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OET 65 TEST REPORT

Product Name 3G Quad Band HSDPA/HSUPA PoC enabled mobile phone

Model Name Sonim XP5520-A-R1, Sonim XP5520-A-R2, Sonim XP5530-A-R1,

Sonim XP5560-A-R1, Sonim XP5560-A-R2, Sonim XP5560-A-R3,

Sonim XP5570-A-R1 (P35F008AA)

Marketing Name Sonim XP5520 BOLT

FCC ID WYPP35F008AA

IC 8090A-P35F008AA

Client Sonim Technologies, Inc.

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

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GENERAL SUMMARY

Product Name	3G Quad Band HSDPA/HSUPA PoC enabled mobile phone	Model Name	Sonim XP5520-A-R1, Sonim XP5520-A-R2, Sonim XP5530-A-R1, Sonim XP5560-A-R1, Sonim XP5560-A-R2, Sonim XP5560-A-R3, Sonim XP5570-A-R1 (P35F008AA)		
FCC ID	WYPP35F008AA	IC	8090A-P35F008AA		
Report No.	RZA1109-1686SAR				
Client	Sonim Technologies, Inc.				
Manufacturer	Sonim Technologies, Inc.				
Reference Standard(s)	IEEE Std C95.1, 1999: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz. IEEE Std 1528™-2003: IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques. SUPPLEMENT C Edition 01-01 to OET BULLETIN 65 Edition 97-01 June 2001 including DA 02-1438, published June 2002: Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields Additional Information for Evaluation Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions. KDB941225 D01 SAR test for 3G devices v02: SAR Measurement Procedures CDMA 20001x RTT, 1x Ev-Do, WCDMA, HSDPA/HSPA KDB648474 D01 SAR Handsets Multi Xmiter and Ant, v01r05: SAR Evaluation Considerations for Handsets with Multiple Transmitters and Antennas. RSS-102 Issue 4 March 2010: Radio Frequency (RF) Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands)				
Conclusion	This portable wireless equipment has been measured in all cases requested by the relevant standards. Test results in Chapter 7 of this test report are below limits specified in the relevant standards. General Judgment: Pass (Stamp) Date of issue: November 18th, 2011				
Comment	The test result only responds to t		THE THEFT		
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Approved by Director

Revised by

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SAR Manager

Performed by

SAR Engineer

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1. General Information

1.1. Notes of the Test Report

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. guarantees the reliability of the data presented in this test report, which is the results of measurements and tests performed for the items under test on the date and under the conditions stated in this test report and is based on the knowledge and technical facilities available at TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. at the time of execution of the test.

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. is liable to the client for the maintenance by its personnel of the confidentiality of all information related to the items under test and the results of the test. This report only refers to the item that has undergone the test.

This report standalone dose not constitute or imply by its own an approval of the product by the certification Bodies or competent Authorities. This report cannot be used partially or in full for publicity and/or promotional purposes without previous written approval of **TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.** and the Accreditation Bodies, if it applies.

If the electrical report is inconsistent with the printed one, it should be subject to the latter.

1.2. Testing Laboratory

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1.3. Applicant Information

Company: Sonim Technologies, Inc.

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City: San Mateo

Postal Code: Ca 94420

Country: U.S.A

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1.4. Manufacturer Information

Company: Sonim Technologies, Inc.

Address: 875 S. Grant Street, Suite 620

City: San Mateo
Postal Code: Ca 94420

Country: U.S.A

Telephone: +1 650 353 9851

Fax: +1 650 378 8190

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1.5. Information of EUT

General Information

Device Type:	Portable Device					
Exposure Category:	Uncontrolled Environment / General Population					
State of Sample:	Prototype Unit					
Product Name:	3G Quad Band HSDPA/HSUPA PoC enabled mobile phone					
IMEI:	001080000529504	001080000529504				
Hardware Version:	Α					
Software Version:	11.0.0-12.0.2-4100-00	0.0				
Antenna Type:	Internal Antenna					
Device Operating Configurations:						
	GSM 850/GSM 1900;	(tested)				
Supporting Mode(s):	WCDMA Band II/ WC	DMA Band V; (tested	d)			
	Bluetooth; (untested)					
Test Modulation:	(GSM)GMSK; (WCDI	MA)QPSK				
Device Class:	В					
HSDPA UE Category:	8					
HSUPA UE Category:	6					
	Max Number of Timeslots in Uplink 4					
GPRS Multislot Class(12):	Max Number of Times	4				
	Max Total Timeslot	5				
	Max Number of Timeslots in Uplink 4					
EGPRS Multislot Class(12):	Max Number of Times	slots in Downlink	4			
	Max Total Timeslot		5			
	Mode	Tx (MHz)	Rx (MHz)			
	GSM 850	824.2 ~ 848.8	869.2 ~ 893.8			
Operating Frequency Range(s):	GSM 1900	1850.2 ~ 1909.8	1930.2 ~ 1989.8			
	WCDMA Band II	1852.4 ~ 1907.6	1932.4 ~ 1987.6			
	WCDMA Band V	826.4 ~ 846.6	871.4 ~ 891.6			
	GSM 850: 4, tested w	vith power level 5				
Dower Class	GSM 1900: 1, tested	with power level 0				
Power Class:	WCDMA Band II: 3, to	ested with power con	trol all up bits			
	WCDMA Band V: 3, tested with power control all up bits					
	128 - 190 - 251	(GSM 850)	(tested)			
Test Channel:	512 - 661 - 810	(GSM 1900)	(tested)			
(Low - Middle - High)	9262 - 9400 - 9538	(WCDMA Band II)	(tested)			
	4132 - 4183 - 4233	(WCDMA Band V)	(tested)			

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Auxiliary Equipment Details

AE:Battery

Model: BAT-01950-01S

Manufacturer: Sonim

SN: S1105000105

Equipment Under Test (EUT) is a model of 3G Quad Band HSDPA/HSUPA PoC enabled mobile phone. The device has an internal antenna for GSM/WCDMA Tx/Rx, and the other is BT antenna that can be used for Tx/Rx. The detail about Mobile phone and Lithium Battery is in chapter 1.5 in this report. SAR is tested for GSM 850, GSM 1900, WCDMA Band II and WCDMA Band V.

The sample under test was selected by the Client.

Components list please refer to documents of the manufacturer.

1.6. The Maximum SAR_{1q} Values

Head Configuration

Mode	Channel	Position	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
GSM 850	High/251	Right, Cheek	0.766
GSM 1900	High/810	Left, Cheek	0.388
WCDMA Band II	High/9538	Left, Cheek	1.350
WCDMA Band V	Middle/4183	Right, Cheek	0.589

Body Worn Configuration

Mode	Channel	Position	Separation distance	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
4Txslots GPRS 850	Low/128	Towards Ground	0mm	1.280
4Txslots GPRS 1900	Low/512	Towards Phantom	0mm	0.486
WCDMA Band II	Middle/9400	Towards Phantom	0mm	0.564
WCDMA Band V	Middle/4183	Towards Ground	0mm	0.509

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1.7. The Maximum Power of Each Tested Mode

Mode		Max Burst Conducted	Max Average Power
		Power (dBm)	(dBm)
	GSM	33.10	24.07
GSM 850	GPRS, 2Txslots	32.86	26.84
	EGPRS, 2Txslots	32.84	26.82
	GSM	27.24	18.21
GSM 1900	GPRS, 4Txslots	26.22	23.21
	EGPRS, 4Txslots	26.20	23.19

Mode	Max Conducted Power (dBm)
WCDMA Band II	23.60
WCDMA Band V	22.54

Note: The detail Power refer to Table 10 (Power Measurement Results).

1.8. Test Date

The test is performed from November 8, 2011 to November 9, 2011.

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2. Operational Conditions during Test

2.1. General Description of Test Procedures

A communication link is set up with a System Simulator (SS) by air link, and a call is established. The Absolute Radiofrequency Channel Number (ARFCN) is allocated to 128, 190 and 251 in the case of GSM 850, to 512, 661 and 810 in the case of GSM 1900, allocated to 9262, 9400 and 9538 respectively in the case of WCDMA Band II, to 4132, 4183 and 4233 in the case of WCDMA Band V. The EUT is commanded to operate at maximum transmitting power.

Connection to the EUT is established via air interface with E5515C, and the EUT is set to maximum output power by E5515C. The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power output. The antenna connected to the output of the base station simulator shall be placed at least 50 cm away from the EUT. The signal transmitted by the simulator to the antenna feeding point shall be lower than the output power level of the EUT by at least 30 dB.

2.2. GSM Test Configuration

SAR tests for GSM 850 and GSM 1900, a communication link is set up with a System Simulator (SS) by air link. Using E5515C the power lever is set to "5" of GSM 850, set to "0" of GSM 1900. Since the GPRS class is 12 for this EUT, it has at most 4 timeslots in uplink and at most 4 timeslots in downlink, the maximum total timeslots is 5. The EGPRS class is 12 for this EUT; it has at most 4 timeslots in uplink and at most 4 timeslots in downlink, the maximum total timeslot is 5.

When SAR tests for EGPRS mode is necessary, GMSK modulation should be used to minimize SAR measurement error due to higher peak-to-average power (PAR) ratios inherent in 8-PSK.

According to specification 3GPP TS 51.010, the maximum power of the GSM can do the power reduction for the multi-slot. The allowed power reduction in the multi-slot configuration is as following:

Table 1: The allowed power reduction in the multi-slot configuration

Number of timeslots in uplink assignment	Permissible nominal reduction of maximum output power,(dB)
1	0
2	0 to 3,0
3	1,8 to 4,8
4	3,0 to 6,0

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2.3. WCDMA Test Configuration

2.3.1. Output Power Verification

Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channel according to the procedures described in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34. 121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC(transmit power control) set to all "1's" for WCDMA/HSDPA or applying the required inner loop power control procedures to the maximum output power while HSUPA is active. Results for all applicable physical channel configuration (DPCCH, DPDCH_n and spreading codes, HSDPA, HSPA) should be tabulated in the SAR report. All configuration that are not supported by the DUT or can not be measured due to technical or equipment limitations should be clearly identified.

2.3.2. Head SAR Measurements

According to KDB 941225 D01 V02, SAR for head exposure configurations in voice mode is measured using a 12.2kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's". SAR in AMR configurations is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel for 12.2kbps AMR is less than 1/4 dB higher than that measured in 12.2 kbps RMC. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel in 12.2kbps AMR with a 3.4 kbps SRB(Signaling radio bearer) using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR in 12.2kbps RMC for that RF channel.

2.3.3. Body SAR Measurements

According to KDB 941225 D01 V02, SAR for body exposure configurations in voice and data modes is measured using 12.2kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's". SAR for other spreading codes and multiple DPDCH_n, when supported by the DUT, are not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel, for each spreading code and DPDCH_n configuration, are less than 1/4 dB higher than those measured in 12.2kbps RMC. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel with an applicable RMC configuration for the corresponding spreading code or DPDCH_n using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR with 12.2 kbps RMC. When more than 2 DPDCH_n are supported by the DUT, it may be necessary to configure additional DPDCH_n for a DUT using FTM (Factory Test Mode) or other chipset based test approaches with parameters similar to those used in 384 kbps and 768 kbps RMC.

2.4. HSDPA Test Configuration

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured according to the 'Body SAR Measurements' procedures of that section. In addition, body SAR is also measured for HSDPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSDPA active is at least ¼ dB higher than that measured without HSDPA using 12.2 kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is above 75% of the SAR limit.30 Body SAR for HSDPA is measured using an FRC with H-Set 1 in Sub-test 1 and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1, using the highest body SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSDPA.

HSDPA should be configured according to the UE category of a test device. The number of HSDSCH/ HS-PDSCHs, HARQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the H-set. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission conditions, QPSK is used in the H-set for SAR testing. HS-DPCCH should be configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 4 ms with a CQI repetition factor of 2 to maintain a constant rate of active CQI slots. DPCCH and DPDCH gain factors(βc, βd), and HS-DPCCH

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power offset parameters (Δ ACK, Δ NACK, Δ CQI) should be set according to values indicated in the Table below.32 The CQI value is determined by the UE category, transport block size, number of HS-PDSCHs and modulation used in the H-set.

Table 2: Subtests for UMTS Release 5 HSDPA

Sub-set	ρ	R	β_{d}	Q /Q	eta_{hs}	CM(dB)	MPR(dB)
Sub-set	$eta_{ m c}$	β_d	(SF)	β_c/β_d	(note 1, note 2)	(note 3)	WIFK(UB)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
0	12/15	15/15	64	12/15	1.0	0.0	
2	(note 4)	(note 4)	04	(note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note1: \triangle_{ACK} , \triangle_{NACK} and \triangle_{CQI} = 8 \iff A_{hs} = β_{hs}/β_c =30/15 \iff β_{hs} =30/15* β_c

Note2:For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C,5.7A,and the Error Vector Magnitude(EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1.A,and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, \triangle_{ACK} and \triangle_{NACK} = 8 (A_{hs} =30/15) with β_{hs} =30/15* β_{c} ,and \triangle_{CQI} = 7 (A_{hs} =24/15) with β_{hs} =24/15* β_{c} .

Note3: CM=1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4:For subtest 2 the $\beta_c\beta_d$ ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period(TF1,TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TFC1,TF1) to β_c =11/15 and β_d =15/15.

Table 3: Settings of required H-Set 1 QPSK in HSDPA mode

Parameter	Unit	Value
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	534
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI's	3
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	2
Information Bit Payload (<i>N_{INF}</i>)	Bits	3202
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	4800
Total Available SML's in UE	SML's	19200
Number of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	9600
Coding Rate	1	0.67
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	5
Modulation	1	QPSK

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Table 4: HSDPA UE category

HS-DSCH Category	Maximum HS-DSCH Codes Received	Minimum Inter-TTI Interval	Maximum Transport Bits/HS-DSCH	Total Channel
1	5	3	7298	19200
2	5	3	7298	28800
3	5	2	7298	28800
4	5	2	7298	38400
5	5	1	7298	57600
6	5	1	7298	67200
7	10	1	14411	115200
8	10	1	14411	134400
9	15	1	25251	172800
10	15	1	27952	172800
11	5	2	3630	14400
12	5	1	3630	28800
13	15	1	34800	259200
14	15	1	42196	259200
15	15	1	23370	345600
16	15	1	27952	345600

2.5. HSUPA Test Configuration

Body SAR is also measured for HSPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSPA active is at least ¼ dB higher than that measured without HSPA using 12.2 kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is above 75% of the SAR limit. Body SAR for HSPA is measured with E-DCH Sub-test 5, using H-Set 1 and QPSK for FRC and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1 with power control algorithm 2, according to the highest body SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSPA.

Due to inner loop power control requirements in HSPA, a commercial communication test set should be used for the output power and SAR tests. The 12.2 kbps RMC, FRC H-set 1 and E-DCH configurations for HSPA should be configured according to the β values indicated below as well as other applicable procedures described in the 'WCDMA Handset' and 'Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices' sections of 3 G device.

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Table 5: Sub-Test 5 Setup for Release 6 HSUPA

Sub- test	βς	βa	βa (SF)	βc/βd	βнs (Note1)	β _{ес}	βed (Note 4) (Note 5)	β _{ed} (SF)	β _{ed} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2) (Note 6)	AG Index (Note 5)	E- TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/2 25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β _{ed} 1: 47/15 β _{ed} 2: 47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15	0	-	-	5/15	5/15	47/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	12	67

- Note 1: For sub-test 1 to 4, Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c . For sub-test 5, Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 5/15 with β_{hs} = 5/15 * β_c .
- Note 2: CM = 1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
- Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 10/15 and β_d = 15/15.
- Note 4: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.
- Note 5: β_{ed} can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.
- Note 6: For subtests 2, 3 and 4, UE may perform E-DPDCH power scaling at max power which could results in slightly smaller MPR values.

Table 6: HSUPA UE category

E-DCH	Maximum number	Minimum	Support for 10	Maximum number of bits of	Maximum number of bits of
category	of E-DCH codes	spreading	and 2 ms TTI	an E-DCH transport block	an E-DCH transport block
	transmitted per	factor	EDCH	transmitted within a 10 ms	transmitted within a 2 ms
	transport block			E-DCH TTI	E-DCH TTI
Category 1	1	SF4	10 ms TTI only	7110	-
Category 2	2	SF4	10 ms and	14484	2798
			2 ms TTI		
Category 3	2	SF4	10 ms TTI only	14484	-
Category 4	2	SF2	10 ms and	20000	5772
			2 ms TTI		
Category 5	2	SF2.	10 ms TTI only	20000	-
Category 6	4	SF2	10 ms and	20000	11484
			2 ms TTI		
Category 7	4	SF2	10ms and 2 ms	20000	22996
			ΤTI		
Category 8	4	SF2	2 ms TTI	-	11484
Category 9	4	SF2	2 ms TTI	-	22996

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2.6. Test Positions

2.6.1. Against Phantom Head

Measurements were made in "cheek" and "tilt" positions on both the left hand and right hand sides of the phantom.

The positions used in the measurements were according to IEEE 1528 - 2003 "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate(SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques".

2.6.2. Body Worn Configuration

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. The distance between the belt-clips of device and the phantom was kept 0mm and the distance between the surface of the EUT and the phantom was kept 19mm .

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3. SAR Measurements System Configuration

3.1. SAR Measurement Set-up

The DASY4 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An
 arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.
- The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY4 measurement server.
- The DASY4 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows 2003
- DASY4 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.
- Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

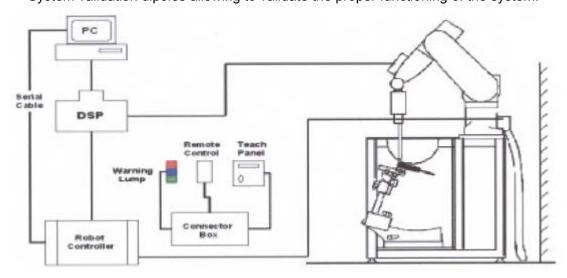


Figure 1 SAR Lab Test Measurement Set-up

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3.2. DASY4 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

3.2.1. EX3DV4 Probe Specification

Construction Symmetrical design with triangular core

Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to

organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)

Calibration ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available

Frequency 10 MHz to > 6 GHz

Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)

Directivity ± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe

axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation

normal to probe axis)

Dynamic Range 10 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity:

 \pm 0.2dB (noise: typically < 1 μ W/g)

Dimensions Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm)

Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole

centers: 1 mm

Application High precision dosimetric

measurements in any exposure

scenario (e.g., very strong gradient

fields).

Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.

Figure 2.EX3DV4 E-field Probe



Figure 3. EX3DV4 E-field probe

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3.2.2. E-field Probe Calibration

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than \pm 10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated and found to be better than \pm 0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies bellow 1 GHz, and in a wave guide above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \mathbf{C} \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

Where: $\Delta t = \text{Exposure time (30 seconds)}$,

C = Heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

 ΔT = Temperature increase due to RF exposure.

