Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Client

Appreditation No.: SCS 108

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Sporton (Auden) Certificate No: D2450V2-736 Jul09

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE Object D2450V2 - SN: 736 QA CAL-05.v7 Calibration procedure(s): Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits July 20, 2009 Calibration date: Condition of the calibrated item. In Tolerance This calibration cartificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Primary Standards Call Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Power meter EPM-442A GB37480704 08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898) Oct-09 Power seneor HP 8481A US37292783 08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898) Oct-09 Reference 20 dB Attenuator SN: 5086 (20g) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025) Mar-10 Type-N mismatch combination SN: 5047.2 / 06327 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029) Mar-10 Reference Probe ES3DV2 SN: 3025 30-Apr-09 (No. ES3-3025_Apr09) Apr-10 DAE4 SN: 601 07-Mar-09 (No. DAE4-601_Mar09) Mar-10 ID# Secondary Standards Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check Power sensor HP 8481A MY41092317 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-07) In house check: Oct-09 RF generator R&S SMT-06 100005 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07) In house check: Oct-09 Network Analyzer HP 8753E US37390585 S4206 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-08) In house check: Oct-09 Function Signature Calibrated by: Claudio Leubier Laboratory Technician Katja Pokovic Technical Manager Approved by: Issued: July 22, 2009

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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), *Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- · SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V5.0
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity 1.80 mho/m	
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2		
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	40.2 ± 6 %	1.78 mho/m ± 6 %	
Head TSL temperature during test	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C			

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.4 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	53.6 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters.1	normalized to 1W	54.2 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.33 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	25.3 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters 1	normalized to 1W	25.5 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

¹ Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Body TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.8 ± 6 %	1.99 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(21.0 ± 0.2) °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.4 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	53.6 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters 2	normalized to 1W	53.0 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.26 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	25.0 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters 2	normalized to 1W	24.9 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

² Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.9 Ω + 2.2 jΩ
Return Loss	- 27.2 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.7 Ω + 4.2 jΩ
Return Loss	- 27.4 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.158 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	August 26, 2003

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 20.07.2009 17:44:29

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN736

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U11 BB

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.78 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 40.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 \$N3025; ConvF(4.35, 4.35, 4.35); Calibrated: 30.04.2009
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 07.03.2009
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

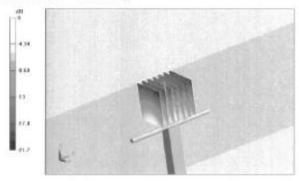
Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 100.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.037 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.4 W/kg

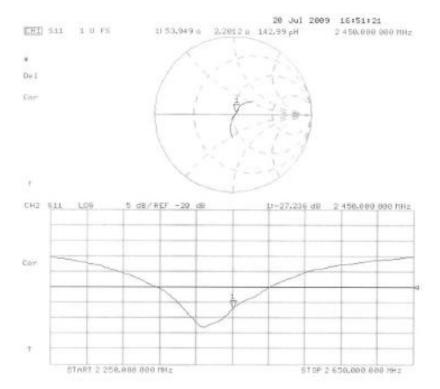
SAR(1 g) = 13.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.33 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.9 mW/g



0 dB = 16.9 mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 14.07.2009 17:46:41

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:736

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U10 BB

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 2 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

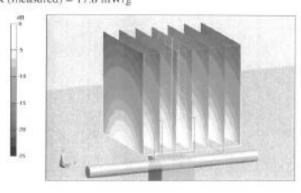
- Probe: ES3DV2 SN3025; ConvF(4.06, 4.06, 4.06); Calibrated: 30.04.2009
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 07.03.2009
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002.
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 98 V/m; Power Drift = -0.018 dB

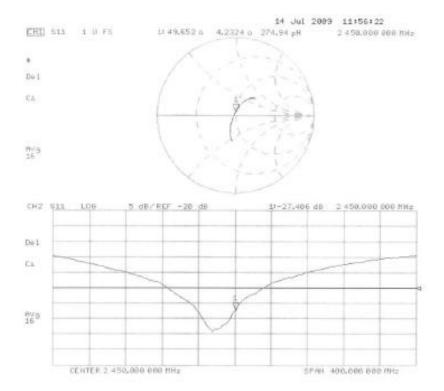
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.26 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.8 mW/g



