# **FCC SAR Test Report**

**APPLICANT** : Brightstar Corporation

**EQUIPMENT** : Mobile Phone

**BRAND NAME** : Avvio

MODEL NAME : Avvio L800S, Avvio L800

**FCC ID** : WVBAL800X

**STANDARD** : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

**ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992** 

IEEE 1528-2013

We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and had been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Reviewed by: Eric Huang / Deputy Manager

Este huan

Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager



Report No. : FA580514

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Issued Date: Sep. 15, 2015 Form version.: 150415 FCC ID: WVBAL800X Page 1 of 62

# **Table of Contents**

1. Statement of Compliance	
2. Administration Data	
3. Guidance Standard	5
4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information	6
4.1 General Information	6
4.2 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations	7
5. RF Exposure Limits	9
5.1 Uncontrolled Environment	
5.2 Controlled Environment	
6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)	10
6.1 Introduction	10
6.2 SAR Definition	
7. System Description and Setup	
8. Measurement Procedures	
8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation	
8.2 Power Reference Measurement	13
8.3 Area Scan	
8.4 Zoom Scan	
8.5 Volume Scan Procedures	
8.6 Power Drift Monitoring	
9. Test Equipment List	
10. System Verification	
10.1 Tissue Verification	
10.2 System Performance Check Results	
11. RF Exposure Positions	
11.1 Ear and handset reference point	18
11.2 Definition of the cheek position	
11.3 Definition of the tilt position	
11.4 Body Worn Accessory	
11.5 Wireless Router	
12. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)	
13. Bluetooth Exclusions Applied	
14. Antenna Location	
15. SAR Test Results	
15.1 Head SAR	41
15.2 Hotspot SAR	
15.3 Body Worn Accessory SAR	
15.4 Repeated SAR Measurement	
16. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis	55
16.1 Head Exposure Conditions	
16.2 Hotspot Exposure Conditions	
16.3 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions	59
17. Uncertainty Assessment	60
18. References	
Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check	
Appendix B. Plots of High SAR Measurement	
Appendix C. DASY Calibration Certificate	
Appendix D. Test Setup Photos	

TEL: 86-755-8637-9589/ FAX: 86-755-8637-9595

FCC ID: WVBAL800X

# **Revision History**

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REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE			
FA580514	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Sep. 15, 2015			

TEL: 86-755-8637-9589/ FAX: 86-755-8637-9595

Issued Date : Sep. 15, 2015 Form version. : 150415 FCC ID: WVBAL800X Page 3 of 62

## 1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **Brightstar Corporation**, **Mobile Phone**, **Avvio L800S**, **Avvio L800**, are as follows.

Report No.: FA580514

		Highest SAR Summary			
Equipment Class	Frequency Band	Head (Separation 0mm) 1g SAR (W/kg)	Body-worn (Separation 10mm) 1g SAR (W/kg)	Wireless Router (Separation 10mm) 1g SAR (W/kg)	Highest Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	0.85	1.00	1.00	
	GSM1900	0.20	1.18	1.19	
	WCDMA Band V	0.18	0.42	0.42	
PCE	WCDMA Band II	0.17	1.16	1.19	1.19
PUE	LTE Band 17	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	1.19
	LTE Band 4	0.13	0.64	0.64	
	LTE Band 2	0.20	1.17	1.17	
	LTE Band 7	<0.10	0.69	0.69	
DTS	WLAN 2.4GHz Band	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	1.19
Date of Testing:		Aug	. 25, 2015 ~ Sep. 0	1, 2015	

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications

## 2. Administration Data

Testing Laboratory					
Test Site SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC.					
Test Site Location	1F & 2F,Building A, Morning Business Center, No. 4003 ShiGu Rd., Xili Town, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P. R. China TEL: +86-755-8637-9589 FAX: +86-755-8637-9595				

Report No.: FA580514

<b>Applicant</b>					
Company Name Brightstar Corporation					
Address 9725 NW 117th Ave., Miami, Florida, FL 33178, United States					

Manufacturer						
Company Name	Company Name Heng Da Chuang Xin Technology Limited					
Address Rm14H Taibang Building, 4 Rd. High Tech South, Nanshan, SZ, P. R. C. 51800						

## 3. Guidance Standard

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r01
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r02
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r01
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r03
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02

# 4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

## 4.1 General Information

Product Feature & Specification					
Equipment Name	Mobile Phone				
Brand Name	Avvio				
Model Name	Avvio L800S, Avvio L800				
FCC ID	WVBAL800X				
IMEI Code	SIM1: 358151060000360 SIM2: 358151060000378				
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz LTE Band 17: 706.5 MHz ~ 713.5 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1754.3 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850.7 MHz ~ 1909.3 MHz LTE Band 7: 2502.5 MHz ~ 2567.5 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz				
Mode	· GSM/GPRS/EGPRS · RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps · HSDPA · HSUPA · DC-HSDPA · HSPA+ (16QAM uplink) · LTE: QPSK, 16QAM · 802.11b/g/n HT20/HT40 · Bluetooth v3.0+EDR, Bluetooth v4.0 LE				
HW Version	M326B				
SW Version	AVVIO_L800_V1_0_1				
GSM / (E)GPRS Transfer mode	Class B – EUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network.				
EUT Stage	Production Unit				
Remark:					

Report No.: FA580514

#### Remark:

- 1. This device supported VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA, LTE (e.g. 3rd party VoIP).
- 2. This device supports GPRS/EGPRS mode up to multi-slot class12.
- 3. This device does not support DTM operation.
- 4. There are two different types of EUT. They are single SIM card mobile(Avvio L800) and dual SIM card mobile(Avvio L800S). The others are the same including circuit design, PCB board, structure and all components. It is special to declare. After pre-scan two types of EUT, we found test result of the sample that dual SIM was the worst, so we chose dual SIM card mobile to perform all tests.
- 5. The dual SIM card mobile has 2 SIM slots and supports dual SIM dual Standby. The WWAN radio transmission will be enabled by either one SIM at a time (Single active).
- After pre-scan two SIM cards power, we found test result of the SIM1 was the worse, so we chose dual SIM1 card to perform all tests.

TEL: 86-755-8637-9589/ FAX: 86-755-8637-9595 Issued Date: Sep. 15, 2015 Form version.: 150415 FCC ID: WVBAL800X Page 6 of 62

## 4.2 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

Summarized r	песе	ssary items	address	sed in K	DB 941	225 D05	v02r03		
FCC ID	WV	VVBAL800X							
Equipment Name	Mok	Mobile Phone							
Operating Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band	LTE LTE	TE Band 17: 706.5 MHz ~ 713.5 MHz TE Band 4: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1754.3 MHz TE Band 2: 1850.7 MHz ~ 1909.3 MHz TE Band 7: 2502.5 MHz ~ 2567.5 MHz							
Channel Bandwidth	LTE LTE	LTE Band 17: 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 4:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 2:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 7: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz							
uplink modulations used	QP	SK, and 16Q	AM						
LTE Voice / Data requirements	Data	a only							
LTE MPR permanently built-in by design		Table 6			40-40-04-04		PR) for Pov bandwidth		MPR (dB)
33.g	-	QPSK	>5	>4	>8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤1
		16 QAM	≤ 5	≤4	≤8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1
		16 QAM	>5	>4	>8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤2
LTE Release Version	R9								
LTE A-MPR	In the base station simulator configuration, Network Setting value is set to NS_01 to disable A-MPR during SAR testing and the LTE SAR tests was transmitting on all TTI frames (Maximum TTI)								
Spectrum plots for RB configuration	mea	A properly configured base station simulator was used for the SAR and power measurement; therefore, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration are not included in the SAR report.							

Report No.: FA580514

Transmission (H, M, L) channel numbers and frequencies in each LTE band LTE Band 17 Bandwidth 5 MHz Bandwidth 10 MHz Channel # Freq.(MHz) Channel # Freq. (MHz) 23755 706.5 23780 709 Μ 23790 710 23790 710 Н 23825 713.5 23800 711 LTE Band 4 Bandwidth 1.4 Bandwidth 3 MHz Bandwidth 5 MHz Bandwidth 10 MHz Bandwidth 15 MHz Bandwidth 20 MHz MHz Freq. Freq. Freq. Freq. Freq. Ch. # Ch. # Ch. # Ch. # Ch. # Ch. # (MHz) (MHz) (MHz) (MHz) (MHz) (MHz) 19957 1710.7 19965 1711.5 19975 1712.5 20000 1715 20025 1717.5 20050 1720 M 20175 1732.5 20175 1732.5 20175 1732.5 20175 1732.5 20175 1732.5 20175 1732.5 H 20393 20385 20375 20325 20300 1754.3 1753.5 1752.5 20350 1750 1747.5 1745 LTE Band 2 Bandwidth 1.4 Bandwidth 3 MHz Bandwidth 5 MHz Bandwidth 10 MHz Bandwidth 15 MHz Bandwidth 20 MHz MHz Freq. Freq. Freq. Freq. Freq. Freq. Ch. # Ch. # Ch. # Ch. # Ch. # Ch. # (MHz) (MHz) (MHz) (MHz) (MHz) (MHz) 18615 18700 18607 1850.7 1851.5 18625 1852.5 18650 1855 18675 1857.5 1860 M 18900 1880 18900 1880 18900 18900 1880 18900 1880 18900 1880 1880 Н 19193 1909.3 19185 1908.5 19175 1907.5 19150 1905 19125 1902.5 19100 1900 LTE Band 7 Bandwidth 5 MHz Bandwidth 10 MHz Bandwidth 15 MHz Bandwidth 20 MHz Ch. # Freq. (MHz) Ch. # Freq. (MHz) Ch. # Freq. (MHz) Ch. # Freq. (MHz) 20775 2502.5 20800 2505 20825 2507.5 20850 2510 M 21100 21100 2535 21100 21100 2535 2535 2535 21425 2567.5 21400 2565 21375 2562.5 21350 2560

Report No.: FA580514

## 5. RF Exposure Limits

## 5.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Report No.: FA580514

## 5.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

#### Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

#### Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

 Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

## 6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

## 6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

**Report No.: FA580514** 

## 6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (p). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

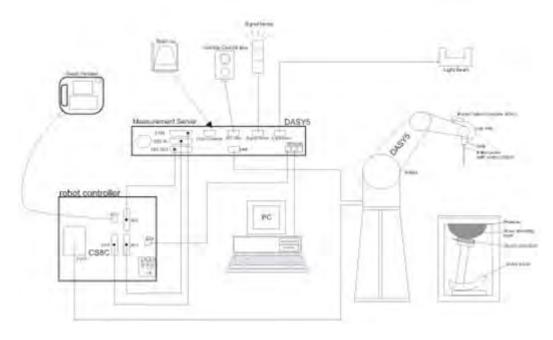
SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where:  $\sigma$  is the conductivity of the tissue,  $\rho$  is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

## 7. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



Report No. : FA580514

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing,
   AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

## 8. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

#### <Conducted power measurement>

For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

Report No.: FA580514

- Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

#### <SAR measurement>

- Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- Power reference measurement (a)
- (b) Area scan
- Zoom scan (c)
- (d) Power drift measurement

## 8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and (b) measurement parameters)
- Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid (d)
- Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface (e)
- Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

FCC ID: WVBAL800X Page 12 of 62

### 8.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

Report No.: FA580514

### 8.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°	
	$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq$ 12 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 10 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}$ , $\Delta y_{Area}$	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.		

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### 8.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Report No.: FA580514

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Zoom}$ , $\Delta y_{Zoom}$			$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq$ 5 mm <sup>*</sup>	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$
	uniform	grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded grid $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$ :	Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (1): between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$ : between subsequent $\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z$	Zoom(n-1)	
Minimum zoom scan volume	scan x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

#### 8.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

#### 8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

TEL: 86-755-8637-9589/ FAX: 86-755-8637-9595 Issued Date : Sep. 15, 2015

FCC ID: WVBAL800X Form version.: 150415 Page 14 of 62

When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is  $\leq 1.4 \text{ W/kg}, \leq 8 \text{ mm}, \leq 7 \text{ mm}$  and  $\leq 5 \text{ mm}$  zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

## 9. Test Equipment List

Manufactumen	Name of Equipment	True of Mandal	Carial Number	Calib	ration
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	750MHz System Validation Kit	D750V3	1065	Nov. 19, 2014	Nov. 18, 2015
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d091	Nov. 21, 2014	Nov. 20, 2015
SPEAG	1750MHz System Validation Kit	D1750V2	1069	Nov. 21, 2014	Nov. 20, 2015
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d118	Nov. 21, 2014	Nov. 20, 2015
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	840	Nov. 19, 2014	Nov. 18, 2015
SPEAG	2600MHz System Validation Kit	D2600V2	1061	Nov. 19, 2014	Nov. 18, 2015
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1303	Dec. 11, 2014	Dec. 10, 2015
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1386	Feb. 19, 2015	Feb. 18, 2016
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3819	Nov. 13, 2014	Nov. 12, 2015
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3898	Aug. 06, 2015	Aug. 05, 2016
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CD	TP-1670	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CD	TP-1671	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Anritsu	Radio communication analyzer	MT8820C	6201300653	Aug. 25, 2015	Aug. 24, 2016
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY50267224	Aug. 07, 2015	Aug. 06, 2016
R&S	Network Analyzer	ZVB8	100106	Sep. 29, 2014	Sep. 28, 2015
Speag	Dielectric Assessment KIT	DAK-3.5	1032	NCR	NCR
R&S	Signal Generator	SMBV100A	258305	Jan. 23, 2015	Jan. 22, 2016
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1207253	Jan. 28, 2015	Jan. 27, 2016
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1218010	Jan. 28, 2015	Jan. 27, 2016
Anritsu	Power Senor	MA2411B	917070	Jan. 23, 2015	Jan. 22, 2016
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1005002	Jan. 23, 2015	Jan. 22, 2016
ARRA	Power Divider	A3200-2	N/A	NA	NA
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP7	101634	Aug. 07, 2015	Aug. 06, 2016
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	50422	No	te1
Woken	Attenuator 1	WK0602-XX	N/A	No	te1
PE	Attenuator 2	PE7005-10	N/A	No	te1
PE	Attenuator 3	PE7005- 3	N/A	No	te1
AR	Power Amplifier	5S1G4M2	0328767	Note1	
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZVE-3W	162601250	Note1	
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZHL-42W+	13440021344	No	te1

Report No.: FA580514

#### **General Note:**

1. Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.

## 10. System Verification

## 10.1 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target

tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)
				For Head				
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0
				For Body				
750	51.7	47.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.96	55.5
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7
2600	68.1	0	0	0.1	0	31.8	2.16	52.5

#### <Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ε <sub>r</sub> )	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε <sub>r</sub> ) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
750	Head	22.7	0.886	41.534	0.89	41.90	-0.45	-0.87	±5	2015/9/1
835	Head	22.6	0.902	40.749	0.90	41.50	0.22	-1.81	±5	2015/9/1
1750	Head	22.8	1.378	41.340	1.37	40.10	0.58	3.09	±5	2015/8/31
1900	Head	22.9	1.417	40.994	1.40	40.00	1.21	2.49	±5	2015/8/31
2450	Head	22.7	1.809	37.604	1.80	39.20	0.50	-4.07	±5	2015/8/29
2600	Head	22.6	2.050	38.344	1.96	39.00	4.59	-1.68	±5	2015/8/29
750	Body	22.8	0.961	53.931	0.96	55.50	0.10	-2.83	±5	2015/8/25
835	Body	22.9	0.984	56.306	0.97	55.20	1.44	2.00	±5	2015/8/29
1750	Body	22.6	1.528	52.031	1.49	53.40	2.55	-2.56	±5	2015/8/30
1900	Body	22.7	1.538	53.790	1.52	53.30	1.18	0.92	±5	2015/8/30
2450	Body	22.9	1.991	52.320	1.95	52.70	2.10	-0.72	±5	2015/8/30
2600	Body	22.8	2.209	51.123	2.16	52.50	2.27	-2.62	±5	2015/8/30

Issued Date : Sep. 15, 2015 Form version. : 150415

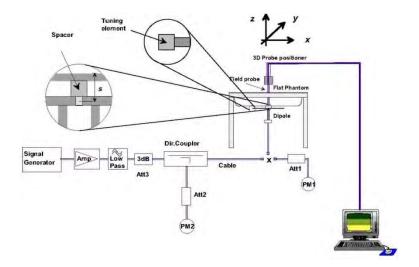
Report No.: FA580514



## 10.2 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)2	Tissue Type2	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2015/9/1	750	Head	250	D750V3-1065	3819	1303	2.17	8.14	8.68	6.63
2015/9/1	835	Head	250	D835V2-4d091	3819	1303	2.27	9.11	9.08	-0.33
2015/8/31	1750	Head	250	D1750V2-1069	3819	1303	9.62	37.10	38.48	3.72
2015/8/31	1900	Head	250	D1900V2-5d118	3819	1303	10.10	40.10	40.4	0.75
2015/8/29	2450	Head	250	D2450V2-840	3819	1303	14.10	52.30	56.4	7.84
2015/8/29	2600	Head	250	D2600V2-1061	3819	1303	14.40	56.90	57.6	1.23
2015/8/25	750	Body	250	D750V3-1065	3819	1303	2.32	8.64	9.28	7.41
2015/8/29	835	Body	250	D835V2-4d091	3819	1303	2.59	9.60	10.36	7.92
2015/8/30	1750	Body	250	D1750V2-1069	3898	1386	9.29	38.10	37.16	-2.47
2015/8/30	1900	Body	250	D1900V2-5d118	3898	1386	10.80	40.00	43.2	8.00
2015/8/30	2450	Body	250	D2450V2-840	3898	1386	13.20	51.00	52.8	3.53
2015/8/30	2600	Body	250	D2600V2-1061	3898	1386	14.00	54.90	56	2.00





Report No. : FA580514

Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup

Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo

TEL: 86-755-8637-9589/ FAX: 86-755-8637-9595

FCC ID: WVBAL800X

Issued Date : Sep. 15, 2015
Page 17 of 62 Form version. : 150415

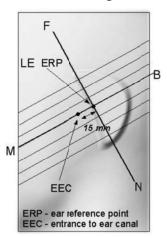
# 11. RF Exposure Positions

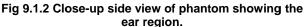
## 11.1 Ear and handset reference point

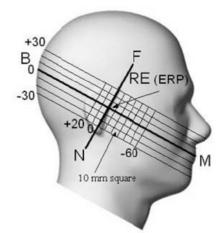
Figure 9.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled "M," the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked "LE," and the right ERP is marked "RE." Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 9.1.2 The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 9.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 9.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.