Or

$$SAR = \frac{|E|^2 \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where:

 σ = Simulated tissue conductivity,

 ρ = Tissue density (kg/m3).

3.3. Other Test Equipment

3.3.1. Device Holder for Transmitters

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the die rent positions given in the standard.

It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the inference of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

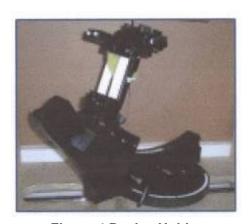


Figure 4 Device Holder

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3.3.2. **Phantom**

The Generic Twin Phantom is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden Figure. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to determine the maximum exposure in at least 90% of all users. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot.

Shell Thickness 2±0.1 mm Filling Volume Approx. 20 liters

Dimensions 810 x 1000 x 500 mm (H x L x W) Aailable Special



Figure 5 Generic Twin Phantom

3.4. Scanning Procedure

The DASY4 installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and validation. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.

- The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max. ± 5 %.
- The "surface check" measurement tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY4 system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above ± 0.1mm). To prevent wrong results tests are only executed when the liquid is free of air bubbles. The difference between the optical surface detection and the actual surface depends on the probe and is specified with each probe. (It does not depend on the surface reflectivity or the probe angle to the surface within ± 30°.)

Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values before running a detailed measurement around the hot spot. Before starting the area scan a grid

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spacing of 15 mm x 15 mm is set. During the scan the distance of the probe to the phantom remains unchanged.

After finishing area scan, the field maxima within a range of 2 dB will be ascertained.

Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to estimate the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default Zoom Scan is done by 7x7x7 points within a cube whose base is centered around the maxima found in the preceding area scan.

Spatial Peak Detection

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented and can determine values of masses of 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY4 system allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as:

- maximum search
- extrapolation
- boundary correction
- peak search for averaged SAR

During a maximum search, global and local maxima searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each Area Scan measurement with at least 6 measurement points. It is based on the evaluation of the local SAR gradient calculated by the Quadratic Shepard's method. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within -2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation. Extrapolation routines require at least 10 measurement points in 3-D space. They are used in the Zoom Scan to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The routine uses the modified Quadratic Shepard's method for extrapolation. For a grid using 7x7x7 measurement points with 5mm resolution amounting to 343 measurement points, the uncertainty of the extrapolation routines is less than 1% for 1g and 10g cubes.

 A Z-axis scan measures the total SAR value at the x-and y-position of the maximum SAR value found during the cube 7x7x7 scan. The probe is moved away in z-direction from the bottom of the SAM phantom in 5mm steps.

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3.5. Data Storage and Evaluation

3.5.1. Data Storage

The DASY4 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension ".DA4". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

3.5.2. Data Evaluation by SEMCAD

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: - Sensitivity Normi, a_{i0} , a_{i1} , a_{i2}

Conversion factor ConvF_i
 Diode compression point Dcp_i

Device parameters: - Frequency f

- Crest factor cf

Media parameters: - Conductivity

- Density

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY4 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics.

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If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot c f / d c p_i$$

With V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

 U_i = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

dcp_i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes: $E_i = (V_i / Norm_i \cdot ConvF)^{1/2}$

H-field probes: $H_i = (V_i)^{1/2} \cdot (a_{i0} + a_{i1} f + a_{i2} f^2) / f$

With V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

Norm_i = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)

[mV/(V/m)²] for E-field Probes

ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution

a_{ii} = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

 \mathbf{E}_{i} = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

 H_i = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = (E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2)^{1/2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = (E_{tot}^2 \cdot .) / (\cdot 1000)$$

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with **SAR** = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m

- = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]
- = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid. The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = E_{tot}^2 / 3770$$
 or $P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$

with P_{pwe} = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm²

 E_{tot} = total electric field strength in V/m

 H_{tot} = total magnetic field strength in A/m

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3.6. System Check

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the tissue simulates were measured every day using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyzer. A system check measurement was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the simulates, using the dipole validation kit. A power level of 250 mW was supplied to the dipole antenna, which was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom. The system check results (dielectric parameters and SAR values) are given in the table 13 and table 14.

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration with the relevant liquids and test system (±10 %).

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the DASY4 system.

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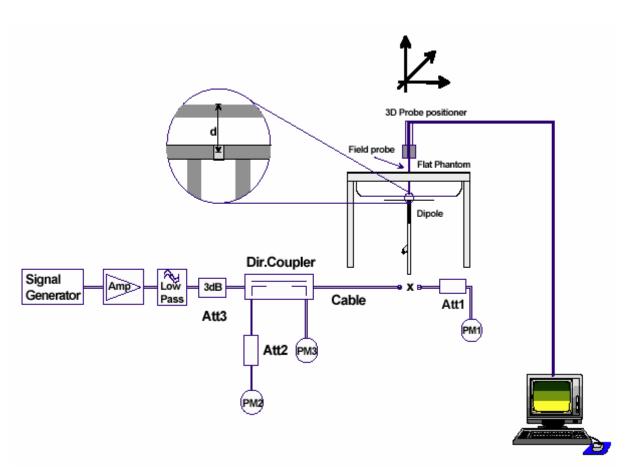


Figure 6 System Check Set-up

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3.7. Equivalent Tissues

The liquid is consisted of water, salt, Glycol, Sugar, Preventol and Cellulose. The liquid has previously been proven to be suited for worst-case. The table 7 and table 8 show the detail solution. It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the OET 65.

Table 7: Composition of the Head Tissue Equivalent Matter

MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(Brain) 835MHz				
Water	41.45				
Sugar	56				
Salt	1.45				
Preventol	0.1				
Cellulose	1.0				
Dielectric Parameters Target Value	f=835MHz ε=41.5 σ=0.9				

MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(Brain) 1900MHz		
Water	55.242		
Glycol monobutyl	44.452		
Salt	0.306		
Dielectric Parameters	f=1900MHz ε=40.0 σ=1.40		
Target Value	1-1900WITZ E=40.0 0=1.40		

Table 8: Composition of the Body Tissue Equivalent Matter

MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(Body) 835MHz
Water	52.5
Sugar	45
Salt	1.4
Preventol	0.1
Cellulose	1.0
Dielectric Parameters Target Value	f=835MHz ε=55.2 σ=0.97

MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY (Body) 1900MHz		
Water	69.91		
Glycol monobutyl	29.96		
Salt	0.13		
Dielectric Parameters Target Value	f=1900MHz ε=53.3 σ=1.52		

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4. Laboratory Environment

Table 9: The Ambient Conditions during Test

Temperature	Min. = 20°C, Max. = 25 °C			
Relative humidity	Min. = 30%, Max. = 70%			
Ground system resistance	< 0.5 Ω			
Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards.				
Reflection of surrounding objects is minimize	ed and in compliance with requirement of standards.			

5. Characteristics of the Test

5.1. Applicable Limit Regulations

IEEE Std C95.1, 1999: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.

5.2. Applicable Measurement Standards

IEEE Std 1528™-2003: IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.

SUPPLEMENT C Edition 01-01 to OET BULLETIN 65 Edition 97-01 June 2001 including DA 02-1438, published June 2002: Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields Additional Information for Evaluation Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions.

KDB941225 D01 SAR test for 3G devices v02: SAR Measurement Procedures CDMA 20001x RTT, 1x Ev-Do, WCDMA, HSDPA/HSPA

KDB648474 D01 SAR Handsets Multi Xmiter and Ant, v01r05: SAR Evaluation Considerations for Handsets with Multiple Transmitters and Antennas.

RSS-102 Issue 4 March 2010: Radio Frequency (RF) Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands)

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6. Conducted Output Power Measurement

6.1. Summary

The DUT is tested using an E5515C communications tester as controller unit to set test channels and maximum output power to the DUT, as well as for measuring the conducted power.

Conducted output power was measured using an integrated RF connector and attached RF cable. This result contains conducted output power for the EUT.

6.2. Conducted Power Results

Table 10: Conducted Power Measurement Results

GSM 850		Burst Cond	lucted Pow	er(dBm)		Aver	Average power(dBm)			
		Channel	Channel	Channel		Channel	Channel	Channel		
		128	190	251		128	190	251		
GSM	Results	33.10	33.06	33.03	-9.03dB	24.07	24.03	24.00		
	1Txslot	33.04	32.96	32.95	-9.03dB	24.01	23.93	23.92		
GPRS	2Txslots	32.86	32.65	32.77	-6.02dB	26.84	26.63	26.75		
(GMSK)	3Txslots	30.90	30.62	30.73	-4.26dB	26.64	26.36	26.47		
	4Txslots	29.57	29.32	29.41	-3.01dB	26.56	26.31	26.40		
	1Txslot	33.01	32.92	32.91	-9.03dB	23.98	23.89	23.88		
EGPRS	2Txslots	32.84	32.61	32.74	-6.02dB	26.82	26.59	26.72		
(GMSK)	3Txslots	30.91	30.61	30.72	-4.26dB	26.65	26.35	26.46		
	4Txslots	29.56	29.34	29.43	-3.01dB	26.55	26.33	26.42		
		Burst Cond	lucted Pow	er(dBm)		Average power(dBm)				
GSM	1900	Channel	Channel	Channel		Channel	Channel	Channel		
		512	661	810		512	661	810		
GSM	Results	26.76	26.95	27.24	-9.03dB	17.73	17.92	18.21		
	1Txslot	26.75	26.95	27.22	-9.03dB	17.72	17.92	18.19		
GPRS	2Txslots	25.93	26.14	26.43	-6.02dB	19.91	20.12	20.41		
(GMSK)	3Txslots	25.33	25.57	25.85	-4.26dB	21.07	21.31	21.59		
	4Txslots	25.68	25.92	26.22	-3.01dB	22.67	22.91	23.21		
	1Txslot	26.71	26.94	27.20	-9.03dB	17.68	17.91	18.17		
EGPRS	2Txslots	25.90	26.12	26.41	-6.02dB	19.88	20.10	20.39		
(GMSK)	3Txslots	25.32	25.54	25.81	-4.26dB	21.06	21.28	21.55		
	4Txslots	25.64	25.90	26.20	-3.01dB	22.63	22.89	23.19		

Note:

To average the power, the division factor is as follows:

1Txslot = 1 transmit time slot out of 8 time slots

¹⁾ Division Factors

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=> conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.03 dB

2Txslots = 2 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots

=> conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.02 dB

3Txslots = 3 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots

=> conducted power divided by (8/3) => -4.26 dB

4Txslots = 4 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots

=> conducted power divided by (8/4) => -3.01 dB

2) Average power numbers

The maximum power numbers are marks in bold.

WCDA	//A Band II	C	conducted Power (dBr	n)			
WCDI	IIA Dallu II	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538			
	12.2kbps RMC	21.98	23.46	23.60			
DMC	64kbps RMC	21.91	23.35	23.49			
RMC	144kbps RMC	21.88	23.28	23.51			
	384kbps RMC	21.79	23.34	23.47			
	Sub - Test 1	21.98	23.46	23.60			
HSDPA	Sub - Test 2	21.94	23.42	23.57			
	Sub - Test 3	21.54	22.91	23.07			
	Sub - Test 4	21.50	22.87	23.01			
	Sub Test - 1	21.11	21.39	21.46			
	Sub Test - 2	19.19	19.35	19.58			
HSUPA	Sub Test - 3	20.18	20.35	20.49			
	Sub Test - 4	19.61	19.62	19.78			
	Sub Test - 5	21.14	21.33	21.49			
WCDN	IA Band V	Conducted Power (dBm)					
WODI	IA Dalla V	Channel 4132	Channel 4183	Channel 4233			
	12.2kbps RMC	22.54	22.50	22.42			
RMC	64kbps RMC	22.51	22.35	22.40			
KIVIC	144kbps RMC	22.45	22.41	22.32			
	384kbps RMC	22.44	22.15	22.34			
	Sub - Test 1	22.54	22.50	22.42			
HSDPA	Sub - Test 2	22.51	22.48	22.40			
ПЭПГА	Sub - Test 3	22.01	21.98	21.91			
	Sub - Test 4	21.99	21.95	21.87			
	Sub Test - 1	20.86	20.87	20.80			
	Sub Test - 2	19.72	19.75	19.67			
HSUPA	Sub Test - 3	20.21	20.25	20.15			
	Sub Test - 4	19.75	19.78	19.69			
	Sub Test - 5	20.89	20.91	20.85			

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7. Test Results

7.1. Dielectric Performance

Table 11: Dielectric Performance of Head Tissue Simulating Liquid

	Decembris	Dielectric Pa	rameters	Temp	
Frequency	Description	ε _r	σ(s/m)	°C	
	Target value	41.50	0.92	,	
849MHz	± 5% window	39.43 — 43.58	0.874— 0.966	1	
(High)	Measurement value 2011-11-9	41.10	0.92	21.8	
	Target value	41.50	0.90	,	
837MHz	± 5% window	39.43 — 43.58	0.86 — 0.95	/	
(Middle)	Measurement value 2011-11-9	41.20	0.908	21.8	
	Target value	41.56	0.90		
824MHz	± 5% window	39.48 — 43.64		/	
(Low)	Measurement value 2011-11-9	41.40	0.895	21.8	
	Target value	40.00	1.40		
1910MHz	±5% window	38.00 — 42.00	1.33 — 1.47	/	
(High)	Measurement value 2011-11-8	39.90	1.44	21.9	
	Target value	40.00	1.40	,	
1880MHz	±5% window	38.00 — 42.00	1.33 — 1.47	/	
(Middle)	Measurement value 2011-11-8	40.00	1.41	21.9	
	Target value	40.00	1.40	,	
1850MHz	±5% window	38.00 — 42.00	1.33 — 1.47	1	
(Low)	Measurement value 2011-11-8	40.00	1.39	21.9	

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Table 12: Dielectric Performance of Body Tissue Simulating Liquid

Frequency	Description	Dielectric Par	rameters	Temp
Frequency	Description	ε _r	σ(s/m)	င
849MHz	Target value ±5% window	55.16 52.40 — 57.92	0.99 0.94 — 1.04	1
(High)	Measurement value 2011-11-9	55.30	1.01	21.9
837MHz	Target value ±5% window	55.19 52.43 — 57.95	0.97 0.92 — 1.02	1
(Middle)	Measurement value 2011-11-9	55.40 1.00		21.9
824MHz	Target value ±5% window	55.24 52.48— 58.00	0.97 0.92 — 1.02	1
(Low)	Measurement value 2011-11-9	55.50	0.99	21.9
1910MHz	Target value ±5% window	53.30 50.64 — 55.97	1.52 1.44 — 1.60	1
(High)	Measurement value 2011-11-8	52.00	1.57	21.7
1880MHz	Target value ±5% window	53.30 50.64 — 55.97	1.52 1.44 — 1.60	1
(Middle)	Measurement value 2011-11-8	52.00	1.54	21.7
1850MHz	Target value ±5% window	53.30 50.64 — 55.97	1.52 1.44 — 1.60	1
(Low)	Measurement value 2011-11-8	52.10	1.51	21.7

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7.2. System Check Results

Table 13: System Check for Head Tissue Simulating Liquid

Frequency	Description	SAR	Dielectric Parameters		Temp	
		10g	1g	ε _r	σ(s/m)	$^{\circ}$
	Recommended result	1.52	2.32	41.1	0.89	,
835MHz	±10% window	1.37 — 1.67	2.09 — 2.55	41.1	0.69	1
OSSIVITIZ	Measurement value	1.6	2.42	42.30	0.87	21.8
	2011-11-9	1.0	2.42	42.30		21.0
	Recommended result	5.3	10.2	39.5	1.42	1
1900MHz	±10% window	4.77 — 5.83	9.18 — 11.22	39.5		/
I SOUWINZ	Measurement value	5.34	10.3	39.92	1.43	21.9
	2011-11-8	5.54	10.5	39.92		

Note: 1. The graph results see ANNEX B.

2. Recommended Values used derive from the calibration certificate and 250 mW is used as feeding power to the calibrated dipole.

Table 14: System Check for Body Tissue Simulating Liquid

Frequency	Description	SAR	Dielectric Parameters		Temp	
		10g	1g	٤r	σ(s/m)	$^{\circ}$
835MHz	Recommended result ±10% window	1.59 1.43 — 1.75	2.42 2.18 — 2.66	53.4	0.99	1
OSSIVITZ	Measurement value 2011-11-9 1.65 2.52	2.52	55.39	1.00	21.9	
4000 MH-	Recommended result ±10% window	5.55 5.00 — 6.11	10.6 9.54 — 11.66	53.9	1.57	1
1900 MHz	Measurement value 5.34 10.18	51.98	1.56	21.7		

Note: 1. The graph results see ANNEX B.

2. Target Values used derive from the calibration certificate and 250 mW is used as feeding power to the Calibrated dipole.

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7.3. Summary of Measurement Results

7.3.1. GSM 850 (GPRS/EGPRS)

Table 15: SAR Values [GSM 850 (GPRS/EGPRS)]

Limit of SAR		10 g Average	1 g Average	Power				
		2.0 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	\pm 0.21 dB	Graph			
Different Test Besition	Observati	Measurement Result(W/kg)		Power	Results			
Different Test Position	Channel	10 g Average	1 g Average	Drift (dB)				
	Test Position of Head							
Left hand, Touch cheek	Middle/190	0.445	0.623	-0.029	Figure 11			
Left hand, Tilt 15 Degree	Middle/190	0.284	0.382	0.068	Figure 12			
	High/251	0.555	0.766	-0.085	Figure 13			
Right hand, Touch cheek	Middle/190	0.546	0.755	-0.096	Figure 14			
	Low/128	0.398	0.549	-0.133	Figure 15			
Right hand, Tilt 15 Degree	Middle/190	0.308	0.412	-0.029	Figure 16			
Test position of Bo	ody (0mm dis	tance between the	belt-clips and the	phantom)				
Towards Ground (GSM/1Txslot)	Middle/190	0.459	0.627	-0.106	Figure 17			
	High/251	0.785	1.070	-0.118	Figure 18			
Towards Ground (2Txslots)	Middle/190	0.857	1.170	-0.053	Figure 19			
	Low/128	0.811	1.100	-0.088	Figure 20			
	High/251	0.915	1.250	0.110	Figure 21			
Towards Ground (3Txslots)	Middle/190	0.904	1.230	-0.059	Figure 22			
	Low/128	0.934	1.270	-0.074	Figure 23			
	High/251	0.905	1.230	0.060	Figure 24			
Towards Ground (4Txslots)	Middle/190	0.912	1.240	-0.016	Figure 25			
	Low/128	0.941	1.280	-0.089	Figure 26			
	High/251	0.835	1.140	-0.065	Figure 27			
Towards Phantom (4Txslots)	Middle/190	0.823	1.120	0.074	Figure 28			
	Low/128	0.820	1.110	0.006	Figure 29			
Worst Case Position of Body with Earphone (0mm distance between the belt-clips and the phantom)								
Towards Ground (GSM)	Low/128	0.195	0.266	0.017	Figure 30			
Worst case position of Body with EGPRS (GMSK, 0mm distance between the belt-clips and the phantom)								
Towards Ground (4Txslots)	Low/128	0.874	1.180	0.168	Figure 31			

- 2. Upper and lower frequencies were measured at the worst position.
- 3. The SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the SAR measured at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit (< 0.8W/kg), testing at the high and low channels is optional.
- 4. When SAR tests for EGPRS mode is necessary, GMSK modulation should be used to minimize SAR measurement error due to higher peak-to-average power (PAR) ratios inherent in 8-PSK.

