

Report No.: FA312203-01

# **FCC SAR Test Report**

APPLICANT : Doro AB

**EQUIPMENT**: GSM/GPRS WCDMA Mobile Telephone

BRAND NAME : doro

MODEL NAME : Doro PhoneEasy 626

MARKETING NAME : Doro PhoneEasy 626

FCC ID : WS5DORO626

**STANDARD** : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

**ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992** 

IEEE 1528-2003

The product was testing completed on Mar. 02, 2014. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and shown the compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Reviewed by: Eric Huang / Deputy Manager

Cole huan'

Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager

lac-MRA



## SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC.

No. 101, Complex Building C, Guanlong Village, Xili Town, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R.C.

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## **Revision History**

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FA312203-01	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Mar. 18, 2014

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1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for Doro AB GSM/GPRS WCDMA Mobile Telephone, Doro PhoneEasy 626 are as follows.

<Highest SAR Summarv>

Exposure Position	Frequency Band	Reported 1g-SAR (W/kg)	Equipment Class	Highest Reported 1g-SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	0.53		
Hood	GSM1900	0.79	PCE	1.01
Head	WCDMA Band V	0.49	PCE	1.01
	WCDMA Band II	1.01		
	GSM850	0.62	- PCE	0.07
Body-worn (Separation 1.5cm)	GSM1900	0.41		
	WCDMA Band V	0.67		0.67
	WCDMA Band II	0.61		

<Highest Simultaneous transmission SAR>

Exposure Position	Frequency Band	Equipment Class	Highest Reported Simultaneous Transmission 1g-SAR (W/kg)	
Head	WCDMA Band II	PCE	1.35	
пеац	Bluetooth	DSS	1.55	

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2003.

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## 2. Administration Data

### 2.1 <u>Testing Laboratory</u>

Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC.
Test Site Location	No. 101, Complex Building C, Guanlong Village, Xili Town, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R.C. TEL:+86-755-8637-9589 FAX: +86-755-8637-9595

## 2.2 Applicant

Company Name	Doro AB
Address	Magistratsvägen 10 SE-226 43 Lund Sweden

## 2.3 Manufacturer

Company Name	CK TELECOM LTD.
Address	Technology Road. High-Tech Development Zone. Heyuan, Guangdong, P.R.China.

## 2.4 Application Details

Date of Start during the Test	Feb. 24, 2014
Date of End during the Test	Mar. 02, 2014

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## 3. General Information

## 3.1 Description of Equipment Under Test (EUT)

	Product Feature & Specification
EUT	GSM/GPRS WCDMA Mobile Telephone
Brand Name	doro
Model Name	Doro PhoneEasy 626
Marketing Name	Doro PhoneEasy 626
FCC ID	WS5DORO626
	Sample 1: 359574050000240
IMEI Code	Sample 2: 359574050001511
	Sample 3: 359574050000885
Wireless Technology and	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz
Frequency Range	GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz
	WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz
	WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz
	Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Mode	• GSM/GPRS
	• RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps Rel 99
	HSDPA Rel 6, Cat8
	HSUPA Rel 6, Cat5
	• Bluetooth v2.1+EDR
Antonno Tyro	WWAN: Fixed Internal Antenna
Antenna Type	Bluetooth: PIFA Antenna
HW Version	SHUTTLE-V2.0
SW Version	SHUTTLE-S13A_DORO626_L3EN_111_140224
	Class B – EUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network
Transfer Mode Category	simultaneously but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network.
EUT Stage	Production Unit
Remark:	•

#### Remark:

- 1. The above EUT's information was declared by manufacturer. Please refer to the specifications or user's manual for more detailed description.

  This device supports GPRS operation up to class 10.
  This device does not support DTM operation.

- This device has no VOIP function.

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## 3.2 Maximum RF output power among production units

Burst Average Power (dBm)				
Mode / Band	GSM850	GSM1900		
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	32.50	30.00		
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) - CS1	32.50	30.00		
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1	31.50	29.00		

Average Power (dBm)			
Mode / Band	WCDMA Band V	WCDMA Band II	
AMR	23.00	23.00	
RMC 12.2K	23.00	23.00	
HSDPA Subtest-1	23.00	23.00	
HSDPA Subtest-2	22.00	22.00	
HSDPA Subtest-3	21.50	21.50	
HSDPA Subtest-4	21.50	21.50	
HSUPA Subtest-1	21.00	20.50	
HSUPA Subtest-2	20.00	20.00	
HSUPA Subtest-3	20.00	20.00	
HSUPA Subtest-4	20.50	20.50	
HSUPA Subtest-5	21.00	20.50	

Average Power (dBm)			
Mode / Band   1Mbps   2Mbps   3Mbps   (GFSK)   (π/4-DQPSK)   (8-DPSK)			
Bluetooth	9	6	6

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### 3.3 Applied Standard

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2003
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r01
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 SAR test for 3G devices v02
- FCC KDB 941225 D02 HSPA and 1x Advanced v02r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D03 SAR Test Reduction GSM GPRS EDGE v01

## 3.4 Device Category and SAR Limits

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user. Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.

### 3.5 Test Conditions

#### 3.5.1 Ambient Condition

Ambient Temperature	20 to 24 ℃
Humidity	< 60 %

#### 3.5.2 Test Configuration

For WWAN SAR testing, the device was controlled by using a base station emulator. Communication between the device and the emulator was established by air link. The distance between the EUT and the antenna of the emulator is larger than 50 cm and the output power radiated from the emulator antenna is at least 30 dB smaller than the output power of EUT.

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## 4. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

### 4.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

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### 4.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density ( $\rho$ ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = C\left(\frac{\delta T}{\delta t}\right)$$

Where: C is the specific heat capacity,  $\delta T$  is the temperature rise and  $\delta t$  is the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where:  $\sigma$  is the conductivity of the tissue,  $\rho$  is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

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However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

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## 5. SAR Measurement System

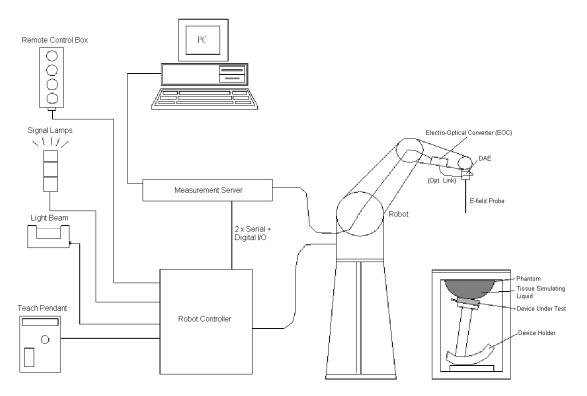


Fig 5.1 SPEAG DASY System Configurations

The DASY system for performance compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, a teach pendant and software
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) attached to the robot arm extension
- A dosimetric probe equipped with an optical surface detector system
- > The electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical signals
- A measurement server performs the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the accuracy of the probe positioning
- A computer operating Windows XP
- DASY software
- > Remove control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warming lamps, etc.
- > The SAM twin phantom
- A device holder
- > Tissue simulating liquid
- Dipole for evaluating the proper functioning of the system

Component details are described in in the following sub-sections.

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### 5.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

#### 5.1.1 E-Field Probe Specification

#### <EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core		
	Built-in shielding against static charges		
	PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic		
	solvents, e.g., DGBE)		
F	, 0,		
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB		
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)		T
	± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to		
	probe axis)		1 to
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	1	
	(noise: typically < 1 μW/g)		
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm)		
	Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm)		
	Typical distance from probe tip to dipole		
	1 7 1		
	centers: 1 mm		T
		Fig 5.2	Photo of EX3DV4
		ı	

#### 5.1.2 E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than  $\pm$  10%. The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within  $\pm$  0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, and NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested. The calibration data can be referred to appendix C of this report.

