



## SAR Test Report

Product Name : GSM/GPRS Dual-band Mobile Phone

Model No. : S350

FCC ID : WA6S350

Applicant: Verykool USA Inc

Address : 3636 Nobel Drive, Suite 325, San Diego, CA 92122 USA

Date of Receipt : 11/12/2012

Date of Test : 18/12/2012

Issued Date : 19/12/2012

Report No. : 12CS027R-HP-US-P03V01

Report Version : V 2.3

The test results relate only to the samples tested.

The test report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of QuieTek Corporation.

# Test Report Certification

Issued Date: 19/12/2012

Report No.: 12CS027R-HP-US-P03V01



Product Name : GSM/GPRS Dual-band Mobile Phone  
Applicant : Verykool USA Inc  
Address : 3636 Nobel Drive, Suite 325, San Diego, CA 92122 USA  
Manufacturer : Verykool Wireless Technology Ltd.  
Address : Room 1701, Reward Building C, No.203, 2nd Section of WangJing, Li Ze Zhong Yuan, ChaoYang District, Beijing, China  
Model No. : S350  
FCC ID : WA6S350  
Brand Name : verykool  
EUT Voltage : DC 3.7V  
Applicable Standard : FCC Oet65 Supplement C June 2001  
IEEE Std. 1528-2003,47CFR § 2.1093  
Test Result : Max. SAR Measurement (1g)  
Head: **0.257** W/kg  
Body: **0.817** W/kg  
Performed Location : Suzhou EMC Laboratory  
No.99 Hongye Rd., Suzhou Industrial Park Loufeng Hi-Tech Development Zone., Suzhou, China  
TEL: +86-512-6251-5088 / FAX: +86-512-6251-5098  
FCC Registration Number: 800392  
Documented By : Alice Ni  
(Engineering ADM: Alice Ni)  
Reviewed By : Robin Wu  
(Engineering Supervisor: Robin Wu)  
Approved By : Marlin Chen  
(Manager: Marlin Chen)

## Laboratory Information

We, **QuieTek Corporation**, are an independent EMC and safety consultancy that was established the whole facility in our laboratories. The test facility has been accredited/accepted(audited or listed) by the following related bodies in compliance with ISO 17025, EN 45001 and specified testing scope:

Taiwan R.O.C.	:	BSMI, NCC, TAF
Germany	:	TUV Rheinland
Norway	:	Nemko, DNV
USA	:	FCC, NVLAP
Japan	:	VCCI
China	:	CNAS

The related certificate for our laboratories about the test site and management system can be downloaded from QuieTek Corporation's Web Site :<http://www.quietek.com/tw/ctg/cts/accreditations.htm>  
The address and introduction of QuieTek Corporation's laboratories can be founded in our Web site :  
<http://www.quietek.com/>

If you have any comments, Please don't hesitate to contact us. Our contact information is as below:

## **HsinChu Testing Laboratory :**

No.75-2, 3<sup>rd</sup> Lin, Wangye Keng, Yonghxing Tsuen, Qiongliong Shiang, Hsinchu County 307, Taiwan, R.O.C.  
TEL:+886-3-592-8858 / FAX:+886-3-592-8859 E-Mail : [service@quietek.com](mailto:service@quietek.com)

## **LinKou Testing Laboratory :**

No.5-22, Ruishukeng, Linkou Dist., New Taipei City 24451, Taiwan, R.O.C.  
TEL : 886-2-8601-3788 / FAX : 886-2-8601-3789 E-Mail : service@quietek.com

Suzhou Testing Laboratory

No.99 Hongye Rd., Suzhou Industrial Park Loufeng Hi-Tech Development Zone., SuZhou, China  
TEL : +86-512-6251-5088 / FAX : 86-512-6251-5098 E-Mail : [service@quietek.com](mailto:service@quietek.com)

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

Description	Page
<b>1. General Information .....</b>	<b>6</b>
1.1. EUT Description .....	6
1.2. Test Procedure .....	6
1.3. Test Environment.....	8
<b>2. SAR Measurement System .....</b>	<b>9</b>
2.1. DASY5 System Description.....	9
2.1.1. Applications .....	10
2.1.2. Area Scans .....	10
2.1.3. Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging) .....	10
2.1.4. Uncertainty of Inter-/Extrapolation and Averaging .....	10
2.2. DASY5 E-Field Probe.....	11
2.2.1. Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification .....	11
2.3. Boundary Detection Unit and Probe Mounting Device .....	12
2.4. DATA Acquisition Electronics (DAE) and Measurement Server .....	12
2.5. Robot.....	13
2.6. Light Beam Unit.....	13
2.7. Device Holder.....	14
2.8. SAM Twin Phantom.....	14
<b>3. Tissue Simulating Liquid .....</b>	<b>15</b>
3.1. The composition of the tissue simulating liquid .....	15
3.2. Tissue Calibration Result.....	16
3.3. Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms .....	17
<b>4. SAR Measurement Procedure .....</b>	<b>18</b>
4.1. SAR System Validation.....	18
4.1.1. Validation Dipoles .....	18
4.1.2. Validation Result .....	19
4.2. SAR Measurement Procedure.....	21
<b>5. SAR Exposure Limits .....</b>	<b>22</b>
<b>6. Test Equipment List.....</b>	<b>23</b>
<b>7. Measurement Uncertainty.....</b>	<b>24</b>
<b>8. Conducted Power Measurement .....</b>	<b>25</b>

<b>9. Test Results.....</b>	<b>26</b>
<b>9.1. SAR Test Results Summary .....</b>	<b>27</b>
<b>Appendix A. SAR System Validation Data .....</b>	<b>35</b>
<b>Appendix B. SAR measurement Data .....</b>	<b>41</b>
<b>Appendix C. Test Setup Photographs &amp; EUT Photographs .....</b>	<b>83</b>
<b>Appendix D. Probe Calibration Data .....</b>	<b>92</b>
<b>Appendix E. Dipole Calibration Data.....</b>	<b>103</b>
<b>Appendix F. DAE Calibration Data.....</b>	<b>127</b>

## 1. General Information

### 1.1. EUT Description

Product Name	GSM/GPRS Dual-band Mobile Phone
Model No.	S350
IMEI 1	355922020082372
IMEI 2	355922020082380
Hardware Version	1.1.0
Software Version	ES50_VK_V0.05-eng.W12.20.02
Device Category	Portable
RF Exposure Environment	Uncontrolled
Antenna Type	Internal
<b>2G</b>	
Support Band	GSM850/PCS1900
GPRS Type	Class B
GPRS Class	Class 12
Uplink	GSM 850: 824~849MHz PCS 1900: 1850~1910MHz
Downlink	GSM 850: 869~894MHz PCS 1900: 1930~1990MHz
Release Version	R99
Type of modulation	GMSK for GSM/GPRS 8PSK for EDGE(Just support downlink)
Antenna Gain	GSM 850: 0dBi PCS1900: 1dBi
Max. Output Power (Conducted)	GSM850: 32.69dBm PCS1900: 29.75dBm
<b>Bluetooth</b>	
Bluetooth Frequency	2402~2480MHz
Bluetooth Version	V2.1 + EDR
Type of modulation	FHSS
Data Rate	1Mbps(GFSK), 2Mbps(Pi/4 DQPSK), 3Mbps (8DPSK)
Antenna Gain	1dBi
<b>Wi-Fi</b>	
Hotspots Function	YES
Wi-Fi Frequency	802.11b/g/n(20MHz): 2412 ~ 2462 MHz

	802.11n(40MHz): 2422 ~ 2452 MHz
Type of modulation	802.11b: DSSS; 802.11g/n: OFDM
Data Rate	802.11b: 1/2/5.5/11 Mbps
	802.11g: 6/9/12/18/24/36/48/54 Mbps
	802.11n: up to 150 Mbps
Antenna Gain	1dBi
<b>Components</b>	
Battery	M/N: 454350AR Rated Voltage and Capacitance: 3.7V/1100mAh
Adapter	M/N: CYSK05-050050 Input: 100-240V~50/60Hz 0.2A Output: 5Vdc, 500mA

## 1.2. Test Procedure

1	Setup the EUT and simulators as shown on above.
2	Turn on the power of all equipment.
3	EUT communicate with CMU 200, and test them respectively.

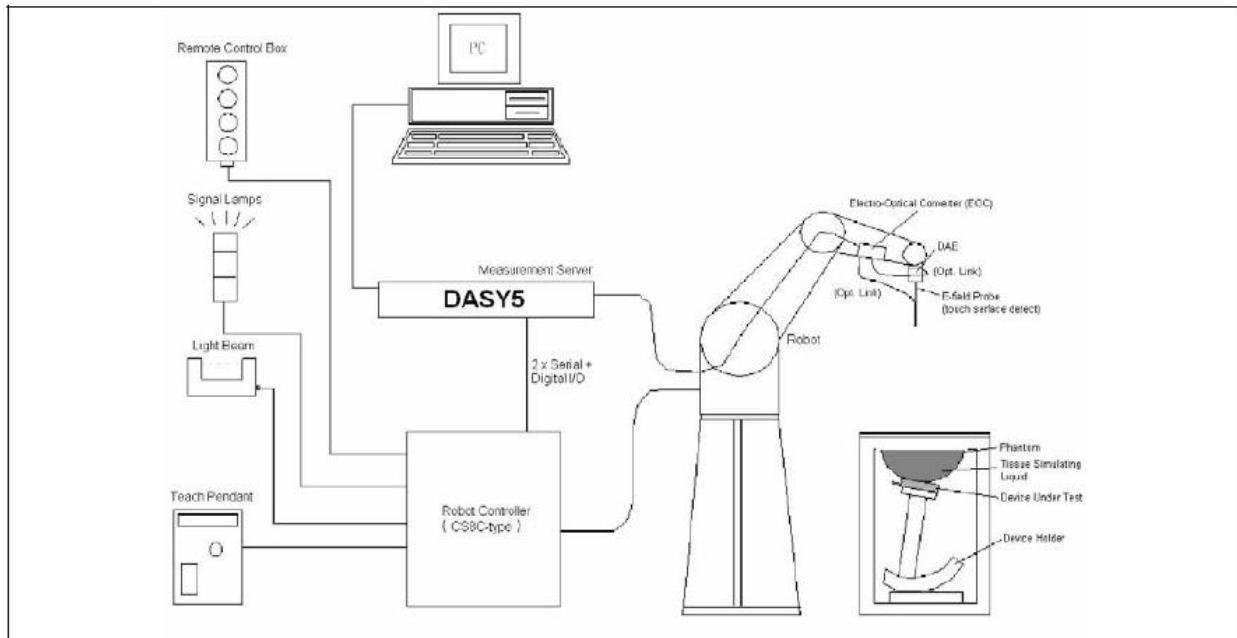
## 1.3. Test Environment

Ambient conditions in the laboratory:

Items	Required	Actual
Temperature (°C)	18-25	21.5± 2
Humidity (%RH)	30-70	52

## 2. SAR Measurement System

## 2.1. DASY5 System Description



The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
  - A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
  - The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
  - The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
  - A computer running WinXP and the DASY5 software.
  - Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
  - The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

### **2.1.1. Applications**

Predefined procedures and evaluations for automated compliance testing with all worldwide standards, e.g., IEEE 1528, OET 65, IEC 62209-1, IEC 62209-2, EN 50360, EN 50383 and others.

### **2.1.2. Area Scans**

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 10mm<sup>2</sup> step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maxima found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE 1528-2003 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan).

### **2.1.3. Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)**

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube 21,5mm.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications utilize a physical step of 7x7x7 (5mmx5mmx5mm) providing a volume of 30mm in the X & Y axis, and 30mm in the Z axis.

### **2.1.4. Uncertainty of Inter-/Extrapolation and Averaging**

In order to evaluate the uncertainty of the interpolation, extrapolation and averaged SAR calculation algorithms of the Postprocessor, DASY5 allows the generation of measurement grids which are artificially predefined by analytically based test functions. Therefore, the grids of area scans and zoom scans can be filled with uncertainty test data, according to the SAR benchmark functions of IEEE 1528. The three analytical functions shown in equations as below are used to describe the possible range of the expected SAR distributions for the tested handsets. The field gradients are covered by the spatially flat distribution f1, the spatially steep distribution f3 and f2 accounts for H-field cancellation on the phantom/tissue surface.

$$f_1(x, y, z) = Ae^{-\frac{z}{2a}} \cos^2 \left( \frac{\pi}{2} \frac{\sqrt{x'^2 + y'^2}}{5a} \right)$$

$$f_2(x, y, z) = Ae^{-\frac{z}{a}} \frac{a^2}{a^2 + x'^2} \left( 3 - e^{-\frac{2z}{a}} \right) \cos^2 \left( \frac{\pi}{2} \frac{y'}{3a} \right)$$

$$f_3(x, y, z) = A \frac{a^2}{\frac{a^2}{4} + x'^2 + y'^2} \left( e^{-\frac{2z}{a}} + \frac{a^2}{2(a + 2z)^2} \right)$$

## 2.2. DASY5 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe manufactured by SPEAG. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency.

SPEAG conducts the probe calibration in compliance with international and national standards (e.g. IEEE 1528, EN 62209-1, IEC 62209, etc.) under ISO 17025. The calibration data are in Appendix D.

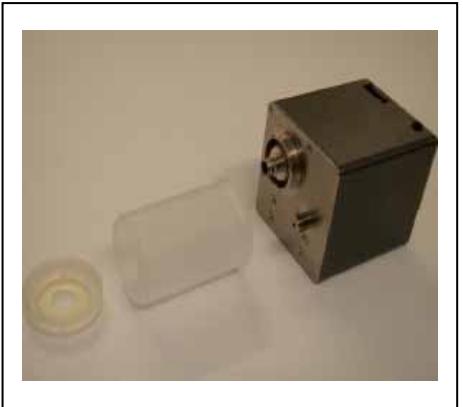
### 2.2.1. Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification

<b>Model</b>	EX3DV4
<b>Construction</b>	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
<b>Frequency</b>	10 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
<b>Directivity</b>	$\pm 0.3$ dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) $\pm 0.5$ dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
<b>Dynamic Range</b>	10 $\mu$ W/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB (noise: typically < 1 $\mu$ W/g)
<b>Dimensions</b>	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
<b>Application</b>	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.



### 2.3. Boundary Detection Unit and Probe Mounting Device

The DASY5 probes use a precise connector and an additional holder for the probe, consisting of a plastic tube and a flexible silicon ring to center the probe. The connector at the DAE is flexibly mounted and held in the default position with magnets and springs. Two switching systems in the connector mount detect frontal and lateral probe collisions and trigger the necessary software response.



### 2.4. DATA Acquisition Electronics (DAE) and Measurement Server

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit.

Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE4 is 200M Ohm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80dB.



The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chipdisk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.



## 2.5. Robot

The DASY5 system uses the high precision robots TX90 XL type out of the newer series from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller DASY5 system, the CS8C robot controller version from Stäubli is used.

The XL robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)
- 6-axis controller



## 2.6. Light Beam Unit

The light beam switch allows automatic "tooling" of the probe. During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm is measured, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset. The software then corrects all movements, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip.

The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1 mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions.

During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.



## 2.7. Device Holder

The DASY5 device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR).

Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY5 device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity  $\epsilon_r = 3$  and loss tangent  $\delta = 0.02$ . The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



## 2.8. SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6mm). It has three measurement areas:

- Left head
- Right head
- Flat phantom



The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

### 3. Tissue Simulating Liquid

#### 3.1. The composition of the tissue simulating liquid

INGREDIENT (% Weight)	835MHz Head	835MHz Body	1900MHz Head	1900MHz Body	2450MHz Head	2450MHz Body
<b>Water</b>	40.45	52.4	54.90	40.5	46.7	73.2
<b>Salt</b>	1.45	1.40	0.18	0.50	0.00	0.04
<b>Sugar</b>	57.6	45.0	0.00	58.0	0.00	0.00
<b>HEC</b>	0.40	1.00	0.00	0.50	0.00	0.00
<b>Preventol</b>	0.10	0.20	0.00	0.50	0.00	0.00
<b>DGBE</b>	0.00	0.00	44.92	0.00	53.3	26.7

### 3.2. Tissue Calibration Result

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using DASY5 Dielectric Probe Kit and Agilent Vector Network Analyzer E5071C

<b>Head Tissue Simulant Measurement</b>				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Tissue Temp. [°C]
		$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ [s/m]	
835 MHz	Reference result ± 5% window	41.50 39.43 to 43.58	0.90 0.86 to 0.95	N/A
	18-12-2012	42.09	0.90	21.0
1900 MHz	Reference result ± 5% window	40.00 38.00 to 42.00	1.40 1.33 to 1.47	N/A
	18-12-2012	39.15	1.45	21.0
2450MHz	Reference result ± 5% window	39.2 37.24 to 41.16	1.80 1.71 to 1.89	N/A
	18-12-2012	40.24	1.83	21.0

<b>Body Tissue Simulant Measurement</b>				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Tissue Temp. [°C]
		$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ [s/m]	
835 MHz	Reference result ± 5% window	55.2 52.44 to 57.96	0.97 0.92 to 1.02	N/A
	18-12-2012	54.47	0.95	21.0
1900 MHz	Reference result ± 5% window	53.3 50.64 to 55.97	1.52 1.44 to 1.60	N/A
	18-12-2012	53.58	1.52	21.0
2450MHz	Reference result ± 5% window	52.7 50.07 to 55.34	1.95 1.85 to 2.05	N/A
	18-12-2012	52.24	1.96	21.0

### 3.3. Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

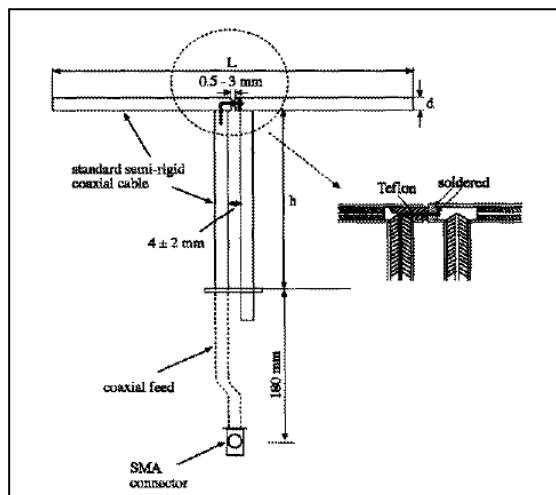
Target Frequency (MHz)	Head		Body	
	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
<b>835</b>	<b>41.5</b>	<b>0.90</b>	<b>55.2</b>	<b>0.97</b>
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
<b>1800 – 2000</b>	<b>40.0</b>	<b>1.40</b>	<b>53.3</b>	<b>1.52</b>
<b>2450</b>	<b>39.2</b>	<b>1.80</b>	<b>52.7</b>	<b>1.95</b>
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

( $\epsilon_r$  = relative permittivity,  $\sigma$  = conductivity and  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ )

## 4. SAR Measurement Procedure

### 4.1. SAR System Validation

#### 4.1.1. Validation Dipoles



The dipoles used is based on the IEEE-1528 standard, and is complied with mechanical and electrical specifications in line with the requirements of both IEEE and FCC Supplement C. the table below provides details for the mechanical and electrical specifications for the dipoles.

Frequency	L (mm)	h (mm)	d (mm)
835MHz	161.0	89.8	3.6
1900MHz	68.0	39.5	3.6
2450MHz	51.5	30.4	3.6

#### 4.1.2. Validation Result

##### System Performance Check at 835MHz &1900MHz &2450MHz for Head

###### Validation Kit: D835V2-SN 4d094

Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
835 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	9.41 8.47 to 10.35	6.15 5.54 to 6.77	N/A
	18-12-2012	9.76	6.36	21.0

###### Validation Kit: D1900V2-SN 5d121

Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
1900 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	39.4 35.46 to 43.34	20.8 18.72 to 22.88	N/A
	18-12-2012	40.00	20.24	21.0

###### Validation Dipole: D2450V2, SN: 839

Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
2450 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	51.9 46.71 to 57.09	24.1 21.69 to 26.51	N/A
	18-12-2012	51.2	22.80	21.0

Note: All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power.

##### System Performance Check at 835MHz &1900MHz &2450MHz for Body

###### Validation Kit: D835V2-SN 4d094

Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
835 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	9.57 8.61 to 10.53	6.33 5.70 to 6.96	N/A
	18-12-2012	9.80	6.36	21.0

###### Validation Kit: D1900V2-SN 5d121

Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
1900 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	38.7 34.83 to 42.57	20.4 18.36 to 22.44	N/A

	18-12-2012	40.80	21.20	21.0
<b>Validation Dipole: D2450V2, SN: 839</b>				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
2450 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	48.7 43.83 to 53.57	22.8 20.52 to 25.08	N/A
18-12-2012      48.4      21.92      21.0				
Note: All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power.				

#### 4.2. SAR Measurement Procedure

The DASY5 calculates SAR using the following equation,

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

$\sigma$ : represents the simulated tissue conductivity

$\rho$ : represents the tissue density

The EUT is set to transmit at the required power in line with product specification, at each frequency relating to the LOW, MID, and HIGH channel settings.

Pre-scans are made on the device to establish the location for the transmitting antenna, using a large area scan in either air or tissue simulation fluid.

The EUT is placed against the Universal Phantom where the maximum area scan dimensions are larger than the physical size of the resonating antenna. When the scan size is not large enough to cover the peak SAR distribution, it is modified by either extending the area scan size in both the X and Y directions, or the device is shifted within the predefined area.

The area scan is then run to establish the peak SAR location (interpolated resolution set at 1mm<sup>2</sup> ) which is then used to orient the center of the zoom scan. The zoom scan is then executed and the 1g and 10g averages are derived from the zoom scan volume (interpolated resolution set at 1mm<sup>3</sup> ).

## 5. SAR Exposure Limits

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of IEEE-1528, FCC Supplement C, and comply with ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 "Uncontrolled Environments" limits. These limits apply to a location which is deemed as "Uncontrolled Environment" which can be described as a situation where the general public may be exposed to an RF source with no prior knowledge or control over their exposure.

**Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)**

Type Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment Limit
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for brain or body)	1.60 W/kg
Spatial Average SAR (whole body)	0.08 W/kg
Spatial Peak SAR (10g for hands, feet, ankles and wrist)	4.00 W/kg

## 6. Test Equipment List

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibrated Date	Cali. Due Date
Stäubli Robot TX60L	Stäubli	TX60L	F10/5C90A1/A/01	only once	only once
Controller	Stäubli	SP1	S-0034	only once	only once
Dipole Validation Kits	Speag	D835V2	4d094	2012.02.17	2013.02.16
Dipole Validation Kits	Speag	D1900V2	5d121	2012.02.22	2013.02.21
Dipole Validation Kits	Speag	D2450V2	839	2012.02.23	2013.02.22
SAM Twin Phantom	Speag	SAM	TP-1561/1562	N/A	N/A
Device Holder	Speag	SD 000 H01 HA	N/A	N/A	N/A
Data Acquisition Electronic	Speag	DAE4	1220	2012.01.23	2013.01.22
E-Field Probe	Speag	EX3DV4	3710	2012.03.12	2013.03.11
SAR Software	Speag	DASY5	V5.2 Build 162	N/A	N/A
Power Amplifier	Mini-Circuit	ZVA-183-S+	N657400950	N/A	N/A
Directional Coupler	Agilent	778D	20160	N/A	N/A
Universal Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMU 200	117088	2012.04.18	2013.04.17
Vector Network	Agilent	E5071C	MY48367267	2012.04.10	2013.04.09
Signal Generator	Agilent	E4438C	MY49070163	2012.04.18	2013.04.17
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	0905006	2012.11.10	2013.11.09
Wide Bandwidth Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	0846014	2012.11.10	2013.11.09

## 7. Measurement Uncertainty

### DASY5 Uncertainty

Measurement uncertainty for 300 MHz to 3 GHz averaged over 1 gram / 10 gram.

Error Description	Uncert. value	Prob. Dist.	Div.	(c <sub>i</sub> ) 1g	(c <sub>i</sub> ) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	(v <sub>i</sub> ) v <sub>eff</sub>
<b>Measurement System</b>								
Probe Calibration	±6.0%	N	1	1	1	±6.0%	±6.0%	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	✓3	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9%	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6%	R	✓3	0.7	0.7	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Boundary Effects	±1.0%	R	✓3	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Linearity	±4.7%	R	✓3	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0%	R	✓3	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3%	N	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	∞
Response Time	±0.8%	R	✓3	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	✓3	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0%	R	✓3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0%	R	✓3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.4%	R	✓3	1	1	±0.2%	±0.2%	∞
Probe Positioning	±2.9%	R	✓3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	±1.0%	R	✓3	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
<b>Test Sample Related</b>								
Device Positioning	±2.9%	N	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	145
Device Holder	±3.6%	N	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%	5
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	✓3	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	∞
<b>Phantom and Setup</b>								
Phantom Uncertainty	±4.0%	R	✓3	1	1	±2.3%	±2.3%	∞
Liquid Conductivity (target)	±5.0%	R	✓3	0.64	0.43	±1.8%	±1.2%	∞
Liquid Conductivity (meas.)	±2.5%	N	1	0.64	0.43	±1.6%	±1.1%	∞
Liquid Permittivity (target)	±5.0%	R	✓3	0.6	0.49	±1.7%	±1.4%	∞
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	±2.5%	N	1	0.6	0.49	±1.5%	±1.2%	∞
<b>Combined Std. Uncertainty</b>							±11.0%	±10.8%
<b>Expanded STD Uncertainty</b>							±22.0%	±21.5%

## 8. Conducted Power Measurement

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Avg. Burst Power (dBm)	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Frame Power (dBm)
Maximum Power <SIM 1>				
GSM850	824.2	32.20	-9	23.20
	836.4	32.25	-9	23.25
	848.8	32.69	-9	23.69
GPRS850(1 Slot)	824.2	32.20	-9	23.20
	836.4	32.24	-9	23.24
	848.8	32.67	-9	23.67
GPRS850(2 Slot)	824.2	30.87	-6	24.87
	836.4	30.91	-6	24.91
	848.8	31.03	-6	25.03
GPRS850(3 Slot)	824.2	29.18	-4.25	24.93
	836.4	29.21	-4.25	24.96
	848.8	29.23	-4.25	24.98
GPRS850(4 Slot)	824.2	27.01	-3	24.01
	836.4	27.04	-3	24.04
	848.8	27.09	-3	24.09
PCS1900	1850.2	29.71	-9	20.71
	1880.0	29.72	-9	20.72
	1909.8	29.75	-9	20.75
GPRS1900(1 Slot)	1850.2	29.70	-9	20.70
	1880.0	29.70	-9	20.70
	1909.8	29.75	-9	20.75
GPRS1900(2 Slot)	1850.2	28.51	-6	22.51
	1880.0	28.53	-6	22.53
	1909.8	28.51	-6	22.51
GPRS1900(3 Slot)	1850.2	26.19	-4.25	21.94
	1880.0	26.21	-4.25	21.96
	1909.8	26.18	-4.25	21.93
GPRS1900(4 Slot)	1850.2	24.18	-3	21.18
	1880.0	24.25	-3	21.25
	1909.8	24.20	-3	21.20
Maximum Power <SIM 2>				
GSM850	836.4	32.20	-9	23.20

PCS1900	1880.0	29.52	-9	20.52
---------	--------	-------	----	-------

Note: All SAR was tested in SIM 1.

