

FCC REPORT

Permissive change class II

Applicant Name:
SOLiD, Inc.**Date of Issue:**
July 05, 2017**Address:**
10, 9th Floor, SOLiD Space, Pangyo-yeok-ro
220, Bundang-gu, Seongnam-si, Gyeonggi-do, 463-
400, South Korea**Location:**
HCT CO., LTD.,
74, Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil, Majang-myeon,
Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 17383, Rep. of KOREA**Report No.:** HCT-R-1707-F006**HCT FRN:** 0005866421**ISED Registration Number:** 5944A-5**FCC ID:** W6UHMAWS1M**APPLICANT:** SOLiD, Inc.

Model: MRDU_AWS13_M
EUT Type: ALLIANCE_5W
Frequency Ranges: 2 110 MHz ~ 2 180 MHz (Downlink)
Conducted Output Power: 5 W (37 dBm)
Date of Test: June 13, 2016 ~ June 21, 2017
FCC Rule Part(s): CFR 47 Part 27

The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures indicated, and the emissions from this equipment were found to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them. It is further stated that upon the basis of the measurements made, the equipment tested is capable of operation in accordance with the requirements of the FCC Part 27 of the FCC Rules under normal use and maintenance.

Report prepared by : Kyung Soo Kang
Engineer of Telecommunication testing center

Approved by : Jong Seok Lee
Manager of Telecommunication testing center

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Version

TEST REPORT NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION
HCT-R-1707-F006	July 05, 2017	- First Approval Report

Table of Contents

1. CLIENT INFORMATION.....	4
2. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS.....	5
2.1. FACILITIES	5
2.2. EQUIPMENT	5
3. TEST SPECIFICATIONS.....	6
3.1. STANDARDS	6
3.2. MODE OF OPERATION DURING THE TEST.....	6
3.3. MAXIMUM MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	7
4. STANDARDS ENVIRONMENTAL TEST CONDITIONS	7
5. TEST EQUIPMENT	8
6. RF OUTPUT POWER.....	9
7. OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH	29
8. PASSBAND GAIN AND BANDWIDTH & OUT OF BAND REJECTION	59
9. SPURIOUS AND HARMONIC EMISSION AT ANTENNA TERMINAL	62
10. RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS	136
11. FREQUENCY STABILITY OVER TEMPERATURE AND VOLTAGE VARIATIONS	139

1. CLIENT INFORMATION

The EUT has been tested by request of

Company	SOLiD, Inc. 10, 9th Floor, SOLiD Space, Pangyoyeok-ro 220, Bundang-gu, Seongnam-si, Gyeonggi-do, 463-400, South Korea
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FCC ID: W6UHMAWS1M
EUT Type: ALLIANCE_5W
Model: MRDU_AWS13_M
Power Supply: 120 VAC / -48 VDC
Frequency Ranges: 2 110 MHz ~2 180 MHz (Downlink)
Conducted Output Power: 5 W (37 dBm)
Antenna Gain(s): Manufacturer does not provide an antenna.
Measurement standard(s): ANSI/TIA-603-C-2004, KDB 971168 D01 v02r02
KDB 935210 D02 v03r02, KDB 935210 D05 v01r01
FCC Rule Part(s): CFR 47 Part 27
Place of Tests: 74, Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil, Majang-myeon, Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do,
17383, Rep. of KOREA

2. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS

2.1. FACILITIES

The SAC(Semi-Anechoic Chamber) and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data are located at the 74, Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil, Majang-myeon, Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 17383, Rep. of KOREA. The site is constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4. (Version :2014) and CISPR Publication 22. Detailed description of test facility was submitted to the Commission and accepted dated July 07, 2015 (Registration Number: 90661).

2.2. EQUIPMENT

Radiated emissions are measured with one or more of the following types of Linearly polarized antennas: tuned dipole, bi-conical, log periodic, bi-log, and/or ridged waveguide, horn. Spectrum analyzers with pre-selectors and quasi-peak detectors are used to perform radiated measurements.

Calibrated wideband preamplifiers, coaxial cables, and coaxial attenuators are also used for making measurements.

All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

3. TEST SPECIFICATIONS

3.1. STANDARDS

The following tests were conducted on a sample of the equipment for the purpose of demonstrating compliance with FCC Part 2, Part 27.

Description	Reference (FCC)	Results
Conducted RF Output Power	§2.1046; §27.50	Compliant
Occupied Bandwidth	§2.1049	Compliant
Passband Gain and Bandwidth & Out of Band Rejection	KDB 935210 D02 v03r02	Compliant
Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals	§2.1051, §27.53	Compliant
Radiated Spurious Emissions	§2.1053, §27.53	Compliant
Frequency Stability	§2.1055, §27.54	Compliant

3.2. MODE OF OPERATION DURING THE TEST

The EUT was operated in a manner representative of the typical usage of the equipment.

During all testing, system components were manipulated within the confines of typical usage to maximize each emission.

The device does not supply antenna(s) with the system, so the dummy loads were connected to the RF output ports for radiated spurious emission testing.

This EUT is supported power supply both of AC and DC. Test results are only attached worst cases.

3.3. MAXIMUM MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The value of the measurement uncertainty for the measurement of each parameter.

Coverage factor $k = 2$, Confidence levels of 95 %

Description	Condition	Uncertainty
Conducted RF Output Power	-	$\pm 0.72 \text{ dB}$
Occupied Bandwidth	$\text{OBW} \leq 20 \text{ MHz}$	$\pm 52 \text{ kHz}$
Passband Gain and Bandwidth & Out of Band Rejection	Gain 20 dB bandwidth	$\pm 0.89 \text{ dB}$ $\pm 0.58 \text{ MHz}$
Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals	-	$\pm 1.08 \text{ dB}$
Radiated Spurious Emissions	$f \leq 1 \text{ GHz}$ $f > 1 \text{ GHz}$	$\pm 4.80 \text{ dB}$ $\pm 6.07 \text{ dB}$
Frequency Stability	-	$\pm 1.22 \times 10^{-6}$

4. STANDARDS ENVIRONMENTAL TEST CONDITIONS

Temperature :	+ 15 °C to + 35 °C
Relative humidity:	30 % to 60 %
Air pressure	860 mbar to 1 060 mbar

5. TEST EQUIPMENT

Manufacturer	Model / Equipment	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval	Serial No.
Agilent	E4438C /Signal Generator	12/21/2016	Annual	MY42082646
Agilent	N5182A /Signal Generator	03/29/2017	Annual	MY50141649
Agilent	N5182A /Signal Generator	01/23/2017	Annual	MY47070406
Agilent	N9020A / Spectrum Analyzer	07/04/2016	Annual	MY49100925
Weinschel	67-30-33 / Fixed Attenuator	02/09/2017	Annual	CC7264
Rohde&Schwarz	10 dB Attenuator	06/01/2017	Annual	N/A
Agilent	11636A / Power Divider	08/12/2016	Annual	09109
DEAYOUNG ENT	DFSS60 / AC Power Supply	04/05/2017	Annual	1003030-1
HP	6674A / DC Power Supply	07/26/2016	Annual	3501A00901
NANGYEUL CO., LTD.	NY-THR18750 / Temperature and Humidity Chamber	10/21/2016	Annual	NY-2009012201A
Innco system	MA4000-EP / Antenna Position Tower	N/A	N/A	N/A
Innco system	CT0800 / Turn Table	N/A	N/A	N/A
Innco system	CO3000 / Controller(Antenna mast)	N/A	N/A	CO3000-4p
ETS	2090 / Controller(Turn table)	N/A	N/A	1646
Rohde & Schwarz	Loop Antenna	04/19/2017	Biennial	1513-175
Schwarzbeck	VULB 9168 / Hybrid Antenna	04/06/2017	Biennial	760
Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9120D / Horn Antenna	12/11/2015	Biennial	9120D-1191
Schwarzbeck	BBHA9170 / Horn Antenna(15 GHz ~ 40 GHz)	09/04/2015	Biennial	BBHA9170541
Rohde & Schwarz	FSP / Spectrum Analyzer	09/29/2016	Annual	836650/016
Rohde & Schwarz	FSV40-N / Spectrum Analyzer	09/23/2016	Annual	101068-SZ
Wainwright Instruments	WHKX10-2700-3000-18000-40SS / High Pass Filter	08/11/2016	Annual	4
CERNEX	CBLU1183540 / Power Amplifier	01/25/2017	Annual	24614
CERNEX	CBL06185030 / Power Amplifier	01/25/2017	Annual	24615
CERNEX	CBL18265035 / Power Amplifier	01/23/2017	Annual	22966

6. RF OUTPUT POWER

FCC Rules

Test Requirements:

§ 2.1046 Measurements required: RF power output:

- (a) For transmitters other than single sideband, independent sideband and controlled carrier radiotelephone, power output shall be measured at the RF output terminals when the transmitter is adjusted in accordance with the tune-up procedure to give the values of current and voltage on the circuit elements specified in § 2.1033(c)(8). The electrical characteristics of the radio frequency load attached to the output terminals when this test is made shall be stated.
- (b) For single sideband, independent sideband, and single channel, controlled carrier radio telephone transmitters, the procedure specified in paragraph (a) of this section shall be employed and, in addition, the transmitter shall be modulated during the test as specified and as applicable in § 2.1046 (b) (1-5). In all tests, the input level of the modulating signal shall be such as to develop rated peak envelope power or carrier power, as appropriate, for the transmitter.
- (c) For measurements conducted pursuant to paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section, all calculations and methods used by the applicant for determining carrier power or peak envelope power, as appropriate, on the basis of measured power in the radio frequency load attached to the transmitter output terminals shall be shown. Under the test conditions specified, no components of the emission spectrum shall exceed the limits specified in the applicable rule parts as necessary for meeting occupied bandwidth or emission limitations.

§ 27.50 Power limits and duty cycle.

- (d) The following power and antenna height requirements apply to stations transmitting in the 1695-1710 MHz, 1710-1755 MHz, 1755-1780 MHz, 1915-1920 MHz, 1995-2000 MHz, 2000-2020 MHz, 2110-2155 MHz, 2155-2180 MHz and 2180-2200 MHz bands:

(1) The power of each fixed or base station transmitting in the 1995-2000 MHz, 2110-2155 MHz, 2155-2180 MHz or 2180-2200 MHz band and located in any county with population density of 100 or fewer persons per square mile, based upon the most recently available population statistics from the Bureau of the Census, is limited to:

- (i) An equivalent isotropically radiated power (EIRP) of 3280 watts when transmitting with an emission bandwidth of 1 MHz or less;
- (ii) An EIRP of 3280 watts/MHz when transmitting with an emission bandwidth greater than 1 MHz.

(2) The power of each fixed or base station transmitting in the 1995-2000 MHz, the 2110-2155 MHz 2155-2180 MHz band, or 2180-2200 MHz band and situated in any geographic location other than that described in paragraph (d)(1) of this section is limited to:

- (i) An equivalent isotropically radiated power (EIRP) of 1640 watts when transmitting with an

emission bandwidth of 1 MHz or less;

(ii) An EIRP of 1640 watts/MHz when transmitting with an emission bandwidth greater than 1 MHz.

(3) A licensee operating a base or fixed station in the 2110-2155 MHz band utilizing a power greater than 1640 watts EIRP and greater than 1640 watts/MHz EIRP must coordinate such operations in advance with all Government and non-Government satellite entities in the 2025-2110 MHz band. A licensee operating a base or fixed station in the 2110-2180 MHz band utilizing power greater than 1640 watts EIRP and greater than 1640 watts/MHz EIRP must be coordinated in advance with the following licensees authorized to operate within 120 kilometers (75 miles) of the base or fixed station operating in this band: All Broadband Radio Service (BRS) licensees authorized under this part in the 2155-2160 MHz band and all advanced wireless services (AWS) licensees authorized to operate on adjacent frequency blocks in the 2110-2180 MHz band.

(4) Fixed, mobile, and portable (hand-held) stations operating in the 1710-1755 MHz band and mobile and portable stations operating in the 1695-1710 MHz and 1755-1780 MHz bands are limited to 1 watt EIRP. Fixed stations operating in the 1710-1755 MHz band are limited to a maximum antenna height of 10 meters above ground. Mobile and portable stations operating in these bands must employ a means for limiting power to the minimum necessary for successful communications.

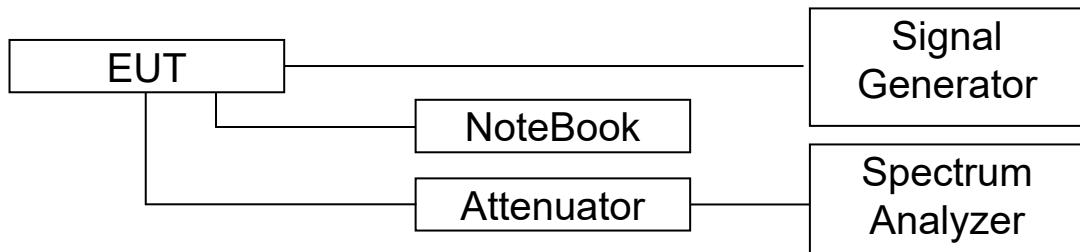
Test Procedures:

Measurements were in accordance with the test methods section 3.5.2 of KDB 935210 D05 v01r01.

- a) Connect a signal generator to the input of the EUT.
- b) Configure to generate the AWGN (broadband) test signal.
- c) The frequency of the signal generator shall be set to the frequency f_0 as determined from 3.3.
- d) Connect a spectrum analyzer or power meter to the output of the EUT using appropriate attenuation as necessary.
- e) Set the signal generator output power to a level that produces an EUT output level that is just below the AGC threshold (see 3.2), but not more than 0.5 dB below.
- f) Measure and record the output power of the EUT; use 3.5.3 or 3.5.4 for power measurement.
- g) Remove the EUT from the measurement setup. Using the same signal generator settings, repeat the power measurement at the signal generator port, which was used as the input signal to the EUT, and record as the input power. EUT gain may be calculated as described in 3.5.5.
- h) Repeat steps f) and g) with input signal amplitude set to 3 dB above the AGC threshold level.
- i) Repeat steps e) to h) with the narrowband test signal.
- j) Repeat steps e) to i) for all frequency bands authorized for use by the EUT.

Power measurement Method:

Guidance for performing input/output power measurements using a spectrum or signal analyzer is provided in 5.2 of KDB Publication 971168.

**Block Diagram 1. RF Power Output Test Setup****Test Results:**

Input Signal	Input Level (dBm)	Maximum Amp Gain
AWS13	-14 dBm	51 dB

Single channel Enhancer

* Due to EUT's ALC function (Auto Level Control), even if input signal is increased, The same output power is transmit.

[Downlink]

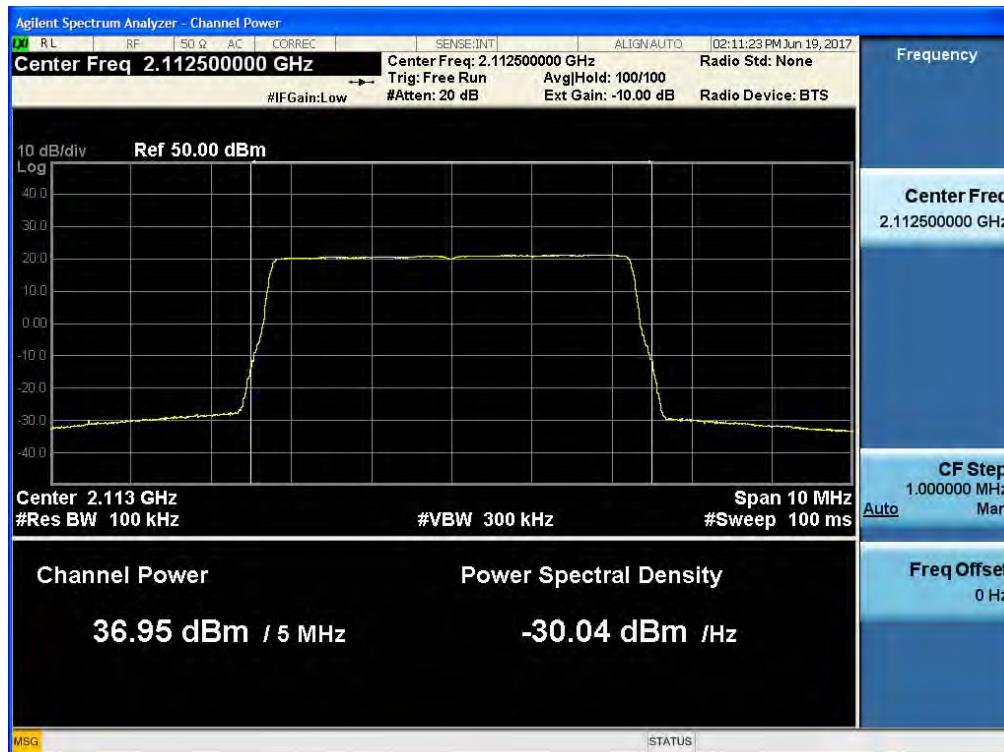
	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power	
			(dBm)	(W)
AWS Band LTE 5 MHz AGC threshold	Low	2112.50	36.95	4.955
	Middle	2145.00	37.16	5.200
	High	2177.50	37.07	5.093
AWS Band LTE 5 MHz +3dBm above the AGC threshold	Low	2112.50	36.54	4.508
	Middle	2145.00	37.12	5.152
	High	2177.50	37.05	5.070
AWS Band LTE 10 MHz AGC threshold	Low	2115.00	36.98	4.989
	Middle	2145.00	37.03	5.047
	High	2175.00	36.95	4.955
AWS Band LTE 10 MHz +3dBm above the AGC threshold	Low	2115.00	36.95	4.955
	Middle	2145.00	37.00	5.012
	High	2175.00	36.91	4.909
AWS Band LTE 20 MHz AGC threshold	Low	2120.00	36.99	5.000
	Middle	2145.00	36.97	4.977
	High	2170.00	36.91	4.909
AWS Band LTE 20 MHz +3dBm above the AGC threshold	Low	2120.00	37.01	5.023
	Middle	2145.00	36.88	4.875
	High	2170.00	36.84	4.831

	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power	
			(dBm)	(W)
AWS Band_ CDMA AGC threshold	Low	2111.25	36.93	4.932
	Middle	2145.00	36.84	4.831
	High	2178.75	37.01	5.023
AWS Band_ CDMA +3dBm above the AGC threshold	Low	2111.25	36.99	5.000
	Middle	2145.00	36.61	4.581
	High	2178.75	36.95	4.955
AWS Band_ WCDMA AGC threshold	Low	2112.50	37.00	5.012
	Middle	2145.00	37.07	5.093
	High	2177.50	36.94	4.943
AWS Band_ WCDMA +3dBm above the AGC threshold	Low	2112.50	36.69	4.667
	Middle	2145.00	37.00	5.012
	High	2177.50	36.36	4.325

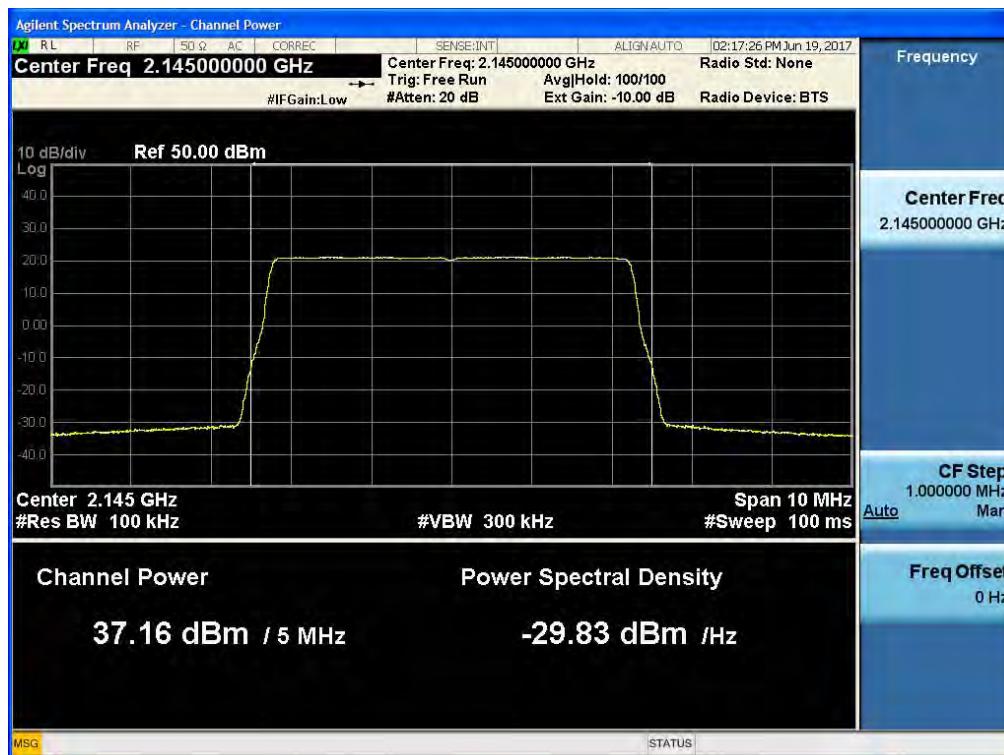
*Note: We have done CDMA and 1xEVDO modulation test in technology. Test results are only attached worst cases.