Fig 9.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom







Report No. : FA580514

Fig 9.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

TEL: 86-755-8637-9589/ FAX: 86-755-8637-9595 Issued Date: Sep. 15, 2015 Form version.: 150415 FCC ID: WVBAL800X Page 18 of 62

## 11.2 Definition of the cheek position

- Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
- Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 9.2.1 and Figure 9.2.2), and the midpoint of the width wb of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 9.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 9.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
- Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 9.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
- Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
- 5. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
- 6. Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line.
- While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 9.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

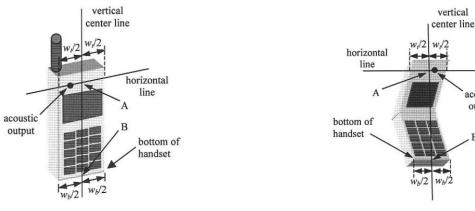


Fig 9.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"fixed case

Fig 9.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines-"clam-shell case"

acoustic output

Report No.: FA580514

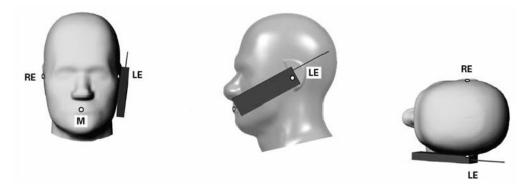


Fig 9.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC. TEL: 86-755-8637-9589/ FAX: 86-755-8637-9595 Issued Date: Sep. 15, 2015 Form version.: 150415

#### Report No.: FA580514

#### 11.3 Definition of the tilt position

- 1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
- 2. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
- 3. Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
- 4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 9.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point



Fig 9.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

### 11.4 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 9.4). Per KDB 648474 D04v01r02, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v05r02 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is < 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.

Report No.: FA580514

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-chip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

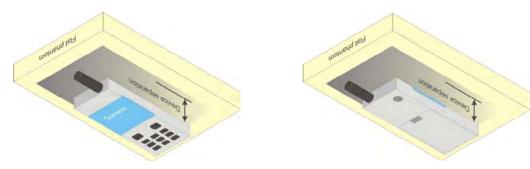


Fig 9.4 Body Worn Position

#### 11.5 Wireless Router

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC HDB Publication 941225 D06 v02 where SAR test considerations for handsets (L  $\times$  W  $\ge$  9 cm  $\times$  5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined form general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

## 12. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

#### <GSM Conducted Power>

 Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.

Report No.: FA580514

- 2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, considering the possibility of e.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for Head and body-worn SAR test reduction for GSM and GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, for Hotspot SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance, for modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested, therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900.

Band GSM850	Burst Av	erage Pow	er (dBm)	Tune-up	Tune-up Frame-Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up
TX Channel	128	189	251	Limit	128	189	251	Limit
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	(dBm)	824.2	836.4	848.8	(dBm)
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	<mark>32.43</mark>	32.30	32.09	33.00	23.43	23.30	23.09	24.00
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	32.41	32.29	32.08	33.00	23.41	23.29	23.08	24.00
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots)	32.08	31.94	31.73	32.50	26.08	25.94	25.73	26.50
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots)	31.00	30.81	30.60	31.50	26.74	26.55	26.34	27.24
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	29.87	29.59	29.35	30.50	<mark>26.87</mark>	26.59	26.35	27.50
EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot)	27.58	27.54	27.05	28.00	18.58	18.54	18.05	19.00
EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots)	26.60	26.54	26.06	27.00	20.60	20.54	20.06	21.00
EDGE (8PSK, 3 Tx slots)	24.79	24.77	24.29	25.00	20.53	20.51	20.03	20.74
EDGE (8PSK, 4 Tx slots)	23.74	23.73	23.23	24.00	20.74	20.73	20.23	21.00

Remark: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.

The calculated method are shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9 dB Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6 dB Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) - 3 dB

Band GSM1900	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up	wer (dBm)	Tune-up		
TX Channel	512	661	810	Limit	512	661	810	Limit
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2	1880	1909.8	(dBm)	1850.2	1880	1909.8	(dBm)
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	30.12	30.20	30.35	31.00	21.12	21.20	21.35	22.00
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	30.08	30.18	30.33	31.00	21.08	21.18	21.33	22.00
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots)	29.26	29.40	29.69	30.00	23.26	23.40	23.69	24.00
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots)	27.25	27.48	27.94	28.00	22.99	23.22	23.68	23.74
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	26.47	26.72	26.88	27.00	23.47	23.72	<mark>23.88</mark>	24.00
EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot)	26.70	26.27	26.18	27.00	17.70	17.27	17.18	18.00
EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots)	25.28	25.37	25.37	26.00	19.28	19.37	19.37	20.00
EDGE (8PSK, 3 Tx slots)	23.48	23.54	23.36	24.00	19.22	19.28	19.10	19.74
EDGE (8PSK, 4 Tx slots)	22.51	22.58	22.35	23.00	19.51	19.58	19.35	20.00

Remark: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.

The calculated method are shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9 dB Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6 dB Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) - 3 dB

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC.

#### <WCDMA Conducted Power>

- 1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
- 2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.

Report No.: FA580514

- 3. For HSPA+ devices supporting 16 QAM in the uplink, power measurements procedure is according to the configurations in Table C.11.1.4 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1.
- 4. For DC-HSDPA, the device was configured according to the H-Set 12, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1, with the primary and the secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell enabled during the power measurement.

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

#### **HSDPA Setup Configuration:**

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
  - i. Set Gain Factors ( $\beta_c$  and  $\beta_d$ ) and parameters were set according to each
  - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
  - iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
  - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
  - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
  - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
  - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
  - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
  - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
  - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
  - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	βο	βd	β <sub>d</sub> (SF)	β∂βа	βнs (Note1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

- Note 1:  $\triangle$ ACK,  $\triangle$ NACK and  $\triangle$ CQI = 30/15 with  $\beta$ <sub>Is</sub> = 30/15 \*  $\beta$ <sub>C</sub>.
- Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA,  $\Delta_{\rm ACK}$  and  $\Delta_{\rm NACK}$  = 30/15 with  $\beta_{hs}$  = 30/15 \*  $\beta_c$ , and  $\Delta_{\rm CQI}$  = 24/15 with  $\beta_{hs}$  = 24/15 \*  $\beta_c$ .
- Note 3: CM = 1 for  $\beta_e/\beta_d$  =12/15,  $\beta_{hs}/\beta_e$ =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HSDPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.
- Note 4: For subtest 2 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c$  = 11/15 and  $\beta_d$  = 15/15.

**Setup Configuration** 

#### **HSUPA Setup Configuration:**

- The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting \*:
  - Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
  - Set the Gain Factors ( $\beta_c$  and  $\beta_d$ ) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121

Report No.: FA580514

- iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
- iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
- Set UE Target Power
- vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
- vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
- viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub- test	βс	βa	β <sub>d</sub> (SF)	βc/βd	βнs (Note1)	βес	β <sub>ed</sub> (Note 5) (Note 6)	β <sub>ed</sub> (SF)	β <sub>ed</sub> (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 6)	E- TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/2 25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β <sub>ed</sub> 1: 47/15 β <sub>ed</sub> 2: 47/15	4 4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	15/15 (Note 4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

- Note 1:  $\Delta_{ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQI}$  = 30/15 with  $\beta_{hs}$  = 30/15 \*  $\beta_c$ .
- CM = 1 for  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  =12/15,  $\beta_h s/\beta_c$ =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH Note 2: and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
- For subtest 1 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by Note 3: setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c$  = 10/15 and  $\beta_d$  = 15/15.
- For subtest 5 the  $\beta_d/\beta_d$  ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by Note 4: setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c$  = 14/15 and  $\beta_d$  = 15/15.
- Note 5: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to
- TS25.306 Table 5.1g. Note 6:  $\beta_{\text{ed}}$  can not be set directly, it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

**Setup Configuration** 

FCC ID: WVBAL800X Page 24 of 62

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC.

#### **DC-HSDPA 3GPP release 8 Setup Configuration:**

- The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration below
- The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting: C.
  - Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
  - Set Cell Power = -25 dBm
  - Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 12, QPSK) iii.
  - Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters iv.
  - Set Gain Factors ( $\beta_c$  and  $\beta_d$ ) and parameters were set according to each Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121

Report No.: FA580514

- a). Subtest 1:  $\beta_c/\beta_d=2/15$ b). Subtest 2:  $\beta_c/\beta_d=12/15$
- c). Subtest 3:  $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/8$
- d). Subtest 4:  $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/4$
- Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8 vi.
- Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3 vii.
- Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
- Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2 ix.
- Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

#### C.8.1.12 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 12

Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12

	Parameter	Unit	Value				
Nominal	Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60				
Inter-TTI	Distance	TTI's	1				
Number	of HARQ Processes	Proces	6				
		ses	U				
Informati	on Bit Payload ( $N_{\mathit{INF}}$ )	Bits	120				
Number	Code Blocks	Blocks	1				
Binary C	hannel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960				
Total Ava	ailable SML's in UE	SML's	19200				
Number	of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	3200				
Coding F	Rate		0.15				
Number	of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	1				
Modulati			QPSK				
Note 1:	The RMC is intended to be used for	or DC-HSD	PA				
	mode and both cells shall transmit	with identi	cal				
	parameters as listed in the table.						
Note 2: Maximum number of transmission is limited to 1, i.e.,							
retransmission is not allowed. The redundancy and							
	constellation version 0 shall be us	ed.					

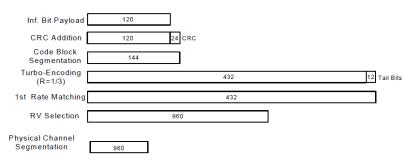


Figure C.8.19: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 12 (QPSK)

#### **Setup Configuration**

FCC ID: WVBAL800X Page 25 of 62



## SPORTON LAB. FCC SAR Test Report

#### HSPA+ 3GPP release 7 (uplink category 7) 16QAM, Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting \*:
  - i. Call Configs = 5.2E:HSPA+:UL with 16QAM
  - ii. Set the Gain Factors ( $\beta_c$  and  $\beta_d$ ) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121-1 s5.2E

Report No. : FA580514

- iii. Set Channel Parms
- iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
- v. Set Channel Type = HSPA
- vi. Set UE Target Power =21 dBm
- vii. Power Ctrl Mode= All Up Bits
- viii. Set Manual Uplink DPCH Bc/Bd = Manual
- ix. Set Manual Uplink DPCH Bc and Bd=15,15(for 34.121-1 v8.10.0 table C11.1.4 sub-test 1)
- x. Set HSPA Conn DL Channel Levels
- xi. Set HS-SCCH Configs
- xii. Set RB Test Mode Setup
- xiii. Set Common HSUPA Parameters
- xiv. Set Serving Grant
- xv. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 105 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

#### Table C.11.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH with 16QAM

Sub- test	β <sub>c</sub> (Note3)	βa	β <sub>HS</sub> (Note1)	βec	β <sub>ed</sub> (2xSF2) (Note 4)	βed (2xSF4) (Note 4)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 4)	E-TFCI (Note 5)	(boost)
1	1	0	30/15	30/15	β <sub>ed</sub> 1: 30/15 β <sub>ed</sub> 2: 30/15	β <sub>ed</sub> 3: 24/15 β <sub>ed</sub> 4: 24/15	3.5	2.5	14	105	105
Note 1 Note 2 Note 3 Note 4 Note 5	CM = DPD β <sub>ed</sub> C All th DPD	= 3.5 a CH is an no ie sub CH ca	and the Mi not config t be set di tests requ ategory 7.	PR is base pured, the rectly; it is uire the U E-DCH T	refore the β <sub>c</sub> is s set by Absolute E to transmit 2S TI is set to 2ms	e CM difference set to 1 and β <sub>d</sub> =	0 by defau M EDCH a table inde	and they a x = 2. To	apply for t	hese E-Do	

#### **Setup Configuration**



#### <WCDMA Conducted Power>

#### **General Note:**

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, SAR for Head / Hotspot / Body-worn exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".

Report No.: FA580514

2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / HSPA+ / DC-HSDPA is ≤ ¼ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / HSPA+ / DC-HSDPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / HSPA+ / DC-HSDPA.

≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSDPA / HSPA+ / DC-HSDPA.									
	Band		WCDMA V				WCDMA I		
	TX Channel	4132	4182	4233	Tune-up Limit	9262	9400	9538	Tune-up Limit
	Rx Channel	4357	4407	4458	(dBm)	9662	9662 9800 9938		
F	Frequency (MHz)	826.4	836.4	846.6	, ,	1852.4	1880	1907.6	(dBm)
3GPP Rel 99	AMR 12.2Kbps	22.91	22.77	22.98	23.50	21.94	21.63	22.89	23.50
3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	22.95	22.78	<b>23.00</b>	23.50	<b>23.07</b>	22.98	23.01	23.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	21.40	21.49	21.91	22.00	21.33	20.96	21.37	22.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	21.46	21.54	21.95	22.00	21.30	21.02	21.36	22.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	21.02	21.04	21.44	21.50	20.84	20.51	20.92	21.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	20.97	21.06	21.45	21.50	20.83	20.51	20.90	21.50
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-1	21.43	21.38	21.73	22.00	21.36	20.89	21.30	22.00
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-2	21.42	21.37	21.70	22.00	21.32	20.89	21.25	22.00
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-3	20.90	20.87	21.16	21.50	20.82	20.37	20.73	21.50
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-4	20.91	20.87	21.21	21.50	20.83	20.37	20.74	21.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	19.44	19.48	19.87	20.00	19.35	19.03	19.35	20.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	19.46	19.47	19.92	20.00	19.33	18.94	19.38	20.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	20.46	20.49	20.91	21.00	20.35	19.95	20.39	21.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	18.86	18.95	19.32	20.00	18.79	18.54	18.91	19.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	21.40	21.50	21.80	22.00	21.30	20.90	21.30	22.00
3GPP Rel 7	HSPA+ (16QAM) Subtest-1	20.42	20.41	20.75	21.00	20.30	19.95	20.35	21.00

#### <LTE Conducted Power>

#### **General Note:**

 Anritsu MT8820C base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.

