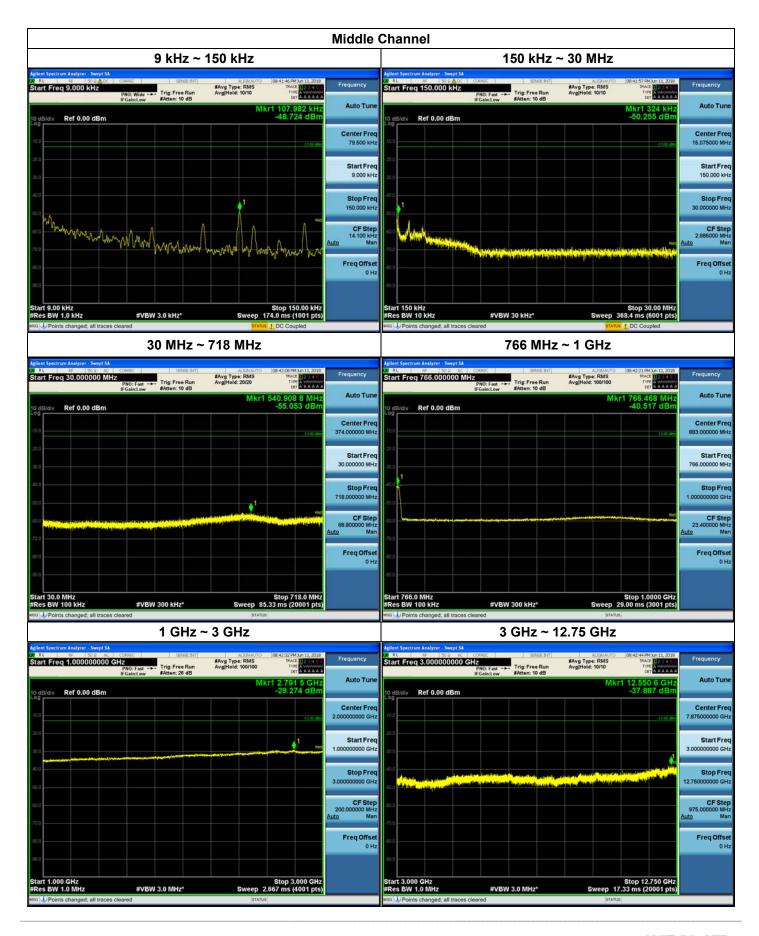


**Low Channel** 763 MHz ~ 775 MHz 793 MHz ~ 805 MHz #Avg Type: RMS Avg|Hold: 10/10 #Avg Type: RMS Avg|Hold: 10/10 : Wide --- Trig: Free Run 800.128 MH -61.397 dB Ref 0.00 dBm Center Free 769.000000 MH 799.000000 MH CF Step 1.200000 MH CF Step 1.200000 MH: Freq Offse Stop 775.000 MHz Sweep 383.3 ms (1001 pts) Stop 805.000 MHz Sweep 383.3 ms (1001 pts **#VBW 20 kHz\*** #VBW 20 kHz\* 1 559 MHz ~ 1 610 MHz (1) 1 559 MHz ~ 1 610 MHz (2) #Avg Type: RMS Avg|Hold: 100/100 #Avg Type: RMS Avg|Hold: 1/1 Ref -20.00 dBm Ref -20.00 dBm Center Freq 1.584500000 GHz Center Free 1.584500000 GH Freq Offse Freq Offse Stop 1.61000 GHz Sweep 1.000 ms (1001 pts) #VBW 3.0 MHz\* #VBW 2.2 kHz\*

