





Issued to

Brightstar Corporation

For

Fixed Wireless Phone

Model Name : IP-850

Trade Name

: AVVIO

Brand Name

: AVVIO

FCC ID

: WVB-IP850

Standard

: FCC Oet65 Supplement C Jun.2001

47CFR 2.1093

ANSI C95.1-1999

IEEE 1528-2003

MAX SAR

: Body: 0.118W/kg

Test date

: 2012-4-12

Issue date

: 2012-4-23

bv

Shenzhen MORLAB chnology Co., Ltd.

Tested by Zhu Zhan Zhu Zhan

Date

2012.4.23

Date















FCC Reg. No.

IEEE 1725

BQTF

741109

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	Change History						
Issue	Issue Date Reason for change						
1.0	O Apr. 18 ,2012 First edition						
2.0	Apr. 23 ,2012	Correct some description errors.					



Testing Laboratory

1.1. Identification of the Responsible Testing Laboratory

Company Name: Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd.

Department: Morlab Laboratory

Address: 3/F, Electronic Testing Building, Shahe Road, Nanshan

District, Shenzhen, 518055 P. R. China

Responsible Test Lab Manager: Mr. Shu Luan
Telephone: +86 755 86130268
Facsimile: +86 755 86130218

1.2. Identification of the Responsible Testing Location

Name: Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd.

Morlab Laboratory

Address: 3/F, Electronic Testing Building, Shahe Road, Nanshan

District, Shenzhen, 518055 P. R. China

1.3. Accreditation Certificate

Accredited Testing Laboratory: No. CNAS L3572

1.4. List of Test Equipments

No.	Instrument	Туре	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
1	PC	Dell (Pentium IV 2.4GHz, SN:X10-23533)	(n.a)	(n.a)
2	Network Emulator	Rohde&Schwarz (CMU200, SN:105894)	2011-9-26	1year
3	Voltmeter	Keithley (2000, SN:1000572)	2011-9-24	1 year
4	Synthetizer	Rohde&Schwarz (SML_03, SN:101868)	2011-9-24	1year
5	Amplifier	Nucl udes (ALB216, SN:10800)	2011-9-24	1 year
6	Power Meter	Rohde&Schwarz (NRVD, SN:101066)	2011-9-24	1 year
7	Probe	Satimo (SN:SN_3708_EP80)	2011-9-24	1 year
8	Phantom	Satimo (SN:SN_36_08_SAM62)	2011-9-24	1 year
9	Liquid	Satimo (Last Calibration: 2012-4-12)	N/A	N.A
10	Dipole 835MHz	Satimo (SN 36/08 DIPC 99)	2011-9-24	1 year
11	Dipole 1900MHz	Satimo (SN 36/08 DIPF 102)	2011-9-24	1 year
12	Dipole 2450MHz	Satimo (SN 36/08 DIPJ 103)	2011-9-24	1 year



2. Technical Information

Note: the following data is based on the information by the applicant.

2.1. Identification of Applicant

Company Name: Brightstar Corporation

Address: 9725 NW 117th Avenue, #300 Miami, FL 33178

2.2. Identification of Manufacturer

Company Name: LAKIA Teletech Co., Ltd.

Address: 2F, Unit A, Technology Service Building, Software Garden 1,

Xiamen, China

2.3. Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Model Name: IP-850
Trade Name: AVVIO
Brand Name: AVVIO
Hardware Version: P2

Software Version: LKW 11 RK3.00

Frequency Bands: GSM 850MHz / PCS 1900MHz;

WCDMA 850MHz/1900MHz;

Modulation Mode: GSM/GPRS: GMSK; EDGE: 8PSK

Multislot Class GPRS: Multislot Class 12; EDGE: Multislot Class 12

Antenna type: External Monopole Antenna

Development Stage: Identical prototype Battery Model: 3xNR44AAA800P

Battery specification: 800mAh3.6V 3GPP version: Release 5

2.3.1. Photographs of the EUT

Please see for photographs of the EUT.

2.3.2. Identification of all used EUT

The EUT identity consists of numerical and letter characters, the letter character indicates the test sample, and the following two numerical characters indicate the software version of the test sample.

EUT Identity	Hardware Version	Software Version
1#	P2	LKW_11_RK3.00



2.4. Applied Reference Documents

Leading reference documents for testing:

No.	Identity	Document Title						
1	47 CFR§2.1O93	Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable						
		Devices						
2	FCC OET Bulletin	Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human						
	65 (Edition 97-01),	Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields						
	Supplement C							
	(Edition 01-01)							
3	ANSI C95.1-1999	IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human						
		Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3kHz to						
		300 GHz						
4	IEEE 1528-2003	Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak						
		Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate(SAR) in the Human						
		Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental						
		Techniques.						
5	KDB941225 D1v02	SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices						
6	KDB 447498 D01	Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and						
		Equipment Authorization Policies						

This type of WLL (wireless local loop) phone devices that may not be easily classified as mobile or portable, SAR evaluation has been subject to a KDB inquiry, and the tracking number is 676048.

2.5. Device Category and SAR Limits

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user. Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.



2.6. Test Environment/Conditions

Normal Temperature (NT): 20 ... 25 °C Relative Humidity: 30 ... 75 % Air Pressure: 980 ... 1020 hPa

Test frequency: GSM 850MHz PCS 1900MHz

WCDMA 850MHz WCDMA1900MHz

Operation mode: Call established

Power Level: GSM 850 MHz Maximum output power(level 5)

PCS 1900 MHz Maximum output power(level 0)

WCDMA Maximum output power

During SAR test, EUT is in Traffic Mode (Channel Allocated) at Normal Voltage Condition. A communication link is set up with a System Simulator (SS) by air link, and a call is established.

The Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (ARFCN) is allocated to 125, 190 and 251 respectively in the case of GSM 850 MHz, or to 512, 661 and 810 respectively in the case of PCS 1900 MHz, or to 9262, 9400 and 9538 respectively in the case of WCDMA 19000, or to 4132, 4175 and 4233 respectively in the case of WCDMA 850. The EUT is commanded to operate at maximum transmitting power.

The EUT shall use its internal transmitter. The antenna(s), battery and accessories shall be those specified by the manufacturer. The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power output. If a wireless link is used, the antenna connected to the output of the base station simulator shall be placed at least 50 cm away from the handset.

The signal transmitted by the simulator to the antenna feeding point shall be lower than the output power level of the handset by at least 35 dB.

For SAR testing, EUT is in GPRS/EDGE or WCDMA link mode. In GPRS/EDGE link mode, its crest factor is 2, because EUT is set in GPRS/EDGE multi-slot class 12 with 4 uplink slots. In WCDMA mode, its crest factor is 1.



3. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

3.1. Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

3.2. SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density. ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = C \frac{\delta T}{\delta t}$$

, where C is the specific head capacity, $\ \delta \ T$ is the temperature rise and $\ \delta \ t$ the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

, where σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the rms electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.



4. SAR Measurement Setup

4.1. The Measurement System

Comosar is a system that is able to determine the SAR distribution inside a phantom of human being according to different standards. The Comosar system consists of the following items:

- Main computer to control all the system
- 6 axis robot
- Data acquisition system
- Miniature E-field probe
- Phone holder
- Head simulating tissue

The following figure shows the system.



The EUT under test operating at the maximum power level is placed in the phone holder, under the phantom, which is filled with head simulating liquid. The E-Field probe measures the electric field inside the phantom. The OpenSAR software computes the results to give a SAR value in a 1g or 10g mass.

4.2. Probe

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SN 37/08 EP80 with following specifications is used

- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg

- Tip Diameter: 6.5 mm

- Distance between probe tip and sensor center: 2.5mm

- Distance between sensor center and the inner phantom surface: 4 mm (repeatability better than +/- 1mm)

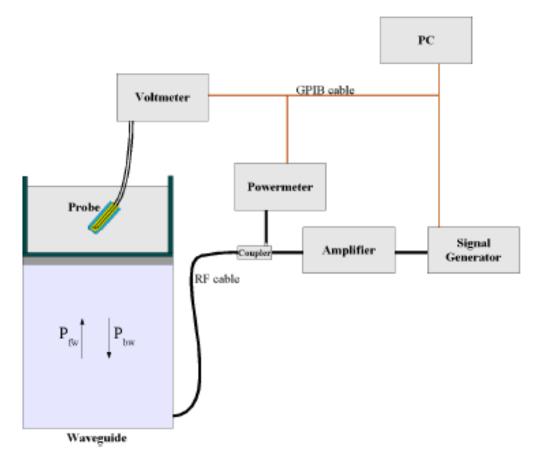


- Probe linearity: <0.25 dB
- Axial Isotropy: <0.25 dB
- Spherical Isotropy: <0.25 dB

- Calibration range: 835to 2500MHz for head & body simulating liquid.

Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and suface normal line:1ess than 30°

Probe calibration is realized, in compliance with CENELEC EN 62209 and IEEE 1528 std, with CALISAR, Antennessa proprietary calibration system. The calibration is performed with the EN 622091 annexe technique using reference guide at the five frequencies.



$$SAR = \frac{4\left(P_{fw} - P_{bw}\right)}{ab\delta} \cos^2\left(\pi \frac{y}{a}\right) e^{-(2z/\delta)}$$

Where:

Pfw = Forward Power Pbw = Backward Power

a and b = Waveguide dimensions

Skin depthKeithley configuration:

Rate = Medium; Filter =ON; RDGS=10; FILTER TYPE =MOVING AVERAGE; RANGE AUTO After each calibration, a SAR measurement is performed on a validation dipole and compared with a NPL calibrated probe, to verify it.



The calibration factors, CF(N), for the 3 sensors corresponding to dipole 1, dipole 2 and dipole 3 are:

$$CF(N)=SAR(N)/Vlin(N)$$
 (N=1,2,3)

The linearised output voltage Vlin(N) is obtained from the displayed output voltage V(N) using

$$Vlin(N)=V(N)*(1+V(N)/DCP(N))$$
 (N=1,2,3)

where DCP is the diode compression point in mV.

