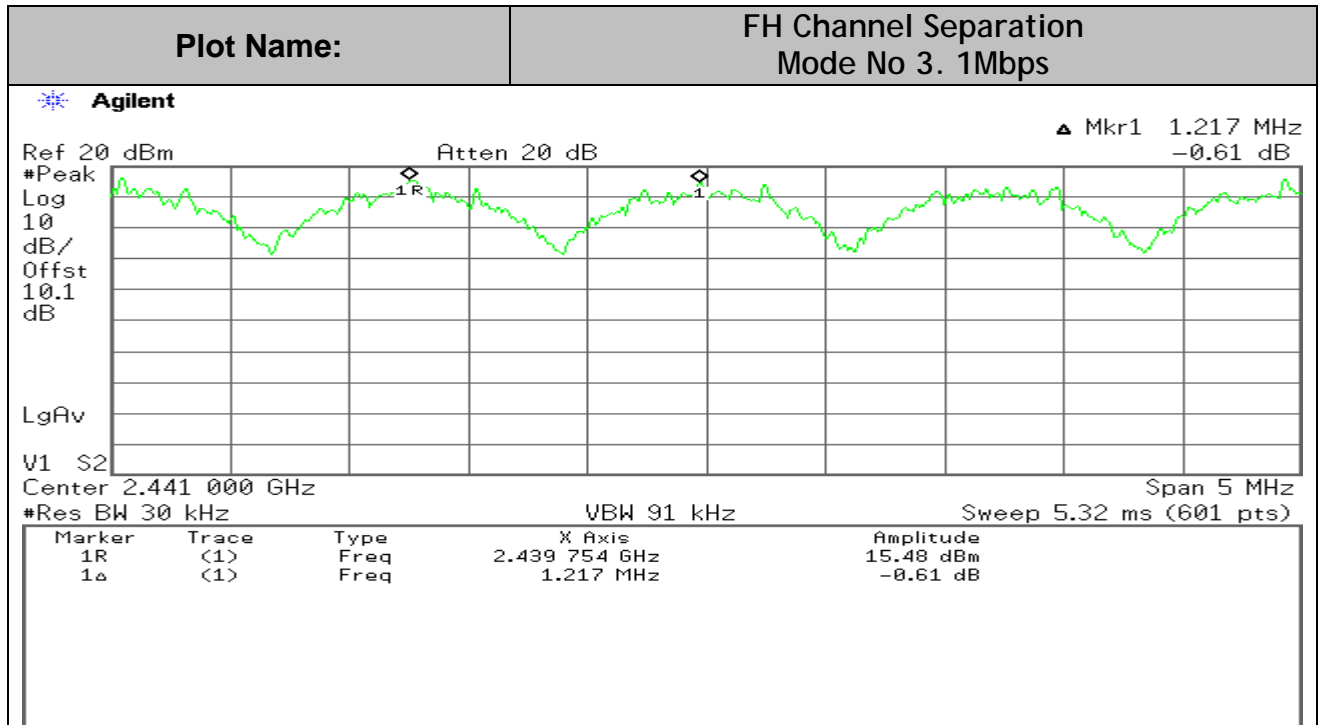
The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The RBW is set to 100 /30KHz and the VBW is set to 100/30KHz. The sweep time is coupled.

RESULTS

No non-compliance noted.

Modulation	Channel Separation (KHz)	Comparison	20dB Bandwidth (KHz)
5Mbps	3467	>	3163
2Mbps	2233	>	2054
1Mbps	1217	>	1210

HOPPING FREQUENCY SEPARATION



7.5. NUMBER OF HOPPING CHANNELS

LIMIT

§15.247 (a) (1) (iii) & RSS-247, 5.1(d)

(iii) Frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

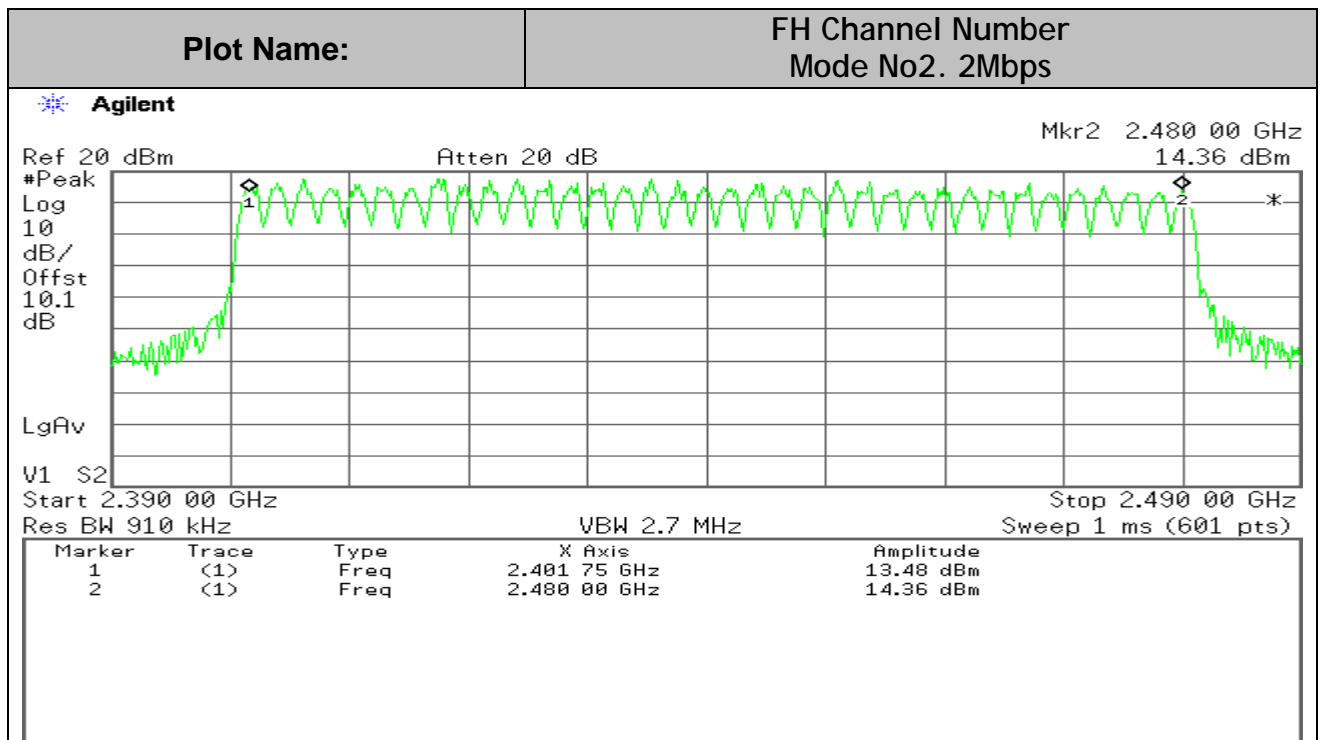
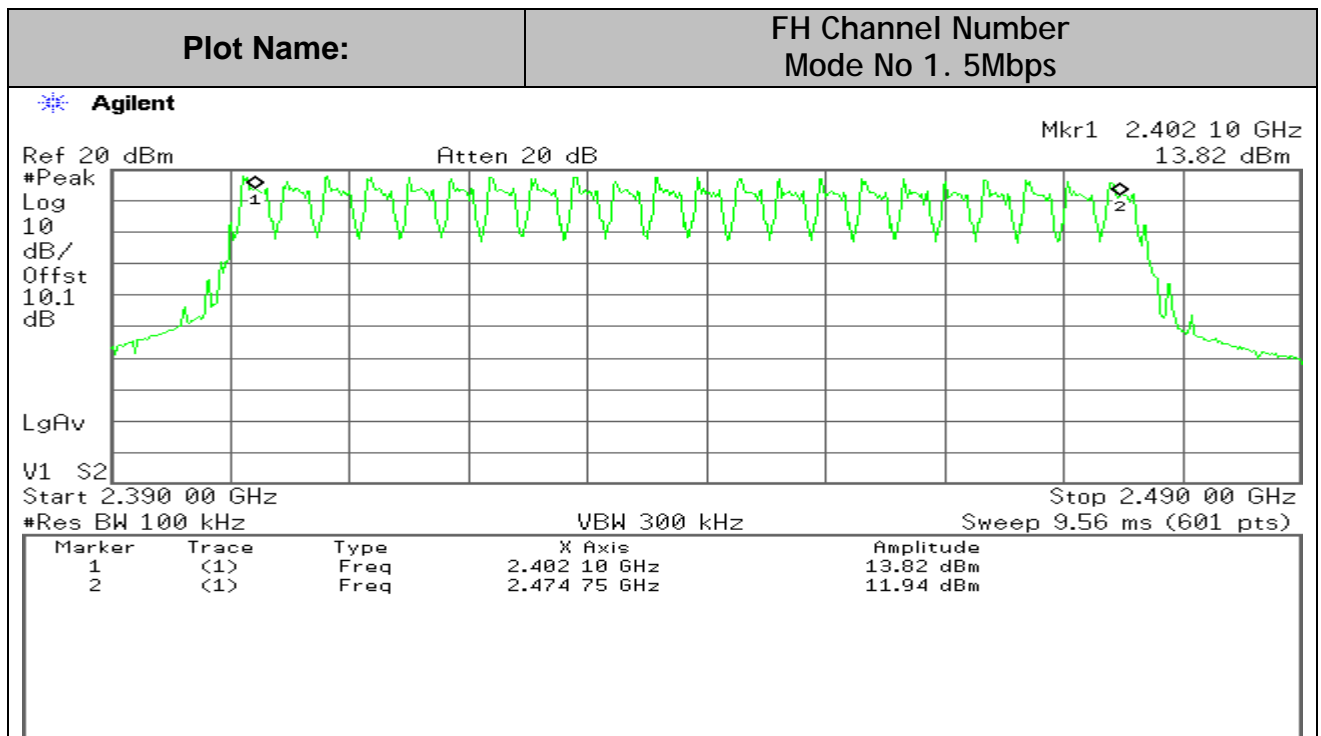
TEST PROCEDURE per FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 & ANSI C63.10

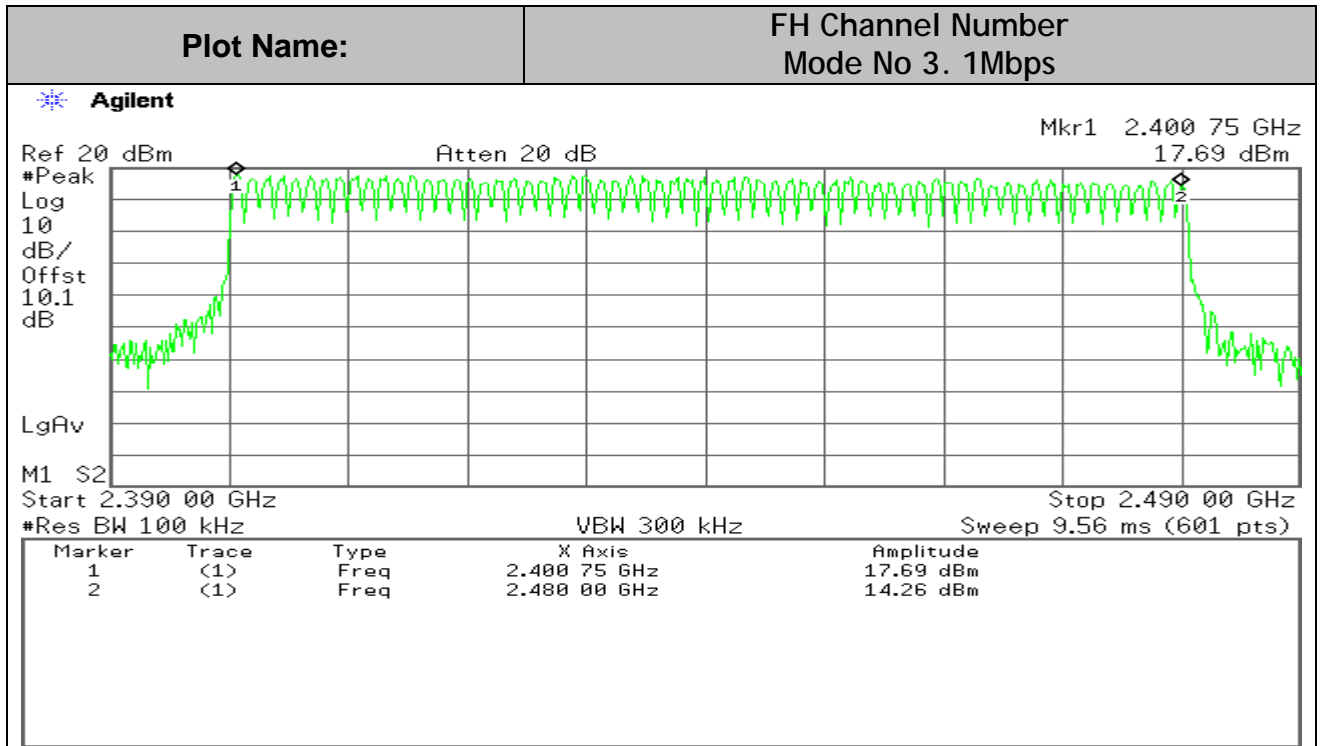
The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The span is set to cover the entire authorized band, in either a single sweep or in multiple contiguous sweeps. The RBW is set to 1 % of the span. The analyzer is set to Max Hold.

RESULTS

No non-compliance noted

Modulation	Channel Observed	Comparison	limit
5Mbps	22	>	15
2Mbps	36	>	15
1Mbps	66	>	15

NUMBER OF HOPPING CHANNELS



7.6 TIME OF OCCUPANCY

LIMIT

15.247 (a) (1) (iii) & RSS-247, 5.1(d)

(iii) Frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

TEST PROCEDURE per FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 & ANSI C63.10

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The span is set to 0 Hz, centered on a single, selected hopping channel. In this case, we selected the mid channel. RBW(IF)=100KHz, VBW=300KHz. The width of a single pulse (E) was measured and the number of the pulses (D) was measured in the small period of C seconds to enable resolution of each occurrence. The average time of occupancy (ATO) in the specified period (B=total channels (A) * 0.4 s)) is equal to $B/C*D*E$.

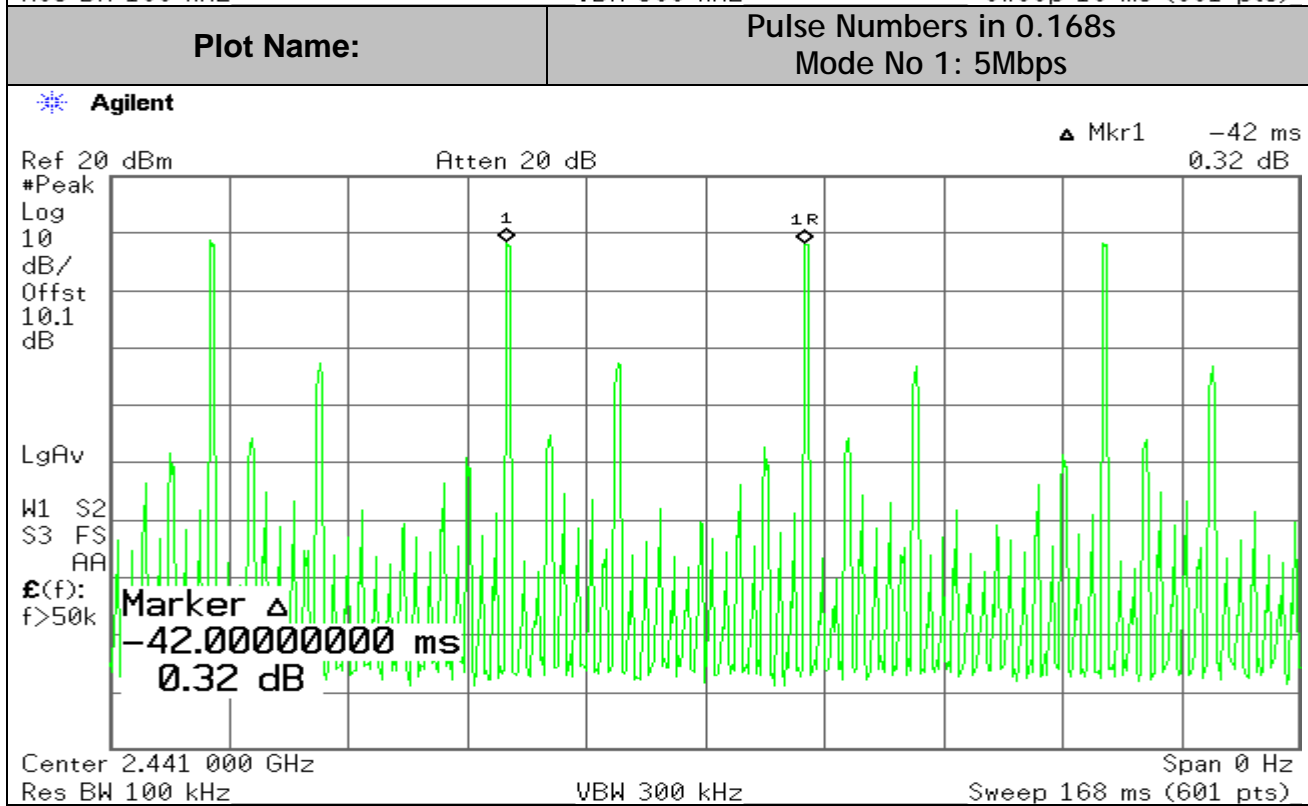
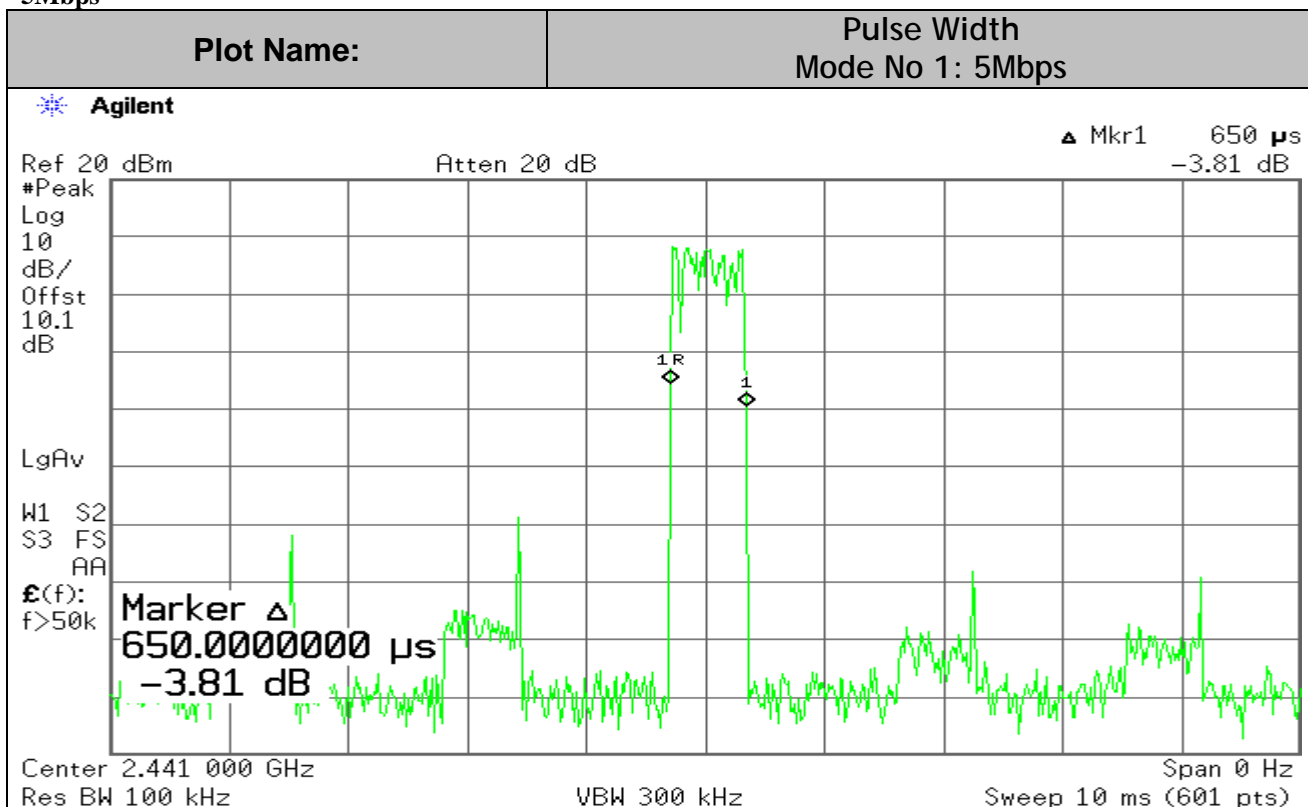
RESULTS

No non-compliance noted.

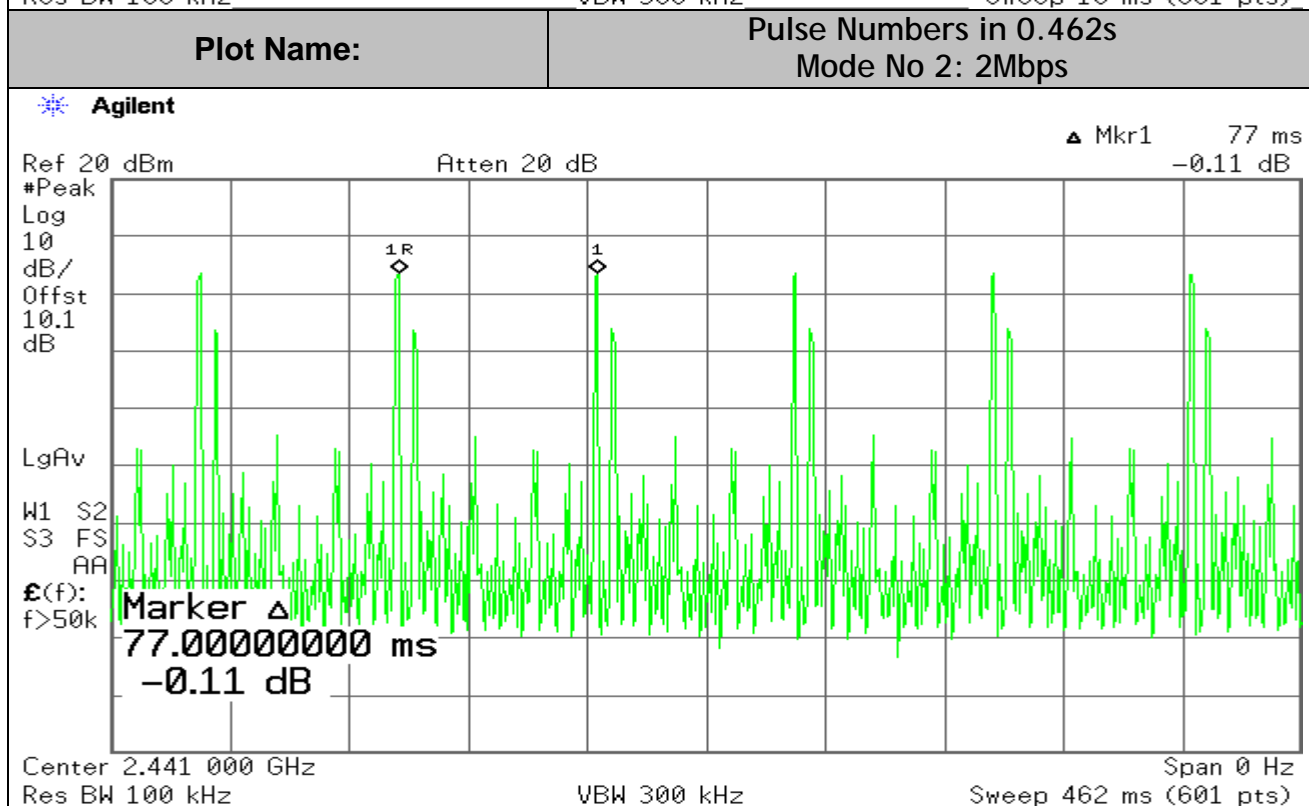
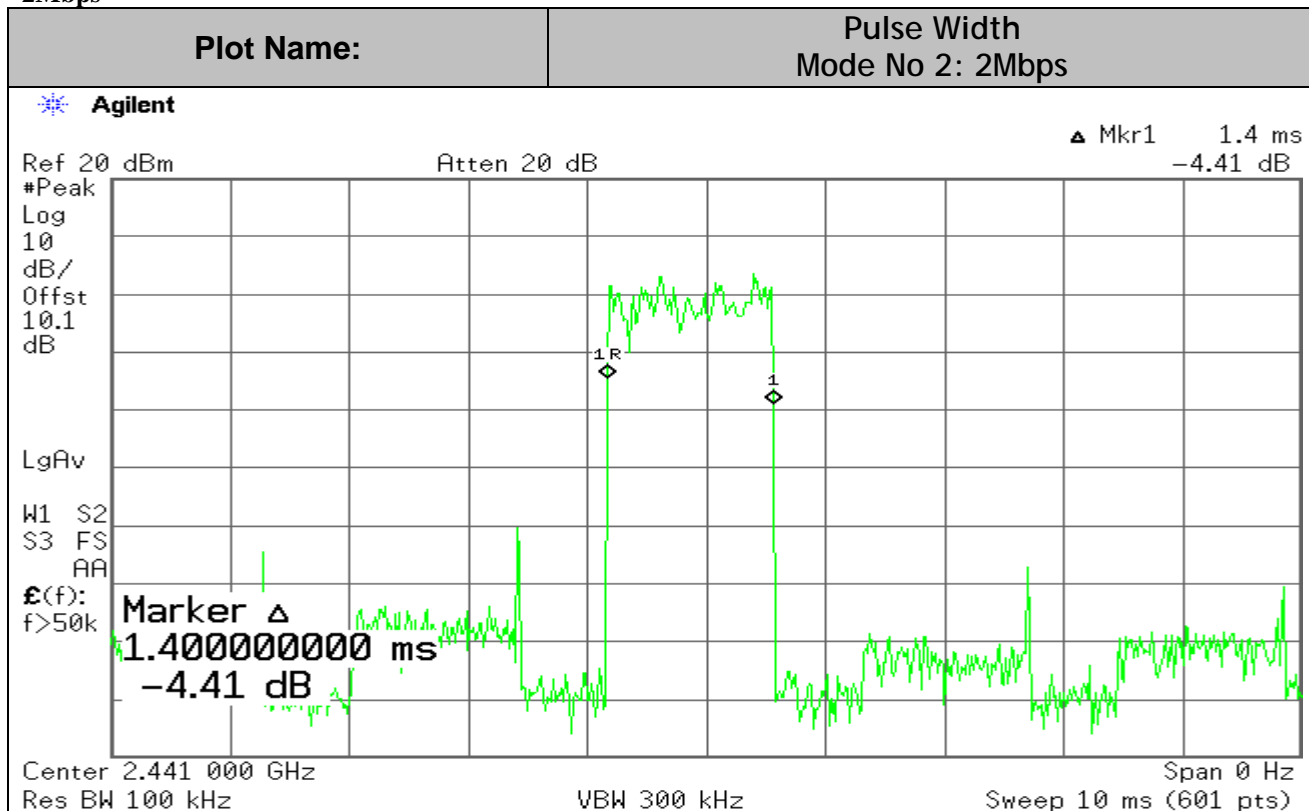
Average Time of Occupancy (ATO)

	A	B	C	D	E		
Mod BW	Total Ch #	Total allowed Time (0.4s*CH#)	Small Period (s)	# of Ch in small Period	Each CH Time Occup. (ms)	ATO= $B/C*D*E$ (s)	<limit 0.4s
5M bps	22	8.8s	0.168	4	0.65	0.136	Y
2M bps	36	14.4s	0.462	6	1.4	0.262	Y
1M bps	66	26.4s	0.680	4	2.0	0.311	Y

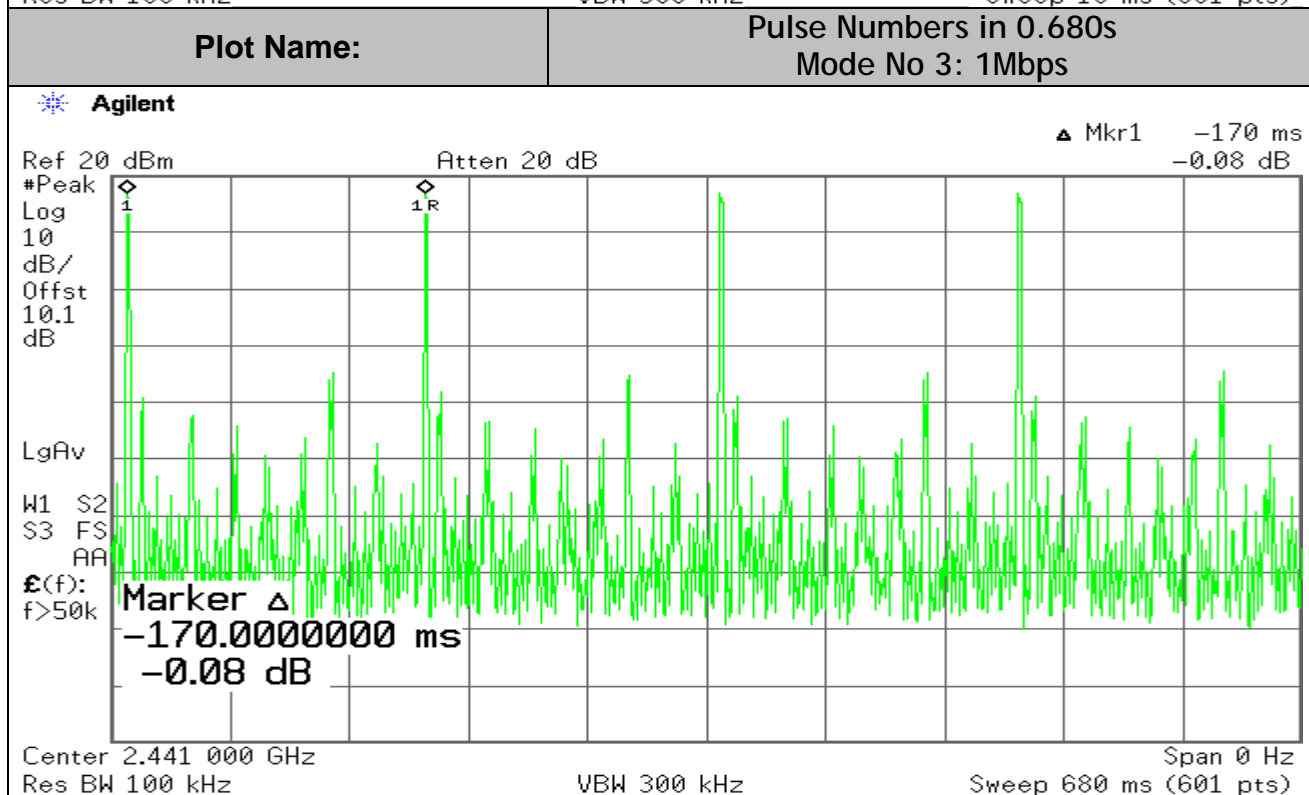
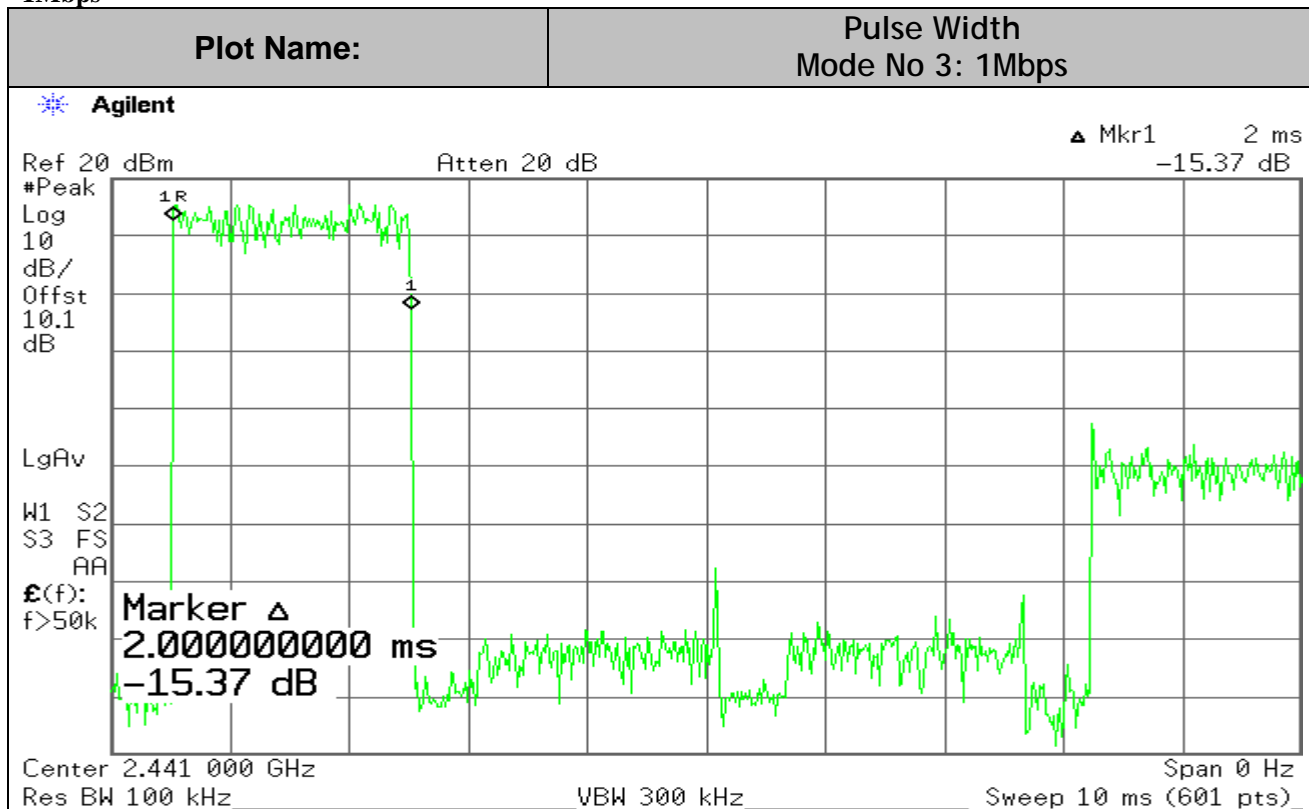
5Mbps



2Mbps



1Mbps



7.7 CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

LIMITS

§15.247 (d) & RSS- 247 Sec. 5.5

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205 (a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

TEST PROCEDURE *per FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 & ANSI C63.10*

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz. The video bandwidth is set to 100 kHz.