#### 5.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock. The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



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Fig 5.3 Photo of DAE

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## 5.3 <u>Robot</u>

The SPEAG DASY system uses the high precision robots (DASY5: TX90XL) type from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability ±0.035 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)



Fia 5.4 Photo of DASY5

## 5.4 Measurement Server

The measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with CPU (DASY5: 400 MHz, Intel Celeron), chipdisk (DASY5: 128 MB), RAM (DASY5: 128 MB). The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronic box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

The measurement server performs all the real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operations.



**Photo of Server for DASY5** Fig 5.5

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### 5.5 Phantom

#### <SAM Twin Phantom>

SAM I WILL HALLOIN		
Shell Thickness	$2 \pm 0.2$ mm; Center ear point: $6 \pm 0.2$ mm	
	Center ear point. 0 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	The state of the s
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm;	
	Height: adjustable feet	<u> </u>
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	
		Fig 5.6 Photo of SAM Phantom

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

### 5.6 Device Holder

#### <Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom>

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of ± 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of ± 20 %. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity  $\varepsilon = 3$  and loss tangent  $\delta = 0.02$ . The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered



Fig 5.7 **Device Holder** 

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### 5.7 Data Storage and Evaluation

#### 5.7.1 Data Storage

The DASY software stores the assessed data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all the necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files. The post-processing software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of erroneous parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with an incorrect crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be reevaluated.

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The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type (e.g., [V/m], [A/m], [mW/g]). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or give meaningless results, e.g., a SAR-output in a non-lose media, will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

#### 5.7.2 Data Evaluation

**Device parameters:** 

Media parameters:

The DASY post-processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

**Probe parameters**: - Sensitivity Norm<sub>i</sub>, a<sub>i0</sub>, a<sub>i1</sub>, a<sub>i2</sub>

- Conductivity σ
- Density ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi-meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power.

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The formula for each channel can be given as :

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

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with  $V_i$  = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

 $U_i$  = input signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter) dcp<sub>i</sub> = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals, the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field Probes :  $E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$ 

H-field Probes :  $H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$ 

with  $V_i$  = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

Norm<sub>i</sub> = sensor sensitivity of channel i, (i = x, y, z),  $\mu V/(V/m)^2$  for E-field Probes

ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution  $a_{ij}$  = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

 $E_i$  = electric field strength of channel i in V/m  $H_i$  = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

E<sub>tot</sub> = total field strength in V/m

 $\sigma$  = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

 $\rho$  = equivalent tissue density in g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Note that the density is set to 1, to account for actual head tissue density rather than the density of the tissue simulating liquid.

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### 5.8 Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calib	ration
Manuracturer	Name or Equipment	i ype/iviodei	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d091	Nov. 18, 2011	Nov. 14, 2014
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d118	Nov. 21, 2011	Nov. 14, 2014
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1303	Nov. 22, 2013	Nov. 21, 2014
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3819	Nov. 27, 2013	Nov. 26, 2014
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CD	TP-1670	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CD	TP-1671	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY50267224	Oct. 10, 2013	Oct. 09, 2014
R&S	Network Analyzer	ZVB8	100106	Nov. 07, 2013	Nov. 06, 2014
SPEAG	Dielectric Assessment KIT	DAK-3.5	1032	NCR	NCR
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1218010	Mar. 28, 2013	Mar. 27, 2014
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1207253	Mar. 28, 2013	Mar. 27, 2014
ARRA	Power Divider	A3200-2	N/A	NA	NA
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	50422	No	te 4
Woken	Attenuator 1	WK0602-XX	N/A	No	te 4
PE	Attenuator 2	PE7005-10	N/A	No	te 4
PE	Attenuator 3	PE7005- 3	N/A	No	te 4
AR	Power Amplifier	5S1G4M2	328767	No	te 5
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP7	101230	Jun. 13, 2013	Jun. 12, 2015

#### **Table 5.1 Test Equipment List**

#### Note:

- 1. The calibration certificate of DASY can be referred to appendix C of this report.
- 2. Referring to KDB 865664 D01v01r03, the dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval.
- 3. The justification data of dipole D835V2, SN: 4d091, D1900V2, SN: 5d118 can be found in appendix C. The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration, the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration.
- 4. The Insertion Loss calibration of Dual Directional Coupler and Attenuator were characterized via the network analyzer and compensated during system check.
- 5. In system check we need to monitor the level on the power meter, and adjust the power amplifier level to have precise power level to the dipole; the measured SAR will be normalized to 1W input power according to the ratio of 1W to the input power to the dipole. For system check, the calibration of the power amplifier is deemed not critically required for correct measurement; the power meter is critical and we do have calibration for it
- Attenuator 1 insertion loss is calibrated by the network Analyzer, which the calibration is valid, before system check.

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## 6. Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 6.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 6.2.





Fig 6.1 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR

Fig 6.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquid.

Frequency	Water	Sugar	Cellulose	Salt	Preventol	DGBE	Conductivity	Permittivity				
(MHz)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(σ)	(ε <sub>r</sub> )				
	For Head											
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5				
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0				
	For Body											
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2				
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3				

**Table 6.1 Recipes of Tissue Simulating Liquid** 

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using an SPEAG DAK-3.5 Dielectric Probe Kit and an R&S Network Analyzer.

The following table shows the measuring results for simulating liquid.

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ε <sub>r</sub> )	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε <sub>r</sub> ) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
835	Head	22.6	0.910	42.910	0.90	41.50	1.11	3.40	±5	Feb. 24, 2014
1900	Head	22.8	1.440	41.011	1.40	40.00	2.86	2.53	±5	Feb. 25, 2014
835	Body	22.7	1.011	56.243	0.97	55.20	4.23	1.89	±5	Feb. 27, 2014
1900	Body	22.7	1.533	54.611	1.52	53.30	0.86	2.46	±5	Mar. 02, 2014

**Table 6.2 Measuring Results for Simulating Liquid** 

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## 7. System Verification Procedures

Each DASY system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the DASY software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System validation kit includes a dipole, tripod holder to fix it underneath the flat phantom and a corresponding distance holder.

### 7.1 Purpose of System Performance check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure

## 7.2 System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:

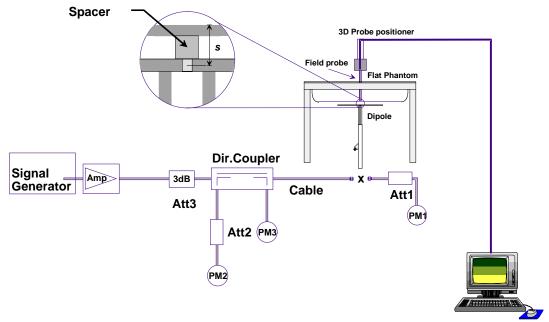


Fig 7.1 System Setup for System Evaluation

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- 1. Signal Generator
- 2. Amplifier
- 3. Directional Coupler
- 4. Power Meter
- 5. Calibrated Dipole



Fig 7.2 Photo of Dipole Setup

## 7.3 SAR System Verification Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Table 7.1 shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Targeted SAR (W/kg)	Normalized SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
Feb. 24, 2014	835	Head	250	4d091	3819	1303	2.47	9.40	9.88	5.11
Feb. 25, 2014	1900	Head	250	5d118	3819	1303	9.98	40.30	39.92	-0.94
Feb. 27, 2014	835	Body	250	4d091	3819	1303	2.42	9.42	9.68	2.76
Mar. 02, 2014	1900	Body	250	5d118	3819	1303	10.40	41.80	41.6	-0.48

**Table 7.1 Target and Measurement SAR after Normalized** 

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## 8. EUT Testing Position

## 8.1 Define two imaginary lines on the handset

- (a) The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset the midpoint of the width w<sub>t</sub> of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width w<sub>b</sub> of the bottom of the handset.
- (b) The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the face of the handset at point A.
- (c) The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.

