

FCC ID: WNS-CSM4

IC: 3432F-CSM4

5 TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS

5.1 AC power line conducted emissions

Remarks: Not applicable as the EUT is battery powered and has no AC mains connections.

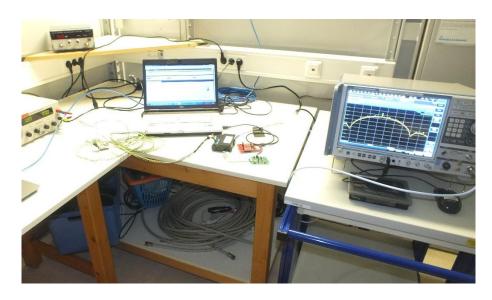
5.2 EBW and OBW

For test instruments and accessories used see section 6 Part MB.

5.2.1 Description of the test location

Test location: AREA4

5.2.2 Photo documentation of the test set-up



5.2.3 Applicable standard

According to FCC Part 15, Section 15.247(a)(2): Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902 - 928 MHz, 2400 – 2483.5 MHz and 5725 – 5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.



5.3 Maximum peak radiated output power

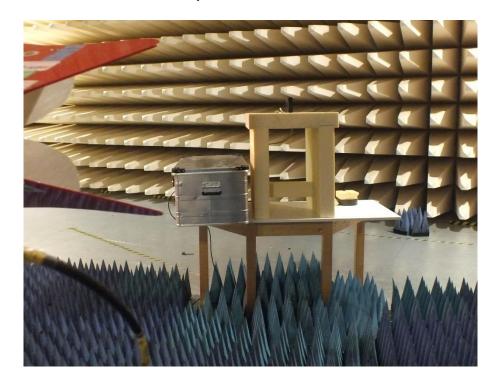
For test instruments and accessories used see section 6 Part CPR 3.

5.3.1 Description of the test location

Test location: Anechoic chamber 1

Test distance: 3 m

5.3.2 Photo documentation of the test set-up



5.3.3 Applicable standard

According to FCC Part 15, Section 15.247(b)(3):

For systems using digital modulation in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band, the maximum peak output power of the transmitter shall not exceed 1 Watt. The limit is based on transmitting antennas of directional gain that do not exceed 6 dBi.

5.3.4 Description of Measurement

The maximum peak radiated output power is measured using a spectrum analyser following the procedure set out in ANSI 63.10. The EUT is set in TX continuous mode while measuring. The radiated measurement was performed in a fieldstrength measurement.



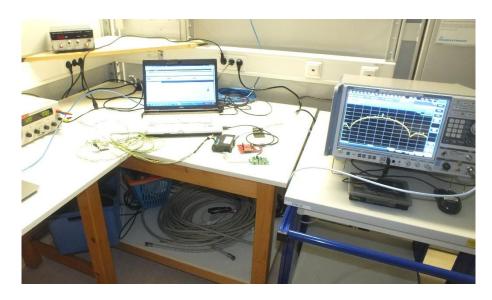
5.4 Power spectral density

For test instruments and accessories used see section 6 Part MB.

5.4.1 Description of the test location

Test location: AREA4

5.4.2 Photo documentation of the test set-up



5.4.3 Applicable standard

According to FCC Part 15, Section 15.247(e):

For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density radiated from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the radiated output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

5.4.4 Description of Measurement

The measurement is performed using the procedure set out in ANSI 63.10. Therefore, the PKPSD is measured conducted. The max peak was located and measured with the spectrum analyser and the marker set to peak. The maximum antenna gain is used to calculate the maximum peak power spectral density.

Spectrum analyser settings:

RBW: 3 kHz, VBW: 10 kHz, Detector: Peak, Sweep time: Auto



5.5 Radiated emissions in restricted bands

For test instruments and accessories used see section 6 Part SER 2, SER 3.

