# FCC Part 15C (Bluetooth Portion)

# **Measurement and Test Report**

For

# Verykool USA Inc

4350 Executive Dr. #100, San Diego

**FCC ID: WA6I675** 

**Report Concerns: Equipment Type:** Original Report GSM/GPRS Quad-band Mobile Phone

Model: i675 & i674

Report No.: STR12038074I-2

Test Date: 2012-03-08 to 2012-03-22

Issue Date: 2012-03-28

Seven Song
Lahm peny
Jumby80 Tested By: Seven Song / Engineer

Lahm Peng / EMC Manager Reviewed By:

Jandy so / PSQ Manager Approved & Authorized By:

Prepared By:

**SEM.Test Compliance Service Co., Ltd.** 

3/F, Jinbao Commerce Building, Xin'an Fanshen Road,

Bao'an District, Shenzhen, P.R.C. (518101)

Tel.: +86-755-33663308 Fax.: +86-755-33663309 Website: www.semtest.com.cn

Note: This test report is limited to the above client company and the product model only. It may not be duplicated without prior permitted by SEM. Test Compliance Service Co., Ltd.

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#### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

# 1.1 Product Description for Equipment Under Test (EUT)

#### **Client Information**

Applicant: Verykool USA Inc

Address of applicant: 350 Executive Dr. #100, San Diego

Manufacturer: Verykool Hong Kong Limited

Address of manufacturer: SUITE 2311 SHELL TOWER TIMES SQUARE 1

MATHESON ST CAUSEWAY BAY HK

#### **General Description of E.U.T**

Items	Description
EUT Description:	GSM/GPRS Quad-band Mobile Phone
Trade Name:	Verykool
Model No.:	i675 & i674
Rated Voltage:	Battery DC 3.7V, Adapter DC USB 5V
Max. Output Power:	2.376dBm (Conducted)
Frequency range:	2402-2480MHz
Number of channels:	79
Channel Separation:	1MHz
Type of Antenna:	Integral Antenna (Gain: 2 dBi)
Bluetooth Version:	V2.0+EDR
Modulation:	GFSK(1Mbps), 4QDPSK(2Mbps), 8DPSK(3Mbps)
Battery:	M/N: 414455Ar; DC 3.7V/1100mAh
Power Adapter:	M/N: ASUC30a-050050; Input: 100-240V ~ 50/60Hz,0.3A

The test data is gathered from a production sample, provided by the manufacturer. Test is carried out with i675 since the other model listed in this report is only different SIM socket without others circuit and electronic construction changed, declared by the manufacture.

#### 1.2 Test Standards

The following report is prepared on behalf of the Verykool USA Inc in accordance with FCC Part 15, Subpart C, and section 15.203, 15.205, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 of the Federal Communication Commissions rules.

The objective is to determine compliance with FCC Part 15, Subpart C, and section 15.203, 15.205, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 of the Federal Communication Commissions rules.

**Maintenance of compliance** is the responsibility of the manufacturer. Any modification of the product, which result in lowering the emission, should be checked to ensure compliance has been maintained.

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# 1.3 Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ANSI C63.4-2003, American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz.

The equipment under test (EUT) was configured to measure its highest possible emission level. The test modes were adapted with Low Channel, Middle Channel and High Channel, accordingly in reference to the Operating Instructions.

#### 1.4 Test Facility

# • FCC – Registration No.: 994117

SEM.Test Compliance Services Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the (FCC) Federal Communications Commission. The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files and the Registration is 994117.

#### • Industry Canada (IC) Registration No.: 7673A

The 3m Semi-anechoic chamber of SEM.Test Compliance Services Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing with Registration No.: 7673A.

#### • CNAS Registration No.: L4062

Shenzhen SEM.Test Electronics Service Co., Ltd. is a testing organization accredited by China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS) according to ISO/IEC 17025. The accreditation certificate number is L4062. All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at 3/F, Jinbao Commerce Building, Xin'an Fanshen Road, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, P.R.C (518101)

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# 1.5 EUT Test Mode

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the Tx frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements, all testing shall be perform at the low, middle, high channel.

Modulation Configure

Modulation	Packet	Packet Type	Packet Size
	DH1	4	27
GFSK	DH3	11	183
	DH5	15	339
	2DH1	20	54
Pi/4 QDPSK	2DH3	26	367
	2DH5	30	379
	3DH1	24	83
8DPSK	3DH3	27	552
	3DH5	31	1021

Normal mode: the Bluetooth has been tested on the modulation of GFSK.

EDR mode: the Bluetooth has been tested on the modulation of  $(\Pi/4)QDPSK$  and 8DPSK, compliance test and record the worst case on 8DPSK.

# 1.6 Accessories Equipment List and Details

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number
Notebook	SAMSUNG	NP-R20	/

#### 1.7 EUT Cable List and Details

Cable Description	Length (M)	Shielded/Unshielded	With Core/Without Core
USB Cable	1.2	Shielded	Without Core
Earphone Cable	1.6	Unshielded	Without Core

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# 2. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

FCC RULES	DESCRIPTION OF TEST	RESULT
§ 15.203; § 15.247(b)(4)(i)	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
§ 15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Quantity of Hopping Channel	Compliant
§ 15.247(a)(1)	Channel Separation	Compliant
§ 15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Time of Occupancy (Dwell time)	Compliant
§ 15.247(a)	20dB Bandwidth	Compliant
§ 15.247(b)(1)	Power Output	Compliant
§ 15.209(a)(f)	Radiated Emission	Compliant
§ 15.247(d)	Band Edge	Compliant
§ 15.247(a)(1)	Frequency Hopping Sequence	Compliant
§ 15.247(g), (h)	Frequency Hopping System	Compliant

# 3. §15.203 - ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

# 3.1 Standard Applicable

According to FCC 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

#### 3.2 Evaluation Information

This product has a permanent antenna, fulfill the requirement of this section.

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# 4. Frequency Hopping System Requirements

# 4.1 Standard Applicable

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1), The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

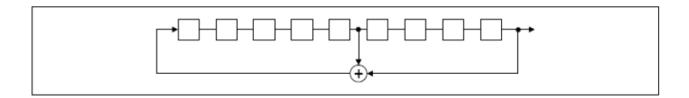
- (g) Frequency hopping spread spectrum systems are not required to employ all available hopping channels during each transmission. However, the system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this section should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream. In addition, a system employing short transmission bursts must comply with the definition of a frequency hopping system and must distribute its transmissions over the minimum number of hopping channels specified in this section.
- (h) The incorporation of intelligence within a frequency hopping spread spectrum system that permits the system to recognize other users within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently chooses and adapts its hopsets to avoid hopping on occupied channels is permitted. The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

#### 4.2 EUT Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

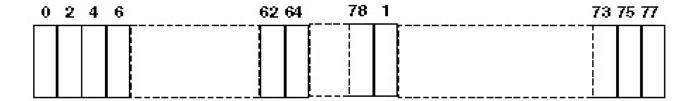
The pseudorandom sequence may be generated in a nine-stage shift register whose 5<sup>th</sup> and 9<sup>th</sup> stage outputs are added in a modulo-two addition stage, and the result is fed back to the input of the first stage. The sequence begins with the first ONE of 9 consecutive ONEs; i.e. the shift register is initialized with nine ones.