4.3. Probe Calibration Process

4.3.1 Dosimetric Assessment Procedure

Each E-Probe/Probe Amplifier combination has unique calibration parameters. SATIMO Probe calibration procedure is conducted to determine the proper amplifier settings to enter in the probe parameters. The amplifier settings are determined for a given frequency by subjecting the probe to a known E-field density (1 mW/cm2) using an with CALISAR, Antenna proprietary calibration system.

4.3.2 Free Space Assessment Procedure

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This calibration can be performed in a TEM cell if the frequency is below 1 GHz and in a waveguide or other methodologies above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is rotated 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to 1 mW/cm2.

4.3.2 Temperature Assessment Procedure

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated head tissue. The E-field in the medium correlates with the temperature rise in the dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

Where:

$$SAR = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

 $\Delta t = \text{exposure time (30 seconds)},$

C = heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

 Δ T = temperature increase due to RF exposure.

SAR is proportional to $\Delta T/\Delta t$, the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place. The electric field in the simulated tissue can be used to estimate SAR by equating the thermally derived SAR to that with the E- field component.

$$SAR = \frac{|E|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where:

 σ = simulated tissue conductivity,

 ρ = Tissue density (1.25 g/cm3 for brain tissue)

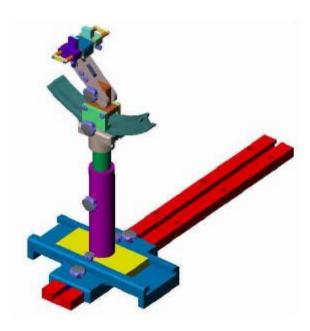


4.4. Phantom

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.

4.5. Device Holder

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1°.



Device holder

System Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
Delrin	3.7	0.005



5. Tissue Simulating Liquids

Simulant liquids that are used for testing at frequencies of 850, 1900MHz and 2450MHz. which are made mainly of sugar, salt and water solutions may be left in the phantoms. Approximately 20litres are needed for an upright head compared to about 25 litres for a horizontal bath phantom. The liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is (head SAR) or from the flat phantom to the liquid top surface (body SAR) is 15cm.

Following are the recipes for one liter of head and body tissue simulating liquid for frequency band 835 MHz, 1900 MHz and 2450 MHz.

Ingredients	Frequency Band	Frequency Band
(% by weight)	835MHz	1900MHz
Tissue Type	Body	Body
Water	52.4	40.4
Salt(NaCl)	1.4	0.5
Sugar	45.0	58.0
HEC	1.0	1.0
Bactericide	0.1	0.1
Triton	0.0	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0
Acticide SPX	0.0	0.0
Dielectric Constant	56.1	54.0
Conductivity (S/m)	0.95	1.45

Recipes for Tissue Simulating Liquid

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using an Agilent 85033E Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

For body-worn measurements, the device was tested against flat phantom representing the user body. Under measurement phone was put on in the phone holder.

Table 1: Dielectric Performance of Body Tissue Simulating Liquid

Temperature: 22.0~23.8°C, humidity: 54~60%.								
Frequency	Description	Permittivity ε	Conductivity σ (S/m)					
835 MHz	Reference result	55.2	0.97					
833 MITZ	±5% window	52.44 to 57.96	0.9215 to 1.0185					
835 MHz	Validation value (Apr. 12)	55.709999	0.9809033					
1000 MII-	Reference result	53.3	1.52					
1900 MHz	±5% window	50.635 to 55.965	1.444 to 1.596					
1900 MHz	Validation value (Apr. 12)	52.548876	1.553978					



6. Uncertainty Assessment

The following table includes the uncertainty table of the IEEE 1528. The values are determined by Antennessa.

6.1. UNCERTAINTY EVALUATION FOR HANDSET SAR TEST

a	b	С	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h= c*f/e	i= c*g/ e	k
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol (+- %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (+-%)	10g Ui (+- %)	Vi
Measurement System									
Probe calibration	E.2.1	4.76	N	1	1	1	4.76	4.76	8
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.01	1.01	8
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.62	1.62	8
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	8
Linearity	E.2.4	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
System detection limits	E.2.5	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	8
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.02	N	1	1	1	0.02	0.02	8
Reponse Time	E.2.7	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	8
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	8
RF ambient Conditions	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	8
Probe positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	8
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E.6.3	0.05	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.03	0.03	8
Extrapolation, interpolation and integration Algoritms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E.5.2	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	8
Test sample Related									
Test sample positioning	E.4.2.1	0.03	N	1	1	1	0.03	0.03	N- 1
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1.1	5.00	N	1	1	1	5.00	5.00	N- 1
Output power Power drift - SAR drift measurement	6.6.2	4.04	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.33	2.33	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameter	rs	1	T	1	Т	1	1	1	
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	0.05	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.03	0.03	∞



Liquid conductivity - deviation	E.3.2	4.57	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.69	1.13	∞
from target value									1
Liquid conductivity -	E.3.3	5.00	N	1	0.64	0.43	3.20	2.15	M
measurement uncertainty									
Liquid permittivity - deviation	E.3.2	3.69	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.28	1.04	∞
from target value									
Liquid permittivity -	E.3.3	10.00	N	1	0.6	0.49	6.00	4.90	M
measurement uncertainty									
Combined Standard			RSS				11.55	10.6	
Uncertainty								7	
Expanded Uncertainty			K=2				23.11	21.3	
(95% Confidence interval)								3	

6.2. UNCERTAINTY FOR SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK

a	b	c	d	e=f(d,k)	f	g	h= c*f/e	i=	k
								c*g/	
								e	
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol	Prob.	Div.	Ci	Ci	1g Ui	10g	Vi
		(+- %	Dist.		(1g)	(10g)	(+-%)	Ui	
)						(+-	
								%)	
Measurement System	1	•	1		•		1		,
Probe calibration	E.2.1	4.76	N	1	1	1	4.76	4.76	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.01	1.01	8
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.62	1.62	8
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	8
Linearity	E.2.4	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	8
System detection limits	E.2.5	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	8
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.02	N	1	1	1	0.02	0.02	∞
Reponse Time	E.2.7	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
RF ambient Conditions	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Probe positioner Mechanical	E.6.2	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	8
Tolerance									
Probe positioning with respect	E.6.3	0.05	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.03	0.03	∞
to Phantom Shell	_	_							
Extrapolation, interpolation and	E.5.2	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
integration Algoritms for Max.									
SAR Evaluation									
Dipole	1	•	1		•		1		,
Dipole axis to liquid Distance	8,E.4.2	1.00	N	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞



Input power and SAR drift	8,6.6.2	4.04	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.33	2.33	∞	
measurement										
Phantom and Tissue Parameter	Phantom and Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape	E.3.1	0.05	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.03	0.03	∞	
and thickness tolerances)										
Liquid conductivity - deviation	E.3.2	4.57	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.69	1.13	∞	
from target value										
Liquid conductivity -	E.3.3	5.00	N	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24	M	
measurement uncertainty										
Liquid permittivity - deviation	E.3.2	3.69	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.28	1.04	∞	
from target value										
Liquid permittivity -	E.3.3	10.00	N	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	3.46	2.83	M	
measurement uncertainty										
Combined Standard			RSS				8.83	8.37		
Uncertainty										
Expanded Uncertainty			K=2				17.66	16.7		
(95% Confidence interval)								3		
· <u> </u>	·			·						



7. SAR Measurement Evaluation

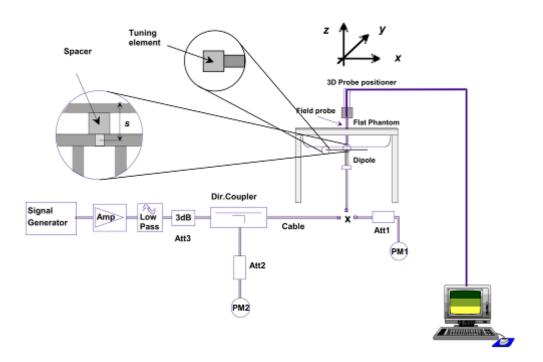
7.1. System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the DUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave which comes from a signal generator at frequency 835 MHz, 1900 MHz and 2450MHz. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom.

Equipments:

name	Type and specification
Signal generator	E4433B
Directional coupler	450MHz-3GHz
Amplifier	3W 502(10-2500MHz)
Reference dipole	835MHz:SN 36/08 DIPC 99
	1900MHz:SN 36/08 DIPF 102

System Verification Setup Block Diagram





7.2. Validation Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SATIMO, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %.

Engguenav	Description	SAR[W/Kg] 1g
Frequency	Description	Body
835 MHz	Reference result	9.714
833 MITIZ	±10% window	8.743 to 10.685
835 MHz	Validation value	9 544
833 MITZ	(Apr. 12)	9.344
1900 MHz	Reference result	39.890
1900 MITZ	±10% window	35.901 to 43.879
1900 MHz	Validation value	38.960
1 700 IVITIZ	(Apr. 12)	36.900

All SAR Validation values are normalized from 250mW to 1W forward power.

Note: System checks the specific test data please see page 62~65.



8. Operational Conditions During Test

The EUT antenna and battery are those specified by the manufacturer. The battery is fully charged before each measurement. The output power and frequency are controlled using a base station simulator. The EUT is set to transmit at its highest output peak power level.

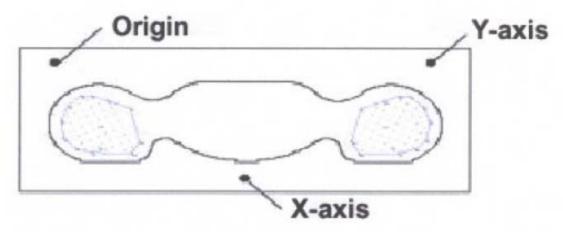
Remark: Please refer to Appendix B for the test setup photos.

8.1. Body-worn Configurations

The body-worn configurations shall be tested with the supplied accessories (belt-clips, holsters, etc.) attached to the device in normal use configuration.

The depth of the body tissue was 15.3cm. The distance between the back of the device and the bottom of the flat phantom is 1.5cm(taking into account of the IEEE 1528 and the place of the antenna)

For body-worn and other configurations a flat phantom shall be used which is comprised of material with electrical properties similar to the corresponding tissues.