0 dB = 17.8 mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

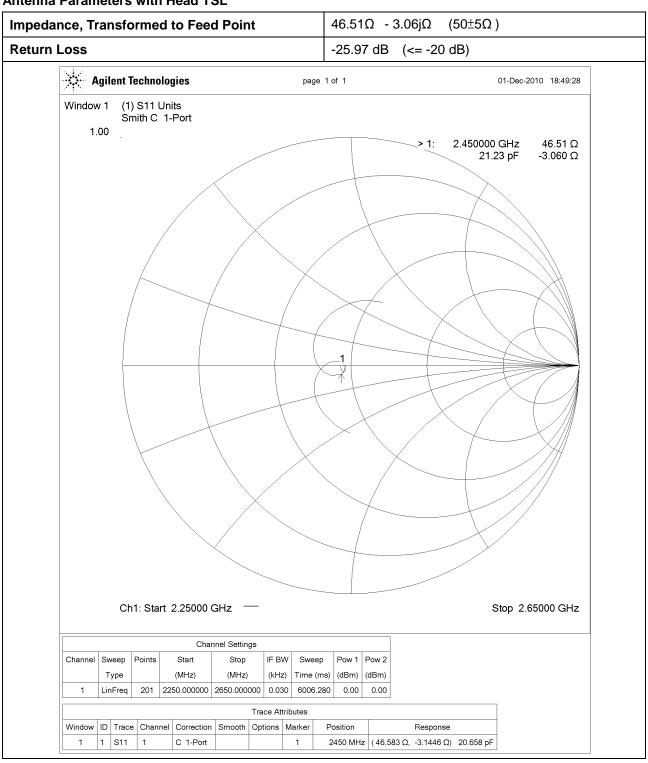


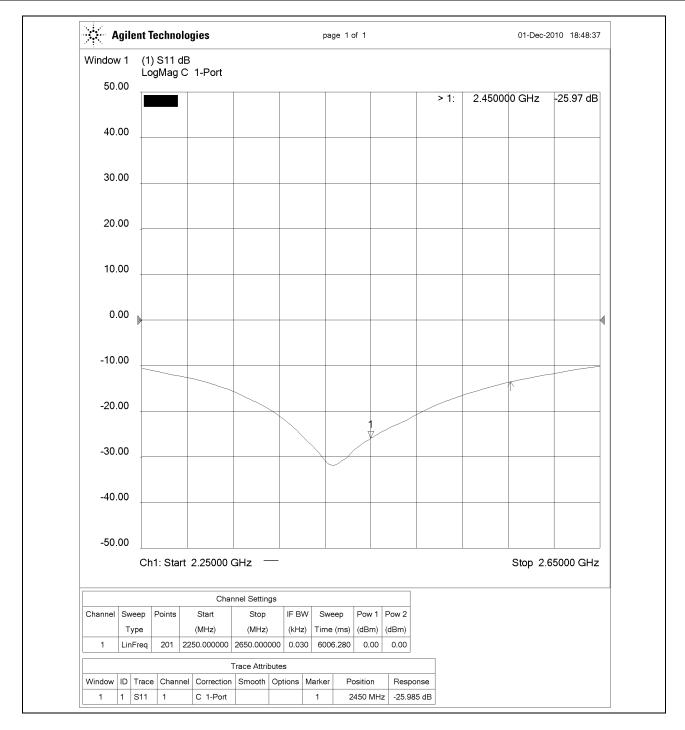
Dipole Verification

Model / SN: D2450V2 / 736

Verification Date: Dec. 01, 2010

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL



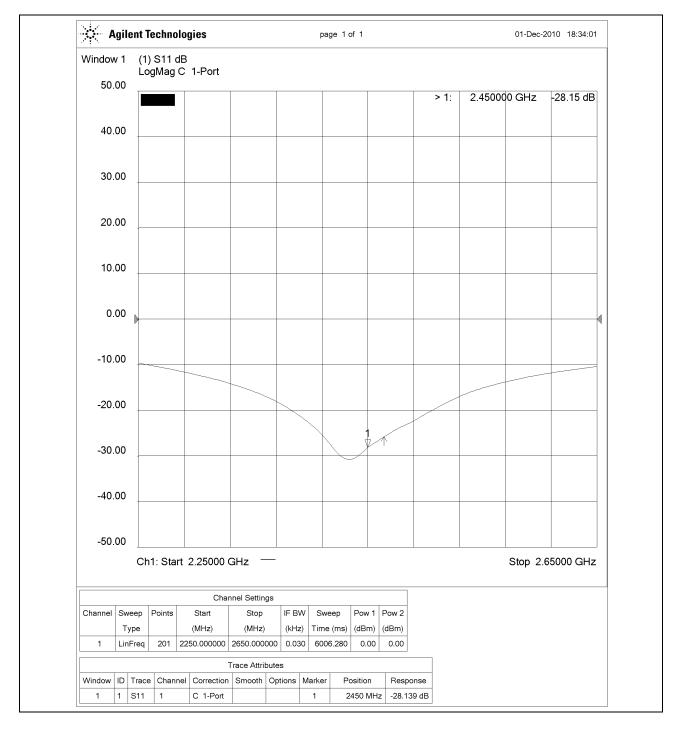


nce, Transfo	rmed to Fe	ed Point		51.3	9Ω	- 3.72jΩ	(50±5Ω)		
Loss -28.15 dB (<= -20 dB)										
Agilent 1	Technologies		paç	ge 1 of 1	1 of 1 01			01-Dec-2	-Dec-2010 18:35:13	
Window 1 (1 Si 1.00	S11 Units nith C 1-Port					> 1:		17 pF	51.39 Ω -3.718 Ω	
								, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
		annel Settings	- 5).47							
Channel Sweep	Points Start (MHz)		FBW Swe kHz) Time							
Type 1 LinFreq	201 2250.00000		kHz) Time 0.030 6006		_	_				
			Attributes]		
Window ID Trace		on Smooth Optio		Position		Respor		-		

2450 MHz (51.398 Ω, -3.7150 Ω) 17.486 pF

1 S11 1

C 1-Port



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Client Sporton (Auden) Certificate No. DAE3-577_Aug10

	ERTIFICATE	THE RESIDENCE	WHEN PARTY NAMED IN
Object	DAE3 - SD 000 D	03 AA - SN: 577	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-08.v22 Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)		
Calibration date:	August 18, 2010		Allowership
The measurements and the unce	rtainties with confidence pro	nal standards, which realize the physical shability are given on the following page	s and are part of the certificate.
		facility: environment temperature (22 ±	ay G and humidity < rons.
Calibration Equipment used (M&)	(E critical for calibration)		
	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
	ID# SN: 0810278	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Oct-09 (No: 9065)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-10
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001		1-Oct-09 (No: 9065) Check Date (in house)	
Primary Standards Keithley Multimoter Type 2001 Secondary Standards Celibrator Box V1.1	SN: 0810278	1-Oct-09 (No: 9065)	Dai-10
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 Secondary Standards	SN: 0810278 ID # SE UMS 006 AB 1004	1-Oct-09 (No: 9055) Check Date (in house) 07-Jun-10 (in house check)	Oct-10 Scheduled Check In house check: Jun-11