The spectrum from 20 MHz to 25 GHz was investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels

RESULTS

Complied with 20dBc attenuation requirement.

Data Summary:

Mode No.1 5Mbps

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Hopping	Attenuation (dBc) to max. Spurious Emission Level
Low	2402.10	Off./On	>>20dBc
Middle	2436.70	Off./On	>>20dBc
High	2474.75	Off./On	>>20dBc

Mode No.2 2Mbps

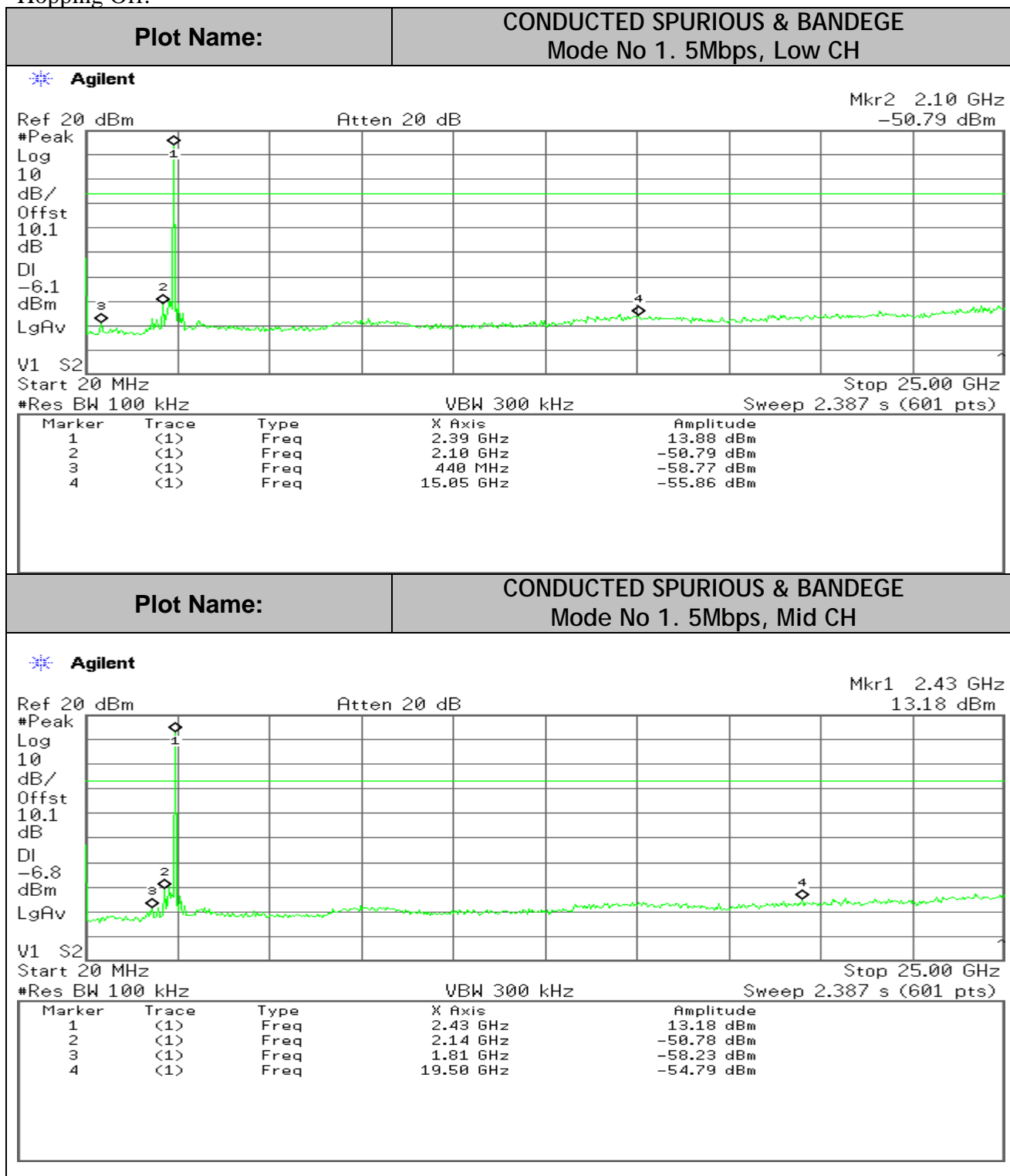
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Hopping	Attenuation (dBc) to max. Spurious Emission Level
Low	2401.75	Off./On	>>20dBc
Middle	2442.00	Off./On	>>20dBc
High	2480.00	Off./On	>>20dBc

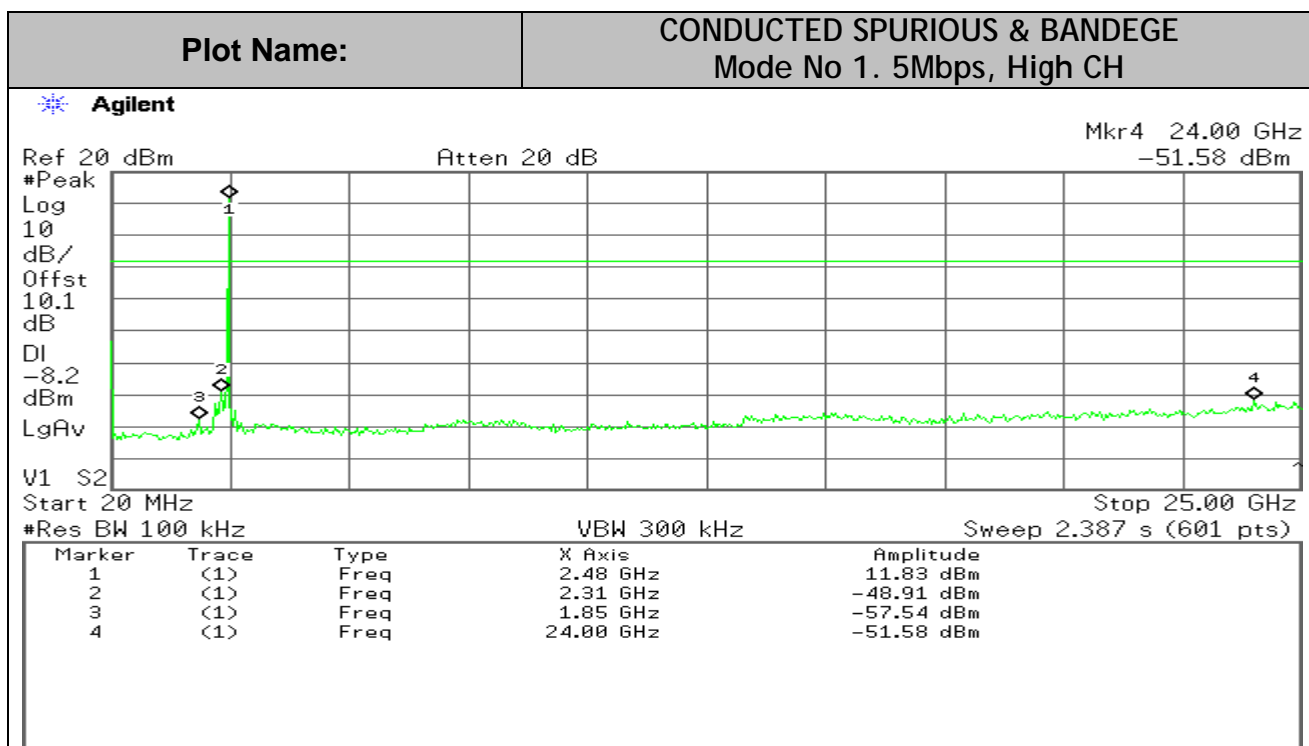
Mode No.3 1Mbps

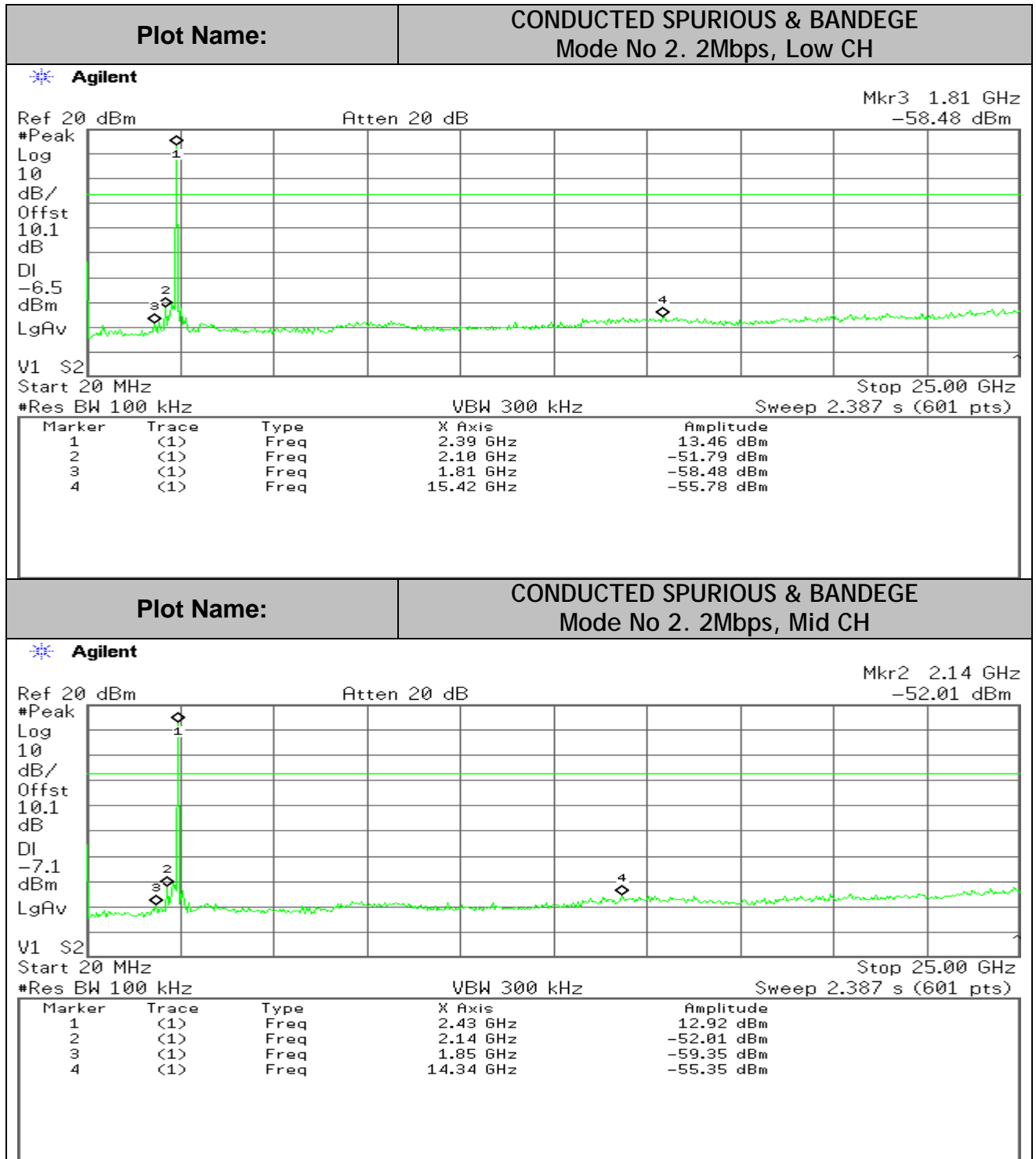
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Hopping	Attenuation (dBc) to max. Spurious Emission Level
Low	2400.75	Off./On	>>20dBc
Middle	2440.98	Off./On	>>20dBc
High	2480.00	Off./On	>>20dBc

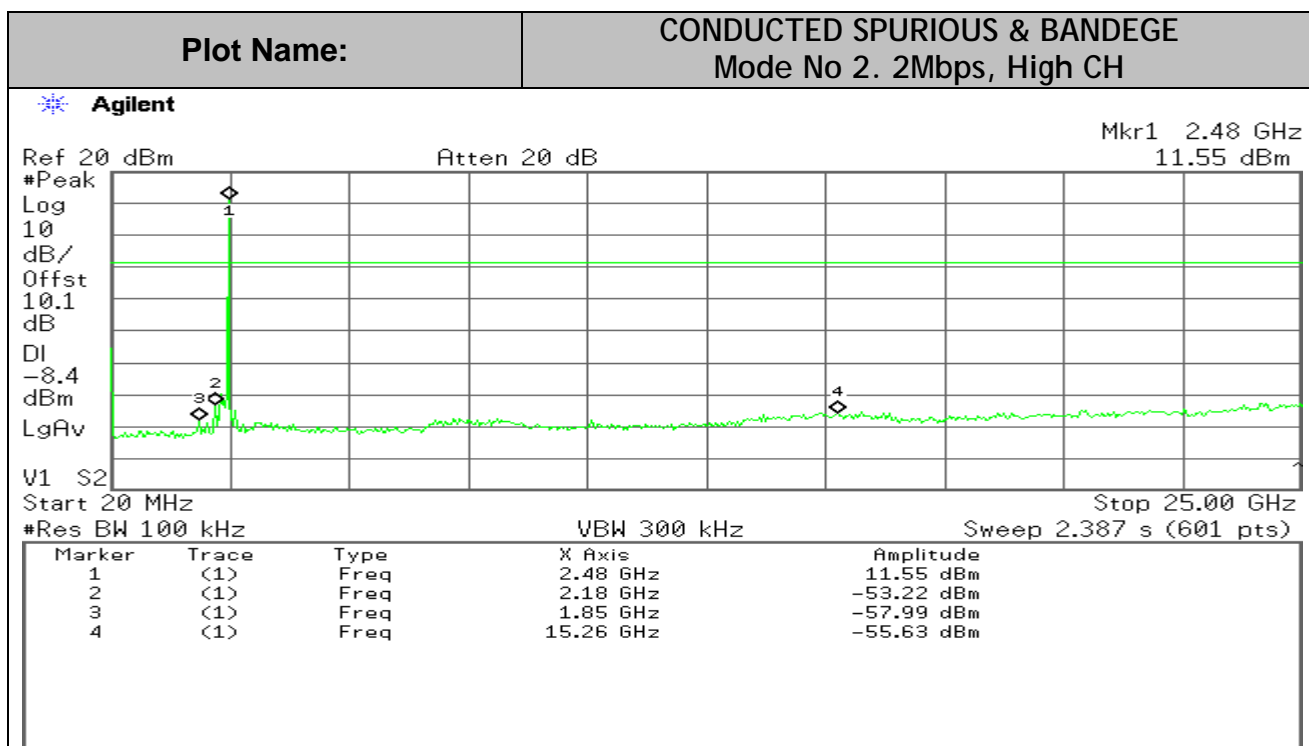
Spurious via Conducted Measurement:

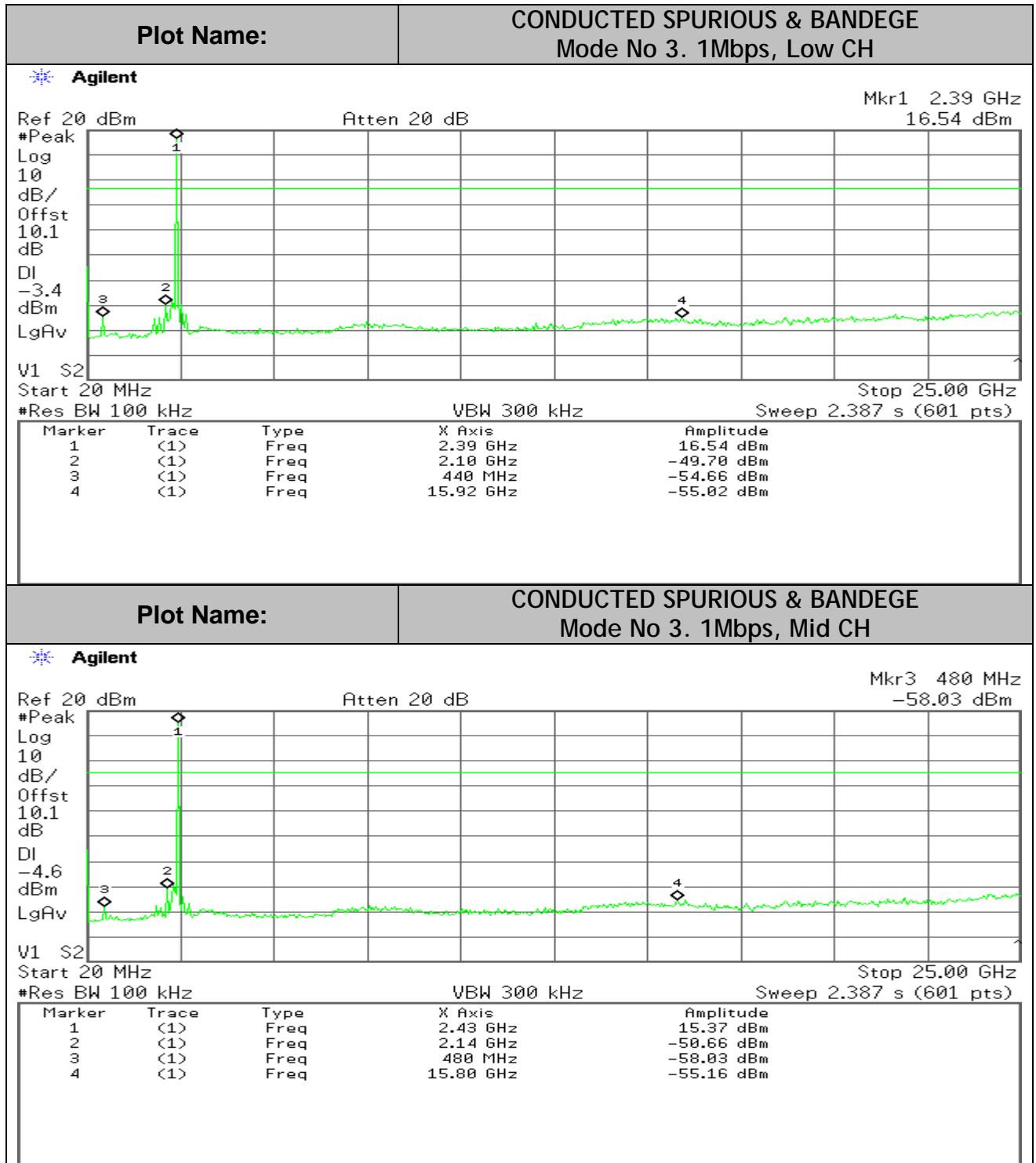
Hopping Off:

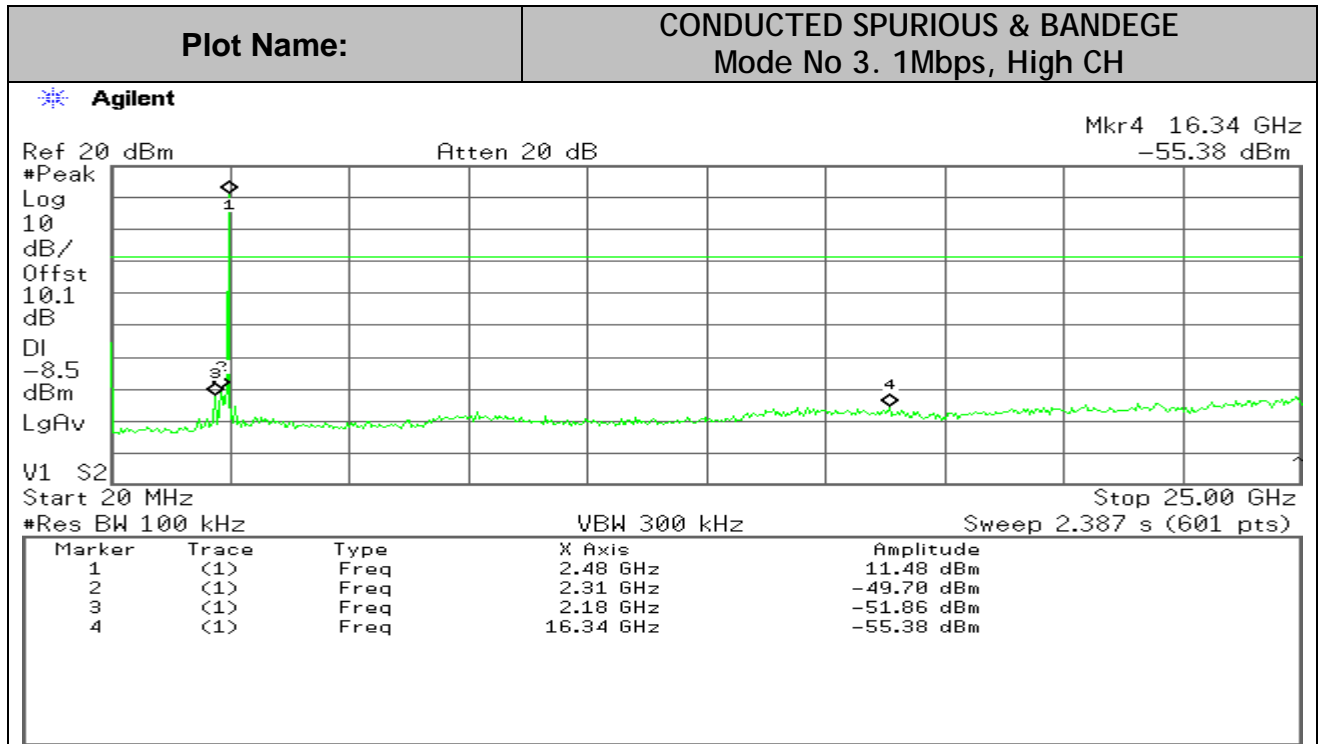




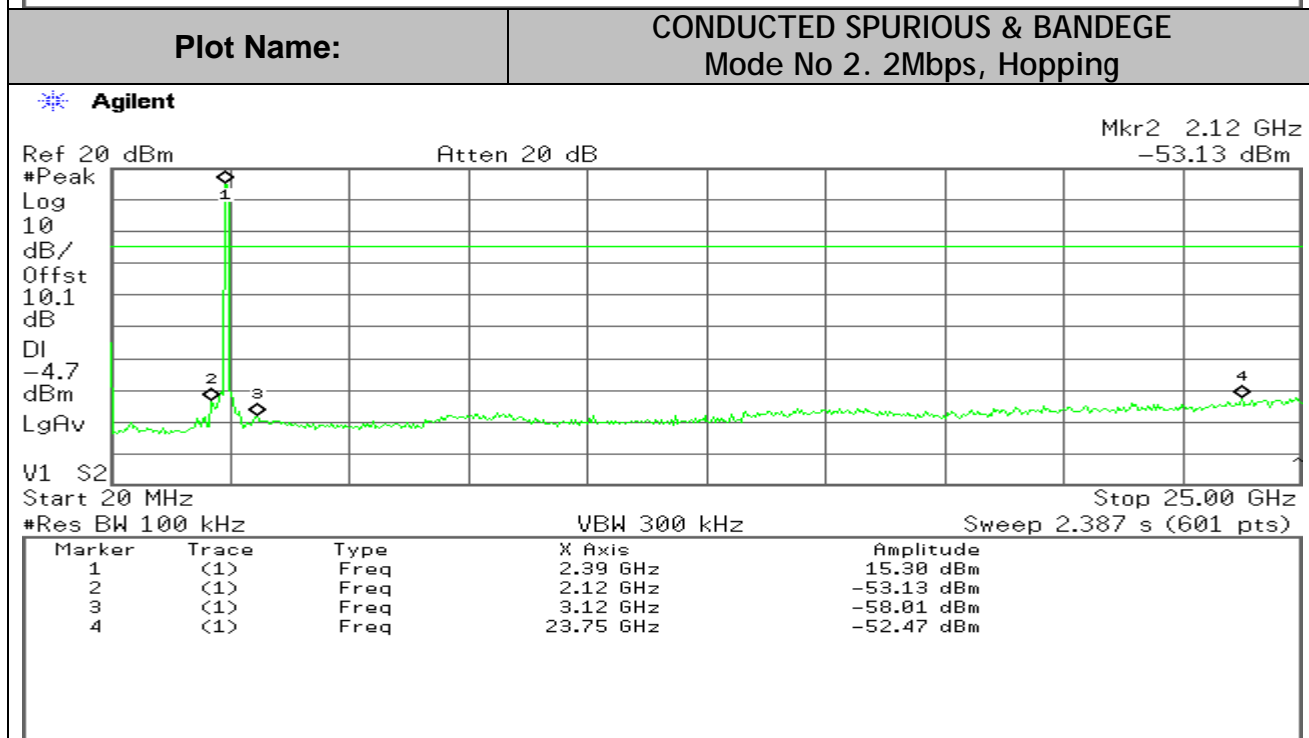
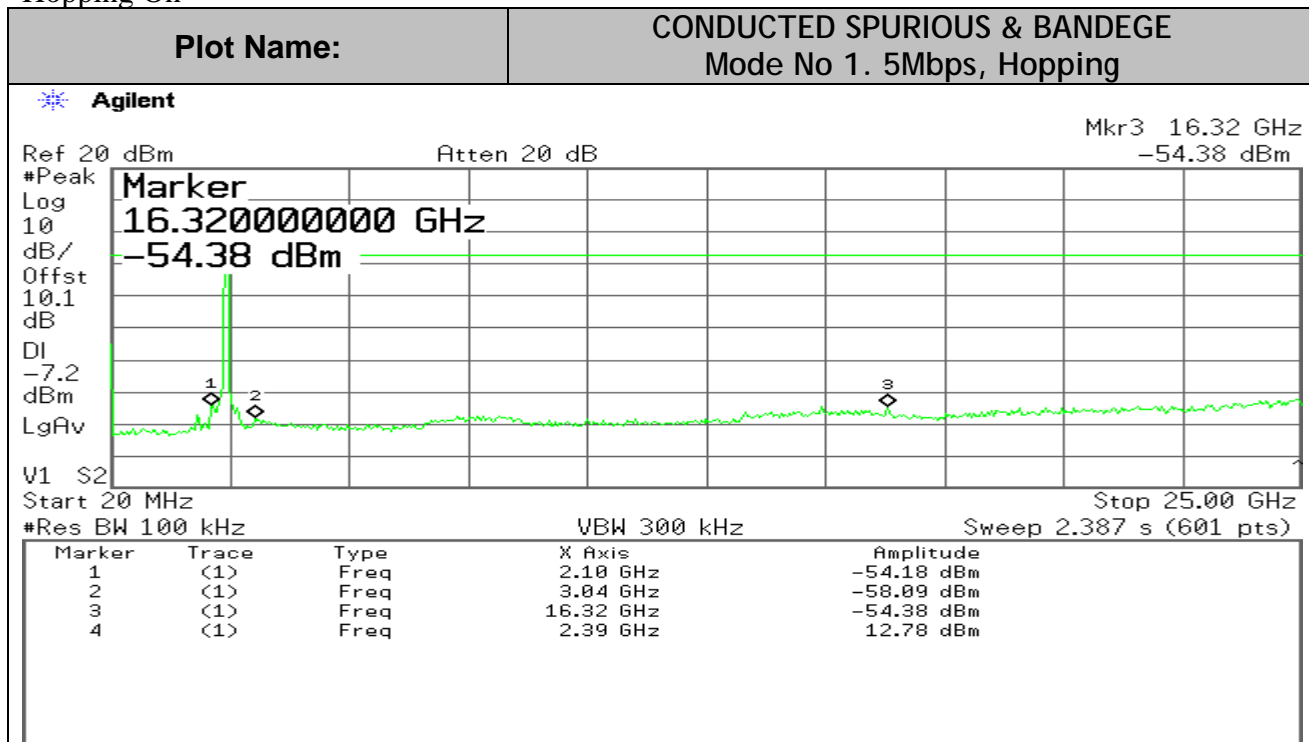