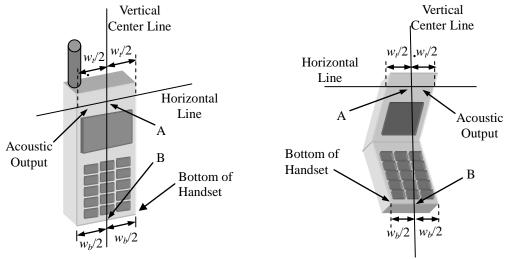


Fig 8.1 Illustration for Handset Vertical and Horizontal Reference Lines

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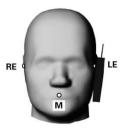
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## 8.2 Cheek Position

- (a) To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the three ear and mouth reference point (M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear, and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.
- b) To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost (see Fig. 8.2).





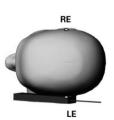


Fig 8.2 Illustration for Cheek Position

## 8.3 Tilted Position

- (a) To position the device in the "cheek" position described above.
- (b) While maintaining the device the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear is lost (see Fig. 8.3).





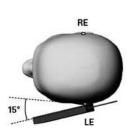


Fig 8.3 Illustration for Tilted Position

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## 8.4 Body Worn Position

- (a) To position the device parallel to the phantom surface with either keypad up or down.
- (b) To adjust the device parallel to the flat phantom.
- (c) To adjust the distance between the device surface and the flat phantom to 1.5 cm.

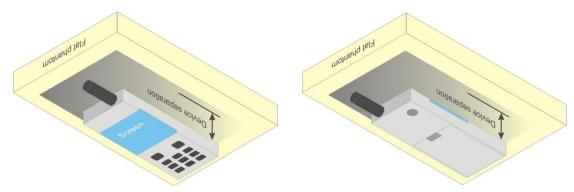


Fig 8.4 Illustration for Body Worn Position

#### <EUT Setup Photos>

Please refer to Appendix D for the test setup photos.

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## 9. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

#### <Conducted power measurement>

(a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

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- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure BT output power

#### <SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

#### 9.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

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### 9.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

### 9.3 Area & Zoom Scan Procedures

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. Area scan and zoom scan resolution setting follows KDB 865664 D01v01r03 quoted below.

When the 1-g SAR of the highest peak is within 2 dB of the SAR limit, additional zoom scans are required for other peaks within 2 dB of the highest peak that have not been included in any zoom scan to ensure there is no increase in SAR.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz		
Maximum distance from (geometric center of pro			5 ± 1 mm	½-δ·ln(2) ± 0.5 mm		
Maximum probe angle t normal at the measurem		xis to phantom surface	30° ± 1° 20° ± 1°			
			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 − 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm		
Maximum area scan spa	atial resolution	on: ∆x <sub>Area</sub> , ∆y <sub>Area</sub>	When the x or y dimension of t measurement plane orientation measurement resolution must be dimension of the test device with point on the test device.	, is smaller than the above, the be ≤ the corresponding x or y		
Maximum zoom scan sp	patial resolu	tion: Δx <sub>Zoom</sub> , Δy <sub>Zoom</sub>	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 - 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*		
	uniform g	rid: Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (n)	≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm		
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (1): between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm		
nutace	grid	Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (n>1): between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Z_{0000}}(n-1)$			
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z	I	≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm		

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

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When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



### 9.4 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband

### 9.5 SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

## 9.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

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## 10. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

## <GSM Conducted Power>

#### Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.

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2. For head and body-worn SAR testing, the EUT was set in GSM Voice for GSM850 and GSM1900.

#### For Sample 1

Band GSM850	Burst Av	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Frame-Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up
TX Channel	128	189	251	Limit	128	189	251	Limit
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	(dBm)	824.2	836.4	848.8	(dBm)
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	<mark>32.11</mark>	32.05	32.08	32.50	23.11	23.05	23.08	23.50
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) - CS1	32.10	32.01	32.07	32.50	23.10	23.01	23.07	23.50
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1	31.25	31.21	31.35	31.50	25.25	25.21	<b>25.35</b>	25.50
Band GSM1900	Burst Av	erage Pow	er (dBm)	Tune-up	Frame-Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up
TX Channel	512	661	810	Limit	512	661	810	Limit
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2	1880	1909.8	(dBm)	1850.2	1880	1909.8	(dBm)
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	<mark>29.82</mark>	29.74	29.59	30.00	20.82	20.74	20.59	21.00
ODDO (OMO)( 4 T 1 () OO4	00.04	20.72	29.58	30.00	20.81	20.73	20.58	21.00
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1	29.81	29.73	29.56	30.00	20.01	20.73	20.50	21.00

Remark: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.

The calculated method are shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9 dB Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6 dB

## For Sample 2

Band GSM850	Burst Av	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Frame-Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up
TX Channel	128	189	251	Limit	128	189	251	Limit
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	(dBm)	824.2	836.4	848.8	(dBm)
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	31.97	31.95	<mark>32.05</mark>	32.50	22.97	22.95	23.05	23.50
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1	31.95	31.93	32.04	32.50	22.95	22.93	23.04	23.50
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1	31.08	31.10	31.24	31.50	25.08	25.10	<mark>25.24</mark>	25.50
Band GSM1900	Burst Av	erage Pow	er (dBm)	Tune-up	Frame-Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up
TX Channel	512	661	810	Limit	512	661	810	Limit
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2	1880	1909.8	(dBm)	1850.2	1880	1909.8	(dBm)
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	<b>29.76</b>	29.73	29.58	30.00	20.76	20.73	20.58	21.00
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) - CS1	29.73	29.72	29.57	30.00	20.73	20.72	20.57	21.00
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) - CS1	28.73	28.82	28.66	29.00	22.73	<mark>22.82</mark>	22.66	23.00

Remark: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.

The calculated method are shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9 dB Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6 dB

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#### For Sample 3

Band GSM850	Burst Av	erage Pow	er (dBm)	Tune-up	Frame-Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up
TX Channel	128	189	251	Limit	128	189	251	Limit
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	(dBm)	824.2	836.4	848.8	(dBm)
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	31.90	31.91	<b>32.01</b>	32.50	22.90	22.91	23.01	23.50
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1	31.88	31.89	31.98	32.50	22.88	22.89	22.98	23.50
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) - CS1	31.03	31.05	31.14	31.50	25.03	25.05	<mark>25.14</mark>	25.50
Band GSM1900	Burst Av	erage Pow	er (dBm)	Tune-up	Frame-Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up
TX Channel	512	661	810	Limit	512	661	810	Limit
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2	1880	1909.8	(dBm)	1850.2	1880	1909.8	(dBm)
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	29.71	<b>29.72</b>	29.58	30.00	20.71	20.72	20.58	21.00
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) - CS1	29.68	29.69	29.55	30.00	20.68	20.69	20.55	21.00
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1	28.66	28.73	28.58	29.00	22.66	<b>22.73</b>	22.58	23.00

Remark: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.
The calculated method are shown as below:
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6 dB

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#### <WCDMA Conducted Power>

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.