Plots of RF Output Power for AWS Band LTE 5MHz

[AGC threshold Downlink Low]



[AGC threshold Downlink Middle]



[AGC threshold Downlink High]



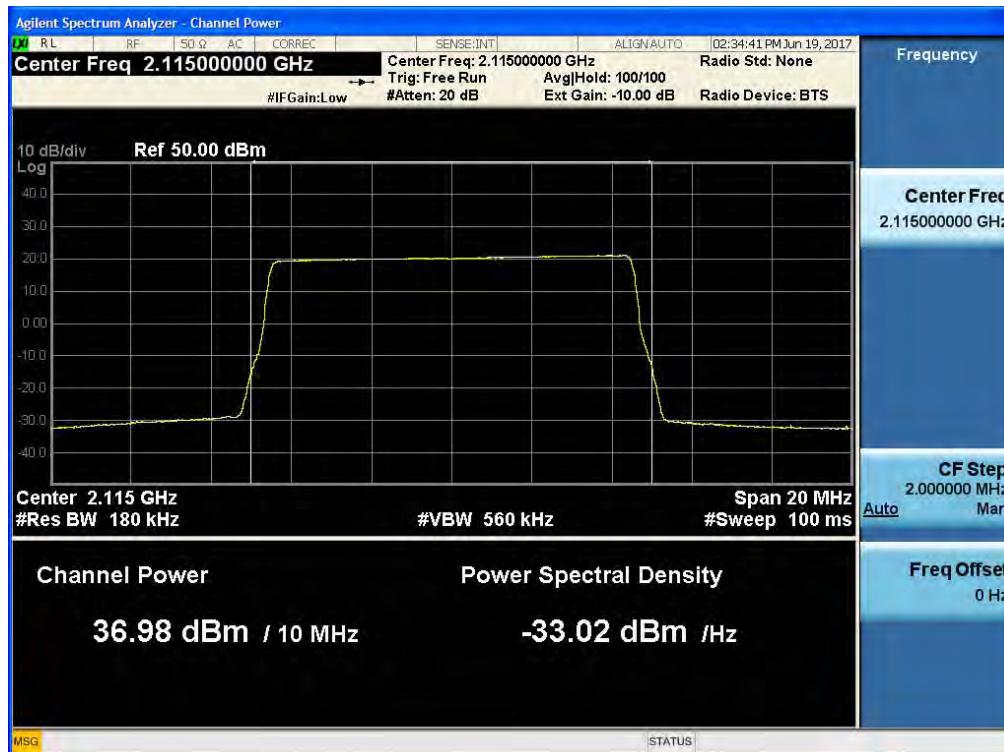
[+3dBm above AGC threshold Downlink Low]



[+3dBm above AGC threshold Downlink Middle]

[+3dBm above AGC threshold Downlink High]


Plots of RF Output Power for AWS Band LTE 10MHz [AGC threshold Downlink Low]



[AGC threshold Downlink Middle]



[AGC threshold Downlink High]



[+3dBm above AGC threshold Downlink Low]



[+3dBm above AGC threshold Downlink Middle]

[+3dBm above AGC threshold Downlink High]


Plots of RF Output Power for AWS Band LTE 20MHz
[AGC threshold Downlink Low]



[AGC threshold Downlink Middle]

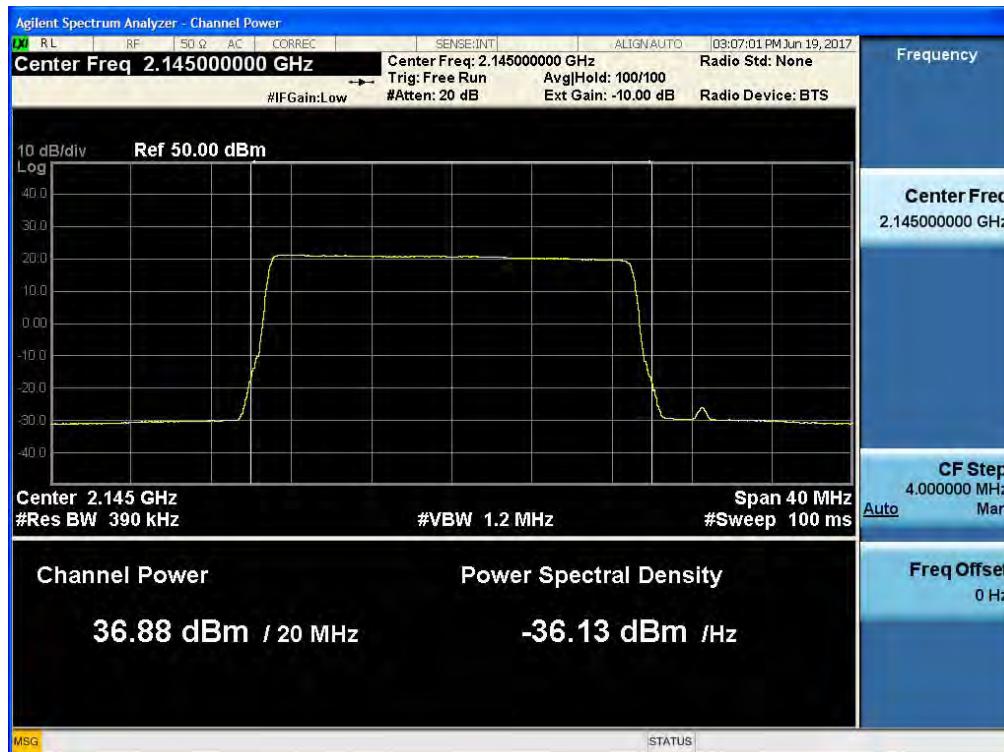


[AGC threshold Downlink High]



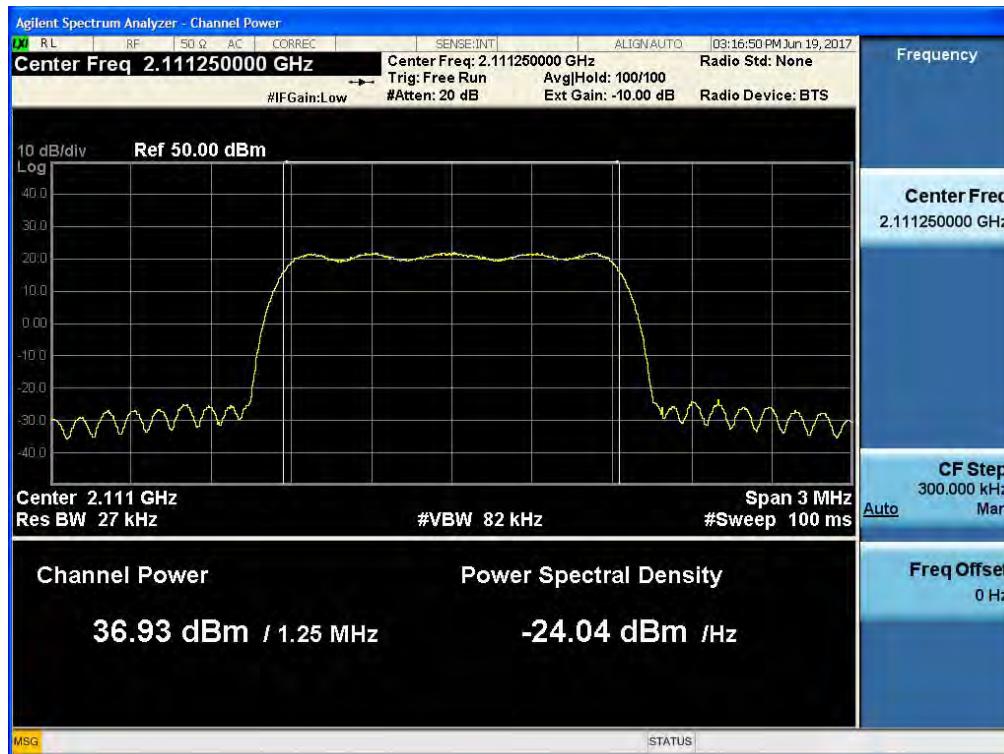
[+3dBm above AGC threshold Downlink Low]



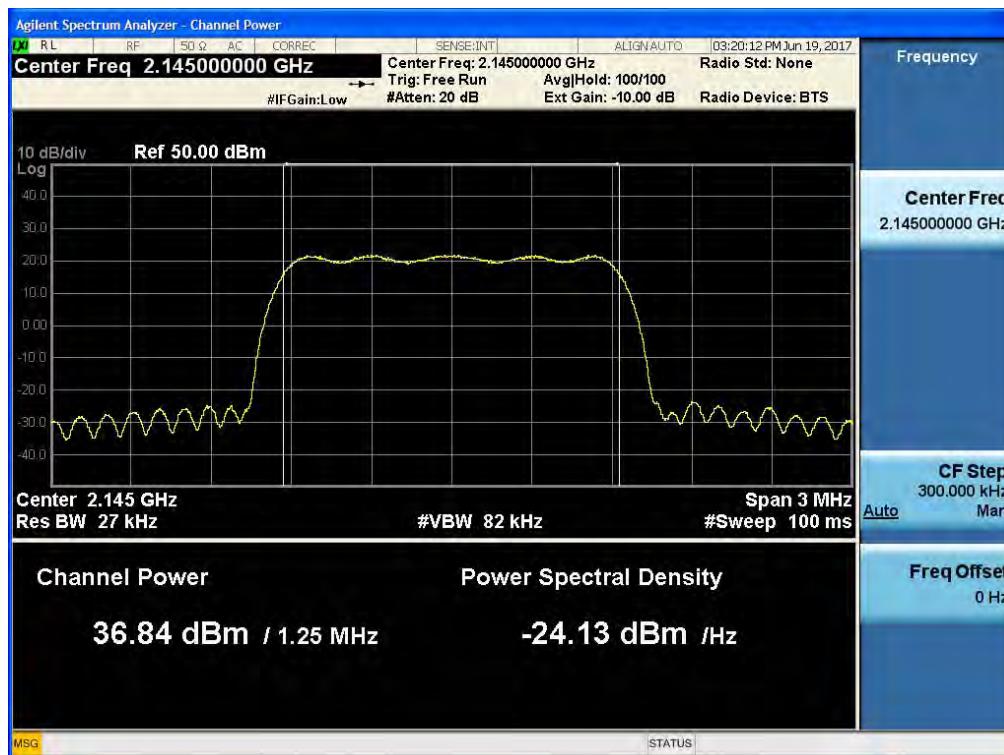
[+3dBm above AGC threshold Downlink Middle]

[+3dBm above AGC threshold Downlink High]


Plots of RF Output Power for AWS Band CDMA

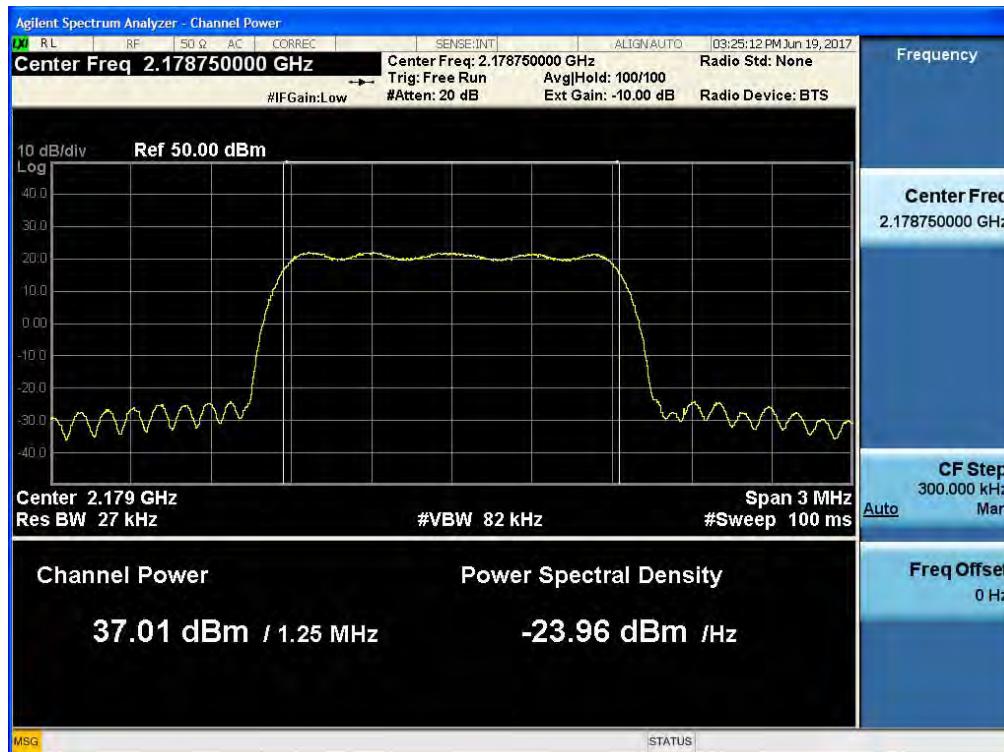
[AGC threshold Downlink Low]



[AGC threshold Downlink Middle]

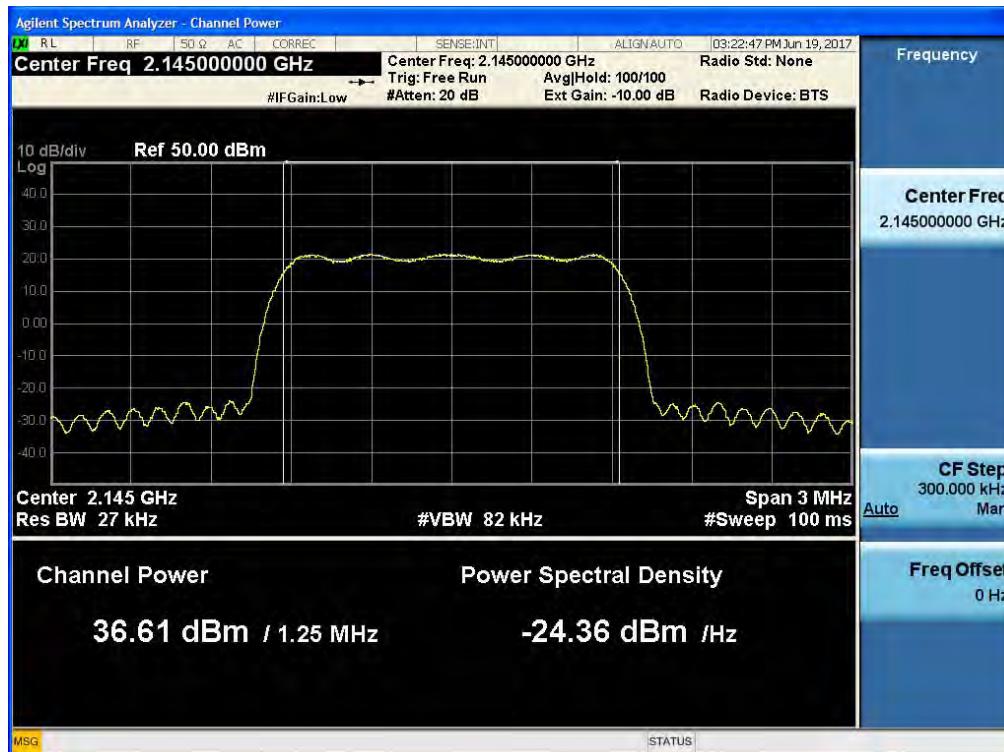


[AGC threshold Downlink High]



[+3dBm above AGC threshold Downlink Low]



[+3dBm above AGC threshold Downlink Middle]

[+3dBm above AGC threshold Downlink High]


Plots of RF Output Power for AWS Band WCDMA

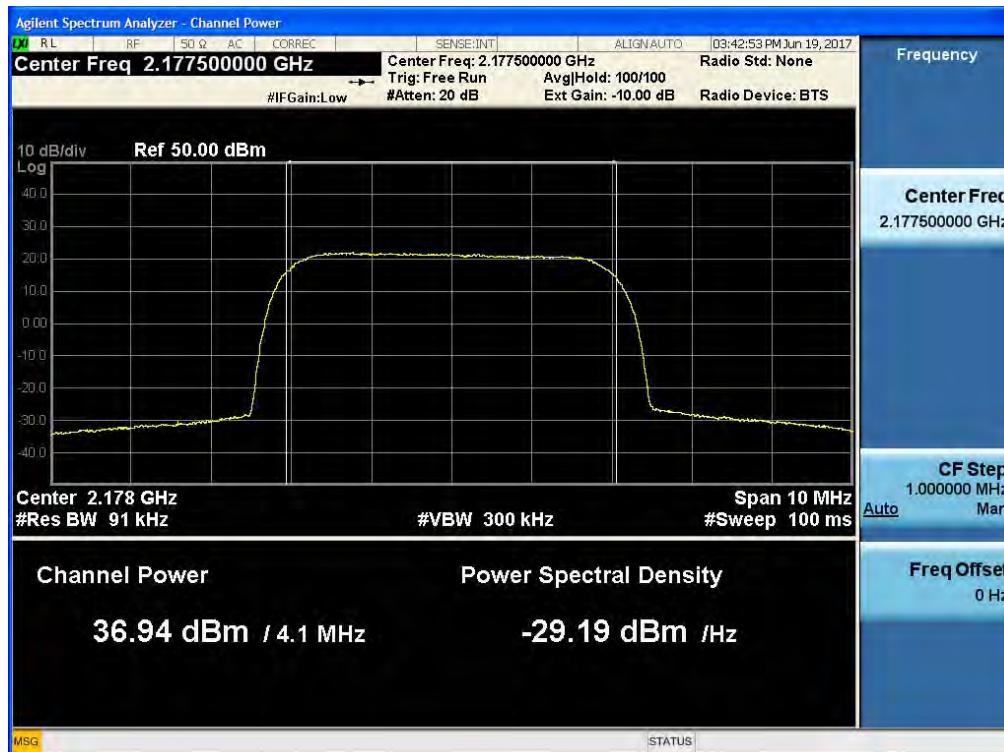
[AGC threshold Downlink Low]



[AGC threshold Downlink Middle]



[AGC threshold Downlink High]



[+3dBm above AGC threshold Downlink Low]



[+3dBm above AGC threshold Downlink Middle]

[+3dBm above AGC threshold Downlink High]


7. OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH

FCC Rules

Test Requirement(s):

§ 2.1049 Measurements required: Occupied bandwidth:

The occupied bandwidth, that is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers radiated are each equal to 0.5 percent of the total mean power radiated by a given emission shall be measured under the specified conditions of § 2.1049 (a) through (i) as applicable.

Test Procedures:

Measurements were in accordance with the test methods section 3.4 of KDB 935210 D05 v01r01 and section 4.2 of KDB 971168 D01 v02r02.

Test is 99% OBW measured and used.

- a) Connect a signal generator to the input of the EUT.
- b) Configure the signal generator to transmit the AWGN signal.
- c) Configure the signal amplitude to be just below the AGC threshold level (see 3.2), but not more than 0.5 dB below.
- d) Connect a spectrum analyzer to the output of the EUT using appropriate attenuation.
- e) Set the spectrum analyzer center frequency to the center frequency of the operational band under test. The span range of the spectrum analyzer shall be between 2 times to 5 times the OBW.
- f) The nominal resolution bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5 % of the anticipated OBW, and the VBW shall be $\geq 3 \times \text{RBW}$.
- g) Set the reference level of the instrument as required to preclude the signal from exceeding the maximum spectrum analyzer input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope must be more than $[10 \log (\text{OBW} / \text{RBW})]$ below the reference level.

NOTE—Steps f) and g) may require iteration to enable adjustments within the specified tolerances.

- h) The noise floor of the spectrum analyzer at the selected RBW shall be at least 36 dB below the reference level.
- i) Set spectrum analyzer detection function to positive peak.
- j) Set the trace mode to max hold.
- k) Use the 99 % power bandwidth function of the spectrum analyzer (if available) and report the measured bandwidth.
- l) Repeat steps e) to k) with the input signal connected directly to the spectrum analyzer (i.e., input signal measurement).
- m) Compare the spectral plot of the input signal (determined from step l) to the output signal (determined from step k) to affirm that they are similar (in pass band and roll off characteristic

features and relative spectral locations), and include plot(s) and descriptions in test report.

n) Repeat for all frequency bands authorized for use by the EUT.