Report No.: FA580514

- 2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- 4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
- 5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, for QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- 6. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
- 7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
- 8. For LTE B4 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

FCC ID : WVBAL800X Page 28 of 62 Form version. : 150415



# FCC SAR Test Report

<LTE Band 17>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
	Cha			23780	23790	23800	(ubiii)	(ub)
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		709	710	711		
10	QPSK	1	0	22.92	22.91	22.87		
10	QPSK	1	24	22.78	22.76	22.79	24.00	0
10	QPSK	1	49	23.03	23.02	<mark>23.09</mark>		
10	QPSK	25	0	21.82	21.82	21.79		
10	QPSK	25	12	21.83	21.84	21.86	23.00	0-1
10	QPSK	25	24	21.86	21.93	21.95	23.00	0-1
10	QPSK	50	0	21.84	21.86	21.88		
10	16QAM	1	0	22.52	22.49	22.33		
10	16QAM	1	24	22.30	22.30	22.29	23.00	0-1
10	16QAM	1	49	22.64	22.59	22.52		
10	16QAM	25	0	20.79	20.78	20.71		
10	16QAM	25	12	20.74	20.75	20.82	00.00	0.0
10	16QAM	25	24	20.81	20.87	20.90	22.00	0-2
10	16QAM	50	0	20.82	20.80	20.90		
	Cha	nnel		23755	23790	23825	Tune up Limit	MPR
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		706.5	710	713.5	(dBm)	(dB)
5	QPSK	1	0	22.82	22.72	22.74		
5	QPSK	1	12	22.79	22.70	22.97	24.00	0
5	QPSK	1	24	22.79	22.84	22.92		
5	QPSK	12	0	22.05	21.82	21.91		
5	QPSK	12	6	21.98	21.79	21.98	00.00	0.4
5	QPSK	12	11	21.93	21.84	22.07	23.00	0-1
5	QPSK	25	0	21.88	21.81	21.93		
5	16QAM	1	0	22.54	22.02	22.06		
5	16QAM	1	12	22.45	22.05	22.33	23.00	0-1
5	16QAM	1	24	22.35	22.15	22.22		
5	16QAM	12	0	21.08	20.81	20.93		
5	16QAM	12	6	21.01	20.78	21.01		
5	16QAM	12	11	20.89	20.83	21.08	22.00	0-2
5	16QAM	25	0	20.90	20.71	20.89		

Report No.: FA580514

TEL: 86-755-8637-9589/ FAX: 86-755-8637-9595

Issued Date : Sep. 15, 2015 Form version. : 150415 FCC ID: WVBAL800X Page 29 of 62



# FCC SAR Test Report

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SLIE Dali	<u>u +/</u>							
BW	Modulation	RB	RB	Power Low	Power Middle	Power High		
[MHz]		Size	Offset	Ch. / Freq.	Ch. / Freq.	Ch. / Freq.	Tune up Limit	
	Cha	nnel		20050	20175	20300	(dBm)	(dB)
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		1720	1732.5	1745		
20	QPSK	1	0	<mark>21.99</mark>	21.98	21.97		
20	QPSK	1	49	21.75	21.63	21.89	22.50	0
20	QPSK	1	99	21.69	21.55	21.86		
20	QPSK	50	0	21.88	21.87	21.78		
20	QPSK	50	24	21.77	21.74	21.74	1	
20	QPSK	50	49	21.72	21.61	21.72	22.50	0-1
20	QPSK	100	0	21.72	21.66	21.64		
20	16QAM	1	0	21.84	21.96	21.89		
20	16QAM	1	49	21.91	21.89	21.90	22.50	0-1
20	16QAM	1	99	21.83	21.90	21.95		
20	16QAM	50	0	21.85	21.81	21.60		
20	16QAM	50	24	21.77	21.60	21.59	1	
20	16QAM	50	49	21.74	21.51	21.75	22.50	0-2
20	16QAM	100	0	21.70	21.57	21.68	1	
		nnel		20025	20175	20325	Tune up Limit	MPR
	Frequen			1717.5	1732.5	1747.5	(dBm)	(dB)
15	QPSK	1	0	21.67	21.80	21.57	22.50	
15	QPSK	1	37	21.77	21.58	21.62		0
15	QPSK	1	74	21.63	21.48	21.82		
15	QPSK	36	0	21.82	21.82	21.65	22.50	
15	QPSK	36	18	21.81	21.72	21.69		
15	QPSK	36	37	21.80	21.63	21.88		0-1
15	QPSK	75	0	21.74	21.70	21.71		
15	16QAM	1	0	21.83	21.90	21.63		
15	16QAM	1	37	21.89	21.70	21.68	22.50	0-1
15	16QAM	1	74	21.74	21.62	21.89	- 22.00	0 1
15	16QAM	36	0	21.77	21.75	21.68		
15	16QAM	36	18	21.79	21.59	21.71	1	
15	16QAM	36	37	21.75	21.58	21.90	22.50	0-2
15	16QAM	75	0	21.74	21.62	21.72	1	
10		nnel		20000	20175	20350	Tuna un Limit	MPR
	Frequen			1715	1732.5	1750	Tune up Limit (dBm)	(dB)
10	QPSK	1	0	21.64	21.71	21.54	(3.2.11)	(3.5)
10	QPSK	1	24	21.71	21.71	21.77	22.50	0
10	QPSK	1	49	21.66	21.50	21.77	22.00	J
10	QPSK	25	0	21.69	21.63	21.76		
10	QPSK	25	12	21.09	21.58	21.78		
10	QPSK	25	24	21.73	21.50	21.76	22.50	0-1
10	QPSK	50	0	21.71	21.68	21.72		
10	16QAM	1	0	21.76	21.55	21.72		
10	16QAM	1	24	21.56	21.55	21.69	22.50	0-1
10	16QAM	1	49	21.63	21.42	21.90	22.50	0-1
10			0					
	16QAM	25	1	21.70	21.57	21.68	-	
10	16QAM	25	12	21.75	21.53	21.85	22.50	0-2
10	16QAM	25	24	21.75	21.48	21.93		
10	16QAM	50	0	21.76	21.69	21.81		

Report No.: FA580514

TEL: 86-755-8637-9589/ FAX: 86-755-8637-9595

Issued Date : Sep. 15, 2015 Form version. : 150415 FCC ID: WVBAL800X Page 30 of 62



# SPORTON LAB. FCC SAR Test Report

Channel		19975	20175	20375	Tune up Limit	MPR		
	Frequen			1712.5	1732.5	1752.5	(dBm)	(dB)
5	QPSK	1	0	21.69	21.66	21.81		
5	QPSK	1	12	21.64	21.57	21.83	22.50	0
5	QPSK	1	24	21.72	21.52	21.84		
5	QPSK	12	0	21.73	21.67	21.89		
5	QPSK	12	6	21.72	21.62	21.89		
5	QPSK	12	11	21.74	21.61	21.92	22.50	0-1
5	QPSK	25	0	21.69	21.57	21.83		
5	16QAM	1	0	21.92	21.93	21.91		
5	16QAM	1	12	21.89	21.95	21.92	22.50	0-1
5	16QAM	1	24	21.94	21.92	21.93		
5	16QAM	12	0	21.76	21.62	21.84	22.50	
5	16QAM	12	6	21.74	21.59	21.86		0-2
5	16QAM	12	11	21.78	21.59	21.86	22.50	0-2
5	16QAM	25	0	21.66	21.50	21.77		
	Cha	nnel		19965	20175	20385	Tune up Limit	MPR
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		1711.5	1732.5	1753.5	(dBm)	(dB)
3	QPSK	1	0	21.47	21.46	21.67		0
3	QPSK	1	7	21.57	21.46	21.74	22.50	
3	QPSK	1	14	21.51	21.41	21.70		
3	QPSK	8	0	21.73	21.61	21.88	22.50	0-1
3	QPSK	8	4	21.66	21.60	21.84		
3	QPSK	8	7	21.71	21.61	21.82		
3	QPSK	15	0	21.66	21.63	21.87		
3	16QAM	1	0	21.71	21.65	21.93		
3	16QAM	1	7	21.86	21.71	21.91	22.50	0-1
3	16QAM	1	14	21.82	21.57	21.94		
3	16QAM	8	0	21.76	21.60	21.93		
3	16QAM	8	4	21.73	21.58	21.87	22.50	0-2
3	16QAM	8	7	21.75	21.59	21.88	22.00	0 2
3	16QAM	15	0	21.67	21.57	21.85		
	Cha			19957	20175	20393	Tune up Limit	MPR
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		1710.7	1732.5	1754.3	(dBm)	(dB)
1.4	QPSK	1	0	21.56	21.48	21.73		
1.4	QPSK	1	2	21.64	21.55	21.81		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	21.54	21.45	21.71	22.50	0
1.4	QPSK	3	0	21.71	21.62	21.86	_	
1.4	QPSK	3	1	21.66	21.58	21.87		
1.4	QPSK	3	2	21.68	21.58	21.80		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	21.70	21.64	21.90	22.50	0-1
1.4	16QAM	1	0	21.59	21.49	21.69		
1.4	16QAM	1	2	21.68	21.61	21.79		0-1
1.4	16QAM	1	5	21.58	21.45	21.71	22.50	
1.4	16QAM	3	0	21.55	21.46	21.90	22.00	
1.4	16QAM	3	1	21.52	21.39	21.88		
1.4	16QAM	3	2	21.48	21.35	21.85		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	21.88	21.57	21.80	22.50	0-2

Report No.: FA580514

TEL: 86-755-8637-9589/ FAX: 86-755-8637-9595

Issued Date : Sep. 15, 2015 Form version. : 150415 FCC ID: WVBAL800X Page 31 of 62



# SPORTON LAB. FCC SAR Test Report

<LTE Band 2>

<lte ban<="" th=""><th><u>d 2&gt;</u></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></lte>	<u>d 2&gt;</u>							
BW		RB	RB	Power	Power	Power		
[MHz]	Modulation	Size	Offset	Low	Middle	High	Tune up Limit	MPR
	Cha			Ch. / Freq. 18700	Ch. / Freq.	Ch. / Freq.	(dBm)	(dB)
	Channel Frequency (MHz)				18900	19100	_	(* /
20			0	1860	1880	1900		
20	QPSK	1	0	22.78	22.83	22.67	00.00	0
20	QPSK	1	49	22.77	22.71	22.63	23.00	0
20	QPSK	1	99	22.69	22.61	22.35		
20	QPSK	50	0	21.69	21.76	21.65	_	
20	QPSK	50	24	21.67	21.69	21.61	22.00	0-1
20	QPSK	50	49	21.65	21.59	21.48	4	
20	QPSK	100	0	21.63	21.65	21.53		
20	16QAM	1	0	21.71	21.83	21.94	22.00	
20	16QAM	1	49	21.88	21.69	21.96		0-1
20	16QAM	1	99	21.76	21.63	21.76		
20	16QAM	50	0	20.61	20.70	20.72		
20	16QAM	50	24	20.77	20.57	20.70	21.00	0-2
20	16QAM	50	49	20.78	20.53	20.46		0.2
20	16QAM	100	0	20.68	20.56	20.67		
	Cha	nnel		18675	18900	19125	Tune up Limit	MPR
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		1857.5	1880	1902.5	(dBm)	(dB)
15	QPSK	1	0	22.61	22.63	22.61	23.00	
15	QPSK	1	37	22.57	22.55	22.41		0
15	QPSK	1	74	22.72	22.51	22.24		
15	QPSK	36	0	21.60	21.64	21.71		
15	QPSK	36	18	21.64	21.60	21.44	22.00	0.1
15	QPSK	36	37	21.81	21.57	21.28		0-1
15	QPSK	75	0	21.69	21.61	21.48		
15	16QAM	1	0	21.91	21.98	21.97		
15	16QAM	1	37	21.93	21.96	21.74	22.00	0-1
15	16QAM	1	74	21.96	21.82	21.55		
15	16QAM	36	0	20.68	20.73	20.75		
15	16QAM	36	18	20.73	20.66	20.53	1	
15	16QAM	36	37	20.90	20.65	20.39	21.00	0-2
15	16QAM	75	0	20.78	20.70	20.53		
	Cha	nnel		18650	18900	19150	Tune up Limit	MPR
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		1855	1880	1905	(dBm)	(dB)
10	QPSK		0	22.45	22.45	22.27		
10	QPSK	1	24	22.36	22.40	22.10	23.00	0
10	QPSK	1	49	22.59	22.40	21.72		
10	QPSK	25	0	21.54	21.58	21.34		
10	QPSK	25	12	21.48	21.55	21.25	_	
10	QPSK	25	24	21.56	21.54	21.22	22.00	0-1
10	QPSK	50	0	21.59	21.59	21.32		
10	16QAM	1	0	21.69	21.80	21.58		
10	16QAM	1	24	21.67	21.72	21.41	22.00	0-1
10	16QAM	1	49	21.90	21.67	20.98		0 1
10	16QAM	25	0	20.59	20.70	20.46		
10	16QAM	25	12	20.55	20.60	20.40		
10	16QAM	25	24	20.69	20.66	20.37	21.00	0-2
10	16QAM	50	0	20.09	20.70	20.23		
10	TOQAIVI	30	U	20.71	20.70	20.42		

Report No.: FA580514

TEL: 86-755-8637-9589/ FAX: 86-755-8637-9595

Issued Date : Sep. 15, 2015 Form version. : 150415 FCC ID: WVBAL800X Page 32 of 62



## FCC SAR Test Report

Channel 18625 18900 19175 Tune up Limit **MPR** (dBm) (dB) 1852.5 1880 1907.5 Frequency (MHz) **QPSK** 22.56 22.53 22.14 **QPSK** 12 22.57 22.48 22.14 23.00 0 **QPSK** 24 22.47 22.49 22.16 **QPSK** 12 0 21.58 21.61 21.28 **QPSK** 6 21.58 21.54 21.24 22.00 0-1 **QPSK** 21.55 21.56 21.20 21.48 21.53 21.13 **QPSK** 25 21.96 21.97 21.67 16QAM 21.98 21.98 21.63 22.00 16QAM 0-1 16QAM 24 21.96 21.95 21.63 16QAM 12 0 20.61 20.76 20.44 5 16QAM 12 6 20.59 20.72 20.25 21.00 0-2 12 11 20.21 16QAM 20.57 20.70 16QAM 25 20.57 20.59 20.27 Channel 18615 18900 19185 Tune up Limit MPR (dBm) (dB) Frequency (MHz) 1851.5 1880 1908.5 **QPSK** 22.35 22.36 22.00 **QPSK** 7 22.45 22.43 22.06 23.00 0 **QPSK** 14 22.35 22.33 22.07 **QPSK** 21.56 21.60 21.18 3 QPSK 8 21.57 21.62 21.18 22.00 0 - 1**QPSK** 21.48 21.61 21.16 **QPSK** 0 21.57 21.53 21.21 16QAM 0 21.54 21.62 21.17 21.67 16QAM 21.64 21.24 22.00 0-1 14 21.52 21.60 21.16 16QAM 20.41 16QAM 20.71 20.73 16QAM 8 20.70 20.75 20.26 21.00 0-2 16QAM 8 20.70 20.76 20.27 16QAM 15 20.62 20.61 20.26 Channel 18900 19193 18607 Tune up Limit MPR (dBm) (dB) Frequency (MHz) 1850.7 1880 1909.3 1.4 **QPSK** 22.43 22.45 21.94 1.4 **QPSK** 2 22.50 22.56 21.96 1.4 QPSK 22.41 22.41 21.91 0 23.00 QPSK 1.4 22.55 22.53 21.94 1.4 **QPSK** 22.52 22.48 21.95 1.4 **QPSK** 2 22.50 22.46 21.92 1.4 **QPSK** 0 21.60 21.60 21.24 22.00 0-1 16QAM 21.07 1.4 O 21.41 21.43

Report No.: FA580514

16QAM

16QAM

16QAM

16QAM

16QAM

16QAM

6

1.4

1.4

1.4

1.4

1.4

1.4

TEL: 86-755-8637-9589/ FAX: 86-755-8637-9595

Issued Date: Sep. 15, 2015 Form version.: 150415 FCC ID: WVBAL800X Page 33 of 62

21.48

21.37

21.63

21.57

21.55

20.60

0

21.51

21.41

21.65

21.58

21.56

20.62

21.35

21.06

21.28

21.22

21.23

20.29

22.00

21.00

0-1

0-2



# FCC SAR Test Report

## <LTE Band 7>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune up Limit	MPR
	Cha	nnel		20850	21100	21350	(dBm)	(dB)
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		2510	2535	2560		
20	QPSK	1	0	20.71	21.02	21.50		0
20	QPSK	1	49	20.60	21.12	21.51	22.00	
20	QPSK	1	99	20.72	21.49	<mark>21.53</mark>		
20	QPSK	50	0	19.65	20.02	20.54		
20	QPSK	50	24	19.64	20.15	20.49	21.00	0-1
20	QPSK	50	49	19.68	20.30	20.56	21.00	0-1
20	QPSK	100	0	19.62	20.13	20.53		
20	16QAM	1	0	20.17	20.28	20.90		0-1
20	16QAM	1	49	20.02	20.45	20.90	21.00	
20	16QAM	1	99	20.13	20.86	20.96		
20	16QAM	50	0	18.64	18.97	19.49	20.00	0-2
20	16QAM	50	24	18.58	19.03	19.44		
20	16QAM	50	49	18.61	19.23	19.52		
20	16QAM	100	0	18.62	19.05	19.51		
	Channel		20825	21100	21375	Tune up Limit	MPR	
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		2507.5	2535	2562.5	(dBm)	(dB)
15	QPSK	1	0	20.62	20.83	21.40		
15	QPSK	1	37	20.51	21.03	21.42	22.00	0
15	QPSK	1	74	20.52	21.26	21.41		
15	QPSK	36	0	19.63	19.98	20.51		
15	QPSK	36	18	19.57	20.09	20.46	21.00	0-1
15	QPSK	36	37	19.56	20.20	20.51	21.00	0-1
15	QPSK	75	0	19.60	20.09	20.46		
15	16QAM	1	0	19.81	20.32	20.95		
15	16QAM	1	37	19.69	20.47	20.93	21.00	0-1
15	16QAM	1	74	19.73	20.78	20.96		
15	16QAM	36	0	18.62	18.92	19.47		
15	16QAM	36	18	18.53	19.02	19.42	20.00	0-2
15	16QAM	36	37	18.56	19.14	19.46	20.00	0-2
15	16QAM	75	0	18.57	19.03	19.46		

