



Report No.: RZA2010-1143SAR



OET 65

TEST REPORT

| | |
|--------------|-----------|
| Product Name | modu W |
| Model | modu W |
| FCC ID | WQKW1000 |
| Client | modu LTD. |

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.



GENERAL SUMMARY

| | | | |
|---------------------|---|-------------------|-----------------|
| Product Name | modu W | Model | modu W |
| FCC ID | WQKW1000 | Report No. | RZA2010-1143SAR |
| Client | modu LTD. | | |
| Manufacturer | YuHua TelTech(Shanghai) Co., Ltd. | | |
| Standard(s) | <p>IEEE Std C95.1, 1999: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.</p> <p>IEEE Std 1528™-2003: IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.</p> <p>SUPPLEMENT C Edition 01-01 to OET BULLETIN 65 Edition 97-01 June 2001 including DA 02-1438, published June 2002: Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields Additional Information for Evaluation Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Emissions.</p> <p>KDB 248227: SAR Measurement Procedures for 802.11a/b/g Transmitters May 2007</p> <p>KDB 447498 D01: Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies</p> | | |
| Conclusion | <p>This portable wireless equipment has been measured in all cases requested by the relevant standards. Test results in Chapter 7 of this test report are below limits specified in the relevant standards.</p> <p>General Judgment: Pass</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Date of issue: August 10th, 2010</p> | | |
| Comment | The test result only responds to the measured sample. | | |

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1. General Information

1.1. Notes of the Test Report

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. guarantees the reliability of the data presented in this test report, which is the results of measurements and tests performed for the items under test on the date and under the conditions stated in this test report and is based on the knowledge and technical facilities available at TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. at the time of execution of the test.

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. is liable to the client for the maintenance by its personnel of the confidentiality of all information related to the items under test and the results of the test. This report only refers to the item that has undergone the test.

This report standalone dose not constitute or imply by its own an approval of the product by the certification Bodies or competent Authorities. This report cannot be used partially or in full for publicity and/or promotional purposes without previous written approval of **TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.** and the Accreditation Bodies, if it applies.

1.2. Testing Laboratory

Company: TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

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1.3. Applicant Information

Company: modu LTD.
Address: Atir-Yeda 17
City: Kefar-Saba
Postal Code: 44643
Country: Israel
Contact: Guy Badichi
Telephone: +972-54-9222168
Fax: +972-9-8648383

1.4. Manufacturer Information

Company: YuHua TelTech(Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Address: 4F/2,District B,No.1000 Jinhai Road, Pudong, Shanghai
City: Shanghai
Postal Code: 201206
Country: P.R. China
Telephone: 021-51156088-1707
Fax: 021-51156099

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1.5. Information of EUT

General Information

| | | |
|--|---|----------------|
| Device Type : | Portable Device | |
| Exposure Category: | Uncontrolled Environment / General Population | |
| Name of EUT: | modu W | |
| SN or IMEI | A0303001E0000049 | |
| Device Operating Configurations : | | |
| Operating Mode(s): | 802.11b/g; (tested) Bluetooth; | |
| Operating Frequency Range(s) | Band | Tx (MHz) |
| | 802.11b/g | 2412 ~ 2462MHz |
| Test Channel: (Low - Middle - High) | 1-6-11 (802.11b/g) | |
| Hardware Version: | MUW-T | |
| Software Version: | MUW-V | |
| Antenna Type: | Internal Antenna | |

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Auxiliary Equipment Details

AE1:Battery

Model: US293350
Manufacturer: Formosa
SN: /

AE2:Travel Adapter

Model: DCH3-050US-0002
Manufacturer: Emerson
SN: /

Equipment Under Test (EUT) is modu W with internal antenna. It consists of EUT, battery and adapter and the detail about these is in chapter 1.5 in this report. SAR is tested for 802.11b/g. The EUT has VOIP function.

The sample under test was selected by the Client.

Components list please refer to documents of the manufacturer.

1.6. The Maximum SAR_{1g} Values and Conducted Power of each tested band

| Band | SAR _{1g} (W/kg) | | Maximum Conducted Power (dBm) |
|---------|--------------------------|-------|----------------------------------|
| | Head | Body | |
| 802.11b | 0.326 | 0.922 | 14.48 |

1.7. Test Date

The test is performed from August 8, 2010 to August 9, 2010.

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2. Operational Conditions during Test

2.1. General Description of Test Procedures

For the 802.11b/g SAR body tests, a communication link is set up with the test mode software for WIFI mode test. The Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (ARFCN) is allocated to 1, 6 and 11 respectively in the case of 2450 MHz. During the test, at each test frequency channel, the EUT is operated at the RF continuous emission mode. Each channel should be tested at the lowest data rate in each mode.

802.11b/g operating modes are tested independently according to the service requirements in each frequency band. 802.11b/g modes are tested on channels 1, 6 and 11; however, if output power reduction is necessary for channels 1 and /or 11 to meet restricted band requirements the highest output channels closest to each of these channels must be tested instead.

SAR is not required for 802.11g channels when the maximum average output power is less than 0.25dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels. When the maximum average output channel in each frequency band is not included in the "default test channels", the maximum channel should be tested instead of an adjacent "default test channels", these are referred to as the "required test channels" and are illustrated in table 1.

And according to the "3 dB rule" FCC Public Notice, DA 02-1948, June 19.2002 **"If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s)".**

Table 1: "Default Test Channels"

| Mode | GHz | Channel | Turbo Channel | "Default Test Channels" | | |
|-----------|-------|-----------------|---------------|-------------------------|---------|------|
| | | | | 15.247 | | UNII |
| | | | | 802.11b | 802.11g | |
| 802.11b/g | 2.412 | 1 [#] | | ✓ | * | |
| | 2.437 | 6 | 6 | ✓ | * | |
| | 2.462 | 11 [#] | | ✓ | * | |

Note: [#]=when output power is reduced for channel 1 and /or 11to meet restricted band requirements the highest out put channels closet to each of these channels should be tested.

✓= "default test channels"

* =possible 802.11g channels with maximum average output 0.25dB>=the "default test channels"

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2.2. Position of Module

The EUT is tested at the following 8 test positions:

- Test Position 1: Left Hand, Touch Cheek. (ANNEX G Picture 5)
- Test Position 2: Left Hand, Tilt 15 Degree. (ANNEX G Picture 6)
- Test Position 3: Right Hand, Touch Cheek. (ANNEX G Picture 7)
- Test Position 4: Right Hand, Tilt 15 Degree. (ANNEX G Picture 8)
- Test Position 5: The back side of the EUT towards and directed tightly to touch the bottom of the flat phantom. (ANNEX G Picture 9)
- Test Position 6: The top side of the EUT towards and directed tightly to touch the bottom of the flat phantom. (ANNEX G Picture 10)
- Test Position 7: The left side of the EUT towards and directed tightly to touch the bottom of the flat phantom. (ANNEX G Picture 11)
- Test Position 8: The right side of the EUT towards and directed tightly to touch the bottom of the flat phantom. (ANNEX G Picture 12)

3. SAR Measurements System Configuration

3.1. SAR Measurement Set-up

The DASY4 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.
- The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY4 measurement server.
- The DASY4 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows 2003
- DASY4 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.
- Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

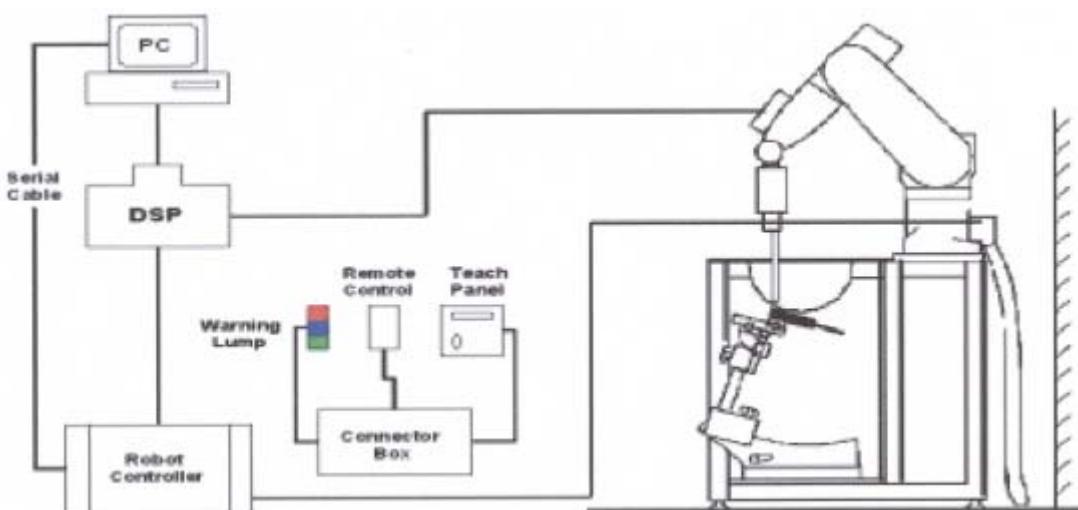


Figure 1. SAR Lab Test Measurement Set-up

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3.2. DASY4 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

3.2.1. EX3DV4 Probe Specification

| | |
|---------------|---|
| Construction | Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE) |
| Calibration | ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available |
| Frequency | 10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz) |
| Directivity | ± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis) |
| Dynamic Range | 10 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μ W/g) |
| Dimensions | Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm |
| Application | High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%. |



Figure 2. EX3DV4 E-field Probe



Figure 3. EX3DV4 E-field probe

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3.2.2. E-field Probe Calibration

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than \pm 10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated and found to be better than \pm 0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies below 1 GHz, and in a wave guide above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$\text{SAR} = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

Where: Δt = Exposure time (30 seconds),
C = Heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),
 ΔT = Temperature increase due to RF exposure.

Or

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{|E|^2 \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where:
 σ = Simulated tissue conductivity,
 ρ = Tissue density (kg/m³).

3.3. Other Test Equipment

3.3.1. Device Holder for Transmitters

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the die rent positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the inference of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



Figure 4. Device Holder

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3.3.2. Phantom

The Generic Twin Phantom is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden Figure. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to determine the maximum exposure in at least 90% of all users. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot.

| | |
|-----------------|---------------------------------|
| Shell Thickness | 2±0.1 mm |
| Filling Volume | Approx. 20 liters |
| Dimensions | 810 x 1000 x 500 mm (H x L x W) |
| Available | Special |



Figure 5.Generic Twin Phantom

3.4. Scanning Procedure

The DASY4 installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and validation. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.

- The “reference” and “drift” measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT’s output power and should vary max. ± 5 %.
- The “surface check” measurement tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY4 system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above ± 0.1mm). To prevent wrong results tests are only executed when the liquid is free of air bubbles. The difference between the optical surface detection and the actual surface depends on the probe and is specified with each probe. (It does not depend on the surface reflectivity or the probe angle to the surface within ± 30°.).
- Area Scan
The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values before running a detailed measurement around the hot spot. Before starting the area scan a grid

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spacing of 15 mm x 15 mm is set. During the scan the distance of the probe to the phantom remains unchanged.

After finishing area scan, the field maxima within a range of 2 dB will be ascertained.

- **Zoom Scan**

Zoom Scans are used to estimate the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default Zoom Scan is done by 7x7x7 points within a cube whose base is centered around the maxima found in the preceding area scan.

- **Spatial Peak Detection**

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented and can determine values of masses of 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY4 system allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as:

- maximum search
- extrapolation
- boundary correction
- peak search for averaged SAR

During a maximum search, global and local maxima searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each Area Scan measurement with at least 6 measurement points. It is based on the evaluation of the local SAR gradient calculated by the Quadratic Shepard's method. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within -2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation. Extrapolation routines require at least 10 measurement points in 3-D space. They are used in the Zoom Scan to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The routine uses the modified Quadratic Shepard's method for extrapolation. For a grid using 7x7x7 measurement points with 5mm resolution amounting to 343 measurement points, the uncertainty of the extrapolation routines is less than 1% for 1g and 10g cubes.

- A Z-axis scan measures the total SAR value at the x-and y-position of the maximum SAR value found during the cube 7x7x7 scan. The probe is moved away in z-direction from the bottom of the SAM phantom in 5mm steps.

3.5. Data Storage and Evaluation

3.5.1. Data Storage

The DASY4 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension “.DA4”. The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

3.5.2. Data Evaluation by SEMCAD

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

| | | |
|-------------------|---------------------------|---|
| Probe parameters: | - Sensitivity | Norm _i , a _{i0} , a _{i1} , a _{i2} |
| | - Conversion factor | ConvF _i |
| | - Diode compression point | Dcp _i |

| | | |
|--------------------|----------------|----|
| Device parameters: | - Frequency | f |
| | - Crest factor | cf |

| | | |
|-------------------|----------------|--|
| Media parameters: | - Conductivity | |
| | - Density | |

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY4 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal,

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the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics.

If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot c_f / d_c p_i$$

With V_i = compensated signal of channel i ($i = x, y, z$)

U_i = input signal of channel i ($i = x, y, z$)

c_f = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

$d_c p_i$ = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes: $E_i = (V_i / Norm_i \cdot ConvF)^{1/2}$

H-field probes: $H_i = (V_i)^{1/2} \cdot (a_{i0} + a_{i1} f + a_{i2} f^2) / f$

With V_i = compensated signal of channel i ($i = x, y, z$)

$Norm_i$ = sensor sensitivity of channel i ($i = x, y, z$)

[mV/(V/m)²] for E-field Probes

$ConvF$ = sensitivity enhancement in solution

a_{ij} = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

H_i = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = (E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2)^{1/2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = (E_{tot}^2 \cdot .) / (. \cdot 1000)$$

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with **SAR** = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m

σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid. The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = E_{tot}^2 / 3770 \quad \text{or} \quad P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$$

with P_{pwe} = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm²

E_{tot} = total electric field strength in V/m

H_{tot} = total magnetic field strength in A/m

3.6. System Check

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the tissue simulates were measured every day using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyzer. A system check measurement was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the simulates, using the dipole validation kit. A power level of 250 mW was supplied to the dipole antenna, which was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom. The system check results (dielectric parameters and SAR values) are given in the Table 8 and Table 9.

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration with the relevant liquids and test system ($\pm 10\%$).

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the DASY4 system.

