Measurement of Maximum Permissible Exposure

1. Foreword

In adopt with the Human Exposure IEEE C95.1, and according to the FCC 1.1310. The *Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)* is obligated to measure in order to prove the safety of radiation harmfulness to the human body.

The *Gain* of the antenna used is measured in an *Anechoic chamber*. The *maximum total* power to the antenna is to be recorded. By adopting the *Friis Transmission Formula* and the power gain of the antenna, we can find the distance right away from the product, where the limit of the MPE is.

2. Description of EUT

FCC ID : VUIAWM6018P

Product name : WIFI module

Model : AWM6018-P

Classification: Mobile Device

(i) Under normal use condition, the antenna is at least 20cm

away from the user;

(ii) Warning statement for keeping 20cm separation distance

and the prohibition of operating next to the person has been

printed in the user's manual

Frequency Range : 2.412 GHz ~ 2.462GHz

Supported Channel: 11 Channels

Modulation Skill: DBPSK, DQPSK, CCK, OFDM

Power Type : Powered by mini-PCI interface

3. Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (V/m)	Magnetic Filed Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm2)	Averaging Time $ E ^2$, $ H ^2$ or S (minutes)			
(A) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure							
0.3-3.0	614	1.63	100	6			
3.0-30	1842/f	4.89/f	$900/f^{2}$	6			
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6			
300-1500			f/300	6			
1500-100,000			5	6			
(B) Limits for Gene	ral Population/Unco	ontrolled Exposure					
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	100	30			
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	$180/f^2$	30			
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30			
300-1500			f/1500	30			
1500-100,000			1.0	30			

[The EUT is tested in transmit and receive modes and in the first, middle and the last channel separately. The following shows only our observation have the greatest emissions.]

According to OET BULLETIN 56 Fourth Edition/August 1999, Equation for Predicting RF Fields:

Friis Transmission Formula:
$$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi R^2} = \frac{312.61 \times 2.59}{4\pi (20)^2} = 0.161 \text{mW}/\text{cm}^2$$

Estimated safe separation:
$$R = \sqrt{\frac{PG}{4\pi}} = \sqrt{\frac{312.61 \times 2.59}{4\pi}} = 8.03cm$$

Remarks: "The safe estimated separation that the user must maintain from the antenna is at least 5.8cm"

Where: S = power density (in appropriate units, e.g. mW/cm2)

P = power input to the antenna (in appropriate units, e.g., mW)

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (appropriate units, e.g., cm)

The Numeric gain G of antenna with a gain specified in dB is determined by:

$$G = Log^{-1} (dB \text{ antenna gain } / 10)$$

$$G = Log^{-1} (4.14 / 10) = 2.59$$

Measurement o	f Maximum	Permissible 1	Exposure	 3/4
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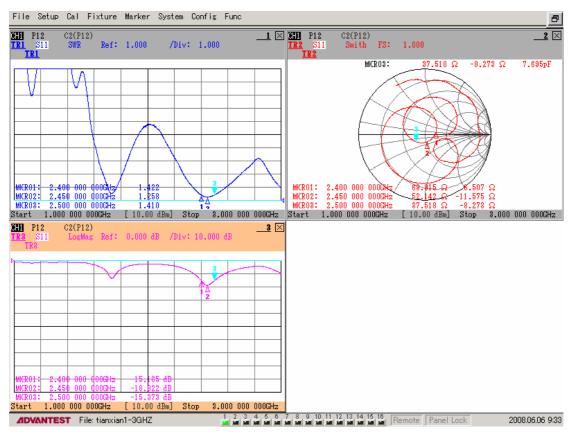
Appendix

Antenna Specification
(Antenna#1 Dipole Antenna)