Number of shift register stages: 9

Length of pseudo-random sequence: 29-1 = 511 bits Longest sequence of zeros: 8 (non-inverted signal)



Linear Feedback Shift Register for Generation of the PRBS sequence



Each frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter.

The system receiver have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

# 4.3 Frequency Hopping System

This transmitter device is frequency hopping device, and complies with FCC part 15.247 rule.

This device uses Bluetooth radio which operates in 2400-2483.5 MHz band. Bluetooth uses a radio technology called frequency-hopping spread spectrum, which chops up the data being sent and transmits chunks of it on up to 79 bands (1 MHz each; centred from 2402 to 2480 MHz) in the range 2,400-2,483.5 MHz. The transmitter switches hop frequencies 1,600 times per second to assure a high degree of data security. All Bluetooth devices participating in a given piconet are synchronized to the frequency-hopping channel for the piconet. The frequency hopping sequence is determined by the master's device address and the phase of the hopping sequence (the frequency to hop at a specific time) is determined by the master's internal clock. Therefore, all slaves in a piconet must know the master's device address and must synchronize their clocks with the master's clock.

Adaptive Frequency Hopping (AFH) was introduced in the Bluetooth specification to provide an effective way for a Bluetooth radio to counteract normal interference. AFH identifies "bad" channels, where either other wireless devices are interfering with the Bluetooth signal or the Bluetooth signal is interfering with another device. The AFH-enabled Bluetooth device will then communicate with other devices within its piconet to share details of any identified bad channels. The devices will then switch to alternative available "good" channels, away from the areas of interference, thus having no impact on the bandwidth used.

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# 5. NUMBER OF HOPPING CHANNELS AND CHANNEL SPACING

# 5.1 Standard Applicable

According to FCC 15.247(a)(1), frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, and frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

# 5.2 Test Equipment List and Details

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Due. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4402B	US41192821	2011-12-20	2012-12-19
Attenuator	ATTEN	ATS100-4-20	/	2011-12-20	2012-12-19

**Statement of Traceability:** All calibrations have been performed per the NVLAP requirements traceable to the NIST.

#### **5.3 Test Procedure**

According to the DA 00-705, the number of hopping frequencies test method as follows.

Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.

Set span = the frequency band of operation (2400MHz to 2483.5MHz)

RBW = 100kHz, VBW = 100kHz

Sweep = auto

 $Detector\ function = peak$ 

Trace = max hold

Allow the trace to stabilize, observed the band of 2400MHz to 2483.5MHz, than count it out the number of channels for comparing with the FCC rules.

The channel spacing test method as follows:

Set span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels

Other setting as above

Allow the trace to stabilize, Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels.

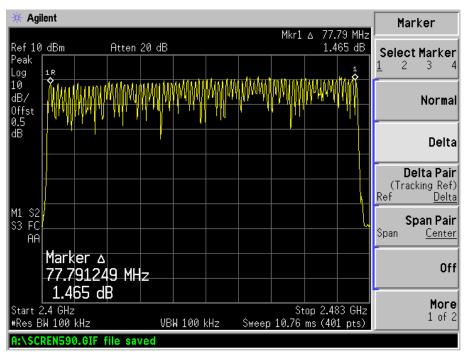
#### **5.4 Environmental Conditions**

Temperature:	24 °C
Relative Humidity:	54%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

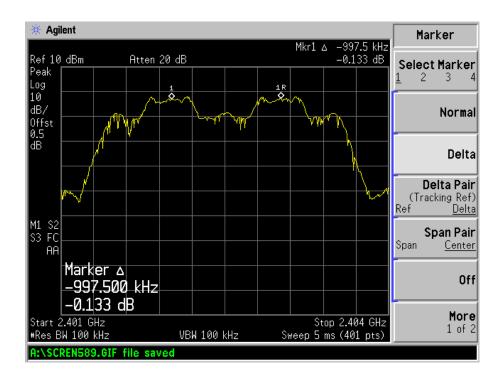
# **5.5 Summary of Test Results/Plots**

Test mode: 8DPSK 3DH5

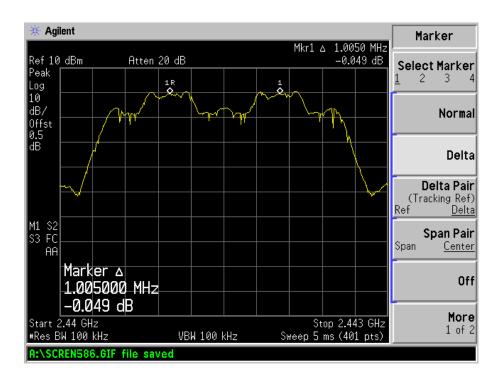
No. of Channel = 79 2402-2480MHz



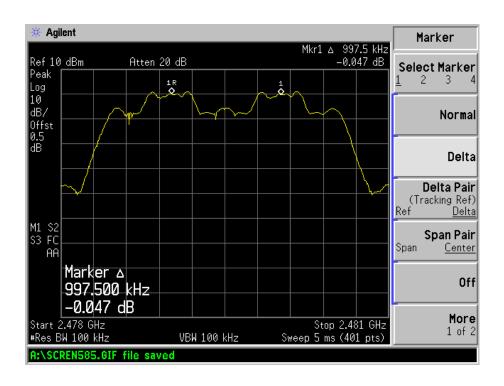
#### Channel Spacing (Low CH=1MHz)



#### Channel Spacing (Middle CH=1MHz)



# Channel Spacing (High CH=1MHz)



# 6. DWELL TIME OF A HOPPING CHANNEL

# **6.1 Standard Applicable**

According to 15.247(a)(1)(iii), Frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

# **6.2 Test Equipment List and Details**

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Due. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4402B	US41192821	2011-12-20	2012-12-19
Attenuator	ATTEN	ATS100-4-20	/	2011-12-20	2012-12-19

**Statement of Traceability:** All calibrations have been performed per the NVLAP requirements traceable to the NIST.

#### **6.3 Test Procedure**

According to the DA 00-705, the dwell time of a hopping channel test method as follows.

Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.

Set span = zero span, centered on a hopping channel

RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

Use the marker-delta function to determine the dwell time

#### **6.4 Environmental Conditions**

Temperature:	24 °C
Relative Humidity:	54%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

#### 6.5 Summary of Test Results/Plots

The dwell time within a period in data mode is independent from the packet type (packet length).