#### WLAN output power

Test Mode	Data Rate	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)
802.11b	1Mbps	01	2412	14.78
		06	2437	14.59
		11	2462	14.29
802.11g	54Mbps	01	2412	12.47
		06	2437	12.39
		11	2462	12.53
802.11n (20MHz)	MCS7	01	2412	12.40
		06	2437	12.32
		11	2462	12.37
802.11n (40MHz)	MCS7	03	2422	12.41
		06	2437	12.29
		09	2452	12.75

Note: According to the KDB 248227. SAR is not required for 802.11g/n channels when the maximum average output power is less than 1/4 dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels.

## 9. Test Results

### 9.1. SAR Test Results Summary

#### 9.1.1. Test position and configuration

Head SAR was performed with the device configured in the positions according to IEEE1528, and Body SAR was performed with the device 10mm from the phantom. Body SAR was also performed with the headset attached and without.

#### 9.1.2. Body SAR with Headset

Testing with the headset was performed at the position and channels that resulted in the highest body SAR. This testing was performed with GPRS transmitting with 2/3/4 uplink timeslots. This operation mode represents the maximum SAR situation, when downloading data via GPRS and listening to music by headset.

In the Body SAR test result table, body-worn means display of device down, body-front means display of device up.

#### 9.1.3. Operation Mode

This is a multislots class 12 device capable of 4 uplink timeslots. During the head SAR test, the device was transmitting with 1 uplink timeslot; during the body SAR test, it was transmitting with 2/3/4 uplink timeslots. Additionally, this device doesn't support dual transfer mode (DTM).

#### 9.1.4. Hot Spot test requirement

Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v01, the EUT size > 9cm x 5cm, thus, test separation of 10 mm is required. GSM antenna is less than 25 mm away from mobile phone bottom and side, WLAN antenna is less than 25 mm away from mobile phone top and right side, so SAR should be measured these sides.

### 9.1.5. Simultaneous Transmission Configure

Configure mode	Bluetooth	WWAN	WLAN
1	X	X	
2		X	X

Note : Bluetooth output power is 1.52dBm. Referring to KDB 648474

- 1, The power is less than Pref.
- 2, 9.3cm away from WWAN antenna.
- 3, Bluetooth shares the same antenna with WLAN, they cannot transmit simultaneously.

Its SAR value is considered zero in the 1-g SAR. Therefore, standalone SAR and simultaneous SAR for Bluetooth is not required.

### 9.1.6. Simultaneous Transmission SAR Analysis

Head Max SAR value and the sum of the 1-g SAR for WLAN & WWAN.

Max 1-g SAR (W/kg)		1-g SAR (W/kg)
WLAN	WWAN	
0.050	0.257	0.307

Body SAR value and the sum of the 1-g SAR for WLAN & WWAN.

Max 1-g SAR (W/kg)		1-g SAR (W/kg)
WLAN	WWAN	
0.00668	0.817	0.82368

#### Conclusion:

<u>Simultaneous Transmission</u>	<u>Require for Simultaneous Transmission SAR with Volume Scans</u>
WLAN & WWAN	No (The sum of the 1-g SAR is < 1.6 W/kg)

### 9.1.7. Reference documents

Reference document: KDB 447498 and KDB 648474, KDB 248227, KDB941225.

### 9.1.8. Test Result

SAR MEASUREMENT											
Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21.5 ±2				Relative Humidity (%): 52							
Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.0 ±2				Depth of Liquid (cm):>15							
Product: GSM/GPRS Dual-band Mobile Phone											
Test Mode: GSM850 <SIM 1>											
Test Position Head	Antenna Position	Frequency		Frame Power (dBm)	Power Drift (<±0.2)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)				
		Channel	MHz								
Left-Cheek	Fixed	128	824.2	23.20	--	--	1.6				
Left-Cheek	Fixed	189	836.4	23.25	-0.02	0.257	1.6				
Left-Cheek	Fixed	251	848.8	23.69	--	--	1.6				
Left-Tilted	Fixed	189	836.4	23.25	-0.05	0.149	1.6				
Right-Cheek	Fixed	128	824.2	23.20	--	--	1.6				
Right-Cheek	Fixed	189	836.4	23.25	0.12	0.200	1.6				
Right-Cheek	Fixed	251	848.8	23.69	--	--	1.6				
Right-Tilted	Fixed	189	836.4	23.25	0.05	0.139	1.6				
Test Mode: GSM850 <SIM 2>											
Left-Cheek	Fixed	189	836.4	23.20	-0.11	0.214	1.6				
Note 1: When the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional, refer to KDB 941225.											
Note 2: The test data is gathered from a production sample, provided by the manufacturer.											

SAR MEASUREMENT												
Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21.5 ±2					Relative Humidity (%): 52							
Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.0 ±2					Depth of Liquid (cm):>15							
Product: GSM/GPRS Dual-band Mobile Phone												
<b>Body-worn Accessory SAR Configurations</b>												
Test Mode: GSM850												
Test Position Body	Antenna Position	Frequency		Separation Distance (mm)	Frame Power (dBm)	Power Drift (<±0.2)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)				
		Channel	MHz									
Body-worn	Fixed	128	824.2	10	23.20	--	--	1.6				
Body-worn	Fixed	189	836.4	10	23.25	-0.07	0.485	1.6				
Body-worn	Fixed	251	848.8	10	23.69	--	--	1.6				
Test Mode: GPRS850-2slot												
Body-worn	Fixed	189	836.4	10	24.91	0.04	0.779	1.6				
Test Mode: GPRS850-3slot												
Body-worn	Fixed	128	824.2	10	24.93	0.03	0.811	1.6				
Body-worn	Fixed	189	836.4	10	24.96	0.03	0.817	1.6				
Body-worn	Fixed	251	848.8	10	24.98	0.03	0.804	1.6				
Body-front	Fixed	189	836.4	10	24.96	-0.05	0.438	1.6				
Body-worn (With Headset)	Fixed	189	836.4	10	24.96	-0.03	0.750	1.6				
Test Mode: GPRS850-4slot												
Body-worn	Fixed	189	836.4	10	24.04	0.06	0.693	1.6				
<b>Hotspot SAR Configurations</b>												
Test Mode: GPRS850-3slot												
Body-worn	Fixed	189	836.4	10	24.96	0.03	0.817	1.6				
Body-bottom	Fixed	189	836.4	10	24.96	-0.18	0.186	1.6				
Body-right side	Fixed	189	836.4	10	24.96	0.08	0.185	1.6				
Body-left side	Fixed	189	836.4	10	24.96	-0.01	0.237	1.6				
Note 1: When the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional, refer to KDB 941225.												
Note 2: GSM antenna is less than 25 mm away from mobile phone bottom and side, so that should be tested, refer to KDB 941225.												
Note 3: The test data is gathered from a production sample, provided by the manufacturer.												

SAR MEASUREMENT											
Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21.5 ±2				Relative Humidity (%): 52							
Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.0 ±2				Depth of Liquid (cm):>15							
Product: GSM/GPRS Dual-band Mobile Phone											
Test Mode: PCS1900 <SIM 1>											
Test Position Head	Antenna Position	Frequency		Frame Power (dBm)	Power Drift (<±0.2)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)				
		Channel	MHz								
Left-Cheek	Fixed	512	1850.2	20.71	--	--	1.6				
Left-Cheek	Fixed	661	1880.0	20.72	-0.14	<b>0.205</b>	1.6				
Left-Cheek	Fixed	810	1909.8	20.75	--	--	1.6				
Left-Tilted	Fixed	661	1880.0	20.72	-0.16	<b>0.046</b>	1.6				
Right-Cheek	Fixed	512	1850.2	20.71	--	--	1.6				
Right-Cheek	Fixed	661	1880.0	20.72	0.07	<b>0.133</b>	1.6				
Right-Cheek	Fixed	810	1909.8	20.75	--	--	1.6				
Right-Tilted	Fixed	661	1880.0	20.72	0.01	<b>0.056</b>	1.6				
Test Mode: PCS1900 <SIM 2>											
Left-Cheek	Fixed	661	1880.0	20.52	-0.10	<b>0.120</b>	1.6				
Note 1: When the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional, refer to KDB 9412225.											
Note 2: The test data is gathered from a production sample, provided by the manufacturer.											

SAR MEASUREMENT												
Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21.5 ±2					Relative Humidity (%): 52							
Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.0 ±2					Depth of Liquid (cm):>15							
Product: GSM/GPRS Dual-band Mobile Phone												
<b>Body-worn Accessory SAR Configurations</b>												
Test Mode: PCS1900												
Test Position Body	Antenna Position	Frequency		Separation Distance (mm)	Frame Power (dBm)	Power Drift (<±0.2)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)				
		Channel	MHz									
Body-worn	Fixed	512	1850.2	10	20.71	--	--	1.6				
Body-worn	Fixed	661	1880.0	10	20.72	-0.14	0.306	1.6				
Body-worn	Fixed	810	1909.8	10	20.75	--	--	1.6				
Test Mode: GPRS1900-2slot												
Body-worn	Fixed	512	1850.2	10	22.51	--	--	1.6				
Body-worn	Fixed	661	1880.0	10	22.53	-0.11	0.511	1.6				
Body-worn	Fixed	810	1909.8	10	22.51	--	--	1.6				
Body-worn (With Headset)	Fixed	661	1880.0	10	22.53	-0.04	0.450	1.6				
Body-front	Fixed	661	1880.0	10	22.53	0.19	0.302	1.6				
Test Mode: GPRS1900-3slot												
Body-worn	Fixed	661	1880.0	10	21.96	0.10	0.427	1.6				
Test Mode: GPRS1900-4slot												
Body-worn	Fixed	661	1880.0	10	21.25	-0.02	0.341	1.6				
<b>Hotspot SAR Configurations</b>												
Test Mode: GPRS1900-2slot												
Body-worn	Fixed	661	1880.0	10	22.53	-0.11	0.511	1.6				
Body-bottom	Fixed	661	1880.0	10	22.53	-0.08	0.357	1.6				
Body-right side	Fixed	661	1880.0	10	22.53	-0.01	0.031	1.6				
Body-left side	Fixed	661	1880.0	10	22.53	-0.12	0.057	1.6				
Note 1: When the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional, refer to KDB 941225.												
Note 2: GSM antenna is less than 25 mm away from mobile phone bottom and side, so that should be tested, refer to KDB 941225.												
Note 3: The test data is gathered from a production sample, provided by the manufacturer.												

SAR MEASUREMENT											
Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.5 ±2				Relative Humidity (%): 52							
Liquid Temperature (°C): 21.0 ±2				Depth of Liquid (cm):>15							
Product: GSM/GPRS Dual-band Mobile Phone											
Test Mode: 802.11b											
Test Position Head	Antenna Position	Frequency		Average Power (dBm)	Power Drift (<±0.2)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)				
		Channel	MHz								
Left-Cheek	Fixed	1	2412	14.78	0.16	0.042	1.6				
Left-Cheek	Fixed	6	2437	14.59	--	--	1.6				
Left-Cheek	Fixed	11	2462	14.29	--	--	1.6				
Left-Tilt	Fixed	1	2412	14.78	0.15	0.012	1.6				
Right-Cheek	Fixed	1	2412	14.78	0.12	0.050	1.6				
Right-Cheek	Fixed	6	2437	14.59	--	--	1.6				
Right-Cheek	Fixed	11	2462	14.29	--	--	1.6				
Right-Tilt	Fixed	1	2412	14.78	0.13	0.010	1.6				
Note 1: When the SAR procedures require multiple channels to be tested and the 1-g SAR for the highest output channel is less than 0.8 W/kg, where the transmission band corresponding to all channels is ≤ 100 MHz, testing for the other channels is not required, refer to KDB 447498.											
Note 2: The test data is gathered from a production sample, provided by the manufacturer.											

SAR MEASUREMENT													
Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.5 ±2				Relative Humidity (%): 52									
Liquid Temperature (°C): 21.0 ±2				Depth of Liquid (cm):>15									
Product: GSM/GPRS Dual-band Mobile Phone													
<b>Body-worn Accessory SAR Configurations</b>													
Test Mode: 802.11b													
Test Position Body	Antenna Position	Frequency		Separation Distance (mm)	Average Power (dBm)	Power Drift (<±0.2)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)					
		Channel	MHz										
Body-worn	Fixed	1	2412	10	14.78	-0.16	0.00373	1.6					
Body-worn	Fixed	6	2437	10	14.59	--	--	1.6					
Body-worn	Fixed	11	2462	10	14.29	--	--	1.6					
Body-worn (With Headset)	Fixed	1	2412	10	14.78	-0.17	0.00668	1.6					
Body-front	Fixed	1	2412	10	14.78	0.11	0.00617	1.6					
<b>Hotspot SAR Configurations</b>													
Test Mode: 802.11b													
Body-worn	Fixed	1	2412	10	14.78	-0.16	0.00373	1.6					
Body-top	Fixed	1	2412	10	14.78	-0.19	1.94e-006	1.6					
Body-right side	Fixed	1	2412	10	14.78	0.16	0.0055	1.6					
Note 1: When the SAR procedures require multiple channels to be tested and the 1-g SAR for the highest output channel is less than 0.8 W/kg, where the transmission band corresponding to all channels is ≤ 100 MHz, testing for the other channels is not required, refer to KDB 447498.													
Note 2: WLAN antenna is less than 25 mm away from mobile phone top and right side, so that should be tested, refer to KDB 941225.													
Note 3: The test data is gathered from a production sample, provided by the manufacturer.													

## Appendix A. SAR System Validation Data

Date/Time: 18-12-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

System Check Head 835MHz

**DUT: Dipole 835 MHz D835V2; Type: D835V2**

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D835(835.0MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1; Frequency: 835 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 835$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.9$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 42.09$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>; Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=250mW

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

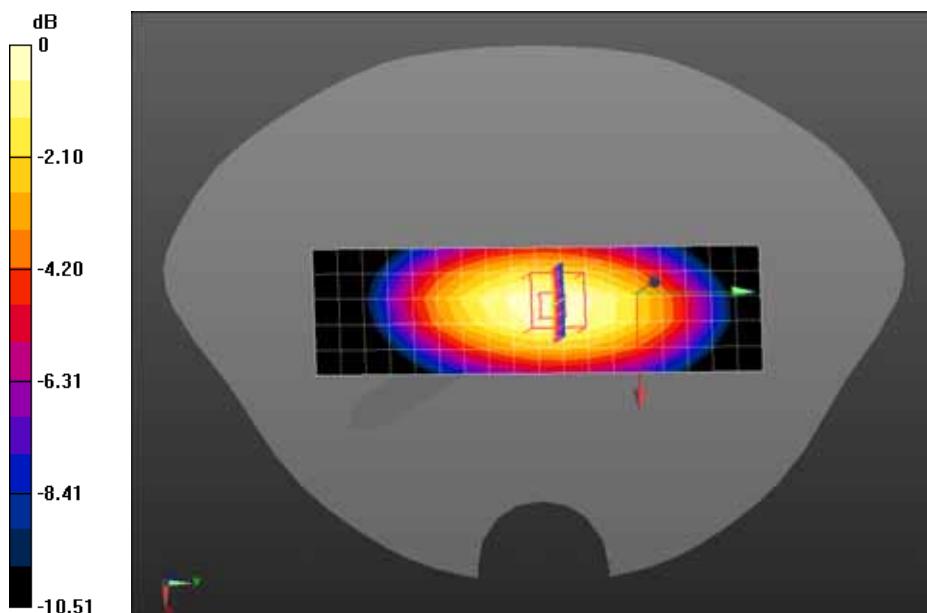
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(9.18, 9.18, 9.18); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Configuration/System Check Head 835MHz/Area Scan (6x19x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.52 mW/g

**Configuration/System Check Head 835MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 53.708 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.676 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 2.44 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.59 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.63 mW/g



$$0 \text{ dB} = 2.63 \text{ mW/g} = 8.40 \text{ dB mW/g}$$

Date/Time: 18-12-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

System Check Body 835MHz

**DUT: Dipole 835 MHz D835V2; Type: D835V2**

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D835 (835.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1;

Frequency: 835 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.95 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 54.47$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$  ;

Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=250mW

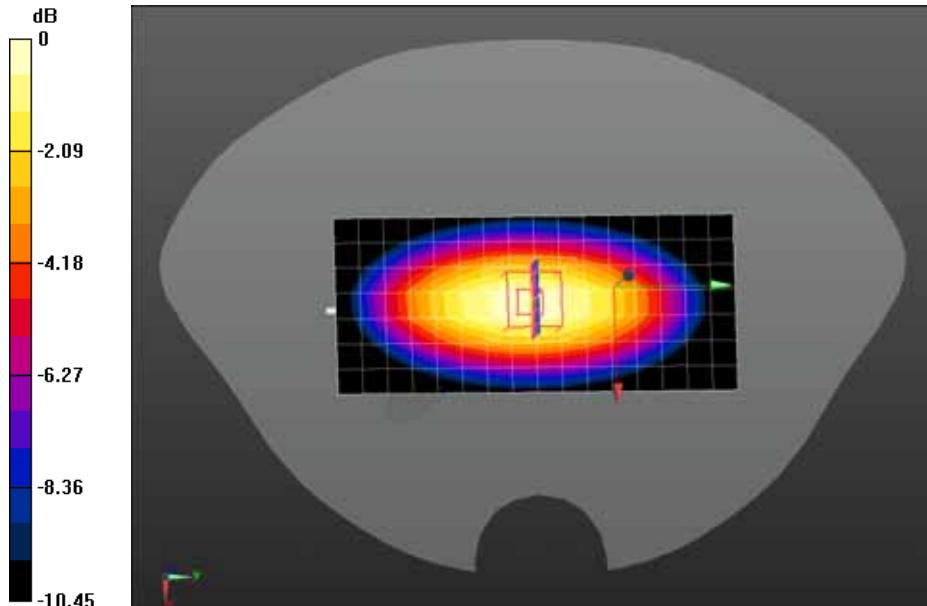
Ambient temperature ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ): 21.5, Liquid temperature ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(9.13, 9.13, 9.13); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Configuration/System Check Body 835MHz/Area Scan (8x17x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.45 mW/g**Configuration/System Check Body 835MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 52.573 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.700 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 2.45 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.59 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.65 mW/g

0 dB = 2.65 mW/g = 8.46 dB mW/g

Date/Time: 18-12-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

System Check Head 1900MHz

**DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz D1900V2; Type: D1900V2**

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D1900(1900MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.45$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.15$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>; Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=250mW

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

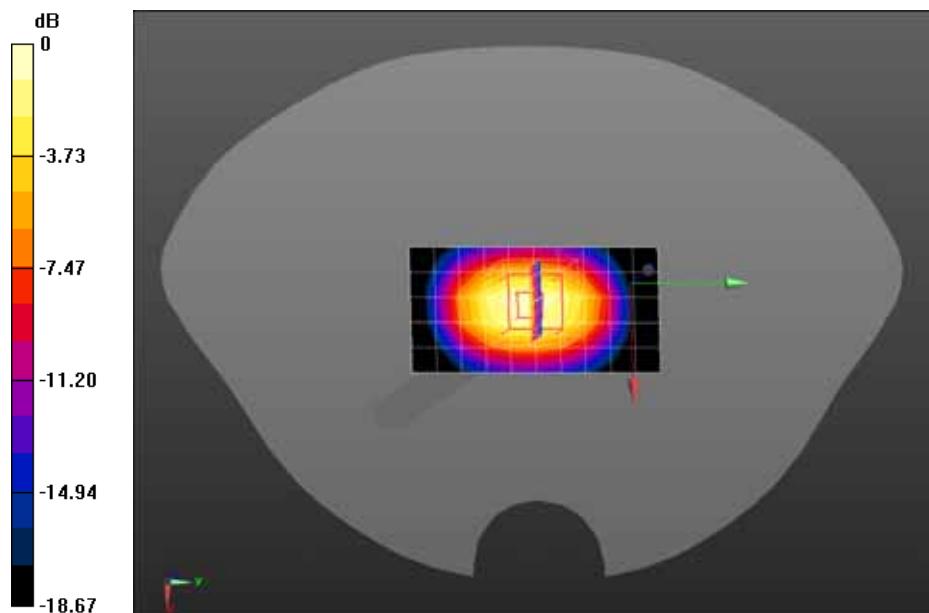
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(8.16, 8.16, 8.16); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Configuration/System Check Head 1900MHz/Area Scan (6x11x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.1 mW/g

**Configuration/System Check Head 1900MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 86.925 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.389 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 10 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.06 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.2 mW/g



0 dB = 11.2 mW/g = 20.98 dB mW/g

Date/Time: 18-12-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

System Check Body 1900MHz

**DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz D1900V2; Type: D1900V2**

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D1900(1900MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.52$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.58$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>; Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=250mW

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

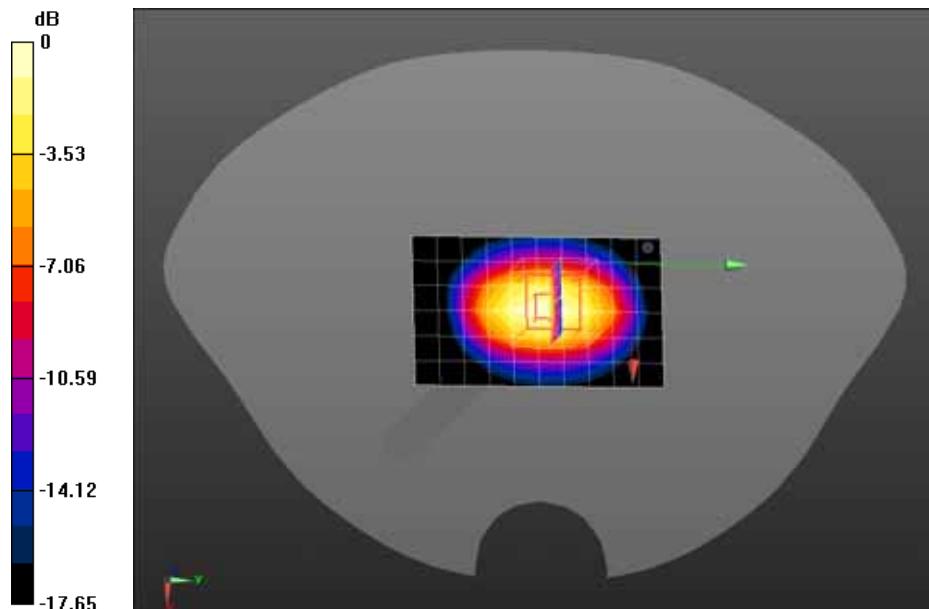
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.43, 7.43, 7.43); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Configuration/System Check Body 1900MHz/Area Scan (7x11x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.4 mW/g

**Configuration/System Check Body 1900MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 86.595 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.937 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 10.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.3 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.6 mW/g



0 dB = 11.6 mW/g = 21.29 dB mW/g

Date/Time: 18-12-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

System Check Head 2450MHz

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2; Type: D2450V2**

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D2450(2450MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.83$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.24$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>; Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=250mW

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

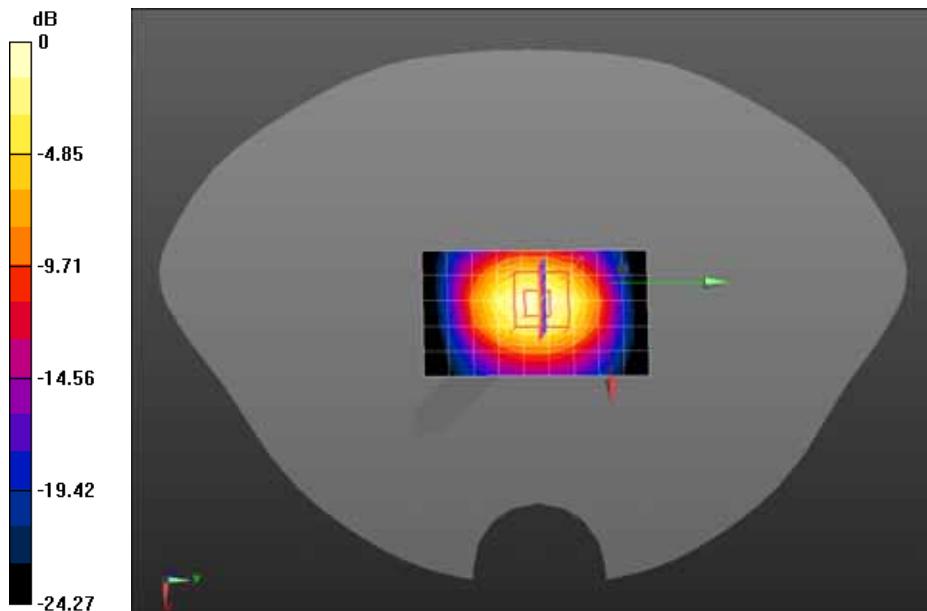
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.25, 7.25, 7.25); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Configuration/System Check Head 2450MHz/Area Scan (6x10x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.3 mW/g

**Configuration/System Check Head 2450MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 85.594 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.799 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 12.8 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.7 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.6 mW/g



0 dB = 14.6 mW/g = 23.29 dB mW/g

Date/Time: 18-12-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

System Check Body 2450MHz

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2; Type: D2450V2**

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D2450(2450MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.96$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.24$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ; Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=250mW

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

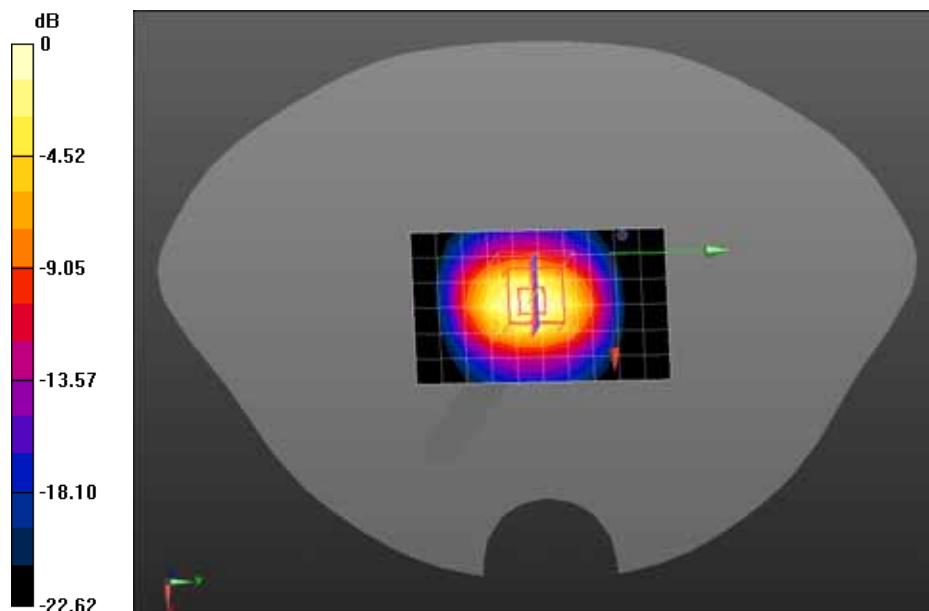
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(6.98, 6.98, 6.98); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Configuration/System Check Body 2450MHz/Area Scan (7x11x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.0 mW/g

**Configuration/System Check Body 2450MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 81.523 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.496 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 12.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.48 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.9 mW/g



## Appendix B. SAR measurement Data

Date/Time: 18-12-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GSM850 Mid Touch-Left

