

TEST REPORT

For

Applicant: FUZHOU EMAX ELECTRONIC CO., LTD

Address: Building #12-#16, CangShan Industrial Area,
JuYuanZhou JinShan District, FuZhou, China

Product Name: WIFI Weather Station

Model Name: EM3371

Remark: N/A

Brand Name: N/A

FCC Number: FCC ID: WEC-EM3371

Report No.: MTE/LUL/B17081749

Date of Issue: Jun.26,2017

Issued by: Most Technology Service Co., Limited.

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1. PRODUCT INFORMATION

Equipment Under Test:	WIFI Weather Station		
Brand Name:	N/A		
Model Number:	EM3371		
FCC Number:	FCC ID: WEC-EM3371		
Applicant:	FUZHOU EMAX ELECTRONIC CO., LTD		
	Building #12-#16, CangShan Industrial Area, JuYuanZhou JinShan District, FuZhou, China		
Manufacturer:	FUZHOU EMAX ELECTRONIC CO., LTD		
	Building #12-#16, CangShan Industrial Area, JuYuanZhou JinShan District, FuZhou, China		
Technical Standards:	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C (Part 15.247 of the FCC Rules)		
File Number:	MTE/LUL/B17081749		
Date of test:	Jun.16-26, 2017		
Deviation:	None		
Condition of Test Sample:	Normal		
Test Result:	PASS		

The above equipment was tested by Most Technology Service Co., Ltd. for compliance with the requirements set forth in FCC rules and the Technical Standards mentioned above. This said equipment in the configuration described in this report shows the maximum emission levels emanating from equipment and the level of the immunity endurance of the equipment are within the compliance requirements.

The test results of this report relate only to the tested sample identified in this report.

Prepared by (+ signature):	Lili Lu	
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Review by (+ signature):	John	
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Approved by (+ signature):	Spor do	
	Yvette Zhou (Manager)	Jun.26, 2017

2. GENERAL INFORMATION

2.1 Product Information

Product	WIFI Weather Station		
Brand Name	N/A		
Model Number	EM3371		
Series Model Name:	N/A		
Series Model Difference description:	N/A		
Power Supply	DC 5V by Adapter DC 3V by Batteries		
Frequency Range	802.11b/g/n(20MHz): 2412-2462MHz		
Modulation Type:	IEEE 802.11b mode: DSSS IEEE 802.11g mode: OFDM IEEE 802.11n Standard-20 MHz Channel mode: OFDM		
Channel Number	802.11b/g/n(20MHz): 11		
Antenna Type	Internal PCB Antenna, Antenna Gain :0.32dBi		

NOTE:

2.2 Objective
The objective of the report is to perform tests according to FCC Part 15 Subpart C for the EUT FCC ID Certification:

No.	Identity	Document Title			
1	47 CFR Part 15	Radio Frequency Devices			
2	ANSI C63.10: 2013	Test Procedure			
3	558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v04	Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247			

^{1.} For a more detailed features description about the EUT, please refer to User's Manual.

2.3 Test Standards and Results

No.	Section	Test Items	Result
1	FCC 15.247 (i)	RF EXPOSURE	PASS
2	FCC 15.203	Antenna Requirement	PASS
3	FCC15.207 (a)	AC Power Line Conducted Emission	PASS
4	FCC15.209, 15.247(d)	Radiated Emission	PASS
5	FCC15.247(b)(3)	Conducted Peak Output Power	PASS
6	FCC15.247(a)(2)	6dB Emission Bandwidth	PASS
7	FCC15.247(e)	Power Spectral Density	PASS
8	FCC15.247(d)	Band Edge and Conducted Spurious Emissions	
9	FCC15.247(d)	Restricted Frequency Bands	PASS

Note: 1. The test result judgment is decided by the limit of measurement standard

2. The information of measurement uncertainty is available upon the customer's request.

2.4 Environmental Conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

- Temperature: 15-35°C - Humidity: 30-60 %

- Atmospheric pressure: 86-106 kPa

3. TEST METHODOLOGY

3. 1TEST FACILITY

Test Site: Most Technology Service Co., Ltd

Location: No.5, Langshan 2nd Rd., North Hi-Tech Industrial park, Nanshan, Shenzhen,

Guangdong, China

Description: There is one 3m semi-anechoic an area test sites and two line conducted labs for final

test. The Open Area Test Sites and the Line Conducted labs are constructed and calibrated to meet the FCC requirements in documents ANSI C63.10:2013 and CISPR

16 requirements.

The FCC Registration Number is **490827**. The **IC** Registration Number is **7103A-1**.

Site Filing: The site description is on file with the Federal Communications

Commission, 7435 Oakland Mills Road, Columbia, MD 21046.

Instrument All measuring equipment is in accord with ANSI C63.10:2013 and CISPR 16

Tolerance: requirements that meet industry regulatory agency and accreditation agency

requirement.

Ground Plane: Two conductive reference ground planes were used during the Line Conducted

Emission, one in vertical and the other in horizontal. The dimensions of these ground planes are as below. The vertical ground plane was placed distancing 40 cm to the rear of the wooden test table on where the EUT and the support equipment were placed during test. The horizontal ground plane projected 50 cm beyond the footprint of the EUT system and distanced 80 cm to the wooden test table. For Radiated Emission Test, one horizontal conductive ground plane extended at least 1m beyond the periphery of the EUT and the largest measuring antenna, and covered the entire

area between the EUT and the antenna.

3.2 GENERAL TEST PROCEDURES

Radiated Emissions

The EUT was placed on the top of a wooden table 0.8 meters (for measurement at frequency below 1GHz) and a wooden table 1.5 meters (for measurement at frequency above 1GHz) above the ground at a 3 meter semi-anechoic camber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation, which varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the maximum emissions, exploratory radiated emission measurements were made according to the requirements in Section 6.5 of ANSI C63.10:2013.

Conducted Emissions

The EUT is placed on the turntable, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. According to the requirements in Section 6.2 of ANSI C63.10:2013, Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30MHz using CISPR Quasi-peak and average detector modes.

4. SETUP OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

4.1 SETUP CONFIGURATION OF EUT

See test photographs attached in Appendix 1 for the actual connections between EUT and support equipment.

4.2 SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

Device Type	Manufacturer	Model Name	Serial No.	Data Cable	Power Cable

Remark^{*}

All the equipment/cables were placed in the worst-case configuration to maximize the emission during the test. Grounding was established in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements and conditions for the intended use.

4.3 TEST EQUIPMENT LIST

Instrumentation: The following list contains equipment used at Most for testing. The equipment conforms to the CISPR 16-1 / ANSI C63.2 Specifications for Electromagnetic Interference and Field Strength Instrumentation from 10 kHz to 1.0 GHz or above.