Test data is corrected with the worse case, which the packet length is DH1, DH3, DH5.

```
The test period: T = 0.4 Second X 79 Channel = 31.6 s
```

Dwell time = time slot length X (Hopping rate / Number of hopping channels) X Period

#### Low Channel-2402MHz:

```
DH1 dwell time = 0.360 \text{ (ms)} * (1600/(2*79)) * 31.6 = 115.20 \text{ ms}
DH3 dwell time = 1.620 \text{ (ms)} * (1600/(4*79)) * 31.6 = 259.20 \text{ ms}
DH5 dwell time = 2.870 \text{ (ms)} * (1600/(6*79)) * 31.6 = 306.13 \text{ ms}
```

#### Middle Channel-2441MHz:

```
DH1 dwell time = 0.370 \text{ (ms)} * (1600/(2*79)) * 31.6 = 118.40 \text{ ms}
DH3 dwell time = 1.620 \text{ (ms)} * (1600/(4*79)) * 31.6 = 259.20 \text{ ms}
DH5 dwell time = 2.870 \text{ (ms)} * (1600/(6*79)) * 31.6 = 306.13 \text{ ms}
```

#### High Channel-2480MHz:

```
DH1 dwell time = 0.370 \text{ (ms)} * (1600/(2*79)) * 31.6 = 118.40 \text{ ms}
DH3 dwell time = 1.610 \text{ (ms)} * (1600/(4*79)) * 31.6 = 257.60 \text{ ms}
DH5 dwell time = 2.860 \text{ (ms)} * (1600/(6*79)) * 31.6 = 305.07 \text{ ms}
```

# Low Channel-2402MHz:

```
3DH1 dwell time = 0.370 \text{ (ms)} * (1600/(2*79)) * 31.6 = 118.40 \text{ ms}
3DH3 dwell time = 1.630 \text{ (ms)} * (1600/(4*79)) * 31.6 = 260.80 \text{ ms}
3DH5 dwell time = 2.880 \text{ (ms)} * (1600/(6*79)) * 31.6 = 307.20 \text{ ms}
```

#### Middle Channel-2441MHz:

```
3DH1 dwell time = 0.360 (ms) * (1600/(2*79)) * 31.6 = 134.40 ms
3DH3 dwell time = 1.620 (ms) * (1600/(4*79)) * 31.6 = 259.20 ms
3DH5 dwell time = 2.880 (ms) * (1600/(6*79)) * 31.6 = 307.20 ms
```

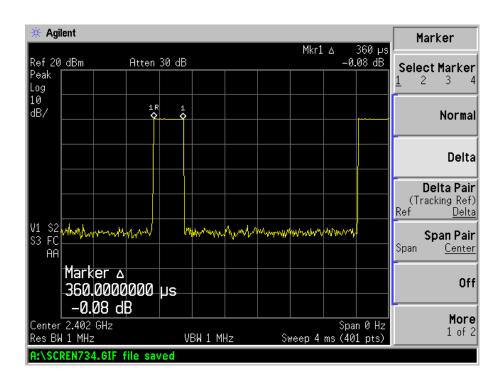
#### High Channel-2480MHz:

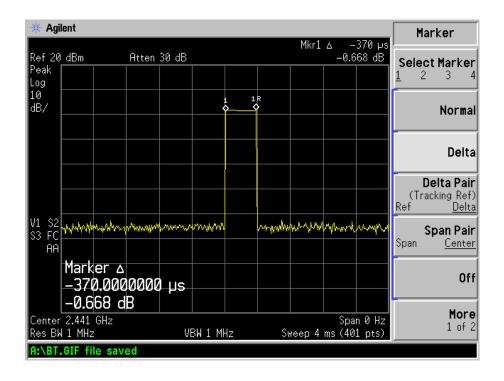
```
3DH1 dwell time = 0.380 (ms) * (1600/(2*79)) * 31.6 = 115.20 ms
3DH3 dwell time = 1.620 (ms) * (1600/(4*79)) * 31.6 = 259.20 ms
3DH5 dwell time = 2.880 (ms) * (1600/(6*79)) * 31.6 = 307.20 ms
```

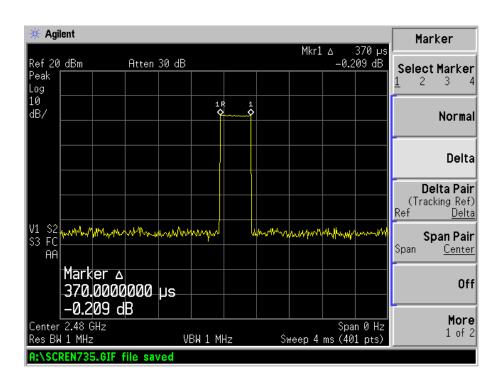
The test results are not greater than 0.4 seconds.

Please see the test plots as below:

