

ZB7

SimpleLinkTM Multistandard Wireless MCU Module TI CC26X0 series BLE & 802.15.4 Solution With optional 4Mbits Serial SPI Flash Memory

Datasheet

Draft 0.2

Prepared By	Reviewed By	Approved By



<u>Index</u>

1. OVERVIEW	3
1.1. GENERAL FEATURES	3
1.2. Applications	4
2. FUNCTIONAL FEATURES	5
2.1. MODULE BLOCK DIAGRAM	5
2.2. Block Functional Feature	6
Microcontroller	6
Ultra-Low Power Sensor Controller	6
Peripherals	6
RF Section	7
4M bits SPI serial Flash (optional)	7
3. MODULE OUTLINE	8
3.1. SIGNAL LAYOUT (TOP VIEW)	8
3.2. PIN DESCRIPTION	9
4. MODULE SPECIFICATIONS	11
4.1. Absolute Maximum Ratings ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	11
4.2. ESD Ratings	12
4.3. RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS	12
4.4. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS	13
4.5. General Characteristics	14
4.6. 1-MBPS GFSK (BLUETOOTH LOW ENERGY) – RX	14
4.7. 1-MBPS GFSK (BLUETOOTH LOW ENERGY) – TX	
4.8. IEEE 802.15.4 (OFFSET Q-PSK DSSS, 250 KBPS) – RX	16
4.9. IEEE 802.15.4 (OFFSET Q-PSK DSSS, 250 KBPS) – TX	
4.10. Internal 24-MHz Crystal Oscillator (XOSC_HF) ⁽¹⁾	18
4.11. 32.768-KHz Crystal Oscillator (XOSC_LF)	
4.12. 48-MHz RC Oscillator (RCOSC_HF)	18
4.13. 32-KHz RC OSCILLATOR (RCOSC_LF)	
4.14. ADC CHARACTERISTICS ⁽¹⁾	
4.15. Temperature Sensor	21
4.16. Battery Monitor	
4.17. CONTINUOUS TIME COMPARATOR	21



4.18. Low-Power Clocked Comparator	22
4.19. Programmable Current Source	22
4.20. DC CHARACTERISTICS	23
4.21. TIMING REQUIREMENTS	24
4.22. SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS	24
5.2. Reference Schematic	29
6. CHIP ANTENNA PERFORMACE SUMMARY	30
6.1. S-Parameter Test	30
6.2. DUT 3D PATTERN	31
6.3. Total Efficiency	31
7. PACKAGE INFORMATION	32
7.1. MODULE MECHANICAL OUTLINE	32
7.2. Ordering Information	34
7.3. PACKAGE MARKING	34
7.4. Test Grades	35
8. SMT AND BAKING RECOMMENDATION	36
8.1. Baking Recommendation	36
8.2. SMT RECOMMENDATION	36
9. TAPE REEL INFROMATION	38
9.1. COVER / CARRIER TAPE DIMENSION	38
10. REGULATORY INFORMATION	39
10.1. United States	39
10.2. Canada	40
10.3. Europe	41
10.4. JAPAN	41
10.5. TAIWAN	42
11. HISTORY CHANGE	43



1. OVERVIEW

The certified ZB7 module from JORJIN is a wireless MCU module targeting Bluetooth Smart, ZigBee®, 6LoWPAN, and ZigBee® RF4CE remote control applications. This module is based on TI CC26X0 wireless MCU QFN-32 package chip.

The module is a cost-effective, ultralow power, 2.4-GHz RF devices. Very low active RF and MCU current and low-power mode current consumption provide excellent battery lifetime and allow for operation on small coin cell batteries and in energy-harvesting applications.

The ZB7 module offers six footprint-compatible, function variants by embedded software.

Test Grade Code	BLE	802.15.4 - Zigbee	802.15.4	Addition 4Mbs SPI Flash
		(6LoWPAN)	(RF4CE)	
500-00	V	V	V	
500-04	V	V	V	V
410-00	V			
410-04	V			V
320-00		V		
320-04		V		V

1.1. General Features

- TI CC26X0, 24MHz & 32.768KHz crystals, DC2DC, 4M bits SPI serial flash memory (optional), and chip antenna on a single module.
- Built-in TI CC26X0 5x5mm RHB VQFN32 (15 GPIOs)
- LGA 25pins package.
- Dimension 16.9mm(L) x 11mm(W) x 2.45mm(H)
- Powerful ARM® Cortex®-M3 Microcontroller
- Ultra-Low Power Sensor Controller
- Efficient Code Size Architecture, Placing Drivers, Bluetooth® Low Energy Controller, IEEE 802.15.4 MAC, and Bootloader in ROM
- No external component required.
- Low Power and Wide Supply Voltage Range: 1.8 to 3.8V
 - Internal DC-DC converter built-in



- 2.4-GHz RF Transceiver Compatible With Bluetooth Low Energy (BLE) 4.2 Specification and IEEE 802.15.4 PHY and MAC
 - Excellent Receiver Sensitivity (–96 dBm for BLE and –99 dBm for 802.15.4), Selectivity, and Blocking Performance
 - Programmable Output Power up to +5 dBm
 - Integrated Antenna
- Tools and Development Environment from TI
 - Full-Feature and Low-Cost Development Kits
 - Packet Sniffer PC Software
 - Sensor Controller Studio
 - SmartRF™ Studio
 - SmartRF Flash Programmer 2
 - IAR Embedded Workbench® for ARM
 - Code Composer Studio™

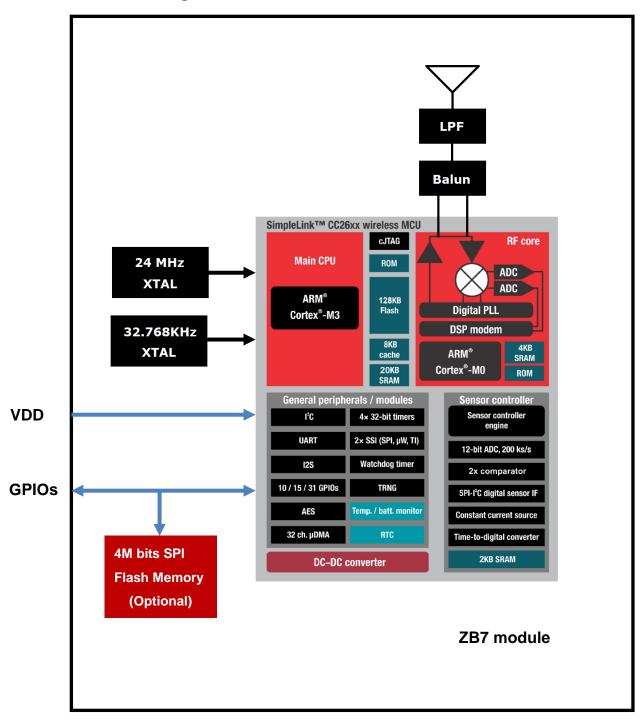
1.2. Applications

- Consumer Electronics
- Mobile Phone Accessories
- Sports and Fitness Equipment
- HID Applications
- Home and Building Automation
- Lighting Control
- Alarm and Security
- Electronic Shelf Labeling
- Proximity Tags
- Medical
- Remote Controls
- Wireless Sensor Networks



2. FUNCTIONAL FEATURES

2.1. Module Block Diagram





2.2. Block Functional Feature

Microcontroller

- Powerful ARM® Cortex®-M3
- EEMBC CoreMark® score: 142
- Up to 48-MHz Clock Speed
- 128KB of In-System Programmable Flash
- 8-KB SRAM for Cache
- 20-KB Ultra-Low Leakage SRAM
- 2-Pin cJTAG and JTAG Debugging
- Supports Over-The-Air Upgrade (OTA)