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7.3.2. GSM 1900 (GPRS/EGPRS)

Table 16: SAR Values [GSM 1900(GPRS/EGPRS)]

Limit of SAR		10 g Average	1 g Average	Power Drift		
		2.0 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	± 0.21 dB	Graph Results	
Different Test Desition	Ob and all	Measurement Result(W/kg)		Power		
Different Test Position	Channel	10 g Average	1 g Average	Drift (dB)		
	Tes	t Position of Head				
	High/810	0.245	0.388	-0.089	Figure 32	
Left hand, Touch cheek	Middle/661	0.236	0.371	0.079	Figure 33	
	Low/512	0.237	0.375	0.039	Figure 34	
Left hand, Tilt 15 Degree	Middle/661	0.108	0.180	0.169	Figure 35	
Right hand, Touch cheek	Middle/661	0.220	0.348	-0.017	Figure 36	
Right hand, Tilt 15 Degree	Middle/661	0.088	0.144	0.030	Figure 37	
Test position of B	ody (0mm dis	tance between the	belt-clips and the p	hantom)	-	
Towards Ground (GSM/1Txslot)	Middle/661	0.078	0.131	0.022	Figure 38	
Towards Ground (2Txslots)	Middle/661	0.129	0.214	-0.093	Figure 39	
Towards Ground (3Txslots)	Middle/661	0.166	0.276	-0.041	Figure 40	
Towards Ground (4Txslots)	Middle/661	0.235	0.391	-0.037	Figure 41	
	High/810	0.291	0.481	-0.020	Figure 42	
Towards Phantom (4Txslots)	Middle/661	0.277	0.453	-0.038	Figure 43	
	Low/512	0.299	0.486	-0.043	Figure 44	
Worst Case Position of Body with Earphone (0mm distance between the belt-clips and the phantom)						
Towards Phantom (GSM)	Low/512	0.101	0.165	0.043	Figure 45	
Worst case position of Body with EGPRS(GMSK, 0mm distance between the belt-clips and the phantom)						
Towards Phantom (4Txslots)	Low/512	0.298	0.486	-0.073	Figure 46	
					1	

- 2. Upper and lower frequencies were measured at the worst position.
- 3. The SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the SAR measured at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit (< 0.8W/kg), testing at the high and low channels is optional.
- 4. When SAR tests for EGPRS mode is necessary, GMSK modulation should be used to minimize SAR measurement error due to higher peak-to-average power (PAR) ratios inherent in 8-PSK.

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7.3.3. WCDMA Band II (WCDMA)

Table 17: SAR Values [WCDMA Band II (WCDMA)]

-	WCDIVIA Balla	, ,-	4 . 4	D D.:0			
Limit of SAR		10 g Average	1 g Average	Power Drift	İ		
		2.0 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	\pm 0.21 dB	Graph		
Different Test Position	Channel	Measurement	Result(W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)	Results		
Different lest Position		10 g Average	1 g Average				
Test Position of Head							
	High/9538	0.857	1.350	0.062	Figure 47		
Left Hand, Touch Cheek	Middle/9400	0.778	1.230	-0.033	Figure 48		
	Low/9262	0.700	1.100	-0.045	Figure 49		
Left Hand, Tilt 15 Degree	Middle/9400	0.388	0.653	0.077	Figure 50		
	High/9538	0.841	1.330	0.028	Figure 51		
Right Hand, Touch Cheek	Middle/9400	0.782	1.230	0.017	Figure 52		
	Low/9262	0.667	1.040	-0.014	Figure 53		
Right Hand, Tilt 15 Degree	Middle/9400	0.294	0.481	-0.054	Figure 54		
Test position o	Test position of Body (0mm distance between the belt-clips and the phantom)						
Towards Ground	Middle/9400	0.240	0.339	-0.035	Figure 55		
	High/9538	0.334	0.550	0.019	Figure 56		
Towards Phantom	Middle/9400	0.341	0.561	-0.133	Figure 57		
	Low/9262	0.300	0.488	0.015	Figure 58		
Worst Case Position of Body with Earphone (0mm distance between the belt-clips and the phantom)							
Towards Phantom	Middle/9400	0.345	0.564	-0.050	Figure 59		

- 2. Upper and lower frequencies were measured at the worst position.
- 3. The SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the SAR measured at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit (< 0.8W/kg), testing at the high and low channels is optional.</p>

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7.3.4. WCDMA Band V (WCDMA)

Table 18: SAR Values [WCDMA Band V (WCDMA)]

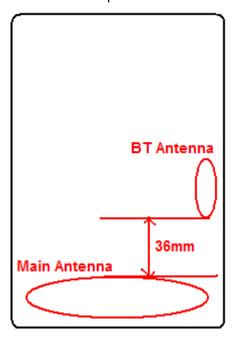
Limit of SAR		10 g Average	1 g Average	Power Drift			
		2.0 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	± 0.21 dB	Graph		
Different Teet Begitien	Channel	Measurement Result(W/kg)		Power Drift	Results		
Different Test Position		10 g Average	1 g Average	(dB)			
Test Position of Head							
Left Hand, Touch Cheek	Middle/4183	0.385	0.537	0.077	Figure 60		
Left Hand, Tilt 15 Degree	Middle/4183	0.249	0.335	-0.107	Figure 61		
	High/4233	0.341	0.472	-0.019	Figure 62		
Right Hand, Touch Cheek	Middle/4183	0.425	0.589	-0.156	Figure 63		
	Low/4132	0.372	0.512	0.066	Figure 64		
Right Hand, Tilt 15 Degree	Middle/4183	0.250	0.334	-0.116	Figure 65		
Test position of Body (0mm distance between the belt-clips and the phantom)							
	High/4233	0.297	0.405	-0.020	Figure 66		
Towards Ground	Middle/4183	0.374	0.509	-0.102	Figure 67		
	Low/4132	0.342	0.464	-0.008	Figure 68		
Towards Phantom	Middle/4183	0.308	0.419	-0.054	Figure 69		
Worst Case Position of Body with Earphone (0mm distance between the belt-clips and the phantom)							
Towards Ground	Middle/4183	0.179	0.244	-0.103	Figure 70		

- 2. Upper and lower frequencies were measured at the worst position.
- 3. The SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the SAR measured at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit (< 0.8W/kg), testing at the high and low channels is optional.</p>

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7.3.5. Bluetooth Function

According to KDB 648474 D01 v01r05, the distance between BT antenna and main antenna is < 5cm. The location of the antennas inside mobile phone is shown below (refer to Annex H):



The output power of BT antenna is as following:

Channel	Ch 0	Ch 39	Ch 78
Channel	2402 MHz	2441 MHz	2480 MHz
GFSK(dBm)	1.88	2.81	3.62
EDR2M-4_DQPSK(dBm)	0.82	1.95	2.77
EDR3M-8DPSK(dBm)	1.06	2.13	3.14

Output Power Thresholds for Unlicensed Transmitters

	2.45	5.15 - 5.35	5.47 - 5.85	GHz
P _{Ref}	12	6	5	mW
Device a start across should be acrossed to the across to Mt. across with values are iffered				

Device output power should be rounded to the nearest mW to compare with values specified in this table.

Stand-alone SAR

According to the output power measurement result and the distance between BT antenna and GSM/WCDMA antenna we can draw the conclusion that:

stand-alone SAR are not required for BT, because the output power of BT transmitter is <P_{Ref} =10.8dBm and its antenna is <5cm and >2.5cm from GSM/WCDMA antenna.

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Simultaneous SAR

About BT and GSM/WCDMA Antenna,

SAR1g(W/kg) Test Position	GSM850	GSM1900	WCDMA Band II	WCDMA Band V	ВТ	MAX. ΣSAR _{1g}
Left hand, Touch cheek	0.623	0.388	1.350	0.537	0	1.350
Left hand, Tilt 15 Degree	0.382	0.180	0.653	0.335	0	0.653
Right hand, Touch cheek	0.766	0.348	1.330	0.589	0	1.330
Right hand, Tilt 15 Degree	0.412	0.144	0.481	0.334	0	0.481
Body, Towards Ground	1.280	0.391	0.339	0.509	0	1.280
Body, Towards Phantom	1.140	0.486	0.564	0.419	0	1.140

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum $\Sigma SAR_{1g}\ Value.$

2. MAX. ΣSAR_{1g} =Unlicensed SAR_{MAX} +Licensed SAR_{MAX}

BT antenna is < 5cm and \ge 2.5cm from GSM/WCDMA Antenna. (GSM/WCDMA Antenna SAR_{MAX})1.350 +(BT Antenna SAR_{MAX})0 =1.350 <1.6, So the Simultaneous SAR are not required for BT and GSM/WCDMA antenna.

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8. Measurement Uncertainty

No.	source	Туре	Uncertainty Value (%)	Probability Distribution	k	Ci	Standard ncertainty $u_i^{'}(\%)$	Degree of freedom V _{eff} or v _i		
1	System repetivity	Α	0.5	N	1	1	0.5	9		
	Measurement system									
2	-probe calibration	В	5.9	N	1	1	5.9	∞		
3	-axial isotropy of the probe	В	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$\sqrt{0.5}$	1.9	8		
4	- Hemispherical isotropy of the probe	В	9.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$\sqrt{0.5}$	3.9	∞		
6	-boundary effect	В	1.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.1	∞		
7	-probe linearity	В	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.7	∞		
8	- System detection limits	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.6	∞		
9	-readout Electronics	В	1.0	N	1	1	1.0	∞		
10	-response time	В	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0	8		
11	-integration time	В	4.32	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.5	8		
12	-noise	В	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0	∞		
13	-RF Ambient Conditions	В	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.73	80		
14	-Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	В	0.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.2	80		
15	-Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	В	2.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.7	80		
16	-Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	В	3.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.3	∞		
Test sample Related										
17	-Test Sample Positioning	Α	2.9	N	1	1	4.92	71		
18	-Device Holder Uncertainty	Α	4.1	N	1	1	4.1	5		
19	-Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.9	80		
Physical parameter										
20	-phantom	В	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.3	∞		

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21	-liquid conductivity (deviation from target)	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	1.8	∞
22	-liquid conductivity (measurement uncertainty)	В	2.5	N	1	0.64	1.6	9
23	-liquid permittivity (deviation from target)	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	1.7	80
24	-liquid permittivity (measurement uncertainty)	В	2.5	N	1	0.6	1.5	9
Combined standard uncertainty		$u_{c}' = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{21} c_{i}^{2} u_{i}^{2}}$				12.12		
Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %)		и	$u_e = 2u_c$	N	k=	=2	24.24	

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9. Main Test Instruments

Table 19: List of Main Instruments

No.	Name	Туре	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Valid Period
01	Network analyzer	Agilent 8753E	US37390326	September 12, 2011	One year
02	Dielectric Probe Kit	Agilent 85070E	US44020115	No Calibration Red	quested
03	Power meter	Agilent E4417A	GB41291714	March 12, 2011	One year
04	Power sensor	Agilent N8481H	MY50350004	September 25, 2011	One year
05	Signal Generator	HP 8341B	2730A00804	September 12, 2011	One year
06	Amplifier	IXA-020	0401	No Calibration Rec	quested
07	BTS	E5515C	MY48360988	December 3, 2010	One year
08	E-field Probe	EX3DV4	3677	November 24, 2010	One year
09	DAE	DAE4	871	November 18, 2010	One year
10	Validation Kit 835MHz	D835V2	4d020	August 26, 2011	One year
11	Validation Kit 1900MHz	D1900V2	5d060	August 31, 2011	One year

*****END OF REPORT BODY*****

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ANNEX A: Test Layout

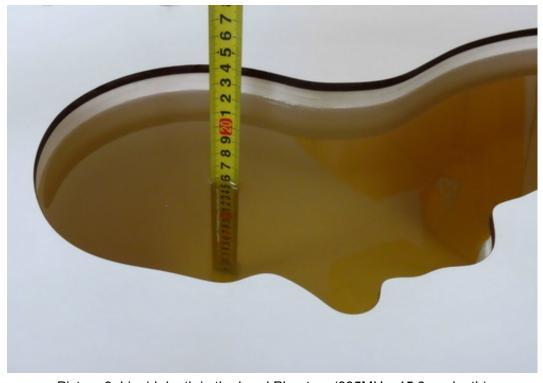


Picture 1: Specific Absorption Rate Test Layout

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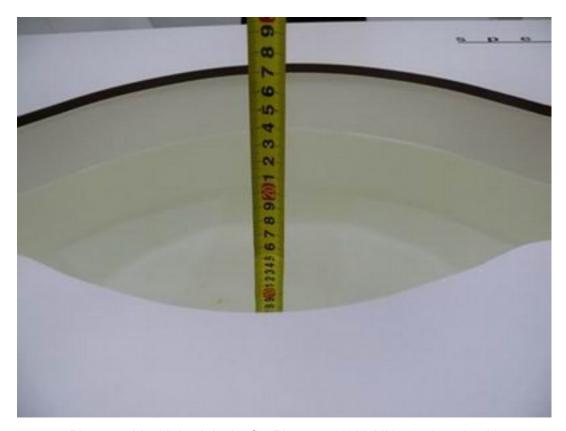


Picture 2: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (835MHz, 15.4cm depth)



Picture 3: Liquid depth in the head Phantom (835MHz, 15.3cm depth)

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Picture 4: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (1900 MHz, 15.2cm depth)



Picture 5: liquid depth in the head Phantom (1900 MHz, 15.3cm depth)

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ANNEX B: System Check Results

System Performance Check at 835 MHz Head TSL

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d020

Date/Time: 11/9/2011 6:55:13 AM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.87 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.30$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.8 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.5, 9.5, 9.5); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (101x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.56 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 51.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.037 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.54 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.42 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.6 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.61 mW/g

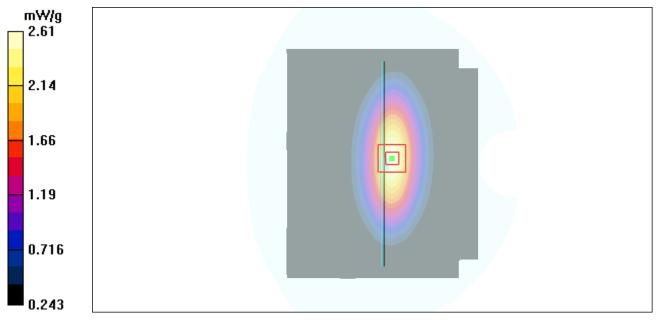


Figure 7 System Performance Check 835MHz 250mW

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System Performance Check at 835 MHz Body TSL

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d020

Date/Time: 11/9/2011 8:18:20 AM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 1.00 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.39$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.9 ℃

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(10.33, 10.33, 10.33); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.72 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 50.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.023 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.63 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.52 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.65 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.73 mW/g

2.23
1.74
1.24
0.744

Figure 8 System Performance Check 835MHz 250mW

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System Performance Check at 1900 MHz Head TSL

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d060

Date/Time: 11/8/2011 10:45:34 AM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.43 mho/m; ε_r = 39.92; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.9 ℃

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.94, 7.94, 7.94); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.7 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 81.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.068 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.34 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.5 mW/g

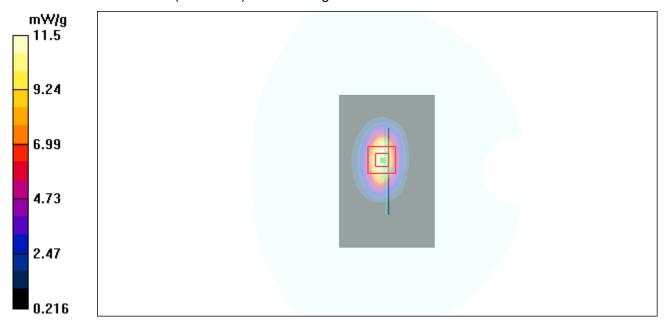


Figure 9 System Performance Check 1900MHz 250mW

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System Performance Check at 1900 MHz Body TSL

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d060

Date/Time: 11/8/2011 12:05:19 PM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.56 mho/m; ε_r = 51.98; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.7°C

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.77, 7.77, 7.77); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.9 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 80.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.063 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.18 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.34 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11 mW/g

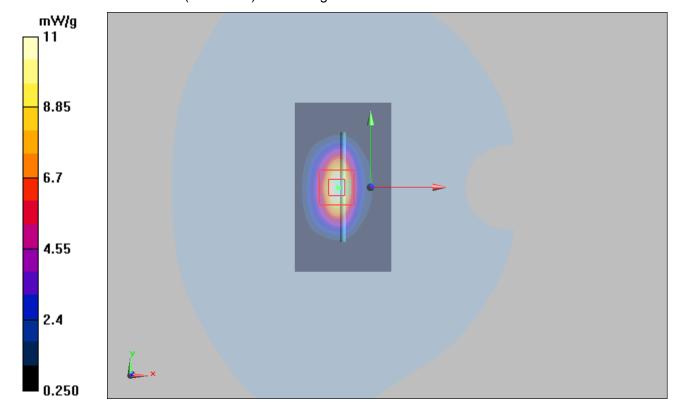


Figure 10 System Performance Check 1900MHz 250mW

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ANNEX C: Graph Results

GSM 850 Left Cheek Middle

Date/Time: 11/9/2011 6:59:13 PM

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; $\sigma = 0.908$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 41.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5 ℃

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.5, 9.5, 9.5); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Cheek Middle/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.676 mW/g

Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.029 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.804 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.623 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.445 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.668 mW/g

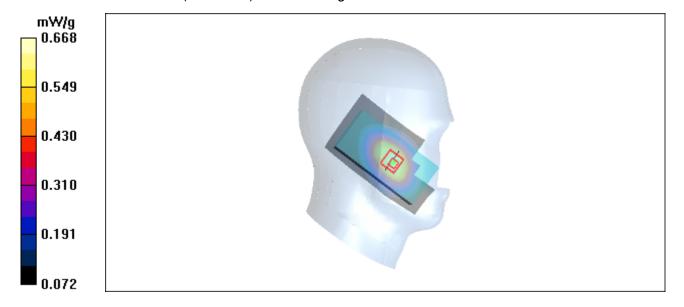


Figure 11 Left Hand Touch Cheek GSM 850 Channel 190

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GSM 850 Left Tilt Middle

Date/Time: 11/9/2011 7:14:58 PM

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; σ = 0.908 mho/m; ε_r = 41.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5 ℃