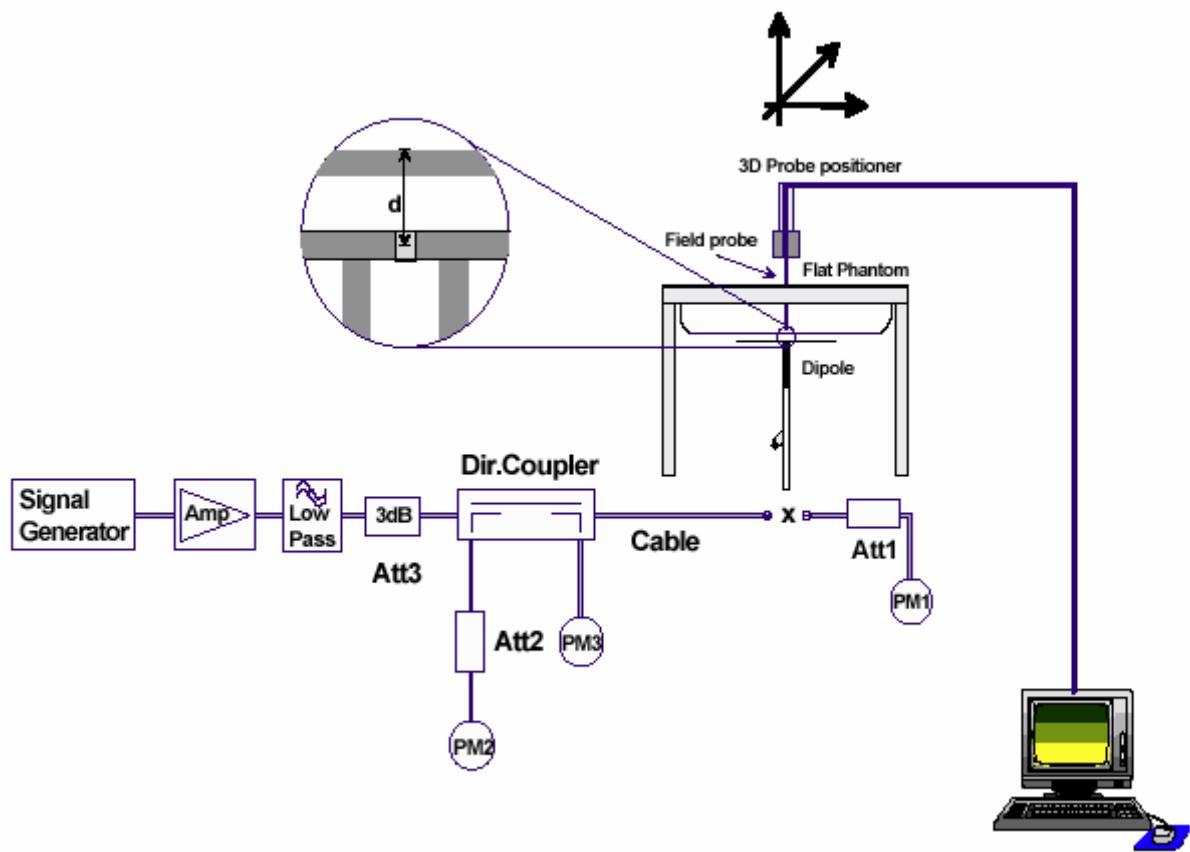


Figure 6. System Check Set-up

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3.7. Equivalent Tissues

The liquid is consisted of water, salt, Glycol. The liquid has previously been proven to be suited for worst-case. The Table 2 and Table 3 shows the detail solution. It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the OET 65.

Table 2: Composition of the Head Tissue Equivalent Matter

| MIXTURE% | FREQUENCY(Brain) 2450MHz |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| Water | 62.7 |
| Glycol | 36.8 |
| Salt | 0.5 |
| Dielectric Parameters Target Value | f=2450MHz $\epsilon=39.20$ $\sigma=1.80$ |

Table 3: Composition of the Body Tissue Equivalent Matter

| MIXTURE% | FREQUENCY (Body) 2450MHz |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| Water | 73.2 |
| Glycol | 26.7 |
| Salt | 0.1 |
| Dielectric Parameters Target Value | f=2450MHz $\epsilon=52.70$ $\sigma=1.95$ |

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4. Laboratory Environment

Table 4: The Ambient Conditions during Test

| | |
|---|---------------------------|
| Temperature | Min. = 20°C, Max. = 25 °C |
| Relative humidity | Min. = 30%, Max. = 70% |
| Ground system resistance | < 0.5 Ω |
| Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards. | |
| Reflection of surrounding objects is minimized and in compliance with requirement of standards. | |

5. Characteristics of the Test

5.1. Applicable Limit Regulations

IEEE Std C95.1, 1999: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.

5.2. Applicable Measurement Standards

IEEE Std 1528™-2003: IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.

SUPPLEMENT C Edition 01-01 to OET BULLETIN 65 Edition 97-01 June 2001 including DA 02-1438, published June 2002: Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields Additional Information for Evaluation Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Emissions.

KDB 248227: SAR Measurement Procedures for 802.11a/b/g Transmitters May 2007

KDB 447498 D01: Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies

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6. Conducted Output Power Measurement

6.1. Summary

The DUT is tested using an E5515C communications tester as controller unit to set test channels and maximum output power to the DUT, as well as for measuring the conducted power.

Conducted output power was measured using an integrated RF connector and attached RF cable. This result contains conducted output power for the EUT.

6.2. Conducted Power Results

Table 5: Conducted Power Measurement Results

| 802.11b | Average Power(dBm) | | |
|-----------|-----------------------|-----------|------------|
| | Channel 1 | Channel 6 | Channel 11 |
| 1 | 14.17 | 14.46 | 14.55 |
| 2 | 14.16 | 14.45 | 14.26 |
| 5.5 | 14.16 | 14.43 | 14.54 |
| 11 | 13.98 | 14.44 | 14.01 |
| 802.11g | Average Power(dBm) | | |
| | Channel 1 | Channel 6 | Channel 11 |
| 6 | 10.50 | 10.10 | 10.07 |
| 9 | 10.48 | 9.83 | 10.03 |
| 12 | 10.17 | 9.93 | 9.89 |
| 18 | 10.19 | 9.75 | 9.94 |
| 24 | 10.20 | 9.73 | 9.92 |
| 36 | 10.11 | 10.01 | 9.93 |
| 48 | 10.15 | 9.89 | 9.98 |
| 54 | 10.16 | 9.84 | 9.90 |
| Bluetooth | Conducted Power (dBm) | | |
| | Ch 0 | Ch 39 | Ch 78 |
| DH5 | 0.732 | 1.219 | 1.096 |
| 3DH5 | -0.84 | -0.309 | -0.346 |

Note: 1. 802.11g is not required when the maximum average output power is less than $\frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels.

2.BT and wifi can not simultaneous transmission and BT output power<60/f(GHz),so BT SAR not required.

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7. Test Results

7.1. Dielectric Performance

Table 6: Dielectric Performance of Head Tissue Simulating Liquid

| Frequency | Description | Dielectric Parameters | | Temp °C |
|-------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|------------|
| | | ϵ_r | $\sigma(\text{s/m})$ | |
| 2450MHz (head) | Target value ±5% window | 39.20 37.24 — 41.16 | 1.80 1.71 — 1.89 | / |
| | Measurement value 2010-8-9 | 38.81 | 1.79 | |

Table 7: Dielectric Performance of Body Tissue Simulating Liquid

| Frequency | Description | Dielectric Parameters | | Temp °C |
|-------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|------------|
| | | ϵ_r | $\sigma(\text{s/m})$ | |
| 2450MHz (body) | Target value ±5% window | 52.70 50.07 — 55.34 | 1.95 1.85 — 2.05 | / |
| | Measurement value 2010-8-8 | 51.83 | 1.92 | |

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7.2. System Check Results

Table 8: System Check for Head Tissue Simulation Liquid

| Frequency | Description | SAR(W/kg) | | Dielectric Parameters | | Temp |
|------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|-------------|
| | | 10g | 1g | ϵ_r | $\sigma(\text{s/m})$ | |
| 2450 MHz | Recommended result ±10% window | 6.24 5.62 — 6.86 | 13.3 11.97—14.63 | 38.7 | 1.77 | / |
| | Measurement value 2010-8-9 | 6.50 | 14.05 | 38.81 | 1.79 | 21.9 |

Note: 1. the graph results see ANNEX B.

2. Recommended Values used derive from the calibration certificate and 250 mW is used as feeding power to the calibrated dipole.

Table 9: System Check for Body Tissue Simulation Liquid

| Frequency | Description | SAR(W/kg) | | Dielectric Parameters | | Temp |
|------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|-------------|
| | | 10g | 1g | ϵ_r | $\sigma(\text{s/m})$ | |
| 2450 MHz | Recommended result ±10% window | 5.97 5.37—6.57 | 13 11.7 — 14.3 | 51.8 | 2.01 | / |
| | Measurement value 2010-8-8 | 6.46 | 14.00 | 51.83 | 1.92 | 21.7 |

Note: 1. The graph results see ANNEX B.

2. Target Values used derive from the calibration certificate and 250 mW is used as feeding power to the Calibrated dipole.

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7.3. Summary of Measurement Results

7.3.1. 802.11b

Table 10: SAR Values (802.11b)

| Limit of SAR | | 10 g Average | | 1 g Average | Power Drift | Graph Results | |
|--|---------|--------------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|---------------|--|
| | | 2.0 W/kg | 1.6 W/kg | ± 0.21 dB | | | |
| Different Test Position | Channel | Measurement Result(W/kg) | | Power Drift (dB) | | | |
| | | 10 g Average | 1 g Average | | | | |
| Test Position of Head | | | | | | | |
| Test Position 1 | Middle | 0.146 | 0.319 | 0.075 | Figure 9 | | |
| Test Position 2 | High | 0.130 | 0.278 | 0.078 | Figure 10 | | |
| | Middle | 0.148 | 0.326 | -0.198 | Figure 11 | | |
| | Low | 0.111 | 0.238 | 0.018 | Figure 12 | | |
| Test Position 3 | Middle | 0.090 | 0.179 | 0.163 | Figure 13 | | |
| Test Position 4 | Middle | 0.111 | 0.224 | -0.197 | Figure 14 | | |
| Test Position of Body | | | | | | | |
| Test Position 5 | Middle | 0.247 | 0.532 | 0.014 | Figure 15 | | |
| Test Position 6 | High | 0.362 | 0.844 | 0.077 | Figure 16 | | |
| | Middle | 0.413 | 0.922 | 0.155 | Figure 17 | | |
| | Low | 0.393 | 0.900 | 0.181 | Figure 18 | | |
| Test Position 7 | Middle | 0.088 | 0.196 | -0.013 | Figure 19 | | |
| Test Position 8 | Middle | 0.183 | 0.478 | 0.087 | Figure 20 | | |
| Worst case position of Body with Earphone (black) | | | | | | | |
| Test Position 6 | Middle | 0.360 | 0.823 | -0.114 | Figure 21 | | |
| Worst case position of Body with Earphone (white) | | | | | | | |
| Test Position 6 | Middle | 0.357 | 0.810 | -0.008 | Figure 22 | | |

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

2. The SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the SAR measured at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB (< 0.8W/kg) lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional.
3. Upper and lower frequencies were measured at the worst case.
4. 802.11g is not required when the maximum average output power is less than ¼ dB higher than measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels.

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8. Measurement Uncertainty

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| | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|--|-----|---|------------|----------|------|----------|
| 20 | -phantom | B | 4.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 2.3 | ∞ |
| 21 | -liquid conductivity (deviation from target) | B | 5.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.6 4 | 1.8 | ∞ |
| 22 | -liquid conductivity (measurement uncertainty) | B | 5.0 | N | 1 | 0.6 4 | 3.2 | ∞ |
| 23 | -liquid permittivity (deviation from target) | B | 5.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.6 | 1.7 | ∞ |
| 24 | -liquid permittivity (measurement uncertainty) | B | 5.0 | N | 1 | 0.6 | 3.0 | ∞ |
| Combined standard uncertainty | | $u_c = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{21} c_i^2 u_i^2}$ | | | | | 12.0 | |
| Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %) | | $u_e = 2u_c$ | | N | k=2 | | 24.0 | |

9. Main Test Instruments

Table 11: List of Main Instruments

| No. | Name | Type | Serial Number | Calibration Date | Valid Period |
|-----|------------------------|----------------|---------------|--------------------------|--------------|
| 01 | Network analyzer | Agilent 8753E | US37390326 | September 13, 2009 | One year |
| 02 | Dielectric Probe Kit | Agilent 85070E | US44020115 | No Calibration Requested | |
| 03 | Power meter | Agilent E4417A | GB41291714 | March 13, 2010 | One year |
| 04 | Power sensor | Agilent 8481H | MY41091316 | March 26, 2010 | One year |
| 05 | Signal Generator | HP 8341B | 2730A00804 | September 13, 2009 | One year |
| 06 | Amplifier | IXA-020 | 0401 | No Calibration Requested | |
| 07 | E-field Probe | EX3DV4 | 3661 | December 30, 2009 | One year |
| 08 | DAE | DAE4 | 871 | November 11, 2009 | One year |
| 09 | Validation Kit 2450MHz | D2450V2 | 712 | February 19, 2010 | One year |

*****END OF REPORT BODY*****

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ANNEX A: Test Layout



Picture 1: Specific Absorption Rate Test Layout

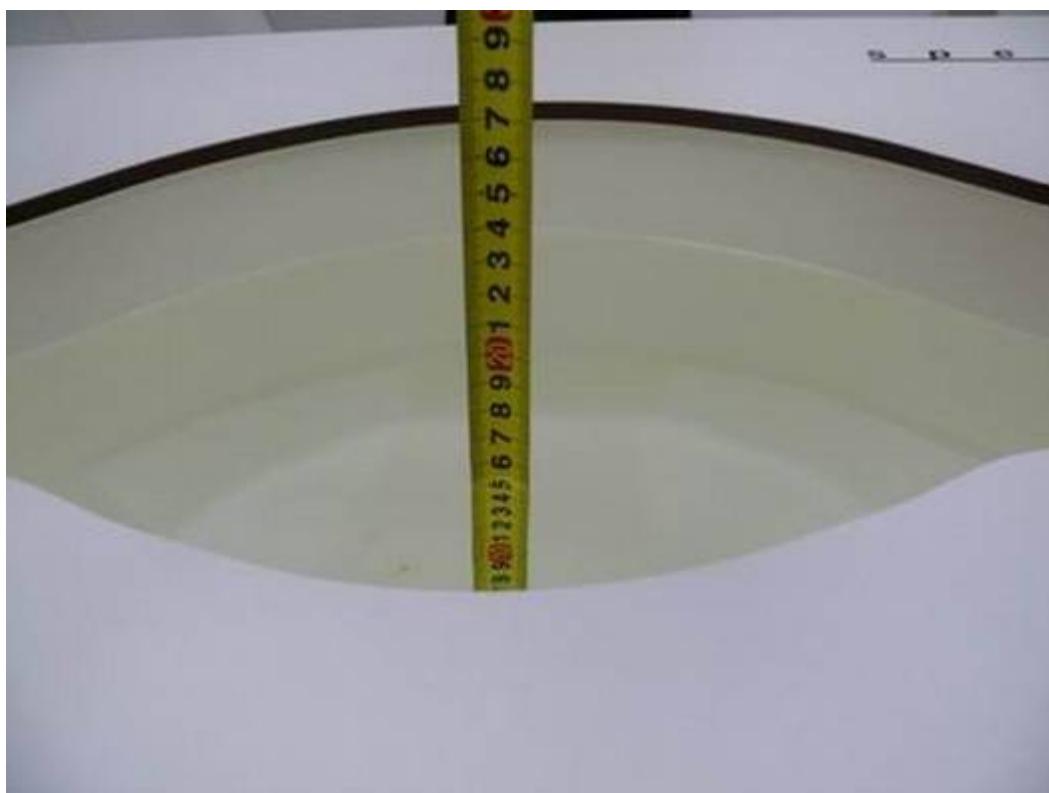
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Picture 2: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (2450 MHz)
(15.4cm depth)