Ultra-Low Power Sensor Controller

- Can run autonomous from the rest of the system
- 16-Bit Architecture
- 2-KB Ultra-Low Leakage SRAM for Code and Data

Peripherals

- All Digital Peripheral Pins can be routed to any GPIO.
- 15 GPIOs
- 4 General-Purpose Timer Modules (8 × 16-Bit or 4 × 32-Bit Timer, PWM Each)
- 12-Bit ADC, 200-ksamples/s, 8-Channel Analog MUX
- Continuous Time Comparator
- Ultra-Low Power Analog Comparator
- Programmable Current Source
- UART
- 2x SSI (SPI, MICROWIRE, TI)
- 12C
- 12S
- Real-Time Clock (RTC)



- AES-128 Security Module
- True Random Number Generator (TRNG)
- Support for 8 Capacitive Sensing Buttons
- Integrated Temperature Sensor

RF Section

- 2.4 GHz RF Transceiver Compatible With Bluetooth Low Energy (BLE) 4.1 specification and IEEE 802.15.4 PHY and MAC
- Excellent Receiver Sensitivity (-96 dBm for BLE and -99 dBm for 802.15.4), Selectivity, and Blocking Performance
- Link budget of 101 dB/104 dB (BLE/802.15.4)
- Programmable Output Power up to +5 dBm
- Integrated Antenna
- Suitable for Systems Targeting Compliance With Worldwide Radio Frequency Regulations
 - ETSI EN 300 328 (Europe)
 - EN 300 440 Class 2 (Europe)
 - FCC CFR47 Part 15 (US)
 - ARIB STD-T66 (Japan)

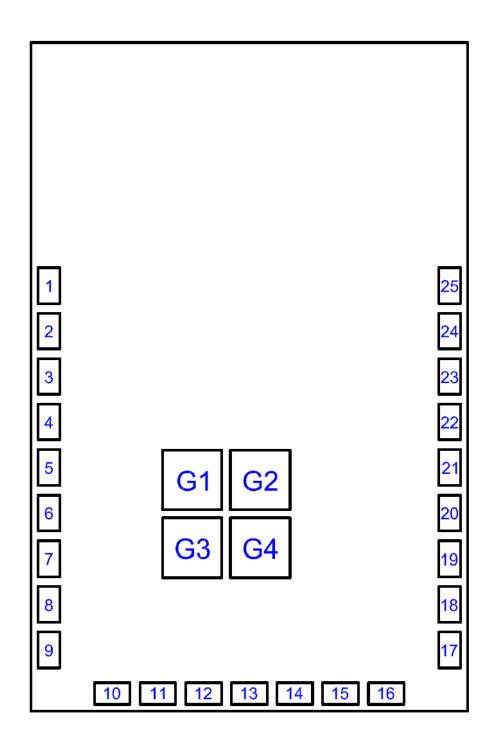
4M bits SPI serial Flash (optional)

- AT25DF041B SPI serial Flash from Adesto technologies.
- 128-byte, One-Time Programmable (OTP) Security Register
 - 64 bytes factory programmed with a unique identifier
 - 64 bytes user programmable
- Flexible Programming
 - Byte/Page Program (1 to 256 Bytes)
 - Sequential Program Mode Capability



3. MODULE OUTLINE

3.1. Signal Layout (Top View)





3.2. Pin Description

Table 3-1. Pin Description

Pin		10010 0 11	Pin Description
No.	Pin Name	Туре	Description
1	GND	GND	GND
2	NC	NC	No connection. For internal test only.
3	GND	GND	GND
4	DIO_0	Digital I/O	GPIO, Sensor Controller
5	DIO_1	Digital I/O	GPIO, Sensor Controller
6	DIO_2	Digital I/O	GPIO, Sensor Controller, High drive capability
7	DIO_3	Digital I/O	GPIO, Sensor Controller, High drive capability
8	DIO_4	Digital I/O	GPIO, Sensor Controller, High drive capability
9	JTAG_TMSC	Digital I/O	JTAG_TMSC, High drive capability
10	JTAG_TCKC	Digital I/O	JTAG_TCKC
11	DIO_5	Digital I/O	GPIO, High drive capability, JTAG_TDO
12	DIO_6	Digital I/O	GPIO, High drive capability, JTAG_TDI
13	RESET_N	Digital Input	Reset, active-low. No internal pullup. Built-in 0.1uF capacitor to GND.
14	DIO_7	Digital/Analog I/O	GPIO, Sensor Controller, Analog
15	DIO_8	Digital/Analog I/O	GPIO, Sensor Controller, Analog
16	DIO_9	Digital/Analog I/O	GPIO, Sensor Controller, Analog. In -04 module, DIO_9 pin is connected to CS# pin of internal serial SPI Flash.
17	DIO_10	Digital/Analog I/O	GPIO, Sensor Controller, Analog. In -04 module, DIO_10 pin is connected to SCLK pin of internal serial SPI Flash.
18	DIO_11	Digital/Analog I/O	GPIO, Sensor Controller, Analog. In -04 module, DIO_11 pin is connected to SI pin of internal serial SPI Flash.
19	DIO_12	Digital/Analog I/O	GPIO, Sensor Controller, Analog. In -04 module, DIO_12 pin is connected to SO pin of internal Serial SPI Flash.
20	DIO_13	Digital/Analog I/O	GPIO, Sensor Controller, Analog



21	DIO_14	Digital/Analog I/O	GPIO, Sensor Controller, Analog
22	VDDS ⁽¹⁾ Power 1.8 V to 3.8 V main chip and DC/DC s		1.8 V to 3.8 V main chip and DC/DC supply
23	VDDS2 (1)	Power 1.8 V to 3.8 V GPIO supply	
24	NC	NC	No connection.
25	GND	GND	Ground
G1~G4	GND	GND	Ground

⁽¹⁾ The power range is 1.8V to 3.6V for -04 module.



4. MODULE SPECIFICATIONS

4.1. Absolute Maximum Ratings (1)(2)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Conditions	MIN	MAX	Unit
Supply voltage, VDDS ⁽³⁾		-0.3	4.1	V
Voltage on any digital pin ⁽⁴⁾		-0.3	VDDS+0.3	V
			Max 4.1	
Voltage on ADC input (V _{in})	Voltage scaling enabled	-0.3	VDDS	V
	Internal reference, voltage scaling disabled	-0.3	1.49	V
	VDDS as reference, voltage scaling disabled	-0.3	VDDS/2.9	V
Input RF level			+5	dBm
Storage temperature range		-40	+85	°C

- (1) All voltage values are with respect to VDDS, unless otherwise noted.
- (2) Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- (3) VDDS2 must be at the same potential as VDDS.
- (4) Including analog capable DIO.



4.2. ESD Ratings

Parameter			Value	Unit
Electrostatic discharge	Human Body Model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS001 ⁽¹⁾	All pins	±2500	>
performance (V _{ESD})	Charged Device Model (CDM), per JESD22-C101 ⁽²⁾	RF pins	±750	V
		Non-RF pins	±750	V

⁽¹⁾ JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

4.3. Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Conditions	MIN	MAX	Unit
Ambient temperature range		-40	85	°C
Operating supply voltage (VDDS)	For operation in battery-powered and	1.8	3.8	V
For -00 module	3.3 V systems			
Operating supply voltage (VDDS)	For operation in battery-powered and	1.8	3.6	V
For -04 module	3.3 V systems			

⁽²⁾ JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.