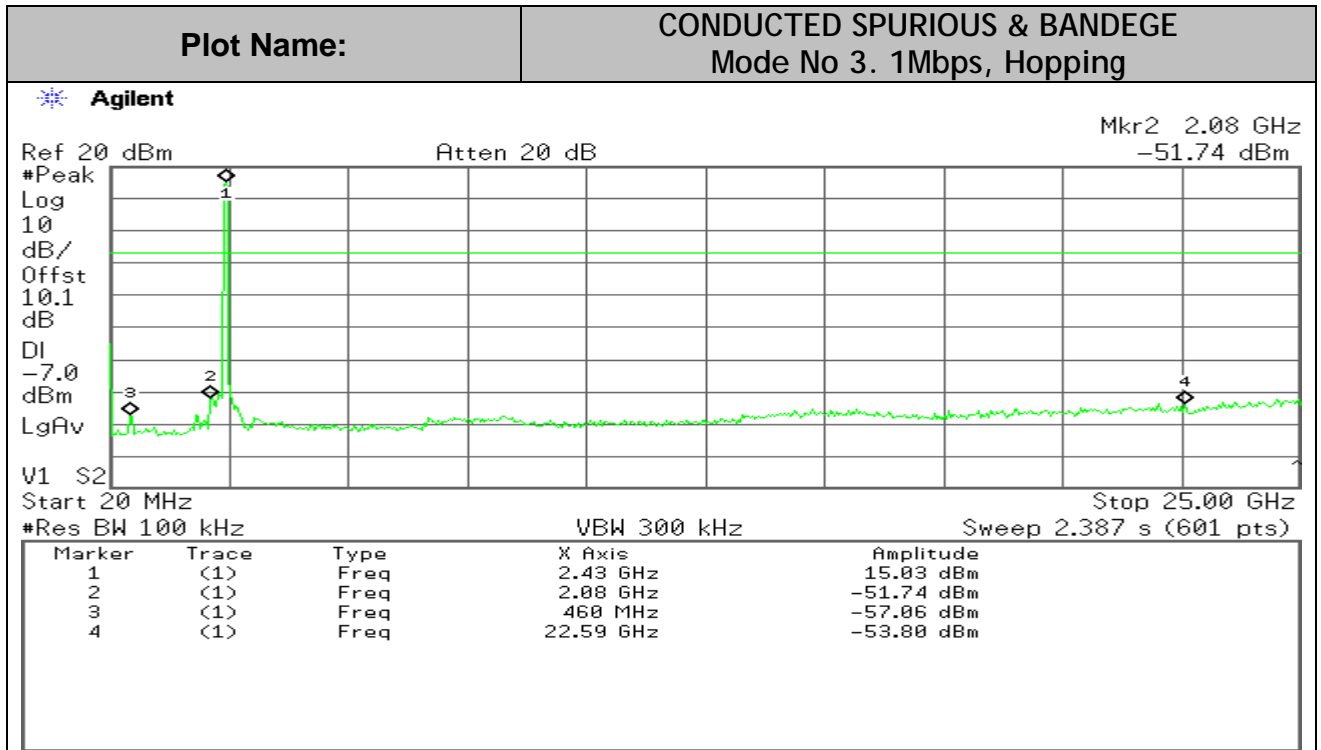






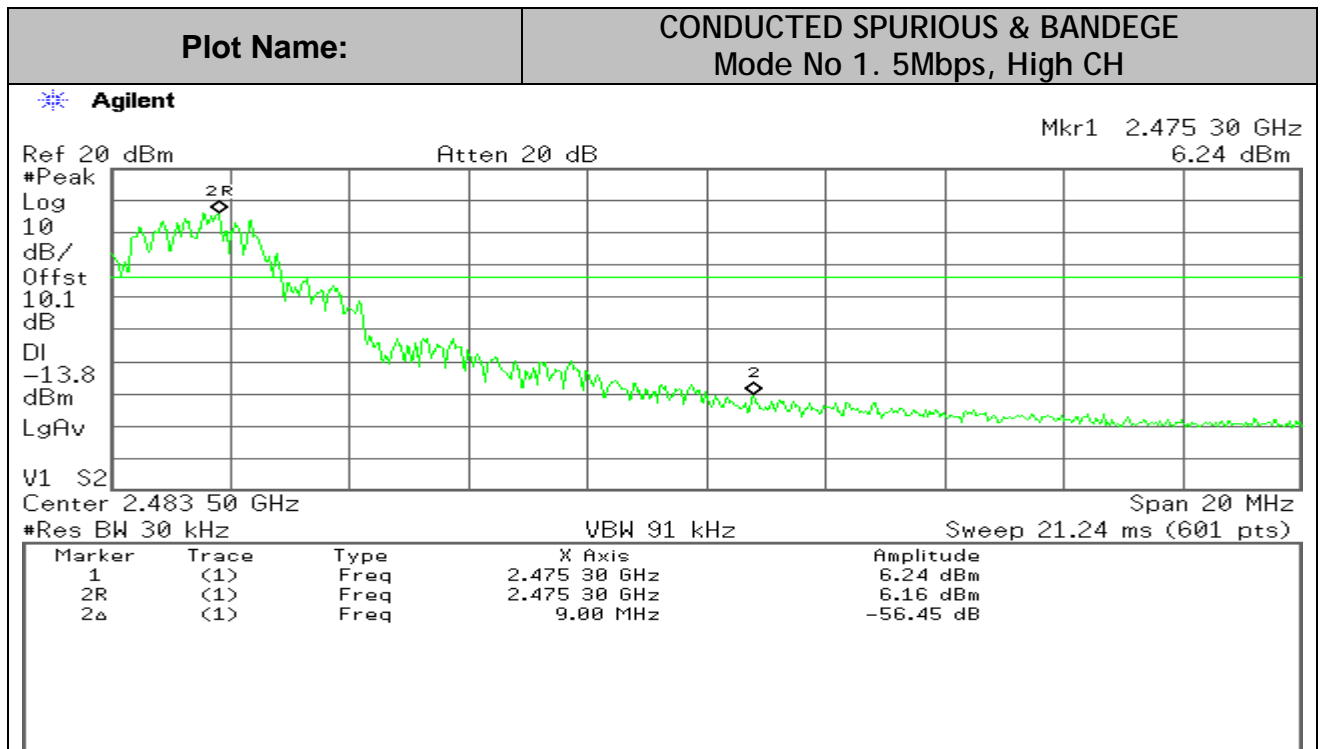
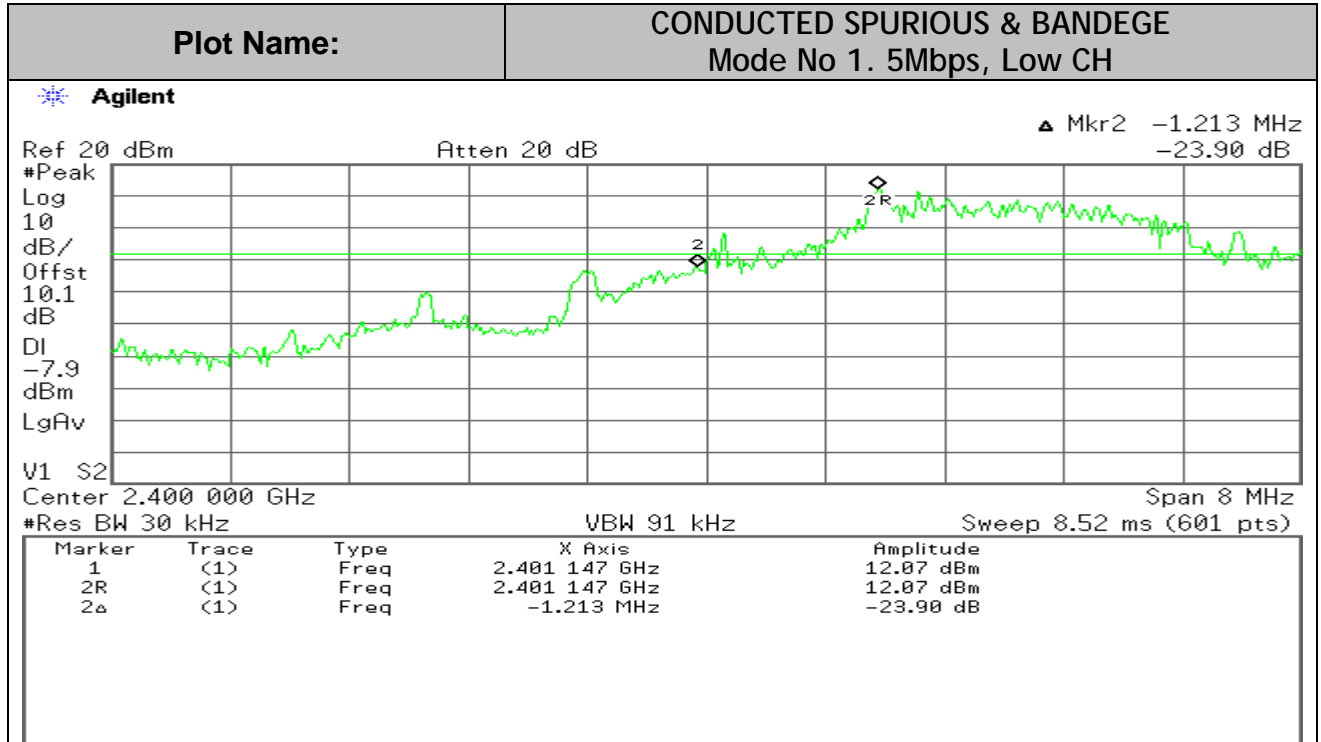
Hopping On

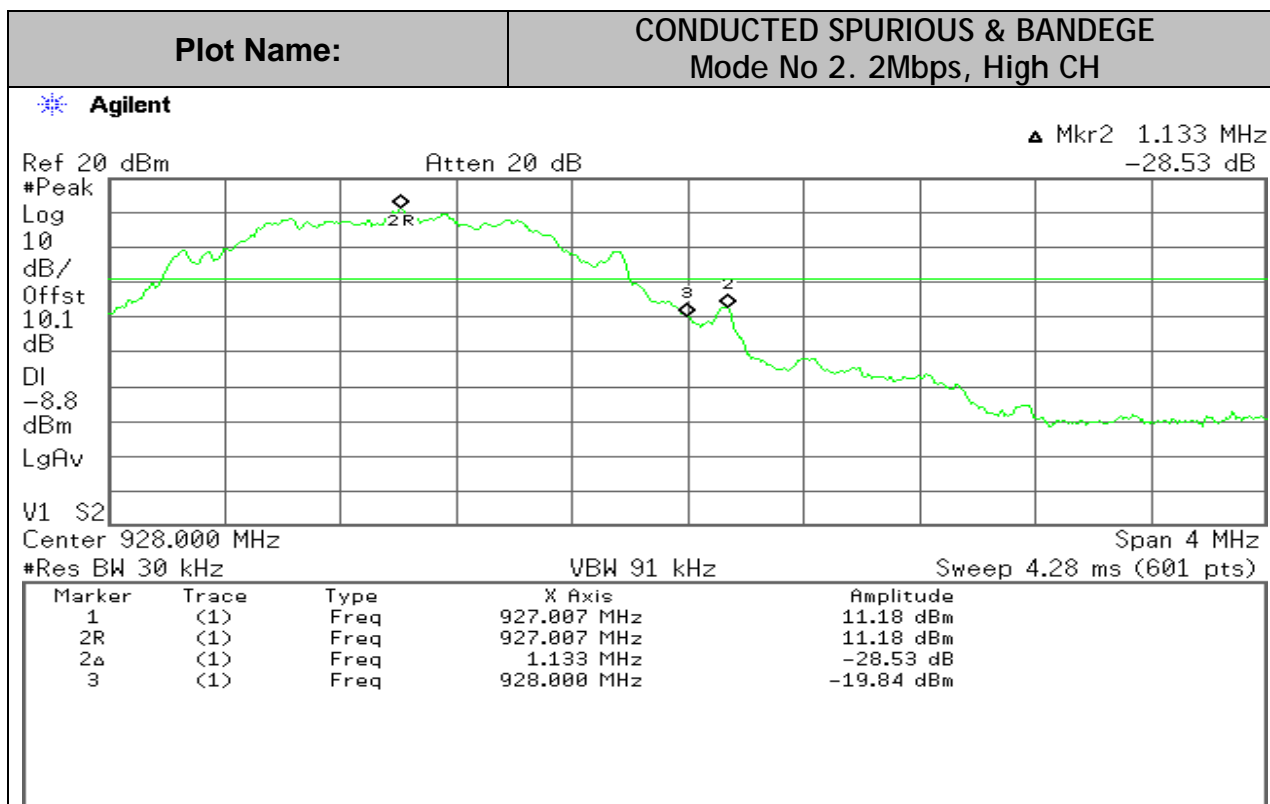
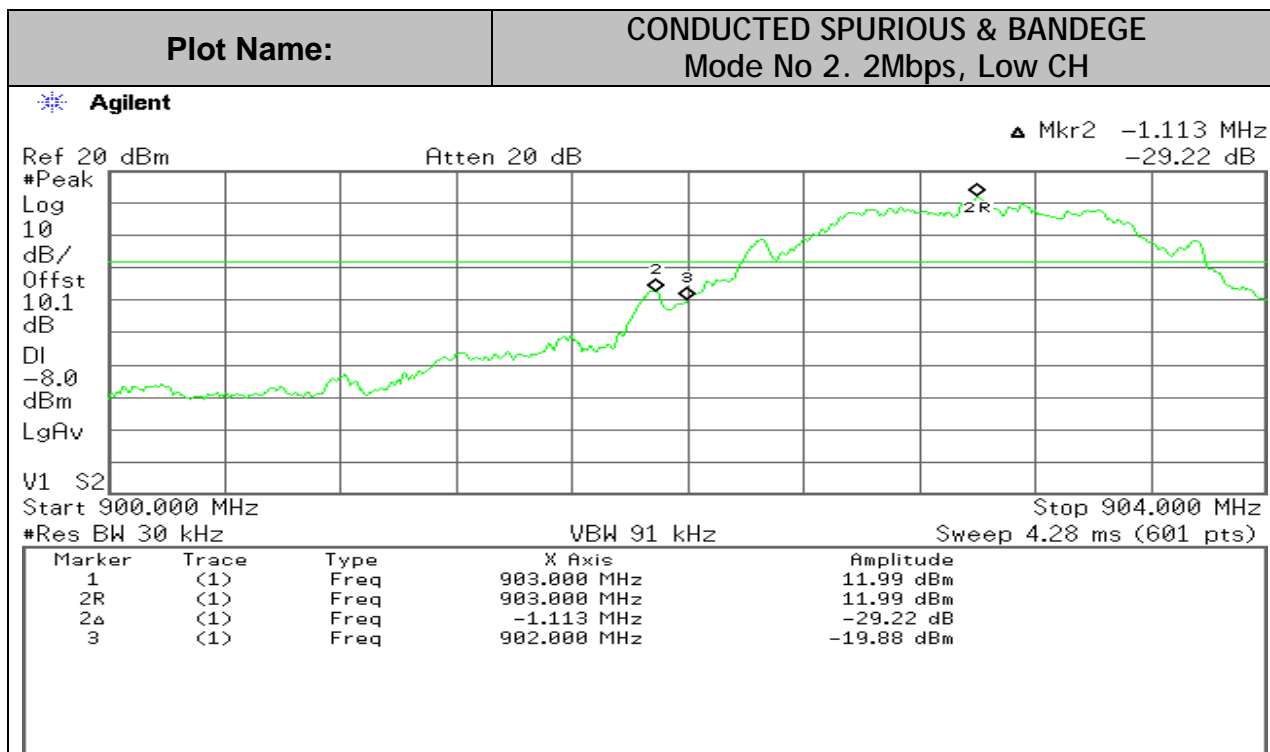


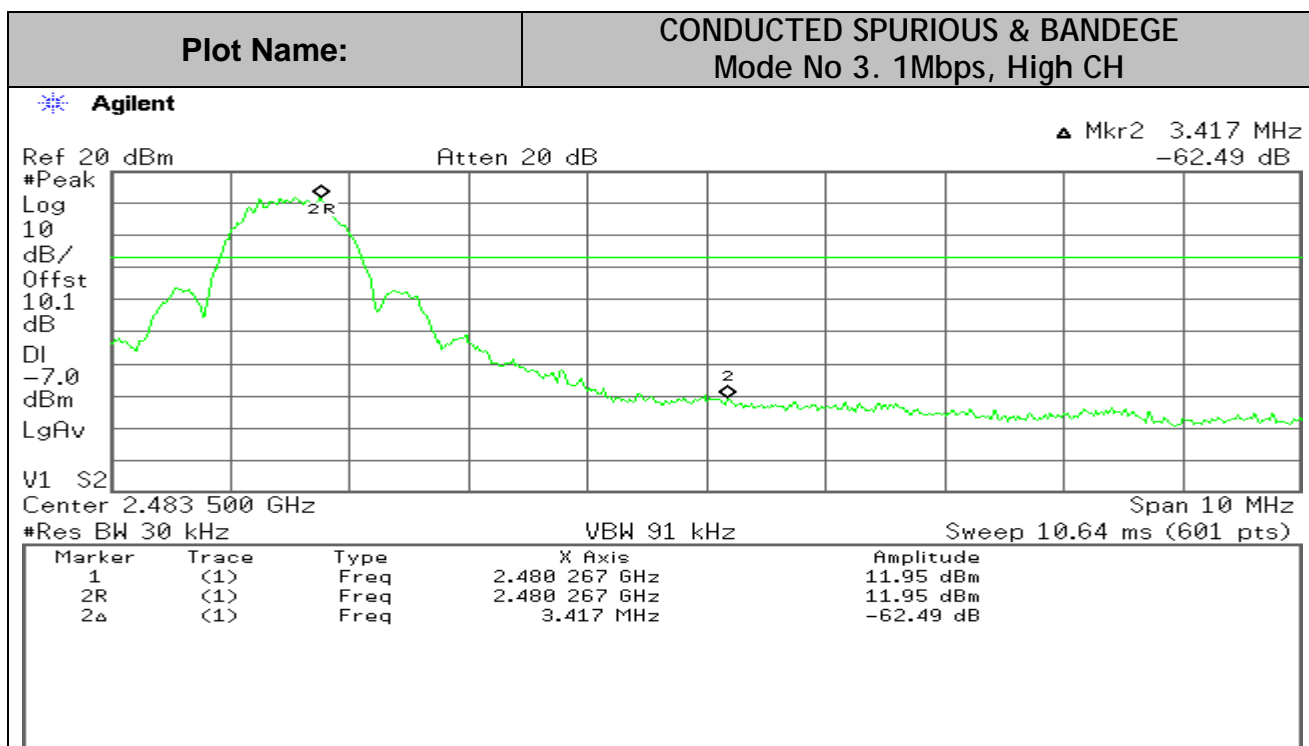
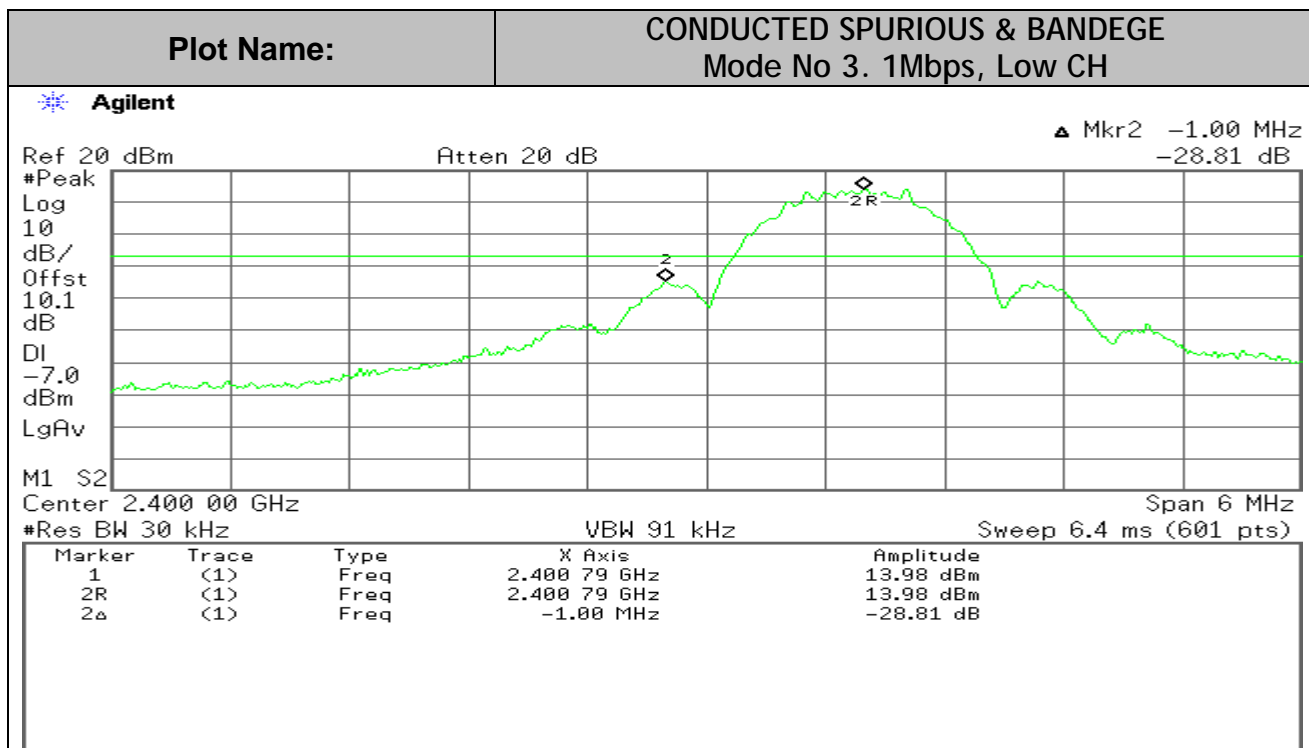


Band-Edge via Conducted Measurement:

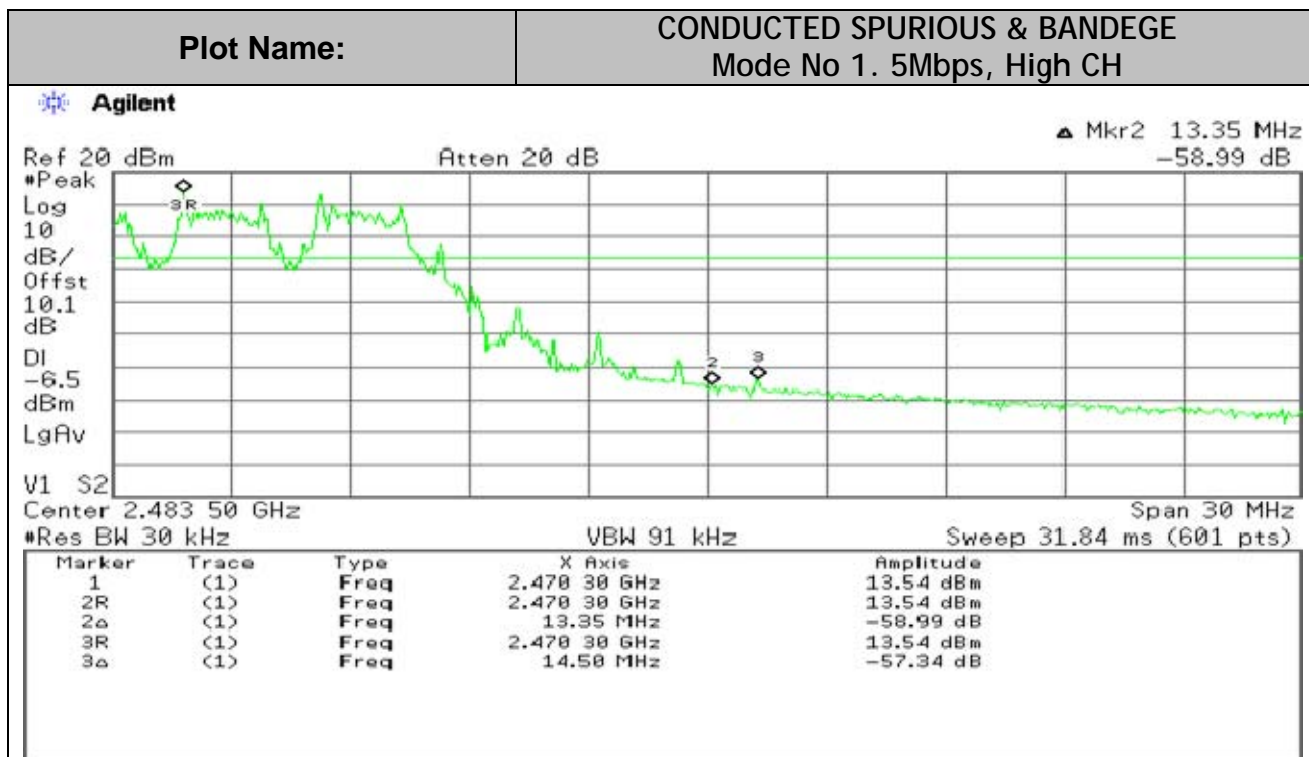
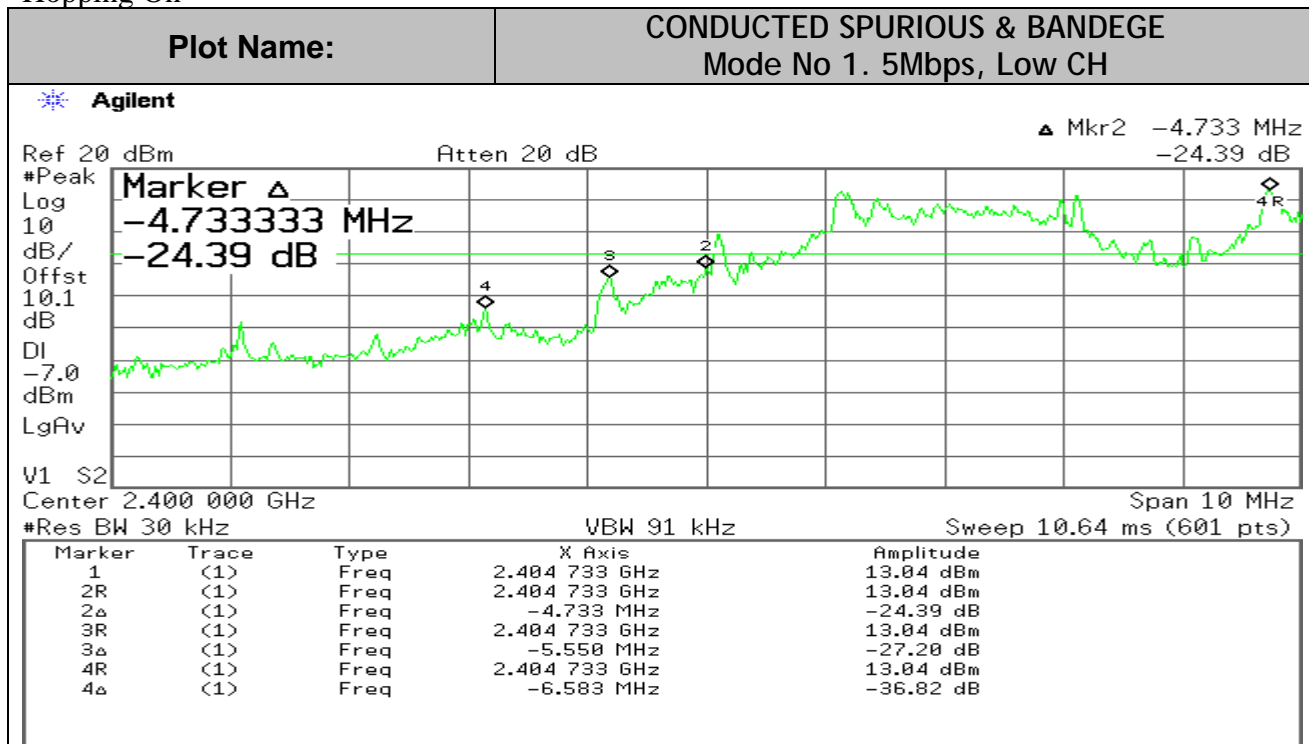
Hopping Off:

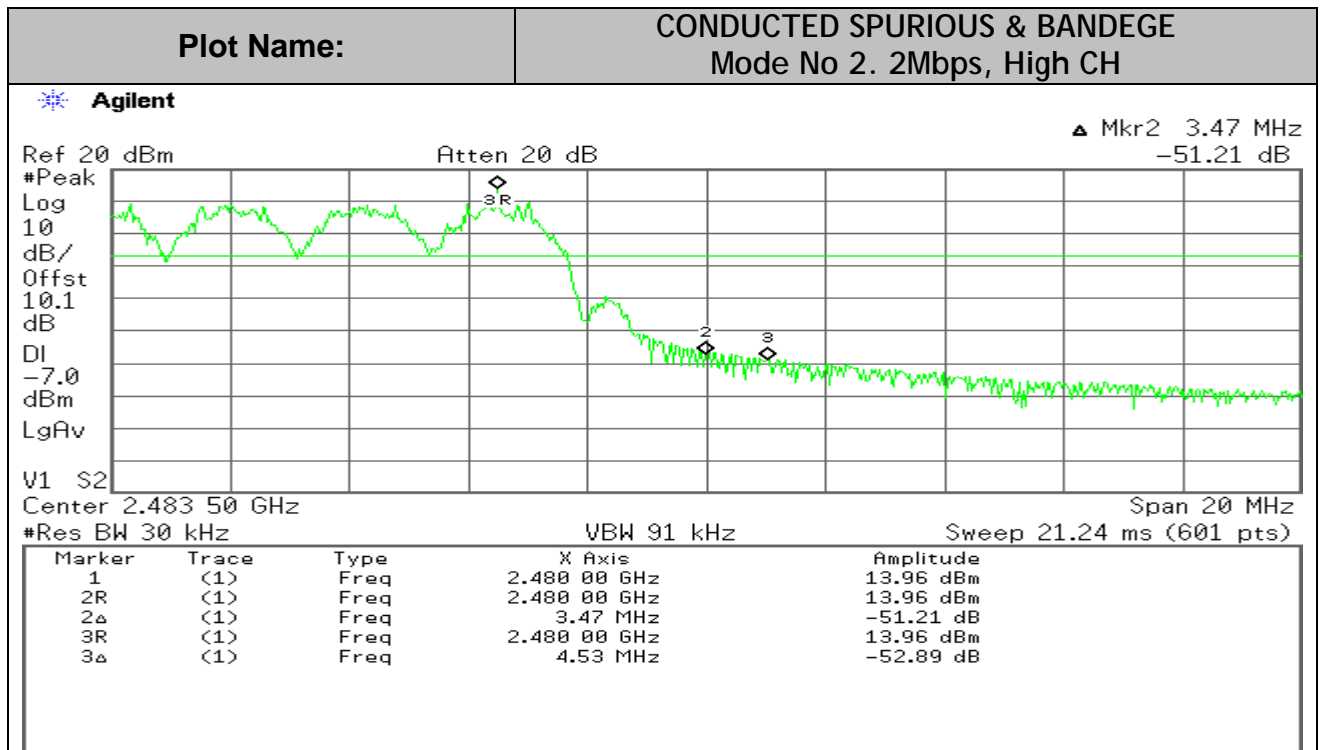
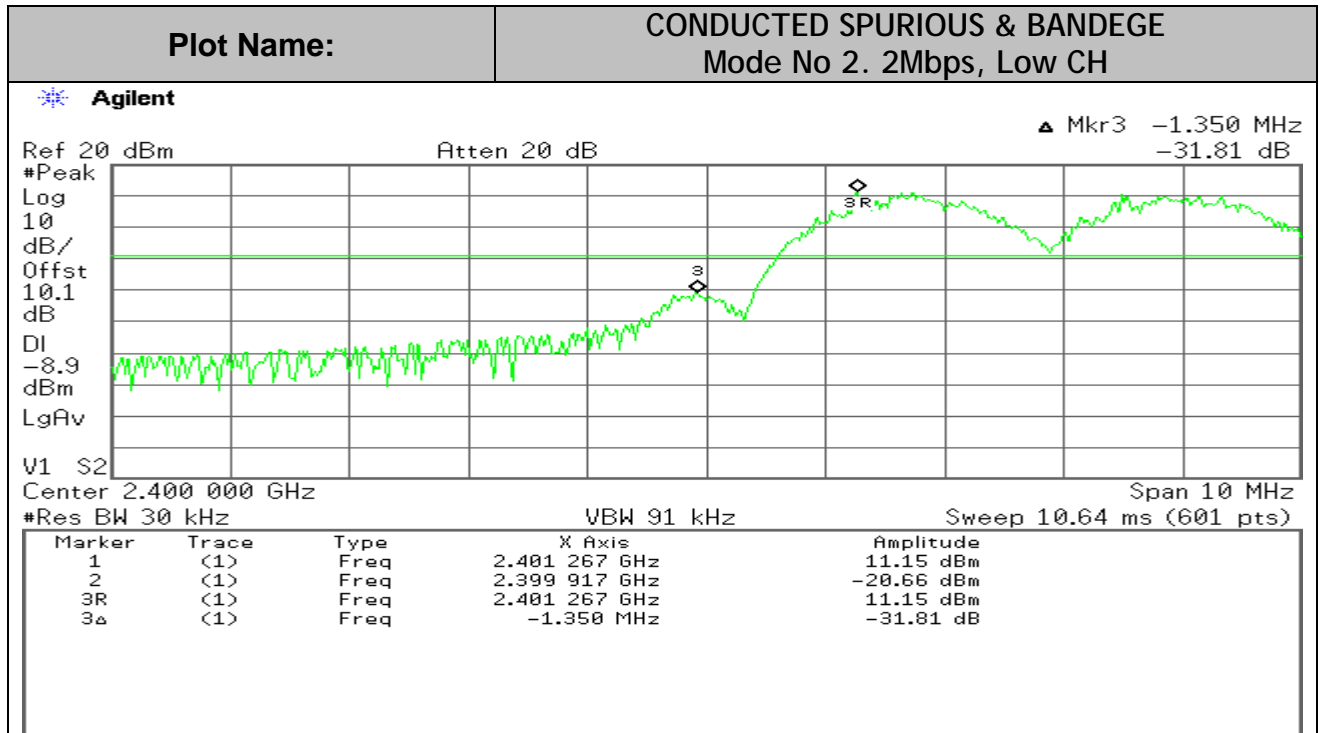