RFAntenna Assembly

P/NO:C660S510211-A SPEC: 2.4~2.5GHz NO:SSR-82184





RF Antenna Assembly SPEC:2.4~2.5GHz

NO:SSR-82184

Far-field amplitude of C660S510211-A SSR-82184-V.nsi

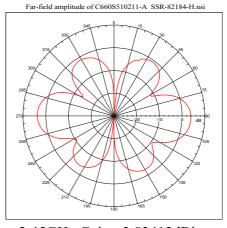
P/NO: C660S510211-A

Far-field amplitude of C660S510211-A SSR-82184-H.nsi

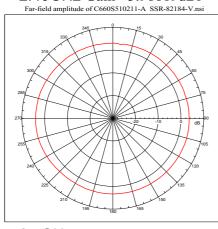
2.4GHz Gain=4.14363dBi

Far-field amplitude of C660S510211-A SSR-82184-V.nsi

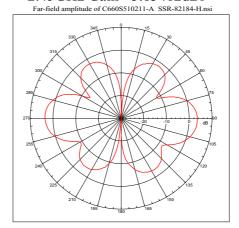
2.4GHz Gain =4.14329dBi



2.45GHz Gain = 3.98819dBi



2.45GHz Gain = 3.83412dBi



2.5GHz Gain = 3.98765dBi

2.5GHz Gain = 3.53263dBi

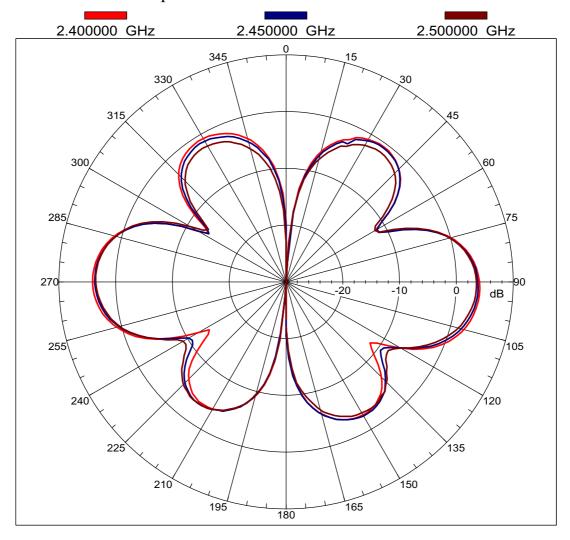


RF Antenna Assembly
P/NO: C660S510211-A

SPEC:2.4~2.5GHz

NO:SSR-82184

Far-field amplitude of C660S510211-A SSR-82184-H.nsi



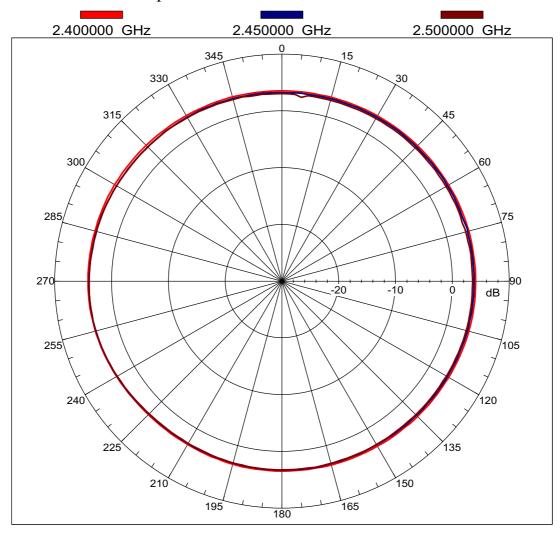


RF Antenna Assembly
P/NO: C660S510211-A

RF Antenna Assembly
SPEC:2.4~2.5GHz

NO:SSR-82184

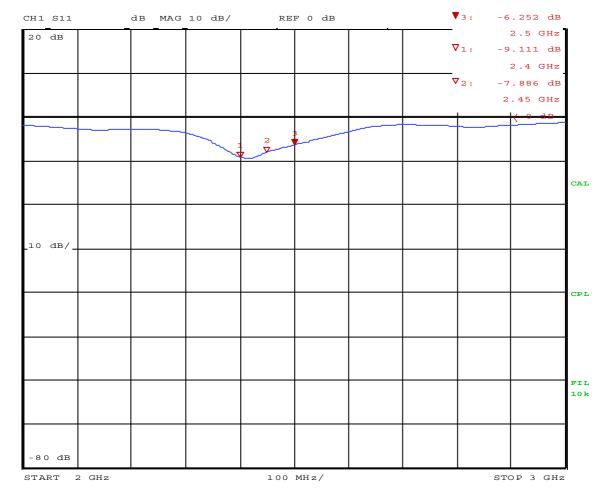
Far-field amplitude of C660S510211-A SSR-82184-V.nsi



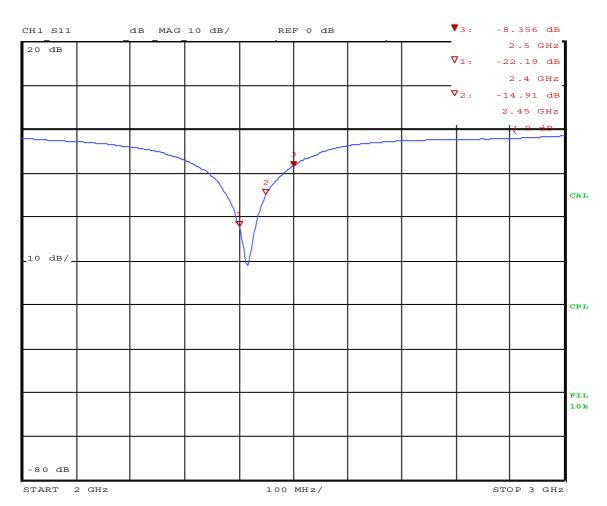
Measurement o	f Maximum	Permissible	Exposure	 4/4	4
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Appendix

