

# SAR EVALUATION REPORT

For

# Changsha SunSky Electronic Design & Development Co., Ltd.

Room1024, Building A, Biaozhi Business Center No. 198 Xiang Fu Road, Changsha, China

FCC ID: WSVSUNVOTEKEYM5L

Report Type:		Product Type:
Original Report		Voting Keypad
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Report Number:	RSH160713050-2	20A
Report Date:	2016-08-12	
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Reviewed By:	SAR Engineer	
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**Note**: This test report is prepared for the customer shown above and for the equipment described herein. It may not be duplicated or used in part without prior written consent from Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp.

Attestation of Test Results						
	Company Name	Company Name Changsha SunSky Electronic Design & Development Co., Ltd.				
	EUT Description	Voting Keypad				
EUT Information	FCC ID	WSVSUNVOTEKEYM5L				
	Model Number	M52Li				
	Test Date	2016-08-11				
Frequency	I	Max. SAR Level(s) Reported	Limit(W/Kg)			
2402-2464MHz	Body-worn:	0.98 W/kg, Extremity (Hand): 1.67 W/kg	1.6/4.0			
	ANSI / IEEE C95.1: 2005 IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fileds,3 kHz to 300 GHz.  ANSI / IEEE C95.3: 2002 IEEE Recommended Practice for Measurements and Computations of Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields With Respect to Human Exposure to SuchFields,100 kHz—300 GHz.  IEEE1528:2013					
Applicable Standards	IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices:  Measurement Techniques					
	IEC62209-2:2010  Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures – Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body.					
	KDB procedures  KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02.  KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03  KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r01					

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**Note:** This wireless device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Standards and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and RF exposure KDB procedures.

The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.

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# **DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY**

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision	
0	RSH160713050-20A	Original Report	2016-08-12	

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# **EUT DESCRIPTION**

This report has been prepared on behalf of Changsha SunSky Electronic Design & Development Co., Ltd. and their product, FCC ID: WSVSUNVOTEKEYM5L, Model: M52Li or the EUT (Equipment under Test) as referred to in the rest of this report.

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# **Technical Specification**

Product Type	Portable	
Exposure Category:	Population / Uncontrolled	
Antenna Type(s):	Internal Antenna	
Body-Worn Accessories:	None	
Face-Head Accessories:	None	
Frequency Band:	2402-2464 MHz	
Conducted RF Power:	: 15.74 dBm	
Dimensions (L*W*H):	92 mm (L)×54 mm (W)×8mm (H)	
Power Source:	: 3.7V <sub>DC</sub> Rechargeable Battery	
Normal Operation:	Hand-Held	

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# REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUILDELINES

#### FCC:

The Report and Order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 mW/g as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992 [6] for an uncontrolled environment (Paragraph 65). According to 447498 D03 Supplement C Cross-Reference v01 "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guide-lines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", released on Jun 29, 2001 by the FCC, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

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This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in North America is 1.6 mW/g average over 1 gram of tissue mass.

#### CE:

The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 2 mW/g as recommended by EN62209-1 for an uncontrolled environment. According to the Standard, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in Europe is 2 mW/g average over 10 gram of tissue mass.

The test configurations were laid out on a specially designed test fixture to ensure the reproducibility of measurements. Each configuration was scanned for SAR. Analysis of each scan was carried out to characterize the above effects in the device.

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### **SAR Limits**

# FCC Limit (1g Tissue)

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	SAR (W/kg)				
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)			
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4			
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0			
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0			

# CE Limit (10g Tissue)

	SAR (W/kg)					
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)				
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4				
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 10 g of tissue)	2.0	10				
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0				

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled environments Spatial Peak limit 1.6W/kg (FCC) & 2 W/kg (CE) applied to the EUT.

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# **FACILITIES**

The test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) to collect data is located at 6/F, the 3rd Phase of WanLi Industrial Building, Shi Hua Road, Fu Tian Free Trade Zone, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R. of China

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#### **DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM**

These measurements were performed with ALSAS 10 Universal Integrated SAR Measurement system from APREL Laboratories.

## **ALSAS-10U System Description**

ALSAS-10-U is fully compliant with the technical and scientific requirements of IEEE 1528, IEC 62209, CENELEC, ARIB, ACA, and the Federal Communications Commission. The system comprises of a six axes articulated robot which utilizes a dedicated controller. ALSAS-10U uses the latest methodologies. And FDTD modeling to provide a platform which is repeatable with minimum uncertainty.

#### **Applications**

Predefined measurement procedures compliant with the guidelines of CENELEC, IEEE, IEC, FCC, etc are utilized during the assessment for the device. Automatic detection for all SAR maxima are embedded within the core architecture for the system, ensuring that peak locations used for centering the zoom scan are within a 1mm resolution and a 0.05mm repeatable position. System operation range currently available up-to 6 GHz in simulated tissue.

#### **Area Scans**

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 10mm2 step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.



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Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.

#### **Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)**

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the ALSAS-10U software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m3 is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube 21,5mm.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 5x5x8 (8mmx8mmx5mm) providing a volume of 32mm in the X & Y axis, and 35mm in the Z axis.