SAR Measurement Points in Area Scan

8.2. Measurement procedure

The following steps are used for each test position

- Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator. The connection between the mobile and the base station simulator is established via air interface
- Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location. This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.
- Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16mm * 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors can not directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme.



- Around this point, a cube of 30 * 30 * 30 mm or 32 * 32 * 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 * 5 or 8*4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

8.3. Description of interpolation/extrapolation scheme

The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimize measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.

An extrapolation is using to determinate this highest local SAR values. The extrapolation is based on a fourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated from the liquid surface with a 1mm step.

The measurements have to be performed over a limited time (due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR averaged over 10 grams and 1 gram requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensional scanned data array.



9. 3G MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES

The following procedures are applicable to HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA) data devices operating under 3GPP Release 6. Body exposure conditions generally apply to these devices, including handset and data modems operating in various electronic devices. HSUPA operates in conjunction with WCDMA and HSDPA. SAR is initially measured in WCDMA test configurations without HSPA. The default test configuration is to establish a radio link between the DUT and a communication test set to configure a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement channel) in Test Loop Mode 1. SAR for HSPA is selectively measured with HS-DPCCH, E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH, all enabled, along with a 12.2 kbps RMC using the highest SAR configuration in WCDMA with 12.2 kbps RMC only. An FRC is configured according to E-DCH Subtest 5 requirements. SAR for other HSPA sub-test configurations is also confirmed selectively according to output power is verified according to procedures in applicable version of 3GPP TS 34.121 and SAR must be measured according to these maximum output conditions. The UE Categories for HS-DPCCH and HSPA should be clearly identified in the SAR report. The following procedures are applicable only if Max Power Reduction (MPR) is implemented according to Cubic Metric (CM) requirements.

9.1. Output Power Verification

Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels according to the general descriptions in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC(transmit power control) set to all "1s". Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCH, DPDCH and spreading codes) should be tabulated in the test report. All configurations that are not supported by the EUT or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations should be clearly identified.

9.2. SAR Measurements

When voice transmission and head exposure conditions are applicable to a WCMDA/HSPA data device, head exposure is measured according to the 'Head SAR Measurements' of the handset.SAR for body exposure configurations is measured according to the 'Body SAR Measurements' procedures of WCDMA handsets. In addition, body SAR is also measured for HSPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSPA active is at least 1/4 dB Higher than that measured without HSPA using 12.2 kbps RMC or maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is above 75% of the SAR limit. Body SAR for HSPA is measured with E-DCH Sub-test 5, using H-Set 1 and QPSK for FRC and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1 with power control algorithm 2, according to the highest body SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSPA. When VOIP is applicable for head exposure, SAR is not required when the maximum output of each RF channel with HSPA is less than 1/4 dB higher than that measured using 12.2 kbps RMC; otherwise, the same HSPA configuration used for body measurements should be used to test for head exposure.



9.3. Measurement Of Conducted Peak Output Power.

1. WCDMA Conducted peak output power

	band	WCDMA 850			WCDMA 1900		
Item	ARFCN	4132	4175	4233	9262	9400	9538
	subtest	dBm			dBm		
5.2(WCDMA)	non	22.22	22.47	21.88	21.41	21.49	21.22
HSDPA	1	22.13	21.15	21.25	21.16	21.21	21.09
	2	21.17	21.11	21.23	21.12	21.18	21.11
	3	21.61	20.52	20.81	20.65	20.69	20.55
	4	21.63	20.49	20.77	20.61	20.66	20.53

Band	Channel	Power Drift (%)
WCDMA	4132	/
850	4175	-1.80
830	4233	/
WCDMA	9262	/
WCDMA 1900	9400	2.13
1900	9538	/

2. GSM Conducted peak output power

Band	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)
GSM	128	824.2	32.11	-3.46
850	190	836.6	31.80	/
0.50	251	848.8	30.32	/
DCC	512	1850.2	26.69	/
PCS 1900	661	1880.0	27.26	/
1900	810	1909.8	28.27	-2.34



3. GPRS Mode Conducted peak output power

Dond	Champal	Frequency	requency Output Power(dBm)					
Band	Channel	(MHz)	Slot 1	Slot 2	Slot 3	Slot 4		
CCM	128	824.2	32.07	32.07	32.08	32.01		
GSM 850	190	836.6	31.06	31.08	31.06	30.95		
830	251	848.8	30.22	30.26	30.30	30.33		
DCC	512	1850.2	26.78	26.56	26.36	26.70		
PCS 1900	661	1880.0	27.34	27.21	27.23	27.15		
1900	810	1909.8	27.31	27.20	27.13	27.32		

GPRS Time-based Average Power

Band	Channel	Frequency		Output Power(dBm)					
		(MHz)	Slot 1	Slot 2	Slot 3	Slot 4	Slot 4		
CCM	128	824.2	23.07	26.05	27.82	29.00	1.02		
GSM 950	190	836.6	22.06	25.06	26.80	27.94	/		
850	251	848.8	21.22	24.24	26.04	27.32	/		
PCS	512	1850.2	17.78	20.54	22.10	23.69	/		
1900	661	1880.0	18.34	21.19	22.97	24.14	/		
1900	810	1909.8	18.31	21.18	22.87	24.31	-3.95		

Timeslot consignations:

No. Of Slots	Slot 1	Slot 2	Slot 3	Slot 4
Slot Consignation	1Up4Down	2Up2Down	3Up2Down	4Up1Down
Duty Cycle	1:8	1:4	1:2.67	1:2
Correct Factor	-9.00dB	-6.02dB	-4.26dB	-3.01dB

Note: 1. Correct Factor=10*log (Duty Cycle)

2. Average Power= Peak Power+ Correct Factor



4. EDGE Mode Conducted peak output power

Dond	Champal	Frequency	ency Output Power(dBm)					
Band	Channel	(MHz)	Slot 1	Slot 2	Slot 3	Slot 4		
CCM	128	824.2	32.14	32.05	32.13	32.10		
GSM	190	836.6	31.86	31.73	31.76	31.67		
850	251	848.8	30.29	30.34	30.32	30.36		
DCC	512	1850.2	26.72	26.80	26.70	26.65		
PCS	661	1880.0	27.28	27.26	27.27	27.35		
1900	810	1909.8	28.35	28.20	28.16	28.39		

EDGE Time-based Average Power

Band	Channel	Frequency		Output Power(dBm)			
		(MHz)	Slot 1	Slot 2	Slot 3	Slot 4	Slot 4
CCM	128	824.2	23.14	26.03	27.87	29.09	3.72
GSM 850	190	836.6	22.86	25.71	27.50	28.66	/
830	251	848.8	21.29	24.32	26.06	27.35	/
DCC	512	1850.2	17.72	20.78	22.44	23.64	/
PCS 1900	661	1880.0	18.28	21.24	23.01	24.34	/
1900	810	1909.8	19.35	22.18	23.90	25.38	-2.64

Timeslot consignations:

No. Of Slots	Slot 1	Slot 2	Slot 3	Slot 4
Slot Consignation	1Up4Down	2Up2Down	3Up2Down	4Up1Down
Duty Cycle	1:8	1:4	1:2.67	1:2
Correct Factor	-9.00dB	-6.02dB	-4.26dB	-3.01dB

Note: 1. Correct Factor=10*log (Duty Cycle)

2. Average Power= Peak Power+ Correct Factor



10.Test Results List

Summary of Measurement Results (GSM 850MHz Band)

Temperature: 21.0~23.8°C, humidity: 54~60%.						
Phantom	Description			SAR(W/Kg),	Scaling	Scaled
Configurations	Mode	Channel	Power	1g Peak	factor	SAR
	GSM		AC adaptor	0.026	1.227	0.032
Dody	USM		spare battery	0.025		0.031
Body (25mm	GPRS	128	AC adaptor	0.060	1.119	0.067
Separation)	GFKS	120	spare battery	0.067	1.119	0.075
Separation)	EDGE		AC adaptor	0.054	1.096	0.059
	EDGE		spare battery	0.064	1.090	0.070

Summary of Measurement Results (GSM 1900MHz Band)

Temperature: 21.0~23.8°C, humidity: 54~60%.									
Phantom	Description			SAR(W/Kg),	Scaling	Scaled			
Configurations	Mode	Channel	Power	1g Peak	factor	SAR			
	GSM		AC adaptor	0.027	1.183	0.032			
Dody	USM	IVI	spare battery	0.024	1.163	0.028			
Body (25mm	mm GPRS ation)	CDDS	CDDC	CDDS 91	810	AC adaptor	0.099	1.042	0.103
Separation)		810	spare battery	0.078	1.042	0.081			
Separation)		EDGE	AC adaptor	0.116	1.026	0.119			
	EDGE		spare battery	0.118	1.026	0.121			

Summary of Measurement Results (WCDMA 850MHz Band)

Temperature: 21.0~23.8°C, humidity: 54~60%.						
Phantom	Description			SAR(W/Kg),	Scaling	Scaled
Configurations	Mode	Channel	Power	1g Peak	factor	SAR
Body (25mm	RMC	4175	AC adaptor	0.031	1.130	035
Separation)	RIVIC	71/3	spare battery	0.041	1.130	0.046

Note: 1. Maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is 0.041 W/Kg≤ 75% of the SAR limit (i.e. 1.2W/Kg 1g) and maximum average output of each RF channel with HSDPA active is less than 1/4 dB higher than that measured without HSDPA using 12.2kbps RMC (refer to Page 22 of the



report), according to KDB 941225D01v02, SAR is not required for this handset with HSPA capabilities.