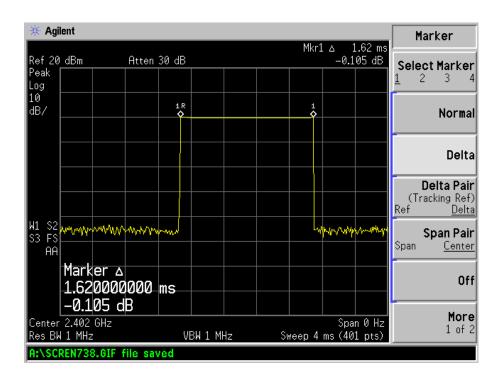
#### DH1 time slot

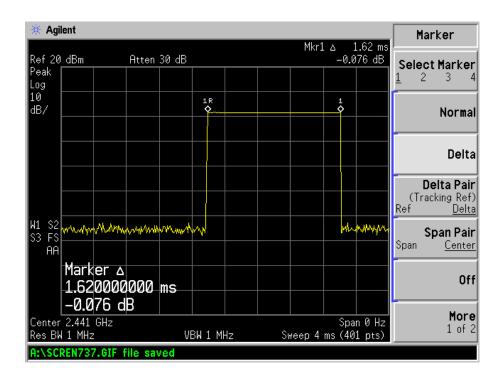


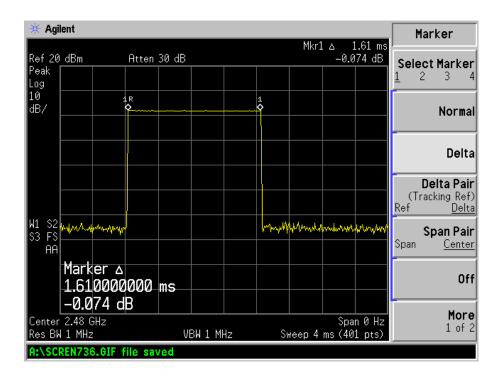




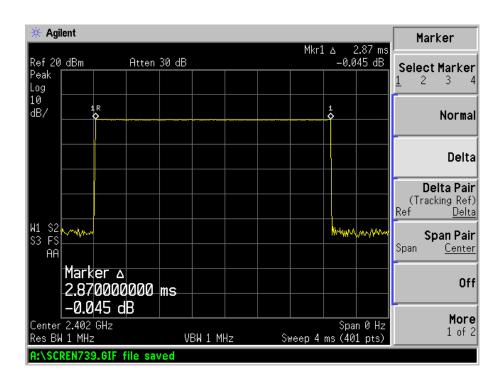
DH3 time slot

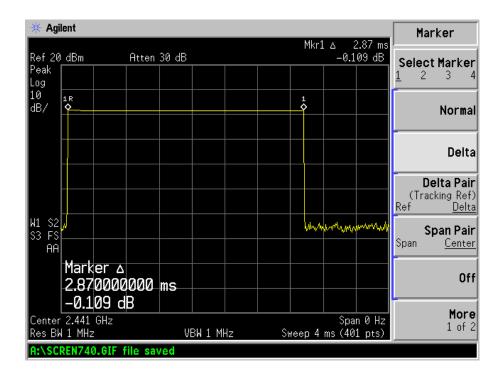


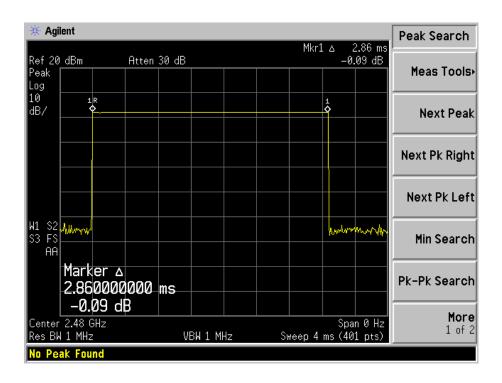




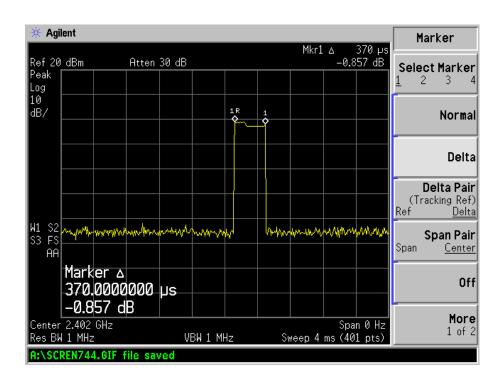
#### DH5 time slot

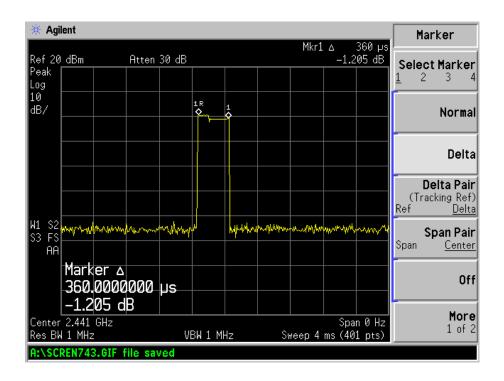


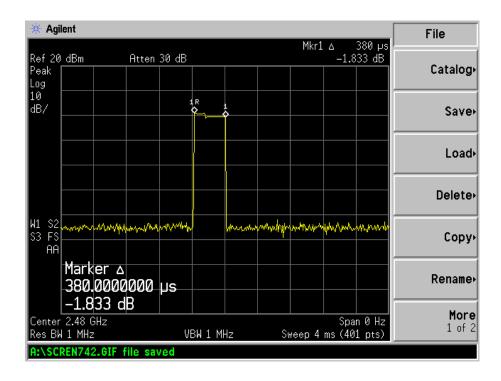




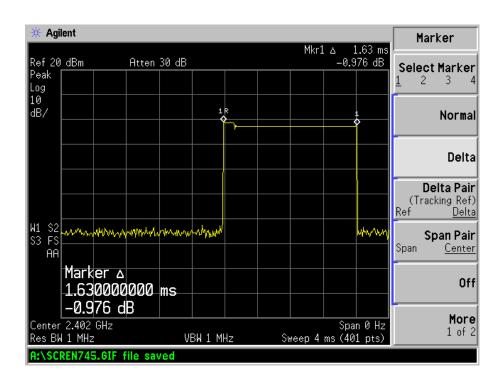
3DH1 time slot

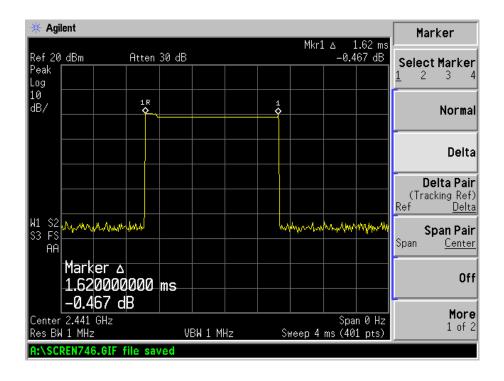


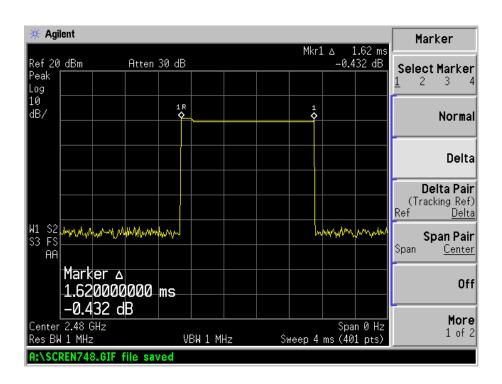




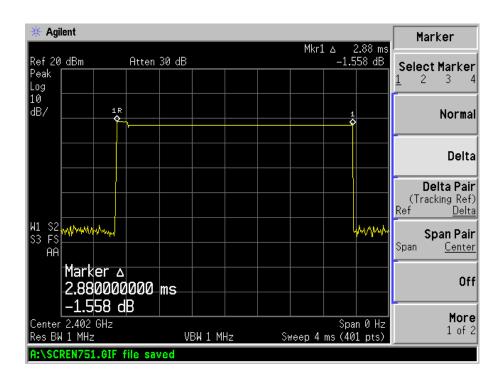
#### 3DH3 time slot

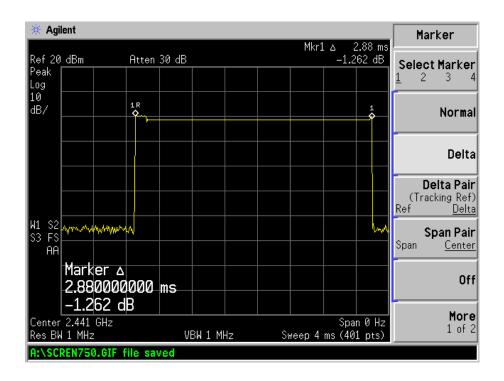


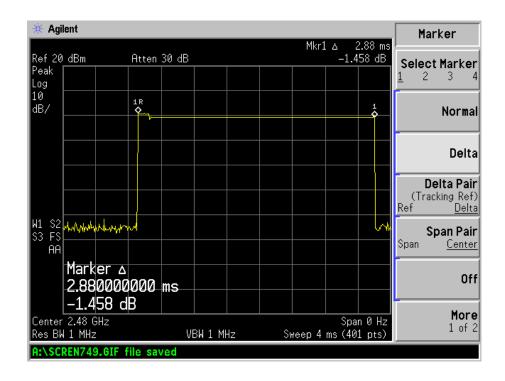




#### 3DH5 time slot







#### 7. 20-dB BANDWIDTH

# 7.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(a)(1)(iii). For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400MHz-2483.5 MHz no limit for 20dB bandwidth.