Test Results:**[Downlink Output_AWS BAND]**

	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	OBW (MHz)
AWS Band_ LTE 5 MHz AGC threshold	Low	2112.50	4.4746
	Middle	2145.00	4.4770
	High	2177.50	4.4734
AWS Band_ LTE 5 MHz +3dBm above the AGC threshold	Low	2112.50	4.5122
	Middle	2145.00	4.5129
	High	2177.50	4.5123
AWS Band_ LTE 10 MHz AGC threshold	Low	2115.00	8.9977
	Middle	2145.00	8.9996
	High	2175.00	8.9814
AWS Band_ LTE 10 MHz +3dBm above the AGC threshold	Low	2115.00	8.9920
	Middle	2145.00	9.0001
	High	2175.00	9.0041
AWS Band_ LTE 20 MHz AGC threshold	Low	2120.00	17.9596
	Middle	2145.00	18.0043
	High	2170.00	17.9617
AWS Band_ LTE 20 MHz +3dBm above the AGC threshold	Low	2120.00	17.9832
	Middle	2145.00	18.0101
	High	2170.00	17.9506

	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	OBW (MHz)
AWS Band_ CDMA AGC threshold	Low	2111.25	1.2784
	Middle	2145.00	1.2741
	High	2178.75	1.2728
AWS Band_ CDMA +3dBm above the AGC threshold	Low	2111.25	1.2757
	Middle	2145.00	1.2758
	High	2178.75	1.2739
AWS Band_ WCDMA AGC threshold	Low	2112.50	4.1778
	Middle	2145.00	4.1739
	High	2177.50	4.1675
AWS Band_ WCDMA +3dBm above the AGC threshold	Low	2112.50	4.1787
	Middle	2145.00	4.1807
	High	2177.50	4.1689

*Note: We have done CDMA and 1xEVDO modulation test in technology. Test results are only attached worst cases.

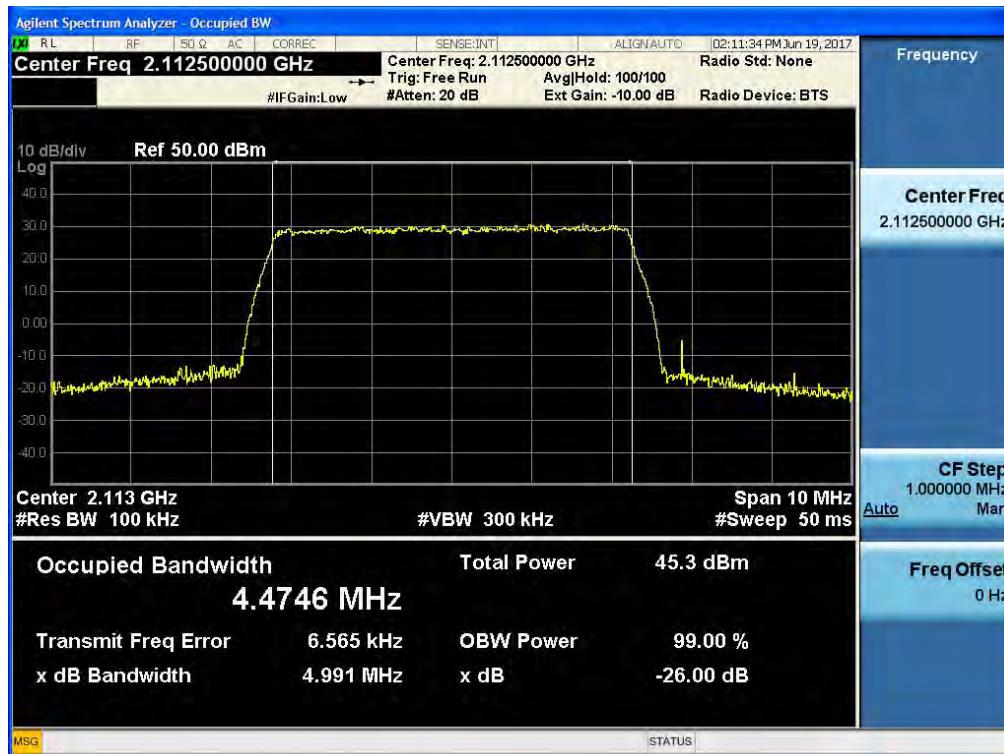
[Downlink Input_AWS BAND]

	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	OBW (MHz)
AWS Band_ LTE 5 MHz AGC threshold	Low	2112.50	4.5004
	Middle	2145.00	4.5040
	High	2177.50	4.5048
AWS Band_ LTE 10 MHz AGC threshold	Low	2115.00	8.9825
	Middle	2145.00	8.9741
	High	2175.00	8.9780
AWS Band_ LTE 20 MHz AGC threshold	Low	2120.00	17.9280
	Middle	2145.00	17.9430
	High	2170.00	17.9480
AWS Band_ CDMA AGC threshold	Low	2111.25	1.2742
	Middle	2145.00	1.2749
	High	2178.75	1.2729
AWS Band_ WCDMA AGC threshold	Low	2112.50	4.1913
	Middle	2145.00	4.1858
	High	2177.50	4.1855

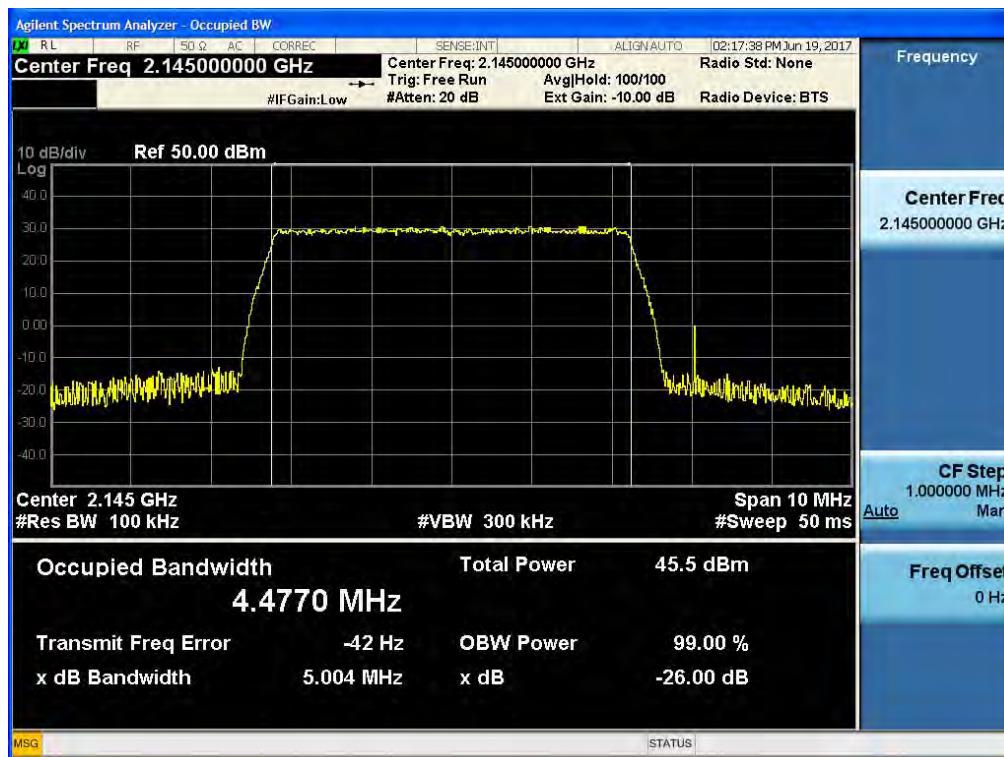
*Note: We have done CDMA and 1xEVDO modulation test in technology. Test results are only attached worst cases.

Plots of Occupied Bandwidth_AWS BAND LTE 5 MHz

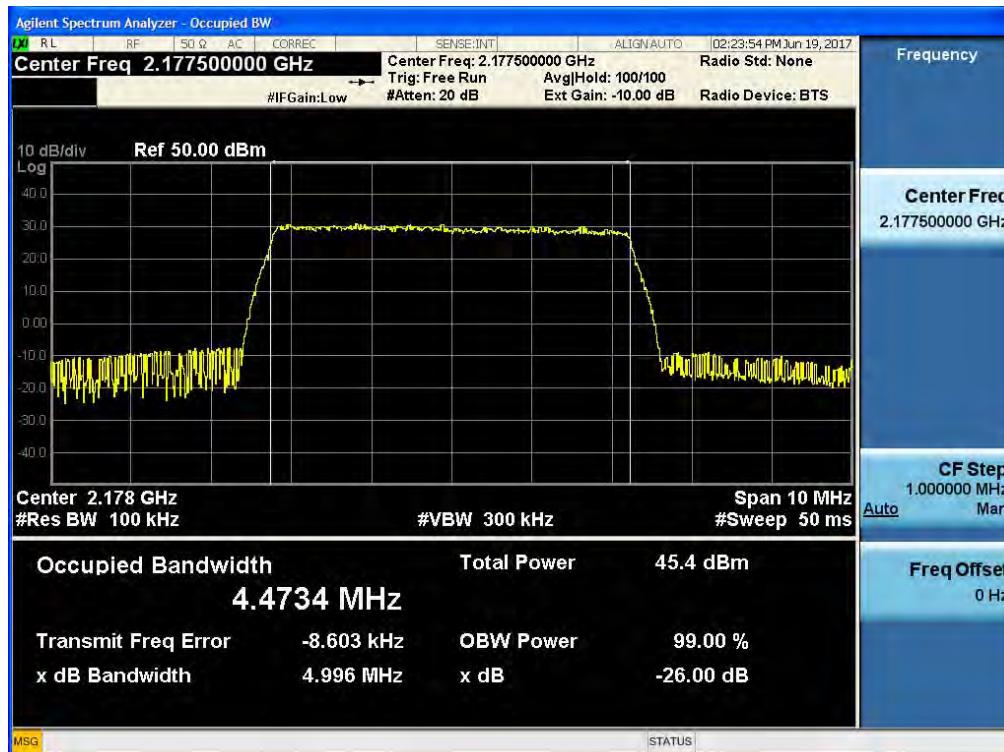
[AGC threshold Output Downlink Low]



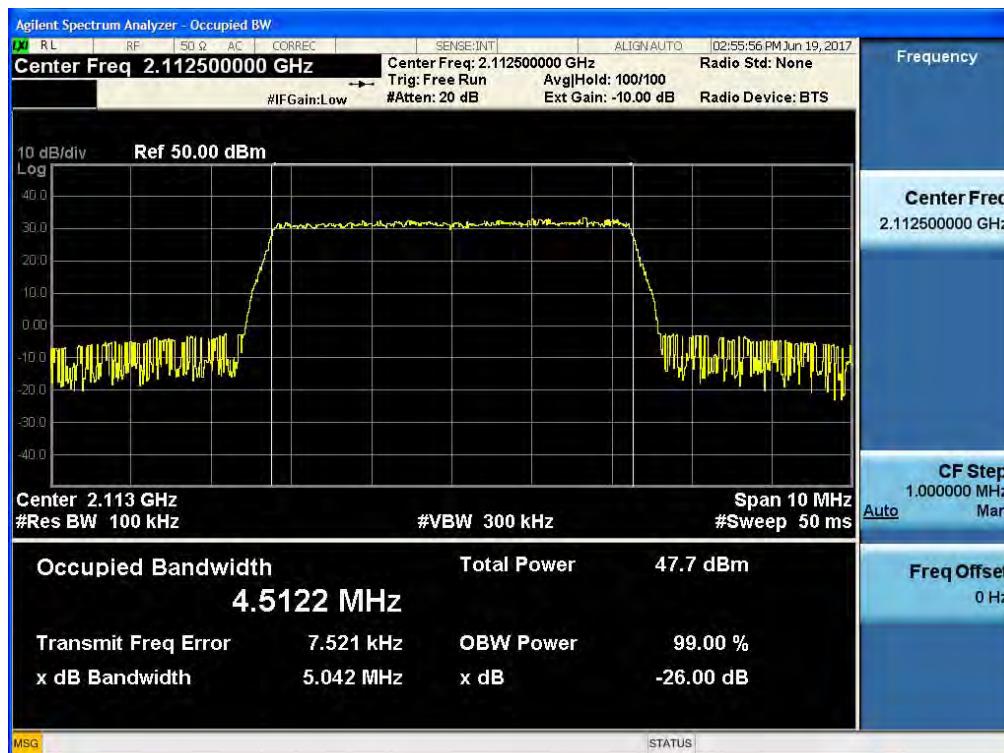
[AGC threshold Output Downlink Middle]

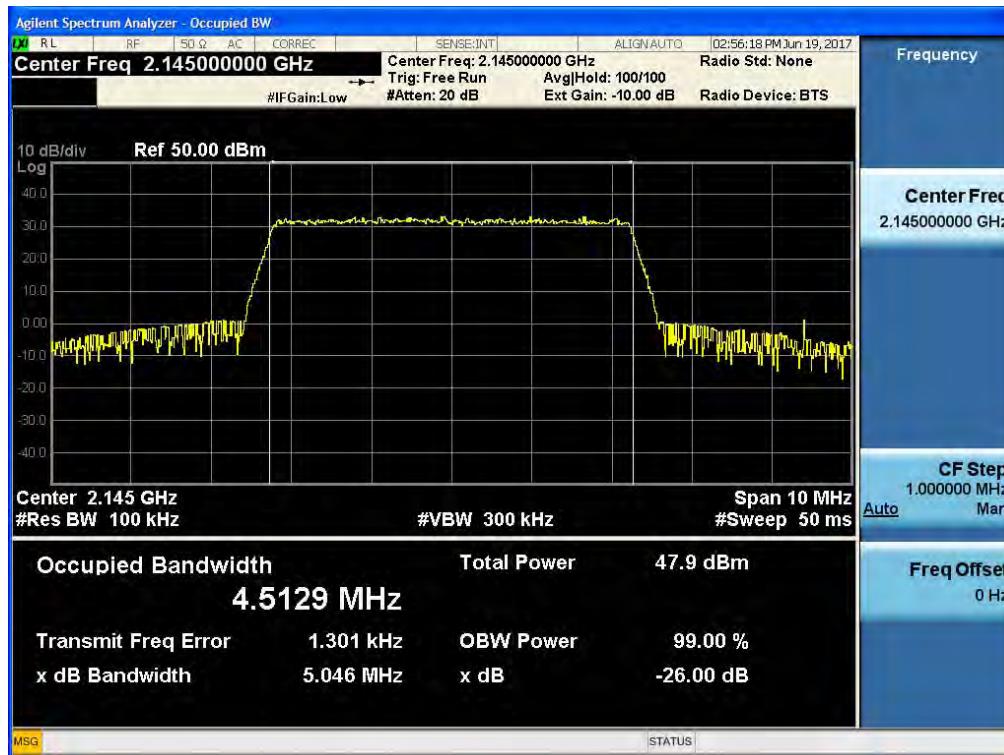
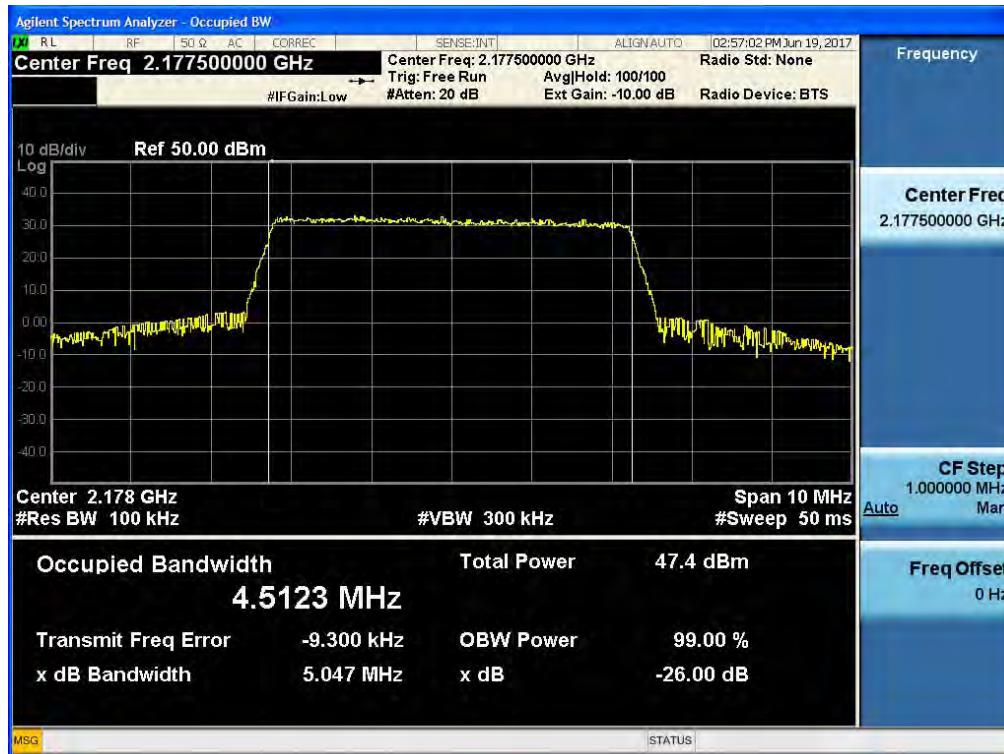


[AGC threshold Output Downlink High]



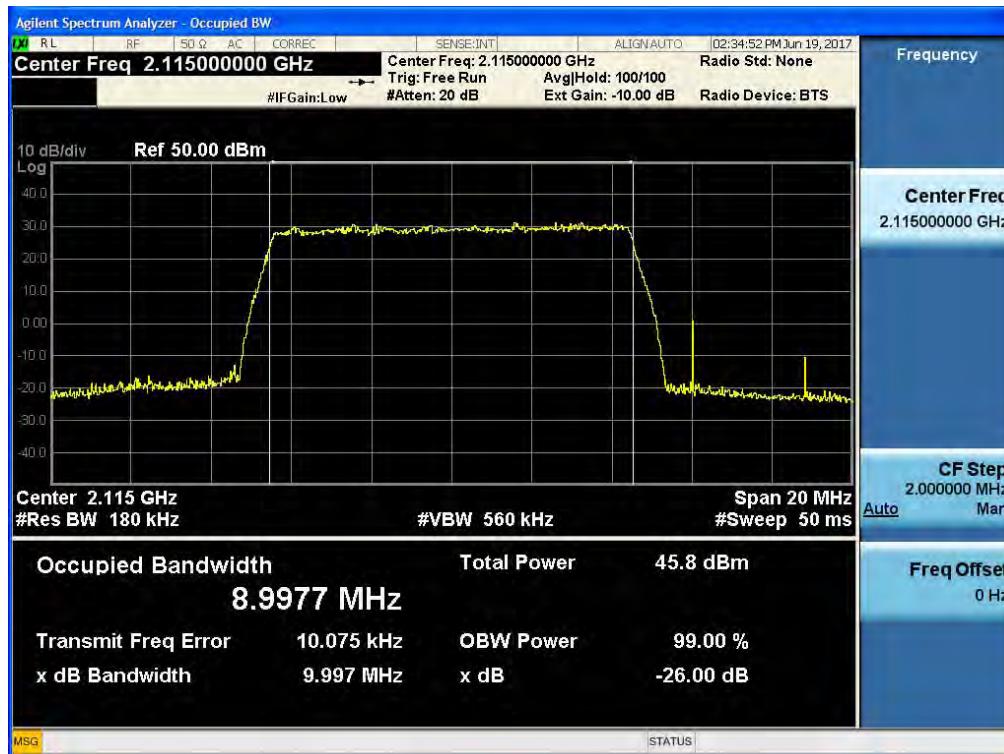
[+3dBm above AGC threshold Output Downlink Low]