Summary of Measurement Results (WCDMA 1900MHz Band)

Temperature: 21.0~23.8°C, humidity: 54~60%.						
Description Phantom				SAR(W/Kg),	Scaling	Scaled
Configurations	Mode	Channel	Power	1g Peak	factor	SAR
Body (25mm	RMC	9400	AC adaptor	0.108	1.125	0.122
Separation)	Rivic	7400	spare battery	0.097	1.123	0.109

- Note: 1. Maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is 0.108 W/Kg≤ 75% of the SAR limit (i.e. 1.2W/Kg 1g) and maximum average output of each RF channel with HSDPA active is less than 1/4 dB higher than that measured without HSDPA using 12.2kbps RMC (refer to Page 22 of the report), according to KDB 941225D01v02, SAR is not required for this handset with HSPA capabilities.
 - 2. WCDMA can't transmit with GSM simultaneously.
 - 3.SAR test are conducted on the highest channels of each band, refer to KDB 447498, when the SAR procedures require multiple channels to be tested and the 1-g SAR for the highest output channel is less than 0.8 W/kg and peak SAR is less than 1.6W/kg, where the transmission band corresponding to all channels is \leq 100 MHz, testing for the other channels is not required.

4. Scaled SAR calculation

Dond	Tune-up power tolerance	SAR test channel	Scaling
Band	(dBm)	Power (dBm)	Factor
GSM 850	$PCL = 5, PWR = 31 \pm 2$	32.11	1.227
GPRS 850	Max output power <32.5	32.01	1.119
EDGE 850	Max output power <32.5	32.10	1.096
PCS 1900	PCL = 0, PWR = 28 + 1/-2	28.27	1.183
GPRS 1900	Max output power <27.5	27.32	1.042
EDGE 1900	Max output power <28.5	28.39	1.026
WCDMA 850	Max output power =22 $(+1/-2)$	22.47	1.130
WCDMA 1900	Max output power =21 $(+1/-2)$	21.49	1.125

Scaling Factor = Tune-up Maximum Power (Watt) / SAR test channel Power (Watt) Scaled SAR = Measure SAR * Scaling Factor



Annex A EUT Setup Photos

1. Powered by AC adaptor



2. Powered by spare battery





Liquid Level Photo





Annex B Graph Test Results

BAND	<u>PARAMETERS</u>
	Measurement 1: Validation Plane with Body device position on Low
	Channel in GSM mode
	Measurement 2: Validation Plane with Body device position on Low
	Channel in GSM mode
	Measurement 3: Validation Plane with Body device position on Low
GSM850	Channel in GPRS mode
<u>GSM1030</u>	Measurement 4: Validation Plane with Body device position on Low
	Channel in GPRS mode
	Measurement 5: Validation Plane with Body device position on Low
	Channel in EDGE mode
	Measurement 6: Validation Plane with Body device position on Low
	Channel in EDGE mode
	Measurement 7: Validation Plane with Body device position on
	High Channel in GSM mode
	Measurement 8: Validation Plane with Body device position on
	High Channel in GSM mode
	Measurement 9: Validation Plane with Body device position on
GSM1900	High Channel in GPRS mode
<u>GSM11900</u>	Measurement 10: Validation Plane with Body device position on
	High Channel in GPRS mode
	Measurement 11: Validation Plane with Body device position on
	High Channel in EDGE mode
	Measurement 12: Validation Plane with Body device position on
	High Channel in EDGE mode
	Measurement 13: Validation Plane with Body device position on
WCDMA	Middle Channel in WCDMA mode
<u>850</u>	Measurement 14: Validation Plane with Body device position on
	Middle Channel in WCDMA mode
	Measurement 15: Validation Plane with Body device position on
WCDMA	Middle Channel in WCDMA mode
<u>1900</u>	Measurement 16: Validation Plane with Body device position on
	Middle Channel in WCDMA mode



MEASUREMENT 1

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 12/4/2012

Measurement duration: 9 minutes 4 seconds

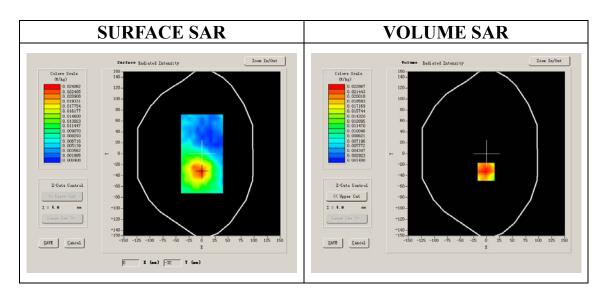
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	GSM850
Channels	Low
Signal	GSM

B. SAR Measurement Results

Lower Band SAR (Channel 128):

<u> </u>	
Frequency (MHz)	824.200000
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.709999
Relative permittivity	21.709999
Conductivity (S/m)	1.009033
Power drift (%)	-3.460000
Ambient Temperature:	22.8°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	28.559,25.681,27.588
Crest factor:	1:8



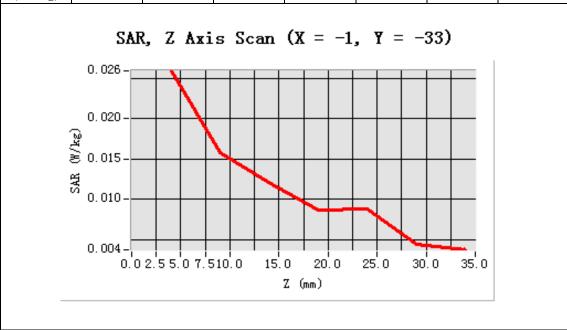


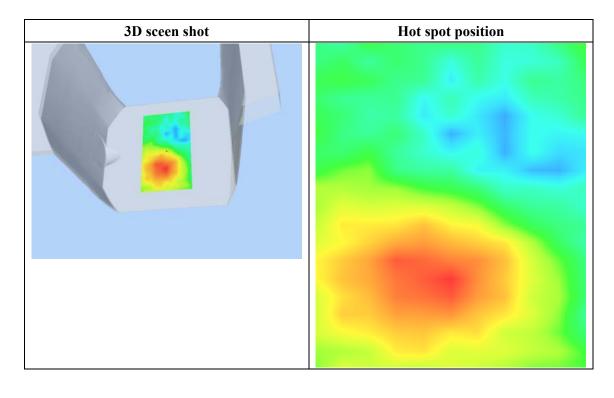
Maximum location: X=-1.00, Y=-33.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.016782
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.026206

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.0000	0.0260	0.0158	0.0120	0.0086	0.0087	0.0044
(W/Kg)							







MEASUREMENT 2

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 12/4/2012

Measurement duration: 9 minutes 6 seconds

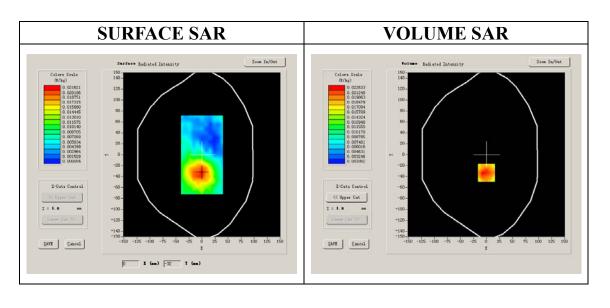
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	GSM850
Channels	Low
Signal	GSM

B. SAR Measurement Results

Lower Band SAR (Channel 128):

<u> </u>	
Frequency (MHz)	824.200000
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.709999
Relative permittivity	21.709999
Conductivity (S/m)	1.009033
Power drift (%)	-1.410000
Ambient Temperature:	22.8°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	28.559,25.681,27.588
Crest factor:	1:8



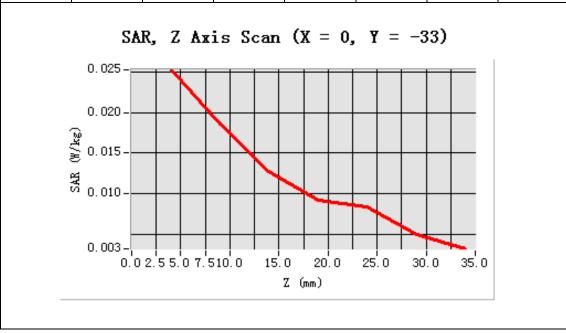


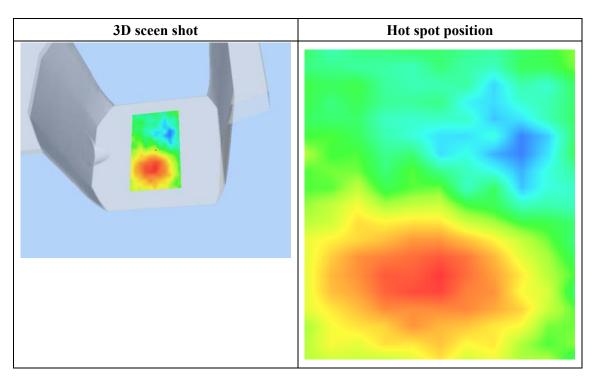
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=-33.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.016391	
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.024818	

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.0000	0.0252	0.0186	0.0128	0.0092	0.0084	0.0050
(W/Kg)							







MEASUREMENT 3

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 12/4/2012

Measurement duration: 9 minutes 5 seconds

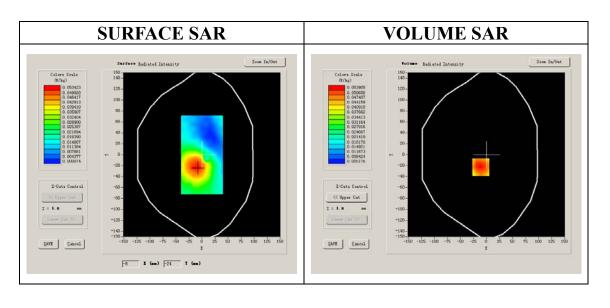
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt		
Phantom	Validation plane		
Device Position	Body		
Band	GSM850		
Channels	Low		
Signal	GPRS		

B. SAR Measurement Results

Lower Band SAR (Channel 128):

<u> </u>			
Frequency (MHz)	824.200000		
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.709999		
Relative permittivity	21.709999		
Conductivity (S/m)	1.009033		
Power drift (%)	-1.020000		
Ambient Temperature:	22.8°C		
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C		
ConvF:	28.559,25.681,27.588		
Crest factor:	1:2		