No.	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	S/N	Calibration date	Calibration Interval
1	Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI	100492	2017/03/10	1 Year
2	L.I.S.N.	Rohde & Schwarz	ENV216	100093	2017/03/10	1 Year
3	Coaxial Switch	Anritsu Corp	MP59B	6200283933	2017/03/07	1 Year
4	Terminator	Hubersuhner	50Ω	No.1	2017/03/07	1 Year
5	RF Cable	SchwarzBeck	N/A	No.1	2017/03/07	1 Year
6	Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESPI	101202	2017/03/10	1 Year
7	Bilog Antenna	Sunol	JB3	A121206	2017/03/14	1 Year
8	Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA9120D	756	2017/03/14	1 Year
9	Horn Antenna	Penn Engineering	9034	8376	2017/03/14	1 Year
10	Cable	Resenberger	N/A	NO.1	2017/03/07	1 Year
11	Cable	SchwarzBeck	N/A	NO.2	2017/03/07	1 Year
12	Cable	SchwarzBeck	N/A	NO.3	2017/03/07	1 Year
13	DC Power Filter	DuoJi	DL2×30B	N/A	2017/03/07	1 Year
14	Single Phase Power Line Filter	DuoJi	FNF 202B30	N/A	2017/03/07	1 Year
15	3 Phase Power Line Filter	DuoJi	FNF 402B30 N/A		2017/03/07	1 Year
16	Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI 100492		2017/03/10	1 Year
17	Absorbing Clamp	Luthi	MDS21	3635	2017/03/12	1 Year
18	Coaxial Switch	Anritsu Corp	MP59B	6200283933	2017/03/07	1 Year
19	AC Power Source	Kikusui	AC40MA	LM003232	2017/03/10	1 Year
20	Test Analyzer	Kikusui	KHA1000	LM003720	2017/03/10	1 Year
21	Line Impendence Network	Kikusui	LIN40MA- PCR-L	LM002352	2017/03/10	1 Year
22	ESD Tester	Kikusui	KES4021	LM003537	2017/03/07	1 Year
23	EMCPRO System	EM Test	UCS-500-M4	V0648102026	2017/03/10	1 Year
24	Signal Generator	IFR	2032	203002/100	2017/03/10	1 Year
25	Amplifier	A&R	150W1000	301584	2017/03/14	1 Year
26	CDN	FCC	FCC-801-M2-25	47	2017/03/10	1 Year
27	CDN	FCC	FCC-801-M3-25	107	2017/03/10	1 Year
28	EM Injection Clamp	FCC	F-203I-23mm	403	2017/03/10	1 Year
29	RF Cable	MIYAZAKI	N/A	No.1/No.2	2017/03/10	1 Year
30	Universal Radio Communication Tester	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	CMU200	0304789	2017/03/10	1 Year
31	Telecommunication Antenna	European Antennas	PSA 75301R/170	0304213	2017/03/10	1 Year
32	Telecommunication Test Equipment	R&S	CMU200	N/A	2017/03/07	1 Year
33	8 Loop Antenna	ARA	PLA-1030/B	1029	2017/01/10	1 Year
34	Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	1204008	2017/03/10	1 Year

NOTE: Equipments listed above have been calibrated and are in the period of validation.

5. 47 CFR Part 15 C Requirements

5.1 ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

5.1.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC § 15.203, An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of §15.211, §15.213, §15.217, §15.219, or §15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with §15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.

5.1.2 Evaluation Criteria

- (a) Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.
- (b) Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT. Unit must be professionally installed, Installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.

5.1.3 Result: Compliance.

The EUT has one Internal antenna arrangement, which was permanently attached and the antenna gain is 0.32dBi, fulfill the requirement of this section.

5.2 AC Power Line Conducted Emission

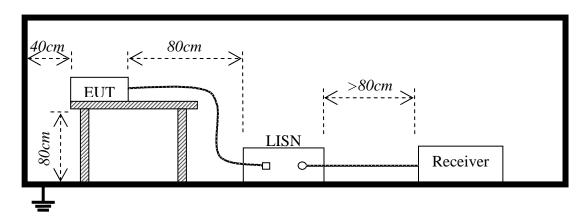
5.2.1Requirement

A radio apparatus that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line shall ensure that the radio frequency voltage, which is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the and 150 kHz-30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table:

Fraguancy	Maximum RF Line Voltage			
Frequency	Q.P.(dBuV)	Average(dBuV)		
150kHz-500kHz	66-56	56-46		
500kHz-5MHz	56	46		
5MHz-30MHz	60	50		

^{**}Note: 1. the lower limit shall apply at the band edges.

5.2.2 Block Diagram of Test Setup



5.2.3 Test procedure

- 1. The E.U.T and simulators are connected to the main power through a line impedance stabilization network (L.I.S.N.). This provides a 50ohm/50uH coupling impedance for the measuring equipment.
- 2. Exploratory measurements were made to identify the frequency of the emission that has the highest amplitude relative to the limit;
- The peripheral devices are also connected to the main power through a LISN that provides a 50ohm/50uH
 coupling impedance with 50ohm termination. (Please refer to the block diagram of the test setup and
 photographs).
- 4. Both sides of A.C. line are checked for maximum conducted interference. In order to find the maximum emission, the relative positions of equipment and all of the interface cables must be changed according to ANSI C63.10:2013 on conducted measurement.
- 5. The bandwidth of test receiver (ESCI) set at 9 KHz.
- 6. All data was recorded in the Quasi-peak and average detection mode.

5.2.4 Test Result

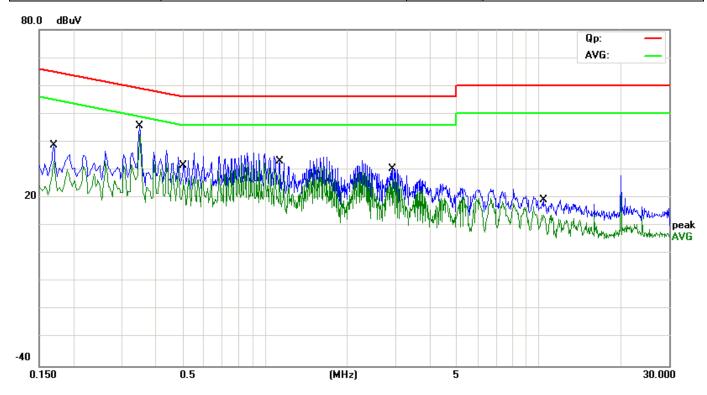
Pass

Note: All test modes are performed, only the worst case is recorded in this report.

Please refer the following pages.