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.5, 9.5, 9.5); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Tilt Middle/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.405 mW/g

Tilt Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.068 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.466 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.382 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.284 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.405 mW/g

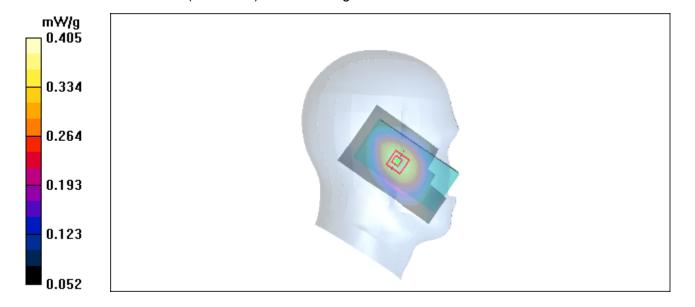


Figure 12 Left Hand Tilt 15° GSM 850 Channel 190

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GSM 850 Right Cheek High

Date/Time: 11/9/2011 8:09:48 PM

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz; $\sigma = 0.92$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5 ℃

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.5, 9.5, 9.5); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Cheek High/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.832 mW/g

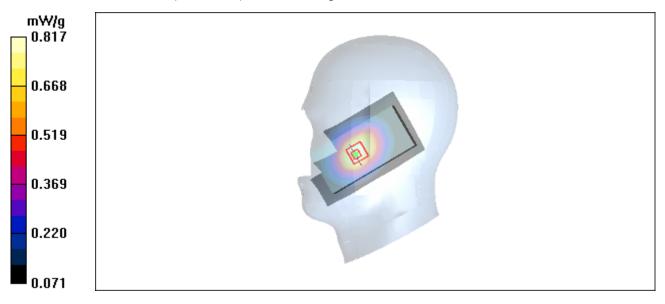
Cheek High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.085 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.973 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.766 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.555 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.817 mW/g



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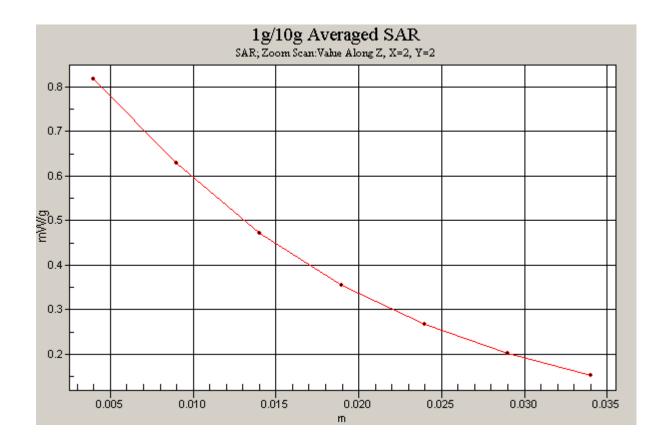


Figure 13 Right Hand Touch Cheek GSM 850 Channel 251

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GSM 850 Right Cheek Middle

Date/Time: 11/9/2011 3:15:12 PM

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; σ = 0.908 mho/m; ε_r = 41.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5 ℃

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.5, 9.5, 9.5); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Cheek Middle/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.820 mW/g

Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.096 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.955 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.755 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.546 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.812 mW/g

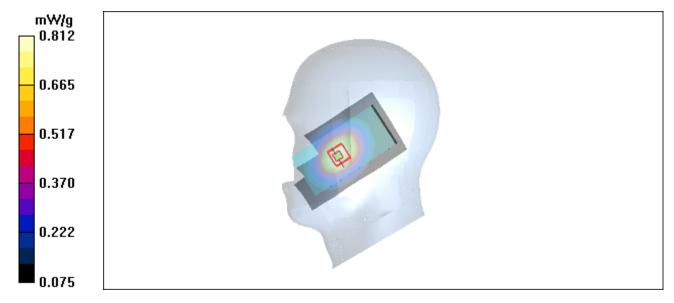


Figure 14 Right Hand Touch Cheek GSM 850 Channel 190

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GSM 850 Right Cheek Low

Date/Time: 11/9/2011 8:24:40 PM

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 824.2 MHz; $\sigma = 0.895 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5 ℃

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.5, 9.5, 9.5); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Cheek Low/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.592 mW/g

Cheek Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.39 V/m; Power Drift = -0.133 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.690 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.549 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.398 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.587 mW/g

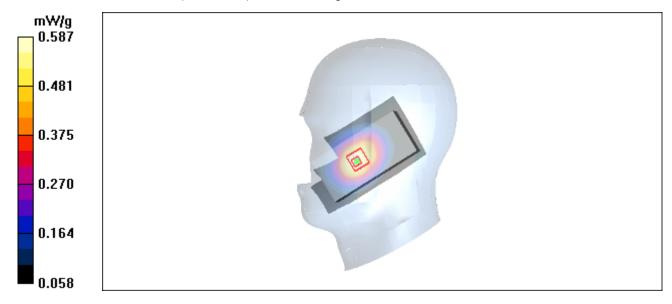


Figure 15 Right Hand Touch Cheek GSM 850 Channel 128

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GSM 850 Right Tilt Middle

Date/Time: 11/9/2011 6:07:59 PM

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; σ = 0.908 mho/m; ε_r = 41.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5 ℃

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.5, 9.5, 9.5); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Tilt Middle/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.446 mW/g

Tilt Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.029 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.503 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.412 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.308 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.430 mW/g

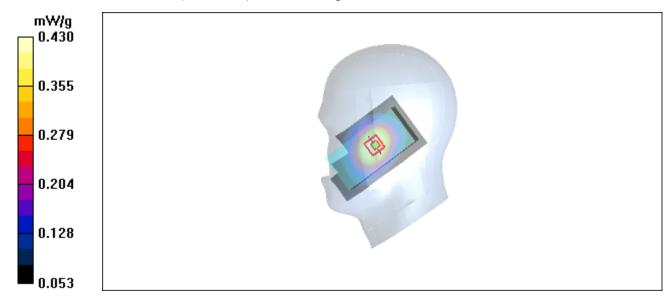


Figure 16 Right Hand Tilt 15° GSM 850 Channel 190

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GSM 850 Towards Ground Middle

Date/Time: 11/9/2011 5:25:57 PM

Communication System: GSM850 + GPRS(1Up); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; $\sigma = 1$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(10.33, 10.33, 10.33); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Ground Middle/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.671 mW/g

Towards Ground Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.106 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.772 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.627 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.459 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.664 mW/g

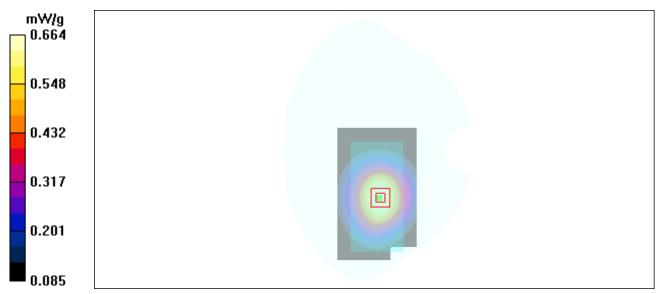


Figure 17 Body, Towards Ground, GSM 850 Channel 190

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GSM 850 GPRS (2Txslots) Towards Ground High

Date/Time: 11/9/2011 2:52:11 PM

Communication System: GSM850 + GPRS(2Up); Frequency: 848.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz; σ = 1.01 mho/m; ε_r = 55.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5 ℃

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(10.33, 10.33, 10.33); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Ground High/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.17 mW/g

Towards Ground High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.118 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.32 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.07 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.785 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.14 mW/g

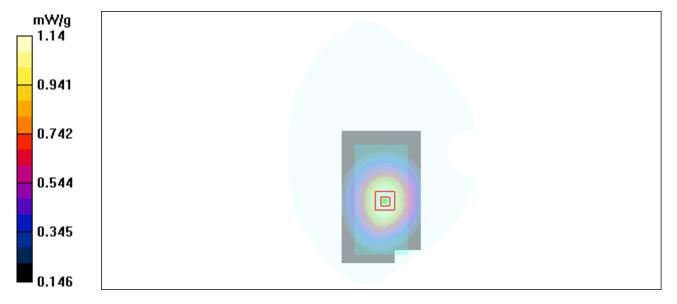


Figure 18 Body, Towards Ground, GSM 850 GPRS (2Txslots) Channel 251

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GSM 850 GPRS (2Txslots) Towards Ground Middle

Date/Time: 11/9/2011 5:40:47 PM

Communication System: GSM850 + GPRS(2Up); Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; $\sigma = 1$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5 ℃

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(10.33, 10.33, 10.33); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Ground Middle/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.25 mW/g

Towards Ground Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.053 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.45 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.17 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.857 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.24 mW/g

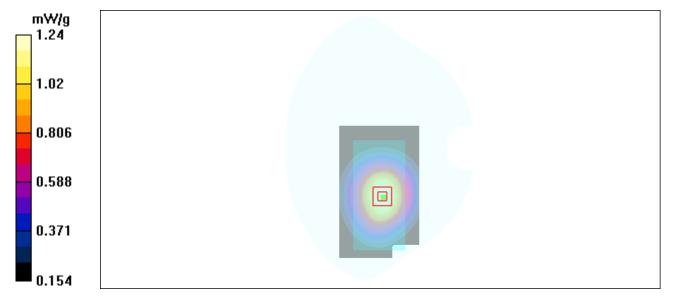


Figure 19 Body, Towards Ground, GSM 850 GPRS (2Txslots) Channel 190

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GSM 850 GPRS (2Txslots) Towards Ground Low

Date/Time: 11/9/2011 5:54:40 PM

Communication System: GSM850 + GPRS(2Up); Frequency: 824.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 824.2 MHz; $\sigma = 0.99 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(10.33, 10.33, 10.33); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Ground Low/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.18 mW/g

Towards Ground Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.088 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.35 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.811 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.17 mW/g

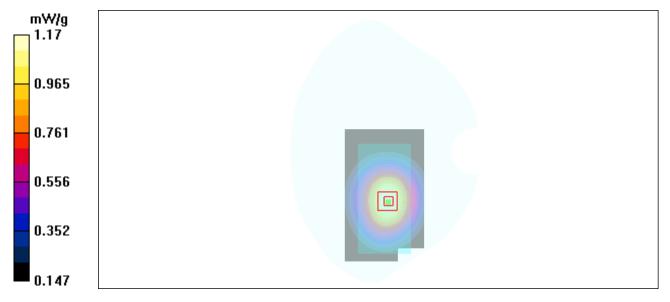


Figure 20 Body, Towards Ground, GSM 850 GPRS (2Txslots) Channel 128

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GSM 850 GPRS (3Txslots) Towards Ground High

Date/Time: 11/9/2011 4:04:10 PM

Communication System: GSM850 + GPRS(3Up); Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.767

Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz; σ = 1.01 mho/m; ε_r = 55.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5 ℃

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(10.33, 10.33, 10.33); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Ground High/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.33 mW/g

Towards Ground High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.110 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.56 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.25 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.915 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.33 mW/g

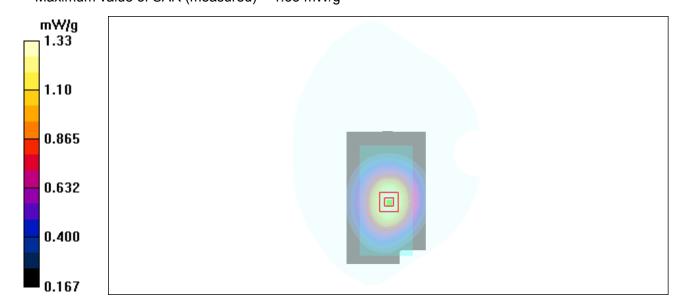


Figure 21 Body, Towards Ground, GSM 850 GPRS (3Txslots) Channel 251

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GSM 850 GPRS (3Txslots) Towards Ground Middle

Date/Time: 11/9/2011 11:57:52 AM

Communication System: GSM850 + GPRS(3Up); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.767

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; $\sigma = 1$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(10.33, 10.33, 10.33); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Ground Middle/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.32 mW/g

Towards Ground Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.059 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.51 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.23 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.904 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.29 mW/g

mW/g
1.29

1.07

0.841

0.617

0.392

0.168

Figure 22 Body, Towards Ground, GSM 850 GPRS (3Txslots) Channel 190

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GSM 850 GPRS (3Txslots) Towards Ground Low

Date/Time: 11/9/2011 11:38:17 AM

Communication System: GSM850 + GPRS(3Up); Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.767 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 824.2 MHz; $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(10.33, 10.33, 10.33); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Ground Low/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.36 mW/g

Towards Ground Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.074 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.57 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.27 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.934 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.34 mW/g

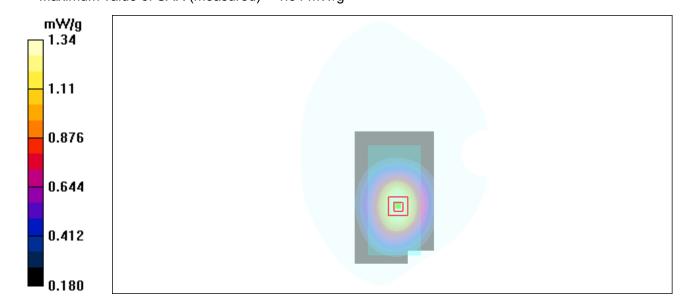


Figure 23 Body, Towards Ground, GSM 850 GPRS (3Txslots) Channel 128

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GSM 850 GPRS (4Txslots) Towards Ground High

Date/Time: 119/2011 4:40:56 PM

Communication System: GSM850 + GPRS(4Up); Frequency: 848.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.075

Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz; σ = 1.01 mho/m; ε_r = 55.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(10.33, 10.33, 10.33); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Ground High/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.27 mW/g

Towards Ground High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.060 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.51 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.23 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.905 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.30 mW/g

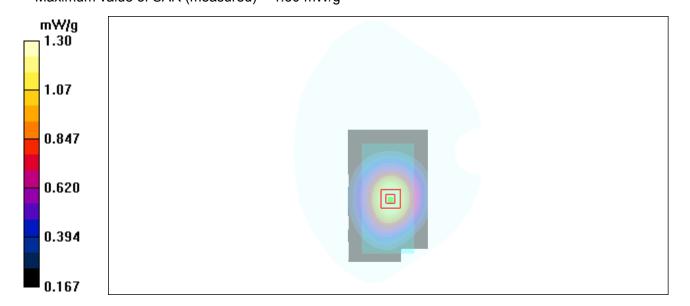


Figure 24 Body, Towards Ground, GSM 850 GPRS (4Txslots) Channel 251

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GSM 850 GPRS (4Txslots) Towards Ground Middle

Date/Time: 11/9/2011 4:54:46 PM

Communication System: GSM850 + GPRS(4Up); Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.075

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; $\sigma = 1$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5 ℃

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(10.33, 10.33, 10.33); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Ground Middle/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.32 mW/g

Towards Ground Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.016 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.51 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.24 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.912 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.31 mW/g

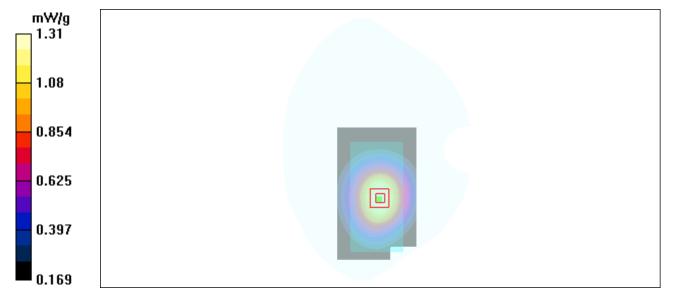


Figure 25 Body, Towards Ground, GSM 850 GPRS (4Txslots) Channel 190

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GSM 850 GPRS (4Txslots) Towards Ground Low

Date/Time: 11/9/2011 11:54:12 PM

Communication System: GSM850 + GPRS(4Up); Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.075 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 824.2 MHz; $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5 ℃

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(10.33, 10.33, 10.33); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Ground Low/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.37 mW/g

Towards Ground Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

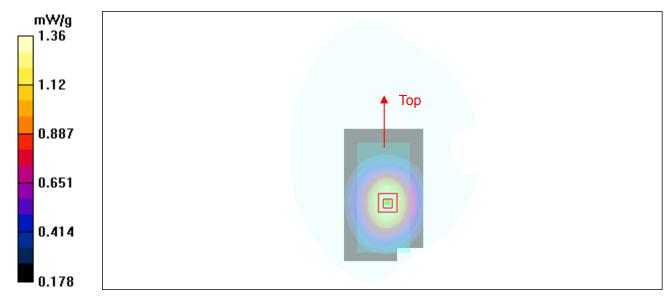
dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.089 dB

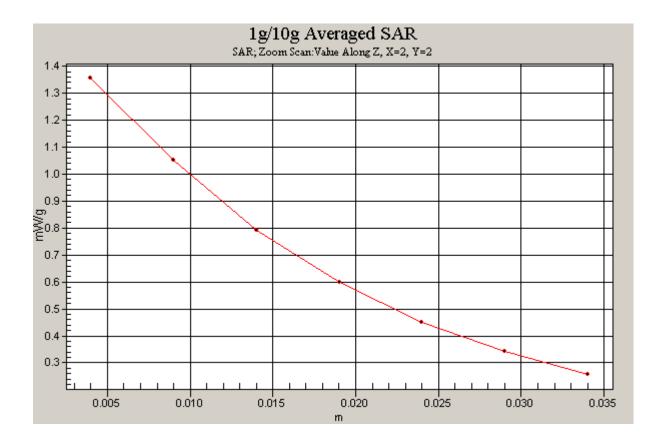
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.57 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.28 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.941 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.36 mW/g



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GSM 850 GPRS (4Txslots) Towards Phantom High

Date/Time: 11/9/2011 9:20:23 PM

Communication System: GSM850 + GPRS(4Up); Frequency: 848.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.075

Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz; σ = 1.01 mho/m; ε_r = 55.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(10.33, 10.33, 10.33); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Phantom High/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.18 mW/g

Towards Phantom High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.065 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.40 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.14 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.835 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.21 mW/g

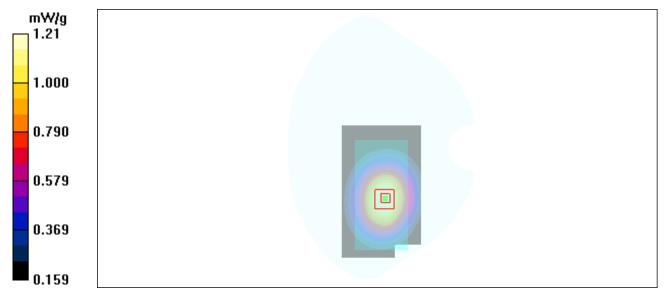


Figure 27 Body, Towards Phantom, GSM 850 GPRS (4Txslots) Channel 251

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GSM 850 GPRS (4Txslots) Towards Phantom Middle