Report No.: FA580514

TEL: 86-755-8637-9589/ FAX: 86-755-8637-9595

Issued Date : Sep. 15, 2015 Form version. : 150415 FCC ID: WVBAL800X Page 34 of 62



# SPORTON LAB. FCC SAR Test Report

Channel			20800	21100	21400	Tune up Limit	MPR	
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		2505	2535	2565	(dBm)	(dB)
10	QPSK	1	0	20.50	20.80	21.28		0
10	QPSK	1	24	20.46	20.93	21.29	22.00	
10	QPSK	1	49	20.42	21.13	21.30		
10	QPSK	25	0	19.58	19.95	20.39		0-1
10	QPSK	25	12	19.52	20.04	20.41	24.00	
10	QPSK	25	24	19.53	20.11	20.39	21.00	
10	QPSK	50	0	19.55	20.04	20.44		
10	16QAM	1	0	19.81	20.08	20.65		
10	16QAM	1	24	19.74	20.19	20.59	21.00	0-1
10	16QAM	1	49	19.71	20.39	20.62		
10	16QAM	25	0	18.59	18.94	19.45		0-2
10	16QAM	25	12	18.53	19.02	19.42	20.00	
10	16QAM	25	24	18.53	19.09	19.44		
10	16QAM	50	0	18.56	19.02	19.44		
Channel			20775	21100	21425	Tune up Limit	MPR	
Frequency (MHz)			2502.5	2535	2567.5	(dBm)	(dB)	
5	QPSK	1	0	20.61	20.96	21.38		0
5	QPSK	1	12	20.53	21.07	21.33	22.00	
5	QPSK	1	24	20.51	21.07	21.35		
5	QPSK	12	0	19.62	20.01	20.40		0-1
5	QPSK	12	6	19.56	20.06	20.40	21.00	
5	QPSK	12	11	19.56	20.08	20.41	21.00	
5	QPSK	25	0	19.56	20.00	20.35		
5	16QAM	1	0	19.98	20.32	20.77		
5	16QAM	1	12	19.96	20.43	20.85	21.00	0-1
5	16QAM	1	24	19.95	20.46	20.80		
5	16QAM	12	0	18.56	18.94	19.37		
5	16QAM	12	6	18.54	18.99	19.35	20.00	0-2
5	16QAM	12	11	18.51	19.01	19.37	20.00	0-2
5	16QAM	25	0	18.48	18.92	19.28		

Report No.: FA580514

TEL: 86-755-8637-9589/ FAX: 86-755-8637-9595

Issued Date : Sep. 15, 2015 Form version. : 150415 FCC ID: WVBAL800X Page 35 of 62

#### <WLAN Conducted Power>

#### **General Note:**

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r01, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.

Report No.: FA580514

- 2. For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
- 3. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.
- 4. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.18 The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
  - a. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.
  - b. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
  - c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

### <2.4GHz WLAN >

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
		CH 1	2412		14.30	15.00	
	802.11b	CH 6	2437	1Mbps	13.70	14.50	97.97
		CH 11	2462		12.43	13.00	
		CH 1	2412		9.92	10.00	
2.4GHz WLAN	802.11g	CH 6	2437	6Mbps	10.22	11.00	88.91
		CH 11	2462		8.32	9.00	
		CH 1	2412		10.28	11.00	
	802.11n-HT20	CH 6	2437	MCS0	10.41	11.00	88.21
		CH 11	2462		8.15	9.00	
	802.11n-HT40	CH 3	2422		9.13	10.00	
		CH 6	2437	MCS0	10.28	11.00	79.15
		CH 9	2452		6.89	7.00	

Report No.: FA580514

TEL: 86-755-8637-9589/ FAX: 86-755-8637-9595

Issued Date : Sep. 15, 2015 Form version. : 150415 FCC ID: WVBAL800X

### 13. Bluetooth Exclusions Applied

Mode Band	Average power(dBm)								
Wode Ballu	Bluetooth v3.0+EDR	Bluetooth v4.0 LE							
2.4GHz Bluetooth	4.0	-3.0							

#### Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]  $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

Report No.: FA580514

- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
  - The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

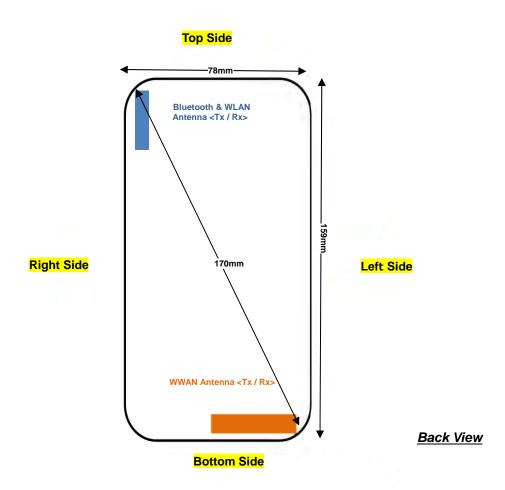
Bluetooth Max Power (dBm)	Separation Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	exclusion thresholds
4.0	10	2.48	0.5

#### Note:

Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the test exclusion threshold is 0.5which is <= 3, SAR testing is not required.

TEL: 86-755-8637-9589/ FAX: 86-755-8637-9595 Issued Date : Sep. 15, 2015 Form version.: 150415 FCC ID: WVBAL800X Page 38 of 62

### 14. Antenna Location



Report No. : FA580514

Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge														
Antennas	Antennas Front Back Top Side Bottom Side Right Side Left Side													
WWAN Main	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	140mm	≤ 25mm	44mm	≤ 25mm								
BT&WLAN	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	137mm	≤ 25mm	65mm								

Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode												
Antennas	Front	Back	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side						
WWAN Main	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes						
BT&WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No						

General Note: Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v02, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm\*5cm, the test distance is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.

TEL: 86-755-8637-9589/ FAX: 86-755-8637-9595

Issued Date : Sep. 15, 2015 FCC ID: WVBAL800X Form version.: 150415 Page 39 of 62

### 15. SAR Test Results

#### **General Note:**

- Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
  - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

Report No.: FA580514

- b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
- c. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)\*Tune-up Scaling Factor
- d. For WLAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)\* Duty Cycle scaling factor \* Tune-up scaling factor
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
  - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
  - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
  - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- 3. Per KDB 648474 D04v01r02, when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required.
- Per KDB 941225 D01v03, considering the possibility of e.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for Head and body-worn SAR test reduction for GSM and GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900.
- 5. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, for Hotspot SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance, for modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested, therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900.
- Per KDB 941225 D01v03, SAR for Head / Hotspot / Body-worn exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
- 7. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / HSPA+ / DC-HSDPA is ≤ 1/4 dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / HSPA+ / DC-HSDPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / HSPA+ / DC-HSDPA.
- 8. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
- 9. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- 10. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
- 11. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, for QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- 12. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
- 13. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
- 14. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r01, for 2.4GHz 802.11g/n SAR testing is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- 15. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
- 16. For all positions / configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions / configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all

TEL: 86-755-8637-9589/ FAX: 86-755-8637-9595 Issued Date: Sep. 15, 2015

Form version.: 150415 FCC ID: WVBAL800X Page 40 of 62

required channels are tested.

### 15.1 Head SAR

### <GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	128	824.2	29.87	30.50	1.156	-0.09	0.69	0.798
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	128	824.2	29.87	30.50	1.156	-0.07	0.411	0.475
01	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	128	824.2	29.87	30.50	1.156	0.03	0.732	<mark>0.846</mark>
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	128	824.2	29.87	30.50	1.156	0.13	0.372	0.430
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	189	836.4	29.59	30.50	1.233	0.09	0.605	0.746
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	251	848.8	29.35	30.50	1.303	0.07	0.509	0.663
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	810	1909.8	26.88	27.00	1.028	0.03	0.128	0.132
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	810	1909.8	26.88	27.00	1.028	0.04	0.056	0.058
02	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	810	1909.8	26.88	27.00	1.028	0.01	0.197	<mark>0.203</mark>
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	810	1909.8	26.88	27.00	1.028	0.09	0.054	0.056

**Report No. : FA580514** 

#### <WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	4233	846.6	23.00	23.50	1.122	0.07	0.158	0.177
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	4233	846.6	23.00	23.50	1.122	-0.02	0.097	0.109
03	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	4233	846.6	23.00	23.50	1.122	0.15	0.164	<mark>0.184</mark>
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	4233	846.6	23.00	23.50	1.122	0.03	0.082	0.092
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	9262	1852.4	23.07	23.50	1.104	-0.09	0.108	0.119
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	9262	1852.4	23.07	23.50	1.104	0.01	0.046	0.051
04	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	9262	1852.4	23.07	23.50	1.104	0.13	0.157	<mark>0.173</mark>
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	9262	1852.4	23.07	23.50	1.104	0.04	0.054	0.060



### FCC SAR Test Report

### <LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	RB Size	RB offset	Modulation	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 17	10M	1	49	QPSK	Right Cheek	23800	711	23.09	24.00	1.233	-0.05	0.036	0.044
	LTE Band 17	10M	1	49	QPSK	Right Tilted	23800	711	23.09	24.00	1.233	0.12	0.021	0.026
05	LTE Band 17	10M	1	49	QPSK	Left Cheek	23800	711	23.09	24.00	1.233	0.02	0.048	0.059
	LTE Band 17	10M	1	49	QPSK	Left Tilted	23800	711	23.09	24.00	1.233	-0.08	0.016	0.020
	LTE Band 17	10M	25	24	QPSK	Right Cheek	23800	711	21.95	23.00	1.274	0.11	0.035	0.045
	LTE Band 17	10M	25	24	QPSK	Right Tilted	23800	711	21.95	23.00	1.274	-0.02	0.023	0.029
	LTE Band 17	10M	25	24	QPSK	Left Cheek	23800	711	21.95	23.00	1.274	0.07	0.038	0.048
	LTE Band 17	10M	25	24	QPSK	Left Tilted	23800	711	21.95	23.00	1.274	0.04	0.018	0.023
	LTE Band 4	20M	1	0	QPSK	Right Cheek	20050	1720	21.99	22.50	1.125	-0.03	0.079	0.089
	LTE Band 4	20M	1	0	QPSK	Right Tilted	20050	1720	21.99	22.50	1.125	0.15	0.023	0.026
	LTE Band 4	20M	1	0	QPSK	Left Cheek	20050	1720	21.99	22.50	1.125	-0.11	0.102	0.115
	LTE Band 4	20M	1	0	QPSK	Left Tilted	20050	1720	21.99	22.50	1.125	-0.07	0.017	0.019
	LTE Band 4	20M	50	0	QPSK	Right Cheek	20050	1720	21.88	22.50	1.153	0.02	0.101	0.116
	LTE Band 4	20M	50	0	QPSK	Right Tilted	20050	1720	21.88	22.50	1.153	0.01	0.034	0.039
06	LTE Band 4	20M	50	0	QPSK	Left Cheek	20050	1720	21.88	22.50	1.153	-0.18	0.11	<mark>0.127</mark>
	LTE Band 4	20M	50	0	QPSK	Left Tilted	20050	1720	21.88	22.50	1.153	0.02	0.021	0.024
	LTE Band 2	20M	1	0	QPSK	Right Cheek	18900	1880	22.83	23.00	1.040	0.08	0.15	0.156
	LTE Band 2	20M	1	0	QPSK	Right Tilted	18900	1880	22.83	23.00	1.040	0.05	0.07	0.073
07	LTE Band 2	20M	1	0	QPSK	Left Cheek	18900	1880	22.83	23.00	1.040	0.12	0.188	<mark>0.196</mark>
	LTE Band 2	20M	1	0	QPSK	Left Tilted	18900	1880	22.83	23.00	1.040	0.16	0.071	0.074
	LTE Band 2	20M	50	0	QPSK	Right Cheek	18900	1880	21.76	22.00	1.057	-0.01	0.121	0.128
	LTE Band 2	20M	50	0	QPSK	Right Tilted	18900	1880	21.76	22.00	1.057	0.08	0.06	0.063
	LTE Band 2	20M	50	0	QPSK	Left Cheek	18900	1880	21.76	22.00	1.057	0.02	0.143	0.151
	LTE Band 2	20M	50	0	QPSK	Left Tilted	18900	1880	21.76	22.00	1.057	0.07	0.051	0.054
80	LTE Band 7	20M	1	99	QPSK	Right Cheek	21350	2560	21.53	22.00	1.114	0.01	0.013	<mark>0.014</mark>
	LTE Band 7	20M	1	99	QPSK	Right Tilted	21350	2560	21.53	22.00	1.114	0.05	0.00759	0.008
	LTE Band 7	20M	1	99	QPSK	Left Cheek	21350	2560	21.53	22.00	1.114	-0.01	0.00308	0.003
	LTE Band 7	20M	1	99	QPSK	Left Tilted	21350	2560	21.53	22.00	1.114	-0.16	0.00174	0.002
	LTE Band 7	20M	50	49	QPSK	Right Cheek	21350	2560	20.56	21.00	1.107	0.11	0.012	0.013
	LTE Band 7	20M	50	49	QPSK	Right Tilted	21350	2560	20.56	21.00	1.107	0.02	0.00485	0.005
	LTE Band 7	20M	50	49	QPSK	Left Cheek	21350	2560	20.56	21.00	1.107	-0.08	0.00294	0.003
	LTE Band 7	20M	50	49	QPSK	Left Tilted	21350	2560	20.56	21.00	1.107	0.01	0.0028	0.003

Report No.: FA580514



### <WLAN2.4GHz SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
09	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Cheek	1	2412	14.30	15.00	1.175	97.97	1.021	0.03	0.00524	0.006
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Tilted	1	2412	14.30	15.00	1.175	97.97	1.021	-0.08	0.00443	0.005
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	1	2412	14.30	15.00	1.175	97.97	1.021	-0.02	0.00151	0.002
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Tilted	1	2412	14.30	15.00	1.175	97.97	1.021	0.02	<0.001	<0.001

Report No.: FA580514

### 15.2 Hotspot SAR

### <GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Avera ge Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Front	10	128	824.2	29.87	30.50	1.156	-0.04	0.786	0.909
10	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Back	10	128	824.2	29.87	30.50	1.156	0.03	0.862	<mark>0.997</mark>
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Left Side	10	128	824.2	29.87	30.50	1.156	-0.02	0.722	0.835
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	10	128	824.2	29.87	30.50	1.156	0.07	0.545	0.630
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Front	10	189	836.4	29.59	30.50	1.233	0.07	0.665	0.820
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Front	10	251	848.8	29.35	30.50	1.303	-0.04	0.515	0.671
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Back	10	189	836.4	29.59	30.50	1.233	0.03	0.74	0.912
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Back	10	251	848.8	29.35	30.50	1.303	0.03	0.597	0.778
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Left Side	10	189	836.4	29.59	30.50	1.233	0.07	0.723	0.892
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Left Side	10	251	848.8	29.35	30.50	1.303	-0.04	0.596	0.777
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Front	10	810	1909.8	26.88	27.00	1.028	-0.07	1.08	1.110
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Back	10	810	1909.8	26.88	27.00	1.028	-0.01	1.14	1.172
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Left Side	10	810	1909.8	26.88	27.00	1.028	0.12	0.209	0.215
11	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	10	810	1909.8	26.88	27.00	1.028	-0.08	1.16	1.192
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Front	10	512	1850.2	26.47	27.00	1.130	0.01	1.04	1.175
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Front	10	661	1880	26.72	27.00	1.067	0.08	1.1	1.173
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Back	10	512	1850.2	26.47	27.00	1.130	0.09	0.96	1.085
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Back	10	661	1880	26.72	27.00	1.067	0.03	1.05	1.120
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	10	512	1850.2	26.47	27.00	1.130	0.06	0.984	1.112
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	10	661	1880	26.72	27.00	1.067	-0.17	1.07	1.141