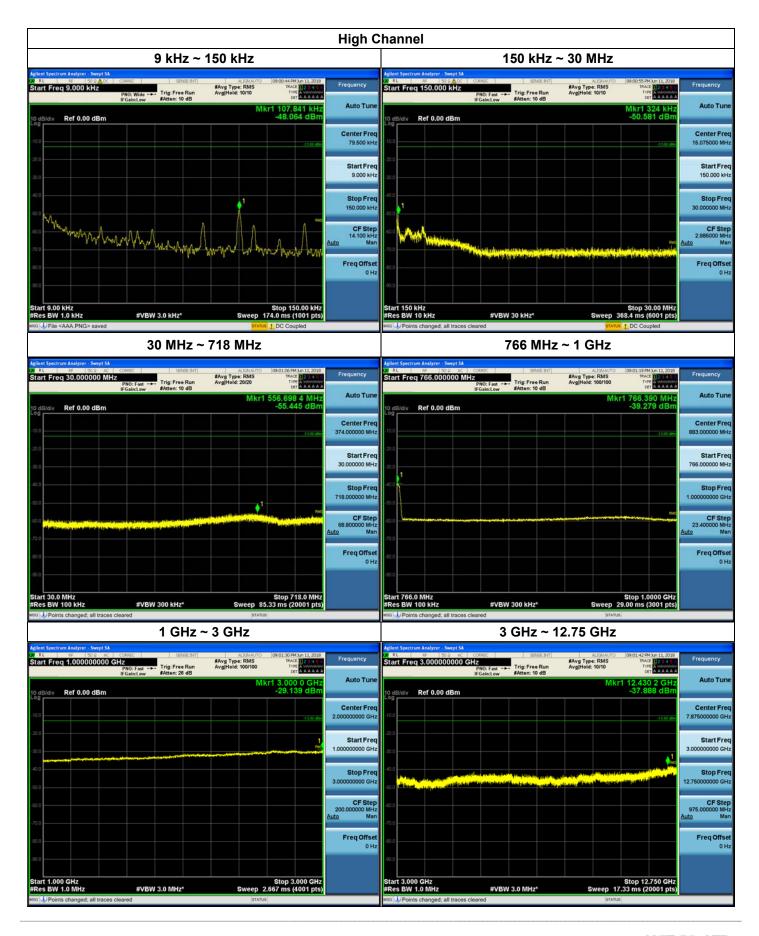












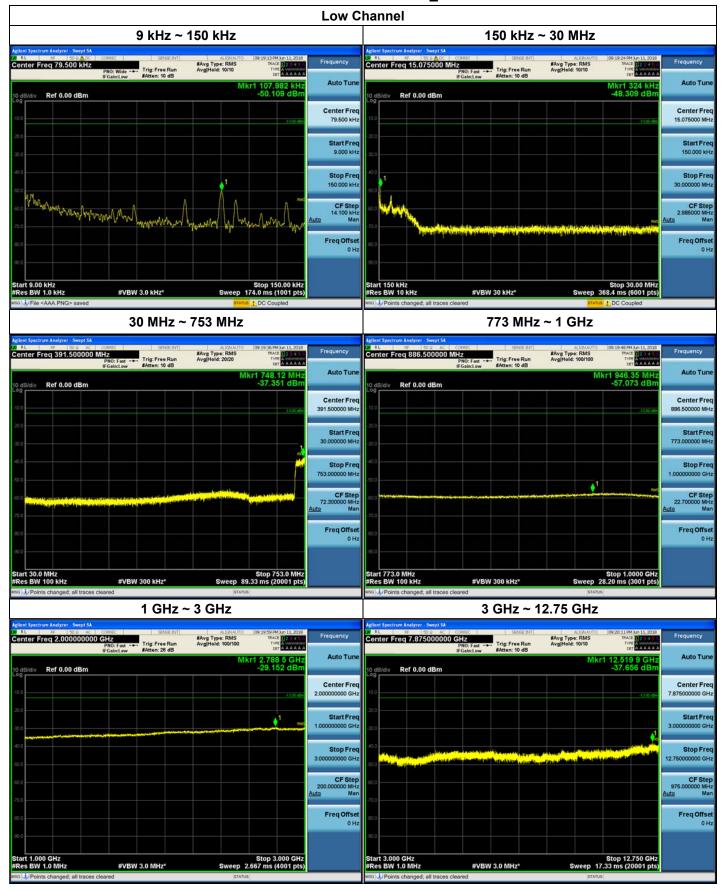




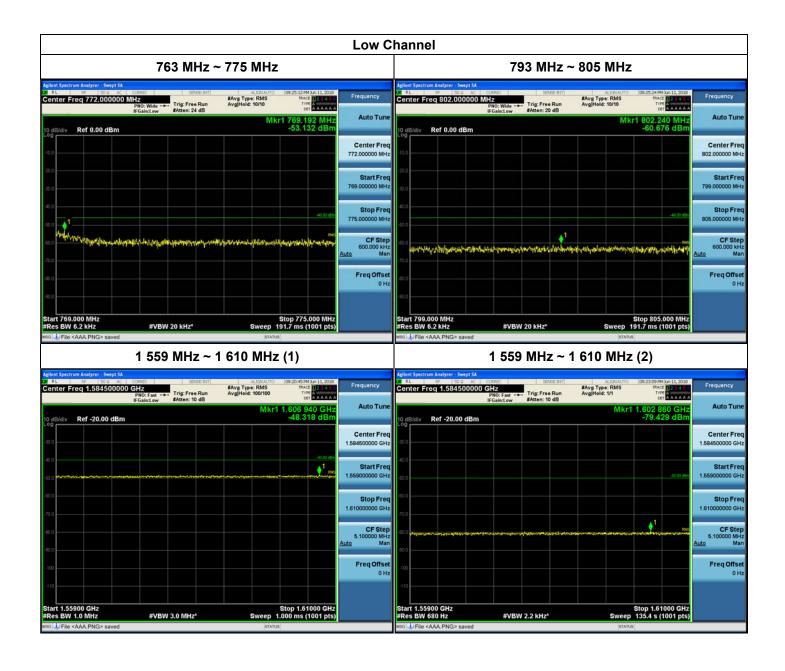