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# **ALSAS-10U Interpolation and Extrapolation Uncertainty**

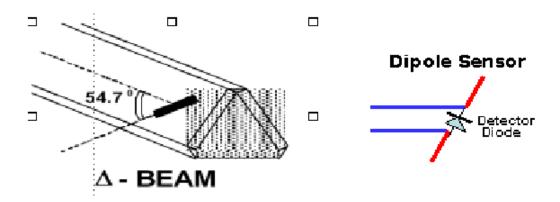
The overall uncertainty for the methodology and algorithms the used during the SAR calculation was evaluated using the data from IEEE 1528 based on the example f3 algorithm:

$$f_3(x, y, z) = A \frac{a^2}{\frac{a^2}{4} + x'^2 + y'^2} \cdot \left( e^{-\frac{2z}{a}} + \frac{a^2}{2(a+2z)^2} \right)$$

# **Isotropic E-Field Probe**

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:



SAR is assessed with a calibrated probe which moves at a default height of 5mm from the center of the diode, which is mounted to the sensor, to the phantom surface (in the Z Axis). The 5mm offset height has been selected so as to minimize any resultant boundary effect due to the probe being in close proximity to the phantom surface.

The following algorithm is an example of the function used by the system for linearization of the output from the probe when measuring complex modulation schemes.

$$V_{i} = U_{i} + U_{i}^{2} \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_{i}}$$

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## **Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification**

Calibration Method	Frequency Dependent Below 1 GHz Calibration in air performed in a TEM Cell Above 1 GHz Calibration in air performed in waveguide			
Sensitivity	$0.70 \ \mu V/(V/m)^2$ to $0.85 \ \mu V/(V/m)^2$			
Dynamic Range	0.0005 W/kg to 100 W/kg			
Isotropic Response	Better than 0.1 dB			
Diode Compression Point (DCP)	Calibration for Specific Frequency			
Probe Tip Diameter	< 2.9 mm			
Sensor Offset	1.56 (+/- 0.02 mm)			
Probe Length	289 mm			
Video Bandwidth	@ 500 Hz: 1 dB @ 1.02 kHz: 3 dB			
Boundary Effect	Less than 2.1% for distance greater than 0.58 mm			
Spatial Resolution	The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.5% for 4.9m diameter probe.  The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.0% for 2.5m diameter probe			

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# **Boundary Detection Unit and Probe Mounting Device**

ALSAS-10U incorporates a boundary detection unit with a sensitivity of 0.05mm for detecting all types of surfaces. The robust design allows for detection during probe tilt (probe normalize) exercises, and utilizes a second stage emergency stop. The signal electronics are fed directly into the robot controller for high accuracy surface detection in lateral and axial detection modes (X, Y, & Z).

The probe is mounted directly onto the Boundary Detection unit for accurate tooling and displacement calculations controlled by the robot kinematics. The probe is connect to an isolated probe interconnect where the output stage of the probe is fed directly into the amplifier stage of the Daq-Paq.

# **Daq-Paq (Analog to Digital Electronics)**

ALSAS-10U incorporates a fully calibrated Daq-Paq (analog to digital conversion system) which has a 4 channel input stage, sent via a 2 stage auto-set amplifier module. The input signal is amplified accordingly so as to offer a dynamic range from  $5\mu V$  to 800mV. Integration of the fields measured is carried out at board level utilizing a Co-Processor which then sends the measured fields down into the main computational module in digitized form via an RS232 communications port. Probe linearity and duty cycle compensation is carried out within the main Daq-Paq module.

ADC	12 Bit			
Amplifier Range	20 mV to 200 mV and 150 mV to 800 mV			
Field Integration	Local Co-Processor utilizing proprietary integration algorithms			
Number of Input Channels	4 in total 3 dedicated and 1 spare			
Communication	Packet data via RS232			

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#### **Axis Articulated Robot**

ALSAS-10U utilizes a six axis articulated robot, which is controlled using a Pentium based real-time movement controller. The movement kinematics engine utilizes proprietary (Thermo CRS) interpolation and extrapolation algorithms, which allow full freedom of movement for each of the six joints within the working envelope. Utilization of joint 6 allows for full probe rotation with a tolerance better than 0.05mm around the central axis.

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Robot/Controller Manufacturer	Thermo CRS
Number of Axis	Six independently controlled axis
Positioning Repeatability	0.05 mm
Controller Type	Single phase Pentium based C500C
Robot Reach	710 mm
Communication	RS232 and LAN compatible

#### **ALSAS Universal Workstation**

ALSAS Universal workstation allows for repeatability and fast adaptability. It allows users to do calibration, testing and measurements using different types of phantoms with one set up, which significantly speeds up the measurement process.

#### **Universal Device Positioner**

The universal device positioner allows complete freedom of movement of the EUT. Developed to hold a EUT in a free-space scenario any additional loading attributable to the material used in the construction of the positioner has been eliminated. Repeatability has been enhanced through the linear scales which form the design used to indicate positioning for any given test scenario in all major axes. A 15° tilt indicator is included for the of aid cheek to tilt movements for head SAR analysis. Overall uncertainty for measurements have been reduced due to the design of the Universal device positioner, which allows positioning of a device in as near to a free-space scenario as possible, and by providing the means for complete repeatability.

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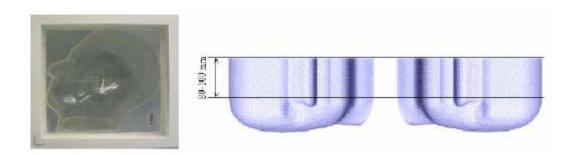


# **Phantom Types**

The ALSAS-10U allows the integration of multiple phantom types. SAM Phantoms fully compliant with IEEE 1528, Universal Phantom, and Universal Flat.

### **APREL SAM Phantoms**

The SAM phantoms developed using the IEEE SAM CAD file. They are fully compliant with the requirements for both IEEE 1528 and FCC Supplement C. Both the left and right SAM phantoms are interchangeable, transparent and include the IEEE 1528 grid with visible NF and MB lines.