4.4. Electrical Characteristics

Tc = 25°C, VDDS = 3.0 V with internal DC-DC converter, unless otherwise noted.

	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
		Reset. RESET_N pin asserted or VDDS below		100		nA
		Power-on-Reset threshold				
		Shutdown. No clocks running, no retention		150		nA
		Standby. With RTC, CPU, RAM and (partial)		1		μΑ
		register retention. RCOSC_LF				
		Standby. With RTC, CPU, RAM and (partial)		1.2		μΑ
		register retention. XOSC_LF				
I_{core}	Core current	Standby. With Cache, RTC, CPU, RAM and		2.5		μΑ
	consumption	(partial) register retention. RCOSC_LF				
		Standby. With Cache, RTC, CPU, RAM and		2.7		μΑ
		(partial) register retention. XOSC_LF				
		Idle. Supply Systems and RAM powered.		550		μΑ
		Active. Core running CoreMark		1.45mA +		
				31uA/MHz		
		Radio RX		6.1		mA
		Radio TX, 5 dBm output power		9.1		mA
	Peripheral Curre	ent Consumption (Adds to core current I _{core} for each	n periphera	al unit activated)	(1)	
	Peripheral	Delta current with domain enabled		20		μΑ
	power domain					
	Serial power	Delta current with domain enabled		13		μΑ
	domain					
	RF Core	Delta current with power domain enabled,		237		μΑ
I_{peri}		clock enabled, RF Core Idle				
	μ DMA	Delta current with clock enabled, module idle		130		μΑ
	Timers	Delta current with clock enabled, module idle		113		μΑ
	I2C	Delta current with clock enabled, module idle		12		μΑ
	I2S	Delta current with clock enabled, module idle		36		μΑ
	SSI	Delta current with clock enabled, module idle		93		μΑ
	UART	Delta current with clock enabled, module idle		164		μΑ

⁽¹⁾ I_{peri} is not supported in standby or shutdown modes.



4.5. General Characteristics

Tc = 25°C, VDDS = 3.0 V, unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units		
FLASH MEMORY							
Supported flash erase cycles		100			K		
before failure					Cycles		
Flash page/sector erase current	Average delta current		12.6		mA		
Flash page/sector erase time ⁽¹⁾			8		ms		
Flash page/sector size			4		KB		
Flash write current	Average delta current, 4 bytes at a time		8.15		mA		
Flash write time ⁽¹⁾	4 bytes at a time		8		μs		

⁽¹⁾ This number is dependent on Flash aging and will increase over time and erase cycles

4.6. 1-Mbps GFSK (Bluetooth Low Energy) - RX

RF performance is specified in a single ended 50 ohm reference plane at the antenna feeding point with Tc = 25° C, VDDS = 3.0 V, f_{RF} = 2440 MHz, unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Receiver sensitivity	BER = 10^{-3}		-96		dBm
Receiver saturation	BER = 10^{-3}		4		dBm
Frequency error	Difference between center frequency of the	-350		350	kHz
tolerance	received RF signal and local oscillator frequency.				
Data rate error	Difference between incoming data rate and the	-750		750	ppm
tolerance	internally generated data rate				
Co-channel rejection ⁽¹⁾	Wanted signal at –67 dBm, modulated interferer		-6		dB
	in channel, BER = 10^{-3}				
Selectivity, ±1 MHz ⁽¹⁾	Wanted signal at –67 dBm, modulated interferer		7 / 3 ⁽²⁾		dB
	at ±1 MHz, BER = 10 ⁻³				
Selectivity, ±2 MHz ⁽¹⁾	Wanted signal at –67 dBm, modulated interferer		34/25 ⁽²⁾		dB
	at ±2 MHz, BER = 10 ⁻³				
Selectivity, ±3 MHz ⁽¹⁾	Wanted signal at –67 dBm, modulated interferer		38/26 ⁽²⁾		dB
	at ±3 MHz, BER = 10 ⁻³				
Selectivity, ±4 MHz ⁽¹⁾	Wanted signal at –67 dBm, modulated interferer		42/29 ⁽²⁾		dB
	at ±4 MHz, BER = 10 ⁻³				



Selectivity, ±5 MHz or	Wanted signal at –67 dBm, modulated interferer	32	dB
more ⁽¹⁾	at $\ge \pm 5$ MHz, BER = 10^{-3}		
Selectivity, Image	Wanted signal at -67 dBm, modulated interferer	25	dB
frequency ⁽¹⁾	at image frequency, BER = 10^{-3}		
Selectivity, Image	Wanted signal at -67 dBm, modulated interferer	3/26 ₍₂₎	dB
frequency ±1 MHz (1)	at ± 1 MHz from image frequency, BER = 10^{-3}		
Out-of-band blocking ⁽³⁾	30 MHz to 2000 MHz	-20	dBm
Out-of-band blocking	2003 MHz to 2399 MHz	-5	dBm
Out-of-band blocking	2484 MHz to 2997 MHz	-8	dBm
Out-of-band blocking	3000 MHz to 12.75 GHz	-8	dBm
Intermodulation	Wanted signal at 2402 MHz, –64 dBm. Two	-34	dBm
	interferers at 2405 and 2408 MHz respectively, at		
	the given power level		
Spurious emissions,	Conducted measurement in a $50-\Omega$ single-ended	-71	dBm
30 to 1000 MHz	load. Suitable for systems targeting compliance		
	with EN 300 328, EN 300 440 class 2, FCC CFR47,		
	Part 15 and ARIB STD-T-66		
Spurious emissions,	Conducted measurement in a $50-\Omega$ single-ended	-62	dBm
1 to 12.75 GHz	load. Suitable for systems targeting compliance		
	with EN 300 328, EN 300 440 class 2, FCC CFR47,		
	Part 15 and ARIB STD-T-66		
RSSI dynamic range		70	dB
RSSI accuracy		±4	dB

⁽¹⁾ Numbers given as I/C dB

4.7. 1-Mbps GFSK (Bluetooth Low Energy) – TX

RF performance is specified in a single ended 50 ohm reference plane at the antenna feeding point with Tc = 25° C, VDDS = 3.0 V, f_{RF} = 2440 MHz, unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Output power, highest setting	Delivered to a single-ended 50-Ω load		5		dBm
Output power, lowest setting	Delivered to a single-ended 50-Ω load		-21		dBm

⁽²⁾ X / Y, where X is +N MHz and Y is -N MHz

⁽³⁾ Excluding one exception at F_{wanted} / 2, per Bluetooth Specification



Spurious emission conducted	f < 1 GHz, outside restricted bands	-43	dBm
measurement ⁽¹⁾	f < 1 GHz, restricted bands ETSI	-65	dBm
	f < 1 GHz, restricted bands FCC	-76	dBm
	f > 1 GHz, including harmonics	-46	dBm

⁽¹⁾ Suitable for systems targeting compliance with worldwide radio-frequency regulations ETSI EN 300 328 and EN 300 440 Class 2 (Europe), FCC CFR47 Part 15 (US), and ARIB STD-T66 (Japan).