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 Secondary Standards Celibrator Box V1.1	SN: 0810278 ID # SE UMS 006 AB 1004 Name	1-Out-09 (No: 9065) Check Date (in house) 07-Jun-10 (in house check) Function	Dos-10 Scheduled Check
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 Secondary Standards Celibrator Box V1.1	SN: 0810278 ID # SE UMS 006 AB 1004	1-Oct-09 (No: 9055) Check Date (in house) 07-Jun-10 (in house check)	Oct-10 Scheduled Check In house check: Jun-11
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 Secondary Standards	SN: 0810278 ID # SE UMS 006 AB 1004 Name	1-Out-09 (No: 9065) Check Date (in house) 07-Jun-10 (in house check) Function	Oct-10 Scheduled Check In house check: Jun-11

Certificate No: DAE3-577_Aug10

Page 1 of 5

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Glossary

DAE data acquisition electronics

Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot

coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
 - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
 - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
 - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
 - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
 - Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
 - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
 - Input resistance: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
 - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
 - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

Certificate No: DAE3-577_Aug10

DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = 8.1μV, full range = -100...+300 mV Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV, full range = -1.....+3mV DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	×	Y	Z
High Range	404.410 ± 0.1% (k=2)	403.875 ± 0.1% (k=2)	404.306 ± 0.1% (k=2)
Low Range	3.93523 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.93747 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.95959 ± 0.7% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	237.0°±1°
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Certificate No: DAE3-577_Aug10