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#### **APREL Laboratories Universal Phantom**

The Universal Phantom is used on the ALSAS-10U as a system validation phantom. The Universal Phantom has been fully validated both experimentally from 800MHz to 6GHz and numerically using XFDTD numerical software.

The shell thickness is 2mm overall, with a 4mm spacer located at the NF/MB intersection providing an overall thickness of 6mm in line with the requirements of IEEE-1528.

The design allows for fast and accurate measurements, of handsets, by allowing the conservative SAR to be evaluated at on frequency for both left and right head experiments in one measurement.



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# Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

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Ingredients	Frequency (MHz)									
(% by weight)	45	0	83	35	91	15	19	00	24	50
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2
Salt (Nacl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Triton x-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.8	52.5
Conductivity (s/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78

### Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body

Frequency	Head	Tissue	Body	Tissue		
(MHz)	Er	O (S/m)	Er	O'(S/m)		
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80		
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92		
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94		
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97		
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05		
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06		
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30		
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40		
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52		
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95		
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73		
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00		

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# **EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION**

# **Equipments List & Calibration Information**

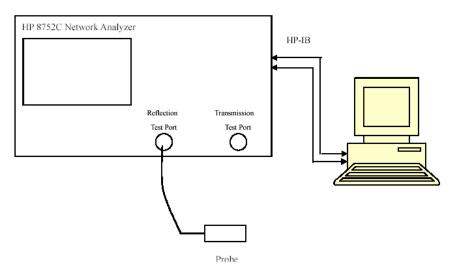
Equipment	Model	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date	S/N
CRS F3 robot	ALS-F3	N/A	N/A	RAF0805352
CRS F3 Software	ALS-F3-SW	N/A	N/A	N/A
CRS C500C controller	ALS-C500	N/A	N/A	RCF0805379
Probe mounting device & Boundary Detection Sensor System	ALS-PMDPS-3	N/A	N/A	120-00270
Universal Work Station	ALS-UWS	N/A	N/A	100-00157
Data Acquisition Package	ALS-DAQ-PAQ-3	2015-12-14	2016-12-14	110-00212
Miniature E-Field Probe	ALS-E-020	2015-12-14	2016-12-14	500-00283
Dipole,2450MHz	ALS-D-2450-S-2	2014-10-09	2017-10-09	220-00758
Dipole Spacer	ALS-DS-U	N/A	N/A	250-00907
Device holder/Positioner	ALS-H-E-SET-2	N/A	N/A	170-00510
UniPhantom	ALS-P-UP-1	N/A	N/A	150-00413
Simulated Tissue 2450 MHz Body	ALS-TS-2450-B	Each Time	/	296-02002
Power Amplifier	5S1G4	N/A	N/A	71377
Attenuator	3dB	N/A	N/A	5402
Dielectric probe kit	HP85070B	N/A	N/A	US33020324
Directional couple	DC6180A	2015-11-12	2016-11-12	0325849
Network analyzer	8752C	2016-06-03	2017-06-03	3410A02356
Synthesized Sweeper	HP 8341B	2016-06-03	2017-06-03	2624A00116
EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	2016-06-13	2017-06-13	101746

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# SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

# **Liquid Verification**



Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

# **Liquid Verification Results**

Frequency	Liquid	Liquid 1	Parameter	Targe	et Value	Del (%		Tolerance
(MHz)	Type	$\epsilon_{\rm r}$	O'(S/m)	$\epsilon_{\rm r}$	O'(S/m)	$\Delta  \epsilon_r$	<b>Δ O</b>	(%)
2402.0	Body	53.36	1.92	52.70	1.95	1.252	-1.538	±5
2432.0	Body	52.57	1.94	52.70	1.95	-0.247	-0.513	±5
2464.0	Body	53.11	1.95	52.70	1.95	0.778	0.000	±5

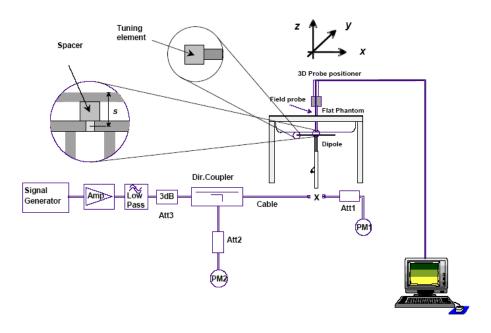
<sup>\*</sup>Liquid Verification was performed on 2016-08-11.

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# **System Accuracy Verification**

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of  $\pm 10\%$ . The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

# **System Verification Setup Block Diagram**



# **System Accuracy Check Results**

Date	Frequency Band	Liquid Type		ıred SAR V/Kg)	Target Value (W/Kg)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)
2016-08-11	2450	Body	1g	50.316	52.418	-4.010	±10

<sup>\*</sup>All SAR values are normalized to 1 Watt forward power.

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#### SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

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System Performance Check 2450 MHz Body Liquid

Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: ALS-D-2450-S-2; S/N: 220-00758

Product Data

Device Name : Dipole 2450MHz

Serial No. : 220-00758 Type : Dipole

Model : ALS-D-2450-S-2

Frequency Band : 2450 MHz

Max. Transmit Pwr
Drift Time : 3 min(s)

Power Drift-Start : 54.355 W/kg

Power Drift-Finish
Power Drift (%) : -2.367

Phantom Data

Name : APREL-Uni Type : Uni-Phantom Serial No. : System Default

Location : Center Description : Default

Tissue Data

: BODY Type : 290-01109 Serial No. : 2450.0 MHz Frequency Last Calib. Date : 11-Aug-2016 : 20.00 °C Temperature : 21.00 °C Ambient Temp. : 50.00 RH% Humidity : 52.61 F/m Epsilon Sigma : 1.94 S/m Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. M