4.8. IEEE 802.15.4 (Offset Q-PSK DSSS, 250 kbps) - RX

RF performance is specified in a single ended 50 ohm reference plane at the antenna feeding point with Tc = 25°C, VDDS = 3.0 V, fRF = 2440 MHz, unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Receiver sensitivity	PER = 1%		-99		dBm
Receiver saturation	PER = 1%		+4		dBm
Adjacent channel rejection	Wanted signal at –82 dBm, modulated interferer at		39		dB
	±5 MHz, PER=1%				
Alternate channel rejection	Wanted signal at –82 dBm, modulated interferer at		52		dB
	±10 MHz, PER=1%				
Channel rejection, ±15 MHz or	Wanted signal at –82 dBm, undesired signal is IEEE		57		dB
more	802.15.4 modulated channel, stepped through all				
	channels 2405 to 2480 MHz, PER = 1%				
Blocking and desensitization,	Wanted signal at –97 dBm (3 dB above the		64		dB
5MHz from upper band edge	sensitivity level), CW jammer, PER = 1%				
Blocking and desensitization,	Wanted signal at –97 dBm (3 dB above the		64		dB
10MHz from upper band edge	sensitivity level), CW jammer, PER = 1%				
Blocking and desensitization,	Wanted signal at –97 dBm (3 dB above the		65		dB
20MHz from upper band edge	sensitivity level), CW jammer, PER = 1%				
Blocking and desensitization,	Wanted signal at –97 dBm (3 dB above the		68		dB
50MHz from upper band edge	sensitivity level), CW jammer, PER = 1%				
Blocking and desensitization,	Wanted signal at –97 dBm (3 dB above the		63		dB
-5MHz from lower band edge	sensitivity level), CW jammer, PER = 1%				
Blocking and desensitization,	Wanted signal at –97 dBm (3 dB above the		63		dB
-10MHz from lower band edge	sensitivity level), CW jammer, PER = 1%				
Blocking and desensitization,	Wanted signal at –97 dBm (3 dB above the		65		dB
-20MHz from lower band edge	sensitivity level), CW jammer, PER = 1%				



Wanted signal at –97 dBm (3 dB above the	67	dB
sensitivity level), CW jammer, PER = 1%		
Conducted measurement in a 50 Ω single-ended	-71	dBm
load. Suitable for systems targeting compliance		
with EN 300 328, EN 300 440 class 2, FCC CFR47,		
Part 15 and ARIB STD-T-66		
Conducted measurement in a 50 Ω single-ended	-62	dBm
load. Suitable for systems targeting compliance		
with EN 300 328, EN 300 440 class 2, FCC CFR47,		
Part 15 and ARIB STD-T-66		
Difference between center frequency of the	>200	ppm
received RF signal and local oscillator frequency		
Difference between incoming symbol rate and the	>1000	ppm
internally generated symbol rate		
	100	dB
	±4	dB
	sensitivity level), CW jammer, PER = 1% Conducted measurement in a 50 Ω single-ended load. Suitable for systems targeting compliance with EN 300 328, EN 300 440 class 2, FCC CFR47, Part 15 and ARIB STD-T-66 Conducted measurement in a 50 Ω single-ended load. Suitable for systems targeting compliance with EN 300 328, EN 300 440 class 2, FCC CFR47, Part 15 and ARIB STD-T-66 Difference between center frequency of the received RF signal and local oscillator frequency Difference between incoming symbol rate and the	sensitivity level), CW jammer, PER = 1% Conducted measurement in a 50 Ω single-ended load. Suitable for systems targeting compliance with EN 300 328, EN 300 440 class 2, FCC CFR47, Part 15 and ARIB STD-T-66 Conducted measurement in a 50 Ω single-ended load. Suitable for systems targeting compliance with EN 300 328, EN 300 440 class 2, FCC CFR47, Part 15 and ARIB STD-T-66 Difference between center frequency of the received RF signal and local oscillator frequency Difference between incoming symbol rate and the internally generated symbol rate 100

4.9. IEEE 802.15.4 (Offset Q-PSK DSSS, 250 kbps) – TX

RF performance is specified in a single ended 50 ohm reference plane at the antenna feeding point with Tc = 25°C, VDDS = 3.0 V, fRF = 2440 MHz, unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units	
Output power, highest setting	Delivered to a single-ended 50-Ω load		5		dBm	
Output power, lowest setting	Delivered to a single-ended 50-Ω load		-21		dBm	
Error vector magnitude	At maximum output power		2		%	
Spurious emission conducted	f < 1 GHz, outside restricted bands		-43		dBm	
measurement	f < 1 GHz, restricted bands ETSI		-65		dBm	
	f < 1 GHz, restricted bands FCC		-76		dBm	
	f > 1 GHz, including harmonics		-46		dBm	
	Suitable for systems targeting compliance with world	lwide r	adio-fred	luency		
	regulations ETSI EN 300 328 and EN 300 440 Class 2 (Europe), FCC CFR47 Part 15					
	(US), and ARIB STD-T66 (Japan)					



4.10. Internal 24-MHz Crystal Oscillator (XOSC_HF)(1)

Tc = 25°C, VDDS = 3.0 V, unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Crystal frequency			24		MHz
Crystal frequency tolerance ⁽²⁾		-40		+40	ppm
Start-up time ⁽³⁾			150		μs

- (1) Probing or otherwise stopping the XTAL while the DC-DC converter is enabled may cause permanent damage to the device.
- (2) Includes initial tolerance of the crystal, drift over temperature, aging and frequency pulling due to incorrect load capacitance. As per Bluetooth and IEEE 802.15.4 specification
- (3) Kick-started based on a temperature and aging compensated RCOSC HF using precharge injection

4.11. 32.768-kHz Crystal Oscillator (XOSC_LF)

Tc = 25°C, VDDS = 3.0 V, unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Crystal frequency			32.768		KHz
Crystal frequency tolerance, Bluetooth low energy applications ⁽¹⁾		-500		500	ppm

⁽¹⁾ Includes initial tolerance of the crystal, drift over temperature, ageing and frequency pulling due to incorrect load capacitance. As per Bluetooth and IEEE 802.15.4 specification.

4.12. 48-MHz RC Oscillator (RCOSC_HF)

Tc = 25°C, VDDS = 3.0 V, unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Frequency			48		MHz
Uncalibrated frequency accuracy			±1		%
Calibrated frequency accuracy ⁽¹⁾			±0.25		%
Start-up time			5		μs

(1) Accuracy relatively to the calibration source (XOSC_HF).



4.13. 32-kHz RC Oscillator (RCOSC_LF)

Tc = 25°C, VDDS = 3.0 V, unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Calibrated frequency			32.8		KHz
Temperature coefficient			50		ppm/°C

4.14. ADC Characteristics⁽¹⁾

Tc = 25°C, VDDS = 3.0 V and voltage scaling enabled, unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Input voltage range		0		V_{DDS}	V
Resolution			12		Bits
Sample rate				200	ksps
Offset	Internal 4.3-V equivalent reference ⁽²⁾		2		LSB
Gain error	Internal 4.3-V equivalent reference ⁽²⁾		2.4		LSB
DNL ⁽³⁾ Differential nonlinearity			>-1		LSB
INL Integral nonlinearity			±3		LSB
ENOB Effective number of bits	Internal 4.3-V equivalent reference ⁽²⁾ , 200		9.8		Bits
	ksps, 9.6-kHz input tone				
	VDDS as reference, 200 ksps, 9.6-kHz		10		Bits
	input tone				
	Internal 1.44-V reference, voltage scaling		11.1		Bits
	disabled, 32 samples average, 200 ksps,				
	300-Hz input tone				
THD - Total harmonic distortion	Internal 4.3-V equivalent reference ⁽²⁾ ,		-65		dB
	200 ksps, 9.6-kHz input tone				
	VDDS as reference, 200 ksps, 9.6-kHz		-69		dB
	input tone				
	Internal 1.44-V reference, voltage scaling		-71		dB
	disabled, 32 samples average, 200 ksps,				
	300-Hz input tone				
SINAD / SNDR -	Internal 4.3-V equivalent reference ⁽²⁾ , 200		60		dB
Signal-to-noise and distortion	ksps, 9.6-kHz input tone				
ratio	VDDS as reference, 200 ksps, 9.6-kHz		63		dB