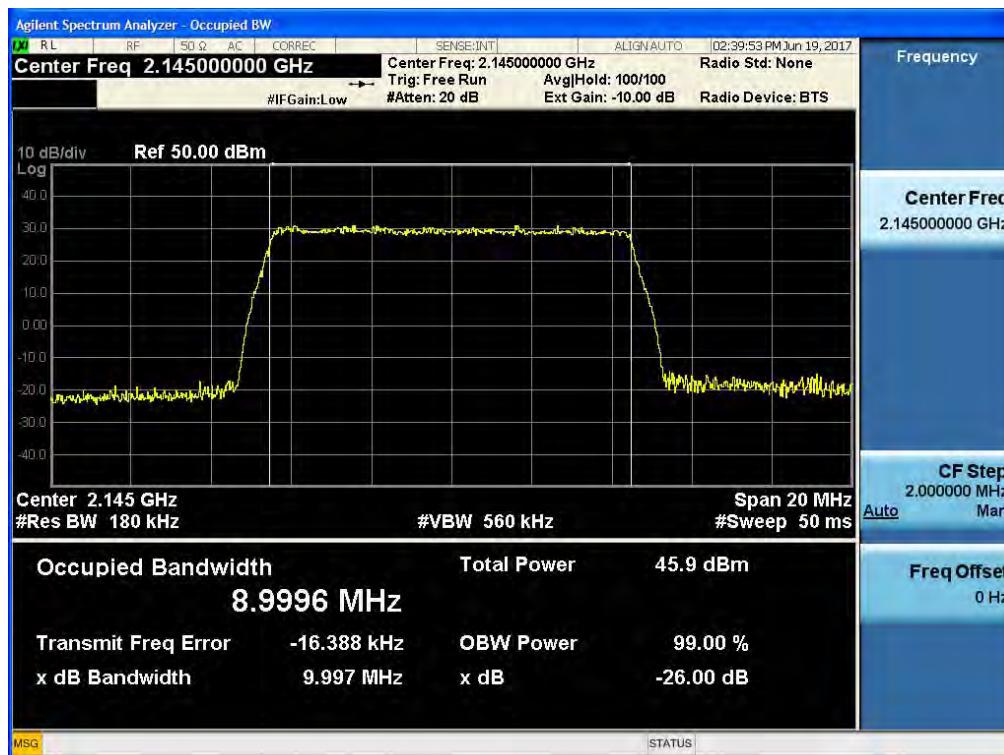
[+3dBm above AGC threshold Output Downlink Middle]

[+3dBm above AGC threshold Output Downlink High]


Plots of Occupied Bandwidth_ AWS BAND LTE 10 MHz

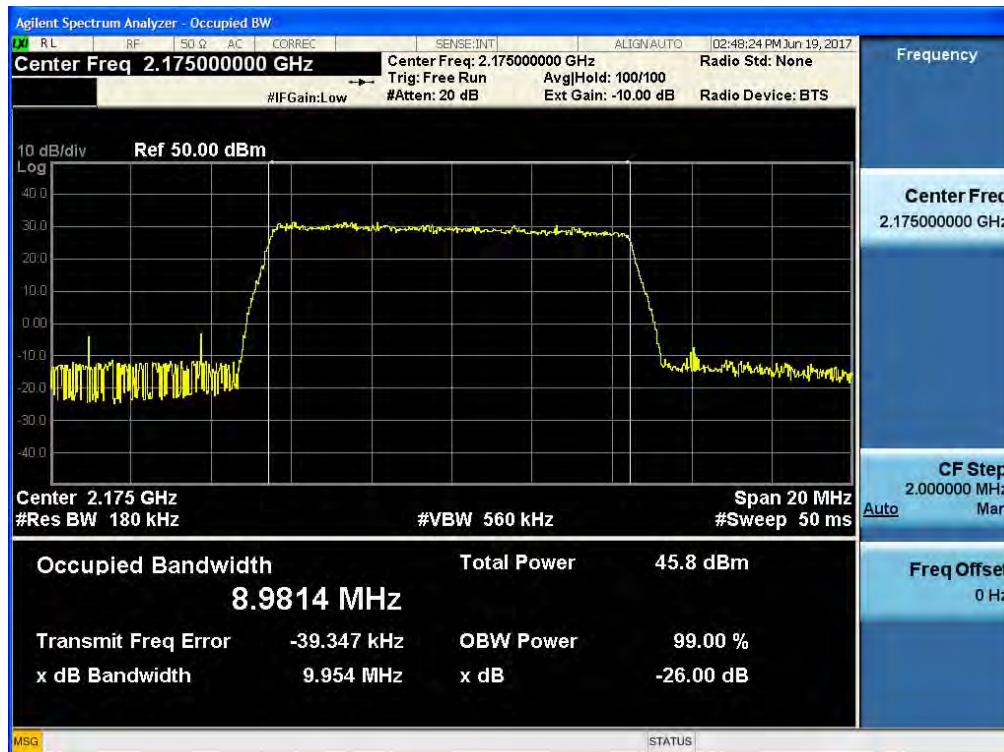
[AGC threshold Output Downlink Low]



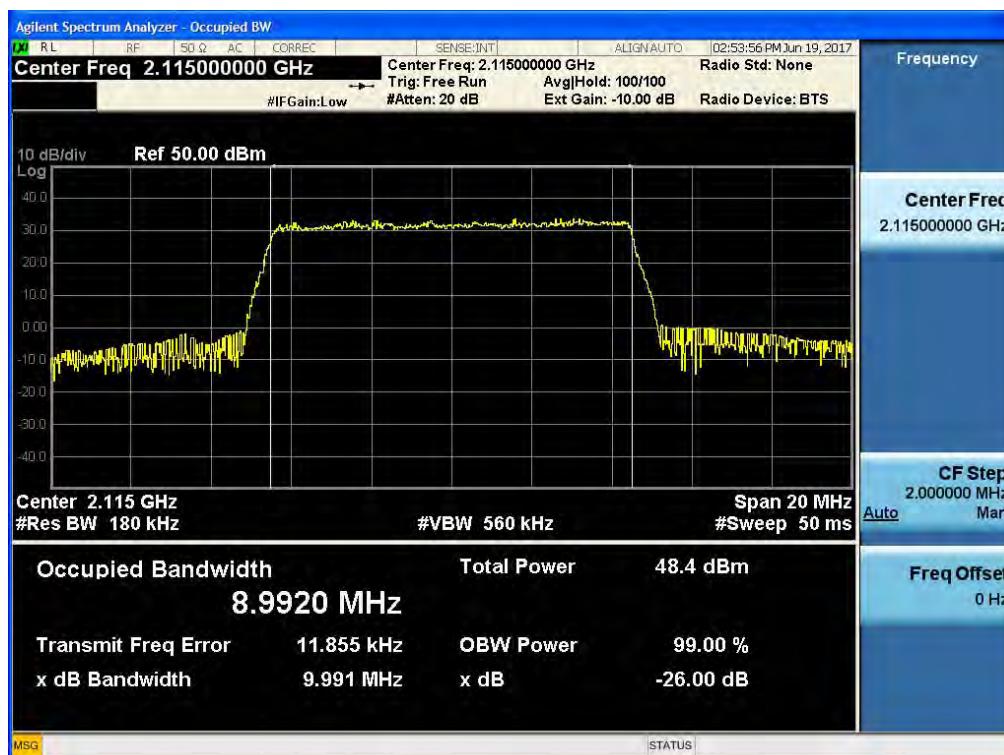
[AGC threshold Output Downlink Middle]



[AGC threshold Output Downlink High]



[+3dBm above AGC threshold Output Downlink Low]

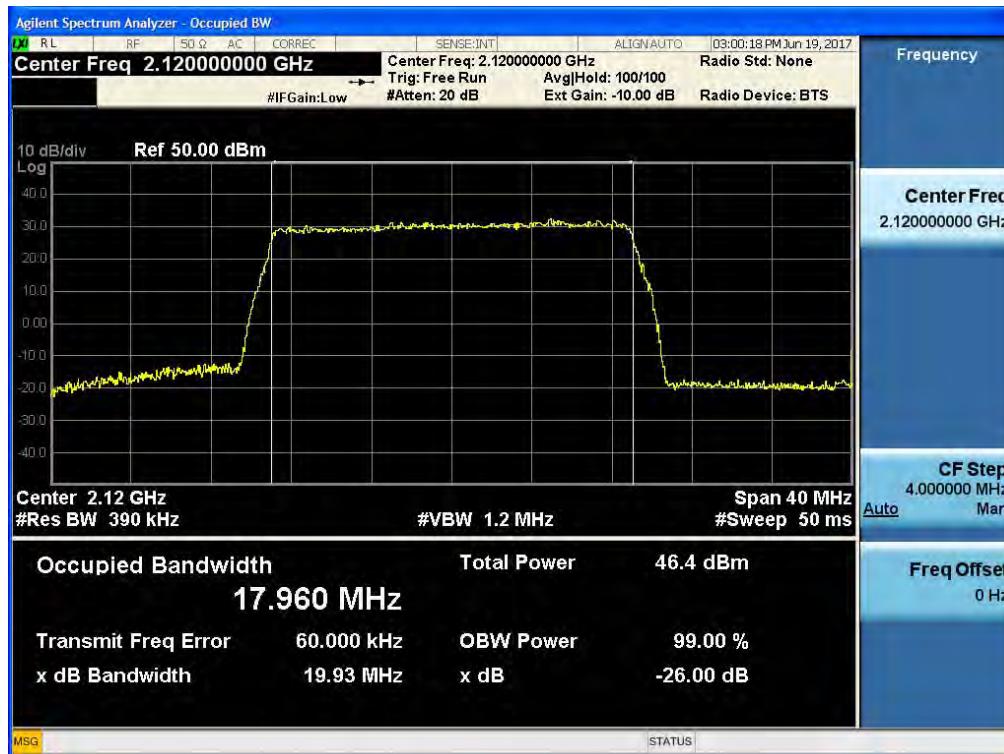


[+3dBm above AGC threshold Output Downlink Middle]

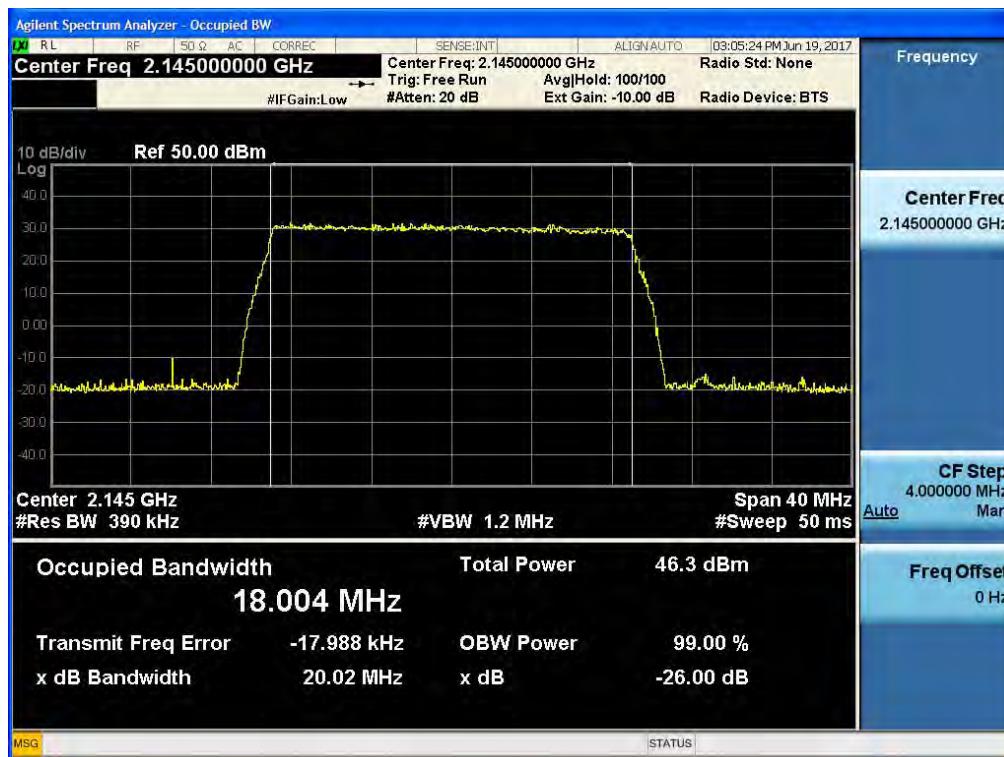
[+3dBm above AGC threshold Output Downlink High]


Plots of Occupied Bandwidth_ AWS BAND LTE 20 MHz

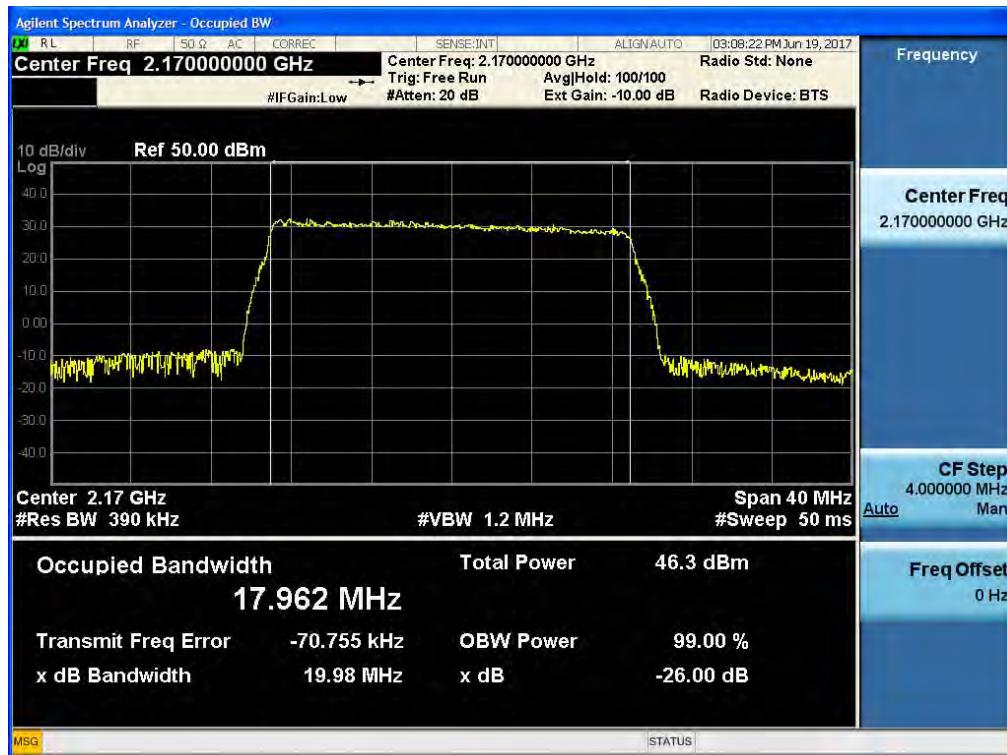
[AGC threshold Output Downlink Low]



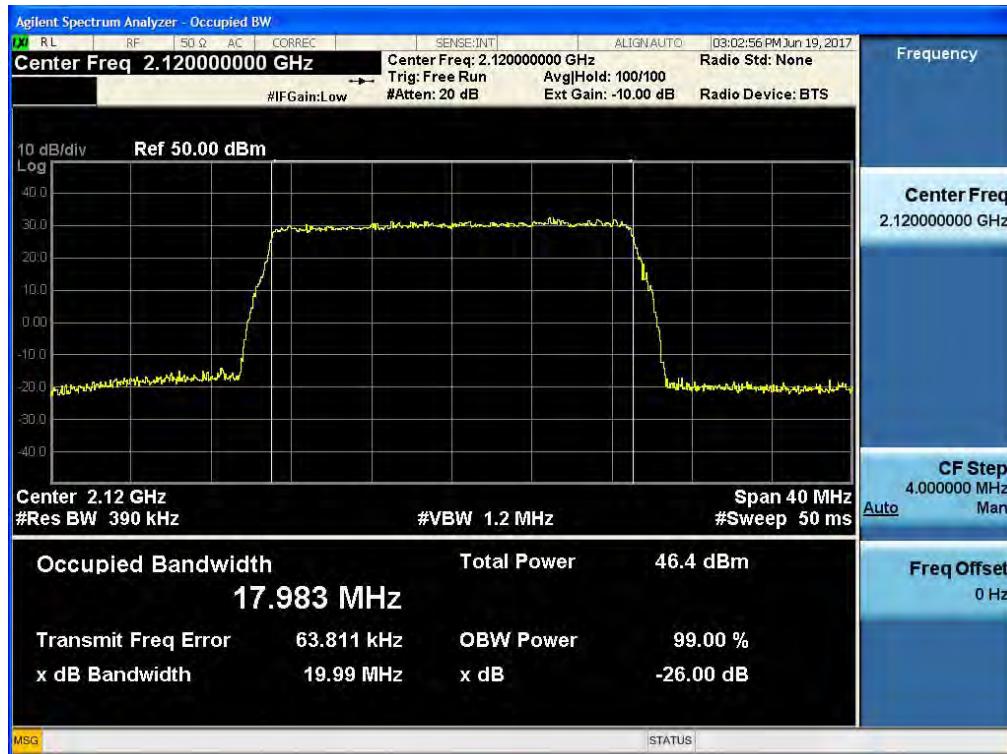
[AGC threshold Output Downlink Middle]

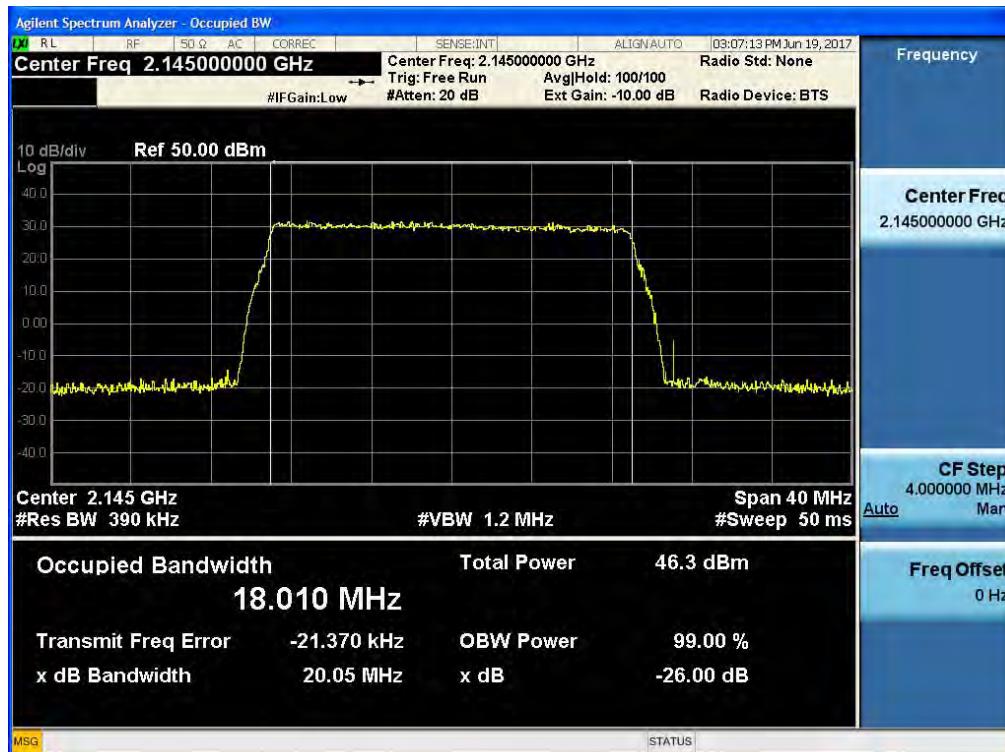


[AGC threshold Output Downlink High]



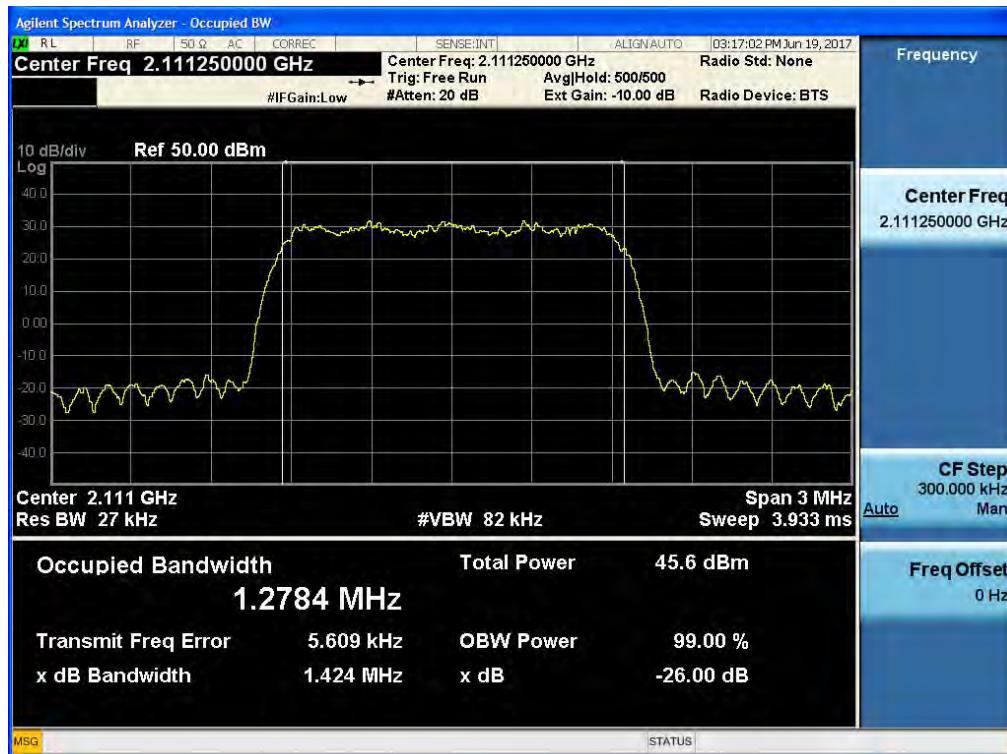
[+3dBmabove AGC threshold Output Downlink Low]