Probe Data

Name : E-Field Model : E-020

Type : E-Field Triangle
Serial No. : 500-00283
Last Calib. Date : 14-Dec-2015
Frequency Band : 2450 MHz

Duty Cycle Factor : 1 Conversion Factor : 4.3

Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20  $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ 

Compression Point : 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mm

Measurement Data

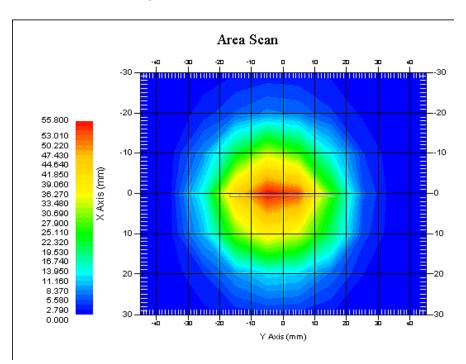
Crest Factor : 1

Scan Type : Complete Tissue Temp. : 20.00 °C Ambient Temp. : 20.00 °C

Area Scan : 8x9x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

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1 gram SAR value : 50.316 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 22.516 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 55.536 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 83.590 W/kg



2450 MHz System Validation with Body Tissue

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#### **EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY**

## Test positions for Hand-held device

Hand-held device means a portable device which is located in a user's hand during its intended use Hand-held usage of the device, not at the head or torso. The device shall be placed directly against the flat phantom as shown in Figure J.1, for those sides of the device that are in contact with the hand during intended use.

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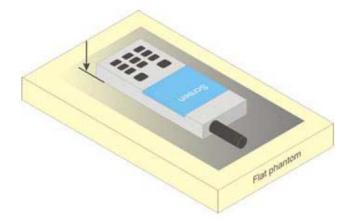


Figure J.1 - Test position for hand-held devices, not used at the head or torso

#### **SAR Evaluation Procedure**

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

- Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.
- Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or EUT and the horizontal grid spacing was 10 mm x 10 mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.
- Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 30 mm x 30 mm x 30 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:
  - 1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
  - 2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the averages.

All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

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Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

Report No: RSH160713050-20A

# **Description of EUT intended use**

The device is a voting keypad, intended for use in hand condition only, and there is no additional accessory for body-mounted.

# **Test methodology**

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02. KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03 KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r01 IEEE1528:2013

SAR Evaluation Report 22 of 50

# CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

# **Provision Applicable**

The measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

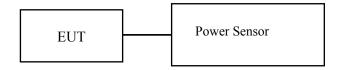
### Justification

The system was configured in testing mode which was provided by manufacturer, EUT was tested with Channel 2402 MHz, 2432 MHz and 2464 MHz

Report No: RSH160713050-20A

#### **Test Procedure**

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the EMI Test Receiver.



# **Maximum Output Power among production units**

Max Target Power for Production Unit (dBm)								
Dond		Channel						
Band Low Middle High								
2402-2464 15.80 15.80 15.80								

# **Test Results:**

Channel frequency	Conducted Average Output Power				
(MHz)	(dBm)	(mW)			
2402	15.53	35.727			
2432	15.61	36.392			
2464	15.74	37.497			

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# SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

#### **SAR Test Data**

#### **Environmental Conditions**

Temperature:	22-24 °C
Relative Humidity:	50-53 %
ATM Pressure:	1001-1002 mbar

Testing was performed by Terry XiaHou on 2016-08-11.

#### **Test Result**

EUT	Frequency	Power Drift	Meas. Avg.	Max. Rated	10 g SAR Value (W/Kg)				
Position	(MHz)	(%)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot	
	2402	2.833	15.53	15.80	1.064	1.572	1.673	1#	
Front (0mm)	2432	2.390	15.61	15.80	1.045	1.316	1.375	/	
(omm)	2464	-2.356	15.74	15.80	1.014	1.088	1.103	/	
	2402	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	
Back (0mm)	2432	-2.583	15.61	15.80	1.045	0.937	0.979	/	
(OIIIII)	2464	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	
Left	2402	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	
(0mm)	2432	-1.172	15.61	15.80	1.045	0.122	0.127	/	
(omm)	2464	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	
Dight	2402	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	
Right (0mm)	2432	2.427	15.61	15.80	1.045	0.685	0.716	/	
(omm)	2464	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	
Ton	2402	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	
Top (0mm)	2432	-1.562	15.61	15.80	1.045	0.153	0.160	/	
(omin)	2464	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	
Dottom	2402	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	
Bottom (0mm)	2432	-2.009	15.61	15.80	1.045	0.046	0.048	/	
(Ollilli)	2464	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	

Report No: RSH160713050-20A

#### Note:

- When the 10-g SAR is ≤ 2.0 W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
   When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
- 3. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is  $> \frac{1}{2}$  dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.

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# **SAR Plots (Summary of the Highest SAR Values)**

#### Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

# Front (2402 MHz);

Measurement Data

Crest Factor : 1

Scan Type: : Complete

Area Scan : 9x11x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

Power Drift-Start : 1.161 W/kg Power Drift-Finish : 1.194 W/kg Power Drift (%) : 2.833

Tissue Data

 Type
 : Body

 Frequency
 : 2402 MHz

 Epsilon
 : 53.36 F/m

 Sigma
 : 1.92 S/m

 Density
 : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

Serial No. : 500-00283 Frequency Band : 2450 MHz

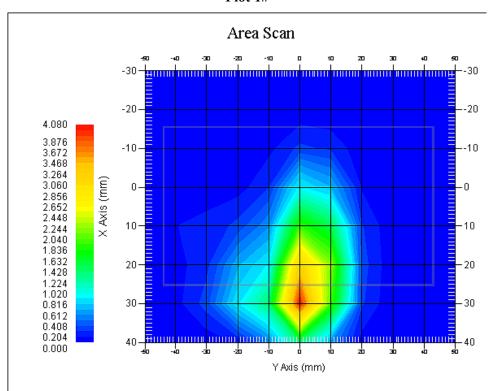
Duty Cycle Factor : 1 Conversion Factor : 4.3

Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20  $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ 

Compression Point : 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mm

1 gram SAR value : 3.320 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 1.572 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 4.020 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 7.257 W/kg

#### Plot 1#



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# APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

According to IEEE1528:2013, the uncertainty budget has been determined for the Head SAR measurement system and is given in the following Table.