Report No.: FA580514



#### <WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Front	10	4233	846.6	23.00	23.50	1.122	-0.07	0.324	0.364
12	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	10	4233	846.6	23.00	23.50	1.122	0.06	0.377	<mark>0.423</mark>
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Side	10	4233	846.6	23.00	23.50	1.122	-0.08	0.332	0.373
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	10	4233	846.6	23.00	23.50	1.122	0.09	0.306	0.343
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Front	10	9262	1852.4	23.07	23.50	1.104	0.05	0.945	1.043
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	10	9262	1852.4	23.07	23.50	1.104	0.08	0.887	0.979
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Side	10	9262	1852.4	23.07	23.50	1.104	0.08	0.226	0.250
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	10	9262	1852.4	23.07	23.50	1.104	0.05	0.962	1.062
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Front	10	9400	1880	22.98	23.50	1.127	-0.01	1.02	1.150
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Front	10	9538	1907.6	23.01	23.50	1.119	-0.1	1.04	1.164
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	10	9400	1880	22.98	23.50	1.127	-0.08	0.911	1.027
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	10	9538	1907.6	23.01	23.50	1.119	0.07	0.991	1.109
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	10	9400	1880	22.98	23.50	1.127	0.05	0.997	1.124
13	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	<b>Bottom Side</b>	10	9538	1907.6	23.01	23.50	1.119	0.07	1.06	<mark>1.187</mark>

Report No.: FA580514



### FCC SAR Test Report

### <LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	RB Size	RB offset	Modulation	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 17	10M	1	49	QPSK	Front	10	23800	711	23.09	24.00	1.233	-0.03	0.052	0.064
	LTE Band 17	10M	1	49	QPSK	Back	10	23800	711	23.09	24.00	1.233	-0.01	0.066	0.081
14	LTE Band 17	10M	1	49	QPSK	Left Side	10	23800	711	23.09	24.00	1.233	-0.03	0.067	<mark>0.083</mark>
	LTE Band 17	10M	1	49	QPSK	Bottom Side	10	23800	711	23.09	24.00	1.233	-0.06	0.022	0.027
	LTE Band 17	10M	25	24	QPSK	Front	10	23800	711	21.95	23.00	1.274	-0.01	0.04	0.051
	LTE Band 17	10M	25	24	QPSK	Back	10	23800	711	21.95	23.00	1.274	-0.02	0.05	0.064
	LTE Band 17	10M	25	24	QPSK	Left Side	10	23800	711	21.95	23.00	1.274	-0.03	0.052	0.066
	LTE Band 17	10M	25	24	QPSK	Bottom Side	10	23800	711	21.95	23.00	1.274	0.08	0.017	0.022
	LTE Band 4	20M	1	0	QPSK	Front	10	20050	1720	21.99	22.50	1.125	-0.07	0.511	0.575
	LTE Band 4	20M	1	0	QPSK	Back	10	20050	1720	21.99	22.50	1.125	0.06	0.409	0.460
	LTE Band 4	20M	1	0	QPSK	Left Side	10	20050	1720	21.99	22.50	1.125	0.01	0.118	0.133
	LTE Band 4	20M	1	0	QPSK	Bottom Side	10	20050	1720	21.99	22.50	1.125	0.13	0.416	0.468
15	LTE Band 4	20M	50	0	QPSK	Front	10	20050	1720	21.88	22.50	1.153	-0.03	0.554	<mark>0.639</mark>
	LTE Band 4	20M	50	0	QPSK	Back	10	20050	1720	21.88	22.50	1.153	-0.06	0.455	0.525
	LTE Band 4	20M	50	0	QPSK	Left Side	10	20050	1720	21.88	22.50	1.153	0.05	0.123	0.142
	LTE Band 4	20M	50	0	QPSK	Bottom Side	10	20050	1720	21.88	22.50	1.153	0.1	0.5	0.577

Report No.: FA580514



### SPORTON LAB. FCC SAR Test Report

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	RB Size	RB offset	Modulation	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 2	20M	1	0	QPSK	Front	10	18900	1880	22.83	23.00	1.040	0.07	1.09	1.134
	LTE Band 2	20M	1	0	QPSK	Back	10	18900	1880	22.83	23.00	1.040	0.09	0.879	0.914
	LTE Band 2	20M	1	0	QPSK	Left Side	10	18900	1880	22.83	23.00	1.040	-0.12	0.223	0.232
	LTE Band 2	20M	1	0	QPSK	Bottom Side	10	18900	1880	22.83	23.00	1.040	0.12	0.989	1.028
	LTE Band 2	20M	1	0	QPSK	Front	10	18700	1860	22.78	23.00	1.052	-0.15	1.01	1.062
16	LTE Band 2	20M	1	0	QPSK	Front	10	19100	1900	22.67	23.00	1.079	-0.07	1.08	1.165
	LTE Band 2	20M	1	0	QPSK	Back	10	18700	1860	22.78	23.00	1.052	0.03	0.843	0.887
	LTE Band 2	20M	1	0	QPSK	Back	10	19100	1900	22.67	23.00	1.079	-0.04	0.943	1.017
	LTE Band 2	20M	1	0	QPSK	Bottom Side	10	18700	1860	22.78	23.00	1.052	0.16	0.824	0.867
	LTE Band 2	20M	1	0	QPSK	Bottom Side	10	19100	1900	22.67	23.00	1.079	-0.09	1.07	1.154
	LTE Band 2	20M	50	0	QPSK	Front	10	18900	1880	21.76	22.00	1.057	-0.17	0.869	0.918
	LTE Band 2	20M	50	0	QPSK	Back	10	18900	1880	21.76	22.00	1.057	0.09	0.731	0.773
	LTE Band 2	20M	50	0	QPSK	Left Side	10	18900	1880	21.76	22.00	1.057	0.02	0.174	0.184
	LTE Band 2	20M	50	0	QPSK	Bottom Side	10	18900	1880	21.76	22.00	1.057	0.1	0.781	0.825
	LTE Band 2	20M	50	0	QPSK	Front	10	18700	1860	21.69	22.00	1.074	0.06	0.814	0.874
	LTE Band 2	20M	50	0	QPSK	Front	10	19100	1900	21.65	22.00	1.084	-0.01	0.878	0.952
	LTE Band 2	20M	50	0	QPSK	Bottom Side	10	18700	1860	21.69	22.00	1.074	0.09	0.716	0.769
	LTE Band 2	20M	50	0	QPSK	Bottom Side	10	19100	1900	21.65	22.00	1.084	0.06	0.895	0.970
	LTE Band 2	20M	100	0	QPSK	Front	10	18900	1880	21.65	22.00	1.084	0.03	0.847	0.918
	LTE Band 2	20M	100	0	QPSK	Back	10	18900	1880	21.65	22.00	1.084	0.02	0.727	0.788
	LTE Band 2	20M	100	0	QPSK	Bottom Side	10	18900	1880	21.65	22.00	1.084	-0.02	0.862	0.934
	LTE Band 7	20M	1	99	QPSK	Front	10	21350	2560	21.53	22.00	1.114	-0.08	0.306	0.341
17	LTE Band 7	20M	1	99	QPSK	Back	10	21350	2560	21.53	22.00	1.114	-0.07	0.619	<mark>0.690</mark>
	LTE Band 7	20M	1	99	QPSK	Left Side	10	21350	2560	21.53	22.00	1.114	-0.09	0.048	0.053
	LTE Band 7	20M	1	99	QPSK	Bottom Side	10	21350	2560	21.53	22.00	1.114	0.03	0.476	0.530
	LTE Band 7	20M	50	49	QPSK	Front	10	21350	2560	20.56	21.00	1.107	-0.02	0.254	0.281
	LTE Band 7	20M	50	49	QPSK	Back	10	21350	2560	20.56	21.00	1.107	-0.04	0.507	0.561
	LTE Band 7	20M	50	49	QPSK	Left Side	10	21350	2560	20.56	21.00	1.107	0.17	0.038	0.042
	LTE Band 7	20M	50	49	QPSK	Bottom Side	10	21350	2560	20.56	21.00	1.107	-0.09	0.388	0.429

Report No.: FA580514



### <WLAN2.4GHz SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	10	1	2412	14.30	15.00	1.175	97.97	1.021	0	<0.001	<0.001
18	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	10	1	2412	14.30	15.00	1.175	97.97	1.021	0.07	0.00589	0.007
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Side	10	1	2412	14.30	15.00	1.175	97.97	1.021	-0.05	0.000487	0.001
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Top Side	10	1	2412	14.30	15.00	1.175	97.97	1.021	0.01	0.000248	<0.001

Report No.: FA580514



### 15.3 Body Worn Accessory SAR

### <GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Avera ge Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Front	10	128	824.2	29.87	30.50	1.156	-0.04	0.786	0.909
10	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Back	10	128	824.2	29.87	30.50	1.156	0.03	0.862	<mark>0.997</mark>
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Front	10	189	836.4	29.59	30.50	1.233	0.07	0.665	0.820
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Front	10	251	848.8	29.35	30.50	1.303	-0.04	0.515	0.671
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Back	10	189	836.4	29.59	30.50	1.233	0.03	0.74	0.912
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Back	10	251	848.8	29.35	30.50	1.303	0.03	0.597	0.778
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Front	10	810	1909.8	26.88	27.00	1.028	-0.07	1.08	1.110
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Back	10	810	1909.8	26.88	27.00	1.028	-0.01	1.14	1.172
19	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Front	10	512	1850.2	26.47	27.00	1.130	0.01	1.04	<mark>1.175</mark>
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Front	10	661	1880	26.72	27.00	1.067	0.08	1.1	1.173
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Back	10	512	1850.2	26.47	27.00	1.130	0.09	0.96	1.085
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Back	10	661	1880	26.72	27.00	1.067	0.03	1.05	1.120

Report No.: FA580514



### <WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Front	10	4233	846.6	23.00	23.50	1.122	-0.07	0.324	0.364
12	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	10	4233	846.6	23.00	23.50	1.122	0.06	0.377	<mark>0.423</mark>
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Front	10	9262	1852.4	23.07	23.50	1.104	0.05	0.945	1.043
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	10	9262	1852.4	23.07	23.50	1.104	0.08	0.887	0.979
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Front	10	9400	1880	22.98	23.50	1.127	-0.01	1.02	1.150
20	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Front	10	9538	1907.6	23.01	23.50	1.119	-0.1	1.04	<mark>1.164</mark>
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	10	9400	1880	22.98	23.50	1.127	-0.08	0.911	1.027
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	10	9538	1907.6	23.01	23.50	1.119	0.07	0.991	1.109

Report No.: FA580514



### SPORTON LAB. FCC SAR Test Report

### <LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	RB Size	RB offset	Modulation	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 17	10M	1	49	QPSK	Front	10	23800	711	23.09	24.00	1.233	-0.03	0.052	0.064
21	LTE Band 17	10M	1	49	QPSK	Back	10	23800	711	23.09	24.00	1.233	-0.01	0.066	<mark>0.081</mark>
	LTE Band 17	10M	25	24	QPSK	Front	10	23800	711	21.95	23.00	1.274	-0.01	0.04	0.051
	LTE Band 17	10M	25	24	QPSK	Back	10	23800	711	21.95	23.00	1.274	-0.02	0.05	0.064
	LTE Band 4	20M	1	0	QPSK	Front	10	20050	1720	21.99	22.50	1.125	-0.07	0.511	0.575
	LTE Band 4	20M	1	0	QPSK	Back	10	20050	1720	21.99	22.50	1.125	0.06	0.409	0.460
15	LTE Band 4	20M	50	0	QPSK	Front	10	20050	1720	21.88	22.50	1.153	-0.03	0.554	<mark>0.639</mark>
	LTE Band 4	20M	50	0	QPSK	Back	10	20050	1720	21.88	22.50	1.153	-0.06	0.455	0.525

Report No.: FA580514



### FCC SAR Test Report

												_	_		_
Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	RB Size	RB offset	Modulation	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 2	20M	1	0	QPSK	Front	10	18900	1880	22.83	23.00	1.040	0.07	1.09	1.134
	LTE Band 2	20M	1	0	QPSK	Back	10	18900	1880	22.83	23.00	1.040	0.09	0.879	0.914
	LTE Band 2	20M	1	0	QPSK	Front	10	18700	1860	22.78	23.00	1.052	-0.15	1.01	1.062
16	LTE Band 2	20M	1	0	QPSK	Front	10	19100	1900	22.67	23.00	1.079	-0.07	1.08	1.165
	LTE Band 2	20M	1	0	QPSK	Back	10	18700	1860	22.78	23.00	1.052	0.03	0.843	0.887
	LTE Band 2	20M	1	0	QPSK	Back	10	19100	1900	22.67	23.00	1.079	-0.04	0.943	1.017
	LTE Band 2	20M	50	0	QPSK	Front	10	18900	1880	21.76	22.00	1.057	-0.17	0.869	0.918
	LTE Band 2	20M	50	0	QPSK	Back	10	18900	1880	21.76	22.00	1.057	0.09	0.731	0.773
	LTE Band 2	20M	50	0	QPSK	Front	10	18700	1860	21.69	22.00	1.074	0.06	0.814	0.874
	LTE Band 2	20M	50	0	QPSK	Front	10	19100	1900	21.65	22.00	1.084	-0.01	0.878	0.952
	LTE Band 2	20M	100	0	QPSK	Front	10	18900	1880	21.65	22.00	1.084	0.03	0.847	0.918
	LTE Band 2	20M	100	0	QPSK	Back	10	18900	1880	21.65	22.00	1.084	0.02	0.727	0.788
	LTE Band 7	20M	1	99	QPSK	Front	10	21350	2560	21.53	22.00	1.114	-0.08	0.306	0.341
17	LTE Band 7	20M	1	99	QPSK	Back	10	21350	2560	21.53	22.00	1.114	-0.07	0.619	<mark>0.690</mark>
	LTE Band 7	20M	50	49	QPSK	Front	10	21350	2560	20.56	21.00	1.107	-0.02	0.254	0.281
_	LTE Band 7	20M	50	49	QPSK	Back	10	21350	2560	20.56	21.00	1.107	-0.04	0.507	0.561

Report No.: FA580514

### <WLAN2.4GHz SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	10	1	2412	14.30	15.00	1.175	97.97	1.021	0	<0.001	<0.001
18	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	10	1	2412	14.30	15.00	1.175	97.97	1.021	0.07	0.00589	0.007

Report No.: FA580514



#### 15.4 Repeated SAR Measurement

No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measure d 1g SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
1st	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Back	10	128	824.2	29.87	30.50	1.156	0.03	0.862	1	0.997
2nd	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Back	10	128	824.2	29.87	30.50	1.156	0.07	0.83	1.039	0.960
1st	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	10	810	1909.8	26.88	27.00	1.028	-0.08	1.16	1	1.192
2nd	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	10	810	1909.8	26.88	27.00	1.028	-0.03	1.15	1.009	1.182

Report No.: FA580514

#### **General Note:**

- 1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.
- 2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the ratio among the repeated measurement is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR <1.45W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required.
- 3. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated measured SAR.
- 4. All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.

TEL: 86-755-8637-9589/ FAX: 86-755-8637-9595 Issued Date : Sep. 15, 2015 FCC ID: WVBAL800X Form version.: 150415 Page 54 of 62

### 16. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	P	ortable Hands	et	Note
NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Head	Body-worn	Hotspot	Note
1.	GSM Voice + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes		
2.	GPRS/EDGE + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Hotspot
3.	WCDMA + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Hotspot
4.	LTE + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Hotspot
5.	GSM Voice + Bluetooth		Yes		
6.	GPRS/EDGE + Bluetooth		Yes		WWAN VoIP
7.	WCDMA+ Bluetooth		Yes		WWAN VoIP
8.	LTE + Bluetooth		Yes		WWAN VoIP

Report No.: FA580514

#### **General Note:**

- 1. This device supported VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA, LTE (e.g. 3rd party VoIP).
- 2. This device 2.4GHz WLAN supports hotspot operation.
- 3. WLAN and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 4. EUT will choose each GSM, WCDMA and LTE according to the network signal condition; therefore, they will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
- 5. The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- 6. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
  - i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
  - ii) SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^1.5 / (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of [(x1-x2)2 + (y1-y2)2 + (z1-z2)2], where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
  - iii) If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
  - iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.
- For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01v05r02 based on the formula below.
  - i) (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]-[√f(GHz)/x] W/kg for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm; where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.
  - ii) When the minimum separation distance is < 5mm, the distance is used 5mm to determine SAR test exclusion.
  - iii) 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm.