^{2.} The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.50 MHz

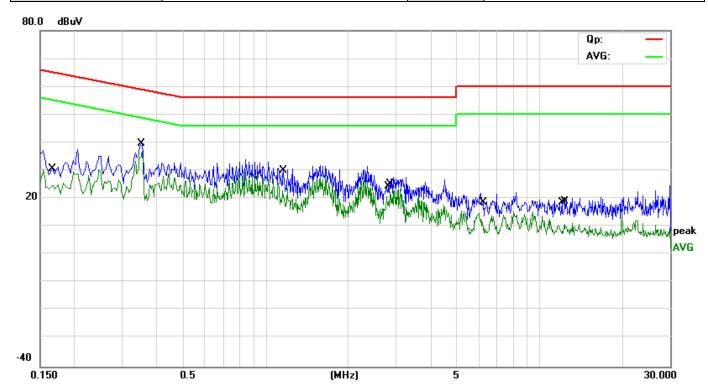
EUT:	WIFI Weather Station	M/N:	EM3371
Mode:	Wifi Mode	Phase:	L
Tested by:	Lby (Engineer)	Power:	DC 5V by Adapter
Temperature: / Humidity	25℃/ 53%	Test date:	2017-06-21



No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure- ment	Limit	Over		
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dB	Detector	Comment
1		0.1700	29.12	9.61	38.73	64.96	-26.23	QP	
2		0.1711	20.35	9.61	29.96	54.91	-24.95	AVG	
3		0.3500	36.20	9.59	45.79	58.96	-13.17	QP	
4	*	0.3500	33.05	9.59	42.64	48.96	-6.32	AVG	
5		0.5060	21.89	9.59	31.48	56.00	-24.52	QP	
6		0.5060	16.80	9.59	26.39	46.00	-19.61	AVG	
7		1.1340	18.85	9.60	28.45	46.00	-17.55	AVG	
8		1.1380	23.41	9.60	33.01	56.00	-22.99	QP	
9		2.9380	20.89	9.61	30.50	56.00	-25.50	QP	
10		2.9380	16.93	9.61	26.54	46.00	-19.46	AVG	
11		10.4300	9.56	9.69	19.25	60.00	-40.75	QP	
12		10.4700	4.22	9.69	13.91	50.00	-36.09	AVG	

^{*:}Maximum data x:Over limit !:over margin

EUT:	WIFI Weather Station	M/N:	EM3371
Mode:	Wifi Mode	Phase:	N
Tested by:	Lby (Engineer)	Power:	DC 5V by Adapter
Temperature: / Humidity	25°C/ 53%	Test date:	2017-06-21



No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure- ment	Limit	Over		
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dB	Detector	Comment
1		0.1650	20.69	9.61	30.30	65.21	-34.91	QP	
2		0.1660	15.16	9.61	24.77	55.16	-30.39	AVG	
3		0.3460	27.54	9.59	37.13	59.06	-21.93	QP	
4	*	0.3460	24.99	9.59	34.58	49.06	-14.48	AVG	
5		1.1580	13.13	9.60	22.73	46.00	-23.27	AVG	
6		1.1620	20.58	9.60	30.18	56.00	-25.82	QP	
7		2.7700	11.15	9.61	20.76	46.00	-25.24	AVG	
8		2.8060	14.78	9.61	24.39	56.00	-31.61	QP	
9		6.2500	8.93	9.64	18.57	60.00	-41.43	QP	
10		6.2500	-0.13	9.64	9.51	50.00	-40.49	AVG	
11		12.0660	8.88	9.69	18.57	60.00	-41.43	QP	
12		12.3020	-0.11	9.69	9.58	50.00	-40.42	AVG	

^{*:}Maximum data x:Over limit !:over margin

5.3 Radiated Emission

5.3.1Requirement

According to FCC section 15.247(d), In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

According to FCC section 15.209(a), Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (µV/m at 3-meter)	Test Distance (m)	Field Strength (dBµV/m at 3-meter)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300	
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30	
1.705-30	30	30	
30-88	100	3	40
88-216	150	3	43.5
216-960	200	3	46
Above 960	500	3	54

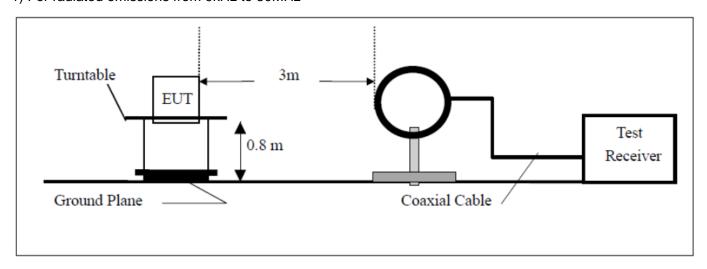
Note:

- 1. For Above 1000MHz, the emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector, measurement using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20dB above the maximum permitted average limit.
- 2. For above 1000MHz, limit field strength of harmonics: 54dBuV/m@3m (AV) and 74dBuV/m@3m (PK)

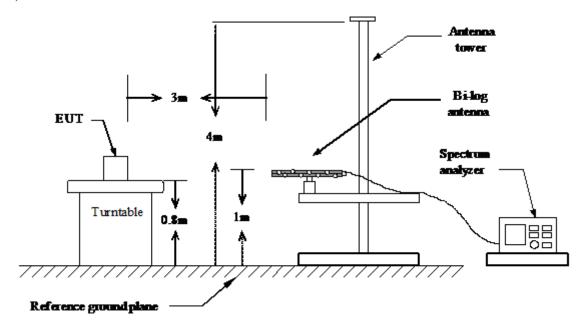
In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

5.3.2 Test Configuration Test Setup:

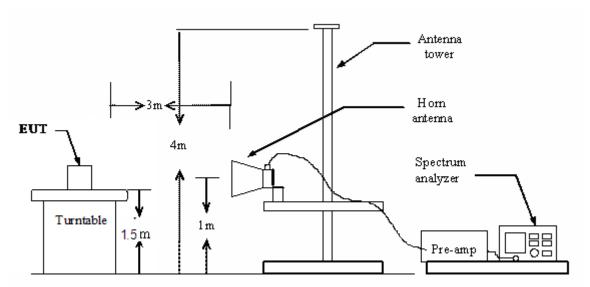
1) For radiated emissions from 9kHz to 30MHz



2) For radiated emissions from 30MHz to1GHz



3) For radiated emissions above 1GHz



5.3.3 Test Procedure:

- 1. The EUT was placed on the top of a wooden table 0.8 meters (for measurement at frequency below 1GHz) and a wooden table 1.5 meters (for measurement at frequency above 1GHz) above the ground at a 3 meter semi-anechoic camber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- 2. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
- 3. The antenna height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- 4. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters (for the test frequency of below 30MHz, the antenna was tuned to heights 1 meter, for the test frequency of above 1GHz, horn antenna opening in the test would have been facing the EUT when rise or fall) and the table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.

6. Set the spectrum analyzer in the following setting as:

Below 1GHz: PEAK: RBW=100 kHz / VBW=300 kHz / Sweep=AUTO QP: RBW=120 kHz / Sweep=AUTO

Above 1GHz: (a)PEAK: RBW=VBW=1MHz / Sweep=AUTO

(b)AVERAGE: RBW=1MHz / VBW=10Hz / Sweep=AUTO

The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.

7. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.