**DUT: GSM/GPRS Dual-band Mobile phone ; Type: S350**

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM850; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3;

Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 836.4$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.91$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 42.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>; Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(9.18, 9.18, 9.18); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

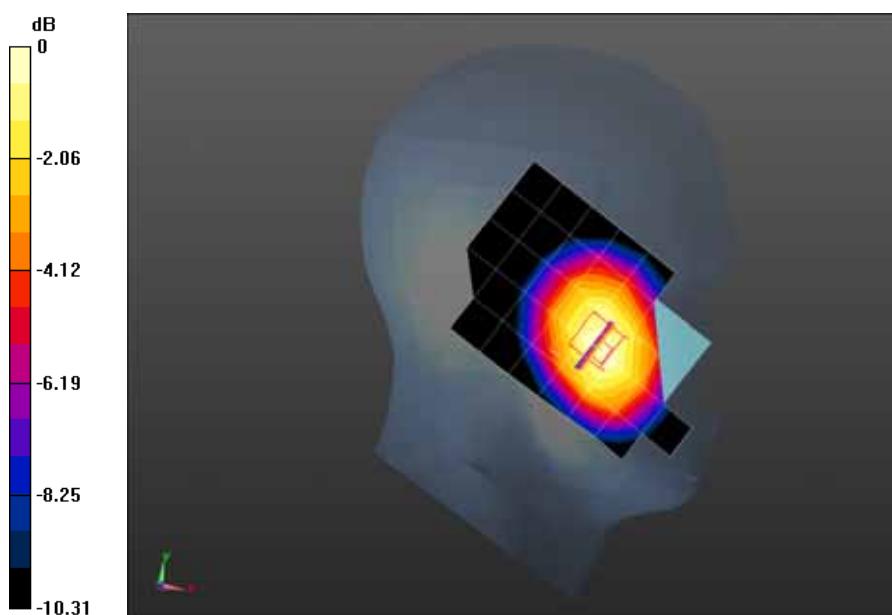
**Configuration/GSM850 Mid Touch-Left/Area Scan (6x9x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.262 mW/g

**Configuration/GSM850 Mid Touch-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 4.878 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.348 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.257 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.185 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.274 mW/g



$$0 \text{ dB} = 0.274 \text{ mW/g} = -11.24 \text{ dB mW/g}$$

Date/Time: 18-12-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GSM850 Mid Tilt-Left

**DUT: GSM/GPRS Dual-band Mobile phone ; Type: S350**

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM850; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3;  
Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 836.4$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.91$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 42.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ; Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

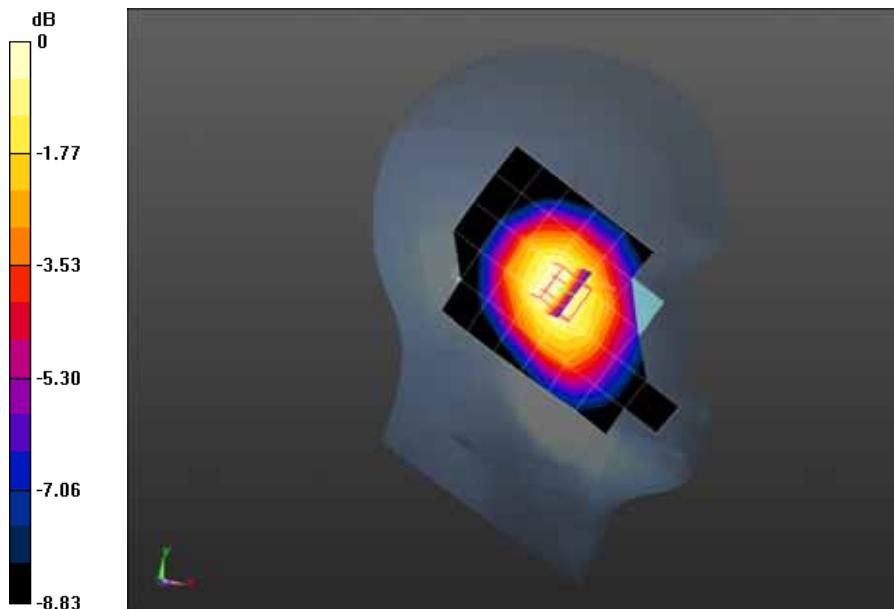
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(9.18, 9.18, 9.18); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Configuration/GSM850 Mid Tilt-Left/Area Scan (6x9x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.147 mW/g

**Configuration/GSM850 Mid Tilt-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 8.215 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.185 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.149 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.115 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.156 mW/g

0 dB = 0.156 mW/g = -16.14 dB mW/g

Date/Time: 18-12-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GSM850 Mid Touch-Right

**DUT: GSM/GPRS Dual-band Mobile phone ; Type: S350**

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM850; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3;  
Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 836.4$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.91$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 42.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ; Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

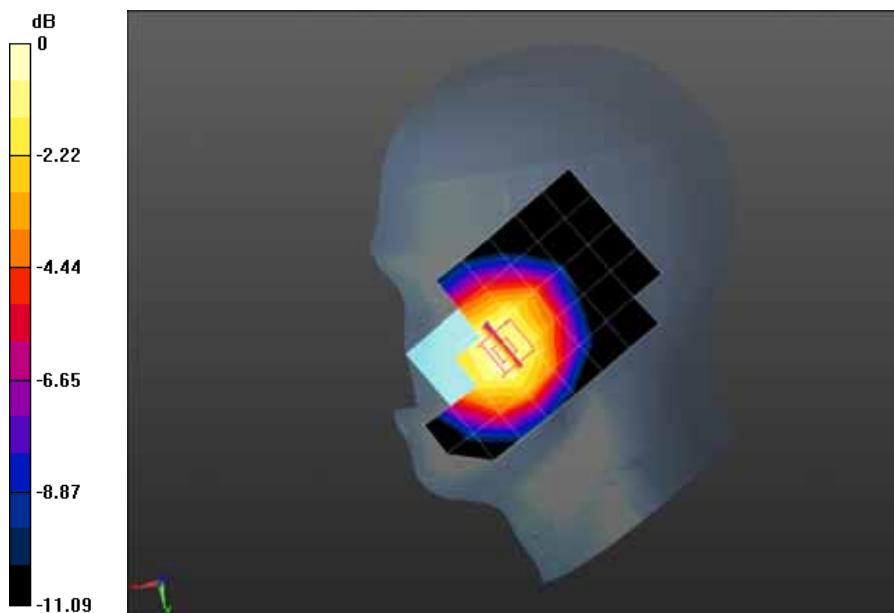
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(9.18, 9.18, 9.18); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Configuration/GSM850 Mid Touch-Right/Area Scan (6x9x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.203 mW/g

**Configuration/GSM850 Mid Touch-Right/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm,  
dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 3.164 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.246 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.200 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.151 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.208 mW/g



0 dB = 0.208 mW/g = -13.64 dB mW/g

Date/Time: 18-12-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GSM850 Mid Tilt-Right

**DUT: GSM/GPRS Dual-band Mobile phone ; Type: S350**

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM850; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3;  
Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 836.4$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.91$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 42.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ; Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

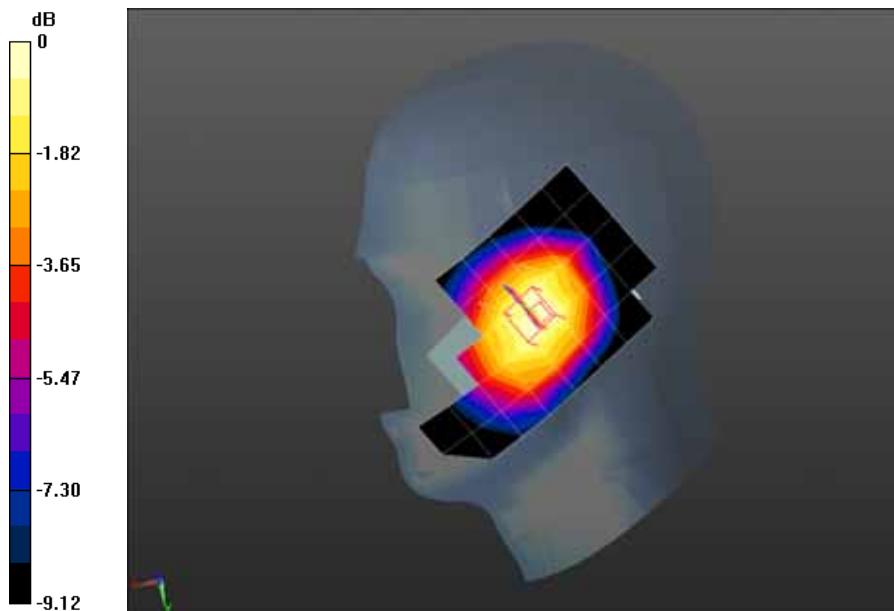
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(9.18, 9.18, 9.18); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Configuration/GSM850 Mid Tilt-Right/Area Scan (6x9x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.131 mW/g

**Configuration/GSM850 Mid Tilt-Right/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm,  
dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 8.482 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.172 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.139 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.106 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.145 mW/g

0 dB = 0.145 mW/g = -16.77 dB mW/g

Date/Time: 18-12-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GSM850 Mid Touch-Left&lt;SIM2&gt;

**DUT: GSM/GPRS Dual-band Mobile phone ; Type: S350**

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM850; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3;

Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 836.4$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.91$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 42.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>; Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

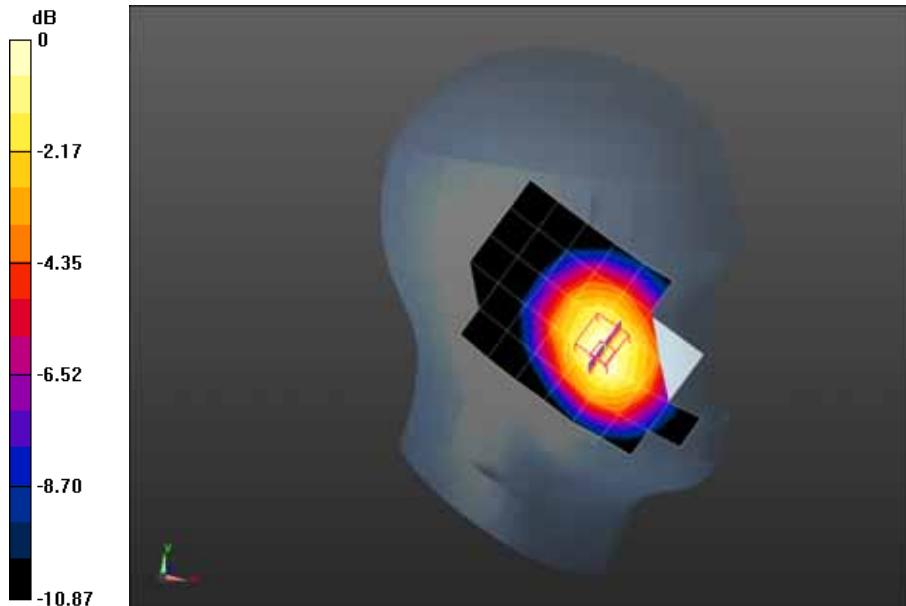
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(9.18, 9.18, 9.18); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Configuration/GSM850 Mid Touch-Left/Area Scan (6x9x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.219 mW/g

**Configuration/GSM850 Mid Touch-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 4.561 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.295 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.214 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.153 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.227 mW/g

0 dB = 0.227 mW/g = -12.88 dB mW/g

Date/Time: 18-12-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GSM850 Mid Body-Back

**DUT: GSM/GPRS Dual-band Mobile phone ; Type: S350**

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM850; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3;  
Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 836.4$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.96$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.45$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

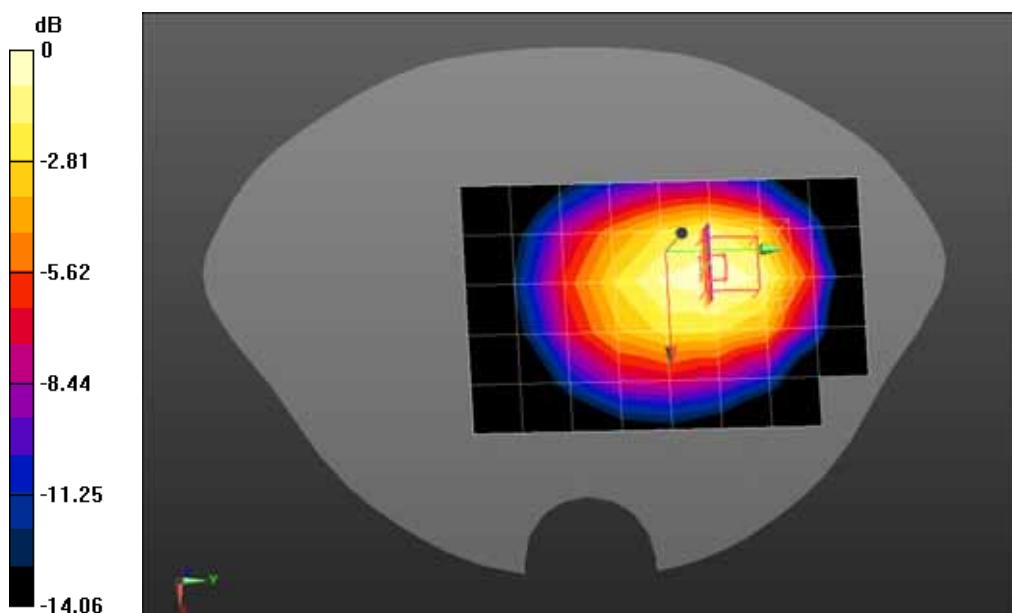
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(9.13, 9.13, 9.13); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Configuration/GSM850 Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (6x9x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.511 mW/g

**Configuration/GSM850 Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm,  
dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 12.476 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.703 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.485 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.311 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.514 mW/g



$$0 \text{ dB} = 0.514 \text{ mW/g} = -5.78 \text{ dB mW/g}$$

Date/Time: 18-12-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS850 Mid Body-Back(2up)

**DUT: GSM/GPRS Dual-band Mobile phone ; Type: S350**

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-2 Slot; Communication System Band: GSM850; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2 ;

Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 836.4$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.96$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.45$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

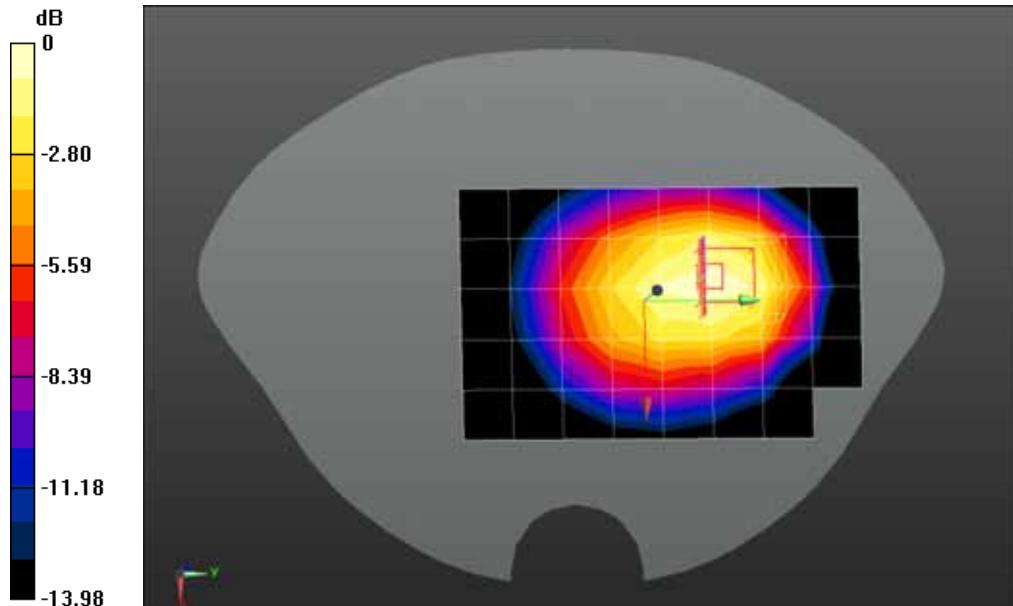
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(9.13, 9.13, 9.13); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Configuration/GPRS850 Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (6x9x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.815 mW/g

**Configuration/GPRS850 Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 15.546 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.125 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.779 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.502 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.826 mW/g

0 dB = 0.826 mW/g = -1.66 dB mW/g

Date/Time: 18-12-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS850 Low Body-Back(3up)

**DUT: GSM/GPRS Dual-band Mobile phone ; Type: S350**

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-3 Slot; Communication System Band: GSM 850; Duty Cycle: 1:2.8 ;

Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 824.2$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.94$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.58$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

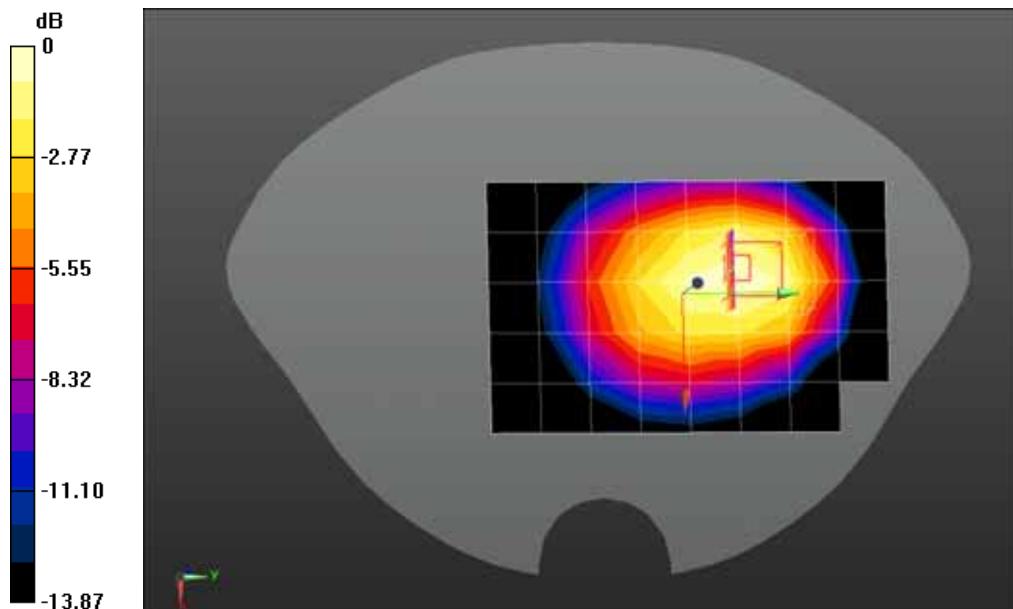
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(9.13, 9.13, 9.13); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Configuration/GPRS850 Low Body-Back/Area Scan (6x9x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.854 mW/g

**Configuration/GPRS850 Low Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 16.117 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.181 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.811 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.522 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.857 mW/g

$$0 \text{ dB} = 0.857 \text{ mW/g} = -1.34 \text{ dB mW/g}$$

Date/Time: 18-12-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS850 Mid Body-Back(3up)

**DUT: GSM/GPRS Dual-band Mobile phone ; Type: S350**

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-3 Slot; Communication System Band: GSM 850; Duty Cycle: 1:2.8 ;

Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 836.4$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.96$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.45$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

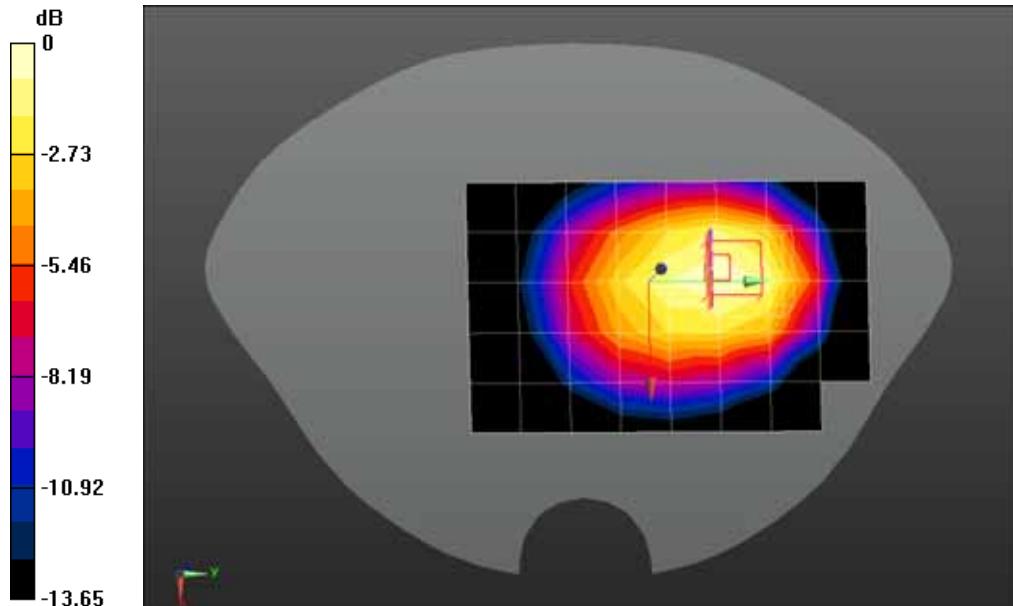
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(9.13, 9.13, 9.13); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Configuration/GPRS850 Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (6x9x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

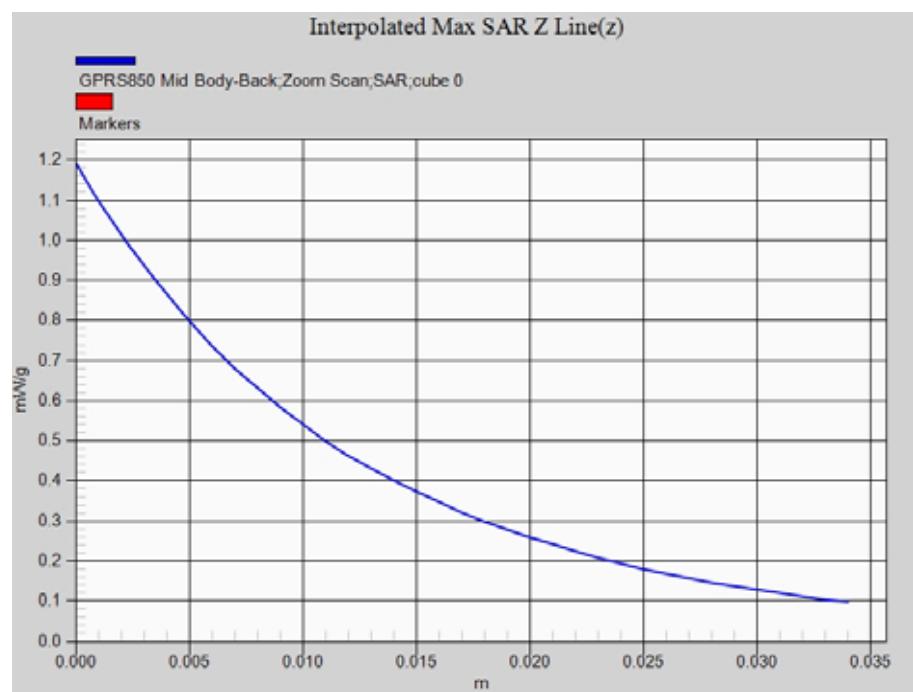
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.855 mW/g

**Configuration/GPRS850 Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 15.716 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.194 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.817 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.528 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.859 mW/g

0 dB = 0.859 mW/g = -1.32 dB mW/g

**Z-Axis Plot**

Date/Time: 18-12-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS850 High Body-Back(3up)

**DUT: GSM/GPRS Dual-band Mobile phone ; Type: S350**

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-3 Slot; Communication System Band: GSM 850; Duty Cycle: 1:2.8 ;

Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 848.8$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.97$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.33$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

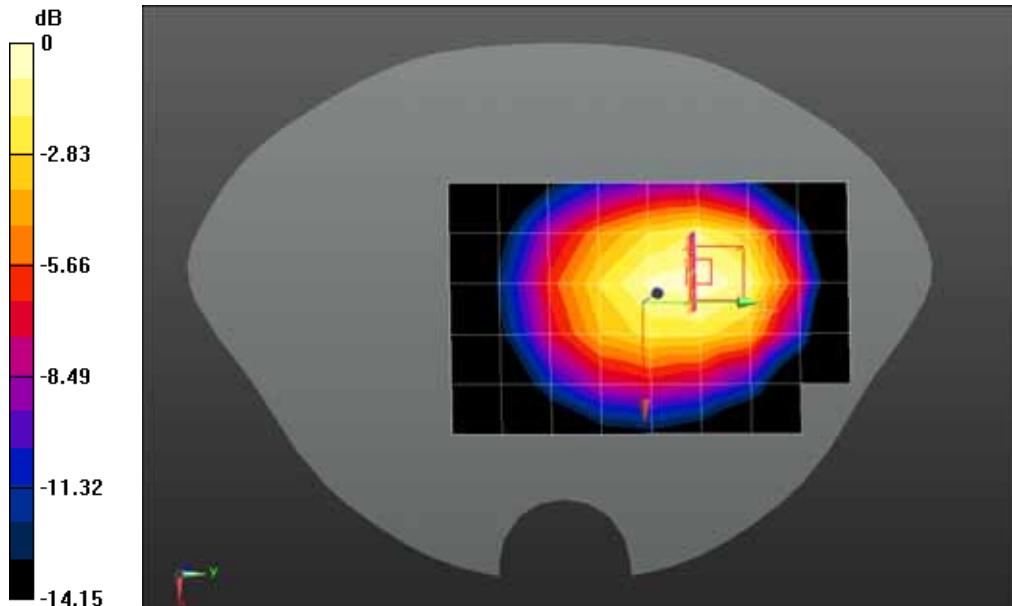
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(9.13, 9.13, 9.13); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Configuration/GPRS850 High Body-Back/Area Scan (6x9x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.837 mW/g

**Configuration/GPRS850 High Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 16.094 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.172 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.804 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.512 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.860 mW/g

0 dB = 0.860 mW/g = -1.31 dB mW/g

Date/Time: 18-12-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS850 Mid Body-Front(3up)

**DUT: GSM/GPRS Dual-band Mobile phone ; Type: S350**

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-3 Slot; Communication System Band: GSM 850; Duty Cycle: 1:2.8 ;

Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 836.4$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.96$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.45$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