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A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

#### **HSDPA Setup Configuration:**

- The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
  - i. Set Gain Factors ( $\beta_c$  and  $\beta_d$ ) and parameters were set according to each
  - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
  - iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
  - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
  - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
  - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
  - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
  - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
  - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
  - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
  - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	βο	βd	βd	βc/βd	βнs	CM (dB)	MPR (dB)
			(SF)		(Note1, Note 2)	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15	15/15	64	12/15	24/15	1.0	0.0
	(Note 4)	(Note 4)		(Note 4)			
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

- Note 1:  $\triangle_{ACK}$ ,  $\triangle_{NACK}$  and  $\triangle_{CQI} = 30/15$  with  $\beta_{bs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$ .
- Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA,  $\triangle$ ACK and  $\triangle$ NACK = 30/15 with  $\beta_{hs}$  = 30/15 \*  $\beta_c$ , and  $\triangle$ CQI = 24/15 with  $\beta_{hs}$  = 24/15 \*  $\beta_c$ .
- Note 3: CM = 1 for  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  =12/15,  $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c$ =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HSDPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.
- Note 4: For subtest 2 the  $\beta_d/\beta_d$  ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c$  = 11/15 and  $\beta_d$  = 15/15

Setup Configuration

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#### **HSUPA Setup Configuration:**

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting \*:
  - i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
  - ii. Set the Gain Factors (β<sub>c</sub> and β<sub>d</sub>) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121

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- iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
- iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
- v. Set UE Target Power
- vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
- vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
- viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub- test	βς	βa	β <sub>d</sub> (SF)	βc/βd	βнs (Note1)	βес	β <sub>ed</sub> (Note 5) (Note 6)	β <sub>ed</sub> (SF)	β <sub>ed</sub> (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 6)	E- TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/2 25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β <sub>ed</sub> 1: 47/15 β <sub>ed</sub> 2: 47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	15/15 (Note 4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

- Note 1:  $\Delta_{ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQI}$  = 30/15 with  $\beta_{hs}$  = 30/15 \*  $\beta_c$ .
- Note 2: CM = 1 for  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  =12/15,  $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c$ =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
- Note 3: For subtest 1 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c$  = 10/15 and  $\beta_d$  = 15/15.
- Note 4: For subtest 5 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c$  = 14/15 and  $\beta_d$  = 15/15.
- Note 5: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.
- Note 6:  $\beta_{ed}$  can not be set directly, it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

#### **Setup Configuration**

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#### < WCDMA Conducted Power>

#### Note:

- Per KDB 941225 D01v02, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If AMR 12.2kbps power is < 0.25 dB1.
- higher than RMC 12.2kbps, SAR tests with AMR 12.2kbps can be excluded.

  Per KDB 941225 D02v02r02, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If HSDPA / HSUPA output power is < 0.25dB higher than RMC, or reported SAR with RMC 12.2kbps setting is ≤ 1.2W/kg, HSDPA / HSUPA SAR evaluation can be excluded.

For Sample 1

For Sample 1											
	Band	WC	CDMA Ban	d V	<b>T</b>	W	CDMA Ban	d II	Tune-un		
Tx	Channel	4132	4182	4233	Tune-up Limit	9262	9400	9538	Tune-up Limit		
RX	Channel	4357	4407	4458	(dBm)	9662	9800	9938	(dBm)		
Frequ	uency (MHz)	826.4	836.4	846.6	(abiii)	1852.4	1880	(abiii)			
3GPP Rel 99	AMR 12.2Kbps	22.71	22.67	22.62	23.00	22.77	22.62	22.48	23.00		
3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	<b>22.73</b>	22.68	22.64	23.00	<b>22.79</b>	22.64	22.49	23.00		
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	22.67	22.64	22.63	23.00	22.78	22.63	22.48	23.00		
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	21.71	21.61	21.64	22.00	21.76	21.60	21.58	22.00		
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	21.24	21.12	21.14	21.50	21.27	21.12	21.19	21.50		
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	21.24	21.11	21.15	21.50	21.23	21.10	21.09	21.50		
3GPP Rel 6	Rel 6 HSUPA Subtest-1		20.57	20.62	21.00	20.46	20.47	20.43	20.50		
3GPP Rel 6	P Rel 6 HSUPA Subtest-2		19.66	19.67	20.00	19.83	19.71	19.59	20.00		
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	19.75	19.67	19.71	20.00	19.69	19.61	19.56	20.00		
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	20.25	20.19	20.21	20.50	20.37	20.22	20.09	20.50		
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	20.64	20.70	20.67	21.00	20.43	20.35	20.32	20.50		
3GPP MPR	MPR result	\\/(	DMA Ban	4 V	MPR	\\/(	MPR				
specification					Target		CDMA Ban		Target		
0	HSDPA Subtest-1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0		
0	HSDPA Subtest-2	0.96	1.03	0.99	0	1.02	1.03	0.90	0		
≦0.5	HSDPA Subtest-3	1.43	1.52	1.49	0.5	1.51	1.51	1.29	0.5		
≦0.5	HSDPA Subtest-4	1.43	1.53	1.48	0.5	1.55	1.53	1.39	0.5		
≦0	HSUPA Subtest-1	-0.04	0.13	0.05	0	-0.03	-0.12	-0.11	0		
≦2	HSUPA Subtest-2	0.86	1.04	1.00	2	0.60	0.64	0.73	2		
≦1	HSUPA Subtest-3	0.89	1.03	0.96	1	0.74	0.74	0.76	1		
≦2	HSUPA Subtest-4	0.39	0.51	0.46	2	0.06	0.13	0.23	2		
≦0	HSUPA Subtest-5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0		

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For Sample 2

•	Band	WC	DMA Ban	d V	_	W	CDMA Ban	d II	T
Tx	Channel	4132	4182	4233	Tune-up	9262	9400	9538	Tune-up
R	Channel	4357	4407	4458	Limit (dBm)	9662	9800	9938	Limit (dBm)
Frequ	uency (MHz)	826.4	836.4	846.6	(ubiii)	1852.4	1880 1907.6		(ubiii)
3GPP Rel 99	AMR 12.2Kbps	22.70	22.65	22.61	23.00	22.66	22.56	22.47	23.00
3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	<b>22.71</b>	22.67	22.63	23.00	<mark>22.68</mark>	22.57	22.48	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	22.58	22.55	22.51	23.00	22.58	22.43	22.38	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	21.62	21.51	21.54	22.00	21.66	21.50	21.47	22.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	21.14	21.07	21.04	21.50	21.17	21.04	21.10	21.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	21.12	21.01	21.05	21.50	21.13	21.02	20.99	21.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	20.58	20.47	20.52	21.00	20.36	20.38	20.33	20.50
3GPP Rel 6	3GPP Rel 6 HSUPA Subtest-2		19.56	19.57	20.00	19.73	19.62	19.49	20.00
3GPP Rel 6	3GPP Rel 6 HSUPA Subtest-3		19.59	19.61	20.00	19.59	19.51	19.46	20.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	20.17	20.09	20.11	20.50	20.26	20.12	20.05	20.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	20.62	20.67	20.66	21.00	20.39	20.33	20.27	20.50
3GPP MPR specification	MPR result	WCDMA Band V			MPR Target	WCDMA Band II			MPR Target
0	HSDPA Subtest-1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0
0	HSDPA Subtest-2	0.96	1.04	0.97	0	0.92	0.93	0.91	0
≦0.5	HSDPA Subtest-3	1.44	1.48	1.47	0.5	1.41	1.39	1.28	0.5
≦0.5	HSDPA Subtest-4	1.46	1.54	1.46	0.5	1.45	1.41	1.39	0.5
≦0	HSUPA Subtest-1	0.04	0.20	0.14	0	0.03	-0.05	-0.06	0
≦2	HSUPA Subtest-2	0.96	1.11	1.09	2	0.66	0.71	0.78	2
≦1	HSUPA Subtest-3	0.97	1.08	1.05	1	0.80	0.82	0.81	1
≦2	HSUPA Subtest-4	0.45	0.58	0.55	2	0.13	0.21	0.22	2
≦0	HSUPA Subtest-5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0