Antenna Specification
(Antenna#2 Printed Antenna)

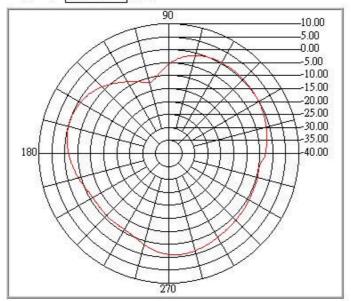


Date: 28.MAR.03 02:18:30



Model No: WL120G-X Antenna Position: Horizontal

Frequency 2450.00 MHz



Peak: 0.55 dBi Peak Angle: 49.59 Degree

Average: -3.28 dBi

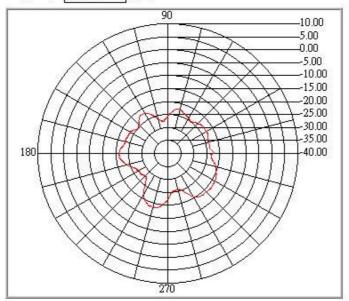
Test engineer:_____

Test date: 2003/4/1 at AM 08:49

Traininig Research Co., Ltd.

Model No: WL120G-X Antenna Position: Vertical

Frequency 2450.00 MHz



Peak: -18.39 dBi Peak Angle: 254.08 Degree

Average: -23.06dBi

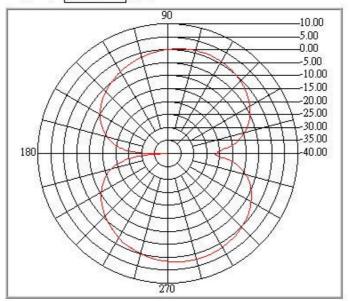
Test engineer:_____

Test date: 2003/4/1 at AM 08:46

Traininig Research Co., Ltd.

Model No: WL120G-Y Antenna Position: Horizontal

Frequency 2450.00 MHz



Peak: 2.24 dBi Peak Angle: 284.69 Degree

Average: -5.91 dBi

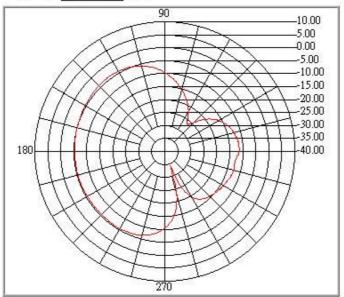
Test engineer:_____

Test date: 2003/4/1 at AM 08:57

Traininig Research Co., Ltd.

Model No: WL120G-Y Antenna Position: Vertical

Frequency 2450.00 MHz



Peak: -4.04 dBi Peak Angle: 127.96 Degree

Average: -11.11dBi

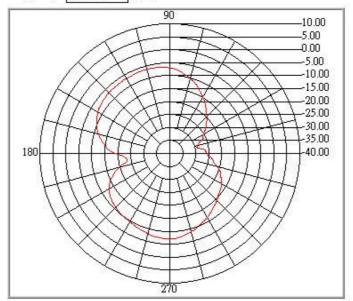
Test engineer:_____

Test date: 2003/4/1 at AM 08:58

Traininig Research Co., Ltd.

Model No: WL120G-Z Antenna Position: Horizontal

Frequency 2450.00 MHz



Peak: -6.37 dBi Peak Angle: 105.88 Degree

Average: -13,80dBi

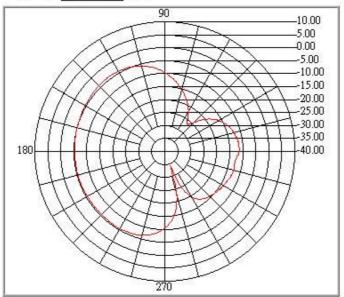
Test engineer:____

Test date: 2003/4/1 at AM 09:03

Traininig Research Co., Ltd.

Model No: WL120G-Y Antenna Position: Vertical

Frequency 2450.00 MHz



Peak: -4.04 dBi Peak Angle: 127.96 Degree

Average: -11.11dBi

Test engineer:_____

Test date: 2003/4/1 at AM 08:58

Traininig Research Co., Ltd.