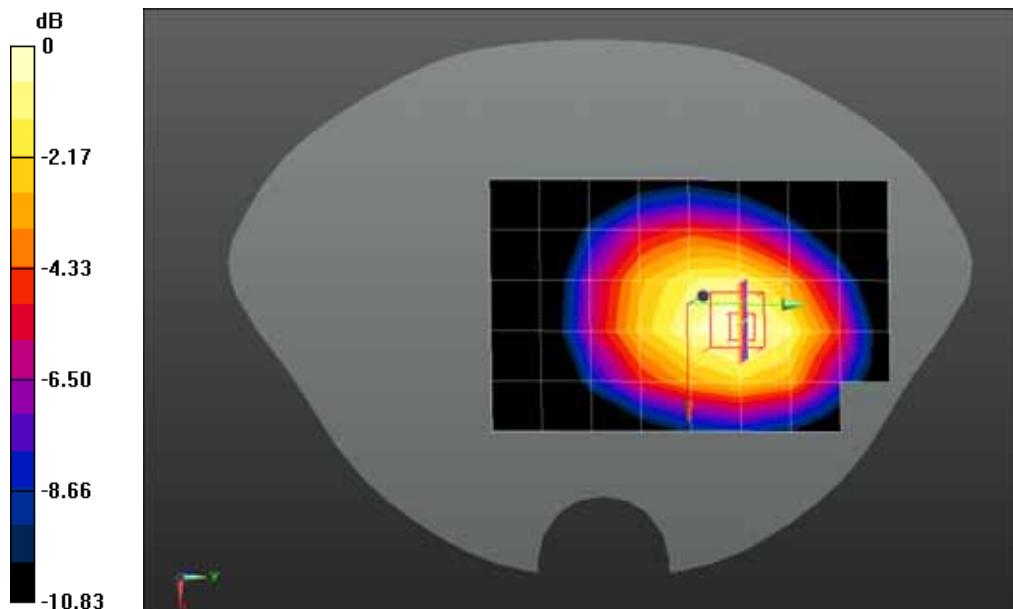
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(9.13, 9.13, 9.13); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Configuration/GPRS850 Mid Body-Front/Area Scan (6x9x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.465 mW/g

**Configuration/GPRS850 Mid Body-Front/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 12.444 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.601 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.438 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.315 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.464 mW/g

$$0 \text{ dB} = 0.464 \text{ mW/g} = -6.67 \text{ dB mW/g}$$

Date/Time: 18-12-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS850 Mid Body-Back(3up)(with headset)

**DUT: GSM/GPRS Dual-band Mobile phone ; Type: S350**

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-3 Slot; Communication System Band: GSM 850; Duty Cycle: 1:2.8 ;

Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 836.4$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.96$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.45$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

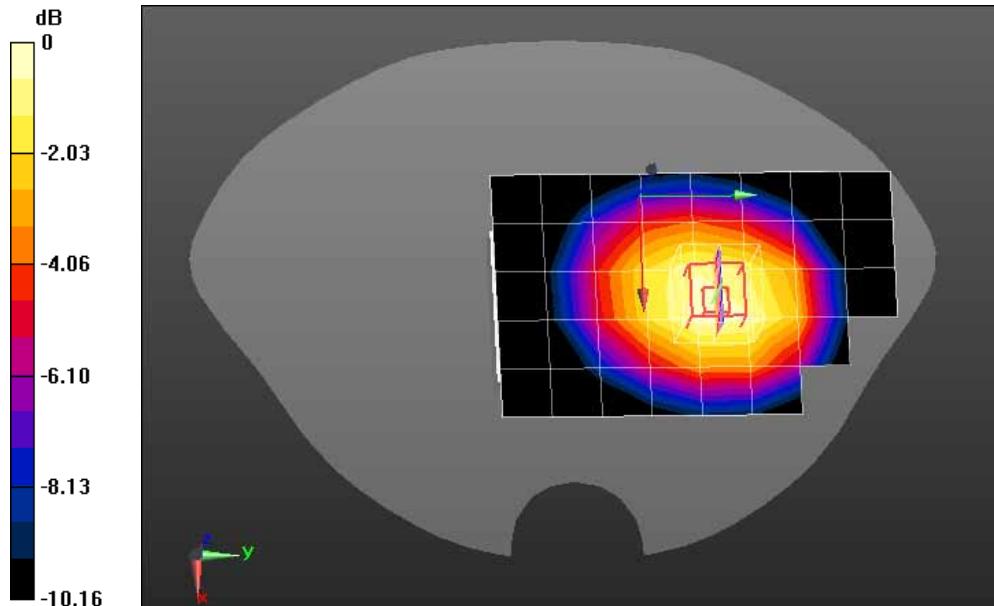
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(9.13, 9.13, 9.13); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Configuration/GPRS850 Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (6x9x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.733 mW/g

**Configuration/GPRS850 Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 12.379 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.000 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.750 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.537 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.795 mW/g

0 dB = 0.795 mW/g = -1.99 dB mW/g

Date/Time: 18-12-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS850 Mid Body-Back(4up)

**DUT: GSM/GPRS Dual-band Mobile phone ; Type: S350**

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-4 Slot; Communication System Band: GSM 850; Duty Cycle: 1:2.1 ;

Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 836.4$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.96$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.45$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

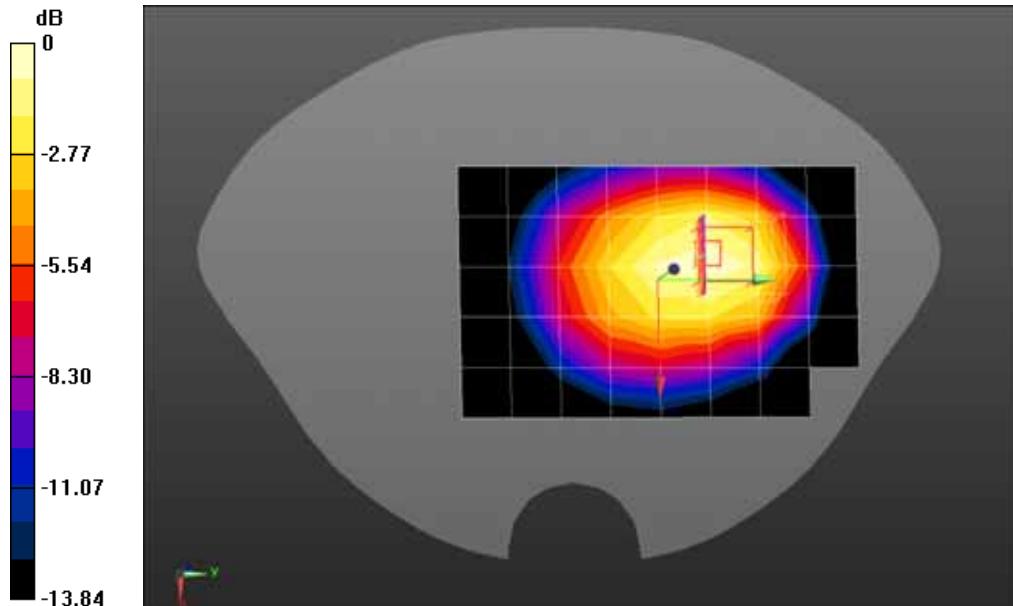
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(9.13, 9.13, 9.13); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Configuration/GPRS850 Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (6x9x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.725 mW/g

**Configuration/GPRS850 Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 14.828 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.005 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.693 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.446 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.737 mW/g

0 dB = 0.737 mW/g = -2.65 dB mW/g

Date/Time: 18-12-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS850 Mid Body-Bottom(3up)

**DUT: GSM/GPRS Dual-band Mobile phone ; Type: S350**

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-3 Slot; Communication System Band: GSM 850; Duty Cycle: 1:2.8 ;

Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 836.4$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.96$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.45$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ; Phantom section: Flat Section

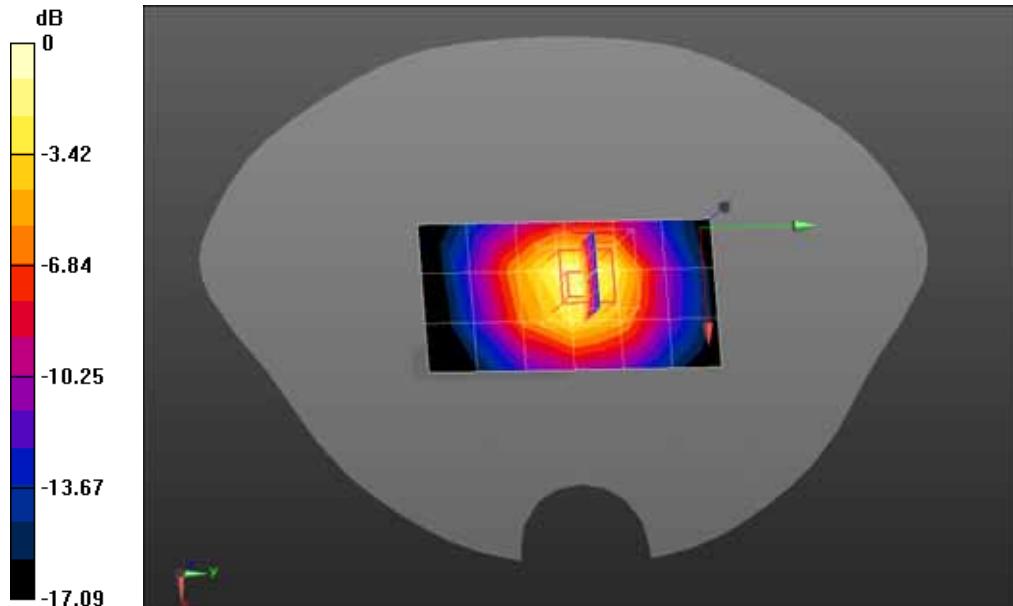
Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(9.13, 9.13, 9.13); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Bottom/Area Scan (4x7x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.169 mW/g**Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Bottom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 14.652 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.311 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.186 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.104 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.205 mW/g

$$0 \text{ dB} = 0.205 \text{ mW/g} = -13.76 \text{ dB mW/g}$$

Date/Time: 18-12-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS850 Mid Body-Right side(3up)

**DUT: GSM/GPRS Dual-band Mobile phone ; Type: S350**

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-3 Slot; Communication System Band: GSM 850; Duty Cycle: 1:2.8 ;

Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 836.4$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.96$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.45$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ; Phantom section: Flat Section

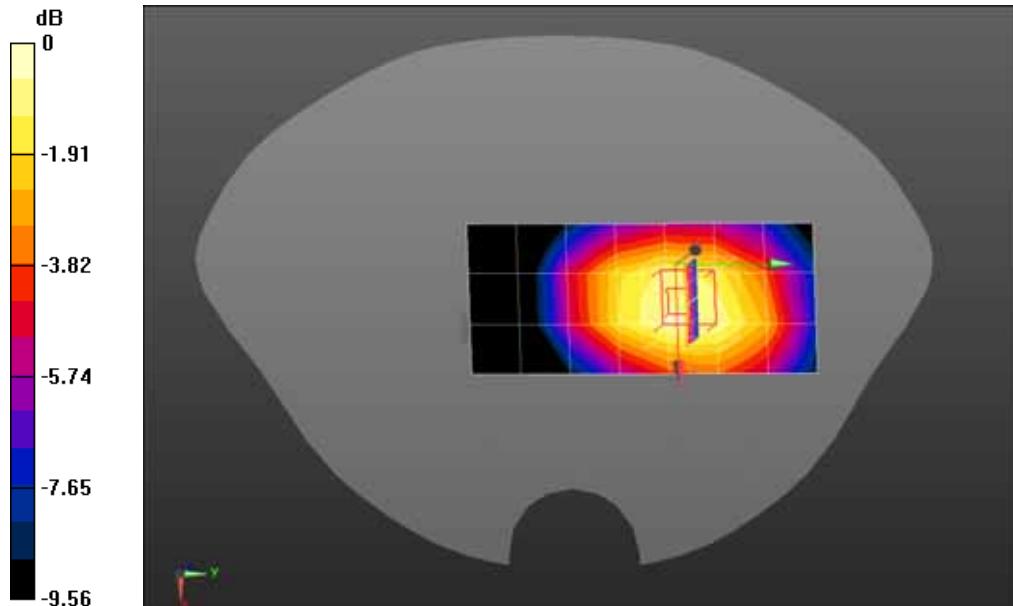
Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(9.13, 9.13, 9.13); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Configuration/GPRS850 Mid Body-Right side/Area Scan (4x8x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.178 mW/g**Configuration/GPRS850 Mid Body-Right side/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 8.553 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.261 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.185 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.128 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.197 mW/g

$$0 \text{ dB} = 0.197 \text{ mW/g} = -14.11 \text{ dB mW/g}$$

Date/Time: 18-12-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS850 Mid Body-Left side(3up)

**DUT: GSM/GPRS Dual-band Mobile phone ; Type: S350**

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-3 Slot; Communication System Band: GSM 850; Duty Cycle: 1:2.8 ;

Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 836.4$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.96$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.45$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ; Phantom section: Flat Section

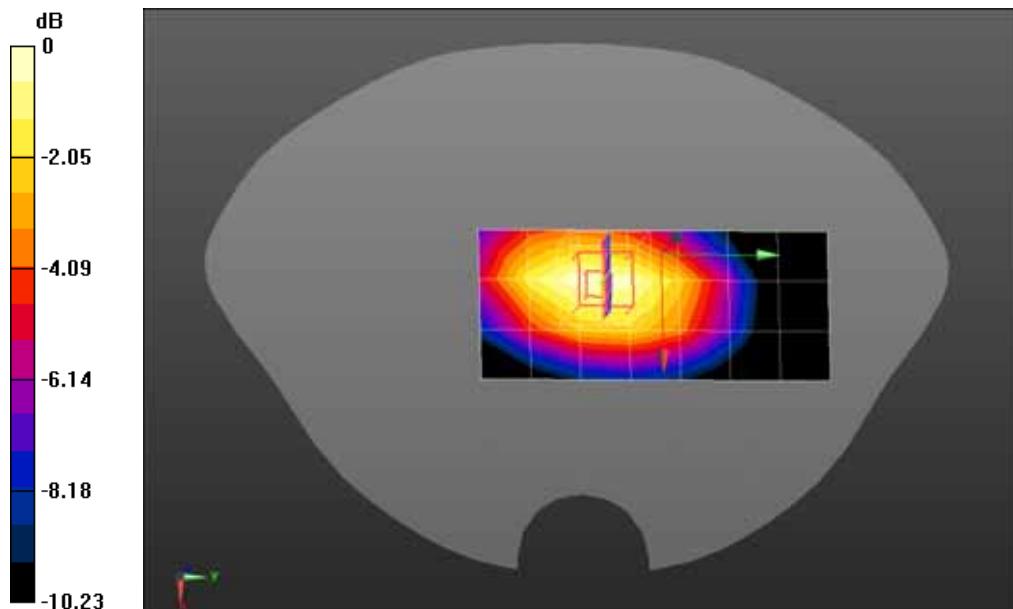
Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(9.13, 9.13, 9.13); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Configuration/GPRS850 Mid Body-Left side/Area Scan (4x8x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.246 mW/g**Configuration/GPRS850 Mid Body-Left side/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 15.243 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.332 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.237 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.161 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.253 mW/g

$$0 \text{ dB} = 0.253 \text{ mW/g} = -11.94 \text{ dB mW/g}$$

Date/Time: 18-12-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

PCS1900 Mid Touch-Left

**DUT: GSM/GPRS Dual-band Mobile phone ; Type: S350**

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS1900; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3;

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.43$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ;

Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

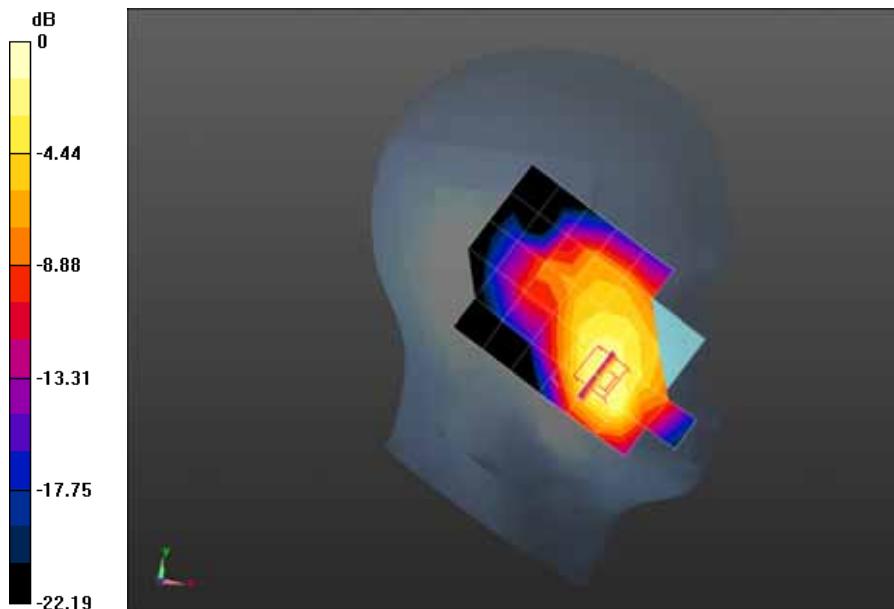
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(8.16, 8.16, 8.16); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Touch-Left/Area Scan (6x9x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.158 mW/g

**Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Touch-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 4.611 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.364 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.205 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.114 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.221 mW/g

0 dB = 0.221 mW/g = -13.11 dB mW/g

Date/Time: 18-12-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

PCS1900 Mid Tilt-Left

**DUT: GSM/GPRS Dual-band Mobile phone ; Type: S350**

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS1900; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3;

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.43$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ;

Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

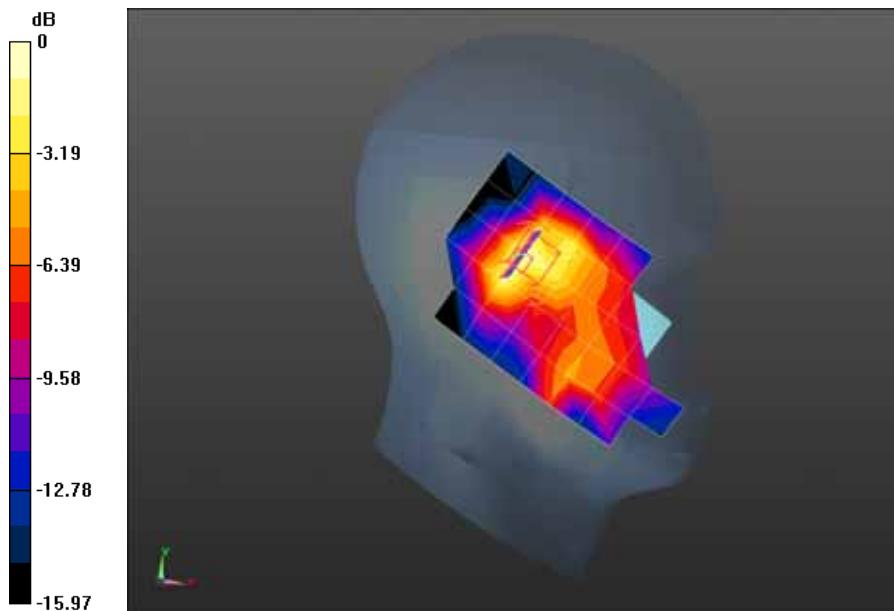
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(8.16, 8.16, 8.16); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Tilt-Left/Area Scan (6x9x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0459 mW/g

**Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Tilt-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 6.063 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.081 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.046 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.027 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0485 mW/g

0 dB = 0.0485 mW/g = -26.29 dB mW/g

Date/Time: 18-12-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

PCS1900 Mid Touch-Right

**DUT: GSM/GPRS Dual-band Mobile phone ; Type: S350**

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS1900; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3;

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.43$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ;

Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

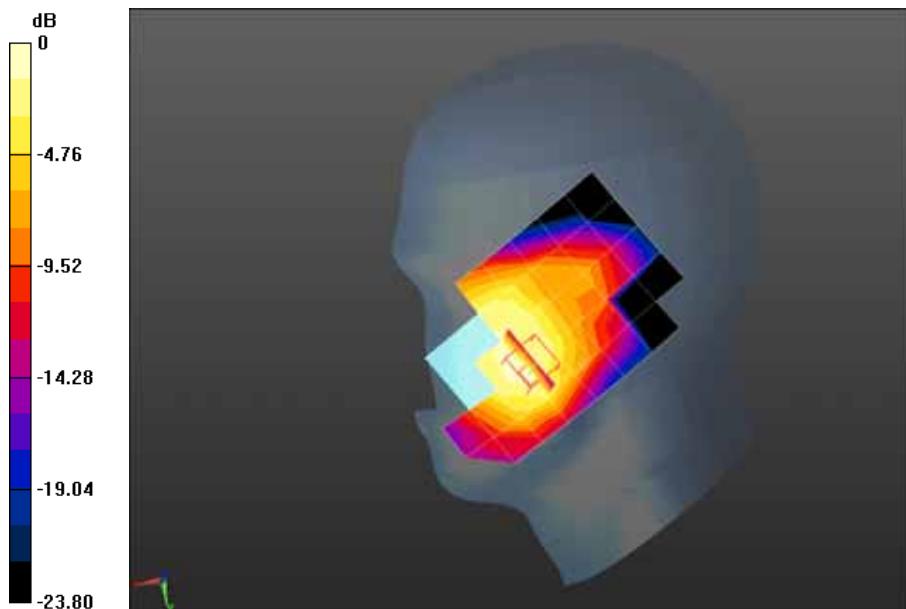
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(8.16, 8.16, 8.16); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Touch-Right/Area Scan (6x9x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.143 mW/g

**Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Touch-Right/Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 4.820 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.210 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.133 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.080 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.145 mW/g

0 dB = 0.145 mW/g = -16.77 dB mW/g

Date/Time: 18-12-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

PCS1900 Mid Tilt-Right

**DUT: GSM/GPRS Dual-band Mobile phone ; Type: S350**

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS1900; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3;

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.43$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ;

Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

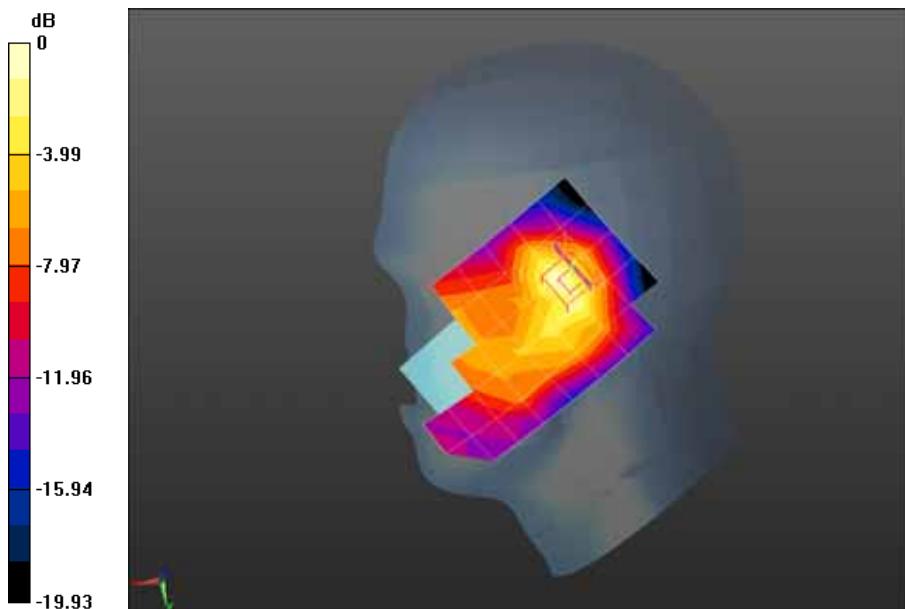
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(8.16, 8.16, 8.16); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Tilt-Right/Area Scan (6x9x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0563 mW/g

**Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Tilt-Right/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 5.705 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.099 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.056 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.031 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0591 mW/g

$$0 \text{ dB} = 0.0591 \text{ mW/g} = -24.57 \text{ dB mW/g}$$

Date/Time: 18-12-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

PCS1900 Mid Touch-Left&lt;SIM 2&gt;

**DUT: GSM/GPRS Dual-band Mobile phone ; Type: S350**

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS1900; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3;

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.43$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ;

Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

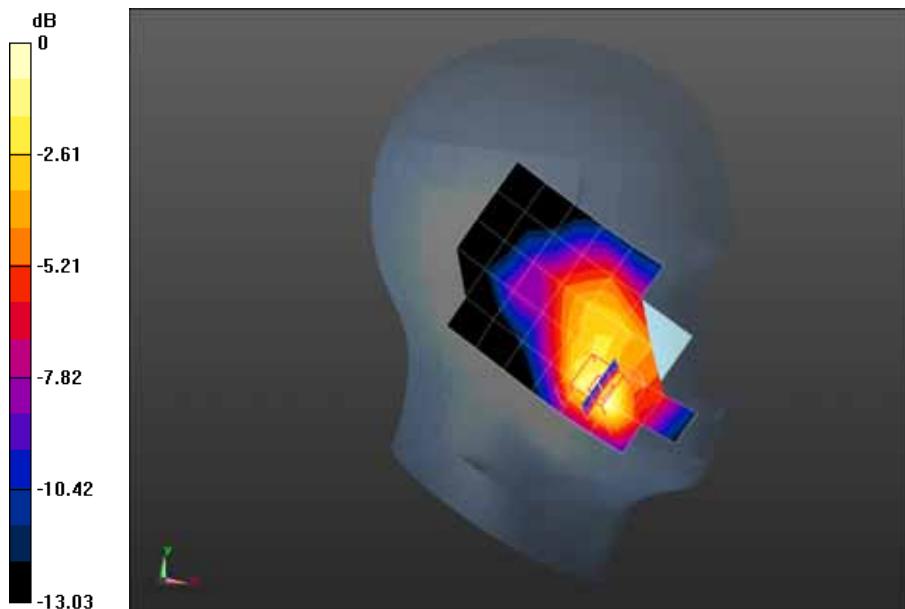
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(8.16, 8.16, 8.16); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Touch-Left/Area Scan (6x9x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.117 mW/g

**Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Touch-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 3.967 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.208 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.120 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.069 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.128 mW/g

0 dB = 0.128 mW/g = -17.86 dB mW/g

Date/Time: 18-12-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

PCS1900 Mid Body-Back

**DUT: GSM/GPRS Dual-band Mobile phone ; Type: S350**

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS1900; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3;

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.51$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.61$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

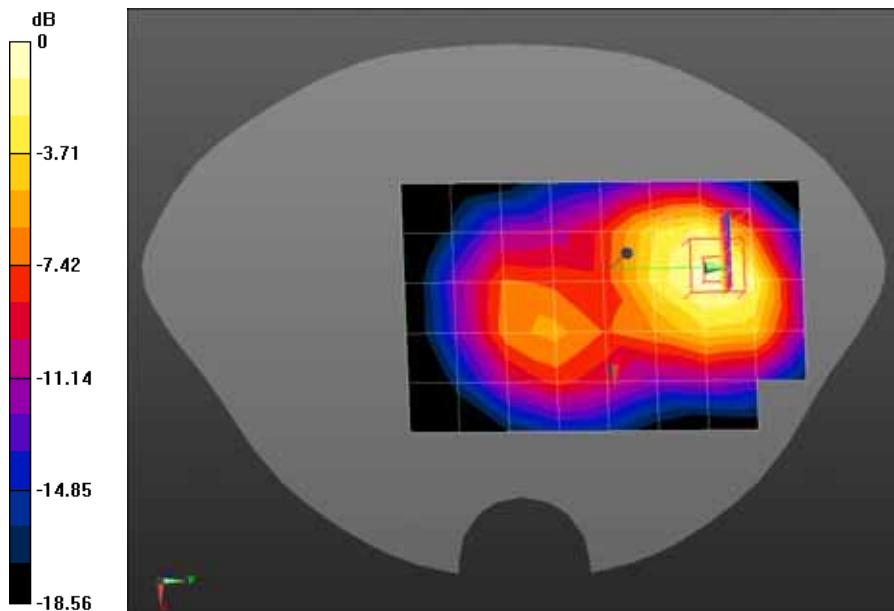
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.43, 7.43, 7.43); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (6x9x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.302 mW/g

**Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 7.445 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.517 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.306 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.181 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.328 mW/g

0 dB = 0.328 mW/g = -9.68 dB mW/g

Date/Time: 18-12-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS1900 Mid Body-Back(2up)

**DUT: GSM/GPRS Dual-band Mobile phone ; Type: S350**

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-2 Slot; Communication System Band: PCS1900; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2 ;

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.51$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.61$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

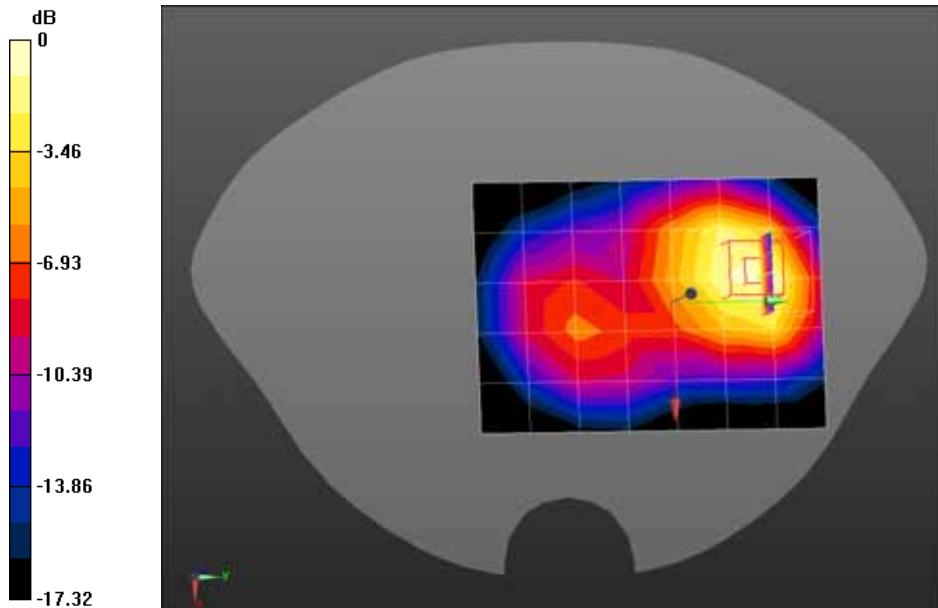
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.43, 7.43, 7.43); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (6x8x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

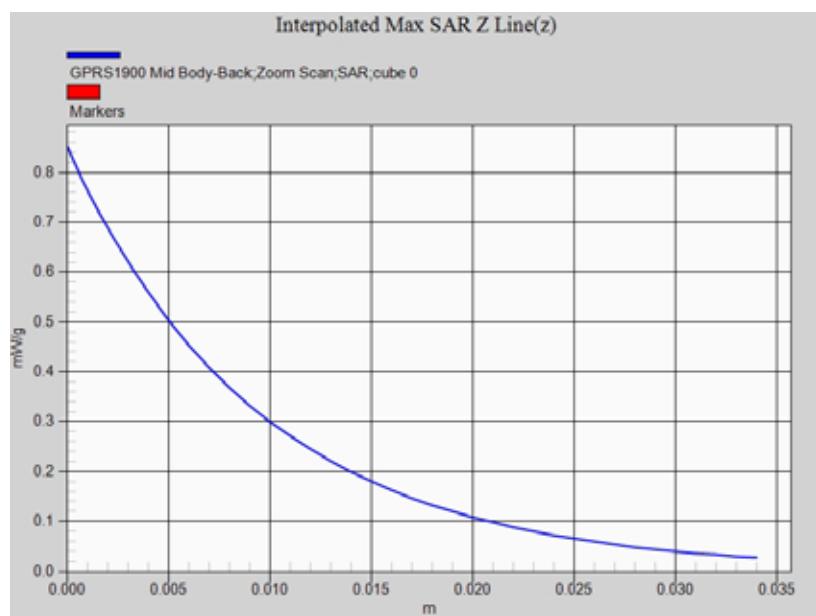
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.513 mW/g

**Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 8.812 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.853 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.511 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.300 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.551 mW/g

0 dB = 0.551 mW/g = -5.18 dB mW/g

**Z-Axis Plot**

Date/Time: 18-12-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS1900 Mid Body-Back(2up)(with heaset)

**DUT: GSM/GPRS Dual-band Mobile phone ; Type: S350**

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-2 Slot; Communication System Band: PCS1900; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2 ;

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.51$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.61$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

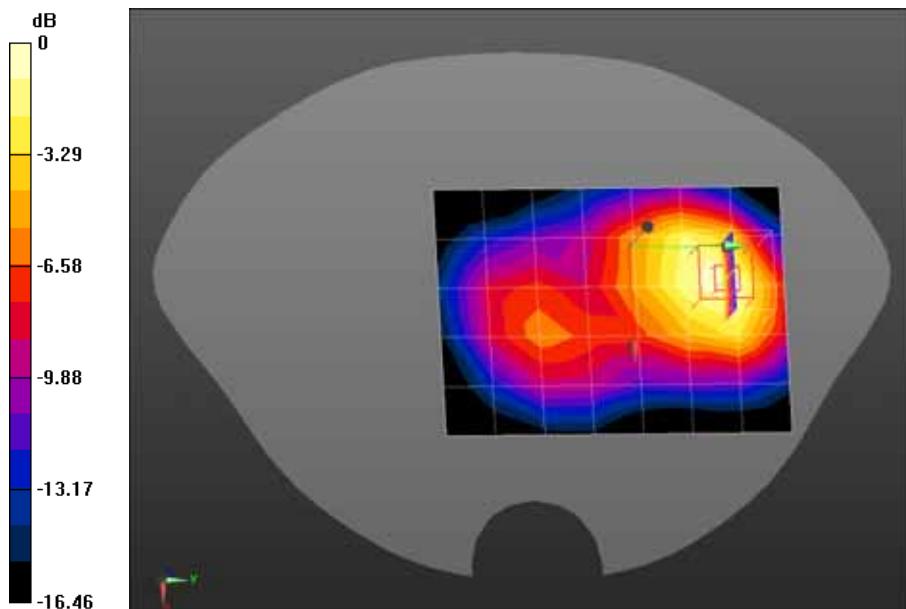
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.43, 7.43, 7.43); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (6x8x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.485 mW/g

**Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 8.877 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.759 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.450 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.263 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.476 mW/g

0 dB = 0.476 mW/g = -6.45 dB mW/g

Date/Time: 18-12-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS1900 Mid Body-Front(2up)

**DUT: GSM/GPRS Dual-band Mobile phone ; Type: S350**

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-2 Slot; Communication System Band: PCS1900; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2 ;

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.51$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.61$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

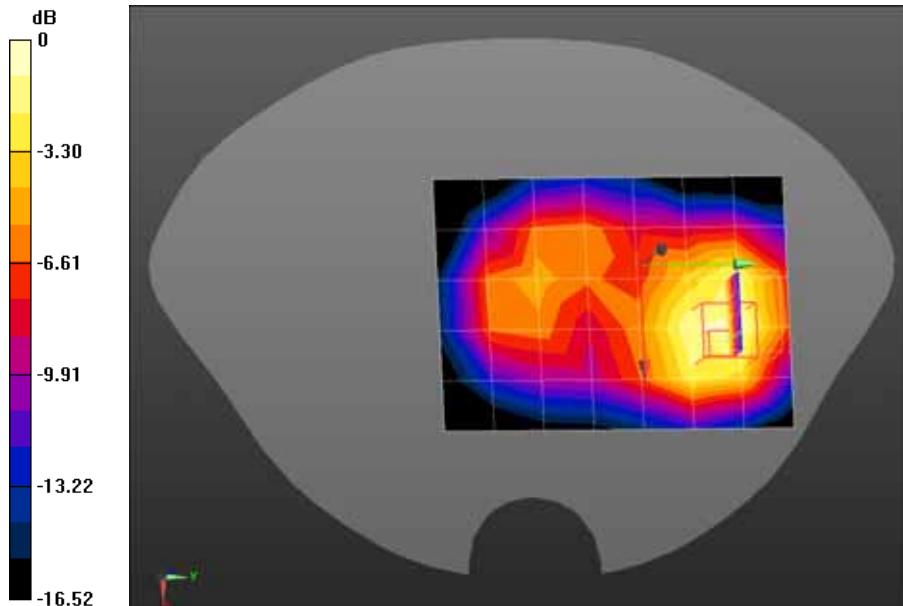
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.43, 7.43, 7.43); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Front/Area Scan (6x8x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.307 mW/g

**Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Front/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 8.441 V/m; Power Drift = 0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.498 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.302 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.179 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.325 mW/g

Date/Time: 18-12-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS1900 Mid Body-Bottom(2up)

**DUT: GSM/GPRS Dual-band Mobile phone ; Type: S350**

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-2 Slot; Communication System Band: PCS1900; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2 ;

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.51$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.61$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ; Phantom section: Flat Section

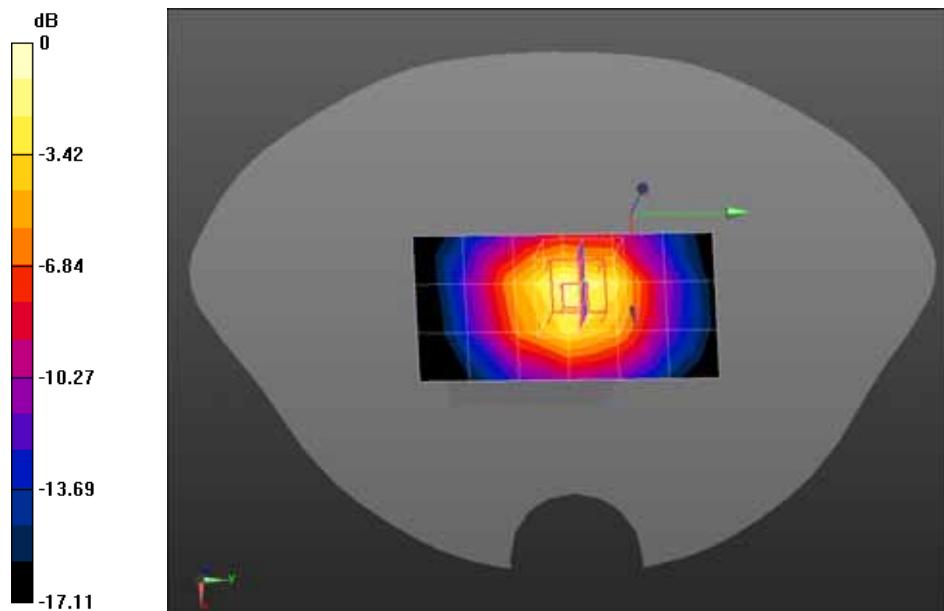
Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.43, 7.43, 7.43); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Bottom/Area Scan (4x7x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.325 mW/g**Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Bottom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 16.239 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.598 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.357 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.199 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.396 mW/g

0 dB = 0.396 mW/g = -8.05 dB mW/g

**Date/Time: 18-12-2012**

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS1900 Mid Body-Left side(2up)

**DUT: GSM/GPRS Dual-band Mobile phone ; Type: S350**

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-2 Slot; Communication System Band: PCS1900; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2 ;

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.51$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.61$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ; Phantom section: Flat Section

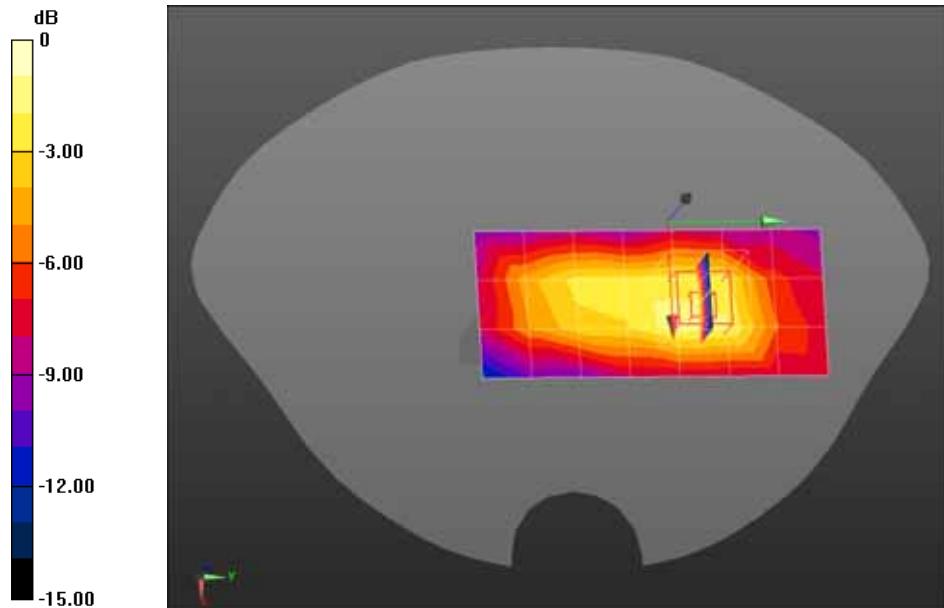
Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.43, 7.43, 7.43); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Left side/Area Scan (4x8x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0456 mW/g**Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Left side/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 5.202 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.100 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.057 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.032 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0627 mW/g

0 dB = 0.0627 mW/g = -24.05 dB mW/g

Date/Time: 18-12-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS1900 Mid Body-Right side(2up)

**DUT: GSM/GPRS Dual-band Mobile phone ; Type: S350**

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-2 Slot; Communication System Band: PCS1900; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2 ;

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.51$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.61$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ; Phantom section: Flat Section

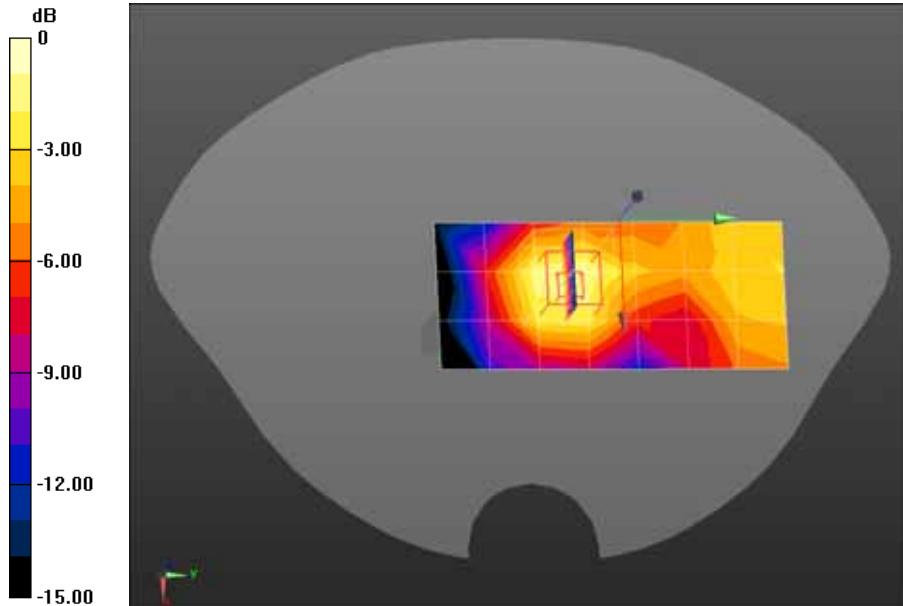
Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.43, 7.43, 7.43); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Right side/Area Scan (4x8x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0268 mW/g**Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Right side/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 3.840 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.054 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.031 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.018 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0328 mW/g

0 dB = 0.0328 mW/g = -29.68 dB mW/g

Date/Time: 18-12-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS1900 Mid Body-Back(3up)

**DUT: GSM/GPRS Dual-band Mobile phone ; Type: S350**

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-3 Slot; Communication System Band: PCS 1900; Duty Cycle:

1:2.8 ; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.51$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.61$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

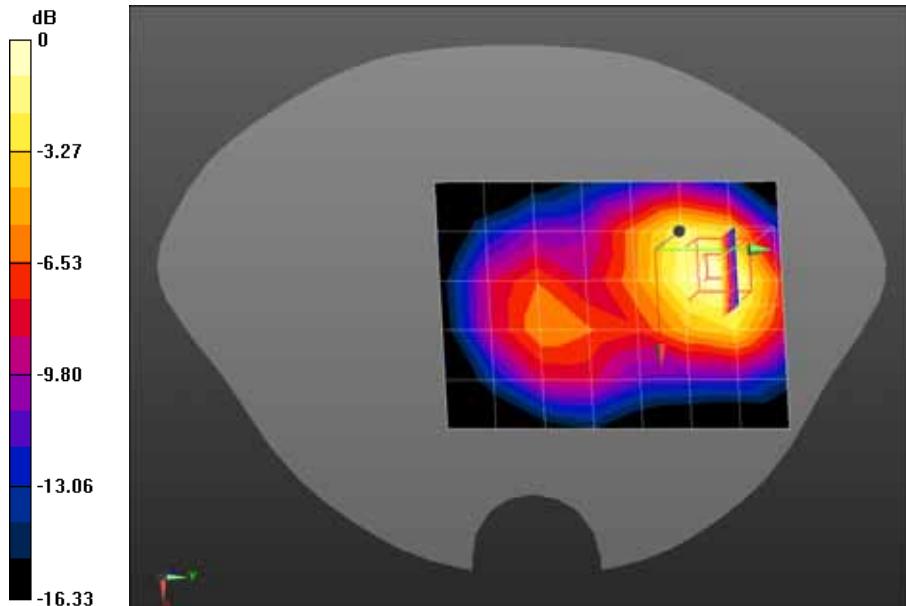
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.43, 7.43, 7.43); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (6x8x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.447 mW/g

**Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 8.404 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.725 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.427 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.252 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.450 mW/g

0 dB = 0.450 mW/g = -6.94 dB mW/g

**Date/Time: 18-12-2012**

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS1900 Mid Body-Back(4up)

**DUT: GSM/GPRS Dual-band Mobile phone ; Type: S350**

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-4 Slot; Communication System Band: PCS 1900; Duty Cycle:

1:2.1 ; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.51$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.61$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> ; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

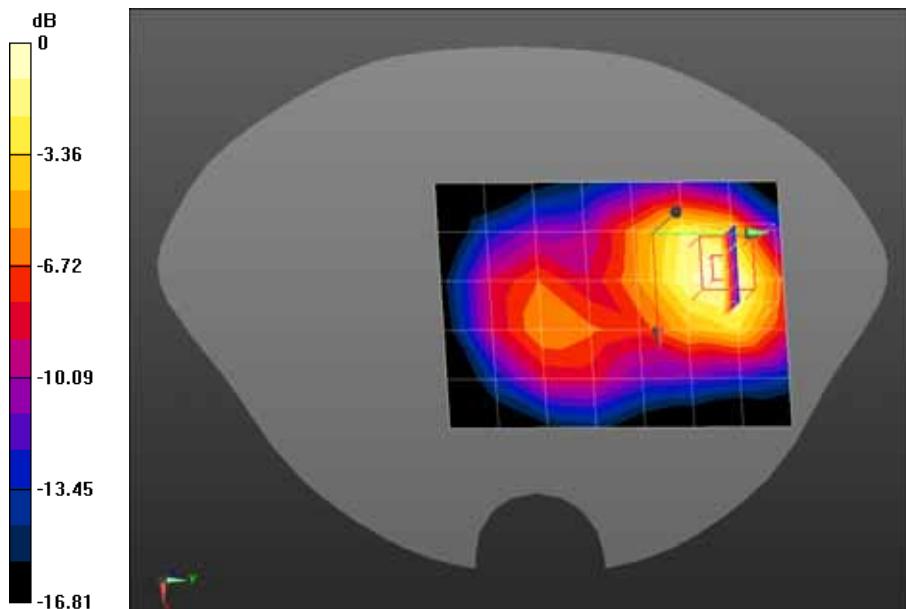
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.43, 7.43, 7.43); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (6x8x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.358 mW/g

**Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 7.778 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.585 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.341 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.200 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.357 mW/g

0 dB = 0.357 mW/g = -8.95 dB mW/g

Date/Time: 18-12-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

802.11b 2412MHz Touch-Left

**DUT: GSM/GPRS Dual-band Mobile phone ; Type: S350**

Communication System: Wi-Fi; Communication System Band: 802.11b; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 2412 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.79 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.38$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ ; Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ): 21.5, Liquid temperature ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

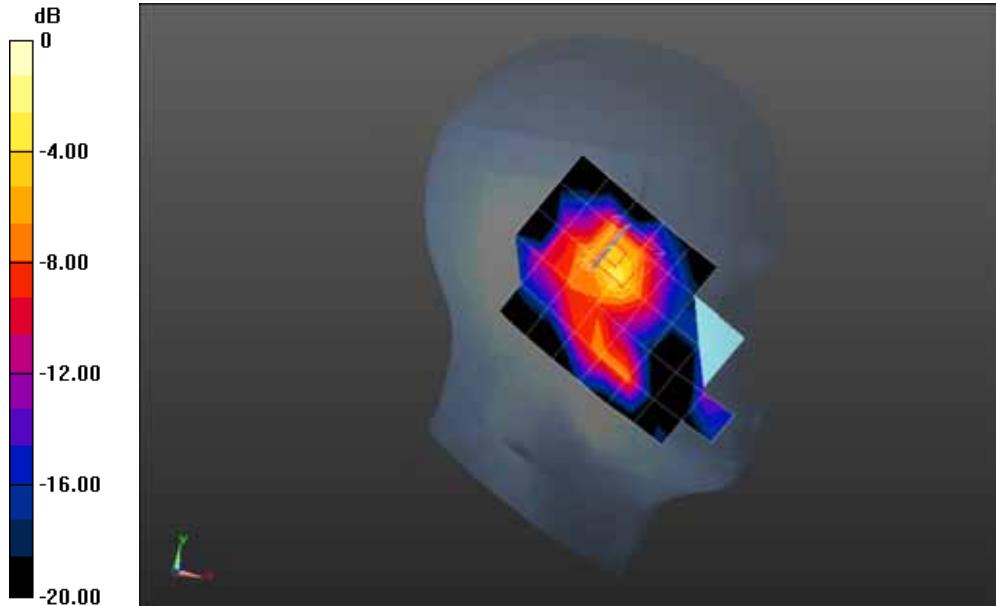
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.25, 7.25, 7.25); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Configuration/802.11b Low Touch-Left/Area Scan (6x9x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=20\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=20\text{mm}$ 

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0267 mW/g

**Configuration/802.11b Low Touch-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$ , Reference Value = 0.734 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.082 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.042 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.018 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0520 mW/g

0 dB = 0.0520 mW/g = -25.68 dB mW/g

Date/Time: 18-12-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

802.11b 2412MHz Tilt-Left

**DUT: GSM/GPRS Dual-band Mobile phone ; Type: S350**

Communication System: Wi-Fi; Communication System Band: 802.11b; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 2412 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.79 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.38$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ ; Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ): 21.5, Liquid temperature ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

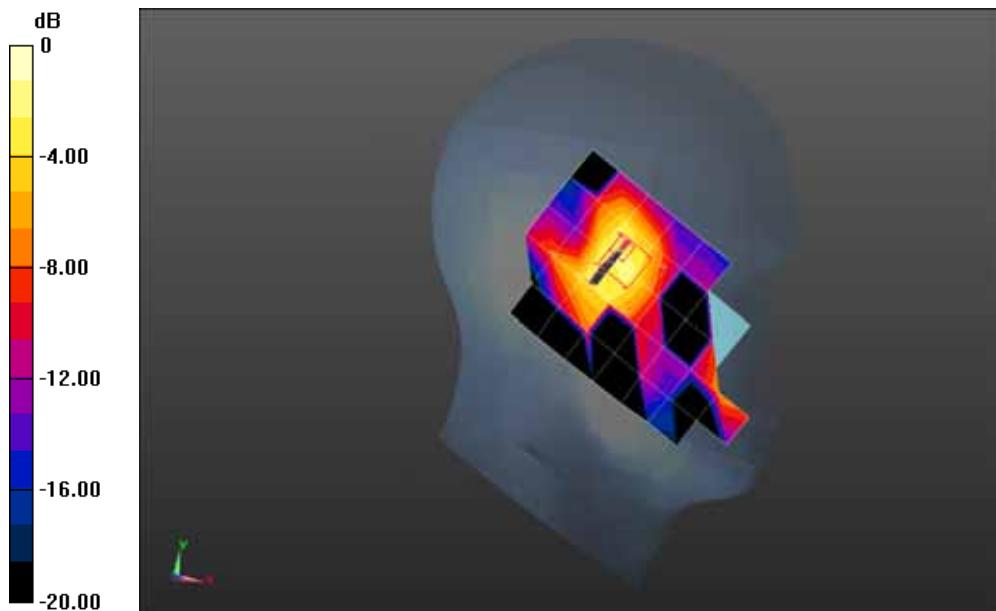
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.25, 7.25, 7.25); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Configuration/802.11b Low Tilt-Left/Area Scan (6x9x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=20\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=20\text{mm}$ 

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00800 mW/g

**Configuration/802.11b Low Tilt-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$ , Reference Value = 0.765 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.021 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.012 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.0039 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0127 mW/g

0 dB = 0.0127 mW/g = -37.92 dB mW/g

Date/Time: 18-12-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

802.11b 2412MHz Touch-Right

**DUT: GSM/GPRS Dual-band Mobile phone ; Type: S350**

Communication System: Wi-Fi; Communication System Band: 802.11b; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 2412 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.79 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.38$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ ; Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ): 21.5, Liquid temperature ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

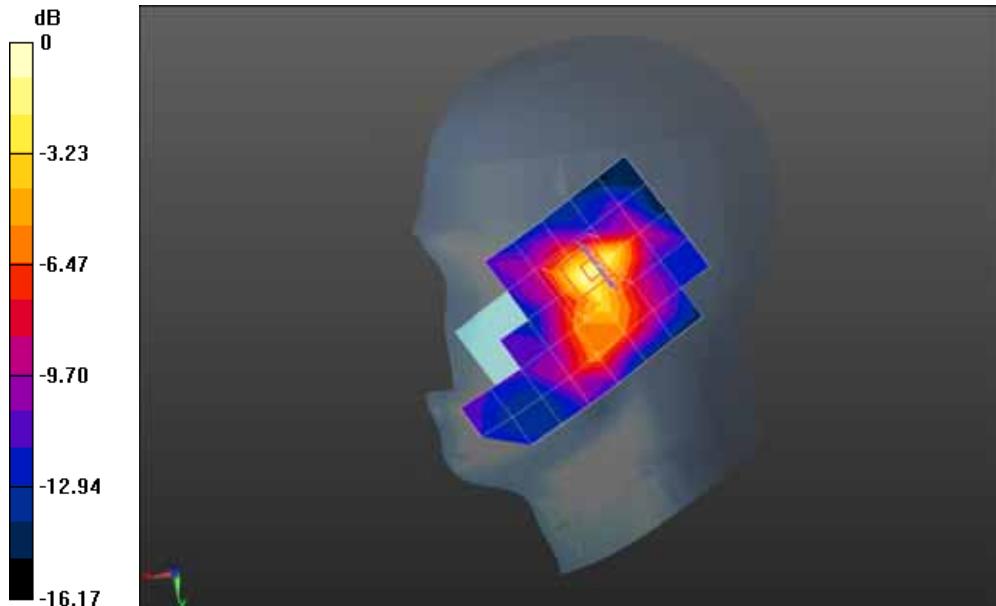
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.25, 7.25, 7.25); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Configuration/802.11b Low Touch-Right/Area Scan (6x9x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=20\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=20\text{mm}$ 