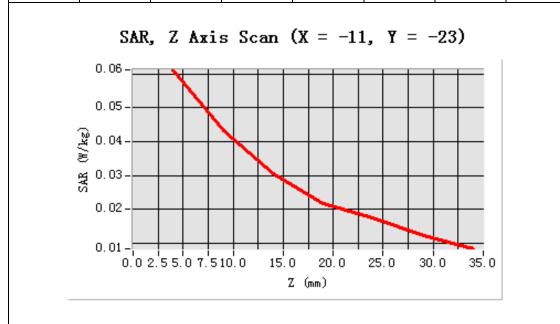


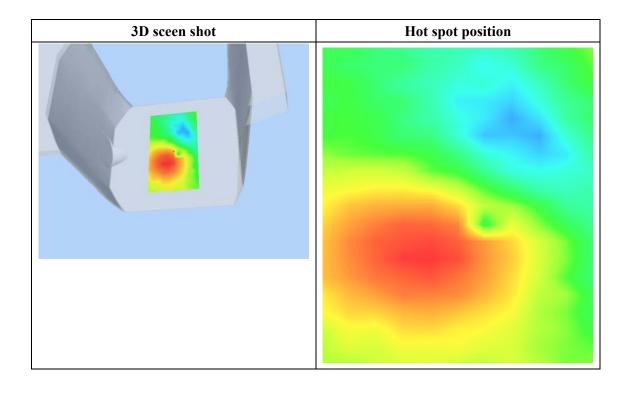
Maximum location: X=-11.00, Y=-23.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.040258		
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.060199		

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.0000	0.0612	0.0432	0.0306	0.0217	0.0174	0.0124
(W/Kg)							







MEASUREMENT 4

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 12/4/2012

Measurement duration: 9 minutes 9 seconds

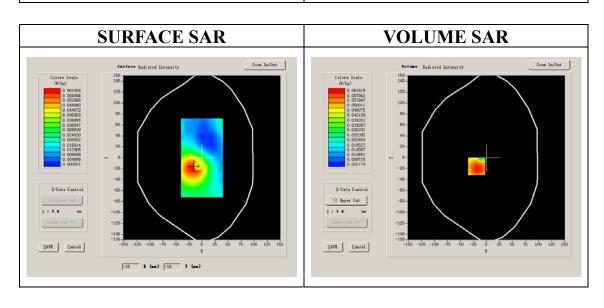
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt			
Phantom	Validation plane			
Device Position	Body			
Band	GSM850			
Channels	Low			
Signal	GPRS			

B. SAR Measurement Results

Lower Band SAR (Channel 128):

Frequency (MHz)	824.200000
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.709999
Relative permittivity	21.709999
Conductivity (S/m)	1.009033
Power drift (%)	-0.430000
Ambient Temperature:	22.8°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	28.559,25.681,27.588
Crest factor:	1:2

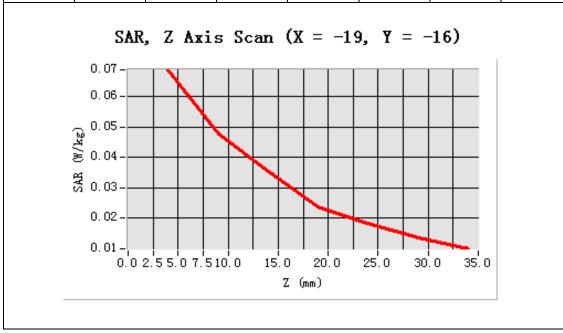


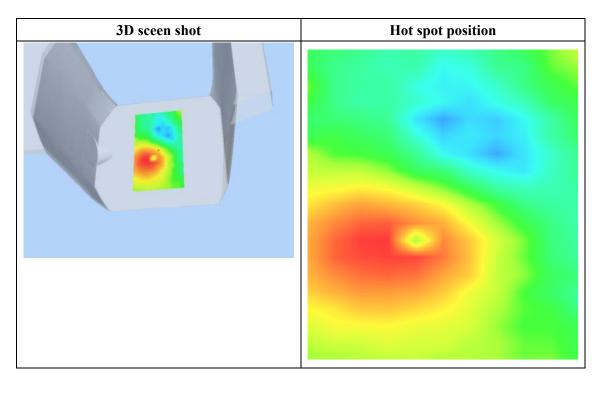


Maximum location: X=-19.00, Y=-16.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.045970
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.067466

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.0000	0.0688	0.0476	0.0352	0.0239	0.0182	0.0135
(W/Kg)							







Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 12/4/2012

Measurement duration: 9 minutes 8 seconds

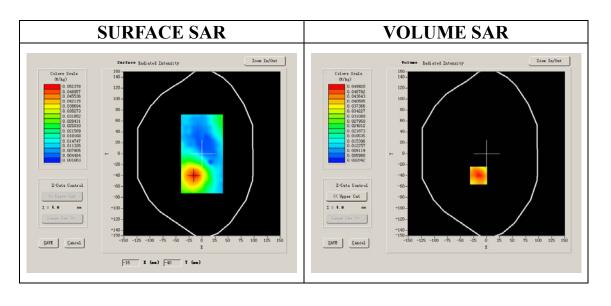
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt			
Phantom	Validation plane			
Device Position	Body			
Band	GSM850			
Channels	Low			
Signal	EDGE			

B. SAR Measurement Results

Lower Band SAR (Channel 128):

<u> </u>	
Frequency (MHz)	824.200000
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.709999
Relative permittivity	21.709999
Conductivity (S/m)	1.009033
Power drift (%)	-3.410000
Ambient Temperature:	22.8°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	28.559,25.681,27.588
Crest factor:	1:2

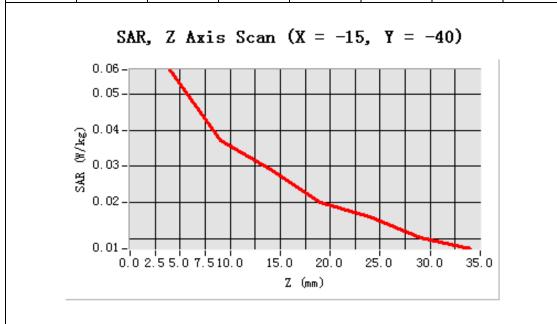


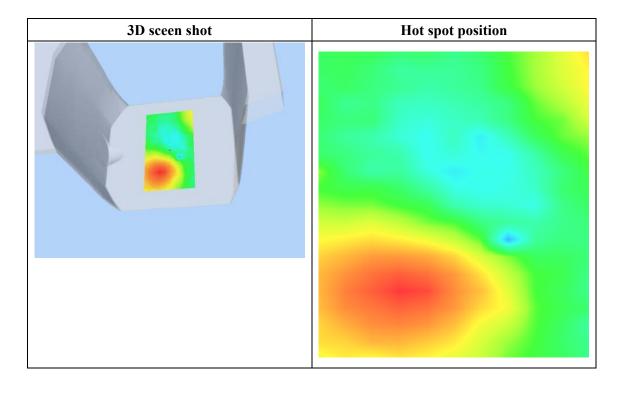


Maximum location: X=-15.00, Y=-40.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.036271	
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.054299	

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.0000	0.0567	0.0373	0.0293	0.0199	0.0159	0.0101
(W/Kg)							







Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 12/4/2012

Measurement duration: 9 minutes 8 seconds

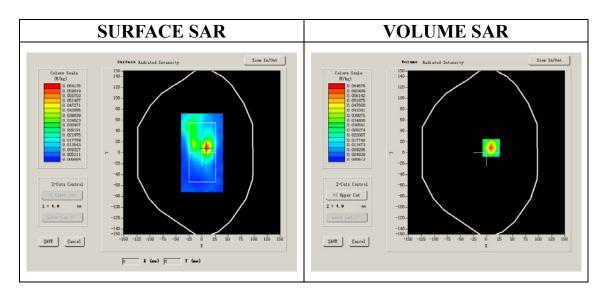
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt		
Phantom	Validation plane		
Device Position	Body		
Band	GSM850		
Channels	Low		
Signal	EDGE		

B. SAR Measurement Results

Lower Band SAR (Channel 128):

<u> </u>	
Frequency (MHz)	824.200000
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.709999
Relative permittivity	21.709999
Conductivity (S/m)	1.009033
Power drift (%)	-3.720000
Ambient Temperature:	22.8°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	28.559,25.681,27.588
Crest factor:	1:2

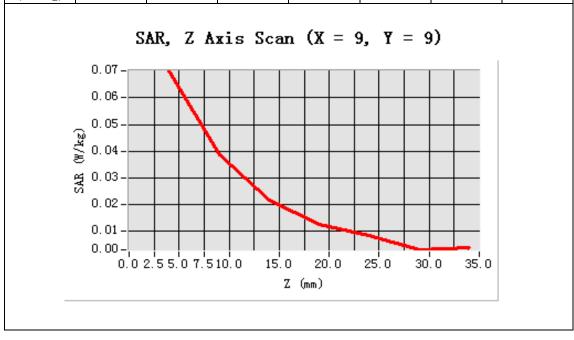


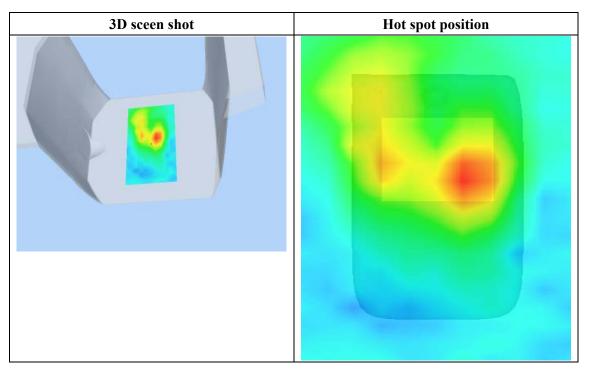


Maximum location: X=9.00, Y=9.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.031755
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.063988

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.0000	0.0700	0.0388	0.0219	0.0129	0.0085	0.0032
(W/Kg)							







Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 12/4/2012

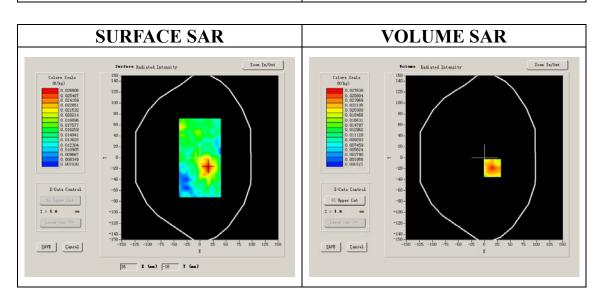
Measurement duration: 8 minutes 59 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt		
Phantom	Validation plane		
Device Position	Body		
Band	GSM1900		
Channels	High		
Signal	GSM		

B. SAR Measurement Results

er Bana Britt (Chamier 616).	
Frequency (MHz)	1909.800000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.540001
Relative permittivity	14.070000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.469533
Power drift (%)	-1.110000
Ambient Temperature:	22.6°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.7°C
ConvF:	40.625,34.773,38.535
Crest factor:	1:8

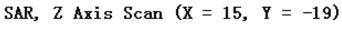


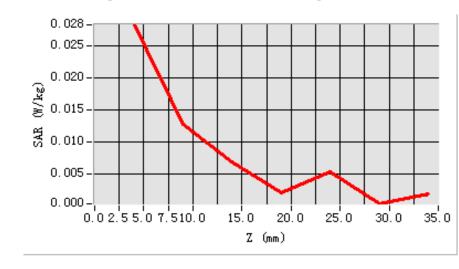


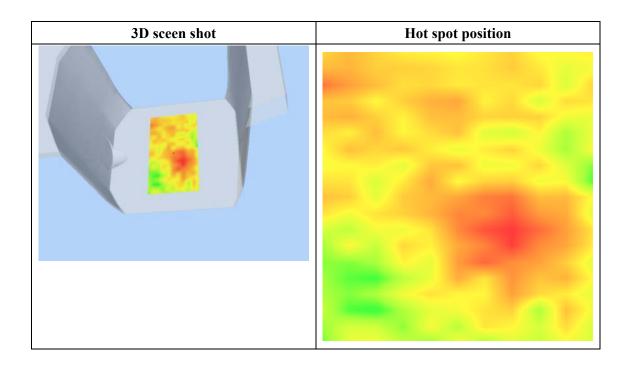
Maximum location: X=15.00, Y=-19.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.013731
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.027078

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.0000	0.0283	0.0128	0.0068	0.0021	0.0054	0.0003
(W/Kg)							









Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 12/4/2012

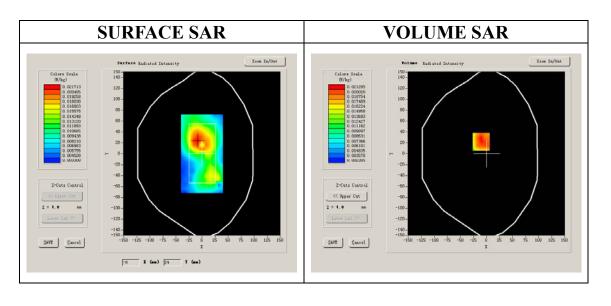
Measurement duration: 8 minutes 59 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt			
Phantom	Validation plane			
Device Position	Body			
Band	GSM1900			
Channels	High			
Signal	GSM			

B. SAR Measurement Results

<u> </u>	
Frequency (MHz)	1909.800000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.540001
Relative permittivity	14.070000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.469533
Power drift (%)	-2.340000
Ambient Temperature:	22.6°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.7°C
ConvF:	40.625,34.773,38.535
Crest factor:	1:8

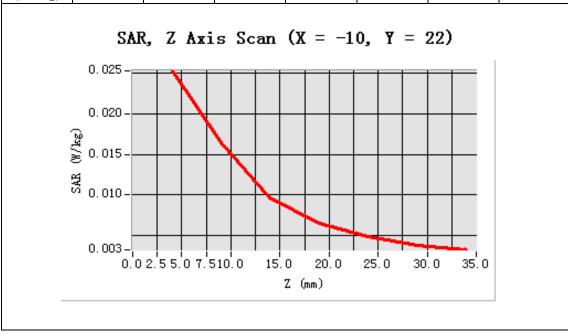


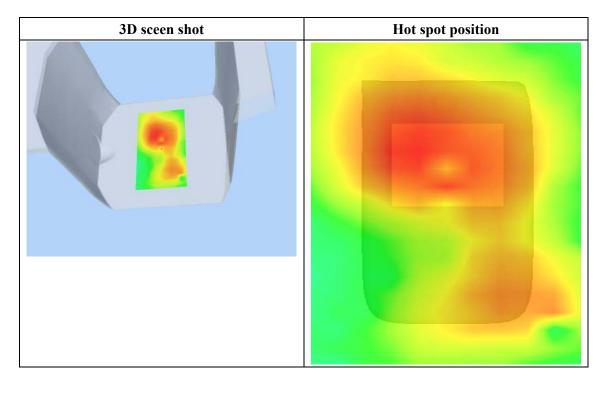


Maximum location: X=-10.00, Y=22.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.015390	
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.024456	

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.0000	0.0253	0.0164	0.0097	0.0065	0.0049	0.0037
(W/Kg)							







Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 12/4/2012

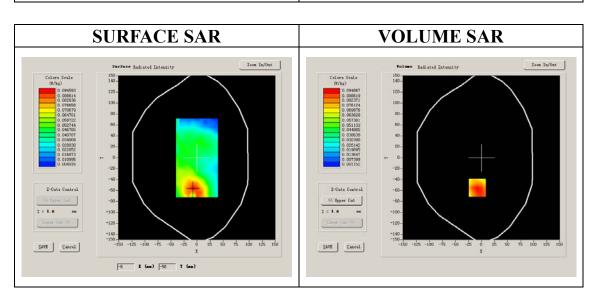
Measurement duration: 9 minutes 7 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	GSM1900
Channels	High
Signal	GPRS

B. SAR Measurement Results

er Bana Britt (Chamier 616).	
Frequency (MHz)	1909.800000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.540001
Relative permittivity	14.070000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.469533
Power drift (%)	-3.950000
Ambient Temperature:	22.6°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.7°C
ConvF:	40.625,34.773,38.535
Crest factor:	1:2

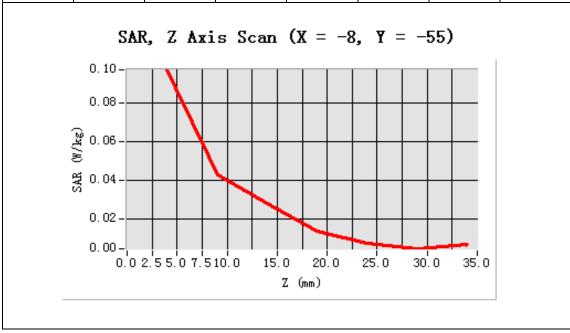


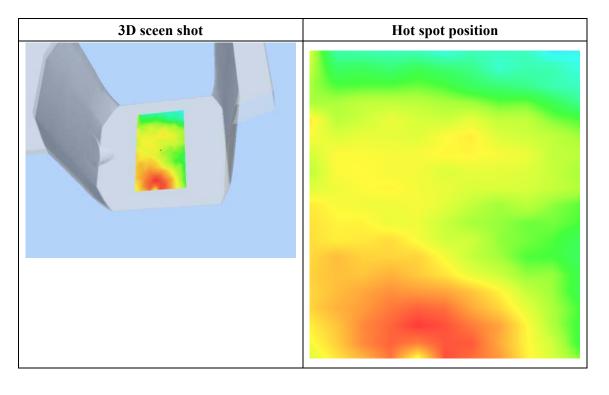


Maximum location: X=-8.00, Y=-55.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.051502
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.098632

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.0000	0.0971	0.0427	0.0278	0.0137	0.0073	0.0047
(W/Kg)							







Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 12/4/2012

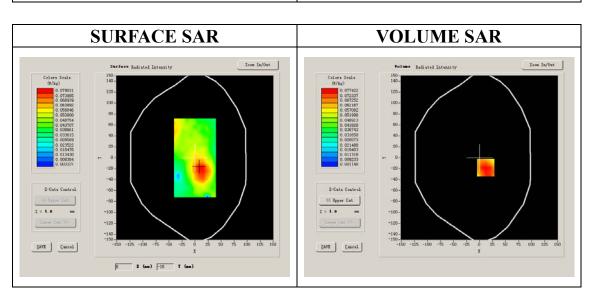
Measurement duration: 9 minutes 8 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt			
Phantom	Validation plane			
Device Position	Body			
Band	GSM1900			
Channels	High			
Signal	GPRS			

B. SAR Measurement Results

er Bana Britt (Chamier 616).	
Frequency (MHz)	1909.800000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.540001
Relative permittivity	14.070000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.469533
Power drift (%)	-2.680000
Ambient Temperature:	22.6°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.7°C
ConvF:	40.625,34.773,38.535
Crest factor:	1:2

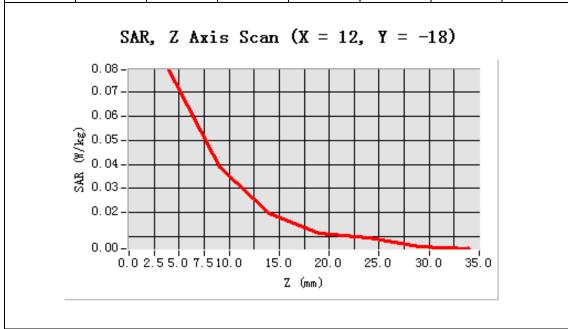


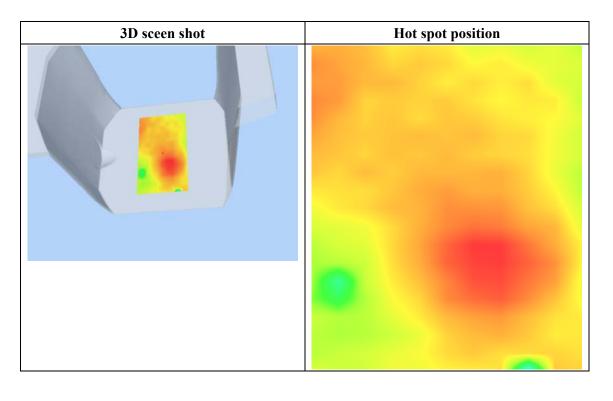


Maximum location: X=12.00, Y=-18.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.042361
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.078034