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For Sample 3

For Sample 3									
	Band	W	DMA Ban	d V	<b>-</b>	W	CDMA Ban	d II	<b>-</b>
T	c Channel	4132	4182	4233	Tune-up Limit	9262	9400	9538	Tune-up Limit
R	c Channel	4357	4407	4458	(dBm)	9662	9800	9938	(dBm)
Freq	uency (MHz)	826.4	836.4	846.6	(ubiii)	1852.4	1880	1907.6	(uDiii)
3GPP Rel 99	Rel 99 AMR 12.2Kbps		22.66	22.42	23.00	22.66	22.44	22.27	23.00
3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	22.57	<b>22.68</b>	22.45	23.00	<b>22.68</b>	22.46	22.30	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	22.61	22.64	22.47	23.00	22.67	22.43	22.31	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	21.58	21.59	21.48	22.00	21.68	21.42	21.31	22.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	21.12	21.12	21.01	21.50	21.18	20.95	20.88	21.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	21.13	21.10	21.02	21.50	21.23	20.93	20.89	21.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	20.49	20.37	20.42	21.00	20.27	20.25	20.23	20.50
3GPP Rel 6	GPP Rel 6 HSUPA Subtest-2		19.48	19.47	20.00	19.63	19.51	19.39	20.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	19.57	19.47	19.51	20.00	19.50	19.40	19.37	20.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	20.05	20.03	20.01	20.50	20.17	20.02	19.89	20.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	20.53	20.52	20.63	21.00	20.41	20.33	20.31	20.50
3GPP MPR specification	MPR result	WCDMA Band V			MPR Target	WCDMA Band II			MPR Target
0	HSDPA Subtest-1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0
0	HSDPA Subtest-2	1.03	1.05	0.99	0	0.99	1.01	1.00	0
≦0.5	HSDPA Subtest-3	1.49	1.52	1.46	0.5	1.49	1.48	1.43	0.5
≦0.5	HSDPA Subtest-4	1.48	1.54	1.45	0.5	1.44	1.50	1.42	0.5
≦0	HSUPA Subtest-1	0.04	0.15	0.21	0	0.14	0.08	0.08	0
≦2	HSUPA Subtest-2	0.95	1.04	1.16	2	0.78	0.82	0.92	2
≦1	HSUPA Subtest-3	0.96	1.05	1.12	1	0.91	0.93	0.94	1
≦2	HSUPA Subtest-4	0.48	0.49	0.62	2	0.24	0.31	0.42	2
≦0	HSUPA Subtest-5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0

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<Bluetooth Conducted Power>

Bluetooth Average Power (dBm)												
Channal	Frequency		Data Rate									
Channel	(MHz)	DH1	DH3	DH5	2DH1	2DH3	2DH5	3DH1	3DH3	3DH5		
CH 00	2402	6.33	6.30	6.29	4.74	4.45	4.25	4.79	4.44	4.29		
CH 39	2441	<mark>8.21</mark>	7.91	8.11	5.92	4.74	4.87	5.58	4.97	4.95		
CH 78	2480	8.01	7.89	7.90	5.77	5.27	5.07	5.42	4.89	4.69		

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]  $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR.
f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.

- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.
  - If the test separation distance (antenna-user) is < 5mm, 5mm is used for excluded SAR calculation.

Bluetooth Max Power (dBm)	mW	Test Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	<b>Exclusion Thresholds</b>
9	8.00	0	2.48	2.52

Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02 Bluetooth SAR exclusion thresholds is 2.52< 3, RF exposure evaluation is not required.

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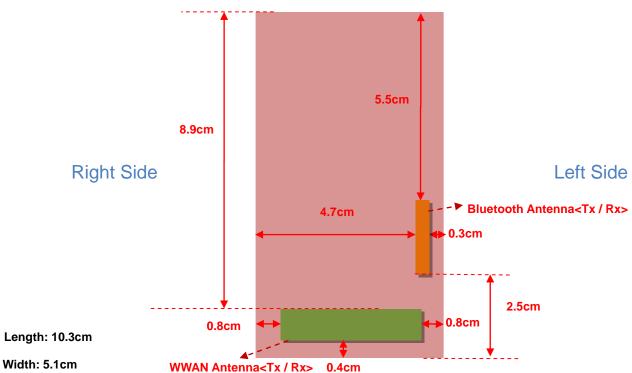
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## 11. Antenna Location

Top Side



**Bottom Side** 

**Back View** 

Antennas	Wireless Interface
WWAN Antenna (Tx / Rx)	GSM850 GSM1900 WCDMA Band V
	WCDMA Band II
BT Antenna (Tx / Rx)	Bluetooth

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## 12. SAR Test Results

#### Note:

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
  - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
  - b. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)\*Tune-up Scaling Factor
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, for each exposure position, if the highest output channel reported SAR ≤0.8W/kg, other channels SAR testing is not necessary.
- 3. Per KDB 648474 D04v01r01, when the *reported* SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required.

### 12.1 Head SAR

#### <GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Sample	EUT Status	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
01	GSM850	GSM Voice	Right Cheek	#1	Flip Open	128	824.2	32.11	32.5	1.094	0.03	0.377	0.412
02	GSM850	GSM Voice	Right Tilted	#1	Flip Open	128	824.2	32.11	32.5	1.094	-0.09	0.117	0.128
03	GSM850	<b>GSM Voice</b>	Left Cheek	#1	Flip Open	128	824.2	32.11	32.5	1.094	-0.01	0.484	<mark>0.529</mark>
04	GSM850	GSM Voice	Left Tilted	#1	Flip Open	128	824.2	32.11	32.5	1.094	-0.06	0.114	0.125
05	GSM850	GSM Voice	Right Cheek SAR in mouth	#1	Flip Open	128	824.2	32.11	32.5	1.094	0.05	0.172	0.188
06	GSM850	GSM Voice	Left Cheek SAR in mouth	#1	Flip Open	128	824.2	32.11	32.5	1.094	-0.09	0.142	0.155
07	GSM850	GSM Voice	Left Cheek	#1	Flip Open	189	836.4	32.05	32.5	1.109	-0.02	0.366	0.406
08	GSM850	GSM Voice	Left Cheek	#1	Flip Open	251	848.8	32.08	32.5	1.102	0.03	0.407	0.448
09	GSM850	GSM Voice	Left Cheek SAR in mouth	#1	Flip Open	189	836.4	32.05	32.5	1.109	-0.09	0.166	0.184
10	GSM850	GSM Voice	Left Cheek SAR in mouth	#1	Flip Open	251	848.8	32.08	32.5	1.102	-0.06	0.190	0.209
12	GSM850	GSM Voice	Left Cheek	#2	Flip Open	128	824.2	31.97	32.5	1.130	0.07	0.432	0.488
14	GSM850	GSM Voice	Left Cheek SAR in mouth	#2	Flip Open	128	824.2	31.97	32.5	1.130	-0.06	0.136	0.154
11	GSM850	GSM Voice	Left Cheek	#3	Flip Open	128	824.2	31.9	32.5	1.148	0.02	0.425	0.488
13	GSM850	GSM Voice	Left Cheek SAR in mouth	#3	Flip Open	128	824.2	31.9	32.5	1.148	-0.07	0.139	0.160
41	GSM1900	GSM Voice	Right Cheek	#1	Flip Open	512	1850.2	29.82	30	1.042	0.01	0.244	0.254
42	GSM1900	GSM Voice	Right Tilted	#1	Flip Open	512	1850.2	29.82	30	1.042	0.03	0.058	0.060
43	GSM1900	GSM Voice	Left Cheek	#1	Flip Open	512	1850.2	29.82	30	1.042	0.08	0.087	0.091
44	GSM1900	GSM Voice	Left Tilted	#1	Flip Open	512	1850.2	29.82	30	1.042	-0.03	0.057	0.059
45	GSM1900	GSM Voice	Right Cheek SAR in mouth	#1	Flip Open	512	1850.2	29.82	30	1.042	0.05	0.733	0.764
46	GSM1900	GSM Voice	Left Cheek SAR in mouth	#1	Flip Open	512	1850.2	29.82	30	1.042	0.05	0.196	0.204
47	GSM1900	GSM Voice	Right Cheek SAR in mouth	#1	Flip Open	661	1880.0	29.74	30	1.062	0.07	0.743	<mark>0.789</mark>
48	GSM1900	GSM Voice	Right Cheek SAR in mouth	#1	Flip Open	810	1909.8	29.59	30	1.099	0.02	0.657	0.722
50	GSM1900	GSM Voice	Right Cheek SAR in mouth	#2	Flip Open	661	1880	29.73	30	1.064	-0.09	0.710	0.756
49	GSM1900	GSM Voice	Right Cheek SAR in mouth	#3	Flip Open	661	1880	29.72	30	1.067	-0.05	0.697	0.743