Report No: RSH160713050-20A

Source of Uncertainty	Tolerance Value	Probability Distribution	Divisor	c <sub>i</sub> <sup>1</sup> (1-g)	c <sub>i</sub> <sup>1</sup> (10-g)	Standard Uncertain ty (1-g) %	Standard Uncertaint y (10-g) %				
Measurement System											
Probe Calibration	3.5	normal	1	1	1	3.5	3.5				
Axial Isotropy	3.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	$(1-cp)^{1/2}$	$(1-cp)^{1/2}$	1.5	1.5				
Hemispherical Isotropy	10.9	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	√ср	√ср	4.4	4.4				
Boundary Effect	1.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6				
Linearity	4.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7				
Detection Limit	1.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6				
Readout Electronics	1.0	normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0				
Response Time	0.8	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5				
Integration Time	1.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.0	1.0				
RF Ambient Condition -Noise	0.6	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3				
RF Ambient Condition - Reflections	3.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7				
Probe Positioner Mech. Restrictions	0.4	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2				
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	2.9	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7				
Extrapolation and Integration	3.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.1	2.1				
		Test sai	mple relat	ted							
Test sample positioning	2.0	normal	1	1	1	2.0	2.0				
Device Holder Uncertainty	4.0	normal	1	1	1	6.215	6.215				
Drift of Output Power	5.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.67	2.67				
		Phanto	m and Set	up							
Phantom Uncertainty	3.4	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.0	2.0				
SAR correction in permittivity and conductivity	1.2	normal	1	1	0.85	1.2	1.0				
Liquid conductivity measurement	5.0	normal	1	0.78	0.71	3.9	3.6				
Liquid permittivity measurement	5.0	normal	1	0.25	0.29	1.3	1.5				
conductivity—temperat ure	1.1	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	0.5	0.5				
permittivity—temperatu re	1.3	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.23	0.2	0.2				
Combined Uncertainty		RSS				10.78	10.55				
Expanded uncertainty (coverage factor=2)		Normal(k=2)				21.56	21.10				

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According to IEC62209-2:2010, the uncertainty budget has been determined for the Body SAR measurement system and is given in the following Table.

						Standard	Standard					
Source of Uncertainty	Tolerance Value	Probability Distribution	Divisor	c <sub>i</sub> <sup>1</sup> (1-g)	c <sub>i</sub> <sup>1</sup> (10-g)	Uncertainty (1-g) %	Uncertainty (10-g) %					
	Measurement System											
Probe Calibration	3.5	normal	1	1	1	3.5	3.5					
Axial Isotropy	3.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5					
Boundary Effect	1.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6					
Linearity	4.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7					
Detection Limit	1.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6					
Readout Electronics	1.0	normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0					
Response Time	0.8	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5					
Integration Time	1.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.0	1.0					
RF Ambient Condition -Noise	0.6	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3					
RF Ambient Condition - Reflections	3.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7					
Probe Positioner Mech. Restrictions	0.4	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2					
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	2.9	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7					
Extrapolation and Integration	3.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.1	2.1					
		Test sar	nple relate	ed								
Test sample positioning	2.0	normal	1	1	1	2.0	2.0					
Device Holder Uncertainty	4.0	normal	1	1	1	6.215	6.215					
Drift of Output Power	5.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.67	2.67					
		Phantor	n and Setu	ıp								
Phantom Uncertainty	3.4	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.0	2.0					
SAR correction in permittivity and conductivity	1.2	normal	1	1	0.84	1.2	1.0					
Liquid conductivity measurement	5.0	normal	1	0.78	0.71	3.9	3.6					
Liquid permittivity measurement	5.0	normal	1	0.23	0.26	1.3	1.5					
conductivity—temperat ure	1.1	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	0.5	0.5					
permittivity—temperatu re	1.3	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	0.2	0.2					
Combined Uncertainty		RSS				9.58	9.49					
Expanded uncertainty (coverage factor=2)		Normal(k=2)				19.16	18.98					

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# APPENDIX B PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

#### **NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES**

Report No: RSH160713050-20A

Calibration File No.: PC-1654

Task No: BACL-5805

# CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Equipment: Miniature Isotropic RF Probe Record of Calibration Head and Body Manufacturer: APREL Inc.

Model No.: ALS-E020 Serial No.: 500-00283

Calibration Procedure: D01-032-E020-V2, D22-012-Tissue, D28-002-Dipole

Project No: BACL-5805

Calibrated: 12<sup>th</sup> December 2015 Released on: 14<sup>th</sup> December 2015

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

CL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Suite 102, 303 Terry Fox Dr, OTTAWA, ONTARIO CANADA K2K 3J1 Division of APREL Lab. TEL: (613) 435-8300 FAX: (613) 435-8306

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Division of APREL Inc.

#### Introduction

This Calibration Report reproduces the results of the calibration performed in line with the references listed below. Calibration is performed using accepted methodologies as per the references listed below. Probes are calibrated for air, and tissue and the values reported are the results from the physical quantification.