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.0000	0.0792	0.0390	0.0196	0.0114	0.0095	0.0057
(W/Kg)							







Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 12/4/2012

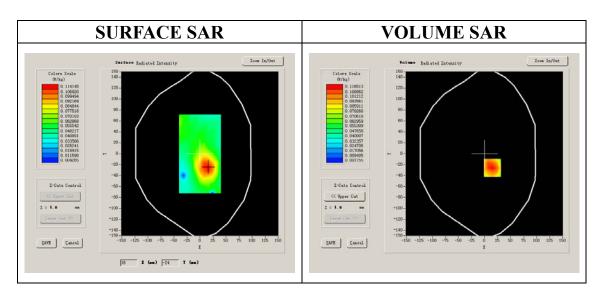
Measurement duration: 9 minutes 8 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	GSM1900
Channels	High
Signal	EDGE

B. SAR Measurement Results

er Bana Britt (Chamier 616).	
Frequency (MHz)	1909.800000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.540001
Relative permittivity	14.070000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.469533
Power drift (%)	-2.640000
Ambient Temperature:	22.6°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.7°C
ConvF:	40.625,34.773,38.535
Crest factor:	1:2



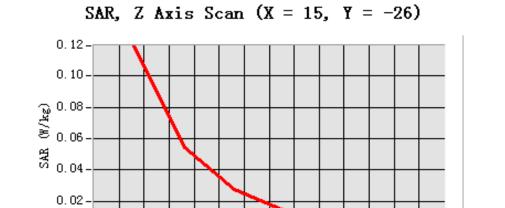


Maximum location: X=15.00, Y=-26.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.061138
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.115551

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.0000	0.1192	0.0542	0.0278	0.0138	0.0071	0.0058
(W/Kg)							



15.0

25.0

20.0

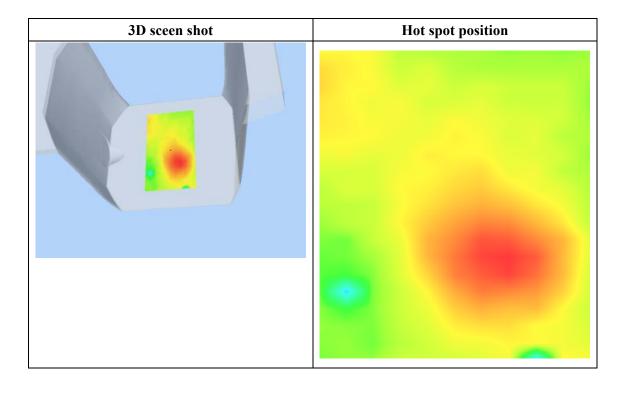
Z (mm)

30.0

35.0

0.00-

0.0 2.5 5.0 7.510.0





Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 12/4/2012

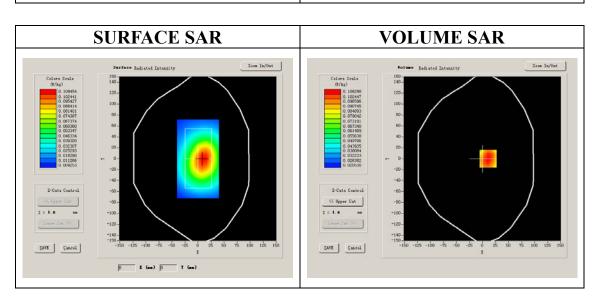
Measurement duration: 9 minutes 8 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	GSM1900
Channels	High
Signal	EDGE

B. SAR Measurement Results

<u> </u>	
Frequency (MHz)	1909.800000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.540001
Relative permittivity	14.070000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.469533
Power drift (%)	-1.260000
Ambient Temperature:	22.6°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.7°C
ConvF:	40.625,34.773,38.535
Crest factor:	1:2

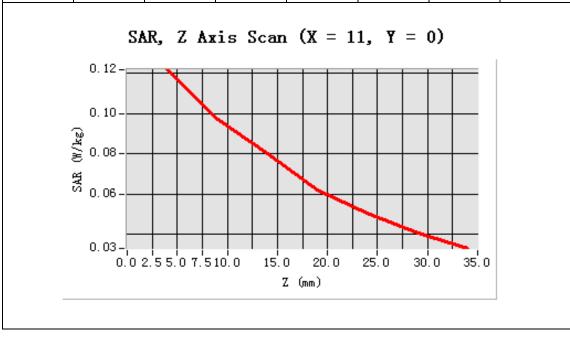


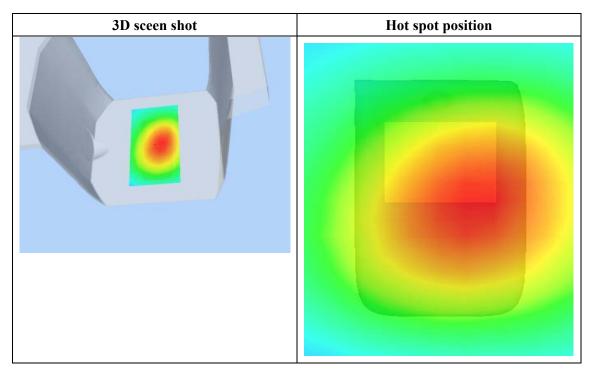


Maximum location: X=11.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.090302
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.118356

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.0000	0.1218	0.0974	0.0802	0.0622	0.0508	0.0406
(W/Kg)							







Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 12/4/2012

Measurement duration: 9 minutes 11 seconds

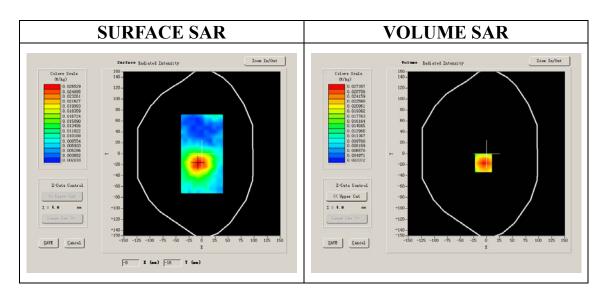
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	WCDMA850
Channels	Middle
Signal	CDMA

B. SAR Measurement Results

Middle Band SAR (Channel 4175):

<u> </u>	
Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	51.341000
Relative permittivity	15.877050
Conductivity (S/m)	0.737401
Power drift (%)	-1.800000
Ambient Temperature:	22.8°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	28.559,25.681,27.588
Crest factor:	1:1

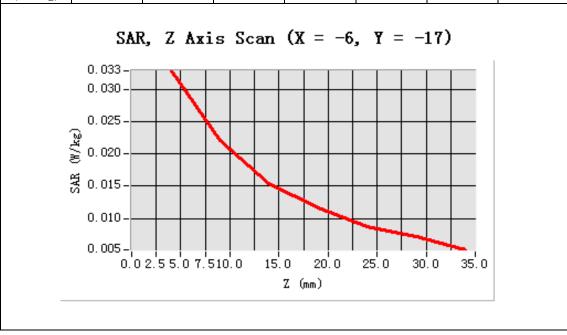


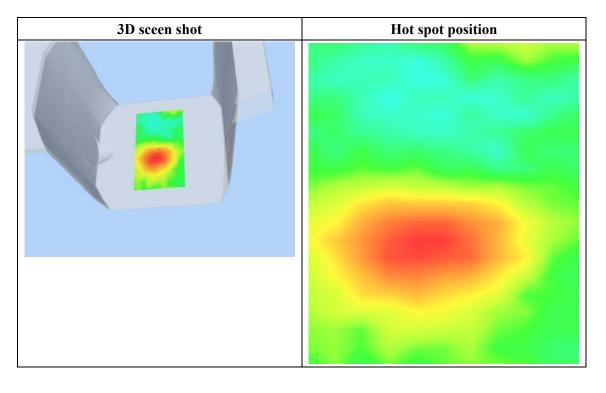


Maximum location: X=-6.00, Y=-17.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.020568
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.031370

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.0000	0.0328	0.0221	0.0155	0.0117	0.0087	0.0073
(W/Kg)							







Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 12/4/2012

Measurement duration: 9 minutes 8 seconds

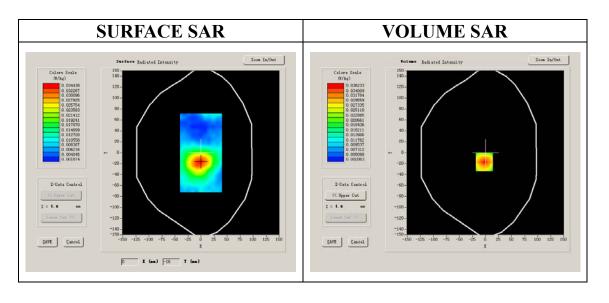
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	WCDMA850
Channels	Middle
Signal	CDMA

B. SAR Measurement Results

Middle Band SAR (Channel 4175):

ite Bana Britt (Chaimer 1175):	
Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	51.341000
Relative permittivity	15.877050
Conductivity (S/m)	0.737401
Power drift (%)	-0.500000
Ambient Temperature:	22.8°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	28.559,25.681,27.588
Crest factor:	1:1

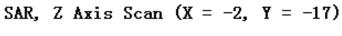


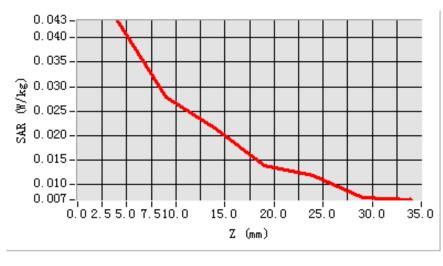


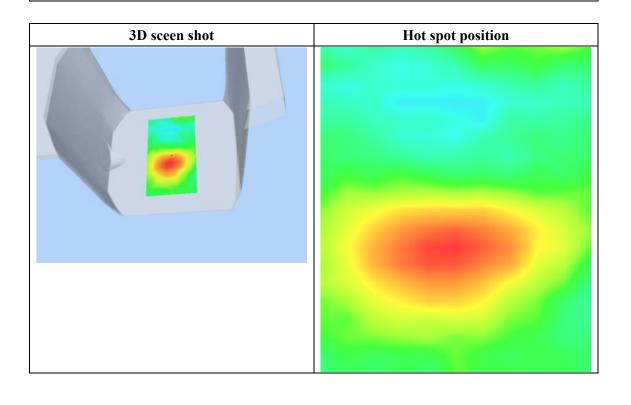
Maximum location: X=-2.00, Y=-17.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.026378
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.040954