Picture 3: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (2450 MHz)
(15.4cm depth)

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ANNEX B: System Check Results

System Performance Check at 2450 MHz Head TSL

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 712

Date/Time: 8/9/2010 7:50:36 AM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.79 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.81$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.22, 7.22, 7.22); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.4 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 67.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.010 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14.05 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.5 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.7 mW/g

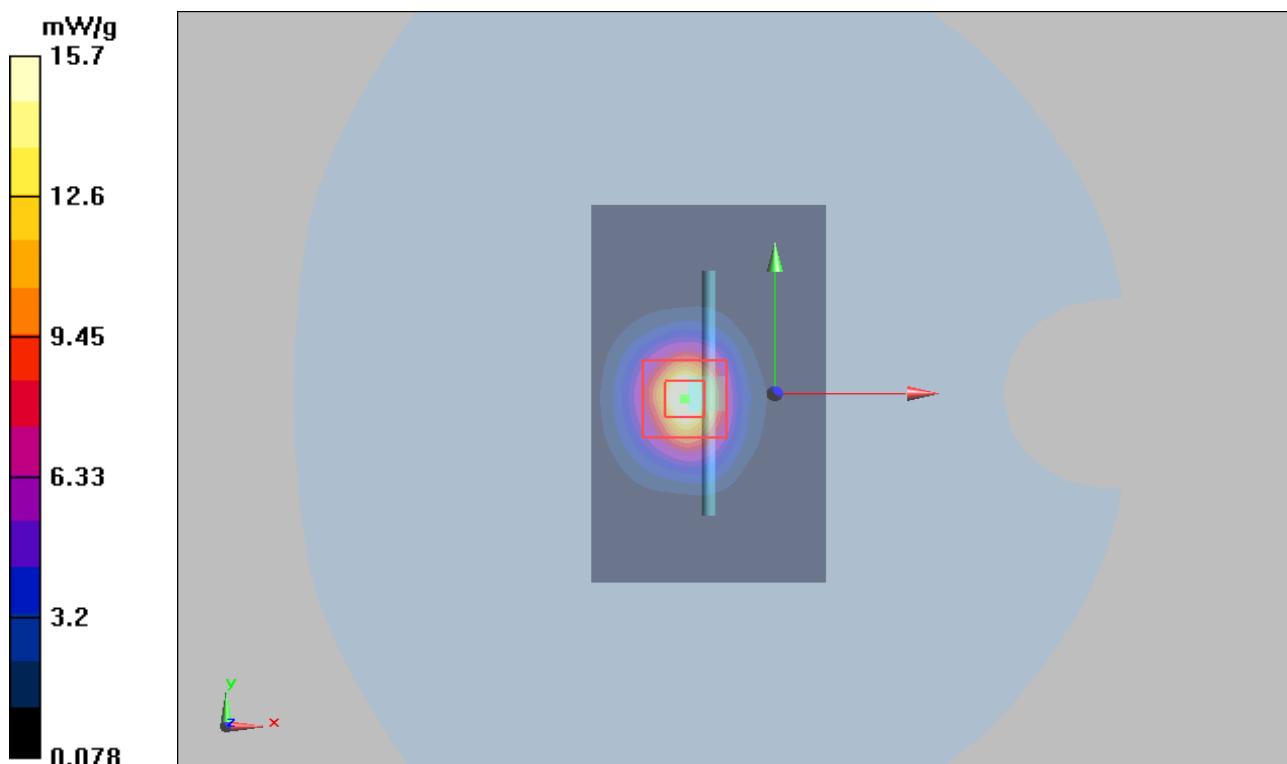


Figure 7 System Performance Check 2450MHz 250mW

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System Performance Check at 2450 MHz

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 712

Date/Time: 8/8/2010 9:52:36 AM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.92 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.83$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.34, 7.34, 7.34); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.5 mW/g

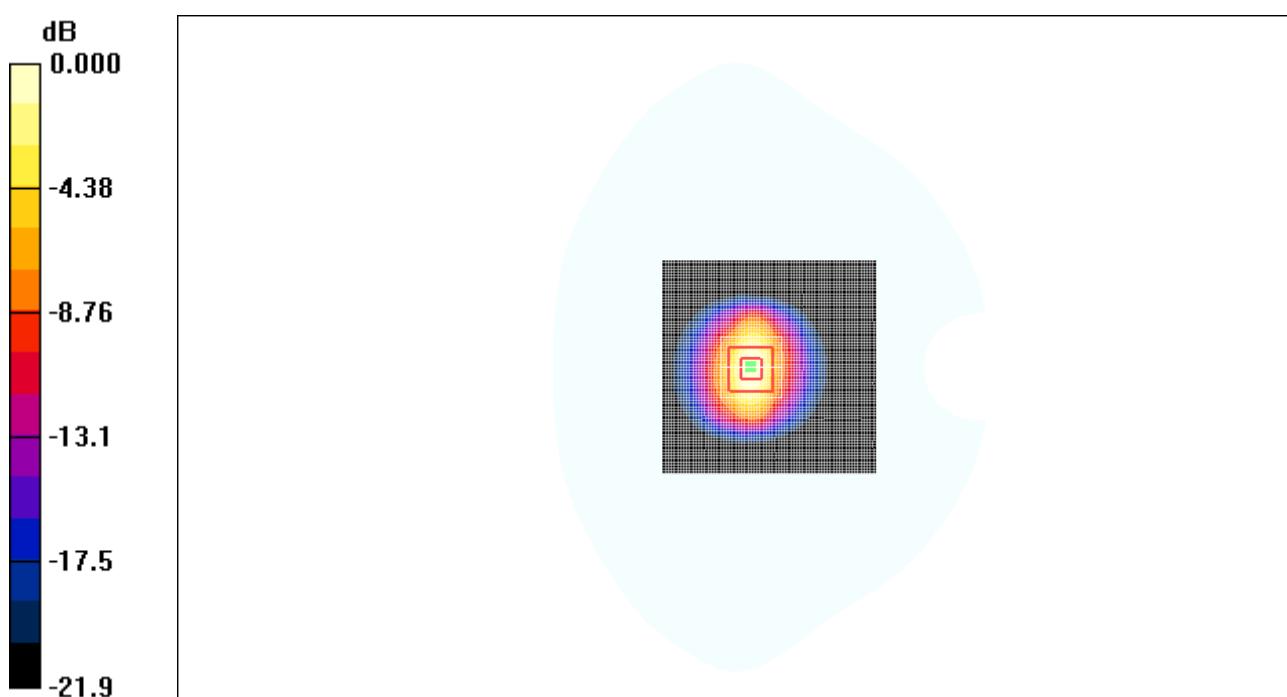
d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 71.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.011 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14.0 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.46 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.8 mW/g



0 dB = 19.8mW/g

Figure 8 System Performance Check 2450MHz 250mW

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ANNEX C: Graph Results

802.11b Test Position 1 Middle

Date/Time: 8/9/2010 9:54:47 AM

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2437 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.77 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.22, 7.22, 7.22); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Test Position 1 Middle/Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.347 mW/g

Test Position 1 Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.075 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.665 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.319 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.146 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.370 mW/g

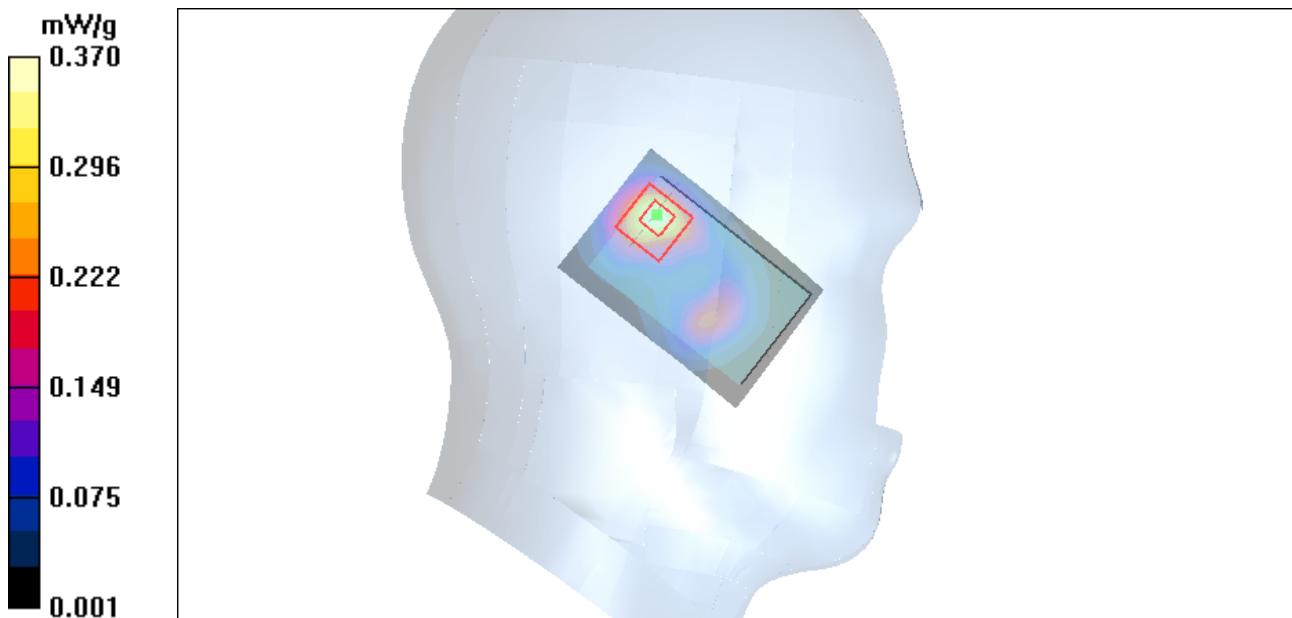


Figure 9 Test Position 1 802.11b Channel 6

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802.11b Test Position 2 High

Date/Time: 8/9/2010 12:20:24 PM

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.8 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.22, 7.22, 7.22); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Test Position 2 High/Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.311 mW/g

Test Position 2 High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.078 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.600 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.278 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.130 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.311 mW/g

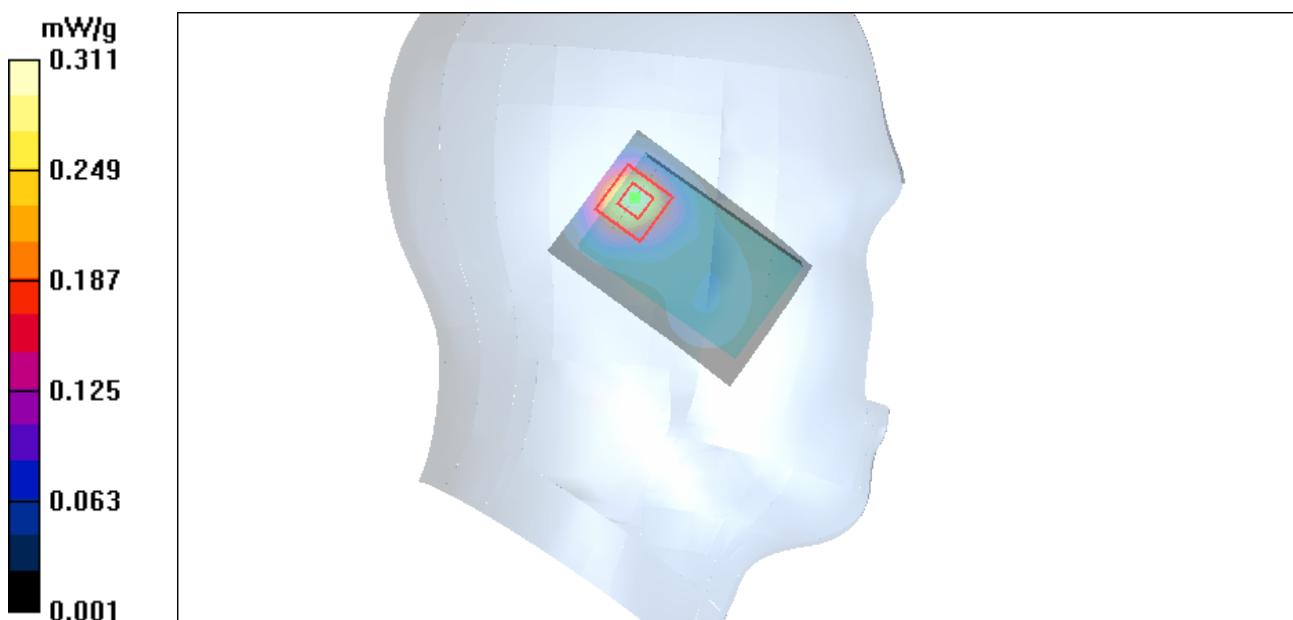


Figure 10 Test Position 2 802.11b Channel 11

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802.11b Test Position 2 Middle

Date/Time: 8/9/2010 10:12:28 AM

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2437 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.77 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.22, 7.22, 7.22); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Test Position 2 Middle/Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.378 mW/g