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#### <WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Sample	EUT Status	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
21	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Right Cheek	#1	Flip Open	4132	826.4	22.73	23	1.064	0.01	0.382	0.407
22	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Right Tilted	#1	Flip Open	4132	826.4	22.73	23	1.064	0.05	0.108	0.115
23	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Left Cheek	#1	Flip Open	4132	826.4	22.73	23	1.064	0.08	0.379	0.403
24	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Left Tilted	#1	Flip Open	4132	826.4	22.73	23	1.064	-0.02	0.092	0.098
25	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Right Cheek SAR in mouth	#1	Flip Open	4132	826.4	22.73	23	1.064	-0.04	0.134	0.143
26	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Left Cheek SAR in mouth	#1	Flip Open	4132	826.4	22.73	23	1.064	-0.1	0.128	0.136
27	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Right Cheek	#1	Flip Open	4182	836.4	22.68	23	1.076	0.03	0.403	0.434
28	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Right Cheek	#1	Flip Open	4233	846.6	22.64	23	1.086	0.05	0.446	<mark>0.485</mark>
29	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Right Cheek SAR in mouth	#1	Flip Open	4182	836.4	22.68	23	1.076	0.04	0.143	0.154
30	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Right Cheek SAR in mouth	#1	Flip Open	4233	846.6	22.64	23	1.086	-0.03	0.158	0.172
32	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Right Cheek	#2	Flip Open	4233	846.6	22.63	23	1.089	0.01	0.419	0.456
34	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Right Cheek SAR in mouth	#2	Flip Open	4233	846.6	22.63	23	1.089	-0.02	0.143	0.156
31	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Right Cheek	#3	Flip Open	4233	846.6	22.45	23	1.135	-0.03	0.363	0.412
33	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Right Cheek SAR in mouth	#3	Flip Open	4233	846.6	22.45	23	1.135	-0.07	0.131	0.149
61	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Right Cheek	#1	Flip Open	9262	1852.4	22.79	23	1.050	0.01	0.435	0.457
62	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Right Tilted	#1	Flip Open	9262	1852.4	22.79	23	1.050	0.07	0.109	0.114
63	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Left Cheek	#1	Flip Open	9262	1852.4	22.79	23	1.050	0.09	0.161	0.169
64	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Left Tilted	#1	Flip Open	9262	1852.4	22.79	23	1.050	-0.09	0.101	0.106
65	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Right Cheek SAR in mouth	#1	Flip Open	9262	1852.4	22.79	23	1.050	-0.03	0.932	0.978
66	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Left Cheek SAR in mouth	#1	Flip Open	9262	1852.4	22.79	23	1.050	0.03	0.296	0.311
67	WCDMA Band II	<b>RMC 12.2K</b>	Right Cheek SAR in mouth	#1	Flip Open	9400	1880	22.64	23	1.086	80.0	0.931	<b>1.011</b>
68	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Right Cheek SAR in mouth	#1	Flip Open	9538	1907.6	22.49	23	1.125	0.07	0.867	0.975
72	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Right Cheek SAR in mouth	#2	Flip Open	9400	1880	22.57	23	1.104	-0.07	0.897	0.990
75	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Right Cheek SAR in mouth	#2	Flip Open	9262	1852.4	22.68	23	1.076	0.03	0.929	1.000
76	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Right Cheek SAR in mouth	#2	Flip Open	9538	1907.6	22.48	23	1.127	0.03	0.886	0.999
71	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Right Cheek SAR in mouth	#3	Flip Open	9400	1880	22.46	23	1.132	0.09	0.863	0.977
73	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Right Cheek SAR in mouth	#3	Flip Open	9262	1852.4	22.68	23	1.076	0.02	0.924	0.995
74	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Right Cheek SAR in mouth	#3	Flip Open	9538	1907.6	22.3	23	1.175	0.06	0.844	0.992

**Note:** The device antenna is located near the bottom and the measured head SAR distribution was clipped. According to KDB 648474 v01r02 section 8, EUT was positioned under the flat phantom with a separation distance of 4 mm between the ear reference point (ERP) and the outer surface of the flat phantom shell, the low bottom of the phone was lowered from the phantom to establish the same separation distance at the peak SAR location identified by the truncated partial SAR distribution measured with the SAM phantom. The distance from the peak SAR location to the phone was determined by the straight line passing perpendicularly through the phantom surface. The procedure to determine the separation for EUT positioning under the flat phantom is illustrated in the SAR test setup photo exhibit

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## 12.2 Body Worn SAR

## <GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Sample	EUT Status	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
81	GSM850	GSM Voice	Front	#1	Flip Close	1.5	128	824.2	32.11	32.5	1.094	0.05	0.195	0.213
82	GSM850	GSM Voice	Back	#1	Flip Close	1.5	128	824.2	32.11	32.5	1.094	-0.08	0.567	<mark>0.620</mark>
83	GSM850	GSM Voice	Back	#1	Flip Close	1.5	189	836.4	32.05	32.5	1.109	-0.01	0.471	0.522
84	GSM850	GSM Voice	Back	#1	Flip Close	1.5	251	848.8	32.08	32.5	1.102	-0.06	0.410	0.452
86	GSM850	GSM Voice	Back	#2	Flip Close	1.5	128	824.2	31.97	32.5	1.130	-0.02	0.545	0.616
85	GSM850	GSM Voice	Back	#3	Flip Close	1.5	128	824.2	31.9	32.5	1.148	0.03	0.538	0.618
101	GSM1900	GSM Voice	Front	#1	Flip Close	1.5	512	1850.2	29.82	30	1.042	-0.06	0.064	0.067
102	GSM1900	GSM Voice	Back	#1	Flip Close	1.5	512	1850.2	29.82	30	1.042	0.02	0.393	<mark>0.410</mark>
103	GSM1900	GSM Voice	Back	#1	Flip Close	1.5	661	1880	29.74	30	1.062	0.05	0.261	0.277
104	GSM1900	GSM Voice	Back	#1	Flip Close	1.5	810	1909.8	29.59	30	1.099	0.02	0.214	0.235
106	GSM1900	GSM Voice	Back	#2	Flip Close	1.5	512	1850.2	29.76	30	1.057	0.05	0.333	0.352
105	GSM1900	GSM Voice	Back	#3	Flip Close	1.5	512	1850.2	29.71	30	1.069	0.04	0.377	0.403

## <WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Sample	EUT Status	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor		Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
91	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Front	#1	Flip Close	1.5	4132	826.4	22.73	23	1.064	-0.1	0.226	0.240
92	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Back	#1	Flip Close	1.5	4132	826.4	22.73	23	1.064	0.06	0.627	<b>0.667</b>
93	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Back	#1	Flip Close	1.5	4182	836.4	22.68	23	1.076	0.04	0.578	0.622
94	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Back	#1	Flip Close	1.5	4233	846.6	22.64	23	1.086	0.02	0.557	0.605
96	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Back	#2	Flip Close	1.5	4132	826.4	22.71	23	1.069	-0.04	0.613	0.655
95	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Back	#3	Flip Close	1.5	4132	826.4	22.57	23	1.104	0.04	0.601	0.664
111	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Front	#1	Flip Close	1.5	9262	1852.4	22.79	23	1.050	0.16	0.087	0.091
112	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Back	#1	Flip Close	1.5	9262	1852.4	22.79	23	1.050	0.06	0.450	0.472
113	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Back	#1	Flip Close	1.5	9400	1880	22.64	23	1.086	0.12	0.557	<b>0.605</b>
114	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Back	#1	Flip Close	1.5	9538	1907.6	22.49	23	1.125	0.09	0.402	0.452
116	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Back	#2	Flip Close	1.5	9400	1880	22.57	23	1.104	0.05	0.541	0.597
115	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Back	#3	Flip Close	1.5	9400	1880	22.46	23	1.132	0.09	0.515	0.583

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## 12.3 Repeated SAR Measurement

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Sampl e	EUT Status	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
65	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Right Cheek SAR in mouth	#1	Flip Open	9262	1852.4	22.79	23	1.050	-0.03	0.932	1	0.978
77	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Right Cheek SAR in mouth	#1	Flip Open	9262	1852.4	22.79	23	1.050	-0.01	0.926	1.01	0.972

#### Note:

- 1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r03, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg
- 2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r03, if the ratio among the repeated measurement is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR <1.45W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required.
- 3. The ratio is the largest SAR to the smallest SAR among original and repeated measurement.
- 4. All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.