Report No: RSH160713050-20A

#### **Calibration Method**

Probes are calibrated using the following methods.

<800 MHz

TEM Cell for sensitivity in air

Standard phantom using temperature transfer method for sensitivity in tissue

>800 MHz

Waveguide\* method to determine sensitivity in air and tissue

\*Waveguide is numerically (simulation) assessed to determine the field distribution and power

The boundary effect for the probe is assessed using a standard flat phantom where the probe output is compared against a numerically simulated series of data points

#### References

- IEEE Standard 1528:2013
  - IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
- o IEC 62209-1:2006
  - Human Exposure to RF Fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices Human models. instrumentation, and procedures Part 1: Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held mobile wireless devices
- o IEC 62209-2:2010
  - Human exposure to RF fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless devices Human models, instrumentation, and procedures Part 2: specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices (30 MHz 6 GHz)
- o TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field probe calibration procedure
- o D22-012-Tissue dielectric tissue calibration procedure
- D28-002-Dipole procedure for validation of SAR system using a dipole
- IEEE 1309 Standard for Calibration of Electromagnetic Field Sensors and Probes, Excluding Antennas, from 9kHz to 40GHz

Page 2 of 10 Probe S/N 500-00283

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

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Division of APREL Inc.

#### Conditions

Probe 500-00283 was a recalibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory:  $20 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$  +/-  $1.5^{\circ}\text{C}$  Temperature of the Tissue:  $21 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$  +/-  $1.5^{\circ}\text{C}$  Relative Humidity: < 60%

#### **Primary Measurement Standards**

 Instrument
 Serial Number
 Cal due date

 Power Meter Tektronix USB
 11C940
 Apr 2, 2017

 Signal Generator Agilent E4438C
 MY45094463
 Dec 11, 2017

#### Secondary Measurement Standards

Network Analyzer Anritsu 37347C 002106 Feb. 4, 2017

#### Attestation

The below named signatories have conducted the calibration and review of the data which is presented in this calibration report.

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

Dan Brooks, Test Engineer

Page 3 of 10 Probe S/N 500-00283
This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

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Division of APREL Inc.

#### **Probe Summary**

Probe Type: E-Field Probe E-020

500-00283 Serial Number:

Frequency: As presented on page 5

Sensor Offset: 1.56 2.5 Sensor Length:

Tip Enclosure: Composite\*

Tip Diameter: < 2.9 mm

Tip Length: 55 mm

Total Length: 289 mm

95 mV **Diode Compression Point:** 

### Sensitivity in Air

Frequency Range	Channel X, μV/(V/m) <sup>2</sup>	Channel Y, μV/(V/m) <sup>2</sup>	Channel Z, $\mu V/(V/m)^2$	Tolerance, μV/(V/m)²
450 MHz	1.212	1.205	1.199	±0.004
750 MHz, 835 MHz 900 MHz	1.212	1.21	1.209	±0.004
1 GHz – 4 GHz	1.21	1.21	1.207	±0.004
5 GHz – 6 GHz	1.2	1.192	1.19	±0.005

Probe S/N 500-00283

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This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

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<sup>\*</sup>Resistive to recommended tissue recipes per IEEE-1528

Division of APREL Inc.

Calibration for Tissue (Head H, Body B)

Frequency	Tissue Type	Measured Epsilon	Measured Sigma	Standard Uncertainty (%)	Calibration Frequency Range (MHz)	Conversion Factor
450 H	Head	43.5	0.84	3.5	±50	5.7
450 B	Body	56.77	0.93	3.5	±50	5.8
750 H	Head	42.92	0.92	3.5	±50	6.0
750 B	Body	55.57	0.93	3.5	±50	5.9
835 H	Head	43.44	0.94	3.5	±50	5.9
835 B	Body	54.91	1.00	3.5	±50	5.9
900 H	Head	41.05	1.01	3.5	±50	6.0
900 B	Body	54.86	1.04	3.5	±50	5.9
1450 H	Head	X	X	X	X	Х
1450 B	Body	X	Х	X	Х	Х
1500 H	Head	X	X	X	X	Х
1500 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
1640 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
1640 B	Body	X	Х	X	X	Х
1750 H	Head	38.58	1.36	3.5	±75	5.4
1750 B	Body	51.5	1.52	3.5	±75	5.3
1800 H	Head	X	Х	X	X	X
1800 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
1900 H	Head	40.72	1.37	3.5	±75	4.8
1900 B	Body	52.29	1.58	3.5	±75	4.8
2000 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
2000 B	Body	Х	Х	Х	X	Х
2100 H	Head	Х	Х	Х	X	Х
2100 B	Body	Х	Х	X	X	Х
2300 H	Head	Х	Х	X	X	Х
2300 B	Body	X	Х	X	X	X
2450 H	Head	37.35	1.85	3.5	±75	4.8
2450B	Body	53.26	1.96	3.5	±75	4.3
3000 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
3000 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
3600 H	Head	37.24	3.14	3.5	±100	4.4
3600 B	Body	50.23	3.81	3.5	±100	4.1
5250 H	Head	35.05	4.65	3.5	±100	3.1
5250 B	Body	46.24	5.11	3.5	±100	2.9
5600 H	Head	34.95	5.06	3.5	±100	3.0
5600 B	Body	45.95	5.73	3.5	±100	2.4
5800 H	Head	34.57	5.27	3.5	±100	3.1
5800 B	Body	46.01	6.10	3.5	±100	2.6

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This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

Probe S/N 500-00283

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# **Boundary Effect:**

Uncertainty resulting from the boundary effect is less than 2.1% for the distance between the tip of the probe and the tissue boundary, when less than 0.58mm.