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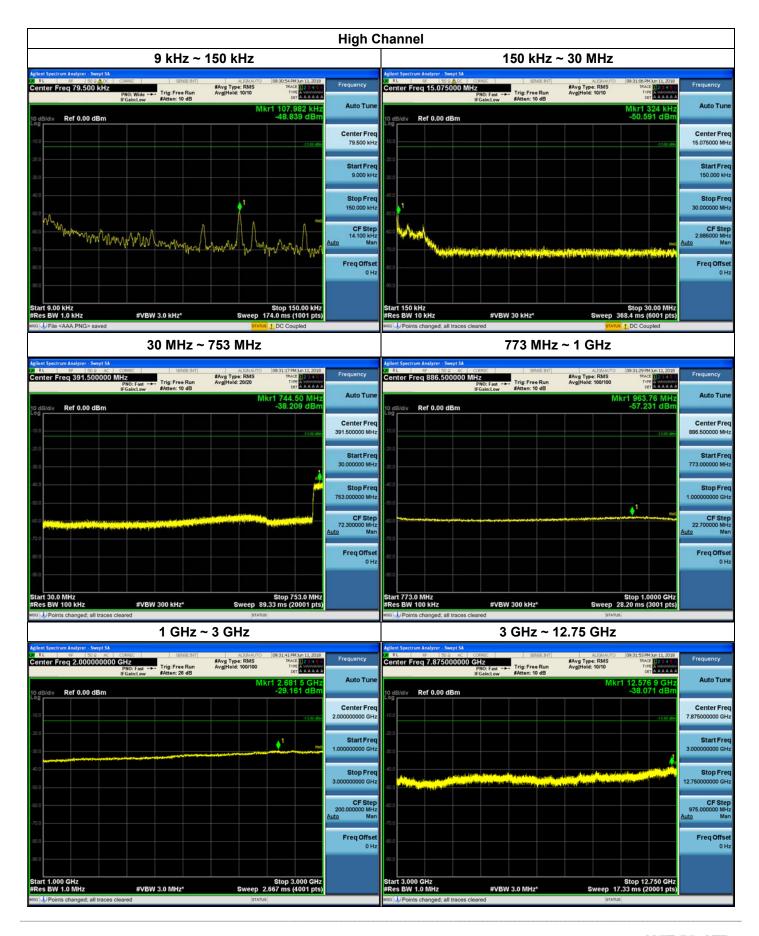
## Plots of Unwanted Conducted Emissions for LTE 5 MHz\_FirstNet Band