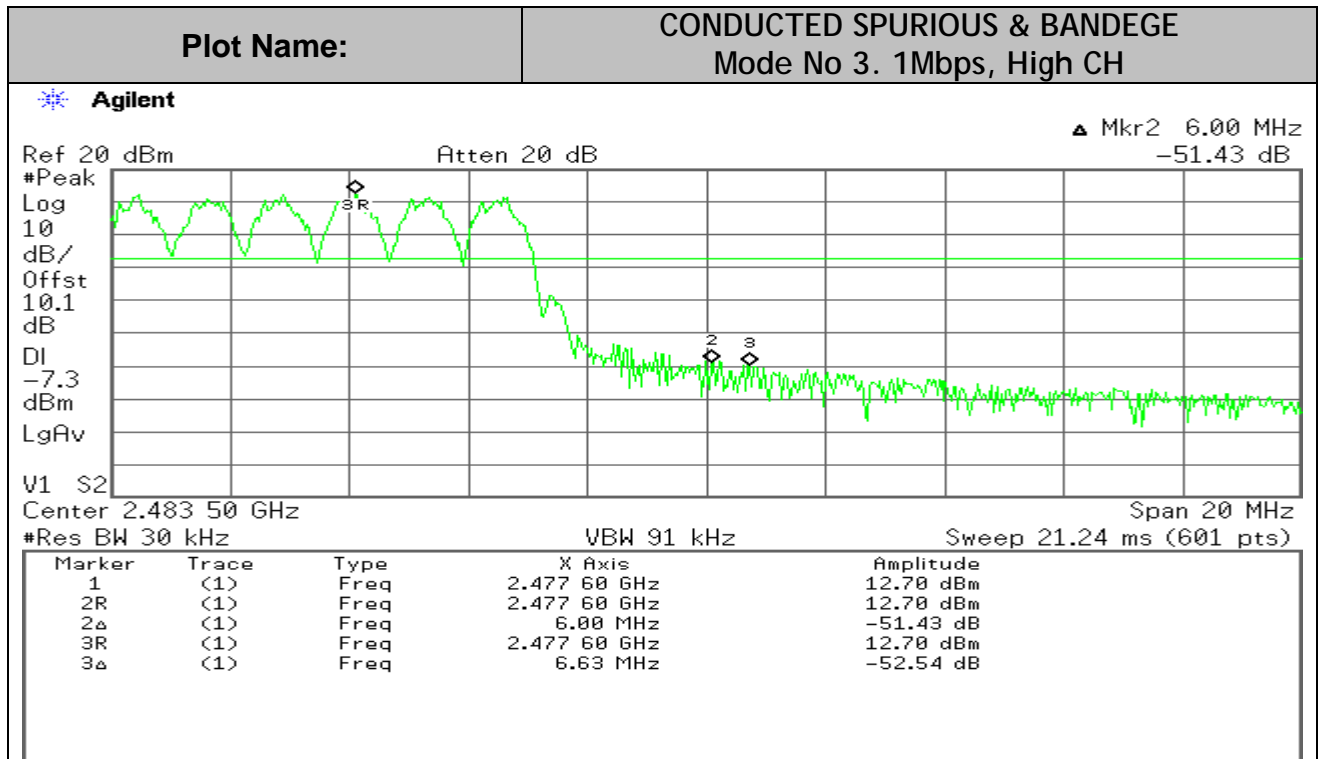
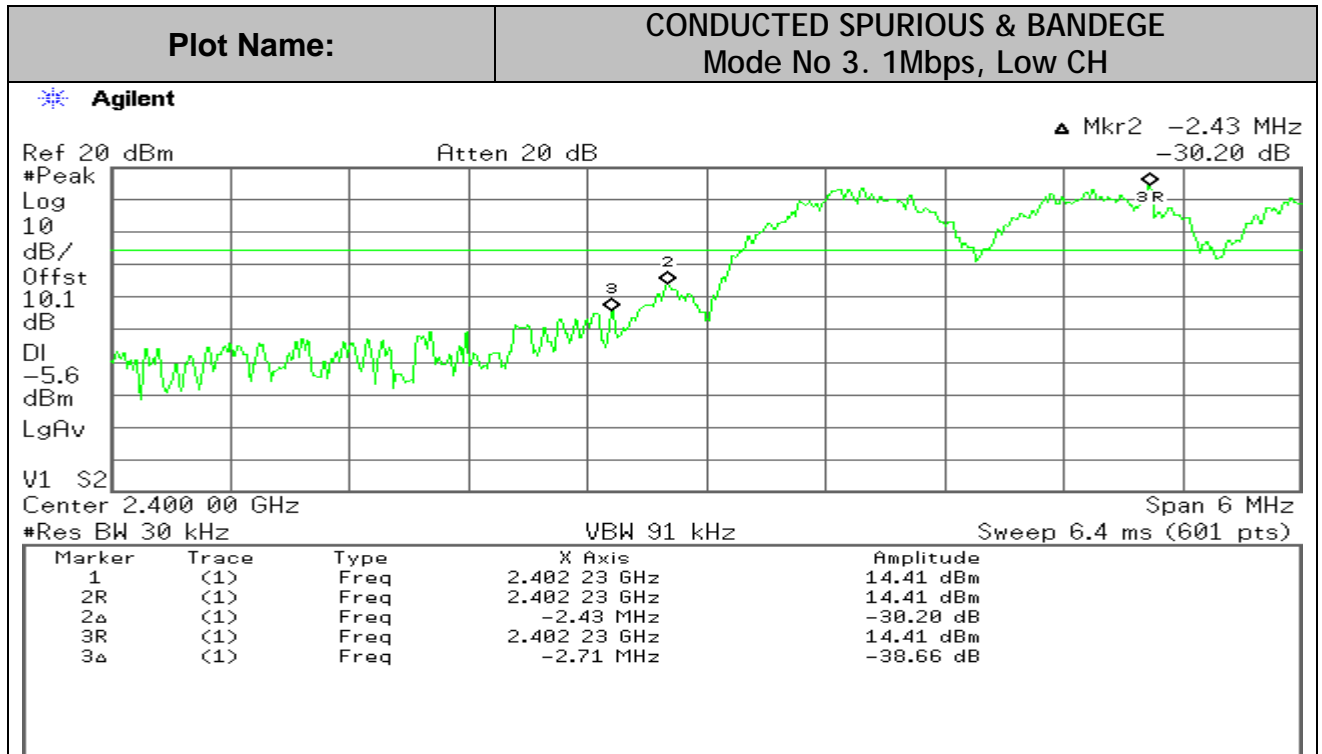




Hopping On







7.8 RADIATED EMISSIONS

7.8.1. TRANSMITTER RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

LIMITS

§15.205 (a) RSS-102 Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090-0.110	16.42-16.423	399.9-410	4.5-5.15
¹ 0.495-0.505	16.69475-16.69525	608-614	5.35-5.46
2.1735-2.1905	16.80425-16.80475	960-1240	7.25-7.75
4.125-4.128	25.5-25.67	1300-1427	8.025-8.5
4.17725-4.17775	37.5-38.25	1435-1626.5	9.0-9.2
4.20725-4.20775	73-74.6	1645.5-1646.5	9.3-9.5
6.215-6.218	74.8-75.2	1660-1710	10.6-12.7
6.26775-6.26825	108-121.94	1718.8-1722.2	13.25-13.4
6.31175-6.31225	123-138	2200-2300	14.47-14.5
8.291-8.294	149.9-150.05	2310-2390	15.35-16.2
8.362-8.366	156.52475-156.52525	2483.5-2500	17.7-21.4
8.37625-8.38675	156.7-156.9	2690-2900	22.01-23.12
8.41425-8.41475	162.0125-167.17	3260-3267	23.6-24.0
12.29-12.293	167.72-173.2	3332-3339	31.2-31.8
12.51975-12.52025	240-285	3345.8-3358	36.43-36.5
12.57675-12.57725	322-335.4	3600-4400	(²)
13.36-13.41			

¹ Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.

² Above 38.6

§15.205 (b) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e), the field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in Section 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in Section 15.35 apply to these measurements.

§15.209 (a) Except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts /meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
30 – 88	100	3
88 – 216	150	3
216 – 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

§15.209 (b) In the emission table above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.

TEST PROCEDURE

The EUT is placed on a non-conducting table 80 cm above the ground plane. The antenna to EUT distance is 3 meters. The EUT is configured in accordance with ANSI C63.4. The EUT is set to transmit in a continuous mode. Established procedures in C63.10 for performing radiated measurements shall be used. For cabinet emission measurements, the EUT transmit antenna may be replaced with a termination matching the nominal impedance of the antenna. EUT was tested with applicable orientations.

For measurements below 1 GHz the resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz for peak detection measurements or 120 kHz for quasi-peak detection measurements. Peak detection is used unless otherwise noted as quasi-peak. For measurements above 1 GHz the resolution bandwidth is set to 1 MHz, and then the video bandwidth is set to 1 MHz for peak measurements and 10 Hz for average measurements.

The radio spectrum was investigated from the lowest frequency generated within the device (without going below 9 kHz) up to the 10th harmonic of the rated transmitted emission. The emissions are investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

The emissions are investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels, if applicable. The frequency range of interest is monitored at a fixed antenna height and EUT azimuth. The EUT is rotated through 360 degrees to maximize emissions received. The antenna is scanned from 1 to 4 meters above the ground plane to further maximize the emission. Measurements are made with the antenna polarized in both the vertical and the horizontal positions.

RESULTS

No non-compliance noted.

Multiverse hopping parameters					
Timing and Duty Cycle					
	Hop period	Max transmit	Min channels	Worst case duty any channel*	
5 Mbps	1.909	0.63955	16	2.09%	-16.8dB
2 Mbps	2.141	1.39075	18	3.61%	-14.4dB
1 Mbps	2.572	1.996	22	3.53%	-14.5dB

*The duty cycle factor can be applied to the average readings of above 1GHz spurious, if necessary.

Only the antenna with highest gain in each antenna type was selected for final emission test.

7.8.2. TRANSMITTER RADIATED EMISSIONS DATA**(HARMONICS & SPURIOUS falling in restricted bands listed in Sec.15.205)****Worst Case of Operation Modes: 1Mbps & Module with External Whip Antenna.:****Low Channel Harmonics/Spurious**

Freq. (MHz)	Worst H/V	Dist. (m)	D Corr (dB)	Peak@3m (dBuV/m)	QP/Avg @3m (dBuV/m)	PK Lim (dBuV/m)	QP /Avg. Lim (dBuV/m)	PK Mar (dBuV/m)	QP /Avg.Mar . (dBuV/m)
4801.5	H	3	-	49.02	48.45	74	54	-24.98	-5.55
7202.2*	H	3	-	47.20	46.18	74	54	-26.8	-7.82*
9603.0*	H	3	-	52.65	51.23	74	54	-21.35	-2.77*
4801.5	V	3	-	47.10	45.02	74	54	-26.9	-8.98
7202.2*	V	3	-	43.19	42.60	74	54	-30.81	-11.4*
9603.0*	V	3	-	50.50	48.93	74	54	-23.5	-5.07*

Middle Channel Harmonics/Spurious

Freq. (MHz)	Worst H/V	Dist. (m)	D Corr (dB)	Peak@3m (dBuV/m)	QP/Avg @3m (dBuV/m)	PK Lim (dBuV/m)	QP /Avg. Lim (dBuV/m)	PK Mar (dBuV/m)	QP /Avg.Mar . (dBuV/m)
4882.0	H	3	-	48.56	48.02	74	54	-25.44	-5.98
7323.0	H	3	-	46.23	45.40	74	54	-27.77	-8.6
9764.0*	H	3	-	52.17	50.78	74	54	-21.83	-3.22*
4882.0	V	3	-	46.67	46.22	74	54	-27.33	-7.78
7323.0	V	3	-	42.89	42.10	74	54	-31.11	-11.9
9764.0*	V	3	-	50.03	48.44	74	54	-23.97	-5.56*

High Channel Harmonics/Spurious

Freq. (MHz)	Worst H/V	Dist. (m)	D Corr (dB)	Peak@3m (dBuV/m)	QP/Avg @3m (dBuV/m)	PK Lim (dBuV/m)	QP /Avg. Lim (dBuV/m)	PK Mar (dBuV/m)	QP /Avg.Mar . (dBuV/m)
4960.0	H	3	-	47.43	47.10	74	54	-26.57	-6.9
7440.0	H	3	-	45.11	44.59	74	54	-28.89	-9.41
9920.0*	H	3	-	51.01	50.06	74	54	-22.99	-3.94*
4960.0	V	3	-	46.15	45.73	74	54	-27.85	-8.27
7440.0	V	3	-	42.14	41.96	74	54	-31.86	-12.04
9920.0*	V	3	-	49.56	48.13	74	54	-24.44	-5.87*

* Data shown above represents the worst case in all EUT orientations. No other significant emissions were found in the rest frequency range. For spurious in restricted band, the limit is per 15.209. For low emission levels, peak readings were used for average limit margin calculation. Some harmonics are not falling in restricted band and recorded for reference only.

Worst Case of Operation Modes: 1Mbps & Module with External Panel Antenna.:**Low Channel Harmonics/Spurious**

Freq. (MHz)	Wor st H/V	Dist. (m)	D Corr (dB)	Peak@3m (dBuV/m)	QP/Avg @3m (dBuV/m)	PK Lim (dBuV/m)	QP /Avg. Lim (dBuV/m)	PK Mar (dBuV/m)	QP /Avg.Mar . (dBuV/m)
4801.5	H	3	-	49.67	48.94	74	54	-24.33	-5.06
7202.2*	H	3	-	47.60	46.52	74	54	-26.4	-7.48
9603.0*	H	3	-	52.85	51.63	74	54	-21.15	-2.37
4801.5	V	3	-	47.73	45.43	74	54	-26.27	-8.57
7202.2*	V	3	-	43.45	42.78	74	54	-30.55	-11.22
9603.0*	V	3	-	50.82	49.31	74	54	-23.18	-4.69

Middle Channel Harmonics/Spurious

Freq. (MHz)	Wor st H/V	Dist. (m)	D Corr (dB)	Peak@3m (dBuV/m)	QP/Avg @3m (dBuV/m)	PK Lim (dBuV/m)	QP /Avg. Lim (dBuV/m)	PK Mar (dBuV/m)	QP /Avg.Mar . (dBuV/m)
4882.0	H	3	-	49.33	48.30	74	54	-24.67	-5.7
7323.0	H	3	-	47.40	46.23	74	54	-26.6	-7.77
9764.0*	H	3	-	52.52	51.17	74	54	-21.48	-2.83
4882.0	V	3	-	46.89	44.83	74	54	-27.11	-9.17
7323.0	V	3	-	43.25	42.49	74	54	-30.75	-11.51
9764.0*	V	3	-	50.41	48.77	74	54	-23.59	-5.23

High Channel Harmonics/Spurious

Freq. (MHz)	Wor st H/V	Dist. (m)	D Corr (dB)	Peak@3m (dBuV/m)	QP/Avg @3m (dBuV/m)	PK Lim (dBuV/m)	QP /Avg. Lim (dBuV/m)	PK Mar (dBuV/m)	QP /Avg.Mar . (dBuV/m)
4960.0	H	3	-	48.44	47.92	74	54	-25.56	-6.08
7440.0	H	3	-	46.19	45.36	74	54	-27.81	-8.64
9920.0*	H	3	-	52.02	50.65	74	54	-21.98	-3.35
4960.0	V	3	-	46.46	46.01	74	54	-27.54	-7.99
7440.0	V	3	-	42.78	41.98	74	54	-31.22	-12.02
9920.0*	V	3	-	49.91	48.24	74	54	-24.09	-5.76

* Data shown above represents the worst case in all EUT orientations. No other significant emissions were found in the rest frequency range. For spurious in restricted band, the limit is per 15.209. For low emission levels, peak readings were used for average limit margin calculation. Some harmonics are not falling in restricted band and recorded for reference only.

Worst Case of Operation Modes: 1Mbps & Module with External Yagi Antenna.:**Low Channel Harmonics/Spurious**

Freq. (MHz)	Wor st H/V	Dist. (m)	D Corr (dB)	Peak@3m (dBuV/m)	QP/Avg @3m (dBuV/m)	PK Lim (dBuV/m)	QP /Avg. Lim (dBuV/m)	PK Mar (dBuV/m)	QP /Avg.Mar . (dBuV/m)
4801.5	H	3	-	49.95	49.46	74	54	-24.05	-4.54
7202.2*	H	3	-	47.99	47.05	74	54	-26.01	-6.95
9603.0*	H	3	-	53.12	51.89	74	54	-20.88	-2.11
4801.5	V	3	-	48.23	46.10	74	54	-25.77	-7.9
7202.2*	V	3	-	43.65	42.72	74	54	-30.35	-11.28
9603.0*	V	3	-	51.14	49.79	74	54	-22.86	-4.21

Middle Channel Harmonics/Spurious

Freq. (MHz)	Wor st H/V	Dist. (m)	D Corr (dB)	Peak@3m (dBuV/m)	QP/Avg @3m (dBuV/m)	PK Lim (dBuV/m)	QP /Avg. Lim (dBuV/m)	PK Mar (dBuV/m)	QP /Avg.Mar . (dBuV/m)
4882.0	H	3	-	49.60	48.87	74	54	-24.4	-5.13
7323.0	H	3	-	47.49	46.58	74	54	-26.51	-7.42
9764.0*	H	3	-	52.63	51.24	74	54	-21.37	-2.76
4882.0	V	3	-	47.78	45.51	74	54	-26.22	-8.49
7323.0	V	3	-	43.40	42.69	74	54	-30.6	-11.31
9764.0*	V	3	-	50.68	49.25	74	54	-23.32	-4.75

High Channel Harmonics/Spurious

Freq. (MHz)	Wor st H/V	Dist. (m)	D Corr (dB)	Peak@3m (dBuV/m)	QP/Avg @3m (dBuV/m)	PK Lim (dBuV/m)	QP /Avg. Lim (dBuV/m)	PK Mar (dBuV/m)	QP /Avg.Mar . (dBuV/m)
4960.0	H	3	-	49.03	48.57	74	54	-24.97	-5.43
7440.0	H	3	-	47.05	46.11	74	54	-26.95	-7.89
9920.0*	H	3	-	52.09	50.66	74	54	-21.91	-3.34
4960.0	V	3	-	47.14	45.02	74	54	-26.86	-8.98
7440.0	V	3	-	43.10	42.71	74	54	-30.9	-11.29
9920.0*	V	3	-	50.14	48.86	74	54	-23.86	-5.14

* Data shown above represents the worst case in all EUT orientations. No other significant emissions were found in the rest frequency range. For spurious in restricted band, the limit is per 15.209. For low emission levels, peak readings were used for average limit margin calculation. Some harmonics are not falling in restricted band and recorded for reference only.

Band Edge Data for EUT

In addition, the band-edge requirements are also verified.

Testing procedure per FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 & ANSI C63.10 / KDB 558074D01:

The measurement of unwanted emissions at the edge of the authorized frequency bands can be complicated by the capture of RF energy from the fundamental emission within the RBW passband. The following techniques are permitted for use in performing a measurement of the unwanted emission level at the band edges.

10.2.5.1 Marker-Delta Method

The marker-delta method, as described in KDB 913591 and in C63.10, can be used to perform measurements of the unwanted emissions level at the band-edges.

10.2.5.2 Integrated Power Measurement

A narrower resolution bandwidth can be used at the band edge to improve the measurement accuracy provided that the measurement is subsequently integrated to the relevant bandwidth specification (e.g., 100 kHz within non-restricted bands and 1 MHz within restricted frequency bands).

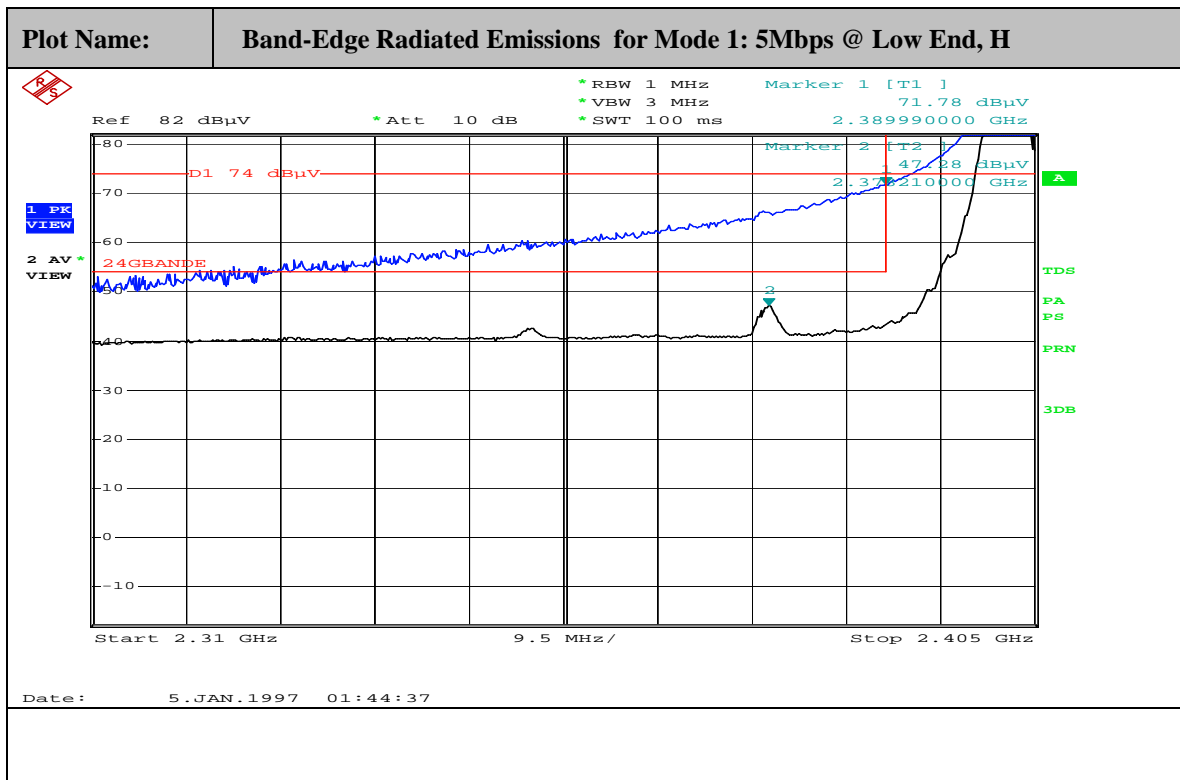
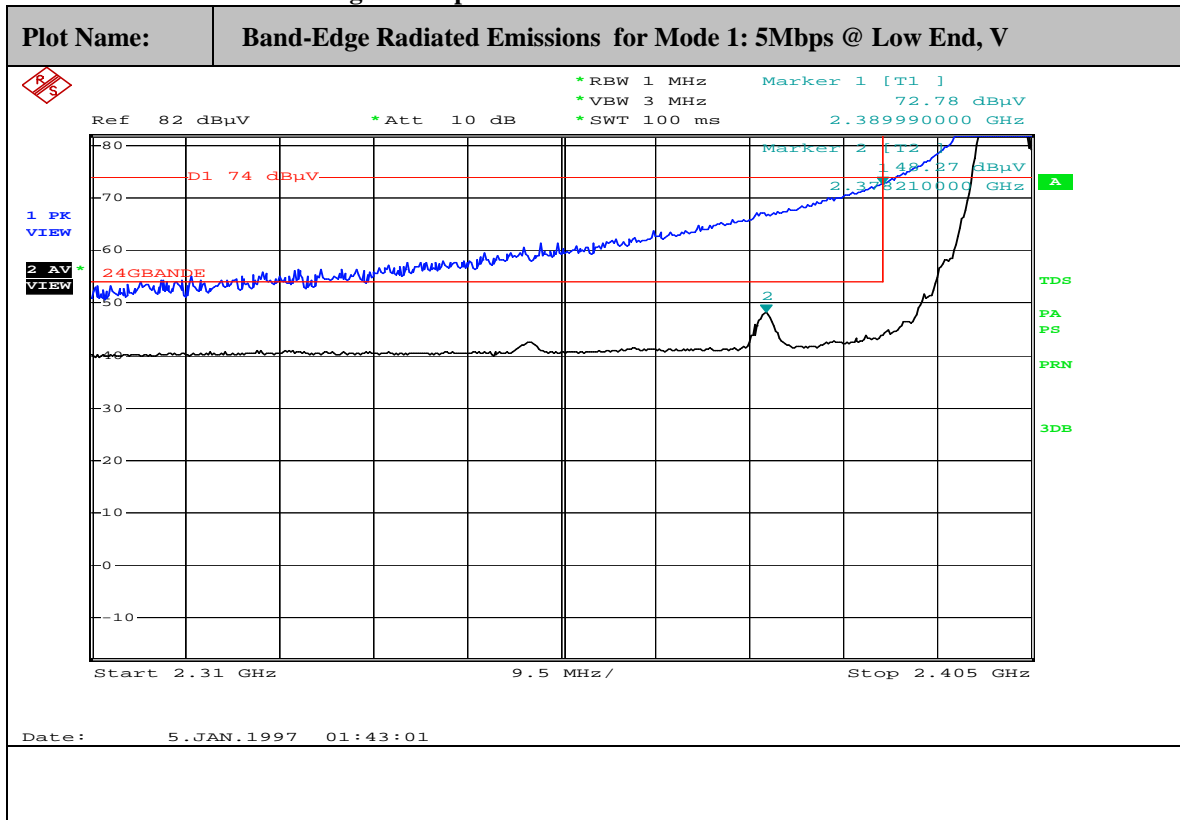
Results:

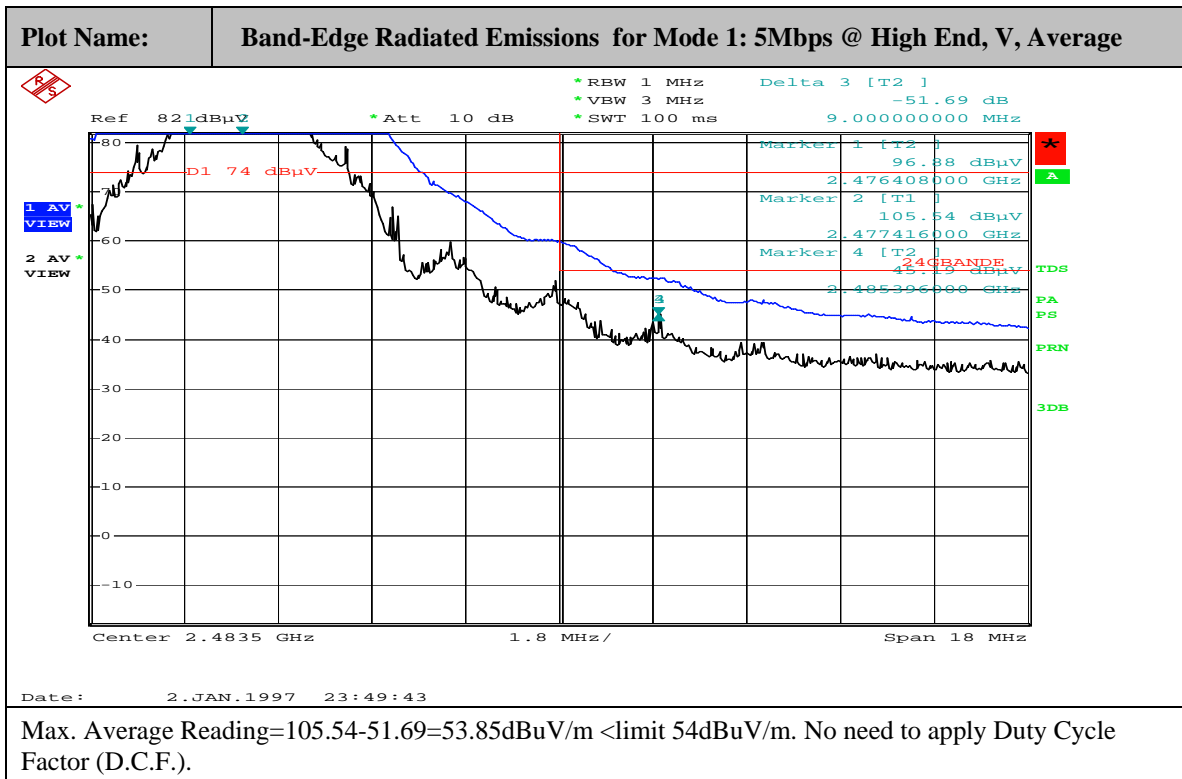
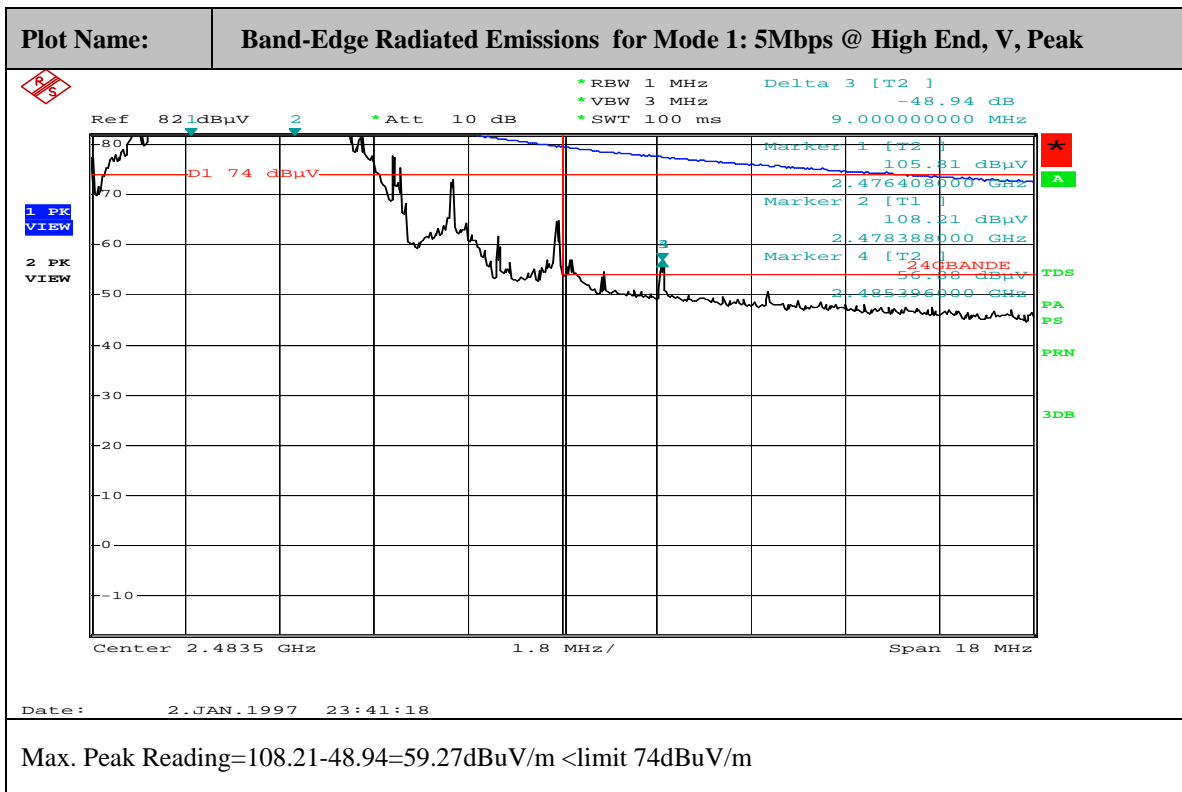
The testing results **for worst case** based on pretesting results are shown as following and comply with the band-edge requirements and restricted band emission requirements (the closest restricted band is 2483.5~2500MHz).