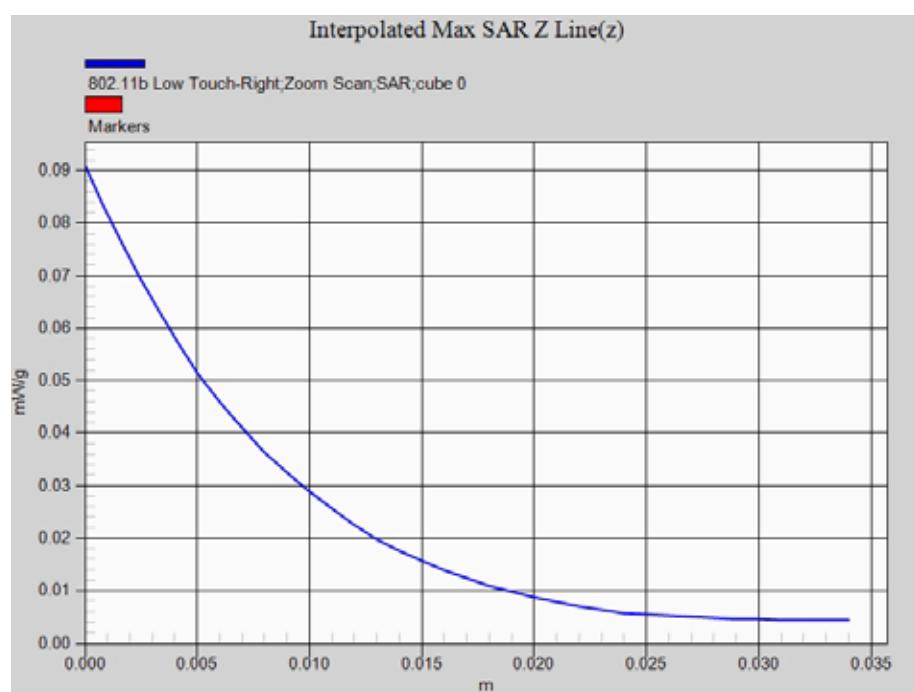
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0449 mW/g

**Configuration/802.11b Low Touch-Right/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$ , Reference Value = 2.406 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.091 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.050 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.024 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0521 mW/g

0 dB = 0.0521 mW/g = -25.66 dB mW/g

**Z-Axis Plot**

Date/Time: 18-12-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

802.11b 2412MHz Tilt-Right

**DUT: GSM/GPRS Dual-band Mobile phone ; Type: S350**

Communication System: Wi-Fi; Communication System Band: 802.11b; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 2412 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.79 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.38$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ ; Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ): 21.5, Liquid temperature ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.25, 7.25, 7.25); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

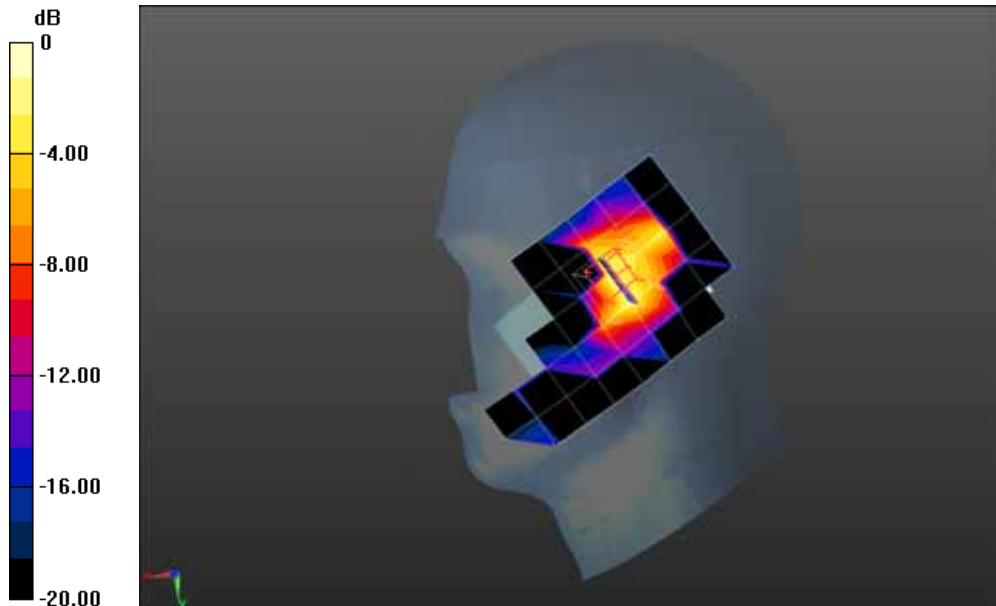
**Configuration/802.11b Low Tilt-Right/Area Scan (6x9x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00679 mW/g

**Configuration/802.11b Low Tilt-Right/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 2.144 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.031 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.010 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00382 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0106 mW/g

0 dB = 0.0106 mW/g = -39.49 dB mW/g

Date/Time: 18-12-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

802.11b 2412MHz Body-Back

**DUT: GSM/GPRS Dual-band Mobile phone ; Type: S350**

Communication System: Wi-Fi; Communication System Band: 802.11b; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 2412 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.92 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 52.34$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ ; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ): 21.5, Liquid temperature ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

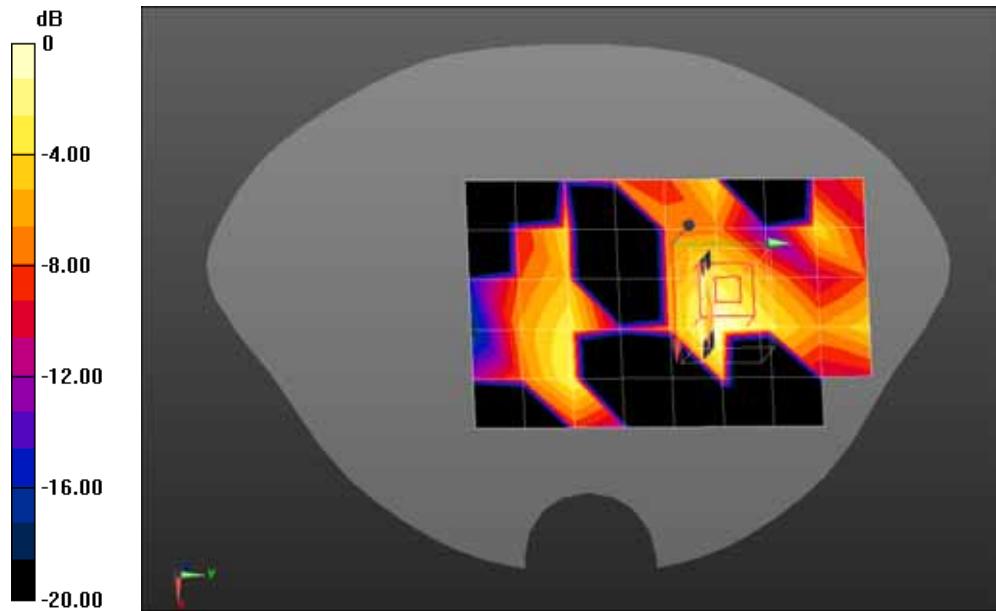
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(6.98, 6.98, 6.98); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Configuration/802.11b Low Body-Back/Area Scan (6x9x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=20\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=20\text{mm}$ 

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00411 mW/g

**Configuration/802.11b Low Body-Back/Zoom Scan (6x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$ , Reference Value = 1.505 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.013 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.00373 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.0017 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00377 mW/g

0 dB = 0.00377 mW/g = -48.47 dB mW/g

Date/Time: 18-12-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

802.11b 2412MHz Body-Front

**DUT: GSM/GPRS Dual-band Mobile phone ; Type: S350**

Communication System: Wi-Fi; Communication System Band: 802.11b; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 2412 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.92 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 52.34$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ ; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ): 21.5, Liquid temperature ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

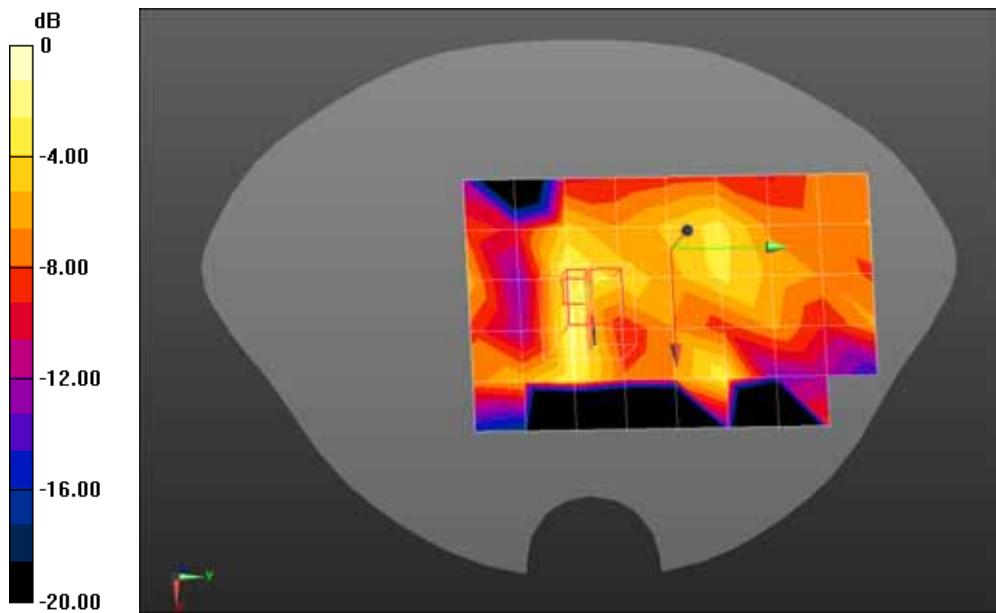
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(6.98, 6.98, 6.98); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Configuration/802.11b Low Body-Front/Area Scan (6x9x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00420 mW/g

**Configuration/802.11b Low Body-Front/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 1.572 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.011 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.00617 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00303 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00674 mW/g

0 dB = 0.00674 mW/g = -43.43 dB mW/g

Date/Time: 18-12-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

802.11b 2412MHz Body-Back(with headset)

**DUT: GSM/GPRS Dual-band Mobile phone ; Type: S350**

Communication System: Wi-Fi; Communication System Band: 802.11b; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 2412 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.92 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 52.34$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ ; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ): 21.5, Liquid temperature ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

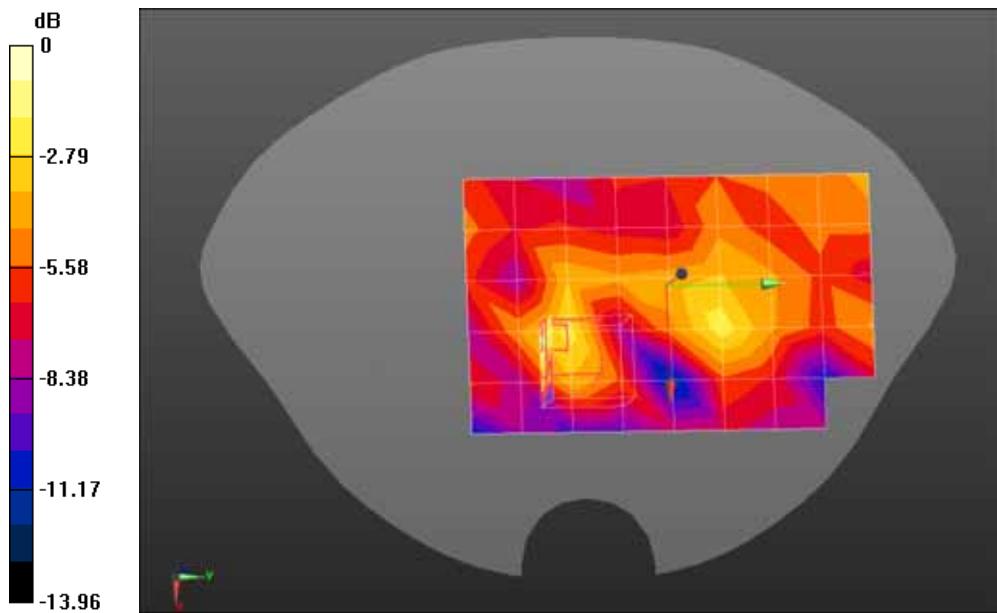
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(6.98, 6.98, 6.98); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Configuration/802.11b Low Body-Back/Area Scan (6x9x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00537 mW/g

**Configuration/802.11b Low Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 1.517 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.011 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.00668 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.0046 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00887 mW/g

0 dB = 0.00887 mW/g = -41.04 dB mW/g

Date/Time: 18-12-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

802.11b 2412MHz Body-Right side

**DUT: GSM/GPRS Dual-band Mobile phone ; Type: S350**

Communication System: Wi-Fi; Communication System Band: 802.11b; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 2412 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.92 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 52.34$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ ; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ): 21.5, Liquid temperature ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(6.98, 6.98, 6.98); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

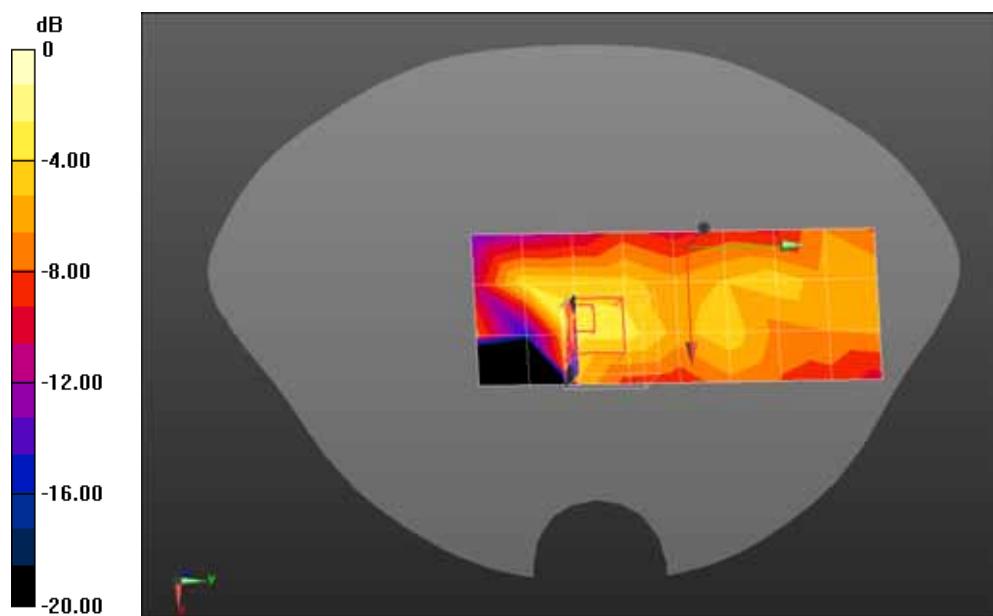
**Configuration/802.11b Low Body-Right side/Area Scan (4x9x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=20\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=20\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00304 mW/g

**Configuration/802.11b Low Body-Right side/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$ , Reference Value = 1.560 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.010 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.0055 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00189 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00664 mW/g



0 dB = 0.00664 mW/g = -43.56 dB mW/g

Date/Time: 18-12-2012

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

802.11b 2412MHz Body-Top

**DUT: GSM/GPRS Dual-band Mobile phone ; Type: S350**Communication System: Wi-Fi; Communication System Band: 802.11b; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Medium parameters used:  $f = 2412 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.92 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 52.34$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$  ; Phantom

section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ): 21.5, Liquid temperature ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

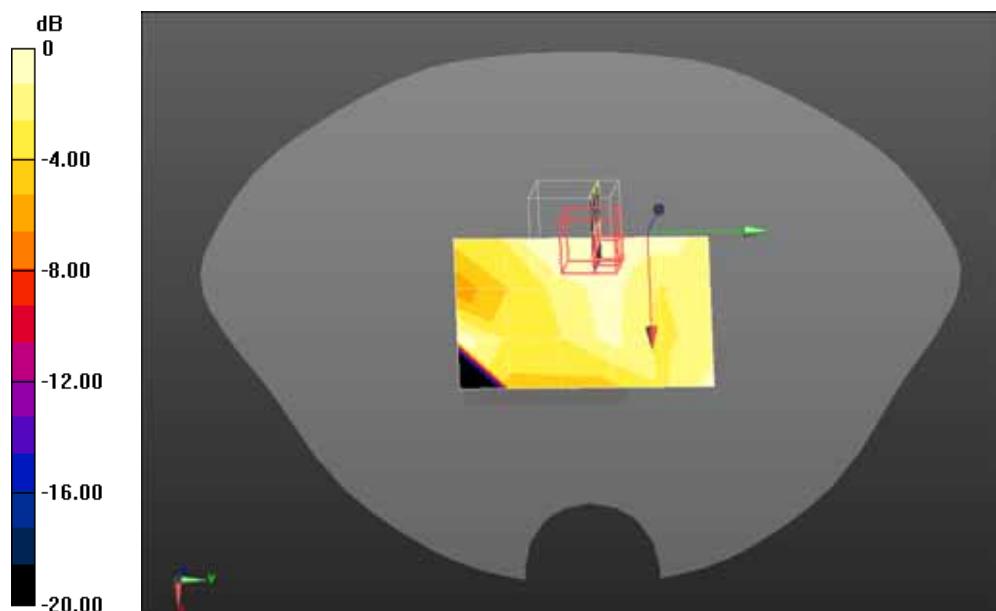
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(6.98, 6.98, 6.98); Calibrated: 12/03/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 23/01/2012
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Configuration/802.11b Low Body-Tip/Area Scan (4x6x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00200 mW/g

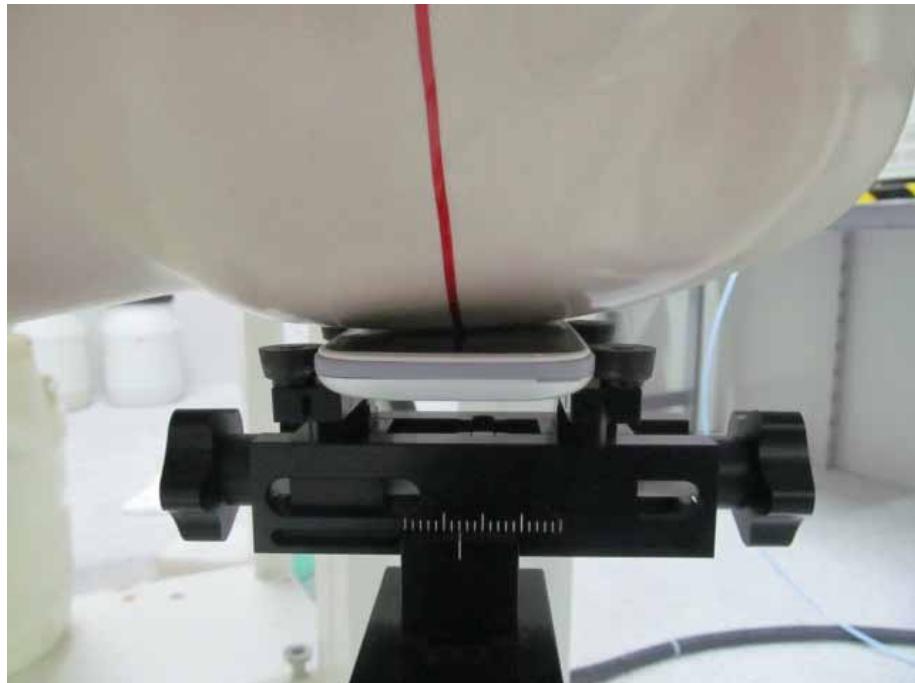
**Configuration/802.11b Low Body-Tip/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 0.491 V/m; Power Drift = -0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.000507 mW/g

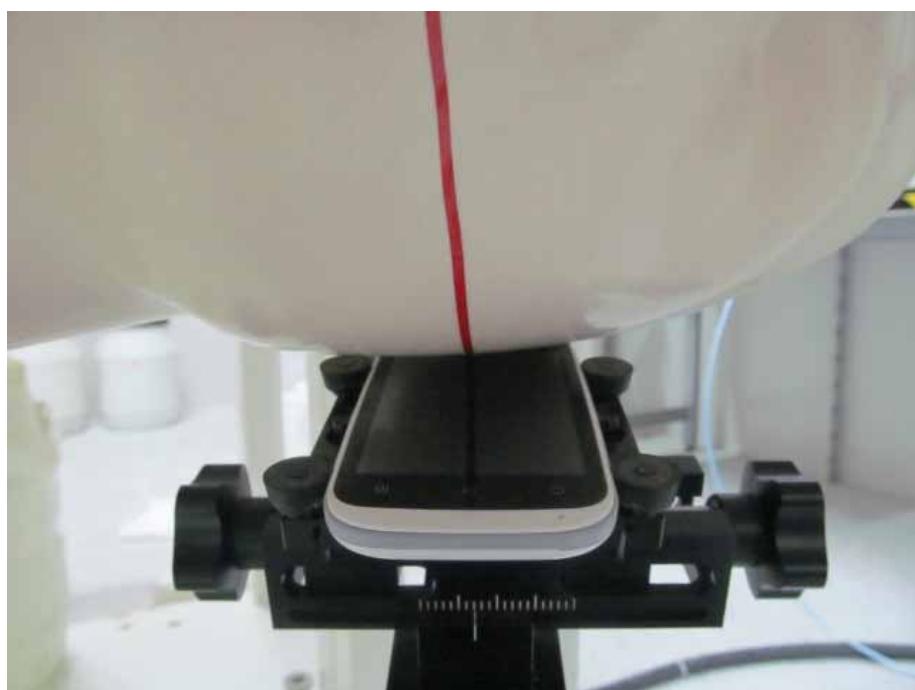
**SAR(1 g) = 1.94e-006 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 3.88e-007 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00150 mW/g