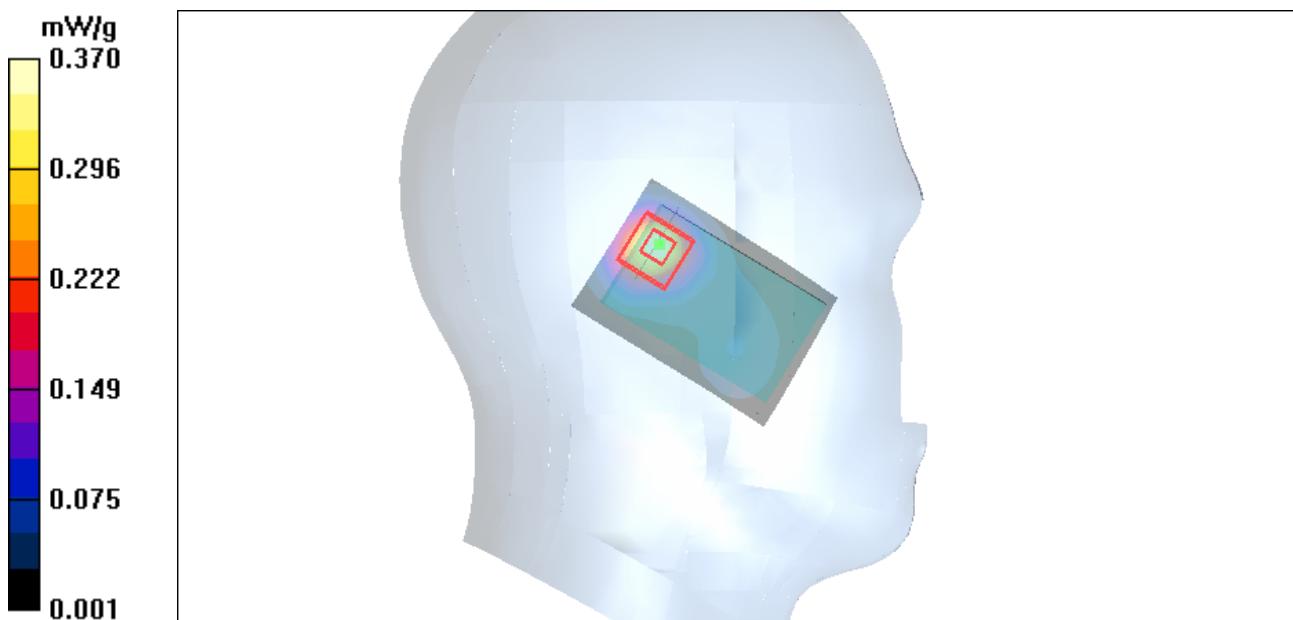
Test Position 2 Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.198 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.691 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.326 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.148 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.370 mW/g



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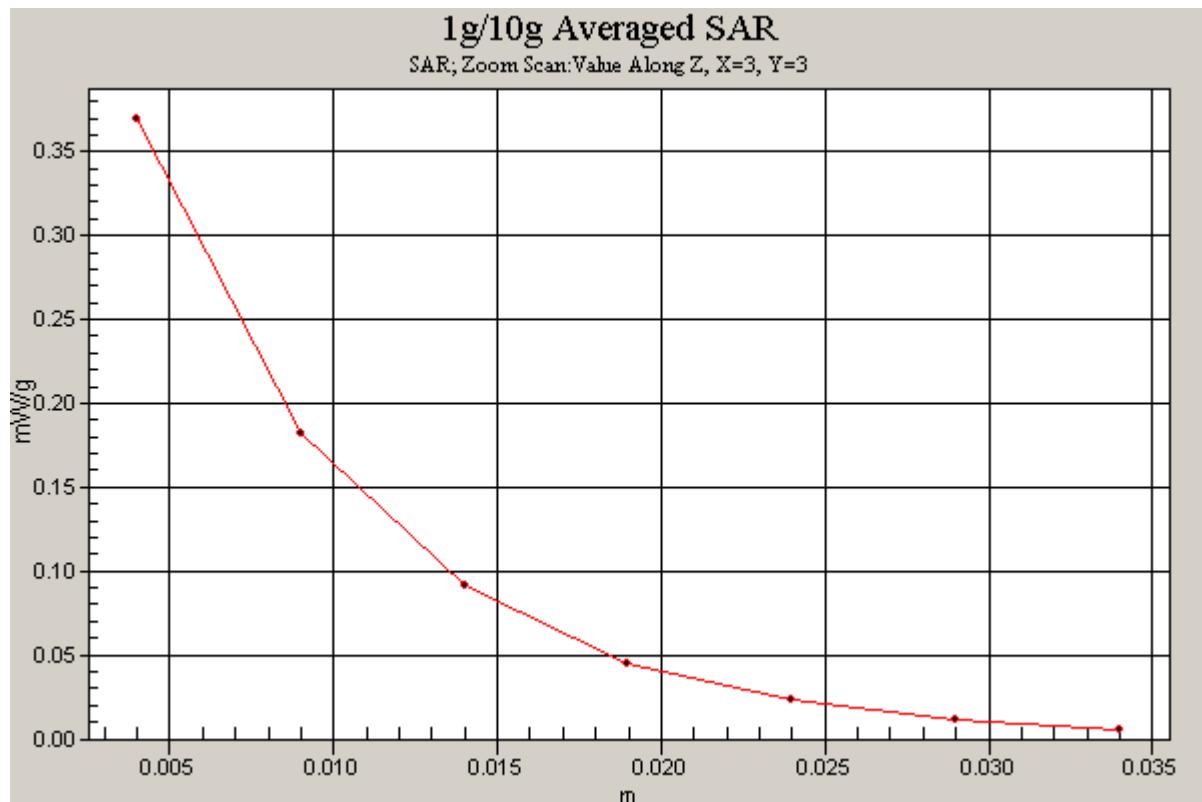


Figure 11 Test Position 2 802.11b Channel 6

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802.11b Test Position 2 Low

Date/Time: 8/9/2010 11:55:11 AM

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2412 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.74 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.22, 7.22, 7.22); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Test Position 2 Low/Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.281 mW/g

Test Position 2 Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 11.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.018 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.496 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.238 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.111 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.270 mW/g

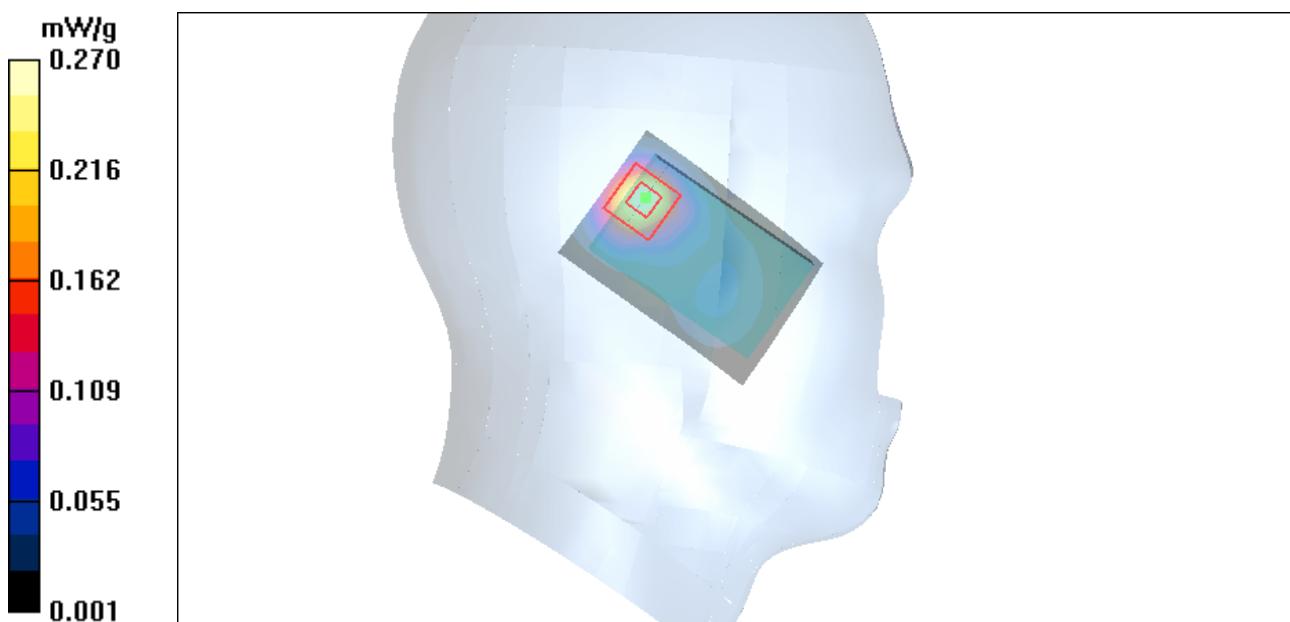


Figure 12 Test Position 2 802.11b Channel 1

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802.11b Test Position 3 Middle

Date/Time: 8/9/2010 9:20:07 AM

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2437 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.77 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.22, 7.22, 7.22); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Test Position 3 Middle/Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.224 mW/g

Test Position 3 Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.80 V/m; Power Drift = 0.163 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.311 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.179 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.090 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.208 mW/g

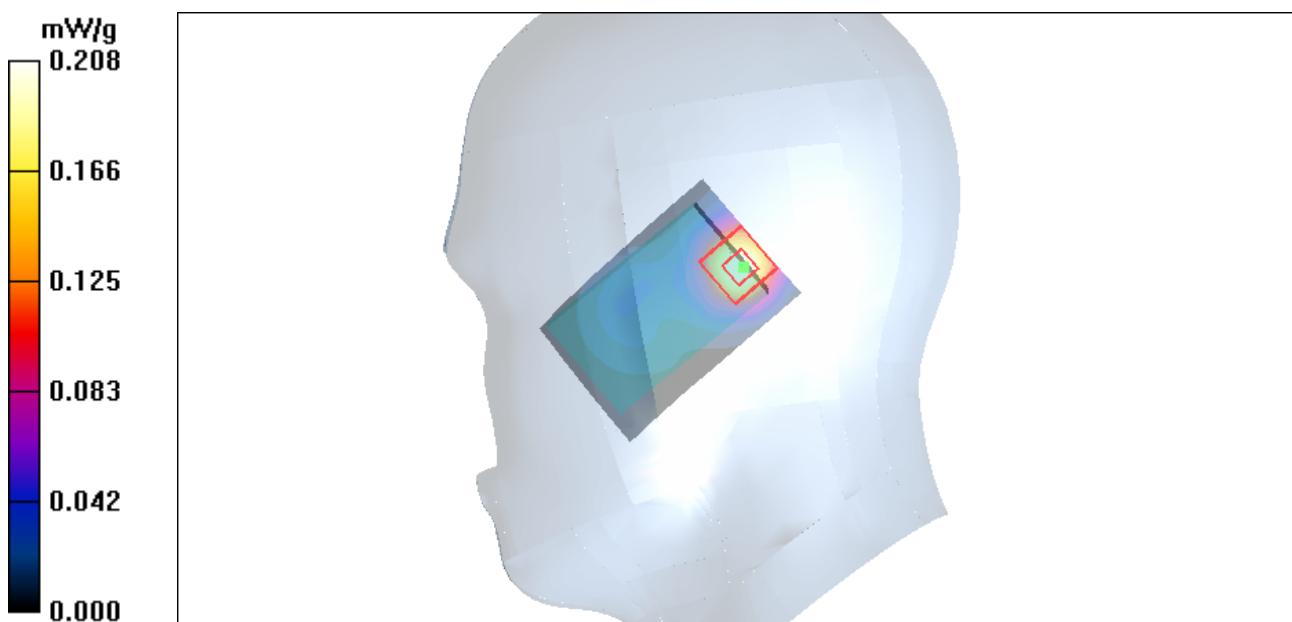


Figure 13 Test Position 3 802.11b Channel 6

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802.11b Test Position 4 Middle

Date/Time: 8/9/2010 9:37:19 AM

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2437 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.77 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.22, 7.22, 7.22); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Test Position 4 Middle/Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.270 mW/g

Test Position 4 Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 11.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.197 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.455 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.224 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.111 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.246 mW/g

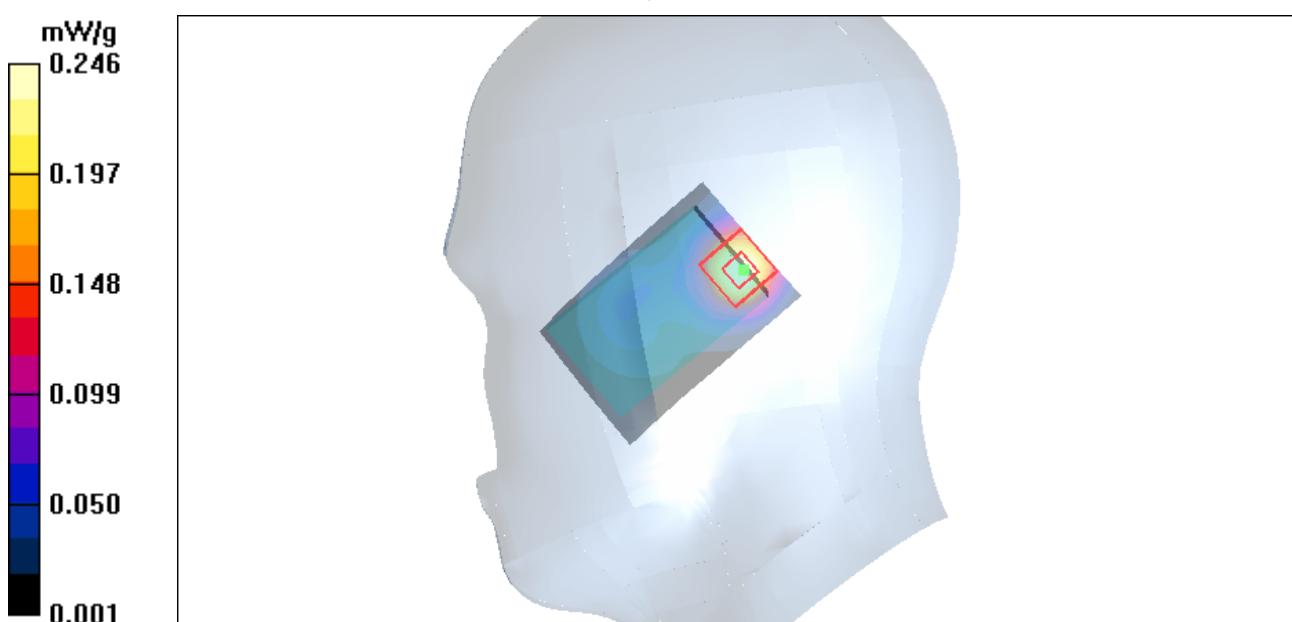


Figure 14 Test Position 4 802.11b Channel 6

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802.11b Test Position 5 Middle

Date/Time: 8/8/2010 11:20:11 AM

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2437 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.91 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.34, 7.34, 7.34); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Test Position 5 Middle/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.815 mW/g

Test Position 5 Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.014 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.41 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.532 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.247 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.644 mW/g