Report No: RSH160713050-20A

#### **Spatial Resolution:**

The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.5% for 4.9mm diameter probe. The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.0% for 2.5mm diameter probe.

#### **DAQ-PAQ Contribution**

To minimize the uncertainty calculation all tissue sensitivity values were calculated using a load impedance of 5 M $\Omega$ .

#### **Probe Calibration Uncertainty**

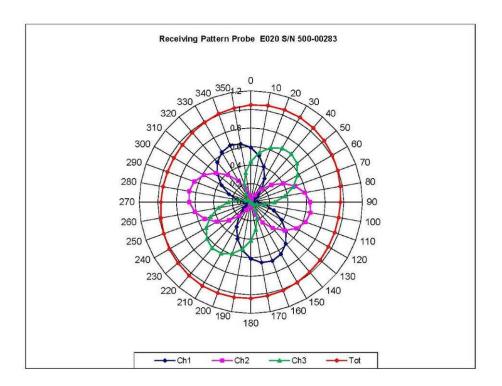
Uncertainty component	Tolerance (± %)	Probability distribution	Divisor	Standard uncertainty (± %)
Incident or forward power	2.5	R	√3	1.44
Reflected power	2	R	√3	1.15
Liquid conductivity measurement	1	R	√3	0.58
Liquid permittivity measurement	1	R	√3	0.58
Liquid conductivity deviation	1.5	R	√3	0.87
Liquid permittivity deviation	1.5	R	√3	0.87
Frequency deviation	2.25	R	√3	1.30
Field homogeneity	2.5	R	√3	1.44
Field-probe positioning	2.5	R	√3	1.44
Field-probe linearity	1.55	R	√3	0.89
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS		3.50

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This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document. Probe S/N 500-00283

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Division of APREL Inc.

# **Receiving Pattern Air**

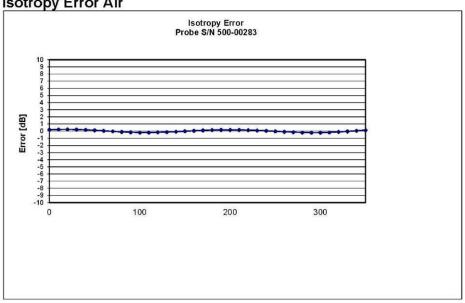


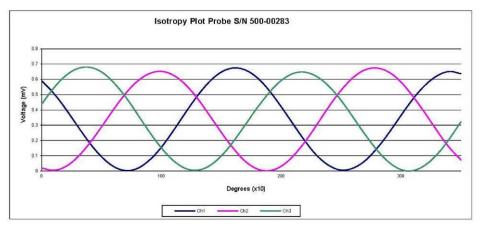
Page 7 of 10
This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document. Probe S/N 500-00283

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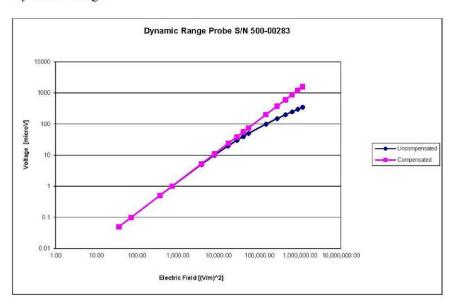
Page 8 of 10
This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

Probe S/N 500-00283

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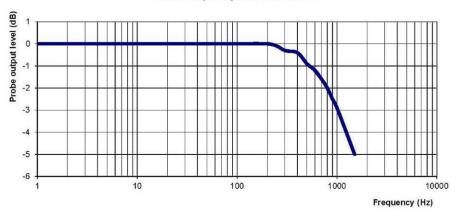
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# Dynamic Range



### Video Bandwidth

### **Probe Frequency Characteristics**



Video Bandwidth at 500 Hz Video Bandwidth at 1.02 KHz: 1 dB 3 dB

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# APPENDIX C DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

#### NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Report No: RSH160713050-20A

Calibration File No: DC-1602 Project Number: BAC-dipole-cal-5779

# CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Validation Dipole (Head & Body)

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories
Part number: ALS-D-2450-S-2
Frequency: 2450 MHz
Serial No: 220-00758

Customer: Bay Area Compliance Laboratory

Calibrated: 9<sup>th</sup> October, 2014 Released on: 9<sup>th</sup> October, 2014

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

ite 102, 303 Terry Fox Dr. Kanata, ONTARIO CANADA K2K 3J1 Division of APREL Lab. TEL: (613) 435-8300 FAX: (613)435-8306

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Report No: RSH160713050-20A

#### **NCL Calibration Laboratories**

Division of APREL Laboratories.

#### **Conditions**

Dipole 220-00758 was received in good condition and was a re-calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5°C Temperature of the Tissue: 21 °C +/- 0.5°C

#### Attestation

The below named signatories have conducted the calibration and review of the data which is presented in this calibration report.

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

Maryna Nesterova Calibration Engineer

#### **Primary Measurement Standards**

 Instrument
 Serial Number
 Cal due date

 Tektronix USB Power Meter
 11C940
 May 14, 2015

 Network Analyzer Anritsu 37347C
 002106
 Feb. 20, 2015

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# **Calibration Results Summary**

The following results relate the Calibrated Dipole and should be used as a quick reference for the user.