5.3.4 Test Result

Pass

Remark:

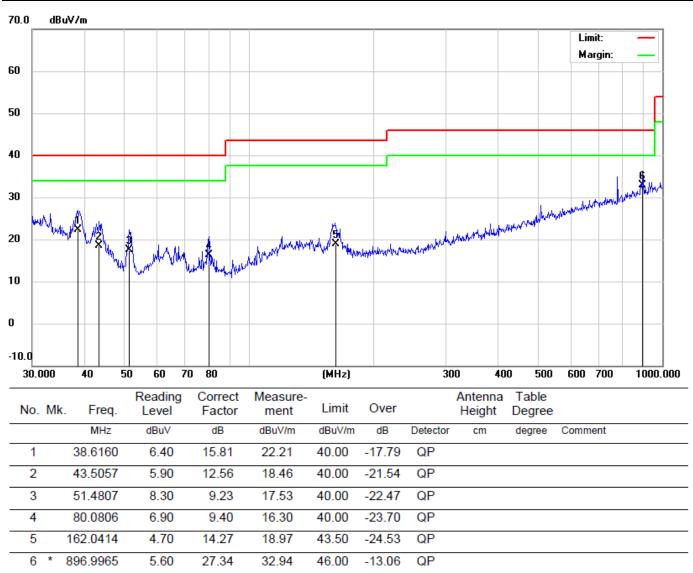
- 1. During the test, pre-scan the 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n (20M) modulation, and found the 802.11b modulation low channel is worse case in above 1GHz and below 1GHz.
- 2. Pre-scan all kind of the place mode (X-axis, Y-axis, Z-axis), and found the Y-axis which it is worse case.
- 3. For radiated emissions from 9kHz to 30MHz, Test results show that the margin of over -20db.

Note: All test modes are performed, only the worst case is recorded in this report.

Please refer the following pages

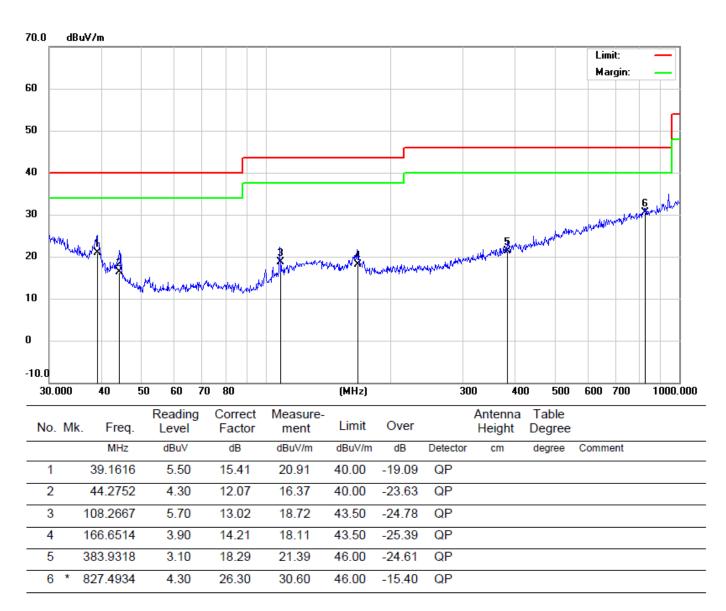
Below 1GHz:

EUT:	WIFI Weather Station	M/N:	EM3371
Mode:	802.11b-CH1	Polarization:	Vertical
Tested by:	Lby (Engineer)	Power:	DC 3V by Batteries
Temperature: / Humidity	24.0℃/ 51.0%	Test date:	2017-06-21



^{*:}Maximum data x:Over limit !:over margin

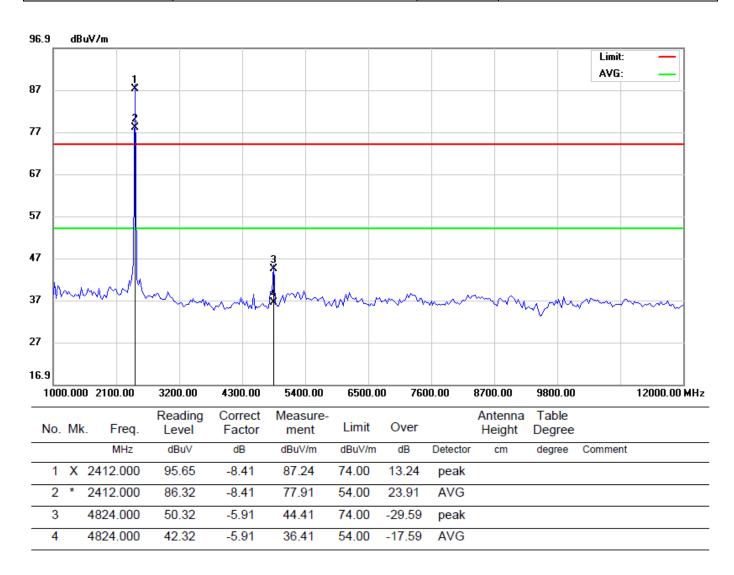
EUT:	WIFI Weather Station	M/N:	EM3371
Mode:	802.11b-CH1	Polarization:	Horizontal
Tested by:	Lby (Engineer)	Power:	DC 3V by Batteries
Temperature: / Humidity	24.0℃/ 51.0%	Test date:	2017-06-21



^{*:}Maximum data x:Over limit !:over margin

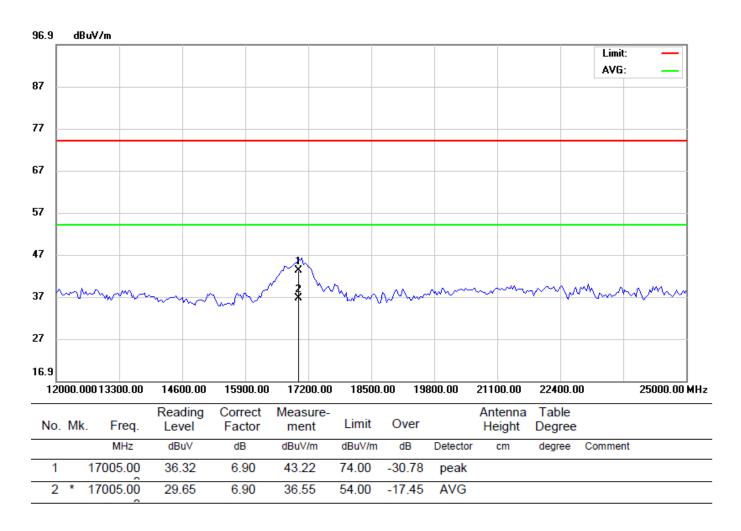
Above 1GHz

EUT:	WIFI Weather Station	M/N:	EM3371
Mode:	802.11b-CH1	Polarization:	Horizontal
Tested by:	Lby (Engineer)	Power:	DC 3V by Batteries
Temperature: / Humidity	23.7℃/ 51.6%	Test date:	2017-06-21