Bluetooth	Exposure Position	Body worn
Max Power	Test separation	10 mm
4.0 dBm	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	0.063 W/kg

### 16.1 Head Exposure Conditions

			1	2	
WWA	N Band	Exposure Position	WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	1+2 Summed
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)
		Right Cheek	0.798	0.006	0.80
	GSM850	Right Tilted	0.475	0.005	0.48
	GSIVIOSO	Left Cheek	0.846	0.002	0.85
GSM		Left Tilted	0.430	<0.001	0.43
GSIVI		Right Cheek	0.132	0.006	0.14
	GSM1900	Right Tilted	0.058	0.005	0.06
	GSW1900	Left Cheek	0.203	0.002	0.21
		Left Tilted	0.056	<0.001	0.06
		Right Cheek	0.177	0.006	0.18
	WCDMA V	Right Tilted	0.109	0.005	0.11
	WCDIVIA V	Left Cheek	0.184	0.002	0.19
WCDMA		Left Tilted	0.092	<0.001	0.09
WCDIMA		Right Cheek	0.119	0.006	0.13
	VA/CDAAA II	Right Tilted	0.051	0.005	0.06
	WCDMA II	Left Cheek	0.173	0.002	0.18
		Left Tilted	0.060	<0.001	0.06
		Right Cheek	0.045	0.006	0.05
	LTE Band 17	Right Tilted	0.029	0.005	0.03
	LIE Band 17	Left Cheek	0.059	0.002	0.06
		Left Tilted	0.023	<0.001	0.02
		Right Cheek	0.116	0.006	0.12
	LTC Donal 4	Right Tilted	0.039	0.005	0.04
	LTE Band 4	Left Cheek	0.127	0.002	0.13
LTE		Left Tilted	0.024	<0.001	0.02
LIE		Right Cheek	0.156	0.006	0.16
	LTE Bond 0	Right Tilted	0.073	0.005	0.08
	LTE Band 2	Left Cheek	0.196	0.002	0.20
		Left Tilted	0.074	<0.001	0.07
		Right Cheek	0.014	0.006	0.02
	LTE Dond 7	Right Tilted	0.008	0.005	0.01
	LTE Band 7	Left Cheek	0.003	0.002	0.01
		Left Tilted	0.003	<0.001	<0.10

Report No.: FA580514

TEL: 86-755-8637-9589/ FAX: 86-755-8637-9595

Issued Date : Sep. 15, 2015 Form version. : 150415 FCC ID: WVBAL800X Page 56 of 62

### 16.2 Hotspot Exposure Conditions

			1	2	
WWA	N Band	Exposure Position	WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	1+2 Summed
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)
		Front at 10mm	0.909	<0.001	0.91
		Back at 10mm	0.997	0.007	1.00
	GSM850	Left side at 10mm	0.892		0.89
	GSIVIOSU	Right side at 10mm		0.001	<0.10
		Top side at 10mm		<0.001	<0.10
GSM		Bottom side at 10mm	0.630		0.63
GSIVI		Front at 10mm	1.175	<0.001	1.18
		Back at 10mm	1.172	0.007	1.18
	00144000	Left side at 10mm	0.215		0.22
	GSM1900	Right side at 10mm		0.001	<0.10
		Top side at 10mm		<0.001	<0.10
		Bottom side at 10mm	1.192		1.19
		Front at 10mm	0.364	<0.001	0.36
		Back at 10mm	0.423	0.007	0.43
	\\(\(\)\(\)	Left side at 10mm	0.373		0.37
	WCDMA V	Right side at 10mm		0.001	<0.10
		Top side at 10mm		<0.001	<0.10
MODMA		Bottom side at 10mm	0.343		0.34
WCDMA		Front at 10mm	1.164	<0.001	1.16
		Back at 10mm	1.109	0.007	1.12
	\\(\(\text{ODMA}\)	Left side at 10mm	0.250		0.25
	WCDMA II	Right side at 10mm		0.001	<0.10
		Top side at 10mm		<0.001	<0.10
		Bottom side at 10mm	1.187		1.19
		Front at 10mm	0.064	<0.001	0.06
		Back at 10mm	0.081	0.007	0.09
	LTE David 47	Left side at 10mm	0.083		0.08
	LTE Band 17	Right side at 10mm		0.001	<0.10
		Top side at 10mm		<0.001	<0.10
		Bottom side at 10mm	0.027		0.03
		Front at 10mm	0.639	<0.001	0.64
LTE		Back at 10mm	0.525	0.007	0.53
	LTE Decid 4	Left side at 10mm	0.142		0.14
	LTE Band 4	Right side at 10mm		0.001	<0.10
		Top side at 10mm		<0.001	<0.10
		Bottom side at 10mm	0.577		0.58
	LTE Band 2	Front at 10mm	1.165	<0.001	1.17

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC.

Issued Date : Sep. 15, 2015 Form version. : 150415

Report No.: FA580514



FCC SAR Test Report

PORTON LAB. FCC SAR Test R	Report No. : FA580514			
	Left side at 10mm	0.232		0.23
	Right side at 10mm		0.001	<0.10
	Top side at 10mm		<0.001	<0.10
	Bottom side at 10mm	1.154		1.15
	Front at 10mm	0.341	<0.001	0.34
	Back at 10mm	0.690	0.007	0.70
LTE Band 7	Left side at 10mm	0.053		0.05
LIE Band /	Right side at 10mm		0.001	<0.10
	Top side at 10mm		<0.001	<0.10
	Bottom side at 10mm	0.530		0.53

TEL: 86-755-8637-9589/ FAX: 86-755-8637-9595 Issued Date : Sep. 15, 2015 Form version. : 150415 FCC ID: WVBAL800X Page 58 of 62



### 16.3 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1	2	3		1+3 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)
			WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	2.4GHz Bluetooth	1+2 Summed	
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	
GSM850	Front at 10mm	0.909	<0.001	0.063	0.91	0.97	
GSM	GSIVIOSU	Back at 10mm	0.997	0.007	0.063	1.00	1.06
GSIVI	GSM1900	Front at 10mm	1.175	<0.001	0.063	1.18	1.24
		Back at 10mm	1.172	0.007	0.063	1.18	1.24
		Front at 10mm	0.364	<0.001	0.063	0.36	0.43
WCDMA V	WCDIVIA V	Back at 10mm	0.423	0.007	0.063	0.43	0.49
WCDMA	WODAA II	Front at 10mm	1.164	<0.001	0.063	1.16	1.23
	WCDMA II	Back at 10mm	1.109	0.007	0.063	1.12	1.17
	LTE Band 17	Front at 10mm	0.064	<0.001	0.063	0.06	0.13
		Back at 10mm	0.081	0.007	0.063	0.09	0.14
LTE Band 4  LTE  LTE Band 2	Front at 10mm	0.639	<0.001	0.063	0.64	0.70	
	Back at 10mm	0.525	0.007	0.063	0.53	0.59	
	LTC Daniel O	Front at 10mm	1.165	<0.001	0.063	1.17	1.23
	Back at 10mm	1.017	0.007	0.063	1.02	1.08	
	175 5 1-	Front at 10mm	0.341	<0.001	0.063	0.34	0.40
LTE Band 7	Back at 10mm	0.690	0.007	0.063	0.70	0.75	

**Report No. : FA580514** 

Test Engineer: Luke Lu

### 17. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

Report No.: FA580514

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in table below.

<b>Uncertainty Distributions</b>	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor <sup>(a)</sup>	1/k <sup>(b)</sup>	1/√3	1/√6	1/√2

- (a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity
- (b)  $\kappa$  is the coverage factor

#### **Table 17.1 Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution**

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

C SAR Test Report No.: FA580514

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability	Divisor	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Standard Uncertainty (1g) (±%)	Standard Uncertainty (10g) (±%)
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	6.0	N	1	1	1	6.0	6.0
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9
Boundary Effects	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7
System Detection Limits	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Modulation Response	3.2	R	1.732	1	1	1.8	1.8
Readout Electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response Time	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration Time	2.6	R	1.732	1	1	1.5	1.5
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
Probe Positioner	0.4	R	1.732	1	1	0.2	0.2
Probe Positioning	2.9	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
Max. SAR Eval.	2.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.2	1.2
Test Sample Related							
Device Positioning	3.0	N	1	1	1	3.0	3.0
Device Holder	3.6	N	1	1	1	3.6	3.6
Power Drift	5.0	R	1.732	1	1	2.9	2.9
Power Scaling	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Phantom and Setup							
Phantom Uncertainty	6.1	R	1.732	1	1	3.5	3.5
SAR correction	0.0	R	1.732	1	0.84	0.0	0.0
Liquid Conductivity Repeatability	0.2	N	1	0.78	0.71	0.1	0.1
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.0	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	2.3	2.0
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)	2.5	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.1	1.0
Temp. unc Conductivity	3.4	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.5	1.4
Liquid Permittivity Repeatability	0.15	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.0	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.7	0.8
Liquid Permittivity (mea.)	2.5	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.3	0.4
Temp. unc Permittivity	0.83	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.1	0.1
Combined Std. Uncertainty						11.4%	11.4%
Coverage Factor for 95 %						K=2	K=2
Expanded STD Uncertainty					22.9%	22.7%	

Table 17.2 Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

### 18. References

[1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"

Report No.: FA580514

- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992
- [3] IEEE Std. 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", Sep 2013
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [5] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r01, "SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (WiFi) Transmitters", Jun 2015.
- [6] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v05r02, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", Feb 2014
- [7] FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r02, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets", Dec 2013.
- [8] FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03, "3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES", Oct 2014
- [9] FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r03, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices", Dec 2013
- [10] FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02, "SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities", Oct 2014.
- [11] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Aug 2015.
- [12] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r01, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations" May 2013.

## Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

Report No.: FA580514

The plots are shown as follows.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC.

### System Check\_Head\_750MHz\_150901

### **DUT: Dipole 750 MHz**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_750\_150901 Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.886$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.534$ ;  $\rho =$ 

Date: 2015.09.01

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

**Ambient Temperature**: 23.4 °C ; **Liquid Temperature**: 22.7 °C

#### **DASY5** Configuration:

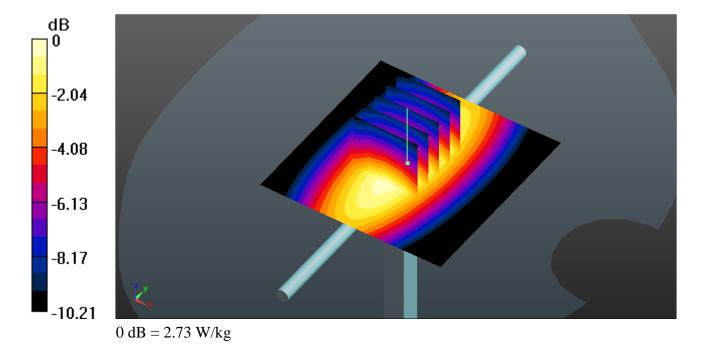
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(9.94, 9.94, 9.94); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.73 W/kg

**Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 56.49 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.19 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.17 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.45 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.72 W/kg



### System Check\_Head\_835MHz\_150901

### **DUT: Dipole 835 MHz**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_835\_150901 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.902$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.749$ ;  $\rho =$ 

Date: 2015.09.01

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

#### **DASY5** Configuration:

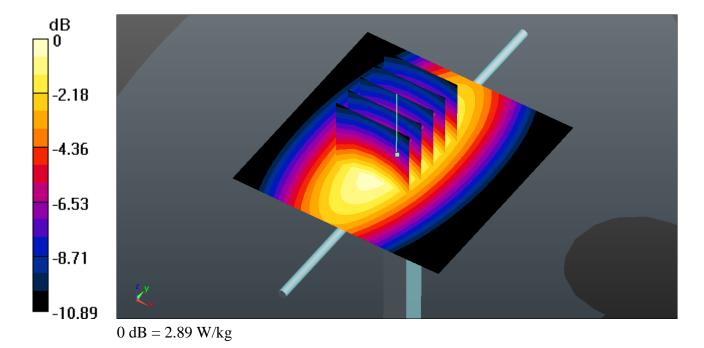
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(9.48, 9.48, 9.48); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.89 W/kg

**Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 56.96 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.48 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.27 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.48 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.91 W/kg



### System Check\_Head\_1750MHz\_150831

### **DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_1800\_150831 Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.378$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 41.34$ ;  $\rho$ 

Date: 2015.08.31

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.5  $^{\circ}$ C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8  $^{\circ}$ C

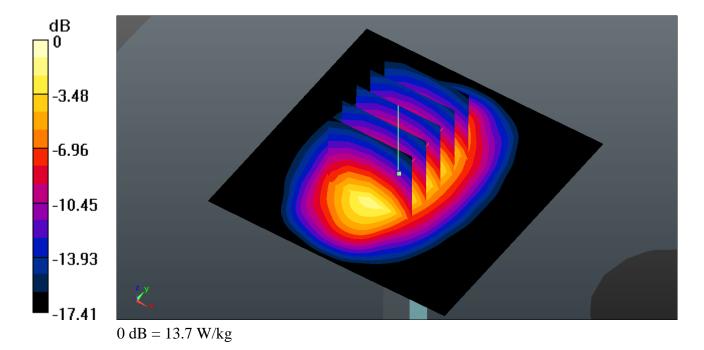
#### **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(8.01, 8.01, 8.01); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.7 W/kg

**Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 100.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.62 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.07 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.7 W/kg



### System Check\_Head\_1900MHz\_150831

### **DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_1900\_150831 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.417$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 40.994$ ;  $\rho$ 

Date: 2015.08.31

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.5  $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$  ; Liquid Temperature: 22.9  $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ 

#### **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(7.66, 7.66, 7.66); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

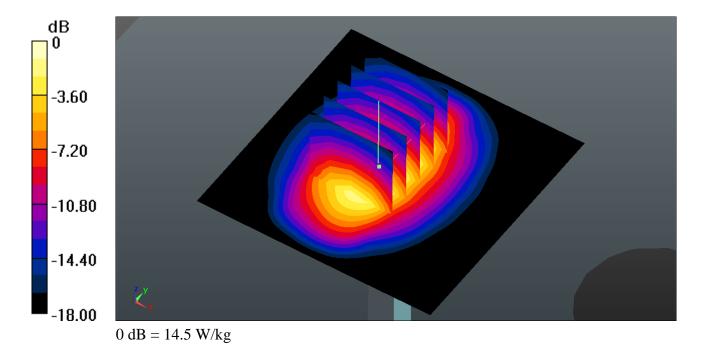
**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.5 W/kg

**Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 98.52 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.28 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.2 W/kg



### System Check\_Head\_2450MHz\_150829

### **DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_2450\_150829 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.809$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 37.604$ ;  $\rho$ 

Date: 2015.08.29

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.3  $^{\circ}$ C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7  $^{\circ}$ C

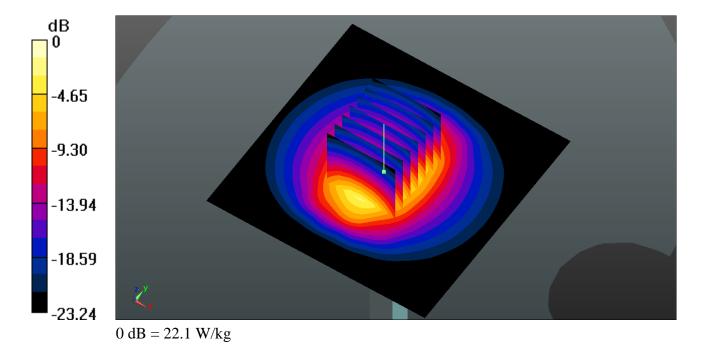
#### **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(7.01, 7.01, 7.01); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 22.1 W/kg

**Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 94.44 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.39 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.3 W/kg



### System Check\_Head\_2600MHz\_150829

#### **DUT: D2600V2**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_2600\_150829 Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz;  $\sigma = 2.05$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 38.344$ ;  $\rho$ 

Date: 2015.08.29

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.3  $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$  ; Liquid Temperature: 22.6  $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ 