# 7.2 Test Equipment List and Details

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Due. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4402B	US41192821	2011-12-20	2012-12-19
Attenuator	ATTEN	ATS100-4-20	/	2011-12-20	2012-12-19

**Statement of Traceability:** All calibrations have been performed per the NVLAP requirements traceable to the NIST.

#### 7.3 Test Procedure

According to the DA 00-705, the 20dB bandwidth test method as follows.

Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.

Set span = 2MHz, centered on a hopping channel

RBW ≥1% 20dB Bandwidth, VBW ≥RBW

Sweep = auto

 $Detector\ function = peak$ 

Trace = max hold

All the trace to stabilize, use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission, use the marker-delta function to measure and record the 20dB down bandwidth of the emission.

#### 7.4 Environmental Conditions

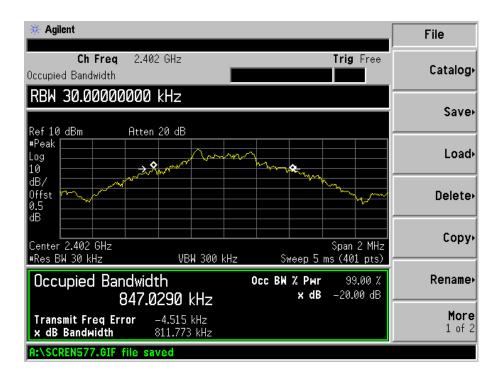
Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	53%
ATM Pressure:	1018 mbar

# 7.5 Summary of Test Results/Plots

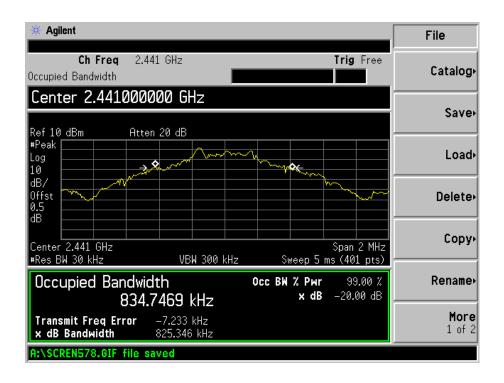
Frequency	20 dB Bandwidth DH5	20 dB Bandwidth 3DH5	Limit
MHz	kHz	kHz	dB
2402	811.773	1160	/
2441	825.346	1158	/
2480	822.252	1160	/

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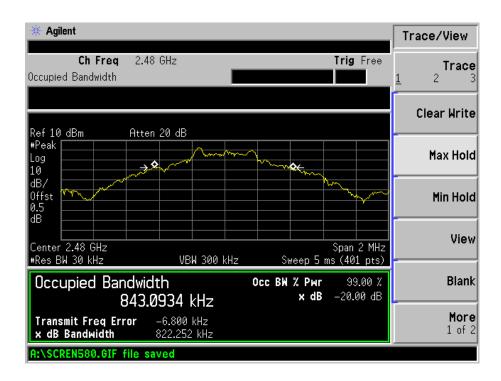
# DH5 Mode CH Low:



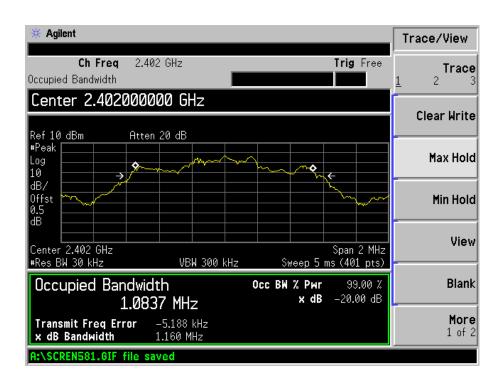
# CH Mid:



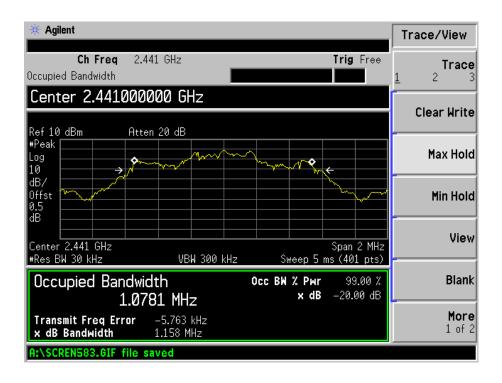
#### CH High:



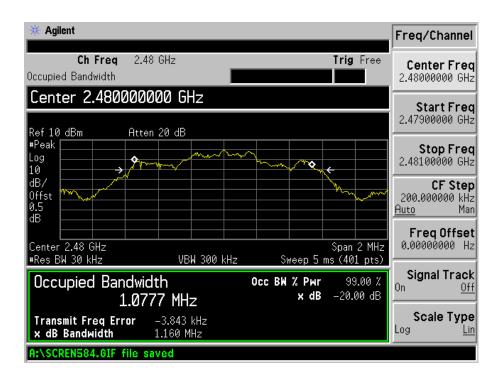
3DH5 Mode CH Low:



#### CH Mid:



#### CH High:



#### 8. POWER OUTPUT

# 8.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(b)(1). For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725–5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

# 8.2 Test Equipment List and Details

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Due. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	pectrum Analyzer Agilent		E4402B US41192821		2012-12-19
Attenuator	ATTEN	ATS100-4-20	/	2011-12-20	2012-12-19

**Statement of Traceability:** All calibrations have been performed per the NVLAP requirements traceable to the NIST.

#### **8.3 Test Procedure**

According to the DA 00-705, the peak output power test method as follows.

Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.

Set span = 5MHz, centered on a hopping channel

RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

All the trace to stabilize, use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission, the indicated level is the peak output power (the external attenuation and cable loss shall be considered).

#### **8.4 Environmental Conditions**

Temperature:	24 °C
Relative Humidity:	55%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

# **8.5 Summary of Test Results/Plots**

Conducted Power: DH5

Channel	Frequency MHz	Measured Value dBm	Output Power mW	Limit mW
Low Channel	2402	-0.162	0.9634	1000
Middle Channel	2441	1.461	1.3999	1000
High Channel	2480	2.376	1.7282	1000

Conducted Power: 3DH5

Channal	Frequency	Measured Value	Output Power	Limit
Channel	MHz	dBm	mW	mW
Low Channel	2402	-0.928	0.8076	1000
Middle Channel	2441	0.755	1.1899	1000
High Channel	2480	1.082	1.2829	1000

Note: the antenna gain is less than 6dBi maximum permission antenna gain value based on 1 watt peak output power limit.

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#### 9. FIELD STRENGTH OF SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

# 9.1 Measurement Uncertainty

Based on NIS 81, The Treatment of Uncertainty in EMC Measurements, the best estimate of the uncertainty of a radiation emissions measurement is +5.10 dB.

# 9.2 Standard Applicable

According to §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a).

The emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector. The provisions in §15.35 for limiting peak emissions apply. Spurious Radiated Emissions measurements starting below or at the lowest crystal frequency.

# 9.3 Test Equipment List and Details

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Due. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSP	836079/035	2011-12-20	2012-12-19
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESVB	825471/005	2011-12-20	2012-12-19
Positioning Controller	C&C	CC-C-1F	N/A	2011-12-20	2012-12-19
RF Switch	EM	EMSW18	SW060023	2011-12-20	2012-12-19
Pre-amplifier	Agilent	8447F	3113A06717	2011-12-20	2012-12-19
Pre-amplifier	Compliance Direction	PAP-0118	24002	2011-12-20	2012-12-19
Trilog Broadband Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB9163	9163-333	2012-02-25	2013-02-24
Horn Antenna	rn Antenna ETS		00086197	2012-02-25	2013-02-24
Horn Antenna	Horn Antenna ETS		00088203	2012-02-25	2013-02-24
Loop Antenna	SCHWARZECK	HFRA 5165	9365	2012-02-25	2013-02-24

**Statement of Traceability:** All calibrations have been performed per the NVLAP requirements traceable to the NIST.

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#### **9.4 Test Procedure**

The setup of EUT is according with per ANSI C63.4-2003 measurement procedure. The specification used was with the FCC Part 15.205 15.247(a) and FCC Part 15.209 Limit.

The external I/O cables were draped along the test table and formed a bundle 30 to 40 cm long in the middle. The spacing between the peripherals was 10 cm.



#### 9.5 Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The Corrected Amplitude is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and the Cable Factor, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain from the Amplitude reading. The basic equation is as follows:

The "Margin" column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, a margin of -6dB $\mu$ V means the emission is 6dB $\mu$ V below the maximum limit for Class B. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

#### 9.6 Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	52%
ATM Pressure:	1012 mbar

# 9.7 Summary of Test Results/Plots

According to the data below, the FCC Part 15.205, 15.209 and 15.247 standards, and had the worst margin of:

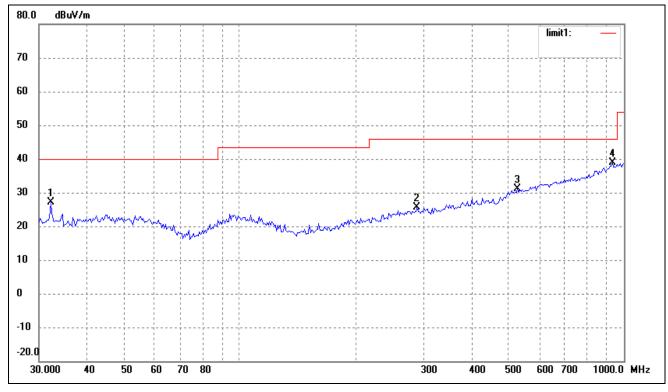
# -5.7 dB $\mu$ V at 4804.0 MHz in the Vertical polarization for Low Channel, 9kHz to 25 GHz, 3 Meters

Note: this EUT was tested in 3 orthogonal positions and the worst case position data was reported.

From 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Test Mode: Transmitting-Low channel 2402MHz

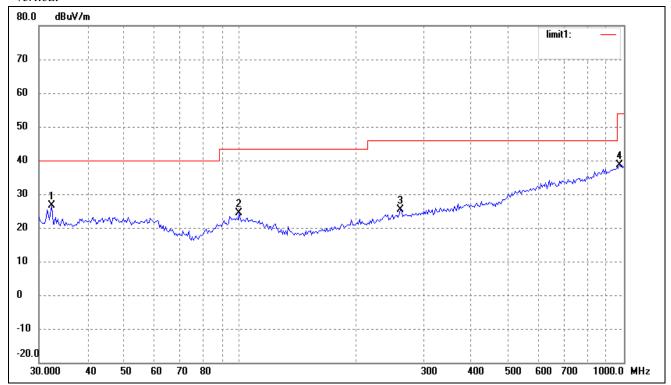
**Horizontal** 



No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(•)	(cm)	
1	32.1795	20.37	6.77	27.14	40.00	-12.86	210	100	peak
2	289.0021	15.92	9.63	25.55	46.00	-20.45	52	100	peak
3	528.2458	16.02	15.06	31.08	46.00	-14.92	64	100	peak
4	932.2715	17.40	21.50	38.90	46.00	-7.10	93	100	peak

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# Vertical

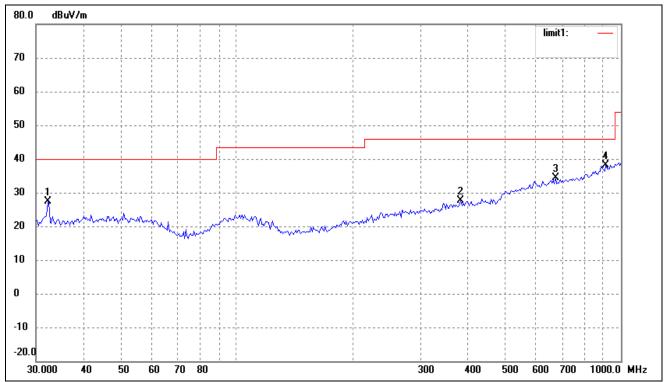


No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(•)	(cm)	
1	32.4059	19.93	6.77	26.70	40.00	-13.30	360	100	peak
2	99.5281	16.10	8.40	24.50	43.50	-19.00	134	100	peak
3	261.9753	16.39	9.00	25.39	46.00	-20.61	65	100	peak
4	972.3374	16.29	22.23	38.52	54.00	-15.48	89	200	peak

From 30 MHz to 1 GHz

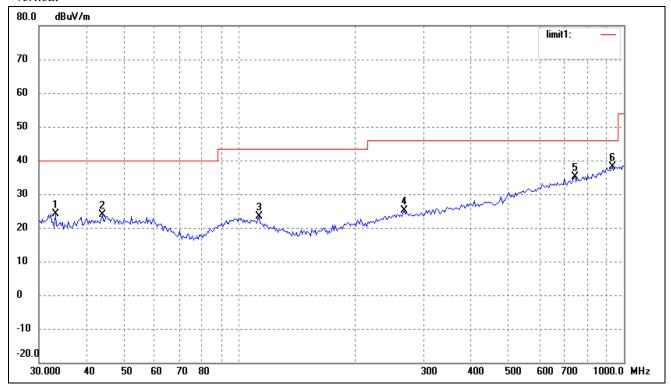
Test Mode: Transmitting-Middle channel 2441MHz

# Horizontal



No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(•)	(cm)	
1	32.1795	20.51	6.77	27.28	40.00	-12.72	360	100	peak
2	382.5879	16.45	11.23	27.68	46.00	-18.32	214	100	peak
3	675.2080	17.00	17.29	34.29	46.00	-11.71	64	200	peak
4	912.8620	16.92	21.14	38.06	46.00	-7.94	118	100	peak