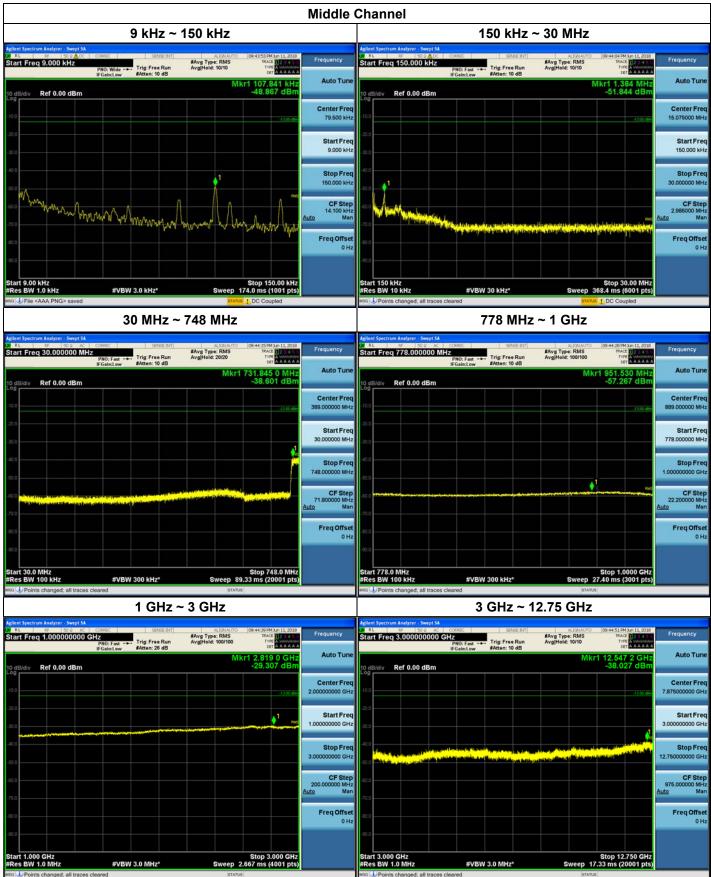


**High Channel** 793 MHz ~ 805 MHz 763 MHz ~ 775 MHz #Avg Type: RMS Avg|Hold: 10/10 #Avg Type: RMS Avg|Hold: 10/10 Trig: Free Run 769.036 MH -46.920 dBr Ref 0.00 dBm Center Free 772.000000 MH 802.000000 MH CF Step 600.000 kH Freq Offse Freq Offse Stop 775.000 MHz Sweep 191.7 ms (1001 pts) Stop 805.000 MHz Sweep 191.7 ms (1001 pts **#VBW 20 kHz\*** #VBW 20 kHz\* 1 559 MHz ~ 1 610 MHz (1) 1 559 MHz ~ 1 610 MHz (2) Rt 8F 50 0 AC CORRECTION OF THE PROPERTY OF T #Avg Type: RMS Avg|Hold: 100/100 #Avg Type: RMS Avg|Hold: 1/1 Ref -20.00 dBm Ref -20.00 dBm Center Free 1.584500000 GH: Center Freq 1.584500000 GHz Freq Offse Freq Offse Stop 1.61000 GHz Sweep 1.000 ms (1001 pts) #VBW 3.0 MHz\* #VBW 2.2 kHz\*