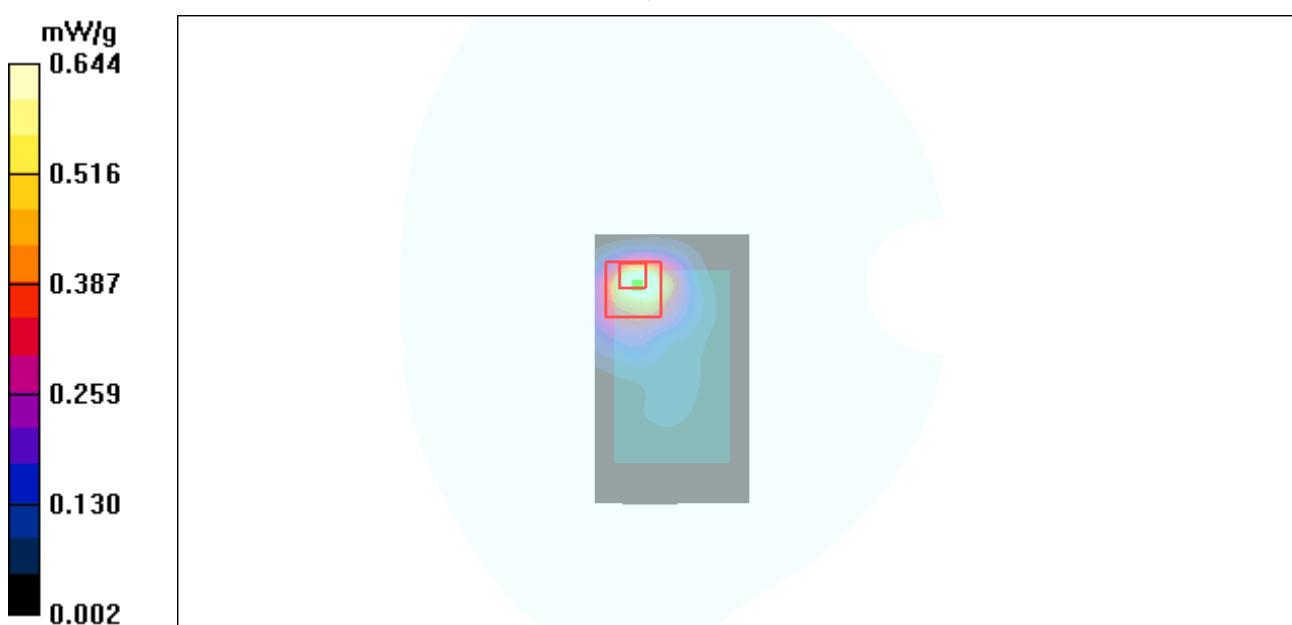


Figure 15 802.11b Test Position 5 Channel 6

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802.11b Test Position 6 High

Date/Time: 8/8/2010 3:16:02 PM

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.94 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.34, 7.34, 7.34); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Test Position 6 High/Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.50 mW/g

Test Position 6 High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.077 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.26 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.844 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.362 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.999 mW/g

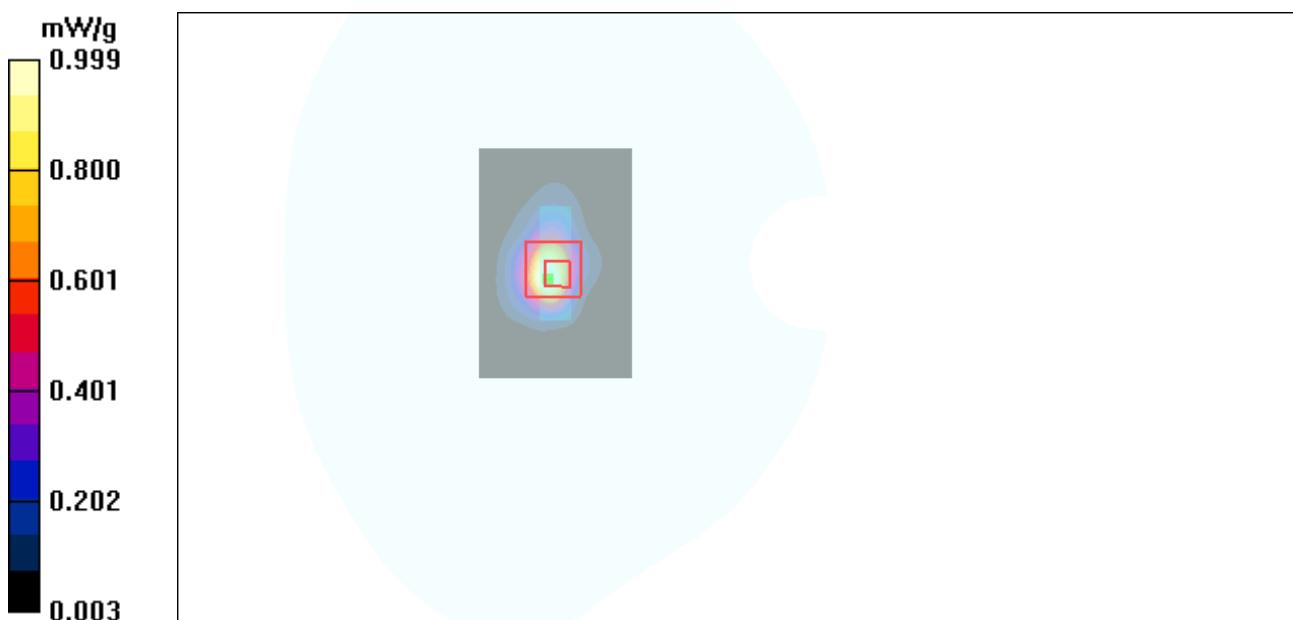


Figure 16 802.11b Test Position 6 Channel 11

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802.11b Test Position 6 Middle

Date/Time: 8/8/2010 1:55:35 PM

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2437 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.91 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.34, 7.34, 7.34); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Test Position 6 Middle/Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.72 mW/g

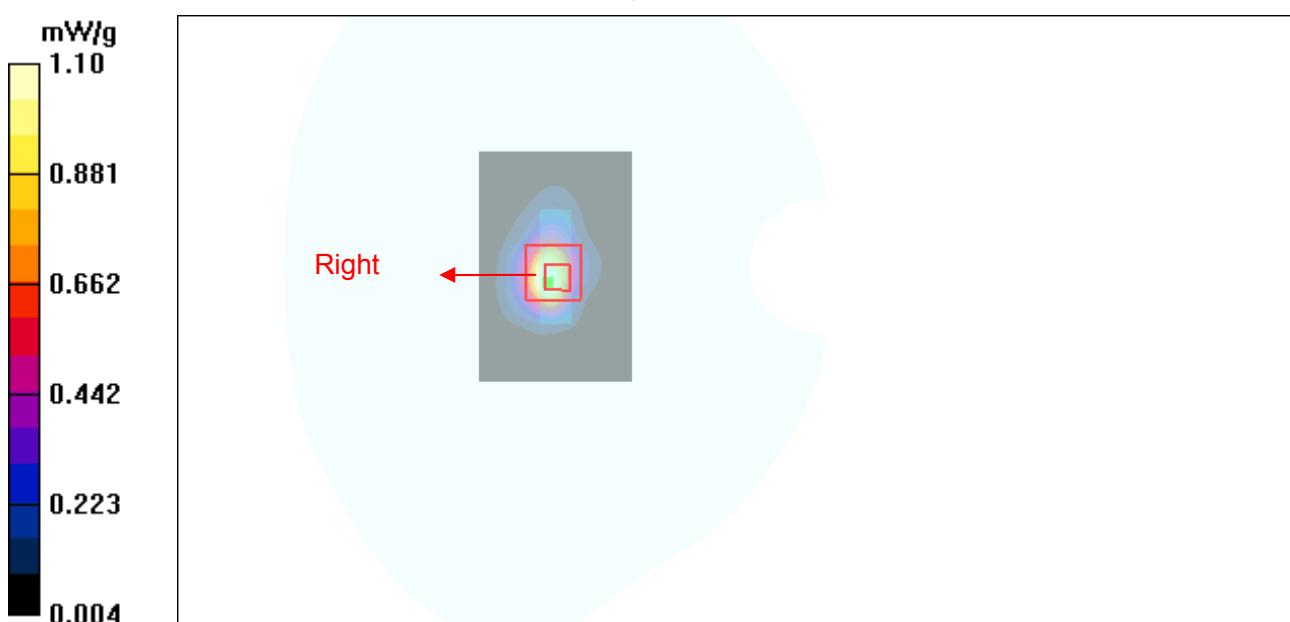
Test Position 6 Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.155 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.26 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.922 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.413 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.10 mW/g



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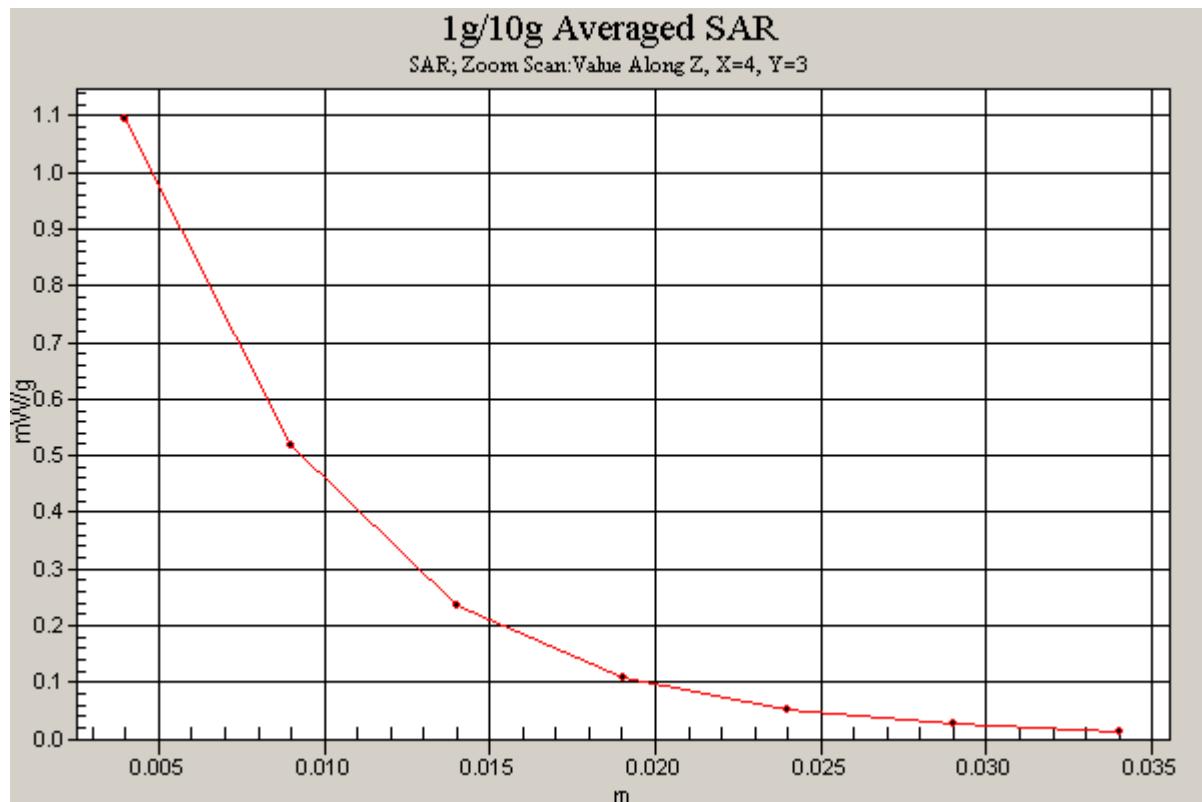


Figure 17 802.11b Test Position 6 Channel 6

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802.11b Test Position 6 Low

Date/Time: 8/8/2010 2:19:25 PM

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2412 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.88 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.34, 7.34, 7.34); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Test Position 6 Low/Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.41 mW/g

Test Position 6 Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.181 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.38 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.900 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.393 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.08 mW/g

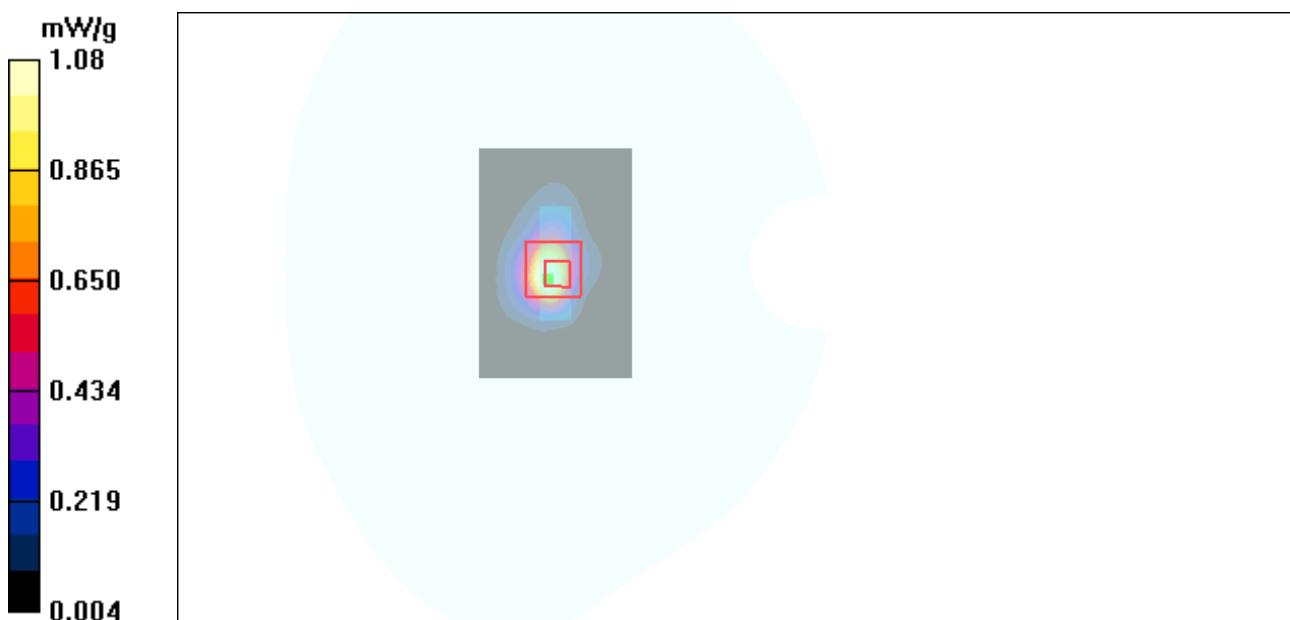


Figure 18 802.11b Test Position 6 Channel 1

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802.11b Test Position 7 Middle

Date/Time: 8/8/2010 11:39:20 AM

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2437 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.91 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.34, 7.34, 7.34); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Test Position 7 Middle/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.243 mW/g

Test Position 7 Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 5.61 V/m; Power Drift = -0.013 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.408 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.196 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.088 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.221 mW/g