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.0000	0.0435	0.0279	0.0216	0.0139	0.0118	0.0073
(W/Kg)							









Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 12/4/2012

Measurement duration: 9 minutes 7 seconds

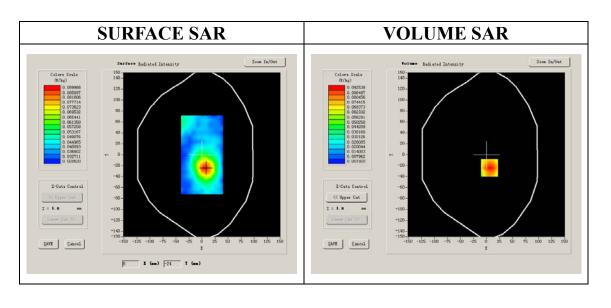
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt			
Phantom	Validation plane			
Device Position	Body			
Band	WCDMA1900			
Channels	Middle			
Signal	CDMA			

B. SAR Measurement Results

Middle Band SAR (Channel 9400):

<u> </u>	
Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	51.341000
Relative permittivity	15.877050
Conductivity (S/m)	1.658270
Power drift (%)	-2.130000
Ambient Temperature:	22.6°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.7°C
ConvF:	40.625,34.773,38.535
Crest factor:	1:1

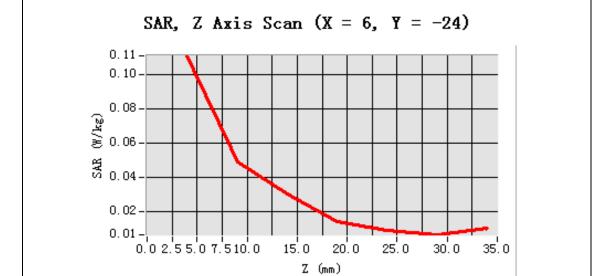


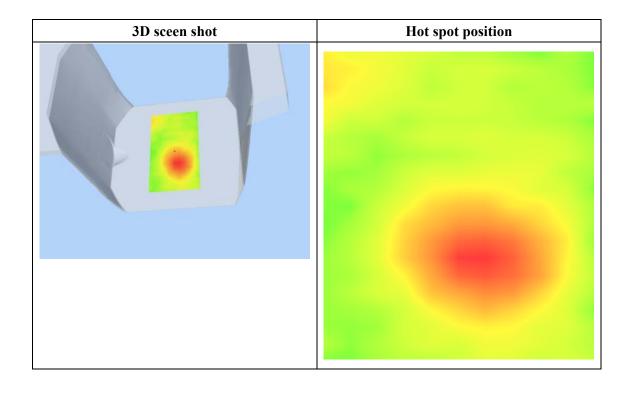


Maximum location: X=6.00, Y=-24.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.056894
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.107520

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.0000	0.1111	0.0491	0.0303	0.0144	0.0088	0.0064
(W/Kg)							







Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 12/4/2012

Measurement duration: 9 minutes 5 seconds

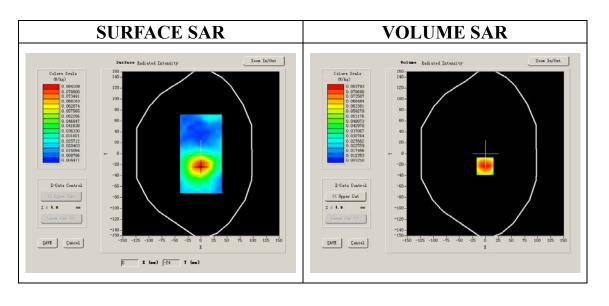
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	WCDMA1900
Channels	Middle
Signal	CDMA

B. SAR Measurement Results

Middle Band SAR (Channel 9400):

re Bana Britt (Chaimer 5 100).	
Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	51.341000
Relative permittivity	15.877050
Conductivity (S/m)	1.658270
Power drift (%)	-1.550000
Ambient Temperature:	22.6°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.7°C
ConvF:	40.625,34.773,38.535
Crest factor:	1:1

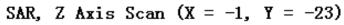


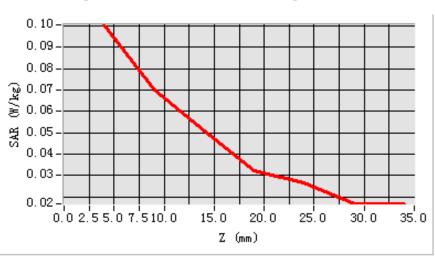


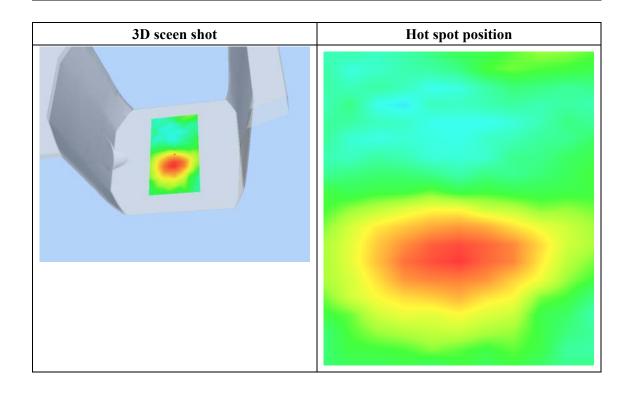
Maximum location: X=-1.00, Y=-23.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.063778		
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.096857		

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.0000	0.1006	0.0702	0.0507	0.0321	0.0267	0.0169
(W/Kg)							









System Performance Check Data(Body)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 12/4/2012

Measurement duration: 13 minutes 27 seconds

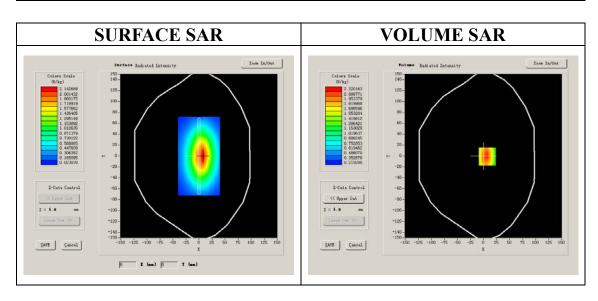
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt		
Phantom	Validation plane		
Device Position			
Band	835MHz		
Channels			
Signal	CW		

B. SAR Measurement Results

Band SAR

Frequency (MHz)	835.000000		
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.709999		
Relative permittivity	21.709999		
Conductivity (S/m)	0.980903		
Power drift (%)	-0.170000		
Ambient Temperature:	22.4°C		
Liquid Temperature:	21.5°C		
ConvF:	28.559,25.681,27.588		
Crest factor:	1:1		

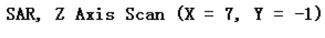


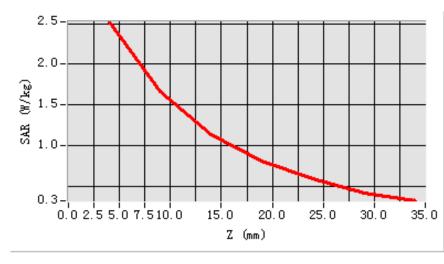


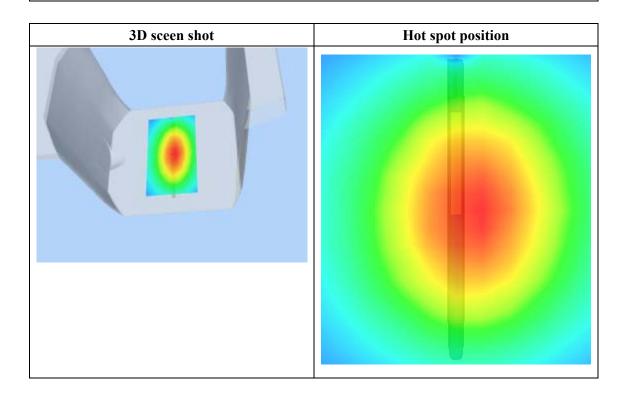
Maximum location: X=7.00, Y=-1.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.539476		
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	2.385979		

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.0000	2.5209	1.6629	1.1437	0.8075	0.5889	0.4143
(W/Kg)							









System Performance Check Data(Body)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 12/4/2012

Measurement duration: 13 minutes 26 seconds

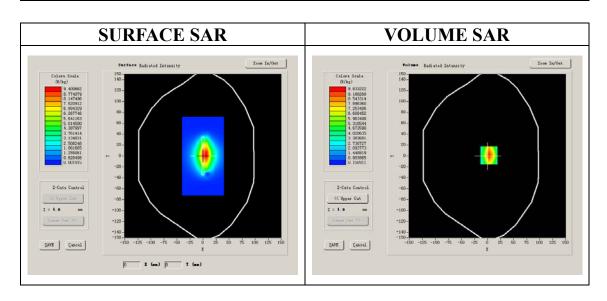
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt		
Phantom	Validation plane		
Device Position			
Band	1900MHz		
Channels			
Signal	CW		

B. SAR Measurement Results

Band SAR

Frequency (MHz)	1900.000000		
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.261611		
Relative permittivity	14.070000		
Conductivity (S/m)	1.553978		
Power drift (%)	-0.030000		
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C		
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C		
ConvF:	40.625,34.773,38.535		
Crest factor:	1:1		





Maximum location: X=3.00, Y=1.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	4.981611
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	9.740177

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.0000	10.0621	5.6445	3.6226	2.1642	1.4521	0.9078
(W/Kg)							