FCC ID: W6UHM700LFNR / ISED: 9354A-HM700LFNR

# Plots of Unwanted Conducted Emissions for LTE 10 MHz\_FirstNet Band







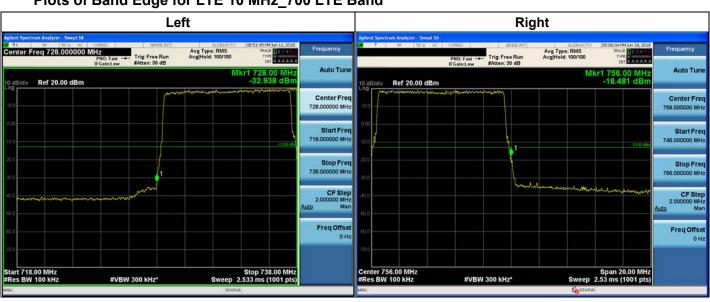


FCC ID: W6UHM700LFNR / ISED: 9354A-HM700LFNR

# Plots of Band Edge for LTE 5 MHz\_700 LTE Band



# Plots of Band Edge for LTE 10 MHz\_700 LTE Band



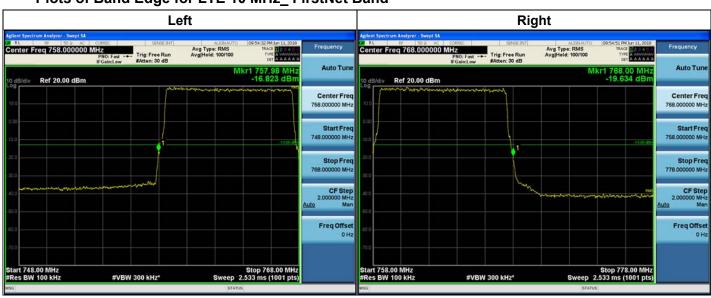


FCC ID: W6UHM700LFNR / ISED: 9354A-HM700LFNR

# Plots of Band Edge for LTE 5 MHz\_FirstNet Band



# Plots of Band Edge for LTE 10 MHz\_ FirstNet Band



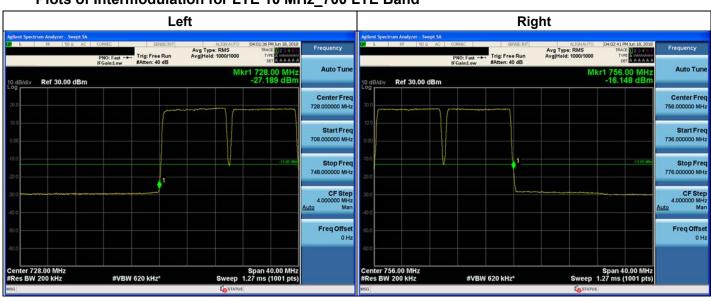


FCC ID: W6UHM700LFNR / ISED: 9354A-HM700LFNR

# Plots of Intermodulation for LTE 5 MHz\_700 LTE Band



# Plots of Intermodulation for LTE 10 MHz\_700 LTE Band





FCC ID: W6UHM700LFNR / ISED: 9354A-HM700LFNR

# Plots of Intermodulation for LTE 5 MHz\_FirstNet Band





### 10. RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

#### **FCC Rules**

#### **Test Requirements:**

#### § 2.1053 Measurements required: Field strength of spurious radiation.

- (a) Measurements shall be made to detect spurious emissions that may be radiated directly from the cabinet, control circuits, power leads, or intermediate circuit elements under normal conditions of installation and operation. Curves or equivalent data shall be supplied showing the magnitude of each harmonic and other spurious emission. For this test, single sideband, independent sideband, and controlled carrier transmitters shall be modulated under the conditions specified in paragraph (c) of §2.1049, as appropriate. For equipment operating on frequencies below 890 MHz, an open field test is normally required, with the measuring instrument antenna located in the far-field at all test frequencies. In the event it is either impractical or impossible to make open field measurements (e.g. a broadcast transmitter installed in a building) measurements will be accepted of the equipment as installed. Such measurements must be accompanied by a description of the site where the measurements were made showing the location of any possible source of reflections which might distort the field strength measurements. Information submitted shall include the relative radiated power of each spurious emission with reference to the rated power output of the transmitter, assuming all emissions are radiated from halfwave dipole antennas.
- (b) The measurements specified in paragraph (a) of this section shall be made for the following equipment:
  - (1) Those in which the spurious emissions are required to be 60 dB or more below the mean power of the transmitter.
  - (2) All equipment operating on frequencies higher than 25 MHz.
  - (3) All equipment where the antenna is an integral part of, and attached directly to the transmitter.
  - (4) Other types of equipment as required, when deemed necessary by the Commission.