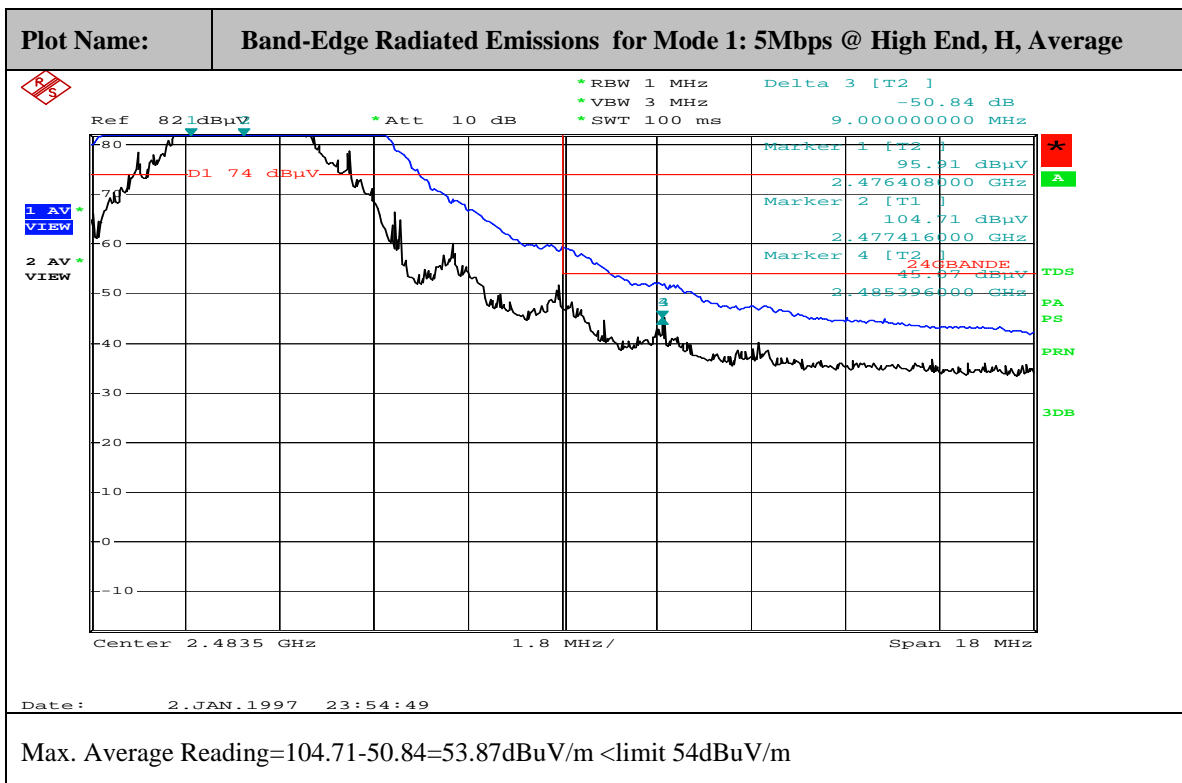
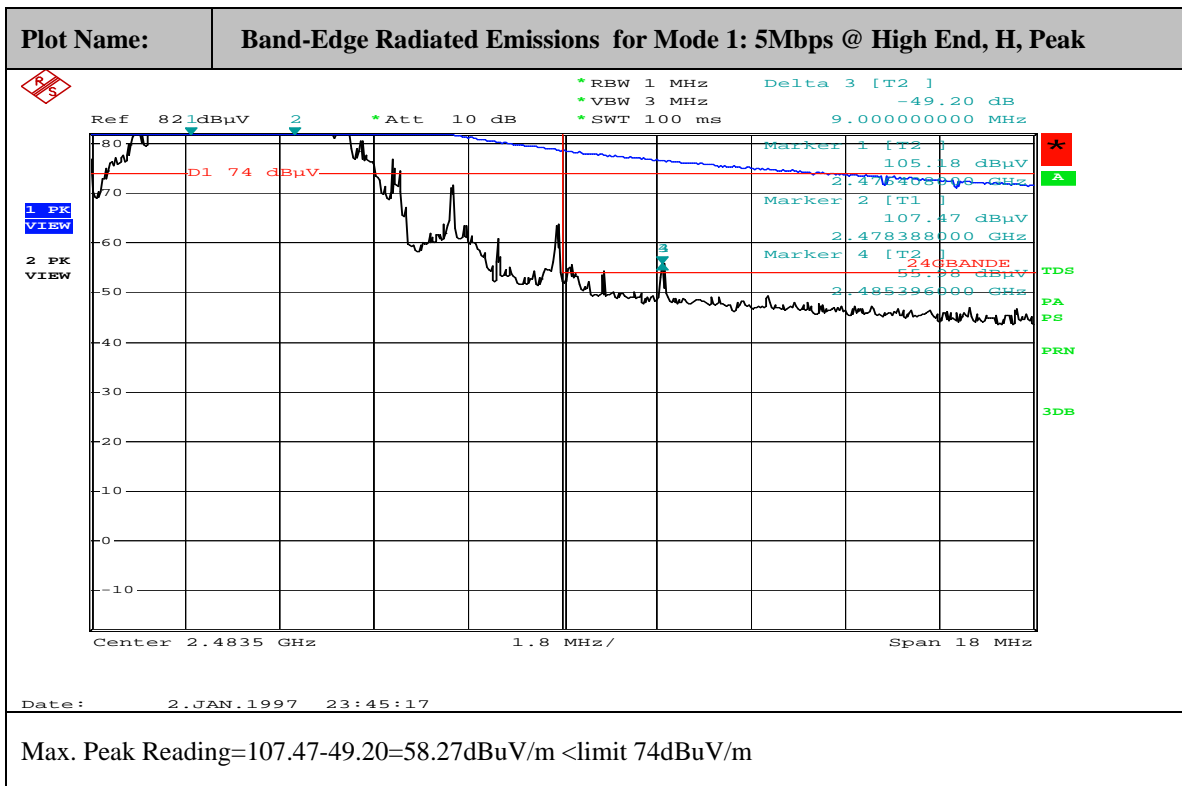
The duty cycle factor can be applied to the average readings of band edge spurious, if necessary.

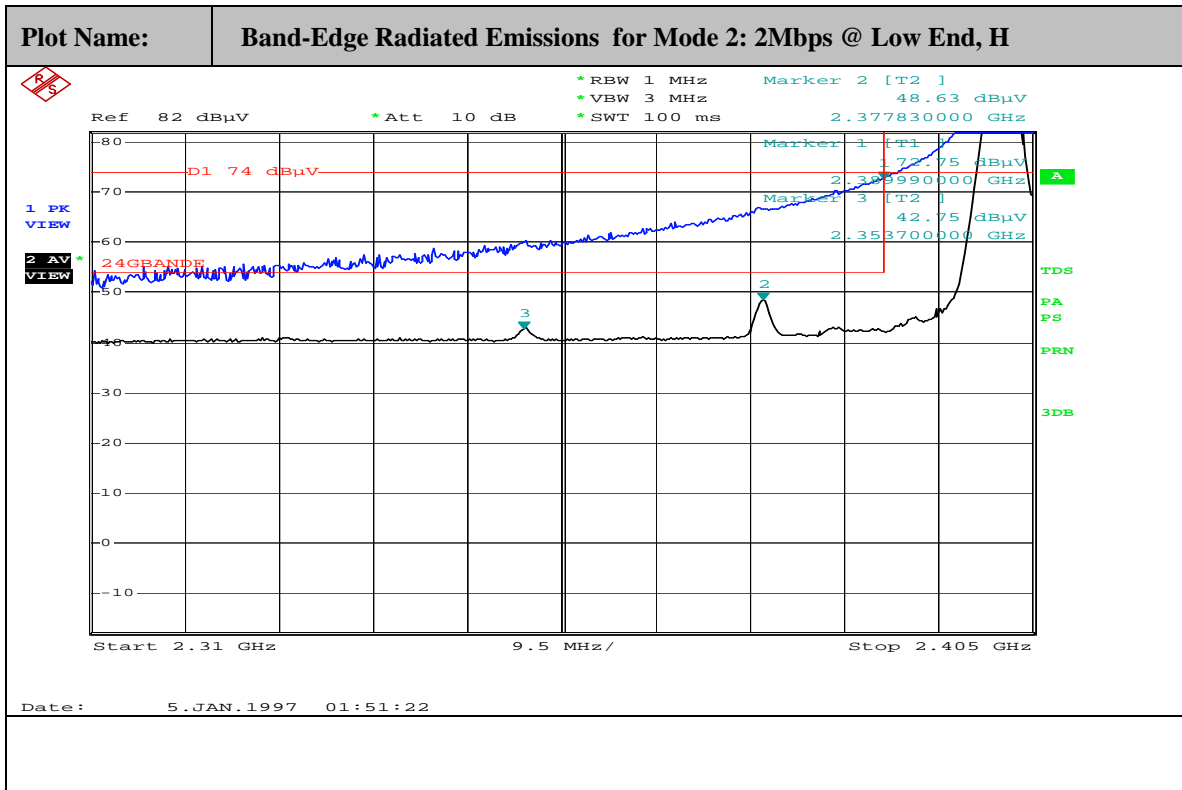
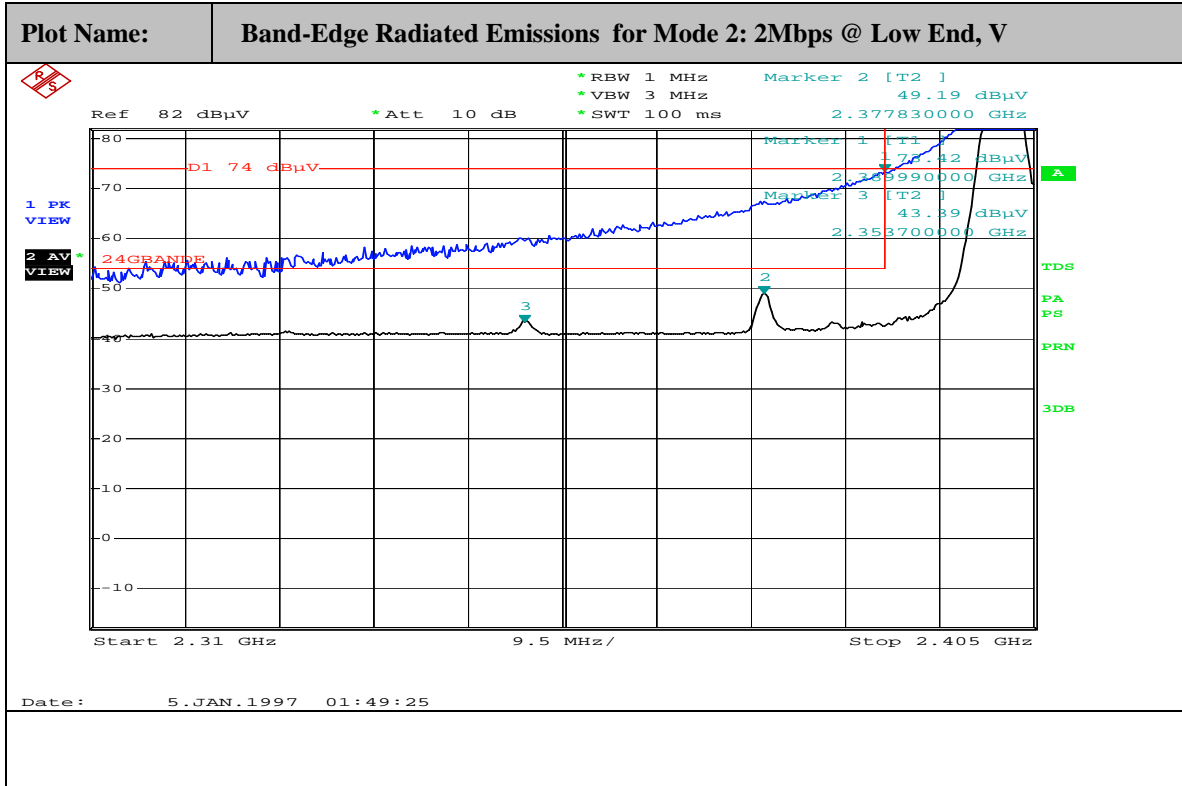
Only the antenna with highest gain in each antenna type was selected for final emission test.

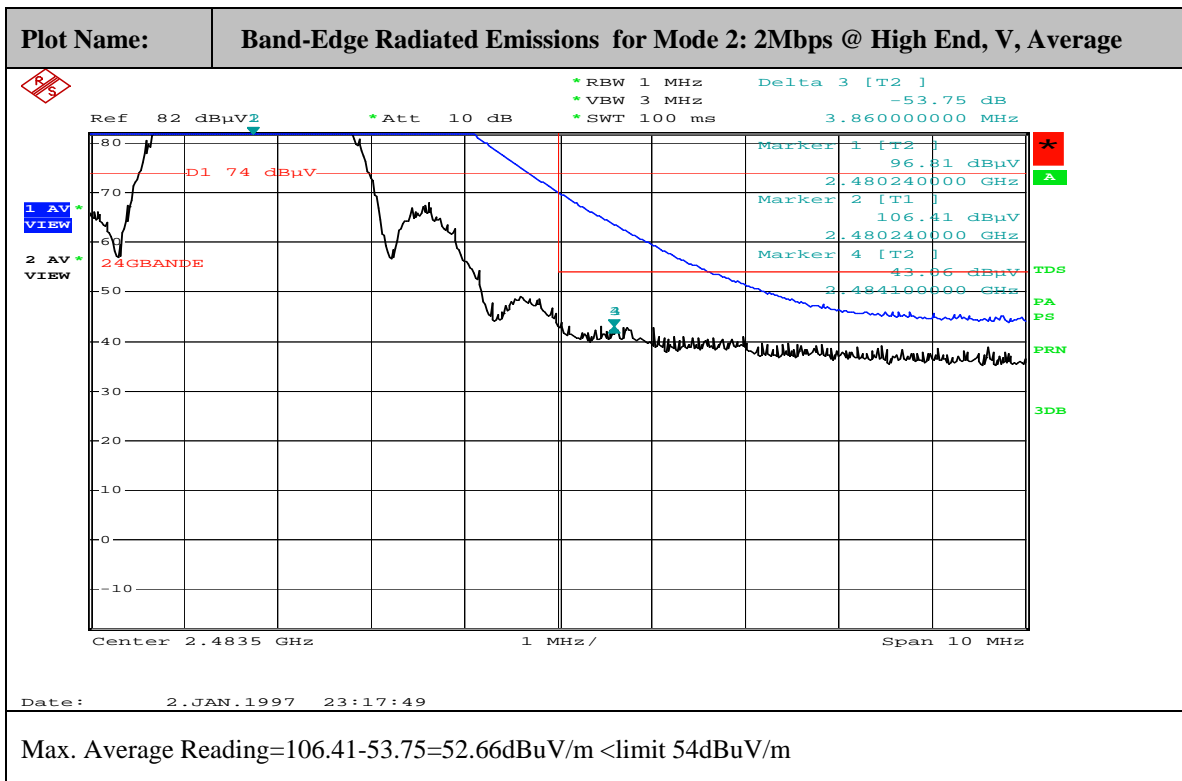
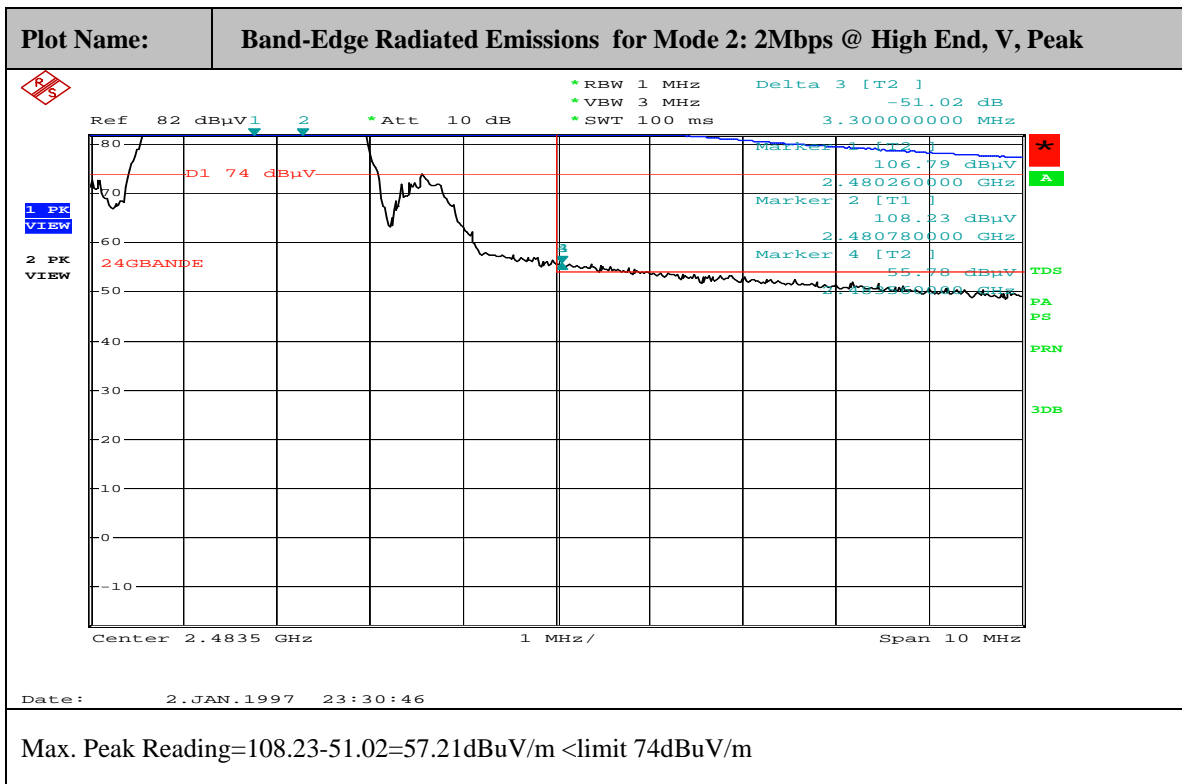
In most cases, the readings with measurement antenna's vertical polarization have higher level than those with its horizontal polarization, especially when EUT is using directional panel & Yagi antennas.

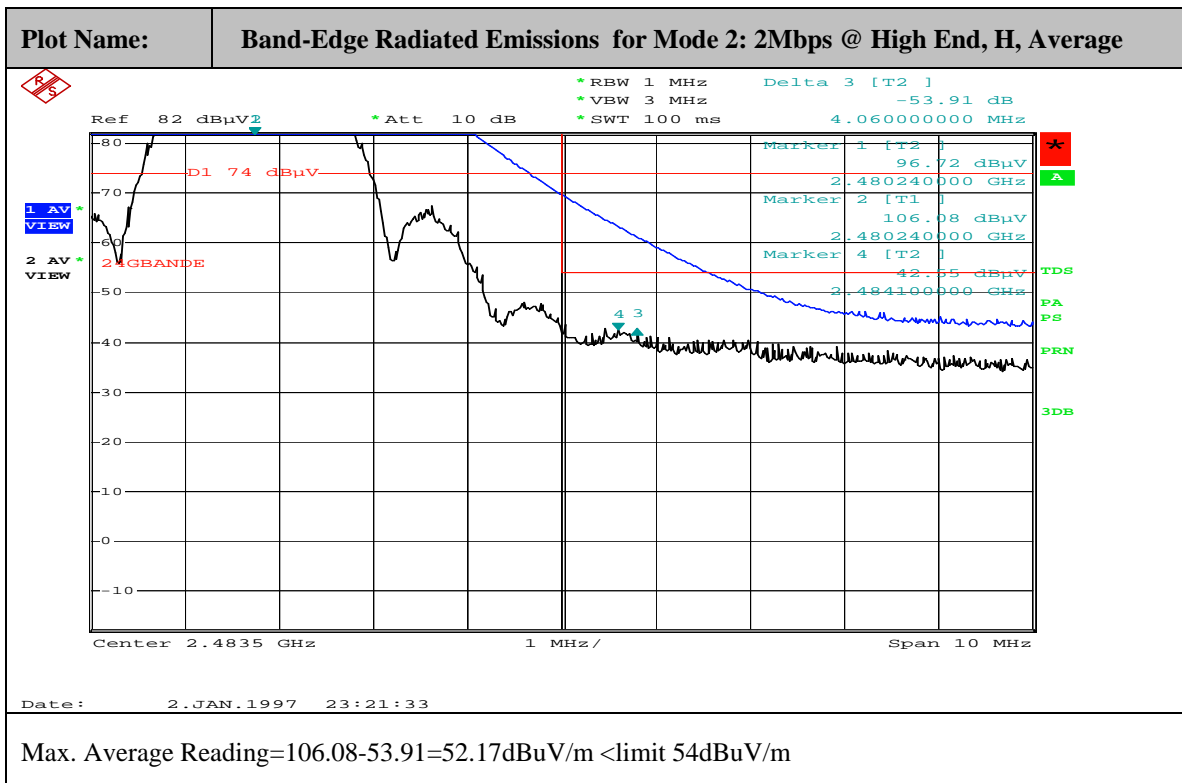
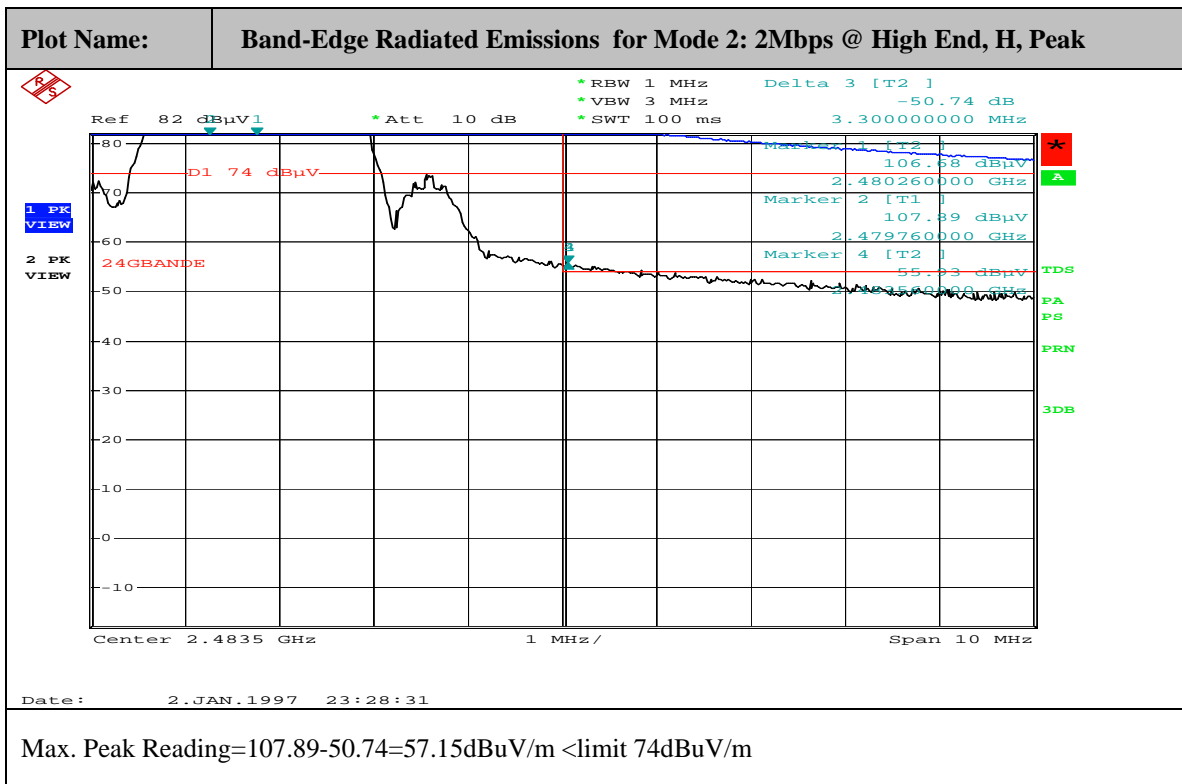
A. Modular with 3dBi gain Whip Antenna

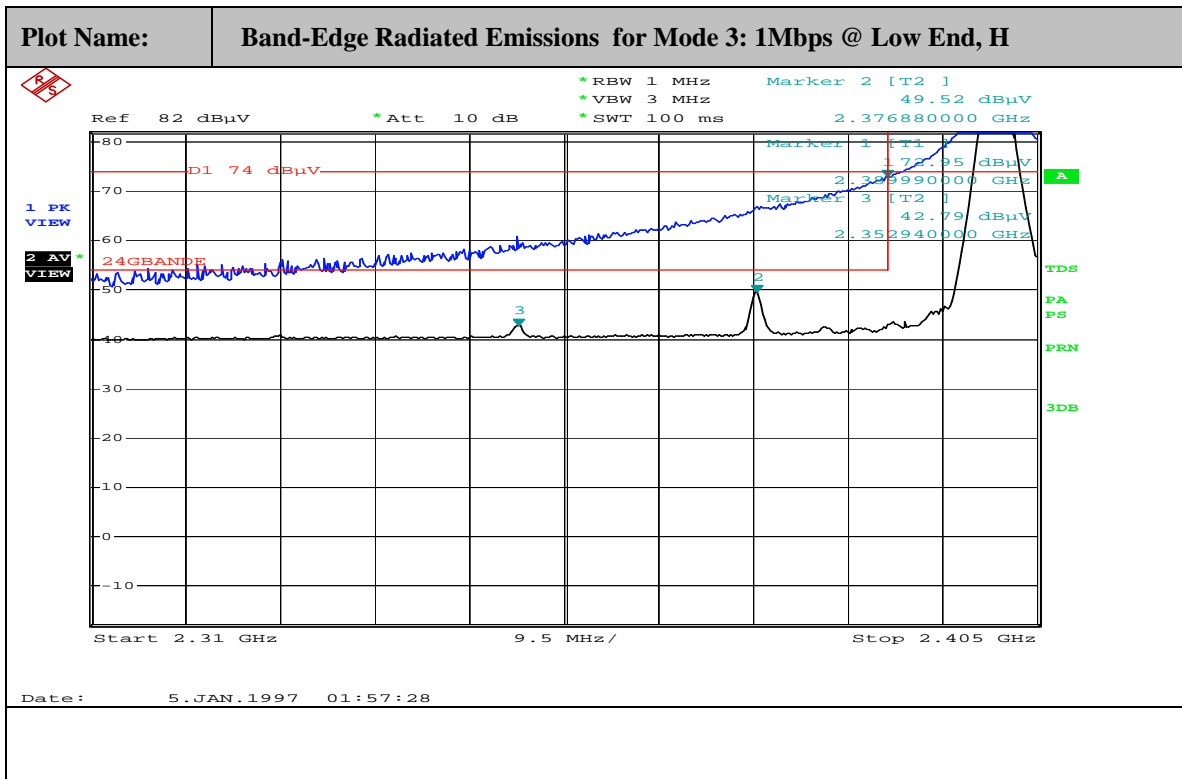
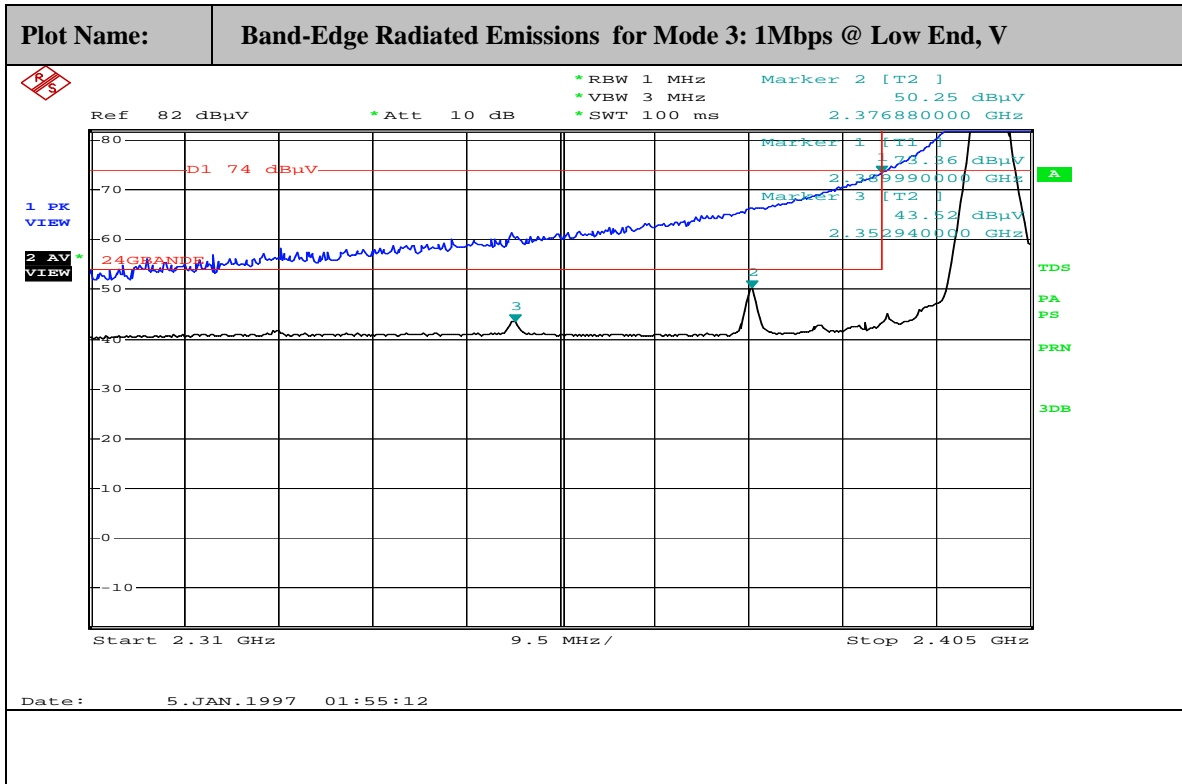