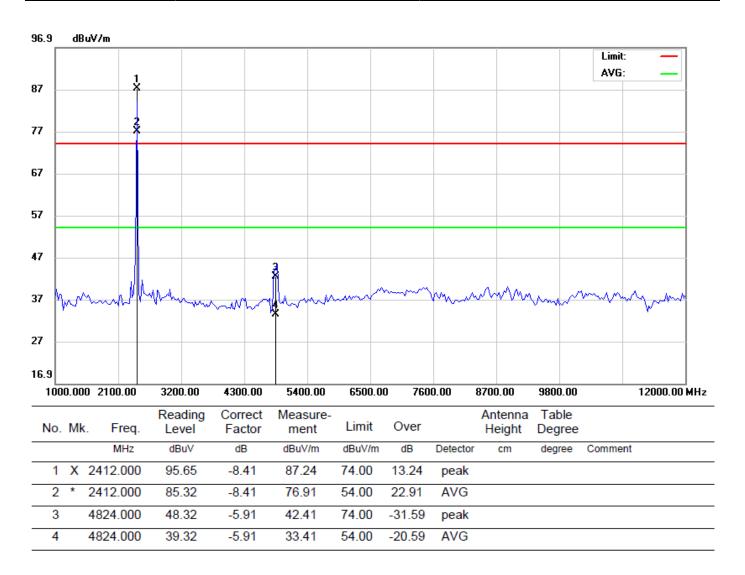
^{*:}Maximum data x:Over limit !:over margin

EUT:	WIFI Weather Station	M/N:	EM3371
Mode:	802.11b-CH1	Polarization:	Horizontal
Tested by:	Lby (Engineer)	Power:	DC 3V by Batteries
Temperature: / Humidity	23.7℃/ 51.6%	Test date:	2017-06-21



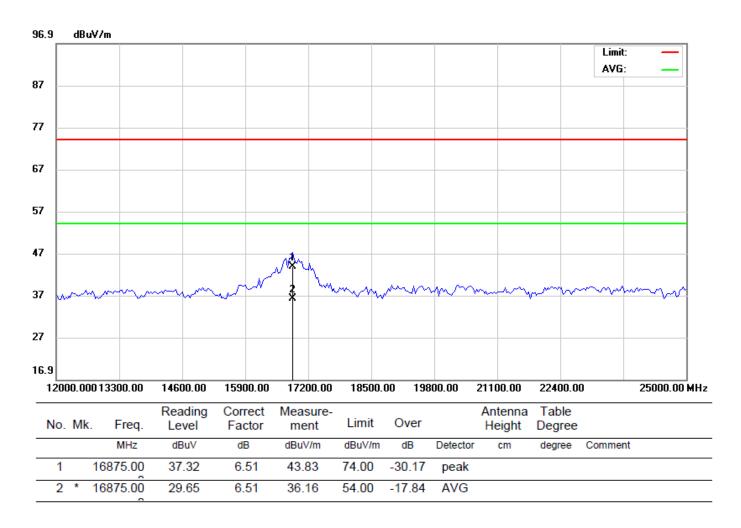
^{*:}Maximum data x:Over limit !:over margin

EUT:	WIFI Weather Station	M/N:	EM3371
Mode:	802.11b-CH1	Polarization:	Vertical
Tested by:	Lby (Engineer)	Power:	DC 3V by Batteries
Temperature: / Humidity	23.7℃/ 51.6%	Test date:	2017-06-21



^{*:}Maximum data x:Over limit !:over margin

EUT:	WIFI Weather Station	M/N:	EM3371
Mode:	802.11b-CH1	Polarization:	Vertical
Tested by:	Lby (Engineer)	Power:	DC 3V by Batteries
Temperature: / Humidity	23.7℃/ 51.6%	Test date:	2017-06-21



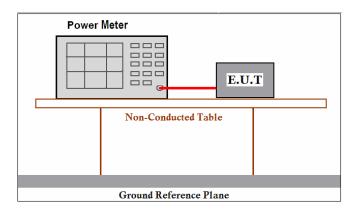
^{*:}Maximum data x:Over limit !:over margin

5.4 Conducted Peak Output Power

5.4.1 Requirement

According to FCC section 15.247(b)(3), for systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

5.4.2 Block Diagram of Test Setup



5.4.3 Test Procedure

- 1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low attention attenuation RF cable (Cable loss =0.5dB) from the antenna port to the power meter.
- 2. Measurement using an RF peak power meter.
- 3. Report the worse case.

5.4.4 Test Result

Test Item:	Peak Output Power	Temperature :	20°C
Tested by:	Lby (Engineer)	Relative Humidity:	55%

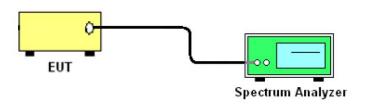
Mode	Channel	Frequency	Peak Output	Limit		Pass/Fail
Mode	Ond mo	(MHz)	Power(dBm)	(mW)	(dBm)	1 400/1 411
	Low	2412	8.57	1000	30	Pass
802.11b	Middle	2437	8.76	1000	30	Pass
	High	2462	8.43	1000	30	Pass
	Low	2412	8.12	1000	30	Pass
802.11g	Middle	2437	7.33	1000	30	Pass
	High	2462	7.67	1000	30	Pass
802.11n (20MHz)	Low	2412	7.24	1000	30	Pass
	Middle	2437	7.18	1000	30	Pass
(23.4112)	High	2462	7.20	1000	30	Pass

5.5 6dB Emission Bandwidth

5.5.1 Test Requirement

Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902–928 MHz, 2400–2483.5 MHz, and 5725–5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

5.5.2 Block Diagram of Test Setup



5.5.3 Test Procedure

According to KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v03r02 clause8.1 Option 1:

- a) Set RBW = 100 kHz.
- b) Set the video bandwidth (VBW) ≥ 3×RBW.
- c) Detector = Peak.
- d) Trace mode = max hold.
- e) Sweep = auto couple.
- f) Allow the trace to stabilize.
- g) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

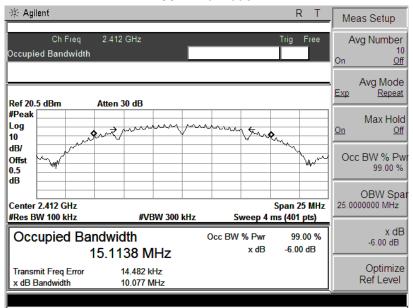
5.5.4 Test Result

Pass

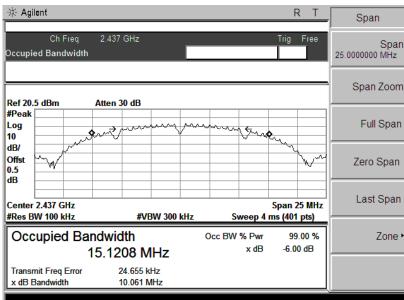
Test Item:	6dB Emission Bandwidth	Temperature :	23°C
Tested by:	Lby (Engineer)	Relative Humidity:	55%