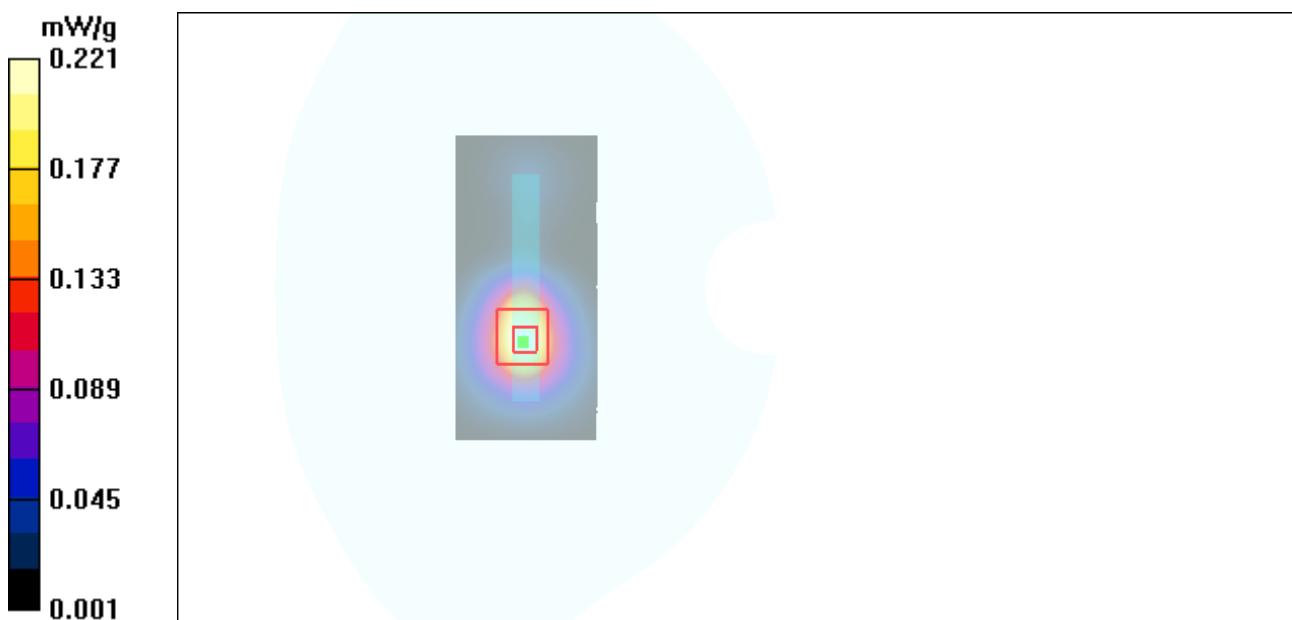


Figure 19 802.11b Test Position 7 Channel 6

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802.11b Test Position 8 Middle

Date/Time: 8/8/2010 12:07:58 PM

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2437 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.91 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.34, 7.34, 7.34); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Test Position 8 Middle/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.583 mW/g

Test Position 8 Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.087 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.42 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.478 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.183 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.571 mW/g

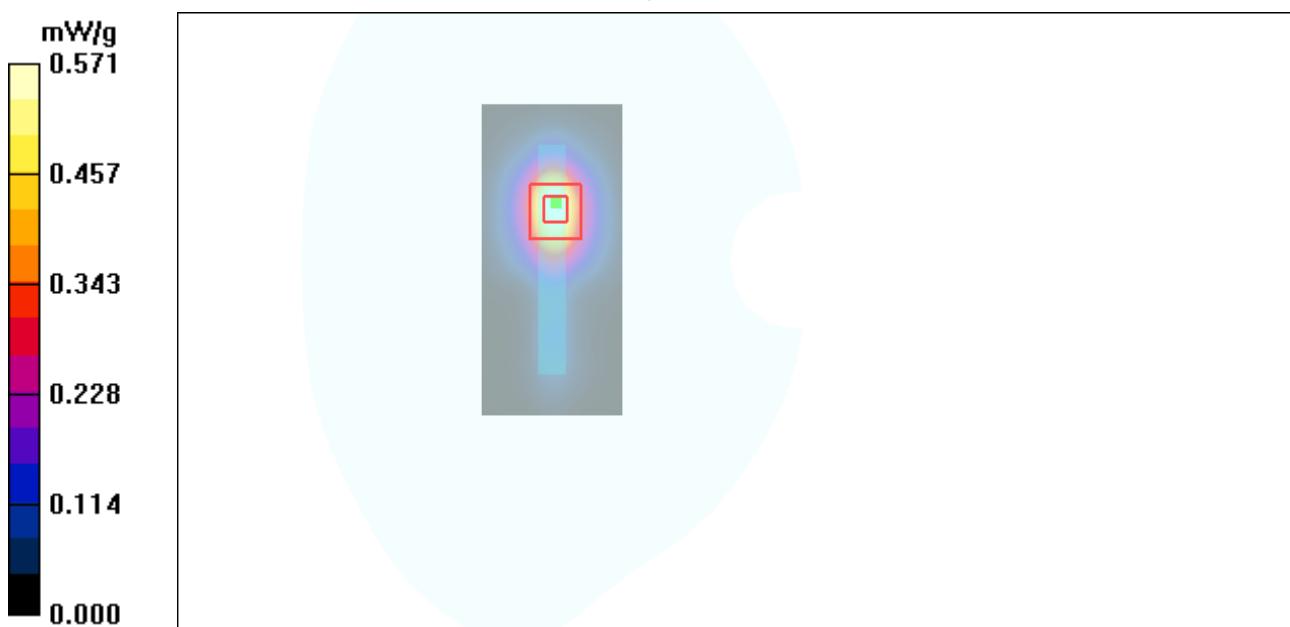


Figure 20 802.11b Test Position 8 Channel 6

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802.11b with Earphone Black Test Position 6 Middle

Date/Time: 8/8/2010 6:21:53 PM

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2437 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.91 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.34, 7.34, 7.34); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Test Position 6 Middle/Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.859 mW/g

Test Position 6 Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.114 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.21 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.823 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.360 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.954 mW/g

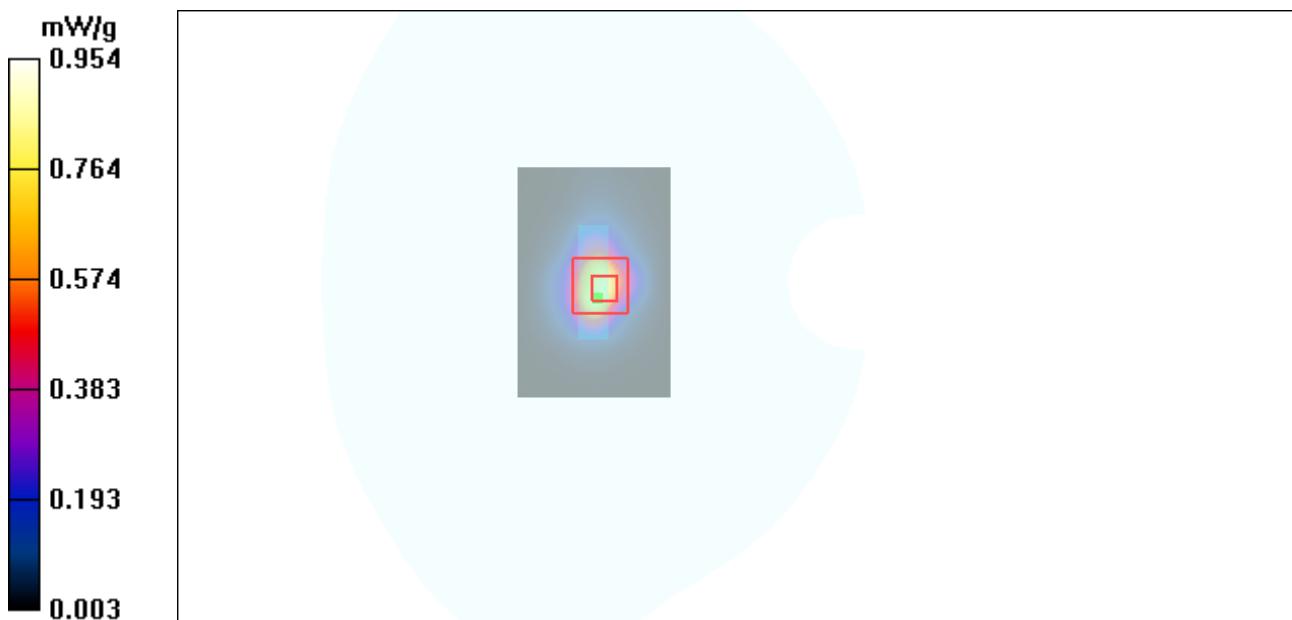


Figure 21 802.11b with Earphone Black Test Position 6 Channel 6

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802.11b with Earphone White Test Position 6 Middle

Date/Time: 8/8/2010 6:45:08 PM

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.91$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.34, 7.34, 7.34); Calibrated: 12/30/2009

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/11/2009

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Test Position 6 Middle/Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.974 mW/g

Test Position 6 Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.008 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.03 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.810 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.357 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.957 mW/g

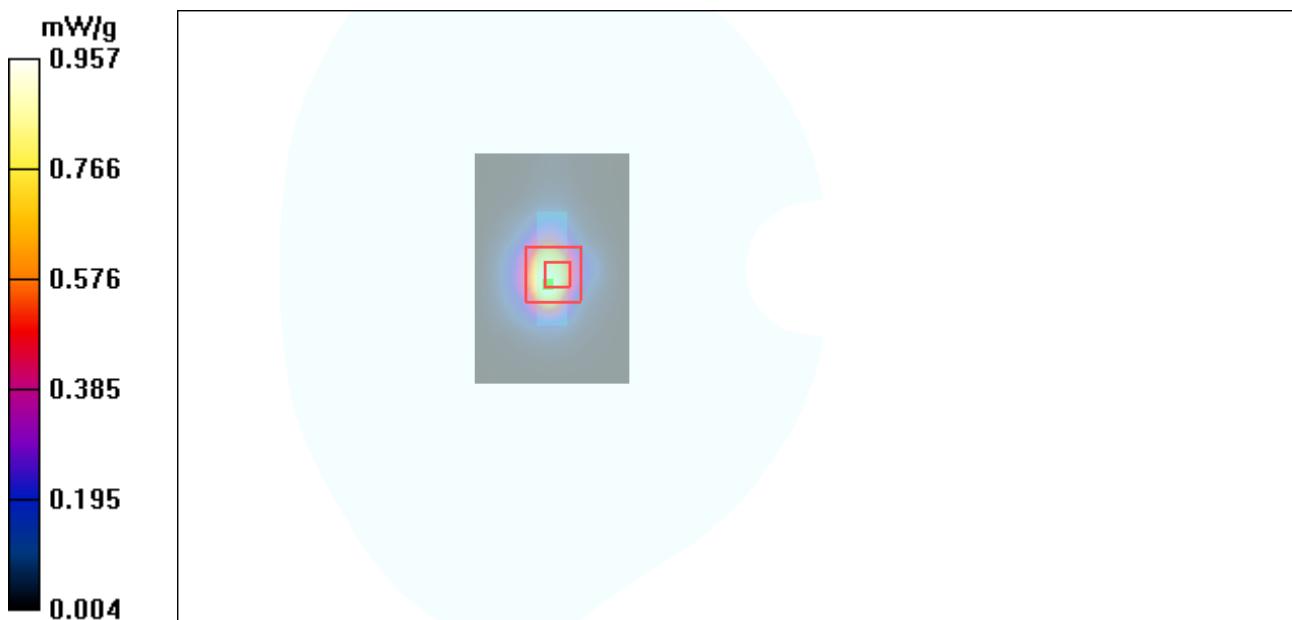


Figure 22 802.11b with Earphone White Test Position 6 Channel 6

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ANNEX D: Probe Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client **Auden**

Certificate No: EX3-3661_Dec09

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EX3DV4 - SN:3661

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v6, QA CAL-14.v3, QA CAL-23.v3 and QA CAL-25.v2
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: December 30, 2009

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID # | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|----------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Power meter E4419B | GB41293874 | 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) | Apr-10 |
| Power sensor E4412A | MY41495277 | 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) | Apr-10 |
| Power sensor E4412A | MY41498087 | 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) | Apr-10 |
| Reference 3 dB Attenuator | SN: S5054 (3c) | 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01028) | Mar-10 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: S5086 (20b) | 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01028) | Mar-10 |
| Reference 30 dB Attenuator | SN: S5129 (30b) | 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01027) | Mar-10 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV2 | SN: 3013 | 2-Jan-09 (No. ES3-3013_Jan09) | Jan-10 |
| DAE4 | SN: 880 | 29-Sep-09 (No. DAE4-880_Sep09) | Sep-10 |

| Secondary Standards | ID # | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
|---------------------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| RF generator HP 8648C | US3642U01700 | 4-Aug-09 (in house check Oct-09) | In house check: Oct-11 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E | US37390585 | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09) | In house check: Oct-10 |

| Calibrated by: | Name | Function | Signature |
|----------------|---------------|-------------------|-----------|
| | Katja Pokovic | Technical Manager | |

| Approved by: | Name | Function | Signature |
|--------------|--------------|-----------------|-----------|
| | Nicla Kuster | Quality Manager | |

Issued: December 30, 2009

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

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Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Glossary:

| | |
|------------------------|--|
| TSL | tissue simulating liquid |
| NORMx,y,z | sensitivity in free space |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z |
| DCP | diode compression point |
| CF | crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal |
| A, B, C | modulation dependent linearization parameters |
| Polarization φ | φ rotation around probe axis |
| Polarization θ | θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\theta = 0$ is normal to probe axis |

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- $NORM_{x,y,z}$: Assessed for E-field polarization $\theta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). $NORM_{x,y,z}$ are only intermedidate values, i.e., the uncertainties of $NORM_{x,y,z}$ does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- $NORM(f)x,y,z = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response$ (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- $DCP_{x,y,z}$: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- $A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}, VR_{x,y,z}$: A, B, C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- *ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters*: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to $NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF$ whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- *Spherical Isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)*: In a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- *Sensor Offset*: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

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EX3DV4 SN:3661

December 30, 2009

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3661

Manufactured: October 20, 2008
Calibrated: December 30, 2009

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

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EX3DV4 SN:3661

December 30, 2009

DASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3661

Basic Calibration Parameters

| | Sensor X | Sensor Y | Sensor Z | Unc (k=2) |
|--|----------|----------|----------|-------------|
| Norm (μ V/(V/m) ²) ^A | 0.46 | 0.52 | 0.48 | \pm 10.1% |
| DCP (mV) ^B | 89.4 | 91.4 | 90.5 | |

Modulation Calibration Parameters

| UID | Communication System Name | PAR | | A dB | B dBuV | C | VR mV | Unc ^E (k=2) |
|-------|---------------------------|------|-------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|
| 10000 | CW | 0.00 | X Y Z | 0.00 0.00 0.00 | 0.00 0.00 0.00 | 1.00 1.00 1.00 | 300 300 300 | \pm 1.5% |

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

^B Numerical linearization parameter uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the maximum deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