Appendix

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range	Reading (µV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	200002.4	1.01	0.00
Channel X + Input	20001.90	2.00	0.01
Channel X - Input	-19995.45	3.95	-0.02
Channel Y + Input	200000,9	0.34	0.00
Channel Y + Input	20000.24	0.44	0.00
Channel Y - Input	-19999.83	-0.63	0.00
Channel Z + Input	200009.4	-0.37	-0.00
Channel Z + Input	20001.26	1.66	0.01
Channel Z - Input	-19997.92	1.18	-0.01

Low Range	Reading (µV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	2001.5	1.47	0.07
Channel X + Input	199.54	-0.56	-0.28
Channel X - Input	-200.29	-0.19	0.10
Channel Y + Input	2000.4	0.46	0.02
Channel Y + Input	199.57	-0.43	-0.22
Channel Y - Input	-200.89	-0.99	0.50
Channel Z + Input	2000.3	0.15	0.01
Channel Z + Input	198.91	-1.19	-0.60
Channel Z - Input	-201.38	-1.18	0.59

2. Common mode sensitivity

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (µV)
Channel X	200	15.30	13,68
	- 200	-12,48	-14.07
Channel Y	200	-6.90	-6.73
	- 200	6.05	5.52
Channel Z	200	-1.44	-1.60
	- 200	-0.02	0.09

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (µV)	Channel Y (µV)	Channel Z (µV)
Channel X	200		2.26	0.76
Channel Y	200	3.71		4.37
Channel Z	200	0.70	0.09	-

Certificate No: DAE3-577_Aug10

4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	15971	16472
Channel Y	15862	15889
Channel Z	16210	16756

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec Input 10MQ

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (µV)
Channel X	0.16	-1.80	3.19	0.66
Channel Y	-0.57	-1.98	1.29	0.46
Channel Z	-0.97	-1.74	-0.35	0.30

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)	
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9	
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6	

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Voc)	-0.01	-8	-9

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Client

Sporton (Auden)

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Certificate No: ET3-1787_May10

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE ET3DV6 - SN:1787 Object QA CAL-01.v6, QA CAL-23.v3 and QA CAL-25.v2 Calibration procedure(s) Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes May 18, 2010 Calibration date: This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Primary Standards Cal Date (Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Power meter E4419B GB41293874 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) Apr-11 Power sensor E4412A MY41495277 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) Apr-11 Power sensor E4412A MY41498087 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) Apr-11 Reference 3 dB Attenuator SN: S5054 (3c) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159) Mar-11 Reference 20 dB Attenuator SN: S5086 (20b) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161) Mar-11 Reference 30 dB Attenuator SN: S5129 (30b) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01160) Mar-11 Reference Probe ES3DV2 SN: 3013 30-Dec-09 (No. ES3-3013 Dec09) Dec-10 DAE4 SN: 660 20-Apr-10 (No. DAE4-660_Apr10) Apr-11 Secondary Standards Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check RF generator HP 8648C US3642U01700 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) In house check: Oct-11 Network Analyzer HP 8753E US37390585 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09) In house check: Oct10 Name Function Calibrated by: Jeton Kastrati Laboratory Technician Katja Pokovic Approved by: Technical Manager Issued: May 22, 2010 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: ET3-1787_May10

Page 1 of 11

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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- EC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
 NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
 implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
 in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z, VRx,y,z: A, B, C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of
 power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the
 maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Certificate No: ET3-1787_May10

Probe ET3DV6

SN:1787

Manufactured: May 28, 2003 Last calibrated: May 26, 2009 Recalibrated: May 18, 2010

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: ET3-1787_May10

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1787

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (μV/(V/m) ²) ^A	1.60	1.79	2.10	± 10.1%
DCP (mV) ^B	92.4	95.5	91.0	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dBuV	С	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
10000	cw	0.00	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	300.0	± 1.5%
			Y	0.00	0.00	1.00	300.0	
			Z	0.00	0.00	1.00	300.0	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: ET3-1787 May10

A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

⁸ Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

E Uncertainty is determined using the maximum deviation from linear response applying recatangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1787

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^C	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
750	± 50 / ± 100	41.5 ± 5%	$0.90 \pm 5\%$	6.56	6.56	6.56	0.52	1.96 ± 11.0%
835	± 50 / ± 100	$41.9 \pm 5\%$	$0.89 \pm 5\%$	6.21	6.21	6.21	0.42	2.23 ± 11.0%
1750	\pm 50 / \pm 100	40.1 ± 5%	$1.37 \pm 5\%$	5.36	5.36	5.36	0.49	1.18 ± 11.0%
1900	±50/±100	$40.0 \pm 5\%$	$1.40 \pm 5\%$	5.09	5.09	5.09	0.66	2.20 ± 11.0%
2450	± 50 / ± 100	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	4.50	4.50	4.50	0.99	1.63 ± 11.0%