	T			
	input tone			
	Internal 1.44-V reference, voltage scaling	69		dB
	disabled, 32 samples average, 200 ksps,			
	300-Hz input tone			
SFDR –	Internal 4.3-V equivalent reference ⁽²⁾ , 200	67		dB
Spurious-free dynamic range	ksps, 9.6-kHz input tone			
	VDDS as reference, 200 ksps, 9.6-kHz	72		dB
	input tone			
	Internal 1.44-V reference, voltage scaling	73		dB
	disabled, 32 samples average, 200 ksps,			
	300-Hz input tone			
Conversion time	Serial conversion, time-to-output, 24-MHz	50		Clock
	clock			cycles
Current consumption	Internal 4.3-V equivalent reference ⁽²⁾	0.66		mA
Current consumption	VDDS as reference	0.75		mA
Reference voltage	Equivalent fixed internal reference (input	4.3		٧
	voltage scaling enabled)	(2)(4)		
Reference voltage	Fixed internal reference (input voltage	1.44		V
	scaling disabled)	±1%		
Reference voltage	VDDS as reference (Also known as	VDDS		V
	RELATIVE) (input voltage scaling enabled)			
Reference voltage	VDDS as reference (Also known as	VDDS/		V
	RELATIVE) (input voltage scaling disabled)	2.82 ⁽⁴⁾		
Input Impedance	200 ksps, voltage scaling enabled.	>1	_	ΜΩ
	Capacitive input, Input impedance			
	depends on sampling frequency and			
	sampling time			

- (1) Using IEEE Std 1241[™]-2010 for terminology and test methods.
- (2) Input signal scaled down internally before conversion, as if voltage range was 0 to 4.3 V.
- (3) No missing codes. Positive DNL typically varies from +0.3 to +3.5, depending on device
- (4) Applied voltage must be within absolute maximum ratings (Section 4.1) at all times.



4.15. Temperature Sensor

Tc = 25°C, VDDS = 3.0 V, unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Resolution			4		°C
Range		-40		+85	°C
Accuracy			±5		°C
Supply voltage coefficient ⁽¹⁾			3.2		°C/V

⁽¹⁾ Automatically compensated when using supplied driver libraries.

4.16. Battery Monitor

Tc = 25°C, VDDS = 3.0 V, unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Resolution			50		mV
Range		1.8		3.8	V
Accuracy			13		mV

4.17. Continuous Time Comparator

Tc = 25°C, VDDS = 3.0 V, unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Input voltage range		0		V_{DDS}	V
External reference voltage		0		V_{DDS}	V
Internal reference voltage	DCOUPL as reference		1.27		V
Offset			3		mV
Hysteresis			<2		mV
Decision time	Step from -10 mV to +10 mV		0.72		μs
Current consumption when enabled ⁽¹⁾			8.6		μΑ

⁽¹⁾ Additionally the bias module needs to be enabled when running in standby mode.



4.18. Low-Power Clocked Comparator

Tc = 25°C, VDDS = 3.0 V, unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Input voltage range		0		V_{DDS}	V
Clock frequency			32		kHz
Internal reference voltage, VDDS / 2			1.49-1.51		V
Internal reference voltage, VDDS / 3			1.01-1.03		V
Internal reference voltage, VDDS / 4			0.78-0.79		V
Internal reference voltage, DCOUPL / 1			1.25-1.28		V
Internal reference voltage, DCOUPL / 2			0.63-0.65		V
Internal reference voltage, DCOUPL / 3			0.42-0.44		V
Internal reference voltage, DCOUPL / 4			0.33-0.34		V
Offset			<2		mV
Hysteresis			<5		mV
Decision time	Step from –50 mV to +50 mV		<1		clock cycle
Current consumption when enabled			362		nA

4.19. Programmable Current Source

Tc = 25°C, VDDS = 3.0 V, unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Current source programmable output range			0.25-20		μΑ
Resolution			0.25		μΑ
Current consumption ⁽¹⁾	Including current source at		23		μΑ
	maximum programmable output				

(1) Additionally, the bias module must be enabled when running in standby mode.



4.20. DC Characteristics

Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
	TA = 25°C, VDDS = 1.8 V	_			
GPIO VOH at 8-mA load	IOCURR = 2, high drive GPIOs only	1.32	1.54		V
GPIO VOL at 8-mA load	IOCURR = 2, high drive GPIOs only		0.26	0.32	٧
GPIO VOH at 4-mA load	IOCURR = 1	1.32	1.58		٧
GPIO VOL at 4-mA load	IOCURR = 1		0.21	0.32	٧
GPIO pullup current	Input mode, pullup enabled, Vpad=0V		71.7		μΑ
GPIO pulldown current	Input mode, pulldown enabled, Vpad=VDDS		21.1		μΑ
GPIO high/low input	IH = 0, transition between reading 0 and reading 1		0.88		V
transition, no hysteresis					
GPIO low-to-high input	IH = 1, transition voltage for input read as 0→1		1.07		V
transition, with hysteresis					
GPIO high-to-low input	IH = 1, transition voltage for input read as 1→0		0.74		٧
transition, with hysteresis					
GPIO input hysteresis	IH = 1, difference between $0\rightarrow1$ and $1\rightarrow0$ points		0.33		V
	TA = 25°C, VDDS = 3.0 V				
GPIO VOH at 8-mA load	IOCURR = 2, high drive GPIOs only		2.68		>
GPIO VOL at 8-mA load	IOCURR = 2, high drive GPIOs only		0.33		>
GPIO VOH at 4-mA load	IOCURR = 1		2.72		>
GPIO VOL at 4-mA load	IOCURR = 1		0.28		>
	TA = 25°C, VDDS = 3.8 V				
GPIO pullup current	Input mode, pullup enabled, Vpad = 0 V		277		μΑ
GPIO pulldown current	Input mode, pulldown enabled, Vpad = VDDS		113		μΑ
GPIO high/low input	IH = 0, transition between reading 0 and reading 1		1.67		٧
transition, no hysteresis					
GPIO low-to-high input	IH = 1, transition voltage for input read as 0→1		1.94		٧
transition, with hysteresis					
GPIO high-to-low input	IH = 1, transition voltage for input read as $1\rightarrow 0$		1.54		٧
transition, with hysteresis					
GPIO input hysteresis	IH = 1, difference between $0\rightarrow1$ and $1\rightarrow0$ points		0.4		V
	TA = 25°C				
VIH	Lowest GPIO input voltage reliably interpreted as a			0.8	VDDS
	"High"				(1)



VIL	Highest GPIO input voltage reliably interpreted as	0.2		VDDS
	a "Low"			(1)

⁽¹⁾ Each GPIO is referenced to a specific VDDS pin. See the CC2650 technical reference manual listed in Section 8.2 for more details.