#### **DASY5** Configuration:

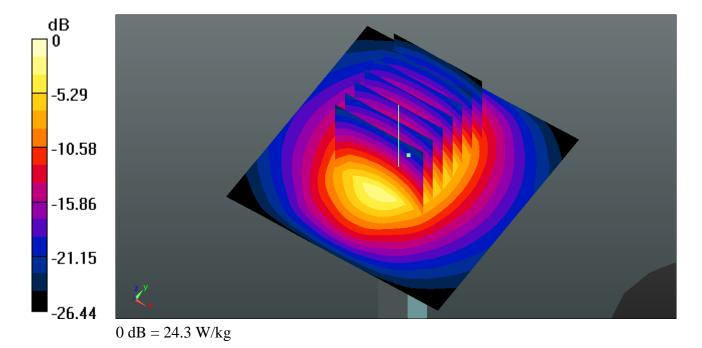
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(6.92, 6.92, 6.92); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 24.3 W/kg

**Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 107.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.32 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.6 W/kg



### System Check\_Body\_750MHz\_150825

### **DUT: Dipole 750 MHz**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_750\_150825 Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.961$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.931$ ;  $\rho =$ 

Date: 2015.08.25

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

#### **DASY5** Configuration:

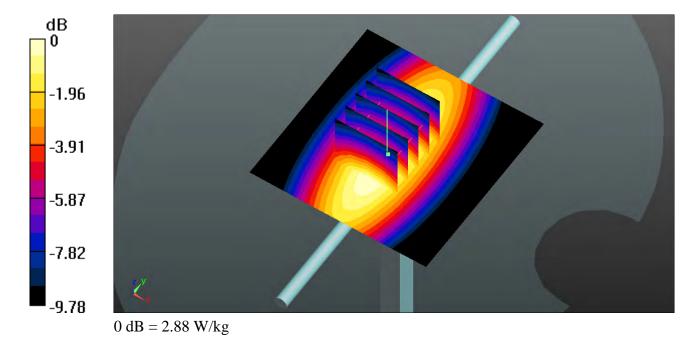
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(9.55, 9.55, 9.55); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.88 W/kg

**Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 50.93 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.33 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.32 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.56 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.87 W/kg



### System Check\_Body\_835MHz\_150829

### **DUT: Dipole 835 MHz**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_835\_150829 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.984$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 56.306$ ;  $\rho = 0.984$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 56.306$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 56.306$ 

Date: 2015.08.29

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 ℃; Liquid Temperature: 22.9 ℃

#### **DASY5** Configuration:

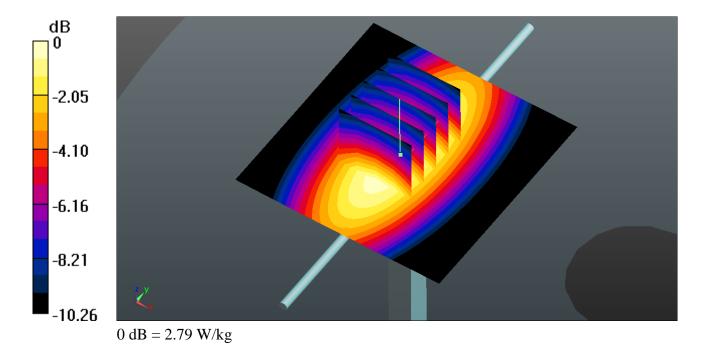
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(9.49, 9.49, 9.49); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.79 W/kg

**Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 53.21 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.82 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.59 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.71 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.78 W/kg



### System Check Body 1750MHz 150830

#### **DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_1800\_150830 Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.528$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 52.031$ ;

Date: 2015.08.30

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

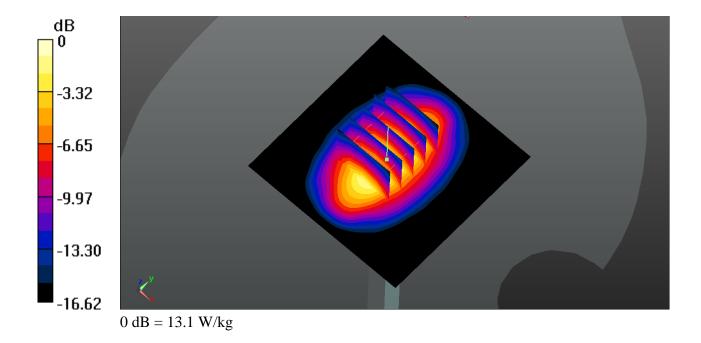
Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3898; ConvF(7.99, 7.99, 7.99); Calibrated: 2015.08.06;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

# **Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.1 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 111.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.2 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 9.29 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.97 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.9 W/kg



## System Check Body 1900MHz 150830

#### **DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL\_1900\_150830 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.538$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 53.79$ ;  $\rho$  $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Date: 2015.08.30

Ambient Temperature: 23.6  $^{\circ}$ C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7  $^{\circ}$ C

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3898; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 2015.08.06;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.7 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 99.76 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.3 W/kgSAR(1 g) = 10.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.56 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.8 W/kg

dB 0 -3.67

-7.35-11.02-14.70-18.37

0 dB = 19.7 W/kg

## System Check\_Body\_2450MHz\_150830

## **DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_2450\_150830 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.991$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.32$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2015.08.30

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.9 °C

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3898; ConvF(7.35, 7.35, 7.35); Calibrated: 2015.08.06;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

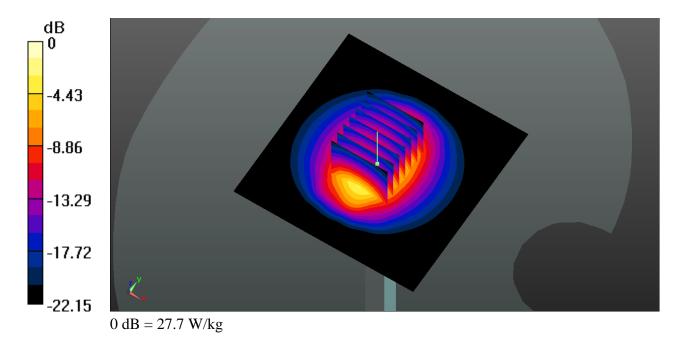
**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 27.7 W/kg

**Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 101.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 37.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.35 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 27.8 W/kg



## System Check\_Body\_2600MHz\_150830

#### **DUT: D2600V2**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_2600\_150830 Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz;  $\sigma = 2.209$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 51.123$ ;

Date: 2015.08.30

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.4  $^{\circ}$ C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8  $^{\circ}$ C

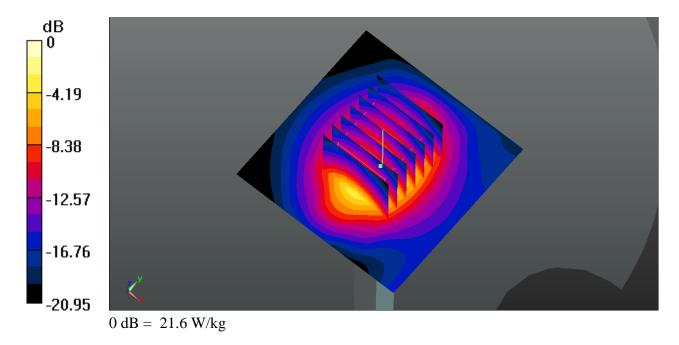
## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3898; ConvF(7.16, 7.16, 7.16); Calibrated: 2015.08.06;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

# **Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.6 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 116.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.8 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 14 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.33 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.5 W/kg



## Appendix B. Plots of High SAR Measurement

Report No.: FA580514

The plots are shown as follows.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC.

## 01\_GSM850\_GPRS(4 Tx slots)\_Left Cheek\_Ch128

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE12 (0); Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: HSL\_835\_150901 Medium parameters used: f=824.2 MHz;  $\sigma=0.892$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r=40.852$ ;  $\rho=1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2015.09.01

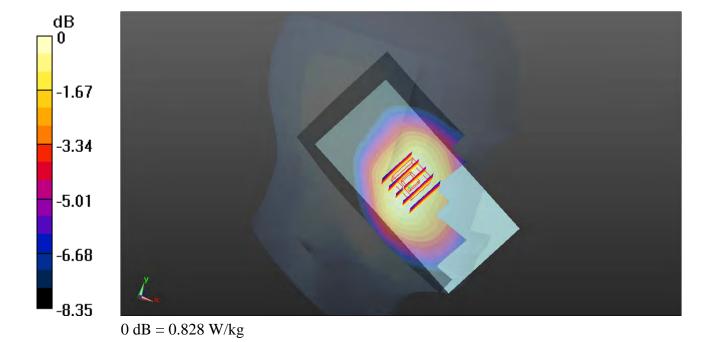
Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(9.48, 9.48, 9.48); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Ch128/Area Scan (71x121x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.828 W/kg

Ch128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 4.335 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.896 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.732 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.572 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.822 W/kg



## 02\_GSM1900\_GPRS(4 Tx slots)\_Left Cheek\_Ch810

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE12 (0); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: HSL\_1900\_150831 Medium parameters used: f=1909.8 MHz;  $\sigma=1.429$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r=40.972$ ;  $\rho=1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2015.08.31

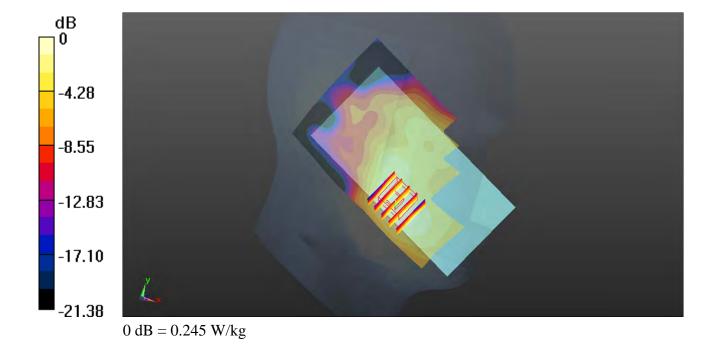
**Ambient Temperature**: 23.5 °C ; **Liquid Temperature**: 22.9 °C

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(7.66, 7.66, 7.66); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Ch810/Area Scan (71x131x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.245 W/kg

Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 12.80 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.312 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.197 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.121 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.252 W/kg



## 03\_WCDMA V\_RMC 12.2Kbps\_Left Cheek\_Ch4233

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_835\_150901 Medium parameters used: f = 846.6 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.911$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.638$ ;  $\rho$ 

Date: 2015.09.01

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

## **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(9.48, 9.48, 9.48); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Ch4233/Area Scan (71x121x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.174 W/kg

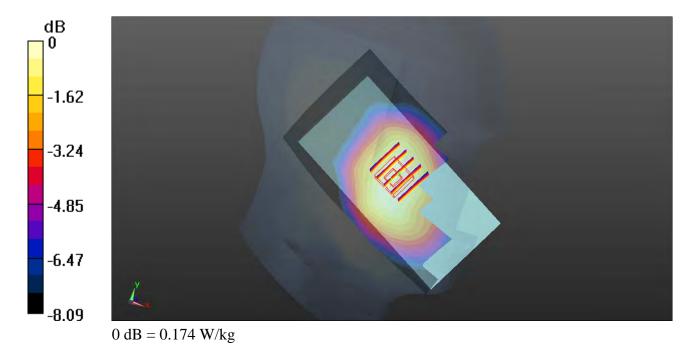
Ch4233/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0.3990 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.200 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.164 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.128 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.185 W/kg



Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_1900\_150831 Medium parameters used: f = 1852.4 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.365$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 41.225$ ;

Date: 2015.08.31

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

**Ambient Temperature**: 23.5 °C ; **Liquid Temperature**: 22.9 °C

## **DASY5** Configuration:

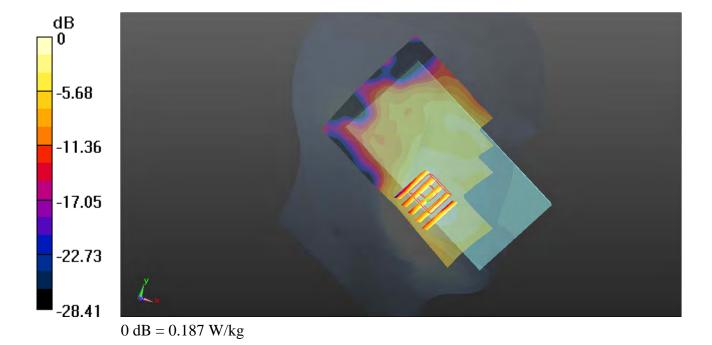
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(7.66, 7.66, 7.66); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Ch9262/Area Scan (71x131x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.187 W/kg

**Ch9262/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 11.30 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.243 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.157 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.099 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.197 W/kg



Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 711 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_750\_150901 Medium parameters used: f = 711 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.867$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 42.411$ ;  $\rho =$ 

Date: 2015.09.01

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

**Ambient Temperature**: 23.4 °C ; **Liquid Temperature**: 22.7 °C

## **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(9.94, 9.94, 9.94); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Ch23800/Area Scan (71x121x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0516 W/kg

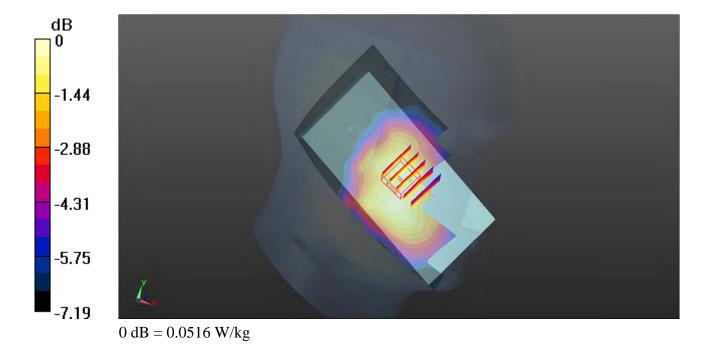
Ch23800/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0.3470 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0570 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.048 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.039 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0528 W/kg



Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 1720 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_1800\_150831 Medium parameters used: f = 1720 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.346$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 41.493$ ;  $\rho$ 

Date: 2015.08.31

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.5  $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$  ; Liquid Temperature: 22.8  $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ 

## DASY5 Configuration:

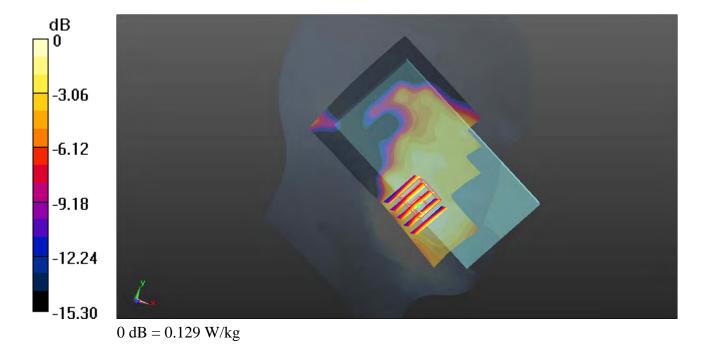
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(8.01, 8.01, 8.01); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Ch20050/Area Scan (71x131x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.129 W/kg

**Ch20050/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 9.539 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.168 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.110 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.072 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.143 W/kg



Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_1900\_150831 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.392$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.101$ ;  $\rho$ 

Date: 2015.08.31

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.5  $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$  ; Liquid Temperature: 22.9  $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ 

## **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(7.66, 7.66, 7.66); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Ch18900/Area Scan (71x131x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.227 W/kg

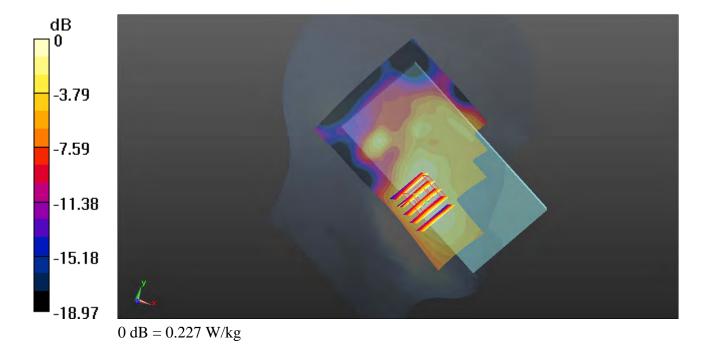
Ch18900/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.56 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.293 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.188 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.117 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.241 W/kg



Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 2560 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_2600\_150829 Medium parameters used: f = 2560 MHz;  $\sigma = 2.003$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 38.557$ ;  $\rho$ 

Date: 2015.08.29

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.3  $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$  ; Liquid Temperature: 22.6  $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ 

## **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(6.92, 6.92, 6.92); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Ch21350/Area Scan (91x151x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0710 W/kg