# Vertical

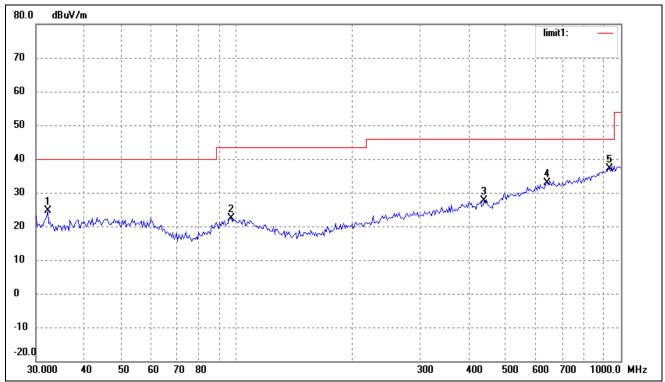


No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(•)	(cm)	
1	33.0950	17.33	6.77	24.10	40.00	-15.90	346	100	peak
2	43.8119	15.77	8.21	23.98	40.00	-16.02	85	100	peak
3	112.1305	16.02	7.24	23.26	43.50	-20.24	166	100	peak
4	267.5455	15.97	9.17	25.14	46.00	-20.86	320	100	peak
5	744.8661	16.87	18.18	35.05	46.00	-10.95	136	100	peak
6	932.2715	16.60	21.50	38.10	46.00	-7.90	92	100	peak

From 30 MHz to 1 GHz

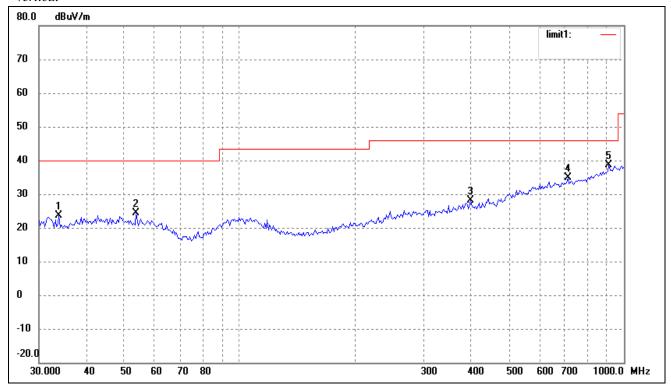
Test Mode: Transmitting-High channel 2480MHz

# Horizontal



No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(•)	(cm)	
1	32.1795	17.83	6.77	24.60	40.00	-15.40	62	100	peak
2	96.7749	14.20	8.19	22.39	43.50	-21.11	164	100	peak
3	440.1963	15.33	12.18	27.51	46.00	-18.49	203	100	peak
4	642.8613	15.74	17.02	32.76	46.00	-13.24	221	100	peak
5	932.2715	15.75	21.50	37.25	46.00	-8.75	360	100	peak

# Vertical



No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(•)	(cm)	
1	33.7986	16.85	6.77	23.62	40.00	-16.38	350	100	peak
2	53.6932	16.51	7.82	24.33	40.00	-15.67	360	100	peak
3	399.0302	16.67	11.40	28.07	46.00	-17.93	164	100	peak
4	714.1734	17.08	17.71	34.79	46.00	-11.21	190	100	peak
5	912.8620	17.53	21.14	38.67	46.00	-7.33	52	100	peak

Frequency MHz	Detector	Meter Reading dBuV	Direction Degree	Polar H/V	Antenna Loss dB	Cable loss	Amplifier dB	Correction Amplitude dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB
Low Channel (2402MHz)										7.5
4804.0	AV	40.2	354	Н	34.1	5.2	33.0	46.5	54	-7.5
4804.0	AV	42.0	312	V	34.1	5.2	33.0	48.3	54	-5.7
7206.0	AV	32.1	336	Н	37.4	6.1	33.5	42.1	54	-11.9
7206.0	AV	33.2	193	V	37.4	6.1	33.5	43.2	54	-10.8
2402.0	AV	86.5	283	Н	29.1	3.7	34.0	85.3		(Fund.)
2402.0	AV	90.9	100	V	29.1	3.7	34.0	89.7		(Fund.)
4804.0	PK	50.9	354	Н	34.1	5.2	33.0	57.2	74	-16.8
4804.0	PK	49.2	312	V	34.1	5.2	33.0	55.5	74	-18.5
7206.0	PK	43.0	336	Н	37.4	6.1	33.5	53.0	74	-21.0
7206.0	PK	42.1	193	V	37.4	6.1	33.5	52.1	74	-21.9
2402.0	PK	88.8	283	Н	29.1	3.7	34.0	87.6		(Fund.)
2402.0	PK	94.4	100	V	29.1	3.7	34.0	93.2		(Fund.)
			I.	Middle	Channel	(2441MF	Iz)			
4882.0	AV	39.0	19	Н	34.1	5.2	33.0	45.3	54	-8.7
4882.0	AV	41.4	149	V	34.1	5.2	33.0	47.7	54	-6.3
7323.0	AV	32.5	342	Н	37.4	6.1	33.5	42.5	54	-11.5
7323.0	AV	33.5	116	V	37.4	6.1	33.5	43.5	54	-10.5
2441.0	AV	86.7	295	Н	29.1	3.7	34.0	85.5		(Fund.)
2441.0	AV	89.6	304	V	29.1	3.7	34.0	88.4		(Fund.)
4882.0	PK	49.7	19	Н	34.1	5.2	33.0	56.0	74	-18.0
4882.0	PK	49.7	149	V	34.1	5.2	33.0	56.0	74	-18.0
7323.0	PK	43.2	342	Н	37.4	6.1	33.5	53.2	74	-20.8
7323.0	PK	42.9	116	V	37.4	6.1	33.5	52.9	74	-21.1
2441.0	PK	90.4	295	Н	29.1	3.7	34.0	89.2		(Fund.)
2441.0	PK	92.7	304	V	29.1	3.7	34.0	91.5		(Fund.)

				High (	Channel	(2480MHz	2)			
4960.0	AV	39.2	112	Н	34.1	5.2	33.0	45.5	54	-8.5
4960.0	AV	36.7	12	V	34.1	5.2	33.0	43.0	54	-11.0
7440.0	AV	33.2	22	Н	37.4	6.1	33.5	43.2	54	-10.8
7440.0	AV	32.8	13	V	37.4	6.1	33.5	42.8	54	-11.2
2480.0	AV	85.4	320	Н	29.1	3.7	34.0	84.2		(Fund.)
2480.0	AV	88.6	100	V	29.1	3.7	34.0	87.4		(Fund.)
4960.0	PK	48.0	112	Н	34.1	5.2	33.0	54.3	74	-19.7
4960.0	PK	47.5	12	V	34.1	5.2	33.0	53.8	74	-20.2
7440.0	PK	42.4	22	Н	37.4	6.1	33.5	52.4	74	-21.6
7440.0	PK	43.0	13	V	37.4	6.1	33.5	53.0	74	-21.0
2480.0	PK	87.5	320	Н	29.1	3.7	34.0	86.3		(Fund.)
2480.0	PK	90.9	100	V	29.1	3.7	34.0	89.7		(Fund.)