^C The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1787

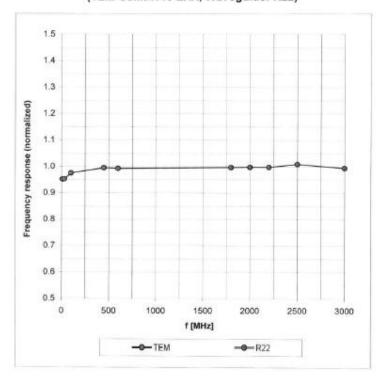
Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^C	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvF X Co	nvFY C	onvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
750	$\pm 50 / \pm 100$	$55.5 \pm 5\%$	0.96 ± 5%	6.22	6.22	6.22	0.48	2.20 ± 11.0%
835	$\pm 50 / \pm 100$	$55.2 \pm 5\%$	$0.97 \pm 5\%$	6.12	6,12	6.12	0.39	2.45 ± 11.0%
1750	\pm 50 / \pm 100	$53.4 \pm 5\%$	$1.49 \pm 5\%$	4.72	4.72	4.72	0.63	2.90 ± 11.0%
1900	± 50 / ± 100	$53.3 \pm 5\%$	1.52 ± 5%	4.47	4.47	4.47	0.88	2.39 ± 11.0%
2450	± 50 / ± 100	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	4.03	4.03	4.03	0.99	1.35 ± 11.0%

^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

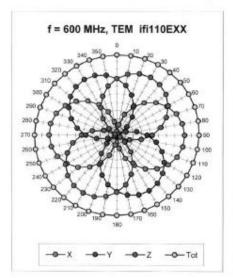
Frequency Response of E-Field

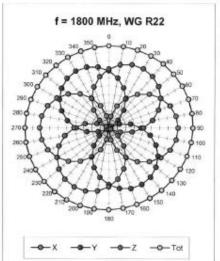
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

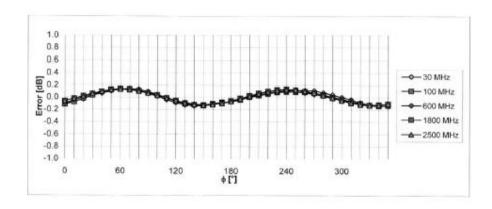


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$





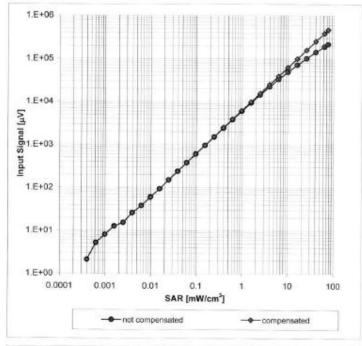


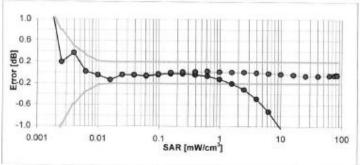
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Certificate No: ET3-1787_May10

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})

(Waveguide R22, f = 1800 MHz)

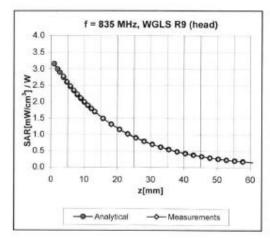


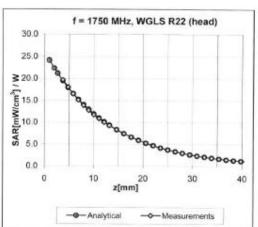


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Certificate No: ET3-1787_May10

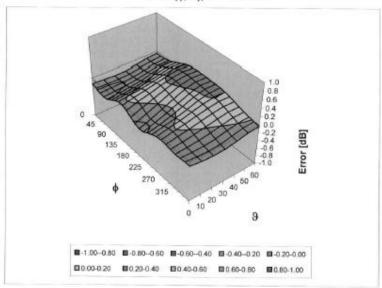
Conversion Factor Assessment





Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

Certificate No: ET3-1787 May10

Page 10 of 11

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	Not applicable
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	6.8 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2.7 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2.7 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2.7 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	4 mm