4.21. Timing Requirements

			Min	Тур	Max	Units
Rising supply-voltage slev	v rate		0		100	mV/μs
Falling supply-voltage slev	w rate		0		20	mV/μs
Positive temperature	No limitation for i	negative temperature			5	°C/s
gradient in standby ⁽¹⁾	gradient, or outsi	de standby mode				
CONTROL INPUT AC CHAF	RACTERISTICS ⁽²⁾					
RESET_N low duration			1			μs
SYNCHRONOUS SERIAL IN	ITERFACE (SSI) (3)					
S1 (SLAVE) (4)	T _{clk_per}	SSICIk period	12		65024	system clock
S2 ⁽⁴⁾	t _{clk_high}	SSICIk high time		0.5		T _{clk_per}
S3 ⁽⁴⁾	t _{clk_low}	SSICIk low time		0.5		T _{clk_per}

- (1) Applications using RCOSC_LF as sleep timer must also consider the drift in frequency caused by a change in temperature.
- (2) $T_A = -40$ °C to 85°C, VDDS = 1.8 V to 3.8 V, unless otherwise noted.
- (3) $T_c = 25$ °C, $V_{DDS} = 3.0$ V, unless otherwise noted. Device operating as SLAVE. For SSI MASTER operation, see Section 4.22.
- (4) Refer to SSI timing diagrams Figure 4-1, Figure 4-2, and Figure 4-3.

4.22. Switching Characteristics

Tc = 25°C, VDDS = 3.0 V, unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units		
WAKEUP AND TIMING							
Idle → Active			14		μs		
Standby → Active			151		μs		
Shutdown → Active			1015		μs		
SYNCHRONOUS SERIAL INTERFACE (SSI) (1)							
S1 (TX only) ⁽²⁾ t _{clk_per} (SSIClk period)	One-way communication to SLAVE	4		65024	system		



S1(TX and RX) ⁽²⁾ t _{clk_per} (SSIClk period)	Normal duplex operation	8		65024	clocks
S2 (2) t _{clk_high} (SSIClk high time)			0.5		t _{clk_per}
S3 (2) tclk_low(SSIClk low time)			0.5		t _{clk_per}

- Device operating as MASTER. For SSI SLAVE operation, see Section 4.21. (1)
- (2) Refer to SSI timing diagrams Figure 4-1, Figure 4-2, and Figure 4-3.

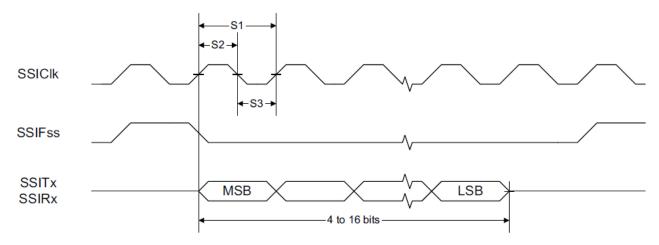


Figure 4-1. SSI Timing for TI Frame Format (FRF = 01), Single Transfer Timing Measurement

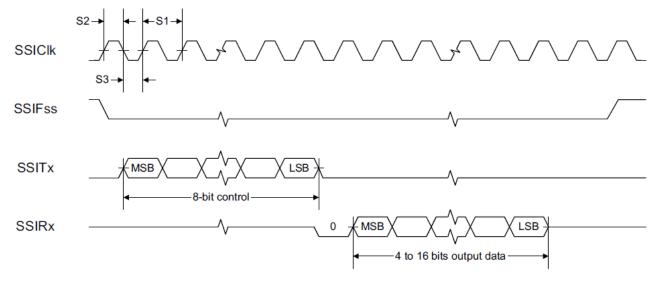


Figure 4-2. SSI Timing for MICROWIRE Frame Format (FRF = 10), Single Transfer

Copyright © JORJIN TECHNOLOGIES INC. 2016



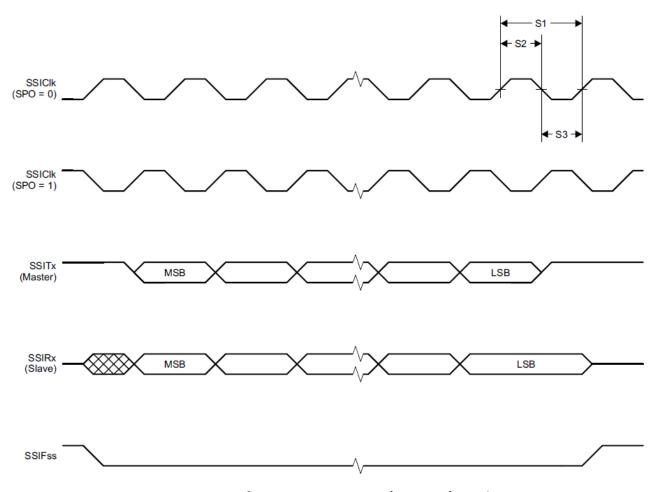


Figure 4-3. SSI Timing for SPI Frame Format (FRF = 00), With SPH = 1



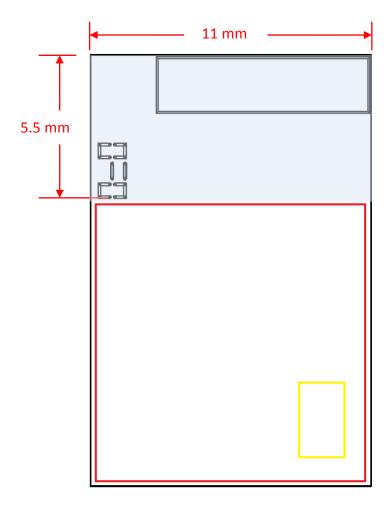
5. DESIGN RECOMMENDATIONS

5.1. Module Layout Recommendations

Follow these module layout recommendations:

Antenna

For a module with on board chip antenna, to eliminate the influence from other components or ground, recommended that the module is placed in the corner of main PCB, and define a clearance area around the antenna, where no grounding or signal trace are contained. The clearance area applies to all layers of the main PCB. The recommended dimensions of the main PCB keep out area are shown in bellow.

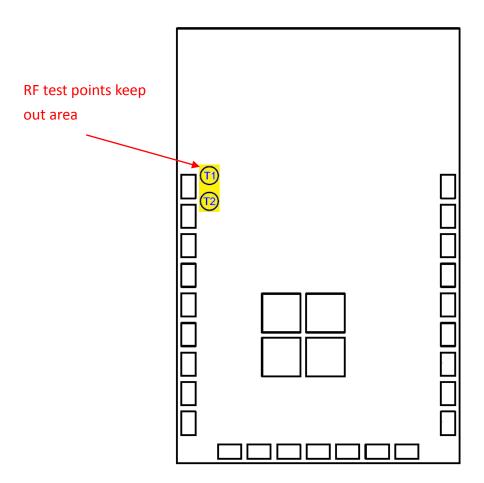


Copyright © JORJIN TECHNOLOGIES INC. 2016 http://WWW.JORJIN.COM.TW CONFIDENTIAL



RF test point

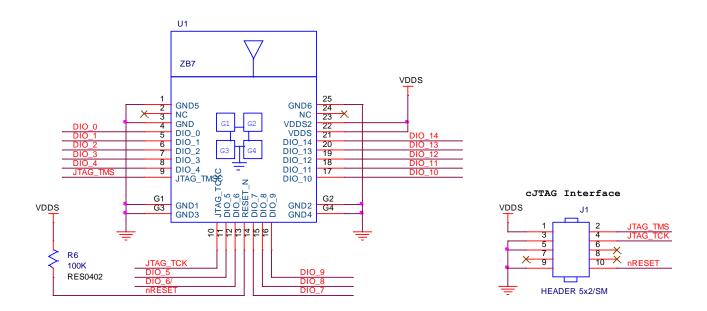
There are RF test points in the bottom side of this module. It is only for module production used. Do not connect any signal to these test points (leave no connection). Please reserve a keep out area. Do not route any signal or place via in this keep out area.