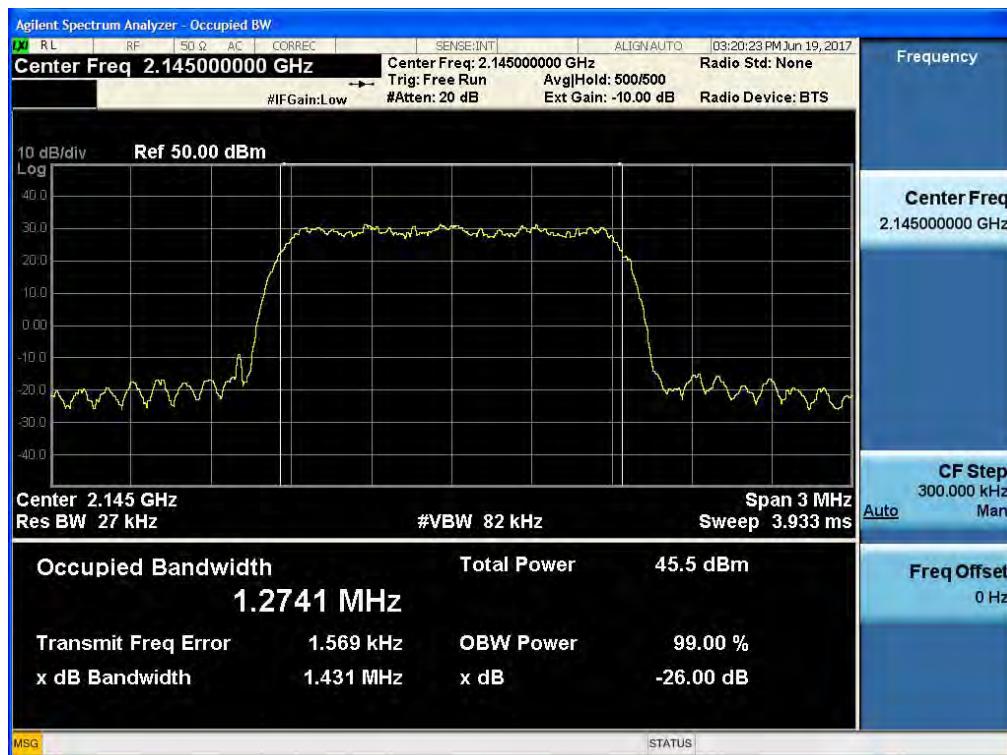
[+3dBm above AGC threshold Output Downlink Middle]

[+3dBm above AGC threshold Output Downlink High]


Plots of Occupied Bandwidth_ AWS BAND CDMA

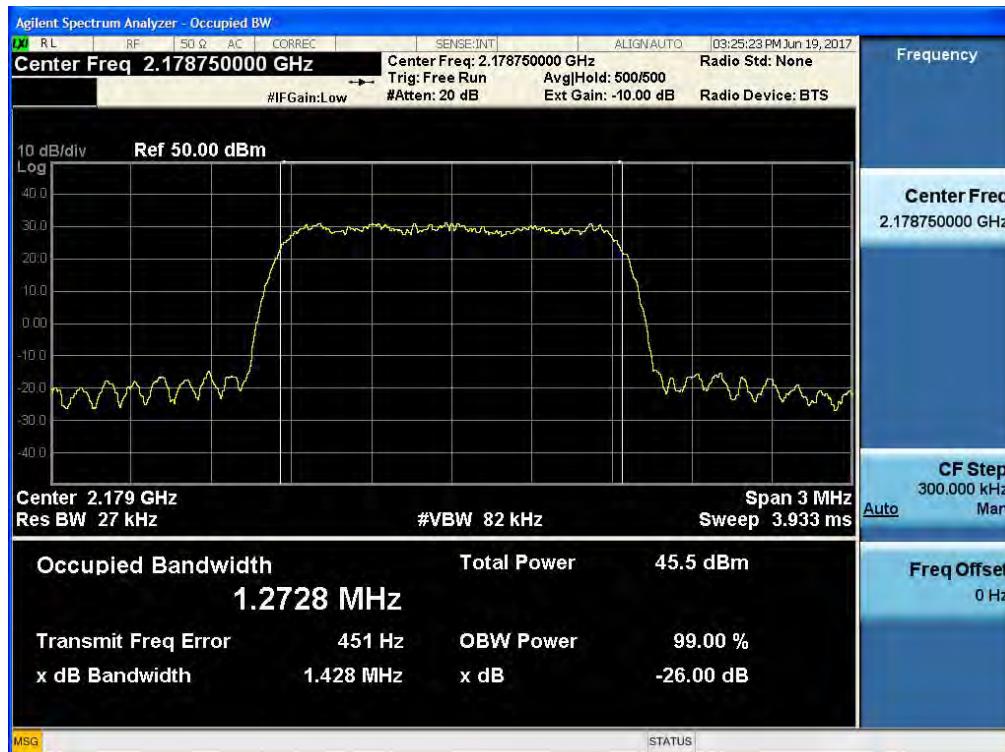
[AGC threshold Output Downlink Low]



[AGC threshold Output Downlink Middle]

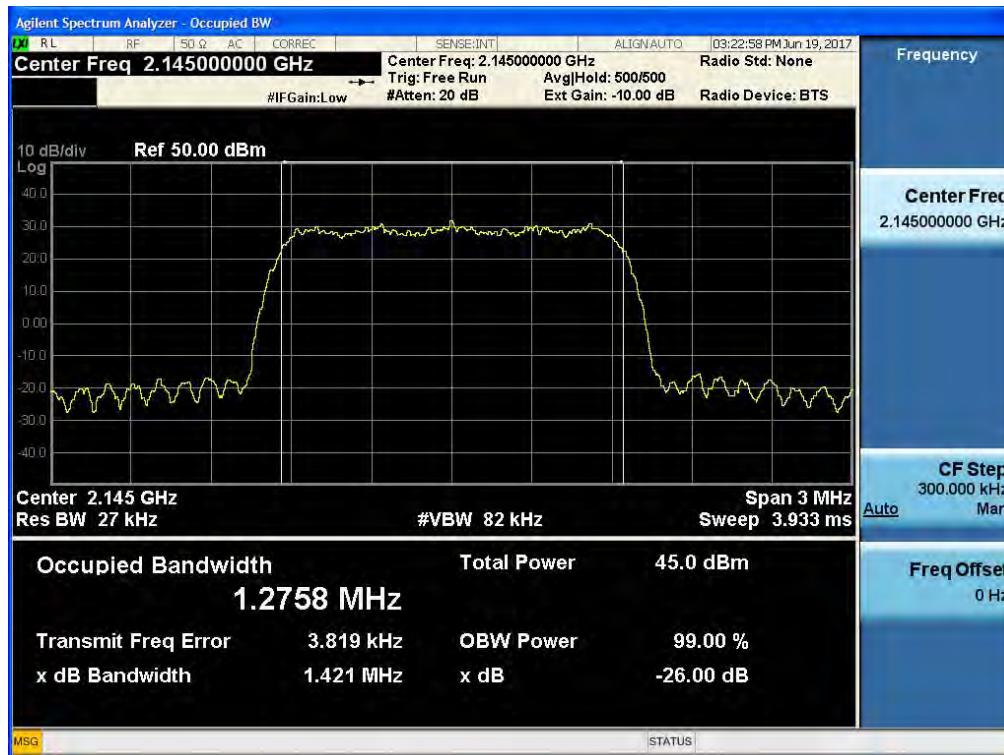
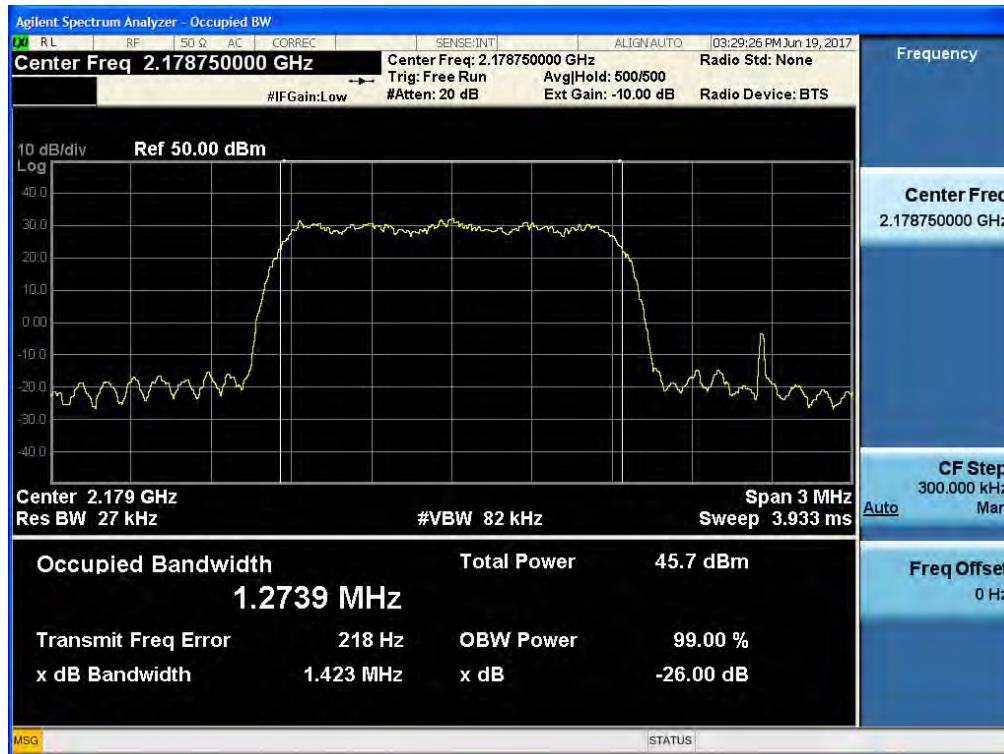


[AGC threshold Output Downlink High]



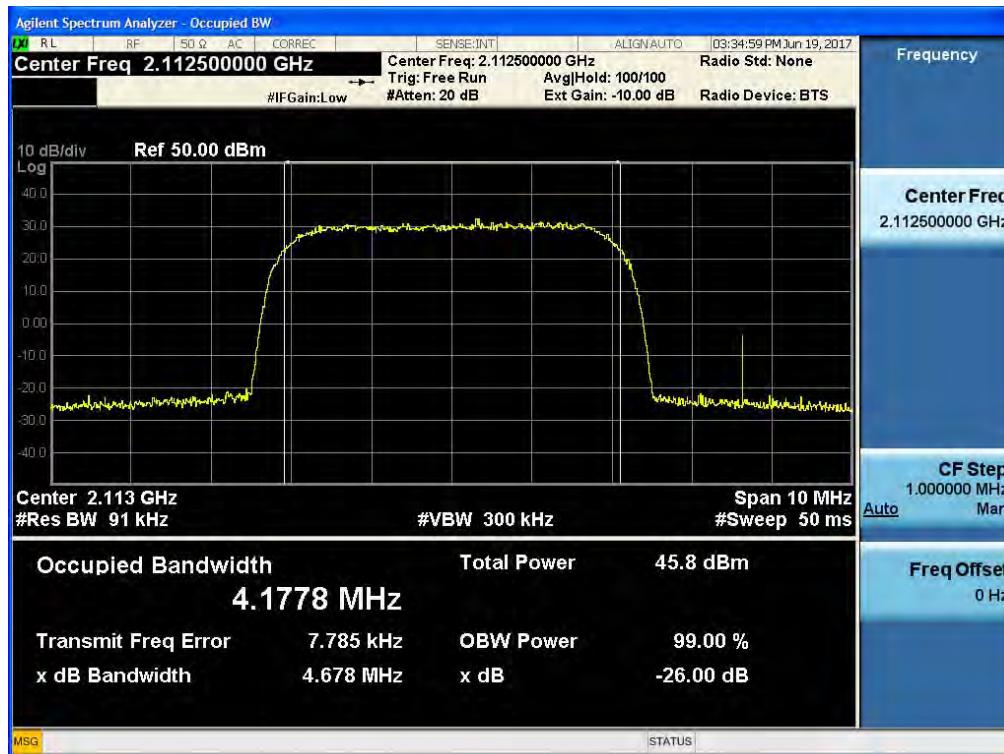
[+3dBmabove AGC threshold Output Downlink Low]



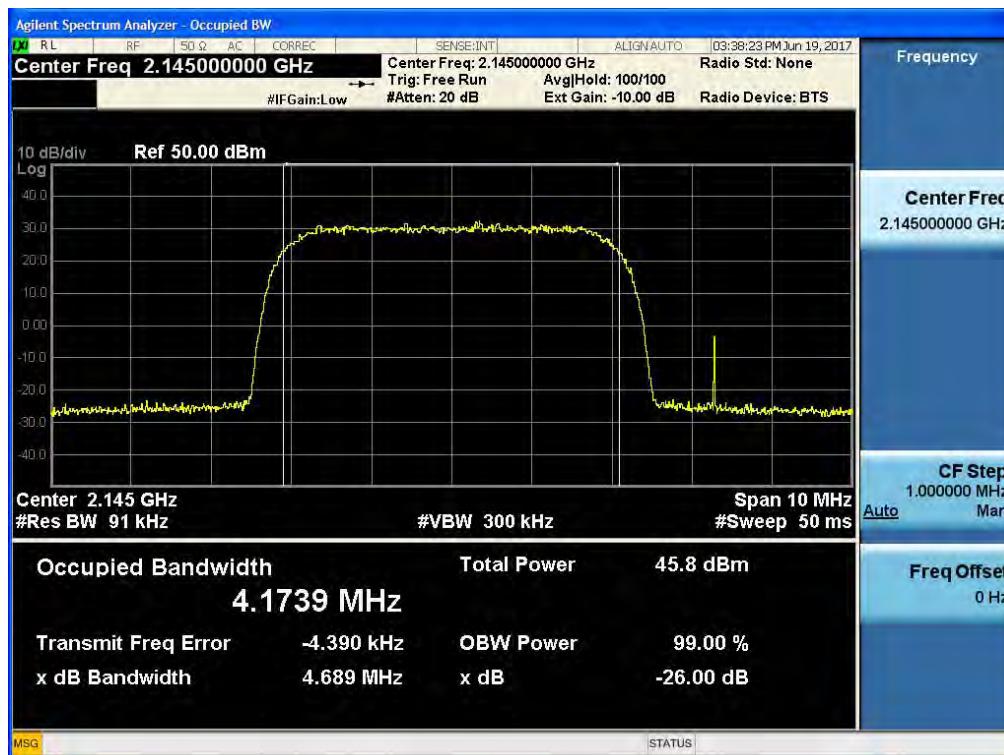
[+3dBm above AGC threshold Output Downlink Middle]

[+3dBm above AGC threshold Output Downlink High]


Plots of Occupied Bandwidth_AWS BAND WCDMA

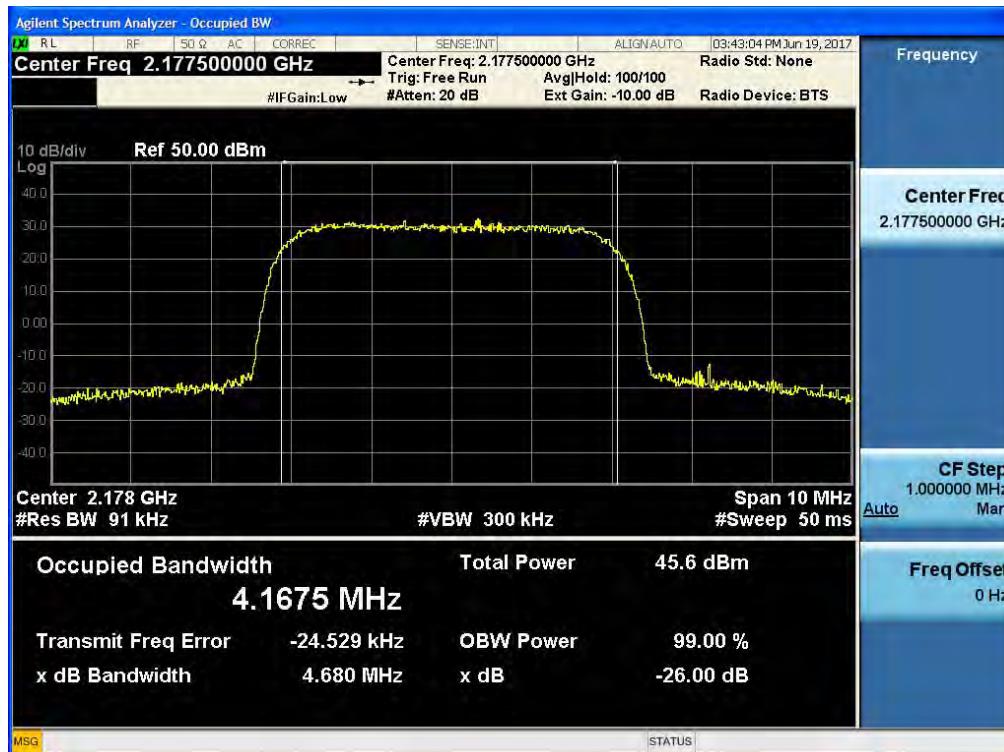
[AGC threshold Output Downlink Low]



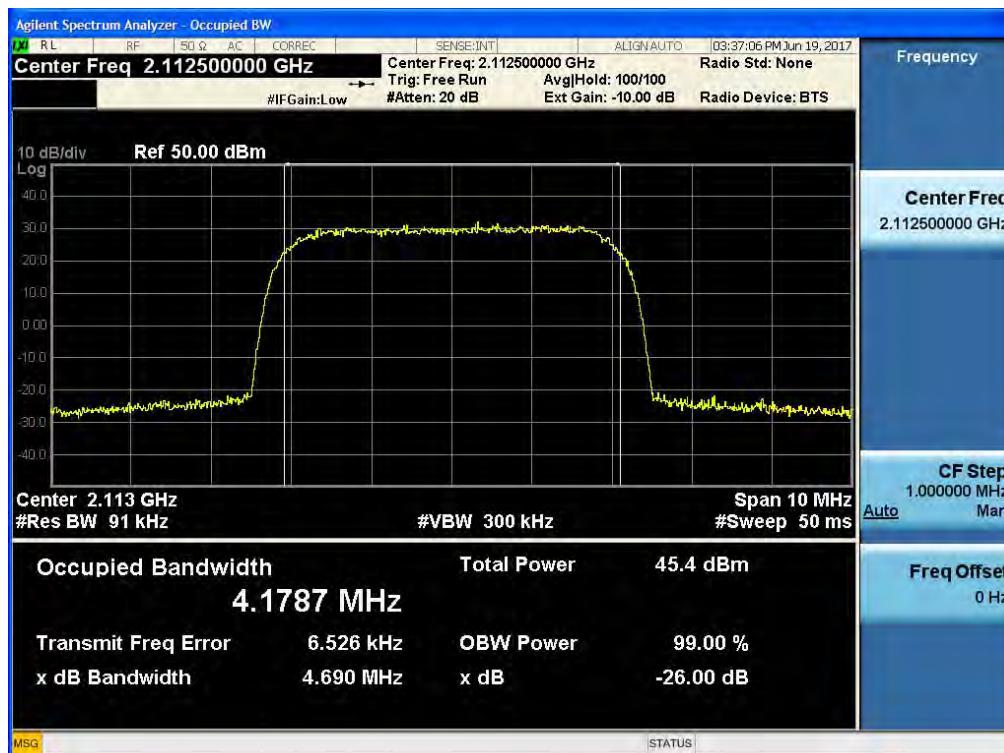
[AGC threshold Output Downlink Middle]