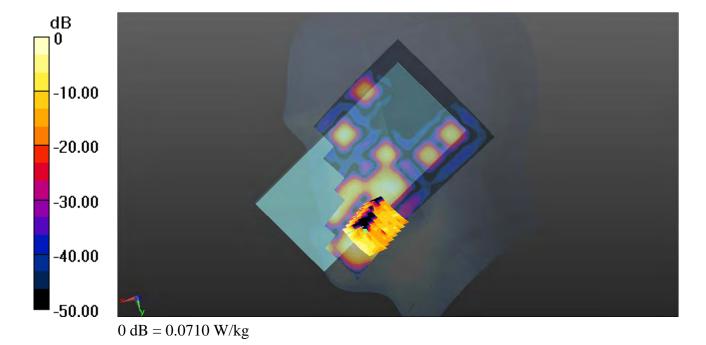
Ch21350/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.923 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0930 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.013 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00239 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0657 W/kg



Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.021

Medium: HSL\_2450\_150829 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.768$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 37.788$ ;  $\rho$ 

Date: 2015.08.29

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

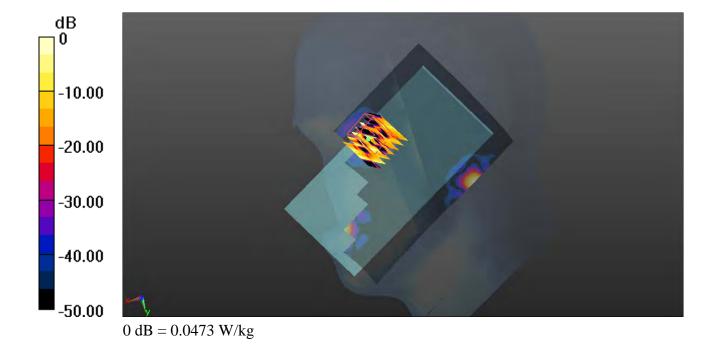
**Ambient Temperature**: 23.3 °C ; **Liquid Temperature**: 22.7 °C

## **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(7.01, 7.01, 7.01); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Ch1/Area Scan (91x151x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0473 W/kg

Ch1/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 5.076 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.123 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.00524 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.000771 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0893 W/kg



## 10\_GSM850\_GPRS(4 Tx slots)\_Back\_10mm\_Ch128

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE12 (0); Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: MSL\_835\_150829 Medium parameters used: f=824.2 MHz;  $\sigma=0.97$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r=56.43$ ;  $\rho=1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2015.08.29

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 ℃; Liquid Temperature: 22.9 ℃

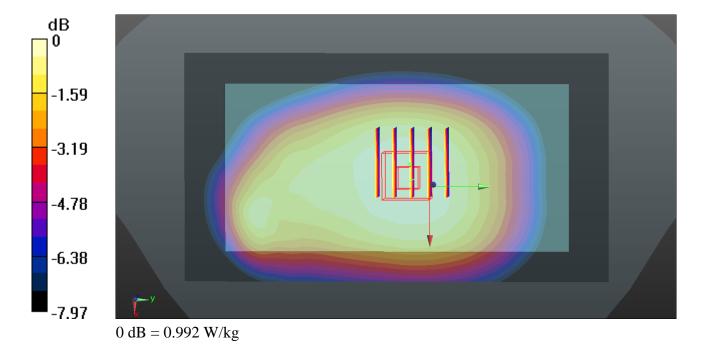
## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(9.49, 9.49, 9.49); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Ch128/Area Scan (71x131x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.992 W/kg

Ch128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 2.275 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.07 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.862 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.680 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.974 W/kg



## 11 GSM1900 GPRS(4 Tx slots) Bottom Side 10mm Ch810

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE12 (0); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: MSL\_1900\_150830 Medium parameters used: f = 1909.8 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.549$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.765$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2015.08.30

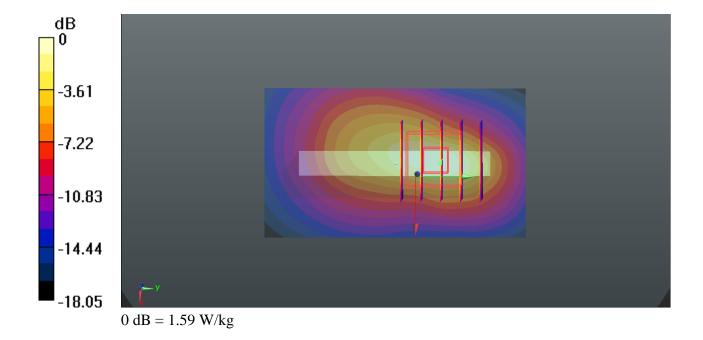
Ambient Temperature: 23.6  $^{\circ}$ C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7  $^{\circ}$ C

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3898; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 2015.08.06;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Ch810/Area Scan (41x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.59 W/kg

Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 4.549 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.99 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.16 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.598 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.61 W/kg



## 12\_WCDMA V\_RMC 12.2Kbps\_Back\_10mm\_Ch4233

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_835\_150829 Medium parameters used: f = 846.6 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.001$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 56.18$ ;  $\rho = 1.001$  Medium:  $\epsilon_r = 1.001$  M

Date: 2015.08.29

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 ℃; Liquid Temperature: 22.9 ℃

## **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(9.49, 9.49, 9.49); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Ch4233/Area Scan (71x131x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.432 W/kg

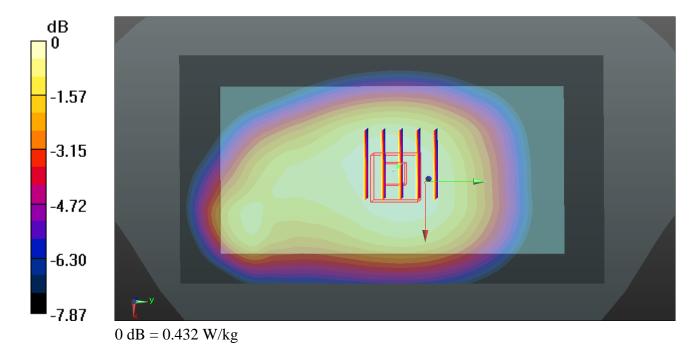
Ch4233/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.311 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.468 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.377 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.295 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.429 W/kg



Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

 $Medium: MSL\_1900\_150830 \ Medium \ parameters \ used: f = 1907.6 \ MHz; \ \sigma = 1.547 \ S/m; \ \epsilon_r = 53.771;$ 

Date: 2015.08.30

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.6  $^{\circ}$ C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7  $^{\circ}$ C

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3898; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 2015.08.06;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch9538/Area Scan (41x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.47 W/kg

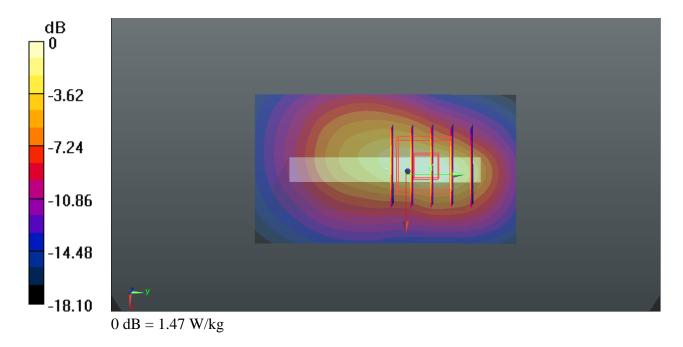
Ch9538/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.354 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.87 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.06 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.595 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.51 W/kg



Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 711 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_750\_150825 Medium parameters used: f = 711 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.935$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 54.86$ ;  $\rho =$ 

Date: 2015.08.25

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

## **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(9.55, 9.55, 9.55); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Ch23800/Area Scan (41x131x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0791 W/kg

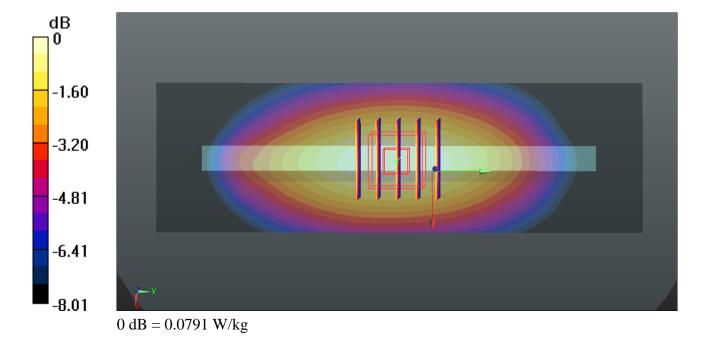
Ch23800/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.480 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0890 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.067 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.049 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0801 W/kg



Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 1720 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

 $Medium:\ MSL\_1800\_150830\ Medium\ parameters\ used:\ f=1720\ MHz;\ \sigma=1.495\ S/m;\ \epsilon_r=52.159;$ 

Date: 2015.08.30

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.5  $^{\circ}$ C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6  $^{\circ}$ C

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3898; ConvF(7.99, 7.99, 7.99); Calibrated: 2015.08.06;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch20050/Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.786 W/kg

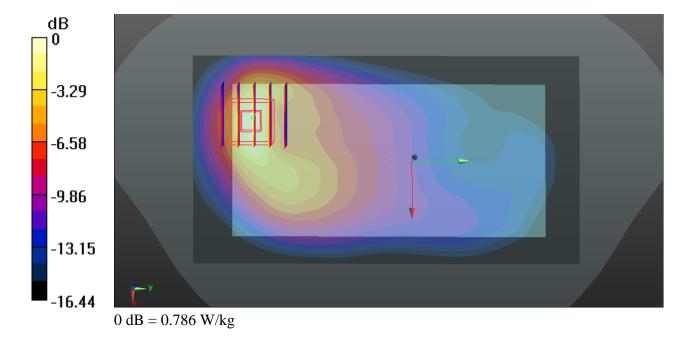
Ch20050/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.565 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.929 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.554 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.297 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.779 W/kg



Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_1900\_150830 Medium parameters used: f=1900 MHz;  $\sigma=1.538$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r=53.79$ ;  $\rho=1.538$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r=53.79$ ;  $\rho=1.538$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r=53.79$ ;  $\epsilon_r=53.79$ ;

Date: 2015.08.30

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.6  $^{\circ}$ C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7  $^{\circ}$ C

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3898; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 2015.08.06;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch19100/Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.48 W/kg

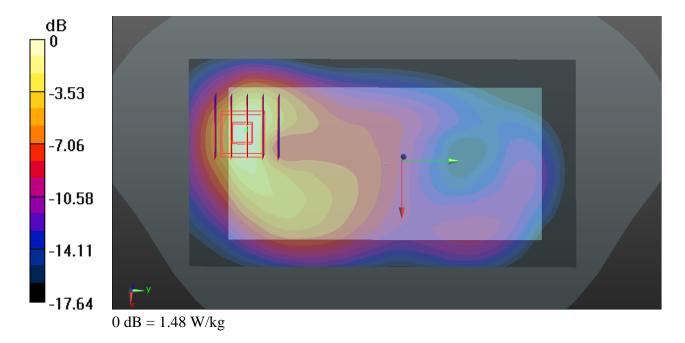
Ch19100/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.655 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.86 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.08 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.574 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.52 W/kg



Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 2560 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_2600\_150830 Medium parameters used: f = 2560 MHz;  $\sigma = 2.156$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.082$ ;

Date: 2015.08.30

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3898; ConvF(7.16, 7.16, 7.16); Calibrated: 2015.08.06;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch21350/Area Scan (91x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.960 W/kg

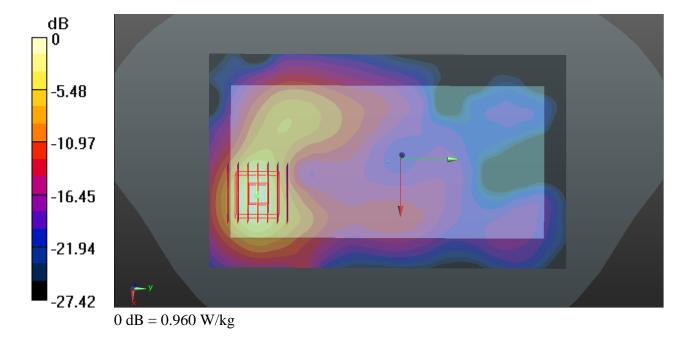
Ch21350/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0.6760 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.30 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.619 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.261 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.958 W/kg



## 18\_WLAN2.4GHz\_802.11b 1Mbps\_Back\_10mm\_Ch1

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.021

Medium: MSL\_2450\_150830 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.946$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 52.484$ ;

Date: 2015.08.30

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

**Ambient Temperature**: 23.4 °C ; **Liquid Temperature**: 22.9 °C

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3898; ConvF(7.35, 7.35, 7.35); Calibrated: 2015.08.06;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch1/Area Scan (91x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0208 W/kg

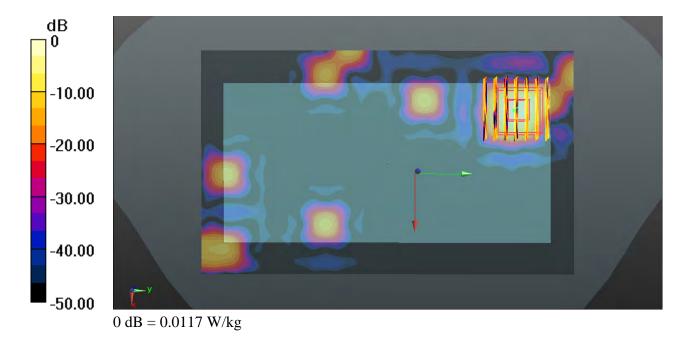
Ch1/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0.5350 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0180 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00589 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00156 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0117 W/kg



## 19\_GSM1900\_GPRS(4 Tx slots)\_Front\_10mm\_Ch512

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE12 (0); Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: MSL\_1900\_150830 Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.479$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.882$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2015.08.30

Ambient Temperature: 23.6  $^{\circ}$ C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7  $^{\circ}$ C

## DASY5 Configuration:

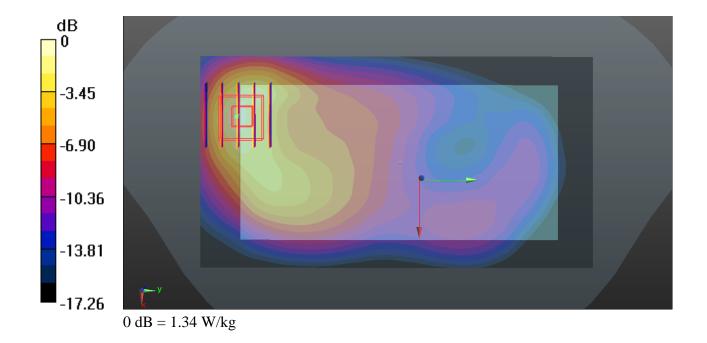
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3898; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 2015.08.06;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.34 W/kg

- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Ch512/Area Scan (71x131x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.23 W/kg

Ch512/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 5.253 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.76 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.04 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.551 W/kg



## 42 WCDMA II RMC 12.2Kbps Front 10mm Ch9538

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_1900\_150830 Medium parameters used: f = 1907.6 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.547$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.771$ ;

Date: 2015.08.30

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.6  $^{\circ}$ C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7  $^{\circ}$ C

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3898; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 2015.08.06;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Ch9538/Area Scan (71x131x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.24 W/kg

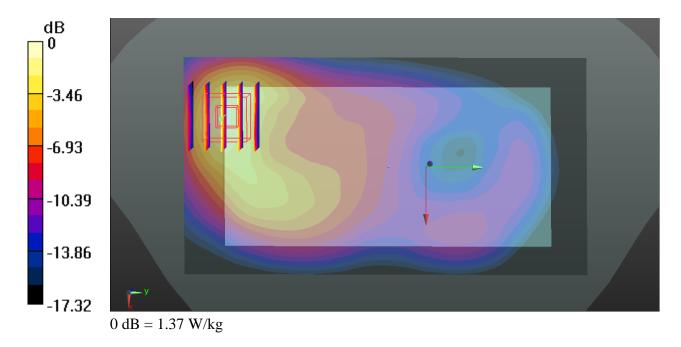
Ch9538/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.778 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.80 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.04 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.547 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.37 W/kg



## 23\_LTE Band 17\_10M\_QPSK\_1RB\_49Offset\_Back\_10mm Ch23800

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 711 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_750\_150825 Medium parameters used: f = 711 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.935$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.86$ ;  $\rho = 0.935$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.86$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 54.86$ 

Date: 2015.08.25

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

## **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(9.55, 9.55, 9.55); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Ch23800/Area Scan (71x131x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0730 W/kg

Ch23800/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.024 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0790 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.066 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.052 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0731 W/kg