Device and Documentation Support
 For a complete device and tool documents for the CC2650 platform, visit the Texas
 Instruments website at http://www.ti.com.



5.2. Reference Schematic



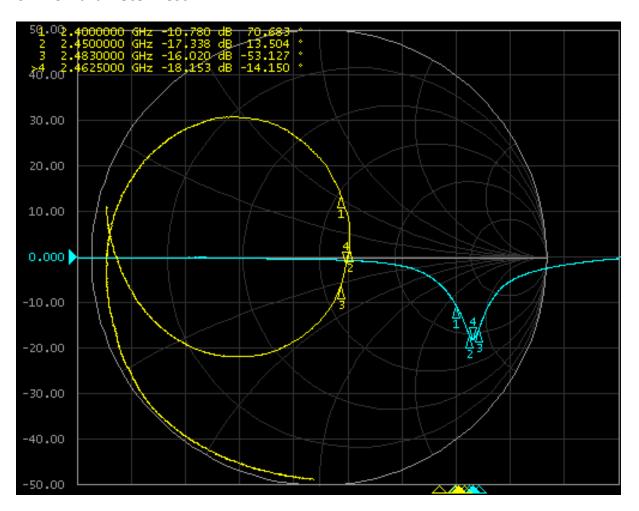
^{*} All Digital Peripheral Pins can be routed to any GPIO.



6. CHIP ANTENNA PERFORMACE SUMMARY

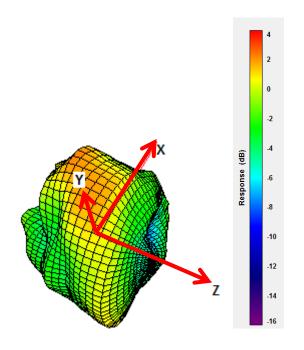
Measured on the Jorjin ZB7500E00 EM board with TA = 25°C

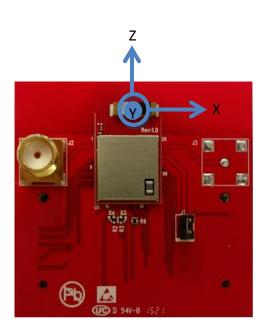
6.1. S-Parameter Test





6.2. DUT 3D Pattern





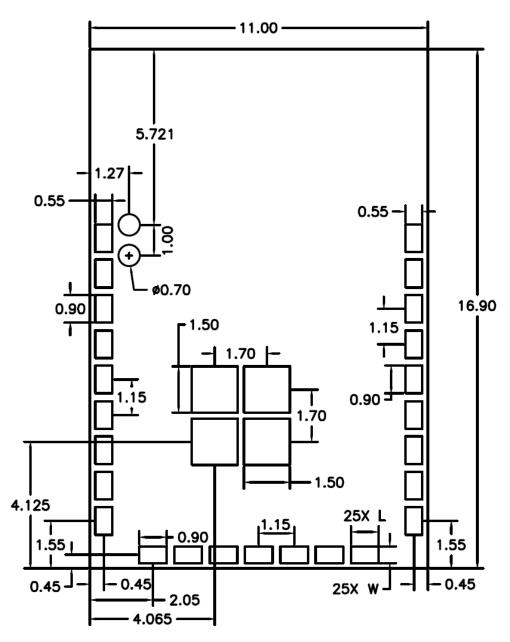
6.3. Total Efficiency

Parameter	2400MHz	2450MHz	2483MHz
S11	-10.780 dB	-17.338 dB	-16.020 dB
Efficiency%	53.97 %	56.87 %	53.64 %
Peak Gain	1.080 dBi	1.256 dBi	1.034 dBi



7. PACKAGE INFORMATION

7.1. Module Mechanical Outline



Top View

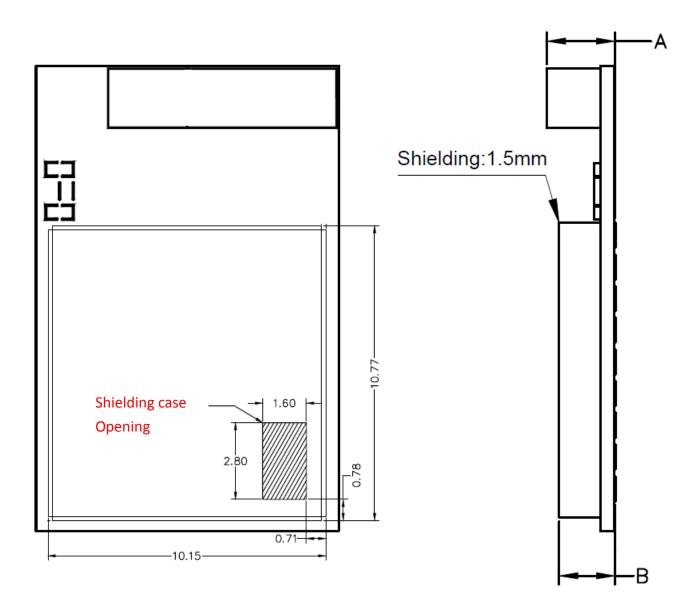
Note:

1> Pad tolerance as ±30um

2> Unit: mm



Top and Side View



Note:

A: Typical: 2.45mm, Maximum: 2.69mm B: Typical: 2.00mm, Maximum: 2.20mm

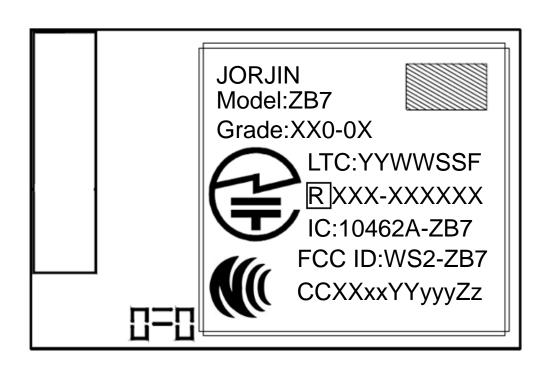
Unit: mm



7.2. Ordering Information

Order Number	Package	Test Grade
ZB7500-00	LGA-25	500-00
ZB7500-04	LGA-25	500-04
ZB7410-00	LGA-25	410-00
ZB7410-04	LGA-25	410-04
ZB7320-00	LGA-25	320-00
ZB7320-04	LGA-25	320-04

7.3. Package Marking



Marking	Description
JORJIN	Brand name
ZB7	Model name
XX0-0X	Test grade (for more information, see Section 7.4, Test Grades)



YYWWSSF	Lot Trace Code: YYWWSSF	
	YY= Digit of the year, ex: 2016=16	
	WW= Week (01~52)	
	SS= Serial number from 01~98 match to MFG's lot number, or 99 to	
	repair control code	
	F= Reverse for internal use	
\$	TELEC compliance mark, and ID	
10462A-ZB7	Canada IC ID	
WS2-ZB7	FCC ID	
((()	NCC compliance mark, and ID	

7.4. Test Grades

The ZB7 module offers six footprint-compatible, function variants by embedded software.