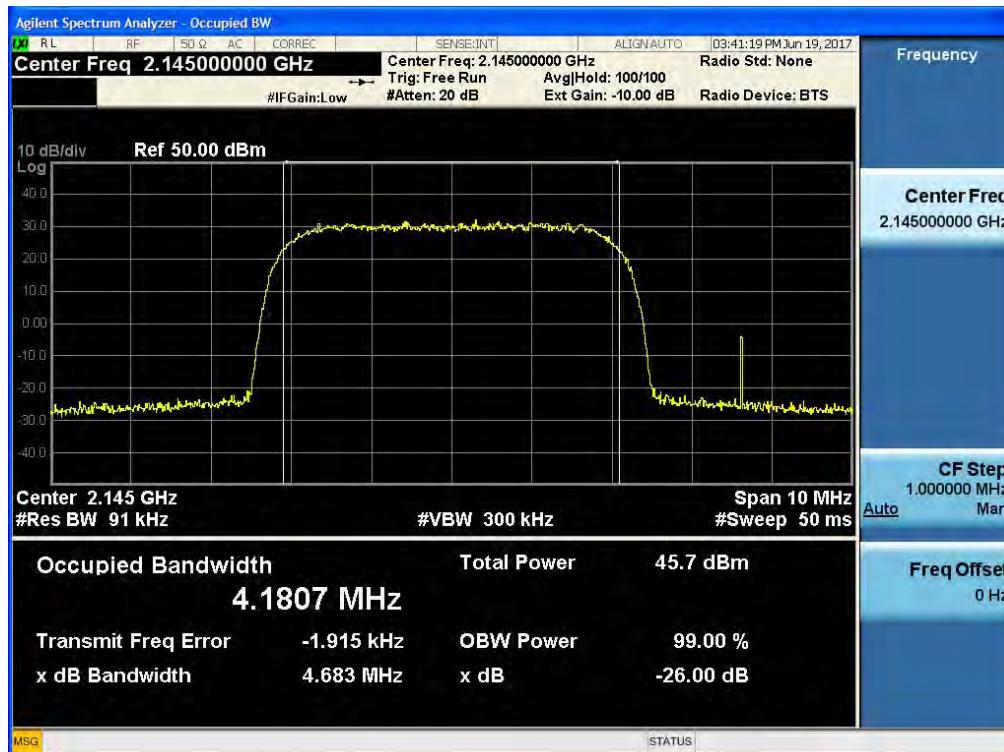
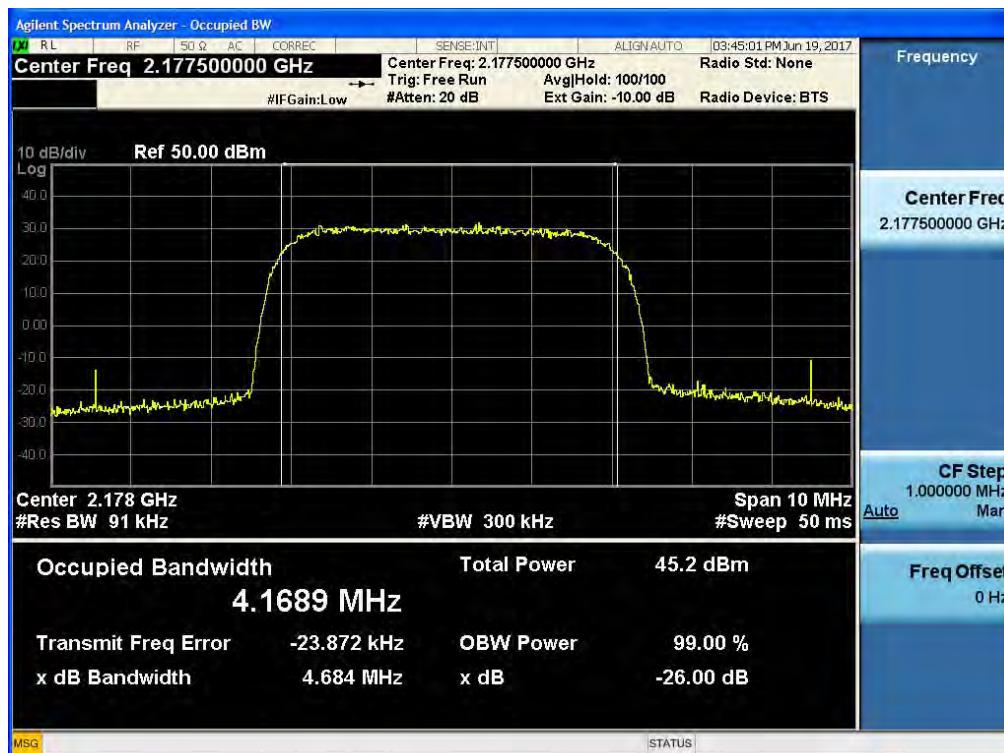


[AGC threshold Output Downlink High]



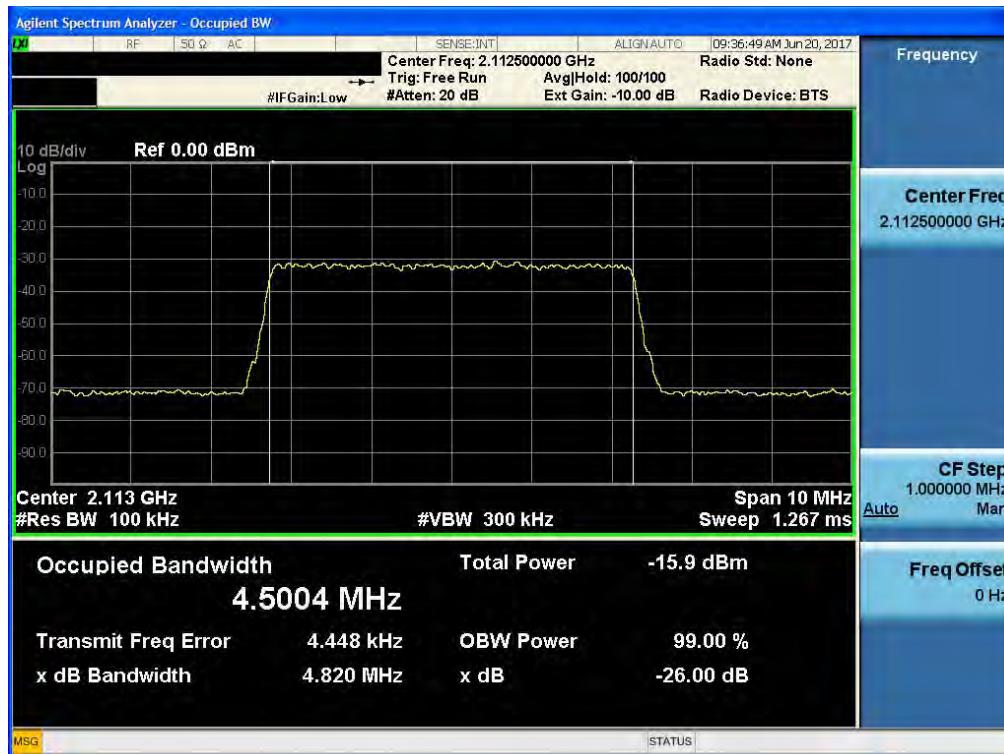
[+3dBmabove AGC threshold Output Downlink Low]



[+3dBm above AGC threshold Output Downlink Middle]

[+3dBm above AGC threshold Output Downlink High]


Plots of Occupied Bandwidth_AWS BAND LTE 5MHz

[AGC threshold Input Downlink Low]



[AGC threshold Input Downlink Middle]



[AGC threshold Input Downlink High]

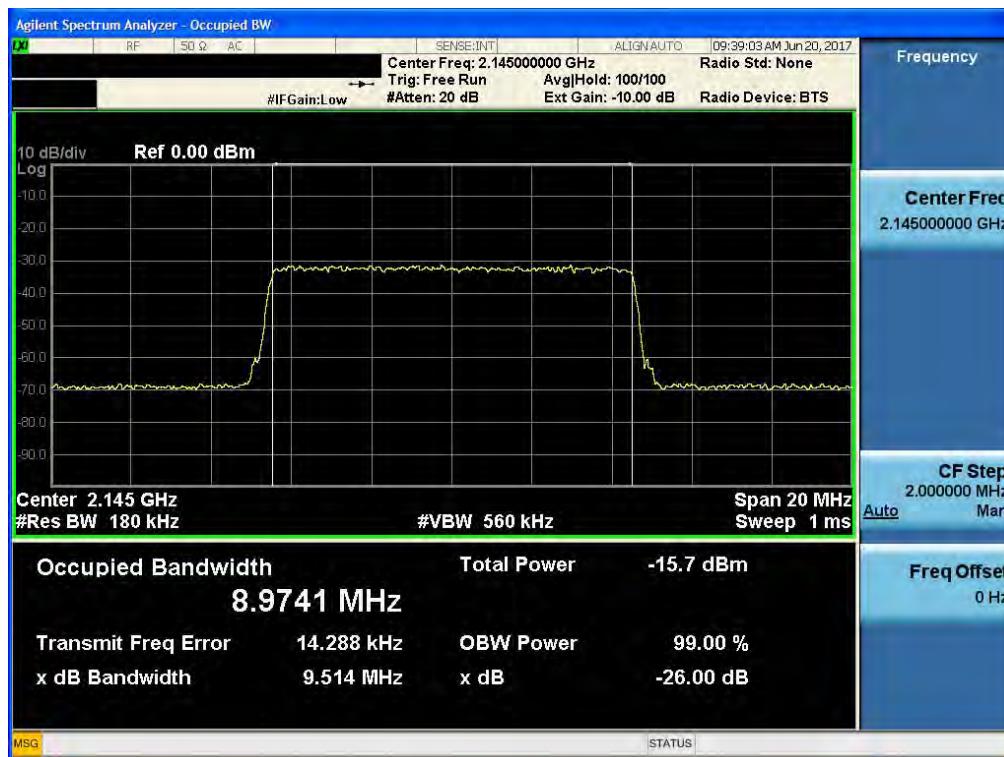


Plots of Occupied Bandwidth_AWS BAND LTE 10MHz

[AGC threshold Input Downlink Low]



[AGC threshold Input Downlink Middle]



[AGC threshold Input Downlink High]

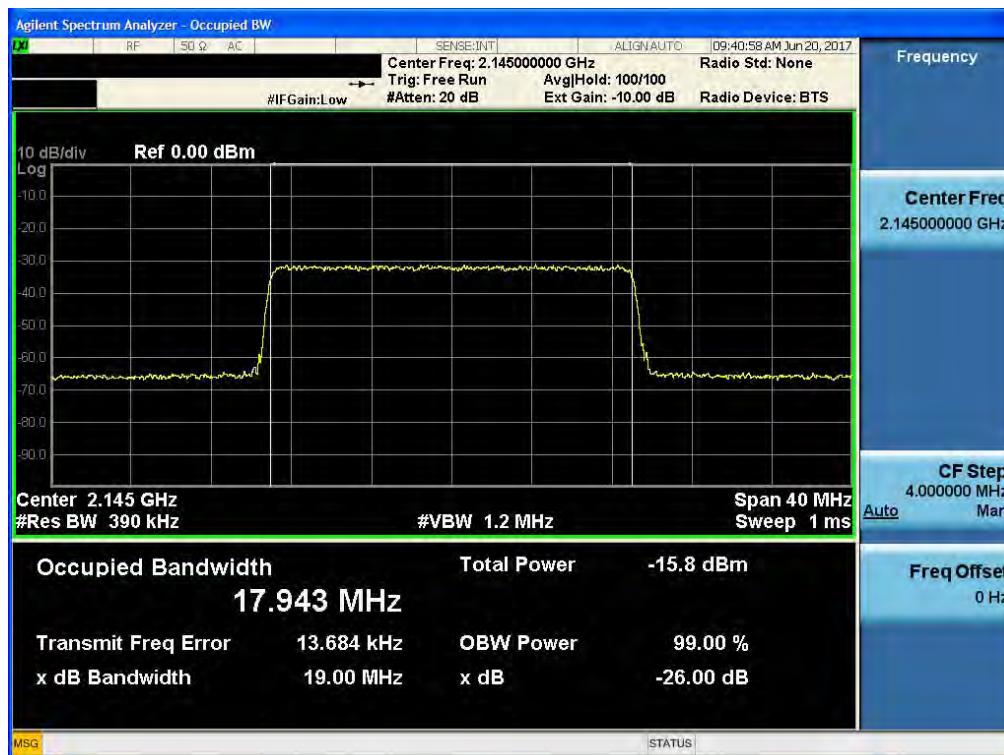


Plots of Occupied Bandwidth_AWS BAND LTE 20 MHz

[AGC threshold Input Downlink Low]



[AGC threshold Input Downlink Middle]



[AGC threshold Input Downlink High]

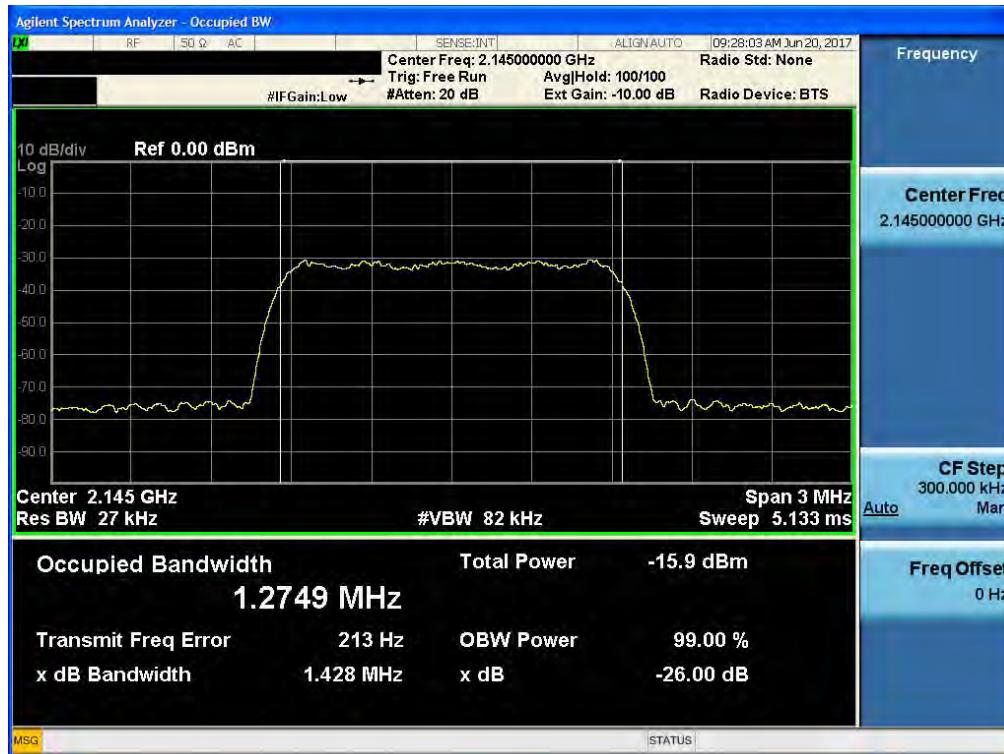


Plots of Occupied Bandwidth_AWS BAND CDMA

[AGC threshold Input Downlink Low]



[AGC threshold Input Downlink Middle]

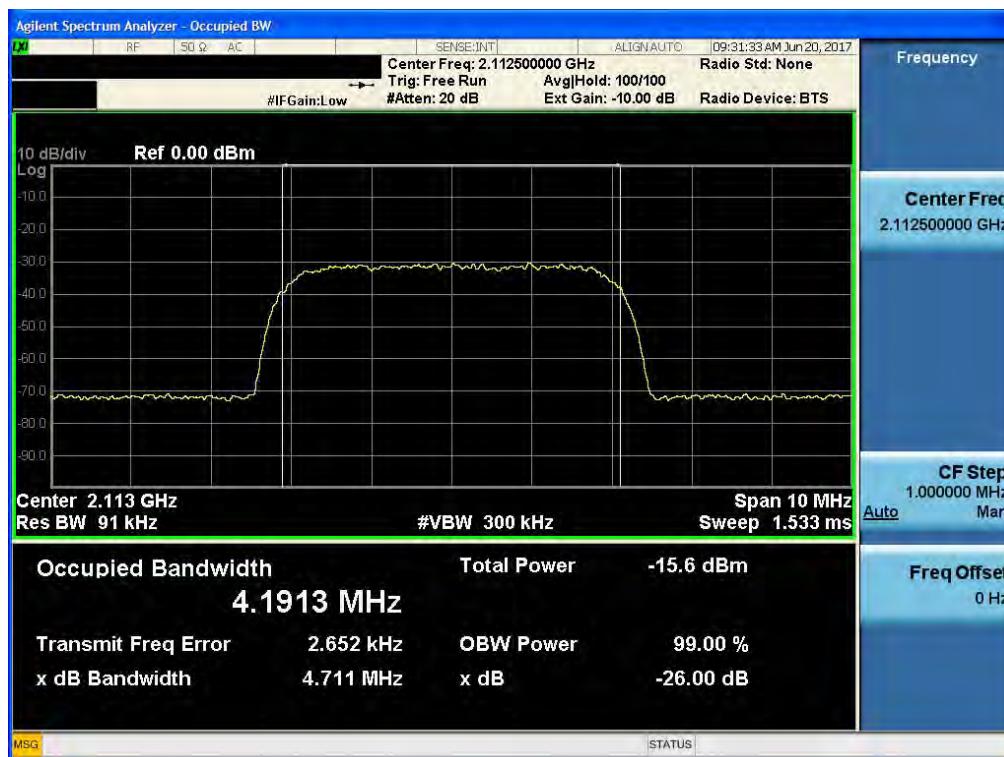


[AGC threshold Input Downlink High]

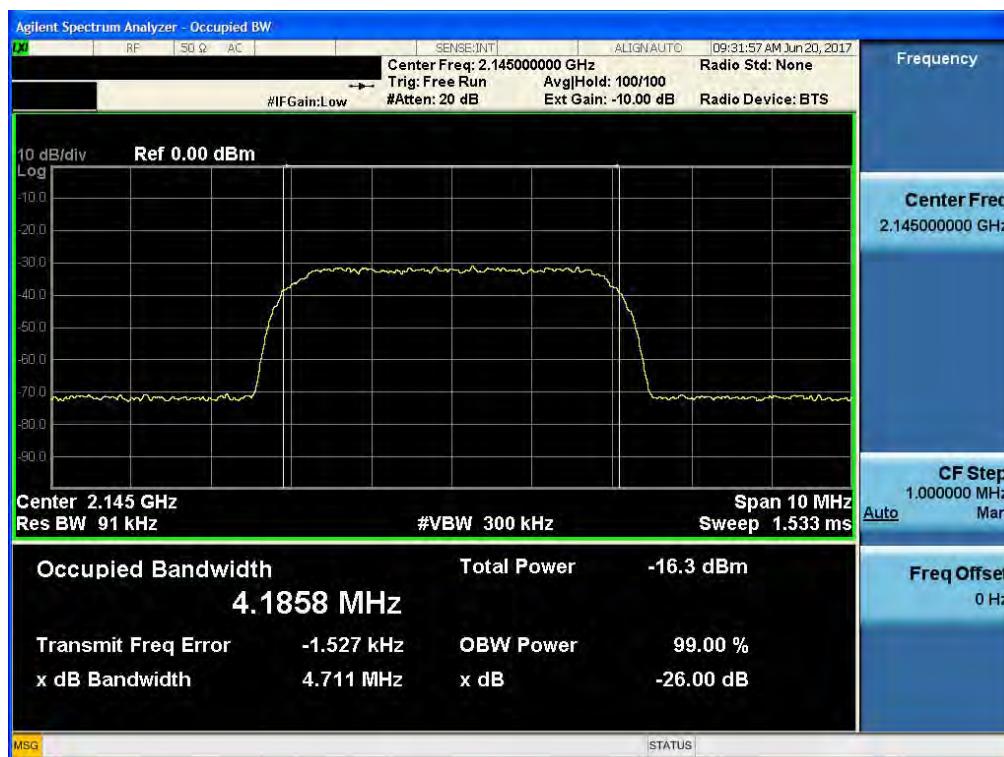


Plots of Occupied Bandwidth_AWS BAND WCDMA

[AGC threshold Input Downlink Low]



[AGC threshold Input Downlink Middle]



[AGC threshold Input Downlink High]



8. PASSBAND GAIN AND BANDWIDTH & OUT OF BAND REJECTION

FCC Rules

Test Requirement(s):

KDB 935210 D02 v03r02

Out of Band Rejection – Test for rejection of out of band signals. Filter freq. response plots are acceptable.

Test Procedures:

Measurements were in accordance with the test methods section 3.3, 4.3 of KDB 935210 D05 v01r01.

3.3 Out-of-band rejection

- a) Connect a signal generator to the input of the EUT.
- b) Configure a swept CW signal with the following parameters:
 - 1) Frequency range = $\pm 250\%$ of the passband, for each applicable CMRS band.
 - 2) Level = a sufficient level to affirm that the out-of-band rejection is > 20 dB above the noise floor and will not engage the AGC during the entire sweep.
 - 3) Dwell time = approximately 10 ms.
 - 4) Number of points = SPAN/(RBW/2).
- c) Connect a spectrum analyzer to the output of the EUT using appropriate attenuation.
- d) Set the span of the spectrum analyzer to the same as the frequency range of the signal generator.
- e) Set the resolution bandwidth (RBW) of the spectrum analyzer to be 1 % to 5 % of the EUT passband, and the video bandwidth (VBW) shall be set to $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.
- f) Set the detector to Peak Max-Hold and wait for the spectrum analyzer's spectral display to fill.
- g) Place a marker to the peak of the frequency response and record this frequency as f_0 .
- h) Place two markers, one at the lowest and the other at the highest frequency of the envelope of the spectral display, such that each marker is at or slightly below the -20 dB down amplitude, to determine the 20 dB bandwidth.
- i) Capture the frequency response of the EUT.
- j) Repeat for all frequency bands applicable for use by the EUT.