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EX3DV4 SN:3661

December 30, 2009

DASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3661

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

| f [MHz] | Validity [MHz] ^c | Permittivity | Conductivity | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha | Depth Unc (k=2) |
|---------|-----------------------------|--------------|--------------|---------|---------|---------|-------|-----------------|
| 835 | ± 50 / ± 100 | 41.5 ± 5% | 0.90 ± 5% | 9.34 | 9.34 | 9.34 | 0.69 | 0.64 ± 11.0% |
| 900 | ± 50 / ± 100 | 41.5 ± 5% | 0.97 ± 5% | 9.06 | 9.06 | 9.06 | 0.72 | 0.64 ± 11.0% |
| 1750 | ± 50 / ± 100 | 40.1 ± 5% | 1.37 ± 5% | 8.19 | 8.19 | 8.19 | 0.59 | 0.63 ± 11.0% |
| 1950 | ± 50 / ± 100 | 40.0 ± 5% | 1.40 ± 5% | 7.77 | 7.77 | 7.77 | 0.83 | 0.56 ± 11.0% |
| 2450 | ± 50 / ± 100 | 39.2 ± 5% | 1.80 ± 5% | 7.22 | 7.22 | 7.22 | 0.35 | 0.83 ± 11.0% |
| 5200 | ± 50 / ± 100 | 36.0 ± 5% | 4.66 ± 5% | 5.01 | 5.01 | 5.01 | 0.45 | 1.75 ± 13.1% |
| 5500 | ± 50 / ± 100 | 35.6 ± 5% | 4.96 ± 5% | 4.38 | 4.38 | 4.38 | 0.48 | 1.75 ± 13.1% |
| 5800 | ± 50 / ± 100 | 35.3 ± 5% | 5.27 ± 5% | 4.26 | 4.26 | 4.26 | 0.45 | 1.75 ± 13.1% |

^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty all calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

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EX3DV4 SN:3661

December 30, 2009

DASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3661

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

| f [MHz] | Validity [MHz] ^c | Permittivity | Conductivity | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha | Depth Unc (k=2) |
|---------|-----------------------------|--------------|--------------|---------|---------|---------|-------|-----------------|
| 835 | ± 50 / ± 100 | 55.2 ± 5% | 0.97 ± 5% | 9.24 | 9.24 | 9.24 | 0.54 | 0.73 ± 11.0% |
| 900 | ± 50 / ± 100 | 55.0 ± 5% | 1.05 ± 5% | 8.97 | 8.97 | 8.97 | 0.53 | 0.72 ± 11.0% |
| 1750 | ± 50 / ± 100 | 53.4 ± 5% | 1.49 ± 5% | 7.93 | 7.93 | 7.93 | 0.67 | 0.65 ± 11.0% |
| 1950 | ± 50 / ± 100 | 53.3 ± 5% | 1.52 ± 5% | 7.60 | 7.60 | 7.60 | 0.60 | 0.69 ± 11.0% |
| 2450 | ± 50 / ± 100 | 52.7 ± 5% | 1.95 ± 5% | 7.34 | 7.34 | 7.34 | 0.26 | 1.12 ± 11.0% |
| 5200 | ± 50 / ± 100 | 49.0 ± 5% | 5.30 ± 5% | 4.59 | 4.59 | 4.59 | 0.46 | 1.75 ± 13.1% |
| 5500 | ± 50 / ± 100 | 48.6 ± 5% | 5.65 ± 5% | 4.11 | 4.11 | 4.11 | 0.46 | 1.75 ± 13.1% |
| 5800 | ± 50 / ± 100 | 48.2 ± 5% | 6.00 ± 5% | 4.12 | 4.12 | 4.12 | 0.48 | 1.75 ± 13.1% |

^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

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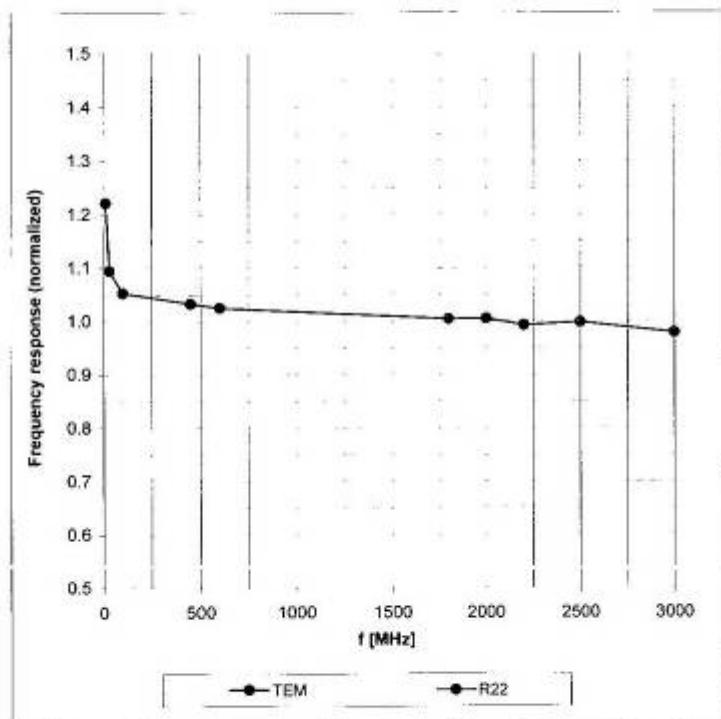
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EX3DV4 SN:3661

December 30, 2009

Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ ($k=2$)

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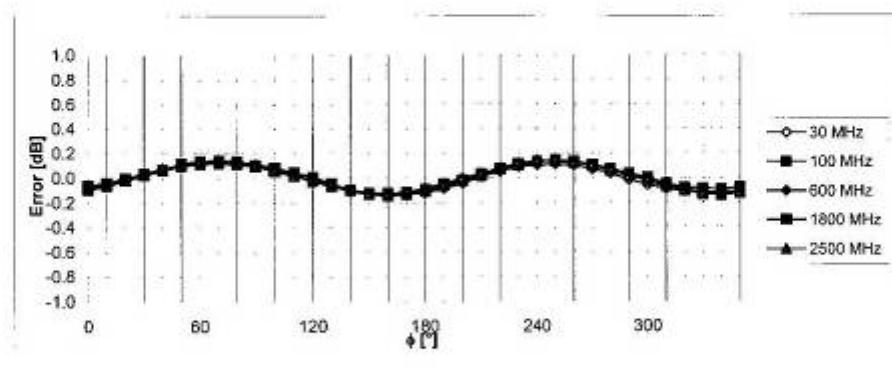
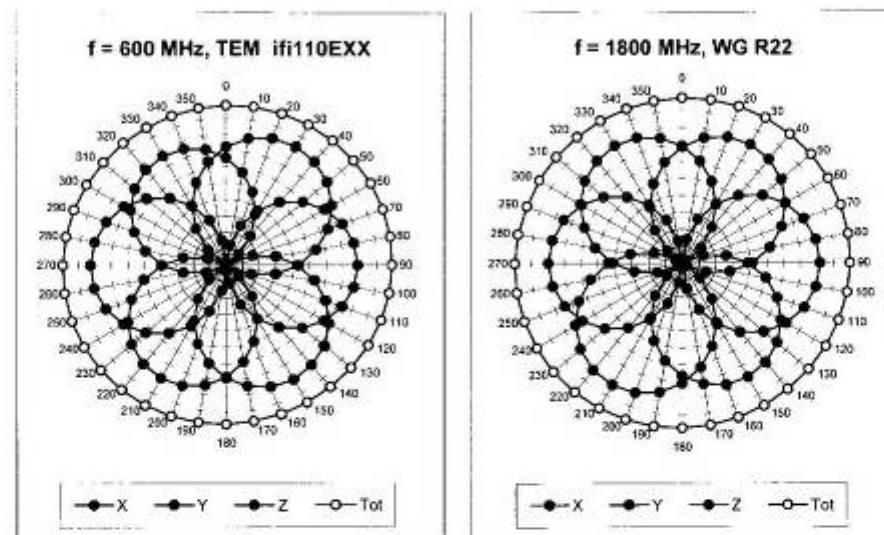
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EX3DV4 SN:3661

December 30, 2009

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\theta = 0^\circ$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ (k=2)

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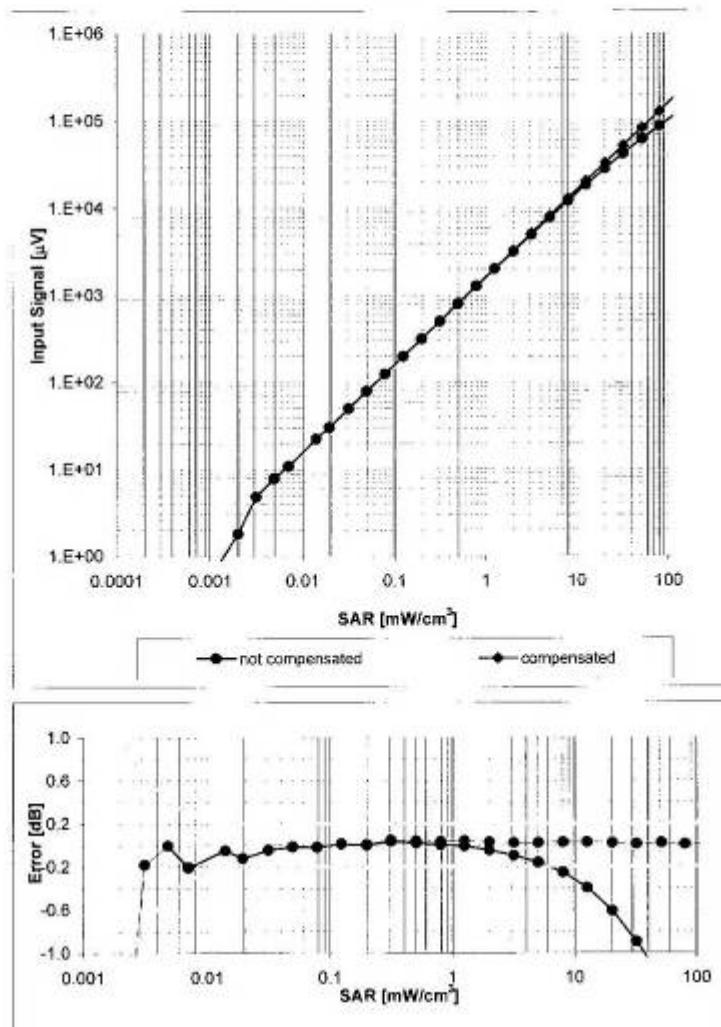
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EX3DV4 SN:3661

December 30, 2009

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})
(Waveguide R22, f = 1800 MHz)



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

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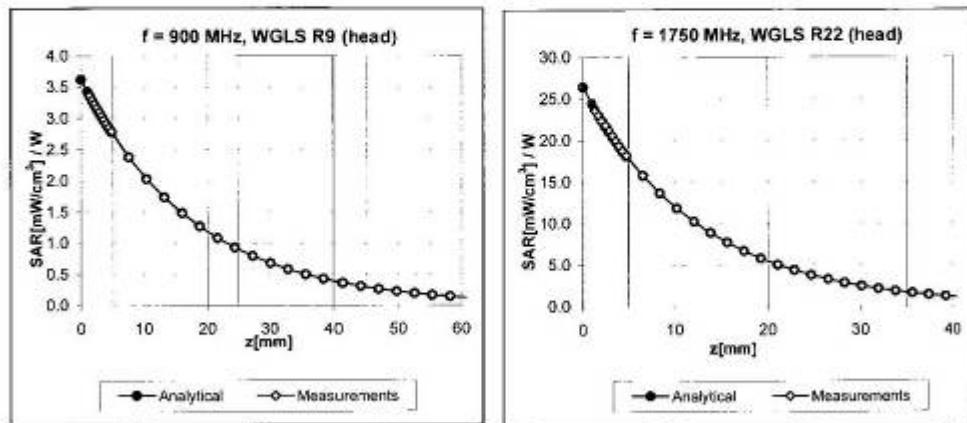
Report No. RZA2010-1143SAR

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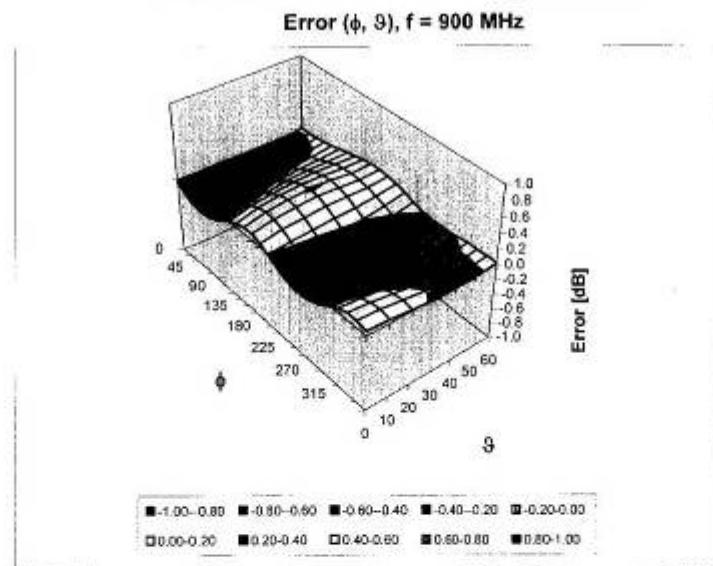
EX3DV4 SN:3661

December 30, 2009

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in HSL



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 2.6\%$ ($k=2$)

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EX3DV4 SN:3661

December 30, 2009

Other Probe Parameters

| | |
|---|----------------|
| Sensor Arrangement | Triangular |
| Connector Angle (") | Not applicable |
| Mechanical Surface Detection Mode | enabled |
| Optical Surface Detection Mode | disabled |
| Probe Overall Length | 337 mm |
| Probe Body Diameter | 10 mm |
| Tip Length | 9 mm |
| Tip Diameter | 2.5 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point | 1 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point | 1 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point | 1 mm |
| Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface | 2 mm |

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ANNEX E: D2450V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of
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Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client ATL (Auden)

Certificate No: D2450V2-712_Feb10

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D2450V2 - SN: 712

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v7
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: February 19, 2010

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID # | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Power meter EPM-442A | GB37480704 | 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) | Oct-10 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A | US37292783 | 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) | Oct-10 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: 5086 (20g) | 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025) | Mar-10 |
| Type-N mismatch combination | SN: 5047.2 / 06327 | 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029) | Mar-10 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV3 | SN: 3205 | 26-Jun-09 (No. ES3-3205_Jun09) | Jun-10 |
| DAE4 | SN: 601 | 07-Mar-09 (No. DAE4-601_Mar09) | Mar-10 |

| Secondary Standards | ID # | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
|---------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power sensor HP 8481A | MY41092317 | 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09) | In house check: Oct-11 |
| RF generator R&S SMT-06 | 100005 | 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) | In house check: Oct-11 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E | US37390585 S4206 | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09) | In house check: Oct-10 |

| Calibrated by: | Name | Function | Signature |
|----------------|----------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| | Jeton Kastrati | Laboratory Technician | |

| Approved by: | Name | Function | Signature |
|--------------|---------------|-------------------|-----------|
| | Katja Pokovic | Technical Manager | |