Test Grade	BLE	802.15.4	Addition 4Mbs SPI Flash
500-00	Tested	Tested	
500-04	Tested	Tested	Installed
410-00	Tested		
410-04	Tested		Installed
320-00		Tested	
320-04		Tested	Installed



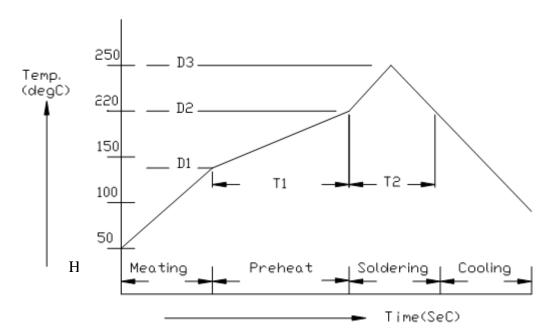
8. SMT AND BAKING RECOMMENDATION

8.1. Baking Recommendation

- Baking condition :
 - Follow MSL Level 4 to do baking process.
 - After bag is opened, devices that will be subjected to reflow solder or other high temperature process must be
 - a) Mounted within 72 hours of factory conditions <30°C/60% RH, or
 - b) Stored at <10% RH.
 - Devices require bake, before mounting, if Humidity Indicator Card reads >10%
 - If baking is required, Devices may be baked for 8 hrs. at 125 °C.

8.2. SMT Recommendation

Recommended Reflow profile :





No.	Item	Temperature (°C)	Time (sec)
1	Pre-heat	D1: 140 ~ D2: 200	T1: 80 ~ 120
2	Soldering	D2: = 220	T2: 60 +/- 10
3	Peak-Temp.	D3: 250 °C max	

Note: (1) Reflow soldering is recommended two times maximum.

(2) Add Nitrogen while Reflow process: SMT solder ability will be better.

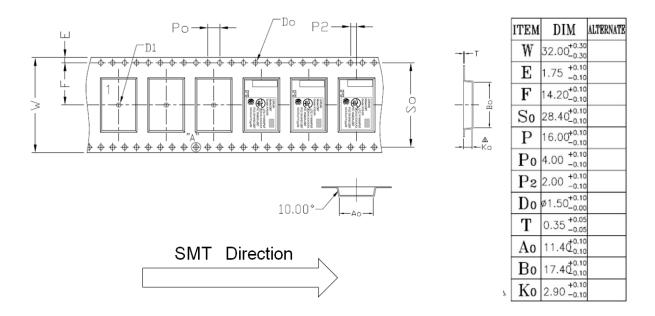
Stencil thickness: 0.1~ 0.13 mm (Recommended)

Soldering paste (without Pb): Recommended SENJU N705-GRN3360-K2-V can get better soldering effects.



9. TAPE REEL INFROMATION

9.1. Cover / Carrier Tape Dimension



Packing Qty	Dry Bag	Inner Box	Outer Box
1200 EA / Reel	1 Reel	1 Dry Bag	4 Inner Box
	(1200 EA)	(1200 EA)	(4800 EA)

Inner Box Size: 352mm x 352mm x 56mm Outer Box Size: 354mm x 362mm x 250mm



10. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This section outlines the regulatory information for the following countries:

- United States
- Canada
- Europe
- Japan
- Taiwan

10.1. United States

Federal Communications Commission Statement

15.21. You are cautioned that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the part responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment. This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- (1) This device may not cause harmful interference and
- (2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

FCC RF Radiation Exposure Statement:

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. End users must follow the specific operating instructions for satisfying RF exposure limits. This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

End Product Labeling:

This module is designed to comply with the FCC statement, FCC ID: WS2-ZB7. The host system using this module must display a visible label indicating the following text:

"Contains FCC ID: WS2-ZB7"

Manual Information to the End User

The OEM integrator has to be aware not to provide information to the end user regarding how to install or remove this RF module in the user's manual of the end product which integrates this



module.

The end user manual shall include all required regulatory information/warning as shown in this manual.

10.2. Canada

This device complies with Industry Canada's licence-exempt RSSs.

Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- (1) this device may not cause interference, and
- (2) this device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

Le présent appareil est conforme aux CNR d'Industrie Canada applicables aux appareils radio exempts de licence

L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux conditions suivantes:

- (1) l'appareil ne doit pas produire de brouillage, et
- (2) l'utilisateur de l'appareil doit accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique subi, même si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement.

IC RF Radiation Exposure Statement:

To comply with IC RF exposure requirements, this device and its antenna must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

Pour se conformer aux exigences de conformité RF canadienne l'exposition, cet appareil et son antenne ne doivent pas être co-localisés ou fonctionnant en conjonction avec une autre antenne ou transmetteur.

End Product Labeling:

This module is designed to comply with the IC statement, IC: 10462A-ZB7. The host system using this module must display a visible label indicating the following text:

"Contains IC: 10462A-ZB7"

Manual Information to the End User

The OEM integrator has to be aware not to provide information to the end user regarding how to install or remove this RF module in the user's manual of the end product which integrates this



module.

The end user manual shall include all required regulatory information/warning as shown in this manual.

10.3. Europe

This module is an R&TTE Directive assessed radio module that is CE marked and has been manufactured and tested with the intention of being integrated into a final product.

This module is conformity with the following standards

- EN300328 v1.9.1 (Bluetooth Low Energy)
- EN300328 v1.9.1 (802.15.4)
- IEC/EN62479:Ver 2010 (MPE) (replacing EN50371)
- EN301489-1 v1.9.2:2011
- EN301489-3 v1.6.1:2013
- EN301489-17 v2.2.1:2012 (EMC)
- EN55022:2010+AC:2011
- EN55024:2011
- EN60950-1: A2/2013

Labeling and User Information Requirements

As a result of the conformity assessment procedure described in Annex III of the Directive 1999/5/EC, the end-customer equipment should be labeled as follows:



10.4. Japan

The ZB7 is certified as a module with type certification number XXX-XXXXXX. End products that integrate this module do not need additional MIC Japan certification for the end product.

End product can display the certification label of the embedded module.

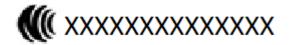




10.5. Taiwan

The ZB7 is certified as a module with type certification number XXXXXXXXXXXXXXX. End products that integrate this module do not need additional NCC Taiwan certification for the end product.

End product can display the certification label of the embedded module.



The user's manual should contain following warning (for RF device) in traditional Chinese:

注意

本產品符合低功率電波輻射性電機管理辦法:

第十二條

經形式認證合格之低功率射頻電機,非經許可,公司、商號或使用者均不得擅自變更頻率、加 大功率或變更原設計之特性及功能。

第十四條

低功率射頻電機之使用不得影響飛航安全及干擾合法通信;經發現有干擾現象時,應立即停用,並改善至無干擾時方的繼續使用。

前項合法通信,指依電信規定作業之無線電信。低功率射頻電機須忍受合法通信或工業、科學及醫療用電波輻射性電機設備之干擾。

系統廠商應於平台上標示「本產品內含射頻模組: **● CCXXxxYYyyyZzW**」字樣



11. HISTORY CHANGE

Revision	Date	Description		
Revision A Design				
D 0.1	2015/06/22	Initial Released		
Revision B Design	Revision B Design			
D 0.1	2016/01/21	1. Upgrade the design to Revision B		
		2. Module size extended to 16.9mm x 11mm		
		3. Change antenna		
D 0.2	2016/08/02	1. Update part number		
		2. Modify sensitivity characteristics		
		3. Add reference schematic		
		4. Add antenna characteristics		
		5. Add marking information		
		6. Add Tape Reel information		
		7. Add Regulatory Information		