4.3 Out-of-band rejection

Adjust the internal gain control of the EUT to the maximum gain for which equipment certification is sought.

- a) Connect a signal generator to the input of the EUT.
- b) Configure a swept CW signal with the following parameters:

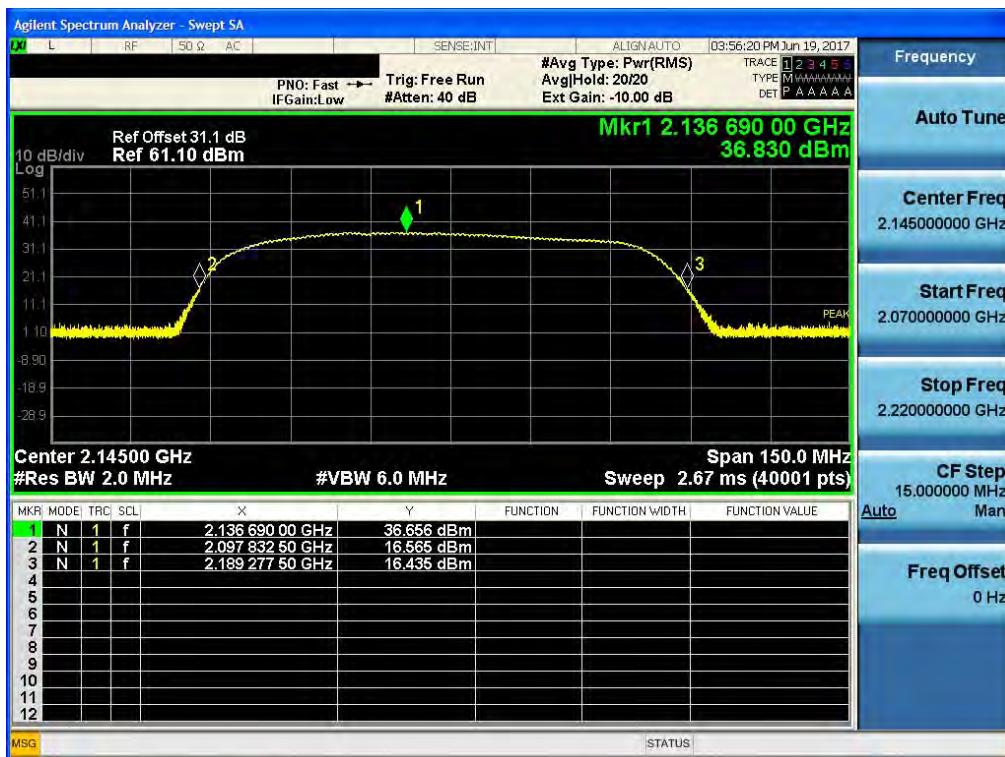
- 1) Frequency range = ± 250 % of the manufacturer's specified pass band.
- 2) The CW amplitude shall be 3 dB below the AGC threshold (see 4.2), and shall not activate the AGC threshold throughout the test.
- 3) Dwell time = approximately 10 ms.
- 4) Frequency step = 50 kHz.
- c) Connect a spectrum analyzer to the output of the EUT using appropriate attenuation.
- d) Set the RBW of the spectrum analyzer to between 1 % and 5 % of the manufacturer's rated passband, and $VBW = 3 \times RBW$.
- e) Set the detector to Peak and the trace to Max-Hold.
- f) After the trace is completely filled, place a marker at the peak amplitude, which is designated as f_0 , and with two additional markers (use the marker-delta method) at the 20 dB bandwidth (i.e., at the points where the level has fallen by 20 dB).
- g) Capture the frequency response plot for inclusion in the test report.

Test Results: The EUT complies with the requirements of this section.

Input Signal	Input Level (dBm) Input Signal : Sinusoidal	Maximum Amp Gain
AWS13	-14 dBm	51 dB

[Downlink_AWS BAND]

	20 dB point frequency (MHz)	Output power (dBm)	Gain (dB)
AWS Band	2097.8325 MHz ~ 2189.2775 MHz	36.830	50.830

Plots of Passband Gain and Bandwidth & Out of Band Rejection**[AWS BAND]**

9. SPURIOUS AND HARMONIC EMISSION AT ANTENNA TERMINAL

FCC Rules

Test Requirement(s):

§ 2.1051 Measurements required: Spurious emissions at antenna terminals:

The radio frequency voltage or powers generated within the equipment and appearing on a spurious frequency shall be checked at the equipment output terminals when properly loaded with a suitable artificial antenna. Curves or equivalent data shall show the magnitude of each harmonic and other spurious emission that can be detected when the equipment is operated under the conditions specified in § 2.1049 as appropriate. The magnitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value need not be specified.

§ 27.53 Emission limits

(h) AWS emission limits—(1) General protection levels. Except as otherwise specified below, for operations in the 1695-1710 MHz, 1710-1755 MHz, 1755-1780 MHz, 1915-1920 MHz, 1995-2000 MHz, 2000-2020 MHz, 2110-2155 MHz, 2155-2180 MHz, and 2180-2200 bands, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency block shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least $43 + 10 \log_{10} (P)$ dB.

(3) Measurement procedure. (i) Compliance with this provision is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 megahertz or greater. However, in the 1 megahertz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the licensee's frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

Test Procedures:

Measurements were in accordance with the test methods section 3.6 and 4.7 of KDB 935210 D05 v01r01.

3.6.1. General

Spurious emissions shall be measured using a single test signal sequentially tuned to the low, middle and high channels or frequencies within each authorized frequency band of operation.

Out-of-band/block emissions (including intermodulation products) shall be measured under each of the following two stimulus conditions:

- a) two adjacent test signals sequentially tuned to the lower and upper frequency band/block edges;
- b) a single test signal, sequentially tuned to the lowest and highest frequencies or channels within the frequency band/block under examination.

NOTE—Single channel boosters that cannot accommodate two simultaneous signals within the passband, can be excluded from the test stipulated in step a).

3.6.2. EUT out-of-band/block emissions conducted measurement

a) Connect a signal generator to the input of the EUT.

NOTE—If the signal generator is not capable of generating two modulated carriers simultaneously, then two discrete signal generators can be connected with an appropriate combining network to support the two-tone test.

b) Set the signal generator to produce two AWGN signals as previously described (e.g., 4.1 MHz OBW).

c) Set the center frequencies such that the AWGN signals occupy adjacent channels, as defined by industry standards such as 3GPP or 3GPP2, at the upper edge of the frequency band or block of interest.

d) Set the composite power levels such that the input signal is just below the AGC threshold (see 3.2), but not more than 0.5 dB below. The composite power can be measured using the procedures provided in KDB Publication 971168, but it will be necessary to expand the power integration bandwidth so as to include both of the transmit channels. Alternatively, the composite power can be measured using an average power meter as described in KDB Publication 971168.

e) Connect a spectrum analyzer to the output of the EUT using appropriate attenuation as necessary.

f) Set the RBW = reference bandwidth in the applicable rule section for the supported frequency band (typically 1 % of the emission bandwidth, 100 kHz, or 1 MHz)

g) Set the VBW = $3 \times$ RBW.

h) Set the detector to power averaging (rms) detector.

i) Set the Sweep time = auto-couple.

j) Set the analyzer start frequency to the upper block edge frequency and the stop frequency to the upper block edge frequency plus 300 kHz or 3 MHz for frequencies below and above 1 GHz, respectively.

k) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (i.e., rms) mode.

l) Use the marker function to find the maximum power level.

m) Capture the spectrum analyzer trace of the power level for inclusion in the test report.

n) Repeat the procedure with the composite input power level set to 3 dB above the AGC threshold.

o) Reset the input signals frequencies to the lower edge of the frequency block or band under examination.

p) Reset the spectrum analyzer start frequency to the lower block edge frequency minus 300 kHz, or 3 MHz (for frequencies below and above 1 GHz, respectively), and the stop frequency to the lower band or block edge frequency.

- q) Repeat steps k) to n).
- r) Repeat steps a) to q) with the signal generator configured for a single test signal tuned as close as possible to the block edges.
- s) Repeat steps a) to r) with the narrowband test signal.
- t) Repeat steps a) to s) for all authorized frequency bands or blocks used by the EUT.

3.6.3. EUT spurious emissions conducted measurement

- a) Connect a signal generator to the input of the EUT.
 - b) Set the signal generator to produce the broadband test signal as previously described (e.g., 4.1 MHz OBW AWGN).
 - c) Set the center frequency of the test signal to the lowest available channel within the frequency band or block.
 - d) Set the EUT input power to a level that is just below the AGC threshold (see 3.2), but not more than 0.5 dB below.
 - e) Connect a spectrum analyzer to the output of the EUT using appropriate attenuation as necessary.
 - f) Set the RBW = reference bandwidth in the applicable rule section for the supported frequency band of operation (e.g., reference bandwidth is typically 100 kHz or 1 MHz).
 - g) Set the VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.
 - h) Set the Sweep time = auto-couple.
 - i) Set the analyzer start frequency to the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the equipment, without going below 9 kHz, and the stop frequency to the lower band/block edge frequency minus 100 kHz or 1 MHz, as specified in the applicable rule part.
- NOTE—The number of measurement points in each sweep must be $\geq (2 \times \text{span}/\text{RBW})$ which may require that the measurement range defined by the start and stop frequencies be subdivided, depending on the available number of measurement points provided by the spectrum analyzer.
- j) Select the power averaging (rms) detector function.
 - k) Trace average at least 10 traces in power averaging (i.e., rms) mode.
 - l) Use the peak marker function to identify the highest amplitude level over each measured frequency range. Record the frequency and amplitude and capture a plot for inclusion in the test report.
 - m) Reset the analyzer start frequency to the upper band/block edge frequency plus 100 kHz or 1 MHz, as specified in the applicable rule part, and the analyzer stop frequency to 10 times the highest frequency of the fundamental emission (see §2.1057). Note that the number of measurement points in each sweep must be $\geq (2 \times \text{span}/\text{RBW})$ which may require that the measurement range defined by the start and stop frequencies be subdivided, depending on the available number of measurement points provided by the spectrum analyzer.
 - n) Trace average at least 10 traces in power averaging (i.e., rms) mode.

- o) Use the peak marker function to identify the highest amplitude level over each of the measured frequency ranges. Record the frequency and amplitude and capture a plot for inclusion in the test report and provide tabular data, if required.
- p) Repeat the procedure with the input test signals tuned to a middle band/block frequency/channel and then a high band/block frequency/channel.
- q) Repeat entire procedure with the narrowband test signal.
- r) Repeat for all authorized frequency bands/blocks used by the EUT.

Test Results: The EUT complies with the requirements of this section.

Notes:

- 1. In 9 KHz-150 KHz and 150 KHz-30 MHz bands, RBW was reduced to 1% and 10% of the reference bandwidth for measuring unwanted emission level(typically, 100KHz if the authorized frequency band is below 1GHz) and power was integrated.(1% = +20 dB, 10% = +10 dB)
- 2. We have done CDMA and 1xEVDO modulation test in technology. Test results are only attached worst cases.

Single channel Enhancer Plots of Spurious Emission for AWS BAND LTE 5 MHz Conducted Spurious Emissions (9 kHz – 150 kHz)

[Downlink Low]



[Downlink Middle]

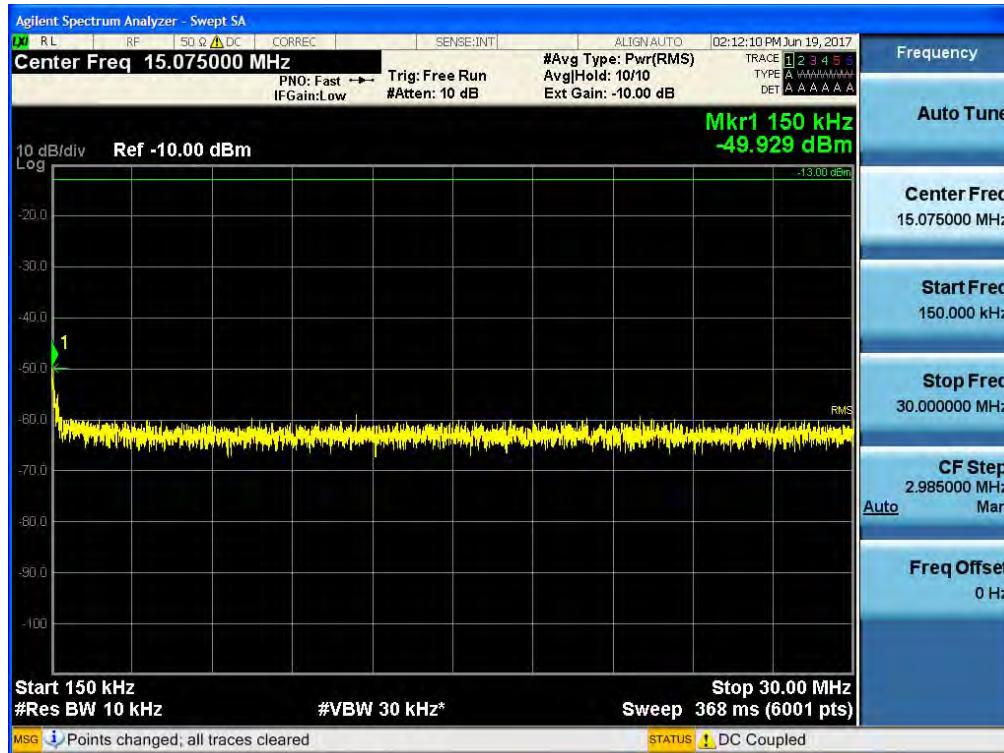


[Downlink High]

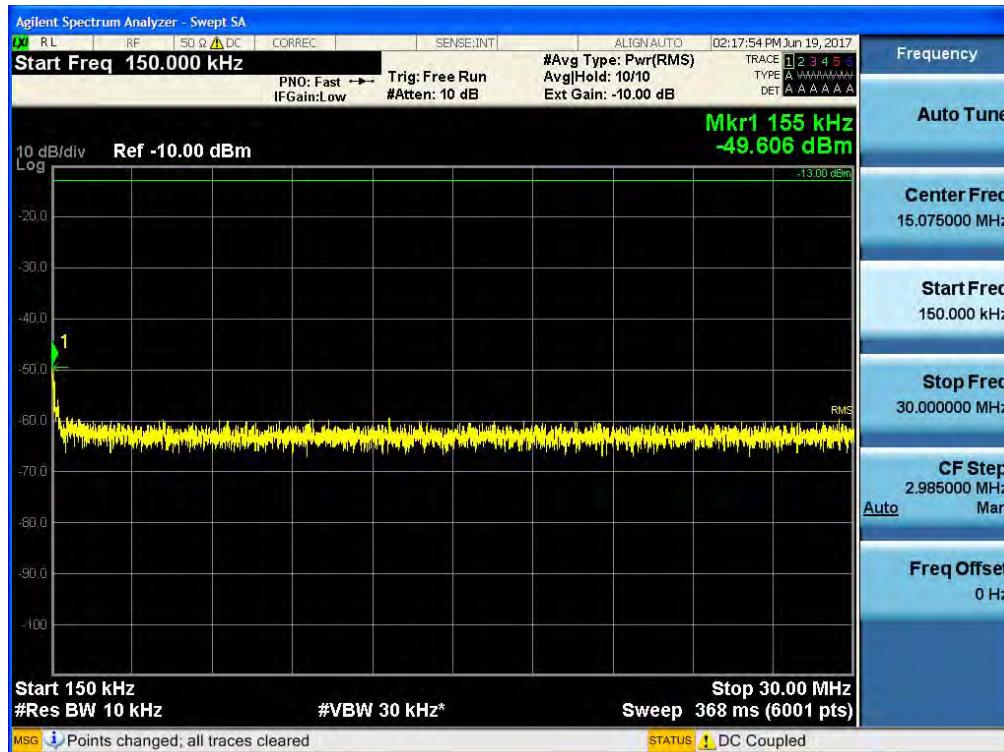


Conducted Spurious Emissions (150 kHz – 30 MHz)

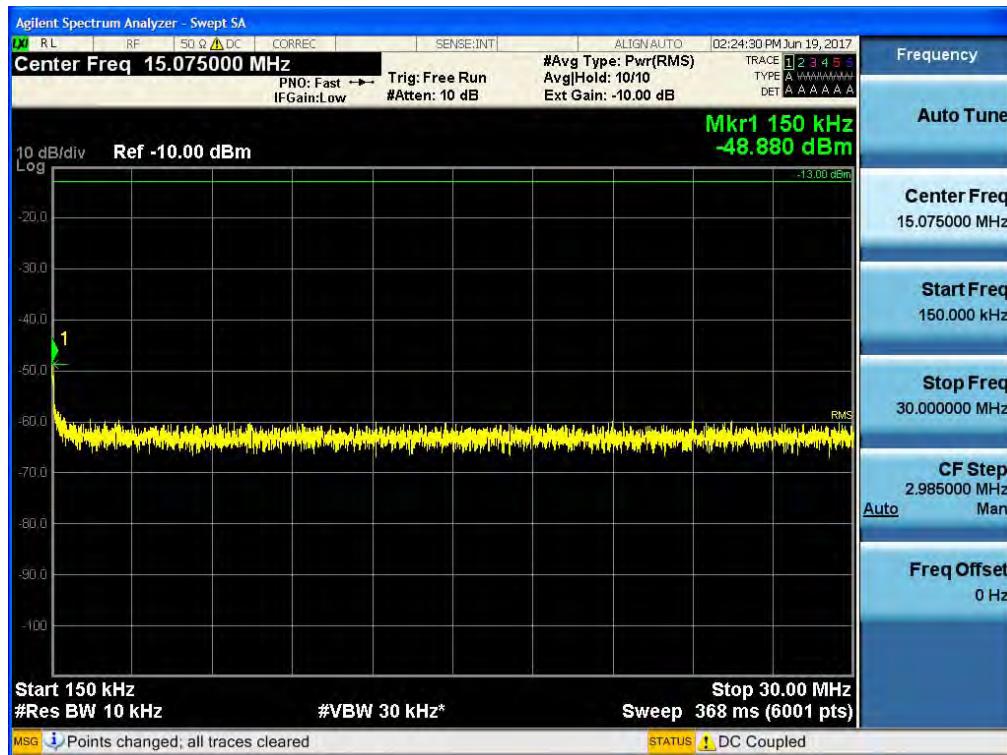
[Downlink Low]



[Downlink Middle]