Date/Time: 11/9/2011 9:38:05 AM

Communication System: GSM850 + GPRS(4Up); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.075

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; $\sigma = 1$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5 ℃

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(10.33, 10.33, 10.33); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Phantom Middle/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.15 mW/g

Towards Phantom Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.074 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.37 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.12 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.823 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.19 mW/g

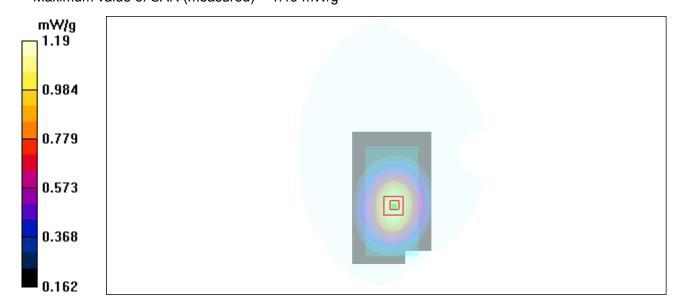


Figure 28 Body, Towards Phantom, GSM 850 GPRS (4Txslots) Channel 190

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GSM 850 GPRS (4Txslots) Towards Phantom Low

Date/Time: 11/9/2011 9:45:53 PM

Communication System: GSM850 + GPRS(4Up); Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.075 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 824.2 MHz; $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(10.33, 10.33, 10.33); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Phantom Low/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.16 mW/g

Towards Phantom Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.006 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.36 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.11 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.820 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.17 mW/g

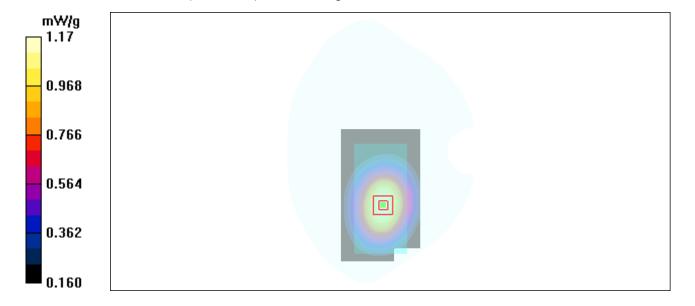


Figure 29 Body, Towards Phantom, GSM 850 GPRS (4Txslots) Channel 128

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GSM 850 with Earphone Towards Ground Low

Date/Time: 11/9/2011 12:41:45 PM

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 824.2 MHz; $\sigma = 0.99 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 55.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(10.33, 10.33, 10.33); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Ground Middle/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.284 mW/g

Towards Ground Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.65 V/m; Power Drift = 0.017 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.329 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.266 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.195 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.281 mW/g

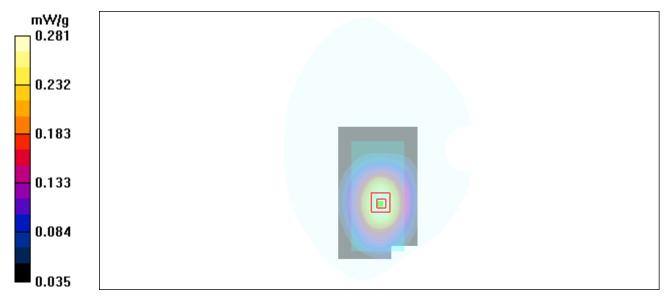


Figure 30 Body with Earphone, Towards Ground, GSM 850 Channel 128

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GSM 850 EGPRS (4Txslots) Towards Ground Low

Date/Time: 11/9/2011 9:57:49 AM

Communication System: GSM850 + EGPRS(4Up); Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.075 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 824.2 MHz; $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(10.33, 10.33, 10.33); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Ground Low/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.27 mW/g

Towards Ground Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.168 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.45 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.18 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.874 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.24 mW/g

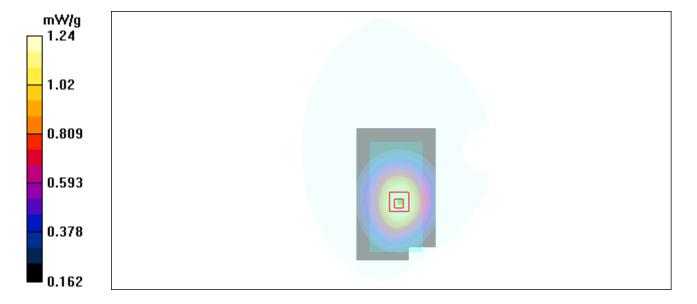


Figure 31 Body, Towards Ground, GSM 850 EGPRS (4Txslots) Channel 128

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GSM 1900 Left Cheek High

Date/Time: 11/8/2011 10:55:47 PM

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; $\sigma = 1.44$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5 ℃

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.94, 7.94, 7.94); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Cheek High/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.432 mW/g

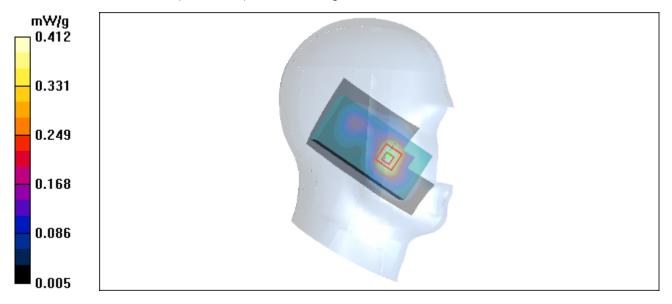
Cheek High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.76 V/m; Power Drift = -0.089 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.510 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.388 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.245 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.412 mW/g



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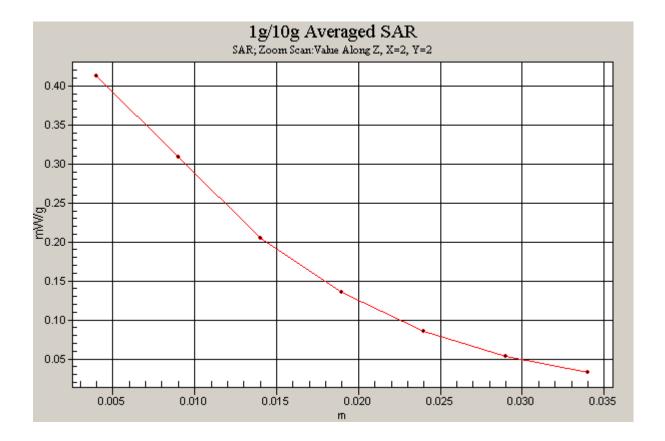


Figure 32 Left Hand Touch Cheek GSM 1900 Channel 810

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GSM 1900 Left Cheek Middle

Date/Time: 11/8/2011 10:40:16 PM

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.41$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5 ℃

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.94, 7.94, 7.94); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Cheek Middle/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.409 mW/g

Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.53 V/m; Power Drift = 0.079 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.487 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.371 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.236 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.399 mW/g

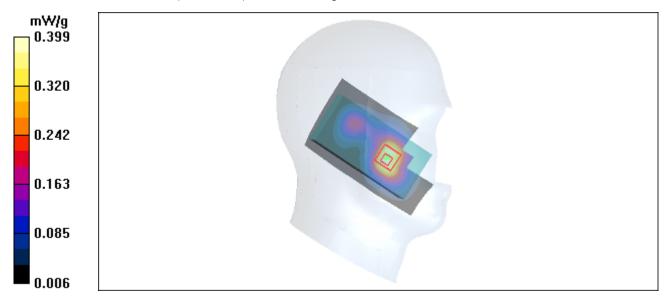


Figure 33 Left Hand Touch Cheek GSM 1900 Channel 661

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GSM 1900 Left Cheek Low

Date/Time: 11/8/2011 11:10:31 PM

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1850.2 MHz; $\sigma = 1.39 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5 ℃

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.94, 7.94, 7.94); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Cheek Low/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.411 mW/g

Cheek Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.73 V/m; Power Drift = 0.039 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.502 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.375 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.237 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.402 mW/g

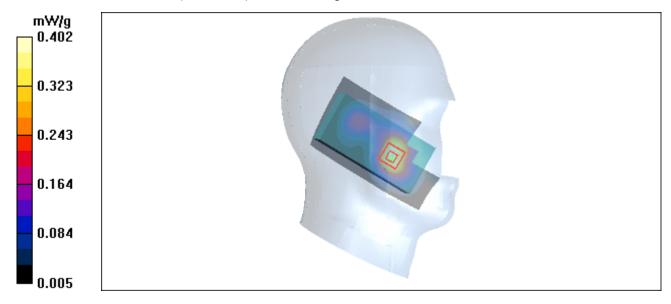


Figure 34 Left Hand Touch Cheek GSM 1900 Channel 512

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GSM 1900 Left Tilt Middle

Date/Time: 11/8/2011 10:25:09 PM

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.41$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5 ℃

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.94, 7.94, 7.94); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Tilt Middle/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.225 mW/g

Tilt Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.99 V/m; Power Drift = 0.169 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.254 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.180 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.108 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.198 mW/g

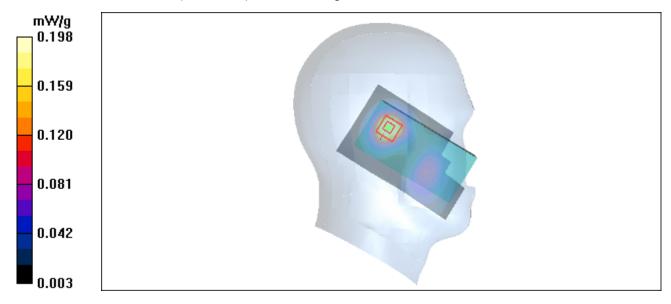


Figure 35 Left Hand Tilt 15° GSM 1900 Channel 661

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GSM 1900 Right Cheek Middle

Date/Time: 11/8/2011 7:32:32 PM

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.41$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5 ℃

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.94, 7.94, 7.94); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Cheek Middle/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.393 mW/g

Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.45 V/m; Power Drift = -0.017 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.454 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.348 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.220 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.380 mW/g

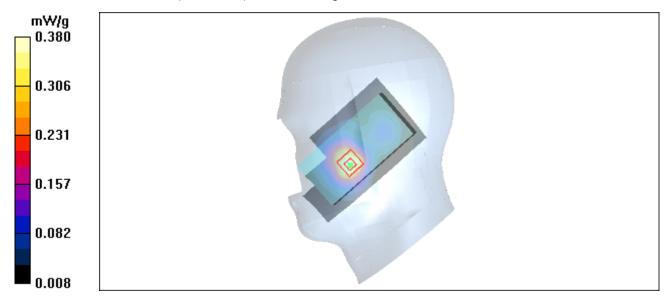


Figure 36 Right Hand Touch Cheek GSM 1900 Channel 661

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GSM 1900 Right Tilt Middle

Date/Time: 11/8/2011 11:28:24 PM

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.41$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5 ℃

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.94, 7.94, 7.94); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Tilt Middle/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.173 mW/g

Tilt Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.030 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.202 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.144 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.088 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.157 mW/g

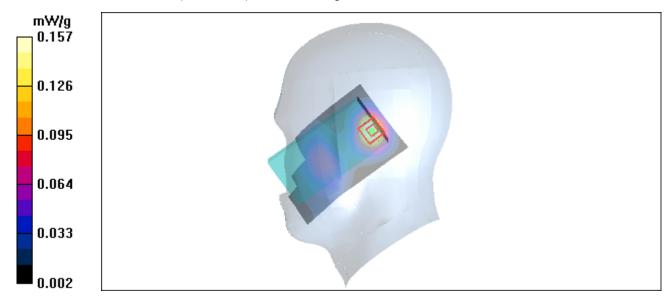


Figure 37 Right Hand Tilt 15° GSM 1900 Channel 661

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GSM 1900 Towards Ground Middle

Date/Time: 11/8/2011 1:30:08 PM

Communication System: PCS 1900+GPRS(1Up); Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.54 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 52$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5 ℃

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.77, 7.77, 7.77); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Ground Middle/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.142 mW/g

Towards Ground Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.28 V/m; Power Drift = 0.022 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.223 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.131 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.078 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.136 mW/g

mW/g
0.136

0.109

0.082

0.056

0.029

0.002

Figure 38 Body, Towards Ground, GSM 1900 Channel 661

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GSM 1900 GPRS (2Txslots) Towards Ground Middle

Date/Time: 11/8/2011 1:46:15 PM

Communication System: PCS 1900+GPRS(2Up); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.54 mho/m; ε_r = 52; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.77, 7.77, 7.77); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Ground Middle/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.230 mW/g

Towards Ground Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.84 V/m; Power Drift = -0.093 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.361 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.214 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.129 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.224 mW/g

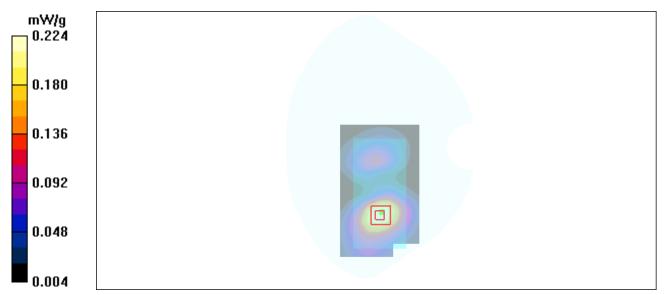


Figure 39 Body, Towards Ground, GSM 1900 GPRS (2Txslots) Channel 661

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GSM 1900 GPRS (3Txslots) Towards Ground Middle

Date/Time: 11/8/2011 2:00:56 PM

Communication System: PCS 1900+GPRS(3Up); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.767

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.54 mho/m; ε_r = 52; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.77, 7.77, 7.77); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Ground Middle/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.301 mW/g

Towards Ground Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.79 V/m; Power Drift = -0.041 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.466 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.276 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.166 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.289 mW/g

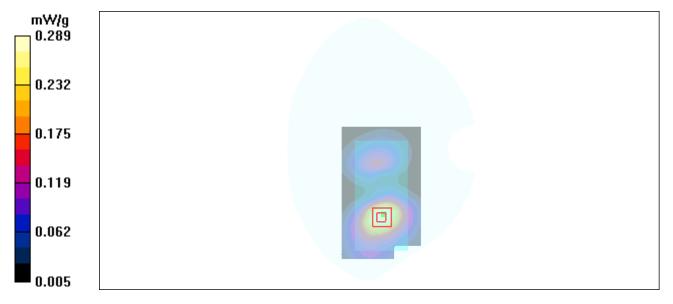


Figure 40 Body, Towards Ground, GSM 1900 GPRS (3Txslots) Channel 661

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GSM 1900 GPRS (4Txslots) Towards Ground Middle

Date/Time: 11/8/2011 2:17:12 PM

Communication System: PCS 1900+GPRS(4Up); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.075

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.54 mho/m; ε_r = 52; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5 ℃

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.77, 7.77, 7.77); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Ground Middle/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.425 mW/g

Towards Ground Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.34 V/m; Power Drift = -0.037 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.664 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.391 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.235 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.411 mW/g

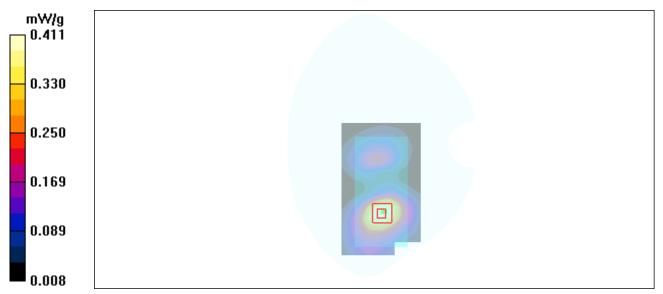


Figure 41 Body, Towards Ground, GSM 1900 GPRS (4Txslots) Channel 661

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GSM 1900 GPRS (4Txslots) Towards Phantom High

Date/Time: 11/8/2011 3:25:35 PM

Communication System: PCS 1900+GPRS(4Up); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.075

Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; σ = 1.57 mho/m; ε_r = 52; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.77, 7.77, 7.77); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Phantom High/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.517 mW/g

Towards Phantom High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.020 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.809 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.481 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.291 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.516 mW/g

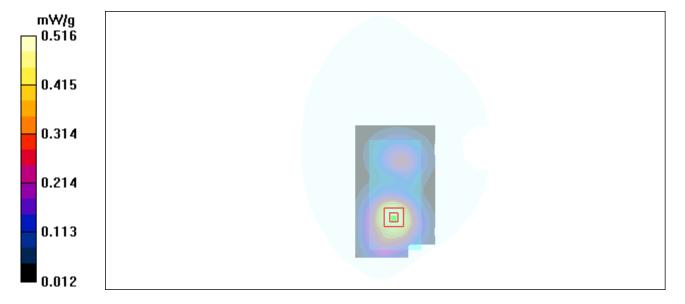


Figure 42 Body, Towards Phantom, GSM 1900 GPRS (4Txslots) Channel 810

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GSM 1900 GPRS (4Txslots) Towards Phantom Middle

Date/Time: 11/8/2011 2:35:35 PM

Communication System: PCS 1900+GPRS(4Up); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.075

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.54 mho/m; ε_r = 52; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5 ℃

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.77, 7.77, 7.77); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Phantom Middle/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.491 mW/g

Towards Phantom Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.038 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.751 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.453 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.277 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.486 mW/g

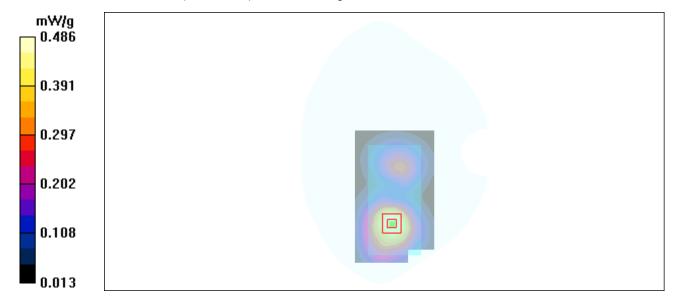


Figure 43 Body, Towards Phantom, GSM 1900 GPRS (4Txslots) Channel 661

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GSM 1900 GPRS (4Txslots) Towards Phantom Low

Date/Time: 11/8/2011 3:11:09 PM

Communication System: PCS 1900+GPRS(4Up); Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.075 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1850.2 MHz; $\sigma = 1.51$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5 ℃

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.77, 7.77, 7.77); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Phantom Low/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.525 mW/g