## Appendix C. Test Setup Photographs & EUT Photographs

### Test Setup Photographs



Left-Cheek Touch



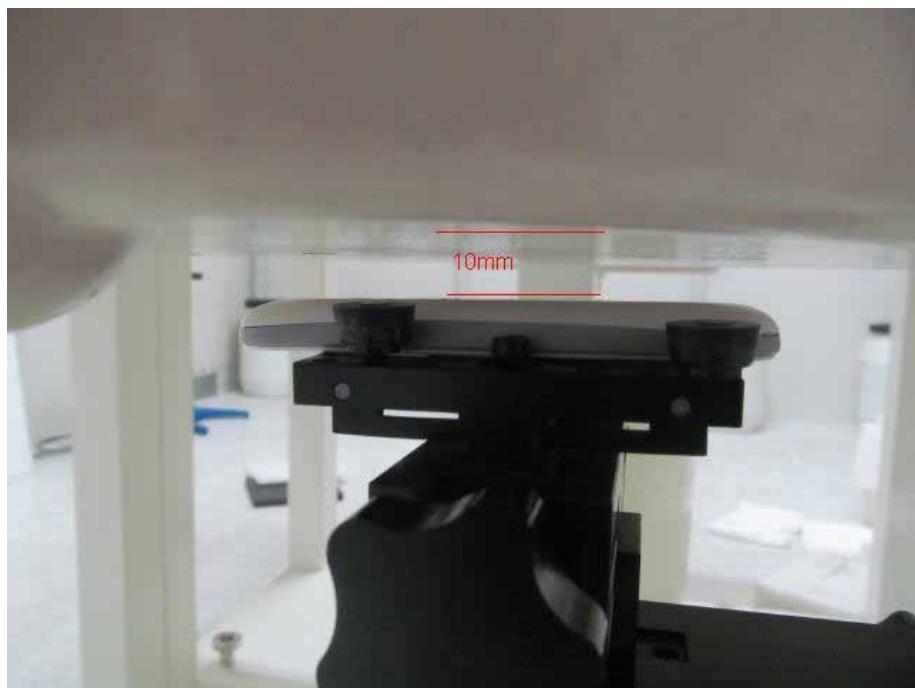
Left-Tilt 15 °



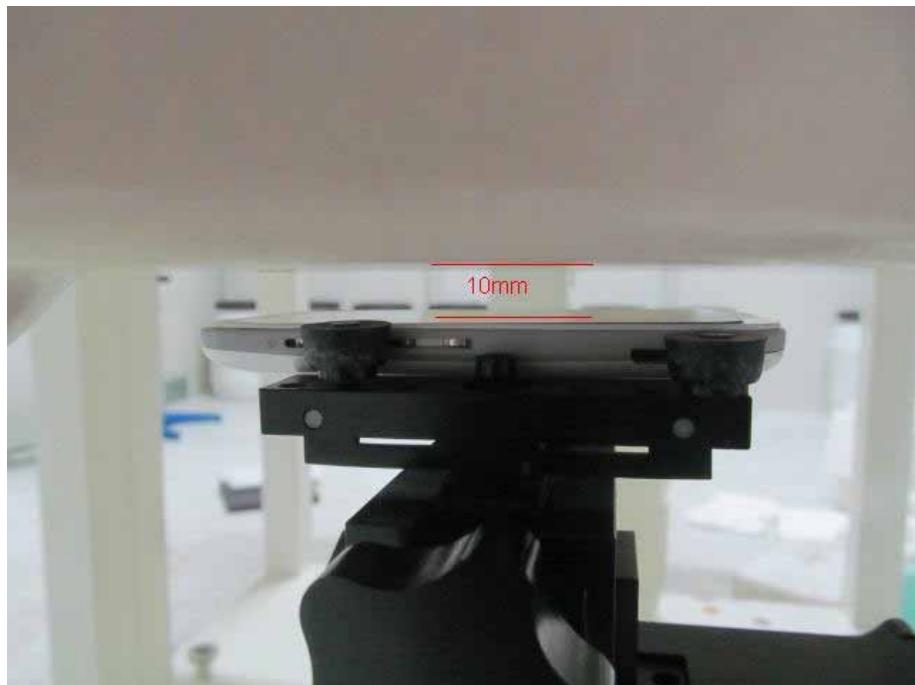
Right-Cheek Touch



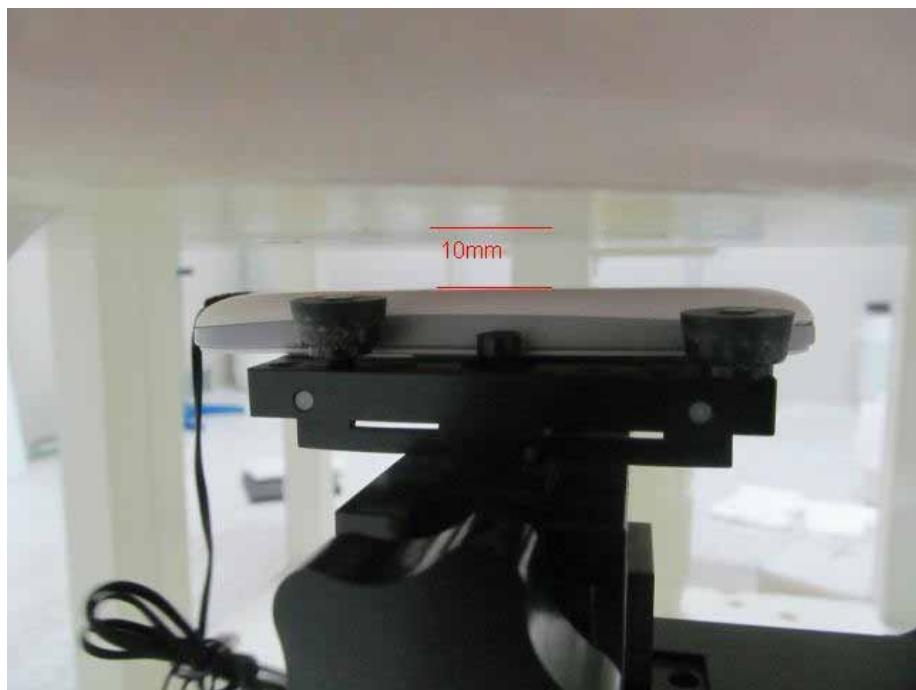
Right-Tilt 15 °



Body SAR Back 10mm



Body SAR Front 10mm



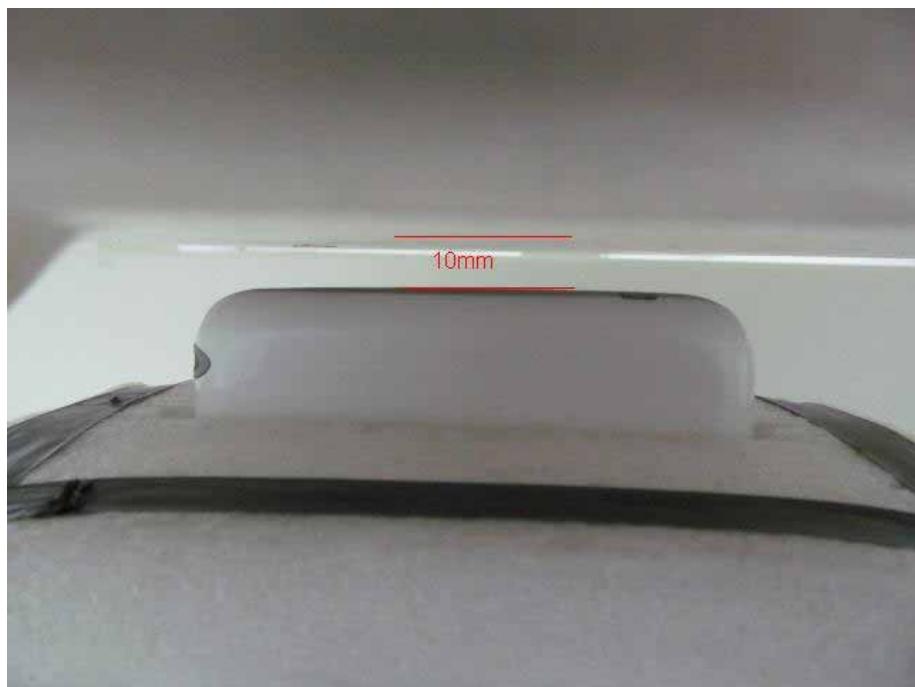
Body SAR Back 10mm with Headset



Body SAR Bottom 10mm for GSM



Body SAR Right Side 10mm for GSM



Body SAR Left Side 10mm for GSM



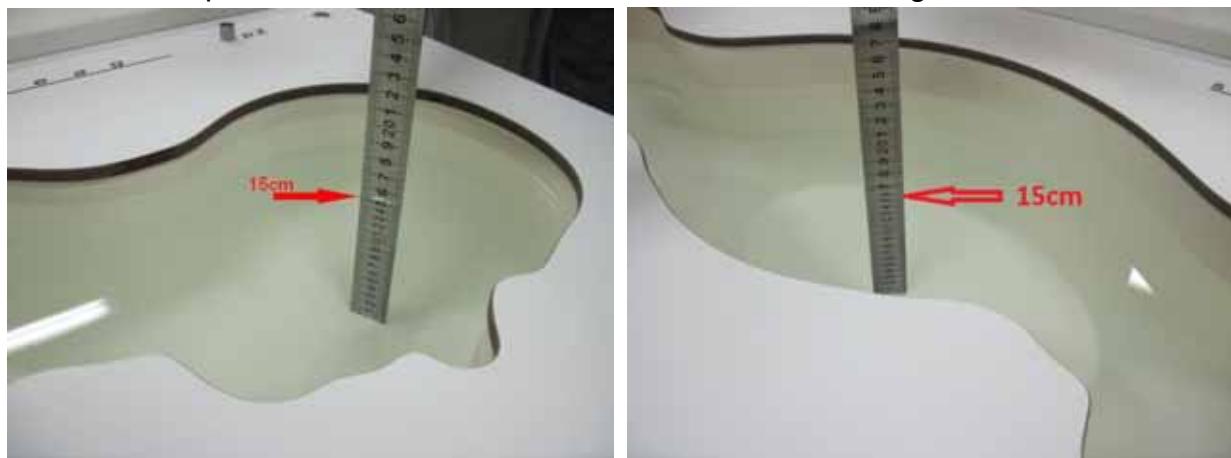
Body SAR Right Side 10mm for WLAN



Body SAR Top 10mm for WLAN

**Depth of the liquid in the phantom – Zoom in**

Note: The position used in the measurements were according to IEEE 1528 - 2003



**EUT Photographs**

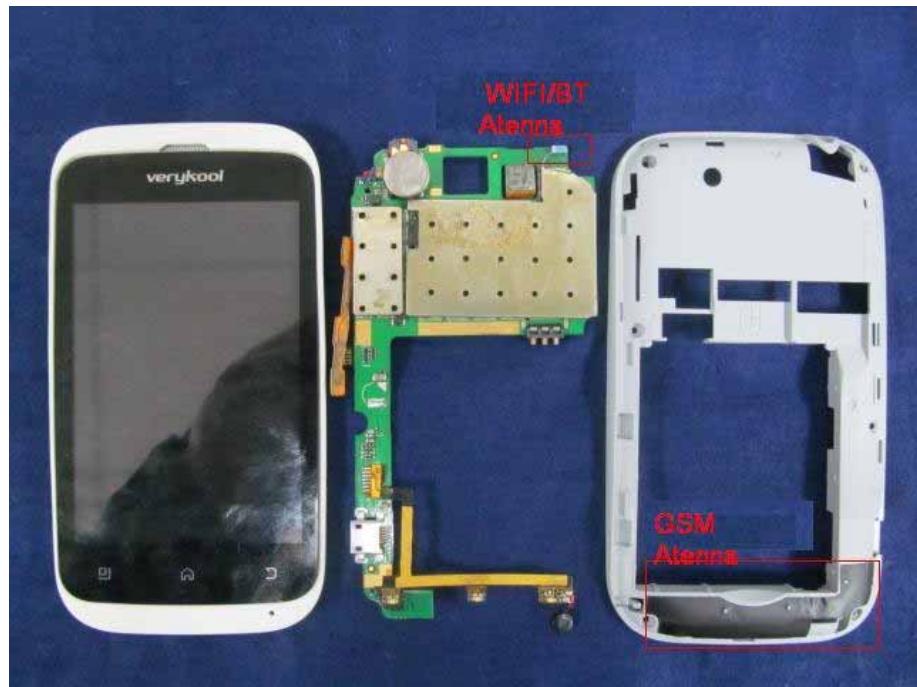
(1) EUT Photo



(2) EUT Photo



(3) EUT Photo



(4) EUT Photo



## Appendix D. Probe Calibration Data

**Calibration Laboratory of**  
**Schmid & Partner**  
**Engineering AG**  
**Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland**



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**Swiss Calibration Service**

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client: Quietek-CN (Auden)

Certificate No: EX3-3710\_Mar12

### CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: EX3DV4 - SN:3710

Calibration procedure(s): QA CAL-01.v8, QA CAL-12.v7, QA CAL-14.v3, QA CAL-23.v4,  
QA CAL-25.v4  
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: March 12, 2012

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature  $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$  and humidity  $< 70\%$ .

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-12
Power sensor E4412A	NY41498087	31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-12
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01369)	Apr-12
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367)	Apr-12
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01370)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	29-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3013_Dec11)	Dec-12
DAE4	SN: 654	3-May-11 (No. DAE4-654_May11)	May-12
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-11)	In house check: Apr-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-12

Calibrated by:	Name: Jeton Kastrati Function: Laboratory Technician	Signature:
Approved by:	Name: Katja Pokovic Function: Technical Manager	Signature:

Issued: March 13, 2012

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
C Service suisse d'étalonnage  
S Servizio svizzero di taratura  
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

#### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM $x,y,z$	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM $x,y,z$
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization $\varphi$	$\varphi$ rotation around probe axis
Polarization $\theta$	$\theta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\theta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- $NORMx,y,z$ : Assessed for E-field polarization  $\theta = 0$  ( $f \leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800$  MHz: R22 waveguide).  $NORMx,y,z$  are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of  $NORMx,y,z$  does not affect the  $E^2$ -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- $NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency\_response$  (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- $DCPx,y,z$ : DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- $PAR$ : PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- $Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z$ ;  $VRx,y,z$ :  $A, B, C$  are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- $ConvF$  and *Boundary Effect Parameters*: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \leq 800$  MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 800$  MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to  $NORMx,y,z * ConvF$  whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50$  MHz to  $\pm 100$  MHz.
- *Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)*: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- *Sensor Offset*: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

EX3DV4 – SN:3710

March 12, 2012

# Probe EX3DV4

## SN:3710

Manufactured: July 21, 2009  
Repaired: February 21, 2012  
Calibrated: March 12, 2012

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems  
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

EX3DV4- SN:3710

March 12, 2012

**DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3710****Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ ) <sup>A</sup>	0.51	0.56	0.44	$\pm 10.1 \%$
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	101.3	98.9	100.9	

**Modulation Calibration Parameters**

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dB	C dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
10000	CW	0.00	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	114.4	$\pm 2.2 \%$
			Y	0.00	0.00	1.00	94.4	
			Z	0.00	0.00	1.00	114.2	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the  $E^2$ -field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

EX3DV4- SN:3710

March 12, 2012

**DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3710**

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>c</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>f</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>f</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
450	43.5	0.87	9.61	9.61	9.61	0.12	1.00	± 13.4 %
750	41.9	0.89	9.51	9.51	9.51	0.24	1.16	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	9.18	9.18	9.18	0.22	1.15	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	8.97	8.97	8.97	0.19	1.35	± 12.0 %
1810	40.0	1.40	8.32	8.32	8.32	0.79	0.60	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	8.16	8.16	8.16	0.72	0.66	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.25	7.25	7.25	0.36	0.91	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	6.96	6.96	6.96	0.39	0.95	± 12.0 %
3500	37.9	2.91	6.80	6.80	6.80	0.33	1.09	± 13.1 %
5200	36.0	4.66	5.21	5.21	5.21	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	4.95	4.95	4.95	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.56	4.56	4.56	0.45	1.80	± 13.1 %

<sup>c</sup> Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

<sup>f</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

EX3DV4- SN:3710

March 12, 2012

**DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3710**

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

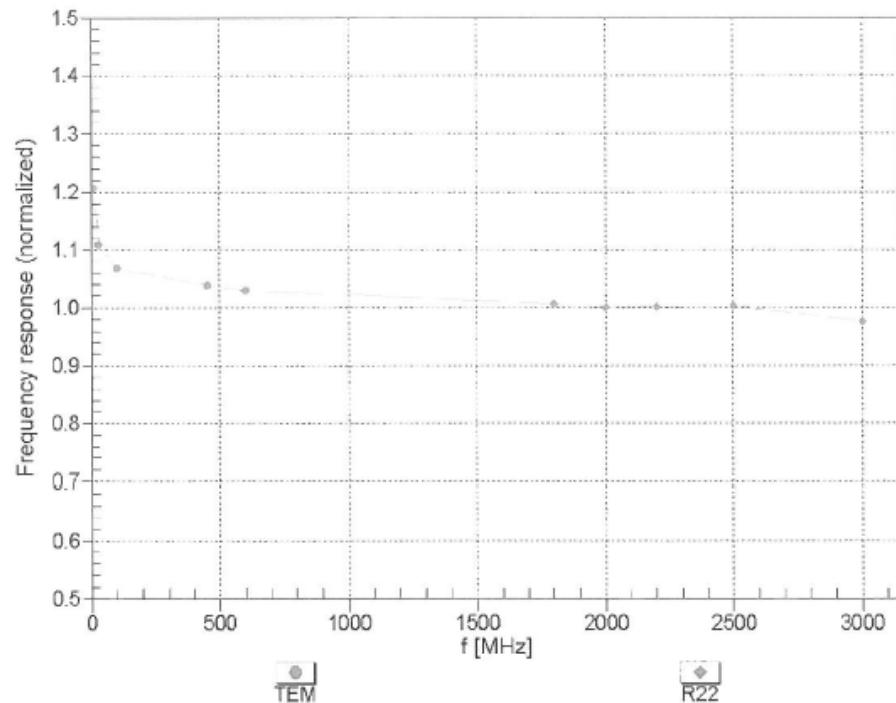
f (MHz) <sup>c</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>f</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>f</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
450	56.7	0.94	10.69	10.69	10.69	0.06	1.00	± 13.4 %
750	55.5	0.96	9.33	9.33	9.33	0.43	0.86	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	9.13	9.13	9.13	0.63	0.70	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	9.04	9.04	9.04	0.39	0.88	± 12.0 %
1810	53.3	1.52	7.73	7.73	7.73	0.33	1.10	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.43	7.43	7.43	0.42	0.90	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	6.98	6.98	6.98	0.79	0.59	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	6.68	6.68	6.68	0.79	0.52	± 12.0 %
3500	51.3	3.31	6.23	6.23	6.23	0.36	1.13	± 13.1 %
5200	49.0	5.30	4.20	4.20	4.20	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5500	48.6	5.65	3.82	3.82	3.82	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5800	48.2	6.00	3.89	3.89	3.89	0.60	1.90	± 13.1 %

<sup>c</sup> Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.<sup>f</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

EX3DV4– SN:3710

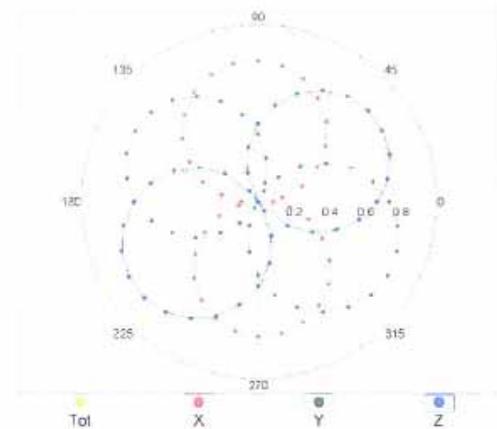
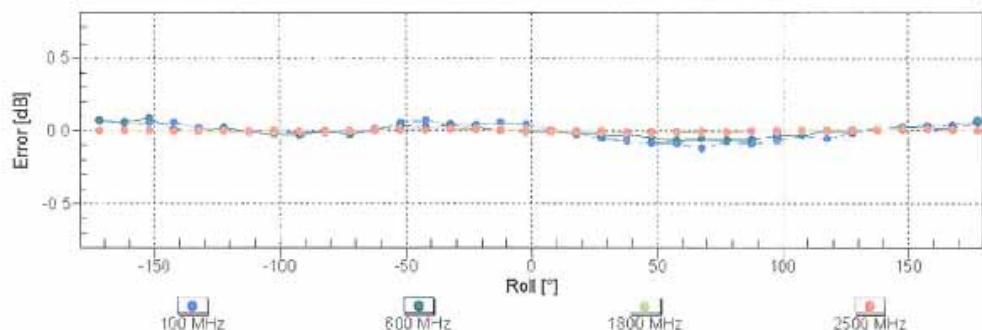
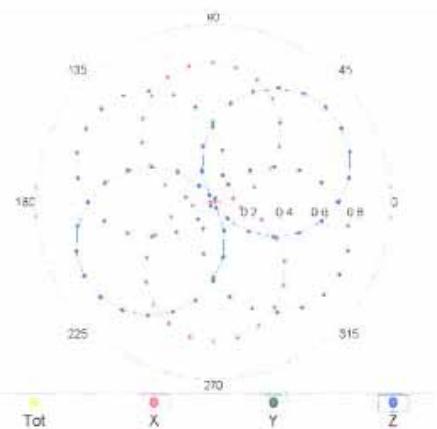
March 12, 2012

### Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\%$  ( $k=2$ )

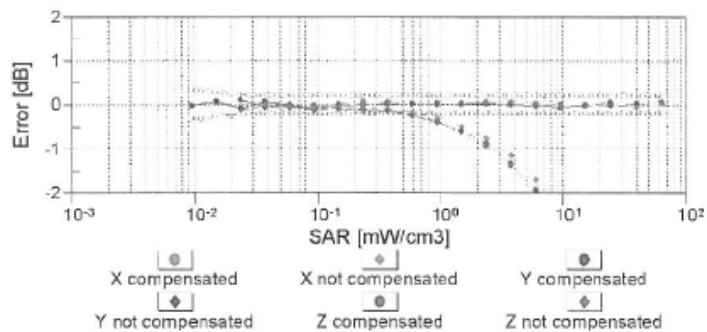
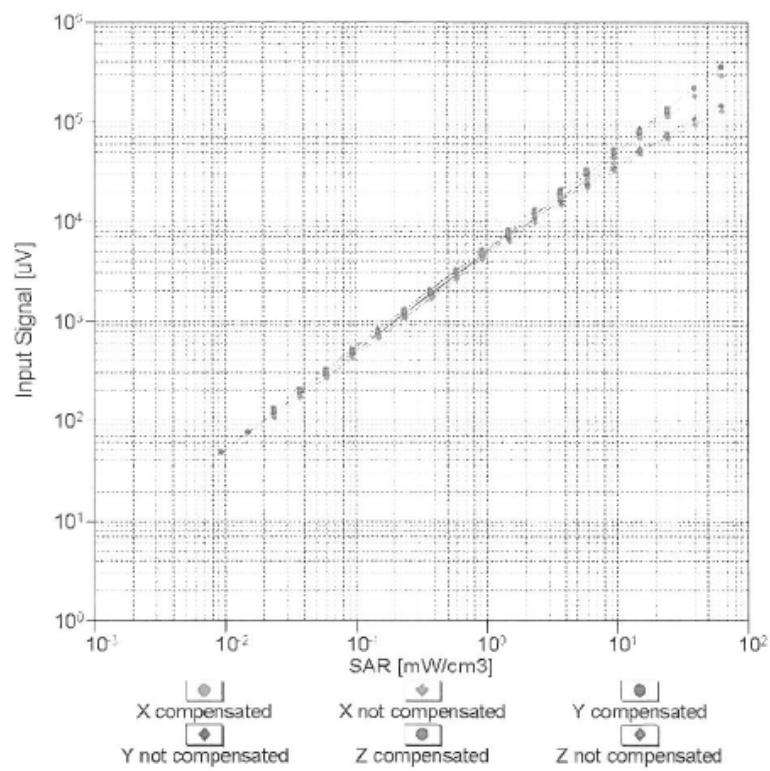
EX3DV4– SN.3710

March 12, 2012

**Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ),  $\theta = 0^\circ$**  $f=600 \text{ MHz, TEM}$  $f=1800 \text{ MHz, R22}$ Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  ( $k=2$ )

EX3DV4- SN:3710

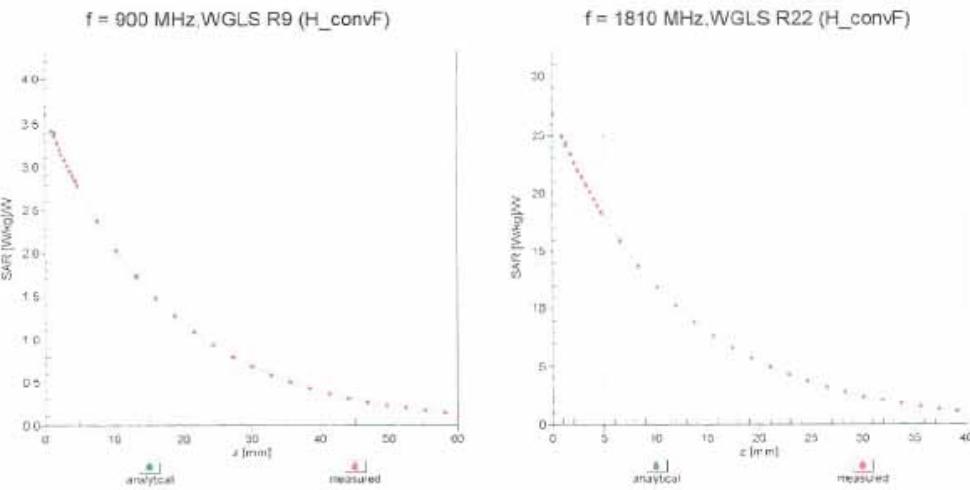
March 12, 2012

**Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>)**  
(TEM cell , f = 900 MHz)**Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)**

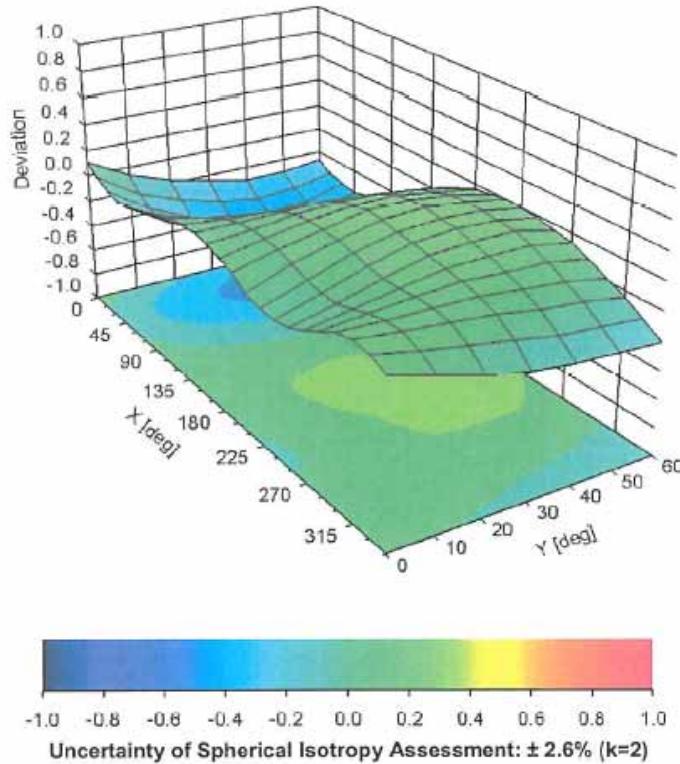
EX3DV4– SN:3710

March 12, 2012

## Conversion Factor Assessment



## Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error ( $\phi, \theta$ ), $f = 900$ MHz



EX3DV4– SN:3710

March 12, 2012

**DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3710****Other Probe Parameters**

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	Not applicable
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	2 mm

## Appendix E. Dipole Calibration Data

Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
C Service suisse d'étalonnage  
S Servizio svizzero di taratura  
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client Quietek-CN (Auden)

Certificate No: D835V2-4d094\_Feb12

### CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D835V2 - SN: 4d094		
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v8 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz		
Calibration date:	February 17, 2012		
<p>This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.</p> <p>All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (<math>22 \pm 3</math>)°C and humidity &lt; 70%.</p> <p>Calibration Equipment used (M&amp;TE critical for calibration)</p>			
Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)	Oct-12
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)	Oct-12
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01368)	Apr-12
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01371)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11)	Dec-12
DAE4	SN: 601	04-Jul-11 (No. DAE4-601_Jul11)	Jul-12
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-12
Calibrated by:	Name Israe El-Naouq	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	
Issued: February 17, 2012			
This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.			