#### **ISED Rules**

**Test Requirements:** 

RSS-Gen

#### 7. Receiver emissions limits

#### 7.3 Receiver radiated emission limits

Radiated emission measurements shall be performed with the receiver antenna connected to the receiver antenna ports. The search for spurious emissions shall be from the lowest frequency internally generated or used in the receiver (e.g. local oscillator, intermediate or carrier frequency), or 30 MHz, whichever is higher, to at least five times the highest tunable or



local oscillator frequency, whichever is higher, without exceeding 40 GHz. Spurious emissions from receivers shall not exceed the radiated emissions limits shown in Table 3.

Table 3 – Receiver radiated emissions limits					
Frequency (MHz) Field Strength (μν/m at 3 metres)*					
30-88	100				
88-216	150				
216-960	200				
Above 960	500				

**Footnote \*:** Measurements for compliance with the limits in table 3 may be performed at distances other than 3 metres. in accordance with section 6.6.

#### **Test Procedures:**

As required by 47 CFR 2.1053, *field strength of radiated spurious measurements* were made in accordance with the procedures of ANSI/TIA-603-C-2004 "Land Mobile FM or PM Communications Equipment Measurement and Performance Standards".

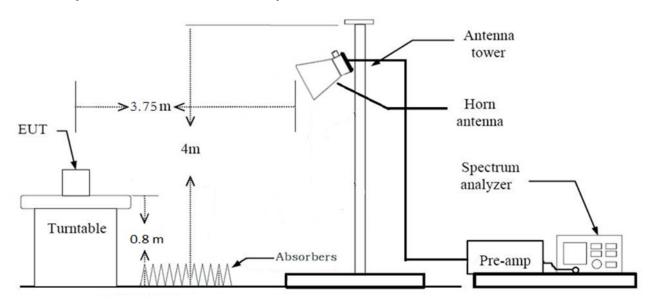
Radiated emission measurements were performed inside a 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber.

The EUT was set at a distance of 3m from the receiving antenna. The EUT's RF ports were terminated to 50ohm load. The EUT was set to transmit at the low, mid and high channels of the transmitter frequency range at its maximum power level. The EUT was rotated about 360and the receiving antenna scanned from 1-3m in order to capture the maximum emission. A calibrated antenna source was positioned in place of the EUT and the previously recorded signal was duplicated. The maximum EIRP of the emission was calculated by adding the forward power to the calibrated source plus its appropriate gain value. These steps were carried. out with the receiving antenna in both vertical and horizontal polarization. Harmonic emissions up to the 10th or 40GHz, whichever was the lesser, were investigated.



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## **Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Setup**



#### Note:

- 1. According to SVSWR requirement in ANSI 63.4-2014, We performed the radiated test at 3.75 m distance from center of turn table. So, we applied the distance factor (reference distance: 3 m).
- 2. Distance extrapolation factor = 20 log (test distance / specific distance) (dB)



## **Receiver Spurious Emissions Test Result:**

ISED Rule(s): RSS-Gen

Test Requirements: Blow the table

Operating conditions: Under normal test conditions

Method of testing: Radiated

F < 1 GHz: RBW: 120 kHz, VBW: 300 kHz (Quasi Peak)

S/A. Settings:

F > 1 GHz: RBW: 1 MHz, VBW: 1 MHz (Peak)

Mode of operation: Receive

Frequency	Field Strength
(MHz)	(microvolts/m at 3 meters)
30 – 88	100
88 - 216	150
216 – 960	200
Above 960	500

### **Operation Mode: Receive:**

30 MHz ~ 1 GHz

Frequency	Reading	Ant. factor	Cable loss	Ant. POL	Total	Limit	Margin
MHz	dBμV	dB /m	dB	(H/V)	dB <i>μ</i> V/m	dB <i>μ</i> V/m	dB
No critical peaks found							

#### Above 1 GHz

Frequency	Reading	Ant. factor	Cable loss	Ant. POL	Total	Limit	Margin
MHz	dBμV	dB /m	dB	(H/V)	dB <i>μ</i> V/m	$dB\muV/m$	dB
No critical peaks found							



FCC ID: W6UHM700LFNR / ISED: 9354A-HM700LFNR

# **Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Result:**

Harmonics were not found.