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## 12.4 Highest SAR Plot

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2014.02.27

### 82 GSM850\_GSM Voice\_Back\_1.5cm\_Ch128\_#1

Communication System: UID 0, Generic GSM (0); Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium: MSL 835 140227 Medium parameters used: f = 824.2 MHz;  $\sigma = 1$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 56.363$ ;  $\rho =$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

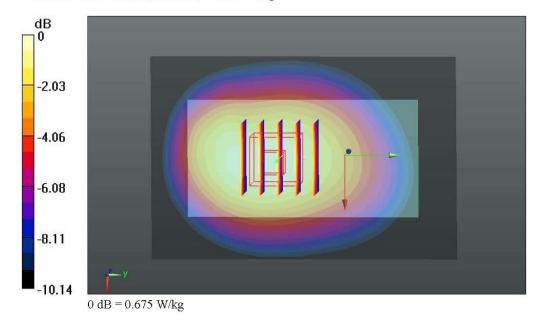
### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(9.54, 9.54, 9.54); Calibrated: 2013.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2013.11.22
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

### Ch128/Area Scan (61x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.669 W/kg

Ch128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 2.332 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.765 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.567 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.401 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.675 W/kg



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Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2014.02.25

#### 47 GSM1900 GSM Voice Right Cheek Ch661 SAR in mouth #1

Communication System: UID 0, Generic GSM (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium: HSL\_1900\_140225 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.418 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 41.085;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(8, 8, 8); Calibrated: 2013.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2013.11.22
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

## Ch661/Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.02 W/kg

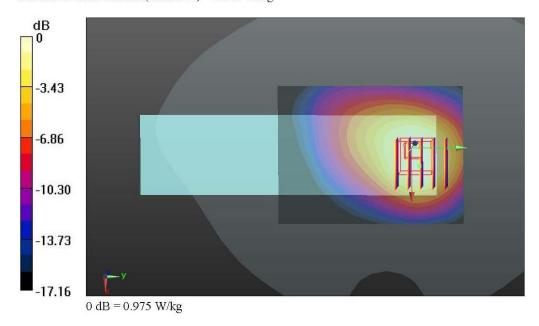
### Ch661/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.817 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.24 W/kg

### SAR(1 g) = 0.743 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.446 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.975 W/kg



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Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2014.02.27

### 92 WCDMA Band V\_RMC 12.2K\_Back\_1.5cm\_Ch4132\_#1

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 835 140227 Medium parameters used: f = 826.4 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.002 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 56.337$ ;

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(9.54, 9.54, 9.54); Calibrated: 2013.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2013.11.22
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

### Ch4132/Area Scan (61x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.776 W/kg

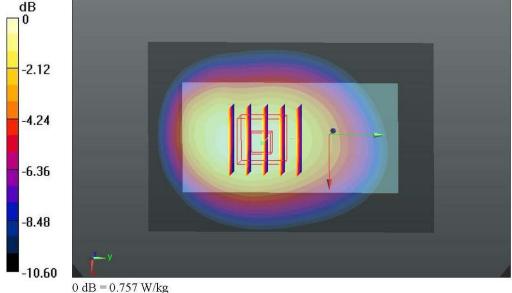
### Ch4132/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.270 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.847 W/kg

### SAR(1 g) = 0.627 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.455 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.757 W/kg



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Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2014.02.25

### 67 WCDMA Band II RMC 12.2K Right Cheek Ch9400 SAR in mouth #1

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

 $Medium: \ HSL\_1900\_140225 \ Medium \ parameters \ used: \ f=1880 \ MHz; \ \sigma=1.418 \ S/m; \ \epsilon_r=41.085;$ 

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(8, 8, 8); Calibrated: 2013.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2013.11.22
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

### Ch9400/Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.22 W/kg

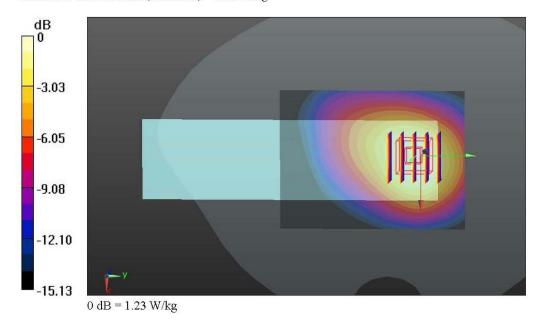
### Ch9400/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.717 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.53 W/kg

### SAR(1 g) = 0.931 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.568 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.23 W/kg



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## 13. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Phor	пе	Note		
NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Comigurations	Head	Body-worn			
1.	GSM(Voice) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes			
2.	WCDMA((Voice) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes			
3.	GPRS (Data) + Bluetooth(data)	=	Yes	Bluetooth Tethering		
4.	WCDMA(Data) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes	Bluetooth Tethering		

#### Note:

- 1. The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,

  - i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg. ii) SPLSR =  $(SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5} / (min. separation distance, mm)$ , and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of  $[(x_1-x_2)^2 + (y_1-y_2)^2 + (z_1-z_2)^2]$ , where  $(x_1, y_1, z_1)$  and  $(x_2, y_2, z_2)$  are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan
    - If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary
  - iii) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg
- For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01v05r01 based on the formula below.
  - i) (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]-[√f(GHz)/x] W/kg for test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm; where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.
  - ii) When the minimum test separation distance is < 5mm, the distance is used 5mm to determine SAR test exclusion.
  - iii) 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm.
  - iv) If the test separation distance (antenna-user) is < 5mm, 5mm is used for estimated SAR calculation.

Bluetooth Estimated SAR (W/kg)								
Bluetooth Max power	Exposure Position	Head	Body-worn					
(dBm)	Test separation (mm)	0	15					
9	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	0.336	0.112					

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## 13.1 <u>Head Exposure Conditions</u>

<WWAN + Bluetooth>

	WWAN	I (PCE)		Bluetooth (DSS)	Summed SAR	SPLSR	
Position	WWAN Band	Plot No	SAR (W/kg)	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	(W/kg)	≤ 0.04	Case No
	GSM850	01	0.412	0.336	0.75		
Dight Chook	GSM1900	47	0.789	0.336	1.13		
Right Cheek	WCDMA Band V	28	0.485	0.336	0.82		
	WCDMA Band II	67	1.011	0.336	<mark>1.35</mark>		
	GSM850	02	0.128	0.336	0.46		
Dight Tiltod	GSM1900	42	0.060	0.336	0.40		
Right Tilted	WCDMA Band V	22	0.115	0.336	0.45		
	WCDMA Band II	62	0.114	0.336	0.45		
	GSM850	03	0.529	0.336	0.87		
Left Cheek	GSM1900	46	0.204	0.336	0.54		
Left Cheek	WCDMA Band V	23	0.403	0.336	0.74		
	WCDMA Band II	66	0.311	0.336	0.65		
	GSM850	04	0.125	0.336	0.46		
Left Tilted	GSM1900	44	0.059	0.336	0.40		
Len Tilled	WCDMA Band V	24	0.098	0.336	0.43		
	WCDMA Band II	64	0.106	0.336	0.44		

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## 13.2 Body-Worn Exposure Conditions