#### **Mechanical Dimensions**

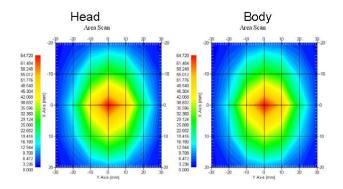
Length:52.4 mmHeight:30.3 mm

**Electrical Specification** 

Tissue	Frequency	SWR:	Return Loss	Impedance
Head	2450 MHz	1.014 U	-45.184 dB	50.006Ω
Body	2450 MHz	1.070 U	-29.453 dB	50.672 Ω

#### **System Validation Results**

Tissue	Frequency	1 Gram	10 Gram	Peak
Head	2450 MHz	54.916	25.327	111.97
Body	2450 MHz	52.418	24.691	103.91



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#### Introduction

This Calibration Report has been produced in line with the SSI Dipole Calibration Procedure SSI-TP-018-ALSAS. The results contained within this report are for Validation Dipole 220-00758. The calibration routine consisted of a three-step process. Step 1 was a mechanical verification of the dipole to ensure that it meets the mechanical specifications. Step 2 was an Electrical Calibration for the Validation Dipole, where the SWR, Impedance, and the Return loss were assessed. Step 3 involved a System Validation using the ALSAS-10U, along with APREL E-020 30 MHz to 6 GHz E-Field Probe Serial Number 225.

#### References

SSI-TP-018-ALSAS Dipole Calibration Procedure

SSI-TP-016 Tissue Calibration Procedure

IEEE 1528 "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques"

IEC-62209 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures"

Part 1: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)" IEC-62209 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and bodymounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures"

Part 2 Draft: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for handheld devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)"

#### Conditions

Dipole 220-00758 was a re-calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory:  $22 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \,^{+/-} \, 0.5^{\circ}\text{C}$ Temperature of the Tissue:  $20 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \,^{+/-} \, 0.5^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

#### **Dipole Calibration uncertainty**

The calibration uncertainty for the dipole is made up of various parameters presented below.

Mechanical1%Positioning Error1.22%Electrical1.7%Tissue2.2%Dipole Validation2.2%

TOTAL 8.32% (16.64% K=2)

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# **Dipole Calibration Results**

# **Mechanical Verification**

APREL	APREL	Measured	Measured
Length	Height	Length	Height
51.5 mm	30.4 mm	52.4 mm	30.3 mm

**Electrical Specification** 

Tissue	Frequency	SWR:	Return Loss	Impedance
Head	2450 MHz	1.014 U	-45.184 dB	50.006Ω
Body	2450 MHz	1.070 U	-29.453 dB	50.672 Ω

# **Tissue Validation**

	Dielectric constant, ε <sub>r</sub>	Conductivity, o [S/m]
Head Tissue 2450MHz	37.26	1.84
Body Tissue 2450MHz	53.61	1.90

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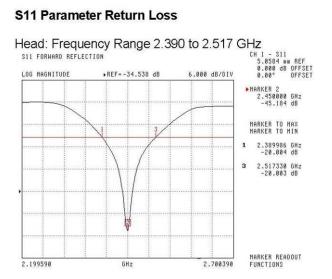
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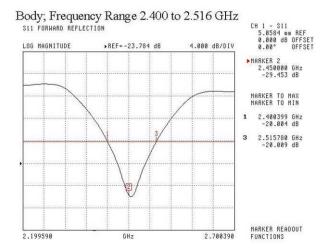
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#### **NCL Calibration Laboratories**

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The Following Graphs are the results as displayed on the Vector Network Analyzer.



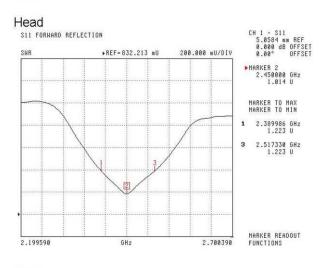


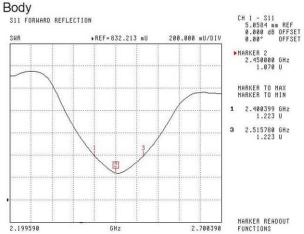
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#### **SWR**





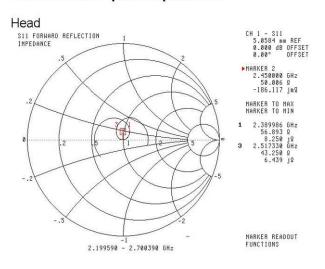
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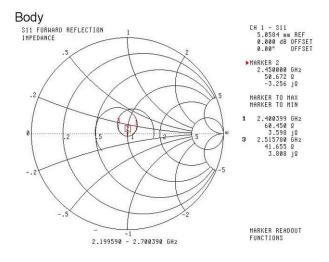
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# **Smith Chart Dipole Impedance**





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# **Test Equipment**

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List May 2014.

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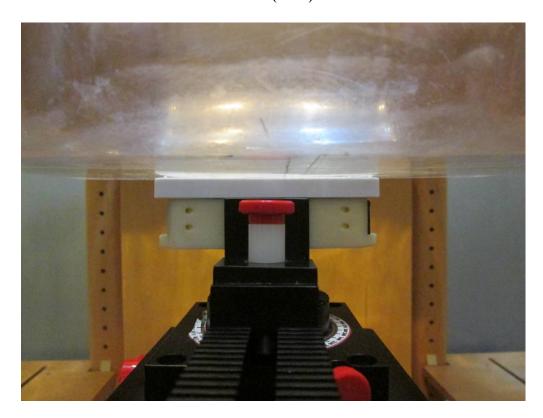
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# APPENDIX D EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS

Liquid depth ≥ 15cm



Front (0mm)



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# Back (0mm)



Left (0mm)



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# Right (0mm)



Top (0mm)



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# Bottom (0mm)



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#### APPENDIX F INFORMATIVE REFERENCES

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