# [Downlink]

Ch.	Freq.(MHz)	Measured Level	Measured Power	Ant. Factor	C.L	A.G.	D.F.	Pol.	Result
		[dBuV/m]	[dBm]	[dB/m]	[dB]	[dB]	[dB]		[dBm]
No Critical Peaks Found									

<sup>\*</sup> C.L.: Cable Loss / A.G.: Ant. Gain / D.F.: Distance Factor (3.75 m)

#### Notes:

We have done horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.



# 11. FREQUENCY STABILITY OVER TEMPERATURE AND VOLTAGE VARIATIONS

#### **FCC Rules**

#### **Test Requirements:**

#### § 2.1055 Measurements required: Frequency stability.

- (a) The frequency stability shall be measured with variation of ambient temperature as follows:
  - (1) From  $-30^{\circ}$  to +  $50^{\circ}$  centigrade for all equipment except that specified in paragraphs (a) (2) and (3) of this section.

#### § 27.54 Frequency stability.

The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emissions stay within the authorized bands of operation.

#### **ISED Rules**

#### **Test Requirements:**

#### **RSS-130**

#### 4. Transmitter and Receiver Standard Specifications

#### 4.3 Transmitter Frequency Stability

The transmitter frequency stability limit shall be determined as follows:

- (a) The frequency offset shall be measured according to the procedure described in RSS-Gen and recorded:
- (b) Using a resolution bandwidth of 1% of the occupied bandwidth, a reference point at the unwanted emission level which complies with the attenuation of  $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$  (watts) on the emission mask of the lowest and highest channel shall be selected, and the frequency at these points shall be recorded as  $f_L$  and  $f_H$  respectively.

The applicant shall ensure frequency stability by showing that  $f_L$  minus the frequency offset and  $f_H$  plus the frequency offset shall be within the frequency range in which the equipment is designed to operate.

#### **RSS-131**

# 5. Equipment standard specifications for zone enhancers working with equipment certified in RSSs listed in section 1 except RSS-119

#### 5.2 Industrial Zone Enhancers

#### 5.2.4 Frequency stability

Industrial Zone Enhancers shall comply with the frequency stability given in the RSS that applies to the equipment with which the zone enhancer is to be used. In cases where the frequency stability limit is not given in the applicable RSS, the equipment shall comply with a



frequency stability of ± 1.5 ppm.

For zone enhancers with no input signal processing capability, the frequency stability measurement in this section is not required.

#### **Test Procedures:**

As required by 47 CFR 2.1055, *Frequency Stability measurements* were made at the RF output terminals using a Spectrum Analyzer.

The EUT was placed in the Environmental Chamber.

A CW signal was injected into the EUT at the appropriate RF level. The frequency counter option on the Spectrum Analyzer was used to measure frequency deviations.

The frequency drift was investigated for every 10 °C increment until the unit is stabilized then recorded the reading in tabular format with the temperature range of -30 to 50 °C. Voltage supplied to EUT is 110 Vac reference temperature was done at 20°C.

The voltage was varied by ± 15 % of nominal

#### **RSS-Gen**

#### 6. General administrative and technical requirements

### **6.11 Transmitter Frequency Stability**

Frequency stability is a measure of frequency drift due to temperature and supply voltage variations, with reference to the frequency measured at an appropriate reference temperature and the rated supply voltage.

When the measurement method of transmitter frequency stability is not stated in the applicable RSS or reference standards, the following conditions apply:

- a. The reference temperature for radio transmitters is +20°C (+68°F).
- b. A hand-held device that is only capable of operating using internal batteries shall be tested at the battery's nominal voltage, and again at the battery's operating end-point voltage, which shall be specified by the equipment manufacturer. For this test, either a battery or an external power supply can be used.
- c. The operating carrier frequency shall be set up in accordance with the manufacturer's published operation and instruction manual prior to the commencement of these tests. No adjustment of any frequency-determining circuit element shall be made subsequent to this initial set-up.

With the transmitter installed in an environmental test chamber, the unmodulated carrier frequency and frequency stability shall be measured under the conditions specified below for licensed and licence-exempt devices, unless specified otherwise in the applicable RSS. A sufficient stabilization period at each temperature shall be used prior to each frequency measurement.