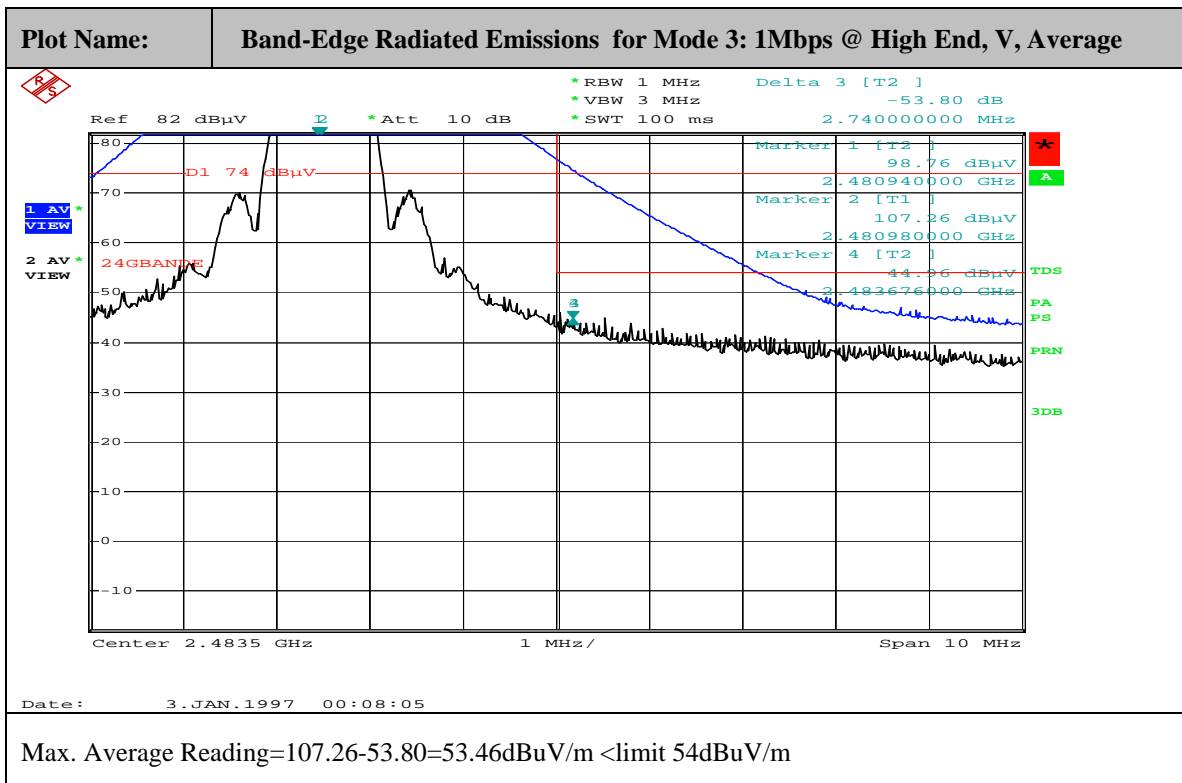
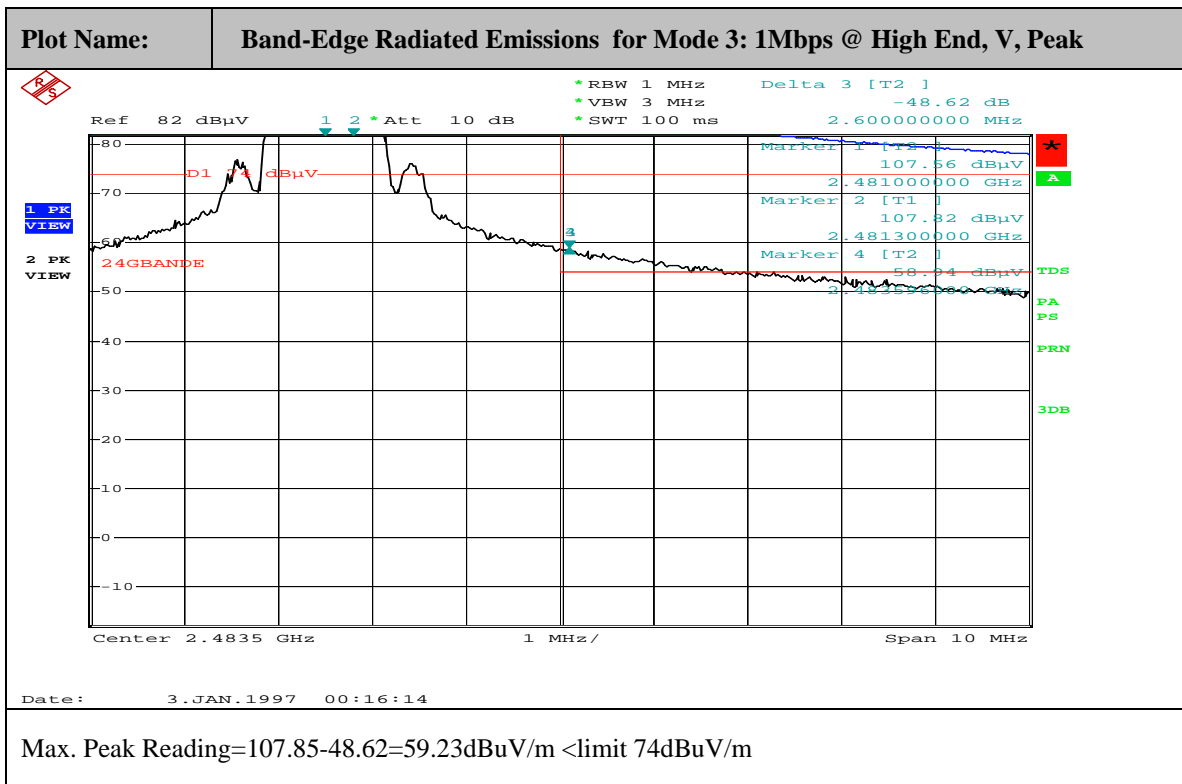


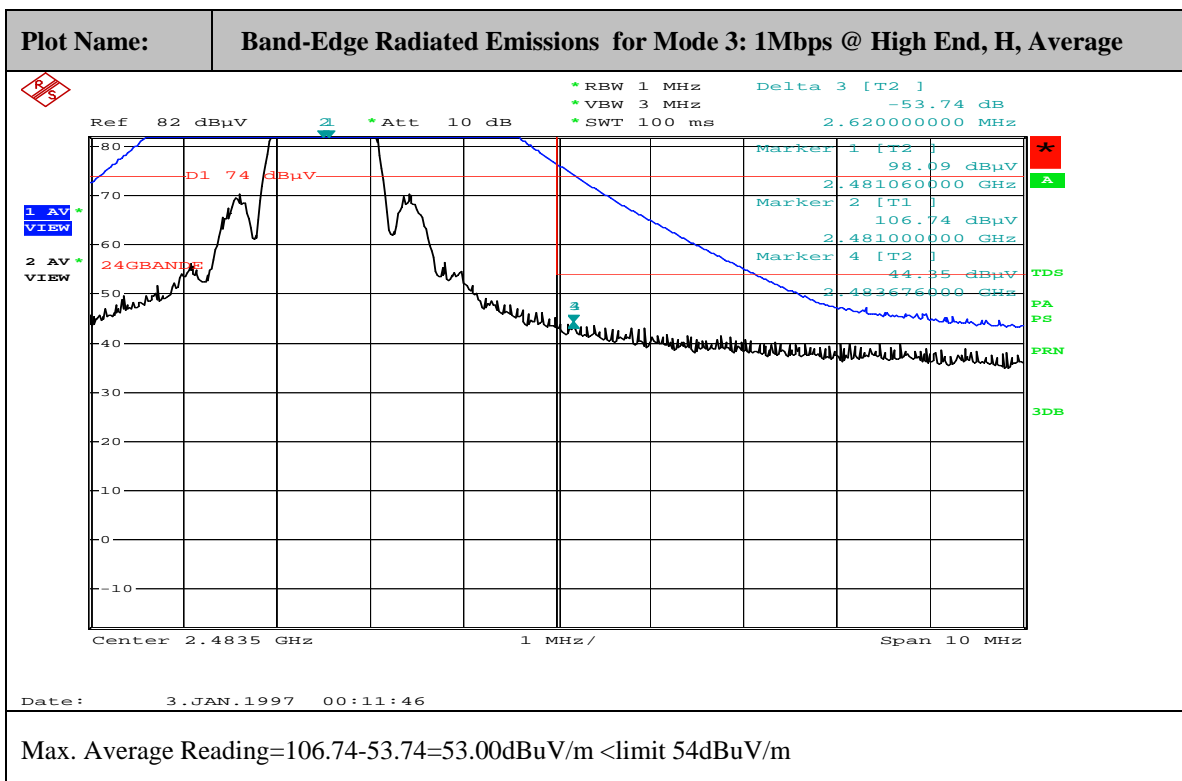
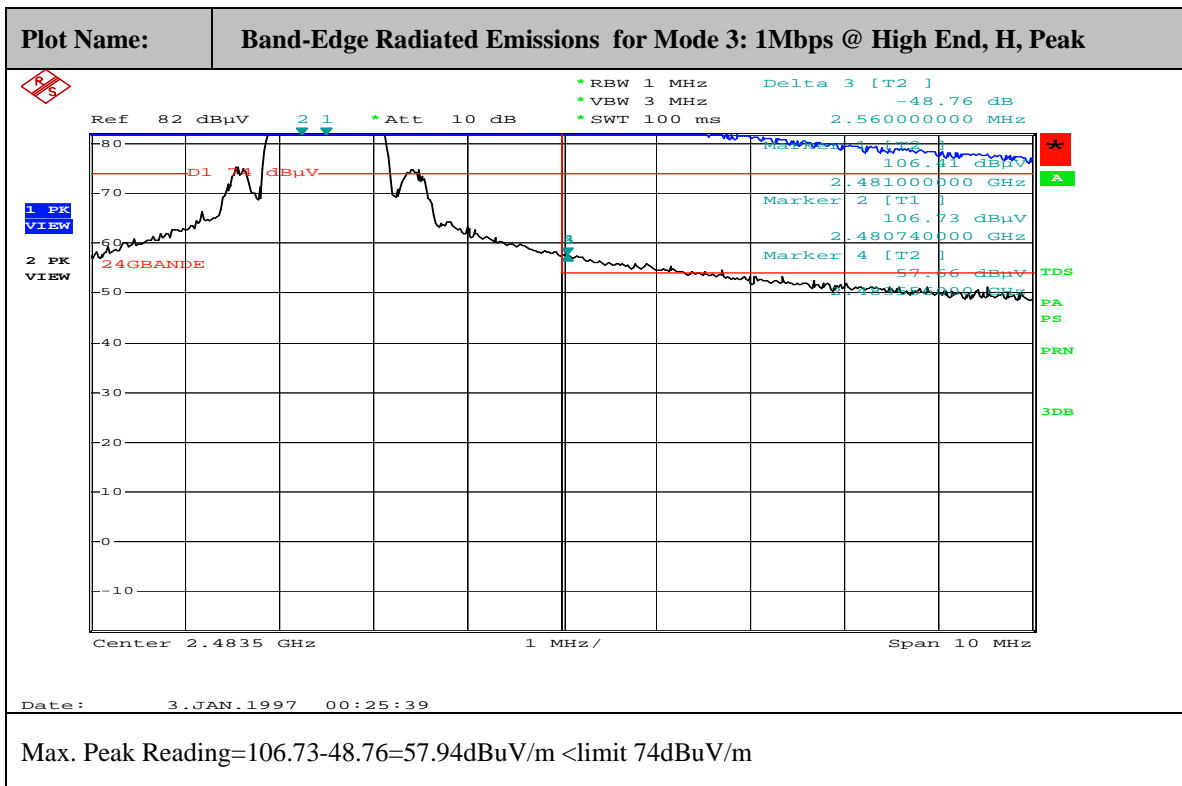


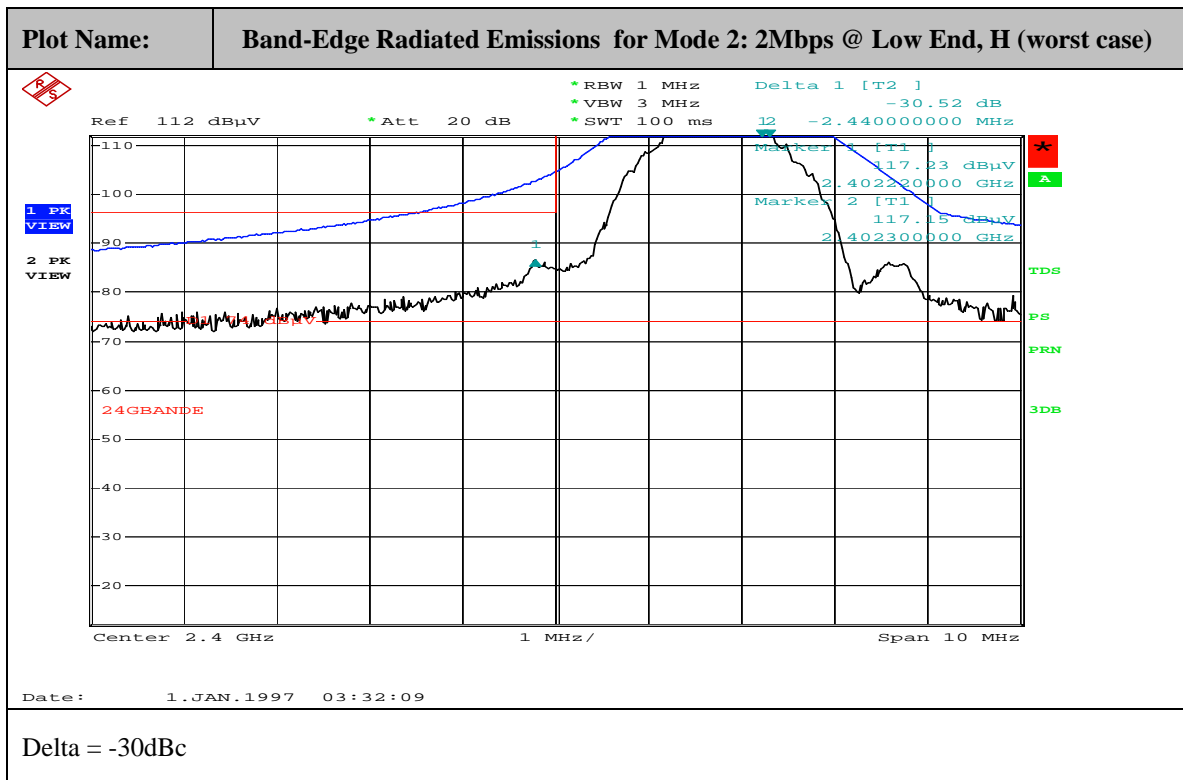
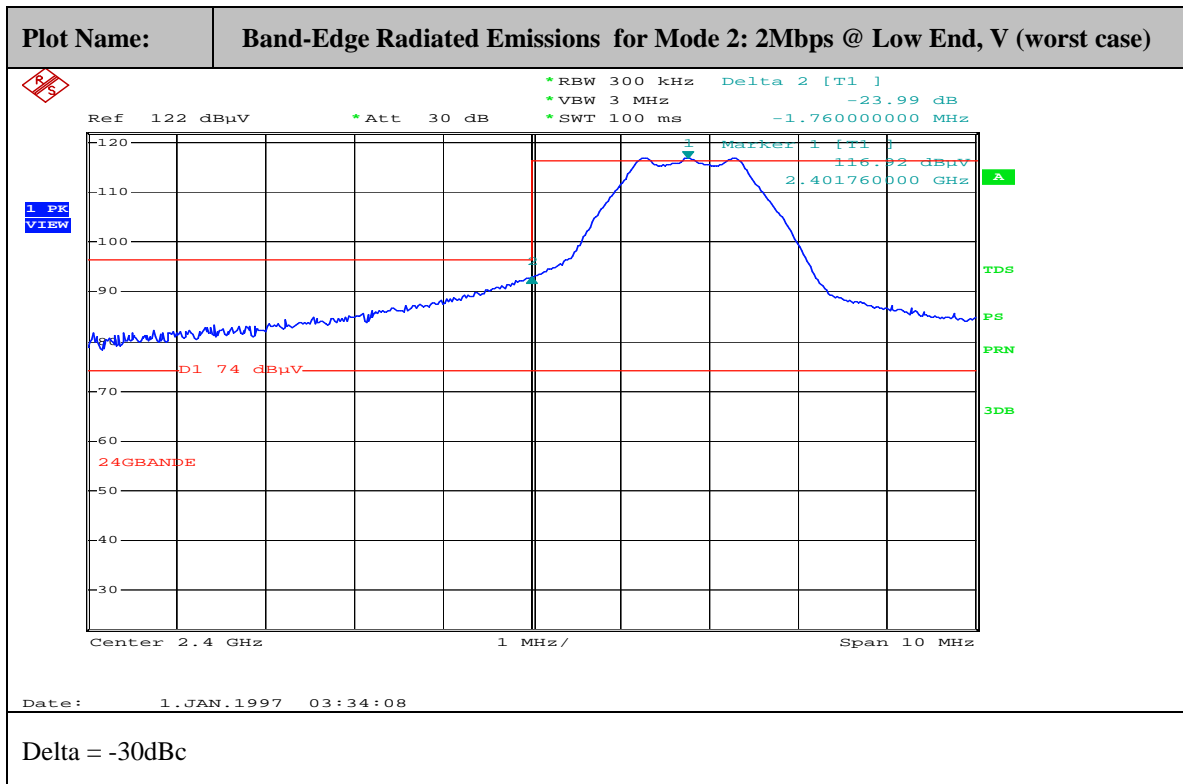


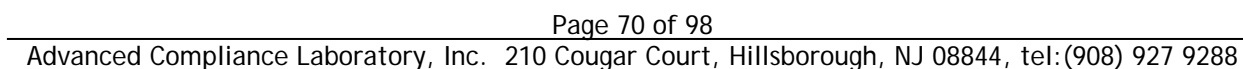


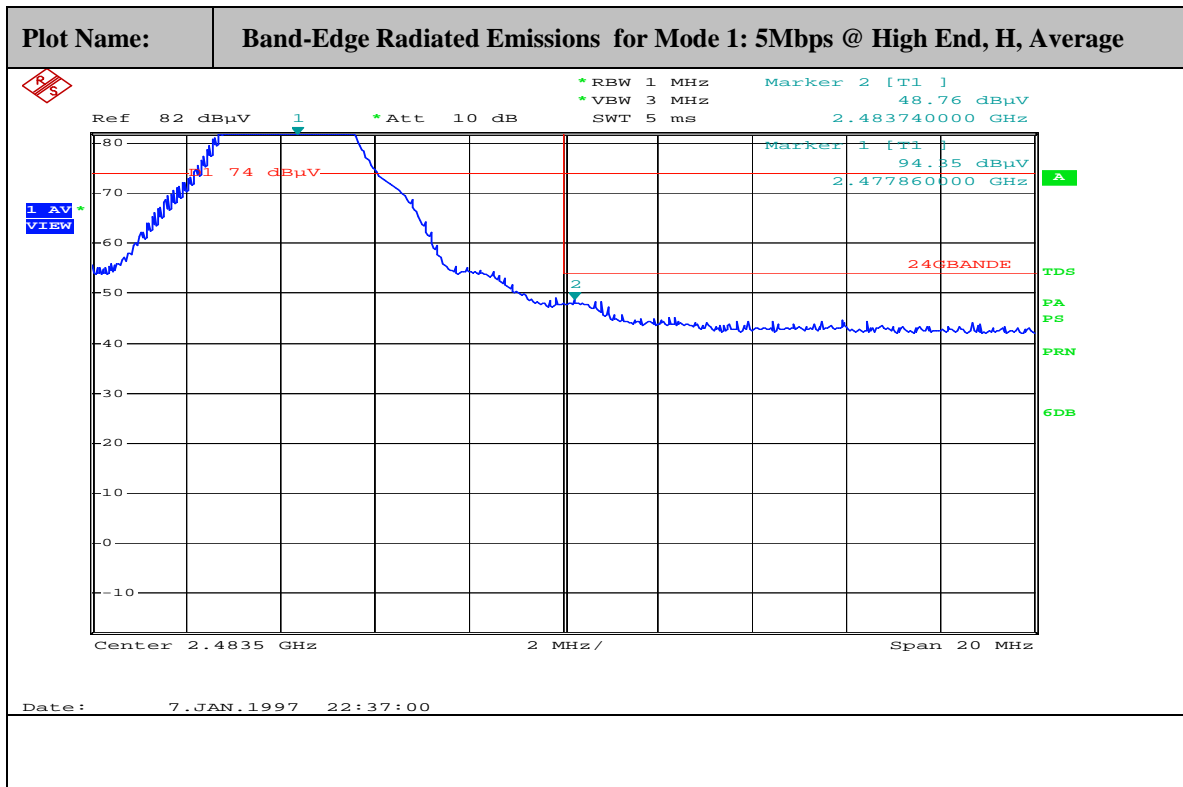
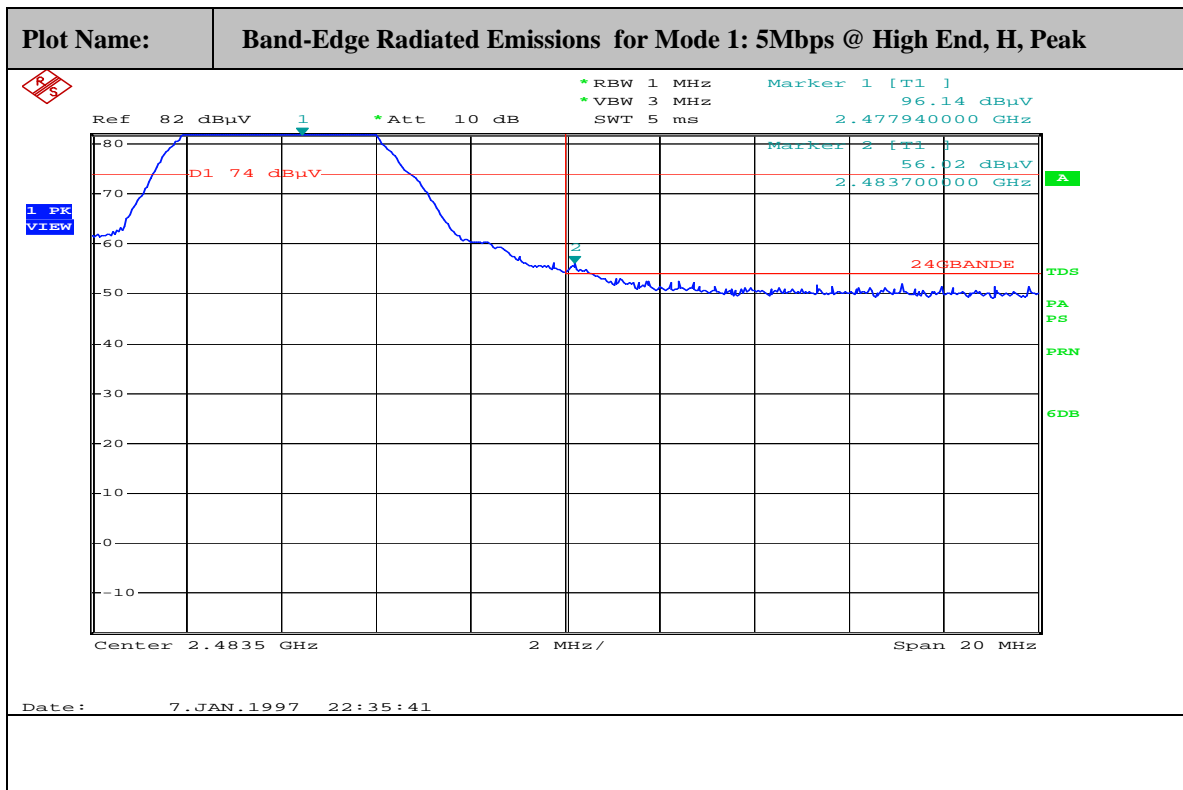


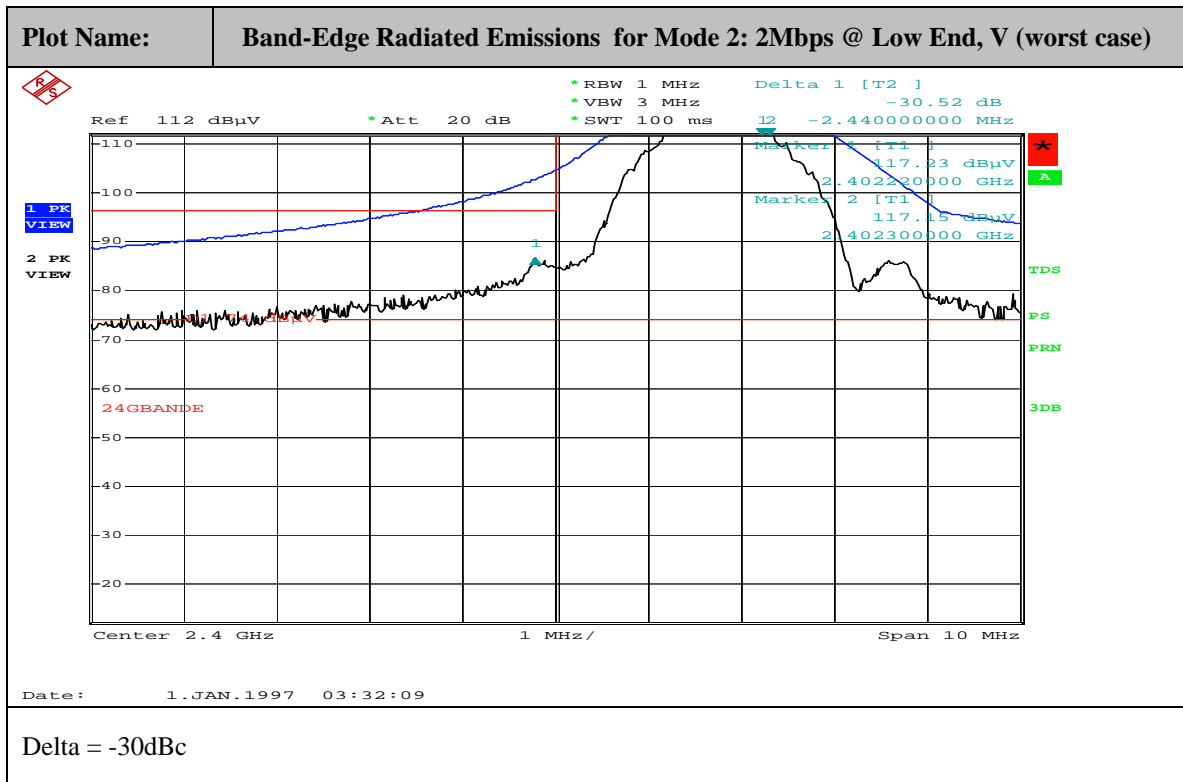


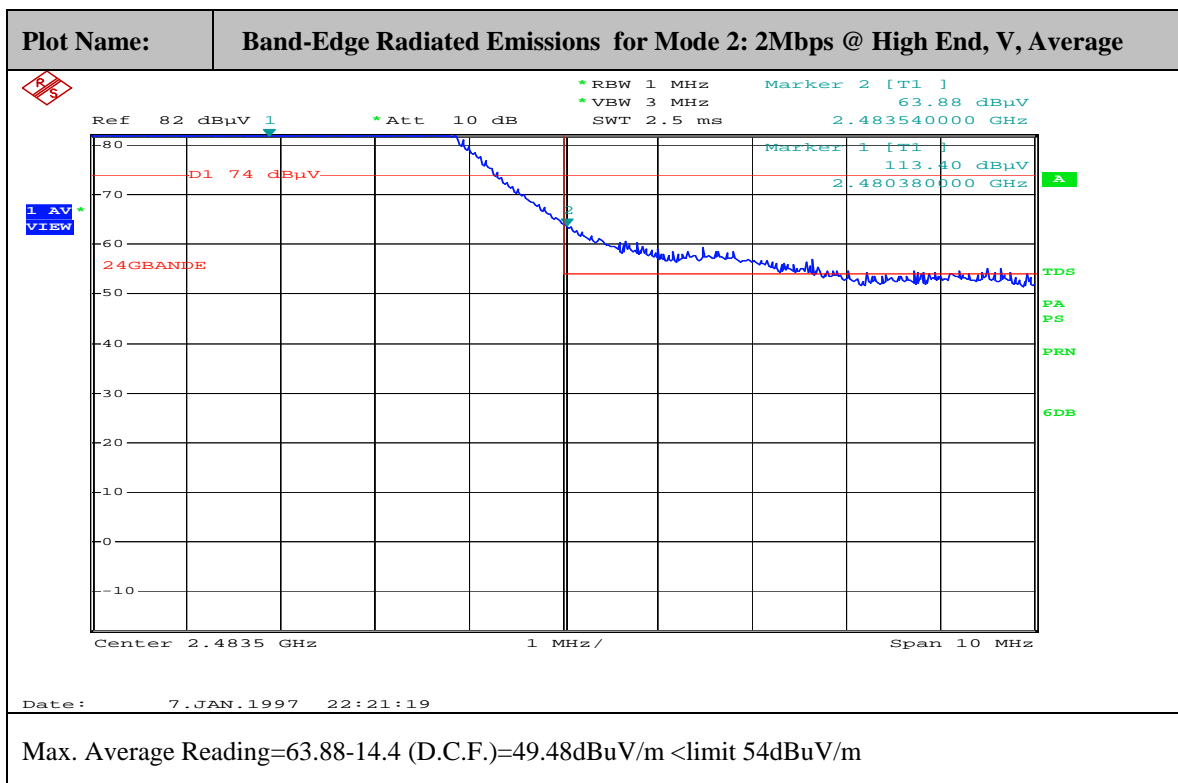


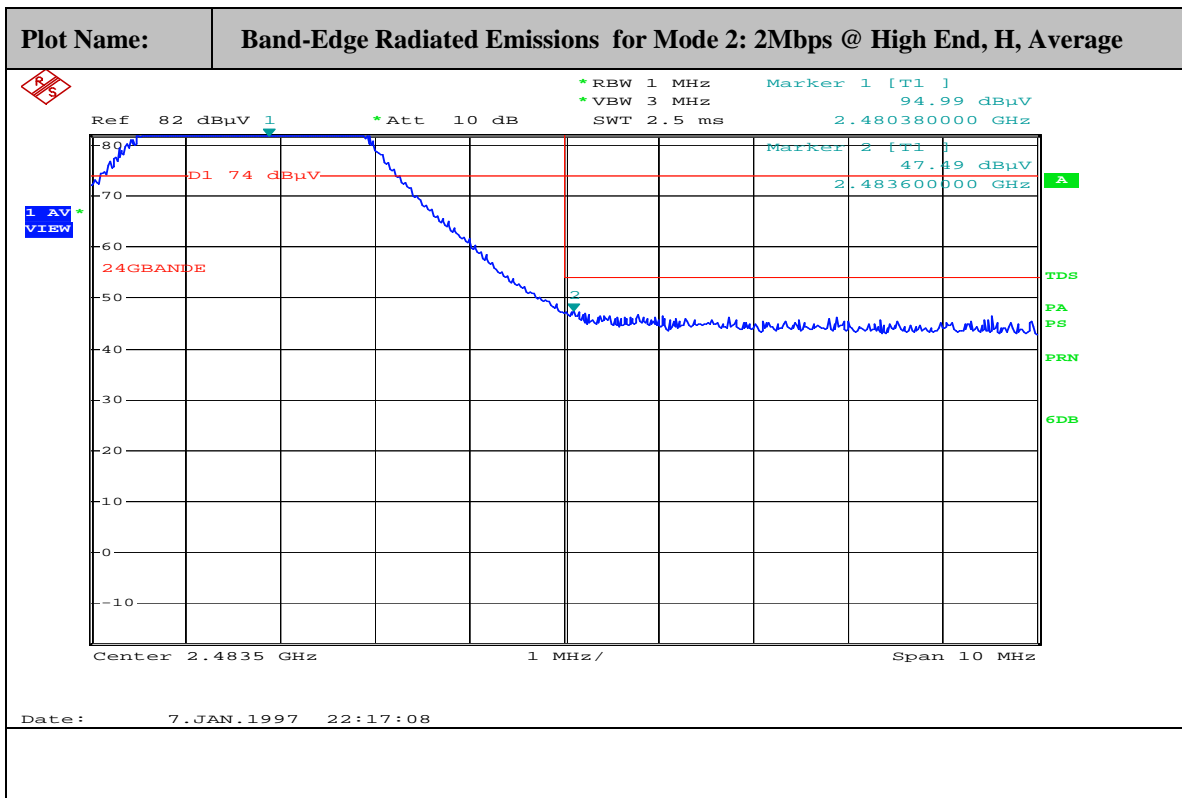
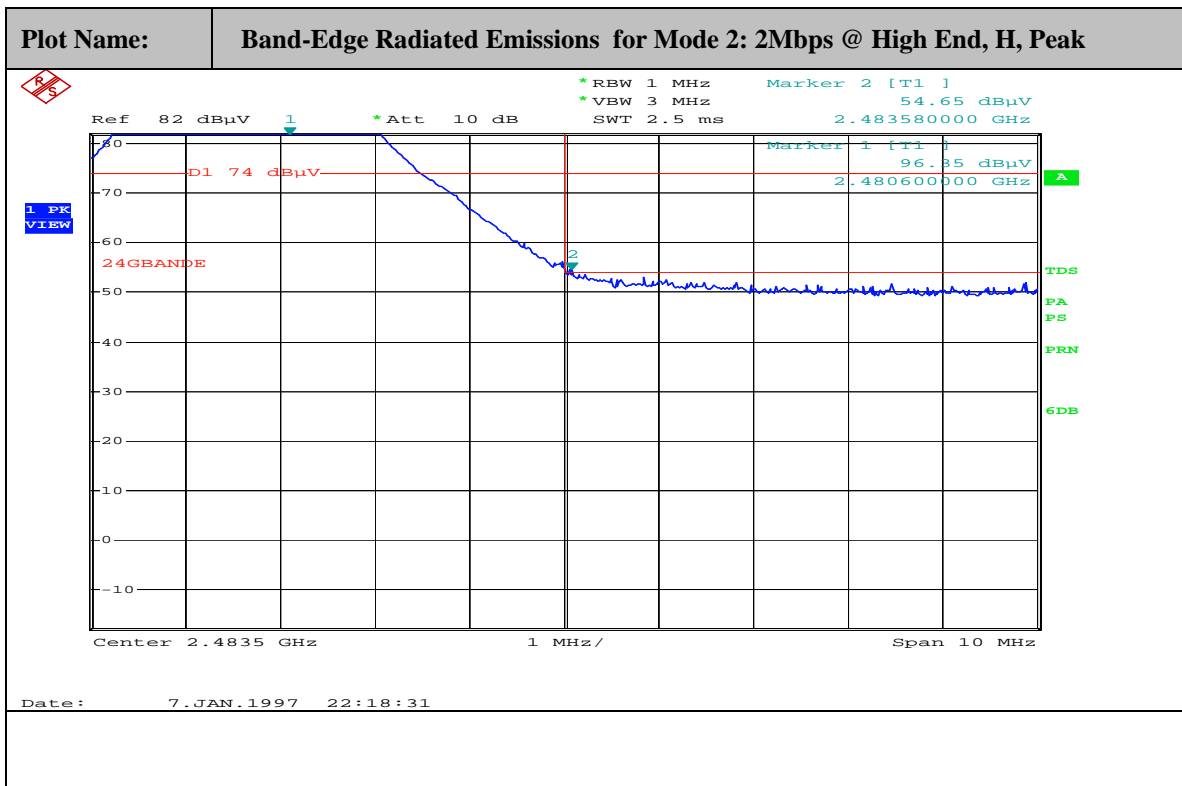
B. Modular with 8.5dBi Panel Antenna