Note: Testing is carried out with frequency rang 9kHz to the tenth harmonics, which above 5<sup>th</sup> Harmonics are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured. The measurements greater than 20dB below the limit from 9kHz to 30MHz.

#### 10. OUT OF BAND EMISSIONS

# 10.1 Standard Applicable

According to §15.247 (d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a).

#### 10.2 Test Equipment List and Details

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Due. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSP	836079/035	2011-12-20	2012-12-19
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESVB	825471/005	2011-12-20	2012-12-19
Positioning Controller	C&C	CC-C-1F	N/A	2011-12-20	2012-12-19
RF Switch	EM	EMSW18	SW060023	2011-12-20	2012-12-19
Pre-amplifier	Agilent	8447F	3113A06717	2011-12-20	2012-12-19
Pre-amplifier	Compliance Direction	PAP-0118	24002	2011-12-20	2012-12-19
Trilog Broadband Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB9163	9163-333	2012-02-25	2013-02-24
Horn Antenna	ETS	3117	00086197	2012-02-25	2013-02-24
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4402B	US41192821	2011-12-20	2012-12-19
Attenuator	ATTEN	ATS100-4-20	/	2011-12-20	2012-12-19

**Statement of Traceability:** All calibrations have been performed per the NVLAP requirements traceable to the NIST.

#### 10.3 Test Procedure

According to the DA 00-705, the band-edge radiated test method as follows.

Set span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the bandedge, as well as any modulation products which fall outside of the authorized band of operation (2310MHz to 2410MHz for low bandedge, 2470MHz to 2500MHz for the high bandedge)

RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz for peak value measured

RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 10Hz for average value measured

Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold

All the trace to stabilize, set the marker on the emission at the bandedge, or on the highest modulation porduct

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outside of the band, if this level is greater than that at the bandedge. Enable the marker-delta function, then use the marker-to-peak function to move the marker to the peak of the in-band emission. Those emission must comply with the 15.209 limit for fall in the restricted bands listed in section 15.205.

According to the DA 00-705, the band-edge conducted test method as follows:

Set span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the bandedge, as well as any modulation products which fall outside of the authorized band of operation (2380MHz to 2410MHz for low bandedge, 2470MHz to 2500MHz for the high bandedge)

RBW = 100kHz, VBW = 300kHz

Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold

All the trace to stabilize, set the marker on the emission at the bandedge, or on the highest modulation porduct outside of the band, if this level is greater than that at the bandedge. Enable the marker-delta function, then use the marker-to-peak function to move the marker to the peak of the in-band emission. Those emission must comply with the limit specified in this section (at least 20dB attenuation).

#### 10.4 Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	23°C
Relative Humidity:	54%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

#### 10.5 Summary of Test Results/Plots

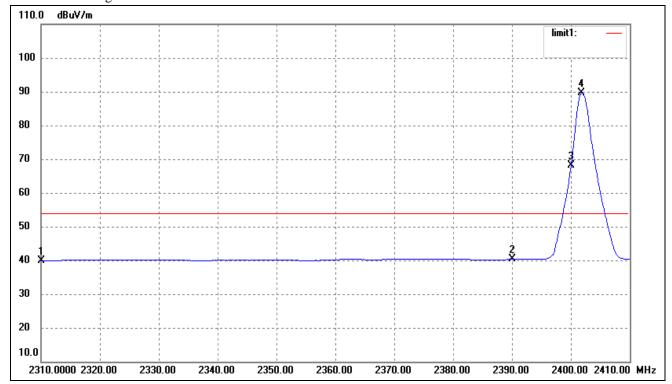
Test mode	Frequency	Limit	Result
Test mode	MHz	dBuV /dB	Result
	2310.00	<54dBuv	Pass
Lowest	2390.00	<54dBuv	Pass
	2400.00	>20dB ATT	Pass
Highest	2483.50	<54dBuv	Pass
riighest	2500.00	<54dBuv	Pass

The edge emissions are below the FCC 15.209 Limits or complies with the 15.247(d) requirements.

Please refer to the test plots as below.

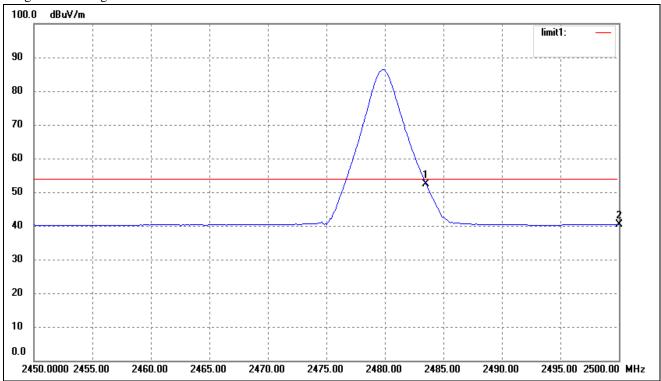
# Bandedge (Radiated)

# Lowest Bandedge



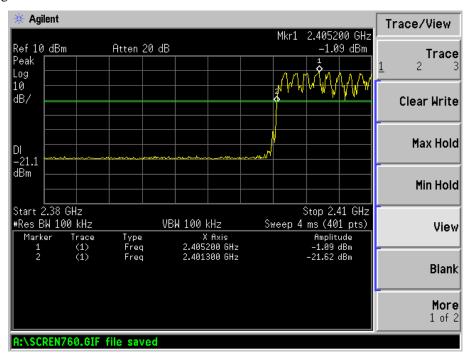
No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	
1	2310.000	35.62	4.29	39.91	54.00	-14.09	Average Detector
	2310.000	45.32	4.29	49.61	74.00	-24.39	Peak Detector
2	2390.000	35.85	4.46	40.31	54.00	-13.69	Average Detector
	2390.000	46.63	4.46	51.09	74.00	-22.91	Peak Detector
3	2400.000	63.72	4.49	68.21	/	/	Average Detector
4	2402.000	85.25	4.49	89.74	/	/	Average Detector

# Highest Bandedge

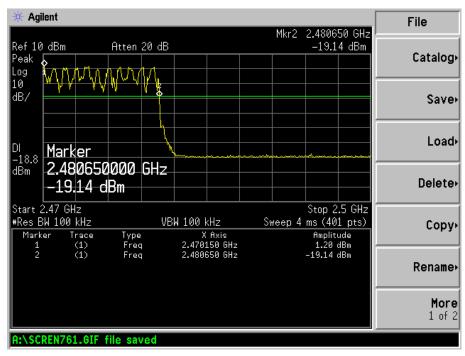


No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	
1	2483.500	47.81	4.67	52.48	54.00	-1.52	Average Detector
	2483.500	46.79	4.67	51.46	74.00	-22.54	Peak Detector
2	2500.000	35.58	4.72	40.30	54.00	-13.70	Average Detector
	2500.000	45.62	4.72	50.34	74.00	-23.66	Peak Detector

# Bandedge (Conducted) Lowest Bandedge



# Highest Bandedge



\*\*\*\*\* END OF REPORT \*\*\*\*\*