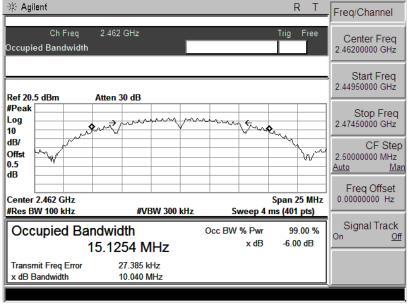
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth(MHz)	Limit(KHz)
	Low	2412	10.077	≥500
802.11b	Middle	2437	10.061	≥500
	High	2462	10.040	≥500
	Low	2412	16.435	≥500
802.11g	Middle	2437	16.411	≥500
	High	2462	16.370	≥500
802.11n (20MHz)	Low	2412	17.629	≥500
	Middle	2437	17.609	≥500
	High	2462	17.336	≥500

802.11 b Mode

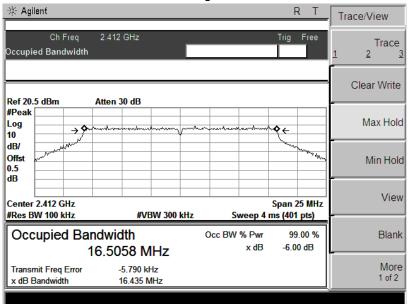


Ch 1

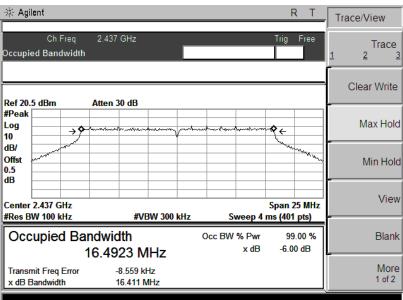


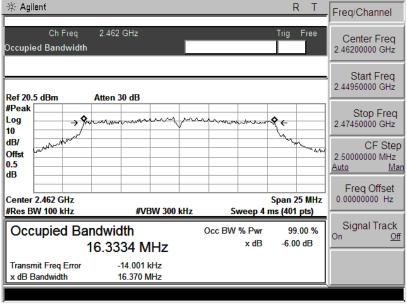


802.11 g Mode

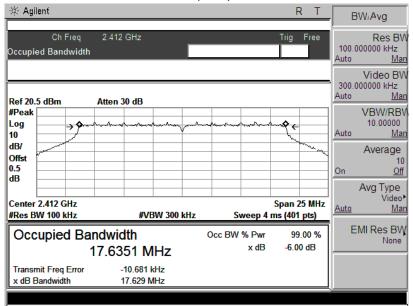


Ch 1

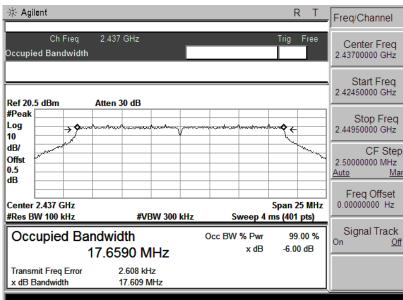


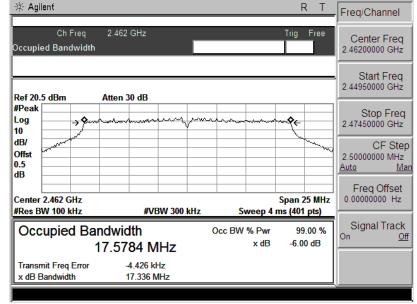


802.11 n(20M) Mode



Ch 1



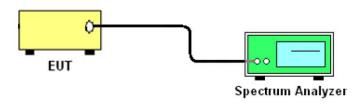


5.6 POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

5.6.1 Applicable Standard

For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

5.6.2 Block Diagram of Test Setup



5.6.3 Test Procedure

According to KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v03r01clause10.2:

- a) Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
- b) Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
- c) Set the RBW to: $3 \text{ kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$.
- d) Set the VBW \geq 3xRBW.
- e) Detector = peak.
- f) Sweep time = auto couple.
- g) Trace mode = max hold.
- h) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- i) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
- j) If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

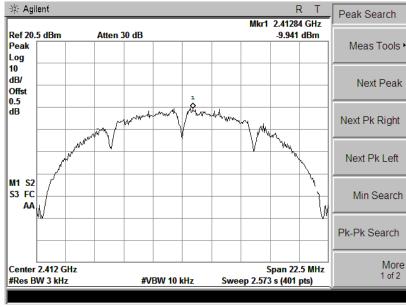
5.6.4 Test Result

Pass

Test Item:	POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY	Temperature :	20°C
Tested by:	Lby (Engineer)	Relative Humidity:	55%

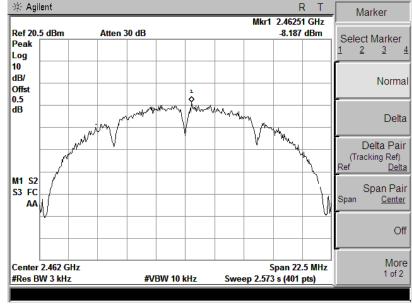
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PSD (dBm/100kHz)	Limit (dBm/100kHz)	Result
	Low	2412	-9.94	≤8	Pass
802.11b	Middle	2437	-8.94	≤8	Pass
	High	2462	-8.19	≤8	Pass
802.11g	Low	2412	-13.62	≤8	Pass
	Middle	2437	-13.20	≤8	Pass
	High	2462	-11.79	≤8	Pass
802.11n (20MHz)	Low	2412	-12.04	≤8	Pass
	Middle	2437	-11.32	≤8	Pass
	High	2462	-11.10	€8	Pass