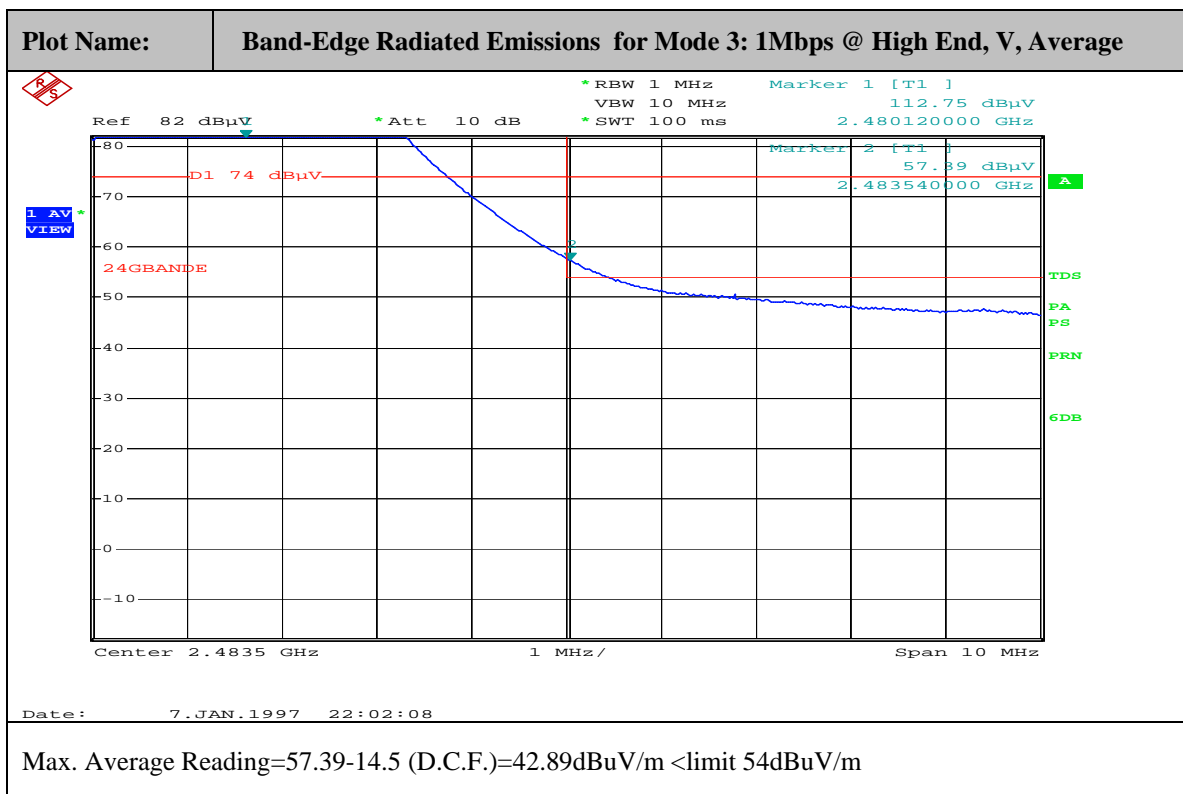
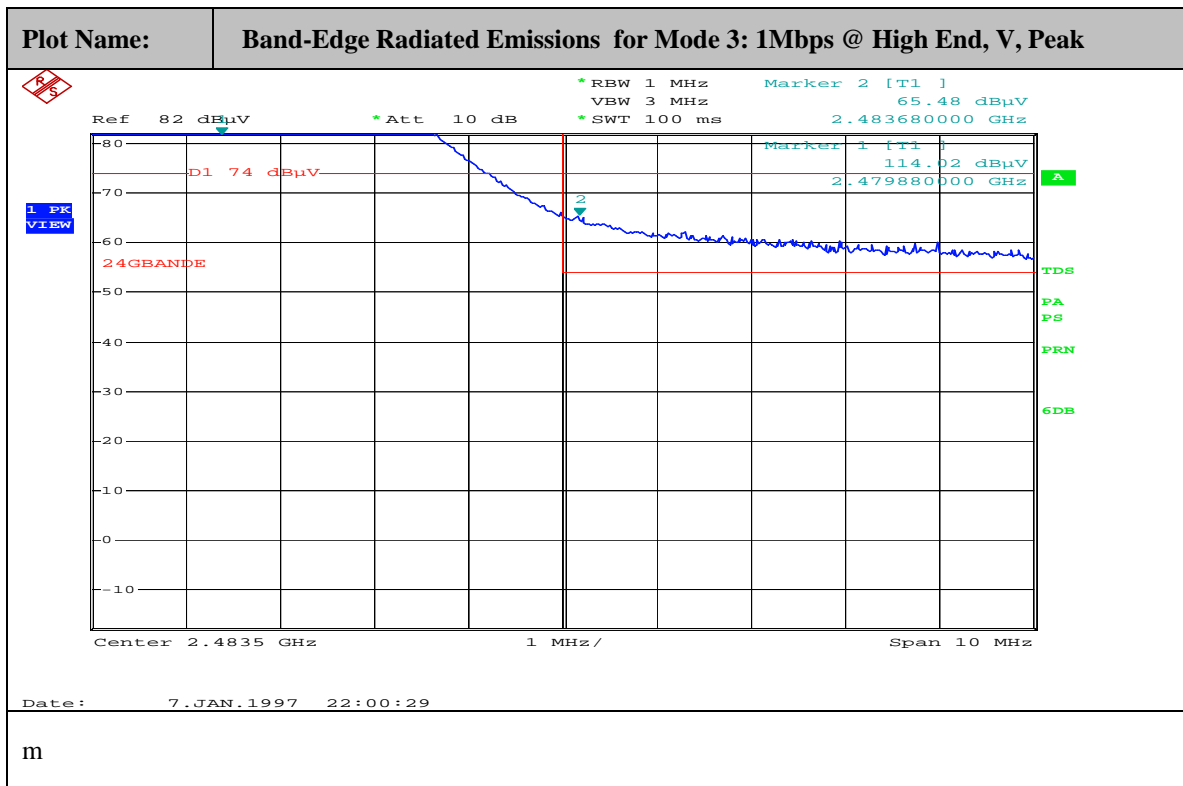


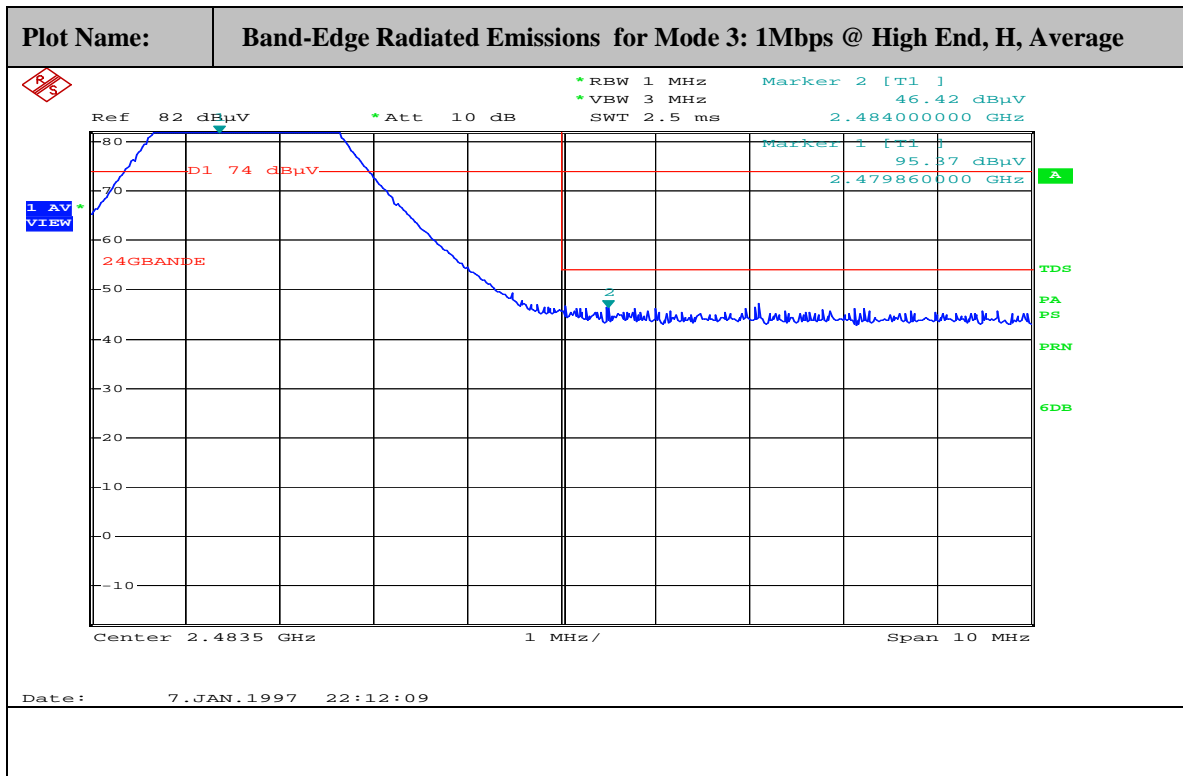
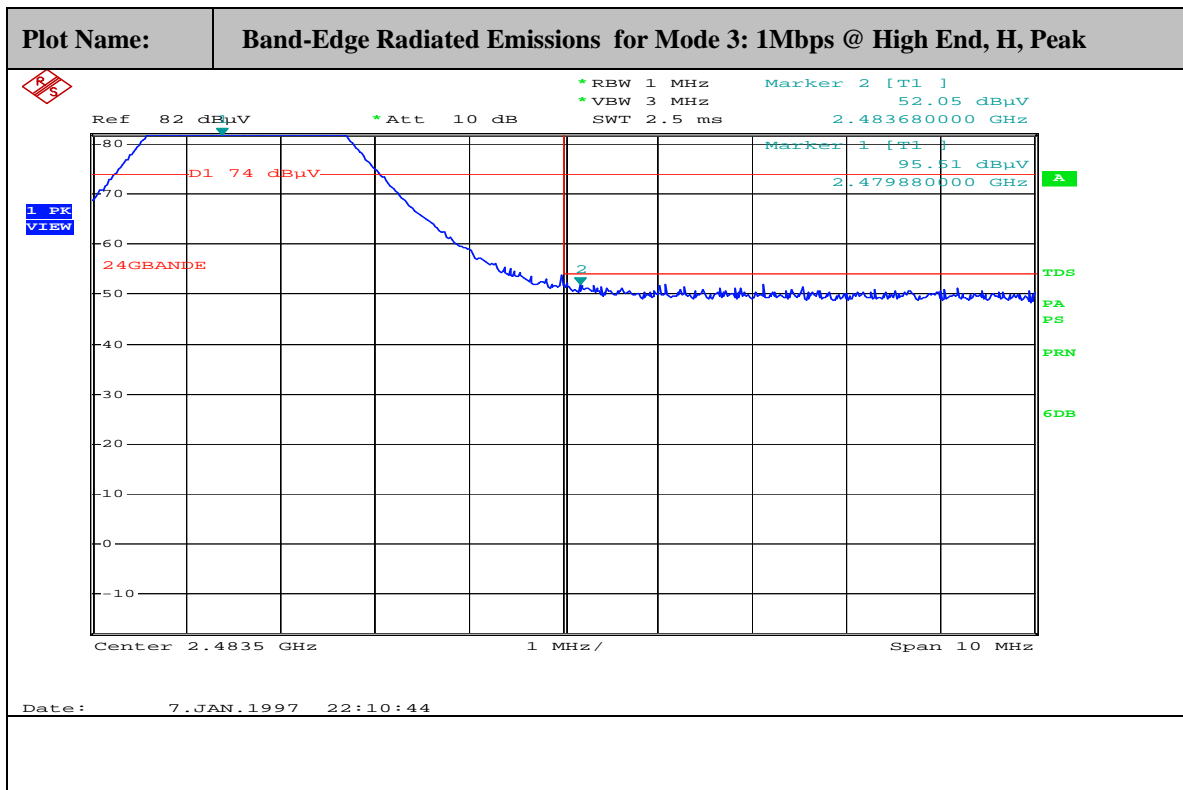




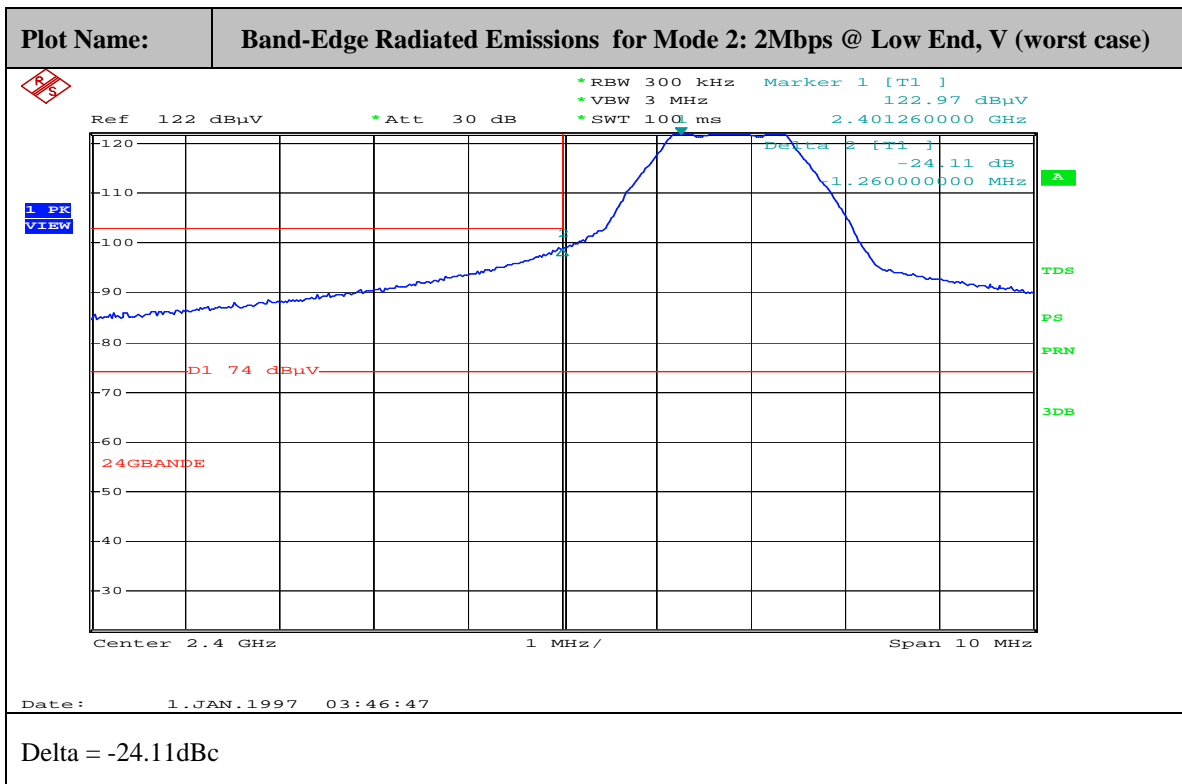
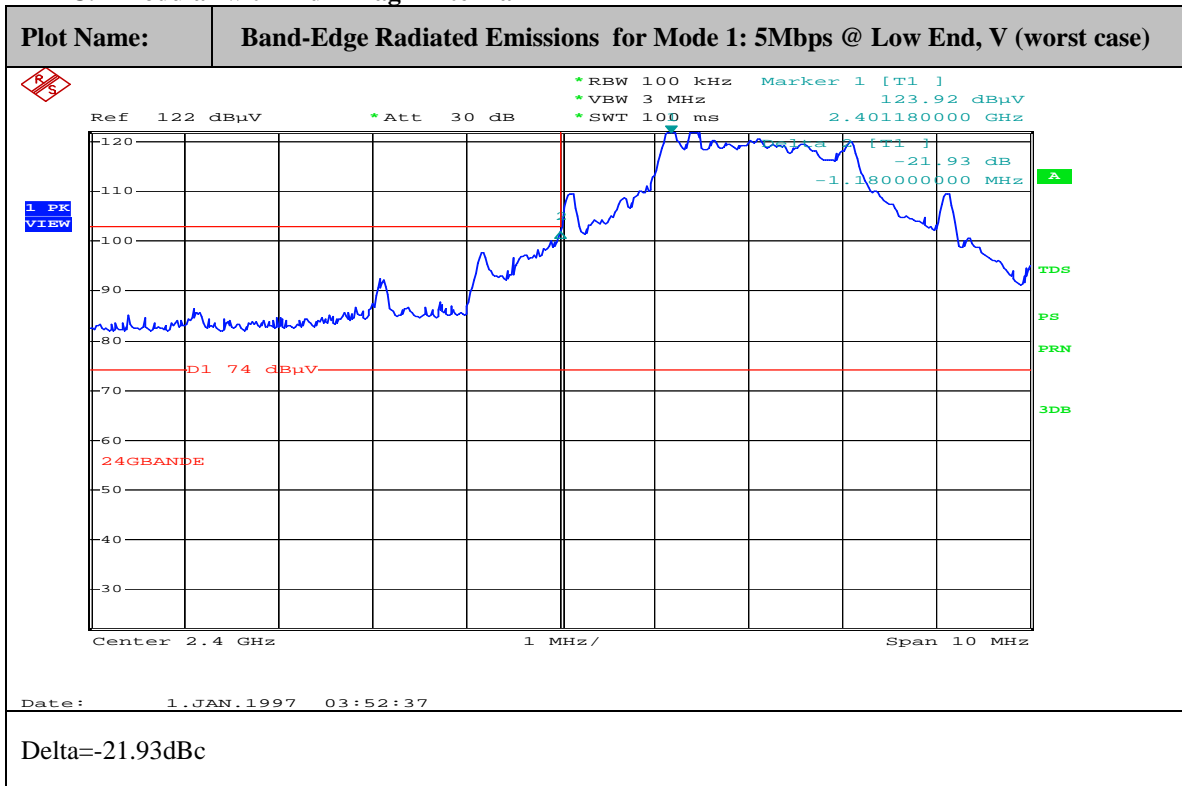


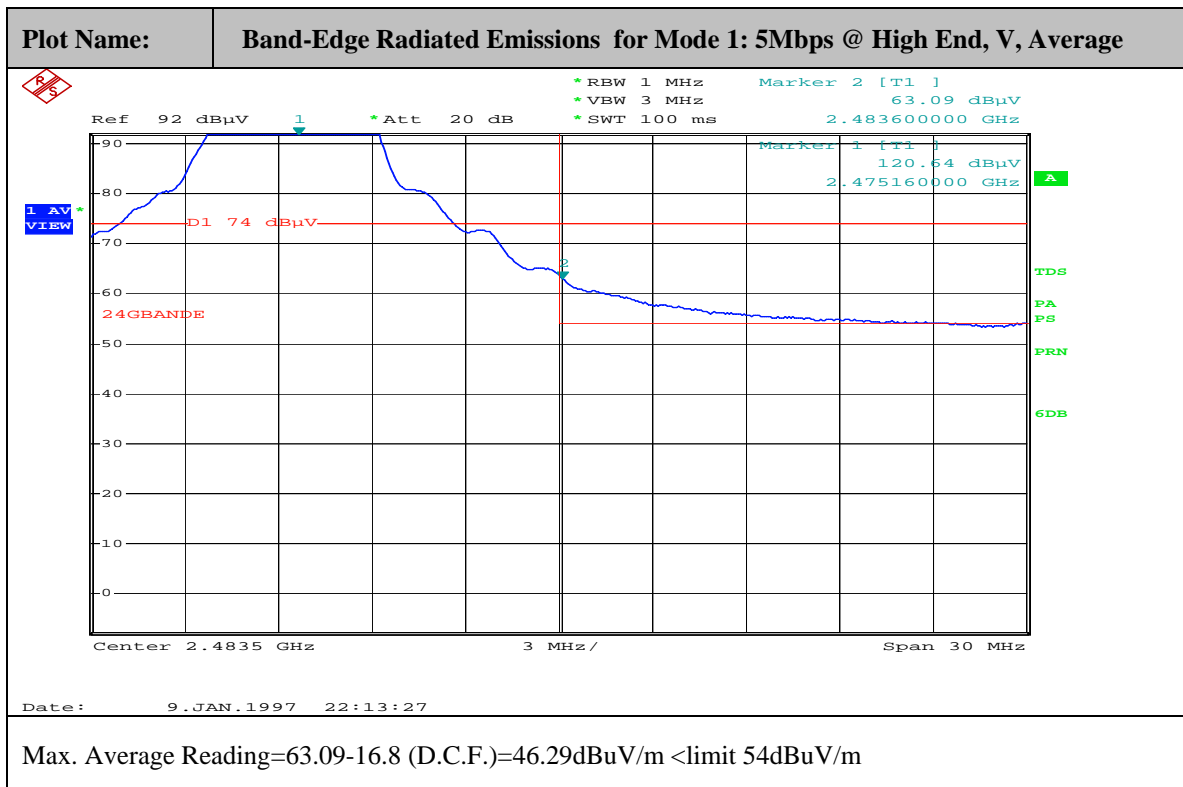
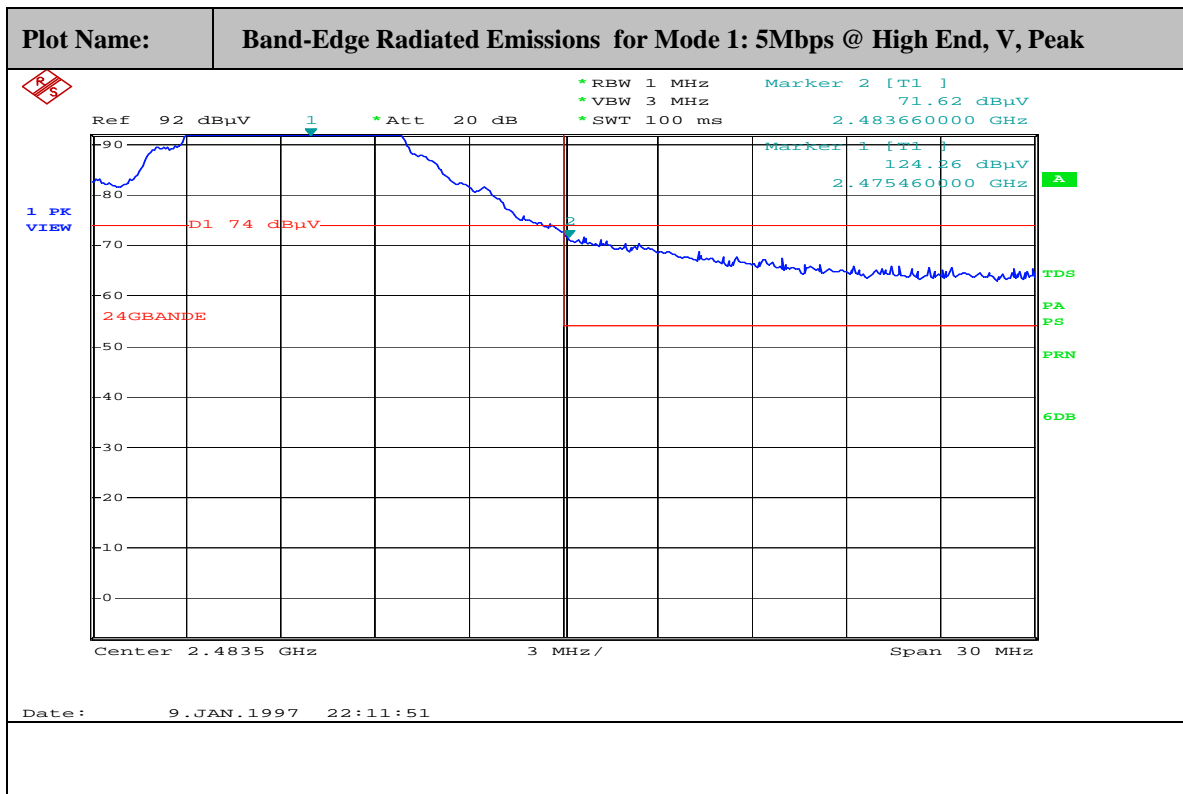


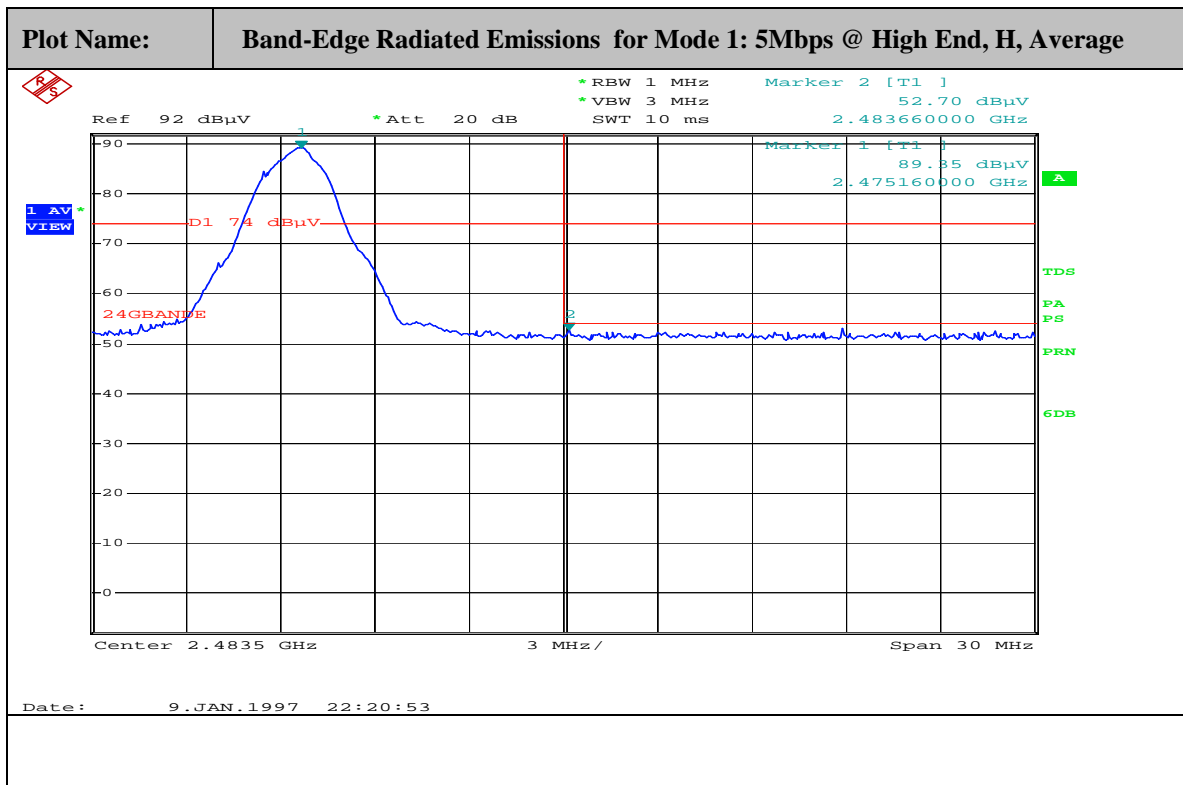
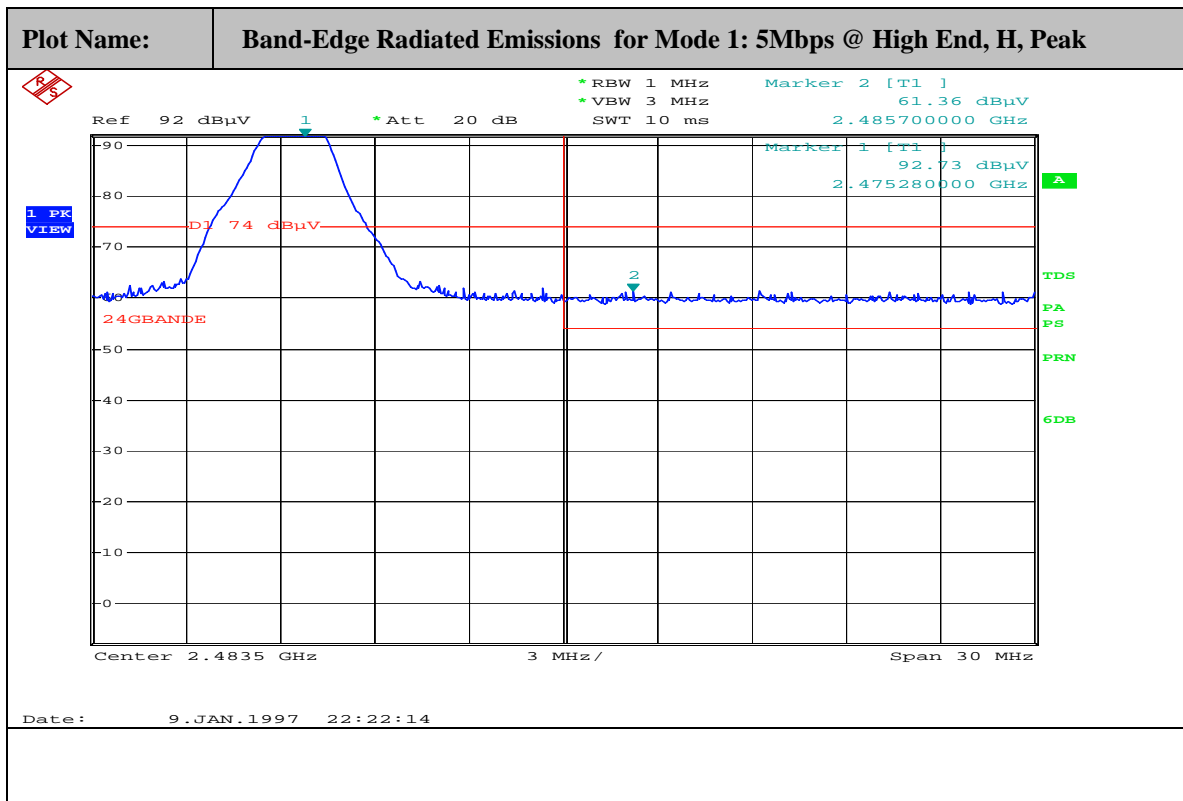