**Calibration Laboratory of**  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
C Service suisse d'étalonnage  
S Servizio svizzero di taratura  
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

**Glossary:**

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

**Additional Documentation:**

- d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

### Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.0
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

### Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.0 ± 6 %	0.89 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

### SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.34 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.41 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL		condition
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.53 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.15 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

### Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	55.7 ± 6 %	1.01 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

### SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.46 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.57 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL		condition
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.62 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.33 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

## Appendix

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.5 $\Omega$ - 2.0 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 28.1 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.7 $\Omega$ - 5.3 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 24.5 dB

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.387 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	September 15, 2009

**DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date: 17.02.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d094**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.89 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 41$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.07, 6.07, 6.07); Calibrated: 30.12.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.0(692); SEMCAD X 14.6.4(4989)

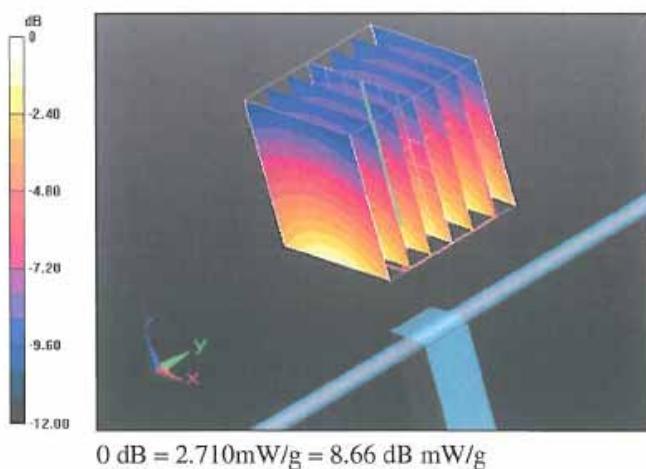
**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:**Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$ 

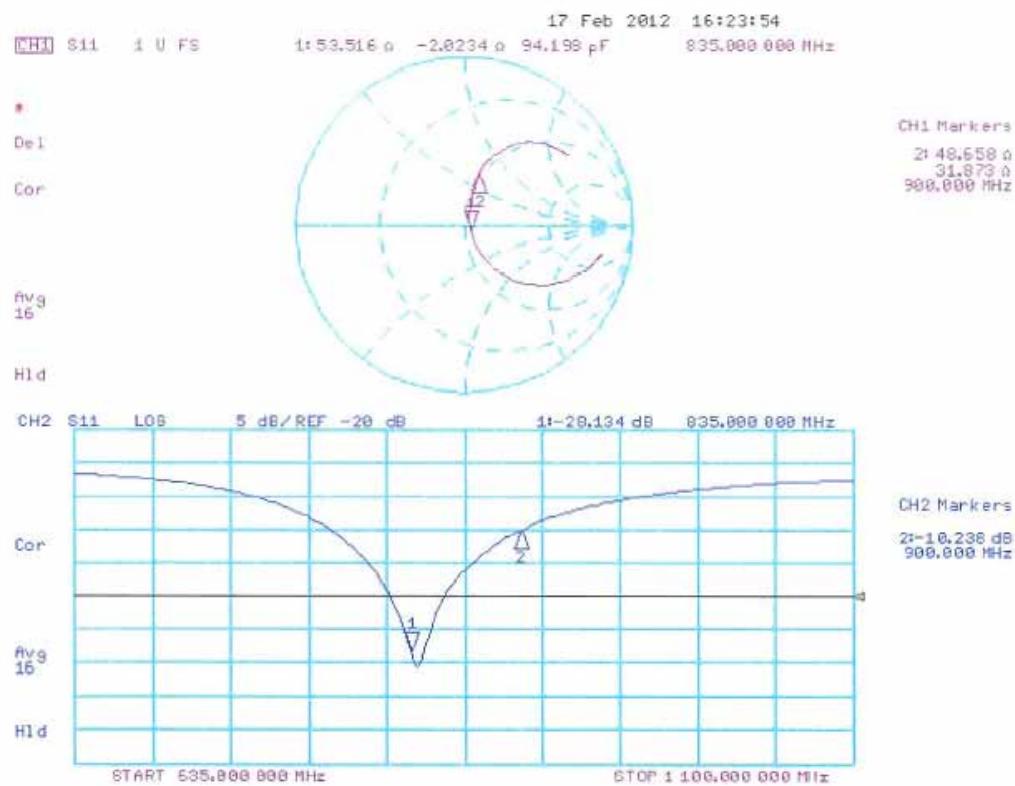
Reference Value = 57.027 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.4380

SAR(1 g) = 2.34 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.53 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.712 mW/g



**Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL**

**DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL**

Date: 17.02.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d094**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.01 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 55.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.02, 6.02, 6.02); Calibrated: 30.12.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.0(692); SEMCAD X 14.6.4(4989)

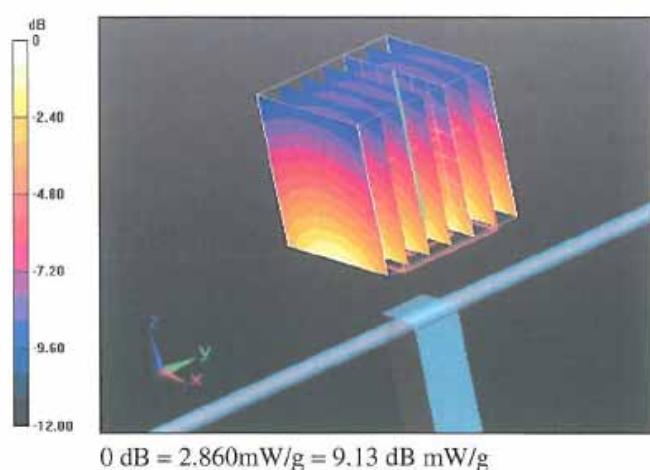
**Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:**Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$ 

Reference Value = 55.114 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0041 dB

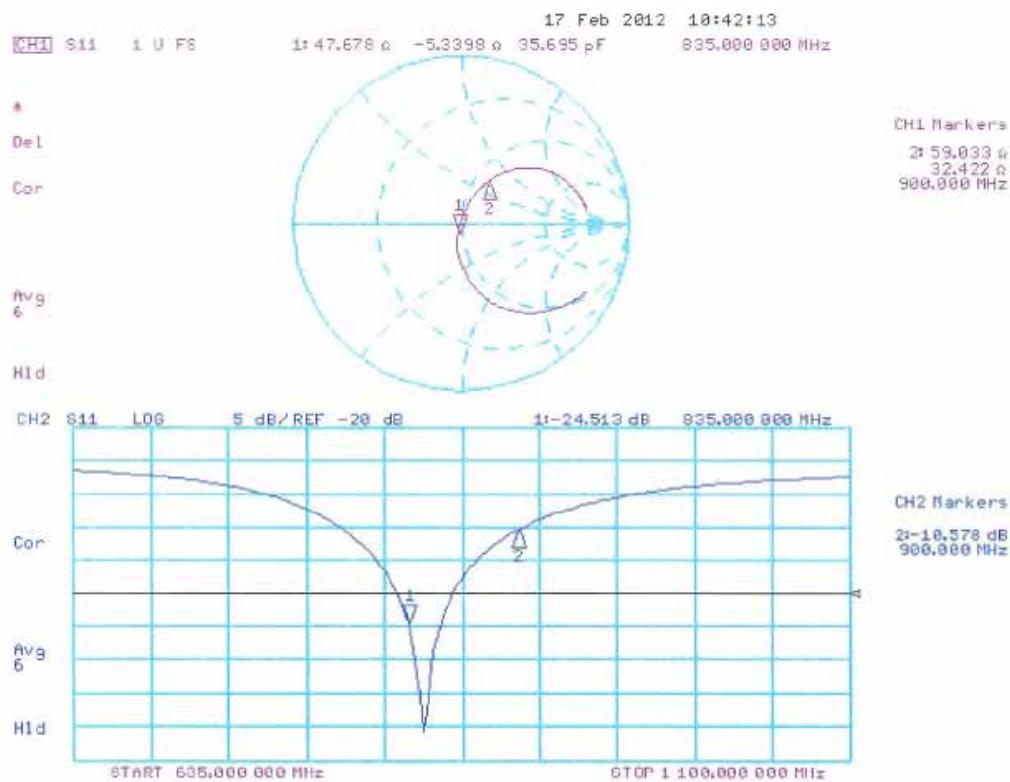
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.5590

SAR(1 g) = 2.46 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.62 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.861 mW/g



0 dB = 2.860 mW/g = 9.13 dB mW/g

**Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL**

Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



- S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
C Service suisse d'étalonnage  
S Servizio svizzero di taratura  
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**Client **Quietek-CN (Auden)**Certificate No: **D1900V2-5d121\_Feb12**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D1900V2 - SN: 5d121**Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v8**  
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHzCalibration date: **February 22, 2012**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility, environment temperature  $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$  and humidity  $< 70\%$ .

Calibration Equipment used (M&amp;TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)	Oct-12
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)	Oct-12
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01368)	Apr-12
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5017.2 / 06327	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01371)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11)	Dec-12
DAE4	SN: 601	04-Jul-11 (No. DAE4-601_Jul11)	Jul-12
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-12

Calibrated by: Name **Israe El-Naouq** Function **Laboratory Technician**Approved by: Name **Katja Pokovic** Function **Technical Manager**

Issued: February 22, 2012

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

**Calibration Laboratory of**  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
C Service suisse d'étalonnage  
S Servizio svizzero di taratura  
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

**Glossary:**

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

**Additional Documentation:**

- d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

**Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

<b>DASY Version</b>	DASY5	V52.8.0
<b>Extrapolation</b>	Advanced Extrapolation	
<b>Phantom</b>	Modular Flat Phantom	
<b>Distance Dipole Center - TSL</b>	10 mm	with Spacer
<b>Zoom Scan Resolution</b>	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
<b>Frequency</b>	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

**Head TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
<b>Nominal Head TSL parameters</b>	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
<b>Measured Head TSL parameters</b>	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	40.4 ± 6 %	1.40 mho/m ± 6 %
<b>Head TSL temperature change during test</b>	< 0.5 °C	---	---

**SAR result with Head TSL**

<b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL</b>	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.84 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	39.4 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

<b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL</b>	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.19 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.8 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

**Body TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
<b>Nominal Body TSL parameters</b>	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
<b>Measured Body TSL parameters</b>	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	53.0 ± 6 %	1.56 mho/m ± 6 %
<b>Body TSL temperature change during test</b>	< 0.5 °C	---	---

**SAR result with Body TSL**

<b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL</b>	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.84 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	38.7 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

<b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL</b>	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.15 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.4 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

## Appendix

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.6 $\Omega$ + 7.2 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 22.8 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.4 $\Omega$ + 7.4 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 21.9 dB

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.205 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	August 25, 2009

**DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date: 22.02.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d121**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.4 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.01, 5.01, 5.01); Calibrated: 30.12.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.0(692); SEMCAD X 14.6.4(4989)

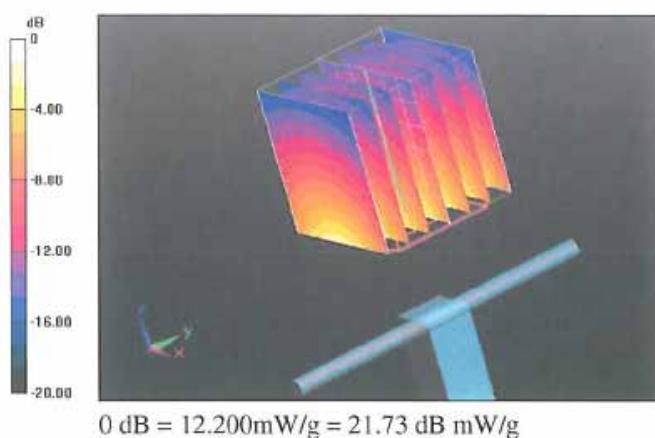
**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:**Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$ 

Reference Value = 96.900 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

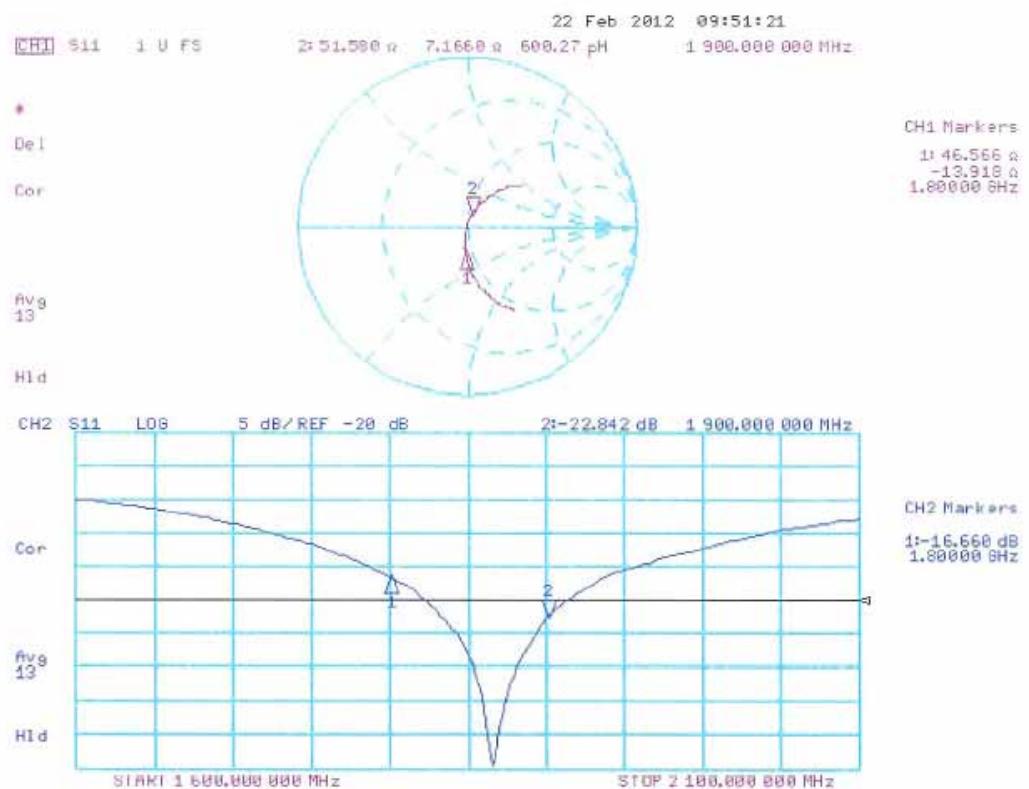
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.5160

SAR(1 g) = 9.84 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.19 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.195 mW/g



0 dB = 12.200mW/g = 21.73 dB mW/g

**Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL**

**DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL**

Date: 22.02.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d121**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.56 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 53$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.62, 4.62, 4.62); Calibrated: 30.12.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.0(692); SEMCAD X 14.6.4(4989)

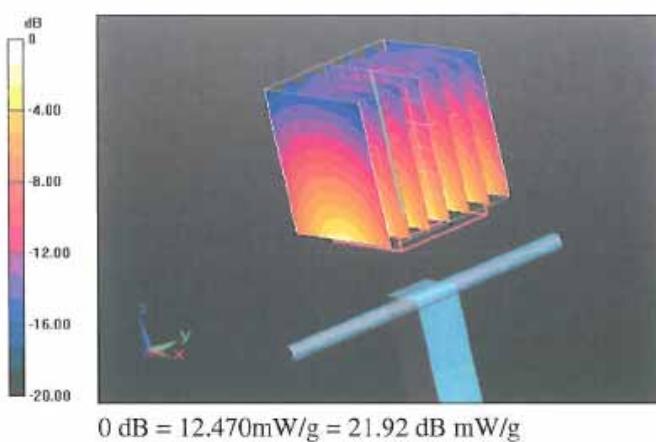
**Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:**Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$ 

Reference Value = 93.537 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0039 dB

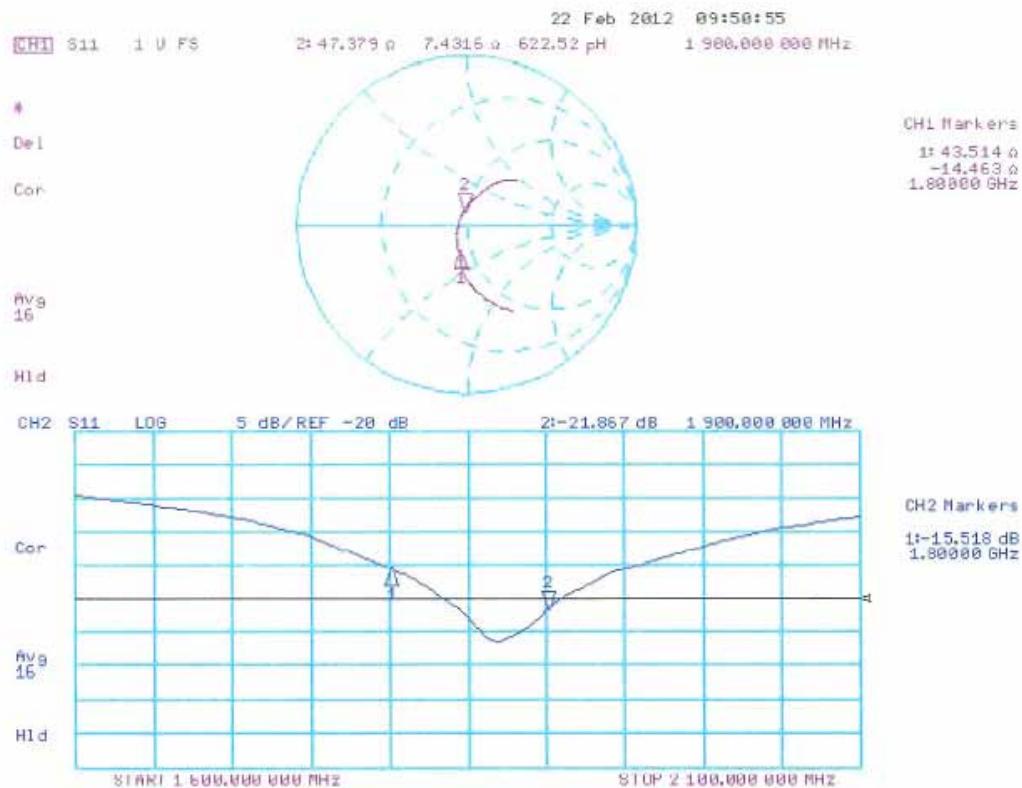
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.3450

SAR(1 g) = 9.84 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.15 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.473 mW/g



## Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



- S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
C Service suisse d'étalonnage  
S Servizio svizzero di taratura  
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client Quietek-CN (Auden)

Certificate No: D2450V2-839\_Feb12

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D2450V2 - SN: 839

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v8  
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date: February 23, 2012

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature ( $22 \pm 3$ )°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date   Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)	Oct-12
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)	Oct-12
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01368)	Apr-12
Type N mismatch combination	SN: 5017.2 / 06327	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01371)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11)	Dec-12
DAE4	SN: 601	04-Jul-11 (No. DAE4-601_Jul11)	Jul-12

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-12

Calibrated by: Name Israe El-Naouq Function Laboratory Technician Signature

Approved by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager Signature

Issued: February 23, 2012

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

**Calibration Laboratory of**  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

#### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

#### Additional Documentation:

- d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

**Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.0
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

**Head TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	38.9 ± 6 %	1.86 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

**SAR result with Head TSL**

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	51.9 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.09 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.1 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

**Body TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.3 ± 6 %	2.02 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

**SAR result with Body TSL**

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	12.4 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	48.7 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.76 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.8 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

**Appendix****Antenna Parameters with Head TSL**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	55.7 $\Omega$ - 1.0 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 25.2 dB

**Antenna Parameters with Body TSL**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.1 $\Omega$ + 1.0 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 32.9 dB

**General Antenna Parameters and Design**

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.160 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

**Additional EUT Data**

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	July 20, 2009

**DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date: 23.02.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 839**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.86 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 38.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 30.12.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.0(692); SEMCAD X 14.6.4(4989)

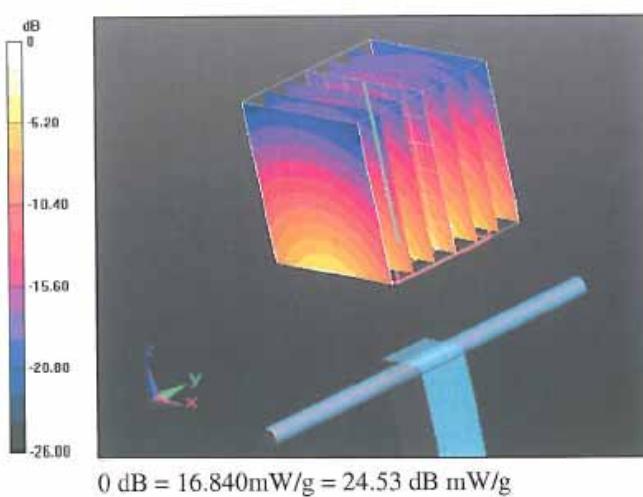
**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:**Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$ 

Reference Value = 98.155 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

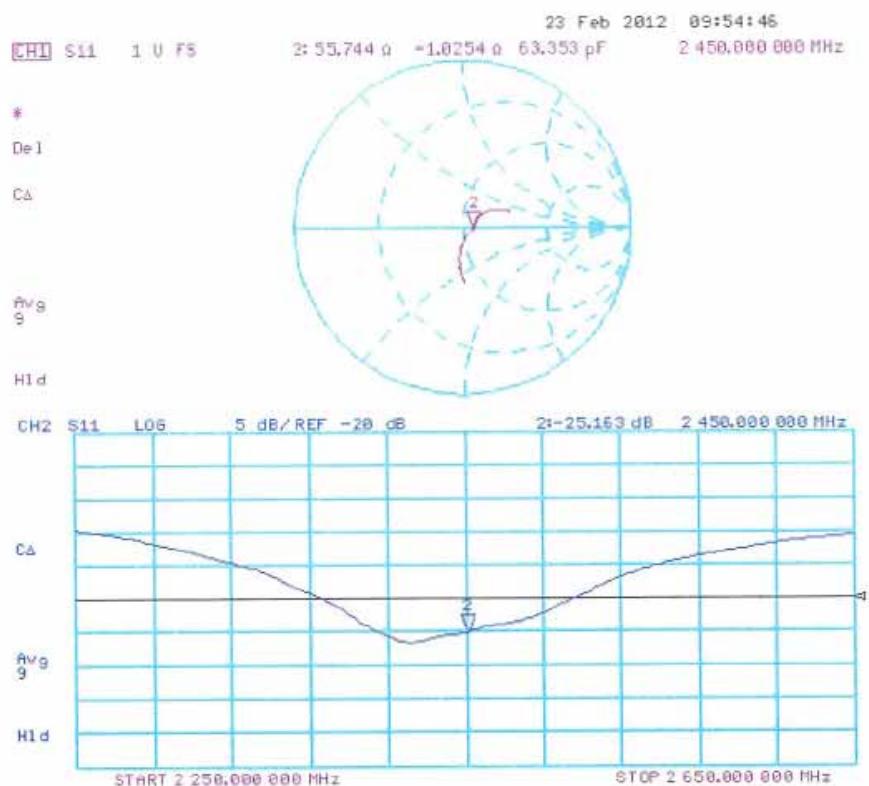
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.8700

**SAR(1 g) = 13.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.09 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.839 mW/g



## Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



**DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL**

Date: 23.02.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 839**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 2.02 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 52.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.26, 4.26, 4.26); Calibrated: 30.12.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.0(692); SEMCAD X 14.6.4(4989)

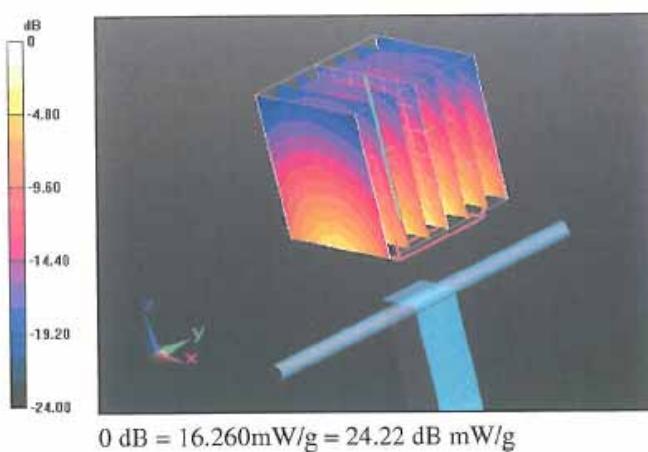
**Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:**Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$ 

Reference Value = 93.056 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0053 dB

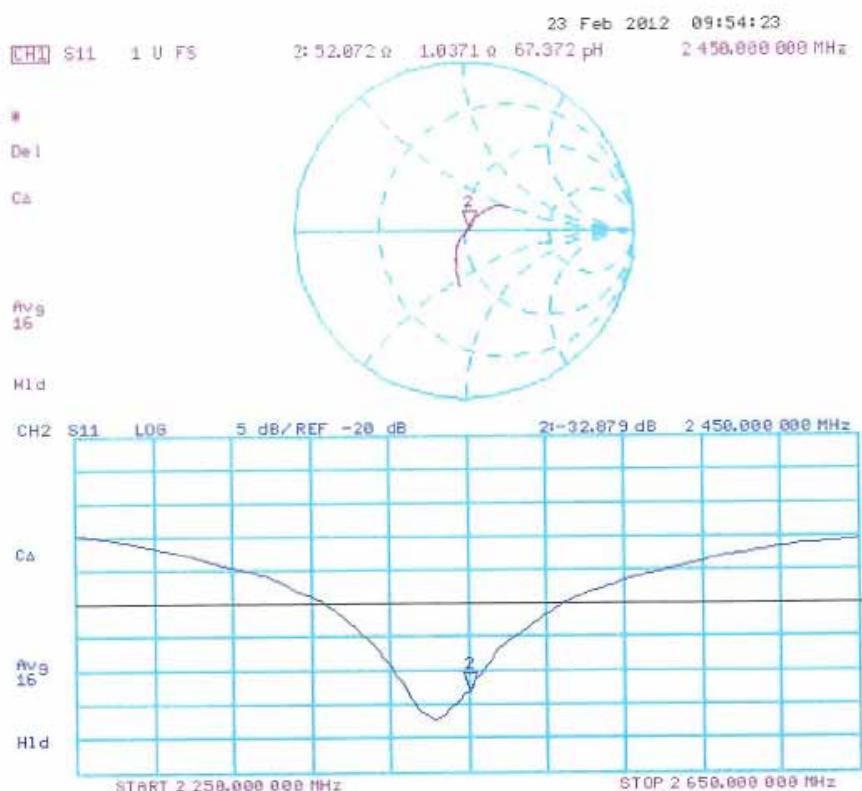
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.2250

**SAR(1 g) = 12.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.76 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.258 mW/g



## Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



## Appendix F. DAE Calibration Data

Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
C Service suisse d'étalonnage  
S Servizio svizzero di taratura  
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client Quietek-CN (Auden)

Certificate No: DAE4-1220\_Jan12

### CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BJ - SN: 1220

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-06.v24  
Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)

Calibration date: January 23, 2012

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature ( $22 \pm 3$ )°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&amp;TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	28-Sep-11 (No:11450)	Sep-12
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Calibrator Box V2.1	SE UWS 053 AA 1001	05-Jan-12 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-13

Calibrated by:	Name Dominique Steffen	Function Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Fin Bomholt	R&D Director	

Issued: January 23, 2012

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

**Calibration Laboratory of**  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
C Service suisse d'étalonnage  
S Servizio svizzero di taratura  
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

### Glossary

DAE	data acquisition electronics
Connector angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- *DC Voltage Measurement:* Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle:* The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - *DC Voltage Measurement Linearity:* Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - *Common mode sensitivity:* Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - *Channel separation:* Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - *AD Converter Values with inputs shorted:* Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - *Input Offset Measurement:* Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - *Input Offset Current:* Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - *Input resistance:* Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - *Low Battery Alarm Voltage:* Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - *Power consumption:* Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

**DC Voltage Measurement**

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = 6.1 $\mu$ V , full range = -100...+300 mV

Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV , full range = -1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	$405.267 \pm 0.1\% \text{ (k=2)}$	$404.990 \pm 0.1\% \text{ (k=2)}$	$404.221 \pm 0.1\% \text{ (k=2)}$
Low Range	$3.97762 \pm 0.7\% \text{ (k=2)}$	$3.99629 \pm 0.7\% \text{ (k=2)}$	$3.98707 \pm 0.7\% \text{ (k=2)}$

**Connector Angle**

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	$176.5^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
---	---------------------------

**Appendix****1. DC Voltage Linearity**

High Range		Reading ( $\mu$ V)	Difference ( $\mu$ V)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	199991.77	-2.52	-0.00
Channel X	+ Input	20001.19	1.01	0.01
Channel X	- Input	-19996.52	3.93	-0.02
Channel Y	+ Input	199992.70	-2.15	-0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	19999.00	-1.14	-0.01
Channel Y	- Input	-19999.75	0.71	-0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	199991.55	-3.11	-0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	19999.33	-0.76	-0.00
Channel Z	- Input	-20001.23	-0.67	0.00

Low Range		Reading ( $\mu$ V)	Difference ( $\mu$ V)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	1999.14	-1.60	-0.08
Channel X	+ Input	201.79	0.59	0.29
Channel X	- Input	-198.19	0.48	-0.24
Channel Y	+ Input	1999.56	-0.99	-0.05
Channel Y	+ Input	200.20	-0.96	-0.48
Channel Y	- Input	-199.38	-0.54	0.27
Channel Z	+ Input	2000.07	-0.52	-0.03
Channel Z	+ Input	200.32	-0.83	-0.41
Channel Z	- Input	-199.60	-0.78	0.39

**2. Common mode sensitivity**

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading ( $\mu$ V)	Low Range Average Reading ( $\mu$ V)
Channel X	200	10.22	8.65
	-200	-6.99	-8.91
Channel Y	200	-10.43	-11.02
	-200	7.95	9.22
Channel Z	200	14.25	13.66
	-200	-15.77	-14.99

**3. Channel separation**

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X ( $\mu$ V)	Channel Y ( $\mu$ V)	Channel Z ( $\mu$ V)
Channel X	200	-	-1.62	-2.79
Channel Y	200	8.07	-	-2.95
Channel Z	200	7.90	6.93	-

**4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted**

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	15896	16218
Channel Y	16012	15924
Channel Z	15702	15710

**5. Input Offset Measurement**

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input  $10M\Omega$ 

	Average ( $\mu V$ )	min. Offset ( $\mu V$ )	max. Offset ( $\mu V$ )	Std. Deviation ( $\mu V$ )
Channel X	0.67	-0.77	1.84	0.43
Channel Y	-1.44	-2.35	-0.02	0.39
Channel Z	-0.81	-1.60	0.01	0.37

**6. Input Offset Current**

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: &lt;25fA

**7. Input Resistance** (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

**8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage** (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

**9. Power Consumption** (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9