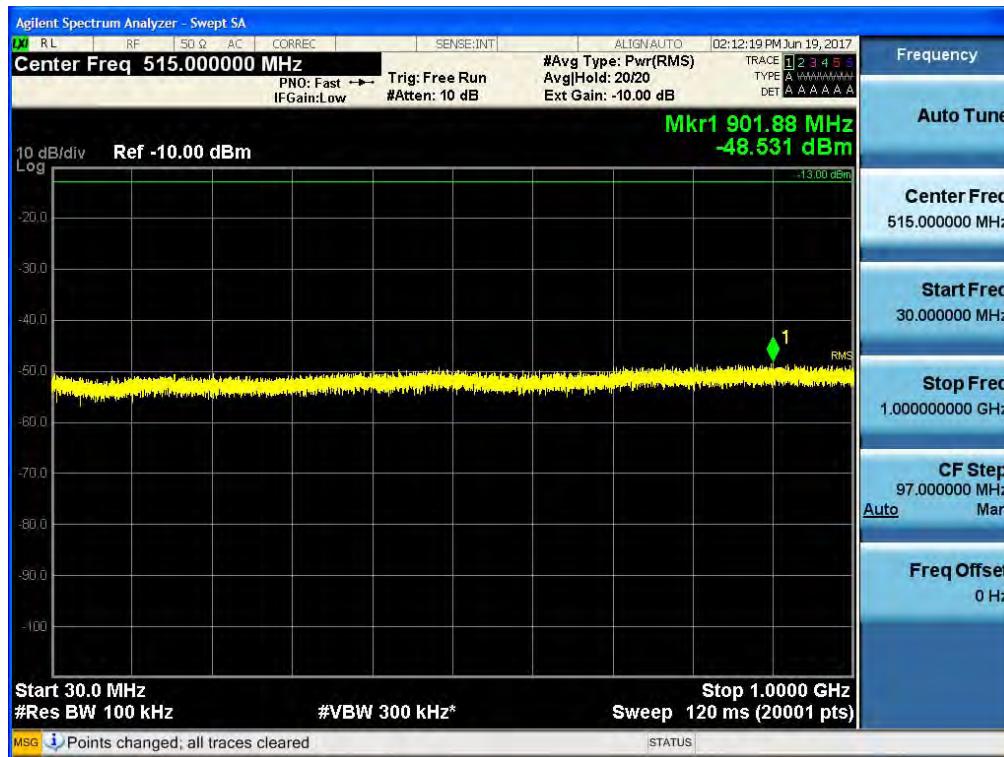


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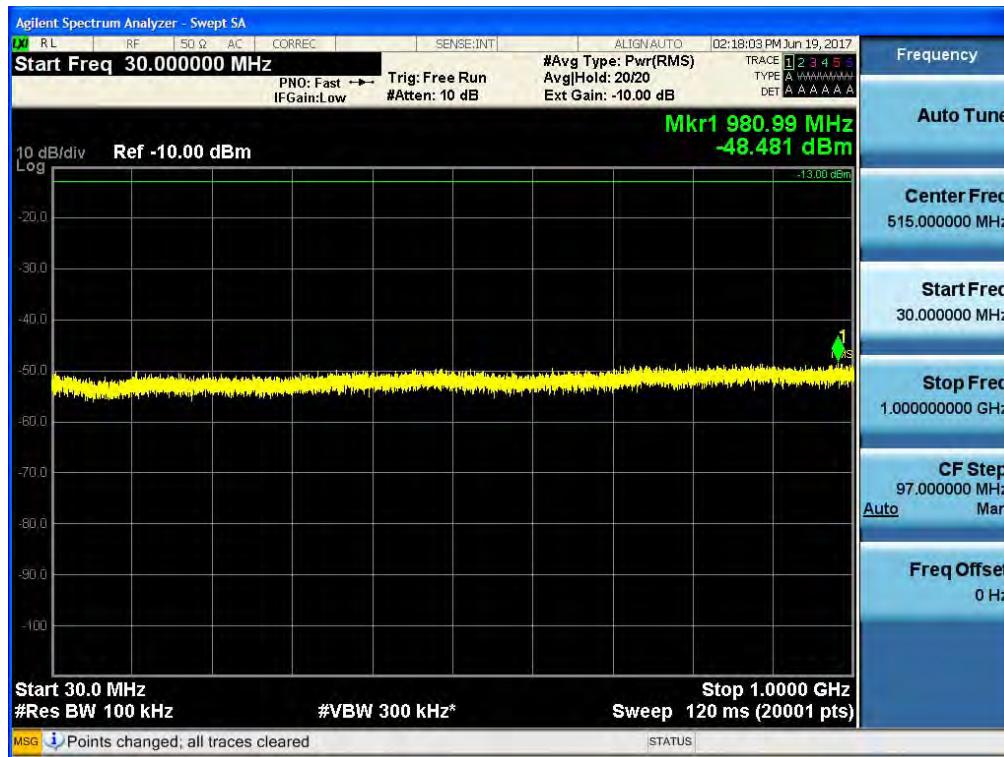


Conducted Spurious Emissions (30 MHz – 1 GHz)

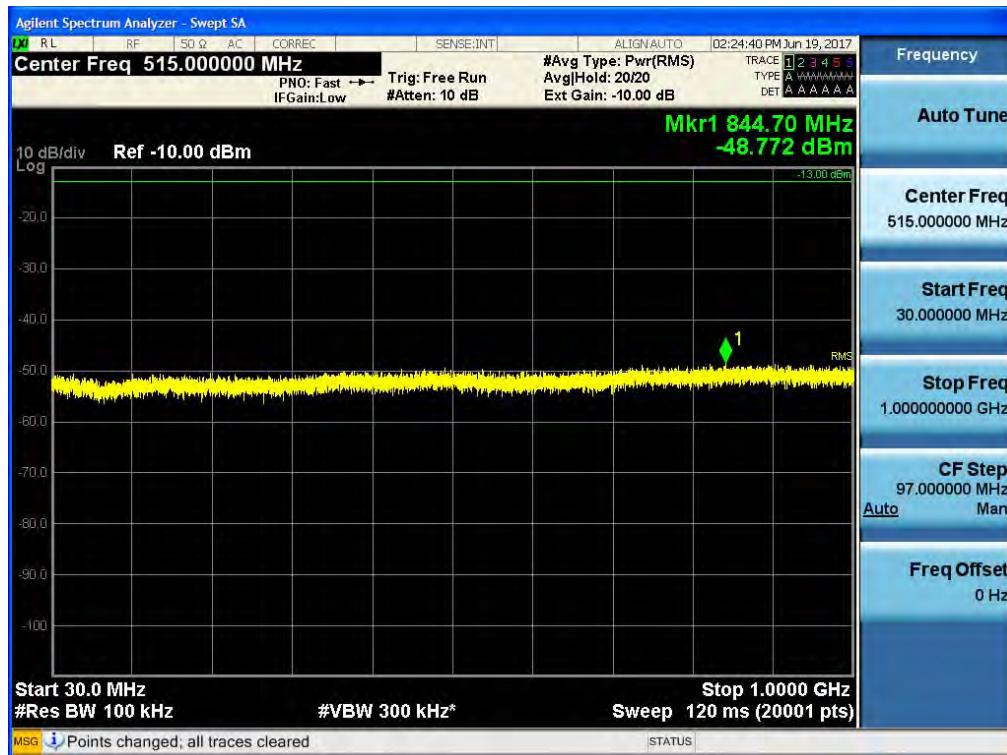
[Downlink Low]



[Downlink Middle]



[Downlink High]

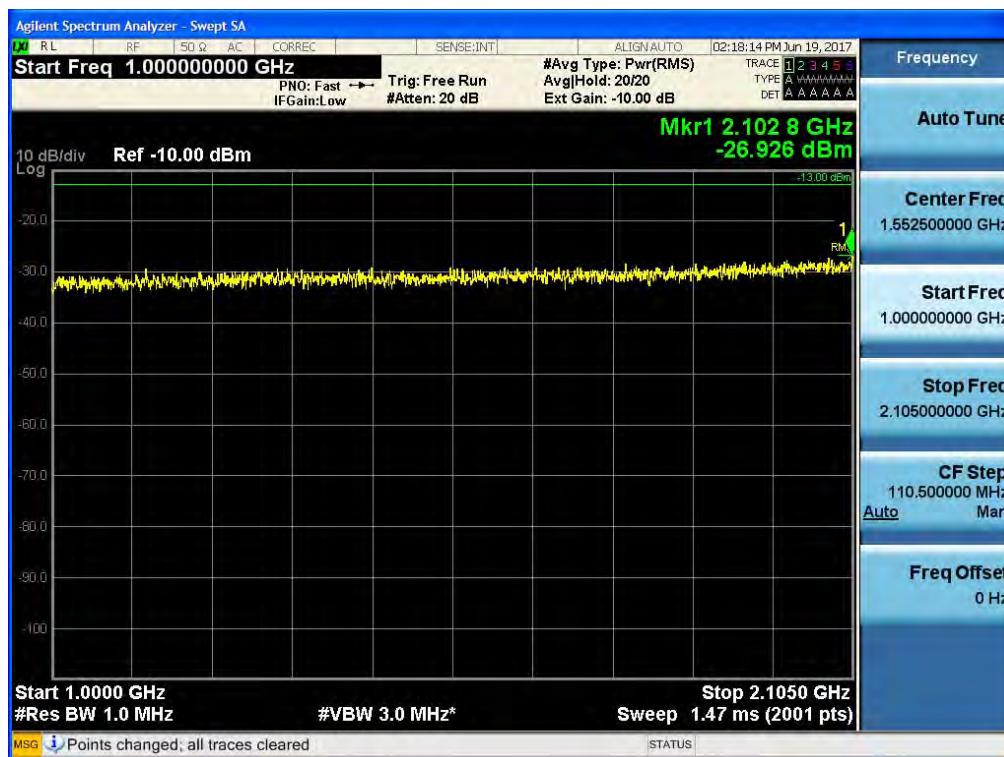


Conducted Spurious Emissions (1 GHz – 2.105 GHz)

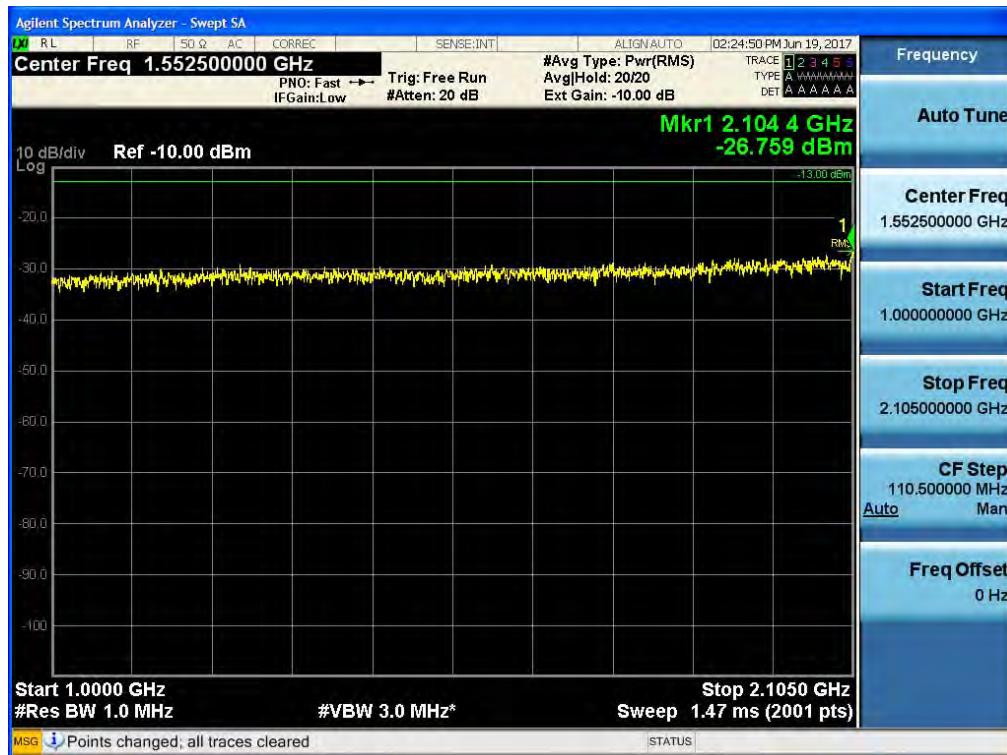
[Downlink Low]



[Downlink Middle]



[Downlink High]



Conducted Spurious Emissions (2.185 GHz – 12.75 GHz)

[Downlink Low]



[Downlink Middle]



[Downlink High]



Conducted Spurious Emissions (12.75 GHz – 26.5 GHz)

[Downlink Low]



[Downlink Middle]



[Downlink High]



**Single channel Enhancer Plots of Spurious Emission for AWS BAND LTE 10 MHz
Conducted Spurious Emissions (9 kHz – 150 kHz)**

[Downlink Low]



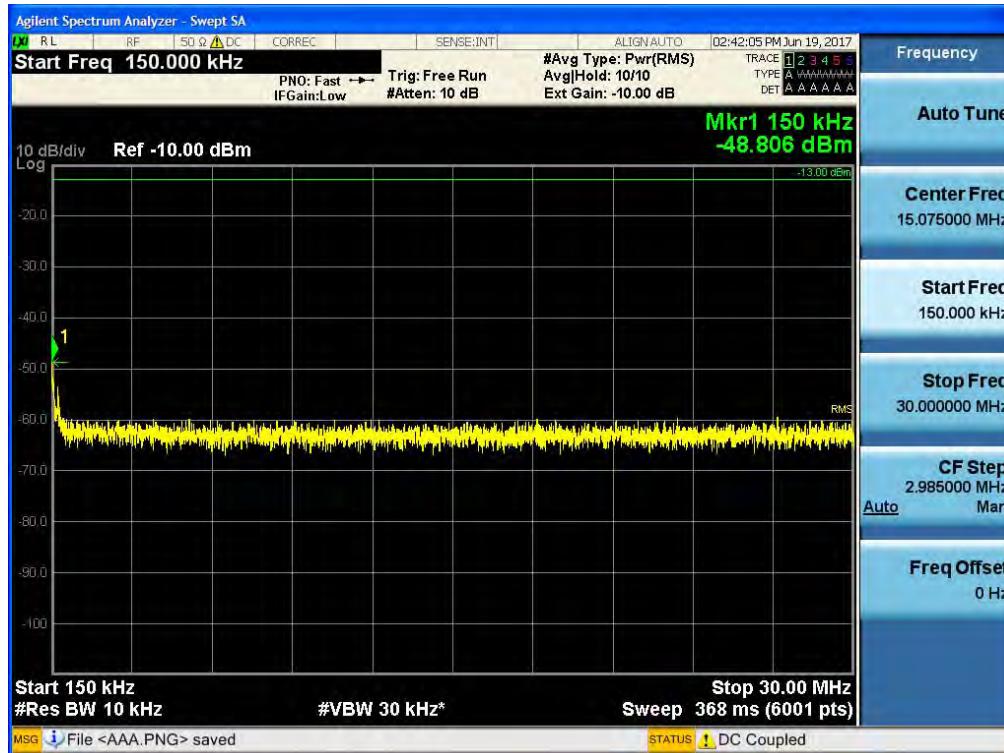
[Downlink Middle]



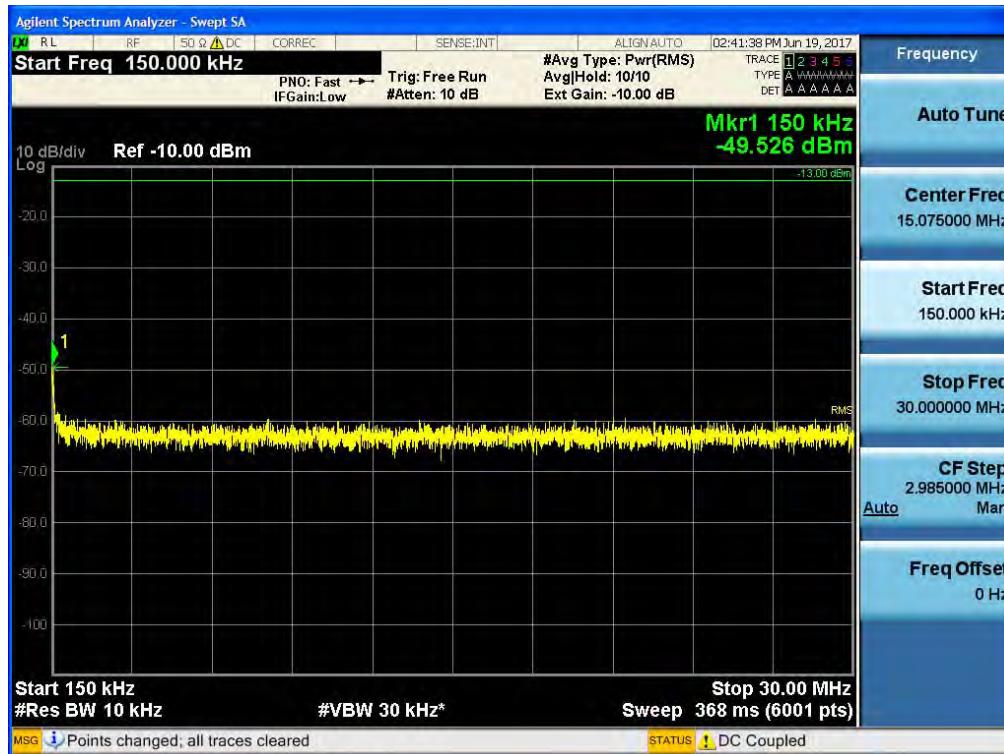
[Downlink High]


Conducted Spurious Emissions (150 kHz – 30 MHz)

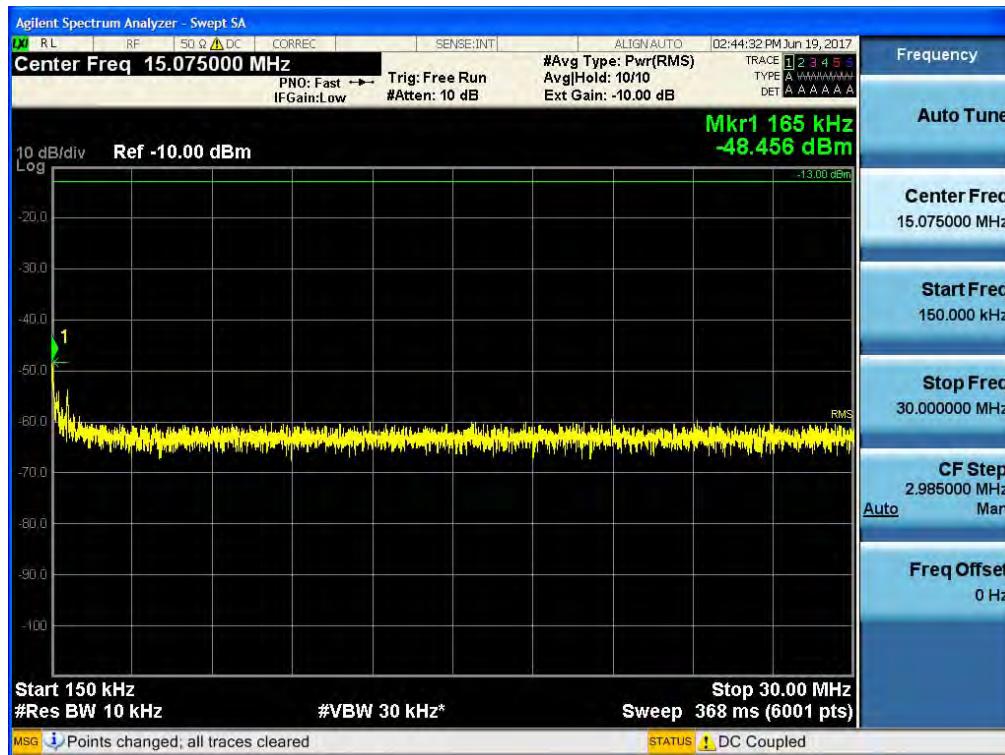
[Downlink Low]



[Downlink Middle]



[Downlink High]

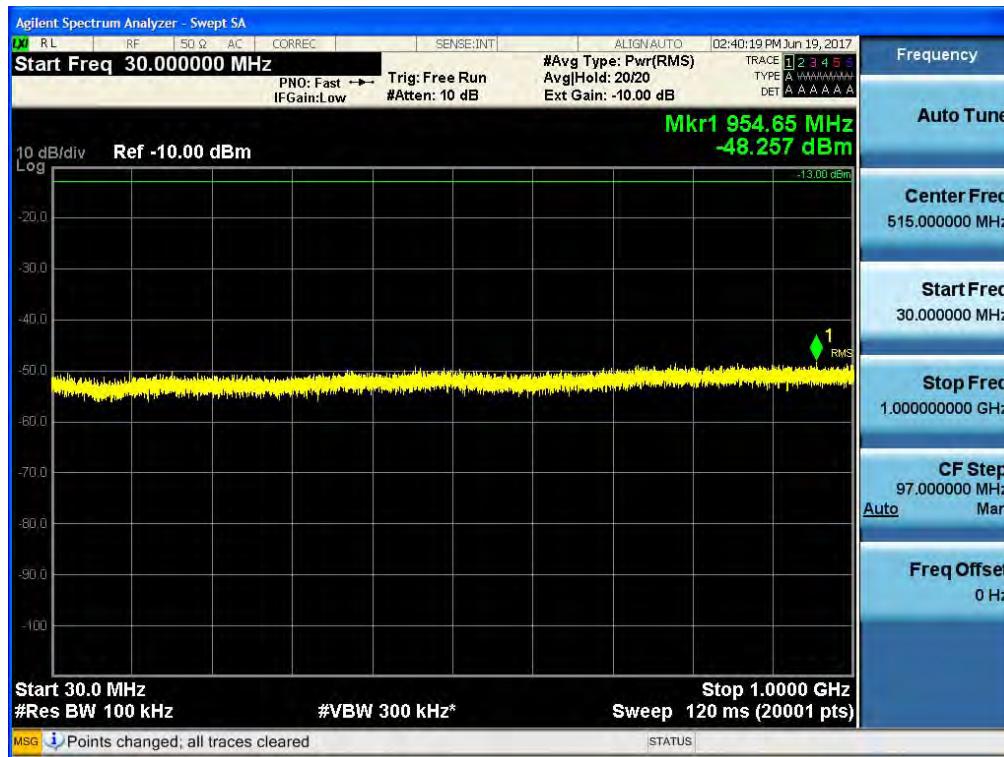


Conducted Spurious Emissions (30 MHz – 1 GHz)

[Downlink Low]



[Downlink Middle]



[Downlink High]