<WWAN + Bluetooth>

THE PROCESSION										
	WWAN	I (PCE)		Bluetooth (DSS)	Summed SAR	SDI SB				
Position	WWAN Band	Plot No	SAR Estimated SAR (W/kg) (W/kg)		(W/kg)	≤ 0.04	Case No			
	GSM850	81	0.213	0.112	0.33					
Front	GSM1900	101	0.067	0.112	0.18					
FIOIIL	WCDMA Band V	91	0.240	0.112	0.35					
	WCDMA Band II	111	0.091	0.112	0.20					
	GSM850	82	0.620	0.112	0.73					
Back	GSM1900	102	0.410	0.112	0.52					
Dack	WCDMA Band V	92	0.667	0.112	0.78					
	WCDMA Band II	113	0.605	0.112	0.72					

Test Engineer: Luke Lu

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## 14. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in Table 14.1

<b>Uncertainty Distributions</b>	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor <sup>(a)</sup>	1/k <sup>(b)</sup>	1/√3	1/√6	1/√2

- (a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity
- (b)  $\kappa$  is the coverage factor

### Table 14.1. Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

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Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Standard Uncertainty (1g)	Standard Uncertainty (10g)
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	6.0	Normal	1	1	1	± 6.0 %	± 6.0 %
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 1.9 %	± 1.9 %
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 3.9 %	± 3.9 %
Boundary Effects	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.7 %	± 2.7 %
System Detection Limits	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	± 0.3 %	± 0.3 %
Response Time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %
Integration Time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.5 %	± 1.5 %
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %
Probe Positioner	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.2 %	± 0.2 %
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %
Max. SAR Eval.	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Test Sample Related							
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	± 3.6 %	± 3.6 %
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %
Phantom and Setup							
Phantom Uncertainty	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.3 %	± 2.3 %
Liquid Conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	± 1.8 %	± 1.2 %
Liquid Conductivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.64	0.43	± 1.6 %	± 1.1 %
Liquid Permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	0.49	± 1.7 %	± 1.4 %
				· ·	I -		

Table 14.2. Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

1

0.6

0.49

 $\pm$  1.5 %

± 11.0 %

± 22.0 %

K=2

± 1.2 %

± 10.8 %

± 21.5 %

Normal

2.5

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC.

Liquid Permittivity (Meas.)

**Combined Standard Uncertainty** 

Coverage Factor for 95 %

**Expanded Uncertainty** 

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## 15. References

- [1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"
- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992
- [3] IEEE Std. 1528-2003, "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [5] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v05r02, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", Feb 2014
- [6] FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r02, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets", Dec 2013.
- [7] FCC KDB 941225 D01 v02, "SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices CDMA 2000 / Ev-Do / WCDMA / HSDPA / HSPA", October 2007
- [8] FCC KDB 941225 D02 v02r02, "SAR Guidance for HSPA, HSPA+, DC-HSDPA and 1x-Advanced", May 2013.
- [9] FCC KDB 941225 D03 v01, "Recommended SAR Test Reduction Procedures for GSM / GPRS / EDGE", December 2008
- [10] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r03, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Feb 2014.
- [11] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r01, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations" May 2013.

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## Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

The plots are shown as follows.

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## System Check Head 835MHz 140224

### **DUT: D835V2 - SN:4d091**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_835\_140224 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.910$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 42.910$ ;  $\rho = 1.000$  Medium: HSL\_835\_140224 Medium parameters used:  $\epsilon_r = 42.910$  MHz;  $\epsilon_r = 42.9$ 

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

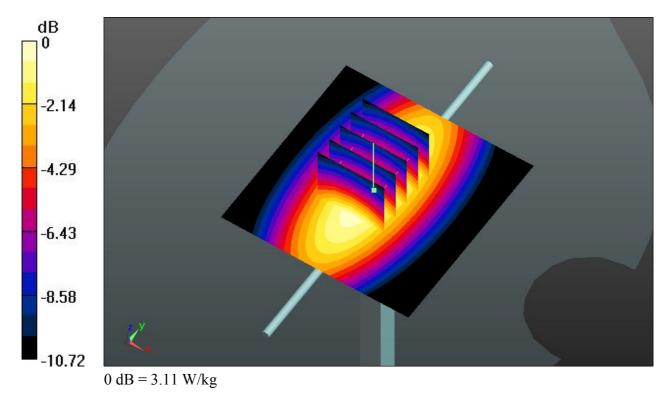
## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(9.68, 9.68, 9.68); Calibrated: 2013.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2013.11.22
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.11 W/kg

**Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 59.979 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.64 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.47 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.62 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.11 W/kg



### System Check Head 1900MHz 140225

### **DUT: D1900V2 - SN:5d118**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 1900 140225 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.440$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 41.011$ ;  $\rho$ 

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

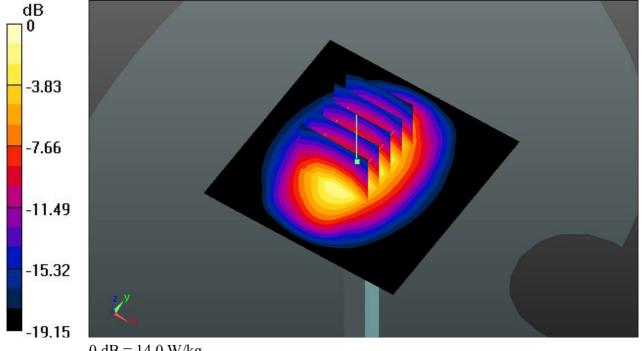
## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(8, 8, 8); Calibrated: 2013.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2013.11.22
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

## Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.4 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 100.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.8 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 9.98 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.13 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.0 W/kg



0 dB = 14.0 W/kg

### System Check Body 835MHz 140227

### **DUT: D835V2 - SN:4d091**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_835\_140227 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.011 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 56.243;  $\rho$ 

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.5°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7°C

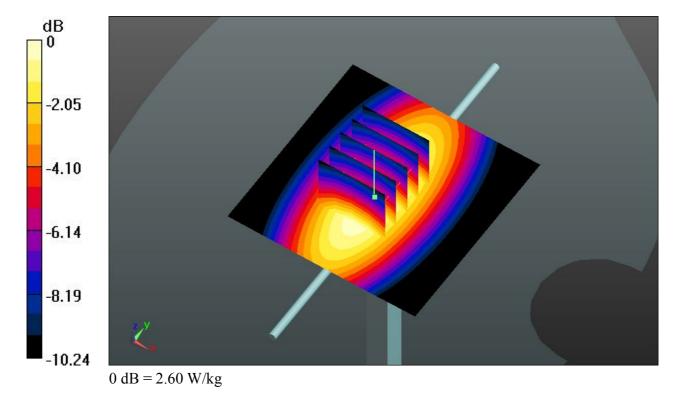
## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(9.54, 9.54, 9.54); Calibrated: 2013.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2013.11.22
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

# **Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.61 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 51.095 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.49 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.42 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.42 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.6 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.60 W/kg



### System Check Body 1900MHz 140302

### **DUT: D1900V2 - SN:5d118**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 1900 140302 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.533$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 54.611$ ;

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

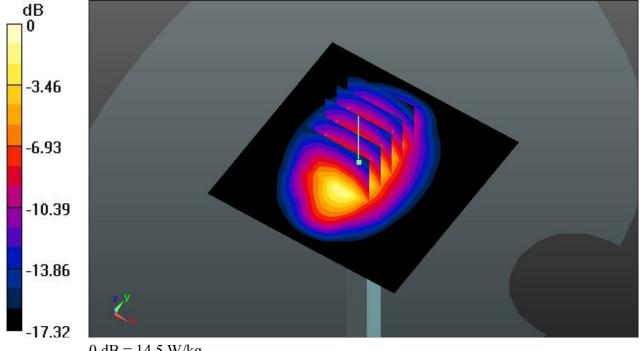
## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(7.55, 7.55, 7.55); Calibrated: 2013.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2013.11.22
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

## Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.6 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 85.749 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.40 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.46 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.5 W/kg



0 dB = 14.5 W/kg