Issued: February 19, 2010

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Glossary:

| | |
|-------|---------------------------------|
| TSL | tissue simulating liquid |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z |
| N/A | not applicable or not measured |

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

- d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

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Test Report

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| DASY Version | DASY5 | V5.2 |
|------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| Extrapolation | Advanced Extrapolation | |
| Phantom | Modular Flat Phantom V4.9 | |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm | |
| Frequency | 2450 MHz ± 1 MHz | |

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 39.2 | 1.80 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 38.5 ± 6 % | 1.76 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature during test | (21.0 ± 0.2) °C | ---- | ---- |

SAR result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 13.3 mW / g |
| SAR normalized | normalized to 1W | 53.2 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 53.5 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 6.24 mW / g |
| SAR normalized | normalized to 1W | 25.0 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 25.0 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2) |

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Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 52.7 | 1.95 mho/m |
| Measured Body TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 51.7 ± 6 % | 2.00 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature during test | (21.2 ± 0.2) °C | ---- | ---- |

SAR result with Body TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 13.0 mW / g |
| SAR normalized | normalized to 1W | 52.0 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 51.1 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 5.97 mW / g |
| SAR normalized | normalized to 1W | 23.9 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 23.7 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2) |

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Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

| | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | $54.2 \Omega + 1.9 j\Omega$ |
| Return Loss | - 27.1 dB |

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

| | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | $50.1 \Omega + 5.2 j\Omega$ |
| Return Loss | - 25.7 dB |

General Antenna Parameters and Design

| | |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.144 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

| | |
|-----------------|---------------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
| Manufactured on | July 05, 2002 |

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 17.02.2010 13:12:38

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:712

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U11 BB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.77 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.53, 4.53, 4.53); Calibrated: 26.06.2009
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 07.03.2009
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

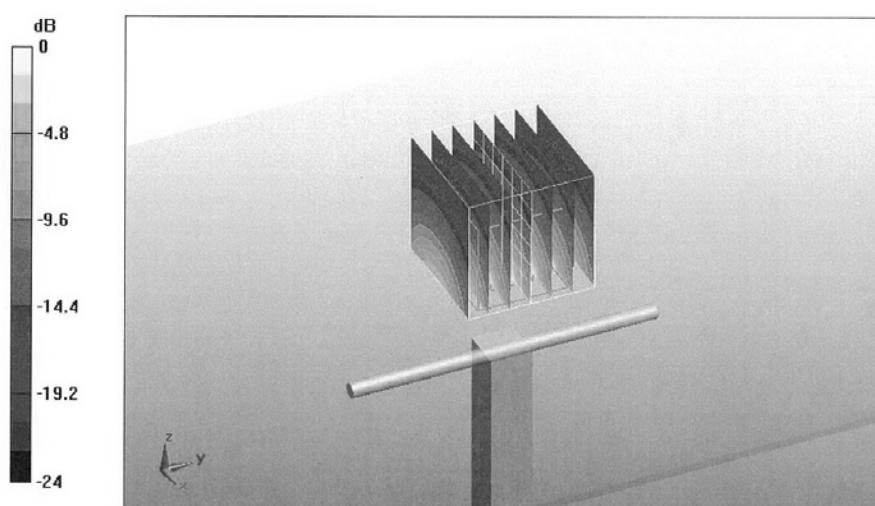
Pin=250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 102.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.032 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.24 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.1 mW/g



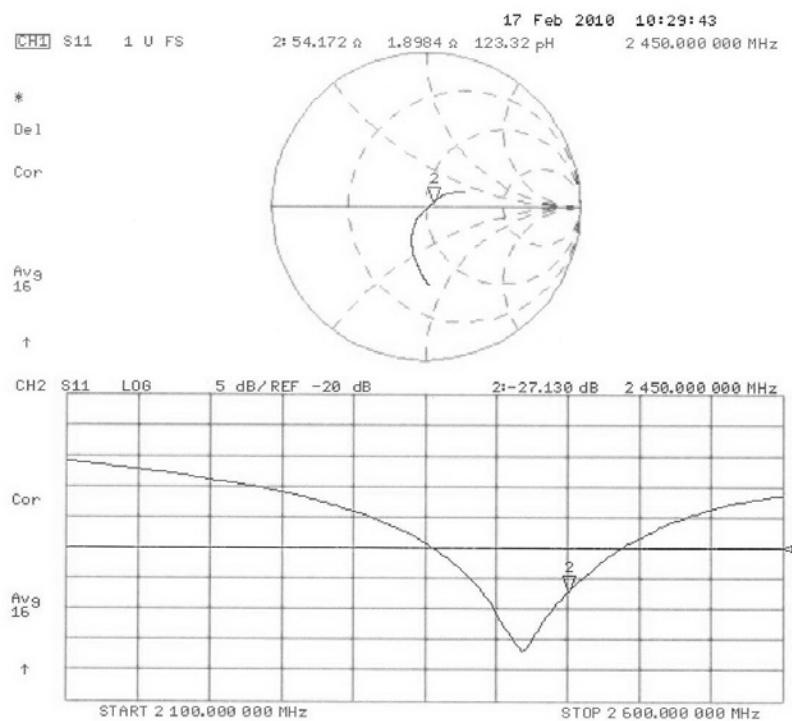
0 dB = 17.1mW/g

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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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DASY5 Validation Report for Body

Date/Time: 19.02.2010 13:05:49

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:712

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U10 BB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 2.01 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.31, 4.31, 4.31); Calibrated: 26.06.2009
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 07.03.2009
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

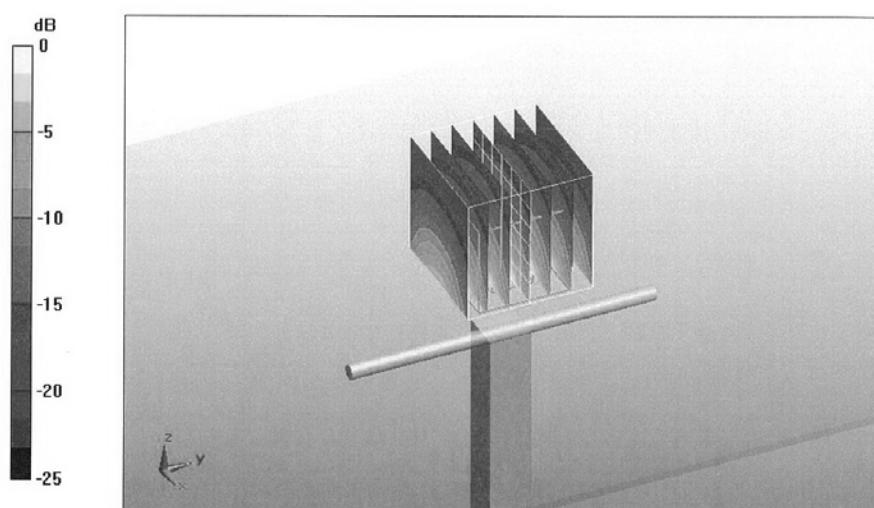
Pin250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 94.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.015 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.97 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17 mW/g



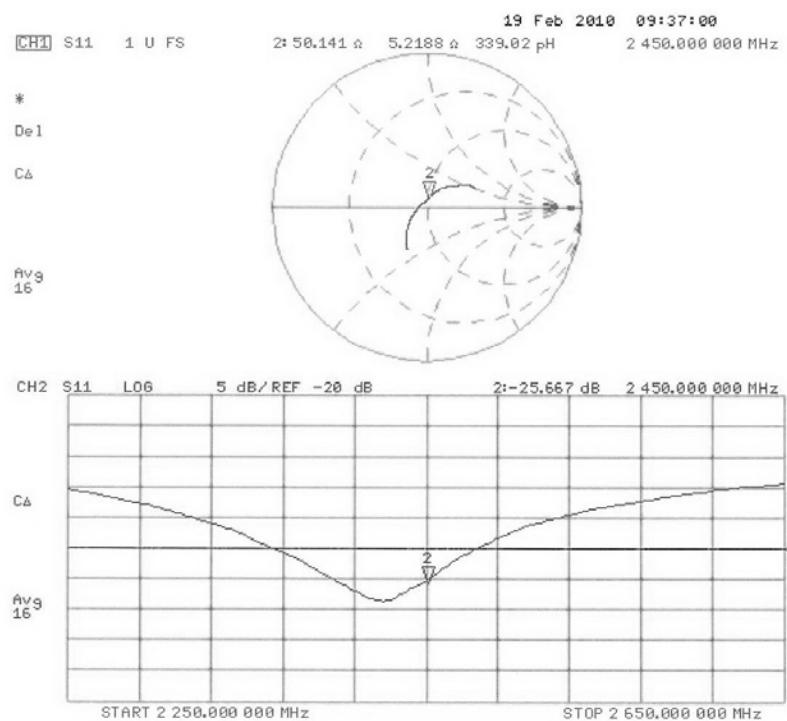
0 dB = 17mW/g

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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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ANNEX F: DAE4 Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of
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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client TA - SH (Auden)

Certificate No: DAE4-871_Nov09

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BJ - SN: 871

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-06.v12
Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)

Calibration date: November 11, 2009

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID # | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 | SN: 0810278 | 1-Oct-09 (No: 9055) | Oct-10 |
| Secondary Standards | ID # | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
| Calibrator Box V1.1 | SE UMS 006 AB 1004 | 05-Jun-09 (in house check) | In house check: Jun-10 |

| | | | |
|----------------|-----------------------|------------------------|---------------|
| Calibrated by: | Name Andrea Guntli | Function Technician | Signature |
| Approved by: | Fin Bomholt | R&D Director | |

Issued: November 11, 2009

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Glossary

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| DAE | data acquisition electronics |
| Connector angle | information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system. |

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- *DC Voltage Measurement:* Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle:* The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
 - *DC Voltage Measurement Linearity:* Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
 - *Common mode sensitivity:* Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
 - *Channel separation:* Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
 - *AD Converter Values with inputs shorted:* Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
 - *Input Offset Measurement:* Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
 - *Input Offset Current:* Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
 - *Input resistance:* DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
 - *Low Battery Alarm Voltage:* Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
 - *Power consumption:* Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

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DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = $6.1\mu V$, full range = $-100...+300 mV$

Low Range: 1LSB = $61nV$, full range = $-1.....+3mV$

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

| Calibration Factors | X | Y | Z |
|---------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| High Range | $404.813 \pm 0.1\% (k=2)$ | $404.794 \pm 0.1\% (k=2)$ | $405.237 \pm 0.1\% (k=2)$ |
| Low Range | $3.98191 \pm 0.7\% (k=2)$ | $3.98417 \pm 0.7\% (k=2)$ | $3.98912 \pm 0.7\% (k=2)$ |

Connector Angle

| | |
|---|--------------------------|
| Connector Angle to be used in DASY system | $90.0^\circ \pm 1^\circ$ |
|---|--------------------------|

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Appendix

1. DC Voltage Linearity

| High Range | | Reading (μ V) | Difference (μ V) | Error (%) |
|------------|---------|--------------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| Channel X | + Input | 199994.0 | 1.84 | 0.00 |
| Channel X | + Input | 19999.85 | 0.05 | 0.00 |
| Channel X | - Input | -19997.97 | 1.83 | -0.01 |
| Channel Y | + Input | 200010.3 | -3.71 | -0.00 |
| Channel Y | + Input | 19999.12 | -0.48 | -0.00 |
| Channel Y | - Input | -20000.18 | -0.78 | 0.00 |
| Channel Z | + Input | 200010.2 | -2.80 | -0.00 |
| Channel Z | + Input | 19998.54 | -0.86 | -0.00 |
| Channel Z | - Input | -19999.82 | 0.00 | 0.00 |

| Low Range | | Reading (μ V) | Difference (μ V) | Error (%) |
|-----------|---------|--------------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| Channel X | + Input | 2000.3 | 0.22 | 0.01 |
| Channel X | + Input | 200.20 | 0.30 | 0.15 |
| Channel X | - Input | -199.89 | 0.21 | -0.10 |
| Channel Y | + Input | 1999.8 | -0.13 | -0.01 |
| Channel Y | + Input | 200.06 | -0.04 | -0.02 |
| Channel Y | - Input | -200.43 | -0.73 | 0.36 |
| Channel Z | + Input | 1999.5 | -0.57 | -0.03 |
| Channel Z | + Input | 199.58 | -0.72 | -0.36 |
| Channel Z | - Input | -201.11 | -1.01 | 0.51 |

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

| | Common mode Input Voltage (mV) | High Range Average Reading (μ V) | Low Range Average Reading (μ V) |
|-----------|-----------------------------------|--|---|
| Channel X | 200 | 13.79 | 12.75 |
| | -200 | -12.26 | -13.72 |
| Channel Y | 200 | -11.82 | -11.47 |
| | -200 | 10.67 | 10.68 |
| Channel Z | 200 | -1.08 | -1.35 |
| | -200 | 0.32 | 0.12 |

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

| | Input Voltage (mV) | Channel X (μ V) | Channel Y (μ V) | Channel Z (μ V) |
|-----------|--------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Channel X | 200 | - | 3.36 | 1.06 |
| Channel Y | 200 | 1.52 | - | 3.59 |
| Channel Z | 200 | 2.55 | 1.41 | - |

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4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

| | High Range (LSB) | Low Range (LSB) |
|-----------|------------------|-----------------|
| Channel X | 15928 | 16288 |
| Channel Y | 16188 | 15745 |
| Channel Z | 15790 | 16219 |

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input 10MΩ

| | Average (μ V) | min. Offset (μ V) | max. Offset (μ V) | Std. Deviation (μ V) |
|-----------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|
| Channel X | 0.06 | -3.43 | 1.18 | 0.52 |
| Channel Y | -0.71 | -2.66 | 0.96 | 0.57 |
| Channel Z | -0.95 | -1.94 | 0.04 | 0.41 |

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance

| | Zeroing (MOhm) | Measuring (MOhm) |
|-----------|----------------|------------------|
| Channel X | 0.1999 | 204.4 |
| Channel Y | 0.1999 | 203.6 |
| Channel Z | 0.1999 | 203.8 |

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (verified during pre test)

| Typical values | Alarm Level (VDC) |
|----------------|-------------------|
| Supply (+ Vcc) | +7.9 |
| Supply (- Vcc) | -7.6 |

9. Power Consumption (verified during pre test)

| Typical values | Switched off (mA) | Stand by (mA) | Transmitting (mA) |
|----------------|-------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| Supply (+ Vcc) | +0.0 | +6 | +14 |
| Supply (- Vcc) | -0.01 | -8 | -9 |