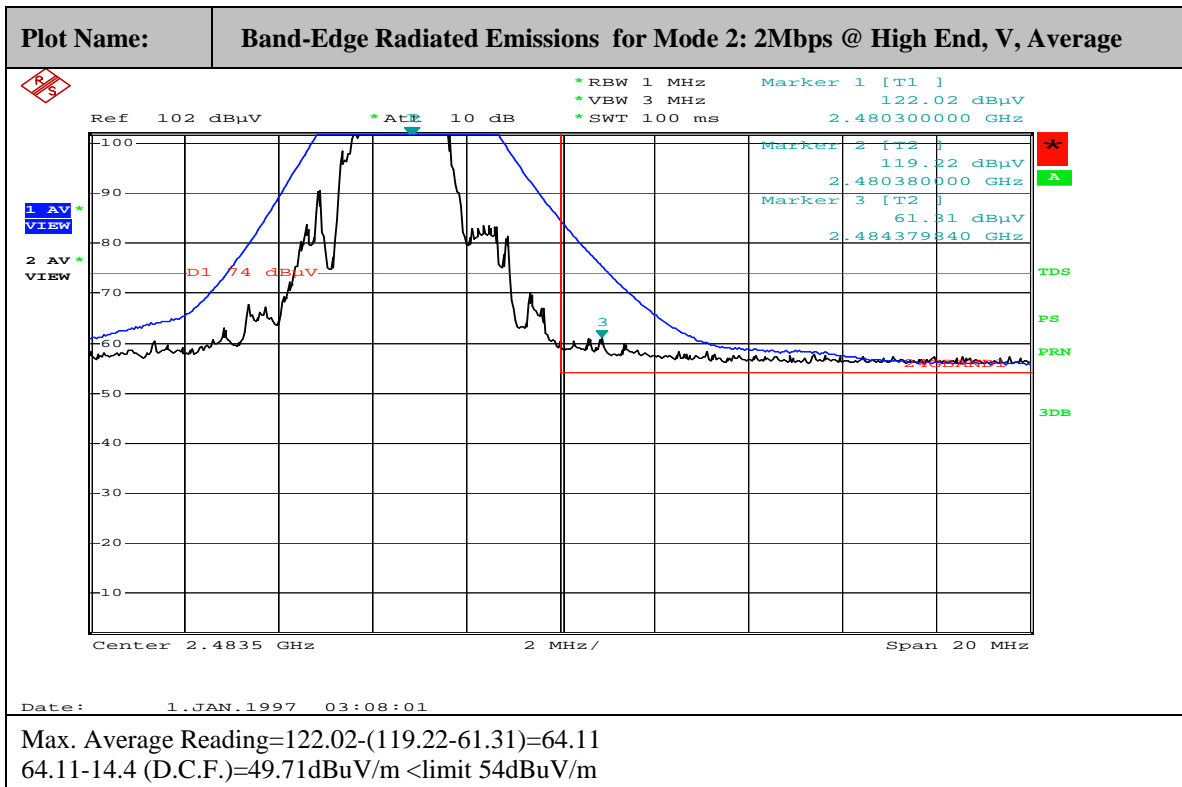
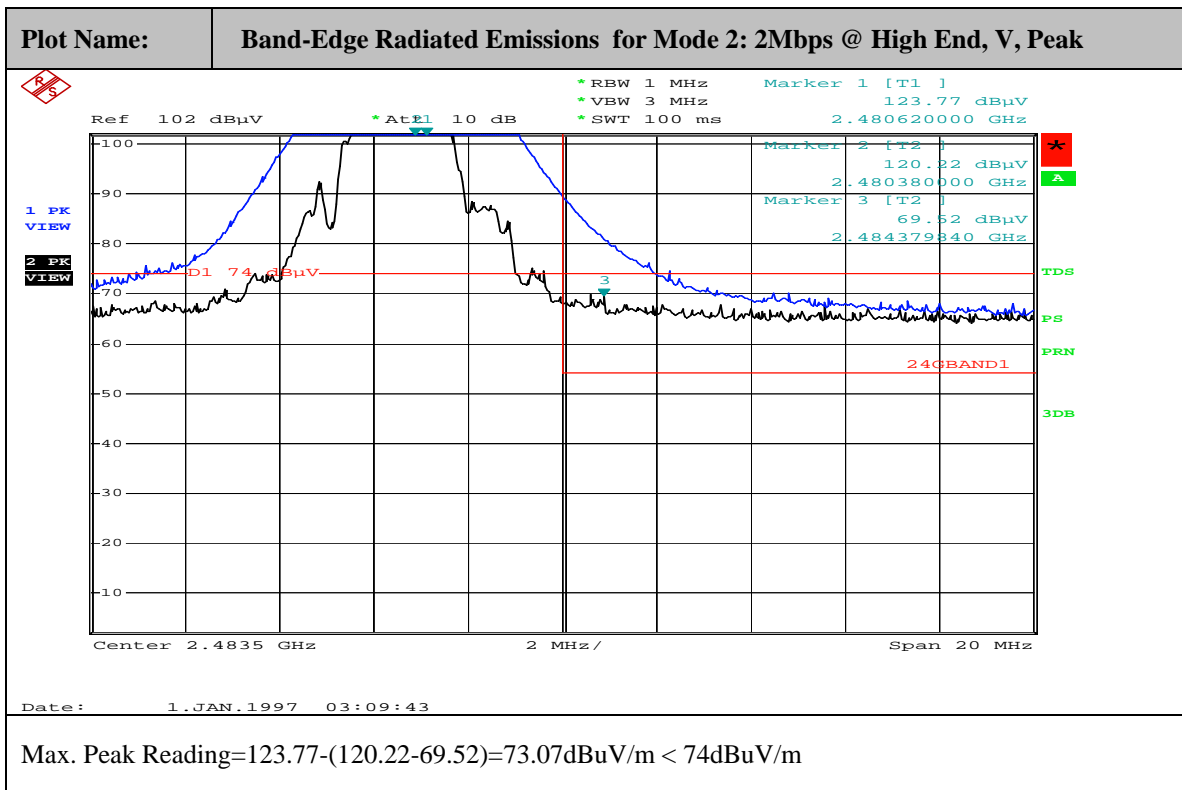


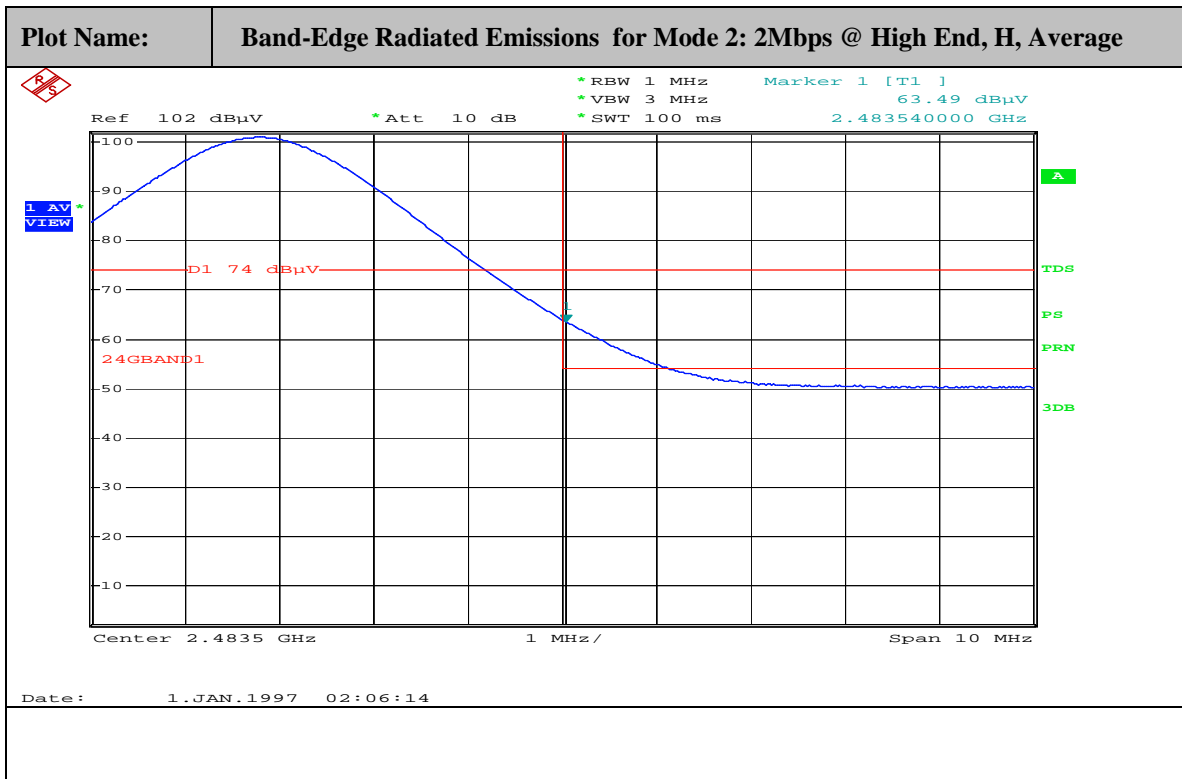
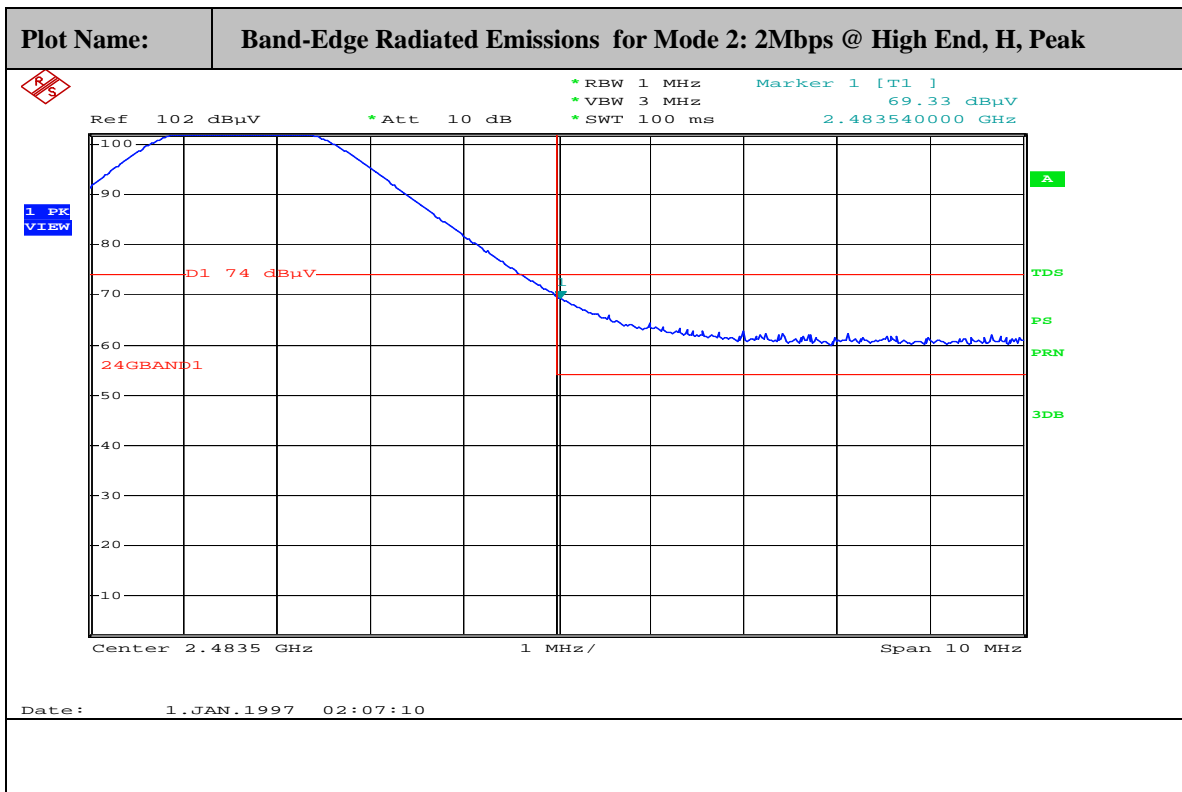
C. Modular with 14dBi Yagi Antenna

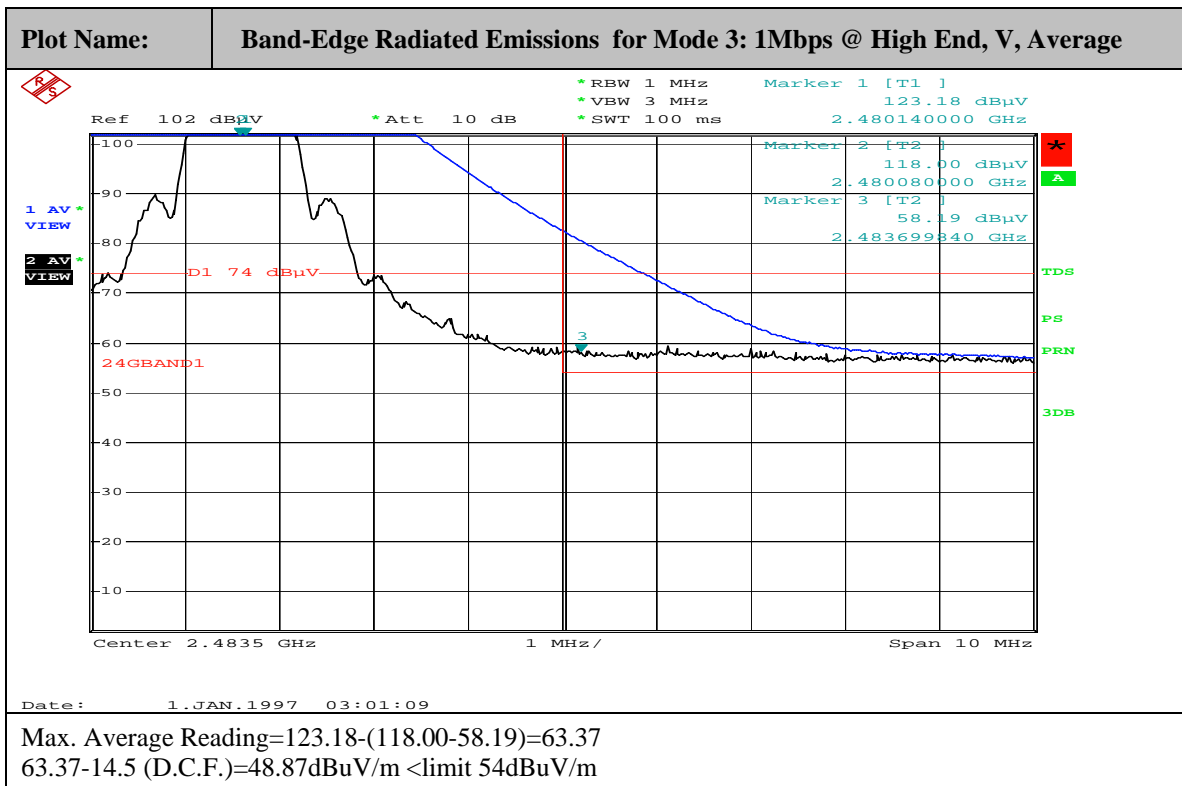
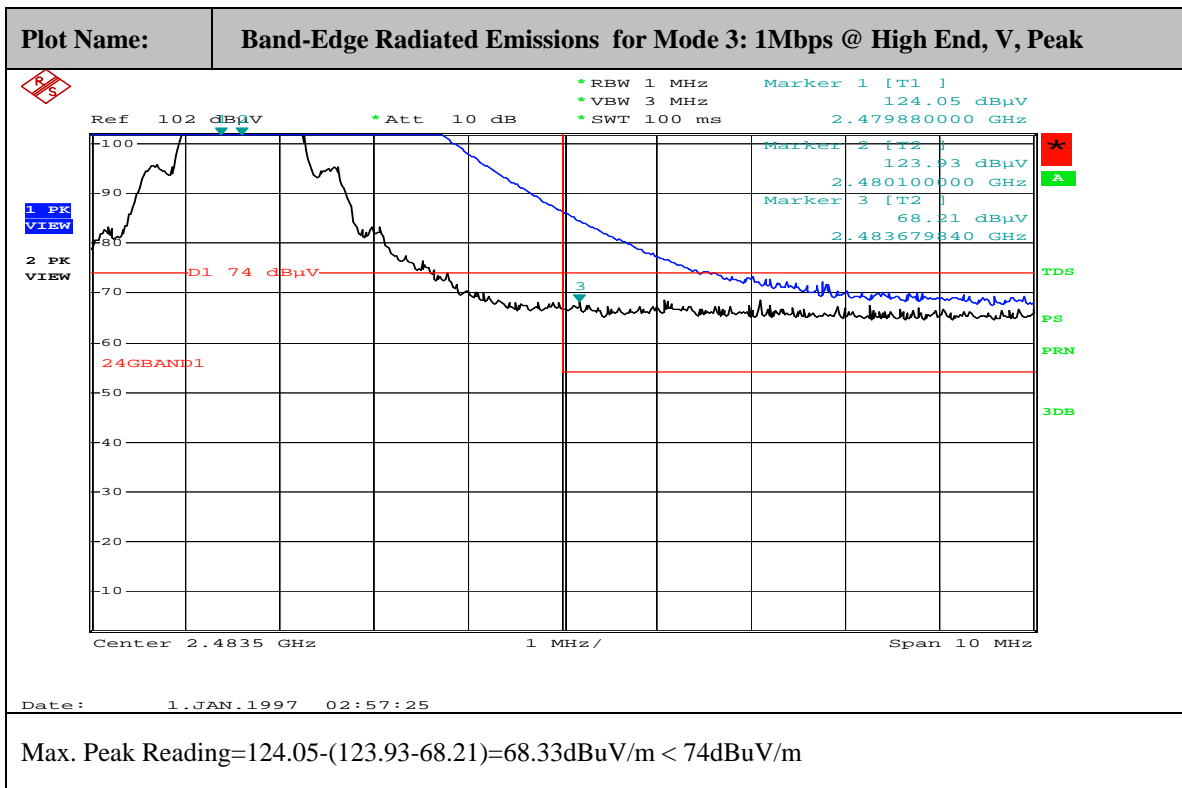


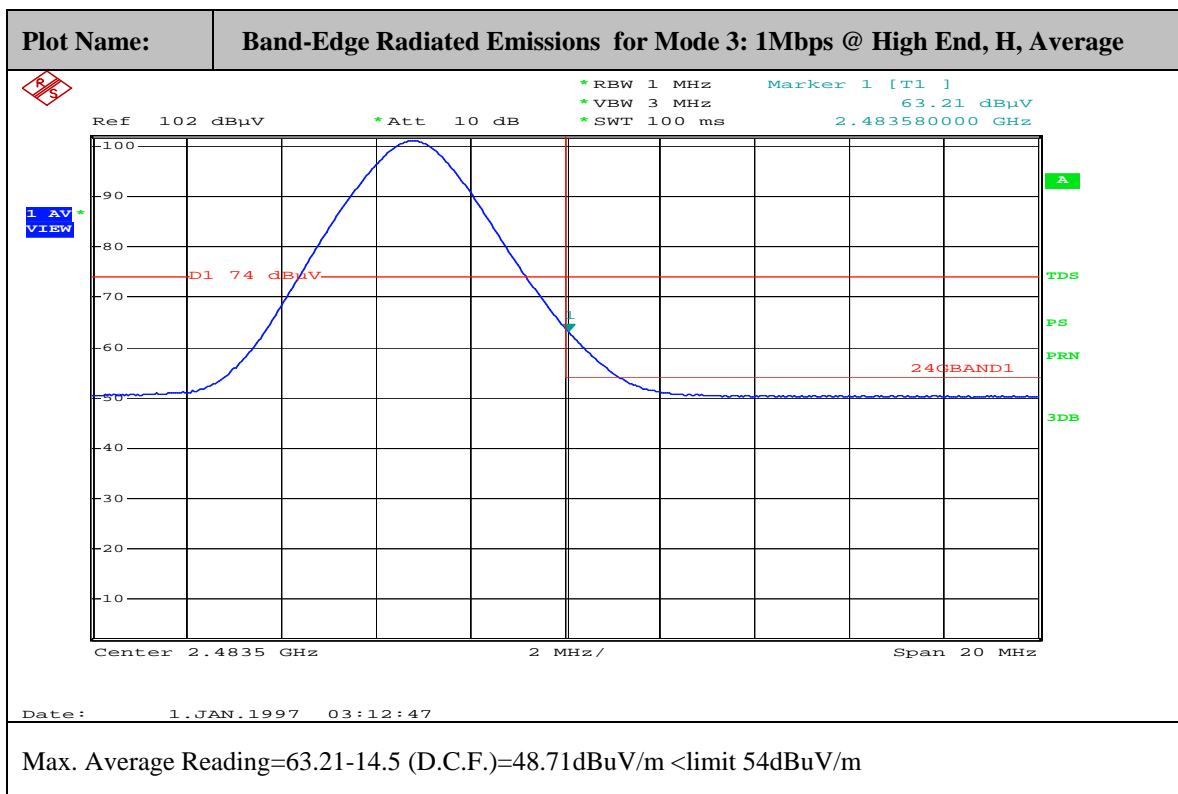
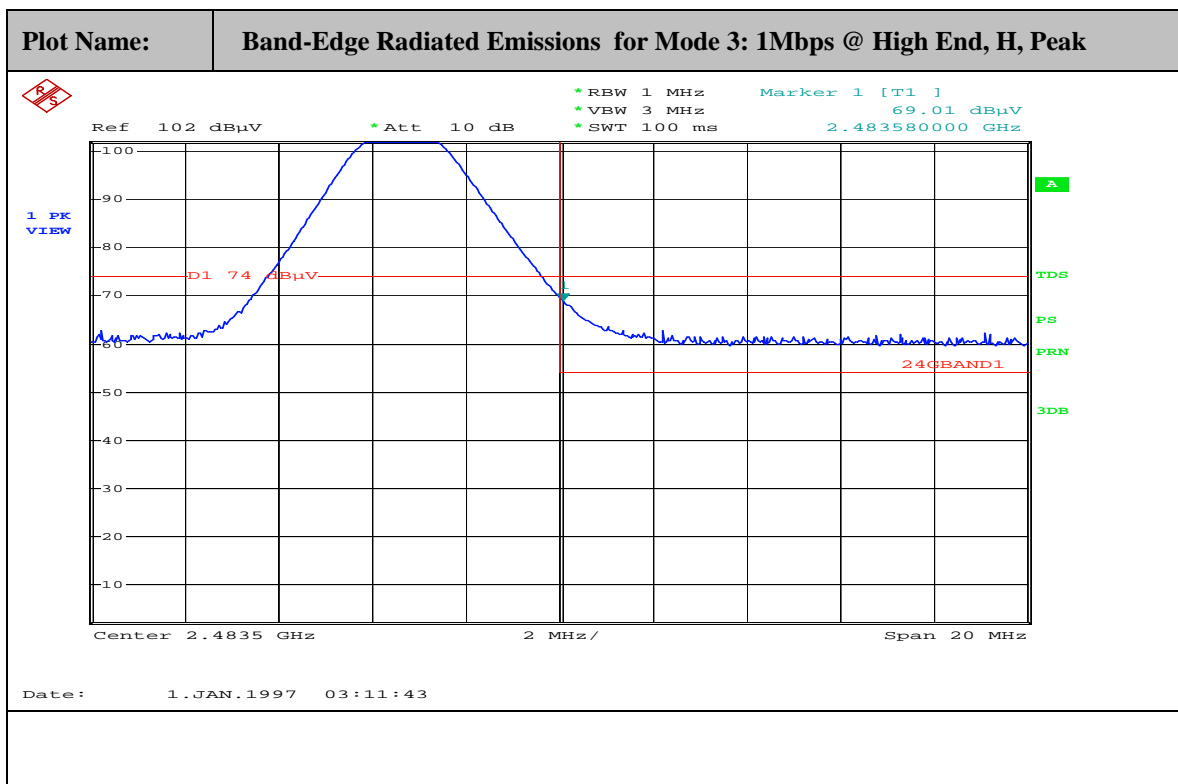












7.9 CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

7.9.1 Test Methods and Conditions

The EUT was under normal operational mode during the conducted emission test. EMI Receiver was scanned from 150KHz to 30MHz with maximum hold mode for maximum emission. Recorded data was sent to the plotter to generate output in linear format. At the input of the spectrum analyzer, a HP transient limiter is inserted for protective purpose. This limiter has a 10 dB attenuation in the range of 150KHz to 30MHz. That factor was automatically compensated by the receiver, so the readings are the corrected readings. The reference of the plot is the CISPR 22 Class B limit in following plots.

Conducted Emission Technical Requirements				
	Class A		Class B	
Frequency Range	Quasi-Peak dBuV	Average dBuV	Quasi-Peak dBuV	Average dBuV
150kHz -0.5MHz	79 (8912uV)	66 (1995uV)	66-56	56-46
0.5MHz-30MHz	73 (4467uV)	60 (1000uV)	---	---
0.5MHz- 5MHz	---	---	56	46 (250uV)
5MHz-30MHz	---	---	60	50

Emissions that have peak values close to the specification limit (if any) are also measured in the quasi-peak/average mode to determine compliance.

7.9.2 Test Data

The following plots show the neutral and line conducted emissions for the standard operation.

(EUT was powered by optional AC/DC adaptor: Samsung, EP-TA12JWE, rated 100-240Vac, 50-60Hz, 0.35A)

	Highest Data for AC Line Conducted Emissions							
Frequency (MHz)	0.150 (Line)	0.230 (Line)	0.940 (Line)	8.81 (Line)	0.160 (Neutral)	0.250 (Neutral)	0.920 (Neutral)	13.71 (Neutral)
Peak Reading (dBuV)	44.48	38.11	37.53	35.26	42.87	39.10	33.61	36.00
Average Reading (dBuV*)								
Under Limit	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y

* no need to show the average reading if the peak value is under average limit.

Test Personnel:

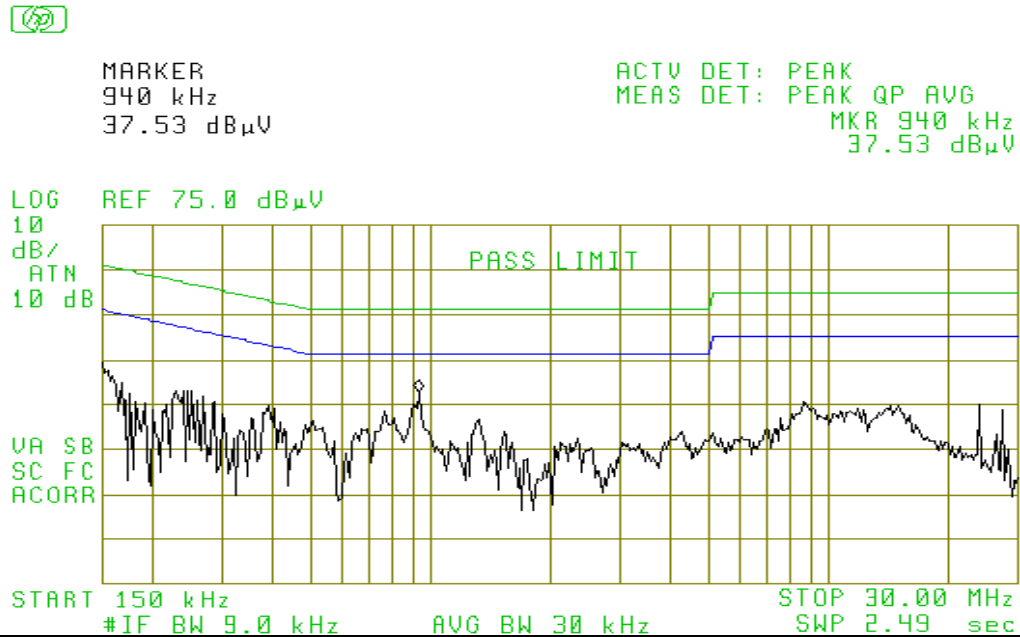
David Tu

Tester Signature: _____

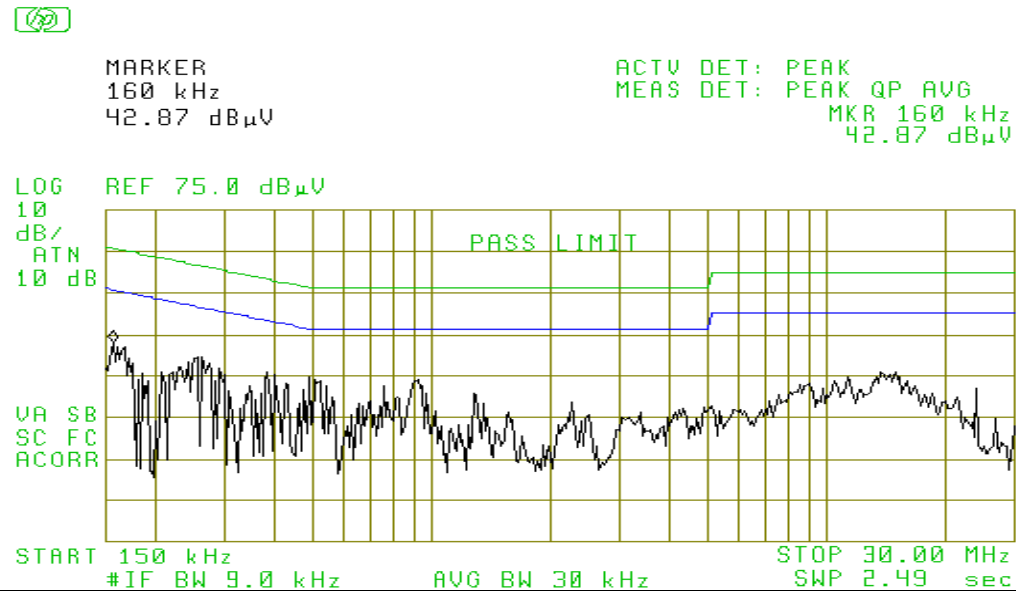
Typed/Printed Name: David Tu

Date: 01/12/2018

Conducted Emission-Line : 150kHz- 30 MHz



Conducted Emission-Neutral: 150kHz – 30MHz



7.10 EUT RECEIVING MODE VERIFICATION

Radiated Test Data for Receiving Mode (worst case)

Frequency (3) (MHz)	Polarity (H,V)	Antenna Height (m)	Azimuth (Degree)	Peak Reading at 3m (2) (dBuV/m)	Peak Reading After Correction (dBuV/m)	FCC/IC 3m Limit (1) (dBuV/m)	Difference (dBuV/m)
40.2	H	1.4	170	30.2		40.0	-9.8
159.6	H	1.2	60	29.8		43.5	-13.7
480.3	H	1.3	20	32.0		46.5	-14.5
160.1	V	1.2	35	33.4		43.5	-10.1
236.5	V	1.1	120	34.8		46.5	-11.7
478.7	V	1.1	340	37.2		46.5	-9.3
738.5	V	1.0	70	36.9		46.5	-9.6

(1) Receiving mode spurious emissions shall be lower than the limit defined in FCC Sec. 15.209 & IC RSS-GEN.

(2) If the peak reading is less than the FCC/IC quasi-peak or average limit, it'll be not necessary to show the measured/ calculated quasi-peak or average reading.

(3) Emissions from non-EUT accessories shall be excluded.