5.5.1 Description of the test location

Test location: OATS 1

Test location: Anechoic Chamber 1

Test distance: 3 m

5.5.2 Photo documentation of the test set-up

Open area test site

Test setup 30 MHz - 1 GHz



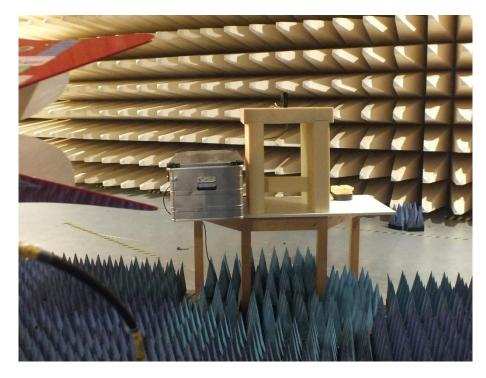


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Anechoic chamber

Test setup 1 GHz - 18 GHz



Test setup 18 GHz - 26 GHz





5.6 Band edge compliance

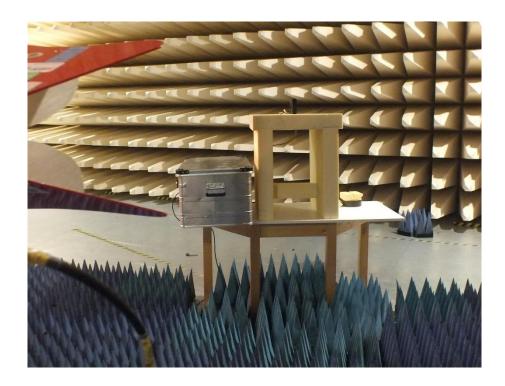
For test instruments and accessories used see section 6 Part SER3.

5.6.1 Description of the test location

Test location: Anechoic chamber 1

Test distance: 3 m

5.6.2 Photo documentation of the test set-up



5.6.3 Applicable standard

According to FCC Part 15C, Section 15.247(d):

In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

5.6.4 Description of Measurement

A spectrum analyser is connected to the output of the transmitter via a suitable attenuator while EUT was operating in transmit mode at the assigned frequency according to ANSI C63.10.

Spectrum analyser settings non-restricted band:

RBW: 100 kHz, VBW: 300 kHz, Detector: Max peak, Trace: Max hold, Sweep: auto

Spectrum analyser settings restricted band:

RBW: 1 MHz, VBW: 3 MHz, Detector: Max peak, Trace: Max hold, Sweep: auto



5.7 Radiated emissions in non-restricted bands

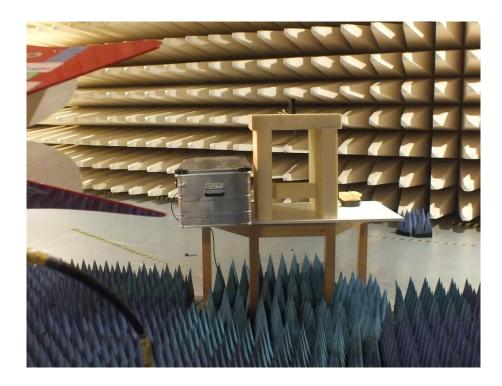
For test instruments and accessories used see section 6 Part SER 3.

5.7.1 Description of the test location

Test location: Anechoic chamber 1

Test distance: 3 m

5.7.2 Photo documentation of the test set-up



5.7.3 Applicable standard

According to FCC Part 15, Section 15.247(d):

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band 2400 – 2483.50 MHz, the digitally modulated radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limit specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).



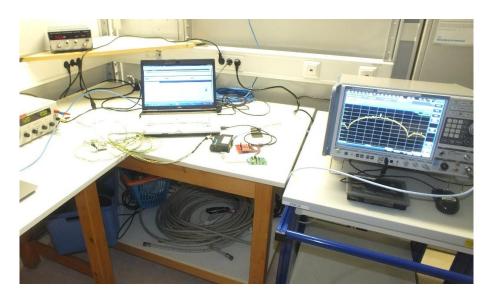
5.9 Correction for pulse operation (duty cycle)

For test instruments and accessories used see section 6 Part DC.

5.9.1 Description of the test location

Test location: AREA4

5.9.2 Photo documentation of the test set-up



5.9.3 Applicable standard

According to FCC Part 15A, Section 15.35(c):

When the radiated emission limits are expressed in terms of average value and pulsed operation is employed, the measurement field strength shall be determined by averaging over one complete puls train, including blanking intervals, as long as the pulse train does not exceed 0.1s. In cases where the puls train exceeds 0.1s, the measured field strength shall be determined from the average absolute voltage during a 0.1s interval during which the field strength is at its maximum. The exact method of calculating the average field strength shall be submitted.