For licensed devices, the following measurement conditions apply:



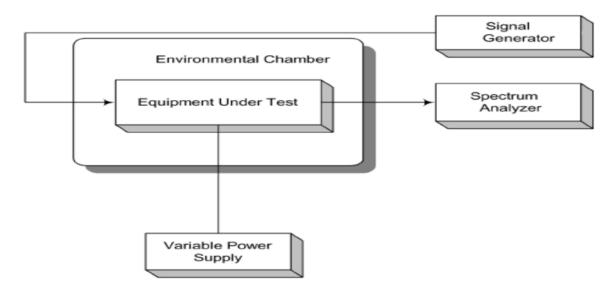
a. at the temperatures of -30°C (-22°F), +20°C (+68°F) and +50°C (+122°F), and at the manufacturer's rated supply voltage

- b. at the temperature of +20°C (+68°F) and at ±15% of the manufacturer's rated supply voltage For licence-exempt devices, the following conditions apply:
- a. at the temperatures of -20°C (-4°F), +20°C (+68°F) and +50°C (+122°F), and at the manufacturer's rated supply voltage
- b. at the temperature of +20°C (+68°F) and at ±15% of the manufacturer's rated supply voltage If the frequency stability limits are only met within a temperature range that is smaller than the range specified in (a) for licensed or licence-exempt devices, the frequency stability requirement will be deemed to be met if the transmitter is automatically prevented from operating outside this smaller temperature range and if the published operating characteristics for the equipment are revised to reflect this restricted temperature range.

If the device contains both licence and licence-exempt transmitter modules, the device's frequency stability shall be measured under the most stringent condition specified in the applicable RSS of the transmitter module.

In addition, if an unmodulated carrier is not available, the method used to measure frequency stability shall be described in the test report.

#### **Test Setup:**



\* Note: This EUT is supported power supply both of AC and DC. Test results are only attached worst cases.



## **Test Results:**

# Frequency Stability and Voltage Test Results [Downlink\_700 LTE]

Reference: 120 Vac at 20°C Freq. = 742.0 MHz

Voltage	Temp.	Frequency	Frequency	Deviation	
(%)	(℃)	(Hz)	Error (Hz)	(Hz)	ppm
	+20(Ref)	742 000 000	0.152	0.000	0.00000
	-30	742 000 001	1.154	1.002	0.00135
	-20	741 999 999	-0.936	-1.088	-0.00147
	-10	742 000 000	0.166	0.014	0.00002
100%	0	741 999 999	-0.910	-1.062	-0.00143
	+10	742 000 000	0.156	0.004	0.00001
	+30	742 000 001	1.074	0.922	0.00124
	+40	742 000 002	1.641	1.489	0.00201
	+50	742 000 000	-0.491	-0.643	-0.00087
High	+20	742 000 000	0.165	0.013	0.00002
Low	+20	742 000 000	0.373	0.221	0.00030

# [Downlink\_FirstNet]

**Reference:** 120 Vac at 20°C **Freq.** = 763.0 MHz

Voltage	Temp.	Frequency	Frequency	Deviation	
(%)	(℃)	(Hz)	Error (Hz)	(Hz)	ppm
	+20(Ref)	763 000 000	0.136	0.000	0.00000
	-30	763 000 003	2.756	2.620	0.00343
	-20	763 000 000	-0.423	-0.559	-0.00073
	-10	763 000 001	1.222	1.086	0.00142
100%	0	763 000 000	0.054	-0.082	-0.00011
	+10	763 000 000	-0.054	-0.190	-0.00025
	+30	763 000 000	0.165	0.029	0.00004
	+40	763 000 001	1.377	1.241	0.00163
	+50	763 000 002	2.251	2.115	0.00277
High	+20	763 000 001	0.871	0.735	0.00096
Low	+20	763 000 000	-0.309	-0.445	-0.00058



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# 12. APPENDIX A\_EUT AND TEST SETUP PHOTO

Please refer to test setup photo file no. as follows;

No.	Description
1	HCT-RF-1806-FI006-P