Towards Phantom Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

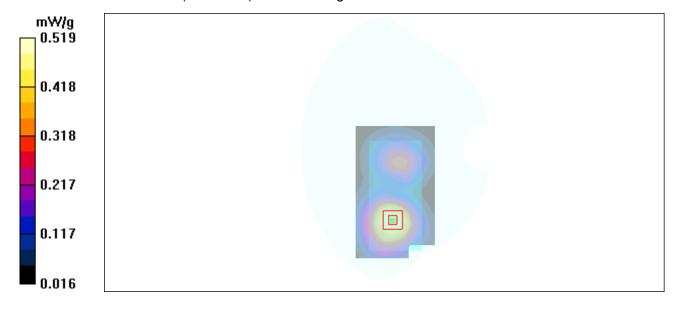
dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.043 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.817 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.486 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.299 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.519 mW/g



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Figure 44 Body, Towards Phantom, GSM 1900 GPRS (4Txslots) Channel 512

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GSM 1900 with Earphone Towards Phantom Low

Date/Time: 11/8/2011 4:00:44 PM

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1850.2 MHz; $\sigma = 1.51 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5 ℃

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.77, 7.77, 7.77); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Phantom Low/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.182 mW/g

Towards Phantom Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.09 V/m; Power Drift = 0.043 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.274 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.165 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.101 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.177 mW/g

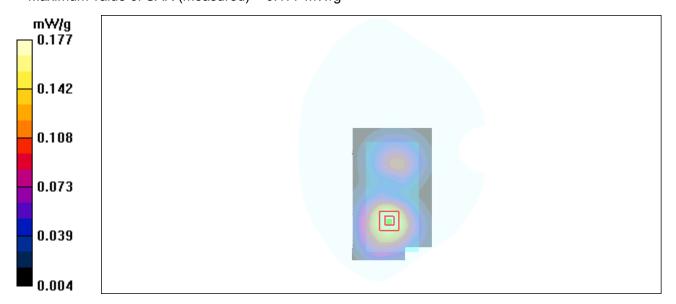


Figure 45 Body with Earphone, Towards Phantom, GSM 1900 Channel 512

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GSM 1900 EGPRS (4Txslots) Towards Phantom Low

Date/Time: 11/8/2011 3:42:27 PM

Communication System: PCS 1900+ EGPRS(4Up); Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.075 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1850.2 MHz; $\sigma = 1.51$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.77, 7.77, 7.77); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Phantom Low/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.523 mW/g

Towards Phantom Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.073 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.807 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.486 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.298 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.519 mW/g

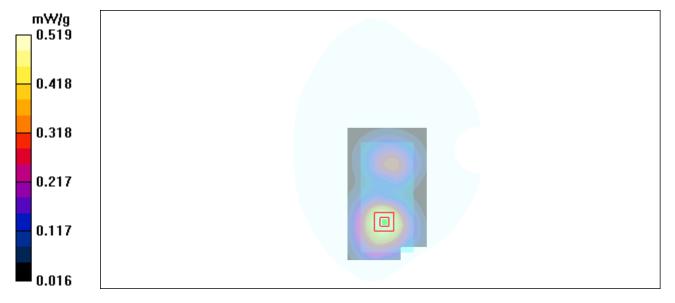


Figure 46 Body, Towards Phantom, GSM 1900 EGPRS (4Txslots) Channel 512

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WCDMA Band II Left Cheek High

Date/Time: 11/8/2011 9:18:59 PM

Communication System: WCDMA Band II; Frequency: 1907.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1908 MHz; $\sigma = 1.44$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5 ℃

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.94, 7.94, 7.94); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Cheek High/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

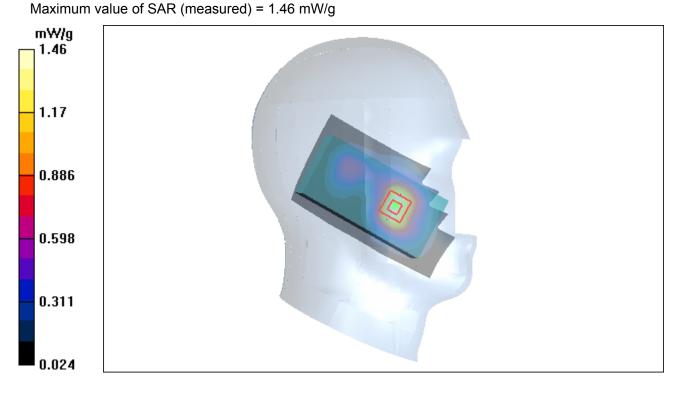
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.49 mW/g

Cheek High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.062 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.78 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.35 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.857 mW/g



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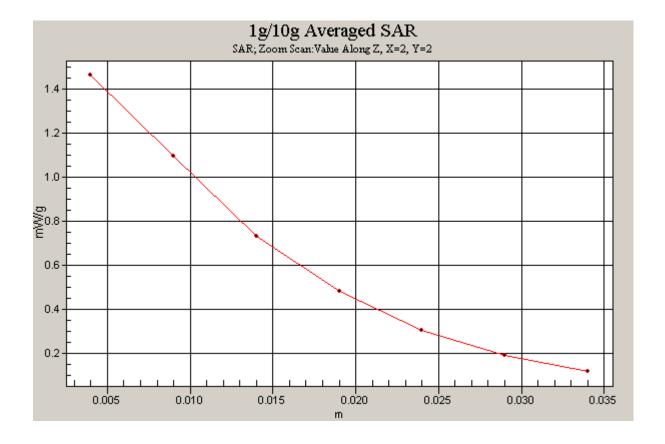


Figure 47 Left Hand Touch Cheek WCDMA Band II Channel 9538

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WCDMA Band II Left Cheek Middle

Date/Time: 11/8/2011 8:19:40 PM

Communication System: WCDMA Band II; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.41$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5 ℃

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.94, 7.94, 7.94); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Cheek Middle/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.35 mW/g

Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.033 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.66 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.23 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.778 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.30 mW/g

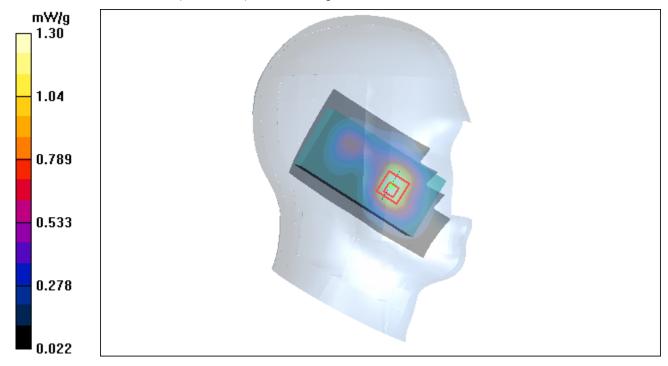


Figure 48 Left Hand Touch Cheek WCDMA Band II Channel 9400

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WCDMA Band II Left Cheek Low

Date/Time: 11/8/2011 9:34:14 PM

Communication System: WCDMA Band II; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1852.4 MHz; $\sigma = 1.39 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5 ℃

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.94, 7.94, 7.94); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Cheek Low/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.19 mW/g

Cheek Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.045 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.46 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.700 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.18 mW/g

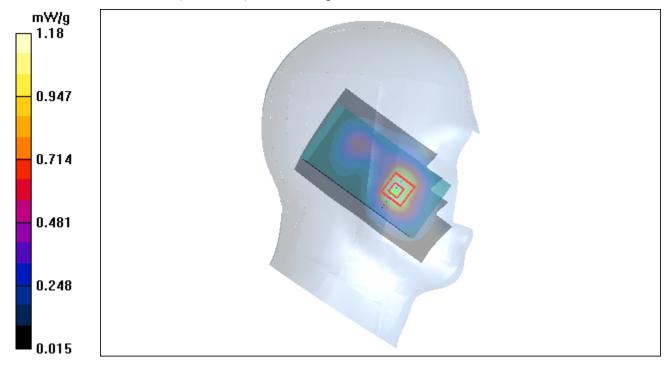


Figure 49 Left Hand Touch Cheek WCDMA Band II Channel 9262

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WCDMA Band II Left Tilt Middle

Date/Time: 11/8/2011 10:07:52 PM

Communication System: WCDMA Band II; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.41$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5 ℃

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.94, 7.94, 7.94); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Tilt Middle/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.789 mW/g

Tilt Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.077 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.926 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.653 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.388 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.719 mW/g

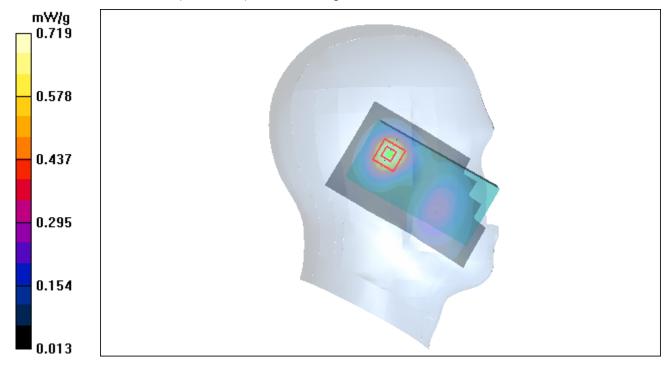


Figure 50 Left Hand Tilt 15° WCDMA Band II Channel 9400

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WCDMA Band II Right Cheek High

Date/Time: 11/8/2011 6:46:25 PM

Communication System: WCDMA Band II; Frequency: 1907.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1908 MHz; $\sigma = 1.44$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5 ℃

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.94, 7.94, 7.94); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Cheek High/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.51 mW/g

Cheek High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.028 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.74 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.33 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.841 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.46 mW/g

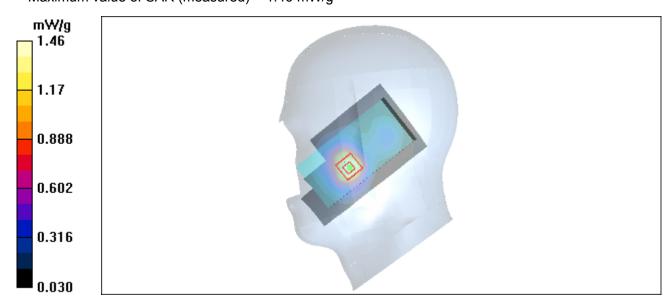


Figure 51 Right Hand Touch Cheek WCDMA Band II Channel 9538

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WCDMA Band II Right Cheek Middle

Date/Time: 11/8/2011 6:30:58 PM

Communication System: WCDMA Band II; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.41$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5 ℃

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.94, 7.94, 7.94); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Cheek Middle/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.40 mW/g

Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.017 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.59 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.23 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.782 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.35 mW/g

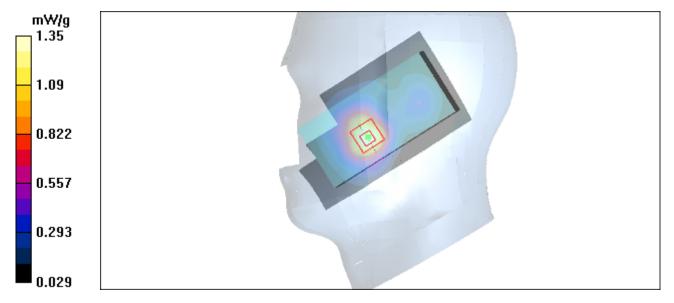


Figure 52 Right Hand Touch Cheek WCDMA Band II Channel 9400

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WCDMA Band II Right Cheek Low

Date/Time: 11/8/2011 7:01:38 PM

Communication System: WCDMA Band II; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1852.4 MHz; $\sigma = 1.39 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5 ℃

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.94, 7.94, 7.94); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Cheek Low/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.17 mW/g

Cheek Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.014 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.34 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.04 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.667 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.14 mW/g

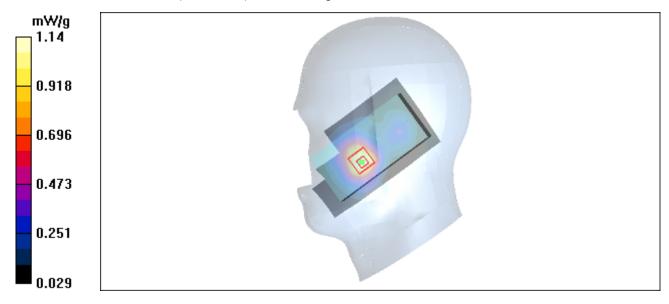


Figure 53 Right Hand Touch Cheek WCDMA Band II Channel 9262

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WCDMA Band II Right Tilt Middle

Date/Time: 11/8/2011 7:51:18 PM

Communication System: WCDMA Band II; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.41$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5 ℃

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.94, 7.94, 7.94); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Tilt Middle/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.567 mW/g

Tilt Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.054 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.673 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.481 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.294 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.524 mW/g

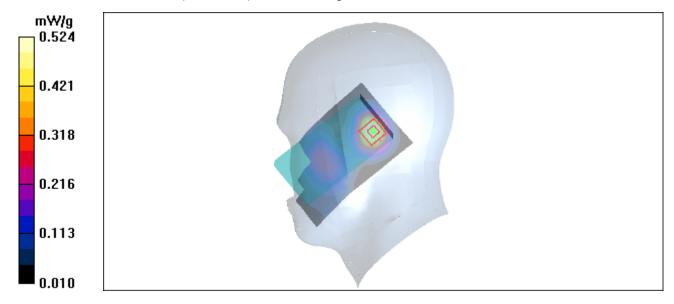


Figure 54 Right Hand Tilt 15° WCDMA Band II Channel 9400

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WCDMA Band II Towards Ground Middle

Date/Time: 11/8/2011 4:36:35 PM

Communication System: WCDMA Band II; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.54$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.77, 7.77, 7.77); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Ground Middle/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.433 mW/g

Towards Ground Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.035 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.684 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.399 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.240 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.423 mW/g

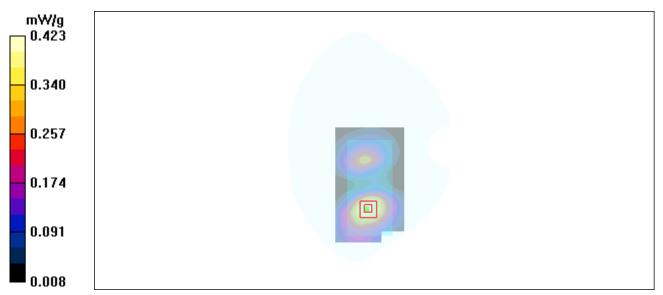


Figure 55 Body, Towards Ground, WCDMA Band II Channel 9400

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WCDMA Band II Towards Phantom High

Date/Time: 11/8/2011 4:53:29 PM

Communication System: WCDMA Band II; Frequency: 1907.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1908 MHz; $\sigma = 1.57$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.77, 7.77, 7.77); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Phantom High/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.594 mW/g

Towards Phantom High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.019 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.928 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.550 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.334 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.587 mW/g

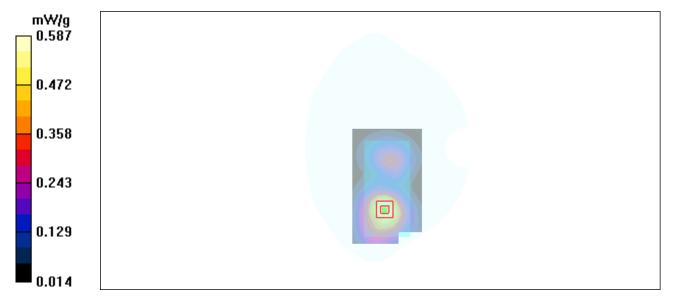


Figure 56 Body, Towards Phantom, WCDMA Band II Channel 9538

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WCDMA Band II Towards Phantom Middle

Date/Time: 11/8/2011 4:21:04 PM

Communication System: WCDMA Band II; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.54$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.77, 7.77, 7.77); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Phantom Middle/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.599 mW/g

Towards Phantom Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.133 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.944 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.561 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.341 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.604 mW/g

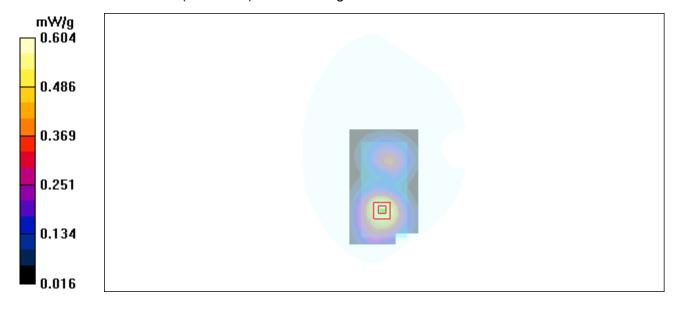


Figure 57 Body, Towards Phantom, WCDMA Band II Channel 9400

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WCDMA Band II Towards Phantom Low

Date/Time: 11/8/2011 5:07:36 PM

Communication System: WCDMA Band II; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1852.4 MHz; $\sigma = 1.51 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5 ℃

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.77, 7.77, 7.77); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Phantom Low/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.529 mW/g

Towards Phantom Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.015 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.811 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.488 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.300 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.522 mW/g

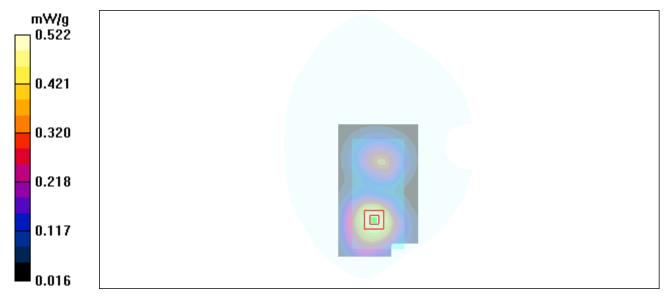


Figure 58 Body, Towards Phantom, WCDMA Band II Channel 9262

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WCDMA Band II with Earphone Towards Phantom Middle

Date/Time: 11/8/2011 5:29:53 PM

Communication System: WCDMA Band II; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.54$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.77, 7.77, 7.77); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010

Phantom: SAM000 T01; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Phantom Middle/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.615 mW/g

Towards Phantom Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

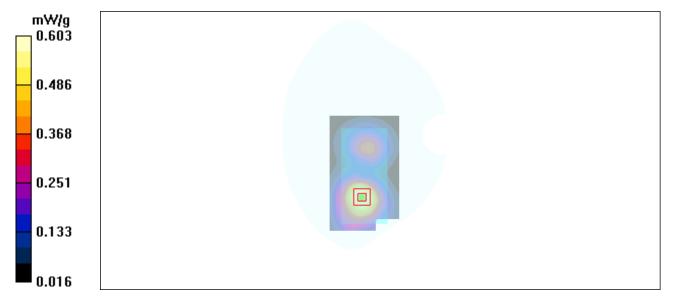
dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.050 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.939 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.564 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.345 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.603 mW/g