802.11 b Mode

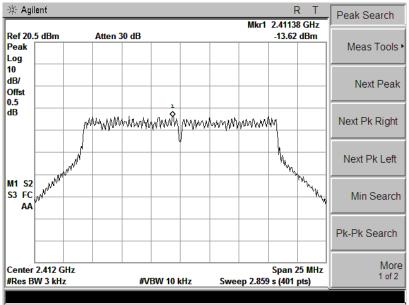


Ch 1

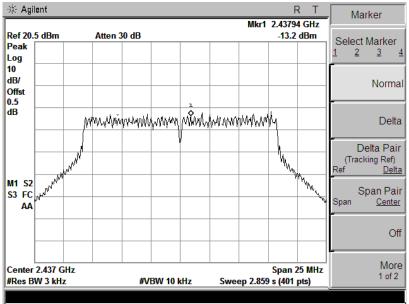


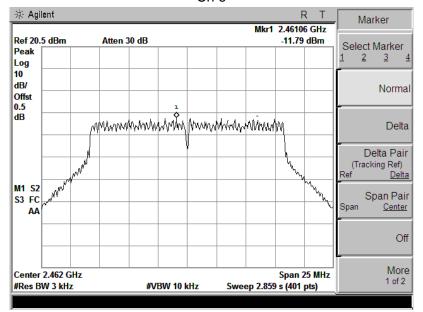


802.11 g Mode



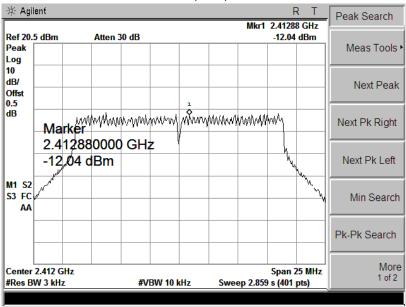
Ch 1



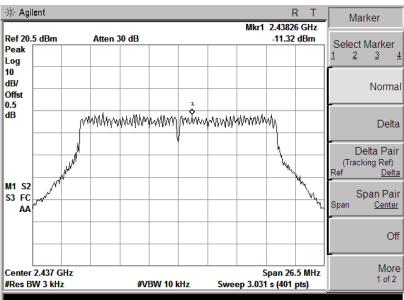


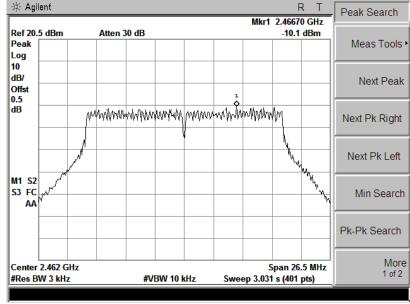
Ch 11

802.11 n(20M) Mode



Ch 1





5.7 Band Edge and Conducted Spurious Emissions

5.7.1 Test Requirement

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required.

5.7.2 Test Procedure

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect to a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to a EMI test receiver, then turn on the EUT and make it operate in transmitting mode. Then set it to Low Channel and High Channel within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
- 3. Set both RBW and VBW of spectrum analyzer to 100 kHz with a convenient frequency span including 100 kHz bandwidth from band edge.
- 4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
- 5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

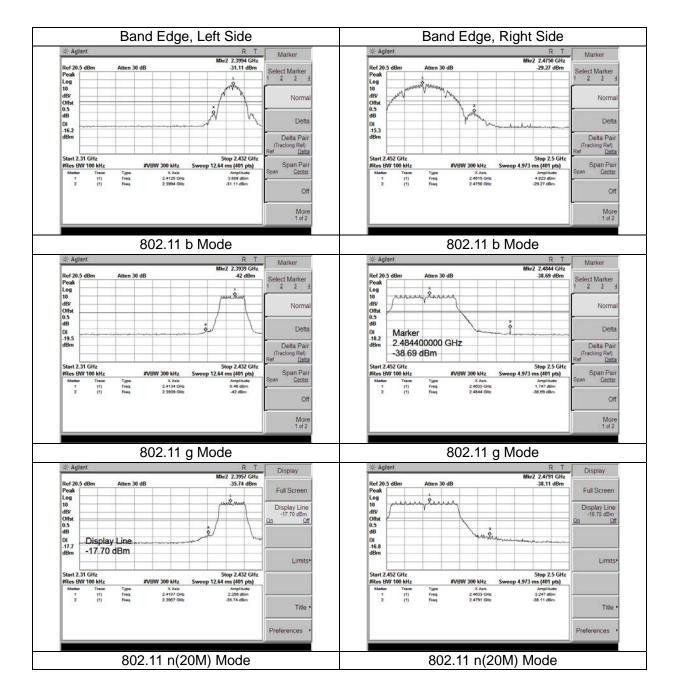
5.7.3 Test Result

Pass

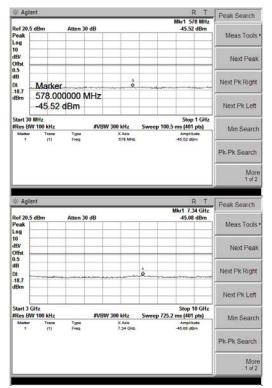
Remark:

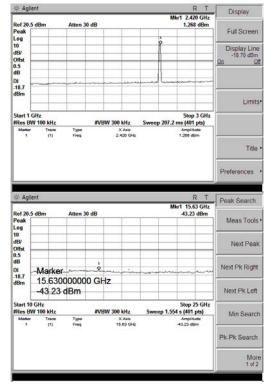
During the Conducted Spurious Emissions test, pre-scan the 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n(20) modulation, and found the 802.11b modulation which it is worse case.

Test Item:	Band Edge	Temperature :	23°C
Tested by:	Lby (Engineer)	Relative Humidity:	65%

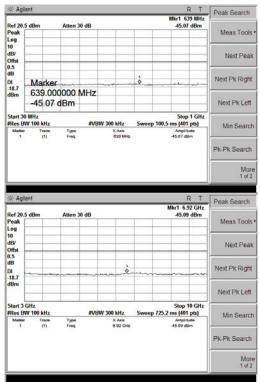


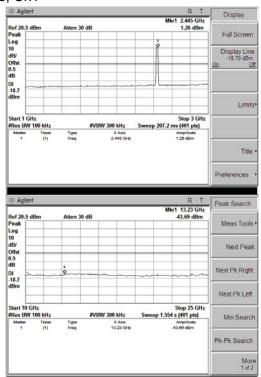
Conducted Spurious Emissions





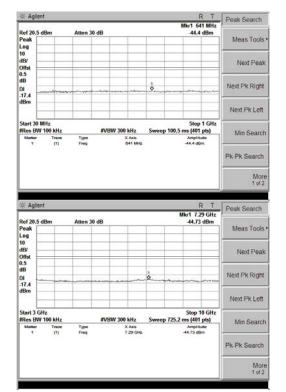
802.11b Mode, Ch1

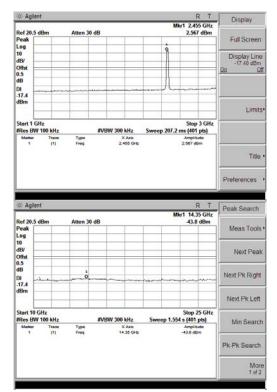




802.11b Mode, Ch6

Conducted Spurious Emissions





802.11b Mode, Ch11

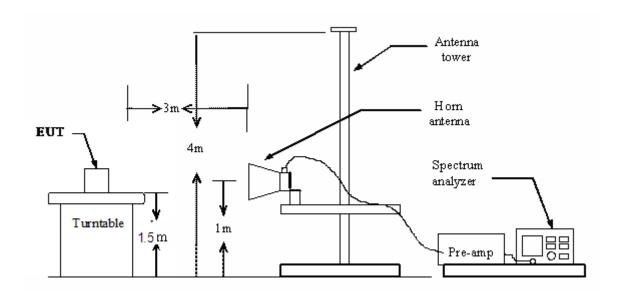
5.8 Restricted Frequency Bands

5.8.1 Test Requirement

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

5.8.2 Test Configuration

Test Setup:



5.8.3 Test Procedure:

- 1. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 1.5 meters above the ground at a 3 meter chamber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- 2. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
- 3. The antenna height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- 4. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.

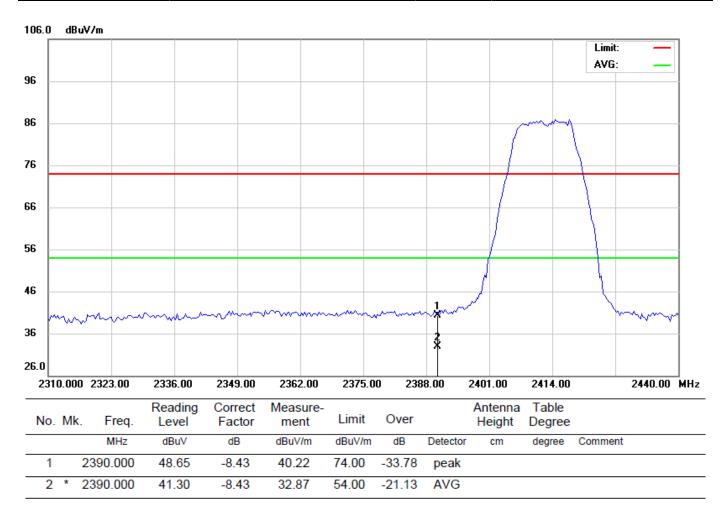
5.8.4 Test Result

Pass

Note: All test modes are performed, only the worst case is recorded in this report.

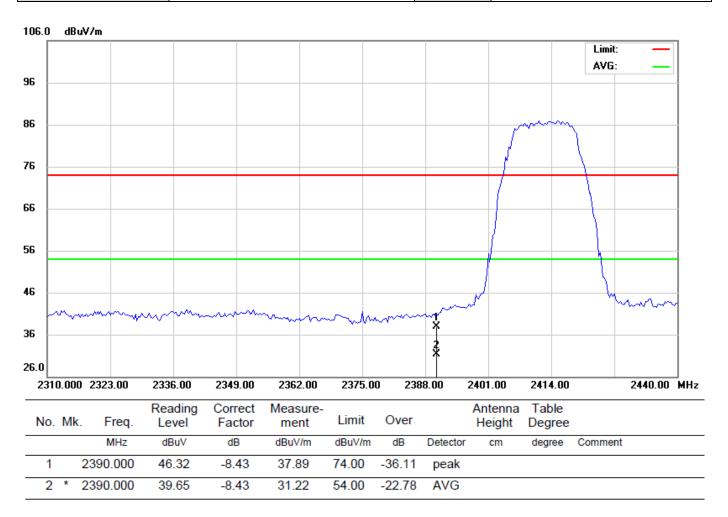
Please refer the following plots.

EUT:	WIFI Weather Station	M/N:	EM3371
Mode:	802.11b-CH1	Phase:	Horizontal
Tested by:	Lby (Engineer)	Power:	DC 3V by Batteries
Temperature: / Humidity	23.7℃/ 51.6%	Test date:	2017-06-21



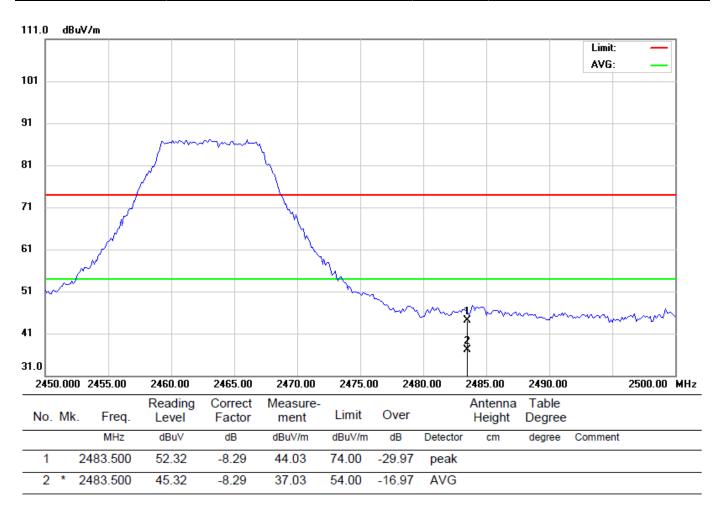
^{*:}Maximum data x:Over limit !:over margin

EUT:	WIFI Weather Station	M/N:	EM3371
Mode:	802.11b-CH1	Phase:	Vertical
Tested by:	Lby (Engineer)	Power:	DC 3V by Batteries
Temperature: / Humidity	23.7℃/ 51.6%	Test date:	2017-06-21



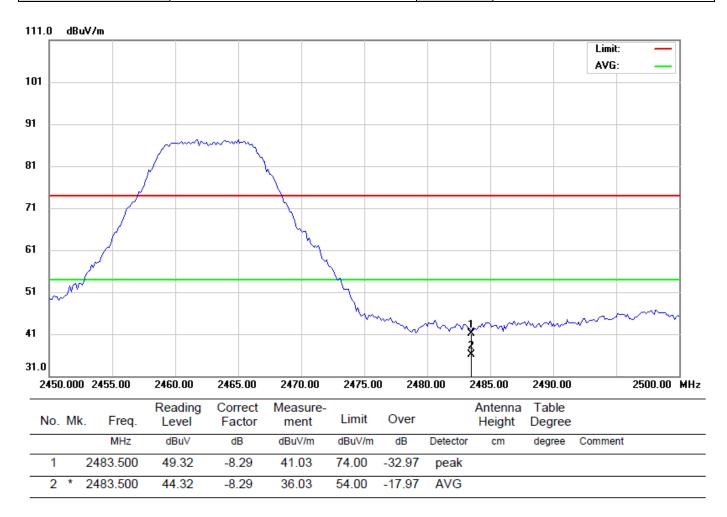
^{*:}Maximum data x:Over limit !:over margin

EUT:	WIFI Weather Station	M/N:	EM3371
Mode:	802.11b-CH11	Phase:	Vertical
Tested by:	Lby (Engineer)	Power:	DC 3V by Batteries
Temperature: / Humidity	23.7℃/ 51.6%	Test date:	2017-06-21



^{*:}Maximum data x:Over limit !:over margin

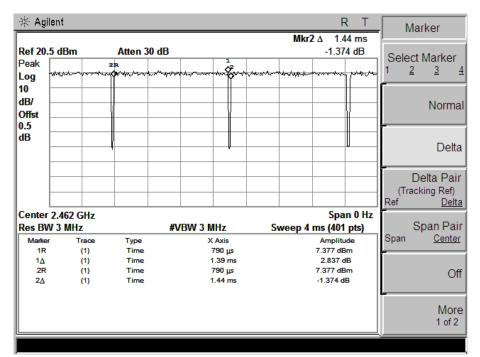
EUT:	WIFI Weather Station	M/N:	EM3371
Mode:	802.11b-CH11	Phase:	Horizontal
Tested by:	Lby (Engineer)	Power:	DC 3V by Batteries
Temperature: / Humidity	23.7℃/ 51.6%	Test date:	2017-06-21



^{*:}Maximum data x:Over limit !:over margin

Appendix A. Duty Cycle Plots

Mode	MAX Duty cycle (%)
Wifi2.4G	96.5



End of Report