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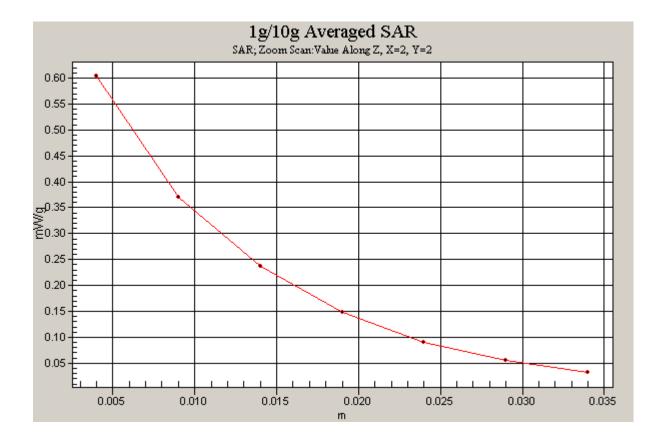


Figure 59 Body with Earphone, Towards Phantom, WCDMA Band II Channel 9400

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WCDMA Band V Left Cheek Middle

Date/Time: 11/9/2011 7:47:35 PM

Communication System: WCDMA Band V; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; $\sigma = 0.908$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5 ℃

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.5, 9.5, 9.5); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Cheek Middle/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.571 mW/g

Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.31 V/m; Power Drift = 0.077 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.687 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.537 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.385 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.574 mW/g

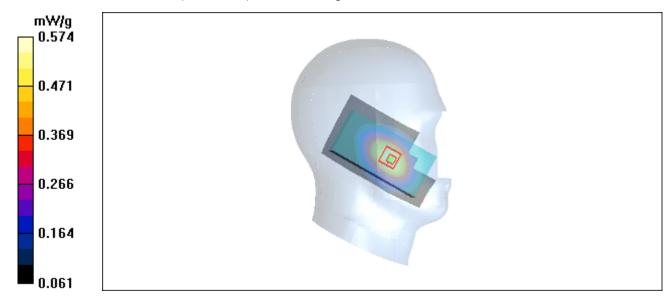


Figure 60 Left Hand Touch Cheek WCDMA Band V Channel 4183

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WCDMA Band V Left Tilt Middle

Date/Time: 11/9/2011 7:31:38 PM

Communication System: WCDMA Band V; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; $\sigma = 0.908$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5 ℃

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.5, 9.5, 9.5); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Tilt Middle/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.363 mW/g

Tilt Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.107 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.409 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.335 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.249 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.356 mW/g

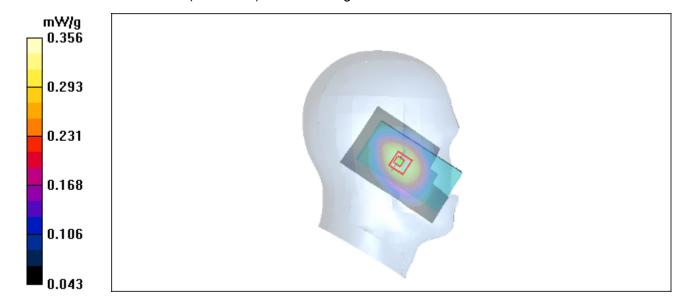


Figure 61 Left Hand Tilt 15° WCDMA Band V Channel 4183

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WCDMA Band V Right Cheek High

Date/Time: 11/9/2011 8:43:03 PM

Communication System: WCDMA Band V; Frequency: 846.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 847 MHz; $\sigma = 0.92$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5 ℃

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.5, 9.5, 9.5); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Cheek High/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.495 mW/g

Cheek High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.15 V/m; Power Drift = -0.019 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.599 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.472 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.341 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.506 mW/g

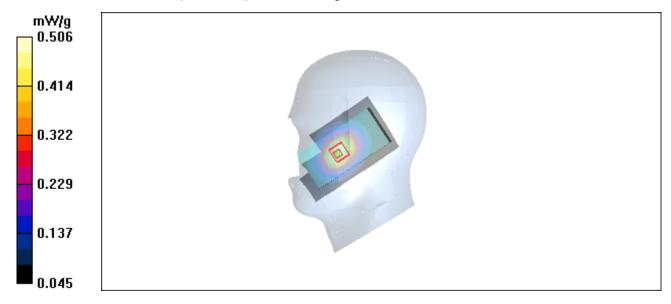


Figure 62 Right Hand Touch Cheek WCDMA Band V Channel 4233

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WCDMA Band V Right Cheek Middle

Date/Time: 11/9/2011 6:38:59 PM

Communication System: WCDMA Band V; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; $\sigma = 0.908$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5 ℃

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.5, 9.5, 9.5); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Cheek Middle/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.635 mW/g

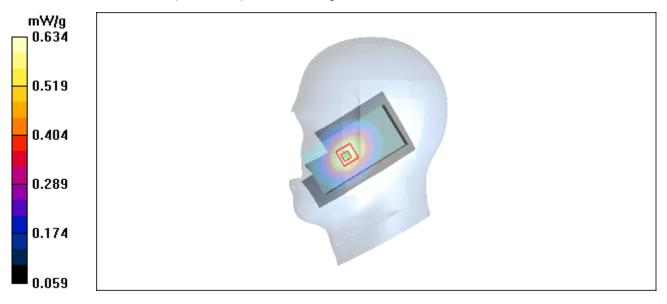
Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.69 V/m; Power Drift = -0.156 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.749 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.589 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.425 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.634 mW/g



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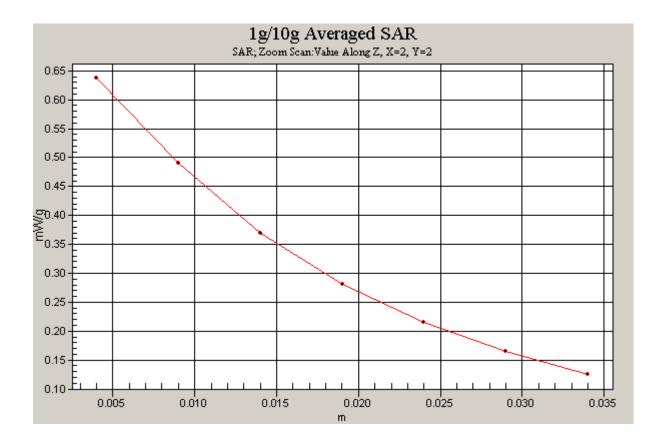


Figure 63 Right Hand Touch Cheek WCDMA Band V Channel 4183

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WCDMA Band V Right Cheek Low

Date/Time: 11/9/2011 8:57:45 PM

Communication System: WCDMA Band V; Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 826.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.898 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5 ℃

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.5, 9.5, 9.5); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Cheek Low/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.542 mW/g

Cheek Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.94 V/m; Power Drift = 0.066 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.644 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.512 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.372 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.549 mW/g

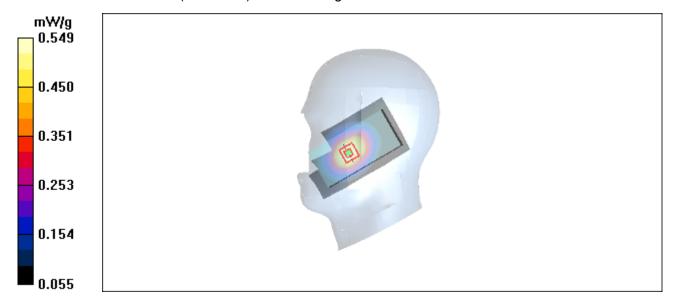


Figure 64 Right Hand Touch Cheek WCDMA Band V Channel 4132

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WCDMA Band V Right Tilt Middle

Date/Time: 11/9/2011 6:23:49 PM

Communication System: WCDMA Band V; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; $\sigma = 0.908$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5 ℃

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.5, 9.5, 9.5); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Tilt Middle/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.359 mW/g

Tilt Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.116 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.406 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.334 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.250 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.349 mW/g

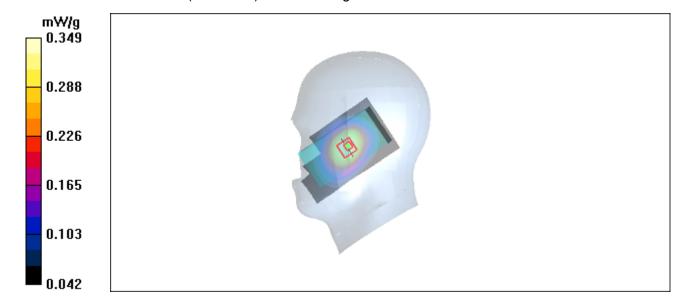


Figure 65 Right Hand Tilt 15° WCDMA Band V Channel 4183

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WCDMA Band V Towards Ground High

Date/Time: 11/9/2011 10:39:01 AM

Communication System: WCDMA Band V; Frequency: 846.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 847 MHz; $\sigma = 1.01$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(10.33, 10.33, 10.33); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Ground High/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.435 mW/g

Towards Ground High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.25 V/m; Power Drift = -0.020 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.503 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.405 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.297 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.428 mW/g

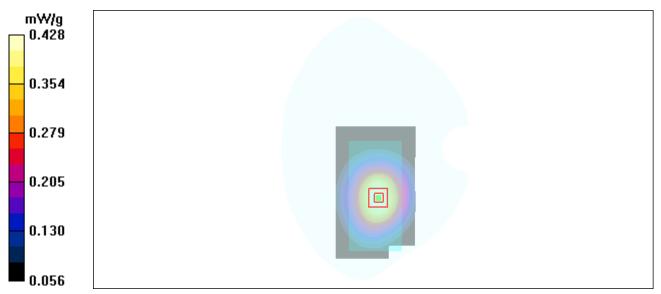


Figure 66 Body, Towards Ground, WCDMA Band V Channel 4233

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WCDMA Band V Towards Ground Middle

Date/Time: 11/9/2011 10:25:01 AM

Communication System: WCDMA Band V; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; $\sigma = 1$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(10.33, 10.33, 10.33); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Ground Middle/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.548 mW/g

Towards Ground Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

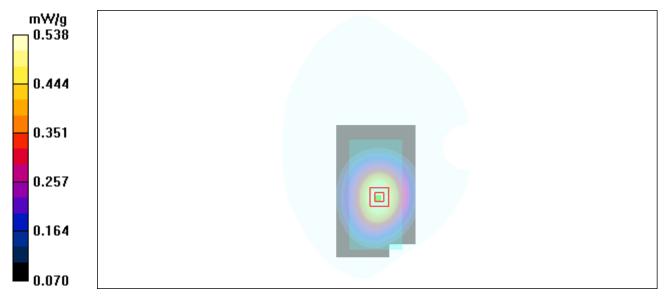
dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.102 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.628 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.509 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.374 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.538 mW/g



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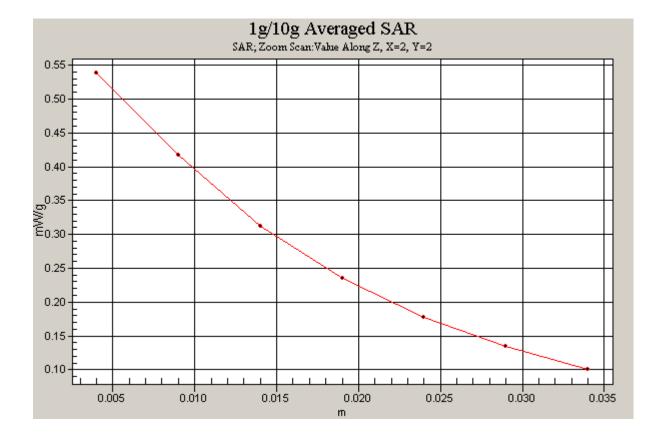


Figure 67 Body, Towards Ground, WCDMA Band V Channel 4183

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WCDMA Band V Towards Ground Low

Date/Time: 11/9/2011 11:01:40 AM

Communication System: WCDMA Band V; Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 826.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.992 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5 ℃

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(10.33, 10.33, 10.33); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Ground Low/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.494 mW/g

Towards Ground Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.58 V/m; Power Drift = -0.008 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.573 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.464 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.342 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.489 mW/g

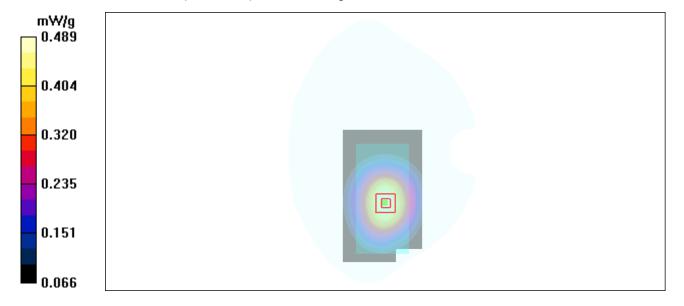


Figure 68 Body, Towards Ground, WCDMA Band V Channel 4132

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WCDMA Band V Towards Phantom Middle

Date/Time: 11/9/2011 11:17:48 AM

Communication System: WCDMA Band V; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; $\sigma = 1$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(10.33, 10.33, 10.33); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Phantom Middle/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.444 mW/g

Towards Phantom Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.66 V/m; Power Drift = -0.054 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.519 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.419 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.308 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.444 mW/g

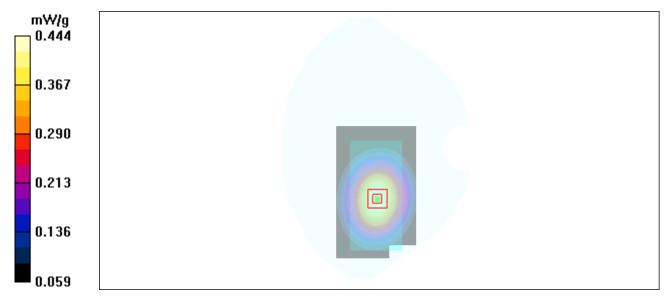


Figure 69 Body, Towards Phantom, WCDMA Band V Channel 4183

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WCDMA Band V with Earphone Towards Ground Middle

Date/Time: 11/9/2011 1:02:31 PM

Communication System: WCDMA Band V; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; $\sigma = 1$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(10.33, 10.33, 10.33); Calibrated: 11/24/2010

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/18/2010 Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Towards Ground Middle/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.260 mW/g

Towards Ground Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.59 V/m; Power Drift = -0.103 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.302 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.244 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.179 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.256 mW/g

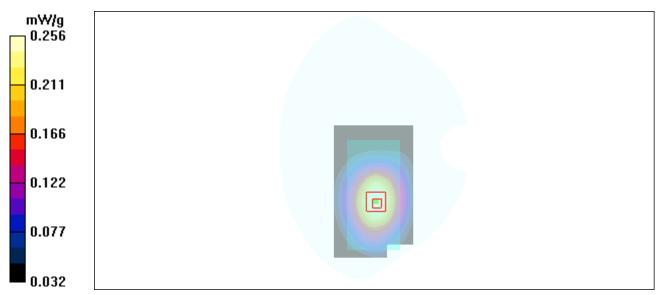


Figure 70 Body with Earphone, Towards Ground, WCDMA Band V Channel 4183

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ANNEX D: Probe Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates Accreditation No.: SCS 108

ALIBRATION	CERTIFICAT	E	
Object	EX3DV4 - SN:3	677	
Calibration procedure(s)		QA CAL-14.v3, QA CAL-23.v3 an edure for dosimetric E-field probe	CO. TO STATE OF THE PARTY OF TH
Calibration date:	November 24, 2	010	
sil calibrations have been condu	ucted in the closed laborat	ory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°0	C and humidity < 70%.
Calibration Equipment used (M&			11000020000
Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
rimary Standards ower meter E4419B	ID # GB41293874	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136)	Apr-11
rimary Standards ower meter E4419B ower sensor E4412A	ID# GB41293874 MY41495277	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136)	Apr-11 Apr-11
rimary Standards ower meter E4419B ower sensor E4412A ower sensor E4412A	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136)	Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11
rimary Standards lower meter E4419B lower sensor E4412A lower sensor E4412A leference 3 dB Attenuator	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c)	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159)	Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11
Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b)	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161)	Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Mar-11
Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b)	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01160)	Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Mar-11
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 0AE4	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b)	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161)	Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Mar-11
Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41496087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5068 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01160) 30-Dec-09 (No. ES3-3013_Dec08)	Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Dec-10
Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5056 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 860	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01136) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161) 30-Dec-09 (No. E53-3013_Dec08) 20-Apr-10 (No. DAE4-660_Apr10)	Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Dec-10 Apr-11
Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 JAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator HP 8648C	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5086 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01160) 30-Dec-09 (No. ES3-3013_Dec09) 20-Apr-10 (No. DAE4-660_Apr10) Check Date (in house)	Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Dec-10 Apr-11 Scheduled Check
Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660 ID # US3642U01700	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161) 30-Dec-09 (No. ES3-3013_Dec08) 20-Apr-10 (No. DAE4-660_Apr10) Check Date (in house) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Dec-10 Apr-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11
Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 JAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator HP 8648C	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 860 ID # US3642U01700 US37390585	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161) 30-Dec-09 (No. ES3-3013_Dec08) 20-Apr-10 (No. DAE4-660_Apr10) Check Date (in house) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Dec-10 Apr-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11
Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator HP 8648C Network Analyzer HP 8753E Calibrated by	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660 ID # US3642U01700 US37390585 Name Katja Pokovic	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161) 30-Dec-09 (No. ES3-3013_Dec09) 20-Apr-10 (No. DAE4-660_Apr10) Check Date (in house) 4-Aug-89 (in house check Oct-09) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10) Function Technical Manager	Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Dec-10 Apr-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11
Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference 90 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator HP 8648C Retwork Analyzer HP 8753E	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: 35129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660 ID # US3642U01700 US37390585	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161) 30-Dec-09 (No. ES3-3013_Dec09) 20-Apr-10 (No. DAE4-660_Apr10) Check Date (in house) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Dec-10 Apr-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11

Certificate No: EX3-3677_Nov10

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Calibration Laboratory of

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Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL NORMx,y,z tissue simulating liquid sensitivity in free space sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z

ConvF DCP CF

diode compression point crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal

A, B, C

modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ

φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9

9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- EC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
 NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
 implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
 in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z, VRx,y,z: A, B, C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of
 power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the
 maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

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EX3DV4 SN:3677

November 24, 2010

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3677

Manufactured:

September 9, 2008

Last calibrated:

September 23, 2009

Recalibrated:

November 24, 2010

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

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EX3DV4 SN:3677

November 24, 2010

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3677

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (μV/(V/m) ²) ^A	0.41	0.47	0.39	± 10.1%
DCP (mV) ⁸	96.8	98.9	98.8	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dBuV	С	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
10000	cw	0.00	х	0.00	0.00	1.00	143.2	± 2.4 %
			Υ	0.00	0.00	1.00	140.9	
			Z	0.00	0.00	1.00	135.8	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

⁶ The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

^b Numerical Insarization parameter: uncertainty not required.

E Uncertainty is determined using the maximum deviation from linear response applying recatangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

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EX3DV4 SN:3677

November 24, 2010

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3677

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

nvF Y	ConvF X	Conductivity	Permittivity Co	idity [MHz] ^C	MHz] V
10	10.04	$0.87 \pm 5\%$	43.5 ± 5% 0.	0/±100	0 ±
9	9.50	$0.90 \pm 5\%$	41.5 ± 5% 0.	0/±100	5 ±
8	8.22	$1.37\pm5\%$	40.1 ± 5% 1.	0/±100	50 ±
7	7.94	$1.40\pm5\%$	40.0 ± 5% 1.	0/±100	00 ±
7	7.32	1.80 ± 5%	39.2 ± 5% 1.	0/±100	50 ±
7	7.94	1.40 ± 5%	40.0 ± 5% 1.	0/±100	00 ±

^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

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EX3DV4 SN:3677

November 24, 2010

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3677

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^C	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
450	±50/±100	56.7 ± 5%	0.94 ± 5%	10.62	10.62	10.62	0.02	1.00 ± 13.3%
750	±50/±100	$55.5\pm5\%$	$0.96 \pm 5\%$	10.14	10.14	10.14	0.59	0.72 ± 11.0%
835	±50/±100	55.2 ± 5%	$0.97 \pm 5\%$	10.33	10.33	10.33	0.20	2.06 ± 11.0%
1450	±50/±100	$54.0\pm5\%$	$1.30 \pm 5\%$	8.47	8.47	8.47	0.99	0.53 ± 11.0%
1750	±50/±100	53.4 ± 5%	1.49 ± 5%	8.02	8.02	8.02	0.63	0.67 ± 11.0%
1900	±50/±100	$53.3 \pm 5\%$	1.52 ± 5%	7.77	7.77	7.77	0.69	0.67 ± 11.0%
2100	±50/±100	$53.2\pm5\%$	$1.62 \pm 5\%$	8.04	8.04	8.04	0.16	1.44 ± 11.0%
2450	±50/±100	$52.7 \pm 5\%$	1.95 ± 5%	7.46	7.46	7.46	0.99	0.49 ± 11.0%
3500	±50/±100	51.3 ± 5%	3.31 ± 5%	6.61	6.61	6.61	0.28	1.40 ± 13.1%

The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

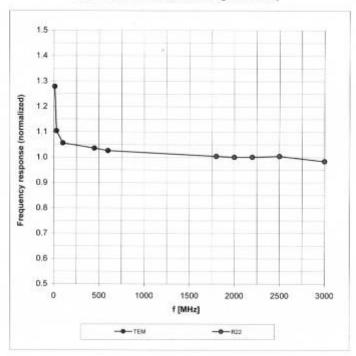
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EX3DV4 SN:3677

November 24, 2010

Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



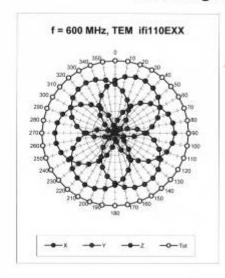
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

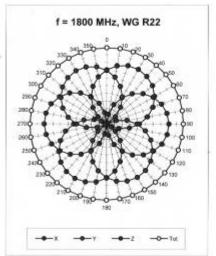
Report No.: RZA1109-1686SAR Page 123 of 153

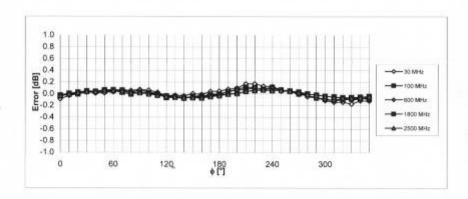
EX3DV4 SN:3677

November 24, 2010

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

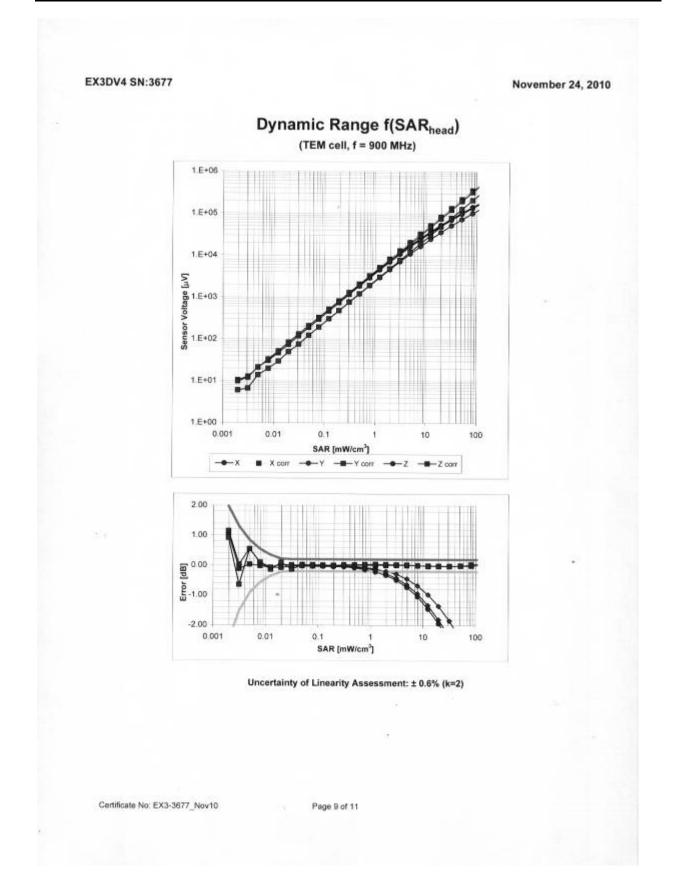






Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

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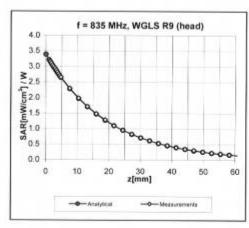


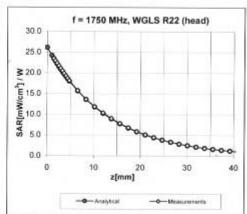
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EX3DV4 SN:3677

November 24, 2010

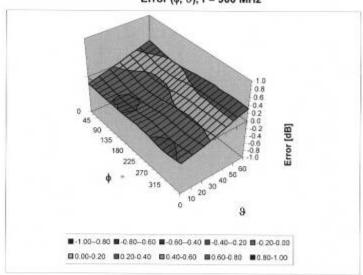
Conversion Factor Assessment





Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

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EX3DV4 SN:3677

November 24, 2010

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	Not applicable
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	2 mm

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ANNEX E: D835V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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C Service suisse d'étalonnage
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S Swiss Calibration Service

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The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Certificate No: D835V2-4d020_Aug11 TA-Shanghai (Auden) Client CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE Object D835V2 - SN: 4d020 QA CAL-05.v8 Calibration procedure(s) Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz August 26, 2011 Calibration date: This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%, Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) ID# Cal Date (Certificate No.) Primary Standards Scheduled Calibration Power meter EPM-442A GB37480704 06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266) Oct-11 Power sensor HP 8481A US37292783 06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266) Oct-11 Reference 20 dB Attenuator SN: S5086 (20b) 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367) Apr-12 Type-N mismatch combination SN: 5047.2 / 06327 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01371) Apr-12 Reference Probe ES3DV3 SN: 3205 29-Apr-11 (No. ES3-3205_Apr11) Apr-12 DAE4 SN: 601 04-Jul-11 (No. DAE4-601_Jul11) Jul-12 Secondary Standards ID# Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check Power sensor HP 8481A MY41092317 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09) In house check: Oct-11 RF generator R&S SMT-06 100006 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) In house check: Oct-11 Network Analyzer HP 8753E US37390585 S4206 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10) In house check: Oct-11 Name Function Signature Calibrated by: Jeton Kastrati Laboratory Technician Katja Pokovic Technical Manager Approved by: Issued: August 26, 2011 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory

Certificate No: D835V2-4d020_Aug11

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Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF N/A sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z not applicable or not measured

not applicable of not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Certificate No: D835V2-4d020_Aug11

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.6.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

00 25 11 H 14 4 5 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.1 ± 6 %	0.89 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	****	

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.32 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.34 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.52 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.11 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

7	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	53.4 ± 6 %	0.99 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		****

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.42 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.46 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW inpút power	1.59 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.26 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

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Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.9 Ω - 3.1 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 27.7 dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.7 Ω - 5.4 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 25.1 dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1,391 ns
Electrical Delay (one direction)	1,001110

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	April 22, 2004

Certificate No: D835V2-4d020_Aug11

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 25.08.2011

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d020

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.89 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 41.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.07, 6.07, 6.07); Calibrated: 29.04.2011

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2011

Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001

DASY52 52.6.2(482); SEMCAD X 14.4.5(3634)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

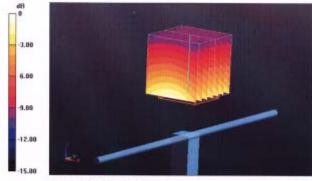
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 56.930 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.421 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.32 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.52 mW/g

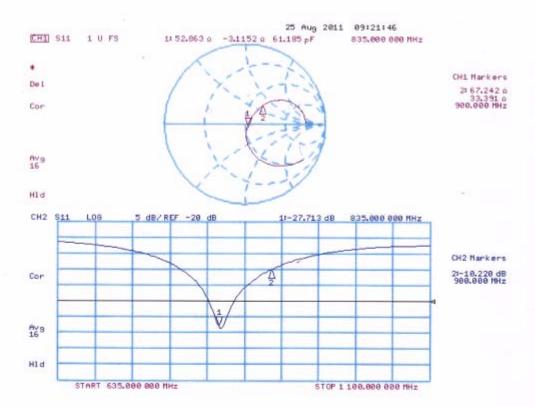
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.708 mW/g



0 dB = 2.710 mW/g

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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 26.08.2011

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d020

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.02, 6.02, 6.02); Calibrated: 29.04.2011

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2011

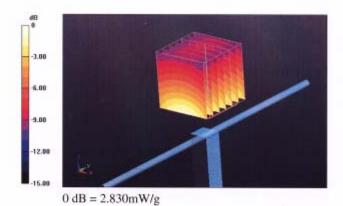
Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001

DASY52 52.6.2(482); SEMCAD X 14.4.5(3634)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

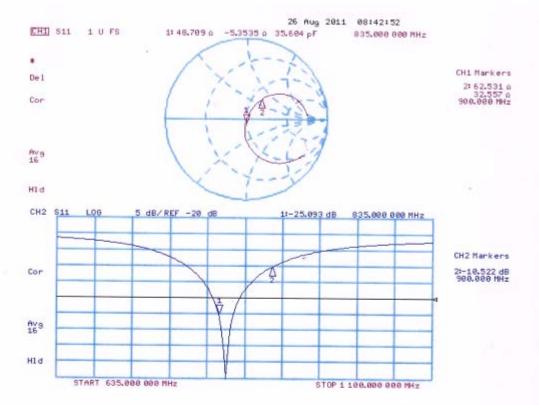
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 55.406 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.509 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.42 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.59 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.827 mW/g



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ANNEX F: D1900V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage C Servizio svizzero di taratura S Swiss Calibration Service

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Client

TA-Shanghai (Auden)

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d060_Aug11 CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE Object D1900V2 - SN: 5d060 Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v8 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz Calibration date: August 31, 2011 This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Primary Standards ID # Cal Date (Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Power meter EPM-442A GB37480704 06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266) Oct-11 Power sensor HP 8481A US37292783 06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266) Oct-11 Reference 20 dB Attenuator SN: S5086 (20b) 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367) Apr-12 Type-N mismatch combination SN: 5047.2 / 06327 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01371) Apr-12 Reference Probe ES3DV3 SN: 3205 29-Apr-11 (No. ES3-3205_Apr11) Apr-12 DAE4 SN: 601 04-Jul-11 (No. DAE4-601_Jul11) Jul-12 Secondary Standards ID# Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check Power sensor HP 8481A MY41092317 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09) In house check: Oct-11 RF generator R&S SMT-06 100005 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) In house check: Oct-11 Network Analyzer HP 8753E US37390585 S4206 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10) In house check: Oct-11 Name Signature Calibrated by: Dimce Iliev Laboratory Technician Approved by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager Issued: August 31, 2011 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d060_Aug11

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Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d060_Aug11

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.6.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.5 ± 6 %	1.42 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	40.3 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.30 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.1 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mhō/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	53.9 ± 6 %	1.57 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.6 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	41.7 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.55 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.0 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

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Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.6 Ω + 7.5 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 22.3 dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$47.3 \Omega + 7.9 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 21.3 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1,194 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG	
Manufactured on	December 10, 2004	

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 30.08.2011

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d060

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.42 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.01, 5.01, 5.01); Calibrated: 29.04.2011

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2011

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001

DASY52 52.6.2(482); SEMCAD X 14.4.5(3634)

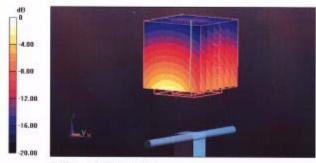
Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 97.636 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.535 W/kg

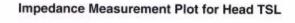
SAR(1 g) = 10.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.3 mW/g

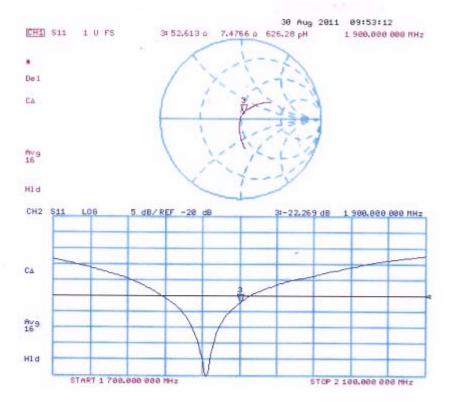
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.600 mW/g



0 dB = 12.600 mW/g

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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 31.08.2011

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d060

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.57$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.62, 4.62, 4.62); Calibrated: 29.04.2011

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.6.2(482); SEMCAD X 14.4.5(3634)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 96.435 V/m; Power Drift = -0.0099 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.663 W/kg

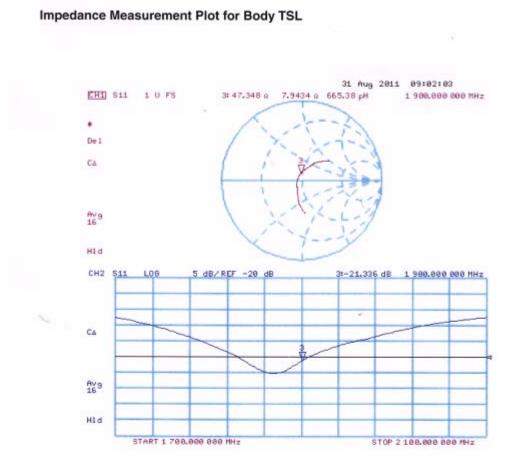
SAR(1 g) = 10.6 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.55 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.397 mW/g



0 dB = 13.400 mW/g

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ANNEX G: DAE4 Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)





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	n)	MARTINESS 255500000	No: DAE4-871_Nov10
ALIBRATION O	ERTIFICATE		
Dbject	DAE4 - SD 000 D	04 BJ - SN: 871	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-06.v22 Calibration process	dure for the data acquisition e	lectronics (DAE)
Calibration date:	November 18, 20	10	
		nal standards, which realize the physical obability are given on the following pages	
		r facility: environment temperature (22 ±	3)°C and humidity < 70%.
Calibration Equipment used (M&)			
	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Primary Standards		Cal Date (Certificate No.) 28-Sep-10 (No:10376)	Scheduled Calibration Sep-11
Primary Standards Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	ID#		A STATE OF THE PARTY OF T
Primary Standards Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 Secondary Standards	ID# SN: 0810278	28-Sep-10 (No:10376)	Sep-11
Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 Secondary Standards Calibrator Box V1.1	ID # SN: 0810278 ID # SE UMS 006 AB 1004	28-Sep-10 (No:10376) Check Date (in house) 07-Jun-10 (in house check)	Sep-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Jun-11
Primary Standards Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 Secondary Standards Calibrator Box V1.1	ID # SN: 0810278	28-Sep-10 (No:10376) Check Date (in house)	Sep-11 Scheduled Check
Primary Standards Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 Secondary Standards	ID # SN: 0810278 ID # SE UMS 006 AB 1004 Name	28-Sep-10 (No:10376) Check Date (in house) 07-Jun-10 (in house check)	Sep-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Jun-11

Certificate No: DAE4-871_Nov10

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Glossary

DAE

data acquisition electronics

Connector angle

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot

coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
 - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
 - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
 - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
 - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
 - Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
 - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
 - Input resistance: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
 - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
 - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

Certificate No: DAE4-871_Nov10

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DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: $1LSB = 6.1 \mu V$, full range = -100...+300 mVLow Range: 1LSB = 61 nV, full range = -1......+3 mVDASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	χ .	Y	Z
High Range	404.757 ± 0.1% (k=2)	404.740 ± 0.1% (k=2)	405.181 ± 0.1% (k=2)
Low Range	3.98219 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.93489 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.96831 ± 0.7% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	90.0°±1°
Commenter Angle to be used in Drie . System	30.5

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Appendix

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range	Reading (µV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	200001.2	-1.56	-0.00
Channel X + Input	20000.71	0.71	0.00
Channel X - Input	-19997.87	1.63	-0.01
Channel Y + Input	199994.3	1.99	0.00
Channel Y + Input	19998.92	-1.08	-0.01
Channel Y - Input	-20000.26	-0.76	0.00
Channel Z + Input	200009.2	-1.04	-0.00
Channel Z + Input	19998.70	-1.10	-0.01
Channel Z - Input	-20000.16	-0.76	0.00

Low Range	Reading (µV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	2000.1	0.16	0.01
Channel X + Input	199.58	-0.52	-0.26
Channel X - Input	-200.79	-0.89	0.45
Channel Y + Input	1999.9	-0.03	-0.00
Channel Y + Input	199.45	-0.55	-0.27
Channel Y - Input	-200.31	-0.41	0.21
Channel Z + Input	2000.1	0.33	0.02
Channel Z + Input	199.13	-0.77	-0.38
Channel Z - Input	-201.47	-1.37	0.69

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters; Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	14.25	12.86
	- 200	-12.68	-14.21
Channel Y	200	-10.04	-10.39
	- 200	9.20	9.17
Channel Z	200	-0.85	-1.40
	- 200	-0.34	-0.31

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (µV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200		2.85	0.69
Channel Y	200	2.41		2.73
Channel Z	200	2.54	0.73	- 2

Certificate No: DAE4-871_Nov10

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4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	15920	15517
Channel Y	. 16171	16732
Channel Z	15803	16474

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input 10MΩ

iiput romaa	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (µV)
Channel X	0.03	-2.35	0.86	0.43
Channel Y	-0.50	-1.49	-0.49	0.38
Channel Z	-0.92	-2.21	0.14	0.44

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)	
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9	
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6	

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9